CAMBRIDGE English Pronouncing prəˈnaʊnt.sɪŋ Dictionary

Daniel Jones

edited by
Peter Roach,
James Hartman
& Jane Setter

Spoken pronunciation for every word – now American English too!

New 17th edition

DGE

Symbols used for the Transcriptions

Vowel Phonemes:

British:
ɪ as in 'pit'
e as in 'pet'
æ as in 'pat'
ʌ as in 'cut'
ɒ as in 'pot'
ʊ as in 'put'
ə as in 'potato', 'upper'

iː as in 'key'
ɑː as in 'car'
ɔː as in 'core'
uː as in 'coo'
ɜː as in 'cur'

eɪ as in 'bay'
aɪ as in 'buy'
ɔɪ as in 'boy'
əʊ as in 'low'
aʊ as in 'how'
ɪə as in 'here'
eə as in 'there'
ʊə as in 'moor'

American:
ɪ as in 'pit'
e as in 'pet'
æ as in 'pat'
ʌ as in 'cut'
ʊ as in 'put'
ə as in 'potato', 'America'

iː as in 'key'
ɑː as in 'father'
ɔ as in 'caught'
eɪ as in 'bait'
oʊ as in 'boat'

aʊ as in 'house'
aɪ as in 'high'
ɔɪ as in 'boy'

ɚ ("r-coloured schwa") as in 'mother'
ɝ ("r-coloured bird vowel") as in 'bird'

Consonant Phonemes:

p as in 'pea'
t as in 'tea'
k as in 'key'
f as in 'fat'
θ as in 'thin'
s as in 'sip'
ʃ as in 'ship'
h as in 'hat'
m as in 'map'
n as in 'nap'
ŋ as in 'hang'

tʃ as in 'chin'

b as in 'bee'
d as in 'do'
g as in 'go'
v as in 'vat'
ð as in 'that'
z as in 'zip'
ʒ as in 'measure'

l as in 'led'
r as in 'red'
j as in 'yet'
w as in 'wet'

dʒ as in 'gin'

Non-phonemic symbols for English

i as in 'react', 'happy'
u as in 'to each', 'influenza'
ᵊ (superscript schwa) as in 'sudden' /'sʌd.ᵊn/: vowel may be pronounced, or may be omitted with the following consonant becoming syllabic.
l̩ (syllabic /l/) as in 'bottle'
t̬ ("flapped /t/") (American pronunciation) as in 'better'

Symbols for other languages

x (voiceless velar fricative) as in 'loch', 'Bach'
æ̃, ɑ̃ː, ɔ̃ː, ɜ̃ː, (nasalised vowels) as in French 'vin', 'change', 'mon', 'Lebrun'
hl (voiceless lateral fricative) as in Welsh 'Llangollen'

Prosodic marks

ˈ (primary stress) as in 'better' /ˈbet.ə/
ˌ (secondary stress) as in 'retell' /ˌriːˈtel/
. (syllable division) as in 'differ' /ˈdɪf.ə/

Italic symbols

Italic symbols are optional sounds, which may be pronounced or omitted.

CAMBRIDGE
English Pronouncing Dictionary

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS
Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore, São Paulo

Cambridge University Press
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 2RU, UK

www.cambridge.org
Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521680868

First published by J. M. Dent & Sons Ltd 1917
First published by Cambridge University Press 1991
This edition published 2006

Printed in Italy by LegoPrint S.p.A

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data
Cambridge English pronouncing dictionary. – 17th ed. / [edited by Peter Roach, James Hartman, Jane Setter].
p. cm.
Cover title: English pronouncing dictionary
Rev. ed. of: English pronouncing dictionary. 16th ed. 2003
Includes bibliographical references and index.
ISBN-13: 978-0-521-86230-1
ISBN-10: 0-521-86230-2
ISBN-13: 978-0-521-68086-8 (pbk.)
ISBN-10: 0-521-68086-7 (pbk.)
[etc.]
I. Roach, Peter (Peter John) II. Hartman, James, 1939– III. Setter, Jane. IV. Jones, Daniel, 1881–1967. English pronouncing dictionary. V. English pronouncing dictionary. VI. Title: English pronouncing dictionary.

PE1137.J55 2006
421′.52–dc22
2006011963

ISBN-13 978-0-521-86230-1 hardback
ISBN-10 0-521-86230-2 hardback

ISBN-13 978-0-521-68086-8 paperback
ISBN-10 0-521-68086-7 paperback

ISBN-13 978-0-521-68087-5 paperback + cd-rom
ISBN-10 0-521-68087-5 paperback + CD-ROM

Contents

Editors' preface to the 17th edition iv

Introduction v

Part 1: Introduction to the English Pronouncing Dictionary v

1.1 What is the English Pronouncing Dictionary? v

1.2 Whose pronunciation is represented? v

1.3 How are the pronunciations chosen? vi

1.4 Regional accents vi

1.5 Pronunciation of foreign words vi

1.6 Usage notes vii

1.7 Syllable divisions vii

Part 2: Principles of transcription viii

2.1 The phoneme principle viii

2.2 Vowels and diphthongs viii

2.3 Consonants x

2.4 Non-English sounds xi

2.5 Stress xii

2.6 Syllable divisions xiii

2.7 Assimilation xiii

2.8 Treatment of /r/ xiv

2.9 Use of /i/ and /u/ xiv

2.10 Syllabic consonants xiv

2.11 Optional sounds xv

2.12 Elision xv

Part 3: Explanatory notes xvi

References in introduction xviii

List of recommended reading xviii

The International Phonetic Alphabet xx

Index of Information Panels xxi

The dictionary 1

Study Section 573

Editors' preface to the 17th Edition

The *English Pronouncing Dictionary* was first published in 1917, perhaps the greatest work of the greatest of British phoneticians, Daniel Jones (born in 1881). Jones was Professor of Phonetics at University College London from 1921 until his retirement in 1949. He was still an occasional visitor to the department in 1967 when Peter Roach was there as a postgraduate student of phonetics, though he died in December of that year. The last edition of the *English Pronouncing Dictionary* in which Jones was directly involved was the 12th, and the 13th was substantially revised by A. C. Gimson, his successor as Professor of Phonetics at University College. From the 13th edition, Gimson was assisted by Dr. Susan Ramsaran, and in her preface to the 14th edition she notes that they had been making plans for a 15th edition at the time of Gimson's death. After this, the publishing rights were acquired from the original publishers, J.M. Dent & Sons, by Cambridge University Press.

With the publication of the 15th edition in 1997, the *English Pronouncing Dictionary* entered the computer age. All the entries were converted into a computer database, and transferred electronically between phonetics experts in Reading, Leeds, Kansas, Hong Kong, then back to Cambridge. The process of updating and adding to previous editions has therefore become much more efficient. Versions of this database are available electronically and are currently being used by language researchers in both academic and commercial institutions. For details of licensing the database, see the Cambridge Dictionaries website: www.dictionary.cambridge.org

The other major development for the *English Pronouncing Dictionary* is the creation of a CD-ROM version. This 17th edition now has both British and American spoken pronunciations for every word in the dictionary. For linguists and learners of English, there is also the ability to search on both alphabetic and phonetic characters, and to record the user's own voice and compare it with the spoken pronunciation on the CD-ROM.

The *English Pronouncing Dictionary* has been in use for almost 90 years, and during that time it has become established as a classic work of reference, both for native speakers of English wanting an authoritative guide to pronunciation, and for users of English as a foreign or second language all over the world.

Above all, the aim of the dictionary is to include information which is relevant to the needs of contemporary users and which is presented in the clearest possible way. This aim has informed both the choice of vocabulary covered and the range of pronunciations shown. The 15th edition saw a massive injection of 18,000 new words. Large numbers of terms connected with science and technology were added, as well as hundreds of people and places which had acquired fame or notoriety in recent years. Personal names, both first names and family names, were based on census reports and statistical analysis, and many subject areas such as literature and law were revised and updated. For the first time, US spellings and vocabulary items were included.

This process of updating continues with each new edition, and we are fortunate to have the use of the *Cambridge International Corpus*, a collection of around 800 million words of written and transcribed spoken texts from a variety of genres. This corpus informs all Cambridge dictionaries, and gives us clear, empirical evidence for new words (general and proper nouns) which have come to prominence since the previous edition. The 16th edition added information panels explaining phonetics terminology and discussing the relationship between spelling and pronunciation, and this 17th edition also has a study section introducing several fascinating pronunciation topics such as differences between British and American pronunciation, Weak forms, and Intonation.

In the Preface to the 15th edition we thanked the many people who had contributed to our work, and our debt to them remains, as it did for the 16th Edition. Above all, we are very grateful to Liz Walter, our Commissioning Editor at Cambridge University Press, who has overseen the production of the 15th and 16th Editions and continued to work tirelessly to advise and encourage us on the 17th. We would also like to thank Diane Cranz and Dominic Glennon, who have grappled heroically with the challenges of producing the CD-ROM, as well as Catherine Sangster and her colleagues in the BBC Pronunciation Unit for their generous advice.

PETER ROACH
JAMES HARTMAN
JANE SETTER

Introduction

It is strongly recommended that users of this dictionary read the introduction, since a full understanding of the information in it will ensure the most effective use of the dictionary.

(PART 1) **'What is the English Pronouncing Dictionary?'**: The intended use of the dictionary, the principles of its design and the accents of English represented in it.

(PART 2) **'Principles of Transcription'**: The main characteristics of the British and American accents.

(PART 3) **'Explanatory Notes'**: How to interpret the information provided with the individual words in the dictionary.

Part 1: Introduction to the English Pronouncing Dictionary

1.1 What is the English Pronouncing Dictionary?

This dictionary is designed to provide information on the current pronunciation of approximately 80,000 English words and phrases. For each entry, a British and an American pronunciation is shown (see Section 1.2 below). The pronunciation is given in modified phonemic transcription, and you need to understand the principles of phonemic transcription in order to be able to make proper use of this information (see Section 2.1 below).

The Pronouncing Dictionary provides much essential information that is not available in a general dictionary, such as the pronunciation of proper names, the pronunciation of all inflected forms of each word, and a larger amount of detail about variant pronunciations than is usual in a general dictionary.

1.2 Whose pronunciation is represented?

A pronouncing dictionary must base its recommendations on one or more *models*. A pronunciation model is a carefully chosen and defined accent of a language. In the first edition of this dictionary (1917), Daniel Jones described the type of pronunciation recorded as "that most usually heard in everyday speech in the families of Southern English persons whose menfolk have been educated at the great public boarding-schools". Accordingly, he felt able to refer to his model as "Public School Pronunciation" (PSP). In later editions, e.g. that of 1937, he added the remark that boys in boarding-schools tend to lose their markedly local peculiarities, whereas this is not the case for those in day-schools. He had by 1926, however, abandoned the term PSP in favour of "Received Pronunciation" (RP). The type of speech he had in mind had for centuries been regarded as a kind of standard, having its base in the educated pronunciation of London and the Home Counties (the counties surrounding London). Its use was not restricted to this region, however, being characteristic by the nineteenth century of upper-class speech throughout the country. The Editor of the 14th Edition of this dictionary, A.C. Gimson, commented in 1977 "Such a definition of RP is hardly tenable today", and went on "If I have retained the traditional, though imprecise, term 'received pronunciation', it is because the label has such wide currency in books on present-day English and because it is a convenient name for an accent which remains generally acceptable and intelligible within Britain".

For this edition a more broadly-based and accessible model accent for British English is represented, and pronunciations for one broadly-conceived accent of American English have been added. The time has come to abandon the archaic name *Received Pronunciation*. The model used for British English is what is referred to as *BBC English*; this is the pronunciation of professional speakers employed by the BBC as newsreaders and announcers on BBC1 and BBC2 television, the World Service and BBC Radio 3 and 4, as well as many commercial broadcasting organisations such as ITN. Of course, one finds differences between such speakers – individual broadcasters all have their own personal characteristics, and an increasing number of broadcasters with Scottish, Welsh and Irish accents are employed. However, the accent described here is typical of broadcasters with an English accent, and there is a useful degree of consistency in the broadcast speech of these speakers. Their speech does not carry for most people the connotations of high social class and privilege that PSP and RP have had in the past. An additional advantage in concentrating on the accent of broadcasters is that it is easy to gain access to examples, and the sound quality is usually of a very high standard.

For American English, the selection also follows what is frequently heard from professional voices

on national network news and information programmes. It is similar to what has been termed "General American", which refers to a geographically (largely non-coastal) and socially based set of pronunciation features. It is important to note that no single dialect – regional or social – has been singled out as an American standard. Even national media (radio, television, movies, CD-ROM, etc.), with professionally trained voices have speakers with regionally mixed features. However, "Network English", in its most colourless form, can be described as a relatively homogeneous dialect that reflects the ongoing development of progressive American dialects (Canadian English has several notable differences). This "dialect" itself contains some variant forms. The variants included within this targeted accent involve vowels before /r/, possible differences in words like 'cot' and 'caught' and some vowels before /l/. It is fully rhotic. These differences largely pass unnoticed by the audiences for Network English, and are also reflective of age differences. What are thought to be the more progressive (used by educated, socially mobile, and younger speakers) variants are listed first in each entry. The intent is to list the variety of pronunciations with the least amount of regional or social marking, while still being sensitive to the traits of the individual word.

1.3 How are the pronunciations chosen?

It is important to remember that the pronunciation of English words is not governed by a strict set of rules; most words have more than one pronunciation, and the speaker's choice of which to use depends on a wide range of factors. These include the degree of formality, the amount of background noise, the speed of utterance, the speaker's perception of the listener and the frequency with which the speaker uses the word. For example, the two words 'virtuous' and 'virtuoso' are closely similar in spelling and share a common origin. However, the former is more common than the latter, and for British English /ˈvɜː.tʃu.əs/ is given as the first pronunciation of the former but /ˈvɜː.tju.əʊ.səʊ/ for the latter (which in general is typical of more careful speech). If such variation did not exist, most of the work of compiling a pronouncing dictionary could be done easily by means of one of the available computer programs that convert English spelling into a phonemic transcription. Ultimately, however, the decisions about which pronunciation to recommend, which pronunciations have dropped out of use, and so on, have been based on the editors' intuitions as professional phoneticians and observers of the pronunciation of English (particularly broadcast English) over many years. The opinion of many colleagues and acquaintances has also been a valuable source of advice.

In general, a pronunciation typical of a more casual, informal style of speaking is given for common words, and a more careful pronunciation for uncommon words. In real life, speakers tend to articulate most carefully when listeners are likely to have difficulty in recognising the words they hear. When more than one pronunciation of a word is given, the order of the alternatives is important. The first pronunciation given is believed to be the most usual one although the distance between the alternatives may vary, with some alternant forms rivalling the first-given in perceived frequency while others may be a more distant second.

1.4 Regional Accents

A pronouncing dictionary that systematically presented the pronunciations of a range of regional accents would be very valuable, but it would be very much bigger than the present volume and the job of ensuring an adequate coverage which treated all accents as equally important would have taken many years. In the case of some place-names, information about local pronunciations has been retained or added as well as "official" broadcasting ones, but the other words are given only in the standard accents chosen for British and American English.

1.5 Pronunciation of foreign words

Many of the words in an English dictionary are of foreign origin, and in previous editions of this dictionary many such words have been given both in an Anglicised pronunciation used by most English speakers, and in a broad phonetic transcription of the "authentic" pronunciation in the original language. This edition does not give detailed phonetic transcriptions of foreign words; the primary aim of this dictionary is to list pronunciations likely to be used by educated speakers of English, and an authentic pronunciation would in some circumstances be quite inappropriate (pronouncing 'Paris' as /pærˈiː/, for example). In some cases the information is unnecessary (very few English speakers would attempt, or even recognise, an authentic pronunciation of a word from a non-European language), while in other cases it is difficult to establish the authentic original (many African place-names, for example, have reached us after being adapted by British, French or Portuguese colonists; place-names in Spain may be

pronounced in different ways according to their regional affiliation, so that the name of Barcelona might be given a Catalan or a Castilian Spanish pronunciation, while other Spanish names are different according to whether they originate in Spain or South America). Words and names of foreign origin are therefore given in what is felt to be the pronunciation likely to be used among educated speakers of English.

In some cases it is possible to identify an alternative pronunciation which represents an attempt to pronounce in a manner closer to the supposed original. This is marked by first indicating the language which the speaker would be aiming at, then giving the pronunciation, using where necessary additional phonetic symbols not required for the phonemic transcription of English. For example, the word 'bolognese' is widely used to refer to a sauce served with pasta. This is given as /ˌbɒl.əˈneɪz/ for British English and as /ˌboʊ.ləˈniːz/ for American; for speakers of both groups, a pronunciation aimed at being nearer to the Italian original would be /ˌbɒl.əˈnjeɪ.zeɪ/ (though this would still be different from the pronunciation that would be produced by an Italian speaker). To indicate that this last pronunciation is aimed at sounding Italian, it is marked in the entry as: *as if Italian:* ˌbɒl.əˈnjeɪ.zeɪ. In a few cases it has been necessary to mark separate British and American pronunciations within this field, as the degree of Anglicisation of any given word may vary between British and American English.

1.6 Usage notes

Usage notes are included with some words. In some cases these are needed so that users of the dictionary can understand how alternative pronunciations are to be used. In some cases the rules needed for correct pronunciation are quite complex, most noticeably in the case of the so-called "weak-form words" such as 'there', 'her'. Explanations with examples are given in such cases.

1.7 Syllable divisions

Earlier editions of this dictionary regularly marked the division between syllables. This practice was largely abandoned in the 14th Edition, but the present edition gives syllable divisions in all cases, since it is felt that foreign learners will find the information useful. Syllable division is marked with the symbol . recommended by the International Phonetic Association. The decision on where to place a syllable division is not always easy, and the rules used in this work are explained later in this Introduction (Section 2.6).

Part 2: Principles of transcription

2.1 The phoneme principle

The basic principle of the transcription used is, as in all previous editions, *phonemic*. This means that a small set of symbols is used to represent the sounds that can be shown to be distinctive in English, so that replacing one phoneme by another can change the identity of a word. We do not usually add phonetic detail such as the presence of glottal stops, aspiration or vowel devoicing. It is usual to put slant brackets before and after symbols representing phonemes (e.g. the word 'cat' would be represented phonemically as /kæt/). When non-phonemic symbols are used, the convention is to use square brackets (e.g. the glottal stop will be represented as [ʔ]). In entries in the dictionary itself, however, we do not use these brackets, in order to keep the information simple; only in explanatory notes do we use slant or square brackets. For an explanation of the principle of the phoneme and some of the problems associated with it, see Roach (2000), Chapters 5 and 13. The use of phonemic transcription in works on pronunciation (including this one) has remained in the "realist" tradition established by Jones, while approaches to the phoneme by theoretical phonologists have changed radically during recent decades and become much more abstract. There are a few exceptions to our general use of the phoneme principle that should be mentioned here, however. One is the use, in American pronunciations, of the [̬] diacritic to indicate the voicing and "flapping" of /t/ in words such as 'getting' /ˈget̬.ɪŋ/, and 'better' /ˈbet̬.ɚ/. This is an important feature of American pronunciation, but speakers of British English find it difficult to apply the rule which determines when /t/ is voiced and/or flapped. Another is the use of the symbols [i] and [u] , the use of which is explained below (Section 2.9). Finally, it is necessary to use a number of special symbols which are not normally used for English phonemes. This set includes some nasalised vowels used particularly in some words taken from French, the [x] sound found in Scottish words such as 'loch', and some non-linguistic sounds used in certain exclamations and interjections (see Section 2.4).

2.2 Vowels and diphthongs

It is standard practice in phonetics to represent the quality of vowels and diphthongs by placing them on a four-sided figure usually known as the *Cardinal Vowel quadrilateral* (see Roach (2000), pp. 13–14). This device is used in the vowel descriptions in the following section.

(a) British English

British English (BBC accent) is generally described as having short vowels, long vowels and diphthongs. There are said to be seven short vowels, five long ones and eight diphthongs. At the end of this section some attention is also given to triphthongs.

- Short vowels:

p**i**t	p**e**t	p**a**t	p**u**tt	p**o**t	p**u**t	**a**nother	
ɪ	e	æ	ʌ	ɒ	ʊ	ə	ə

- Long vowels:

b**ea**n	b**ar**n	b**or**n	b**oo**n	b**ur**n
iː	ɑː	ɔː	uː	ɜː

- Diphthongs:

b**ay**	b**uy**	b**oy**	n**o**	n**ow**	p**eer**	p**air**	p**oor**
eɪ	aɪ	ɔɪ	əʊ	aʊ	ɪə	eə	ʊə

These vowels and diphthongs may be placed on the Cardinal Vowel quadrilateral as shown in Figs. 1 - 3. It should be noted that though each vowel (or diphthong starting-point) is marked with a point (●), it is misleading to think of this as a precise target; the point represents the centre of an area within which the typical vowel pronunciation falls.

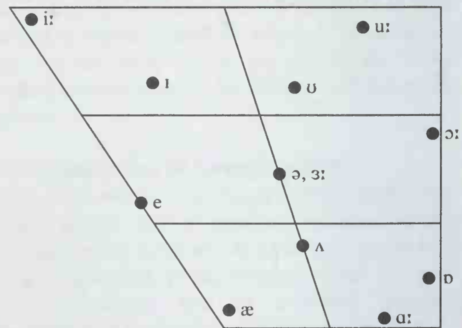


Fig. 1 BBC English pure vowels

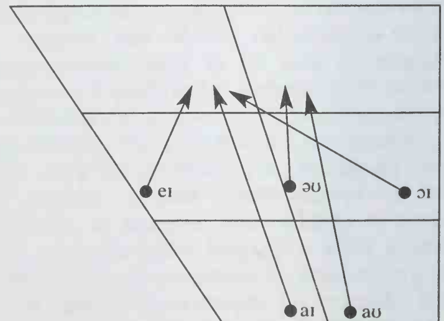


Fig. 2 BBC English closing diphthongs

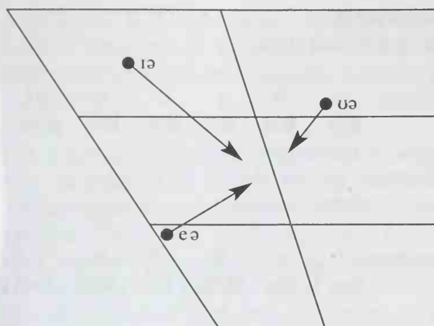


Fig. 3 BBC English centring diphthongs

A few comments on individual vowels and vowel symbols are needed. The pronunciation of any language is constantly changing, and a dictionary such as this one should reflect such changes. However, there is a general reluctance among users of phonemic transcription to change the symbols used too frequently, as this causes existing teaching materials and textbooks to become out of date. The following remarks apply chiefly to BBC pronunciation.

(a) The length of long vowels and diphthongs is very much reduced when they occur in syllables closed by the voiceless or fortis consonants / p, t, k, tʃ, f, θ, s, ʃ /. Thus /iː/ in 'beat' has only about half the length of /iː/ in 'bead' or 'bee'; similarly /eɪ/ in 'place' is much reduced in length compared with /eɪ/ in 'plays' or 'play'.

(b) The vowel /æ/, classified as a short vowel, is nevertheless comparatively long before /b, d, g, dʒ, m, n/. The quality of this vowel is more open than it used to be, and the symbol /a/ might one day be considered preferable. We have retained the /æ/ symbol partly because it is phonetically appropriate for the corresponding American vowel.

(c) The vowel /ʌ/ used to be a back vowel, and the symbol was chosen for this reason. This is no longer a back vowel, but a central one. Alternative symbols could be considered in the future.

(d) Among younger speakers, the /uː/ vowel has moved to a more front quality, with less lip-rounding, particularly when preceded by /j/ as in 'use'.

(e) Among the diphthongs, there seems to be a progressive decline in the use of /ʊə/, with /ɔː/ taking its place (e.g. the pronunciation of the word 'poor' as /pɔː/ is increasingly common).

(f) Triphthongs create some problems. These three-vowel sequences are generally held to be composed of one of the diphthongs /eɪ, aɪ, ɔɪ, əʊ, aʊ/ plus a schwa (e.g. 'layer' /leɪəʳ/; 'fire' /faɪəʳ/). In British English many of these triphthongs are pronounced with such slight movement in vowel quality that it is difficult for foreign learners to recognise them; for example, the name 'Ireland', which is generally transcribed /ˈaɪə.lənd/, frequently has an initial syllable which sounds virtually indistinguishable from /ɑː/. It seems reasonable in this case to treat these sounds as being monosyllabic (e.g. the word 'fire' is a single syllable), but in other words and names transcribed with the same symbols it seems necessary to insert a syllable division. This is usually done (i) when there is a morpheme boundary (e.g. 'buyer' /baɪ.əʳ/) and (ii) when the word is felt to be foreign (this includes many Biblical names originating from Hebrew, e.g. 'Messiah').

Another problem with triphthongs is that before an /r/ consonant at the beginning of a following syllable, the distinction between /aɪə/ and /aɪ/ seems to be neutralised – it seems to make no difference whether one represents 'Irish', 'irate' as /ˈaɪə.rɪʃ/, /aɪəˈreɪt/ or as /ˈaɪ.rɪʃ/ , /aɪˈreɪt/, since there is no regular distinction made in pronunciation. In general, the practice of this edition is to transcribe such cases as /aɪə- /.

(b) American English

American English is commonly described as having lax vowels, tense vowels, and wide diphthongs. Generally speaking, lax vowels are lower and made with less oral tension; they do not usually end syllables. Vowel length in American English is generally considered to be conditioned by phonological environment, so the long/short distinction described for BBC English is not usually present, though we have retained the length mark on the tense vowels /iː, ɑː, ɔː, ɜː, uː/ in order to mark their relationship to the English long vowels. Since the diphthongal movement in /eɪ/ and /oʊ/ is small in American pronunciation, these are treated as tense vowels. Vowels preceding /r/ are notably influenced by rhotic colouring. Word spellings such as 'bird', 'word', 'curd', 'earth', 'jerk', which now rhyme with /ɝ/ in American English, at one time in history had differing vowels. The retroflexed vowels /ɝ/ and /ɚ/, stressed and unstressed, are among those features that noticeably distinguish American English from BBC English. All vowels occurring before /r/ within a syllable are likely to become "r-coloured" to some extent.

- lax vowels: ɪ e æ ʌ ʊ ə
- tense vowels: iː ɑː ɔː ɜː uː eɪ oʊ
- wide diphthongs: aʊ aɪ ɔɪ
- retroflexed vowels ("r-coloured") ɚ ɝ

There is an issue in the symbolization of the diphthong in the word "home". This has for many years been represented as /əʊ/, but in earlier editions of this and others of Jones' works the symbolization /ou/ indicated a rounded initial vowel. This is still the preferred transcription for the American English diphthong. In order to preserve compatibility with other works, we have chosen to use /əʊ/ for BBC English and /oʊ/ for American.

The American /æ/ vowel is somewhat closer than BBC /æ/, and seems to be evolving into an even closer vowel in many speakers. It is used in the same words as BBC /æ/ and also in most of the words which in BBC have /ɑː/ when there is no letter r in the spelling and a fricative consonant at the end of the syllable, (e.g. 'pass', 'ask'). The quality of American /ɑː/ is similar to the BBC /ɑː/ vowel; it is used in some of the words which have /ɑː/ in BBC when there is no letter r in the spelling (e.g. 'father', 'calm'). It also replaces the BBC short /ɒ/ vowel in many words (e.g. 'hot', 'top', 'bother'): 'bother' rhymes with 'father'. American /ɔː/ is more open in quality than BBC /ɔː/. It is used where BBC has /ɔː/ (e.g. 'cause', 'walk'), and also replaces BBC short /ɒ/ in many words, e.g. 'long', 'dog'. American /uː/ is similar to BBC /uː/, but is also used where BBC has /juː/ after alveolar consonants (e.g. 'new', 'duty').

2.3 Consonants

(a) British English (BBC)

- Plosives: p b t d k g
  pin **b**in **t**in **d**in **k**in **g**um
- Affricates: tʃ dʒ
  chain **J**ane
- Fricatives: f v θ ð s z
  fine **v**ine **th**ink **th**is **s**eal **z**eal

  ʃ ʒ h
  sheep mea**s**ure **h**ow
- Nasals: m n ŋ
  su**m** su**n** su**ng**
- Approximants: l r w j
  light **r**ight **w**et **y**et

These consonants can be arranged in table form as shown below. The layout of the symbols follows the principle that, where there are two consonants which differ only in voicing, they are placed side by side with the voiceless one to the left.

(a) Certain types of consonant have a distinction such as that between /t/ and /d/; this is commonly classed as a distinction between voiceless and voiced consonants, but the distinction is in fact much more complex. Consonants usually classed as voiceless are /p, t, k, f, θ, s, ʃ, h, tʃ/, with voiced partners /b, d, g, v, ð, z, ʒ, dʒ/. Since the presence or absence of voicing is often less important than some other phonetic features, it has been suggested that instead the terms *fortis* (equivalent to voiceless) and *lenis* (equivalent to voiced) should be used. These terms imply that the main distinguishing factor is the amount of energy used in the articulation (fortis consonants being made with greater energy than lenis). These terms

Table of English Consonants

	Bilabial	*Labio-dental*	*Dental*	*Alveolar*	*Post-alveolar*	*Palatal*	*Velar*	*Glottal*
Plosive	p b			t d			k g	
Affricate					tʃ dʒ			
Fricative		f v	θ ð	s z	ʃ ʒ		(x)	h
Nasal	m			n			ŋ	
Lateral approximant				l				
Approximant	w				r	j		

are not used in this dictionary, since the usefulness of this terminology is uncertain. Some of the characteristics of the two types of consonant are set out below.

(b) /p,t,k/ are typically accompanied by aspiration (i.e. an interval of breath before the following vowel onset), especially when initial in a stressed syllable. Thus, 'pin' is distinguished from 'bin' very largely by the aspiration accompanying /p/. However, in the syllable-initial sequences /sp-, st-, sk- /, /p, t, k/ lack such aspiration. When /l/, /j/, /w/ or /r/ immediately follow /p,t,k/, they are devoiced and are pronounced as fricatives. Another characteristic of /p,t,k/ that is not marked in transcriptions is glottalization; when one of these consonants is followed by another consonant it is now usual to find that a glottal closure precedes the /p/, /t/ or /k/, particularly if the syllable in which they occur is stressed. Thus the pronunciation of 'captain', 'rightful', 'Yorkshire', which are phonemically /ˈkæp.tɪn/, /ˈraɪt.fᵊl/, /ˈjɔːk.ʃəʳ/, could be shown (using the symbol [ʔ] for glottal closure) as [ˈkæʔp.tɪn], [ˈraɪʔt.fl̩], [ˈjɔːʔk.ʃəʳ]. Similarly, in American English 'mountain' has one pronunciation that could be represented as [maʊ̃.ʔn̩].

(c) Voiceless consonants have a shortening effect on sounds preceding them within a syllable. Thus in the words 'right' and 'ride' (/raɪt/ and /raɪd/) the diphthong is noticeably shorter in the first word than in the second; in the words 'bent' and 'bend' (/bent/ and /bend/), both the vowel /e/ and the nasal consonant /n/ are shorter in the first word. This length difference is not always easy to observe in connected speech.

(d) The consonant /l/ has two different allophones in BBC English, the so-called "clear" and "dark" allophones. The "clear" one (which has an /iː/-like quality) occurs before vowels, the "dark" one (which has an /uː/-like quality) before consonants or before a pause.

(e) The consonants /ʃ/, /ʒ/, /tʃ/, dʒ/, /r/ are usually accompanied by lip-rounding.

(b) American English

The consonants of the American English model, at the phonemic level, may be represented by the same broad scheme used for British English above. Similarly, many of the distinguishing phonetic traits discussed for British English hold for American English as well: initial /p,t,k/ are normally aspirated except when immediately preceded by /s/. Glottalization preceding and, at times, replacing the plosives occurs often in rapid speech. There are, of course, numerous phonetic and phonological differences between British and American English, as there are within regional and social varieties within the two political entities. Two differences receive sufficient attention and have attained sufficient generality within the two varieties that they are represented here. One is phonetic: the "flapped" medial /t/ (as in 'butter') is transcribed as /t̬/ (see Section 2.1 above); the other is phonological: the presence (in American English) of postvocalic /r/ (as in 'farmer' /ˈfɑːr.mɚ/). It should also be noted that the difference between "clear" and "dark" /l/ is much less marked in American than in the BBC accent, so that even prevocalic /l/ in American pronunciation sounds dark to English ears.

2.4 Non-English sounds

In addition to the phonemes of English described above, most English speakers are aware of, and often attempt to pronounce, some sounds of languages other than English. The number of such sounds is small, since most foreign words and names are Anglicised so that they are pronounced with English phonemes. We find the voiceless velar fricative [x] in the Gaelic languages of Scotland and Ireland in words such as 'loch' and names such as 'Strachan'. The same sound is often used by English speakers for the German sound which is written 'ch' (e.g. 'Bach' [bɑːx]) and the Spanish sound spelt 'j' (e.g. 'Badajoz' [ˌbæd.əˈxɒθ]). The voiceless lateral fricative [ɬ] is found (always represented in spelling with 'll') in Welsh words and names such as 'Llanberis'; we give the pronunciation of this sound as *h*l to indicate that it may be pronounced as a voiceless [ɬ] (as many British English speakers do), but alternatively as a voiced one: thus /*h*lænˈber.ɪs/. The dictionary lists a few names with more than one of these sounds (e.g. Llanelli). Most non-Welsh speakers are unlikely to pronounce more than one [ɬ] sound in a word, so we give the pronunciation as /θl/ for 'll' sounds after the initial one.

The other case which needs special attention is the pronunciation of French nasalised vowels. Many English speakers attempt to produce something similar to the French vowels /ɛ̃/, /ɑ̃/, /ɔ̃/, /œ̃/ in words such as 'v**in**', 'restaur**ant**', 'b**on**', 'Verd**un**'.

Although many speakers do not get close to the French vowels, the principle adopted here is to use symbols for English vowels, with added nasalisation. The equivalents are:

French	*English*
ɛ̃	æ̃
ɑ̃	ɑ̃ː
ɔ̃	ɔ̃ː
œ̃	ɜ̃ː

2.5 Stress

Stress patterns present one of the most difficult problems in a pronouncing dictionary. One reason for this is that many polysyllabic words have more than one possible stress pattern, and one must consider carefully which should be recommended. Secondly, the stress of many words changes in different contexts, and it is necessary to indicate how this happens. Thirdly, there is no straightforward way to decide on how many different levels of stress are recognisable.

(a) Where more than one stress pattern is possible, the preferred pronunciation is given first and then alternatives are listed. Many dictionaries use the convention of representing stress patterns using dashes to represent syllables: thus the two possible patterns for 'cigarette' (ˌciga'rette and 'cigarette) can be shown as ˌ--'- and '---. This convention, which is sometimes referred to (incorrectly) as "Morse Code", is used in this work for short words, since it is economical on space. However, in longer words users are likely to find it difficult to interpret. In the planning of this edition, an experiment was carried out to test this, and it was found that readers (both native speakers and non-native speakers of English) do indeed take less time to read word stress patterns when the whole word is given, rather than just a "dashes and dots" pattern (Stromberg and Roach, 1993). Consequently, words of more than three syllables are given in full when alternative stress patterns are being given.

(b) The most common case of variable stress placement caused by context is what is usually nowadays known as "stress-shift". As a general rule, when a word of several syllables has a stress near the end of the word, and is followed by another word with stress near its beginning, there is a tendency for the stress in the first word to move nearer the beginning if it contains a syllable that is capable of receiving stress. For example, the word 'academic' in isolation usually has the stress on the penultimate syllable /-dem-/. However, when the word 'year' follows, the stress is often found to move to the first syllable /æk-/. The whole phrase 'academic year' will have its primary stress on the word 'year', so the resulting stress pattern will be ˌacademic 'year (where ˌ represents secondary stress and ' represents primary stress). To make this process easier to understand, this dictionary now gives specific examples in each case where stress-shift is possible except where certain prefixes such as 'un-' produce hundreds of such cases. In general, this shift is not obligatory: it would not be a mispronunciation to say acaˌdemic 'year. However, it is undoubtedly widespread and in some cases is used almost without exception: for example, although the adjective 'compact' on its own is pronounced with the stress pattern -'- , in the phrase 'compact disc' it is virtually always pronounced with stress on the first syllable.

(c) It is necessary to decide how many levels of stress to mark. The minimum possible range is two: stressed and unstressed. This is inadequate for representing English words in a pronouncing dictionary: a word such as 'controversial' clearly has stress(es) on the first and third syllables, and equally clearly has stronger stress on the third syllable than on the first. It is therefore necessary to recognise an intermediate level of stress ("secondary"). The transcription of this word, therefore, is /ˌkɒn.trə'vɜː.ʃəl/. An argument can be made for recognising yet another level (tertiary stress): in a word such as 'indivisibility', for example, it can be claimed that the level of stress on the third syllable /vɪz/ is weaker than that on the first syllable /ɪn/, which has secondary stress (primary stress being placed on the penultimate syllable /bɪl/). However, introducing this extra level creates a degree of complexity that it is better to avoid. In EPD14 some long polysyllabic words were transcribed with two primary stress marks (e.g. 'cross-examination' was given as /'krɒsɪgˌzæmɪ'neɪʃn/): for the present edition only one primary stress may occur in a word or compound.

(d) Secondary stresses have only limited occurrence after a primary stress: such a secondary stress is only marked in closed or hyphenated compound words where the second element is polysyllabic (e.g. 'fishˌmonger).

(e) Stress assignment on prefixes:

(i) In words containing a prefix such as, for example, **con**-, **de**-, **im**-, **in**-, secondary stress is not applied to the prefix where

the following (i.e. second) syllable is stressed. Examples include 'intoxicate' /ɪn'tɒk.sɪ.keɪt ⓤⓢ -'tɑːk-/.

(ii) Where the prefix is separable, however, as in **impossible**, a variant showing secondary stress on the prefix is listed, as follows: /ɪm'pɒs.ə.bl̩ ,ˌɪm -/.

(iii) In all other cases, primary or secondary stress is applied to the prefix where appropriate.

(f) In the case of words which do not have a prefix but have a stressed second syllable preceded by a syllable with a full vowel (e.g. 'shampoo', 'Chinese') the first syllable is usually treated as unstressed, though in some cases capable of receiving primary stress through stress-shift.

2.6 Syllable divisions

The 14th Edition of EPD marked syllable division (using hyphens) only when it was important to distinguish between the affricate /tʃ/ and the phonemes /t/ and /ʃ/ at a syllable juncture (e.g. 'satchel' /'sætʃəl/ and 'nutshell' /'nʌt-ʃel/). However, although native speakers may well find no difficulty in dividing words into syllables, it seems that learners of English have trouble in doing so, and the divisions are therefore marked. Descriptions of stress and rhythm are usually expressed in terms of syllables, and so it is helpful to have polysyllabic words clearly broken up into their constituent syllables. The syllabified transcription of a polysyllabic word is easier to read and interpret than an undivided one. In addition, the dictionary is likely to be of interest to the field of speech and language technology, where syllable divisions can be useful in developing automatic speech and language analysis systems.

A dot . is used to divide syllables, in accordance with the current recommendations of the International Phonetic Association. These may be read in the *IPA Handbook* (International Phonetic Association 1999). However, this is not used where a stress mark ' or ˌ occurs, as these are effectively also syllable division markers.

No completely satisfactory scheme of syllable division can be produced – all sets of rules will throw up some cases which cannot be dealt with properly. The principles used in this edition are set out below. This requires some discussion of *phonotactics*, the study of permissible phoneme sequences.

(a) As far as possible, syllables should not be divided in a way that violates what is known of English syllable structure. The 'Maximal Onsets Principle', which is widely recognised in contemporary phonology, is followed as far as possible. This means that, where possible, syllables should be divided in such a way that as many consonants as possible are assigned to the beginning of the syllable to the right (if one thinks in terms of how they are written in transcription), rather than to the end of the syllable to the left. However, when this would result in a syllable ending with a stressed /ɪ/, /e/, /æ/, /ʌ/, /ɒ/ or /ʊ/, it is considered that this would constitute a violation of English phonotactics, and the first (or only) intervocalic consonant is assigned to the preceding syllable; thus the word 'better' is divided /'bet.əʳ/, whereas 'beater' is divided /'biː.təʳ/. In the case of unstressed short vowels, /e/, /æ/, /ʌ/ and /ɒ/ are also prevented from appearing in syllable-final position; however, unstressed /ɪ/ and /ʊ/ are allowed the same "privilege of occurrence" as /ə/ when a consonant begins a following syllable, and may therefore occur in final position in unstressed syllables except pre-pausally. Thus in a word such as 'develop', the syllable division is /dɪ'vel.əp/.

(b) Notwithstanding the above, words in compounds should not be re-divided syllabically in a way that does not agree with perceived word boundaries. For example, 'hardware' could in theory be divided /'hɑː.dweəʳ/, but most readers would find this counter-intuitive and would prefer /'hɑːd.weəʳ/. This principle applies to open, closed and hyphenated compounds.

2.7 Assimilation

Assimilation is a process found in all languages which causes speech sounds to be modified in a way which makes them more similar to their neighbours. A well-known example is that of English alveolar consonants such as /t , d , n/, which, when they are followed by a consonant which does not have alveolar place of articulation, tend to adopt the place of articulation of the following consonant. Thus the /t/ at the end of 'foot' /fʊt/ changes to /p/ when followed by /b/ in the word 'football', giving the pronunciation /'fʊp.bɔːl/. A similar case is the assimilation of /s/ to a following /ʃ/ or /j/, resulting in the pronunciation of 'this ship' as /ðɪʃ'ʃɪp/ and 'this year' as /ðɪʃ'jɪəʳ/. This assimilation can be considered to be optional.

The assimilation of /n/ is a rather special case: many English words begin with the prefixes 'in-'

and 'un-', and in a number of cases the /n/ of these prefixes is followed by a consonant which is not alveolar. In some cases it seems to be normal that the /n/ is regularly assimilated to the place of articulation of the following consonant (e.g. 'inquest' /ˈɪŋ.kwest/), while in others this assimilation is optional (e.g. 'incautious' may be /ɪnˈkɔː.ʃəs/ or /ɪŋˈkɔː.ʃəs/). Where it is clear that the prefix is attached to a word that exists independently, so that prefix and stem are easily separable, the assimilation is normally treated as optional. When it seems more like an integral part of the word, the assimilation is shown as obligatory. The occurrence of assimilation in British and American English may differ.

2.8 Treatment of /r/

The accent used for British English is classed as *non-rhotic* – the phoneme /r/ is not usually pronounced except when a vowel follows it. The American pronunciations, on the other hand, do show a rhotic accent, and in general in the accent described, /r/ is pronounced where the letter r is found in the spelling.

It is necessary to show, in British English entries, cases of *potential* pronunciation of /r/, mainly in word-final position; in other words, it is necessary to indicate, in a word such as 'car', that though the word when said in isolation does not have /r/ in the pronunciation (/kɑː/), there is a *potential* /r/ which is realised if a vowel follows (e.g. in 'car owner'). This is indicated by giving the transcription as /kɑːʳ/, where the superscript /ʳ/ indicates the potential for pronunciation. This is traditionally known as 'linking r'. A controversial question is that of so-called 'intrusive r', where the phoneme /r/ is pronounced when no 'r' is seen in the spelling. For example, the phrase 'china and glass' will often be pronounced with /r/ at the end of the word 'china'; although this type of pronunciation is widespread in the speech of native speakers of the accent described, it is still safer not to recommend it to foreign learners, and it is therefore avoided in this dictionary.

2.9 Use of /i/ and /u/

There are many places in present-day British and American English where the distinction between /ɪ/ and /iː/ is neutralised. For example, the final vowel of 'city' and 'seedy' seems to belong neither to the /ɪ/ phoneme nor to /iː/. The symbol /i/ is used in this case (though it is not, strictly speaking, a phoneme symbol; there is no obvious way to choose suitable brackets for this symbol, but phoneme brackets // will be used for simplicity). A parallel argument can be made for the distinction between /ʊ/ and /uː/ (with a corresponding 'neutralised' symbol /u/), though this is needed much less frequently. This issue, and the issues which follow, are discussed in detail in Roach (2000), pp. 84–86.

(a) In word-final position, /ɪ/ and /ʊ/ do not occur. Word-final, close vowels are transcribed with /i/ and /u/ if unstressed. Word-final /iː/ and /uː/ are possible both with stress ('grandee', 'bamboo') and without ('Hindi', 'argue'), although in the unstressed case it is often not possible to draw a clear line between /iː/ and /i/ , or between /uː/ and /u/.

(b) In compounds such as 'busybody' and names such as 'Merryweather', /i/ is permitted to occur word-medially, e.g. 'busybody' is transcribed /ˈbɪz.iˌbɒd.i (US) ˈbɪz.i.bɑː.di/) and 'Merryweather' as /ˈmer.iˌweð.əʳ (US) ˈmer.iˌ weð.ɚ/. In all other cases word-medially, /ɪ/ is used when the vowel is unstressed, unless a vowel follows (see below).

(c) The vowel symbols /ɪ/ and /ʊ/ only occur in front of another vowel symbol if they form part of a composite (diphthong or triphthong) phoneme symbol (e.g. /ɪə, ʊə/). Otherwise /i/ or /u/ is used (e.g. 'scurrying' /ˈskʌr.i.ɪŋ/, 'influenza' /ˌɪn.fluˈen.zə/.

(d) A matter related to this decision concerns words ending in '-ier', '-eer', '-ia'. The usual transcription in the 14th Edition of the EPD was /ɪə/. However, 'reindeer' and 'windier' (comparative form of 'windy') do not have identical pronunciations in their final syllables in British English (BBC). In this edition, the alternative /-jə/ previously given for the latter type of word has been dropped; 'reindeer' is transcribed as /ˈreɪn.dɪəʳ/ and 'windier' as /ˈwɪn.di.əʳ/. The latter transcription, which indicates a different (closer) vowel quality in the second syllable of 'windier', and implies a pronunciation with three rather than two syllables, is felt to be accurate in terms of contemporary pronunciation.

The long vowels /iː/ and /uː/ may also occur before other vowels, but only when in a stressed syllable (e.g. 'skiing' /ˈskiː.ɪŋ/, 'canoeing' /kəˈnuː.ɪŋ/).

2.10 Syllabic consonants

Syllabic consonants are frequently found in English pronunciation: these are cases where instead of an expected vowel-plus-consonant sequence, the consonant alone (usually one of /m, n, ŋ, l, r/) is pronounced with the rhythmical value of a syllable. (See Roach, 2000, pp. 86–90.) In EPD14, syllabic consonants were only marked where there is

ambiguity in the pronunciation of a word; for example, in a word such as 'bottle', the transcription /'bɒtl/ is said to imply unambiguously that the /l/ is syllabic, whereas in the derived form 'bottling' there may be two pronunciations, one with and one without a syllabic /l/. In this instance the EPD14 preferred pronunciation was /'bɒtl̩ɪŋ/, with /'bɒtlɪŋ/ given as an alternative.

The main problem here is how to deal with optional and obligatory syllabicity and the permissibility of vowels. The most frequently found case is where an item may have (i) a schwa vowel followed by a non-syllabic consonant, (ii) a syllabic consonant not preceded by schwa or (iii) a non-syllabic consonant not preceded by schwa. For example, 'lightening' may be (i) /'laɪ.tə.nɪŋ/, (ii) /'laɪt.n̩.ɪŋ/ or (iii) /'laɪt.nɪŋ/. Such items are transcribed as /'laɪ.tᵊn.ɪŋ/ and /'laɪt.nɪŋ/, the first representing cases (i) and (ii), in which there are three syllables, and the second representing only the disyllabic pronunciation, (iii). The use of superscript schwa in words such as /'laɪ.tᵊn.ɪŋ/ should be interpreted as meaning that the schwa may be pronounced, or may be omitted while giving its syllabic character to the following consonant.

Syllabic nasals are not usual where they would result in a nasal-plosive-syllabic consonant sequence (e.g. 'London', 'abandon' must contain a schwa vowel in the final syllable).

2.11 Optional sounds

The convention used in EPD14 of printing phoneme symbols in italics to indicate that they may be omitted is retained, though used more sparingly. It is not necessary to give alternative pronunciations that simply follow general rules of simplification that apply in rapid speech. For example, pointing out the possibility of omitting the [d] sound in 'engine' seems unnecessary, whereas it does seem worth recording the fact that some speakers pronounce words such as 'lunch' and 'French' with a final /ntʃ/ while others have final /nʃ/. There is a difference between the two cases: the former is a straightforward example of elision, and needs no special explanation that refers to a specific word or class of word, while the latter is a particular case of an insertion or deletion that is restricted to a particular phonological environment; speakers are usually consistent in using one or other of the alternative pronunciations in the latter case.

2.12 Elision

As mentioned in the preceding section, there are many cases where sounds which are produced in words pronounced on their own, or in slow, careful speech, are not found in a different style of speech. This is known as *elision*, and this dictionary normally does not show elisions in order to avoid adding a large number of additional pronunciations that are typical of casual speech. It is usual to explain elision in terms of the Principle of Least Effort – we try to avoid doing more work than is necessary. We find elision most commonly in the simplification of consonant clusters. A common example is the loss of /t/ and /d/ in combination with other consonants. Examples are:

'act badly' /ˌækt'bæd.li/ (careful speech) /ˌæk'bæd.li/ (rapid speech)

'strange person' /ˌstreɪndʒ'pɜː.sᵊn (US) -'pɝː.sᵊn/ (careful speech) /ˌstreɪnʒ'pɜː.sᵊn (US) -'pɝː.sᵊn/ (rapid speech)

The fricative /θ/ is also frequently lost in clusters in rapid speech. Examples are:

'sixth place' /ˌsɪksθ'pleɪs/ (careful speech) /ˌsɪks'pleɪs/ (rapid speech)

Elision of vowels is also found, and again this seems to be characteristic of rapid or casual speech. Examples are:

'philosophy' /fɪ'lɒs.ə.fi (US) -'lɑː.sə-/ (careful speech) /fə'lɒs.fi (US) -'lɑːs.fi/ (rapid speech)

'persuade' /pə'sweɪd (US) pɚ'-/ (careful speech) /psweɪd/ (rapid speech)

Part 3: Explanatory notes

Pronunciations are shown in order of frequency.

Variant pronunciations show the parts that are different from the first pronunciation.

affectation ˌæf.ek'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪk'- **-s** -z

Inflections and derived forms of words are shown after the main form.

adapt ə'dæpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv

British pronunciations.

This sign shows that an American pronunciation follows. If this sign is not shown, the pronunciation is the same for British and American.

American pronunciation.

Barnardo bə'nɑː.dəʊ, bɑː- (US) bɚ'nɑːr.doʊ

For US pronunciations, only the part that is different from the British is shown.

deportee ˌdiː.pɔː'tiː (US) -pɔːr'- **-s** -z

The 'cutback bar' shows the place at which a word is divided so that alternative endings can be shown without having to print the entire word again. Inflected forms and derived forms are added to this stem.

actuar|y 'æk.tʃu.ə.r|i, -tju.er|i (US) -tʃu- **-ies** -iz

Stress patterns are shown for common compounds and idioms.

apple ˈæp.əl -s -z ˈapple ˌblossom; ˈapple ˌbutter; ˌapple ˈsauce Ⓤⓢ ˈapple ˌsauce; ˈapple ˌtree; the ˌapple of one's ˈeye

In some words, the stress moves according to the position of the word. This is called 'stress shift' and is indicated with an example.

Adriatic ˌeɪ.driˈæt.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -ˈæt̬ - *stress shift:* ˌAdriatic ˈSea

Glosses indicate where pronunciations differ according to meaning.

Aden *in the Yemen:* ˈeɪ.dən Ⓤⓢ ˈɑː-, ˈeɪ- *in Grampian region:* ˈæd.ən

Words which can be used with or without a capital letter are shown like this.

advent (A) ˈæd.vent, -vənt **-s** -s

A semi-colon indicates that the alternatives that follow cannot be added to the pronunciation given earlier.

adenoidectom|y ˌæd.ə.nɔɪˈdek.tə.m|i,-ɪn.ɔɪˈ- Ⓤⓢ -ən.ɔɪˈ-; ˌæd.nɔɪˈ- **-ies** -iz

Variant spelling of the word.

Italic characters indicate that a sound is optional.

Acheulean, Acheulian əˈ*t*ʃuː.li.ən

References in introduction

Roach, P. (2000) *English Phonetics and Phonology,* (3rd Edition), Cambridge University Press.

Stromberg, K. and Roach, P. (1993) 'The representation of stress-patterns in pronunciation dictionaries: 'Morse-code' vs. orthographic marking', *Journal of the International Phonetic Association*, vol.23.3, pp. 55-58.

Michaelis, H. and Jones, D. (1913) *A Phonetic Dictionary of the English Language*, Carl Meyer (Gustav Prior).

List of recommended reading

A. Works principally on British English

Brazil, D. (1994) *Pronunciation for Advanced Learners of English*, Cambridge University Press.
This book examines the sound system of English in the context of connected speech and describes how intonation works in practice.

Cauldwell, R. (2002) *Streaming speech: listening and pronunciation for advanced learners of English*, Speechinaction. CD-ROM.
Material for practical study of contemporary pronunciation, available in British and American versions.

Collins, B. and Mees, I. M. (2003) *Practical Phonetics and Phonology: a resource book for students*, Routledge.
An accessible and lively introduction with a focus on English, and an accompanying audio CD.

Foulkes, P. and Docherty, G. (1999) *Urban Voices: Accent Studies in the British Isles*, Arnold.
A collection of papers about different British accents and the problems of describing them.

Giegerich, H. J. (1992) *English Phonology*, Cambridge University Press.
A theoretical introduction to the phonology of English.

Gimson, A. C., revised by A. Cruttenden (2001) *The Pronunciation of English* (6th Edition), Arnold.
The best contemporary description of the phonetics of English, written by the person responsible for the 13th and 14th Editions of this dictionary.

Hancock, M. (2003) *English Pronunciation in Use*, Cambridge University Press.
A recent addition to Cambridge's 'In Use' series for learners of English language, with descriptive panels followed by practical exercises. Recorded material is also available.

Hewings, M. (2004) *Pronunciation Practice Activities*, Cambridge University Press.
A resource book for teachers of English language, with a wide range of pronunciation classroom activities for all levels of learners. Includes an audio CD.

International Phonetic Association (1999) *Handbook of the International Phonetic Association*, Cambridge University Press.
A detailed presentation of the principles and practices of the IPA.

Roach, P. (2000) *English Phonetics and Phonology* (3rd Edition), Cambridge University Press.
An introductory textbook with practical exercises.

Shockey, L. (2003) *Sound Patterns of Spoken English*, Blackwell.
A clear exposition of the many ways in which natural connected English speech differs from descriptions of isolated words.

Wells, J.C. (1982) *Accents of English*, Cambridge University Press (3 volumes).
A very detailed and comprehensive account of the different accents of English throughout the world.

B. American English

Cassidy, F. G. and Hall, J. H. (eds). (1985) *Dictionary of American Regional English*, Belknap/Harvard Press.
An ongoing publication, each entry listing pronunciations in designated regions.

Gilbert, J. B. (2005) *Clear Speech: pronunciation and listening comprehension in North American English*. (3rd Edition), Cambridge University Press.
A lively and practical course on pronunciation.

Kenyon, J. S. and Knott, T. A. (1953) *A Pronouncing Dictionary of American English* (2nd Edition), G.& C. Merriam & Co.
One of the earlier pronouncing dictionaries for American English.

Kreidler, C. W. (2004) *The Pronunciation of English: a coursebook*. (2nd Edition), Blackwell.
A textbook which also gives information about British English.

Lujan, B. (2004) *The American Accent Guide*, Lingual Arts.
A complete course on American pronunciation, with CD's.

Wolfram, W. and Johnson, R. (1996) *Phonological Analysis: Focus on American English*, Prentice Hall.
An introduction to the phonological structures of American English.

Wolfram, W. and Schilling-Estes, N. (2006) "American English: Dialects and Variation," *Language In Society*, vol 25, Blackwell.
A comprehensive account of the development of American English regional and social varieties.

Van Riper, C. and Smith, D. (1992) *Introduction to General American Phonetics*, Waveland Press.
A practical workbook.

Yavas, M. (2006) *Applied English Phonology*, Blackwell.
A detailed introduction to English phonetics and phonology in applied contexts, with American English focus.

THE INTERNATIONAL PHONETIC ALPHABET (revised to 1993, updated 1996)

CONSONANTS (PULMONIC)

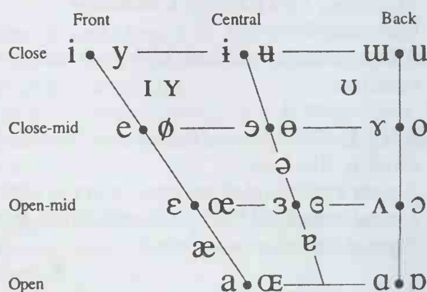
	Bilabial	Labiodental	Dental	Alveolar	Postalveolar	Retroflex	Palatal	Velar	Uvular	Pharyngeal	Glottal
Plosive	p b			t d		ʈ ɖ	c ɟ	k ɡ	q ɢ		ʔ
Nasal	m	ɱ		n		ɳ	ɲ	ŋ	ɴ		
Trill	ʙ			r					ʀ		
Tap or Flap				ɾ		ɽ					
Fricative	ɸ β	f v	θ ð	s z	ʃ ʒ	ʂ ʐ	ç ʝ	x ɣ	χ ʁ	ħ ʕ	h ɦ
Lateral fricative				ɬ ɮ							
Approximant		ʋ		ɹ		ɻ	j	ɰ			
Lateral approximant				l		ɭ	ʎ	ʟ			

Where symbols appear in pairs, the one to the right represents a voiced consonant. Shaded areas denote articulations judged impossible.

CONSONANTS (NON-PULMONIC)

Clicks		Voiced implosives		Ejectives	
ʘ	Bilabial	ɓ	Bilabial	ʼ	Examples:
ǀ	Dental	ɗ	Dental/alveolar	pʼ	Bilabial
!	(Post)alveolar	ʄ	Palatal	tʼ	Dental/alveolar
ǂ	Palatoalveolar	ɠ	Velar	kʼ	Velar
ǁ	Alveolar lateral	ʛ	Uvular	sʼ	Alveolar fricative

VOWELS



Where symbols appear in pairs, the one to the right represents a rounded vowel.

OTHER SYMBOLS

ʍ Voiceless labial-velar fricative

w Voiced labial-velar approximant

ɥ Voiced labial-palatal approximant

ʜ Voiceless epiglottal fricative

ʢ Voiced epiglottal fricative

ʡ Epiglottal plosive

ɕ ʑ Alveolo-palatal fricatives

ɺ Alveolar lateral flap

ɧ Simultaneous ʃ and x

Affricates and double articulations can be represented by two symbols joined by a tie bar if necessary. k͡p t͜s

SUPRASEGMENTALS

ˈ Primary stress

ˌ Secondary stress ˌfoʊnəˈtɪʃən

ː Long eː

ˑ Half-long eˑ

˘ Extra-short ĕ

| Minor (foot) group

‖ Major (intonation) group

. Syllable break ɹi.ækt

‿ Linking (absence of a break)

DIACRITICS

Diacritics may be placed above a symbol with a descender, e.g. ŋ̊

̥	Voiceless n̥ d̥	̤	Breathy voiced b̤ a̤	̪	Dental t̪ d̪
̬	Voiced s̬ t̬	̰	Creaky voiced b̰ a̰	̺	Apical t̺ d̺
ʰ	Aspirated tʰ dʰ	̼	Linguolabial t̼ d̼	̻	Laminal t̻ d̻
̹	More rounded ɔ̹	ʷ	Labialized tʷ dʷ	̃	Nasalized ẽ
̜	Less rounded ɔ̜	ʲ	Palatalized tʲ dʲ	ⁿ	Nasal release dⁿ
̟	Advanced u̟	ˠ	Velarized tˠ dˠ	ˡ	Lateral release dˡ
̠	Retracted e̠	ˤ	Pharyngealized tˤ dˤ	̚	No audible release d̚
̈	Centralized ë	̴	Velarized or pharyngealized ɫ		
̽	Mid-centralized e̽	̝	Raised e̝ (ɹ̝ = voiced alveolar fricative)		
̩	Syllabic n̩	̞	Lowered e̞ (β̞ = voiced bilabial approximant)		
̯	Non-syllabic e̯	̘	Advanced Tongue Root e̘		
˞	Rhoticity ɚ a˞	̙	Retracted Tongue Root e̙		

TONES AND WORD ACCENTS

LEVEL			CONTOUR		
e̋ or	˥	Extra high	ě or	˩˥	Rising
é	˦	High	ê	˥˩	Falling
ē	˧	Mid	e᷄	˦˥	High rising
è	˨	Low	e᷅	˩˨	Low rising
ȅ	˩	Extra low	e᷈	˧˦˧	Rising-falling
ꜜ		Downstep	↗		Global rise
ꜛ		Upstep	↘		Global fall

Index of Information Panels

Abbreviations 2
Accent 4
Acronyms 6
Affricate 11
Allophone 17
Alveolar 19
Approximant 29
Articulation 33
Aspiration 35
Assimilation 36
Bilabial 56
Cardinal vowel 78
Clear l 95
Cluster 97
Coalescence 98
Coarticulation 98
Coda 99
Compounds 105
Connected speech 109
Consonant 110
Dark l 129
Dental 137
Devoicing 141
Diphthong 144
Elision 165
Flap 194
Fortis 200
French 202
Fricative 203
Glottal Stop 216
Glottalisation 216
Homographs 242
Intonation 269
Labiodental 288
Larynx 291
Lateral 292
Latin 292
Lax 294
Length 296
Lenis 296
Liaison 298
Monophthong 331
Names and places 339
Nasal 341
Nasalisation 341
Neutral 344
Neutralisation 345
Onset 360
Palatal 372
Palato-alveolar 372
Pharyngeal 385
Phone 387
Phoneme 387
Phonetics 388
Phonology 388
Pitch 391
Plosive 394
Postalveolar 399
Prefix 402
Retroflex 430
Rhotic 432
Rhyme/rime 432
Rhythm 433
Rounding 437
Schwa 448
Soft palate 468
Spreading 474
Stress 482
Stress shift 482
Suffix 486
Syllabic consonant 492
Syllable 493
Tap 496
Tense 500
Tone 509
Tone unit 510
Trill 516
Triphthong 517
Uvular 539
Velar 542
Velarisation 542
Vocal folds 547
Voice onset time 547
Voicing 547
Vowel 548
Vowel reduction 548
Weak form 555

THE INTERNATIONAL PHONETIC ALPHABET (revised to 1993, updated 1996)

*This chart is reproduced by courtesy of the International Phonetic Association.

Pronouncing the letter A

See also AE, AEO, AI/AY, AU/AW

The vowel letter a has two main strong pronunciations linked to spelling: a 'short' pronunciation /æ/ and a 'long' pronunciation /eɪ/. In the 'short' pronunciation, the a is usually followed by a consonant which closes the syllable, or a double consonant before another vowel, e.g.:

tap	/tæp/
tapping	/ˈtæp.ɪŋ/

The 'long' pronunciation usually means the a is followed by a single consonant and then a vowel, e.g.:

tape	/teɪp/
taping	/ˈteɪ.pɪŋ/

When there is an r in the spelling, the strong pronunciation is one of three possibilities: /ɑː US ɑːr/, /eə US er/ or /æ US e, æ/, e.g.:

car	/kɑːʳ/	US /kɑːr/
care	/keəʳ/	US /ker/
carry	/kær.i/	US /ker.i, kær.i/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the letter a, e.g.:

/ɑː/	father	/ˈfɑː.ðəʳ/	US /ˈfɑː.ðɚ/
/ɑː US æ/	bath	/bɑːθ/	US /bæθ/
/ɒ US ɑː/	swan	/swɒn/	US /swɑːn/
/ɔː US ɑː, ɔː/	walk	/wɔːk/	US /wɑːk/
	warm	/wɔːm/	US /wɔːrm/

And, in rare cases:

/e/	many	/ˈmen.i/

In weak syllables

The vowel letter a is realised with the vowels /ə/ and /ɪ/ in weak syllables, and may also not be pronounced at all in British English, due to compression, e.g.:

above	/əˈbʌv/	
village	/ˈvɪl.ɪdʒ/	
necessary	/ˈnes.ə.sri/	US /-ser.i/

a *indefinite article: strong form:* eɪ *weak form:* ə
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /eɪ/ is used mainly for contrast (e.g. 'This is *a* solution, but not the only one.'). The weak form only occurs before consonants, and is usually pronounced /ə/. In rapid speech, when /ə/ is preceded by a consonant, it may combine with a following /l/, /n/ or /r/ to produce a syllabic consonant (e.g. 'got a light' /ˌɡɒt.əlˈlaɪt US ˌɡɑːt̬.əˈlaɪt/; 'get another' /ˌget.nˌˈʌð.əʳ US -ɚ/).
a (A) *the letter:* eɪ -'s -z
A-1 ˌeɪˈwʌn *stress shift:* ˌA-1 conˈdition
A4 ˌeɪˈfɔːʳ US -ˈfɔːr *stress shift:* ˌA4 ˈpaper
AA ˌeɪˈeɪ *stress shift:* ˌAA patˈrol
AAA *Amateur Athletics Association:* ˌθriːˈeɪz, ˌeɪ.eɪˈeɪ *American Automobile Association:* ˌtrɪp.əlˈeɪ
Aachen ˈɑː.kən
aah ɑː
Aalborg ˈɑːl.bɔːɡ US ˈɑːl.bɔːrɡ, ˈɔːl-
A&M eɪ.ənd'em
aardvark ˈɑːd.vɑːk US ˈɑːrd.vɑːrk -s -s
aardwol|f ˈɑːd.wʊl|f US ˈɑːrd- -ves -vz
Aarhus ˈɑː.hʊs US ˈɑːr-, ˈɔːr-
Aaron ˈeə.rən US ˈer.ən, ˈær-
ab- æb, əb
Note: Prefix. Examples include **abnegate** /ˈæb.nɪ.geɪt/, in which it is stressed, and **abduct** /əbˈdʌkt/, where it is unstressed.
ab (A) æb
AB ˌeɪˈbiː
Abacha əˈbætʃ.ə US -ˈbɑːtʃ-
aback əˈbæk
Abaco ˈæb.ə.kəʊ US -koʊ
abacus ˈæb.ə.kəs -es -ɪz
Abadan ˌæb.əˈdɑːn, -ˈdæn
Abaddon əˈbæd.ən
abaft əˈbɑːft US -ˈbæft
abalone æb.əˈləʊ.ni US -ˈloʊ-
abandon əˈbæn.dən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ment -mənt
à bas æˈbɑː US æ-, ɑː-
abas|e əˈbeɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ement -mənt
abash əˈbæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
abatab|le əˈbeɪ.tə.b|əl US -t̬ə- -ly -li
a|bate ə|ˈbeɪt -bates -ˈbeɪts -bating -ˈbeɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪŋ -bated -ˈbeɪ.tɪd US -ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪd -batement/s -ˈbeɪt.mənt/s
abat(t)is ˈæb.ə.tɪs, -tiː US -ə.t̬ɪs, əˈbæt̬.ɪs -es ˈæb.ə.tɪ.sɪz US -t̬ɪ-, əˈbæt̬.ɪ.sɪz *alternative plur.:* ˈæb.ə.tiːz US -t̬iːz, əˈbæt̬.iːz
abattoir ˈæb.ə.twɑːʳ US -twɑːr, -twɔːr -s -z
abaxial əˈbæk.si.əl, æbˈæk-
Abba ˈæb.ə
abbac|y ˈæb.ə.s|i -ies -iz
Abbado əˈbɑː.dəʊ US -doʊ
Abbas ˈæb.əs, əˈbæs
Abbassid, Abbasid əˈbæs.ɪd -s -z
abbé ˈæb.eɪ US ˈæb.eɪ, -ˈ- -s -z
abbess ˈæb.es, -ɪs US -əs -es -ɪz
Abbeville *in France:* ˈæb.viːl US ˌæbˈviːl *in US:* ˈæb.ɪ.vɪl
abbey (A) ˈæb.i -s -z
Abbie ˈæb.i
abbot (A) ˈæb.ət -s -s
Abbotsford ˈæb.əts.fəd US -fɚd
abbotship ˈæb.ət.ʃɪp -s -s
Abbott ˈæb.ət -s -s ˌAbbott and Cosˈtello
abbrevi|ate əˈbriː.vi|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
abbreviation əˌbriː.viˈeɪ.ʃən -s -z
abbreviatory əˈbriː.vi.ə.tri, əˌbriː.viˈeɪ.tər.i US əˈbriː.vi.ə.tɔːr.i
Abbs æbz
Abby ˈæb.i
abc, ABC ˌeɪ.biːˈsiː -'s -z
Abdera æbˈdɪə.rə US -ˈdɪr.ə
abdicant ˈæb.dɪ.kənt -s -s
abdi|cate ˈæb.dɪ|.keɪt -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z US -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
abdication ˌæb.dɪˈkeɪ.ʃən -s -z
Abdiel ˈæb.dɪəl US -di.əl
abdomen ˈæb.də.mən, -men; æbˈdəʊ.mən US ˈæb.də.mən, æbˈdoʊ- -s -z
abdominal æbˈdɒm.ɪ.nəl, əb-, -ˈdəʊ.mɪ- US -ˈdɑː.mə- -ly -i
abducent əbˈdjuː.sənt, æb- US æbˈduː-, -ˈdjuː-
abduct əbˈdʌkt, æb- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
abduction əbˈdʌk.ʃən, æb- -s -z
Abdul ˈæb.dʊl
Abdulla(h) æbˈdʌl.ə, əb-, -ˈdʊl-
Abe eɪb
abeam əˈbiːm
abecedarian ˌeɪ.biː.siːˈdeə.ri.ən US -ˈder.i-

Abbreviations

The pronunciation of individual abbreviations is not predictable and must be treated on a word-by-word basis.

Examples

Some good examples of abbreviations which are spoken in full are to be found in titles used for people, e.g.:

Mr	/ˈmɪs.təʳ/	US /-tɚ/
Mrs	/ˈmɪs.ɪz/	
Dr	/ˈdɒk.təʳ/	US /ˈdɑːk.tɚ/
Esq	/ɪsˈkwaɪəʳ/	US /ˈes.kwaɪɚ/

However, in some cases, an abbreviation may be pronounced the way it is written, e.g.:

Bros. (*Brothers*)	/ˈbrʌð.əz/, /brɒs/	
	US /ˈbrʌð.ɚz/	
des res (*desirable residence*)	/ˌdezˈrez/	

Some words or phrases are abbreviated to initial letters. In this case, the item may be pronounced as the initial letters, or in full. This is not the same as an ACRONYM, in which the letters are pronounced as a word (see, for example, *NATO*), e.g.:

MS (*multiple sclerosis; manuscript*)	/ˌemˈes/
NBA (*National Basketball Association*)	/ˌen.biːˈeɪ/
UCLA (*University of California Los Angeles*)	/ˌjuː.siː.elˈeɪ/

Abbreviations derived from Latin words and phrases are common, but do not all follow the same pattern, some being pronounced in full, some as letters, and some as they are spelt, e.g.:

e.g. (*exempli gratia*)	/ˌiːˈdʒiː/	
et al (*et alia*)	/etˈæl/	US /-ˈɑːl/
etc. (*et cetera*)	/ɪtˈset.ər.ə/	US /-ˈset̬.ɚ-/
i.e. (*id est*)	/ˌaɪˈiː/	

à Becket əˈbek.ɪt
abed əˈbed
Abednego ˌæb.edˈniː.gəʊ, əˈbed.nɪ.gəʊ US -goʊ
Abel ˈeɪ.bəl
Abelard ˈæb.ə.lɑːd, ˈ-ɪ- US -lɑːrd
Abelmeholah ˌeɪ.bəl.miˈhəʊ.lə, -məˈ- US -ˈhoʊ-
Abenaki ˌæb.əˈnæk.i US ˌɑː.bəˈnɑː.ki, ˌæb.əˈ-, -ˈnæk.i -s -z
Aberavon ˌæb.əˈræv.ən US -ɚˈæv-
Abercanaid ˌæb.əˈkæn.aɪd US ˌ-ɚ-
Abercarn ˌæb.əˈkɑːn US -ɚˈkɑːrn
Aberconway ˌæb.əˈkɒn.weɪ US -ɚˈkɑːn-
Aberconwy ˌæb.əˈkɒn.wi US -ɚˈkɑːn-
Abercorn ˈæb.ə.kɔːn US -ɚ.kɔːrn
Abercrombie, Abercromby ˈæb.ə.krɒm.bi, -krʌm-; ˌæb.əˈkrɒm.bi, -ˈkrʌm- US -ɚ.krɑːm-, -ɚˈkrɑːm-
Aberdare ˌæb.əˈdeəʳ US -ɚˈder
Aberdeen ˌæb.əˈdiːn US -ɚˈ- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr *stress shift:* ˌAberdeen ˈstation
Aberdonian ˌæb.əˈdəʊ.ni.ən US -ɚˈdoʊ- **-s** -z
Aberdour ˌæb.əˈdaʊəʳ US -ɚˈdaʊɚ
Aberdovey ˌæb.əˈdʌv.i US -ɚˈ-
Aberfan ˌæb.əˈvæn US -ɚˈ-
Abergavenny *place:* ˌæb.ə.gəˈven.i US ˌæb.ɚ- *family name:* ˌæb.əˈgen.i US -ɚˈ-
Abergele ˌæb.əˈgel.i US -ɚˈ-
Aberkenfig ˌæb.əˈken.fɪg US -ɚˈ-
Abernathy ˌæb.əˈnæθ.i US ˈæb.ɚ.næθ-
Abernethy ˌæb.əˈneθ.i, -ˈniː.θi US ˈæb.ɚˈneθ.i
aberran|t æbˈer.ən|t, əˈber-; ˈæb.ə.rən|t **-ce** -*ts* **-cy** -*t*.si
aber|rate ˈæb.ə|.reɪt **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ US -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd US -reɪ.t̬ɪd
aberration ˌæb.əˈreɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
Abersychan ˌæb.əˈsɪk.ən US -ɚˈ-
Abert ˈeɪ.bɜːt, -bət US -bɝːt, -bɚt
Abertillery ˌæb.ə.tɪˈleə.ri, -təˈ- US -ɚ.təˈler.i
Abertridwr ˌæb.əˈtrɪd.ʊəʳ US -ʊr
Aberystwyth ˌæb.əˈrɪs.*t*wɪθ
a|bet ə|ˈbet **-bets** -ˈbets **-betting** -ˈbet.ɪŋ US -ˈbet̬.ɪŋ **-betted** -ˈbet.ɪd US -ˈbet̬.ɪd **-bettor/s** -ˈbet.əʳ/z US -ˈbet̬.ɚ/z **-betment** -ˈbet.mənt
abeyance əˈbeɪ.ən*t*s
abhor əbˈhɔːʳ, əˈbɔːʳ US æbˈhɔːr, əb- **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **-rer/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
abhorren|ce əbˈhɒr.ən|*t*s, əˈbɒr- US æbˈhɔːr-, əb- **-t** -t
Abia *biblical name:* əˈbaɪ.ə *city:* ˈæb.i.ə
Abiathar əˈbaɪ.ə.θəʳ US -θɚ
abid|e əˈbaɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **abode** əˈbəʊd US -ˈboʊd
Abidjan ˌæb.iːˈdʒɑːn, -ɪˈ-
abigail (A) ˈæb.ɪ.geɪl **-s** -z
Abilene *in Syria:* ˌæb.ɪˈliː.ni, -əˈ- *in US:* ˈæb.ə.liːn
abilit|y əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
-ability əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ɪ.ti US ə.t̬i
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ability** always exhibit primary stress as shown above, e.g. **capability** /ˌkeɪ.pəˈbɪl.ə.ti US -ə.t̬i/.
Abimelech əˈbɪm.ə.lek
Abingdon ˈæb.ɪŋ.dən
Abinger ˈæb.ɪn.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ
Abington ˈæb.ɪŋ.tən
ab initio ˌæb.ɪˈnɪʃ.i.əʊ, -əˈ-, -ˈnɪs- US -oʊ
abiogenesis ˌeɪ.baɪ.əʊˈdʒen.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- US -oʊˈ-
Abiola ˌæb.iˈəʊ.lə US -ˈoʊ-
abiotic ˌeɪ.baɪˈɒt.ɪk US -ˈɑː.t̬ɪk
abject ˈæb.dʒekt US ˈæb.dʒekt, -ˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
abjection æbˈdʒek.ʃən
abjudi|cate æbˈdʒuː.dɪ|.keɪt, əb- US -də- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd
abjuration ˌæb.dʒʊˈreɪ.ʃən, -dʒəˈ-, -dʒʊəˈ- US -dʒəˈ-, -dʒʊˈ- **-s** -z
abjur|e əbˈdʒʊəʳ, æb-, -ˈdʒɔːʳ US -ˈdʒʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ablat|e əˈbleɪt, æbˈleɪt, ˌæbˈleɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˌæbˈleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˌæbˈleɪ.t̬ɪd
ablation əˈbleɪ.ʃən, æbˈleɪ- US ˌæb-
ablatival ˌæb.ləˈtaɪ.vəl
ablative ˈæb.lə.tɪv US -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
ablaut ˈæb.laʊt **-s** -s
ablaze əˈbleɪz
ab|le ˈeɪ.b|əl **-ler** -əl.əʳ, -ləʳ US -əl.ɚ, -lɚ **-lest** -əl.əst, -ləst, -əl.ɪst, -lɪst **-ly** -əl.i, -li
-able ə.bəl
Note: Suffix. Does not normally affect stress patterning, e.g. **knowledge** /ˈnɒl.ɪdʒ US ˈnɑː.lɪdʒ/, **knowledgeable** /ˈnɒl.ɪ.dʒə.bəl US ˈnɑː.lɪ-/; **rely** /rɪˈlaɪ/, **reliable** /rɪˈlaɪ.ə.bəl/. In some cases, however, the stress patterning may change, e.g. **admire** /ədˈmaɪəʳ US -ˈmaɪɚ/, **admirable** /ˈæd.mər.ə.bəl/.
able-bodied ˌeɪ.bəlˈbɒd.ɪd US ˈeɪ.bəlˌbɑː.dɪd, ˌeɪ.bəlˈbɑː- *stress shift, British only:* ˌable-bodied ˈperson
Ablett ˈæb.lət, -lɪt
ablution əˈbluː.ʃən **-s** -z
-ably ə.bli
Note: Suffix. Behaves as **-able** above.
Abnaki æbˈnæk.i US -ˈnɑː.ki **-s** -z

abneg|ate ˈæb.nɪ.g|eɪt, -neg|.eɪt, -nə.g|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
abnegation ˌæb.nɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -negˈeɪ-, -nəˈgeɪ- **-s** -z
Abner ˈæb.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
abnormal æbˈnɔː.mᵊl, əb- (US) -ˈnɔːr- **-ly** -i
abnormalit|y ˌæb.nɔːˈmæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -nɔːrˈmæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
abnormit|y æbˈnɔː.mə.t|i, əb-, -mɪ- (US) -ˈnɔːr.mə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
abo ˈæb.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
ABO ˌeɪ.biːˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ
aboard əˈbɔːd (US) -ˈbɔːrd
abode əˈbəʊd (US) -ˈboʊd **-s** -z
abolish əˈbɒl.ɪʃ (US) -ˈbɑː.lɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
abolition ˌæb.əˈlɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
abolition|ism ˌæb.əˈlɪʃ.ᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
abomas|um ˌæb.əʊˈmeɪ.s|ᵊm (US) -oʊˈ- **-a** -ə
A-bomb ˈeɪˌbɒm (US) -ˌbɑːm **-s** -z
abominab|le əˈbɒm.ɪ.nə.b|ᵊl, -ᵊn.ə- (US) -ˈbɑː.mɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
abomi|nate əˈbɒm.ɪ|.neɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈbɑː.mɪ- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
abomination əˌbɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- (US) -ˌbɑː.mɪˈ- **-s** -z
à bon marché æˌbɔ̃ː.mɑːˈʃeɪ, -ˌbɒn- (US) -ˌbõʊn.mɑːrˈ-
aboriginal (A) ˌæb.əˈrɪdʒ.ᵊn.ᵊl, -ɪ.nᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
aborigine (A) ˌæb.əˈrɪdʒ.ᵊn.i, -ɪ.ni **-s** -z
a|bort ə|ˈbɔːt (US) -ˈbɔːrt **-borts** -ˈbɔːts (US) -ˈbɔːrts **-borting** -ˈbɔː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈbɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-borted** -ˈbɔː.tɪd (US) -ˈbɔːr.t̬ɪd
aborticide əˈbɔː.tɪ.saɪd (US) -ˈbɔːr.t̬ə-
abortifacient əˌbɔː.tɪˈfeɪ.ʃi.ənt, -ʃᵊnt (US) -ˌbɔːr.t̬əˈ-
abortion əˈbɔː.ʃᵊn (US) -ˈbɔːr- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
abortive əˈbɔː.tɪv (US) -ˈbɔːr.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Aboukir ˌæb.uːˈkɪəʳ, -ʊˈ- (US) -ˈkɪr
abound əˈbaʊnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
about əˈbaʊt
about-fac|e əˌbaʊtˈfeɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
about-turn əˌbaʊtˈtɜːn (US) -ˈtɝːn **-s** -z
above əˈbʌv
above-board əˌbʌvˈbɔːd (US) əˈbʌv.bɔːrd
aboveground əˌbʌvˈgraʊnd (US) əˈbʌv.graʊnd
above-mentioned əˌbʌvˈmen.tʃᵊnd (US) -ˈment.ʃᵊnd *stress shift:* aˌbove-mentioned ˈperson
ab ovo ˌæbˈəʊ.vəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ.voʊ
abracadabra ˌæb.rə.kəˈdæb.rə **-s** -z
abrad|e əˈbreɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Abraham ˈeɪ.brə.hæm, -həm *as a biblical name in Britain often also:* ˈɑː-
Abrahams ˈeɪ.brə.hæmz
Abram ˈeɪ.brəm, -bræm *as a biblical name in Britain often also:* ˈɑː-
Abramovich əˈbræm.ə.vɪtʃ, æbˈræm-
abranchi|al ˌeɪˈbræŋ.ki|.əl, əˈbræŋ-, æbˈræŋ- **-ate** -eɪt, -ət
abrasion əˈbreɪ.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
abrasive əˈbreɪ.sɪv, -zɪv **-ly** -li **-s** -z
abreact ˌæb.riˈækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
abreaction ˌæb.riˈæk.ʃᵊn
abreast əˈbrest
abridg|e əˈbrɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
abridg(e)ment əˈbrɪdʒ.mənt **-s** -s
abroad əˈbrɔːd (US) -ˈbrɑːd, -ˈbrɔːd
abro|gate ˈæb.rəʊ|.geɪt (US) -rə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
abrogation ˌæb.rəʊˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -rəˈ- **-s** -z
A'Brook əˈbrʊk
abrupt əˈbrʌpt **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
abruption əˈbrʌp.ʃᵊn
Abruzzi əˈbrʊt.si, -ˈbruːt- (US) -ˈbruːt-
ABS ˌeɪ.biːˈes
Absalom ˈæb.sᵊl.əm
abscess ˈæb.ses, -sɪs **-es** -ɪz
abscis|e æbˈsaɪz, əb- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
abscisin æbˈsɪs.ɪn
absciss|a æbˈsɪs|.ə, əb- **-ae** -i **-as** -əz
abscission æbˈsɪʃ.ᵊn, -ˈsɪʒ- **-s** -z
abscond æbˈskɒnd, əb- (US) -ˈskɑːnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Abse ˈæb.si, -zi
abseil ˈæb.seɪl, -saɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
absenc|e ˈæb.sᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
absent (*adj.*) ˈæb.sᵊnt **-ly** -li ˌ**absent without** ˈ**leave**
ab|sent (*v.*) æb|ˈsent, əb- **-sents** -ˈsents **-senting** -ˈsen.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsen.t̬ɪŋ **-sented** -ˈsen.tɪd (US) -ˈsen.t̬ɪd
absentee ˌæb.sᵊnˈtiː, -senˈ- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**absentee** ˈ**ballot;** ˌ**absentee** ˈ**landlord**
absentia æbˈsen.ti.ə, -ˈsent.ʃi- (US) -ˈsent.ʃə, ˈ-ʃi.ə
absent-minded ˌæb.sᵊntˈmaɪn.dɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌabsent-minded ˈperson
absinth(e) ˈæb.sæ̃θ, -sɪntθ
absolut|e ˌæb.səˈluːt, -ljuːt, ˈæb.sᵊl.uːt, -juːt (US) ˌæb.səˈluːt, ˈ--- **-es** -s **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
absolutely ˌæb.səˈluːt.li, -ˈljuːt- (US) ˌæb.səˈluːt-, ˈæb.sə.luːt- *stress shift:* ˌabsolutely ˈfabulous
absolution ˌæb.səˈluː.ʃᵊn, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- **-s** -z
absolut|ism ˈæb.sᵊl.uː.t|ɪ.zᵊm, -juː- (US) -sə.luː.t̬|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
absolutive ˌæb.səˈluː.tɪv, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː.t̬ɪv
absolv|e əbˈzɒlv, -ˈsɒlv (US) -ˈzɑːlv, -ˈsɑːlv, -ˈzɔːlv, -ˈsɔːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
absorb əbˈzɔːb, -ˈsɔːb (US) -ˈsɔːrb, -ˈzɔːrb **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -əd.li **-able** -ə.bᵊl
absorbency əbˈzɔː.bənt.si, -ˈsɔː- (US) -ˈsɔːr-, -ˈzɔːr-
absorbent əbˈzɔː.bənt, -ˈsɔː- (US) -ˈsɔːr-, -ˈzɔːr- **-ly** -li
absorbing əbˈzɔː.bɪŋ, -ˈsɔː- (US) -ˈsɔːr-, -ˈzɔːr- **-ly** -li
absorption əbˈzɔːp.ʃᵊn, -ˈsɔːp- (US) -ˈsɔːrp-, -ˈzɔːrp-
absorptive əbˈzɔːp.tɪv, -ˈsɔːp- (US) -ˈsɔːrp-, -ˈzɔːrp-
abstain æbˈsteɪn, əb- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
abstemious æbˈstiː.mi.əs, əb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
abstention æbˈsten.tʃᵊn, əb- (US) -ˈstent.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
abstergent æbˈstɜː.dʒᵊnt, əb- (US) -ˈstɝː- **-s** -s
abstinen|ce ˈæb.stɪ.nən|ts, -stə- **-t** -t
abstract (*n., adj.*) ˈæb.strækt **-s** -s
abstract (*v.*) æbˈstrækt, əb- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li
abstraction æbˈstræk.ʃᵊn, əb- **-s** -z
abstraction|ism æbˈstræk.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm, əb- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
abstract|ly ˈæb.strækt|.li, əbˈstrækt-, æbˈ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
abstrict əbˈstrɪkt, æb- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
abstriction əbˈstrɪk.ʃᵊn, æb-
abstruse æbˈstruːs, əb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
absurd əbˈzɜːd, -ˈsɜːd (US) -ˈsɝːd, -ˈzɝːd **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
absurd|ism əbˈzɜː.d|ɪ.zᵊm, -ˈsɜː- (US) -ˈsɝː-, -ˈzɝː- **-ist** -ɪst
absurdit|y əbˈzɜː.də.t|i, -ˈsɜː-, -dɪ- (US) -ˈsɝː.də.t̬|i, -ˈzɝː- **-ies** -iz
ABTA ˈæb.tə
Abu ˈɑː.buː, ˈæb.uː
Abu Dhabi ˌæb.uːˈdɑː.bi, ˌɑː.buː-, -ˈdæb.i (US) ˌɑː.buːˈdɑː.bi
Abu Ghraib ˌæb.uˈgreɪb
Abuja əˈbuː.dʒə
abulia əˈbuː.li.ə, eɪ-, -ˈbjuː-
abundance əˈbʌn.dənts
abundant əˈbʌn.dənt **-ly** -li
Abu Nidal ˌæb.uː.niːˈdɑːl, ˌɑː.buː-, -ˈdæl (US) ˌɑː.buː-
Abury ˈeɪ.bᵊr.i (US) -ber-, -bɚ-
abus|e (*n.*) əˈbjuːs **-es** -ɪz
abus|e (*v.*) əˈbjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Abu Simbel ˌæb.uːˈsɪm.bᵊl, -bel (US) ˌɑː.buːˈ-
abusive əˈbjuː.sɪv, -zɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
a|but ə|ˈbʌt **-buts** -ˈbʌts **-butting** -ˈbʌt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈbʌt̬.ɪŋ **-butted** -ˈbʌt.ɪd (US) -ˈbʌt̬.ɪd **-buttal** -ˈbʌt.ᵊl (US) -ˈbʌt̬.ᵊl
abutilon əˈbjuː.tɪ.lən, -lɒn (US) -t̬ə.lɑːn, -lən **-s** -z
abutment əˈbʌt.mənt **-s** -s
abutter əˈbʌt.əʳ (US) -ˈbʌt̬.ɚ **-s** -z
abuzz əˈbʌz

Accent

Accent may refer to prominence given to a syllable (see STRESS), or to a particular way of pronouncing. This panel concentrates on the latter definition.

Examples for English

Speakers may share the same grammar and vocabulary, but pronounce what they say with different accents. In Britain, for example, there are accents such as Scots, Cockney (in London), and Scouse (in Liverpool), and in the United States the New York accent differs considerably from that commonly heard in Texas. There are also different world standard English accents, such as British, American, Australian, Indian or Singaporean.

Major differences between British and US English include the vowel in words such as *glass*, the use of a flapped /t/ in words like *butter*, and the fact that US English is RHOTIC while British English is non-rhotic, that is, an *r* in the spelling is always pronounced in US English, but only where a vowel follows in British English, e.g.:

glass	/glɑːs/	US /glæs/
butter	/ˈbʌt.əʳ/	US /ˈbʌt̬.ɚ/
car	/kɑːʳ/	US /kɑːr/

More information on the accents chosen to represent British and American English is given in the Introduction.

Abydos əˈbaɪ.dɒs, -dəs; ˈæb.ɪ.dɒs US əˈbaɪ.dɑːs; ˈæb.ɪ-
abysm əˈbɪz.ᵊm **-s** -z
abysmal əˈbɪz.mᵊl **-ly** -i
abyss əˈbɪs **-es** -ɪz
abyssal əˈbɪs.ᵊl
Abyssini|a ˌæb.ɪˈsɪn.i|.ə, -əˈ- **-an/s** -ən/z
AC, a/c (*US abbrev. for* **air conditioning**) ˌeɪˈsiː
-ac æk, ək
Note: Suffix. Does not normally affect stress patterning, e.g. **mania** /ˈmeɪ.ni.ə/ **maniac** /ˈmeɪ.ni.æk/.
a/c (*abbrev. for* **account**) əˈkaʊnt
acacia əˈkeɪ.ʃə, ˈ-si.ə US ˈ-ʃə **-s** -z
academe (A) ˈæk.ə.diːm
academia ˌæk.əˈdiː.mi.ə
academic ˌæk.əˈdem.ɪk **-s** -s *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**academic ˈyear**
academic|al ˌæk.əˈdem.ɪ.k|ᵊl **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
academician əˌkæd.əˈmɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌæk.ə.dəˈ-, -dɪˈ- US ˌæk.ə.dəˈ-, əˌkæd- **-s** -z
academicism ˌæk.əˈdem.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə-
academism əˈkæd.ə.mɪ.zᵊm
academ|y əˈkæd.ə.m|i **-ies** -iz Aˌcademy Aˈward
Acadi|a əˈkeɪ.di|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
acajou ˈæk.ə.ʒuː **-s** -z
acanth|oid əˈkænt.θ|ɔɪd **-ous** -əs
acanth|us əˈkænt.θ|əs **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-ine** -aɪn
a cap(p)ella ˌæ.kəˈpel.ə, -kæpˈel- US ˌɑː.kəˈpel-
Acapulco ˌæk.əˈpʊl.kəʊ US ˌæk.əˈpuːl.koʊ, ˌɑː.kəˈ-, -ˈpʊl-
acarid ˈæk.ᵊr.ɪd **-s** -z
acarolog|y ˌæk.əˈrɒl.ə.dʒ|i US -ˈrɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
acarpel(l)ous ˌeɪˈkɑː.pᵊl.əs US -ˈkɑːr-
acarpous ˌeɪˈkɑː.pəs US -ˈkɑːr-
ACAS, Acas ˈeɪ.kæs
acatalectic ˌeɪ.kæt.əˈlek.tɪk, əˌkæt- US -kæt̬.əˈ- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌacatalectic ˈverse, aˌcatalectic ˈverse
acatalepsy ˌeɪˈkæt.ə.lep.si, əˈkæt- US -ˈkæt̬.ə-
acataleptic ˌeɪ.kæt.əˈlep.tɪk, əˌkæt- US -kæt̬.əˈ-
Accad ˈæk.æd
Accadi|a əˈkeɪ.di|.ə, ækˈeɪ- **-an/s** -ən/z
acced|e əkˈsiːd, æk- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
accelerando ækˌsel.əˈræn.dəʊ, ək-, əˌtʃel- US -ˈrɑːn.doʊ
accelerant əkˈsel.ə.rᵊnt, æk- US -ɚ.ənt **-s** -s
accele|rate əkˈsel.ə|.reɪt, æk- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ US -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd US -reɪ.t̬ɪd
acceleration əkˌsel.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, æk- **-s** -z
accelerative əkˈsel.ə.rə.tɪv, æk- US -ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv
accelerator əkˈsel.ə.reɪ.təʳ, æk- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
accelerometer əkˌsel.əˈrɒm.ɪ.təʳ, æk-, ˈ-ə- US -ˈrɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
accent (*n.*) ˈæk.sᵊnt US -sent **-s** -s
ac|cent (*v.*) ək|ˈsent, æk- US æk-, ək- **-cents** -ˈsents **-centing** -ˈsen.tɪŋ US -ˈsen.t̬ɪŋ **-cented** -ˈsen.tɪd US -ˈsen.t̬ɪd
accentual əkˈsen.tʃu.əl, æk-, -tju- **-ly** -i
accentu|ate əkˈsen.tʃu.eɪt, æk-, -tju- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
accentuation əkˌsen.tʃuˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, æk-, -tjuˈ- **-s** -z
accept əkˈsept, æk- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-or/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
acceptability əkˌsep.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, æk-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
acceptab|le əkˈsep.tə.b|ᵊl, æk- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
acceptanc|e əkˈsep.tənts, æk- **-es** -ɪz
acceptant əkˈsep.tᵊnt, æk- **-s** -s
acceptation ˌæk.sepˈteɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
access (A®) ˈæk.ses **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
accessar|y əkˈses.ᵊr|.i, æk- **-ies** -iz
accessibility əkˌses.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, æk-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
accessible əkˈses.ə.bᵊl, æk-, ˈ-ɪ-
accession əkˈseʃ.ᵊn, æk- **-s** -z
accessit ækˈses.ɪt **-s** -s
accessoriz|e, -is|e əkˈses.ᵊr.aɪz US -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
accessor|y əkˈses.ᵊr|.i, æk- **-ies** -iz
acciaccatur|a əˌtʃæk.əˈtʊə.r|ə US ɑːˌtʃɑː.kəˈtʊr|.ə **-as** -əz **-e** -eɪ, -iː
accidence ˈæk.sɪ.dᵊnts, -sə-
accident ˈæk.sɪ.dᵊnt, -sə- **-s** -s ˈaccident-ˌprone
accidental ˌæk.sɪˈden.tᵊl, -səˈ- US -t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i
accidia ækˈsɪd.i.ə
accidie ˈæk.sɪ.di, -sə-
accipiter ækˈsɪp.ɪ.təʳ, ək-, -ə.təʳ US -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
acclaim əˈkleɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
acclamation ˌæk.ləˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
acclamatory əˈklæm.ə.tᵊr.i US -ə.tɔːr.i
acclimatation əˌklaɪ.məˈteɪ.ʃᵊn
acclima|te ˈæk.lɪ.meɪ|t, -lə-; əˈklaɪ.mə|t US ˈæk.lə.meɪ|t; əˈklaɪ.mə|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
acclimation ˌæk.lɪˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn
acclimatization, -isa- əˌklaɪ.mə.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪˈ- US -t̬əˈ-
acclimatiz|e, -is|e əˈklaɪ.mə.taɪz, -mɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
acclivit|y əˈklɪv.ə.t|i, ækˈlɪv-, -ɪt|i US -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
accolade ˈæk.ə.leɪd, ˌ--ˈ- **-s** -z
accommo|date əˈkɒm.ə|.deɪt US -ˈkɑː.mə- **-dates** -deɪts **-dated** -de.tɪd US -deɪ.t̬ɪd **-dator/s** -deɪ.təʳ/z US -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z **-dative/ly** -deɪ.tɪv/li US -deɪ.t̬ɪv/li

accommodating ə'kɒm.ə.deɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ ə'kɑː.mə.deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li
accommodation əˌkɒm.ə'deɪ.ʃən Ⓤⓢ əˌkɑː.mə'- **-s** -z
accompaniment ə'kʌm.pən.ɪ.mənt **-s** -s
accompanist ə'kʌm.pə.nɪst **-s** -s
accompan|y ə'kʌm.pə.n|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-yist/s** -i.ɪsts **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ/z
accomplic|e ə'kʌm.plɪs, -'kɒm- Ⓤⓢ -'kɑːm-, -'kʌm- **-es** -ɪz
accomplish ə'kʌm.plɪʃ, -'kɒm- Ⓤⓢ -'kɑːm-, -'kʌm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
accomplishment ə'kʌm.plɪʃ.mənt, -'kɒm- Ⓤⓢ -'kɑːm-, -'kʌm- **-s** -s
accord ə'kɔːd Ⓤⓢ -'kɔːrd **-ed** -ɪd **-ing** -ɪŋ **-s** -z
accordan|ce ə'kɔː.dən|ts Ⓤⓢ -'kɔːr- **-t** -t
according ə'kɔː.dɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -'kɔːr- **-ly** -li
accordion ə'kɔː.di.ən Ⓤⓢ -'kɔːr- **-s** -z
accost ə'kɒst Ⓤⓢ -'kɑːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
accouchement ə'kuːʃ.mɑ̃ːŋ Ⓤⓢ -mɑːnt, ˌæk.uːʃ'mɑ̃ː
accoucheur ˌæk.uː'ʃɜːʳ, ə'kuː.ʃɜːʳ Ⓤⓢ ˌæk.uː'ʃɝː **-s** -z
accoucheus|e ˌæk.uː'ʃɜːz, ə'kuː.ʃɜːz Ⓤⓢ ˌæk.uː'ʃɜːz **-es** -ɪz
ac|count ə|'kaʊnt **-counts** -'kaʊnts **-counting** -'kaʊn.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -'kaʊn.t̬ɪŋ **-counted** -'kaʊn.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -'kaʊn.t̬ɪd **a'ccount ˌbook**
accountability əˌkaʊn.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
accountab|le ə'kaʊn.tə.b|əl Ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
accountancy ə'kaʊn.tənt.si Ⓤⓢ -t̬ənt-
accountant ə'kaʊn.tənt **-s** -s
accout|er ə'kuː.t|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erment/s** -ə.mənt/s Ⓤⓢ -ɚ-
accout|re ə'kuː.t|əʳ Ⓤⓢ ə'kuː.t̬|ɚ **-res** -əz **-ring** -ər.ɪŋ **-red** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-rement/s** -rə.mənt/s, -ə.mənt/s Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.mənt/s
Accra ə'krɑː, æk'rɑː
accred|it ə'kred|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
accreditation əˌkred.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən Ⓤⓢ -ə'-
accre|te ə'kriː|t, æk'riː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
accretion ə'kriː.ʃən, æk'riː- **-s** -z
accretive ə'kriː.tɪv, æk'riː- Ⓤⓢ ə'kriː.t̬ɪv
Accrington 'æk.rɪŋ.tən
accrual ə'kruː.əl, -'krʊəl Ⓤⓢ -'kruː.əl
accru|e ə'kruː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
accruement ə'kruː.mənt
accultur|ate ə'kʌl.tʃər|.eɪt, æk'ʌl- Ⓤⓢ -tʃə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
acculturation əˌkʌl.tʃər'eɪ.ʃən, ækˌʌl- Ⓤⓢ -tʃə'reɪ-
accumben|t ə'kʌm.bən|t **-cy** -t.si
accumu|late ə'kjuː.mjə|.leɪt, -mjʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
accumulation əˌkjuː.mjə'leɪ.ʃən, -mjʊ'- **-s** -z
accumulative ə'kjuː.mjə.lə.tɪv, -mjʊ- Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv
accuracy 'æk.jə.rə.si, -jʊ- Ⓤⓢ -jɚ.ə-, -jʊ.rə-
accurate 'æk.jə.rət, -jʊ-, -rɪt Ⓤⓢ -jɚ.ət, -jʊ.rət, -rɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
accursed ə'kɜː.sɪd, -'kɜːst Ⓤⓢ ə'kɝːst, -'kɝː.səd **-ly** -li
accusal ə'kjuː.zəl **-s** -z
accusation ˌæk.jʊ'zeɪ.ʃən, -jə'- **-s** -z
accusatival əˌkjuː.zə'taɪ.vəl
accusative ə'kjuː.zə.tɪv Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
accusativity əˌkjuː.zə'tɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
accusatory ə'kjuː.zə.tər.i; ˌæk.jʊ'zeɪ-, -jə'-, -tri Ⓤⓢ ə'kjuː.zə.tɔːr.i
accus|e ə'kjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
accustom ə'kʌs.təm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ness** -d/nəs, -nɪs
AC/DC ˌeɪ.siː'diː.siː
ac|e eɪs **-es** -ɪz
acedia ə'siː.di.ə
Aceldama ə'kel.də.mə, -'sel-; ˌæk.el'dɑː- Ⓤⓢ ə'sel.də-
-aceous 'eɪ.ʃəs, 'eɪ.ʃi.əs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-aceous** always exhibit primary stress as shown above, e.g. **herbaceous** /hɜː'beɪ.ʃəs Ⓤⓢ hɚ-/.
acephalous ə'sef.əl.əs, ˌeɪ-, -'kef- Ⓤⓢ eɪ'sef-, ə-
acequia ə'seɪ.ki.ə, -'siː- **-s** -z
acer|bate 'æs.ə.|beɪt Ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-bates** -beɪts **-bating** -beɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-bated** -beɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -beɪ.t̬ɪd
acerbic ə'sɜː.bɪk, æs'ɜː- Ⓤⓢ ə'sɝː- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
acerbity ə'sɜː.bə.ti, -bɪ- Ⓤⓢ ə'sɝː.bə.t̬i
Acestes ə'ses.tiːz, -'kes-
acetabul|um ˌæs.ɪ'tæb.jə.l|əm, -jʊ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə **-ar** -əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ
acetaldehyde ˌæs.ɪ'tæl.dɪ.haɪd, -də-
acetaminophen əˌsiː.tə'mɪn.ə.fən, ˌæs.ɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˌæs.ɪ.t̬ə'-; əˌsiː.t̬ə'-, -ˌset̬.ə'-
acetate 'æs.ɪ.teɪt, '-ə- **-s** -s
acetic ə'siː.tɪk, æs'iː-, -'et.ɪk Ⓤⓢ ə'siː.t̬ɪk **aˌcetic 'acid**
acetif|y ə'siː.tɪ.f|aɪ, æs'iː-, -'set.ɪ- Ⓤⓢ -'set̬.ə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
acetin 'æs.ə.tɪn, '-ɪ- Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪn
acetone 'æs.ɪ.təʊn, '-ə- Ⓤⓢ -toʊn
acetose 'æs.ɪ.təʊs, '-ə-, -təʊz Ⓤⓢ -toʊs
acetous 'æs.ɪ.təs, '-ə- Ⓤⓢ 'æs.ɪ.t̬əs; ə'siː-
acetum ə'siː.təm Ⓤⓢ -t̬əm
acetyl 'æs.ɪ.taɪl, '-ə-, -tɪl; ə'siː-, -taɪl Ⓤⓢ æ'set̬.əl, -iːl; ə'siː.t̬əl
acetyl|ate ə'set.ɪ.l|eɪt, -əl|.eɪt Ⓤⓢ -'set̬.ə.l|eɪt, -'siː.t̬ə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
acetylation əˌset.ɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -əl'eɪ- Ⓤⓢ -ˌset̬.ə'leɪ-
acetylcholine ˌæs.ɪ.taɪl'kəʊ.liːn, ˌ-ə- Ⓤⓢ əˌsiː.t̬əl'koʊ-, -ˌset̬.əl'-; ˌæs.ə.t̬əl'-
acetylene ə'set.ɪ.liːn, -əl.iːn Ⓤⓢ -'set̬.ə.liːn
Achae|a ə'kiː|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Achaia ə'kaɪ.ə
Achates ə'keɪ.tiːz, -'kɑː- Ⓤⓢ -t̬iːz
ach|e eɪk **-es** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Achebe ə'tʃeɪ.bi
Achernar 'eɪ.kə.nɑːʳ Ⓤⓢ -kɚ.nɑːr
Acheron 'æk.ə.rɒn, -rən Ⓤⓢ -rɑːn
Acheson 'ætʃ.ɪ.sən, '-ə-
Acheulean, Acheulian ə'tʃuː.li.ən
à cheval ˌæ.ʃə'væl
achiev|e ə'tʃiːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
achievement ə'tʃiːv.mənt **-s** -s
Achil(l) 'æk.ɪl
Achilles ə'kɪl.iːz **Aˌchilles 'heel** Ⓤⓢ **A'chilles ˌheel**
Achille Serre ˌæʃ.ɪl'seəʳ, -iːl'- Ⓤⓢ -'ser
Achin ə'tʃiːn
Achish 'eɪ.kɪʃ
achondro|plasia əˌkɒn.drəʊ|'pleɪ.zi.ə, -ʒə Ⓤⓢ -ˌkɑːn.drə|'pleɪ.ʒi.ə, ˌeɪ- **-plastic** -'plæs.tɪk
achoo ə'tʃuː Ⓤⓢ ə'tʃuː, 'æ.tʃuː
Achray ə'kreɪ, ə'xreɪ
achromatic ˌæk.rəʊ'mæt.ɪk, ˌeɪ.krəʊ- Ⓤⓢ ˌæk.rə'mæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i
stress shift: ˌachromatic 'lens
achromatism ə'krəʊ.mə.tɪ.zəm, ˌeɪ- Ⓤⓢ -'kroʊ-
achromatiz|e, -is|e ə'krəʊ.mə.taɪz, ˌeɪ- Ⓤⓢ -'kroʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
achromatous ə'krəʊ.mə.təs, ˌeɪ- Ⓤⓢ -'kroʊ.mə.t̬əs
achtung 'ɑːx.tʊŋ, 'æx- Ⓤⓢ 'ɑːx-, 'ɑːk-
achy 'eɪ.ki
acicul|a ə'sɪk.jʊ.l|ə, -jə- **-ae** -i **-ar** -ə
acid 'æs.ɪd **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs 'acid ˌdrop; ˌacid 'rain; ˌacid 'test, 'acid ˌtest
acidhead 'æs.ɪd.hed **-s** -z
acidic ə'sɪd.ɪk
acidif|y ə'sɪd.ɪ.f|aɪ, æs'ɪd- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
acidity ə'sɪd.ə.ti, æs'ɪd-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
acidiz|e, -is|e 'æs.ɪ.daɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
acidophilus ˌæs.ɪ'dɒf.ɪ.ləs, -əl.əs Ⓤⓢ -'dɑː.fəl.əs
acidosis ˌæs.ɪ'dəʊ.sɪs Ⓤⓢ -'doʊ-
acidu|late ə'sɪd.jʊ|.leɪt, æs'ɪd-, -jə-, -'sɪdʒ.ʊ-, '-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
acidulous ə'sɪd.jʊ.ləs, æs'ɪd-, -jə-, -'sɪdʒ.ʊ-, '-ə-
acin|ose 'æs.ɪ.n|əʊs, -n|əʊz

Acronyms

Acronyms are words or phrases written in an abbreviated form, usually with their initial letters, and pronounced as if they were words, usually with the most obvious pronunciation. However, it is best to treat them on a word-by-word basis, since there are exceptions.

Examples

Many organisations, particularly those to do with government, charities and trade unions, use acronyms. Phrases can also be reduced to acronym form. Acronyms are usually written using capital letters, although there are exceptions. Where there is a letter *E* at the end of an acronym, it is usually pronounced /iː/, e.g.:

- NATFHE
  (*National Association of Teachers in Further and Higher Education*) /ˈnæt.fiː/
- NATO
  (*North Atlantic Treaty Organisation*) /ˈneɪ.təʊ/ (US) /-t̬oʊ/
- snafu
  (*situation normal, all fouled up*) /snæfˈuː/
- Tardis
  (*time and relative dimensions in space*) /ˈtɑː.dɪs/ (US) /ˈtɑːr-/

Some words or phrases are abbreviated to initial letters but do not become acronyms. See ABBREVIATIONS.

(US) -n|oʊs, -n|oʊz **-ous** -əs
acin|us ˈæs.ɪ.n|əs **-i** -aɪ
Acis ˈeɪ.sɪs
ack-ack ˌækˈæk *stress shift:* ˌack-ack ˈgun
ackee ˈæk.i **-s** -z
Ackerley ˈæk.əl.i (US) -ɚ.li
Ackerman(n) ˈæk.ə.mən, -mæn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Ackland ˈæk.lənd
acknowledg|e əkˈnɒl.ɪdʒ, æk- (US) -ˈnɑː.lɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-eable** -ə.bəl
acknowledg(e)ment əkˈnɒl.ɪdʒ.mənt, æk- (US) -ˈnɑː.lɪdʒ- **-s** -s
Ackroyd ˈæk.rɔɪd
Ackworth Moor Top ˌæk.wəθˌmɔːˈtɒp (US) -wɚθˌmʊrˈtɑːp
Acland ˈæk.lənd
ACLU ˌeɪ.siː.elˈjuː
acme ˈæk.mi **-s** -z
acne ˈæk.ni
acnode ˈæk.nəʊd (US) -noʊd **-s** -z
Acol *road in London, system of bridge playing:* ˈæk.əl *in Kent:* ˈeɪ.kɒl (US) -kɑːl
acolyte ˈæk.əl.aɪt (US) -ə.laɪt **-s** -s
Acomb ˈeɪ.kəm
Aconcagua ˌæk.ɒnˈkæg.wə, -ɒŋˈ- (US) ˌɑː.kənˈ-, -kəŋˈ-, -kɑː.gwə
aconite ˈæk.ə.naɪt **-s** -s
acorn ˈeɪ.kɔːn (US) -kɔːrn **-s** -z ˈ**acorn** ˌ**squash**
acotyledon əˌkɒt.ɪˈliː.dən, ˌeɪ-, -əlˈiː- (US) -ˌkɑː.t̬əˈliː- **-s** -z
acouchi əˈkuː.ʃi (US) ɑːˈkuː.ʃi, ə-
acoustic əˈkuː.stɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i (US) -li
acoustician ˌæ.kuːˈstɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
acoustooptic əˌkuː.stəʊˈɒp.tɪk (US) -stoʊˈɑːp- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
ac|quaint əˈkweɪnt **-quaints** -ˈkweɪnts **-quainting** -ˈkweɪn.tɪŋ (US) -ˈkweɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-quainted** -ˈkweɪn.tɪd (US) -ˈkweɪn.t̬ɪd
acquaintanc|e əˈkweɪn.tənts **-es** -ɪz
acquaintanceship əˈkweɪn.tənts.ʃɪp, -tənt.ʃɪp **-s** -s
acquest əˈkwest **-s** -s
acquiesc|e ˌæk.wiˈes **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ence** -ənts **-ent/ly** -ənt/li
acquir|e əˈkwaɪəʳ (US) -ˈkwaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s **-able** -ə.bəl
acquisition ˌæk.wɪˈzɪʃ.ən, -wə-, -z
acquisitive əˈkwɪz.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
acquit əˈkwɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) əˈkwɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) əˈkwɪt̬.ɪd
acquittal əˈkwɪt.əl (US) -ˈkwɪt̬- **-s** -z
acquittance əˈkwɪt.ənts
acre (A) ˈeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
acreag|e ˈeɪ.kər.ɪdʒ, ˈ-krɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
acrid ˈæk.rɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
acridine ˈæk.rɪ.diːn, -daɪn
acridity əˈkrɪd.ə.ti, ækˈrɪd-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Acrilan® ˈæk.rɪ.læn, -rə-
acrimonious ˌæk.rɪˈməʊ.ni.əs, -rəˈ- (US) -ˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
acrimon|y ˈæk.rɪ.mə.n|i, -rə- (US) -moʊ- **-ies** -iz
acritical ˌeɪˈkrɪt.ɪ.kəl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈkrɪt̬.ə-
acritude ˈæk.rɪ.tjuːd, -rə-, -tʃuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd
acro- æk.rəʊ; əˈkrɒ (US) æk.rə, -roʊ; əˈkrɑː
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **acrosome** /ˈæk.rəʊ.səʊm (US) -rə.soʊm/, **acrosomal** /ˌæk.rəʊˈsəʊ.məl (US) -rəˈsoʊ-/, or primary stress only on the second syllable, e.g. **acropolis** /əˈkrɒp.ə.lɪs (US) -ˈkrɑː.pə-/.
acrobat ˈæk.rə.bæt **-s** -s
acrobatic ˌæk.rəˈbæt.ɪk (US) -ˈbæt̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌacrobatic ˈleap
acrobatism ˈæk.rə.bæt.ɪ.zəm, ˌæk.rəˈbæt- (US) ˈæk.rə.bæt̬-, ˌæk.rəˈbæt̬-
acrogen ˈæk.rəʊ.dʒən, -dʒen (US) -roʊ-, -rə- **-s** -z
acrolect ˈæk.rəʊ.lekt (US) -roʊ-, -rə- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
acrolith ˈæk.rəʊ.lɪθ (US) -roʊ-, -rə- **-s** -s
acromegalic ˌæk.rəʊ.mɪˈgæl.ɪk, -məˈ- (US) -roʊ-
acromegaly ˌæk.rəʊˈmeg.əl.i (US) -roʊˈ-
acromion əˈkrəʊ.mi.ən (US) -ˈkroʊ- **-s** -z
acronym ˈæk.rəʊ.nɪm (US) -rə- **-s** -z
acropetal əˈkrɒp.ɪ.təl (US) -ˈkrɑː.pə.t̬əl **-ly** -i
acrophob|ia ˌæk.rəʊˈfəʊ.b|i.ə (US) -rəˈfoʊ- **-ic** -ɪk
acropolis (A) əˈkrɒp.ə.lɪs (US) -ˈkrɑː.pə- **-es** -ɪz
acrosomal ˌæk.rəʊˈsəʊ.məl (US) -rəˈsoʊ-
acrosome ˈæk.rəʊ.səʊm (US) -rə.soʊm
across əˈkrɒs (US) -ˈkrɑːs
across-the-board əˌkrɒs.ðəˈbɔːd (US) -ˌkrɑːs.ðəˈbɔːrd
acrostic əˈkrɒs.tɪk (US) -ˈkrɑː.stɪk **-s** -s
Acrux ˈeɪ.krʌks
acrylic əˈkrɪl.ɪk, ækˈrɪl- **-s** -s
act ækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **get** ˌ**in on the** ˈ**act;** ˌ**get one's** ˈ**act together**
ACT ˌeɪ.siːˈtiː
acta ˈæk.tə
Actaeon ˈæk.ti.ən (US) ækˈtiː-
ACTH ˌeɪ.siː.tiːˈeɪtʃ, ækθ
actinic ækˈtɪn.ɪk **-ly** -li
actinide ˈæk.tɪn.aɪd **-s** -z
actinism ˈæk.tɪn.ɪz.əm
actinium ækˈtɪn.i.əm
action ˈæk.ʃən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**action** ˌ**man;** ˈ**action** ˌ**stations**
actionable ˈæk.ʃən.ə.bəl
action-packed ˌæk.ʃənˈpækt *stress shift:* ˌaction-packed ˈmovie
Actium ˈæk.ti.əm

activable ˈæk.tɪv.ə.bəl
acti|vate ˈæk.tɪ|.veɪt **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd **-vator/s** -veɪ.təʳ/z (US) -veɪ.t̬ɚ/z
activation ˌæk.tɪˈveɪ.ʃən
active ˈæk.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
activ|ism ˈæk.tɪ.v|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
activit|y ækˈtɪv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
activiz|e ˈæk.tɪ.vaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Acton ˈæk.tən
actor ˈæk.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
actress ˈæk.trəs, -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
Acts ækts
actual ˈæk.tʃu.əl, -tju-, -tʃəl, -tʃʊl (US) -tʃu.əl, -tʃəl, -tʃʊl **-ly** -i
actualit|y ˌæk.tʃuˈæl.ə.t|i, -tju-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -tʃuˈæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
actualiz|e, -is|e ˈæk.tʃu.ə.laɪz, -tju-, -ʃu- (US) -tʃu- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
actuarial ˌæk.tʃuˈeə.ri.əl, -tju- (US) -tʃuˈer.i-
actuar|y ˈæk.tʃu.ə.r|i, -tju.er|i (US) -tʃu- **-ies** -iz
actu|ate ˈæk.tʃu|.eɪt, -tju- (US) -tʃu- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
actuation ˌæk.tʃuˈeɪ.ʃən, -tjuˈ- (US) -tʃuˈ- **-s** -z
Act-Up ˌæktˈʌp
acuity əˈkjuː.ə.ti, -ɪt.i (US) -ə.t̬i
.ac.uk dɒtˌeɪ.siː.dɒt.juˈkeɪ, ˌdɒt.eɪ.siːˌdɒt-; ˌækˈʌk (US) dɑːtˌeɪ.siː.dɑːt.juˈkeɪ, ˌdɑːt.eɪ.siːˌdɑːt-; ˌækˈʌk
acumen ˈæk.jʊ.mən, -jə-, -men (US) əˈkjuː.mən, ˈæk.jə-
acupressure ˈæk.jʊ.preʃ.əʳ, -jə- (US) -ɚ
acupunctur|e ˈæk.jʊ.pʌŋk.tʃəʳ, -jə- (US) -tʃɚ **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
a|cute ə|ˈkjuːt **-cuter** -ˈkjuː.təʳ (US) -ˈkjuː.t̬ɚ **-cutest** -ˈkjuː.tɪst, -təst (US) -ˈkjuː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-cutely** -ˈkjuːt.li **-cuteness** -ˈkjuːt.nəs, -nɪs **aˌcute ˈangle**
acyl ˈæs.ɪl **-s** -z
ad- æd, əd
Note: Prefix. Examples include **adjective** /ˈædʒ.ɪk.tɪv/, in which it is stressed, and **admonish** /ədˈmɒn.ɪʃ (US) -ˈmɑː.nɪʃ/, where it is unstressed.
ad æd **-s** -z
AD (*abbrev. for* **Anno Domini**) ˌeɪˈdiː, ˌæn.əʊˈdɒm.ɪ.naɪ (US) ˌeɪˈdiː, ˌæn.oʊˈdɑː.mə.niː, -ˈdoʊ-, -naɪ
ADA ˌeɪ.diːˈeɪ
Ada, ADA *woman's name, trademark, US town:* ˈeɪ.də
adactylous ˌeɪˈdæk.tɪ.ləs
adag|e ˈæd.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
adagio əˈdɑː.dʒi.əʊ, ˈ-ʒi- (US) -ˈdɑː.dʒoʊ, -dʒi.oʊ **-s** -z
Adair əˈdeəʳ (US) -ˈder
Adalbert ˈæd.əl.bɜːt (US) -bɝːt
Adam ˈæd.əm ˌ**Adam's ˈapple** (US) ˈ**Adam's ˌapple**
adamant ˈæd.ə.mənt **-ly** -li
adamantine ˌæd.əˈmæn.taɪn (US) -tiːn, -taɪn, -tən
adamite (A) ˈæd.ə.maɪt **-s** -s
Adams ˈæd.əmz
adamsite ˈæd.əm.zaɪt
Adamson ˈæd.əm.sən
Adamthwaite ˈæd.əm.θweɪt
Adana ˈɑː.də.nə; əˈdɑː-
Adapazari ˌɑː.dəˈpɑː.zər.i (US) -ˌpɑː.zəˈriː
adapt əˈdæpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv
adaptability əˌdæp.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪt.i (US) -ə.t̬i
adaptable əˈdæp.tə.bəl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
adaptation ˌæd.æpˈteɪ.ʃən, -əpˈ- **-s** -z
adapter əˈdæp.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
adaption əˈdæp.ʃən, ædˈæp- **-s** -z
adaptive əˈdæp.tɪv, ædˈæp- **-ly** -li
adaptor əˈdæp.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
Adare əˈdeəʳ (US) -ˈder
Adar Sheni ɑːˌdɑːˈʃeɪ.ni (US) -ˌdɑːrˈ-
ADC ˌeɪ.diːˈsiː
Adcock ˈæd.kɒk (US) -kɑːk
add æd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ADD ˌeɪ.diːˈdiː
Addams ˈæd.əmz
addax ˈæd.æks **-es** -ɪz
added-value ˌæd.ɪdˈvæl.juː *stress shift:* ˌadded-value ˈcosts
addend əˈdend, ædˈend (US) ˈæd.end; əˈdend **-s** -z
addend|um əˈden.d|əm, ædˈen- **-a** -ə
adder ˈæd.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z ˈ**adder's ˌtongue**
adderwort ˈæd.ə.wɜːt (US) -ɚ.wɝːt, -wɔːrt
addict (*n.*) ˈæd.ɪkt **-s** -s
addict (*v.*) əˈdɪkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ness** -ɪd/nəs, -nɪs
addiction əˈdɪk.ʃən **-s** -z
addictive əˈdɪk.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Addington ˈæd.ɪŋ.tən
Addis ˈæd.ɪs
Addis Ababa ˌæd.ɪsˈæb.ə.bə, -ˈɑːb-
Addiscombe ˈæd.ɪ.skəm
Addison ˈæd.ɪ.sən
addition əˈdɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
additional əˈdɪʃ.ən.əl **-ly** -i
additive ˈæd.ə.tɪv, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
addl|e ˈæd.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈæd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
addleheaded ˌæd.əlˈhed.ɪd (US) ˈæd.əlˌhed- *stress shift, British only:* ˌaddleheaded ˈperson
Addlestone ˈæd.əl.stən
add-on ˈæd.ɒn (US) -ɑːn **-s** -z
address (*n.*) əˈdres (US) ˈæd.res, əˈdres **-es** -ɪz aˈ**ddress ˌbook** (US) ˈ**address ˌbook**
address (*v.*) əˈdres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
addressable əˈdres.ə.bəl
addressee ˌæd.resˈiː **-s** -z
Addressograph® əˈdres.ə.grɑːf, -græf (US) -oʊ.græf, -ə- **-s** -s
adduc|e əˈdjuːs, ædˈjuːs (US) əˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ible** -ə.bəl, -ɪ.bəl
adducent əˈdjuː.sənt (US) -ˈduː-, -ˈdjuː-
adduct əˈdʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv
adduction əˈdʌk.ʃən
adductor əˈdʌk.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
Ade eɪd
-ade eɪd, ɑːd
Note: Suffix. Generally carries primary stress, e.g. **lemonade** /ˌlem.əˈneɪd/, but see individual entries. For instance, **escapade** is also /ˈes.kə.peɪd/. In words derived from French it is often pronounced /-ɑːd/, e.g. **roulade** is /ruːˈlɑːd/.
Adeane əˈdiːn
Adel ˈæd.əl
Adela *English name:* ˈæd.ɪ.lə, ˈ-ə- *foreign name:* əˈdeɪ.lə
Adelaide ˈæd.əl.eɪd, -ɪ.leɪd (US) -ə.leɪd
Adele əˈdel
Adelina ˌæd.ɪˈliː.nə, -əlˈiː- (US) -əˈliː-
Adeline ˈæd.ɪ.liːn, -əl.iːn, -aɪn (US) -ə.laɪn, -liːn
Adelphi əˈdel.fi
ademption əˈdemp.ʃən **-s** -z
Aden *in the Yemen:* ˈeɪ.dən (US) ˈɑː-, ˈeɪ- *in Grampian region:* ˈæd.ən
Adenauer ˈæd.ən.aʊ.əʳ, ˈɑː.dən- (US) -ɚ
adenoid ˈæd.ə.nɔɪd, -ɪn.ɔɪd (US) -ən.ɔɪd; ˈæd.nɔɪd **-s** -z
adenoidal ˌæd.əˈnɔɪ.dəl, -ɪnˈɔɪ- (US) -ənˈɔɪ-; ædˈnɔɪ-
adenoidectom|y ˌæd.ə.nɔɪˈdek.tə.m|i, -ɪn.ɔɪˈ- (US) -ən.ɔɪˈ-; ˌæd.nɔɪˈ- **-ies** -iz
adenoma ˌæd.ɪˈnəʊ.mə, -əˈ- (US) -ˈnoʊ- **-s** -z **-tous** -təs (US) -t̬əs
adenosine ædˈen.əʊ.siːn, əˈden-; ˌæd.ɪˈnəʊ- (US) əˈden.ə.siːn, -sən
adept (*n.*) ˈæd.ept, əˈdept, ædˈept **-s** -s
adept (*adj.*) əˈdept, ædˈept; ˈæd.ept (US) əˈdept **-ly** -li
adequacy ˈæd.ɪ.kwə.si, ˈ-ə-
adequate ˈæd.ɪ.kwət, ˈ-ə-, -kwɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
adessive əˈdes.ɪv, ædˈes-
à deux æˈdɜː
ADHD ˌeɪ.diː.eɪtʃˈdiː
adher|e ədˈhɪəʳ, æd-; əˈdɪəʳ (US) ədˈhɪr, æd- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
adheren|ce ədˈhɪə.rən|ts, æd-, -ˈher.ən|ts; əˈdɪə.rən|ts (US) ədˈhɪr.ən|ts, æd- **-t/s** -t/s
adhesion ədˈhiː.ʒən, æd-; əˈdiː- **-s** -z
adhesive ədˈhiː.sɪv, æd-, -zɪv; əˈdiː.sɪv, -zɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nɪs, -nəs
ad hoc ˌædˈhɒk, -ˈhəʊk (US) -ˈhɑːk, -ˈhoʊk

ad hominem ˌæd'hɒm.ɪ.nəm, '-ə-, -nem (US) -'hɑː.mə.nəm, -nem
adiabatic ˌeɪ.daɪə'bæt.ɪk, ˌæd.aɪə- (US) ˌæd.i.ə'bæt̬-; ˌeɪ.daɪə'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
Adidas® 'æd.ɪ.dæs; ə'diː.dəs (US) ə'diː.dəs
Adie 'eɪ.di
adieu ə'djuː *as if French:* æd'jɜː (US) ə'duː, -'djuː
adieus, adieux ə'djuː, -'djuːz *as if French:* æd'jɜː (US) ə'duːz, -'djuːz
Adige 'æd.ɪ.dʒeɪ (US) 'ɑː.di.dʒeɪ, -ə
ad infinitum ˌæd.ɪn.fɪ'naɪ.təm (US) ˌæd.ɪn.fɪ'naɪ.t̬əm, ˌɑːd-
adios 'æd.i.ɒs, --'- (US) ˌɑː.di'oʊs, ˌæd.i'-
adipocere ˌæd.ɪ.pəʊ'sɪəʳ (US) 'æd.ə.poʊ.sɪr, -pə-
adipose 'æd.ɪ.pəʊs, -pəʊz (US) -ə.poʊs
adiposity ˌæd.ɪ'pɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə'pɑː.sə.t̬i
Adirondack ˌæd.ɪ'rɒn.dæk, -ə'rɒn- (US) -'rɑːn- **-s** -s
adit 'æd.ɪt **-s** -s
adjacency ə'dʒeɪ.sənt.si
adjacent ə'dʒeɪ.sənt **-ly** -li
adjectival ˌædʒ.ɪk'taɪ.vəl, -ek'-, -ək'- **-ly** -i
adjective 'ædʒ.ɪk.tɪv, -ek-, -ək- **-s** -z
adjoin ə'dʒɔɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
adjourn ə'dʒɜːn (US) -'dʒɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
adjudg|e ə'dʒʌdʒ, ædʒ'ʌdʒ (US) ə'dʒʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
adjudi|cate ə'dʒuː.dɪ|.keɪt, -də- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
adjudication əˌdʒuː.dɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -də'- **-s** -z
adjudicator ə'dʒuː.dɪ.keɪ.təʳ, -də- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
adjunct 'ædʒ.ʌŋkt **-s** -s **-ly** -li; ə'dʒʌŋkt.li
adjunction ə'dʒʌŋk.ʃən, ædʒ'ʌŋk-
adjunctival ˌædʒ.ʌŋk'taɪ.vəl
adjuration ˌædʒ.ə'reɪ.ʃən, -ʊə'-, -ɔː'- (US) -ə'- **-s** -z
adjuratory ə'dʒʊə.rə.tər.i, -'dʒɔː- (US) -'dʒʊr.ə.tɔːr-
adjur|e ə'dʒʊəʳ, -ɔːʳ (US) -dʒʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
adjust ə'dʒʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bəl **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
adjustment ə'dʒʌst.mənt **-s** -s
adjutage 'ædʒ.ʊ.tɪdʒ; ə'dʒuː-
adjutan|cy 'ædʒ.ʊ.tən|t.si, '-ə- **-t/s** -t/s
Adkins 'æd.kɪnz
Adkinson 'æd.kɪn.sən
Adlai 'æd.leɪ
Adler 'æd.ləʳ, 'ɑːd.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
ad-lib ˌæd'lɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
Adlington 'æd.lɪŋ.tən
ad|man 'æd.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
admass 'æd.mæs
admeasur|e æd'meʒ.əʳ, əd- (US) -ɚ, -'meɪ.ʒɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s
Admetus æd'miː.təs (US) -t̬əs
admin 'æd.mɪn
administer əd'mɪn.ɪ.stəʳ, -ə- (US) -stɚ, æd- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
administr|able əd'mɪn.ɪ.str|ə.bəl, '-ə- (US) əd-, æd- **-ant/s** -ənt/s
admini|strate əd'mɪn.ɪ|.streɪt, '-ə- (US) əd-, æd- **-strates** -streɪts **-strating** -streɪ.tɪŋ (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-strated** -streɪ.tɪd (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪd
administration ədˌmɪn.ɪ'streɪ.ʃən, -ə'- (US) əd-, æd- **-s** -z
administrative əd'mɪn.ɪ.strə.tɪv, '-ə-, -streɪ- (US) əd-, æd- **-ly** -li
administrator əd'mɪn.ɪ.streɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -t̬ɚ, æd- **-s** -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
administra|trix əd'mɪn.ɪ.streɪ|.trɪks, '-ə- (US) əd-, æd- **-trixes** -trɪk.sɪz **-trices** -trɪ.siːz
admirab|le 'æd.mər.ə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
admiral 'æd.mər.əl, -mɪ.rəl **-s** -z
admiralt|y (A) 'æd.mər.əl.t|i, -mɪ.rəl- (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
admiration ˌæd.mə'reɪ.ʃən, -mɪ'-
admir|e əd'maɪəʳ (US) -'maɪɚ, æd- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
admissibility ədˌmɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, æd-, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
admissibl|e əd'mɪs.ə.b|əl, æd-, -ɪ.b|əl **-y** -i
admission əd'mɪʃ.ən, æd- **-s** -z
ad|mit əd|'mɪt **-mits** -'mɪts **-mitting** -'mɪt.ɪŋ (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪŋ **-mitted/ly** -'mɪt.ɪd/li (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪd/li
admittanc|e əd'mɪt.ənts **-es** -ɪz
admix æd'mɪks, əd- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
admixture əd'mɪks.tʃəʳ, æd- **-s** -z
admonish əd'mɒn.ɪʃ, æd- (US) -'mɑː.nɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
admonition ˌæd.mə'nɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
admonitory əd'mɒn.ɪ.tər.i, æd- (US) -'mɑː.nə.tɔːr-
Adnams 'æd.nəmz
ad nauseam ˌæd'nɔː.zi.æm, -si-, -əm (US) -'nɑː-, -'nɔː-
adnominal ˌæd'nɒm.ɪn.əl (US) -'nɑːm- **-s** -z
ado ə'duː
adobe ə'dəʊ.bi, æd'əʊ- (US) -'doʊ- **-s** -z
adolescence ˌæd.əl'es.ənts, -əʊ'les- (US) -ə'les-
adolescent ˌæd.əl'es.ənt, -əʊ'les- (US) -ə'les- **-s** -s
Adolf 'æd.ɒlf (US) 'eɪ.dɑːlf, 'æd.ɑːlf
Adolphus ə'dɒl.fəs (US) -'dɑːl-
Adonai 'æd.əʊ.naɪ (US) ˌɑː.də'naɪ, -doʊ'-, -'nɔɪ
Adonais ˌæd.əʊ'neɪ.ɪs (US) -ə'-
Adonijah ˌæd.əʊ'naɪ.dʒə (US) -ə'-
Adonis ə'dəʊ.nɪs, -'dɒn.ɪs (US) -'dɑː.nɪs, -'doʊ-
adopt ə'dɒpt (US) -'dɑːpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
adoption ə'dɒp.ʃən (US) -'dɑːp- **-s** -z
adoptionism ə'dɒp.ʃən.ɪ.zəm (US) -'dɑːp-
adorab|le ə'dɔː.rə.b|əl (US) -'dɔːr.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
adoration ˌæd.ə'reɪ.ʃən, -ɔː'- (US) -ə'reɪ- **-s** -z
ador|e ə'dɔːʳ (US) -'dɔːr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
adorn ə'dɔːn (US) -'dɔːrn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
Adorno ə'dɔː.nəʊ (US) -'dɔːr.noʊ
ADP ˌeɪ.diː'piː
Adrastus ə'dræs.təs
adrenal ə'driː.nəl aˌ'drenal ˌgland
adrenalin(e) ə'dren.əl.ɪn (US) -ə.lɪn
adrenocortical əˌdriː.nəʊ'kɔː.tɪ.kəl (US) -noʊ'kɔːr.t̬ɪ-, -ˌdren.oʊ'-, -ə'-
adrenocorticotroph|ic əˌdriː.nəʊˌkɔː.tɪ.kəʊ'trɒf|.ɪk (US) -noʊˌkɔːr.t̬ɪ.koʊ'troʊ.f|ɪk, -ˌdren.oʊˌ-, -əˌ-, -'trɑː- **-in** -ɪn
Adria 'eɪ.dri.ə
Adrian 'eɪ.dri.ən
Adriana ˌeɪ.dri'ɑː.nə, ˌædri-
Adrianople ˌeɪ.dri.ə'nəʊ.pəl, ˌæd.ri- (US) -'noʊ-
Adrianopolis ˌeɪ.dri.ə'nɒp.əl.ɪs, ˌæd.ri- (US) -'nɑː.pəl-
Adriatic ˌeɪ.dri'æt.ɪk (US) -'æt̬- *stress shift:* ˌAdriatic 'Sea
Adrienne ˌeɪ.dri'en, ˌæd.ri'-; 'eɪ.dri.ən, 'æd.ri-
adrift ə'drɪft
adroit ə'drɔɪt **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ADSL ˌeɪ.diː.es'el
adsorb æd'zɔːb, əd-, -'sɔːb (US) -'sɔːrb, -'zɔːrb **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
adsorbent æd'zɔː.bənt, əd'-, -'sɔː- (US) -'sɔːr-, -'zɔːr-
adsorption æd'zɔːp.ʃən, əd'-, -'sɔːp- (US) -'sɔːrp-, -'zɔːrp-
adsorptive æd'zɔːp.tɪv, əd'-, -'sɔːp- (US) -'sɔːrp-, -'zɔːrp-
adsum 'æd.sʌm, -sʊm, -səm
adularia ˌæd.jʊ'leə.ri.ə, -jə'-, ˌædʒ.ʊ'- (US) ˌædʒ.ʊ'ler.i-, ˌæd.jə'-
adu|late 'æd.jʊ|.leɪt, -jə-, 'ædʒ.ʊ-, '-ə- (US) 'ædʒ.ə-, 'æd.jə-, '-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
adulation ˌæd.jʊ'leɪ.ʃən, -jə'-, ˌædʒ.ʊ'-, -ə'- (US) ˌædʒ.ə'-, ˌæd.jə'-, -ə'- **-s** -z
adulatory ˌæd.jʊ'leɪ.tər.i, -jə'-, ˌædʒ.ʊ'-, -ə'-; 'æd.jʊ.leɪ-, -jə-, 'ædʒ.ʊ-, '-ə-, -tər.i (US) 'ædʒ.əl.ə.tɔːr-, 'æd.jəl-, -əl-
Adullam ə'dʌl.əm **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
adult 'æd.ʌlt, ə'dʌlt (US) ə'dʌlt, 'æd.ʌlt **-s** -s ˌ**adult edu'cation**
adulterant ə'dʌl.tər.ənt (US) -t̬ər- **-s** -s
adulter|ate ə'dʌl.tər|.eɪt (US) -t̬ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

Pronouncing the letters AE

The vowel digraph ae is a fairly low-frequency spelling. In some cases, the American spelling of words containing ae omits the a, e.g. in *aesthetic*, which is spelt in American English as *esthetic*.

The pronunciation of the digraph in strong syllables depends on whether or not it is followed by an r in the spelling. If so, the pronunciation is /eə (US) er/, e.g:

aeroplane /ˈeə.rə.pleɪn/ (US) /ˈer.ə-/

When not followed by r, the pronunciation is most usually one of /iː/, /ɪ/ or /e/, the latter being most common in American English pronunciation, e.g.:

Caesar /ˈsiː.zəʳ/ (US) /-zɚ/
aesthetic /iːsˈθet.ɪk, ɪs-/ (US) /esˈθet̬-/

In addition

Other vowel sounds associated with the digraph ae include /æ/, for Old English names, e.g.:

Aethelstan /ˈæθ.ᵊl.stən/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph is realised with the vowels /ə/ and /ɪ/ in weak syllables, e.g.:

gynaecology /ˌgaɪ.nəˈkɒl.ə.dʒi, -nɪˈ-/ (US) /-ˈkɑː.lə-/

adulteration əˌdʌl.tᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -t̬əˈreɪ- -s -z
adulterer əˈdʌl.tᵊr.əʳ (US) -t̬ɚ.ɚ -s -z
adulteress əˈdʌl.tᵊr.es, -ɪs, -əs (US) -t̬ɚ-, ˈ-trɪs -es -ɪz
adulterous əˈdʌl.tᵊr.əs, ˈ-trəs (US) ˈ-t̬ɚ.əs, ˈ-trəs -ly -li
adulter|y əˈdʌl.tᵊr|.i, ˈ-tr|i (US) ˈ-t̬ɚ|.i, ˈ-tr|i -ies -iz
adulthood ˈæd.ʌlt.hʊd, əˈdʌlt- (US) əˈdʌlt-
adum|brate ˈæd.ʌm|.breɪt, -əm- -brates -breɪts -brating -breɪ.tɪŋ (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪŋ -brated -breɪ.tɪd (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪd
adumbration ˌæd.ʌmˈbreɪ.ʃᵊn, -əm- -s -z
Adur ˈeɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
ad valorem ˌæd.vəˈlɔː.rem, -vælˈɔː-, -rəm (US) -vəˈlɔːr.əm
advanc|e ədˈvɑːnts (US) -ˈvænts, æd- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ement/s -mənt/s **adˌvance ˈnotice; adˌvance ˈpayment; Adˈvanced ˌLevel**
advantag|e ədˈvɑːn.tɪdʒ (US) -ˈvæn.t̬ɪdʒ, æd- -es -ɪz
advantageous ˌæd.vənˈteɪ.dʒəs, -vɑːnˈ-, -vænˈ- (US) -vænˈ-, -vənˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
adven|e ædˈviːn, əd- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
advent (A) ˈæd.vent, -vənt -s -s **ˈAdvent ˌcalendar**
Adventism ˈæd.ven.tɪ.zᵊm, -vən- (US) -vən-
Adventist ˈæd.ven.tɪst, -vən- (US) -vən-; ədˈven-
adventitious ˌæd.vᵊnˈtɪʃ.əs, -ven- -ly -li
adventive ædˈven.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv -ly -li
advent|ure ədˈven.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ, æd- -ures -əz, -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd, -ɚd -urer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z -uress/es -ᵊr.əs/ɪz, -ə.res/ɪz **adˌventure ˈplayground**
adventuresome ədˈven.tʃə.sᵊm (US) -tʃɚ-, æd-
adventurous ədˈven.tʃᵊr.əs (US) əd-, æd- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
adverb ˈæd.vɜːb (US) -vɝːb -s -z
adverbial ədˈvɜː.bi.əl, æd- (US) -ˈvɝː- -ly -i
adversarial ˌæd.vəˈseə.ri.əl, -vɜːˈ- (US) -vɚˈser.i- -ly -i
adversar|y ˈæd.və.sᵊr|.i, ədˈvɜː- (US) ˈæd.vɚ.ser- -ies -iz
adversative ədˈvɜː.sə.tɪv, æd- (US) -ˈvɝː.sə.t̬ɪv
adverse ˈæd.vɜːs, -ˈ-, əd- (US) ædˈvɝːs, ˈ-- -ly -li
adversit|y ədˈvɜː.sə.t|i, -sɪ- (US) -ˈvɝː.sə.t̬|i, æd- -ies -iz
advert (*n.*) ˈæd.vɜːt (US) -vɝːt -s -s
ad|vert (*v.*) əd|ˈvɜːt, æd- (US) -ˈvɝːt -verts -ˈvɜːts (US) -ˈvɝːts -verting -ˈvɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪŋ -verted -ˈvɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪd
advertenc|e ədˈvɜː.tᵊnts (US) -ˈvɝː-, æd- -y -i
advertent ədˈvɜː.tᵊnt (US) -ˈvɝː-, æd- -ly -li
advertis|e, -iz|e ˈæd.və.taɪz (US) -vɚ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
advertisement, -ize- ədˈvɜː.tɪs.mənt, -tɪz-, -təs-, -təz- (US) ˌæd.vɚˈtaɪz.mənt; ədˈvɝː.t̬əs-, -t̬əz- -s -s
advertorial ˌæd.vəˈtɔː.ri.əl (US) -vɚˈtɔːr.i-
advic|e ədˈvaɪs (US) əd-, æd- -es -ɪz
advisability ədˌvaɪ.zəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ə.t̬i, æd-
advisab|le ədˈvaɪ.zə.b|ᵊl (US) əd-, æd- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
advis|e ədˈvaɪz (US) əd-, æd- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
advisement ədˈvaɪz.mənt
adviser, advisor ədˈvaɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ, æd- -s -z
advisor|y ədˈvaɪ.zᵊr|.i (US) əd-, æd- -ies -iz **adˈvisory ˌbody**
advocaat ˈæd.vəʊ.kɑː, -kɑːt (US) -voʊ-
advocacy ˈæd.və.kə.si
advocate (*n.*) ˈæd.və.kət, -keɪt, -kɪt -s -s
advo|cate (*v.*) ˈæd.və|.keɪt -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
advocation ˌæd.vəˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn
advowson ədˈvaʊ.zᵊn -s -z
Adwa ˈɑː.dwə
Adwick le Street ˌæd.wɪk.lɪˈstriːt
Adye ˈeɪ.di
adynamia ˌeɪ.daɪˈneɪ.mi.ə, ˌæd.ɪˈ-
adynamic ˌeɪ.daɪˈnæm.ɪk, ˌæd.aɪˈ-, -ɪˈ-
adz|e, adz ædz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
adzuki ædˈzuː.ki **adˈzuki ˌbean**
Aeacus ˈiː.ə.kəs
aedile ˈiː.daɪl -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s
Aeetes iːˈiː.tiːz
Aegean iːˈdʒiː.ən, ɪˈ-
Aegeus ˈiː.dʒi.əs (US) ˈiː.dʒi.əs, ˈiː.dʒuːs
Aegina iːˈdʒaɪ.nə, ɪˈdʒaɪ-
aegis ˈiː.dʒɪs
Aegisthus iːˈdʒɪs.θəs, ɪˈdʒɪs-
aegrotat ˈaɪ.grəʊ.tæt, ˈiː- (US) -groʊ- -s -s
Aegyptus iːˈdʒɪp.təs
Aelfric ˈæl.frɪk
Aemilius iːˈmɪl.i.əs, ɪˈmɪl-
Aeneas iːˈniː.əs, ɪˈniː-, -æs
Aeneid ˈiː.ni.ɪd, iːˈniː.ɪd, ɪˈ- -s -z
Aeneus ˈiː.ni.əs, iːˈniː-, ɪ-
Aeoli|a iːˈəʊ.li|.ə (US) -ˈoʊ- -an/s -ən/z
Aeolic iːˈɒl.ɪk, -ˈəʊ.lɪk (US) -ˈɑː.lɪk
Aeolus ˈiː.əʊ.ləs (US) ˈ-ə-
aeon ˈiː.ən, -ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z

Pronouncing the letters AEO

The vowel letter combination aeo is low frequency, and is often spelt eo in American English. It has two pronunciations associated with it:

/iˈɒ (US) iˈɑː/	archaeology	/ˌɑː.kiˈɒl.ə.dʒi/ (US) /ˌɑːr.kiˈɑː.lə-/
/iəʊ (US) ioʊ, iə/	palaeotype	/ˈpæl.i.əʊ.taɪp/ (US) /ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ-, -ə-/

aera|te eəˈreɪ|t, ˈ-- (US) erˈeɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z
aeration eəˈreɪ.ʃən (US) erˈeɪ-
aerial ˈeə.ri.əl (US) ˈer.i- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
aerie ˈɪə.ri, ˈeə- (US) ˈer.i, ˈɪr-, ˈeɪ.ri **-s** -z
aerif|y ˈeə.rɪ.faɪ (US) ˈer.ə- **-ies** -z **-ying** -ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
Aer Lingus® ˌeəˈlɪŋ.gəs (US) ˌer-
aero- eə.rəʊ; eəˈrɒ (US) er.oʊ, er.ə; erˈɑː
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **aeronaut** /ˈeə.rə.nɔːt (US) ˈer.ə.nɑːt/ **aeronautic** /ˌeə.rəˈnɔː.tɪk (US) ˌer.əˈnɑː.t̬ɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **aerology** /eəˈrɒl.ə.dʒi (US) erˈɑː.lə-/.
aero ˈeə.rəʊ (US) ˈer.oʊ
aeroballistics ˌeə.rəʊ.bəˈlɪs.tɪks (US) ˌer.oʊ-
aerobatic ˌeə.rəʊˈbæt.ɪk (US) ˌer.oʊˈbæt̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
aerobe ˈeə.rəʊb (US) ˈer.oʊb **-s** -z
aerobic eəˈrəʊ.bɪk (US) erˈoʊ- **-s** -s
aerodrome ˈeə.rə.drəʊm (US) ˈer.ə.droʊm **-s** -z
aerodynamic ˌeə.rəʊ.daɪˈnæm.ɪk, -dɪˈ- (US) ˌer.oʊ- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
stress shift: ˌaerodynamic ˈfairing
aerodyne ˈeə.rəʊ.daɪn (US) ˈer.ə- **-s** -z
Aeroflot® ˈeə.rəʊ.flɒt (US) ˈer.ə.flɑːt, -floʊt
aerofoil ˈeə.rəʊ.fɔɪl (US) ˈer.oʊ- **-s** -z
aerogram, aerogramme ˈeə.rəʊ.græm (US) ˈer.ə- **-s** -z
aerolite ˈeə.rəʊ.laɪt (US) ˈer.ə- **-s** -s
aerolith ˈeə.rəʊ.lɪθ (US) ˈer.ə- **-s** -s
aerological ˌeə.rəʊˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl (US) ˌer.oʊˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
aerologist eəˈrɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) erˈɑːl.ə- **-s** -s
aerolog|y eəˈrɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) erˈɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
aeronaut ˈeə.rə.nɔːt (US) ˈer.ə.nɑːt, -nɔːt **-s** -s
aeronautic ˌeə.rəˈnɔː.tɪk (US) ˌer.əˈnɑː.t̬ɪk, -ˈnɔː- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
aerophone ˈeə.rə.fəʊn (US) ˈer.ə.foʊn **-s** -z
aeroplane ˈeə.rə.pleɪn (US) ˈer.ə- **-s** -z
Aerosmith ˈeə.rəʊ.smɪθ (US) ˈe.roʊ-
aerosol ˈeə.rə.sɒl (US) ˈer.ə.sɑːl **-s** -z
aerospace ˈeə.rəʊ.speɪs (US) ˈer.oʊ-
aerostat ˈeə.rəʊ.stæt (US) ˈer.oʊ- **-s** -s
Aertex® ˈeə.teks (US) ˈer-
aer|y *(n.)* ˈɪə.r|i, ˈeə- (US) ˈer|.i, ˈɪr-, ˈeɪ|.ri **-ies** -iz
aery *(adj.)* ˈeə.ri (US) ˈer.i, ˈeɪ.ə.ri
Aeschines ˈiː.skɪ.niːz, -skə.niːz (US) ˈes.kə-, ˈiː.skə-
Aeschylus ˈiː.skɪ.ləs, -skə.ləs (US) ˈes.kə-, ˈiː.skə-
Aesculapi|us ˌiː.skjʊˈleɪ.pi|.əs (US) ˌes.kjəˈ-, -kəˈ- **-an** -ən
Aesop ˈiː.sɒp (US) -sɑːp, -səp
aesthete ˈiːs.θiːt (US) ˈes- **-s** -s
aesthetic iːsˈθet.ɪk, ɪs-, es- (US) esˈθet̬-, ɪs- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
aesthetic|ism iːsˈθet.ɪ.s|ɪ.zəm, ɪs-, es- (US) es-, ɪs- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
aestival iːˈstaɪ.vəl (US) ˈes.tə-, esˈtaɪ-
Aethelstan ˈæθ.əl.stən, -stæn
aether ˈiː.θəʳ (US) -θɚ
aetiolog|y ˌiː.tiˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -t̬iˈɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Aetna ˈet.nə
afar əˈfɑːʳ (US) -ˈfɑːr
afeard əˈfɪəd (US) -ˈfɪrd
affability ˌæf.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
affab|le ˈæf.ə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
affair əˈfeəʳ (US) -ˈfer **-s** -z
affect *(v.)* əˈfekt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd
affect *(n.) in psychology:* ˈæf.ekt **-s** -s
affectation ˌæf.ekˈteɪ.ʃən, -ɪkˈ- **-s** -z
affected əˈfek.tɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
affection əˈfek.ʃən **-s** -z
affectionate əˈfek.ʃən.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
affective əˈfek.tɪv, æfˈek-
affenpinscher ˈæf.ənˌpɪn.*t*ʃəʳ (US) -ˌpɪn*t*.ʃɚ **-s** -z
afferent ˈæf.ər.ənt
affettuoso əˌfet.juˈəʊ.səʊ, æfˌet-, -zəʊ (US) əˌfet.juˈoʊ.soʊ, æfˌet-, -ˌetʃ.uˈ-
affianc|e əˈfaɪən*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
affiant əˈfaɪənt **-s** -s
affich|e æfˈiːʃ, əˈfiːʃ **-es** -ɪz
affidavit ˌæf.ɪˈdeɪ.vɪt, -əˈ- **-s** -s
affili|ate əˈfɪl.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
affiliation əˌfɪl.iˈeɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
affinit|y əˈfɪn.ə.t|i, -ɪt|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
affirm əˈfɜːm (US) -ˈfɝːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl
affirmation ˌæf.əˈmeɪ.ʃən (US) -ɚˈ- **-s** -z
affirmative əˈfɜː.mə.tɪv (US) -ˈfɝː.mə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **afˌfirmative ˈaction**
affirmatory əˈfɜː.mə.tər.i (US) -ˈfɝː.mə.tɔːr-
affix *(n.)* ˈæf.ɪks **-es** -ɪz
affix *(v.)* əˈfɪks, ˈæf.ɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
affixation ˌæf.ɪkˈseɪ.ʃən
affixture æfˈɪks.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ, æfˈɪks-
afflatus əˈfleɪ.təs (US) -t̬əs
Affleck ˈæf.lek
afflict əˈflɪkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv
affliction əˈflɪk.ʃən **-s** -z
affluence ˈæf.lu.ən*t*s
affluent ˈæf.lu.ənt
affluenza ˌæf.luˈen.zə
afflux ˈæf.lʌks **-es** -ɪz
afford əˈfɔːd (US) -ˈfɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
affordab|le əˈfɔː.də.b|əl (US) -ˈfɔːr- **-ly** -li
afforest əˈfɒr.ɪst, æfˈɒr- (US) əˈfɔːr.əst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
afforestation æfˌɒr.ɪˈsteɪ.ʃən, əˌfɒr-, -əˈ- (US) əˌfɔːr.əˈ- **-s** -z
affranchis|e əˈfræn.*t*ʃaɪz, æfˈræn- (US) əˈfræn.tʃaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
affray əˈfreɪ **-s** -z
affricate ˈæf.rɪ.kət, -rə-, -kɪt, -keɪt (US) -kɪt **-s** -s
affricated ˈæf.rɪ.keɪ.tɪd, -rə- (US) -t̬ɪd
affrication ˌæf.rɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -rəˈ-
affricative æfˈrɪk.ə.tɪv, əˈfrɪk- (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
af|fright əˈ|fraɪt **-frights** -ˈfraɪts **-frighting** -ˈfraɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfraɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-frighted/ly** -ˈfraɪ.tɪd/li (US) -ˈfraɪ.t̬ɪd/li
af|front əˈ|frʌnt **-fronts** -ˈfrʌnts **-fronting** -ˈfrʌn.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfrʌn.t̬ɪŋ **-fronted** -ˈfrʌn.tɪd (US) -ˈfrʌn.t̬ɪd
Afghan ˈæf.gæn **-s** -z ˌ**Afghan ˈhound**
afghani æfˈgæn.i, -ˈgɑː.ni **-s** -z
Afghanistan æfˈgæn.ɪ.stæn, ˈ-ə-, -stɑːn; æfˌgæn.ɪˈstɑːn, -əˈ-, -ˈstæn (US) æfˈgæn.ə.stæn, -stɑːn
aficionado əˌfɪʃ.i.ənˈɑː.dəʊ, -ˌfɪs- *as if Spanish:* æfˌɪθ.jəˈnɑː.dəʊ (US) əˌfɪʃ.i.əˈnɑː.doʊ, -ˌfɪs-, -ˌfiː.si- **-s** -z
afield əˈfiːld

Affricate

A type of consonant consisting of a PLOSIVE followed by a FRICATIVE with the same place of ARTICULATION.

Examples for English

Examples are the /tʃ/ and /dʒ/ sounds (sometimes symbolised /č/ /ǰ/ by American writers) at the beginning and end of the words *church* and *judge*, where the first of these sounds is voiceless and the second voiced (see VOICING), e.g.:

church	/tʃɜːtʃ/	US /tʃɝːtʃ/
judge	/dʒʌdʒ/	

It is often difficult to decide whether any particular combination of a plosive plus a fricative should be classed as a single affricate sound or as two separate sounds, and the question depends on whether these are to be regarded as separate PHONEMES or not. It is usual to regard /tʃ/ and /dʒ/ as affricate phonemes in English; /ts dz tr dr/ also occur in English but are not usually regarded as affricate phonemes, but are treated as clusters. The two phrases *why choose* and *white shoes* are said to show the difference between the /tʃ/ affricate (in the first example) and separate /t/ and /ʃ/ (in the second), e.g.:

why choose	/*h*waɪ tʃuːz/
white shoes	/*h*waɪt ʃuːz/

afire əˈfaɪəʳ US -ˈfaɪɚ
aflame əˈfleɪm
aflatoxin ˌæf.ləˈtɒk.sɪn US -ˈtɑːk.sᵊn
AFL-CIO eɪ.ef,el.siː.aɪˈəʊ US -ˈoʊ
afloat əˈfləʊt US -ˈfloʊt
aflutter əˈflʌt.əʳ US -ˈflʌṭ.ɚ
afoot əˈfʊt
afore əˈfɔːʳ US -ˈfɔːr
aforementioned əˈfɔː.men.*t*ʃᵊnd, əˌfɔːˈmen- US əˈfɔːr.men*t*.ʃᵊnd
Note: In British English, the latter form is not used attributively.
aforesaid əˈfɔː.sed US -ˈfɔːr-
aforethought əˈfɔː.θɔːt US -ˈfɔːr.θɑːt, -θɔːt
aforetime əˈfɔː.taɪm US -ˈfɔːr-
a fortiori eɪˌfɔː.tiˈɔː.raɪ, ɑːˌ-, -ri US ˌeɪ.fɔːr.ṭiˈɔːr.i, -ʃiˈ-, -aɪ
afoul əˈfaʊl
afraid əˈfreɪd
A-frame ˈeɪ.freɪm -s -z
afreet ˈæf.riːt, əˈfriːt -s -s
afresh əˈfreʃ
Afric ˈæf.rɪk
Afric|a ˈæf.rɪ.k|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
African-American ˌæf.rɪ.kən.əˈmer.ɪ.kən -s -z
Africander ˌæf.rɪˈkæn.dəʳ US -dɚ -s -z
Africanist ˈæf.rɪ.kə.nɪst -s -s
Africanization, -isa- ˌæf.rɪ.kə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə-, -nɪˈ- US -nɪˈ-
Africaniz|e, -is|e ˈæf.rɪ.kə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Africanus ˌæf.rɪˈkɑː.nəs, -ˈkeɪ-
Afridi æfˈriː.di, əˈfriː- -s -z
Afrikaans ˌæf.rɪˈkɑː*n*ts, -rəˈkɑː*n*ts, -rɪkˈɑːnz, -rəˈkɑːnz
Afrikaner ˌæf.rɪˈkɑː.nəʳ US -nɚ -s -z
afrit ˈæf.riːt, əˈfriːt -s -s
Afro- ˌæf.rəʊ US ˌæf.roʊ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **Afro-American** / ˌæf.rəʊ.əˈmer.ɪ.kən US -roʊ-/.

Afro ˈæf.rəʊ US -roʊ -s -z
Afro-American ˌæf.rəʊ.əˈmer.ɪ.kən US -roʊ- -s -z
Afro-Asian ˌæf.rəʊˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn US -roʊˈeɪ.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z
Afro-Asiatic ˌæf.rəʊ.eɪ.ʃiˈæt.ɪk, -siˈ-, -ʒiˈ-, -ziˈ- US -roʊ.eɪ.ʒiˈæṭ-, -ʃiˈ-
Afro-Caribbean ˌæf.rəʊ.kær.ɪˈbiː.ən US -roʊ.ker-, -kær-; -kəˈrɪb.i- -s -z
aft ɑːft US æft
after- ˈɑːf.tə US ˈæf.tɚ
Note: Prefix. Words containing **after-** usually carry primary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **afterglow** / ˈɑːf.tə.gləʊ US ˈæf.tɚ.gloʊ/, but there are exceptions, including **afternoon** / ˌɑːf.təˈnuːn US ˌæf.tɚ-/.
after ˈɑːf.təʳ US ˈæf.tɚ ˌ**after** ˈ**all;** ˌ**After** ˈ**Eights**®
afterbirth ˈɑːf.tə.bɜːθ US ˈæf.tɚ.bɝːθ -s -s
after-burner ˈɑːf.təˌbɜː.nəʳ US ˈæf.tɚˌbɝː.nɚ -s -z
aftercare ˈɑːf.tə.keəʳ US ˈæf.tɚ.ker
after-crop ˈɑːf.tə.krɒp US ˈæf.tɚ.krɑːp -s -s
aftereffect ˈɑːf.təʳ.ɪˌfekt, -əˌfekt US ˈæf.tɚ- -s -s
afterglow ˈɑːf.tə.gləʊ US ˈæf.tɚ.gloʊ -s -z
after-hours ˌɑːf.təʳˈaʊəz US ˈæf.tɚˌaʊɚz, ˌ--ˈ-
afterli|fe ˈɑːf.tə.laɪ|f US ˈæf.tɚ- **-ves** -vz
aftermath ˈɑːf.tə.mɑːθ, -mæθ US ˈæf.tɚ.mæθ -s -s
afternoon ˌɑːf.təˈnuːn US ˌæf.tɚˈ- -s -z *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**afternoon** ˈ**tea; good** ˌ**after**ˈ**noon**
afterpiec|e ˈɑːf.tə.piːs US ˈæf.tɚ- **-es** -ɪz
afters ˈɑːf.təz US ˈæf.tɚz
after-sales ˌɑːf.təˈseɪlz US ˌæf.tɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌafter-sales ˈservice
aftershave ˈɑːf.tə.ʃeɪv US ˈæf.tɚ- -s -z

aftershock ˈɑːf.tə.ʃɒk US ˈæf.tɚ.ʃɑːk -s -s
aftertaste ˈɑːf.tə.teɪst US ˈæf.tɚ- -s -s
afterthought ˈɑːf.tə.θɔːt US ˈæf.tɚ.θɑːt, -θɔːt -s -s
afterward ˈɑːf.tə.wəd US ˈæf.tɚ.wɚd -s -z
AFTRA ˈæf.trə
Aga® ˈɑː.gə
Agadir ˌæg.əˈdɪə US ˌɑː.gəˈdɪr, ˌæg.əˈ-
Agag ˈeɪ.gæg
again əˈgen, -ˈgeɪn US əˈgen
against əˈgen*t*st, -ˈgeɪn*t*st US əˈgentst
Aga Khan ˌɑː.gəˈkɑːn
Agamemnon ˌæg.əˈmem.nən, -nɒn US -nɑːn, -nən
agamete eɪˈgæm.iːt, əˈ- US ˌæg.əˈmiːt -s -s
Agana ɑːˈgɑː.nə, -njə US -njə
agape (*adj, adv.*) əˈgeɪp
agape (*n.*) ˈæg.ə.pi, -peɪ US ɑːˈgɑː.peɪ, ˈɑː.gə- -s -z
Agar *family name:* ˈeɪ.gəʳ, -gɑːʳ US -gɚ, -gɑːr
agar *jelly:* ˈeɪ.gɑːʳ, -əʳ US -gɑːr, ˈɑː-, -gɚ
agar-agar ˌeɪ.gəʳˈeɪ.gəʳ, -gɑːʳˈ-, -gɑːʳ US -gɚˈeɪ.gɚ, ˌɑː.gɚˈɑː-, -gɑːrˈ-, -gɑːr
agaric (*n.*) ˈæg.ə.rɪk; əˈgær.ɪk US ˈæg.ɚ.ɪk; əˈger-, -ˈgær- -s -s
agaric (*adj.*) ægˈær.ɪk, əˈgær-
Agassi ˈæg.ə.si
Agassiz ˌæg.əˈsiː US ˈæg.ə.si
Agassizhorn əˈgæs.ɪ.hɔːn US -hɔːrn
agate *stone:* ˈæg.ət, -gɪt -s -s
Agate *surname:* ˈeɪ.gət, ˈæg.ət
Agatha ˈæg.ə.θə
Agathocles əˈgæθ.əʊ.kliːz US ˈ-ə-
agave əˈgeɪ.vi, -ˈgɑː-, ˈæg.eɪ- US əˈgɑː- -s -z
agaze əˈgeɪz
ag|e eɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**age**

of con'sent; 'golden ˌage
-age ɪdʒ, ɑːʒ
Note: Suffix. Normally pronounced /-ɪdʒ/, e.g. **advantage** /əd'vɑːn.tɪdʒ/ Ⓤⓢ /-'væn.t̬ɪdʒ/, which is unstressed, but in words of French origin it is often /-ɑːʒ/, which may be stress bearing; see for example, **corsage**, in which it has both stressed and unstressed variants.
aged (*adj.*) *old:* 'eɪ.dʒɪd *of the age of:* eɪdʒd
agedness 'eɪdʒ.ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
Agee 'eɪ.dʒi
age|ism 'eɪdʒ.|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ageless 'eɪdʒ.ləs, -lɪs
agelong 'eɪdʒ.lɒŋ Ⓤⓢ -lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ
agenc|y 'eɪ.dʒᵊnt.s|i **-ies** -iz
agenda ə'dʒen.də **-s** -z
agendum ə'dʒen.dəm **-s** -z
agene 'eɪ.dʒiːn
agenesis ˌeɪ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ-
agent 'eɪ.dʒᵊnt **-s** -s ˌ**Agent 'Orange**
agentival ˌeɪ.dʒᵊn'taɪ.vᵊl
agentive 'eɪ.dʒᵊn.tɪv
agent(s) provocateur(s) ˌæʒ.ɑ̃ː.prəˌvɒk.ə.tɜːʳ, ˌæʒ.ɒŋ- Ⓤⓢ ˌɑːʒ.ɑ̃ː.proʊˌvɑː.kə'tɝː, -tʊr
age-old ˌeɪdʒ'əʊld Ⓤⓢ 'eɪdʒ.oʊld *stress shift, British only:* ˌage-old 'city
-ageous 'eɪ.dʒəs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ageous** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **advantageous** /ˌæd.vən'teɪ.dʒəs Ⓤⓢ -væn'-/.
Ager 'eɪ.dʒəʳ Ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
Agesilaus əˌdʒes.ɪ'leɪ.əs, ædʒˌes- Ⓤⓢ -ə'-
Agfa® 'æg.fə
aggie (A) 'æg.i **-s** -z
aggiornamento əˌdʒɔː.nə'men.təʊ Ⓤⓢ -ˌdʒɔːr.nə'men.toʊ
agglomerate (*n, adj.*) ə'glɒm.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt Ⓤⓢ -'glɑː.mɚ- **-s** -s
agglomer|ate (*v.*) ə'glɒm.ᵊr|.eɪt Ⓤⓢ -'glɑː.mə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
agglomeration əˌglɒm.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn Ⓤⓢ -ˌglɑː.mə'- **-s** -z
agglutinate (*adj.*) ə'gluː.tɪ.nət, -ɪt Ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.ət
agglutin|ate (*v.*) ə'gluː.tɪ.n|eɪt Ⓤⓢ -tᵊn|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
agglutination əˌgluː.tɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn Ⓤⓢ -tᵊn'eɪ- **-s** -z
agglutinative ə'gluː.tɪ.nə.tɪv, -eɪ.tɪv Ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.eɪ.t̬ɪv
agglutinin ə'gluː.tɪ.nɪn Ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.ɪn
agglutinogen ˌæg.lʊ'tɪn.ə.dʒᵊn Ⓤⓢ -luː'-
aggrandiz|e, -is|e ə'græn.daɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aggrandizement, -ise- ə'græn.dɪz.mənt Ⓤⓢ -dɪz-, -daɪz-
aggra|vate 'æg.rə|.veɪt **-vates** -veɪts **-vating/ly** -veɪ.tɪŋ/li Ⓤⓢ -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -veɪ.t̬ɪd
aggravation ˌæg.rə'veɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
aggregate (*n, adj.*) 'æg.rɪ.gət, -rə.gət, -gɪt **-s** -s
aggre|gate (*v.*) 'æg.rɪ|.geɪt, -rə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪd
aggregation ˌæg.rɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə'- **-s** -z
aggregative 'æg.rɪ.gə.tɪv, -rə-
aggregator 'æg.rɪ.geɪ.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
aggress ə'gres, æg'res **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
aggression ə'greʃ.ᵊn, æg'reʃ- **-s** -z
aggressive ə'gres.ɪv, æg'res- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
aggressor ə'gres.əʳ, æg'res- Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
aggriev|e ə'griːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aggro 'æg.rəʊ Ⓤⓢ -roʊ
aghast ə'gɑːst Ⓤⓢ -'gæst
agil|e 'ædʒ.aɪl Ⓤⓢ -ᵊl **-ist** -əst, -ɪst **-ely** -li
agility ə'dʒɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
agin ə'gɪn
Agincourt 'ædʒ.ɪn.kɔːʳ, -kɔːt, -kʊəʳ Ⓤⓢ -kɔːrt
agiotage 'ædʒ.ə.tɪdʒ, 'ædʒ.i.əʊ-, -tɑːʒ Ⓤⓢ 'ædʒ.i.ə.tɪdʒ; ˌæʒ.ə'tɑːʒ
ag|ism 'eɪ.dʒ|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
agi|tate 'ædʒ.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.təʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z
agitation ˌædʒ.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
agitato ˌædʒ.ɪ'tɑː.təʊ Ⓤⓢ -t̬oʊ
agitprop 'ædʒ.ɪt.prɒp Ⓤⓢ -prɑːp
Aglaia ə'glaɪ.ə, -'gleɪ-
aglow ə'gləʊ Ⓤⓢ -'gloʊ
AGM ˌeɪ.dʒiː'em
agnail 'æg.neɪl **-s** -z
agnate 'æg.neɪt
agnation æg'neɪ.ʃᵊn
Agnes 'æg.nəs, -nɪs
Agnew 'æg.njuː Ⓤⓢ -nuː, -njuː
Agni 'æg.ni
agnomen æg'nəʊ.men, -mən Ⓤⓢ -'noʊ- **-s** -z
agnostic æg'nɒs.tɪk, əg- Ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.stɪk **-s** -s
agnosticism æg'nɒs.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, əg-, -tə- Ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.stɪ-, -stə-
Agnus Dei ˌæg.nəs'deɪ.i, -nʊs-, -'diː.aɪ **-s** -z
ago ə'gəʊ Ⓤⓢ -'goʊ
agog ə'gɒg Ⓤⓢ -'gɑːg, -'gɔːg
-agogic ə'gɒdʒ.ɪk, -'gɒg-, -'gəʊ.dʒɪk Ⓤⓢ ə'gɑː.dʒɪk, -'goʊ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-agogic** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **pedagogic** /ˌped.ə'gɒdʒ.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -'gɑː-/.
-agogue ə.gɒg Ⓤⓢ ə.gɑːg, ə.gɔːg
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **pedagogue** /'ped.ə.gɒg Ⓤⓢ -gɑːg/.
-agogy ə.gɒdʒ.i, ə.gɒg-, -gəʊ.dʒi Ⓤⓢ ə.gɑː.dʒi, -goʊ.gi
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **pedagogy** /'ped.ə.gɒdʒ.i Ⓤⓢ -gɑː.dʒi/.
agone ə'gɒn Ⓤⓢ -'gɑːn
agonist 'æg.ə.nɪst **-s** -s
Agonistes ˌæg.əʊ'nɪs.tiːz Ⓤⓢ -ə'-
agonistic ˌæg.əʊ'nɪs.tɪk Ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i
agoniz|e, -is|e 'æg.ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
agon|y 'æg.ə.n|i **-ies** -iz 'agony ˌaunt; 'agony ˌcolumn
agor|a 'æg.ə.r|ə, -ɒr|.ə, ˌæg.ə'r|ɑː Ⓤⓢ 'æg.ə.r|ə, -ɔːr|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
agoraphob|ia ˌæg.ᵊr.ə'fəʊ.b|i.ə, -ɔː.rə'- Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ə'foʊ-; əˌgɔːr.ə'- **-ic/s** -ɪk/s
agouti ə'guː.ti Ⓤⓢ -t̬i **-s** -z
Agra 'ɑː.grə, 'æg.rə
agrarian ə'greə.ri.ən Ⓤⓢ -'grer.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
agree ə'griː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
agreeab|le ə'griː.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
agreement ə'griː.mənt **-s** -s
agribusiness 'æg.riˌbɪz.nɪs, -nəs **-es** -ɪz
Agricola ə'grɪk.əʊ.lə Ⓤⓢ -ᵊl.ə
agricultural ˌæg.rɪ'kʌl.tʃᵊr.ᵊl, -rə'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
agriculture 'æg.rɪ.kʌl.tʃəʳ, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
agriculturist ˌæg.rɪ'kʌl.tʃᵊr.ɪst, -rə'- **-s** -s
Agrigento ˌæg.rɪ'dʒen.təʊ Ⓤⓢ -toʊ
agrimony 'æg.rɪ.mə.ni, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -moʊ-
Agrippa ə'grɪp.ə
Agrippina ˌæg.rɪ'piː.nə, -rə'-
agro- æg.rəʊ; ə'grɒ Ⓤⓢ æg.roʊ, -rə; ə'grɑː
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **agronomics** /ˌæg.rə'nɒm.ɪks Ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mɪks/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **agronomy** /ə'grɒn.ə.mi Ⓤⓢ -'grɑː.nə-/.
agrobiologic ˌæg.rəʊ.baɪə'lɒdʒ.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -roʊ.baɪə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
agrobiology ˌæg.rəʊ.baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒi Ⓤⓢ -roʊ.baɪ'ɑː.lə-
agrochemical ˌæg.rəʊ'kem.ɪ.kᵊl Ⓤⓢ -roʊ'- **-s** -z
agrolog|y ə'grɒl.ə.dʒ|i, æg'- Ⓤⓢ ə'grɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
agronomics ˌæg.rə'nɒm.ɪks Ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mɪks
agronom|y ə'grɒn.ə.m|i Ⓤⓢ -'grɑː.nə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
aground ə'graʊnd
Aguascalientes ˌæg.wɑːs.kæl.i'en.tes Ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.gwɑːs.kæl'jen.tes, -i'en-
ague 'eɪg.juː **-s** -z
Aguecheek 'eɪg.juː.tʃiːk

Pronouncing the letters AI, AY

The vowel letter digraphs **ai** and **ay** are similar in that their most common pronunciation is /eɪ/, e.g.:

day	/deɪ/
daily	/ˈdeɪ.li/

However, in days of the week, **ay** is also frequently pronounced /i/, e.g.:

Monday	/ˈmʌn.di/

When followed by an **r** in the spelling, **ai** and **ay** are pronounced as /eə, Ⓤⓢ er/, e.g.:

air	/eəʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /er/
Ayr	/eəʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /er/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the digraphs **ai** and **ay**, e.g.:

/e/	said, says	/sed, sez/
/æ/	plait	/plæt/
/aɪ/	aisle	/aɪl/

And, in rare cases:

/eɪ.ɪ/	archaic	/ɑːˈkeɪ.ɪk/	Ⓤⓢ /ɑːr-/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraphs **ai** and **ay** are realised with the vowels /ɪ/ and /i/ in weak syllables respectively, and **ai** may also result in a schwa vowel or a syllabic consonant, e.g.:

bargain	/ˈbɑː.gɪn/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈbɑːr-/
Murray	/ˈmʌr.i/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈmɝː-/
Britain	/ˈbrɪt.ən/	

Aguilera ˌæg.wɪˈleə.rə Ⓤⓢ -ler.ə, ˌɑːg.jəˈ-
Agulhas əˈgʌl.əs
Agutter ˈæg.ə.təʳ; əˈgʌt.əʳ Ⓤⓢ əˈgʌt̬.ɚ; ˈæg.ə.t̬ɚ
ah ɑː
aha ɑːˈhɑː, əˈhɑː
Ahab ˈeɪ.hæb
Ahasuerus eɪˌhæz.juˈɪə.rəs, əˌhæz- Ⓤⓢ -ˈɪr.əs
Ahaz ˈeɪ.hæz
Ahaziah ˌeɪ.*h*əˈzaɪ.ə
ahead əˈhed
aheap əˈhiːp
ahem mˈʔm̩m, ˌʔm̩m, hm, əˈhem
Note: Interjection. The spelling attempts to represent a clearing of the throat to attract attention. The pronunciation /əˈhem/ represents the reading aloud of this word by someone who does not know what it stands for.
Ahenobarbus əˌhen.əʊˈbɑː.bəs Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈbɑːr-, -ˌhiː.noʊˈ-
A'Hern ˈeɪ.hɜːn Ⓤⓢ -hɝːn
Ahern(e) əˈhɜːn Ⓤⓢ -ˈhɝːn
Ahimsa ɑːˈhɪm.sɑː Ⓤⓢ ə-
ahistorical ˌeɪ.hɪˈstɒr.ɪ.kəl Ⓤⓢ -ˈstɔːr-
Ahithophel əˈhɪθ.əʊ.fel Ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə-
Ahmadabad ˈɑː.mə.də.bæd Ⓤⓢ -bɑːd
Ahmed ˈɑː.med
ahold əˈhəʊld Ⓤⓢ -hoʊld
ahoy əˈhɔɪ
ahungered əˈhʌŋ.gəd Ⓤⓢ -gɚd
AI ˌeɪˈaɪ
ai ˈɑː.i, aɪ
Aicken ˈeɪ.kən
aid eɪd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**aid and aˈbet**
Aïda, Aida aɪˈiː.də, ɑː-
Aidan ˈeɪ.dən
aide eɪd **-s** -z
Aideed aɪˈdiːd
aide(s)-de-camp ˌeɪd.dəˈkɑ̃ː Ⓤⓢ -ˈkæmp
aide(s)-mémore ˌeɪd.memˈwɑː Ⓤⓢ -ˈwɑːr
aid|-man ˈeɪd|.mən, -mæn **-men** -men, -mən
AIDS, Aids eɪdz
aigrette ˈeɪ.gret, eɪˈgret **-s** -s
aiguille ˌeɪˈgwiː, -ˈgwiːl Ⓤⓢ ˌeɪˈgwiːl, ˈ-- **-s** -z
Aiken ˈeɪ.kən
aikido ˌaɪˈkiː.dəʊ, ˈaɪ.kɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˌaɪˈkiː.doʊ
Aikin ˈeɪ.kɪn, -kən
Aikman ˈeɪk.mən
ail eɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ailanthus ˌaɪˈlæn*t*.θəs **-es** -ɪz
Aileen ˈeɪ.liːn Ⓤⓢ aɪˈliːn
aileron ˈeɪ.lər.ɒn Ⓤⓢ -lə.rɑːn **-s** -z
Ailesbury ˈeɪlz.bər.i Ⓤⓢ -ber-
ailment ˈeɪl.mənt **-s** -s
Ailred ˈeɪl.red, ˈaɪl-
Ailsa ˈeɪl.sə
ailuro- aɪˈljʊə.rə*ʊ*, eɪ-, ˈaɪ.ljʊə.rə*ʊ* Ⓤⓢ aɪˈlʊr.ə
ailurophile aɪˈljʊə.rə*ʊ*.faɪl, eɪ- Ⓤⓢ -ˈlʊr.ə- **-s** -z
ailurophobe aɪˈljʊə.rə*ʊ*.fəʊb, eɪ- Ⓤⓢ -ˈlʊr.ə.foʊb **-s** -z
ailurophobia aɪˌljʊə.rə*ʊ*ˈfəʊ.bi.ə, eɪ- Ⓤⓢ -ˌlʊr.əˈfoʊ-
aim eɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aimless ˈeɪm.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ainger ˈeɪn.dʒəʳ Ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
Ainsley, Ainslie ˈeɪnz.li
Ainsworth ˈeɪnz.wəθ, -wɜːθ Ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
ain't eɪnt
Aintree ˈeɪn.triː
Ainu ˈaɪ.nuː **-s** -z
aïoli, aioli aɪˈəʊ.li, eɪˈ- Ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ-
air eəʳ Ⓤⓢ er **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d ˈ**air** ˌ**force;** ˈ**air hoˌstess;** ˈ**air** ˌ**letter;** ˈ**air** ˌ**pocket;** ˈ**air** ˌ**raid;** ˈ**air** ˌ**rifle;** ˈ**air** ˌ**route;** ˈ**air** ˌ**terminal;** ˌ**air traffic conˈtrol;** ˌ**air traffic conˈtroller;** ˌ**clear the** ˈ**air**
airbag ˈeə.bæg Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -z
airbase ˈeə.beɪs Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -ɪz
airbed ˈeə.bed Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -z
air-boat ˈeə.bəʊt Ⓤⓢ ˈer.boʊt **-s** -s
airborne ˈeə.bɔːn Ⓤⓢ ˈer.bɔːrn
airbrake ˈeə.breɪk Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -s
airbrick ˈeə.brɪk, ˈer-
airbridg|e ˈeə.brɪdʒ Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-es** -ɪz
airbrush ˈeə.brʌʃ Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
air-burst ˈeə.bɜːst Ⓤⓢ ˈer.bɝːst **-s** -s
airbus (A®) ˈeə.bʌs Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-es** -ɪz
air-check ˈeə.tʃek Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -s
air-condition ˈeə.kənˌdɪʃ.ən, ˌeə.kənˈdɪʃ- Ⓤⓢ ˈer.kənˌdɪʃ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
air-cool ˈeə.kuːl Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aircraft ˈeə.krɑːft Ⓤⓢ ˈer.kræft
aircraft|man ˈeə.krɑːft|.mən Ⓤⓢ ˈer.kræft- **-men** -mən
aircraft|woman ˈeə.krɑːft|ˌwʊm.ən Ⓤⓢ ˈer.kræft- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
aircrew ˈeə.kruː Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -z
Aird eəd Ⓤⓢ erd
airdate ˈeə.deɪt Ⓤⓢ ˈer- **-s** -s

Airdrie 'eə.dri (US) 'er-
Airdrieonian ˌeə.dri'əʊ.ni.ən (US) ˌer.dri'oʊ- **-s** -z
airdrome 'eə.drəʊm (US) 'er.droʊm **-s** -z
air-drop 'eə.drɒp (US) 'er.drɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
air-dr|y 'eə.dr|aɪ (US) 'er- **-ies** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ied** -d
Aire eəʳ (US) er
Airedale 'eə.deɪl (US) 'er- **-s** -z
air-engine 'eəʳ.en.dʒɪn (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airer 'eə.rəʳ (US) 'er.ɚ **-s** -z
Airey 'eə.ri (US) 'er.i
airfare 'eə.feəʳ (US) 'er.fer **-s** -z
airfield 'eə.fiːld (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airfleet 'eə.fliːt (US) 'er-
airflow 'eə.fləʊ (US) 'er.floʊ **-s** -z
air-foil 'eə.fɔɪl (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airgraph 'eə.grɑːf, -græf (US) 'er.græf **-s** -s
airgun 'eəˌgʌn (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airhead 'eə.hed (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airi|ly 'eə.rɪ|.li, -rᵊl|.i (US) 'er- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
airing 'eə.rɪŋ (US) 'er.ɪŋ **-s** -z **'airing ˌcupboard**
air-kiss 'eə.kɪs (US) 'er- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
airless 'eə.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'er-
Airlie 'eə.li (US) 'er-
airlift 'eə.lɪft (US) 'er- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
airlin|e 'eə.laɪn (US) 'er- **-es** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
airlock 'eə.lɒk (US) 'er.lɑːk **-s** -s
airmail 'eə.meɪl (US) 'er- **-s** -z
air|man 'eə|.mən, -mæn (US) 'er- **-men** -mən, -men
airmarshal 'eəˌmɑː.ʃᵊl (US) 'erˌmɑːr-
airmobile 'eə.məʊ.biːl (US) 'erˌmoʊ.bᵊl
airplane 'eə.pleɪn (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airplay 'eə.pleɪ (US) 'er-
airport 'eə.pɔːt (US) 'er.pɔːrt **-s** -s
air-sea ˌeə'siː (US) ˌer- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌair-sea 'rescue**
airship 'eə.ʃɪp (US) 'er- **-s** -s
airshow 'eə.ʃəʊ (US) 'er.ʃoʊ **-s** -z
airsick 'eə.sɪk (US) 'er- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
airspace 'eə.speɪs (US) 'er-
airspeed 'eə.spiːd (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airstream 'eə.striːm (US) 'er-
airstrike 'eə.straɪk (US) 'er- **-s** -s
airstrip 'eə.strɪp (US) 'er- **-s** -s
airtight 'eə.taɪt (US) 'er-
airtime 'eə.taɪm (US) 'er-
air-to-air ˌeə.tu'eəʳ (US) ˌer.t̬ə'er, -tu'- *stress shift:* ˌair-to-air 'missile
air-to-ground ˌeə.tə'graʊnd (US) ˌer.t̬ə-
air-to-surface ˌeə.tə'sɜː.fɪs (US) ˌer.t̬ə'sɝː.fəs *stress shift:* ˌair-to-surface 'missile
Airtours® 'eə.tɔːz, -tʊəz (US) 'er.tʊrz
air traffic 'eəˌtræf.ɪk (US) 'er-
airwave 'eə.weɪv (US) 'er- **-s** -z
airway 'eə.weɪ (US) 'er- **-s** -z
air|woman 'eə|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'er- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
airworth|y 'eəˌwɜː.ð|i (US) 'erˌwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
air|y (A) 'eə.r|i (US) 'er|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.əst, -i.ɪst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ə.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
airy-fairy ˌeə.ri'feə.ri (US) ˌer.i'fer.i *stress shift:* ˌairy-fairy 'concept
Aisha aɪ'iː.ʃə
Aislaby 'eɪz.lə.bi *locally:* 'eɪ.zᵊl.bi
aisle aɪl **-s** -z **-d** -d
aitch eɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz
aitchbone 'eɪtʃ.bəʊn (US) -boʊn **-s** -z
Aitchison 'eɪ.tʃɪ.sᵊn
Aith eɪθ
Aitken 'eɪt.kɪn, -kən
Aix eɪks, eks
Aix-en-Provence ˌeɪks.ɑ̃ːm.prə'vɑ̃ːns, ˌeks- (US) -ɑːn.proʊ'vɑ̃ːs
Aix-la-Chapelle ˌeɪks.lɑː.ʃæp'el, ˌeks-, -ʃə'pel (US) -ʃɑː'pel
Aix-les-Bains ˌeɪks.leɪ'bæ̃, ˌeks-, -'bæŋ
Ajaccio ə'jætʃ.i.əʊ, ə'dʒæs.i.əʊ (US) ɑː'jɑː.tʃoʊ, -tʃi.oʊ
ajar ə'dʒɑːʳ (US) -dʒɑːr
Ajax *cleaning substance ®:* 'eɪ.dʒæks *football team:* 'aɪ.æks
ajutage 'ædʒ.ʊ.tɪdʒ, ə'dʒuːt- (US) 'ædʒ.ə.t̬ɪdʒ, ə'dʒuː-
AKA, aka ˌeɪ.keɪ'eɪ, 'æk.ə
Akaba 'æk.ə.bə
Akabusi ˌæk.ə'buː.si
Akahito ˌæk.ə'hiː.təʊ (US) ˌɑː.kə'hiː.toʊ
Akbar 'æk.bɑːʳ (US) -bɑːr
akela ɑː'keɪ.lə
Akenside 'eɪ.kən.saɪd, -kɪn-
Akerman 'æk.ə.mən (US) '-ɚ-
Akers 'eɪ.kəz (US) -kɚz
Akhmatova ək'mɑː.tə.və, ˌɑːk.mə'təʊ- (US) ʌk'mɑː.tə.və, ˌɑːk.mə'toʊ-
Akihito ˌæk.i'hiː.təʊ (US) ˌɑː.ki'hiː.toʊ
akimbo ə'kɪm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
akin ə'kɪn
Akkad 'æk.æd (US) 'æk.æd, 'ɑː.kɑːd
Akkadian ə'keɪ.di.ən (US) -'keɪ-, -'kɑː- **-s** -z
Akond of Swat *former title of the Wali of Swat territory in Pakistan:* əˌkuːnd.əv'swɒt (US) -'swɑːt *name in poem by Edward Lear:* ˌæk.ənd.əv'swɒt (US) -'swɑːt
Akron 'æk.rɒn, -rən (US) -rən
Akrotiri 'æk.rəʊ'tɪə.ri (US) ˌɑːk.roʊ'tɪr.i
Akroyd 'æk.rɔɪd
al- əl, æl
Note: Prefix. Examples include **allocate** /'æl.ə.keɪt/, in which it is stressed, and **allure** /ə'ljʊəʳ/ (US) /-'lʊr/, where it is unstressed.
AL ˌeɪ'el
Al æl
-al əl
Note: Suffix. When forming a noun, **-al** does not normally affect the stress pattern, e.g. **arouse** /ə'raʊz/, **arousal** /ə'raʊ.zᵊl/. In forming adjectives, however, the resulting item is usually either stressed one or two syllables before the suffix, e.g. **abdomen** becomes **abdominal** /æb'dɒm.ɪ.nᵊl/ (US) /-'dɑː.mə-/, **adjective** becomes **adjectival** /ˌædʒ.ɪk'taɪ.vᵊl/.
Ala. (*abbrev. for* **Alabama**) ˌæl.ə'bæm.ə, -'bɑː.mə (US) -'bæm.ə
à la 'æl.ɑː, 'ɑː.lɑː (US) 'ɑː.lɑː, 'ɑː.lə, 'æl.ə
Alabama ˌæl.ə'bæm.ə, -'bɑː.mə (US) -'bæm.ə
alabaster (A) ˌæl.ə'bæs.təʳ, -'bɑː.stəʳ, 'æl.ə.bæs.təʳ, -bɑː.stəʳ (US) 'æl.ə.bæs.tɚ
à la carte ˌæl.ə'kɑːt, ˌɑː.lɑː'- (US) ˌɑː.lə'kɑːrt, ˌæl.ə'-
alack ə'læk
alackaday ə'læk.ə.deɪ, əˌlæk.ə'deɪ
alacrity ə'læk.rə.ti, -rɪ.ti (US) -t̬i
Aladdin ə'læd.ɪn (US) -ᵊn **Aˌladdin's 'cave**
Alagoas ˌæl.ə'gəʊ.əs (US) -'goʊ-
à la grecque ˌæl.ə'grek, ˌɑː.lɑː'- (US) ˌɑː.lə'-, ˌæl.ə'-
Alain *man's name:* æl'æ̃ (US) æl'ẽːn *woman's name:* ə'leɪn
Alain-Fournier ælˌæ̃'fɔː.ni.eɪ *as if French:* -fʊə'njeɪ (US) -ˌẽːn.fɔːr'njeɪ
Alameda æl.ə'miː.də, -'meɪ-
Alamein 'æl.ə.meɪn
Alamo 'æl.ə.məʊ (US) -moʊ
à la mode ˌæl.ə'məʊd, ˌɑː.lɑː-, -'mɒd (US) ˌɑː.lə'moʊd, ˌæl.ə'-
Alamogordo ˌæl.ə.mə'gɔː.dəʊ (US) -'gɔːr.doʊ
Alan 'æl.ən
Alana ə'lɑː.nə, -'læn.ə
Aland *islands:* 'ɑː.lənd, 'ɔː-
aland (*adv.*) ə'lænd
à l'anglaise ˌæl.ɑ̃ːŋ'gleɪz, ˌɑː.lɑ̃ːŋ'-, -'glez
alanine 'æl.ə.naɪn, -niːn
alar 'eɪ.ləʳ, -lɑːʳ (US) -lɚ
Alaric 'æl.ə.rɪk
alarm ə'lɑːm (US) -'lɑːrm **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **a'larm ˌclock**
alarmist ə'lɑː.mɪst (US) -'lɑːr- **-s** -s
alarum ə'lær.əm; -'lɑː.rəm, -'leə- (US) -'ler.əm, -'lɑːr- **-s** -z
alas ə'læs, -'lɑːs (US) -'læs
Alasdair 'æl.ə.stəʳ, -steəʳ (US) -stɚ
Alask|a ə'læs.k|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Alastair 'æl.ə.stəʳ, -steəʳ (US) -stɚ, -ster
Alastor ə'læs.tɔːʳ, æl'æs- (US) -tɔːr, -tɚ
alate 'eɪ.leɪt **-s** -s
alb ælb **-s** -z
Alba 'æl.bə
albacore 'æl.bə.kɔː (US) -kɔːr **-s** -z
Alba Longa ˌæl.bə'lɒŋ.gə (US) -'lɑːŋ.gə, -'lɔːŋ-

Alban 'ɔːl.bən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɑːl-
Albani æl'bɑː.ni (US) ɑːl-, ɔːl-
Albani|a æl'beɪ.ni|.ə, ɔːl- **-an/s** -ən/z
Albany *in London:* 'ɔːl.bə.ni, 'ɒl-, 'æl- (US) 'ɑːl-, 'ɔːl- *in Australia:* 'æl.bə.ni (US) 'ɑːl.bə-, 'ɔːl- *in US:* 'ɔːl.bə.ni, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɑːl-
Albarn 'ɔːl.bɑːn, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɑːl.bɑːrn
albatross 'æl.bə.trɒs (US) -trɑːs, -trɔːs **-es** -ɪz
albedo æl'biː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ **-(e)s** -z
Albee 'ɔːl.biː, 'æl- (US) 'ɑːl-, 'ɔːl-, 'æl-
albeit ɔːl'biː.ɪt (US) ɔːl-, ɑːl-
Albemarle 'æl.bə.mɑːl, -bɪ- (US) -mɑːrl
Alberic 'æl.bə.rɪk
Alberich 'æl.bə.rɪk, -rɪx (US) -rɪk
Albers 'æl.bɜːz, 'ɔːl.bəz (US) 'æl.bɝːz, 'ɑːl.bɚz
albert (A) 'æl.bət (US) -bɚt **-s** -s
ˌ**Albert 'Hall**
Alberta æl'bɜː.tə (US) -'bɝː.t̬ə
albertite 'æl.bə.taɪt (US) -bɚ-
Alberton 'æl.bə.tən (US) -bɚ-
albescen|ce æl'bes.ənt|s **-t** -t
Albi 'æl.bi
Albigenses ˌæl.bɪ'gent.siːz, -bɪ'dʒent-
albinism 'æl.bɪ.nɪ.zəm
albino æl'biː.nəʊ (US) -'baɪ.noʊ **-s** -z
Albinoni ˌæl.bɪ'nəʊ.ni (US) -'noʊ-
Albinus æl'biː.nəs
Albion 'æl.bi.ən
Albrecht 'æl.brekt, -brext (US) 'ɑːl.brekt
Albright 'ɔːl.braɪt, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɑːl-, 'ɔːl-
Albrighton 'ɔː.braɪ.tən, 'ɔːl-, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɑːl-
Albrow 'ɔːl.braʊ (US) 'ɑːl-
Albufeira ˌæl.bʊ'feə.rə (US) ˌɑːl.buː'feɪ.rə
Albula 'æl.bjʊ.lə (US) 'ɑːl.buː-, -bjuː-
album 'æl.bəm **-s** -z
albumen 'æl.bjʊ.mən, -men, -mɪn (US) æl'bjuː.mən
albumin 'æl.bjʊ.mɪn, -bjə.mɪn (US) æl'bjuː.mən
albuminoid æl'bjuː.mɪ.nɔɪd **-s** -z
albuminous æl'bjuː.mɪ.nəs
albuminuria ˌæl.bjuː.mɪ'njʊə.ri.ə (US) -'nʊr.i-, -'njʊr-
Albuquerque ˌæl.bə'kɜː.ki, 'æl.bəˌkɜː- (US) 'æl.bəˌkɝː- *esp. for person:* ˌ--'--
alburnum æl'bɜː.nəm (US) -'bɝː- **-s** -z
Albury 'ɔːl.bər.i, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Alcaeus æl'siː.əs
alcaic (A) æl'keɪ.ɪk **-s** -s
alcalde æl'kæl.deɪ, -di (US) -'kɑːl.di, -deɪ **-s** -z
Alcan® 'æl.kæn
Alcatraz 'æl.kə.træz, ˌ--'-
Alcazar *Spanish palace:* ˌæl.kə'zɑː (US) 'æl.kə.zɑːr; æl'kæz.ɚ *music hall:* æl'kæz.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Alcester 'ɔːl.stəʳ, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.stɚ, 'ɑːl-
Alcestis æl'ses.tɪs
alchemic æl'kem.ɪk **-al** -əl
alchemist 'æl.kə.mɪst, -kɪ- **-s** -s
alchemy 'æl.kə.mi, -kɪ-
Alcibiades ˌæl.sɪ'baɪ.ə.diːz
Alcinous ˌæl'sɪn.əʊ.əs (US) '-oʊ-
Alcmene ælk'miː.niː
Alcock 'æl.kɒk, 'ɔːl-, 'ɒl- (US) 'æl.kɑːk, 'ɑːl-, 'ɔːl-
alcohol 'æl.kə.hɒl (US) -hɑːl **-s** -z
alcoholic ˌæl.kə'hɒl.ɪk (US) -'hɑː.lɪk **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌalcoholic 'drink
alcoholism 'æl.kə.hɒl.ɪ.zəm (US) -hɑː.lɪ-
Alconbury 'ɔːl.kən.bər.i, 'ɔː-, 'ɒl-, -kəm-, -bri (US) 'ɔːl.kən.ber.i, 'ɑːl-, -bɚ-
alcopop 'æl.kəʊ.pɒp (US) -koʊ.pɑːp **-s** -s
Alcott 'ɔːl.kət, 'ɒl-, -kɒt (US) 'ɑːl.kɑːt, 'æl-, -kət
alcove 'æl.kəʊv, 'ɒl- (US) 'æl.koʊv **-s** -z **-d** -d
Alcuin 'æl.kwɪn, 'ɒl- (US) 'æl-
Alcyone æl'saɪə.ni
Aldborough 'ɔːld.bər.ə, 'ɒl- *locally:* 'ɔː.brə (US) 'ɔːld.bɚ.oʊ, 'ɑːld-
Aldbury 'ɔːld.bər.i, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːld.ber-, 'ɑːld-, -bɚ-
Alde ɔːld (US) ɔːld, ɑːld
Aldebaran æl'deb.ə.rən, -ræn
Aldeburgh 'ɔːld.bər.ə, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːld.bɚ.oʊ, 'ɑːld-
aldehyde 'æl.dɪ.haɪd, -də- **-s** -z
Alden 'ɔːl.dən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldenham 'ɔːld.ən.əm, 'ɒld- (US) 'ɔːld-, 'ɑːld-
al dente æl'den.teɪ, ɑːl-
alder (A) 'ɔːl.dəʳ, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ, 'ɑːl- **-s** -z
Alderley Edge ˌɔːl.də.li'edʒ, ˌɒl- (US) ˌɔːl.dɚ-, ˌɑːl-
alder|man (A) 'ɔːl.də|.mən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ-, 'ɑːl- **-men** -mən, -men
aldermanic ˌɔːl.də'mæn.ɪk, ˌɒl- (US) ˌɔːl.dɚ'-, ˌɑːl-
Aldermaston 'ɔːl.də.mɑː.stən (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ-, 'ɑːl-
aldern 'ɔːl.dən, 'ɒl-, -dɜːn (US) 'ɔːl.dɚn, 'ɑːl-
Alderney 'ɔːl.də.ni, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ-, 'ɑːl-
Aldersgate 'ɔːl.dəz.geɪt, 'ɒl-, -gɪt (US) 'ɔːl.dɚz-, 'ɑːl-
Aldershot 'ɔːl.də.ʃɒt, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ.ʃɑːt, 'ɑːl-
Alderson 'ɔːl.də.sən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ-, 'ɑːl-
Alderton 'ɔːl.də.tən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dɚ-, 'ɑːl-
Aldgate 'ɔːld.geɪt, 'ɒl-, -gɪt (US) 'ɔːld-, 'ɑːld-
Aldhelm 'ɔːld.helm, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːld-, 'ɑːld-
Aldi® 'æl.di (US) 'ɑːl-
Aldine 'ɔːl.daɪn, ɒl-, -diːn (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldington 'ɔːl.dɪŋ.tən, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldis(s) 'ɔːl.dɪs, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldous 'ɔːl.dəs, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.dəs, 'ɑːl-, 'æl-
Aldred 'ɔːl.drɪd, 'ɒl-, -dred (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldrich 'ɔːl.drɪtʃ, 'ɒl-, -drɪdʒ (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldridge 'ɔːl.drɪdʒ, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldrin 'ɔːl.drɪn, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldsworth 'ɔːldz.wəθ, 'ɒl-, -wɜːθ (US) 'ɔːldz.wɚθ, 'ɑːldz-, -wɝːθ
Aldus 'ɔːl.dəs, 'ɒl-, 'æl- (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Aldwych 'ɔːld.wɪtʃ, 'ɒld- (US) 'ɔːld-, 'ɑːld-
ale (A) eɪl **-s** -z
aleatoric ˌæl.i.ə'tɒr.ɪk, ˌeɪ.li- (US) -'tɔːr-, -'tɑːr- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
aleatory 'eɪ.li.ə.tər.i, ˌæl.i'eɪ.tər.i (US) 'eɪ.li.ə.tɔːr-
Alec(k) 'æl.ɪk, -lek
Alecto ə'lek.təʊ (US) -toʊ
Aled 'æl.ed, -ɪd
alehou|se 'eɪl.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
Alemannic ˌæl.ɪ'mæn.ɪk, -ə'-
alembic ə'lem.bɪk **-s** -s
Alençon 'æl.ɑ̃n.sɔ̃ːŋ (US) ə'len.sən; ˌæl.ɑːn'soʊn
Aleppo ə'lep.əʊ, æl'ep- (US) -oʊ
a|lert ə|'lɜːt (US) -'lɝːt **-lerts** -'lɜːts (US) -'lɝːts **-lertly** -'lɜːt.li (US) -'lɝːt.li **-lertness** -'lɜːt.nəs, -nɪs (US) -'lɝːt.nəs, -nɪs **-lerting** -'lɜː.tɪŋ (US) -'lɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-lerted** -'lɜː.tɪd (US) -'lɝː.t̬ɪd
Alessandria ˌæl.ɪ'sæn.dri.ə, -es'- (US) ˌæl.ə'sæn-, ˌɑː.lə'sɑːn-
Alessi ə'les.i
Alethea ˌæl.ə'θiː.ə; ə'liː.θi-; 'æl.ɪ.θi- (US) ˌæl.ɪ'θiː.ə; ə'liː.θi-
alethic æl'iː.θɪk, ə'liː-
Aletsch 'æl.ɪtʃ, 'ɑː.lɪtʃ, -letʃ (US) 'ɑː.letʃ
Aleut ə'ljuːt, -luːt; 'æl.juːt, -uːt (US) ə'luːt; 'æl.juːt, -i.uːt **-s** -s
Aleutian ə'ljuː.ʃən, -'luː- (US) -'luː-
A-level 'eɪ.lev.əl **-s** -z
alewi|fe 'eɪl.waɪ|f **-ves** -vz
Alex 'æl.ɪks
Alexander ˌæl.ɪg'zɑːn.dəʳ, -eg'-, -əg'-, -'zæn-, -ɪk'sɑːn- (US) -'zæn.dɚ
Alex'ander tech,nique
Alexandra ˌæl.ɪg'zɑːn.drə, -eg'-, -əg'-, -'zæn-, -ɪk'sɑːn- (US) -'zæn-
Alexandria ˌæl.ɪg'zɑːn.dri.ə, -əg'-, -'zæn-, -ɪk'sɑːn- (US) -'zæn-
alexandrian ˌæl.ɪg'zɑːn.dri.ən, -eg'-, -əg'-, -'zæn-, -ɪk'sɑːn- (US) -'zæn- **-s** -z
Alexandrina ˌæl.ɪg.zæn'driː.nə, -eg-, -əg-', -zɑːn'-, -ɪk.sɑːn'-
alexandrine ˌæl.ɪg'zæn.draɪn, -eg'-, -əg'-, -'zɑːn-, -ɪk'sɑːn- (US) -'zæn.drɪn, -'zæn.draɪn **-s** -z
alexia ˌeɪ'lek.si.ə, ə- (US) ə-
Alexis ə'lek.sɪs
Alf ælf
alfalfa ˌæl'fæl.fə
Alfa Romeo® ˌæl.fə.rəʊ'meɪ.əʊ (US) -roʊ'meɪ.oʊ

Alfie 'æl.fi
Alfonso æl'fɒnt.səʊ, -'fɒn.zəʊ ⓤⓢ -'fɑːnt.soʊ, -'fɑːn.zoʊ
Alford 'ɔːl.fəd, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.fɚd, 'ɑːl-
Alfred 'æl.frɪd, -frəd
Alfreda æl'friː.də
Alfredian æl'friː.di.ən
alfresco, al fresco æl'fres.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
Alfreton 'ɔːl.frɪ.tᵊn, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.frɪ.tən, 'ɑːl-
Alfric 'æl.frɪk
Alfriston 'æl.frɪ.stən, 'ɔːl-
al|ga 'æl|.gə **-gae** -dʒiː, -dʒaɪ, -giː, -gaɪ
Algarve æl'gɑːv, 'æl.gɑːv ⓤⓢ ɑːl'gɑːr.və
algebra 'æl.dʒɪ.brə, -dʒə- **-s** -z
algebraic ˌæl.dʒɪ'breɪ.ɪk, -dʒə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌalgebraic 'sum
algebraist ˌæl.dʒɪ'breɪ.ɪst, -dʒə'- **-s** -s
Algeciras ˌæl.dʒɪ'sɪə.rəs, -dʒə'-, -dʒes'ɪə-, -'sɪr.əs ⓤⓢ -'sɪr.əs
Alger 'æl.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
Algeri|a æl'dʒɪə.ri|.ə ⓤⓢ -'dʒɪr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
Algerine ˌæl.dʒə'riːn
Algernon 'æl.dʒə.nən, -nɒn ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ.nɑːn, -nən
Algiers æl'dʒɪəz ⓤⓢ -'dʒɪrz
Algoa æl'gəʊ.ə ⓤⓢ -'goʊ-
Algol, ALGOL 'æl.gɒl ⓤⓢ -gɑːl
Algonquian æl'gɒŋ.kwi.ən, -ki.ən ⓤⓢ -'gɑːŋ-, -'gɔːŋ-
Algonquin æl'gɒŋ.kwɪn, -kɪn ⓤⓢ -'gɑːn-, -'gɔːŋ-
algorism 'æl.gᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm
algorithm 'æl.gᵊr.ɪ.ðᵊm **-s** -z
algorithmic ˌæl.gə'rɪð.mɪk *stress shift:* ˌalgorithmic de'sign
Algren 'ɔːl.grɪn, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Algy 'æl.dʒi
Alhambra *in Spain:* æl'hæm.brə, əl-; ə'læm- *in California:* æl'hæm.brə
Ali *girl's name:* 'æl.i *boy's name and surname:* 'ɑː.li, ɑː'li
alias 'eɪ.li.əs, -æs **-es** -ɪz
Ali Baba ˌæl.i'bɑː.bə, ˌɑː.li-, -bɑː
alibi 'æl.ɪ.baɪ **-s** -z
Alicante ˌæl.ɪ'kæn.teɪ, -ti ⓤⓢ -ti, -teɪ
Alice 'æl.ɪs ˌ**Alice 'Springs;** ˌ**Alice in 'Wonderland**
Alicia ə'lɪs.i.ə, -'lɪʃ.ə ⓤⓢ -'lɪʃ.ə, -i.ə
Alick 'æl.ɪk
alien 'eɪ.li.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-age** -ɪdʒ
alienable 'eɪ.li.ən.ə.bᵊl
alie|nate 'eɪ.li.ə|.neɪt **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
alienation ˌeɪ.li.ə'neɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
alien|ism 'eɪ.li.ə.n|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
a|light ə|'laɪt **-lights** -'laɪts **-lighting** -'laɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'laɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lighted** -'laɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'laɪ.t̬ɪd
align ə'laɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
alignment ə'laɪn.mənt, -'laɪm- ⓤⓢ -'laɪn- **-s** -s
alike ə'laɪk
aliment 'æl.ɪ.mənt **-s** -s
alimental ˌæl.ɪ'men.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl
alimentary ˌæl.ɪ'men.tᵊr.i, '-tri ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊr.i, '-tri **ali**ˌ**mentary ca'nal** ⓤⓢ **ali'mentary ca**ˌ**nal**
alimentation ˌæl.ɪ.men'teɪ.ʃᵊn
alimon|y 'æl.ɪ.mə.n|i ⓤⓢ -moʊ- **-ies** -iz
A-line 'eɪ.laɪn
Aline *woman's name:* æl'iːn, ə'liːn; 'æl.iːn
alin|e ə'laɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
alineation əˌlɪn.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
Alington 'æl.ɪŋ.tən
Ali Pasha ˌæl.i'pɑː.ʃə, ˌɑː.li-, -'pæʃ.ə ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.li'pɑː.ʃɑː, ˌæl.i'-
aliqu|ant 'æl.ɪ.kw|ənt **-ot** -ɒt ⓤⓢ -ɑːt
Alisha ə'lɪʃ.ə
Alison 'æl.ɪ.sᵊn
Alissa ə'lɪs.ə
Alistair, Alister 'æl.ɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
alit ə'lɪt
Alitalia® ˌæl.ɪ'tæl.i.ə, ˌɑː.li'tɑː.li- ⓤⓢ -jə
alive ə'laɪv
Alix 'æl.ɪks
alizarin ə'lɪz.ə.rɪn
alkahest 'æl.kə.hest
alkalescen|ce ˌæl.kᵊl'es.ᵊn|ts ⓤⓢ -kə'les- **-cy** -*t*.si **-t** -t
alkali 'æl.kᵊl.aɪ ⓤⓢ -kə.laɪ **-(e)s** -z
alkalic ˌæl'kæl.ɪk
alkalif|y æl'kæl.ɪ.f|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
alkaline 'æl.kᵊl.aɪn ⓤⓢ -kə.laɪn
alkalinity ˌæl.kᵊl'ɪn.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -kə'lɪn.ə.t̬i
alkalization, -isa- ˌæl.kᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-
alkaliz|e, -is|e 'æl.kᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -kə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
alkaloid 'æl.kᵊl.ɔɪd ⓤⓢ -kə.lɔɪd **-s** -z **-al** -ᵊl
alkane 'æl.keɪn **-s** -z
Alka Seltzer® ˌæl.kə'selt.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'æl.kəˌselt.sɚ
alkene 'æl.kiːn **-s** -z
Alkoran ˌæl.kɒr'ɑːn, -kɔː'rɑːn, -kə'rɑːn ⓤⓢ -kɔːr'ɑːn, -kə'rɑːn, -'ræn
alk|y 'æl.k|i **-ies** -iz
alkyl 'æl.kɪl ⓤⓢ -kᵊl **-s** -z
alkyne 'æl.kaɪn **-s** -z
all ɔːl ⓤⓢ ɔːl, ɑːl ˌ**all 'fours;** ˌ**all 'right**
alla breve ˌæl.ə'breɪ.veɪ, -vi ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.lə'breɪ.vi, -veɪ
Allah 'æl.ə, -ɑː; ə'lɑː, æl'ɑː
Allahabad ˌæl.ə.hə'bɑːd, -'bæd
all-American ˌɔːl.ə'mer.ɪ.kᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl-
Allan 'æl.ən
Allan-a-Dale ˌæl.ən.ə'deɪl
Allandale 'æl.ən.deɪl
allantois ə'læn.təʊ.ɪs ⓤⓢ -toʊ- **allantoides** əˌlæn'təʊ.ɪ.diːz ⓤⓢ ˌæl.ən'toʊ.ə-
Allard 'æl.ɑːd, -əd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd, -ɚd
Allardice, Allardyce 'æl.ə.daɪs ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
allargando ˌæl.ɑː'gæn.dəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.lɑːr'gɑːn.doʊ
allative 'æl.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv
allay ə'leɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
All-Bran® 'ɔːl.bræn ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Allbright 'ɔːl.braɪt, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
all-clear ˌɔːl'klɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl'klɪr, ˌɑːl-
Allcock 'ɔːl.kɒk ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.kɑːk, 'ɑːl-
all-comers 'ɔːlˌkʌm.əz ⓤⓢ 'ɑːlˌkʌm.ɚz
Allcroft 'ɔːl.krɒft, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.krɑːft, 'ɑːl-
allegation ˌæl.ɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-, -eg'eɪ- **-s** -z
alleg|e ə'ledʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
allegedly ə'ledʒ.ɪd.li, -əd-
Alleghany ˌæl.ɪ'geɪ.ni, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'-
Allegheny 'æl.ɪ.gen.i ⓤⓢ ˌæl.ə'geɪ.ni
allegian|ce ə'liː.dʒᵊn|ts **-ces** -sɪz **-t** -t
allegoric ˌæl.ɪ'gɒr.ɪk, -ə'gɒr- ⓤⓢ -'gɔːr- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
allegorist 'æl.ɪ.gə.rɪst, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -gɔːr.ɪst **-s** -s
allegoriz|e, -is|e 'æl.ɪ.gə.raɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -gɔː-, -gə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
allegor|y 'æl.ɪ.gə.r|i, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -gɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
allegretto ˌæl.ɪ'gret.əʊ, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'gret̬.oʊ **-s** -z
Allegri æl'eg.ri, -'eɪ.gri
allegro ə'leg.rəʊ, æl'eg-, -'eɪ.grəʊ ⓤⓢ -'leg.roʊ, -'leɪ.groʊ **-s** -z
Allein(e) 'æl.ɪn
allele ə'liːl **-s** -z
allelic ə'liː.lɪk
allelism ə'liː.lɪ.zᵊm
alleluia (A) ˌæl.ɪ'luː.jə, -ə'- **-s** -z
allemande 'æl.ə.mɑːnd, -mænd, -mɒnd ⓤⓢ -mænd, -mɑːnd, -mæn, -mən **-s** -z
all-embracing ˌɔːl.ɪm'breɪ.sɪŋ, -em'- ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl.em'-, ˌɑːl-, -ɪm'- *stress shift:* ˌall-embracing 'theory
Allen 'æl.ən, -ɪn **'Allen** ˌ**key; 'Allen** ˌ**wrench**
Allenby 'æl.ən.bi
Allendale 'æl.ən.deɪl, -ɪn-
Allende aɪ'end.i, -eɪ ⓤⓢ ɑː'jen.deɪ, ɑːl-
Allentown 'æl.ən.taʊn, -ɪn-
allergen 'æl.ə.dʒen, -dʒən ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-s** -z
allergenic ˌæl.ə'dʒen.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ɚ'-
allergic ə'lɜː.dʒɪk ⓤⓢ -'lɝː-
allergist 'æl.ə.dʒɪst ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-s** -s
allerg|y 'æl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-ies** -iz
Allerton 'æl.ə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ '-ɚ.tən
allevi|ate ə'liː.vi|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
alleviation əˌliː.vi'eɪ.ʃᵊn
alley 'æl.i **-s** -z **'alley** ˌ**cat**
Alleyn 'æl.ɪn

Allophone

A variant of a phoneme.

Examples for English

Central to the concept of the PHONEME is the idea that it may be pronounced in many different ways. In English we take it for granted that the /r/ sound in *ray* and *tray* are "the same sound" (i.e. the same phoneme), but in reality the two sounds are very different – the /r/ in *ray* is voiced and non-fricative, while the /r/ sound in *tray* is voiceless and FRICATIVE. In phonemic transcription we use the same symbol /r/ for both (the slant brackets indicate that phonemic symbols are being used), but we know that the allophones of /r/ include the voiced non-fricative sound and the voiceless fricative one. Using the square brackets that indicate PHONETIC (allophonic) symbols, the former is [ɹ] and the latter [ɹ̥], e.g.:

ray	/reɪ/	[ɹeɪ]
tray	/treɪ/	[tɹ̥eɪ]

In theory a phoneme can have an infinite number of allophones, but in practice for descriptive purposes we tend to concentrate on the ones that occur most regularly and recognizably.

Alleyne æl'iːn, 'æl.ɪn, æl'eɪn
Alleynian ə'leɪ.ni.ən, æl'eɪ- **-s** -z
alleyway 'æl.i.weɪ **-s** -z
All Fools' Day ˌɔːl'fuːlz.deɪ ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl- **-s** -z
Allhallows ˌɔːl'hæl.əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz, ˌɑːl-
allianc|e ə'laɪ.ənts **-es** -ɪz
allicin 'æl.ə.sɪn, '-ɪ-
allied 'æl.aɪd
Allies 'æl.aɪz
alligator 'æl.ɪ.geɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
all-important ˌɔːl.ɪm'pɔː.tᵊnt ⓤⓢ ɔːl.ɪm'pɔːr-, ɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-important 'meeting
all-in ˌɔːl'ɪn ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-in 'wrestling
all-inclusive ˌɔːl.ɪŋ'kluː.sɪv ⓤⓢ -ɪn'-, ˌɑːl-, -ɪŋ'-
allineation əˌlɪn.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn, æˌlɪn- **-s** -z
Allingham 'æl.ɪŋ.əm
all-in-one ˌɔːl.ɪn'wʌn, -'wɒn ⓤⓢ -'wʌn, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-in-one sham'poo
Allison 'æl.ɪ.sᵊn
alliter|ate ə'lɪt.ᵊr|.eɪt, æl'ɪt- ⓤⓢ ə'lɪt̬.ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
alliteration əˌlɪt.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, æˌlɪt- ⓤⓢ əˌlɪt̬- **-s** -z
alliterative ə'lɪt.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, æl'ɪt-, -eɪ- ⓤⓢ ə'lɪt̬.ᵊr.ə.t̬ɪv, -ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv
Allman 'ɔːl.mən ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
all-nighter ˌɔːl'naɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ, ˌɑːl- **-s** -z
Alloa 'æl.əʊə ⓤⓢ -oʊə
Allobroges ə'lɒb.rə.dʒiːz, æl'ɒb-, -rəʊ- ⓤⓢ ə'lɑː.broʊ-
allo|cate 'æl.ə|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
allocation ˌæl.ə.keɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
allocution ˌæl.ə'kjuː.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
allodi|al ə'ləʊ.di|.əl ⓤⓢ -'loʊ- **-um** -əm
allogeneic ˌæl.əʊ.dʒə'niː.ɪk, -'neɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌ-ə-, ˌ-oʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i
allokine 'æl.əʊ.kaɪn ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -z
allomorph 'æl.əʊ.mɔːf ⓤⓢ -ə.mɔːrf, -oʊ- **-s** -s
Allon 'æl.ən
allopath 'æl.əʊ.pæθ ⓤⓢ '-ə-, '-oʊ- **-s** -s
allopathic ˌæl.əʊ'pæθ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'-, -oʊ'-
allopath|y ə'lɒp.ə.θ|i, æl'ɒp- ⓤⓢ ə'lɑː.pə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
allophone 'æl.əʊ.fəʊn ⓤⓢ -ə.foʊn, -oʊ- **-s** -z
allophonic ˌæl.əʊ'fɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'fɑː.nɪk *stress shift:* ˌallophonic 'variant
all-or-nothing ˌɔːl.ɔː'nʌθ.ɪŋ, -ə'-, -'nɒθ- ⓤⓢ -ɔːr'nʌθ.ɪŋ, ˌɑːl-, -ɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌall-or-nothing 'gamble
alloseme 'æl.əʊ.siːm ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -z
al|lot əl'ɒt ⓤⓢ -'lɑːt **-lots** -'lɒts ⓤⓢ -'lɑːts **-lotting** -'lɒt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-lotted** -'lɒt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.t̬ɪd
allotment ə'lɒt.mənt ⓤⓢ -'lɑːt- **-s** -s
allotone 'æl.əʊ.təʊn ⓤⓢ -ə.toʊn **-s** -z
allotrope 'æl.ə.trəʊp ⓤⓢ -troʊp **-s** -s
allotropic ˌæl.ə'trɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'trɑː.pɪk
allotropy æl'ɒt.rə.pi, ə'lɒt- ⓤⓢ ə'lɑː.trə-
all-out ˌɔːl'aʊt ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-out 'effort
allow ə'laʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
allowab|le ə'laʊ.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
allowanc|e ə'laʊ.ənts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Alloway 'æl.ə.weɪ
allowedly ə'laʊ.ɪd.li, -əd-
alloy (*n.*) 'æl.ɔɪ **-s** -z
alloy (*v.*) ə'lɔɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
all-powerful ˌɔːl'paʊə.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ -'paʊɚ-, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-powerful 'monarch
all-purpose ˌɔːl'pɜː.pəs ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl'pɝː-, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-purpose 'knife
all-round ˌɔːl'raʊnd ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌall-round 'athlete
all-rounder ˌɔːl'raʊn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ, ˌɑːl- **-s** -z
All Saints' Day ˌɔːl'seɪntsˌdeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl-, ˌɑːl- **-s** -z
Allsop(p) 'ɔːl.sɒp ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.sɑːp, 'ɑːl-
allsorts 'ɔːl.sɔːts ⓤⓢ -sɔːrts, 'ɑːl-
All Souls' Day ˌɔːl'səʊlzˌdeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl'soʊlz-, ˌɑːl- **-s** -z
allspice 'ɔːl.spaɪs ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
all-star 'ɔːl.stɑːʳ ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.stɑːr, 'ɑːl-
all-time ˌɔːl'taɪm ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.taɪm, 'ɑːl- *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ˌ**all-time 'greats**
allud|e ə'luːd, -'ljuːd ⓤⓢ -'luːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Allum 'æl.əm
allur|e ə'ljʊəʳ, -'lʊəʳ, -'ljɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -'lʊr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s
allusion ə'luː.ʒᵊn, ə'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-s** -z
allusive ə'luː.sɪv, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
alluvi|al ə'luː.vi|.əl, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-a** -ə
alluvion ə'luː.vi.ən, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-s** -z
alluvi|um ə'luː.vi|.əm, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
Allworth 'ɔːl.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, 'ɑːl-, -wɝːθ
Allworthy 'ɔːlˌwɜː.ði ⓤⓢ -ˌwɝː-, ɑːl-
all|y (*n.*) 'æl.aɪ, ə'laɪ **-ies** -z
all|y (*v.*) ə'l|aɪ, æl|'aɪ; 'æl|.aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
Note: **Allied** is usually pronounced /'æl.aɪd/ when attributive.
Ally 'æl.i
-ally əl.i, li
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ally** are stressed in the same manner as adjectives containing **-al**. Where the word ends **-ically**, two forms are possible, e.g. **musically** is either /'mjuː.zɪ.kᵊl.i/ or /'mjuː.zɪ.kli/.
Allyson 'æl.ɪ.sᵊn
Alma 'æl.mə
Alma-Ata ˌæl.mɑː.ə'tɑː, æˌlmɑː-, ˌɑːl.mə'ɑː.tə
Almack 'ɔːl.mæk, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
almagest 'æl.mə.dʒest **-s** -s

alma mater, (A M) ˌæl.mə'mɑː.təʳ, -'meɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.t̬ɚ, ˌɑːl- -s -z
almanac(k) 'ɔːl.mə.næk, 'ɒl-, 'æl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-, 'æl- -s -s
almandine 'æl.mən.diːn, -dɪn -s -z
Almanzor æl'mæn.zɔːʳ, -zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɔːr, -zɚ
Alma-Tadema ˌæl.mə'tæd.ɪ.mə
Almeida æl'miː.də, -'meɪ- ⓤⓢ -'meɪ-
Almería ˌæl.mə'ri.ə
Almesbury 'ɑːmz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ-
almight|y (A) ɔːl'maɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -t̬|i, ɑːl- **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Almodovar ˌæl.mə'dəʊ.vɑːʳ, -'dɒ- ⓤⓢ -'doʊ.vɑːr
Almon 'æl.mən
almond (A) 'ɑː.mənd ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɑːl-, 'æl- -s -z
Almondbury 'æl.mənd.bᵊr.i, 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- ⓤⓢ 'æl.mənd.ber.i, 'ɑː-, 'ɑːl-, -bɚ-
Almondsbury 'ɑː.məndz.bᵊr.i *locally also:* 'eɪmz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.məndz.ber.i, 'ɑːl-, -bɚ-
almoner 'ɑː.mə.nəʳ, 'æl- ⓤⓢ 'æl.mə.nɚ, 'ɑː-, 'ɑːl- -s -z
almonr|y 'ɑː.mən.r|i, 'æl- ⓤⓢ 'æl-, 'ɑː-, 'ɑːl- **-ies** -iz
almost 'ɔːl.məʊst, -məst ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.moʊst, 'ɑːl-
alms ɑːmz
almsgiv|er 'ɑːmz.gɪ.v|əʳ ⓤⓢ -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
almshou|se 'ɑːmz.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
Alne ɔːn
Alness 'ɔːl.nɪs, 'æl-
Alnmouth 'æln.maʊθ, 'eɪl-
Alnwick 'æn.ɪk
aloe 'æl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -s -z
aloe vera ˌæl.əʊ'vɪə.rə ⓤⓢ -oʊ'vɪr.ə
aloft ə'lɒft ⓤⓢ -'lɑːft
aloha ə'ləʊ.hə, æl'əʊ-, -hɑː, -ə ⓤⓢ ə'loʊ.hɑː
alone ə'ləʊn ⓤⓢ -'loʊn **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
along ə'lɒŋ ⓤⓢ -'lɑːŋ, -'lɔːŋ
alongside əˌlɒŋ'saɪd ⓤⓢ ə'lɑːŋ.saɪd, -'lɔːŋ-, -ˌ-'-
Alonso ə'lɒnt.səʊ, -'lɒn.zəʊ ⓤⓢ -'lɑːnt.soʊ, -'lɑːn.zoʊ
aloof ə'luːf **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
alopecia ˌæl.əʊ'piː.ʃə, '-ʃi.ə ⓤⓢ -ə'-, -oʊ'-
aloud ə'laʊd
Aloysius ˌæl.əʊ'ɪʃ.əs, -'ɪs.i.əs ⓤⓢ ˌæl.oʊ'ɪʃ-, -'ɪs.i.əs, -ə'wɪʃ.əs, -i.əs
alp (A) ælp -s -s
alpaca æl'pæk.ə -s -z
Alpen® 'æl.pən
alpenglow 'æl.pən.gləʊ ⓤⓢ -gloʊ
alpenhorn 'æl.pən.hɔːn, -pɪn- ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn -s -z
alpenstock 'æl.pən.stɒk, -pɪn- ⓤⓢ -stɑːk -s -s
Alperton 'æl.pə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -pɚ-
alpha 'æl.fə -s -z **'alpha ˌparticle; 'alpha ˌray; 'alpha ˌrhythm; 'alpha ˌwave**
alphabet 'æl.fə.bet -s -s
alphabetic ˌæl.fə'bet.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'bet̬- *stress shift:* ˌalphabetic 'writing
alphabetic|al ˌæl.fə'bet.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ -'bet̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **ˌalphabetical 'order, alphaˌbetical 'order**
alphabeticiz|e, -is|e ˌæl.fə'bet.ɪ.saɪz ⓤⓢ -'bet̬.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
alphabetization, -isa- ˌæl.fə.bet.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -bet̬.ɪ'-
alphabetiz|e, -is|e 'æl.fə.bet.aɪz, -bə.taɪz, -bɪ- ⓤⓢ -bə.taɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Alpha Centauri ˌæl.fə.sen'tɔː.ri, -ken'-, -'taʊ- ⓤⓢ -sen'tɔːr.i
Alphaeus æl'fiː.əs
alphanumeric ˌæl.fə.njuː'mer.ɪk ⓤⓢ -nuː'-, -njuː'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌalphanumeric 'code
Alphonse æl'fɒnts, '-- ⓤⓢ æl'fɑːnts, -'fɔːnts, '--
Alphonso æl'fɒnt.səʊ, -'fɒn.zəʊ ⓤⓢ -'fɑːnt.soʊ, -'fɑːn.zoʊ
alpine (A) 'æl.paɪn
alpin|ism 'æl.pɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Alps ælps
Al-Qaida, Al Qaeda ˌæl'kaɪ.də; ˌæl.kɑː'iː.də ⓤⓢ ˌæl'keɪ.də, ˌɑːl-; ˌɑːl'kaɪ.ə.də
already ɔːl'red.i ⓤⓢ ɔːl-, ɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌalready 'here
Alresford 'ɔːlz.fəd, 'ɔːls-, 'ɑːlz-, 'ɑːls- ⓤⓢ -fɚd
Alrewas 'ɔːl.rəs, -rə.wəs
alright ɔːl'raɪt ⓤⓢ ɔːl-, ɑːl-
Alsace æl'sæs, -'zæs
Alsace-Lorraine ælˌsæs.lɒr'eɪn, -'zæs ⓤⓢ -loʊ'reɪn, -ˌseɪs-, -lə'-
Alsager 'ɔːl.sɪ.dʒəʳ, -sə.dʒəʳ, ɔːl'seɪ.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.sə.dʒɚ, 'ɑːl-, ɔːl'seɪ.dʒɚ, ɑːl-
Alsatia æl'seɪ.ʃə, '-ʃi.ə
alsatian (A) æl'seɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
also 'ɔːl.səʊ ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.soʊ, 'ɑːl-
Alsop(p) 'ɔːl.sɒp, 'ɒl-, -səp ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.sɑːp, 'ɑːl-
also-ran 'ɔːl.səʊˌræn ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.soʊˌræn, 'ɑːl- -s -z
Alston 'ɔːl.stən, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
alt ælt, ɔːlt ⓤⓢ ælt, ɑːlt
Altai ɑːl'taɪ
Altaic æl'teɪ.ɪk
Altair 'æl.teəʳ, -'- ⓤⓢ æl'ter, -'tær, -'taɪr
altar 'ɔːl.təʳ, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ, 'ɑːl- -s -z **'altar ˌboy; 'altar ˌrail**
altarpiec|e 'ɔːl.tə.piːs, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ-, 'ɑːl- **-es** -ɪz
AltaVista® ˌæl.tə'vɪs.tə, ˌɔːl- ⓤⓢ ˌɑːl-, ˌæl-
altazimuth æl'tæz.ɪ.məθ -s -s
Altdorf 'ælt.dɔːf ⓤⓢ 'ɑːlt.dɔːrf, 'ælt-
alter 'ɔːl.təʳ, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ, 'ɑːl- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-ant/s** -ᵊnt/s
alteration ˌɔːl.tᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɒl- ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl.t̬ə'reɪ-, ˌɑːl- -s -z
alterative 'ɔːl.tᵊr.ə.tɪv, 'ɒl-, -tᵊr.eɪ- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, 'ɑːl-, -t̬ɚ.ə-
alter|cate 'ɔːl.tə|.keɪt, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ-, 'ɑːl- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
altercation ˌɔːl.tə'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɒl- ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl.t̬ɚ'-, ˌɑːl- -s -z
alter ego ˌɔːl.təʳ'iː.gəʊ, ˌɒl-, ˌæl-, -'eg.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl.t̬ɚ'iː.goʊ, ˌɑːl- -s -z
alternanc|e ɔːl'tɜː.nənts, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.tɝː-, 'ɑːl- **-es** -ɪz
alternant ɔːl'tɜː.nənt, ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.tɝː-, 'ɑːl- -s -s
alternate (*adj.*) ɔːl'tɜː.nət, ɒl-, -nɪt ⓤⓢ ɔːl'tɝː-, ɑːl-; 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ-, 'ɑːl- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
alter|nate (*v.*) 'ɔːl.tə|.neɪt, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.t̬ɚ-, 'ɑːl- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
alternation ˌɔːl.tə'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɒl- ⓤⓢ ˌɔːl.t̬ɚ'-, ˌɑːl- -s -z
alternative ɔːl'tɜː.nə.tɪv, ɒl- ⓤⓢ ɔːl'tɝː.nə.t̬ɪv, ɑːl- -s -z **-ly** -li **alˌternative 'medicine**
alternator 'ɔːl.tə.neɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.tɚ.neɪ.t̬ɚ, 'ɑːl-, 'æl- -s -z
Althea 'æl.θi.ə ⓤⓢ æl'θiː-
Althorp 'ɔːl.θɔːp, 'ɒl-, -trəp ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl.θɔːrp, 'ɑːl-
Note: Viscount Althorp pronounces /'ɔːl.trəp/.
although ɔːl'ðəʊ ⓤⓢ ɔːl'ðoʊ, ɑːl-
Althusser ˌæl.tʊ'seə ⓤⓢ ˌɑːl.tuː'ser
altimeter 'æl.tɪ.miː.təʳ, 'ɔːl-, 'ɒl-; æl'tɪm.ɪ- ⓤⓢ æl'tɪm.ə.t̬ɚ, 'æl.t̬ə.miː- -s -z
altimetry æl'tɪm.ɪ.tri, ɔːl-, ɒl-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ æl'tɪm.ə-
altissimo æl'tɪs.ɪ.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ, ɑːl-
altitude 'æl.tɪ.tjuːd, 'ɔːl-, 'ɒl-, -tʃuːd ⓤⓢ 'æl.tə.tuːd, -tjuːd -s -z
Altman 'ɔːlt.mən ⓤⓢ 'ɔːlt-, 'ɑːlt-
alto 'æl.təʊ, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'æl.toʊ -s -z
altogether ˌɔːl.tə'geð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ, ˌɑːl- *stress shift:* ˌaltogether 'marvellous
Alton 'ɔːl.tᵊn, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Altona 'æl.təʊ.nə ⓤⓢ ɑːl'toʊ-
Altoona æl'təʊ.nə ⓤⓢ -'tuː-
alto-relievo, alto-rilievo ˌæl.təʊ.rɪ'liː.vəʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ.rə'liː.voʊ, ˌɑːl-
Altrincham 'ɔːl.trɪŋ.əm, 'ɒl- ⓤⓢ 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
altru|ism 'æl.tru|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
altruistic ˌæl.tru'ɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌaltruistic 'action
alum (A) 'æl.əm -s -z
alumina ə'luː.mɪ.nə, æl'uː-, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ ə'luː-
aluminium ˌæl.jə'mɪn.i.əm, -jʊ'-, -ə'-, '-jəm *stress shift:* ˌaluminium 'foil
aluminiz|e, -is|e ə'ljuː.mɪ.naɪz, ə'luː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aluminous ə'luː.mɪ.nəs, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː-
aluminum ə'luː.mɪ.nəm, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː-
alumn|a ə'lʌm.n|ə **-ae** -iː

Alveolar

Alveolar sounds are made with a place of articulation behind the upper front teeth, against the hard, bony ridge called the alveolar ridge; the skin covering it is corrugated with transverse wrinkles.

Examples for English

The tongue comes into contact with the alveolar ridge in some of the consonants of English and many other languages; sounds such as [t], [d], [s], [z], [n], [l] are consonants with alveolar place of articulation. Some examples for English follow, e.g.:

tip	/tɪp/	zip	/zɪp/
dip	/dɪp/	nip	/nɪp/
sip	/sɪp/	lip	/lɪp/

Although /r/ is described as alveolar or post-alveolar in British English, in US English it is in fact nearer to RETROFLEX, e.g.:

rip /rɪp/ [ɹɪʔp] (US) [ɻɪʔp]

alumn|us ə'lʌm.n|əs -i -aɪ
Alun 'æl.ɪn
Alva 'æl.və
Alvar 'æl.vɑːʳ, -vəʳ (US) -vɑːr, -vɚ
Alvarez æl'vɑː.rez; 'æl.və- (US) 'æl.və.rez; 'ɑːl.vɑː.reθ
Alvary 'æl.vᵊr.i
alveolar ˌæl.vi'əʊ.ləʳ; æl'viː.ə-; 'æl.vi- (US) æl'viː.ə.lɚ -s -z
alveolate æl'viː.ə.lət, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) -lɪt
alveole 'æl.vi.əʊl (US) -oʊl -s -z
alveol|us ˌæl.vi'əʊ.l|əs; æl'viː.ə-; 'æl.vi.ə- (US) æl'viː.ə- -i -aɪ, -iː
Alverstone 'ɔːl.və.stᵊn, 'ɒl- (US) 'ɔːl.vɚ-, 'ɑːl-
Alvescot 'æl.vɪ.skɒt, -skət *locally:* 'ɔːl.skət (US) -skɑːt
Alveston 'æl.vɪ.stən
Alvey 'æl.vi
Alvin 'æl.vɪn
alway 'ɔːl.weɪ, 'ɑːl-
always 'ɔːl.weɪz, -wəz, -wɪz (US) 'ɔːl-, 'ɑːl-
Alwyn 'æl.wɪn, 'ɔːl-
Alyn 'æl.ɪn, -ən
Alyson 'æl.ɪ.sən
Alyssa æl'ɪs.ə
alyssum 'æl.ɪ.səm
Alzheimer 'ælts.haɪ.məʳ (US) 'ɑːlts.haɪ.mɚ, 'ælts- **'Alzheimer's diˌsease**
a.m., AM ˌeɪ'em
am *strong form:* æm *weak forms:* əm, m
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /æm/ is used for emphasis (e.g. 'I **am** going to leave.'), for contrast (e.g. 'I know what I **am** and am **not** capable of.') and in final position (e.g. 'That's who I am.'). The weak form is usually /əm/ (e.g. 'How am I going to pay?' / ˌhaʊ.əm.aɪˌgəʊ.ɪŋ.tə'peɪ/ (US)/-goʊ.ɪŋ.t̬ə'-/), but after 'I' /aɪ/ it is frequently shortened to /m/ (e.g. 'I am (I'm) here' /aɪm'hɪəʳ/ (US) /aɪm'hɪr/).
AMA ˌeɪ.em'eɪ
Amabel 'æm.ə.bel
Amadeus ˌæm.ə'deɪ.əs (US) ˌɑː.mə'deɪ.ʊs, -əs
Amadis 'æm.ə.dɪs
amadou 'æm.ə.duː
amah 'ɑː.mə, 'æm.ɑː (US) 'ɑː.mɑː -s -z
Amahl 'æm.ɑːl (US) ə'mɑːl
amain ə'meɪn
Amalekite ə'mæl.ə.kaɪt, '-ɪ- (US) ˌæm.ə'lek.aɪt; ə'mæl.ə.kaɪt -s -s
Amalfi ə'mæl.fi, æm'æl- (US) ə'mæl-, -'mɑːl
amalgam ə'mæl.gəm -s -z
amalga|mate ə'mæl.gə|.meɪt -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
amalgamation əˌmæl.gə'meɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
amalgamative ə'mæl.gə.mə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
Amalia ə'mɑː.li.ə, æm'ɑː- (US) ə'meɪl.jə
Amalth(a)ea ˌæm.əl'θiː.ə
Aman 'æm.ən (US) 'eɪ.mən
Amanda ə'mæn.də
amandine ə'mæn.daɪn; ˌɑː.mən'diːn (US) ˌɑː.mən'diːn, ˌæm.ən'-
Amantia ə'mæn.ʃi.ə
amanuens|is əˌmæn.ju'en*t*.s|ɪs -es -iːz
Amara ə'mɑː.rə
amaranth 'æm.ᵊr.æn*t*θ (US) -ə.ræn*t*θ -s -s
amaranthine ˌæm.ᵊr'æn*t*.θaɪn (US) -ə'ræn*t*.θɪn, -θiːn, -θaɪn
amaretto (A) ˌæm.ᵊr'et.əʊ (US) -ə'ret̬.oʊ
Amarillo ˌæm.ᵊr'ɪl.əʊ (US) -ə'rɪl.oʊ
amaryllis (A) ˌæm.ᵊr'ɪl.ɪs (US) -ə'rɪl- -es -ɪz
Amasis ə'meɪ.sɪs
amass ə'mæs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
amateur 'æm.ə.təʳ, -tɜːʳ, -tjʊəʳ, -tjəʳ, -tʃəʳ; ˌæm.ə'tɜːʳ (US) 'æm.ə.tʃɚ, -tʃʊr, -t̬ɚ, -tɜː -s -z ˌamateur dra'matics
Note: The final British form is not used attributively.
amateurish 'æm.ə.tᵊr.ɪʃ, -tɜː.rɪʃ, -tjʊə-, -tjɔː-, -tjᵊr.ɪʃ, -tʃᵊr- (US) ˌæm.ə'tɝː.ɪʃ, -'tʃʊr-, -'tjʊr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
amateurism 'æm.ə.tᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm, -tɜː.rɪ-, -tjʊə-, -tjɔː-, -tjᵊr.ɪ-, -tʃᵊr- (US) 'æm.ə.tʃɚ.ɪ-, -tʃʊ.rɪ-, -t̬ɚ.ɪ-
Amati ə'mɑː.ti, æm'ɑː- (US) -t̬i -s -z
amatol 'æm.ə.tɒl (US) -tɑːl
amatory 'æm.ə.tᵊr.i (US) -tɔːr-
amaurosis ˌæm.ɔː'rəʊ.sɪs (US) -'roʊ-
amaz|e ə'meɪz -es -ɪz -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs -ement/s -mənt/s
amazing ə'meɪ.zɪŋ -ly -li
amazon (A) 'æm.ə.zᵊn (US) -zɑːn -s -z
Amazonia ˌæm.ə'zəʊ.ni.ə (US) -'zoʊ-
amazonian (A) ˌæm.ə'zəʊ.ni.ən (US) -'zoʊ-
amazonite 'æm.ə.zə.naɪt -s -s
ambassador æm'bæs.ə.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
ambassadorial æmˌbæs.ə'dɔː.ri.əl, ˌæm.bæs-
ambassadress æm'bæs.ə.drəs, -drɪs, -dres (US) -drəs -es -ɪz
Ambato ɑːm'bɑː.təʊ, æm- (US) -toʊ
amber (A) 'æm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
ambergris 'æm.bə.griːs (US) -bɚ.grɪs
amberjack 'æm.bə.dʒæk (US) -bɚ- -s -s
ambi- æm.bɪ, æm.bi; æm'bi
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ambient** / 'æm.bi.ənt/, **ambidextrous** / ˌæm.bɪ'dek.strəs/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **ambivalence** /æm'bɪv.ᵊl.ən*t*s/.
ambianc|e 'æm.bi.ən*t*s, -ɑ̃ːn*t*s (US) 'æm.bi.ən*t*s, ˌɑːm.bi'ɑːn*t*s -es -ɪz
ambidexter ˌæm.bɪ'dek.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
ambidexterity ˌæm.bɪ.dek'ster.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
ambidextrous ˌæm.bɪ'dek.strəs
ambienc|e 'æm.bi.ən*t*s, -ɑ̃ːn*t*s (US) 'æm.bi.ən*t*s, ˌɑːm.bi'ɑːn*t*s -es -ɪz
ambient 'æm.bi.ənt
ambiguit|y ˌæm.bɪ'gjuː.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -bə'gjuː.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
ambiguous æm'bɪg.ju.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Ambiorix æm'baɪ.ə.rɪks US -ɚ.ɪks, -oʊ.rɪks
ambit 'æm.bɪt -s -s
ambition æm'bɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
ambitious æm'bɪʃ.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ambivalen|ce æm'bɪv.ᵊl.ən|ts -t/ly -t/li
ambl|e (A) 'æm.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'æm.blɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, '-bləʳ/z US '-bᵊl.ɚ/z, '-blɚ/z
Ambler 'æm.bləʳ, '-bᵊl.əʳ US '-blɚ, '-bᵊl.ɚ
Ambleside 'æm.bᵊl.saɪd
amboyna (A) æm'bɔɪ.nə
Ambree 'æm.bri
Ambridge 'æm.brɪdʒ
Ambrose 'æm.brəʊz, -brəʊs US -broʊz
ambrosi|a æm'brəʊ.zi|.ə, -ʒ|ə US -'broʊ.ʒ|ə -al -əl -ally -ᵊl.i -an -ən
Ambrosius æm'brəʊ.zi.əs, -ʒəs US -'broʊ.ʒəs
ambsace 'eɪm.zeɪs, 'æm-
ambulance 'æm.bjə.lənts, -bjʊ.lənts, -bə- -s -ɪz -man -mæn -men -men -woman -ˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
ambulance-chaser 'æm.bjə.lənts,tʃeɪ.səʳ, -bjʊ- US -sɚ -s -z
ambulant 'æm.bjə.lənt, -bjʊ.lənt
ambu|late 'æm.bjə|.leɪt, -bjʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ambulation ˌæm.bjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -bjʊ'- -s -z
ambulator|y ˌæm.bjə'leɪ.tᵊr|.i, -bjʊ-; 'æm.bjə.lə-, -bjʊ- US 'æm.bjə.lə.tɔːr-, -bjʊ- -ies -iz
ambuscad|e ˌæm.bə'skeɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
ambush 'æm.bʊʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ameb|a ə'miː.b|ə -as -əz -ae -iː -ic -ɪk
Amelia ə'miː.li.ə US -'miːl.jə, -'miː.li.ə
amelior|ate ə'miː.li.ᵊr|.eɪt US -'miː.li.ə.r|eɪt, -'miːl.jə- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
amelioration əˌmiː.li.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn US -ˌmiː.li.ə'reɪ-, -ˌmiːl.jə'- -s -z
ameliorative ə'miː.li.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- US -'miː.li.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, -'miːl.jə-
amen ˌɑː'men, ˌeɪ- -s -z
amenability əˌmiː.nə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
amenab|le ə'miː.nə.b|ᵊl US -'miː.nə-, -'men.ə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Amen Corner ˌeɪ.men'kɔː.nəʳ US -'kɔːr.nɚ
amend ə'mend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
amendatory ə'men.də.tᵊr.i US -tɔː.ri
amendment ə'mend.mənt -s -s
amenit|y ə'miː.nə.t|i, -'men.ə-, -ɪ.t|i US ə'men.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
amenorrh(o)ea ˌeɪ.men.ə'riː.ə, ˌæm.en- US ˌeɪ.men-
Amerasian ˌæm.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn US -ə'reɪ.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z
amerc|e ə'mɜːs US -'mɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ement/s -mənt/s
America ə'mer.ɪ.kə -s -z
American ə'mer.ɪ.kən -s -z -ist/s -ɪst/s Aˌmerican Ex'press®
Americana əˌmer.ɪ'kɑː.nə US -'kæn.ə, -'kɑː.nə
Americanese əˌmer.ɪ.kə'niːz US -'niːz, -'niːs
american|ism (A) ə'mer.ɪ.kə.n|ɪ.zᵊm -isms -ɪ.zᵊmz -ist/s -ɪst/s
americanization, -isa- (A) əˌmer.ɪ.kə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- US -nɪ'-
americaniz|e, -is|e (A) ə'mer.ɪ.kə.naɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
americium ˌæm.ə'rɪs.i.əm, -'rɪʃ-
Amerindian ˌæm.ə'rɪn.di.ən -s -z
Amersham 'æm.ə.ʃᵊm US -ɚ-
Amery 'eɪ.mᵊr.i
Ames eɪmz
Amesbury 'eɪmz.bᵊr.i US -ber.i
Ameslan 'æm.ɪ.slæn
amethyst 'æm.ə.θɪst, -ɪ.θɪst -s -s
amethystine ˌæm.ə'θɪs.taɪn, -ɪ'- US -tᵊn, -taɪn, -tɪn, -tiːn
Amex 'æm.eks
AMF ˌeɪ.em'ef
Amharic æm'hær.ɪk US -'hær-, -'hɑːr-
Amherst 'æm.əst, -hɜːst US -ɚst, -hɝːst
amiability ˌeɪ.mi.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
amiab|le 'eɪ.mi.ə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
amicability ˌæm.ɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
amicab|le 'æm.ɪ.kə.b|ᵊl, ə'mɪk- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
amic|e 'æm.ɪs -es -ɪz
Amice 'eɪ.mɪs
Amicus 'æm.ɪ.kəs
amid ə'mɪd
amide 'æm.aɪd, 'eɪ.maɪd US 'æm.aɪd, -əd -s -z
amidships ə'mɪd.ʃɪps
amidst ə'mɪdst, -'mɪtst
Amiel 'æm.i.əl, 'eɪ.mi-
Amiens *French city:* 'æm.jæ̃, -i.ɑ̃ː, -i.ɒŋ, -i.ənz *Shakespearean character:* 'æm.i.ənz *street in Dublin:* 'eɪ.mi.ənz
Amies 'eɪ.miz
amiga (A®) ə'miː.gə US ə'miː.gə, ɑː- -s -z
amigo ə'miː.gəʊ US -goʊ, ɑː- -s -z
Amin ɑː'miːn, æm'iːn
amino ə'miː.nəʊ, æm'iː- US -noʊ aˌmino 'acid, a'mino ˌacid
amir ə'mɪəʳ US -'mɪr -s -z
Amis 'eɪ.mɪs
Amish 'ɑː.mɪʃ, 'æm.ɪʃ, 'eɪ.mɪʃ US 'ɑː-, 'æm.ɪʃ
amiss ə'mɪs
amitosis ˌæm.ɪ'təʊ.sɪs US -'toʊ-
amitotic ˌæm.ɪ'tɒt.ɪk US -'tɑː.t̬ɪk
amity 'æm.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti US -ə.t̬i
Amlwch 'æm.lʊk, -lʊx
Amman ə'mɑːn US ɑː'mɑːn
Ammanford 'æm.ən.fəd US -fɚd
ammeter 'æm.iː.təʳ, -ɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z
ammo 'æm.əʊ US -oʊ
Ammon 'æm.ən, -ɒn US -ən
ammonia ə'məʊ.ni.ə US -'moʊ.njə
ammoniac ə'məʊ.ni.æk US -'moʊ-
ammoniacal ˌæm.əʊ'naɪ.ə.kᵊl, -ə'-
ammoniated ə'məʊ.ni.eɪ.tɪd US -'moʊ.ni.eɪ.t̬ɪd
ammonification əˌməʊ.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -nə- US -mɑː-, -moʊ-
ammonif|y ə'məʊ.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- US -'mɑː-, -'moʊ- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd -ier/s -aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z
ammonite (A) 'æm.ə.naɪt -s -s
ammonium ə'məʊ.ni.əm US -'moʊ-
Ammons 'æm.ənz
ammunition ˌæm.jə'nɪʃ.ᵊn, -jʊ'- US -jə'-
amnesia æm'niː.zi.ə, -ʒə US -ʒə
amnesiac æm'niː.zi.æk US -ʒi- -s -s
amnesic æm'niː.zɪk, -sɪk -s -s
amnest|y 'æm.nə.st|i, -nɪ- -ies -iz ˌAmnesty Inter'national
amniocentesis ˌæm.ni.əʊ.sen'tiː.sɪs, -sən'- US -oʊ-
amniotic ˌæm.ni'ɒt.ɪk US -'ɑː.t̬ɪk *stress shift:* ˌamniotic 'membrane
Amoco® 'æm.ə.kəʊ; ə'məʊ- US 'æm.ə-
amoeb|a ə'miː.b|ə -ae -iː -as -əz -ic -ɪk
amoebiasis ˌæm.iː'baɪə.sɪs, -ɪ'-
amok ə'mɒk, -'mʌk US -'mʌk, -'mɑːk
Amon 'ɑː.mən
among ə'mʌŋ
amongst ə'mʌŋst
Amon-Ra ˌɑː.mən'rɑː
amontillado (A) əˌmɒn.ti'jɑː.dəʊ, -tɪ'lɑː- US -ˌmɑːn.tə'lɑː.doʊ -s -z
amoral ˌeɪ'mɒr.əl, æm'ɒr- US ˌeɪ'mɔːr- -ly -li
amorality ˌeɪ.mər'æl.ɪ.ti US -mɔːr'æl.ə.t̬i
Amoretti ˌæm.ə'ret.i US -'ret̬-, ˌɑː.mə'-
amorett|o ˌæm.ə'ret|.əʊ US -'ret̬|.oʊ, ˌɑː.mə'- -i -i
amorist 'æm.ᵊr.ɪst -s -s
Amorite 'æm.ᵊr.aɪt US -ə.raɪt -s -s
amorous 'æm.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
amorph|ism ə'mɔː.f|ɪ.zᵊm US -'mɔːr- -ous -əs
amortizable, -isa- ə'mɔː.taɪ.zə.bᵊl US ˌæm.ɔːr'taɪ-
amortization, -isa- əˌmɔː.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪ'- US æmˌɔːr.t̬ə'- -s -z
amortiz|e, -is|e ə'mɔː.taɪz US æm'ɔːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
amortizement, -ise- ə'mɔː.tɪz.mənt US 'æm.ɚ.taɪz.mənt,

ə'mɔːr.t̬iz.mənt
Amory 'eɪ.mᵊr.i
Amos 'eɪ.mɒs ⓤⓢ -məs
a|mount ə'maʊnt **-mounts** -'maʊnts **-mounting** -'maʊn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'maʊn.t̬ɪŋ **-mounted** -'maʊn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'maʊn.t̬ɪd
amour ə'mʊəʳ, æm'ʊəʳ, ə'mɔːʳ, æm'ɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ə'mʊr, æm'ʊr **-s** -z
amour-propre ˌæm.ʊə'prɒp.rə ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.mʊr'proʊ.prə, ˌæm.ʊr'-
Amoy ə'mɔɪ, æm'ɔɪ
amp æmp **-s** -s
ampelopsis ˌæm.pɪ'lɒp.sɪs ⓤⓢ -'lɑːp-
amperage 'æm.pᵊr.ɪdʒ, -per-, -peə.rɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'æm.prɪdʒ, -pɪ.rɪdʒ
ampère, ampere (A) 'æm.peəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɪr, -per **-s** -z
ampersand 'æm.pə.sænd ⓤⓢ -pɚ- **-s** -z
amphetamine æm'fet.ə.miːn, -mɪn ⓤⓢ -fet̬- **-s** -z
amphi- æmp.fɪ; æm'fɪ ⓤⓢ æmp.fɪ, -fə; æm'fɪ
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **amphora** /'æmp.fᵊr.ə/, **amphibiotic** /ˌæmp.fɪ.baɪ'ɒt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.t̬ɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **amphibian** /æm'fɪb.i.ən/.
amphibi|a æm'fɪb.i|ə **-ous** -əs
amphibian æm'fɪb.i.ən **-s** -z
amphibiotic ˌæmp.fɪ.baɪ'ɒt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.t̬ɪk
amphibole 'æmp.fɪ.bəʊl ⓤⓢ -boʊl
amphibology ˌæmp.fɪ'bɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -'bɑː.lə-
amphiboly æm'fɪb.ə.l|i **-ies** -iz
amphibrach 'æmp.fɪ.bræk **-s** -s
Amphictyon æm'fɪk.ti.ən **-s** -z
amphictyonic æmˌfɪk.ti'ɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.nɪk
amphimacer æm'fɪm.ɪ.səʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.sɚ
Amphion æm'faɪən
Amphipolis æm'fɪp.ə.lɪs
amphitheatre, amphitheater 'æmp.fɪˌθɪə.təʳ ⓤⓢ -fəˌθiː.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Amphitrite ˌæmp.fɪ'traɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
Amphitryon æm'fɪt.ri.ən
amphor|a 'æmp.fᵊr|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
amphoric æm'fɒr.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr-
amphoteric ˌæmp.fəʊ'ter.ɪk ⓤⓢ -fə'-
ampicillin ˌæm.pɪ'sɪl.ɪn ⓤⓢ -pə'-
amp|le 'æm.p|ᵊl **-ler** -ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ **-lest** -ləst, -lɪst **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Ampleforth 'æm.pᵊl.fɔːθ, -fəθ
amplification ˌæm.plɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -plə- **-s** -z
amplificatory ˌæm.plɪ.fɪ'keɪ.tᵊr.i, -plə-, '-tri ⓤⓢ æm'plɪf.ɪ.kə.tɔːr.i
amplifier 'æm.plɪ.faɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
amplif|y 'æm.plɪ.f|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
amplitude 'æm.plɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd ⓤⓢ -tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
ampoule 'æm.puːl **-s** -z
Amps æmps
Ampthill 'æmpt.hɪl
ampule 'æm.pjuːl ⓤⓢ -pjuːl, -puːl **-s** -z
ampull|a æm'pʊl|.ə **-ae** -iː
ampu|tate 'æm.pjə|.teɪt, 'æm.pjʊ- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪd
amputation ˌæm.pjə'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌæm.pjʊ'- **-s** -z
amputee ˌæm.pjə'tiː, -pjʊ'- **-s** -z
Amram 'æm.ræm
Amritsar æm'rɪt.səʳ, -sɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ
Amsterdam ˌæmp.stə'dæm, '--ˌ- ⓤⓢ 'æmp.stɚ.dæm
Note: In British English, the latter form is used when attributive.
Amstrad® 'æm.stræd
Amtrak® 'æm.træk
amuck ə'mʌk
amulet 'æm.jʊ.lət, -jə-, -let, -lɪt **-s** -s
Amundsen 'ɑː.mənd.sᵊn, -mʊnd-
Amur ə'mʊəʳ, æm'ʊəʳ, 'æm.ʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ɑː'mʊr
amus|e ə'mjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ingness** -ɪŋ.nəs, -nɪs **-ed** -d
amusement ə'mjuːz.mənt **-s** -s **a'musement arˌcade; a'musement ˌpark**
Amway® 'æm.weɪ
Amy 'eɪ.mi
Amyas 'eɪ.mi.əs
amygdalin ə'mɪg.də.lɪn, æm'ɪg-
amygdaloid ə'mɪg.də.lɔɪd
amyl 'æm.ɪl, -əl **-s** -z
amylase 'æm.ɪ.leɪz, '-ə-, -leɪs
amylic æm'ɪl.ɪk, ə'mɪl-
amylopsin ˌæm.ɪ'lɒp.sɪn ⓤⓢ -'lɑːp-
amytal 'æm.ɪ.tæl ⓤⓢ -tɑːl
an- æn, ən
Note: Prefix. When used as a negative prefix, **an-** is normally /æn-/, e.g. **anaerobic** /ˌæn.ə'rəʊ.bɪk ⓤⓢ -er'oʊ-/, but in some items it may be reduced, e.g. **anomaly** /ə'nɒm.ə.li ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mə-/. Otherwise, it contains /æ/ when stressed, e.g. **annular** /'ænj.ə.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ/, and /ə/ when unstressed, e.g. **annul** /ə'nʌl/.
an *strong form:* æn *weak form:* ᵊn
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /æn/ is used mainly for contrast (e.g. 'This is **an** ideal, but it's not **the** ideal.'). The weak form is usually /ən/ (e.g., 'make an excuse' /ˌmeɪk.ən.ɪk'skjuːs/); in rapid speech, and particularly after an alveolar or palatoalveolar consonant, it may be pronounced as a syllabic /n̩/ (e.g. 'find an example' /ˌfaɪnd.n̩.ɪg'zɑːm.pᵊl ⓤⓢ -'zæm-/).
ana- æn.ə, ə'næ
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **anagram** /'æn.ə.græm/, **anatomic** /ˌæn.ə'tɒm.ɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **anachronism** /ə'næk.rə.nɪ.zᵊm/.
ana (A) 'ɑː.nə
Anabapt|ism ˌæn.ə'bæp.t|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anabas|is ə'næb.ə.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
anabi|osis ˌæn.ə.baɪ'əʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ -'oʊ- **-otic** -'ɒt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.t̬ɪk
anabolic ˌæn.ə'bɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'bɑː.lɪk *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌanabolic 'steroid**
anabolism ə'næb.əʊ.lɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ -ᵊl.ɪ-
anachronism ə'næk.rə.nɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
anachronistic əˌnæk.rə'nɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
anachronous ə'næk.rə.nəs **-ly** -li
Anacin® 'æn.ə.sɪn
anacoluth|on ˌæn.ə.kəʊ'luː.θ|ɒn, -'ljuː-, -θ|ᵊn ⓤⓢ -kə'luː.θ|ᵊn **-a** -ə
anaconda ˌæn.ə'kɒn.də ⓤⓢ -'kɑːn- **-s** -z
Anacreon ə'næk.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ɑːn, -ən
anacrus|is ˌæn.ə'kruː.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
Anadin® 'æn.ə.dɪn
anadiplosis ˌæn.ə.dɪ'pləʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-
anaemia ə'niː.mi.ə
anaemic ə'niː.mɪk
anaerobe 'æn.ə.rəʊb, 'æn.ɪ- ⓤⓢ -roʊb **-s** -z
anaerobic ˌæn.ə'rəʊ.bɪk, -eə'- ⓤⓢ -er'oʊ-, -ə'roʊ-
anaesthesia ˌæn.əs'θiː.zi.ə, -ɪs'-, -iːs'-, -ʒi-, '-ʒə ⓤⓢ ˌæn.əs'θiː.ʒə
anaesthesiology ˌæn.əsˌθiː.zi'ɒl.ə.dʒi, -ɪsˌ-, -iːsˌ-, -ʒi'- ⓤⓢ -zi'ɑː.lə-
anaesthetic ˌæn.əs'θet.ɪk, -ɪs'-, -iːs'- ⓤⓢ -'θet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌanaesthetic 'mask
anaesthetist ə'niːs.θə.tɪst, æn'iːs-, -θɪ- ⓤⓢ ə'nes.θə.t̬ɪst **-s** -s
anaesthetiz|e, -is|e ə'niːs.θə.taɪz, æn'iːs-, -θɪ- ⓤⓢ ə'nes- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anaglyph 'æn.ə.glɪf **-s** -s
anagram 'æn.ə.græm **-s** -z
anagrammatic ˌæn.ə.grə'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
Anaheim 'æn.ə.haɪm
Anaïs ˌæn.aɪ'iːs
anal 'eɪ.nᵊl **-ly** -i
analects 'æn.ə.lekts
analeptic ˌæn.ə'lep.tɪk
analgesia ˌæn.əl'dʒiː.zi.ə, -æl'-, -si- ⓤⓢ '-ʒə
analgesic ˌæn.əl'dʒiː.zɪk, -æl'-, -sɪk
analog 'æn.ə.lɒg ⓤⓢ -lɑːg, -lɔːg **-s** -z
analogic ˌæn.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
analogist ə'næl.ə.dʒɪst **-s** -s
analogous ə'næl.ə.gəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
analogue 'æn.ə.lɒg ⓤⓢ -lɑːg, -lɔːg **-s** -z
analog|y ə'næl.ə.dʒ|i **-ies** -iz
analphabetic ˌæn.æl.fə'bet.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'bet̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
anal-retentive ˌeɪ.nᵊl.rɪ'ten.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv
analysable ˌæn.ᵊl'aɪ.zə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ə'laɪ-, 'æn.ə.laɪ-
analysand ə'næl.ɪ.sænd, '-ə- **-s** -z
analys|e, -yz|e 'æn.ᵊl.aɪz, -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

analys|is ə'næl.ə.s|ɪs, -ɪ.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
analyst 'æn.əl.ɪst (US) -ə.lɪst **-s** -s
analytic ˌæn.əl'ɪt.ɪk (US) -ə'lɪt̬- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌanalytic 'mind
analyzable ˌæn.əl'aɪ.zə.bəl (US) -ə'laɪ-, 'æn.ə.laɪ-
analyz|e, -ys|e 'æn.əl.aɪz, -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anamorphosis ˌæn.ə'mɔː.fə.sɪs; -mɔː'fəʊ- (US) -'mɔːr.fə-; -mɔːr'foʊ-
Anand 'ɑː.nənd
Ananias ˌæn.ə'naɪ.əs
anap(a)est 'æn.ə.pest, -piːst (US) -pest **-s** -s
anap(a)estic ˌæn.ə'pes.tɪk, -'piː.stɪk (US) -'pes.tɪk
anaphor 'æn.ə.fɔːr, -fər (US) -fɔːr **-s** -z
anaphora ə'næf.ər.ə **-s** -z
anaphoric ˌæn.ə'fɒr.ɪk (US) -'fɔːr- *stress shift:* ˌanaphoric 'reference
anaphrodisiac ˌæn.æf.rəʊ'dɪz.i.æk (US) -roʊ'- **-s** -s
anaptyctic ˌæn.əp'tɪk.tɪk, -æp'-
anaptyxis ˌæn.əp'tɪk.sɪs, -æp'-
Anapurna ˌæn.ə'pɜː.nə, -'pʊə- (US) -'pɝː-, -'pʊr-
anarch 'æn.ɑːk (US) -ɑːrk **-s** -s
anarchic ə'nɑː.kɪk, æn'ɑː- (US) æn'ɑːr-, ə'nɑːr- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
anarchism 'æn.ə.kɪ.zəm, -ɑː- (US) -ɚ-, -ɑːr-
anarchist 'æn.ə.kɪst, -ɑː- (US) -ɚ-, -ɑːr- **-s** -s
anarchistic ˌæn.ə'kɪs.tɪk, -ɑː'- (US) -ɚ'-, -ɑːr'- *stress shift:* ˌanarchistic 'views
anarchy 'æn.ə.ki, -ɑː- (US) -ɚ-, -ɑːr-
Anastasia *English Christian name:* ˌæn.ə'steɪ.zi.ə, '-ʒə (US) '-ʒə *foreign name:* ˌæn.ə'stɑː.zi.ə (US) '-ʒə
Anastasius ˌæn.ə'stɑː.zi.əs, -'steɪ- (US) '-ʒəs
anastigmat ə'næs.tɪg.mæt, æn'æs-; ˌæn.ə'stɪg- (US) ə'næs.tɪg-; ˌæn.ə'stɪg- **-s** -s
anastigmatic ˌæn.ə.stɪg'mæt.ɪk; əˌnæs.tɪg'- (US) əˌnæs.tɪg'mæt̬-; ˌæn.ə.stɪg'mæt̬-
anastomosis ˌæn.ə.stə'məʊ.sɪs (US) -'moʊ-
anastrophe ə'næs.trə.fi, æn'æs- **-s** -z
anathema ə'næθ.ə.mə, æn'-, '-ɪ- **-s** -z
anathematization, -isa- əˌnæθ.ə.mə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ænˌæθ-, ˌ-ɪ-, -tɪ'- **-s** -z
anathematiz|e, -is|e ə'næθ.ə.mə.taɪz, æn'-, '-ɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Anatole 'æn.ə.təʊl (US) -toʊl
Anatoli|a ˌæn.ə'təʊ.li|.ə (US) -'toʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
anatomic ˌæn.ə'tɒm.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.mɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌanatomic 'diagram
anatomist ə'næt.ə.mɪst (US) -'næt̬- **-s** -s
anatomiz|e, -is|e ə'næt.ə.maɪz (US) -'næt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anatom|y ə'næt.ə.m|i (US) -'næt̬- **-ies** -iz
Anaxagoras ˌæn.æk'sæg.ə.rəs, -ræs (US) -ɚ.əs
ANC ˌeɪ.en'siː
-ance ənts
Note: Suffix. When attached to a free stem, **-ance** does not change the stress pattern of the word, e.g. **admit** /əd'mɪt/, **admittance** /əd'mɪt.ənts/. In other cases, the stress may be on the penultimate or antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **reluctance**/rɪ'lʌk.tənts/, **brilliance** /'brɪl.i.ənts (US) '-jənts/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
ancestor 'æn.ses.tər, -sɪ.stər, -sə- (US) -ses.tɚ **-s** -z
ancestral æn'ses.trəl
ancestress 'æn.ses.trəs; -sɪ.strəs, -ses.trɪs (US) -ses.trɪs **-es** -ɪz
ancestr|y 'æn.ses.tr|i, -sɪ.str|i, -sə- (US) -ses.tr|i **-ies** -iz
Anchises æn'kaɪ.siːz, æŋ'-
anch|or 'æŋ.k|ər (US) -k|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
anchorag|e (A) 'æŋ.kər.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
anchoress 'æŋ.kər.ɪs, -es, -əs **-es** -ɪz
anchoret 'æŋ.kər.et, -ɪt **-s** -s
anchorhold 'æŋ.kə.həʊld (US) -kɚ.hoʊld **-s** -z
anchorite 'æŋ.kər.aɪt (US) -kə.raɪt **-s** -s
anchor|man 'æŋ.kə|.mæn, -mən (US) -kɚ- **-men** -men, -mən
anchorperson 'æŋ.kəˌpɜː.sən (US) -kɚˌpɝː-
anchor|woman 'æŋ.kə|ˌwʊm.ən (US) -kɚˌ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
anchov|y 'æn.tʃə.v|i, æn'tʃəʊ- (US) 'æn.tʃoʊ-, -'-- **-ies** -iz
ancien(s)-régime(s) ˌɑ̃ːn*t*.si.æ̃*n*.reɪ'ʒiːm, ˌɑːn*t*-, ɒn*t*ˌsjæn- (US) ˌɑːn*t*.si.æn-
ancient 'eɪn.*t*ʃənt (US) 'eɪn*t*.ʃənt **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ly** -li **-s** -s ˌancient 'Greek; ˌancient 'history
ancillar|y æn'sɪl.ər|.i (US) 'æn*t*.sə.ler- **-ies** -iz
ancipit|al æn'sɪp.ɪ.t|əl (US) -t̬|əl **-ous** -əs
Ancona æŋ'kəʊ.nə (US) æn'-, ɑːn'-, -'koʊ-
Ancram 'æŋ.krəm
Ancren Riwle ˌæŋ.krɪn'ri.ʊ.li, -kren'-, -krən'-, -lə
-ancy ən*t*.si
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ancy** are stressed in a similar way to those containing **-ance**; see above.
and *strong form:* ænd *weak forms:* ənd, ən, nd, n, m, ŋ
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /ænd/ is used for emphasis (e.g. 'The price included bed **and** breakfast.'), for contrast (e.g. 'It's not trick **and** treat, it's trick **or** treat.') or for citation (e.g. 'You should not begin a sentence with "and".'). There are several weak pronunciations. In slow, careful speech the pronunciation may be /ənd/, but is more often /ən/ (e.g. 'Come and see.' /ˌkʌm.ən'siː/). In more rapid speech, when it occurs between consonants, the pronunciation may be a syllabic nasal consonant with a place of articulation assimilated to the neighbouring consonants (e.g. 'cut and dried' /ˌkʌt.n̩'draɪd/; 'thick and creamy' /ˌθɪk.ŋ̍'kriː.mi/; 'up and back' /ˌʌp.m̩'bæk/).
Andalusi|a ˌæn.də'luː.si|.ə, -zi-, -lʊ'siː|.ə (US) -'luː.ʒ|ə, '-ʒi|.ə, -ʃi- **-an** -ən
Andaman 'æn.də.mæn, -mən
andante æn'dæn.teɪ, -ti (US) ɑːn'dɑːn.teɪ, æn'dæn.t̬i **-s** -z
andantino ˌæn.dæn'tiː.nəʊ (US) ˌɑːn.dɑːn'tiː.noʊ, ˌæn.dæn'-
Andean æn'diː.ən, 'æn.di.ən
Anderlecht 'æn.də.lekt (US) -dɚ-
Andersen, Anderson 'æn.də.sən (US) -dɚ-
Anderton 'æn.də.tən (US) -dɚ-
Andes 'æn.diːz
Andhra Pradesh ˌæn.drə.prɑː'deʃ, -prə'-, ˌɑːn-, -'deɪʃ
andiron 'æn.daɪən (US) -daɪɚn **-s** -z
Andizhan 'æn.dɪ.ʒæn (US) 'ɑːn.dɪ.ʒɑːn, 'æn.dɪ.ʒæn
Andorra æn'dɔː.rə, -'dɒr.ə (US) -'dɔːr.ə
Andorra la Vella ænˌdɔː.rə.lə'veɪ.jə (US) -ˌdɔːr.ə.lɑː'veɪl.jə
Andover 'æn.dəʊ.vər (US) -doʊ.vɚ
Andow 'æn.daʊ
Andrade 'æn.dreɪd, -drɑːd
Andrassy æn'dræs.i
Andre, André 'ɑ̃ː*n*.dreɪ, 'ɑːn-, 'æn- (US) 'ɑːn.dreɪ, 'æn-, 'ɑ̃ː-
Andrea 'æn.dri.ə; æn'dreɪə (US) 'æn.dri.ə, 'ɑːn-; æn'dreɪə, ɑːn-
Andrea del Sarto ænˌdreɪə.del'sɑː.təʊ (US) ɑːnˌdreɪə.del'sɑːr.t̬oʊ, æn-
Andreas 'æn.dri.əs, -dri.æs; æn'dreɪəs (US) ɑːn'dreɪəs, æn-
Andrei 'ɒn.dreɪ, 'æn- (US) 'ɑːn.dreɪ, 'æn-, 'ɑ̃ː-
Andrew 'æn.druː
Andrewartha *Cornish family:* æn'druː.θə *Plymouth family:* æn'druː.ə.θə, ˌæn.drʊ'ɒθ.ə (US) ˌæn.drʊ'ɑːr.θə
Andrews, Andrewes 'æn.druːz
Andrex® 'æn.dreks
Andria 'æn.dri.ə (US) 'æn-, 'ɑːn-
andro- æn.drəʊ; æn'drɒ (US) æn.drə, -droʊ; æn'drɑː
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **androgen** /'æn.drəʊ.dʒən (US) -drə-/ **androgenic** /ˌæn.drəʊ'dʒen.ɪk (US) -drə'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **androgynous** /æn'drɒdʒ.ən.əs (US) -drɑː.dʒən.əs/.
androcentric ˌæn.drəʊ'sen.trɪk (US) -drə'-
Androcles 'æn.drəʊ.kliːz (US) -drə-
Androclus æn'drɒk.ləs (US) -'drɑː.kləs

androeci|um æn'driː.si|.əm ⓤⓢ -ʃi-, -si- **-ia** -ə
androgen 'æn.drəʊ.dʒən, -dʒen, -dʒɪn ⓤⓢ -drə-, -droʊ- **-s** -z
androgenic ˌæn.drəʊ'dʒen.ɪk ⓤⓢ -drə'-, -droʊ'-
androgenous æn'drɒdʒ.ən.əs, '-ɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.dʒən.əs
androgynous æn'drɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs, -ən.əs ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.dʒən.əs
androgyny æn'drɒdʒ.ɪ.ni, -ən.i ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.dʒən.i
android 'æn.drɔɪd **-s** -z
Andromache æn'drɒm.ə.ki ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.mə-
Andromeda æn'drɒm.ɪ.də, -ə.də ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.mə-
Andronicus *Byzantine emperors and other figures in ancient history:* ˌæn.drə'naɪ.kəs, æn'drɒn.ɪ.kəs ⓤⓢ ˌæn'drɑː.nə- *in Shakespeare's* **Titus Andronicus***:* æn'drɒn.ɪ.kəs ⓤⓢ -'drɑː.nɪ-
Andropov 'æn.drə.pɒf; æn'drɒp.ɒf, -əf ⓤⓢ ɑːn'drɔː.pɑːv, -'droʊ-, -pəf
Andros 'æn.drɒs ⓤⓢ -'drɑːs
Andvari æn'dwɑː.ri ⓤⓢ ɑːn-
Andy 'æn.di
-ane eɪn
Note: Suffix. Does not normally affect word stress, e.g. **alkane** /'æl.keɪn/.
anecdotage 'æn.ɪk.dəʊ.tɪdʒ, -ək- ⓤⓢ -doʊ.t̬ɪdʒ
anecdotal ˌæn.ɪk'dəʊ.təl, -ək- ⓤⓢ -'doʊ.t̬əl
anecdote 'æn.ɪk.dəʊt, -ək- ⓤⓢ -doʊt **-s** -s
anecdotic ˌæn.ɪk'dəʊ.tɪk, -ek-, -ək-, -'dɒt- ⓤⓢ -ɪk'dɑː.t̬ɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
anechoic ˌæn.ɪ'kəʊ.ɪk, -ek'əʊ-, -ə'kəʊ- ⓤⓢ -ə'koʊ-, -ɪ'-, -ek'oʊ- *stress shift:* ˌanechoic 'chamber
anelectric ˌæn.ɪ'lek.trɪk, -ə'lek- **-s** -s
anelectrode ˌæn.ɪ'lek.trəʊd, -ə'lek- ⓤⓢ -troʊd **-s** -z
anemia ə'niː.mi.ə
anemic ə'niː.mɪk
anemometer ˌæn.ɪ'mɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
anemometric ˌæn.ɪ.məʊ'met.rɪk ⓤⓢ -moʊ'-
anemometry ˌæn.ɪ'mɒm.ɪ.tri, -ə.tri ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.mə-
anemone ə'nem.ə.ni **-s** -z
anemoscope ə'nem.ə.skəʊp ⓤⓢ -skoʊp **-s** -s
anent ə'nent
aneroid 'æn.ə.rɔɪd, -ɪ.rɔɪd **-s** -z
anesthesia ˌæn.əs'θiː.zi.ə, -ɪs'-, -iːs'-, -ʒi-, '-ʒə ⓤⓢ '-ʒə
anesthesiolog|y ˌæn.əsˌθiː.zi'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ɪsˌ-, -iːsˌ-, -ʒi'- ⓤⓢ -zi'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anesthetic ˌæn.əs'θet.ɪk, -ɪs'-, -iːs'- ⓤⓢ -θet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌanesthetic 'mask
anesthetist ə'niːs.θə.tɪst, æn'iːs-, -θɪ- ⓤⓢ ə'nes.θə.t̬ɪst **-s** -s
anesthetiz|e, -is|e ə'niːs.θə.taɪz, æn'iːs-, -θɪ- ⓤⓢ ə'nes.θə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aneurin ə'njʊr.ɪn, -'njʊə.rɪn ⓤⓢ 'æn.jɚ.ɪn, -jʊ.rɪn
Aneurin ə'naɪə.rɪn ⓤⓢ -'naɪ-
aneurism 'æn.jʊə.rɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'æn.jɚ.ɪ-, -jʊ.rɪ- **-s** -z
aneurismal ˌæn.jʊə'rɪz.məl ⓤⓢ -jə'-, -jʊ'-
aneurysm 'æn.jʊə.rɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -jɚ.ɪ-, -jʊ.rɪ- **-s** -z
aneurysmal ˌæn.jʊə'rɪz.məl ⓤⓢ -jə'-, -jʊ'-
anew ə'njuː ⓤⓢ -'nuː, -'njuː
Anfield 'æn.fiːld
anfractuosity ˌæn.fræk.tju'ɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -tʃu'ɑː.sə.t̬i
angel (A) 'eɪn.dʒəl **-s** -z 'angel ˌdust
Angela 'æn.dʒəl.ə, -dʒɪ.lə
Angeleno ˌæn.dʒəl'iː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -dʒə'liː.noʊ
Angeles 'æn.dʒəl.iːz, -dʒɪ.liːz, -liz, -lis ⓤⓢ -dʒəl.əs, -dʒə.liːz
angelfish 'eɪn.dʒəl.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
angel-food cake ˌeɪn.dʒəl'fuːdˌkeɪk ⓤⓢ 'eɪn.dʒəlˌfuːd-
angelic æn'dʒel.ɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
angelica (A) æn'dʒel.ɪ.kə
Angelico æn'dʒel.ɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
Angelina ˌæn.dʒəl'iː.nə, -dʒel'- ⓤⓢ -dʒə'liː-, -dʒel'iː-
Angelo 'æn.dʒəl.əʊ, -dʒɪ.ləʊ ⓤⓢ -dʒə.loʊ
Angelou 'æn.dʒəl.uː ⓤⓢ -dʒə.luː, -loʊ
angelus (A) 'æn.dʒəl.əs, -dʒɪ.ləs **-es** -ɪz
angl|er 'æŋ.g|əʳ ⓤⓢ -g|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Angers ɑ̃ːn'ʒeɪ
Angevin 'æn.dʒɪ.vɪn, -dʒə-
Angharad æŋ'hær.əd, æn-; 'æŋ.ər- ⓤⓢ æŋ'her-, æn-, -'hær-
Angie 'æn.dʒi
Angier 'æn.dʒɪəʳ
angina æn'dʒaɪ.nə **-s** -z
angiogram 'æn.dʒi.əʊ.græm ⓤⓢ -ə-, -oʊ- **-s** -z
angiographic ˌæn.dʒi.əʊ'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'-, -oʊ'-
angiography ˌæn.dʒi'ɒg.rə.fi ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.grə-
angioplasty 'æn.dʒi.əʊ.plæs.ti ⓤⓢ -ə-, -oʊ-
angiosperm 'æn.dʒi.əʊ.spɜːm ⓤⓢ -ə.spɝːm, -oʊ- **-s** -z
Angkor Thom ˌæŋ.kɔː'tɔːm ⓤⓢ -kɔːr'tɑːm
angl|e (A) 'æŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
Anglepoise® 'æŋ.gəl.pɔɪz ˌAnglepoise 'lamp ⓤⓢ 'Anglepoise ˌlamp
angler 'æŋ.gləʳ, -gəl.əʳ ⓤⓢ '-glɚ, -gəl.ɚ **-s** -z
Anglesea 'æŋ.gəl.si, -siː
Anglesey 'æŋ.gəl.si, -siː
Angli|a 'æŋ.gli|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Anglican 'æŋ.glɪ.kən **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
anglice 'æŋ.glɪ.si, -glə-
anglicism 'æŋ.glɪ.sɪ.zəm, -glə- **-s** -z
anglicist 'æŋ.glɪ.sɪst, -glə- **-s** -s
anglicization, -isa- ˌæŋ.glɪ.saɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -glə- ⓤⓢ -sɪ'-
angliciz|e, -is|e 'æŋ.glɪ.saɪz, -glə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
angling 'æŋ.glɪŋ, -gəl.ɪŋ
Anglo- æŋ.gləʊ ⓤⓢ æŋ.gloʊ
Note: Prefix. Words containing **anglo-** normally carry either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **anglophobe** /'æŋ.gləʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -gloʊ.foʊb/, **anglophobia** /ˌæŋ.gləʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'foʊ-/. Where the prefix is used to mean "English and ...", it usually carries secondary stress, e.g. **Anglo-French** /ˌæŋ.gləʊ'frentʃ ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'-/.
Anglo 'æŋ.gləʊ ⓤⓢ -gloʊ **-s** -z
Anglo-American ˌæŋ.gləʊ.ə'mer.ɪ.kən ⓤⓢ -gloʊ- **-s** -z
Anglo-French ˌæŋ.gləʊ'frentʃ ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'-
Anglo-Indian ˌæŋ.gləʊ'ɪn.di.ən ⓤⓢ ˌæŋ.gloʊ-
Anglo-Irish ˌæŋ.gləʊ'aɪə.rɪʃ ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'aɪ-
anglomania ˌæŋ.gləʊ'meɪ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'-
Anglo-Norman ˌæŋ.gləʊ'nɔː.mən ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'nɔːr-
anglophile (A) 'æŋ.gləʊ.faɪl ⓤⓢ -glə- **-s** -z
anglophilia ˌæŋ.gləʊ'fɪl.i.ə ⓤⓢ -glə'-
anglophobe 'æŋ.gləʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -glə.foʊb **-s** -z
anglophobia ˌæŋ.gləʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -glə'foʊ-
anglophone 'æŋ.gləʊ.fəʊn ⓤⓢ -glə.foʊn **-s** -z
Anglo-Saxon ˌæŋ.gləʊ'sæk.sən ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'- **-s** -z
Anglo-Saxondom ˌæŋ.gləʊ'sæk.sən.dəm ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'-
Anglo-Saxonism ˌæŋ.gləʊ'sæk.sən.ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -gloʊ'- **-s** -z
Angmering 'æŋ.mə.rɪŋ
Angol|a æŋ'gəʊ.l|ə ⓤⓢ -'goʊ-, æn- **-an/s** -ən/z
angora (A) *cat, rabbit, cloth:* æŋ'gɔː.rə ⓤⓢ -'gɔːr.ə, æn- **-s** -z
Angora *old form of* **Ankara** *in Turkey:* 'æŋ.gə.rə, æŋ'gɔː.rə ⓤⓢ æŋ'gɔːr.ə, æn-
angostura (A) ˌæŋ.gə'stjʊə.rə, -gɒs'tjʊə-, -'stjɔː- ⓤⓢ -gə'stʊr.ə, -'stjʊr- ˌ**Angostura 'bitters®**
Angoulême ɑ̃ːŋ.gu'lem
angr|y 'æŋ.gr|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.əst, -i.ɪst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌangry young 'man
angst æŋkst ⓤⓢ æŋkst, ɑːŋkst
angstrom 'æŋk.strəm **-s** -z
Anguill|a æŋ'gwɪl|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
anguine 'æŋ.gwɪn

anguish 'æŋ.gwɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
angular 'æŋ.gjʊ.ləʳ, -gjə- ⓤⓢ -lɚ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
angularit|y ˌæŋ.gjʊ'lær.ə.t|i, -gjə-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'ler.ə.ţ|i, -'lær- **-ies** -iz
angulate 'æn.gjʊ.leɪt, -gjə-, -lɪt, -lət
angulated 'æŋ.gjʊ.leɪ.tɪd, -gjə- ⓤⓢ -ţɪd
Angus 'æŋ.gəs
Angustura ˌæŋ.gə'stjʊə.rə, -'stjɔː-, -'stʊr.ə ⓤⓢ -'stʊr.ə, -'stjʊr.ə
anharmonic ˌæn.hɑː'mɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -hɑːr'mɑː.nɪk *stress shift:* ˌanharmonic 'system
anhungered ən'hʌŋ.gəd, æn- ⓤⓢ -gɚd
anhydride æn'haɪ.draɪd **-s** -z
anhydrite æn'haɪ.draɪt
anhydrous æn'haɪ.drəs
anil 'æn.ɪl
anile 'eɪ.naɪl, 'æn.aɪl
aniline 'æn.ɪ.liːn, -lɪn, -laɪn ⓤⓢ -lɪn, -liːn, -laɪn
anility æn'ɪl.ə.ti, ə'nɪl-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ţi
anima 'æn.ɪ.mə
animadversion ˌæn.ɪ.mæd'vɜː.ʃᵊn, -məd'-, -ʒᵊn ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
animad|vert ˌæn.ɪ.mæd|'vɜːt, -məd'- ⓤⓢ -'vɝːt **-verts** -'vɜːts ⓤⓢ -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ţɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ţɪd
animal 'æn.ɪ.mᵊl, '-ə- **-s** -z
animalcule ˌæn.ɪ'mæl.kjuːl **-s** -z
animalism 'æn.ɪ.mᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
animalistic ˌæn.ɪ.mᵊl'ɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ -mə'lɪs-, -məl'-
animate *(adj.)* 'æn.ɪ.mət, -mɪt, -meɪt
ani|mate *(v.)* 'æn.ɪ|.meɪt, '-ə- **-mates** -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -meɪ.ţɪŋ **-mated/ly** -meɪ.tɪd/li ⓤⓢ -meɪ.ţɪd/li
animation ˌæn.ɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
animator 'æn.ɪ.meɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ţɚ **-s** -z
animatronic ˌæn.ɪ.mə'trɒn.ɪk, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ -'trɑː.nɪk **-s** -s
anim|ism 'æn.ɪ.m|ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
animosit|y ˌæn.ɪ'mɒs.ə.t|i, -ə'-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.sə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
animus 'æn.ɪ.məs
anion 'æn.aɪən **-s** -z
anis 'æn.iːs, -i; æn'iːs ⓤⓢ 'æn.iːs, 'ɑː.niːs, -i; æn'iːs, ɑː'niːs
anise 'æn.ɪs, æn'iːs
aniseed 'æn.ɪ.siːd, '-ə-
anisette ˌæn.ɪ'set, -ə'-, -'zet
anisometric æn,aɪ.səʊ'met.rɪk ⓤⓢ -soʊ'-
anisotropic ˌæn.aɪ.səʊ'trɒp.ɪk, -'trəʊ.pɪk ⓤⓢ -soʊ'trɑː.pɪk, -'troʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
anisotropism ˌæn.aɪ'sɒt.rə.pɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.trə-
anisotropy ˌæn.aɪ'sɒt.rə.pi ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.trə-
Aniston 'æn.ɪ.stən
Anita ə'niː.tə ⓤⓢ -ţə
Anjou ɑ̃ːn'dʒuː, ɑːn'-
Ankara 'æŋ.kᵊr.ə ⓤⓢ 'æŋ-, 'ɑːŋ-
ankerite 'æŋ.kᵊr.aɪt ⓤⓢ -kə.raɪt
ankh ɑːŋk, æŋk **-s** -s
ankle 'æŋ.kᵊl **-s** -z 'ankle ˌsock
anklet 'æŋ.klət, -klɪt **-s** -s
Ann æn
anna (A) 'æn.ə **-s** -z
Annaba æn'ɑː.bə
Annabel 'æn.ə.bel
Annabella ˌæn.ə'bel.ə
Annagh æn'ɑː, 'æn.ɑː
Annakin 'æn.ə.kɪn
annalist 'æn.ᵊl.ɪst **-s** -s
annals 'æn.ᵊlz
Annaly 'æn.ə.li
Annam æn'æm, 'æn.æm
Annamese ˌæn.ə'miːz
Annan 'æn.ən
Annandale 'æn.ən.deɪl
Annapolis ə'næp.ᵊl.ɪs, æn'æp-
Annapurna ˌæn.ə'pɜː.nə, -'pʊə- ⓤⓢ -'pɝː-, -'pʊr-
Ann Arbor ˌæn'ɑː.bə ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr.bɚ
Annas 'æn.æs, -əs
annatto ə'næt.əʊ, æn'æt- ⓤⓢ ə'nɑː.toʊ, ə'næt.oʊ
Anne æn
anneal ə'niːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Anneka 'æn.ɪ.kə, -ə.kə
annelid 'æn.ə.lɪd **-s** -z
Annesley 'ænz.li
Annett 'æn.ɪt, -ət
Annette ə'net, æn'et ⓤⓢ ə'net
annex *(n.)* 'æn.eks **-es** -ɪz
annex *(v.)* ə'neks, æn'eks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
annexation ˌæn.ek'seɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪk'- **-s** -z
annex|e 'æn.eks **-es** -ɪz
Annfield Plain ˌæn.fiːld'pleɪn
Annie 'æn.i
Annigoni ˌæn.ɪ'gəʊ.ni ⓤⓢ -'goʊ-
annihi|late ə'naɪ.ɪ|.leɪt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɚ/z
annihilation əˌnaɪ.ɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -z
Anning 'æn.ɪŋ
Anniston 'æn.ɪ.stən
anniversar|y ˌæn.ɪ'vɜː.sᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ -'vɝː- **-ies** -iz
anno Domini (A) ˌæn.əʊ'dɒm.ɪ.naɪ ⓤⓢ -oʊ'dɑː.mə.niː, -'doʊ-, -naɪ
anno|tate 'æn.əʊ|.teɪt ⓤⓢ '-ə-, '-oʊ- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɚ/z **-tative** -teɪ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɪv
annotation ˌæn.əʊ'teɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ə'-, -oʊ'- **-s** -z
announc|e ə'naʊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
announcer ə'naʊn*t*.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ **-s** -z
annoy ə'nɔɪ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
annoyanc|e ə'nɔɪ.ən*t*s **-es** -ɪz
annual 'æn.ju.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
annualiz|e, -is|e 'æn.ju.ᵊl.ˌaɪz, æn.julˌ- ⓤⓢ -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
annuit|y ə'njuː.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'nuː.ə.ţ|i, -'njuː- **-ies** -iz **-ant/s** -ᵊnt/s
annul ə'nʌl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
annular 'æn.jə.ləʳ, '-jʊ- ⓤⓢ -lɚ
annu|late 'æn.jə|.leɪt, '-jʊ- **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɪd
annulet 'æn.jʊ.lət, '-jə-, -lɪt **-s** -s
annulment ə'nʌl.mənt **-s** -s
annul|us æn.jə.l|əs, '-jʊ- **-uses** -əs.ɪz **-i** -aɪ, -iː
annum 'æn.əm
annunci|ate ə'nʌn*t*.si|.eɪt, -ʃi- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd
annunciation (A) əˌnʌn*t*.si'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
annus mirabilis (A) ˌæn.əs.mɪ'rɑː.bᵊl.ɪs, -mə'- ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.nəs-, ˌæn.əs-
anode 'æn.əʊd ⓤⓢ -oʊd **-s** -z
anodiz|e, -ise 'æn.əʊ.daɪz ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anodyne 'æn.əʊ.daɪn ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- **-s** -z
a|noint ə|'nɔɪnt **-noints** -'nɔɪnts **-nointing** -'nɔɪn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'nɔɪn.ţɪŋ **-nointed** -'nɔɪn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'nɔɪn.ţɪd **-nointment/s** -'nɔɪnt.mənt/s
anomalous ə'nɒm.ə.ləs ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mə- **-ly** -li
anomal|y ə'nɒm.ə.l|i ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz
anomie 'æn.ɒm.iː ⓤⓢ 'æn.ə.mi
anon (A) ə'nɒn ⓤⓢ -'nɑːn
anonym 'æn.ə.nɪm, -ɒn.ɪm ⓤⓢ -ə.nɪm **-s** -z
anonymity ˌæn.ə'nɪm.ə.ti, -ɒn'ɪm-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə'nɪm.ə.ţi
anonymiz|e, -is|e ə'nɒn.ɪ.maɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.nə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anonymous ə'nɒn.ɪ.məs, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.nə- **-ly** -li
anopheles ə'nɒf.ɪ.liːz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.fə-
anorak 'æn.ᵊr.æk ⓤⓢ -ə.ræk **-s** -s
anorectic ˌæn.ᵊr'ek.tɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'rek- **-s** -s
anorexia ˌæn.ᵊr'ek.si.ə ⓤⓢ -ə'rek- anoˌrexia ner'vosa
anorexic ˌæn.ᵊr'ek.sɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'rek- **-s** -s
anosmia æn'ɒz.mi.ə, -'nɒs- ⓤⓢ æn'ɑːz-, -'ɑːs-
another ə'nʌð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
AN Other ˌeɪˌen 'ʌð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Anouilh 'æn.uː.iː, ˌæn.uː'iː ⓤⓢ ɑː'nuː.jə, æn'uː-, -iː; ˌɑː.nuː'iː, ˌæn.uː'-
anoxia æn'ɒk.si.ə, eɪ'nɒk- ⓤⓢ æn'ɑːk-
ansaphone, ansafone (A®) 'ɑːn*t*.sə.fəʊn ⓤⓢ 'æn.sə.foʊn **-s** -z
anschauung (A) 'æn.ʃaʊ.ʊŋ ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.ʃaʊ.əŋ
anschluss (A) 'æn.ʃlʊs ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn-, 'æn-
Ansell 'æn*t*.sᵊl
Anselm 'æn*t*.selm
anserine 'æn*t*.sə.raɪn, -riːn, -rɪn
Ansley 'ænz.li

Anson 'ænt.sən
Ansonia æn'səʊ.ni.ə (US) -'soʊ-, '-njə
Ansted 'ænt.sted, -stɪd
Anster 'ænt.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
Anstey 'ænt.sti
Anston 'ænt.stən
Anstruther 'ænt.strʌð.əʳ (US) -ɚ
answ|er 'ɑːnt.s|əʳ (US) 'ænt.s|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z 'answering ma,chine
answerability ,ɑːnt.sᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ,ænt.sɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.ţi
answerab|le 'ɑːnt.sᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl (US) 'ænt- **-ly** -li
answerphone 'ɑːnt.sə.fəʊn (US) 'ænt.sɚ.foʊn **-s** -z
ant- ænt
Note: Prefix. Where **ant-** is attached to a free stem it often carries secondary stress, e.g. **antacid** /,æn'tæs.ɪd/. In other cases it may take primary, secondary or no stress at all, e.g. **antonym** /'æn.tə.nɪm (US) -tᵊn.ɪm/, **antonymic** /,æn.tə'nɪm.ɪk/, **antonymous** /æn'tɒn.ɪ.məs (US) -'tɑː.nə-/.
ant ænt **-s** -s 'ant ,lion
-ant ənt
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ant** are stressed in a similar way to those containing **-ance**; see above.
Antabuse® 'æn.tə.bjuːs, -bjuːz
antacid ,æn'tæs.ɪd **-s** -z
Antaeus æn'tiː.əs, -'teɪ-
antagonism æn'tæg.ᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
antagonist æn'tæg.ᵊn.ɪst **-s** -s
antagonistic æn,tæg.ᵊn'ɪs.tɪk, ,æn.tæg.ᵊn'- (US) -ə'nɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
antagoniz|e, -is|e æn'tæg.ᵊn.aɪz (US) -ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Antalya æn'tæl.jə (US) ,ɑːn.tᵊl'jɑː, ,æn-
Antananarivo ,æn.tə,næn.ə'riː.vəʊ (US) -voʊ
Antarctic æn'tɑːk.tɪk (US) -'tɑːrk-, -'tɑːr.ţɪk **Ant,arctic 'Circle; Ant,arctic 'Ocean**
Antarctica æn'tɑːk.tɪ.kə (US) -'tɑːrk-, -'tɑːr.ţɪ-
Antares æn'teə.riːz (US) -'ter.iːz
ant-bear 'ænt.beəʳ (US) -ber **-s** -z
ante- æn.tɪ (US) -ţə
Note: Prefix. Words containing **ante-** carry either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **antechamber** /'æn.tɪ,tʃeɪm.bəʳ (US) -ţɪ,tʃeɪm.bɚ/, **antenatal** /,æn.tɪ'neɪ.tᵊl (US) -ţə'neɪ.ţᵊl/.
ante 'æn.ti (US) -ţi **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
anteater 'ænt,iː.təʳ (US) -ţɚ **-s** -z
antebellum ,æn.tɪ'bel.əm (US) -ţə'-
antecedence ,æn.tɪ'siː.dᵊnts, 'æn.tɪ.siː- (US) ,æn.ţə'siː-
antecedent ,æn.tɪ'siː.dᵊnt, -ţə'- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
antechamber 'æn.tɪ,tʃeɪm.bəʳ (US) -ţə,tʃeɪm.bɚ **-s** -z
antechapel 'æn.tɪ,tʃæp.ᵊl (US) -ţə- **-s** -z
ante|date ,æn.tɪ|'deɪt (US) 'æn.ţə|.deɪt **-dates** -'deɪts (US) -deɪts **-dating** -'deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.ţɪŋ **-dated** -'deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.ţɪd
antediluvi|an ,æn.tɪ.dɪ'luː.vi|.ən, -də'-, -daɪ'-, -'ljuː- (US) -ţə.də'luː- **-ans** -ənz **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
antelope 'æn.tɪ.ləʊp (US) -ţᵊl.oʊp **-s** -s
antemeridian ,æn.tɪ.mə'rɪd.i.ən (US) -ţə-
ante meridiem ,æn.tɪ.mə'rɪd.i.əm (US) -ţə-
antenatal ,æn.tɪ'neɪ.tᵊl (US) -ţə'neɪ.ţᵊl
antenn|a æn'ten|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz **-al** -ᵊl **-ary** -ᵊr.i
Antenor æn'tiː.nɔːʳ (US) -nɔːr
antenuptial ,æn.tɪ'nʌp.ʃᵊl, -tʃᵊl (US) -ţə'-
antepenult ,æn.tɪ.pɪ'nʌlt, -pen'ʌlt, -pə'nʌlt (US) ,æn.ţə'piː.nʌlt; -pɪ'nʌlt **-s** -s
antepenultimate ,æn.tɪ.pə'nʌl.tɪ.mət, -pɪ'nʌl-, -pen'ʌl-, -tə-, -mɪt (US) -ţə.pɪ'nʌl.ţə.mət **-s** -s
anteprandial ,æn.tɪ'præn.di.əl (US) -ţə'-
anterior æn'tɪə.ri.əʳ (US) -'tɪr.i.ɚ **-ly** -li
anteroom 'æn.tɪ.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ţə.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
Anthea 'ænt.θi.ə (US) æn'θiː-
ant-heap 'ænt.hiːp **-s** -s
antheli|on ænt'hiː.li|.ən, ænt'θiː- **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə
anthelix ænt'hiː.lɪks, ænt'θiː- **-es** -ɪz
anthem 'ænt.θəm **-s** -z
anthemic æn'θem.ɪk (US) æn'θiː.mɪk, -'θem-
anther 'ænt.θəʳ (US) -θɚ **-s** -z
anthill 'ænt.hɪl **-s** -z
anthological ,ænt.θə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -'lɑː.dʒɪ-
anthologist æn'θɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -'θɑː.lə- **-s** -s
anthologiz|e, -is|e æn'θɒl.ə.dʒaɪz (US) -'θɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
antholog|y æn'θɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'θɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
Anthon 'æn.tɒn (US) 'ænt.θən, 'æn.tɑːn
Anthony 'æn.tə.ni, 'ænt.θə.ni (US) 'æn.θə.ni, 'æn.tə.ni
anthracite 'ænt.θrə.saɪt
anthracitic ,ænt.θrə'sɪt.ɪk (US) -'sɪţ-
anthrax 'ænt.θræks
anthropic æn'θrɒp.ɪk (US) -'θrɑː.pɪk **-al** -ᵊl
anthropo- ,ænt.θrəʊ.pəʊ; ,ænt.θrəʊ'pɒ (US) ,ænt.θrə.pə, -poʊ; ,ænt.θrə'pɑː
Note: Prefix. Words containing **anthropo-** normally exhibit secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **anthropomorphic** /,ænt.θrə.pəʊ'mɔː.fɪk (US) -pə'mɔːr-/, but may also have primary stress on the third syllable, e.g., **anthropology** /,ænt.θrə'pɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'pɑː.lə-/.
anthropocentric ,ænt.θrəʊ.pəʊ'sen.trɪk (US) -θrə.pə'-, -poʊ'-
anthropocentrism ,æn.θrəʊ.pəʊ'sen.trɪ.zᵊm (US) -θrə.pə'-, -poʊ'-
anthropoid 'ænt.θrəʊ.pɔɪd (US) -θrə-, -θroʊ- **-s** -z
anthropoidal ,ænt.θrəʊ'pɔɪd.ᵊl (US) -θrə'-, -θroʊ'-
anthropological ,ænt.θrə.pə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ly** -i
anthropologist ,ænt.θrə'pɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -'pɑː.lə- **-s** -s
anthropology ,ænt.θrə'pɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'pɑː.lə-
anthropometric ,ænt.θrəʊ.pəʊ'met.rɪk (US) -θrə.pə'-
anthropometry ,æn.θrə'pɒm.ɪ.tri, '-ə- (US) -'pɑː.mə-
anthropomorph|ic ,ænt.θrə.pəʊ'mɔː.f|ɪk (US) -pə'mɔːr- **-ous** -əs
anthropomorph|ism ,ænt.θrə.pəʊ'mɔː.f|ɪ.zᵊm (US) -pə'mɔːr- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anthropomorphiz|e, -is|e ,ænt.θrə.pəʊ'mɔː.faɪz (US) -pə'mɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anthropomorphosis ,ænt.θrə.pəʊ.mɔː'fəʊ.sɪs (US) -pə.mɔːr'foʊ-
anthropopha|gus ,ænt.θrəʊ'pɒf.ə|.gəs (US) -θrə'pɑː.fə- **-gi** -dʒaɪ, -gaɪ (US) -dʒaɪ
anthropopha|gy ,ænt.θrəʊ'pɒf.ə|.dʒi (US) -θrə'pɑː.fə- **-gous** -gəs
anthroposoph|y ,ænt.θrəʊ'pɒs.ə.f|i (US) -θrə'pɑː.sə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anti- æn.tɪ, -ti; æn'tɪ (US) -ţi, -taɪ; æn'tɪ
Note: Prefix. Numerous compounds may be formed by prefixing **anti-** to other words. Most often, these compounds carry primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **antihero** /'æn.tɪ,hɪə.rəʊ (US) -ţi,hɪr.oʊ/, **anti-icer** /,æn.ti'aɪ.səʳ (US) -ţi'aɪ.sɚ/, but there are also cases in which the second syllable takes the primary stress, e.g. **antinomy** /æn'tɪn.ə.mi/.
anti 'æn.ti (US) -ţi, -taɪ **-s** -z
anti-abortion ,æn.ti.ə'bɔː.ʃᵊn (US) -ţi.ə'bɔːr-, -taɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anti-ageing ,æn.ti'eɪ.dʒɪŋ (US) -ţi-, -taɪ-
anti-aircraft ,æn.ti'eə.krɑːft (US) -ţi'er.kræft, -taɪ'-
anti-American ,æn.ti.ə'mer.ɪ.kən (US) -ţɪ-, -taɪ-
antibacterial ,æn.tɪ.bæk'tɪə.ri.əl (US) -ţɪ.bæk'tɪr.i-, -taɪ-
antiballistic ,æn.tɪ.bə'lɪs.tɪk (US) -ţɪ-, -taɪ-
Antibes ɑːn'tiːb, æn-, ɒn'- (US) ɑːn'-
antibiosis ,æn.tɪ.baɪ'əʊ.sɪs (US) -ţɪ.baɪ'oʊ-, -taɪ-
antibiotic ,æn.tɪ.baɪ'ɒt.ɪk (US) -ţɪ.baɪ'ɑː.ţɪk, -taɪ- **-s** -s

antibod|y ˈæn.tɪˌbɒd|.i US -t̬ɪˌbɑː.d|i, -taɪˌ- **-ies** -iz
antic ˈæn.tɪk US -t̬ɪk **-s** -s
anticatholic ˌæn.tɪˈkæθ.ᵊl.ɪk US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -s
anti-choice ˌæn.tɪˈtʃɔɪs US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ-
antichrist (A) ˈæn.tɪ.kraɪst US -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ- **-s** -s
antichristian *opposing Christianity:* ˌæn.tɪˈkrɪs.tʃᵊn, -ˈkrɪʃ- US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -z *pertaining to Antichrist:* ˈæn.tɪˌkrɪʃ.tʃᵊn US -t̬ɪˌ-, -taɪˌ- **-s** -z
anticipant ænˈtɪs.ɪ.pənt, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
antici|pate ænˈtɪs.ɪ|.peɪt, ˈ-ə- US ˈ-ə- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ US -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd US -peɪ.t̬ɪd **-pative/ly** -peɪ.tɪv/li US -peɪ.t̬ɪv/li
anticipation ænˌtɪs.ɪˈpeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-; ˌæn.tɪ.sɪˈ-, -səˈ- US ænˌtɪs.əˈ- **-s** -z
anticipator|y ænˌtɪs.ɪˈpeɪ.tᵊr|.i, -əˈ-; ˌæn.tɪ.sɪˈ-, -səˈ- US ænˈtɪs.ə.pə.tɔːr- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
anticiz|e, -is|e ˈæn.tɪ.saɪz US -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
anticlerical ˌæn.tɪˈkler.ɪ.kᵊl US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anticlimactic ˌæn.tɪ.klaɪˈmæk.tɪk, -klɪˈ- US -t̬ɪ.klaɪˈ-, -taɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
anticlimatic ˌæn.tɪ.klaɪˈmæt.ɪk, -klɪˈ- US -t̬ɪ.klaɪˈmæt̬-, -taɪ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
anticlimax ˌæn.tɪˈklaɪ.mæks, ˈæn.tɪˌklaɪ- US ˌæn.t̬ɪˈklaɪ-, -taɪˈ- **-es** -ɪz
anticline ˈæn.tɪ.klaɪn US -t̬ɪ- **-s** -z
anticlockwise ˌæn.tɪˈklɒk.waɪz US -t̬ɪˈklɑːk-, -taɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌanticlockwise ˈaction
anticoagulant ˌæn.tɪ.kəʊˈæg.jʊ.lənt, -jə- US -t̬ɪ.koʊˈæg.jə-, -taɪ- **-s** -s
anticommunist ˌæn.tiˈkɒm.jə.nɪst US -t̬ɪˈkɑː-, -taɪˈ-
anticonsumer|ism ˌæn.tɪ.kənˈsjuː.mᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm, -ˈsuː- US -t̬ɪ.kənˈsuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anticonvulsant ˌæn.tɪ.kənˈvʌl.sᵊnt US -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ- **-s** -s
anticonvulsive ˌæn.tɪ.kənˈvʌl.sɪv US -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ- **-s** -z
anticyclone ˌæn.tɪˈsaɪ.kləʊn, ˈæn.tɪ.saɪ- US ˌæn.t̬ɪˈsaɪ.kloʊn, -taɪˈ- **-s** -z
anticyclonic ˌæn.tɪ.saɪˈklɒn.ɪk US -t̬ɪ.saɪˈklɑː.nɪk, -taɪ-
antidepressant ˌæn.tɪ.dɪˈpres.ᵊnt, -dəˈ- US -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ- **-s** -s
antidotal ˌæn.tɪˈdəʊ.tᵊl, ˈæn.tɪ.dəʊ- US ˈæn.t̬ɪ.doʊ-
antidote ˈæn.tɪ.dəʊt US -t̬ɪ.doʊt **-s** -s
Antietam ænˈtiː.təm US -t̬əm
antifebrile ˌæn.tɪˈfiː.braɪl, -ˈfeb.raɪl US -t̬ɪˈfiː.brɪl, -taɪˈ-, -ˈfeb.rɪl, -rəl
anti-federal ˌæn.tɪˈfed.ᵊr.ᵊl US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
antifreeze ˈæn.tɪ.friːz US -t̬ɪ-
antigen ˈæn.tɪ.dʒən, -dʒen US -t̬ɪ- **-s** -z
Antigone ænˈtɪg.ə.ni
Antigonus ænˈtɪg.ə.nəs
Antigu|a ænˈtiː.gl|ə US -gw|ə, -g|ə; -ˈtɪg.w|ə, ˈ-|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
antihel|ix ˌæn.tɪˈhiː.l|ɪks US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ixes** -ɪk.sɪz **-ices** -ɪ.siːz, -ˈhel.ɪs.iːz
antihero ˈæn.tɪˌhɪə.rəʊ US -t̬ɪˌher.oʊ, -t̬i-, -taɪ-, -hiː.roʊ **-es** -z
antiheroic ˌæn.tɪ.hɪˈrəʊ.ɪk, -həˈ-, -herˈəʊ- US -t̬ɪ.hɪˈroʊ-, -t̬i-, -taɪ-
antiheroine ˈæn.tɪˌher.əʊ.ɪn US -t̬ɪˌher.oʊ-, -taɪ- **-s** -z
antihistamine ˌæn.tɪˈhɪs.tə.miːn, -mɪn US -t̬ɪˈ- **-s** -z
anti-icer ˌæn.tiˈaɪ.səʳ US -t̬iˈaɪ.sɚ **-s** -z
anti-inflammatory ˌæn.ti.ɪnˈflæm.ə.tᵊr.i US -t̬i.ɪnˈflæm.ə.tɔːr-, -taɪ-
Anti-Jacobin ˌæn.tɪˈdʒæk.ə.bɪn, -ɒb.ɪn US -t̬ɪˈdʒæk.ə.bɪn, -taɪˈ-
antiknock ˌæn.tɪˈnɒk US ˈæn.t̬ɪˌnɑːk, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ing** -ɪŋ
Antilles ænˈtɪl.iːz
antilock ˌæn.tɪˈlɒk US -t̬ɪˈlɑːk, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌantilock ˈbrakes
anti-locking ˌæn.tɪˈlɒk.ɪŋ US -t̬ɪˈlɑː.kɪŋ
antilog ˌæn.tɪˈlɒg US ˈæn.t̬ɪ.lɑːg, -taɪ-, -lɔːg **-s** -z
antilogarithm ˌæn.tɪˈlɒg.ə.rɪ.ðᵊm, -θᵊm US -t̬ɪˈlɑː.gɚ.ɪ.ðᵊm, -taɪˈ-, -ˈlɔː- **-s** -z
antilog|y ænˈtɪl.ə.dʒ|i **-ies** -iz
antimacassar ˌæn.tɪ.məˈkæs.əʳ US -t̬ɪ.məˈkæs.ɚ **-s** -z
Antimachus ænˈtɪm.ə.kəs
antimatter ˈæn.tɪˌmæt.əʳ US -t̬ɪˌmæt̬.ɚ, -t̬iˌ-, -taɪˌ-
anti-missile ˌæn.tɪˈmɪs.aɪl US -t̬ɪˈmɪs.ᵊl, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ-
antimonarchical ˌæn.tɪ.mɒnˈɑː.kɪ.kᵊl, -məˈnɑː- US -t̬ɪ.məˈnɑːr-, -taɪ-
antimonarchist ˌæn.tɪˈmɒn.ə.kɪst US -t̬ɪˈmɑː.nɚ-, -taɪˈ-, -nɑːr- **-s** -s
antimonial ˌæn.tɪˈməʊ.ni.əl US -t̬ɪˈmoʊ- **-s** -z
antimonic ˌæn.tɪˈmɒn.ɪk US -t̬ɪˈmɑː.nɪk
antimony ˈæn.tɪ.mə.ni, ænˈtɪm.ə- US ˈæn.t̬ə.moʊ-
antinode ˈæn.tɪ.nəʊd US -t̬ɪ.noʊd
antinomian ˌæn.tɪˈnəʊ.mi.ən US -t̬ɪˈnoʊ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -z
antinomic ˌæn.tɪˈnɒm.ɪk US -t̬ɪˈnɑː.mɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
antinom|y ænˈtɪn.ə.m|i **-ies** -iz
Antinous ænˈtɪn.əʊ.əs US -oʊ-
antinovel ˈæn.tɪˌnɒv.ᵊl US -t̬ɪˌnɑː.vᵊl, -t̬iˌ-, -taɪˌ- **-s** -z
antinuclear ˌæn.tɪˈnjuː.kli.ə US -t̬ɪˈnuː-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ-, -ˈnjuː-
Antioch ˈæn.ti.ɒk US -t̬i.ɑːk
Antiochus ænˈtaɪ.ə.kəs
Antioquia ˌæn.ti.əʊˈkiː.ə US -t̬i.əˈ-; ɑːnˈtjoʊ.kjɑː
antioxidant ˌæn.tiˈɒk.sɪ.dᵊnt US -t̬iˈɑːk-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -s
Antipas ˈæn.tɪ.pæs US -t̬ɪ-
antipasti ˌæn.tɪˈpæs.ti US ˌæn.t̬ɪˈpɑː.sti, ˌɑːn.t̬ɪˈ-, -ˈpæs.ti
antipasto ˌæn.tiˈpæs.təʊ US ˌæn.t̬iˈpɑː.stoʊ, ˌɑːn-, -ˈpæs.toʊ **-s** -z
Antipater ænˈtɪp.ə.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
antipathetic ˌæn.tɪ.pəˈθet.ɪk, ænˌtɪp.əˈ- US ˌæn.t̬ɪ.pəˈθet̬.ɪk, ænˌtɪ.pəˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
antipath|y ænˈtɪp.ə.θ|i **-ies** -iz
anti-personnel ˌæn.tɪˌpɜː.sᵊnˈel US -t̬ɪˌpɝː-, -t̬iˌ-, -taɪˌ-
antiperspirant ˌæn.tɪˈpɜː.spᵊr.ənt, -spɪ.rənt US -t̬ɪˈpɝː.spɚ.ənt, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -s
Antipholus ænˈtɪf.ə.ləs
antiphon ˈæn.tɪ.fən, -fɒn US -t̬ə.fɑːn, -fən **-s** -z
antiphonal ænˈtɪf.ə.nᵊl **-s** -z
antiphoner ænˈtɪf.ᵊn.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
antiphonic ˌæn.tɪˈfɒn.ɪk US -t̬ɪˈfɑː.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
antiphon|y ænˈtɪf.ə.n|i **-ies** -iz
antipodal ænˈtɪp.ə.dᵊl
antipodean (A) ænˌtɪp.əʊˈdiː.ən, ˌæn.tɪp- US -əˈ-
antipodes ænˈtɪp.ə.diːz
antipope ˈæn.tɪ.pəʊp US -t̬ɪ.poʊp **-s** -s
antipyretic ˌæn.tɪ.paɪəˈret.ɪk, -pɪˈret- US -t̬ɪ.paɪˈret̬-, -t̬i-, -taɪ- **-s** -s
antipyrin ˌæn.tɪˈpaɪə.rɪn, -riːn US -t̬ɪˈpaɪ-, -taɪˈ-
antiquarian ˌæn.tɪˈkweə.ri.ən US -t̬əˈkwer.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
antiquar|y ˈæn.tɪ.kwᵊr|.i US -t̬ə.kwer- **-ies** -iz
anti|quate ˈæn.tɪ|.kweɪt US -t̬ə- **-quates** -kweɪts **-quating** -kweɪ.tɪŋ US -kweɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-quated** -kweɪ.tɪd US -kweɪ.t̬ɪd
antique ænˈtiːk **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
antiquit|y ænˈtɪk.wə.t|i, -wɪ- US -wə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
anti-racial|ism ˌæn.tɪˈreɪ.ʃᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -ʃi.ə.l|ɪ- US -t̬ɪˈreɪ.ʃᵊl|.ɪ-, -taɪˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anti-rac|ism ˌæn.tɪˈreɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm US -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
anti-retroviral ˌæn.tɪ.ret.rəʊˈvaɪə.rᵊl US -t̬ɪˌret.roʊˈ-, -taɪ-
antirrhinum ˌæn.tɪˈraɪ.nəm, -təˈ- US -t̬əˈ- **-s** -z
antiscorbutic ˌæn.tɪ.skɔːˈbjuː.tɪk US -t̬ɪ.skɔːrˈbjuː.t̬ɪk, -taɪ- **-s** -s
anti-Semite ˌæn.tɪˈsiː.maɪt, -ˈsem.aɪt US -t̬ɪˈsem.aɪt, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -s
anti-Semitic ˌæn.tɪ.sɪˈmɪt.ɪk, -səˈ- US -t̬ɪ.səˈmɪt̬-, -t̬i-, -taɪ- *stress shift:* ˌanti-Semitic ˈviews
anti-Semitism ˌæn.tɪˈsem.ɪ.tɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- US -t̬ɪˈsem.ə-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ-
antisepsis ˌæn.tɪˈsep.sɪs US -t̬əˈ-
antiseptic ˌæn.tɪˈsep.tɪk US -t̬əˈ- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌantiseptic ˈlozenge
antiser|um ˌæn.tɪˈsɪə.r|əm US -t̬ɪˈsɪr|.əm, -taɪˈ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

tislavery ˌæn.tɪˈsleɪ.vᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪ-, -taɪ-
tisocial ˌæn.tɪˈsəʊ.ʃᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈsoʊ-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-ly** -i
tisocialist ˌæn.tɪˈsəʊ.ʃᵊl.ɪst ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈsoʊ-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- **-s** -s
ti-spam ˌæn.tɪˈspæm ⓤⓢ -t̬i-, -taɪ-
tistatic ˌæn.tɪˈstæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈstæt̬-, -taɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌantistatic ˈcloth
tisthenes ænˈtɪs.θə.niːz, -θɪ-
tistrophe ænˈtɪs.trə.fi **-s** -z
tistrophic ˌæn.tɪˈstrɒf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬əˈstrɑː.fɪk
ti-tank ˌæn.tɪˈtæŋk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈ-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ-
ti-terror|ist ˌæn.tɪˈter.ᵊr|.ɪst ⓤⓢ -t̬i-, -taɪ- **-ists** -ɪsts **-ism** -ɪzm
tithes|is ænˈtɪθ.ə.s|ɪs, ˈ-ɪ- **-es** -iːz
tithetic ˌæn.tɪˈθet.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬əˈθet̬.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
titox|ic ˌæn.tɪˈtɒk.|sɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈtɑːk-, -taɪˈ- **-in/s** -sɪn/z
titrust ˌæn.tɪˈtrʌst ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈ-, -taɪˈ-, -tiː-
tiviral ˌæn.tɪˈvaɪə.rᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈvaɪ-, -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ-
ti-virus ˌæn.tɪˈvaɪᵊ.rəs ⓤⓢ -t̬iˈvaɪ-, -taɪ-
ti-vivisection ˌæn.tɪˌvɪv.ɪˈsek.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬iˈvɪv.ɪ.sek-, -taɪˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tiwar ˌæn.tiˈwɔː ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪˈwɔːr, -taɪˈ-
tler ˈænt.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
ntofagasta ˌæn.tə.fəˈgæs.tə
ntoine ɑːnˈtwæn, ɒnˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈæn.twɑːn; ˈɑːn-
ntoinette ˌæn.twɑːˈnet, ˌɑːn-, -twəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌæn.twəˈ-, ˌɑːn-
nton ˈæn.tɒn ⓤⓢ -tɑːn
ntonia ænˈtəʊ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈtoʊ-; ˌæn.toʊˈniː-
ntonine ˈæn.tə.naɪn **-s** -z
ntoninus ˌæn.təʊˈnaɪ.nəs
ntonio ænˈtəʊ.ni.əʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈtoʊ.ni.oʊ
ntonius ænˈtəʊ.ni.əs ⓤⓢ -ˈtoʊ-
ntony ˈæn.tə.ni ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.i
ntonym ˈæn.tə.nɪm ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.ɪm **-s** -z
ntonymic ˌæn.təˈnɪm.ɪk ⓤⓢ -tᵊnˈɪm-
ntonymous ænˈtɒn.ɪ.məs, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈtɑː.nə-
ntonymy ænˈtɒn.ɪ.mi, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈtɑː.nə-
ntrim ˈæn.trɪm
ntrobus ˈæn.trə.bəs
ntron ˈæn.trɒn ⓤⓢ -trɑːn
ntr|um ˈæn.tr|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
ntsy ˈænt.si
ntwerp ˈæn.twɜːp ⓤⓢ -twɝːp
NU ˌeɪ.enˈjuː
nubis əˈnjuː.bɪs ⓤⓢ -ˈnuː-, -ˈnjuː-
nuresis ˌæn.jʊəˈriː.sɪs, -jə- ⓤⓢ -juˈ-, -jəˈ-
nuria ˌænˈjuː.ri.ə, -ˈjɔː- ⓤⓢ -ˈjʊr.i-
nus ˈeɪ.nəs **-es** -ɪz
nvil ˈæn.vɪl ⓤⓢ -vᵊl, -vɪl **-s** -z
nwar ˈæn.wɑːʳ ⓤⓢ ˈɑːn.wɑːr, ˈæn-
nwick ˈæn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -wɪk
nxiet|y æŋˈzaɪ.ə.t|i, æŋg-, -ɪt|.i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

anxious ˈæŋk.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
any *normal form:* ˈen.i *occasional weak form:* ə.ni *occasional weak form after t or d:* ᵊn.i
Note: The usual pronunciation is /ˈen.i/, but when the word follows immediately after a strongly stressed word it may be weakened to /ə.ni/ (e.g. 'Have you got any change?' /hæv.juˌgɒt.ə.niˈtʃeɪndʒ ⓤⓢ -ˌgɑːt-/). In more rapid speech, and when preceded by an alveolar consonant, the first syllable may be reduced to syllabic /n̩/ (e.g. 'Got any more?' /ˌgɒt. n̩ .iˈmɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ˌgɑːt̬.ˌ.iˈmɔːr/).
anybody ˈen.iˌbɒd.i, -bə.di ⓤⓢ -ˌbɑː.di
anyhow ˈen.i.haʊ
anymore ˌen.iˈmɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈmɔːr
anyone ˈen.i.wʌn, -wən, -wɒn ⓤⓢ -wʌn, -wən
anyplace ˈen.i.pleɪs
anyroad ˈen.i.rəʊd ⓤⓢ -roʊd
anything ˈen.i.θɪŋ
anytime ˈen.i.taɪm
anyway ˈen.i.weɪ **-s** -z
anywhere ˈen.i.*h*weəʳ ⓤⓢ -*h*wer
anywise ˈen.i.waɪz
Anzac ˈæn.zæk **-s** -s ˈ**Anzac** ˌ**Day**
Anzio ˈæn.zi.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
AOB ˌeɪ.əʊˈbiː ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
A-OK, A-Okay ˌeɪ.əʊˈkeɪ ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
AOL® ˌeɪ.əʊˈel ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
A-one ˌeɪˈwʌn, -ˈwɒn ⓤⓢ -ˈwʌn *stress shift:* ˌA-one conˈdition
Aoni|a eɪˈəʊ.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
aorist ˈeɪ.ə.rɪst, ˈeə.rɪst ⓤⓢ ˈeɪ.ə- **-s** -s
aort|a eɪˈɔː.t|ə ⓤⓢ -ˈɔːr.t̬|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-al** -ᵊl **-ic** -ɪk
Aosta ɑːˈɒs.tə ⓤⓢ -ˈɔː.stə, -ˈoʊ-
Aouita aʊˈiː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
apace əˈpeɪs
Apache əˈpætʃ.i **-s** -z
apart əˈpɑːt ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑːrt **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
apartheid əˈpɑː.taɪt, -taɪd, -teɪd, -teɪt, -ˈpɑːt.heɪt, -heɪd, -haɪt ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑːr.teɪt, -taɪt
apartment əˈpɑːt.mənt ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑːrt- **-s** -s **aˈpartment** ˌ**block; aˈpartment** ˌ**house**
apathetic ˌæp.əˈθet.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈθet̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌapathetic ˈvoters
apath|y ˈæp.ə.θ|i **-ies** -iz
ap|e eɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Apelles əˈpel.iːz
Apemantus æp.ɪˈmæn.təs ⓤⓢ -t̬əs
Apennines ˈæp.ə.naɪnz, -en.aɪnz
aperçu ˌæp.ɜːˈsjuː, -əˈ-, -ˈsuː ⓤⓢ -ɚˈsuː, ˌɑː.pɚˈ- **-s** -z
aperient əˈpɪə.ri.ənt ⓤⓢ -ˈpɪr.i- **-s** -s
aperiodic ˌeɪ.pɪə.riˈɒd.ɪk ⓤⓢ -pɪr.iˈɑː.dɪk
aperiodicity ˌeɪ.pɪə.ri.əˈdɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -pɪr.i.əˈdɪs.ə.t̬i
aperitif əˌper.əˈtiːf, æpˌer-, -ɪˈ-, əˈper.ə.tɪf ⓤⓢ ɑːˌper.ɪˈ-, -əˈ- **-s** -s
aperture ˈæp.ə.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ.tʃʊr, -tʃɚ **-s** -z
aper|y ˈeɪ.pə.r|i **-ies** -iz
apeshit ˈeɪp.ʃɪt
apex, APEX (A) ˈeɪ.peks **-es** -ɪz
aphaeresis æfˈɪə.rə.sɪs, əˈfɪə-, -rɪ- ⓤⓢ əˈfer.ə-
aphasia əˈfeɪ.zi.ə, æfˈeɪ-, eɪˈfeɪ-, -ʒi.ə, -ʒə ⓤⓢ əˈfeɪ.ʒə, -ʒi.ə
aphasic əˈfeɪ.zɪk, æfˈeɪ-, eɪˈfeɪ- ⓤⓢ əˈfeɪ-
apheli|on æfˈiː.li.|ən **-a** -ə
apheresis æfˈɪə.rə.sɪs, əˈfɪə-, -rɪ- ⓤⓢ əˈfer.ə-
aphes|is ˈæf.ə.s|ɪs, ˈ-ɪ- **-es** -iːz
aphid ˈeɪ.fɪd ⓤⓢ ˈeɪ.fɪd, ˈæf.ɪd, -əd **-s** -z
aphidian eɪˈfɪd.i.ən, æfˈɪd- **-s** -z
aph|is ˈeɪ.f|ɪs, ˈæf|.ɪs **-ides** -ɪ.diːz **-ises** -ɪ.sɪz
aphonia eɪˈfəʊ.ni.ə, æfˈəʊ-, əˈfəʊ- ⓤⓢ eɪˈfoʊ-
aphonic eɪˈfɒn.ɪk, æfˈɒn-, əˈfɒn- ⓤⓢ eɪˈfɑː.nɪk
aphony ˈæf.ə.ni
aphorism ˈæf.ᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm, -ɒr- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -z
aphorist ˈæf.ᵊr.ɪst, -ɒr- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -s
aphoristic ˌæf.ᵊrˈɪs.tɪk, -ɒrˈ- ⓤⓢ -əˈrɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
aphoriz|e, -is|e ˈæf.ᵊr.aɪz, -ɒr- ⓤⓢ -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Aphra ˈæf.rə
aphrodisiac ˌæf.rəʊˈdɪz.i.æk ⓤⓢ -rəˈ-, -roʊˈ-, -ˈdiː.zi- **-s** -s
aphrodisian ˌæf.rəʊˈdɪz.i.ən ⓤⓢ -rəˈdiː.zi-, -roʊˈ-, -ˈdɪz.i-, -ˈdɪʒ.ən **-s** -z
Aphrodite ˌæf.rəʊˈdaɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -rəˈdaɪ.t̬i, -roʊˈ-
aphtha ˈæf.θə
Apia ɑːˈpiː.ə
apian ˈeɪ.pi.ən
apiarian ˌeɪ.piˈeə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈer.i- **-s** -z
apiarist ˈeɪ.pi.ə.rɪst **-s** -s
apiar|y ˈeɪ.pi.ə.r|i ⓤⓢ -er|.i **-ies** -iz
apical ˈæp.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈeɪ.pɪ- **-ly** -i
apices (*alternative plur. of* **apex**) ˈeɪ.pɪ.siːz, ˈæp.ɪ-
apiculture ˈeɪ.pɪ.kʌl.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
apiece əˈpiːs
apis ˈeɪ.pɪs
Apis ˈɑː.pɪs, ˈeɪ-
apish ˈeɪ.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
aplenty əˈplen.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
aplomb əˈplɒm, æpˈlɒm ⓤⓢ əˈplɑːm, -ˈplʌm
apn(o)ea æpˈniː.ə, ˈæp.ni.ə
apn(o)eic æpˈniː.ɪk
apocalyps|e (A) əˈpɒk.ə.lɪps ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑː.kə- **-es** -ɪz
apocalypt|ic əˌpɒk.əˈlɪp.t|ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˌpɑː.kəˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ical** -ɪ.kᵊl *stress shift:* aˌpocalyptic ˈvision
apocope əˈpɒk.əʊ.pi ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑː.kə- **-s** -z
apocryph|a (A) əˈpɒk.rɪ.f|ə, -rə- ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑː.krə- **-al** -ᵊl
apocryphal əˈpɒk.rɪ.fəl, -rə- ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑː.krə-

apodeictic ˌæp.əʊˈdaɪk.tɪk (US) -əˈ-, -oʊˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
apodictic ˌæp.əʊˈdɪk.tɪk (US) -əˈ-, -oʊˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
apodos|is əˈpɒd.ə.s|ɪs (US) -ˈpɑː.də- **-es** -iːz
apogee ˈæp.əʊ.dʒiː (US) -ə- **-s** -z
apolitical ˌeɪ.pəˈlɪt.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈlɪt̬.ə-
Apollinaire əˌpɒl.ɪˈneəʳ (US) -ˌpɑː.lɪˈner
Apollinaris əˌpɒl.ɪˈnɑː.rɪs, -ˈeə- (US) -pɑː.lɪˈner.ɪs
Apollo əˈpɒl.əʊ (US) -ˈpɑː.loʊ
Apollodorus əˌpɒl.əˈdɔː.rəs (US) -ˌpɑː.ləˈdɔːr.əs
Apolloni|a ˌæp.əˈləʊ.ni.|ə, -ɒlˈəʊ- (US) -əˈloʊ- **-an** -ən **-us** -əs
Apollos əˈpɒl.əs (US) -ˈpɑː.ləs
Apollyon əˈpɒl.i.ən (US) -ˈpɑː.li-
apologetic əˌpɒl.əˈdʒet.ɪk (US) -ˌpɑː.ləˈdʒet̬.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
apologia ˌæp.əˈləʊ.dʒə, ˈ-dʒi.ə (US) -ˈloʊ- **-s** -z
apologist əˈpɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -ˈpɑː.lə- **-s** -s
apologiz|e, -is|e əˈpɒl.ə.dʒaɪz (US) -ˈpɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, -ɚ/z
apologue ˈæp.əʊ.lɒɡ (US) -ə.lɑːɡ **-s** -z
apolog|y əˈpɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈpɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
apophthegm ˈæp.ə.θem **-s** -z
apoplectic ˌæp.əˈplek.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
apoplex|y ˈæp.ə.plek.s|i **-ies** -iz
aposiopes|is ˌæp.ə.saɪ.əʊˈpiː.s|ɪs, əˌpɒs.i.əʊˈ- (US) ˌæp.oʊ.saɪ.oʊˈ-, -ə.saɪ.əˈ- **-es** -iːz
apostas|y əˈpɒs.tə.s|i (US) -ˈpɑː.stə- **-ies** -iz
apostate əˈpɒs.teɪt, -tɪt, -tət (US) -ˈpɑː.steɪt, -stɪt, -stət **-s** -s
apostatic ˌæp.əʊˈstæt.ɪk (US) -əˈstæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl
apostatiz|e, -is|e əˈpɒs.tə.taɪz (US) -ˈpɑː.stə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
a posteriori eɪ.pɒsˌter.iˈɔː.raɪ, ˌɑː-, -tɪə.ri, -riː- (US) eɪ.pɑːˌstɪr-
apostil əˈpɒs.tɪl (US) -ˈpɑː.stɪl **-s** -z
apostle əˈpɒs.ᵊl (US) -ˈpɑː.sᵊl **-s** -z **-ship** -ʃɪp
apostolate əˈpɒs.tə.lət, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) -ˈpɑː.stə.lɪt, -leɪt **-s** -s
apostolic ˌæp.əˈstɒl.ɪk (US) -ˈstɑː.lɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
apostolicism ˌæp.əˈstɒl.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm (US) -ˈstɑː.lɪ-
apostrophe əˈpɒs.trə.fi (US) -ˈpɑː.strə- **-s** -z
apostrophiz|e, -is|e əˈpɒs.trə.faɪz (US) -ˈpɑː.strə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
apothecar|y əˈpɒθ.ə.kᵊr.|i, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ˈpɑː.θə.ker.i **-ies** -iz
apothegm ˈæp.ə.θem **-s** -z
apothegmatic ˌæp.ə.θeɡˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl
apotheos|is əˌpɒθ.iˈəʊ.s|ɪs, ˌæp.əʊ.θiˈ- (US) əˌpɑː.θiˈoʊ-, ˌæp.əˈθiː.ə- **-es** -iːz
apotheosiz|e, -is|e əˈpɒθ.i.əʊ.saɪz, ˌæp.əˈθiː.əʊ.saɪz (US) əˈpɑː.θi.oʊ-, ˌæp.əˈθiː.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
appal əˈpɔːl (US) -ˈpɔːl, -ˈpɑːl **-s** -z **-ling/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-led** -d
Appalachi|a ˌæp.əˈleɪ.ʃ|ə, ˈ-tʃ|ə, ˈ-ʃi|.ə (US) -ˈleɪ.tʃi-, -ˈlætʃ.i.ə, -ˈleɪ.tʃ|ə, -ˈlætʃ|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
appall əˈpɔːl (US) -ˈpɔːl, -ˈpɑːl **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
Appaloosa ˌæp.əˈluː.sə
appanag|e ˈæp.ə.nɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
apparat ˌæp.əˈrɑːt (US) ˌɑː.pəˈ-, ˈæp.ə.ræt **-s** -s
apparatchik ˌæp.əˈrætʃ.ɪk, -ˈræt.tʃɪk, -ˈrɑːt-, -ˈrɑː.tʃɪk (US) ˌɑː.pəˈrɑː.tʃɪk, -ˈrɑːt.tʃɪk **-s** -s **-i** -i
apparatus ˌæp.ᵊrˈeɪ.təs, -ˈæt.əs (US) -əˈræt̬.əs **-es** -ɪz
apparel əˈpær.ᵊl (US) -ˈper-, -ˈpær- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
apparent əˈpær.ᵊnt, -ˈpeə.rᵊnt (US) -ˈper.ᵊnt, -ˈpær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
apparition ˌæp.ᵊrˈɪʃ.ᵊn (US) -əˈrɪʃ- **-s** -z
apparitor əˈpær.ɪ.təʳ (US) -ˈper.ɪ.t̬ɚ, -ˈpær- **-s** -z
appassionata əˌpæs.i.əˈnɑː.tə, -ˌpæs.jəˈ- (US) -ˌpɑː.si.əˈnɑː.t̬ə, -ˌpæs.i-
appeal əˈpiːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **Apˈpeal ˌCourt**
appealing əˈpiː.lɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
appear əˈpɪəʳ (US) -ˈpɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
appearanc|e əˈpɪə.rᵊnts (US) -ˈpɪr.ᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
appeas|e əˈpiːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
appeasement əˈpiːz.mənt **-s** -s
appellant əˈpel.ənt **-s** -s
appellate əˈpel.ət, æpˈel-, -eɪt, -ɪt (US) -ɪt
appellation ˌæp.əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ-, -elˈeɪ- **-s** -z
appellation contrôlée *as if French:* æp.el.æsˌjɔ̃ːŋ.kɔ̃ːn.trəʊˈleɪ, æp.elˌæs.jɔ̃ːŋ-, -kɒnˈtrəʊ.leɪ (US) æp.elˌɑː.sjoʊn.kɑːn.troʊˈleɪ
appellative əˈpel.ə.tɪv, æpˈel- (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
append əˈpend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
appendag|e əˈpen.dɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
appendant əˈpen.dənt **-s** -s
appendectom|y ˌæp.enˈdek.tə.m|i **-ies** -iz
appendicitis əˌpen.dɪˈsaɪ.tɪs, -dəˈ-, -təs (US) -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
appendicular ˌæp.enˈdɪk.jʊ.ləʳ, -ənˈ-, -ɪnˈ-, -jə- (US) -jʊ.lɚ
append|ix əˈpen.d|ɪks **-ixes** -ɪk.sɪz **-ices** -ɪ.siːz
appercep|tion ˌæp.əˈsep.|ʃᵊn (US) -ɚˈ- **-tive** -tɪv
Apperley ˈæp.ə.li (US) -ɚ-
appertain ˌæp.əˈteɪn (US) -ɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
appertinent əˈpɜː.tɪ.nənt, æpˈɜː- (US) əˈpɝː.tᵊn.ənt
appeten|ce ˈæp.ɪ.tᵊn|ts **-cy** -*t*.si **-t** -t
appetite ˈæp.ɪ.taɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
appetizer, -iser ˈæp.ɪ.taɪ.zəʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.taɪ.zɚ **-s** -z
appetizing, -isi- ˈæp.ɪ.taɪ.zɪŋ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li
Appi|an ˈæp.i|.ən **-us** -əs
applaud əˈplɔːd (US) -ˈplɑːd, -ˈplɔːd **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z, -ɚ/z
applause əˈplɔːz (US) -ˈplɑːz, -ˈplɔːz
apple ˈæp.ᵊl **-s** -z **ˈapple ˌblossom; ˈapple ˌbutter; ˌapple ˈsauce** (US) **ˈapple ˌsauce; ˈapple ˌtree; the ˌapple of one's ˈeye**
Appleby ˈæp.ᵊl.bi
apple-cart ˈæp.ᵊl.kɑːt (US) -kɑːrt
Appledore ˈæp.ᵊl.dɔːʳ (US) -dɔːr
Appleford ˈæp.ᵊl.fəd (US) -fɚd
Applegate ˈæp.ᵊl.ɡeɪt, -ɡɪt
applejack ˈæp.ᵊl.dʒæk
apple-pie ˌæp.ᵊlˈpaɪ **-s** -z *stress shift, see compounds:* **in ˌapple-pie ˈorder** *British only:* **ˌapple-pie ˈbed**
Appleseed ˈæp.ᵊl.siːd
applet ˈæp.lət, -let **-s** -s
Appleton ˈæp.ᵊl.tən (US) -t̬ən
appliable əˈplaɪ.ə.bᵊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
applianc|e əˈplaɪ.ənts **-es** -ɪz
applicability ˌæp.lɪ.kəˈbɪl.ə.ti, əˌplɪk-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
applicab|le əˈplɪk.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈæp.lɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
applicant ˈæp.lɪ.kənt, -lə- **-s** -s
applicate ˈæp.lɪ.kət, -lə-, -kɪt, -keɪt
application ˌæp.lɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ləˈ- **-s** -z
applicator ˈæp.lɪ.keɪ.təʳ, -lə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
appliqué æpˈliː.keɪ, əˈpliː-; ˈæp.lɪ.keɪ (US) ˈæp.lə.keɪ, -lɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
appl|y əˈpl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
appoggiatura əˌpɒdʒ.əˈtʊə.rə, -i.əˈ-, -ˈtjʊə- (US) əˌpɑː.dʒəˈtʊr.ə **-s**
ap|point ə|ˈpɔɪnt **-points** -ˈpɔɪnts **-pointing** -ˈpɔɪn.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-pointed** -ˈpɔɪn.tɪd (US) -ˈpɔɪn.t̬ɪd
appointee əˌpɔɪnˈtiː, ˌæp.ɔɪnˈ- **-s**
appointive əˈpɔɪn.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
appointment əˈpɔɪnt.mənt **-s** -s
Appomattox ˌæp.əˈmæt.əks (US) -ˈmæt̬-
ap|port ə|ˈpɔːt (US) -ˈpɔːrt **-ports** -ˈpɔːts (US) -ˈpɔːrts **-porting** -ˈpɔː.t (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ported** -ˈpɔː.tɪd (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd
apportion əˈpɔː.ʃᵊn (US) -ˈpɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
appos|e əˈpəʊz, æpˈəʊz (US) əˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
apposite ˈæp.ə.zɪt, -zaɪt (US) -zɪt **-ly** **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
apposition ˌæp.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
appositional ˌæp.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl
appraisal əˈpreɪ.zᵊl **-s** -z
apprais|e əˈpreɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed**

Approximant

A phonetic term of comparatively recent origin, used to denote a consonant which makes very little obstruction to the airflow.

Examples for English

Traditionally approximants have been divided into two groups. Sounds in the first group are known as 'semivowels' such as the /w/ and /j/, which are very similar to 'close vowels' such as [u] and [i] but are produced as a rapid glide, e.g.:

wet	/wet/
yet	/jet/

'Liquids' are sounds which have an identifiable constriction of the airflow but not one that is sufficiently obstructive to produce fricative noise, compression or the diversion of airflow through another part of the vocal tract as in nasals. This category includes laterals such as /l/ and non-fricative /r/ (phonetically [ɹ] in British English and [ɻ] in US English), e.g.:

lead	/liːd/
read	/riːd/

Approximants therefore are never fricative and never contain interruptions to the flow of air.

-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/s -able -ə.bəl

ppraisee ˌæp.reɪˈziː, -ˈ-- (US) ˌæ.preɪˈziː, ˌə- -s -z

ppraisement əˈpreɪz.mənt -s -s

ppreciab|le əˈpriː.ʃə.b|əl; ˈ-ʃi.ə.b|əl, -si.ə- (US) ˈ-ʃə-, ˈ-ʃi.ə- -ly -li

ppreci|ate əˈpriː.ʃi|.eɪt, -si- (US) -ʃi- -ates -eɪts -ating/ly -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

ppreciation əˌpriː.ʃiˈeɪ.ʃən, -siˈ- (US) -ʃiˈ- -s -z

ppreciative əˈpriː.ʃə.tɪv; ˈ-ʃi.ə.tɪv, ˈ-si- (US) əˈpriː.ʃə.t̬ɪv; ˈ-ʃi.ə-, -eɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

ppreciatory əˈpriː.ʃi.ə.tər.i, -ʃi.eɪ-, -si.ə- (US) ˈ-ʃə.tɔːr.i, ˈ-ʃi.ə.tɔːr.i

pprehend ˌæp.rɪˈhend, -rəˈ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

pprehensibility ˌæp.rɪˌhent.sɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, -rə-, -səˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

pprehensible ˌæp.rɪˈhent.sɪ.bəl, -rəˈ-, -sə-

pprehension ˌæp.rɪˈhen.tʃən, -rəˈ- (US) -ˈhent.ʃən -s -z

pprehensive ˌæp.rɪˈhent.sɪv, -rəˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

pprentic|e əˈpren.tɪs (US) -t̬ɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

pprenticeship əˈpren.tɪ.ʃɪp, -tɪs- (US) -t̬əs.ʃɪp, -t̬ə- -s -s

ppris|e, -iz|e əˈpraɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

ppro ˈæp.rəʊ (US) -roʊ

pproach əˈprəʊtʃ (US) -ˈproʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

pproachability əˌprəʊ.tʃəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌproʊ.tʃəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

pproachable əˈprəʊ.tʃə.bəl (US) -ˈproʊ-

ppro|bate ˈæp.rəʊ|.beɪt (US) -rə- -bates -beɪts -bating -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ -bated -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd -bative -beɪ.tɪv (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪv

pprobation ˌæp.rəʊˈbeɪ.ʃən (US) -rəˈ-, -roʊˈ- -s -z

approbatory ˌæp.rəʊˈbeɪ.tər.i (US) əˈproʊ.bə.tɔːr-

appropriate (*adj.*) əˈprəʊ.pri.ət, -ɪt (US) -ˈproʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

appropri|ate (*v.*) əˈprəʊ.pri|.eɪt (US) -ˈproʊ- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

appropriation əˌprəʊ.priˈeɪ.ʃən (US) -ˌproʊ- -s -z

approval əˈpruː.vəl -s -z

approv|e əˈpruːv -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bəl

approx (*abbrev. for* **approximate/ly**) əˈprɒk.sɪ.mət/li, -sə-, -mɪt/li (US) -ˈprɑːk-

approximant əˈprɒk.sɪ.mənt, -sə- (US) -ˈprɑːk- -s -s

approximate (*adj.*) əˈprɒk.sɪ.mət, -sə-, -mɪt (US) -ˈprɑːk- -ly -li

approxi|mate (*v.*) əˈprɒk.sɪ|.meɪt, -sə- (US) -ˈprɑːk- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd

approximation əˌprɒk.sɪˈmeɪ.ʃən, -səˈ- (US) -ˌprɑːk- -s -z

approximative əˈprɒk.sɪ.mə.tɪv, -sə- (US) -ˈprɑːk.sə.mə.t̬ɪv

appui æpˈwiː, əˈpwiː

appuls|e æpˈʌls, əˈpʌls, ˈæp.ʌls -es -ɪz

appurtenan|ce əˈpɜː.tɪ.nən|ts, -tən.ən|ts (US) -ˈpɝː.tən.ən/ts -ces -t.sɪz -t -t

APR ˌeɪ.piˈɑːʳ (US) -ˈɑːr

Apr. (*abbrev. for* **April**) ˈeɪ.prəl, -prɪl

après ˈæp.reɪ (US) ˌɑːˈpreɪ, ˌæpˈreɪ

après-ski ˌæp.reɪˈskiː (US) ˌɑː.preɪˈ-, ˌæp.reɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌaprès-ski ˈdrinks

apricot ˈeɪ.prɪ.kɒt (US) -kɑːt, ˈæp.rɪ- -s -s

April ˈeɪ.prəl, -prɪl -s -z ˌ**April ˈFools' ˌDay**

a priori eɪ.praɪˈɔː.raɪ, ˌɑː.priˈɔː.ri (US) ˌɑːpriːˈɔːr.aɪ, ˌeɪ-, -i

apriority ˌeɪ.praɪˈɒr.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˈɔːr.ə.t̬i

apron ˈeɪ.prən -s -z -ed -d ˈ**apron ˌstrings**

apropos ˌæp.rəˈpəʊ (US) -ˈpoʊ

aps|e æps -es -ɪz

apsidal ˈæp.sɪ.dəl

Apsley ˈæp.sli

apt æpt -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -əst, -ɪst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

apter|al ˈæp.tər|.əl -ous -əs

apteryx ˈæp.tər.ɪks -es -ɪz

aptitude ˈæp.tɪ.tjuːd, -tə-, -tʃuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd -s -z

aptitudinal ˌæp.tɪˈtjuː.dɪ.nəl, -təˈ-, -ˈtʃuː- (US) -ˈtuː.dən.əl, -ˈtjuː- -ly -li

Apuli|a əˈpjuː.li|.ə -an/s -ən/z

apyretic ˌæp.aɪəˈret.ɪk; ˌeɪ.paɪəˈ-, -paɪ.ɪˈ- (US) -paɪˈret̬-

aqua ˈæk.wə (US) ˈɑːk-

aqua-aerobics ˌæk.wə.eəˈrəʊ.bɪks (US) ˌɑː.kwə.erˈoʊ-, ˌæk.wə-

aquacultural ˌæk.wəˈkʌl.tʃər.əl (US) ˌɑː.kwəˈ-, ˌæk.wəˈ-

aquaculture ˈæk.wəˌkʌl.tʃəʳ (US) ˈɑː.kwəˌkʌl.tʃɚ, ˈæk.wəˌ-

aqua fortis ˌæk.wəˈfɔː.tɪs (US) ˌɑː.kwəˈfɔːr.t̬ɪs, ˌæk.wəˈ-

Aqua-Lung® ˈæk.wə.lʌŋ (US) ˈɑː.kwə-, ˈæk.wə- -s -z

aquamarine ˌæk.wə.məˈriːn, ˈæk.wə.mə.riːn (US) ˌɑː.kwə.məˈriːn, ˌæk.wə- -s -z

aquaplan|e ˈæk.wə.pleɪn (US) ˈɑː.kwə-, ˈæk.wə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

aqua regia ˌæk.wəˈriː.dʒi.ə (US) ˌɑː.kwəˈ-, ˌæk.wəˈ-

aquarell|e ˌæk.wəˈrel (US) ˌɑː.kwəˈ-, ˌæk.wəˈ- -es -z -ist/s -ɪst/s

aquarist ˈæk.wə.rɪst (US) əˈkwer.ɪst -s -s

aquari|um əˈkweə.ri.|əm (US) -ˈkwer.i- -ums -əmz -a -ə

Aquari|us əˈkweə.ri.|əs (US) -ˈkwer.i- -an/s -ən/z

Aquascutum® ˌæk.wəˈskjuː.təm (US) ˌɑː.kwəˈskuː.t̬əm, ˌæk.wəˈ-

aquatic əˈkwæt.ɪk, -ˈkwɒt- (US) -ˈkwæt̬-, -ˈkwɑː.t̬ɪk -s -s -ally -əl.i, -li

aquatint 'æk.wə.tɪnt (US) 'ɑː.kwə-, 'æk.wə- **-s** -s
aquatube 'æk.wə.tjuːb, -tʃuːb (US) 'ɑː.kwə.tuːb, 'æk.wə-, -tjuːb **-s** -z
aquavit 'æk.wə.vɪt, -viːt (US) 'ɑː.kwə.viːt
aqua vitae ˌæk.wə'viː.taɪ, -'vaɪ.tiː (US) ˌɑː.kwə'vaɪ.t̬iː, ˌæk.wə'-
aqueduct 'æk.wɪ.dʌkt, -wə- **-s** -s
aqueous 'eɪ.kwi.əs, 'æk.wi- **-ly** -li
aquifer 'æk.wɪ.fəʳ, -wə.fəʳ (US) 'ɑː.kwə.fɚ, 'æk.wə- **-s** -z
Aquila 'æk.wɪ.lə, -wə-; ə'kwɪl.ə
aquilegia ˌæk.wɪ.liː.dʒi.ə, -wə-, -'liː.dʒə **-s** -z
aquiline 'æk.wɪ.laɪn, -wə- (US) -lən
Aquinas ə'kwaɪ.nəs, æk'waɪ-, -næs
Aquino ə'kiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
Aquitaine ˌæk.wɪ'teɪn, -wə'teɪn, '---
Aquitania ˌæk.wɪ'teɪ.ni.ə
aquiver ə'kwɪv.əʳ (US) -ɚ
ar- ə'r; 'ær (US) ə'r; 'er, 'ær
Note: Prefix. Examples include **arrogate** /'ær.əʊ.geɪt (US) 'er.ə-/, in which it is stressed, and **array** /ə'reɪ/, where it is unstressed.
-ar əʳ, ɑːʳ (US) ɚ, ɑːr
Note: Suffix. Normally pronounced /-əʳ (US) -ɚ/, e.g. **molecular** /məʊ'lek.jə.ləʳ (US) moʊ'lek.juː.lɚ/, but in some cases /-ɑːʳ (US) -ɑːr/, e.g. **sonar** /'səʊ.nɑːʳ (US) 'soʊ.nɑːr/.
Arab 'ær.əb (US) 'er-, 'ær- **-s** -z
Arabella ˌær.ə'bel.ə (US) ˌer-, ˌær-
arabesque ˌær.ə'besk (US) ˌer-, ˌær- **-s** -s **-d** -t
Arabi|a ə'reɪ.bi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Arabic *of Arabia:* 'ær.ə.bɪk (US) 'er-, 'ær- *name of ship:* 'ær.ə.bɪk; ə'ræb- (US) 'er.ə-, 'ær-; ə'ræb-
arabis 'ær.ə.bɪs (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Arabist 'ær.ə.bɪst (US) 'er-, 'ær- **-s** -s
arable 'ær.ə.bəl (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Araby 'ær.ə.bi (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Aracaju ˌær.ə.kæʒ'uː (US) ɑːˌrɑː.kə'ʒuː
Arachne ə'ræk.ni
arachnid ə'ræk.nɪd **-a** -ə **-s** -z
arachnoid ə'ræk.nɔɪd **-s** -z
arachnologist ˌær.æk'nɒl.ə.dʒɪst, -ək'- (US) ˌer.ək'nɑː.lə-, ˌær- **-s** -s
arachnopho|bia əˌræk.nəʊ'fəʊ.|bi.ə (US) -nə'foʊ-, -noʊ'- **-bic** -bɪk
Arafat 'ær.ə.fæt (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Arafura ˌær.ə'fʊə.rə (US) ˌɑːr.ə'fʊr.ə
Aragon 'ær.ə.gən (US) 'er.ə.gɑːn, 'ær-, -gən
aragonite ə'ræg.ən.aɪt; 'ær.ə.gən- (US) ə'ræg.ən-; 'er.ə.gən-, 'ær-
Aral 'ɑː.rəl, 'ær.əl, -æl (US) 'er.əl, 'ær-
Araldite® 'ær.əl.daɪt (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Aram *biblical name:* 'eə.ræm, -rəm (US) 'er.æm, 'ær-, 'eɪ.rəm, 'ɑːr.əm *surname:* 'eə.rəm (US) 'er.əm, 'ær-
Aramaean ˌær.ə'miː.ən (US) ˌer-, ˌær-
Arama|ic ˌær.ə'meɪ|.ɪk (US) ˌer-, ˌær- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
Aramean ˌær.ə'miː.ən (US) ˌer-, ˌær- **-s** -z
aramid 'ær.ə.mɪd (US) 'er-, 'ær- **-s** -z
Aramite 'ær.ə.maɪt (US) 'er-, 'ær- **-s** -s
Aran 'ær.ən (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Arapaho ə'ræp.ə.həʊ (US) -hoʊ
Ararat 'ær.ə.ræt (US) 'er-, 'ær-
Araucani|a ˌær.ɔː'keɪ.ni|.ə (US) ˌer-, ˌær-, -ɑː'-; əˌraʊ.kɑː'niː|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
araucaria ˌær.ɔː'keə.ri.ə (US) ˌer.ɔː'ker.i-, ˌær-, -ɑː'- **-s** -z
Arawak 'ær.ə.wæk, -wɑːk (US) 'ɑːr.ə.wɑːk; 'ær.ə.wæk, 'er- **-s** -s
Arber 'ɑː.bəʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ
Arberry 'ɑː.bər.i (US) 'ɑːr.ber-
Arbil 'ɑː.bɪl (US) 'ɑːr-
arbiter 'ɑː.bɪ.təʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
arbitrage *arbitration:* 'ɑː.bɪ.trɪdʒ (US) 'ɑːr- *of stocks, etc.:* ˌɑː.bɪ'trɑːʒ, 'ɑː.bɪ.trɪdʒ (US) 'ɑːr.bɪ.trɑːʒ
arbitrageur ˌɑː.bɪ.trɑː'ʒɜːʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɪ.trɑː.ʒɚ **-s** -z
arbitrament ɑː'bɪt.rə.mənt (US) ɑːr- **-s** -s
arbitrarily ˌɑː.bɪ'treə.rəl.i, 'ɑː.bɪ.trər.əl.i (US) ˌɑːr.bə'trer.əl-
arbitrar|y 'ɑː.bɪ.trər|.i (US) 'ɑːr.bə.trer- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
arbi|trate 'ɑː.bɪ|.treɪt (US) 'ɑːr.bə|.treɪt **-trates** -treɪts **-trating** -treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-trated** -treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd
arbitration ˌɑː.bɪ'treɪ.ʃən (US) ˌɑːr.bə'- **-s** -z
arbitrator 'ɑː.bɪ.treɪ.təʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bə.treɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Arblay 'ɑː.bleɪ (US) 'ɑːr-
arbor *tree:* 'ɑː.bɔːʳ, -bəʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ *axle, shaft:* 'ɑː.bəʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ **-s** -z
Arbor 'ɑː.bəʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ 'Arbor ˌDay
arboraceous ˌɑː.bər'eɪ.ʃəs, -bɔː'reɪ- (US) ˌɑːr.bə'reɪ-, -bɔː'-
arbore|al ɑː'bɔː.ri|.əl (US) ɑːr'bɔːr.i- **-ous** -əs
arborescen|ce ˌɑː.bər'es.ən|ts, -bɔː'res- (US) ˌɑːr.bə'res-, -bɔː'- **-t** -t
arbore|tum ˌɑː.bər'iː.|təm, -bɔː'riː- (US) ˌɑːr.bə'riː.t̬əm, -bɔː'- **-tums** -təmz (US) -t̬əmz **-ta** -tə (US) -t̬ə
arboriculture 'ɑː.bər.ɪˌkʌl.tʃəʳ, -bɔː-; ɑː'bɒr.ɪˌ- (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ.ɪˌkʌl.tʃɚ; ɑːr'bɔːr-
arborization, -isa- ˌɑː.bər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -bɔː.raɪ'-, -rɪ'- (US) ˌɑːr.bɚ.ɪ'-, -bɔːr-
arboriz|e, -is|e 'ɑː.bər.aɪz (US) 'ɑːr.bə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
arbor-vitae ˌɑː.bə'viː.taɪ, -bɔː-, -'vaɪ-, -tiː (US) ˌɑːr.bɚ'vaɪ.t̬iː, -'viː- **-s** -z
arbour 'ɑː.bəʳ (US) 'ɑːr.bɚ **-s** -z
Arbroath ɑː'brəʊθ (US) ɑːr'broʊθ
Arbus 'ɑː.bəs (US) 'ɑːr-
Arbuthnot(t) ɑː'bʌθ.nət, ə'bʌθ- (US) ɑːr-, -nɑːt
arbutus ɑː'bjuː.təs (US) ɑːr'bjuː.t̬əs **-es** -ɪz
arc (A) ɑːk (US) ɑːrk **-s** -s **-(k)ing** -ɪŋ **-(k)ed** -t 'arc ˌlamp; 'arc ˌlight
arcade ɑː'keɪd (US) ɑːr- **-s** -z
Arcadi|a ɑː'keɪ.di|.ə (US) ɑːr- **-an/s** -ən/z
Arcady 'ɑː.kə.di (US) 'ɑːr-
arcane ɑː'keɪn (US) ɑːr-
arcan|um ɑː'keɪ.n|əm (US) ɑːr- **-a** -ə
arch- ɑːtʃ, ɑːk (US) ɑːrtʃ, ɑːrk
Note: Prefix. Words containing **arch-** normally carry secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **archbishop** /ˌɑːtʃ'bɪʃ.əp (US) ˌɑːrtʃ-/, with the obvious exception of **archangel**.
arch *(adj.)* ɑːtʃ (US) ɑːrtʃ **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
arch *(n, v.)* ɑːtʃ (US) ɑːrtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-arch ɑːk, ək (US) ɑːrk, ɚk
Note: Suffix. Normally /-ɑːk (US) -ɑːrk/, e.g. **oligarch** /'ɒl.ɪ.gɑːk (US) 'ɑː.lɪ.gɑːrk/, but /-ək, -ɚk/ is preferred in some words, e.g. **monarch** /'mɒn.ək (US) 'mɑː.nɚk-nɑːrk/.
archaean (A) ɑː'kiː.ən (US) ɑːr-
archaeo- ˌɑː.ki.əʊ; ˌɑː.ki'ɒ (US) ˌɑːr.ki.oʊ, -ə; ˌɑːr.ki'ɑː
Note: Prefix. Words containing **archaeo-** normally carry secondary stress on the first syllable, and in the items which follow have primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **archaeology** /ˌɑː.ki'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ˌɑːr.ki'ɑː.lə-/, with the exception of **archaeological**.
archaeologic|al ˌɑː.ki.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl (US) ˌɑːr.ki.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -i
archaeologist ˌɑː.ki'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) ˌɑːr.ki'ɑː.lə- **-s** -s
archaeology ˌɑː.ki'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ˌɑːr.ki'ɑː.lə-
archaeopteryx ˌɑː.ki'ɒp.tər.ɪks (US) ˌɑːr.ki'ɑːp- **-es** -ɪz
archaic ɑː'keɪ.ɪk (US) ɑːr- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
archaism ɑː'keɪ.ɪ.zəm, 'ɑː.keɪ- (US) 'ɑːr.ki-, -keɪ- **-s** -z
archangel ɑː'keɪn.dʒəl, 'ɑː.keɪn- (US) 'ɑːr.keɪn- **-s** -z
Archangel 'ɑːˌkeɪn.dʒəl, ˌɑː'keɪn- (US) 'ɑːr.keɪn-
archbishop ˌɑːtʃ'bɪʃ.əp (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌArchbishop of 'Canterbury
archbishopric ˌɑːtʃ'bɪʃ.ə.prɪk (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-s** -s
Archbold 'ɑːtʃ.bəʊld (US) 'ɑːrtʃ.boʊld
Archdale 'ɑːtʃ.deɪl (US) 'ɑːrtʃ-
archdeacon ˌɑːtʃ'diː.kən (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-s** -z
archdeaconr|y ˌɑːtʃ'diː.kən.r|i (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-ies** -iz
archdioces|e ˌɑːtʃ'daɪə.sɪs (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-es** -ɪz
archducal ˌɑːtʃ'djuː.kəl (US) ˌɑːrtʃ'duː-, -'djuː-
archduchess ˌɑːtʃ'dʌtʃ.ɪs, -əs (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-es** -ɪz
archduch|y ˌɑːtʃ'dʌtʃ.|i (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-ies** -iz
archduke ˌɑːtʃ'djuːk (US) ˌɑːrtʃ'duːk

djuːk -s -s *stress shift:* ˌArchduke
Ferdinand
hdukedom ˌɑːtʃˈdjuːk.dəm
(US) ˌɑːrtʃˈduːk-, -ˈdjuːk -s -z
chelaus ˌɑː.kɪˈleɪ.əs, -kəˈ- (US) ˌɑːr-
chenem|y ˌɑːtʃˈen.ə.m|i, -ɪ.m|i
(US) ˌɑːrtʃ- **-ies** -iz
cheo- ˌɑː.ki.əʊ; ˌɑː.kiˈɒ
(US) ˌɑːr.ki.oʊ, -ə; ˌɑːr.kiˈɑː
te: Prefix. See **archaeo-**.
cheologic|al ˌɑː.ki.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl
(US) ˌɑːr.ki.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
cheologist ˌɑː.kiˈɒl.ə.dʒɪst
(US) ˌɑːr.kiˈɑː.lə- -s -s
cheology ˌɑː.kiˈɒl.ə.dʒi
(US) ˌɑːr.kiˈɑː.lə-
cheopteryx ˌɑː.kiˈɒp.tə.rɪks
(US) ˌɑːr.kiˈɑːp- **-es** -ɪz
cher (A) ˈɑː.tʃəʳ (US) ˈɑːr.tʃɚ -s -z
cheress ˈɑː.tʃᵊr.ɪs, -es
(US) ˈɑːr.tʃɚ.əs **-es** -ɪz
chery ˈɑː.tʃᵊr.i (US) ˈɑːr-
chetypal ˌɑː.kɪˈtaɪ.pᵊl, ˈɑː.kɪˌtaɪ-
(US) ˌɑːr.kɪˈtaɪ-
chetype ˈɑː.kɪ.taɪp (US) ˈɑːr- -s -s
chetypic|al ˌɑː.kɪˈtɪp.ɪ.k|ᵊl
(US) ˌɑːr.kəˈ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:*
archetypical ˈincident
chfiend ˌɑːtʃˈfiːnd (US) ˌɑːrtʃ- -s -z
ch-heretic ˌɑːtʃˈher.ə.tɪk, ˈ-ɪ-
(US) ˌɑːrtʃˈher.ə- -s -s
chi- ɑː.tʃi (US) ɑːr.tʃi
rchibald ˈɑː.tʃɪ.bɔːld, -bᵊld
(US) ˈɑːr.tʃə.bɔːld, -bɑːld
rchic ɑː.kɪk (US) ɑːr.kɪk
rchie ˈɑː.tʃi (US) ˈɑːr-
rchilochus ɑːˈkɪl.ə.kəs (US) ɑːr-
rchimandrite ˌɑː.kɪˈmæn.draɪt
(US) ˌɑːr.kəˈ- -s -s
rchimedean ˌɑː.kɪˈmiː.di.ən,
-miːˈdiː.ən (US) ˌɑːr.kə- *stress shift:*
ˌarchimedean ˈscrew
rchimedes ˌɑː.kɪˈmiː.diːz
(US) ˌɑːr.kəˈ-
rchipelago ˌɑː.kɪˈpel.əg.əʊ
(US) ˌɑːr.kəˈpel.ə.goʊ -(e)s -z
rchiphoneme ˌɑː.kɪˈfəʊ.niːm
(US) ˈɑːr.kɪˌfoʊ-, ˌɑːr.kɪˈfoʊ- -s -z
rchitect ˈɑː.kɪ.tekt (US) ˈɑːr.kə- -s -s
rchitectonic ˌɑː.kɪ.tekˈtɒn.ɪk
(US) ˌɑːr.kə.tekˈtɑː.nɪk -s -s
rchitectural ˌɑː.kɪˈtek.tʃᵊr.ᵊl
(US) ˌɑːr.kəˈ- **-ly** -i
rchitecture ˈɑː.kɪ.tek.tʃəʳ
(US) ˈɑːr.kə.tek.tʃɚ
rchitrave ˈɑː.kɪ.treɪv (US) ˈɑːr.kə- -s -z
-d -d
rchival ɑːˈkaɪ.vᵊl (US) ɑːr-
rchive ˈɑː.kaɪv (US) ˈɑːr- -s -z
rchivist ˈɑː.kɪ.vɪst (US) ˈɑːr.kaɪ-, -kə-
-s -s
rchon ˈɑː.kən, -kɒn (US) ˈɑːr.kɑːn -s -z
rch-prelate ˌɑːtʃˈprel.ət, -ɪt
(US) ˌɑːrtʃ- -s -s
rch-priest ˌɑːtʃˈpriːst (US) ˌɑːrtʃ-
-s -s *stress shift:* ˌarch-priest's
ˈceremony
rch-traitor ˌɑːtʃˈtreɪ.təʳ
(US) ˌɑːrtʃˈtreɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z *stress shift:*
ˌarch-traitor ˈclique
archway (A) ˈɑːtʃ.weɪ (US) ˈɑːrtʃ- -s -z
archwise ˈɑːtʃ.waɪz (US) ˈɑːrtʃ-
Archytas ɑːˈkaɪ.təs, -tæs
(US) ɑːrˈkaɪ.t̬əs
Arcite ˈɑː.saɪt (US) ˈɑːr-
Arcot ˈɑː.kɒt (US) ˈɑːr.kɑːt
arctic (A) ˈɑːk.tɪk (US) ˈɑːrk-; ˈɑːr.t̬ɪk
ˌArctic ˈCircle; ˌArctic ˈOcean
Arcturus ɑːkˈtjʊə.rəs (US) ɑːrkˈtʊr.əs
arcuate ˈɑː.kju.ət, -eɪt, -ɪt (US) ˈɑːr-
arcuated ˈɑː.kju.eɪ.tɪd
(US) ˈɑːr.kju.eɪ.t̬ɪd
Arcy ˈɑː.si (US) ˈɑːr-
-ard əd, ɑːd (US) ɚd, ɑːrd
Note: Suffix. In frequently occurring words, normally /-əd (US) -ɚd/, e.g. **wizard** /ˈwɪz.əd (US) -ɚd/, but may also be /-ɑːd (US) -ɑːrd/, e.g. **dullard** /ˈdʌl.əd, -ɑːd (US) -ɚd/. See individual items.
Ardagh ˈɑː.də, -dɑː (US) ˈɑːr-
Ardèche ɑːˈdeʃ (US) ɑːr-
Ardee ɑːˈdiː (US) ɑːr-
Arden ˈɑː.dᵊn (US) ˈɑːr-
ardency ˈɑː.dᵊn*t*.si (US) ˈɑːr-
Ardennes ɑːˈden, -denz (US) ɑːr-
ardent ˈɑː.dᵊnt (US) ˈɑːr- **-ly** -li
Arding ˈɑː.dɪŋ (US) ˈɑːr-
Ardingly ˈɑː.dɪŋ.laɪ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈɑːr.dɪŋ-, ˌ--ˈ-
Ardleigh, Ardley ˈɑːd.li (US) ˈɑːrd-
Ardoch ˈɑː.dɒk, -dɒx (US) ˈɑːr.dɑːk
ardo(u)r ˈɑː.dəʳ (US) ˈɑːr.dɚ
Ardrishaig ɑːˈdrɪʃ.ɪg, -eɪg (US) ɑːr-
Ardrossan ɑːˈdrɒs.ᵊn (US) ɑːrˈdrɑː.sᵊn
Ards ɑːdz (US) ɑːrdz
Arduin ˈɑː.dwɪn (US) ˈɑːr-
arduous ˈɑː.dju.əs, -dʒu- (US) ˈɑːr.dʒu- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ardwick ˈɑː.dwɪk (US) ˈɑːr-
are (*from* **be**) *strong form:* ɑːʳ (US) ɑːr *weak form:* əʳ, ɚ *occasional weak form before vowels:* r
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /ɑːʳ (US) ɑːr/ is used for emphasis (e.g. 'You **are** stupid.'), for contrast (e.g. 'You **are** rich, but you **aren't** handsome.') and in final position (e.g. 'Here you are.'). The weak form is usually /əʳ (US) ɚ/ (e.g. 'These are mine.' /ˌðiːz.əˈmaɪn (US) -ɚˈ-/; 'These are old.' /ˌðiːz.əʳˈəʊld (US) /-ɚˈoʊld), but when the weak form precedes a vowel, as in the last example, it often happens that the word is pronounced as a syllabic /r̩/ (e.g. /ˌðiːz.r̩ˈəʊld (US) -ˈoʊld/).
are *surface measure:* ɑːʳ (US) ɑːr -s -z
area ˈeə.ri.ə (US) ˈer.i- -s -z ˈ**area** ˌ**code**
areca əˈriː.kə; ˈær.ɪ- (US) əˈriː.kə; ˈær.ɪ-, ˈer- -s -z
arena əˈriː.nə -s -z
Arendt ˈær.ənt, ˈɑː.rənt (US) ˈɑːr.ənt, ˈer-
aren't ɑːnt (US) ɑːrnt
areol|a əˈriː.ᵊl|.ə, ærˈiː- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː
areometer ˌær.iˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˌeə.riˈ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌer.iˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, ˌær- -s -z
areometry ˌær.iˈɒm.ɪ.tri, ˌeə.riˈ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌer.iˈɑː.mə-, ˌær-
Areopagite ˌær.iˈɒp.ə.gaɪt, -dʒaɪt (US) ˌer.iˈɑː.pə-, ˌær- -s -s
Areopagitic ˌær.i.ɒp.əˈdʒɪt.ɪk (US) ˌer.iˌɑː.pəˈdʒɪt̬-, ˌær- -a -ə
Areopagus ˌær.iˈɒp.ə.gəs (US) ˌer.iˈɑː.pə-, ˌær-
Arequipa ˌær.ɪˈkiː.pə, -ekˈiː- (US) ˌɑː.rəˈkiː-, ˌer.əˈ-, ˌær-
Ares ˈeə.riːz (US) ˈer.iːz
arête ærˈet, əˈret
Aretha əˈriː.θə
Arethusa ˌær.ɪˈθjuː.zə, -eθˈjuː- (US) ˌɑːr.əˈθuː-
Arezzo ærˈet.səʊ, əˈret- (US) ɑːˈret.soʊ
Arfon ˈɑː.vᵊn, -vɒn (US) ˈɑːr-, -fᵊn
Argand ˈɑː.gænd, -gənd (US) ˌɑːrˈgɑːnd, -ˈgænd -s -z *stress shift, US only, see compound:* **ˌArgand ˈdiagram**
argent (A) ˈɑː.dʒᵊnt (US) ˈɑːr-
Argentina ˌɑː.dʒᵊnˈtiː.nə, -dʒenˈ- (US) ˌɑːr-
argentine (A) ˈɑː.dʒᵊn.taɪn (US) ˈɑːr.dʒᵊn.taɪn, -tiːn, -tɪn
Argentinian ˌɑː.dʒᵊnˈtɪn.i.ən (US) ˌɑːr- -s -z
argillaceous ˌɑː.dʒɪˈleɪ.ʃəs (US) ˌɑːr.dʒəˈ-
Argive ˈɑː.gaɪv (US) ˈɑːr- -s -z
Argo ˈɑː.gəʊ (US) ˈɑːr.goʊ
argol ˈɑː.gɒl, -gᵊl (US) ˈɑːr.gɑːl, -gᵊl
Argolis ˈɑː.gᵊl.ɪs (US) ˈɑːr-
argon ˈɑː.gɒn, -gən (US) ˈɑːr.gɑːn
Argonaut ˈɑː.gə.nɔːt (US) ˈɑːr.gə.nɑːt, -nɔːt -s -s
Argonautic ˌɑː.gəˈnɔː.tɪk (US) ˌɑːr.gəˈnɑː.t̬ɪk, -ˈnɔː-
Argos ˈɑː.gɒs (US) ˈɑːr.gɑːs, -gəs
argos|y ˈɑː.gə.s|i (US) ˈɑːr.gə.s|i **-ies** -iz
argot ˈɑː.gəʊ (US) ˈɑːr.goʊ, -gət -s -z
arguab|le ˈɑːg.ju.ə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈɑːrg- **-ly** -li
argu|e ˈɑːg.juː (US) ˈɑːrg- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
argument ˈɑːg.jə.mənt, -jʊ- (US) ˈɑːrg.jə-, -jʊ- -s -s
argumental ˌɑːg.jəˈmen.tᵊl, -jʊ- (US) ˌɑːrg.jəˈmen.t̬ᵊl, -jʊˈ-
argumentation ˌɑːg.jə.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ-, -mən- (US) ˌɑːrg.jə-, -jʊ- -s -z
argumentative ˌɑːg.jəˈmen.tə.tɪv, -jʊ- (US) ˌɑːrg.jəˈmen.t̬ə.t̬ɪv, -jʊˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
argus (A) ˈɑː.gəs (US) ˈɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
argy-bargy ˌɑː.dʒiˈbɑː.dʒi (US) ˌɑːr.dʒiˈbɑːr-
Argyle ɑːˈgaɪl (US) ɑːr-, ˈ-- *stress shift:* ˌArgyle ˈtartan
Argyllshire ɑːˈgaɪl.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) ɑːrˈgaɪl.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
aria ˈɑː.ri.ə (US) ˈɑːr.i- -s -z
Ariadne ˌær.iˈæd.ni (US) ˌær-, ˌer-
Arian ˈeə.ri.ən (US) ˈer.i-, ˈær- -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
-arian ˈeə.ri.ən (US) ˈer.i-, ˈær-
Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **grammarian**

/grəˈmeə.ri.ən (US) -ˈmer.i-/.

arid ˈær.ɪd (US) ˈer-, ˈær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

aridity ærˈɪd.ə.ti, əˈrɪd-, -ɪ.ti (US) erˈɪd.ə.t̬i, ær-

ariel (A) ˈeə.ri.əl (US) ˈer.i- **-s** -z

Aries ˈeə.riːz, -ri.iːz (US) ˈer.iːz

arietta ˌær.iˈet.ə, ˌɑː.riˈ- (US) ˌɑːr.iˈet̬-, ˌær.iˈ-, ˌer- **-s** -z

aright əˈraɪt

-arily ᵊr.ə.li, -ɪ.li; ˈer.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li (US) er.ə.li, ær-

Note: Suffix. The stress pattern of words containing **-arily** in British English is either unaffected by the affix or primary stress moves to the antepenultimate syllable, in which case it contains a full vowel, e.g. **momentarily** /ˈməʊ.mən.tᵊr.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li; ˌməʊ.mənˈter-/. In American English, **-arily** normally has a full vowel, but the antepenultimate syllable may or may not take primary stress, e.g. **momentarily** /ˈmoʊ.mən.ter.ᵊl.i, ˌmoʊ.mənˈter-/. See individual entries.

Arimathaea ˌær.ɪ.məˈθiː.ə (US) ˌer.ə-, ˌær-

Arion əˈraɪən, ærˈaɪən (US) əˈraɪən

arioso ˌɑː.riˈəʊ.səʊ, ˌær.iˈ-, -zəʊ (US) ˌɑːr.iˈoʊ.soʊ

Ariosto ˌær.iˈɒs.təʊ (US) ˌɑːr.iˈɑː.stoʊ, ˌer-, ˌær-, -ˈɔː-, -ˈoʊ-

aris|e əˈraɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ

arisen əˈrɪz.ᵊn

Aristaeus ˌær.ɪˈstiː.əs, -əˈ- (US) ˌer.əˈ-, ˌær-

Aristarchus ˌær.ɪˈstɑː.kəs (US) ˌer.əˈstɑːr-, ˌær-

Aristide ˌær.ɪˈstiːd (US) ˌer-, ˌær-

Aristides ˌær.ɪˈstaɪ.diːz (US) ˌer.əˈ-, ˌær-

aristo əˈrɪs.təʊ (US) -toʊ **-s** -z

aristocrac|y ˌær.ɪˈstɒk.rə.s|i (US) ˌer.əˈstɑː.krə-, ˌær- **-ies** -iz

aristocrat ˈær.ɪ.stə.kræt; əˈrɪs.tə- (US) əˈrɪs-; ˈer.ə.stə-, ˈær- **-s** -s

aristocratic ˌær.ɪ.stəˈkræt.ɪk (US) əˌrɪs.təˈkræt̬.ɪk; ˌer.ə.stəˈ-, ˌær- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift, British:* ˌaristocratic ˈairs *stress shift, US:* aˌristocratic ˈairs, ˌaristocratic ˈairs

aristocratism ˌær.ɪˈstɒk.rə.tɪ.zᵊm (US) ˌer.əˈstɑː.krə-, ˌær-

Aristophanes ˌær.ɪˈstɒf.ə.niːz (US) ˌer.əˈstɑː.fə-, ˌær-

aristophanic ˌær.ɪ.stəˈfæn.ɪk, -tɒfˈæn- (US) ˌer.ə.stəˈ-, ˌær-

aristotelian (A) ˌær.ɪ.stɒtˈiː.li.ən, -stəˈtiː- (US) ˌer.ə.stəˈtiː-, ˌær- **-s** -z

Aristotle ˈær.ɪ.stɒt.ᵊl (US) ˈer.ə.stɑː.t̬ᵊl, ˈær-

Aristoxenus ˌær.ɪˈstɒk.sɪ.nəs, -sə.nəs (US) ˌer.əˈstɑːk.sə-, ˌær-

arithmetic (*n.*) əˈrɪθ.mə.tɪk, -mɪ- **-s** -s

arithmetic (*adj.*) ˌær.ɪθˈmet.ɪk (US) ˌer.ɪθˈmet̬-, ˌær- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li ˌ**arithmetic** ˈ**mean**

arithmetician əˌrɪθ.məˈtɪʃ.ᵊn, -mɪˈ-; ˌær.ɪθ- (US) əˌrɪθ.məˈ- **-s** -z

-arium ˈeə.ri.əm (US) ˈer.i-

Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **solarium** /səʊˈler.i.əm (US) soʊ-, sə-/.

Arius ˈeə.ri.əs; əˈraɪ- (US) ˈer.i-, ˈær-

Ariz. (*abbrev. for* **Arizona**) ˌær.ɪˈzəʊ.nə (US) ˌer.ɪˈzoʊ-, ˌær-, -əˈ-

Arizona ˌær.ɪˈzəʊ.nə (US) ˌer.ɪˈzoʊ-, ˌær-, -əˈ-

Arjuna ɑːˈjuː.nə (US) ɑːr-, ɝː-

ark (A) ɑːk (US) ɑːrk **-s** -s

Ark. (*abbrev. for* **Arkansas**) ˈɑː.kən.sɔː; ɑːˈkæn.zəs (US) ˈɑːr.kən.sɑː, -sɔː; ɑːrˈkæn.zəs

Arkan ˈɑː.kæn (US) ˈɑːr-

Arkansas *US state:* ˈɑː.kən.sɔː (US) ˈɑːr.kən.sɑː, -sɔː *river:* ɑːˈkæn.zəs, ɑːrˈkæn.zəs

Arkhangelsk ˌɑː.kæŋˈgelsk (US) ɑːrˈkɑːn.gelsk

Arklow ˈɑː.kləʊ (US) ˈɑːr.kloʊ

Arkwright ˈɑː.kraɪt (US) ˈɑːr-

Arlen ˈɑː.lən (US) ˈɑːr-

Arlene ˈɑː.liːn (US) ɑːrˈliːn

Arlington ˈɑː.lɪŋ.tən (US) ˈɑːr-

arm ɑːm (US) ɑːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **cost an** ˌ**arm and a** ˈ**leg;** ˌ**keep someone at** ˌ**arm's** ˈ**length;** ˌ**armed to the** ˈ**teeth**

armada (A) ɑːˈmɑː.də (US) ɑːrˈ- **-s** -z

Armadale ˈɑː.mə.deɪl (US) ˈɑːr-

armadillo ˌɑː.məˈdɪl.əʊ (US) ˌɑːr.məˈdɪl.oʊ **-s** -z

Armado ɑːˈmɑː.dəʊ (US) ɑːrˈmɑː.doʊ

Armageddon ˌɑː.məˈged.ᵊn (US) ˌɑːr-

Armagh ˌɑːˈmɑː (US) ˌɑːr-

Armagnac ˈɑː.mə.njæk (US) ˈɑːr-, ˌ--ˈ-

Armah ˈɑː.mə (US) ˈɑːr-

Armalite® ˈɑː.mᵊl.aɪt (US) ˈɑːr.mə.laɪt

armament ˈɑː.mə.mənt (US) ˈɑːr- **-s** -s

Armani ˌɑːˈmɑː.ni (US) ˌɑːr-

Armatrading ˌɑː.məˈtreɪ.dɪŋ, ˈɑː.mə.treɪ- (US) ˈɑːr.mə.treɪ-, ˌɑːr.məˈtreɪ-

armature ˈɑː.mə.tʃəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ, -tjʊəʳ, -tjəʳ (US) ˈɑːr.mə.tʃɚ **-s** -z

armband ˈɑːm.bænd (US) ˈɑːrm- **-s** -z

armchair ˈɑːm.tʃeəʳ, -ˈ- (US) ˈɑːrm.tʃer **-s** -z

Note: The latter British form is used when attributive.

armed ɑːmd (US) ɑːrmd ˌ**armed** ˈ**robbery**

Armeni|a ɑːˈmiː.ni|.ə (US) ɑːr- **-an/s** -ən/z

Armfield ˈɑːm.fiːld (US) ˈɑːrm-

armful ˈɑːm.fʊl (US) ˈɑːrm- **-s** -z

armhole ˈɑːm.həʊl (US) ˈɑːrm.hoʊl **-s** -z

armiger (A) ˈɑː.mɪ.dʒəʳ (US) ˈɑːr.mɪ.dʒɚ **-s** -z

Armin ˈɑː.mɪn (US) ˈɑːr-

arm-in-arm ˌɑːm.ɪnˈɑːm (US) ˌɑːrm.ɪnˈɑːrm

Arminian ɑːˈmɪn.i.ən (US) ɑːr- **-s** -z

Armistead ˈɑː.mɪ.sted, -stɪd (US) ˈɑːr-

armistic|e ˈɑː.mɪ.stɪs (US) ˈɑːr.mə- **-es** -ɪz ˈ**Armistice** ˌ**Day**

Armitage ˈɑː.mɪ.tɪdʒ, -mə- (US) ˈɑːr.mə.t̬ɪdʒ

armless ˈɑːm.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈɑːrm-

armlet ˈɑːm.lət, -lɪt (US) ˈɑːrm- **-s** -s

armload ˈɑːm.ləʊd (US) ˈɑːrm.loʊd **-s**

armlock ˈɑːm.lɒk (US) ˈɑːrm.lɑːk **-s**

arm|or ˈɑː.m|əʳ (US) ˈɑːr.m|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌ**armored** ˈ**vehicle**

armorer ˈɑː.mᵊr.əʳ (US) ˈɑːr.mɚ.ɚ **-s**

armorial ɑːˈmɔː.ri.əl (US) ɑːrˈmɔːr.i-

Armoric ɑːˈmɒr.ɪk (US) ɑːrˈmɔːr-

Armoric|a ɑːˈmɒr.ɪ.k|ə (US) ɑːrˈmɔːr- **-an/s** -ən/z

armor-pla|te ˌɑː.məˈpleɪ|t, ˈ--- (US) ˈɑːr.mɚ.pleɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

armor|y ˈɑː.mᵊr|.i (US) ˈɑːr- **-ies** -iz

arm|our (A) ˈɑː.m|əʳ (US) ˈɑːr.m|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌ**armoured** ˈ**vehicle**

armourer ˈɑː.mᵊr.əʳ (US) ˈɑːr.mɚ.ɚ **-s** -z

armour-pla|te ˌɑː.məˈpleɪ|t, ˈ--- (US) ˈɑːr.mɚ.pleɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

Note: The latter British form is used attributively.

armour|y ˈɑː.mᵊr|.i (US) ˈɑːr- **-ies** -iz

armpit ˈɑːm.pɪt (US) ˈɑːrm- **-s** -s

armrest ˈɑːm.rest (US) ˈɑːrm- **-s** -s

arms ɑːmz (US) ɑːrmz ˈ**arms con**ˌ**tro**… ˈ**arms** ˌ**race;** ˌ**up in** ˈ**arms**

Armstead ˈɑːm.sted, -stɪd (US) ˈɑːr…

Armstrong ˈɑːm.strɒŋ (US) ˈɑːrm.strɑːŋ, -strɔːŋ

Armthorpe ˈɑːm.θɔːp (US) ˈɑːrm.θɔːr…

arm-twisting ˈɑːmˌtwɪs.tɪŋ (US) ˈɑːrm-

arm|y ˈɑː.m|i (US) ˈɑːr- **-ies** -iz

army-corps *sing.:* ˈɑː.mi.kɔːʳ (US) ˈɑːr.mi.kɔːr *plur.:* -kɔːz (US) -kɔː…

Arnald ˈɑː.nəld (US) ˈɑːr-

Arndale ˈɑːn.deɪl (US) ˈɑːrn-

Arne ɑːn (US) ɑːrn

Arnfield ˈɑːn.fiːld (US) ˈɑːrn-

Arnhem ˈɑː.nəm, ˈɑːn.həm (US) ˈɑːr.nəm, ˈɑːrn.hem

arnica ˈɑː.nɪ.kə (US) ˈɑːr-

Arno ˈɑː.nəʊ (US) ˈɑːr.noʊ

Arnold ˈɑː.nᵊld (US) ˈɑːr- **-son** -sᵊn

Arnot(t) ˈɑː.nət, -nɒt (US) ˈɑːr.nət, -nɑːt

Arolla əˈrɒl.ə (US) -ˈrɑː.lə

aroma əˈrəʊ.mə (US) -ˈroʊ- **-s** -z

aromatherap|y əˌrəʊ.məˈθer.ə.p|i (US) -ˌroʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

aromatic ˌær.əʊˈmæt.ɪk (US) ˌer.əˈmæt̬-, ˌær- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌaromatic ˈoils

arose (*from* **arise**) əˈrəʊz (US) -ˈroʊz

around əˈraʊnd

arousal əˈraʊ.zᵊl **-s** -z

arous|e əˈraʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

arpeggio ɑːˈpedʒ.i.əʊ, -ˈpedʒ.əʊ (US) ɑːrˈpedʒ.i.oʊ, -ˈpeʒ-, -ˈpedʒ.oʊ **-s** -z

arquebus ˈɑː.kwɪ.bəs, -kwə.bəs,

\rticulation

he movement of the vocal organs to produce speech ounds. The vocal organs are often referred to as 'articulators', nd these include the tongue, the lips, the hard palate, ne soft palate, the teeth, the pharynx and the larynx. n classifying CONSONANTS, phoneticians note the 'place f articulation' (the point in the vocal tract where the bstruction to the airflow is made) and the 'manner of articulation' (the type of obstruction made by the articulators). Thus the sound [s] is classified as ALVEOLAR (because the place of articulation is at the alveolar ridge, just behind the upper front teeth) and FRICATIVE (because the obstruction is one which allows air to escape with difficulty, creating a hissing noise).

ʌs ⓤ 'ɑːr- -es -ɪz
uette ɑː'ket ⓤ ɑːr-
(*abbrev. for* **arranged by**)
reɪndʒd,baɪ (*abbrev. for* **arrives,**
rrival) ə'raɪvz; -'raɪ.vᵊl
ack 'ær.ək ⓤ 'er-, 'ær-; ə'ræk
aign ə'reɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
r/s -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s
an 'ær.ᵊn ⓤ 'er-, 'ær-
ang|e ə'reɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
d -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z
angement ə'reɪndʒ.mənt **-s** -s
ant 'ær.ᵊnt ⓤ 'er-, 'ær- **-ly** -li
as 'ær.əs ⓤ 'er-, 'ær- **-es** -ɪz
ras *French town:* 'ær.əs, -æs
ⓤ 'er-, 'ær-
au ə'raʊ; 'ær.aʊ ⓤ ə'raʊ
ay ə'reɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ear ə'rɪəʳ ⓤ -'rɪr **-s** -z **-age** -ɪdʒ
est ə'rest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ment/s -mənt/s
estable ə'res.tə.bᵊl
estation ˌær.es'teɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤ ˌer-,
ær-; əˌres'- **-s** -z
rhythm|ia ə'rɪð.m|i.ə **-ic** -ɪk **-ical**
ɪ.kᵊl **-ically** -ɪ.kᵊl.i, -ɪ.kli
rian 'ær.i.ən ⓤ 'er-, 'ær-
rière-ban ˌær.i.eə'bæn ⓤ -er'bɑːn,
-'bæn **-s** -z
rière pensée ˌær.i.eə'pɑ̃ːnt.seɪ,
-pɑːnt'seɪ ⓤ -er.pɑːn'seɪ
ris 'ær.ɪs ⓤ 'er-, 'ær- **-es** -ɪz
rival ə'raɪ.vᵊl **-s** -z
riv|e ə'raɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rivederci ˌær.i.və'deə.tʃi
ⓤ əˌriː.və'der-
riviste ˌær.iː'viːst ⓤ ˌer-, ˌær- **-s** -s
roganc|e 'ær.ə.gᵊnts ⓤ 'er-, 'ær-
-y -i
rogant 'ær.ə.gənt ⓤ 'er-, 'ær- **-ly** -li
ro|gate 'ær.əʊ|.geɪt ⓤ 'er.ə-, 'ær-
-gates -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ
ⓤ -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd
ⓤ -geɪ.t̬ɪd
rogation ˌær.əʊ'geɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤ ˌer.ə'-,
ˌær- **-s** -z
rogative ə'rɒg.ə.tɪv ⓤ -'rɑː.gə.t̬ɪv
rondissement ˌær.ɒn'diː.sᵊm.ɑ̃ː
ⓤ erˌɑːn.diːs'mɑːn, ær-; əˌrɑːn- **-s** -s
row 'ær.əʊ ⓤ 'er.oʊ, 'ær- **-s** -z
'**arrow** ˌ**head**
rowroot 'ær.əʊ.ruːt ⓤ 'er.oʊ-, 'ær-

Arrowsmith 'ær.əʊ.smɪθ ⓤ 'er.oʊ-,
'ær-
arrowwood 'ær.əʊ.wʊd ⓤ 'er.oʊ-,
'ær-
arroyo ə'rɔɪ.əʊ ⓤ -oʊ **-s** -z
ars ɑːz ⓤ ɑːrz
ars|e ɑːs ⓤ ɑːrs **-es** -ɪz
Note: In US dictionaries, **arse** is usually listed as a variant of **ass**, which is pronounced /æs/. **Arse** is a British term.
arsed ɑːst ⓤ ɑːrst
arsehole 'ɑːs.həʊl ⓤ 'ɑːrs.hoʊl **-s** -z
arse-licker 'ɑːsˌlɪk.əʳ ⓤ 'ɑːrsˌlɪk.ɚ
-s -z
arsenal (A) 'ɑː.sᵊn.ᵊl ⓤ 'ɑːr- **-s** -z
arsenate 'ɑː.sᵊn.eɪt, -sɪ.neɪt, -nɪt,
-nət ⓤ 'ɑːr- **-s** -s
arsenic (*n.*) 'ɑː.sᵊn.ɪk ⓤ 'ɑːr-
arsenic (*adj.*) ɑː'sen.ɪk ⓤ ɑːr- **-al** -ᵊl
arsenide 'ɑː.sᵊn.aɪd ⓤ 'ɑːr- **-s** -z
arsenite 'ɑː.sᵊn.aɪt, -sɪ.naɪt ⓤ 'ɑːr-
ars|is 'ɑː.s|ɪs ⓤ 'ɑːr- **-es** -iːz
arson 'ɑː.sᵊn ⓤ 'ɑːr-
arsonist 'ɑː.sᵊn.ɪst ⓤ 'ɑːr- **-s** -s
art (*n.*) ɑːt ⓤ ɑːrt **-s** -s '**art** ˌ**gallery;**
ˌ**arts and** '**crafts;** '**art** ˌ**school**
art (*from* **be**) (*v.*) *normal form:* ɑːt
ⓤ ɑːrt *occasional weak form:* ət ⓤ ɚt
Artaxerxes ˌɑː.tə'zɜːk.siːz,
-tək'sɜːk-, -təg'zɜːk-, 'ɑː.tə.zɜːk-,
-tək.sɜːk-, -təg.zɜːk- ⓤ ˌɑːr.t̬ə'zɝːk-
Art Deco ˌɑːt'dek.əʊ ⓤ ˌɑːrt'de.koʊ,
ˌɑːr-, -'deɪ.koʊ, -deɪ'koʊ
artefact 'ɑː.tɪ.fækt, -tə.fækt
ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ə- **-s** -s
Artemis 'ɑː.tɪ.mɪs, -tə.mɪs ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ə-
Artemus 'ɑː.tɪ.məs, -tə.məs
ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ɪ-
arterial ɑː'tɪə.ri.əl ⓤ ɑːr'tɪr.i-
arteriolar ɑːˌtɪə.ri'əʊ.ləʳ
ⓤ ɑːrˌtɪr.i'oʊ.lɚ
arteriol|e ɑː'tɪə.ri.əʊl ⓤ ɑːr'tɪr.i.oʊl
-es -z
arteriosclerosis
ɑːˌtɪə.ri.əʊ.sklə'rəʊ.sɪs, -sklɪə'-
ⓤ ɑːrˌtɪr.i.oʊ.sklə'roʊ.səs
arteritis ˌɑː.tᵊr'aɪ.tɪs, -tɪ'raɪ-, -təs
ⓤ ˌɑːr.t̬ə'raɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
arter|y 'ɑː.tᵊr|.i ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz
artesian ɑː'tiː.zi.ən, -ʒi.ən, -ʒᵊn
ⓤ ɑːr'tiː.ʒᵊn **ar**ˌ**tesian** '**well**
Artex® 'ɑː.teks ⓤ 'ɑːr-

artful 'ɑːt.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤ 'ɑːrt- **-ly** -i
-ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**Artful** '**Dodger**
arthouse 'ɑːtˌhaʊs ⓤ 'ɑːrt-
arthritic ɑː'θrɪt.ɪk ⓤ ɑːr'θrɪt̬.ɪk **-s** -s
arthritis ɑː'θraɪ.tɪs, -təs
ⓤ ɑːr'θraɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
arthropod 'ɑː.θrə̆.pɒd
ⓤ 'ɑːr.θrə.pɑːd **-s** -z
arthroscope 'ɑː.θrə.skəʊp
ⓤ 'ɑːr.θrə.skoʊp **-s** -s
arthroscopic ˌɑː.θrə'skɒp.ɪk
ⓤ ˌɑːr.θrə'skɑː.pɪk
arthroscopy ɑː'θrɒs.kə.pi
ⓤ ɑːr'θrɑː.skə-
Arthur 'ɑː.θəʳ ⓤ 'ɑːr.θɚ
Arthurian ɑː'θjʊə.ri.ən, -'θʊə-
ⓤ ɑːr'θʊr.i-, -'θɝː-
artichoke 'ɑː.tɪ.tʃəʊk
ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ə.tʃoʊk **-s** -s
articl|e 'ɑː.tɪ.kᵊl ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ɪ- **-es** -z **-ing**
-ɪŋ, -klɪŋ **-ed** -d
articular ɑː'tɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ-
ⓤ ɑːr'tɪk.jə.lɚ
articulate (*adj.*) ɑː'tɪk.jə.lət, -jʊ-,
-lɪt ⓤ ɑːr'tɪk.jə.lət **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs
articu|late (*v.*) ɑː'tɪk.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ-
ⓤ ɑːr'tɪk.jə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating**
-leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd
ⓤ -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z
ⓤ -leɪ.t̬ɚ/s **ar**ˌ**ticulated** '**lorry**
articulation ɑːˌtɪk.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'-
ⓤ ɑːrˌtɪk.jə'- **-s** -z
articulatory ɑː'tɪk.jə.lə.tᵊr.i, -jʊ-;
ɑːˌtɪk.jə'leɪ-, -jʊ'-
ⓤ ɑːr'tɪk.jə.lə.tɔːr-
artifact 'ɑː.tɪ.fækt ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ə- **-s** -s
artific|e 'ɑː.tɪ.fɪs ⓤ 'ɑːr.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz
artificer ɑː'tɪf.ɪ.səʳ ⓤ ɑːr'tɪf.ə.sɚ
-s -z
artificial ˌɑː.tɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊl ⓤ ˌɑːr.t̬ə'- **-ly** -i
-ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**artificial insemi'nation;** ˌ**artificial in'telligence;**
ˌ**artificial respi'ration**
artificialit|y ˌɑː.tɪˌfɪʃ.i'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
ⓤ ˌɑːr.t̬əˌfɪʃ.i'æl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
artificializ|e, -is|e ˌɑː.tɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊl.aɪz
ⓤ ˌɑːr.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
artiller|y ɑː'tɪl.ᵊr|.i ⓤ ɑːr- **-ies** -iz
-ist/s -ɪst/s
artillery|-man ɑː'tɪl.ᵊr.i|.mən, -mæn
ⓤ ɑːr'- **-men** -mən, -men
artisan ˌɑː.tɪ'zæn, -tə'zæn, '---

US 'ɑːr.t̬ə.zən, -sən -s -z
artist 'ɑː.tɪst US 'ɑːr.t̬əst, -t̬ɪst -s -s
artiste ɑː'tiːst US ɑːr- -s -s
artistic ɑː'tɪs.tɪk US ɑːr- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
artistry 'ɑː.tɪ.stri US 'ɑːr.t̬ə-, -t̬ɪ-
artless 'ɑːt.ləs, -lɪs US 'ɑːrt- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Art Nouveau ˌɑːt.nuː'vəʊ, ˌɑː-, ˌ-'-- US ˌɑːrt.nuː'voʊ, ˌɑːr-
Artois ɑː'twɑː, '-- US ɑːr-
arts|man 'ɑːts|.mæn US 'ɑːrts- **-men** -men
artsy 'ɑːt.si US 'ɑːrt-
artsy-craftsy ˌɑːt.si'krɑːft.si US ˌɑːrt.si'kræft-
artwork 'ɑːt.wɜːk US 'ɑːrt.wɝːk
arty 'ɑː.ti US 'ɑːr.t̬i
arty-crafty ˌɑːt.i'krɑːf.ti US ˌɑːrt.i'kræf-
arty-farty ˌɑː.ti'fɑː.ti US ˌɑːr.t̬i'fɑːr.t̬i *stress shift:* ˌarty-farty 'person
Arub|a ə'ruː.b|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
arugula ə'ruː.gəl.ə, -gjʊ.lə, -gjəl.ə -s -z
arum 'eə.rəm US 'er- -s -z
Arun 'ær.ən US 'er-, 'ær-
Arundel 'ær.ən.dəl; ə'rʌn- US 'er.ən-, 'ær-; ə'rʌn-
Arundell 'ær.ən.del, -dəl US 'er-, 'ær-
Arveragus ɑː'ver.ə.gəs US ɑːr-
-ary ər.i US er.i, ɚ.i
Note: Suffix. When added to a free stem, **-ary** does not normally affect the stress pattern, e.g. **imagine** /ɪ'mædʒ.ɪn/, **imaginary** /ɪ'mæʒd.ɪ.nər.i US -ə.ner-/. Otherwise words containing **-ary** normally carry stress one or two syllables before the suffix, e.g. **centenary** /sen'tiː.nər.i, -'ten.ər- US 'sen.tən.er-, sen'ten.ər-/, **culinary** /'kʌl.ɪ.nər.i US -ə.ner-/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
Aryan 'eə.ri.ən, 'ɑː- US 'er.i-, 'ær-, 'ɑːr- -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
arytenoid ˌær.ɪ'tiː.nɔɪd, -rə'tiː-; ær'ɪt.ən.ɔɪd US ə'rɪt.ən-; ˌer.ɪ'tiː.nɔɪd, ˌær- -s -z
as *(conj.) strong form:* æz *weak form:* əz
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /æz/ is used in contrastive or coordinative constructions (e.g. 'as and when it's ready'), and in sentence-final position (e.g. 'That's what I bought it as.'). Quite frequently the strong form is found when the word occurs in initial position in a sentence if the following word is not stressed (e.g. 'As I was saying, ...'). The weak form is /əz/ (e.g. 'as good as gold' /əzˌgʊd.əz'gəʊld US -'goʊld/).
as *(n.) coin:* æs **-es** -ɪz
AS *(abbrev. for* **airspeed** *or* **Anglo-Saxon** *or* **antisubmarine**) ˌeɪ'es
Asa *biblical name:* 'eɪ.sə, 'ɑː.sə *as modern first name:* 'eɪ.zə
asaf(o)etida ˌæs.ə'fet.ɪ.də, -'fiː.tɪ- US -'fet̬.ə-
a.s.a.p., ASAP ˌeɪ.es.eɪ'piː, 'eɪ.sæp
Asaph 'æs.əf
ASAT 'eɪ.sæt
asbest|ic æs'bes.t|ɪk, əs-, æz-, əz- **-ous** -əs
asbestos æs'bes.tɒs, æz-, əs-, əz-, -təs US -təs
asbestosis ˌæs.bes'təʊ.sɪs, ˌæz-, -bɪs- US -'toʊ-
ASBO 'æz.bəʊ US -boʊ -s -z
Ascalon 'æs.kə.lɒn, -lən US -lɑːn
Ascanius æs'keɪ.ni.əs
ascend ə'send, æs'end -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ascendan|ce ə'sen.dən|ts, æs'en- **-cy** -*t*.si **-t** -t
ascenden|ce ə'sen.dən|ts, æs'en- **-cy** -*t*.si **-t** -t
ascender ə'sen.dər US -dɚ -s -z
ascension (A) ə'sen.*t*ʃən US -'sen*t*.ʃən -s -z **A'scension ˌDay**
ascensional ə'sen.*t*ʃən.əl US -'sen*t*.ʃən-
ascent ə'sent, æs'ent -s -s
ascertain ˌæs.ə'teɪn US -ɚ'- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt **-able** -ə.bəl
ascetic ə'set.ɪk, æs'et- US ə'set̬.ɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li -s -s
asceticism ə'set.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, æs'et- US ə'set̬.ə-
Asch æʃ
Ascham 'æs.kəm
ASCII 'æs.kiː, -ki
Asclepius ə'skliː.pi.əs, æs'kliː-
ascorbate ə'skɔː.beɪt, æs'kɔː- US ə'skɔːr- -s -s
ascorbic ə'skɔː.bɪk, æs'kɔː- US ə'skɔːr- **aˌscorbic 'acid**
Ascot *place in Berkshire:* 'æs.kət US -kɑːt
ascot *item of clothing:* 'æs.kət US -kɑːt, -kət -s -s
ascrib|e ə'skraɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl
ascription ə'skrɪp.ʃən, æs'krɪp-
ascriptive ə'skrɪp.tɪv
Asda® 'æz.də
asdic 'æz.dɪk -s -s
-ase eɪz, eɪs
Note: Suffix. Does not normally affect stress pattern, e.g. **amylase** /'æm.ɪ.leɪz/.
ASEAN 'æs.i.æn, ə'ziː.ən
asepsis ˌeɪ'sep.sɪs, ə-, æs'ep-
aseptic ˌeɪ'sep.tɪk, ə-, æ'sep- -s -s
asexual ˌeɪ'sek.ʃʊəl, -ʃu.əl, -sjʊəl, -ʃəl US -ʃu.əl **-ly** -i
asexuality ˌeɪ.sek.ʃu'æl.ə.ti, -sju'-, -ɪ.ti US -ʃu'æl.ə.t̬i
Asgard 'æs.gɑːd, 'æz- US -gɑːrd, 'ɑːs-, 'ɑːz-
Asgill 'æs.gɪl, 'æz-
ash (A) æʃ **-es** -ɪz **'ash ˌcan; ˌAsh 'Wednesday**
asham|ed ə'ʃeɪm|d **-edly** -ɪd.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
Ashanti ə'ʃæn.ti, æʃ'- US ə'ʃæn-, -'ʃɑːn- -s -z
Ashbee 'æʃ.bi
Ashbery 'æʃ.bər.i US -ber-
Ashbourne 'æʃ.bɔːn US -bɔːrn
Ashburne 'æʃ.bɜːn US -bɝːn
Ashburnham æʃ'bɜː.nəm US -'bɝː-
Ashburton æʃ'bɜː.tən US -'bɝː-
Ashbury 'æʃ.bər.i US -ber-, -bɚ-
Ashby 'æʃ.bi
Ashby-de-la-Zouch ˌæʃ.bi.də.lɑː'zuːʃ, -de.lə'-
ashcan 'æʃ.kæn -s -z
Ashcombe 'æʃ.kəm
Ashcroft 'æʃ.krɒft US -krɑːft
Ashdod 'æʃ.dɒd US -dɑːd
Ashdown 'æʃ.daʊn
Ashe æʃ
ashen 'æʃ.ən
Asher 'æʃ.ər US -ɚ
asher|y 'æʃ.ər|.i **-ies** -iz
Ashfield 'æʃ.fiːld
Ashford 'æʃ.fəd US -fɚd
Ashington 'æʃ.ɪŋ.tən
Ashkenazy, Ashkenazi ˌæʃ.kə'nɑː.zi, -kɪ'nɑː- US ɑːʃ-
Ashkhabad ˌɑːʃ.kə'bɑːd US ˌɑːʃ.kɑː'bɑːd
Ashland 'æʃ.lənd
ashlar 'æʃ.lər, -lɑːr US -lɚ
Ashley, Ashlee, Ashleigh 'æʃ.li
Ashman 'æʃ.mən
Ashmole 'æʃ.məʊl US -moʊl
Ashmolean æʃ'məʊ.li.ən, ˌæʃ.məʊ'liː.ən US -'moʊ.li-
Ashmore 'æʃ.mɔːr US -mɔːr
ashore ə'ʃɔːr US -'ʃɔːr
Ashover 'æʃ.əʊ.vər US -oʊ.vɚ
ashpan 'æʃ.pæn -s -z
ashram 'æʃ.rəm, -ræm -s -z
Ashtaroth 'æʃ.tə.rɒθ US -rɑːθ, -rɔːθ
Ashton 'æʃ.tən
Ashton-in-Makerfield ˌæʃ.tən.ɪn'meɪ.kə.fiːld US -kɚ-
Ashton-under-Lyne ˌæʃ.tən.ʌn.də'laɪn, -'ʌn.dəˌlaɪn US -ʌn.dɚ'-, -'ʌn.dɚˌ-
Ashtoreth 'æʃ.tə.reθ, -tɒr.eθ US -tə.reθ
ashtray 'æʃˌtreɪ -s -z
Ashurbanipal ˌæʃ.ɜː'bɑː.nɪ.pæl, -pəl US ˌɑː.ʃʊr'bɑː.nɪ.pɑːl
Ashwell 'æʃ.wel, -wəl
Ashworth 'æʃ.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
ash|y 'æʃ.|i **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.əst, -i.ɪst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Asia 'eɪ.ʒə, -ʃə US 'eɪ.ʒə **ˌAsia 'Minor**
Asian 'eɪ.ʒən, -ʃən US 'eɪ.ʒən, -ʃən -s -z **ˌAsian 'flu**
Asiatic ˌeɪ.zi'æt.ɪk, ˌeɪ.si-, ˌeɪ.ʒi-, ˌeɪ.ʃi- US ˌeɪ.ʒi'æt̬.ɪk, -ʃi'- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌAsiatic 'origin
aside ə'saɪd -s -z
Asimov 'æz.ɪ.mɒf, 'æs-, '-ə-, -mɒv US 'æz.ə.mɑːf, -mɑːv
asinine 'æs.ɪ.naɪn, -ə.naɪn

Aspiration

Noise made when the constriction of a plosive consonant is released and air is allowed to escape relatively freely.

Examples for English

English /p t k/ at the beginning of a syllable are aspirated in most accents. In words like *pea, tea, key*, there is a silent period during which the compressed air is prevented from escaping by the articulatory closure; this is followed by a sound similar to /h/ before the VOICING of the vowel begins, the result of the vocal folds being widely parted at the time of the articulatory release. Aspiration is an important factor in whether we perceive a sound to be /p t k/ or /b d g/ in syllable-initial position.

/p t k/ are aspirated at the beginning of a syllable containing a full vowel, e.g.:

pin	/pɪn/	[pʰɪ̃n]
tick	/tɪk/	[tʰɪʔk]
kin	/kɪn/	[kʰɪ̃n]
appease	/ə'pi:z/	[ə'pʰi:z̥]
attain	/ə'teɪn/	[ə'tʰeɪ̃n]
accord	/ə'kɔ:d/	[ə'kʰɔ:d̥] ⓤⓢ /ə'kɔ:rd/ [ə'kʰɔ:ɹ̥d̥]

When followed by /l r w/ or /j/ in initial consonant clusters, the release of the PLOSIVE gives the following sound a voiceless quality, e.g.:

play	/pleɪ/	[pl̥eɪ]
tree	/tri:/	[tɹ̥i:]
queue	/kju:/	[kj̊ʉ:]
twice	/twaɪs/	[tw̥aɪs]

It is noticeable that when /p t k/ are preceded by /s/ at the beginning of a syllable they are not aspirated. This makes them very similar to /b d g/, and is an example of NEUTRALISATION – the distinctive difference between /p t k/ and /b d g/ is lost when there is a preceding /s/, e.g.:

spin	/spɪn/	[spɪ̃n]	(compare pɪn [pʰɪ̃n])
stick	/stɪk/	[stɪʔk]	(compare tɪk [tʰɪʔk])
skin	/skɪn/	[skɪ̃n]	(compare kɪn [kʰɪ̃n])

Word final /p t k/ may be aspirated or not, for stylistic reasons.

asininit|y ˌæs.ɪ'nɪn.ə.t|i, -ə'nɪn-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə'nɪn.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
ask ɑ:sk ⓤⓢ æsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
askance ə'skænts, -'skɑ:nts ⓤⓢ ə'skænts
askant ə'skænt
Aske æsk
Askelon 'æs.kɪ.lən, -kə.lən, -lɒn ⓤⓢ -kə.lɑ:n
Askern 'æs.kɜ:n, -kən ⓤⓢ -kɝ:n, -kɚn
askew ə'skju:
Askew 'æs.kju:
Askey 'æs.ki
Askrigg 'æs.krɪg
Askwith 'æs.kwɪθ
Aslam 'æz.ləm
aslant ə'slɑ:nt ⓤⓢ -'slænt
asleep ə'sli:p
ASLEF, Aslef 'æz.lef
Asmara æs'mɑ:.rə, æz- ⓤⓢ -'mɑ:r.ə
Asmodeus æs'məʊ.di.əs ⓤⓢ ˌæz.moʊ'di:-, ˌæs-, -mə'-
Note: For British English, the name must be pronounced /ˌæs.məʊ'di:.əs/ in Milton's 'Paradise Lost', iv, 168.
asocial ˌeɪ'səʊ.ʃəl ⓤⓢ -'soʊ-
Asoka ə'ʃəʊ.kə, ə'səʊ- ⓤⓢ -'soʊ-
asp æsp, ɑ:sp ⓤⓢ æsp **-s** -s
asparagus ə'spær.ə.gəs ⓤⓢ -'sper-, -'spær-
aspartame ə'spɑ:.teɪm; 'æs.pə- ⓤⓢ 'æs.pɚ-; ə'spɑ:r-
Aspasia æs'peɪ.zi.ə, ə'speɪ-, -ʒə ⓤⓢ -ʒə
ASPCA ˌeɪ.es,pi:.si:'eɪ
aspect 'æs.pekt **-s** -s
aspectable æs'pek.tə.bəl
aspectual ə'spek.tʃu.əl, æs'pek-, -tju- ⓤⓢ -tʃu-
Aspel(l) 'æs.pəl
aspen (A) 'æs.pən **-s** -z
asper 'æs.pər ⓤⓢ -pɚ
asperg|e ə'spɜ:dʒ, æs'pɜ:dʒ ⓤⓢ ə'spɝ:dʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Asperger 'æs.pɜ:.dʒər ⓤⓢ -pɝ:dʒɚ **'Asperger's ˌsyndrome**
asperges (A) *religious service:* æs'pɜ:.dʒi:z, ə'spɜ:- ⓤⓢ ə'spɝ:-
aspergill 'æs.pə.dʒɪl ⓤⓢ -pɚ- **-s** -z
asperit|y æs'per.ə.t|i, ə'sper-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Aspern 'æs.pɜ:n ⓤⓢ -pɝ:n
aspers|e ə'spɜ:s, æs'pɜ:s ⓤⓢ ə'spɝ:s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
aspersion ə'spɜ:.ʃən, æs'pɜ:- ⓤⓢ ə'spɝ:.ʒən, -ʃən **-s** -z
asphalt (*n.*) 'æs.fælt, -fɔ:lt, -fəlt ⓤⓢ -fɑ:lt, -fɔ:lt **-s** -s **ˌasphalt 'jungle**
asphal|t (*v.*) 'æs.fæl|t, æs'fæl|t ⓤⓢ 'æs.fɑ:l|t, -fɔ:l|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
asphaltic æs'fæl.tɪk ⓤⓢ -'fɑ:l.t̬ɪk, -'fɔ:l-
asphodel 'æs.fəʊ.del ⓤⓢ -fə- **-s** -z
asphyxia əs'fɪks.i.ə, æs-
asphyxiant əs'fɪk.si.ənt, æs'- **-s** -s
asphyxi|ate əs'fɪk.si|.eɪt, æs- **-ates** -s **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.tər/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
asphyxiation əsˌfɪk.si'eɪ.ʃən, æs- **-s** -z
asphyx|y æs'fɪk.s|i **-ies** -iz
aspic 'æs.pɪk
aspidistra ˌæs.pɪ'dɪs.trə ⓤⓢ -pə'- **-s** -z
Aspinall 'æs.pɪ.nɔ:l, -nəl
Aspinwall 'æs.pɪn.wɔ:l ⓤⓢ -wɔ:l, -wɑ:l
aspirant 'æs.pɪ.rənt; ə'spaɪə- ⓤⓢ 'æs.pɚ.ənt, -pɪ.rənt **-s** -s
aspirate (*n, adj.*) 'æs.pər.ət, -pɪ.rət, -rɪt **-s** -s
aspir|ate (*v.*) 'æs.pər.|eɪt, -pɪ.r|eɪt ⓤⓢ -pə.r|eɪt, -pɪ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.tər/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
aspiration ˌæs.pər'eɪ.ʃən, -pɪ'reɪ- ⓤⓢ -pə'reɪ-, -pɪ'- **-s** -z
aspirational ˌæs.pər'eɪ.ʃən.əl, -pɪ'reɪ- ⓤⓢ -pə'reɪ-, -pɪ'- **-ly** -i
aspir|e ə'spaɪər ⓤⓢ -spaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
aspirin 'æs.pər.ɪn, '-prɪn **-s** -z
aspirine 'æs.pər.i:n, -pɪ.ri:n ⓤⓢ -pə.ri:n, -pɪ- **-s** -z
asplenium æs'pli:.ni.əm, ə'spli:- **-s** -z
Asquith 'æs.kwɪθ
ass æs **-es** -ɪz
assaf(o)etida ˌæs.ə'fet.ɪ.də, -'fi:.tɪ- ⓤⓢ -'fet̬.ə-
assagai 'æs.ə.gaɪ **-s** -z
assai æs'aɪ
assail ə'seɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl **-ant/s** -ənt/s
Assam æs'æm, 'æs.æm
Assamese ˌæs.ə'mi:z, -æm'i:z ⓤⓢ -ə'mi:z, -'mi:s
assassin ə'sæs.ɪn ⓤⓢ -ən **-s** -z

Assimilation

Assimilation is what happens to a sound when it is influenced by one of its neighbours; essentially it becomes more similar to a neighbour.

Examples for English

Assimilation is said to be 'progressive' when a sound influences a following sound, or 'regressive' when a sound influences one which precedes it. The most familiar case of regressive assimilation in English is that of ALVEOLAR consonants (e.g. /t d s z n/) which are followed by non-alveolar consonants: assimilation results in a change of place of articulation from alveolar to a different place. For example, the word *this* has the sound /s/ at the end if it is pronounced on its own, but when followed by post-alveolar /ʃ/ in a word such as *shop* it often changes in rapid speech (through assimilation) to /ʃ/, giving the pronunciation /ðɪʃʃɒp/. The following examples occur especially in British English:

batman	/ˈbæt.mæn/	→	[ˈbæp.mæn]
fruitcake	/ˈfruːt.keɪk/	→	[ˈfruːk.keɪk]
handbag	/ˈhænd.bæg/	→	[ˈhæmb .bæg]

Progressive assimilation is exemplified by the behaviour of the 's' plural ending in English, which is pronounced with a voiced /z/ after a voiced consonant but with a voiceless /s/ after a voiceless consonant, e.g.:

dog	/dɒg/	+ plural →	/dɒgz/
	(US) /dɑːg/		(US) /dɑːgz/
cat	/kæt/	+ plural →	/kæts/

assassi|nate əˈsæs.ɪ|.neɪt, ˈ-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

assassination əˌsæs.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- **-s** -z

assault əˈsɔːlt, -ˈsɒlt (US) -ˈsɔːlt, -ˈsɑːlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) əˈsɔːl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) əˈsɔːl.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) əˈsɔːl.t̬ɚ/z **asˌsault and ˈbattery; asˈsault ˌcourse**

assay (*n.*) əˈseɪ; ˈæs.eɪ (US) ˈæs.eɪ; əˈseɪ **-s** -z

assay (*v.*) əˈseɪ, æsˈeɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Assaye æsˈeɪ

assegai ˈæs.ə.gaɪ, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -z

assemblag|e əˈsem.blɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

assembl|e əˈsem.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-bləʳ/z (US) ˈ-bəl.ɚ/z, -blɚ/z

assembl|y əˈsem.bl|i **-ies** -iz **asˈsembly ˌline; asˈsembly ˌroom; asˈsembly ˌlanguage**

assembly|man əˈsem.bli|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən

assembly|woman əˈsem.bli|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

assen|t əˈsen|t, æsˈen|t **-ts** -ts **-ting/ly** -tɪŋ/li (US) -t̬ɪŋ/li **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

Asser ˈæs.əʳ (US) -ɚ

as|sert ə|ˈsɜːt (US) -ˈsɝːt **-serts** -ˈsɜːts (US) -ˈsɝːts **-serting** -ˈsɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-serted** -ˈsɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɪd **-serter/s** -ˈsɜː.təʳ/z (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɚ/s **-sertor/s** -ˈsɜː.təʳ/z (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɚ/z **-sertable** -ˈsɜː.tə.bəl (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ə.bəl

assertion əˈsɜː.ʃən (US) -ˈsɝː- **-s** -z

assertive əˈsɜː.tɪv (US) -sɝː.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **asˈsertiveness ˌtraining**

assess əˈses **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl

assessment əˈses.mənt **-s** -s

asset ˈæs.et, -ɪt **-s** -s

asset-stripp|ing ˈæs.etˌstrɪp|.ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

assev|er æsˈev|.əʳ, əˈsev- (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚs **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

assever|ate əˈsev.ər|.eɪt, æsˈev- (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

asseveration əˌsev.əˈreɪ.ʃən, æsˌev- **-s** -z

asshole ˈɑːs.həʊl, ˈæs- (US) ˈæs.hoʊl **-s** -z
Note: Chiefly US; see note at **arse**.

assibi|late əˈsɪb.ɪ|.leɪt, æsˈɪb-, ˈ-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

assibilation əˌsɪb.ɪˈleɪ.ʃən, æsˌɪb-, -əˈ- **-s** -z

assiduit|y ˌæs.ɪˈdjuː.ə.t|i, -ˈdʒuː-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈduː.ə.t̬|i, -ˈdjuː- **-ies** -iz

assiduous əˈsɪd.ju.əs, -ˈsɪdʒ.u- (US) -ˈsɪdʒ.u- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

assign əˈsaɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl

assignat *as if French:* ˌæs.ɪnˈjɑː, æs.ɪgˈnæt **-s** -z, -s

assignation ˌæs.ɪgˈneɪ.ʃən **-s** -z

assignee ˌæs.aɪˈniː, -ɪˈniː (US) əˌsaɪˈniː, ˌæs.əˈ- **-s** -z

assignment əˈsaɪn.mənt, -ˈsaɪm- (US) -ˈsaɪn- **-s** -s

assimilable əˈsɪm.əl.ə.bəl, -ɪ.lə-

assimi|late əˈsɪm.ɪ.l|eɪt, -əl|.eɪt (US) -ə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

assimilation əˌsɪm.ɪˈleɪ.ʃən, -əlˈeɪ- (US) -əˈleɪ- **-s** -z

assimilative əˈsɪm.ɪ.lə.tɪv, -əl.ə-, -ə.leɪ- (US) -ə.leɪ.t̬ɪv, -lə-

assimilatory əˈsɪm.ɪ.lə.tər.i, -əl.ə-; əˌsɪm.ɪˈleɪ-, -əˈ- (US) əˈsɪm.əl.ə.tɔːr-

Assiniboine əˈsɪn.ɪ.bɔɪn, -ə.bɔɪn **-s** -z

Assisi əˈsiː.si, -zi, -ˈsɪs.i

assist əˈsɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

assistanc|e əˈsɪs.tənts **-es** -ɪz

assistant əˈsɪs.tənt **-s** -s

Assiut æsˈjuːt (US) ɑːˈsjuːt

assiz|e əˈsaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

assoc (*abbrev. for* **associated**) əˈsəʊ.ʃi.eɪ.tɪd, -si- (US) -ˈsoʊ.ʃi.eɪ.t̬ɪd, -si-

associable əˈsəʊ.ʃi.ə.bəl, -ʃə-, -si.ə- (US) -ˈsoʊ-

associate (*n.*) əˈsəʊ.ʃi.ət, -si.ət (US) -ˈsoʊ.ʃi.ɪt, -si-, -ət **-s** -s

associ|ate (*v.*) əˈsəʊ.ʃi|.eɪt, -si- (US) -ˈsoʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

association əˌsəʊ.ʃiˈeɪ.ʃən, -siˈ- (US) -ˌsoʊ- **-s** -z

associative əˈsəʊ.ʃi.ə.tɪv, -si- (US) -ˈsoʊ-

assonanc|e ˈæs.ən.ənts **-es** -ɪz

assonant ˈæs.ən.ənt **-s** -s

asson|ate ˈæs.ən|.eɪt (US) -ə.n|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

as|sort ə|ˈsɔːt (US) -ˈsɔːrt **-sorts** -ˈsɔːts (US) -ˈsɔːrts **-sorting** -ˈsɔː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-sorted** -ˈsɔː.tɪd (US) -ˈsɔːr.t̬ɪd

assortment əˈsɔːt.mənt (US) -ˈsɔːrt- **-s** -s

Assouan æsˈwæn, ɑːˈswæn, -ˈswɑːn (US) ˈæs.wɑːn, ˈɑː.swɑːn *stress shift, British only, see compound:* **ˌAssouan ˈDam**

asst (*abbrev. for* **assistant**) əˈsɪs.tənt

assuag|e əˈsweɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt

assum|e əˈsjuːm, -suːm (US) -ˈsuːm **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -əd- **-able** -ə.bəl **-ably** -ə.bli

assumpsit əˈsʌmp.sɪt

assumption (A) əˈsʌmp.ʃən **-s** -z

assumptive əˈsʌmp.tɪv

ssuranc|e ə'ʃɔː.rᵊnts, -'ʃʊə- (US) -'ʃʊr.ᵊnts, -'ʃɝː- **-es** -ɪz
ssur|e ə'ʃɔːʳ, -'ʃʊəʳ (US) -'ʃʊr, -'ʃɝː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -əd- **-edness** -d.nəs, -nɪs **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ssyri|a ə'sɪr.i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
ssyriologist (A) əˌsɪr.i'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-s** -s
ssyriology (A) əˌsɪr.i'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'ɑː.lə-
Astaire ə'steəʳ (US) -'ster
Astarte æs'tɑː.ti (US) ə'stɑːr.t̬i
statine 'æs.tə.tiːn, -tɪn
Astbury 'æst.bᵊr.i (US) -ber-
ster 'æs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
sterisk 'æs.tᵊr.ɪsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sterism 'æs.tᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
Asterix 'æs.tᵊr.ɪks
stern ə'stɜːn (US) -'stɝːn
steroid 'æs.tᵊr.ɔɪd (US) -tə.rɔɪd **-s** -z
sthenia æs'θiː.ni.ə
sthenic æs'θen.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl
sthma 'æsθ.mə, 'æs.mə (US) 'æz.mə
sthmatic æsθ'mæt.ɪk, æs'mæt.ɪk (US) æz'mæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
Asti 'æs.ti, -tiː (US) 'ɑː.sti
stigmatic ˌæs.tɪg'mæt.ɪk (US) -'mæt̬-
stigmatism ə'stɪg.mə.tɪ.zᵊm, æs'tɪg-
stir ə'stɜːʳ (US) -'stɝː
Asti Spumante ˌæs.ti.spu'mæn.ti, -teɪ (US) ˌɑː.sti.spu'mɑːn-, ˌæs.ti-
Astle 'æs.ᵊl, 'æs.tᵊl
Astley 'æst.li
Aston 'æs.tᵊn ˌ**Aston 'Martin®**; ˌ**Aston 'Villa**
stonish ə'stɒn.ɪʃ (US) -'stɑː.nɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ed/ly** -t/li
stonishing ə'stɒn.ɪ.ʃɪŋ (US) -'stɑː.nɪ- **-ly** -li
stonishment ə'stɒn.ɪʃ.mənt (US) -'stɑː.nɪʃ-
Astor 'æs.təʳ, -tɔːʳ (US) -tɚ
Astoria ə'stɔː.ri.ə, æs'tɔː- (US) ə'stɔːr.i-, æs'tɔːr-
stound ə'staʊnd **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Astra® 'æs.trə
Astraea æs'triː.ə
stragal 'æs.trə.gᵊl **-s** -z
strakhan (A) ˌæs.trə'kæn, -kɑːn
stral 'æs.trᵊl **-ly** -i
stray ə'streɪ
Astrid 'æs.trɪd
stride ə'straɪd
string|e ə'strɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stringency ə'strɪn.dʒənt.si
stringent ə'strɪn.dʒənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
stro- æs.trəʊ; ə'strɒ (US) æs.troʊ; ə'strɑː
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **astrolabe** /'æs.trəʊ.leɪb (US) -trə-/, **astronomic** /ˌæs.trə'nɒm.ɪk (US) -'nɑː.mɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **astronomy** /ə'strɒn.ə.mi (US) ə'strɑː.nə-/.
astrobiology ˌæs.trəʊ.baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -troʊ.baɪ'ɑː.lə-, -trə-
astrodome 'æs.trəʊ.dəʊm (US) -trə.doʊm **-s** -z
astrolabe 'æs.trəʊ.leɪb (US) -trə- **-s** -z
astrologer ə'strɒl.ə.dʒəʳ, æs'- (US) ə'strɑː.lə.dʒɚ **-s** -z
astrologic ˌæs.trə'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
astrologist ə'strɒl.ə.dʒɪst, æs'- (US) ə'strɑː.lə- **-s** -s
astrology ə'strɒl.ə.dʒi, æs'- (US) ə'strɑː.lə-
astromet|er ə'strɒm.ɪ.t|əʳ, æs'trɒm-, -ə.t|əʳ (US) ə'strɑː.mə.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ry** -ri
astronaut 'æs.trə.nɔːt (US) -nɑːt, -nɔːt **-s** -s
astronautic|al ˌæs.trəʊ'nɔː.tɪ.k|ᵊl (US) -trə'nɑː.t̬ɪ-, -'nɔː- **-s** -s
astronomer ə'strɒn.ə.məʳ, æs'- (US) ə'strɑː.nə.mɚ **-s** -z
astronomic ˌæs.trə'nɒm.ɪk (US) -'nɑː.mɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌastronomic 'increase
astronom|y ə'strɒn.ə.m|i, æs'- (US) ə'strɑː.nə- **-ies** -iz
Astrophil 'æs.trəʊ.fɪl (US) -trə-
astrophysical ˌæs.trəʊ'fɪz.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -troʊ'-, -trə'-
astrophysicist ˌæs.trəʊ'fɪz.ɪ.sɪst (US) -troʊ'-, -trə'- **-s** -s
astrophysics ˌæs.trəʊ'fɪz.ɪks (US) -troʊ'-
Astros 'æs.trəʊz (US) -troʊz
astroturf (A®) 'æs.trəʊ.tɜːf (US) -troʊ.tɝːf
Asturias æs'tʊə.ri.æs, ə'stʊə-, -stjʊə-, -əs (US) ə'stʊr.i-
astu|te ə'stjuː|t, æs'tjuː|t, -'tʃuː|t (US) ə'stuː|t, -'stjuː|t **-ter** -təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-test** -tɪst, -təst (US) -t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-tely** -t.li **-teness** -t.nəs, -t.nɪs
Astyanax ə'staɪ.ə.næks, æs'taɪ-
astylar eɪ'staɪ.ləʳ, -lɑːʳ (US) -lɚ
Asunción əˌsʊnt.si'əʊn, -'ɒn (US) ɑːˌsuːnt.si'oʊn, ˌɑː.suːnt-
asunder ə'sʌn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
Aswan æs'wæn, ɑː'swæn, -swɑːn (US) 'æs.wɑːn, 'ɑː.swɑːn *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ˌ**Aswan 'Dam**
asyllabic ˌeɪ.sɪ'læb.ɪk, -sə'- (US) -sɪ'- *stress shift:* ˌasyllabic 'vowel
asylum ə'saɪ.ləm **-s** -z **a'sylum ˌseeker**
asymmetric ˌeɪ.sɪ'met.rɪk, ˌæs.ɪ'-, -sə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌasymmetric 'bars
asymmetry eɪ'sɪm.ə.tri, æs'ɪm-, '-ɪ-
asymptote 'æs.ɪmp.təʊt (US) -toʊt **-s** -s
asymptotic ˌæs.ɪmp'tɒt.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.t̬ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌasymptotic 'curve
asyndet|on æs'ɪn.dɪ.t|ən, ə'sɪn- (US) ə'sɪn.də.t|ɑːn, ˌeɪ- **-a** -ə
at- ət, æt
Note: Prefix. Examples include **attestation** /ˌæt.es'teɪ.ʃᵊn (US) æt̬-/, in which it is stressed, and **attest** /ə'test/, where it is unstressed.
at (*prep.*) *strong form:* æt *weak form:* ət
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is /æt/, and is used mainly in sentence-final position (e.g. 'What are you playing at?'). It may also be used in sentence-initial position. The weak form is /ət/ (e.g. 'She's at home.' /ʃiz.ət'həʊm/ (US) /-'hoʊm/).
at *currency:* ɑːt, æt
Atalanta ˌæt.ə'læn.tə (US) ˌæt̬.ə'læn.t̬ə
Atall 'æt.ɔːl
AT&T® ˌeɪ.tiː.ᵊnd'tiː
Atari® ə'tɑː.ri (US) -'tɑːr.i
Atatürk 'æt.ə.tɜːk, ˌ--'- (US) 'æt̬.ə.tɝːk
atavism 'æt.ə.vɪ.zᵊm (US) 'æt̬-
atavistic ˌæt.ə'vɪs.tɪk (US) ˌæt̬.ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌatavistic 'feelings
ataxia ə'tæk.si.ə, æt'æk-, eɪ'-
atax|y ə'tæk.s|i, eɪ- **-ies** -iz **-ic** -ɪk
Atbara æt'bɑː.rə (US) -'bɑːr.ə
ATC ˌeɪ.tiː'siː
Atchison 'ætʃ.ɪ.sᵊn, 'eɪ.tʃɪ- (US) 'ætʃ.ɪ-
Ate (*n.*) 'ɑː.ti, 'eɪ- (US) 'ɑː-
ate (*from* **eat**) et, eɪt (US) eɪt
-ate eɪt, ət, ɪt
Note: Suffix. When forming a verb, **-ate** is always pronounced with a full vowel, and the verb itself is usually stressed two syllables before the suffix, e.g. **demonstrate** /'dem.ən.streɪt/, unless it is a word containing two syllables, in which case the suffix normally carries primary stress in British English, e.g. **rotate** /rəʊ'teɪt (US) 'roʊ.teɪt, -'-/. In nouns, **-ate** is normally pronounced /-ət/ or /-ɪt/, e.g. **climate** /'klaɪ.mət, -mɪt/, but where the noun is a chemical term it generally has a full vowel, e.g. **nitrate** /'naɪ.treɪt, -trɪt (US) -treɪt/. There are numerous exceptions; see individual entries.
A-team 'eɪˌtiːm
atelic ə'tel.ɪk, æt'el.ɪk, -iː.lɪk (US) ˌeɪ'tiː.lɪk, ˌæt'iː-, -'el.ɪk
atelier ə'tel.i.eɪ, 'æt.el-, 'æt.ə.li-, -jeɪ (US) ə'tᵊl.jeɪ, æt'el-; ˌæt.el'jeɪ **-s** -z
Atfield 'æt.fiːld
Athabasca ˌæθ.ə'bæs.kə
Athaliah ˌæθ.ə'laɪ.ə
Athanasian ˌæθ.ə'neɪ.zi.ən, '-ʒən, -si.ən, -ʒi- (US) -ʒən
Athanasius ˌæθ.ə'neɪ.zi.əs, '-ʒəs, -si.əs, -ʒi- (US) -ʒəs
Athawes 'æt.hɔːz, 'æθ.ɔːz (US) 'æt̬.hɑːz, -hɔːz, 'æθ.ɑːz, -ɔːz
atheism 'eɪ.θi.ɪ.zᵊm
atheist 'eɪ.θi.ɪst **-s** -s
atheistic ˌeɪ.θi'ɪs.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌatheistic 'culture
atheling (A) 'æθ.ə.lɪŋ **-s** -z
Athelney 'æθ.ᵊl.ni
Athelstan 'æθ.ᵊl.stən *as if Old English:* 'æð.ᵊl.stɑːn

Athelston 'æθ.əl.stən
Athena ə'θiː.nə
Athenaeum ˌæθ.ɪ'niː.əm, -ə'- -s -z
Athene ə'θiː.ni, -niː
Athenian ə'θiː.ni.ən -s -z
Athenry ˌæθ.ən'raɪ, -ɪn'-
Athens 'æθ.ənz, -ɪnz
Atherley 'æθ.ə.li ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
atherosclerosis ˌæθ.ə.rəʊ.sklə'rəʊ.sɪs, -skler'əʊ-, sklɪr'- ⓤⓢ -roʊ.sklə'roʊ.səs
atherosclerotic ˌæθ.ə.rəʊ.sklə'rɒt.ɪk, -skler'ɒt-, -sklɪr'- ⓤⓢ -roʊ.sklə'rɑː.t̬ɪk
Atherston 'æθ.ə.stən ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
Atherstone 'æθ.ə.stəʊn, -stən ⓤⓢ -ɚ.stoʊn, -stən
Atherton 'æθ.ə.tən ⓤⓢ '-ɚ.t̬ən
athirst ə'θɜːst ⓤⓢ -'θɝːst
Athlestaneford 'el.ʃən.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
athlete 'æθ.liːt -s -s ˌ**athlete's 'foot** ⓤⓢ **'athlete's ˌfoot**
athletic æθ'let.ɪk, əθ- ⓤⓢ -'let̬.ɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-s** -s
athleticism æθ'let.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, əθ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'let̬.ə-
Athlone æθ'ləʊn ⓤⓢ -'loʊn *stress shift:* ˌAthlone 'Press
Athol 'æθ.əl, -ɒl ⓤⓢ -ɑːl, -əl
Atholl, Athole 'æθ.əl
Athos 'æθ.ɒs, 'eɪ.θɒs ⓤⓢ 'æθ.ɑːs, 'eɪ.θɑːs; 'æθ.oʊs
athwart ə'θwɔːt ⓤⓢ -'θwɔːrt
Athy ə'θaɪ
-ation 'eɪ.ʃən
Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **demonstration** /ˌdem.ən'streɪ.ʃən/.
atishoo ə'tɪʃ.uː
-ative ə.tɪv, eɪ- ⓤⓢ ə.t̬ɪv, eɪ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ative** are normally stressed one or two syllables before the suffix, e.g. **ablative** /'æb.lə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv/, **operative** /'ɒp.ər.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv/. See individual entries for exceptions.
Atkins 'æt.kɪnz
Atkinson 'æt.kɪn.sən
Atlanta ət'læn.tə, æt- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
atlantean ˌæt.læn'tiː.ən, -lən'-; ət'læn.ti-, æt- ⓤⓢ ˌæt.læn'tiː-, -lən'-
Atlantes *statues:* ət'læn.tiːz, æt- *in Ariosto's 'Orlando Furioso':* ət'læn.tes, æt-
Atlantic ət'læn.tɪk, æt- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪk Atˌlantic 'City
Atlantis ət'læn.tɪs, æt- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs
atlas (A) 'æt.ləs -es -ɪz
ATM ˌeɪ.tiː'em -s -z
atman (A) 'ɑːt.mən
atmometer æt'mɒm.ɪ.tər, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
atmosphere 'æt.məs.fɪər ⓤⓢ -fɪr -s -z
atmospheric ˌæt.məs'fer.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'fer-, -'fɪr- -s -s -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌatmospheric 'pressure
Atocha ə'tɒtʃ.ə, æt'ɒtʃ- ⓤⓢ ə'tɑːtʃ.ə
atoll 'æt.ɒl; ə'tɒl ⓤⓢ 'æt.ɑːl, 'eɪ.tɑːl, -tɔːl -s -z
atom 'æt.əm ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- -s -z
atomic ə'tɒm.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.mɪk -s -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li **aˌtomic 'energy**
atom|ism 'æt.ə.m|ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
atomistic ˌæt.ə'mɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬-
atomization, -isa- ˌæt.ə.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -mɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬.ə.mɪ'-
atomiz|e, -is|e 'æt.ə.maɪz ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
atonal eɪ'təʊ.nəl, ə-, æt'əʊ- ⓤⓢ eɪ'toʊ-, æt'oʊ- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ly** -i
atonality ˌeɪ.təʊ'næl.ə.ti, ə-, ˌæt.əʊ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌeɪ.toʊ'næl.ə.t̬i, ˌæt.oʊ'-
aton|e ə'təʊn ⓤⓢ -'toʊn **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z, -ɚ/z
atonement ə'təʊn.mənt, -'təʊm- ⓤⓢ -'toʊn- **-s** -s
atonic eɪ'tɒn.ɪk, ə-, æt'ɒn- ⓤⓢ eɪ'tɑː.nɪk, æt'ɑː- **-s** -s
atony 'æt.ən.i ⓤⓢ 'æt̬-
atop ə'tɒp ⓤⓢ -'tɑːp
-ator ə.tər, eɪ.tər ⓤⓢ ə.t̬ɚ, eɪ.t̬ɚ
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ator** behave similarly to verbs containing **-ate**, e.g. **demonstrator** /'dem.ən.streɪ.tər ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/.
-atory ə.tər.i, eɪ- ⓤⓢ ə.tɔːr.i
Note: Suffix. The pronunciation differs between British and American English. In British English, the penultimate syllable is always reduced, but the antepenultimate syllable may be stressed, and in either case may be pronounced with a full vowel, e.g. **articulatory** /ɑː'tɪk.jə.lə.tər.i, -jʊ-; ɑːˌtɪk.jə'leɪ-, -jʊ'-/. In American English, the penultimate syllable is pronounced with a full vowel (but does not carry primary stress), e.g. **articulatory** /ɑːr'tɪk.jə.lə.tɔːr.i/.
ATP ˌeɪ.tiː'piː
atrabilious ˌæt.rə'bɪl.i.əs ⓤⓢ '-jəs
Atreus 'eɪ.tri.əs, -tri.uːs, -truːs
atri|um 'eɪ.tri.|əm, 'æt.ri- ⓤⓢ 'eɪ.tri- **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
atrocious ə'trəʊ.ʃəs ⓤⓢ -'troʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
atrocit|y ə'trɒs.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'trɑː.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
atrophic ə'trɒf.ɪk, æt'rɒf- ⓤⓢ ə'trɑː.fɪk
atroph|y 'æt.rə.f|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
atropine 'æt.rə.pɪn, -piːn
Atropos 'æt.rə.pɒs, -pəs ⓤⓢ -pɑːs
attaboy 'æt.ə.bɔɪ ⓤⓢ 'æt̬-
attach ə'tætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bəl
attaché ə'tæʃ.eɪ, æt'æʃ- ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬.ə'ʃeɪ, ə'tæʃ.eɪ **-s** -z **at'taché ˌcase** ⓤⓢ **atta'ché ˌcase** ⓤⓢ **at'taché ˌcase**
attachment ə'tætʃ.mənt **-s** -s
attack ə'tæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z, -ɚ/z
attain ə'teɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl
attainability əˌteɪ.nə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
attainder ə'teɪn.dər ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
attainment ə'teɪn.mənt, -'teɪm- ⓤⓢ -'teɪn- **-s** -s
at|taint ə|'teɪnt **-taints** -'teɪnts **-tainting** -'teɪn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'teɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-tainted** -'teɪn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'teɪn.t̬ɪd
attar 'æt.ər ⓤⓢ 'æt̬.ɚ, -ɑːr
attempt ə'tempt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
Attenborough 'æt.ən.bər.ə, -əm-, -ˌbʌr.ə ⓤⓢ -ənˌbɝː.oʊ
attend ə'tend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
attendanc|e ə'ten.dənts **-es** -ɪz
attendant ə'ten.dənt **-s** -s
attendee ə.ten'diː, ˌæt.en- **-s** -z
attention ə'ten.tʃən **-s** -z
attentive ə'ten.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
attenuate (*adj.*) ə'ten.ju.ɪt, -ət, -eɪt
attenu|ate (*v.*) ə'ten.ju|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
attenuation əˌten.ju'eɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
attenuator ə'ten.ju.eɪ.tər ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Atterbury 'æt.ə.bər.i ⓤⓢ 'æt̬.ɚ.ber.i, -bɚ-
Attercliffe 'æt.ə.klɪf ⓤⓢ 'æt̬.ɚ-
attest ə'test **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
attestation ˌæt.es'teɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬- **-s** -z
Attfield 'æt.fiːld
attic 'æt.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- **-s** -s
Attica 'æt.ɪ.kə ⓤⓢ 'æt̬-
atticism 'æt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- **-s** -z
atticiz|e, -is|e 'æt.ɪ.saɪz ⓤⓢ 'æt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Attila ə'tɪl.ə; 'æt.ɪ.lə ⓤⓢ ə'tɪl.ə; 'æt̬.ɪ.lə
attir|e ə'taɪər ⓤⓢ -'taɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt
Attis 'æt.ɪs ⓤⓢ 'æt̬-
attitude 'æt.ɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd ⓤⓢ 'æt̬.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
attitudinal ˌæt.ɪ'tjuː.dɪ.nəl, -'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬.ə'tuː.dən.əl, -'tjuː-
attitudinarian ˌæt.ɪ.tjuː.dɪ'neə.ri.ən, -tʃuː- ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬.əˌtuː.dɪ'ner.i-, -ˌtjuː- **-s** -z
attitudiniz|e, -is|e ˌæt.ɪ'tjuː.dɪ.naɪz, -'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ ˌæt̬.ə'tuː.dən.aɪz, -'tjuː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z, -ɚ/z
Attleborough 'æt.əl.bər.ə, -ˌbʌr.ə ⓤⓢ -ˌbɝː.oʊ
Attlee 'æt.li
Attock ə'tɒk ⓤⓢ -'tɑːk
attorn ə'tɜːn ⓤⓢ -'tɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
attorney ə'tɜː.ni ⓤⓢ -'tɝː- **-s** -z **aˌttorney 'general**
attorney-at-law əˌtɜː.ni.ət'lɔː ⓤⓢ -ˌtɝː.ni.ət'lɑː, -'lɔː **attorneys-at-law** əˌtɜː.niz.ət'lɔː ⓤⓢ -ˌtɝː.niz.ət'lɑː, -'lɔː

Pronouncing the letters AU, AW

The vowel letter combinations au and aw are similar in that their most common pronunciation is /ɔː (US) ɑː/, e.g.:

sauce	/sɔːs/	(US) /sɑːs/
saw	/sɔː/	(US) /sɑː/

However, there is more variation in the case of au. When followed by gh in the spelling realised as /f/, it is pronounced as /ɑː, (US) æ/, e.g.:

laugh	/lɑːf/	(US) /læf/

The combination au may also be pronounced as /ɒ (US) ɑː/, e.g.:

Australia	/ɒs'treɪ.li.ə/	(US) /ɑː'streɪ-/
because	/bɪ'kɒz/	(US) /-'kɑːz/

In addition

Other sounds associated with the combinations au are:

/əʊ (US) oʊ/	chauffeur	/'ʃəʊ.fəʳ/	(US) /ʃoʊ'fɝː/

And, in rare cases:

/eɪ/	gauge	/geɪdʒ/

In weak syllables

The vowel combinations au and aw are realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables, and au may also result in a syllabic consonant or an elided vowel, e.g.:

awry /ə'raɪ/
restaurant /'res.tᵊr.ɔ̃ːŋ, '-trɔ̃ːŋ/ (US) /-tə.rɑːnt, '-trɑːnt/

ttorneyship ə'tɜː.ni.ʃɪp (US) -'tɝː- **-s** -s
ttract ə'trækt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
ttractability ə,træk.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
ttraction ə'træk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
ttractive ə'træk.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ttributable ə'trɪb.jə.tə.bᵊl, -jʊ- (US) -jə.ţə-
ttribute (*n.*) 'æt.rɪ.bjuːt **-s** -s
ttri|bute (*v.*) ə'trɪ|.bjuːt **-butes** -bjuːts **-buting** -bjʊ.tɪŋ (US) -bjə.ţɪŋ, -bjuː- **-buted** -bjʊ.tɪd (US) -bjə.ţɪd, -bjuː-
ttribution ,æt.rɪ'bjuː.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
ttributive ə'trɪb.jə.tɪv, -jʊ- (US) -jə.ţɪv **-ly** -li
ttrition ə'trɪʃ.ᵊn, æt'rɪʃ-
ttun|e ə'tjuːn, æt'juːn (US) ə'tuːn, -'tjuːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ttwell 'æt.wel, -wəl
t(t)wood 'æt.wʊd
TV ,eɪ.tiː'viː **-s** -z
twater 'æt.wɔː.təʳ (US) -wɑː.ţɚ, -wɔː-
typical ,eɪ'tɪp.ɪ.kᵊl
ubade əʊ'bɑːd (US) oʊ- **-s** -z
uberg|e əʊ'beəʒ, -'bɜːʒ (US) oʊ'berʒ **-es** -ɪz
ubergine 'əʊ.bə.ʒiːn, -dʒiːn, ,--'- (US) 'oʊ.bɚ- **-s** -z
uberon 'ɔː.bə.rən, 'əʊ-, -rɒn, ,--'- (US) 'ɑː.bə.rɑːn, 'ɔː-
ubretia ɔː'briː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə (US) ɑː-, ɔː-
ubrey 'ɔː.bri (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
ubrietia ɔː'briː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə (US) ɑː-, ɔː- **-s** -z
uburn (A) 'ɔː.bən, -bɜːn (US) 'ɑː.bɚn, 'ɔː-
uchindachie ,ɔː.kɪn'dæk.i, -xɪn'dæx- (US) ,ɑː.kɪn'dæk-, ,ɔː-
uchinleck ,ɔː.kɪn'lek, -xɪn'-, '--- (US) ,ɑː.kɪn'lek, ,ɔː-, '---
Auchmuty ɔːk'mjuː.ti (US) ɑːk-, ɔːk-
Auchtermuchty ,ɔːk.tə'mʌk.ti, ,ɒk.tə-, ,ɔːx.tə'mʌx.ti, ,ɒx.tə- (US) ,ɑːk.tɚ'mʌk-, ,ɔːk-
Auckland 'ɔːk.lənd (US) 'ɑːk-, 'ɔːk-
au contraire ,əʊ.kɒn'treəʳ (US) ,oʊ.kɑːn'trer
au courant əʊ'kʊr.ɑ̃ːŋ (US) ,oʊ.kuː'rɑːn
auction 'ɔːk.ʃᵊn, 'ɒk- (US) 'ɑːk.ʃᵊn, 'ɔːk- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
auctionary 'ɔːk.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, 'ɒk- (US) 'ɑːk.ʃᵊn.er-, 'ɔːk-
auctioneer ,ɔːk.ʃᵊn'ɪəʳ, ,ɒk- (US) ,ɑːk.ʃə'nɪr, ,ɔːk- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
audacious ɔː'deɪ.ʃəs (US) ɑː-, ɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
audacit|y ɔː'dæs.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) ɑː'dæs.ə.ţ|i, ɔː- **-ies** -iz
Audelay 'ɔːd.leɪ (US) 'ɑːd-, 'ɔːd-
Auden 'ɔː.dᵊn (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
Audenshaw 'ɔː.dᵊn.ʃɔː (US) 'ɑː.dᵊn.ʃɑː, 'ɔː-, -ʃɔː
Audi® 'aʊ.di (US) 'aʊ-, 'ɑː-
audibility ,ɔː.dɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -də'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ,ɑː.də'bɪl.ə.ţi, ,ɔː-
audib|le 'ɔː.də.b|ᵊl, '-dɪ- (US) 'ɑː.də-, 'ɔː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
audienc|e 'ɔː.di.ənts (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-es** -ɪz
audio 'ɔː.di.əʊ (US) 'ɑː.di.oʊ, 'ɔː-
audiocassette ,ɔː.di.əʊ.kə'set (US) ,ɑː.di.oʊ-, ,ɔː- **-s** -s
audiologist ,ɔː.di'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) ,ɑː.di'ɑː.lə-, ,ɔː- **-s** -s
audiology ,ɔː.di'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ,ɑː.di'ɑː.lə-, ,ɔː-
audiometer ,ɔː.di'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ (US) ,ɑː.di'ɑː.mə.ţɚ, ,ɔː- **-s** -z
audiometry ,ɔː.di'ɒm.ɪ.tri, '-ə- (US) ,ɑː.di'ɑː.mə-, ,ɔː-
audiotape 'ɔː.di.əʊ.teɪp (US) 'ɑː.di.oʊ-, 'ɔː- **-s** -s
audio-typ|ing 'ɔː.di.əʊ,taɪ.p|ɪŋ (US) 'ɑː.di.oʊ-, 'ɔː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
audio-visual ,ɔː.di.əʊ'vɪʒ.u.əl, -'vɪz.ju- (US) ,ɑː.di.oʊ'vɪʒ.ju-, ,ɔː-
audiphone 'ɔː.dɪ.fəʊn (US) 'ɑː.dɪ.foʊn, 'ɔː- **-s** -z
au|dit 'ɔː|.dɪt (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-dits** -dɪts **-diting** -dɪ.tɪŋ (US) -də.ţɪŋ **-dited** -dɪ.tɪd (US) -də.ţɪd
audition ɔː'dɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ɑː-, ɔː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
auditor 'ɔː.dɪt.əʳ (US) 'ɑː.də.ţɚ, 'ɔː- **-s** -z
auditori|um ,ɔː.dɪ'tɔː.ri|.əm (US) ,ɑː.də'tɔːr.i-, ,ɔː- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
auditorship 'ɔː.dɪt.ə.ʃɪp (US) 'ɑː.də.ţɚ-, 'ɔː- **-s** -s
auditor|y 'ɔː.dɪ.tᵊr|.i (US) 'ɑː.də.tɔːr-, 'ɔː- **-ies** -iz
Audley 'ɔːd.li (US) 'ɑːd-, 'ɔːd-
Audrey 'ɔː.dri (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
Audubon 'ɔː.də.bɒn, -bən (US) 'ɑː.də.bɑːn, 'ɔː-, -bən
au fait ,əʊ'feɪ (US) ,oʊ-
Aufidius ɔː'fɪd.i.əs (US) ɑː-, ɔː-
Aufklärung 'aʊf.kleə.rʊŋ (US) -kler.ʊŋ
Auf Wiedersehen ,aʊf'viː.də.zeɪ.ən, -zeɪn (US) -'viː.dɚ-
Aug. (*abbrev. for* **August**) 'ɔː.gəst (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
Augean ɔː'dʒiː.ən (US) ɑː-, ɔː-
Augeas ɔː'dʒiː.æs (US) ɑː-, ɔː-
Augener 'aʊ.gᵊn.əʳ (US) -ɚ
auger 'ɔː.gəʳ (US) 'ɑː.gɚ, 'ɔː- **-s** -z
Aughrim 'ɔː.grɪm (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
aught ɔːt (US) ɑːt, ɔːt
Aughton *Humberside, S. Yorks & Nr. Ormskirk, Lancashire:* 'ɔː.tᵊn (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- *Nr. Lancaster, Lancashire:* 'æf.tən
Augie 'ɔː.gi (US) 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
augment (*n.*) 'ɔːg.mənt (US) 'ɑːg-, 'ɔːg- **-s** -s

aug|ment (*v.*) ɔːɡˈment US ɑːɡ-, ɔːɡ- **-ments** -ˈments **-menting** -ˈmen.tɪŋ US -ˈmen.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -ˈmen.tɪd US -ˈmen.t̬ɪd **-mentable** -ˈmen.tə.bᵊl US -ˈmen.t̬ə.bᵊl
augmentation ˌɔːɡ.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -mənˈ- US ˌɑːɡ-, ˌɔːɡ- **-s** -z
augmentative ɔːɡˈmen.tə.tɪv US ɑːɡˈmen.t̬ə.t̬ɪv, ɔːɡ-
au gratin ˌəʊˈɡræt.æ̃ŋ US oʊˈɡrɑː.tᵊn, -ˈɡræt.ᵊn
Augsburg ˈaʊɡz.bɜːɡ, ˈaʊks-, -bʊəɡ US ˈɑːɡz.bɝːɡ, ˈɔːɡz-, -bʊrɡ
aug|ur ˈɔː.ɡ|əʳ US ˈɑː.ɡ|ɚ, ˈɔː- **-urs** -əz US -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd US -ɚd
augural ˈɔː.ɡjʊ.rᵊl, -jᵊr.ᵊl US ˈɑː.ɡjɚ.ᵊl, ˈɔːɡ-
augur|y ˈɔː.ɡjʊ.r|i, -jᵊr.|i US ˈɑː.ɡjɚ.|i, ˈɔːɡ- **-ies** -iz
August (*n.*) ˈɔː.ɡəst US ˈɑː-, ˈɔː- **-s** -s ˌ**August Bank** ˈ**Holiday**
august (*adj.*) ɔːˈɡʌst US ɑː-, ɔː-, ˈ-- **-est** -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
August|a ɔːˈɡʌs.t|ə, ə- US ə-, ɑːˈ-, ɔːˈ- **-an** -ən
Augustine ɔːˈɡʌs.tɪn, ə- US ɑː-, ɔː-; ˈɑː.ɡə.stɪn, ˈɔː-
Augustinian ˌɔː.ɡəˈstɪn.i.ən US ˌɑː-, ˌɔː-
Augustus ɔːˈɡʌs.təs, ə- US ə-, ɑː-, ɔː-
auk ɔːk US ɑːk, ɔːk **-s** -s
aul|a ˈɔː.l|ə, ˈaʊ- US ˈɑː-, ˈɔː- **-ae** -iː, -aɪ, -eɪ
auld (A) ɔːld US ɑːld, ɔːld
auld lang syne ˌɔːld.læŋˈsaɪn, -zaɪn US ˌɑːld-, ˌɔːld-
Aumerle ɔːˈmɜːl US ɑːˈmɝːl, ɔː-
au naturel ˌəʊ.næt.jʊˈrel US ˌoʊ.nætʃ.əˈrel; -nɑː.tuˈ-
Aungier ˈeɪn.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ
aunt ɑːnt US ænt, ɑːnt **-s** -s
Note: Although **aunt** is generally /ænt/ in American English, regional and social subgroups have persistent /ɑːnt/.
auntie, aunty ˈɑːn.ti US ˈæn.t̬i, ˈɑːn- **-s** -z
au pair ˌəʊˈpeəʳ US oʊˈper **-s** -z
aura ˈɔː.rə US ˈɔːr.ə **-s** -z
aural ˈɔː.rᵊl, ˈaʊ- US ˈɔːr.ᵊl **-ly** -i
aurate ˈɔː.reɪt, -rɪt US ˈɔːr.eɪt **-s** -s
aureate ˈɔː.ri.eɪt, -ət, -ɪt US ˈɔːr.i-
Aureli|a ɔːˈriː.li.|ə **-an** -ən **-us** -əs
aureola ɔːˈriː.ə.lə US ˌɔːr.iˈoʊ- **-s** -z
aureole ˈɔː.ri.əʊl US ˈɔːr.i.oʊl **-s** -z
aureomycin ˌɔː.ri.əʊˈmaɪ.sɪn US ˌɔːr.i-
au revoir ˌəʊ.rəvˈwɑːʳ, -rɪvˈ- US ˌoʊ.rəvˈwɑːr
auricle ˈɔː.rɪ.kᵊl, ˈɒr.ɪ- US ˈɔːr.ɪ- **-s** -z
auricula ɔːˈrɪk.jʊ.lə, ɒrˈɪk-, -jə- US ɔːˈrɪk.jə- **-s** -z
auricular ɔːˈrɪk.jʊ.ləʳ, ɒrˈɪk-, -jə- US ɔːˈrɪk.jə.lɚ **-ly** -li
auricu|late ɔːˈrɪk.jʊ|.lət, -jə-, -lɪt, -leɪt US -jə- **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
Auriel ˈɔː.ri.əl US ˈɔːr.i-
auriferous ɔːˈrɪf.ᵊr.əs
Auriga ɔːˈraɪ.ɡə

Aurignacian ˌɔː.rɪɡˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən US ˌɔːr.ɪɡ-
aurist ˈɔː.rɪst US ˈɔːr.ɪst **-s** -s
aurochs ˈɔː.rɒks, ˈaʊ- US ˈɔːr.ɑːks, ˈaʊ.rɑːks **-es** -ɪz
auror|a (A) ɔːˈrɔː.r|ə, ə- US -ˈrɔːr|.ə **-as** -əz **-al** -ᵊl
aurora australis ɔːˌrɔː.rə.ɒsˈtreɪ.lɪs, ə-, -ˈtrɑː- US -ˌrɔːr.ə.ɑːˈstreɪ-
aurora borealis ɔːˌrɔː.rə.bɒr.iˈeɪ.lɪs, ə-, -ˈɑː.lɪs US -ˌrɔːr.ə.bɔːr.iˈæl.ɪs, -ˈɑː.lɪs
Auschwitz ˈaʊʃ.wɪts *as if German:* -vɪts
auscul|tate ˈɔː.skᵊl|.teɪt, ˈɒs.kᵊl-, -kʌl- US ˈɑː.skᵊl-, ˈɔː- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
auscultation ˌɔː.skᵊlˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɒs.kᵊlˈ-, -kʌlˈ- US ˌɑː.skᵊl-, ˌɔː- **-s** -z
auscultator ˈɔː.skᵊl.teɪ.təʳ, ˈɒs.kᵊl-, -kʌl- US ˈɑː.skᵊl.teɪ.t̬ɚ, ˈɔː- **-s** -z
auspic|e ˈɔː.spɪs, ˈɒs.pɪs US ˈɑː.spɪs, ˈɔː- **-es** -ɪz
auspicious ɔːˈspɪʃ.əs, ɒsˈpɪʃ- US ɑːˈspɪʃ-, ɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Aussie ˈɒz.i US ˈɑː.zi, ˈɔː-, -si **-s** -z
Austell ˈɔː.stᵊl, ˈɒs.tᵊl *local Cornish pronunciation:* ˈɔː.sᵊl US ˈɑː.stᵊl, ˈɔː-
Austen ˈɒs.tɪn, ˈɔː.stɪn US ˈɑː.stɪn, ˈɔː-
Auster ˈɔː.stəʳ, ˈɒs.təʳ US ˈɑː.stɚ, ˈɔː-
auster|e ɒsˈtɪəʳ, ɔːˈstɪəʳ US ɑːˈstɪr, ɔː- **-er** -əʳ, -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
austerit|y ɒsˈter.ə.t|i, ɔːˈster-, -ɪ.t|i US ˈɑː.ster.ə.t̬|i, ˈɔː- **-ies** -iz
Austerlitz ˈɔː.stə.lɪts, ˈaʊ- US ˈɑː.stɚ-, ˈɔː-
Austin ˈɒs.tɪn, ˈɔː.stɪn US ˈɑː.stɪn, ˈɔː- **-s** -z
austral ˈɒs.trᵊl, ˈɔː.strᵊl US ˈɑː.strᵊl, ˈɔː-
Australasi|a ˌɒs.trəˈleɪ.ʒ|ə, ˌɔː.strə-, -zi|.ə, -ʃi|.ə, -ʃ|ə US ˌɑː.strəˈ-, ˌɔː- **-an/s** -ən/z
Australi|a ɒsˈtreɪ.li|.ə, ɔːˈstreɪ- US ɑːˈstreɪl.j|ə, ɔː- **-an/s** -ən/z
australopithecus ˌɒs.trə.ləʊˈpɪθ.ɪ.kəs, ˌɔː.strə-, -ə.kəs US ˌɑː.strə.loʊˈ-, ˌɔː-
Austri|a ˈɒs.tri|.ə, ˈɔː.stri|- US ˈɑː.stri|-, ˈɔː- **-an/s** -ən/z
Austro- ɒs.trəʊ, ɔː.strəʊ US ɑː.stroʊ, ɔː-
Note: Prefix. Behaves as **Anglo-**.
Austro-German ˌɒs.trəʊˈdʒɜː.mən, ˌɔː.strəʊˈ- US ˌɑː.stroʊˈdʒɝː-, ˌɔː-
Austro-Hungarian ˌɒs.trəʊ.hʌŋˈɡeə.ri.ən, ˌɔː.strəʊ- US ˌɑː.stroʊ.hʌŋˈɡer.i-, ˌɔː-
Austronesi|a ˌɒs.trəʊˈniː.ʒ|ə, ˌɔː.strəʊˈ-, -zi|.ə, -si|.ə, -ʃ|ə US ˌɑː.stroʊˈ-, ˌɔː- **-an/s** -ən/z
autarchic ɔːˈtɑː.kɪk US ɑːˈtɑːr-, ɔː- **-al** -ᵊl
autarch|y ˈɔː.tɑː.k|i US ˈɑː.tɑːr-, ˈɔː- **-ies** -iz
autarkic ɔːˈtɑː.kɪk US ɑːˈtɑːr-, ɔː- **-al** -ᵊl
Auteuil əʊˈtɜːj US oʊˈtʊj, -ˈtɜːj

authentic ɔːˈθen.tɪk US ɑːˈθen.t̬ɪk, ɔː- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
authenti|cate ɔːˈθen.tɪ|.keɪt US ɑːˈθen.t̬ɪ-, ɔː- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z US -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
authentication ɔːˌθen.tɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn US ɑːˌθen.t̬ɪˈ-, ɔː- **-s** -z
authenticit|y ˌɔː.θenˈtɪs.ə.t|i, -θᵊnˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US ˌɑː.θenˈtɪs.ə.t̬|i, ˌɔː- **-ies** -iz
author ˈɔː.θəʳ US ˈɑː.θɚ, ˈɔː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
authoress ˈɔː.θᵊr.es, -ɪs, -əs; ˌɔː.θᵊrˈes US ˈɑː.θɚ.ɪs, ˈɔː-, -əs **-es** -ɪz
authorial ɔːˈθɔː.ri.əl US ɑːˈθɔːr.i-, ɔː-
authoritarian ˌɔː.θɒr.ɪˈteə.ri.ən, ɔːˌθɒr-, -əˈ- US əˌθɔːr.əˈter.i-, ɑː-, ɔː- **-s** -z
authoritarianism ɔːˌθɒr.ɪˈteə.ri.ə.nɪ.zᵊm, -əˈ- US əˌθɔːr.əˈter.i-, ɑː-, ɔː-
authoritative ɔːˈθɒr.ɪ.tə.tɪv, ə-, ˈ-ə-, -teɪ- US əˈθɔːr.ə.teɪ.t̬ɪv, ɑː-, ɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
authorit|y ɔːˈθɒr.ə.t|i, ə-, -ɪ.t|i US əˈθɔːr.ə.t̬|i, ɑː-, ɔː- **-ies** -iz
authorization, -isa- ˌɔː.θᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- US ˌɑː.θɚ.ɪˈ-, ˌɔː- **-s** -z
authoriz|e, -is|e ˈɔː.θᵊr.aɪz US ˈɑː-, ˈɔː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊ
authorship ˈɔː.θə.ʃɪp US ˈɑː.θɚ-, ˈɔː
autism ˈɔː.tɪ.zᵊm US ˈɑː.tɪ-, ˈɔː-
autistic ɔːˈtɪs.tɪk US ɑː-, ɔː-
auto- ɔː.təʊ; ɔːˈtɒ US ɑː.t̬oʊ, ɔː-; ɑːˈtɑː, ɔː-
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable. e.g. **autocrat** /ˈɔː.tə.kræt US ˈɑː.t̬ə-, ɔː-/, **automatic** /ˌɔː.təˈmæt.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬əˈmæt̬-, ɔː-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **automaton** /ɔːˈtɒm.ə.tᵊn US ɑːˈtɑː.mə-, ɔː-, US -tɑːn/.
auto ˈɔː.təʊ US ˈɑː.t̬oʊ, ˈɔː- **-s** -z
autobahn ˈɔː.təʊ.bɑːn, ˈaʊ- US ˈɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˈɔː-, -t̬ə- **-s** -z
autobiographer ˌɔː.tə.baɪˈɒɡ.rə.fə US ˌɑː.t̬ə.baɪˈɑː.ɡrə.fɚ, ˌɔː-, -t̬oʊ- **-s** -z
autobiographic ˌɔː.təˌbaɪ.əʊˈɡræf.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬əˌbaɪ.əˈ-, ˌɔː-, -t̬oʊˌ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌautobioˌgraphic ˈnovel
autobiograph|y ˌɔː.tə.baɪˈɒɡ.rə.f|i US ˌɑː.t̬ə.baɪˈɑː.ɡrə-, ˌɔː-, -t̬oʊ- **-ies** -iz
autocade ˈɔː.təʊ.keɪd US ˈɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˈɔː
auto-car ˈɔː.təʊ.kɑːʳ US ˈɑː.t̬oʊ.kɑːr, ˈɔː- **-s** -z
autochthon ɔːˈtɒk.θᵊn, -θɒn US ɑːˈtɑːk.θᵊn, ɔː- **-s** -z
autochthonous ɔːˈtɒk.θᵊn.əs US ɑːˈtɑːk-, ɔː-
autoclav|e ˈɔː.təʊ.kleɪv US ˈɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˈɔː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

utocrac|y ɔː'tɒk.rə.s|i US ɑː'tɑː.krə-, ɔː- -ies -iz

utocrat 'ɔː.tə.kræt US 'ɑː.t̬ə-, 'ɔː- -s -s

utocratic ˌɔː.tə'kræt.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬ə'kræt̬-, ˌɔː- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌautocratic 'government

utocross 'ɔː.təʊ.krɒs US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ.krɑːs, 'ɔː-

utocue (A®) 'ɔː.təʊ.kjuː US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ-, 'ɔː- -s -z

uto-da-fé ˌɔː.təʊ.dɑː'feɪ, ˌaʊ- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.də'-, ˌɔː- -s -z

utodestruct ˌɔː.təʊ.dɪ'strʌkt, -də'- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˌɔː- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

utodidact ˌɔː.təʊ'daɪ.dækt US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˌɔː- -s -s

utodidactic ˌɔː.təʊ.daɪ'dæk.tɪk, -dɪ'- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˌɔː-

utoerotic ˌɔː.təʊ.ɪ'rɒt.ɪk, -ə'rɒt- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.ɪ'rɑː.t̬ɪk, ˌɔː- *stress shift:* ˌautoerotic 'fantasy

utoerot|ism ˌɔː.təʊ.ɪ'rɒt|.ɪ.zəm; -'er.ə.t|ɪ- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.ɪ'rɑː.t̬|ɪ-, ˌɔː- -icism -ɪ.sɪ.zəm US -ə.sɪ.zəm

utogam|ous ɔː'tɒg.ə.m|əs US ɑː'tɑː.gə-, ɔː- -y -i

utogenesis ˌɔː.təʊ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ'dʒen.ə-, ˌɔː-

utogenetic ˌɔː.təʊ.dʒən'et.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.dʒə'net̬-, ˌɔː-

utogenic ˌɔː.təʊ'dʒen.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ'-, ˌɔː-

utogenous ɔː'tɒdʒ.ə.nəs US ɑː't̬ɑː.dʒə-, ɔː- -ly -li

utogiro ˌɔː.təʊ'dʒaɪə.rəʊ US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ'dʒaɪ.roʊ, ˌɔː- -s -z

utograph 'ɔː.tə.grɑːf, -græf US 'ɑː.t̬ə.græf, 'ɔː- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

utographic ˌɔː.təʊ'græf.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬ə'-, ˌɔː- -al -əl -ally -əl.i

utography ɔː'tɒg.rə.fi US ɑː'tɑː.grə-, ɔː-

utogyro ˌɔː.təʊ'dʒaɪə.rəʊ US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ'dʒaɪ.roʊ, ˌɔː- -s -z

utoharp® 'ɔː.təʊ.hɑːp US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ.hɑːrp, 'ɔː-

uto-immun|e ˌɔː.təʊ.ɪ'mjuːn US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ-, ˌɔː- -ity -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

utolexic|al ˌɔː.təʊ'lek.sɪ.k|əl US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ'lek.sə-, ˌɔː- -ally -əl.i, -li

utolock 'ɔː.təʊ.lɒk US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ.lɑːk, 'ɔː-

utolycus ɔː'tɒl.ɪ.kəs US ɑː'tɑː.lɪ-, ɔː-

utomaker 'ɔː.təʊˌmeɪ.kər US 'ɑː.t̬oʊˌmeɪ.kɚ, 'ɔː- -s -z

utomat (A®) 'ɔː.tə.mæt US 'ɑː.t̬ə-, 'ɔː-

uto|mate 'ɔː.tə|.meɪt US 'ɑː.t̬ə-, 'ɔː- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ US -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd US -meɪ.t̬ɪd

utomatic ˌɔː.tə'mæt.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬ə'mæt̬-, ˌɔː- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li *stress shift, see compound:* ˌautomatic 'pilot

utomation ˌɔː.tə'meɪ.ʃən US ˌɑː.t̬ə'-, ˌɔː-

automat|ism ɔː'tɒm.ə.t|ɪ.zəm US ɑː'tɑː.mə.t̬|ɪ-, ɔː- -ist/s -ɪst/s

automat|on ɔː'tɒm.ə.t|ən US ɑː'tɑː.mə-, ɔː-, -t|ɑːn -ons -ənz US -ənz, -ɑːnz -a -ə

automobile 'ɔː.tə.məʊ.biːl, ˌɔː.tə.məʊ'biːl US 'ɑː.t̬ə.moʊ.biːl, 'ɔː-, ˌɑː.t̬ə.moʊ'biːl, ˌɔː-, ˌɑː.t̬ə'moʊ-, 'ɔː- -s -z

automotive ˌɔː.tə'məʊ.tɪv US ˌɑː.t̬ə'moʊ.t̬ɪv, ˌɔː-

autonomic ˌɔː.tə'nɒm.ɪk US ˌɑː.t̬ə'nɑː.mɪk, ˌɔː- *stress shift:* ˌautonomic 'reflex

autonomous ɔː'tɒn.ə.məs US ɑː'tɑː.nə-, ɔː-

autonom|y ɔː'tɒn.ə.m|i US ɑː'tɑː.nə-, ɔː- -ies -iz

autonym 'ɔː.tə.nɪm US 'ɑː.t̬ə-, 'ɔː- -s -z

auto-pilot 'ɔː.təʊˌpaɪ.lət US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ-, 'ɔː- -s -s

autops|y 'ɔː.tɒp.s|i, -təp-, ɔː'tɒp.s|i US 'ɑː.tɑːp-, 'ɔː-, -t̬əp- -ies -iz

autoroute 'ɔː.təʊ.ruːt US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ-, 'ɔː-, -raʊt -s -s

autosegment 'ɔː.təʊ.seg.mənt US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ-, 'ɔː- -s -s

autosegmental ˌɔː.təʊ.seg'men.təl US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.seg'men.t̬əl, ˌɔː- -ly -i

autosug|gestion ˌɔː.təʊ.sə|'dʒes.tʃən, -'dʒeʃ- US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.səg'-, ˌɔː- -gestive -'dʒes.tɪv

autotroph 'ɔː.təʊ.trɒf US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ.trɑːf, 'ɔː-, -troʊf

autotyp|e 'ɔː.təʊ.taɪp US 'ɑː.t̬oʊ-, 'ɔː- -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

autotypography ˌɔː.təʊ.taɪ'pɒg.rə.fi US ˌɑː.t̬oʊ.taɪ'pɑː.grə-, ˌɔː-

autoworker 'ɔː.təʊˌwɜː.kər US 'ɑː.t̬oʊˌwɝː.kɚ, 'ɔː- -s -z

autumn (A) 'ɔː.təm US 'ɑː.t̬əm, 'ɔː- -s -z

autumnal ɔː'tʌm.nəl US ɑː-, ɔː- -ly -i

Auvergne əʊ'veən, -'vɜːn US oʊ'vern, -'vɝːn

Auxerre əʊ'seər, əʊk'seər US oʊ'ser

auxiliar|y ɔːg'zɪl.i.ər|.i, ɔːk'sɪl-, -jər|.i US ɑːg'zɪl.jər-, ɔːg-, '-i.er|.i -ies -iz

auxin 'ɔːk.sɪn US 'ɑːk-, 'ɔːk-

AV ˌeɪ'viː

Ava 'ɑː.və, 'eɪ.və US 'eɪ-

avail ə'veɪl -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d

availability əˌveɪ.lə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

availab|le ə'veɪ.lə.b|əl -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

avalanch|e 'æv.əl.ɑːntʃ US -æntʃ -es -ɪz

Avalon 'æv.əl.ɒn US -ə.lɑːn

avant-courier ˌævɑ̃ːŋ'kʊr.i.eɪ US ˌɑː.vɑːnt-, ˌæv.ɑːnt- -s -z

avant-garde ˌæv.ɑ̃ːŋ'gɑːd US ˌɑː.vɑːnt'gɑːrd, ˌæv.ɑːnt-; əˌvɑːnt-

avarice 'æv.ər.ɪs

avaricious ˌæv.ər'ɪʃ.əs US -ə'rɪʃ- -ly -li

-ness -nəs, -nɪs

avast ə'vɑːst US ə'væst

avatar ˌæv.ə'tɑːr, '--- US 'æv.ə.tɑːr -s -z

avaunt ə'vɔːnt US -'vɑːnt, -'vɔːnt

AVC ˌeɪ.viː'siː

ave *prayer:* 'ɑː.veɪ, -viː -s -z

Ave. (*abbrev. for* **avenue**) æv, 'æv.ə.njuː, '-ɪ- US 'æv.ə.nuː, '-ɪ-, -njuː

Avebury 'eɪv.bər.i US -ber-, -bɚ-

Aveley 'eɪv.li

Aveline 'æv.ə.laɪn, -liːn

Aveling 'eɪv.lɪŋ

Ave Maria ˌɑː.veɪ.mə'riː.ə, -viː- -s -z

Ave Maria Lane ˌɑː.vi.mə.riː.ə'leɪn *formerly:* ˌeɪ.vi.məˌraɪə'leɪn

aveng|e ə'vendʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z -eful -fʊl

avenue 'æv.ə.njuː, '-ɪ- US -nuː, -njuː -s -z

aver ə'vɜːr US -'vɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d -ment/s -mənt/s

averag|e 'æv.ər.ɪdʒ, '-rɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ely -li

averse ə'vɜːs US -'vɝːs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

aversion ə'vɜː.ʃən, -ʒən US -'vɝː.ʒən, -ʃən -s -z

a|vert ə|'vɜːt US -'vɝːt -verts -'vɜːts US -'vɝːts -verting -'vɜː.tɪŋ US -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ -verted -'vɜː.tɪd US -'vɝː.t̬ɪd -vertible -'vɜː.tə.bəl, -tɪ- US -'vɝː.t̬ə.bəl

Avery 'eɪ.vər.i, 'eɪv.ri

Aves 'eɪ.viːz

Avesta ə'ves.tə

avgolemono ˌæv.gəʊ'lem.ə.nəʊ US ˌɑːv.goʊ'lem.ə.noʊ

Avia® 'eɪ.vi.ə US ə'viː-

avian 'eɪ.vi.ən -s -z

aviarist 'eɪ.vi.ər.ɪst -s -s

aviar|y 'eɪ.vi.ər|.i US -er- -ies -iz

aviation ˌeɪ.vi'eɪ.ʃən

aviator 'eɪ.vi.eɪ.tər US -t̬ɚ -s -z

Avice 'eɪ.vɪs

Avicenna ˌæv.ɪ'sen.ə

aviculture 'eɪ.vɪˌkʌl.tʃər, 'æv.ɪ- US -tʃɚ

avid 'æv.ɪd -ly -li

avidity ə'vɪd.ə.ti, æv'ɪd-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

Aviemore 'æv.ɪ.mɔːr, ˌ--'- US ˌæv.ɪ'mɔːr

Avignon 'æv.i.njɔ̃ːŋ US ˌæv.iː'njõʊn, -'njɑːn

avionic ˌeɪ.vi'ɒn.ɪk US -'ɑː.nɪk -s -s *stress shift:* ˌavionic 'system

Avis® 'eɪ.vɪs

Avoca ə'vəʊ.kə US -'voʊ-

avocado ˌæv.ə'kɑː.dəʊ US -doʊ, ɑː.və'- -s -z

avocation ˌæv.əʊ'keɪ.ʃən US -ə'-, -oʊ'- -s -z

avocet 'æv.əʊ.set US '-ə- -s -s

Avoch ɔːk, ɔːx

Avogadro ˌæv.əʊ'gæd.rəʊ, -'gɑː.drəʊ US -ə'gɑː.droʊ, ˌɑː.və'-, -'gæd.roʊ

avoid ə'vɔɪd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
avoidab|le ə'vɔɪ.də.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
avoidanc|e ə'vɔɪ.dᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
avoirdupois ˌæv.ə.də'pɔɪz, ˌæv.wɑː.dju'pwɑː ⓤⓢ ˌæv.ɚ.də'pɔɪz, 'æv.ɚ.dəˌpɔɪz
Avon *in Avon:* 'eɪ.vᵊn ⓤⓢ -vɑːn, -vᵊn, 'æv.ᵊn *in Devon:* 'æv.ᵊn *in the Grampian region:* ɑːn *trademark:* 'eɪ.vɒn ⓤⓢ -vɑːn
Avondale 'eɪ.vᵊn.deɪl ⓤⓢ 'eɪ.vᵊn-, 'æv.ᵊn-
Avonmouth 'eɪ.vᵊn.maʊθ, -vᵊm- ⓤⓢ -vᵊn-
Avory 'eɪ.vᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'eɪv.ri
avow ə'vaʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -əd-
avowal ə'vaʊ.əl -s -z
Avril 'æv.rɪl, -rəl
avuncular ə'vʌŋ.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- ⓤⓢ -lɚ **-ly** -li
AWACS 'eɪ.wæks
a|wait ə|'weɪt **-waits** -'weɪts **-waiting** -'weɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'weɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-waited** -'weɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'weɪ.t̬ɪd
awak|e ə'weɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **awoke** ə'wəʊk ⓤⓢ -'woʊk
awaken ə'weɪ.kᵊn -s -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
awakening (*n.*) ə'weɪ.kᵊn.ɪŋ -s -z
award ə'wɔːd ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
award-winning ə'wɔːdˌwɪn.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrdˌ-
aware ə'weəʳ ⓤⓢ -'wer **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
awash ə'wɒʃ ⓤⓢ -'wɑːʃ, -'wɔːʃ
away ə'weɪ
aw|e (A) ɔː ⓤⓢ ɑː, ɔː **-es** -z **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
awe-inspiring 'ɔː.ɪn.spaɪə.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-ly** -li
aweless 'ɔː.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
awesome 'ɔː.səm ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
awe-stricken 'ɔːˌstrɪk.ᵊn ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
awe-struck 'ɔː.strʌk ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
awful *terrible:* 'ɔː.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *inspiring awe:* 'ɔː.fʊl ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
awfully 'ɔː.fᵊl.i, -fʊl- ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː-
awhile ə'*h*waɪl
awkward 'ɔː.kwəd ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.kwɚd, 'ɔː- **-est** -əst, -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ish** -ɪʃ
awl ɔːl ⓤⓢ ɔːl, ɑːl -s -z
awn ɔːn ⓤⓢ ɑːn, ɔːn -s -z **-ed** -d
awning 'ɔː.nɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'ɑː-, 'ɔː- -s -z
awoke (*from* **awake**) ə'wəʊk ⓤⓢ -'woʊk
awoken ə'wəʊ.kᵊn ⓤⓢ -'woʊ-
AWOL, Awol 'eɪ.wɒl ⓤⓢ -wɑːl
Awooner ə'wuː.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
awry ə'raɪ
aw-shucks ɔː'ʃʌks ⓤⓢ ɑː'-, ɔː'-
Axa® 'æk.sə
ax|e, ax æks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **have an 'axe to ˌgrind**
axel (A) 'æk.sᵊl -s -z
axes (*plur. of* **axis**) 'æk.siːz
axes (*plur. of* **axe**) 'æk.sɪz
Axholm(e) 'æks.*h*əʊm, -əm ⓤⓢ -*h*oʊm
axial 'æk.si.əl **-ly** -i
axil 'æk.sɪl, -sᵊl -s -z
axill|a æk'sɪl|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz **-ar** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ary** -ᵊr.i
axiom 'æk.si.əm -s -z
axiomatic ˌæk.si.ə'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ax|is 'æk.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
axle 'æk.sᵊl -s -z **-d** -d
axle-tree 'æk.sᵊl.triː -s -z
Axminster 'æks.mɪn.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ -s -z
axolotl 'æk.sə.lɒt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'æk.sə.lɑː.tᵊl -s -z
axon 'æk.sɒn ⓤⓢ -sɑːn -s -z
ay aɪ, eɪ **-es** -z
ayah 'aɪ.ə, 'ɑː.jə -s -z
ayatollah ˌaɪ.ə'tɒl.ə ⓤⓢ -'toʊ.lə; -toʊ'lɑː -s -z
Ayckbourn 'eɪk.bɔːn ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn
Aycliffe 'eɪ.klɪf
aye *ever:* eɪ *yes:* aɪ -s -z
aye-aye 'aɪ.aɪ -s -z
Ayenbite of Inwyt ˌeɪ.ən.baɪt.əv'ɪn.wɪt
Ayer eəʳ ⓤⓢ er
Ayers eəz ⓤⓢ erz ˌ**Ayers 'Rock**
Ayesha aɪ'iː.ʃə
Aylesbury 'eɪlz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ-
Aylesford 'eɪlz.fəd, 'eɪls- ⓤⓢ -fɚd
Ayling 'eɪ.lɪŋ
Aylmer 'eɪl.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
Aylsham 'eɪl.ʃəm
Aylward 'eɪl.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd
Aylwin 'eɪl.wɪn
Aymer 'eɪ.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
Ayot 'eɪ.ət
Ayr eəʳ ⓤⓢ er **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Ayre eəʳ ⓤⓢ er -s -z
Ayrton 'eə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ 'er-
Ayscough 'æs.kə, 'æsk.juː, 'eɪ.skɒf 'eɪz.kɒf ⓤⓢ 'æs.kjuː
Ayscue 'eɪ.skjuː ⓤⓢ 'æs.kjuː
Ayton, Aytoun 'eɪ.tᵊn
ayurved|a aɪ.ʊə'veɪ.d|ə, ɑː-, -'viː- ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.jʊr'veɪ- **-ic** -ɪk
A-Z ˌeɪ.tə'zed ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'ziː
azalea ə'zeɪ.li.ə ⓤⓢ -'zeɪl.jə -s -z
Azani|a ə'zeɪ.ni|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Azariah ˌæz.ə'raɪ.ə
Azerbaijan ˌæz.ə.baɪ'dʒɑːn, -'ʒɑːn ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.zɚ-, ˌæz.ɚ- **-i/s** -i/z
azimuth 'æz.ɪ.məθ, '-ə- -s -s
Aziz ə'ziːz, -'zɪz
Aznavour 'æz.nə.vɔːʳ, -vʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌ--'vɔːr, -'vʊr
azodye 'eɪ.zəʊ.daɪ, 'æz.əʊ- ⓤⓢ -zoʊ- -s -z
azoic ə'zəʊ.ɪk, æz'əʊ-, eɪ'zəʊ- ⓤⓢ ə'zoʊ-, eɪ-
Azores ə'zɔːz ⓤⓢ 'eɪ.zɔːrz; ə'zɔːrz
Note: It is customary to pronounce /ə'zɔː.rɪz ⓤⓢ -'zɔːr.ɪz/ (or /-'zɔː.rez ⓤⓢ -'zɔːr.ez/) in reciting Tennyson's poem 'The Revenge'.
azote ə'zəʊt, æz'əʊt; 'æz.əʊt, 'eɪ.zəʊt ⓤⓢ 'æz.oʊt, 'eɪ.zoʊt; ə'zoʊt
azotic ə'zɒt.ɪk, æz'ɒt-, eɪ'zɒt- ⓤⓢ ə'zɑː.t̬ɪk
Azov 'ɑː.zɒv, 'eɪ-, 'æz.ɒv ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.zɑːf, 'eɪ-, 'æz.ɑːf, -ɔːf
AZT ˌeɪ.zed'tiː ⓤⓢ -ziː'-
Aztec 'æz.tek -s -s
azure 'æz.jʊəʳ, 'eɪ.zjʊəʳ, 'æʒ.əʳ, 'eɪ.ʒəʳ, ə'zjʊəʳ, ə'zjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ 'æʒ.ɚ, 'eɪ.ʒɚ
azygous ə'zaɪ.gəs, æz'aɪ-, ˌeɪ'zaɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌeɪ'zaɪ-

Pronouncing the letter B

The consonant **b** is most often realised as /b/, e.g.:

boy /bɔɪ/
grab /græb/

In addition

b can be silent, or have a zero realisation. There are two combinations in which this can occur: **bt** and **mb**.

bt is either word medial or word final, e.g.:

doubt /daʊt/
subtle /ˈsʌt.ᵊl/ ⓤⓢ /ˈsʌt̬.ᵊl/

Words containing **mb** in which **b** is silent have the **mb** in word final position, except where an inflection is added, e.g.:

bomb /bɒm/ ⓤⓢ /bɑːm/
bombing /ˈbɒm.ɪŋ/ ⓤⓢ /ˈbɑː.mɪŋ/

However, the appearance of **bt** and **mb** does not necessarily indicate a silent **b**. In the case of **mb**, the **b** is pronounced if it occurs inside a morpheme or unit of meaning. Compare:

number = arithmetical value /ˈnʌm.bəʳ/ ⓤⓢ /ˈnʌm.bɚ/
number = comparative of *numb* /ˈnʌm.əʳ/ ⓤⓢ /ˈnʌm.ɚ/

For **bt**, the **b** is not silent if part of a prefix. Compare:

subtract /səbˈtrækt/
subtle /ˈsʌt.ᵊl/ ⓤⓢ /ˈsʌt̬.ᵊl/

B) biː -'s -z
B ˌbiː.təˈbiː ⓤⓢ -t̬ə-
C ˌbiː.təˈsiː ⓤⓢ -t̬ə-
beɪ -s -z
ˌbiːˈeɪ
a bɑː ⓤⓢ bæ, bɑː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ader-Meinhof ˌbɑː.dəˈmaɪn.hɒf ⓤⓢ -dɚˈmaɪn.hɑːf, -hoʊf
al ˈbeɪ.ᵊl *Jewish pronunciation:* bɑːl
AL bɑːl
a-lamb ˈbɑː.læm ⓤⓢ ˈbɑː-, ˈbæ- -s -z
alim ˈbeɪ.ᵊl.ɪm *Jewish pronunciation:* ˈbɑː.lɪm
as *master:* bɑːs -es -ɪz
as (*from* baa) bɑːz ⓤⓢ bæz, bɑːz
askaap ˈbɑːs.kæp ⓤⓢ -kɑːp
'ath bɑːθ ⓤⓢ bɑːθ, bæθ -ist/s -ɪst/s
b bɑːb
ba ˈbɑː.bɑː, -bə -s -z
bar ˈbɑː.bɑːʳ ⓤⓢ bəˈbɑːr; ˈbæb.ɑːr, bɑː.bɑːr
bbage ˈbæb.ɪdʒ
bbit (B) ˈbæb.ɪt -s -s
bbl|e ˈbæb.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, bæb.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z -ement/s -mənt/s
bcock ˈbæb.kɒk ⓤⓢ -kɑːk
be beɪb -s -z
bel (B) ˈbeɪ.bᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈbeɪ-, ˈbæb.ᵊl -s -z
bington ˈbæb.ɪŋ.tən
b|ism ˈbɑː.bɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
ite -aɪt
bi Yar ˌbɑː.biˈjɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈjɑːr *stress shift:* ˌBabi Yar ˈmassacre
bka ˈbɑːb.kə -s -z
boo (B) ˈbɑː.buː -s -z
boon bəˈbuːn ⓤⓢ bæbˈuːn, bəˈbuːn -s -z
booner|y bəˈbuː.nᵊr|.i, bæbˈuː- -ies -iz
bs bæbz
bu (B) ˈbɑː.buː -s -z

babushka bæbˈuː.ʃ.kə, bəˈbuːʃ-, -ˈbʊʃ- -s -z
bab|y (B) ˈbeɪ.b|i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id ˈ**baby** ˌ**boom**; ˈ**baby** ˌ**boomer**; ˌ**baby** ˈ**grand**; ˈ**baby** ˌ**talk**; ˈ**baby** ˌ**carriage**; **throw the** ˌ**baby out with the** ˈ**bath water**
Babycham® ˈbeɪ.bɪ.ʃæm
Babygro® ˈbeɪ.bɪ.grəʊ ⓤⓢ -groʊ -s -z
babyhood ˈbeɪ.bi.hʊd
babyish ˈbeɪ.bi.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Babylon ˈbæb.ɪ.lɒn, -ə-, -lən ⓤⓢ -lɑːn
Babyloni|a ˌbæb.ɪˈləʊ.ni|.ə, -əˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈloʊ- -an/s -ən/z
baby|sit ˈbeɪ.bɪ|.sɪt -sitter/s -ˌsɪt.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˌsɪt̬.ɚ/z -sits -sɪts -sitting -ˌsɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌsɪt̬.ɪŋ -sat -sæt
Bacall bəˈkɔːl ⓤⓢ -ˈkɔːl, -ˈkɑːl
Bacardi® bəˈkɑː.di ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːr- -s -z
baccalaureate ˌbæk.əˈlɔː.ri.ət, -ɪt ⓤⓢ -ˈlɔːr.i-, -ɪt -s -s
baccarat ˈbæk.ə.rɑː, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌbæk.əˈrɑː, ˌbɑː.kəˈ-, ˈ---
Bacchae ˈbæk.iː
bacchanal ˈbæk.ə.nᵊl; ˌbæk.əˈnæl ⓤⓢ ˌbæk.əˈnæl -s -z
bacchanali|a ˌbæk.əˈneɪ.li|.ə ⓤⓢ -jə -an/s -ən/z
bacchant ˈbæk.ənt -s -s
bacchante bəˈkæn.ti, bəˈkænt ⓤⓢ -ˈkænt; -ˈkæn.ti, -ˈkɑːn- -s -z, -s
bacchic ˈbæk.ɪk
Bacchus ˈbæk.əs ⓤⓢ ˈbæk.əs, ˈbɑː.kəs
Bacchylides bækˈɪl.ɪ.diːz, bəˈkɪl-
baccy ˈbæk.i
Bach *German composer:* bɑːk *as if German:* bɑːx ⓤⓢ bɑːk *English surname:* beɪtʃ, bætʃ
bach *Welsh term of address:* bɑːk *as if Welsh:* bɑːx ⓤⓢ bɑːk
Bacharach ˈbæk.ə.ræk
Bache beɪtʃ
bachelor (B) ˈbætʃ.ᵊl.əʳ, -ɪ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -ᵊl.ɚ -s -z -hood -hʊd -ship -ʃɪp ˌ**Bachelor of** ˈ**Arts**; ˌ**Bachelor of** ˈ**Science**; ˈ**bachelor** ˌ**girl**
baciliform bəˈsɪl.ɪ.fɔːm, bæsˈɪl- ⓤⓢ bəˈsɪl.ə.fɔːrm
bacillary bəˈsɪl.ᵊr.i, bæsˈɪl- ⓤⓢ bəˈsɪl-
bacill|us bəˈsɪl|.əs, bæsˈɪl- ⓤⓢ bəˈsɪl- -i -aɪ, -iː
back (B) bæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈ**Back** ˌ**Bay**; ˌ**back** ˈ**door** *stress shift:* ˌback door ˈdeal ˌ**back** ˈ**garden**; ˌ**back of be**ˈ**yond**; ˌ**back** ˈ**seat**; ˌ**back seat** ˈ**driver**; ˈ**back** ˌ**talk**; ˌ**back** ˈ**yard** *stress shift:* ˌback yard ˈspecial **have one's** ˌ**back to the** ˈ**wall**; ˌ**put someone's** ˈ**back up**; ˌ**turn one's** ˈ**back on someone/something**
backache ˈbæk.eɪk -s -s
backbeat ˈbæk.biːt
backbench ˌbækˈbentʃ -es -ɪz *stress shift:* ˌbackbench ˈspeaker
backbencher ˌbækˈben.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ -s -z *stress shift:* ˌbackbencher ˈvote
backbi|ting ˈbækˌbaɪ|.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -ter/s -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z
backboard ˈbæk.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -bɔːrd -s -z
backbone ˈbæk.bəʊn ⓤⓢ -boʊn -s -z
backbreaker ˈbækˌbreɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ -s -z
backbreaking ˈbækˌbreɪ.kɪŋ -ly -li
backchat ˈbæk.tʃæt
back|cloth ˈbæk|.klɒθ ⓤⓢ -klɑːθ -cloths -klɒθs, -klɒðz ⓤⓢ -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
backcomb ˈbæk.kəʊm, ˌ-ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈbæk.koʊm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
back|date ˌbæk|ˈdeɪt ⓤⓢ ˈbæk|.deɪt -dates -ˈdeɪts ⓤⓢ -deɪts -dating -ˈdeɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -ˈdeɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -deɪ.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌbackdated ˈcheque
backdrop ˈbæk.drɒp ⓤⓢ -drɑːp -s -s
backer ˈbæk.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
backfield ˈbæk.fiːld
backfill ˈbæk.fɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
backfir|e ˌbækˈfaɪəʳ, ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˌbækˈfaɪɚ, ˈ-- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

back-formation 'bæk.fɔːˌmeɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -fɔːrˌ- -s -z
backgammon 'bæk.gæm.ən, ˌ-'--
background 'bæk.graʊnd -s -z 'background ˌnoise, ˌbackground 'noise ⓤⓢ 'background ˌnoise
backhand 'bæk.hænd -s -z
backhanded ˌbæk'hænd.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, see compound:* ˌbackhanded 'compliment
backhander ˌbæk'hænd.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -z -z
backhoe 'bæk.həʊ ⓤⓢ -hoʊ -s -z
Backhouse 'bæk.haʊs
backing 'bæk.ɪŋ -s -z
backlash 'bæk.læʃ
backless 'bæk.ləs, -lɪs
back|light 'bæk|.laɪt -lights -laɪts -lighting -ˌlaɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lighted -ˌlaɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪd **backlit** 'bæk.lɪt
backlist 'bæk.lɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
backlog 'bæk.lɒg ⓤⓢ -lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z
backpack 'bæk.pæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
back-pedal ˌbæk'ped.ᵊl, '-ˌ-- ⓤⓢ 'bæk.ped- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
backrest 'bæk.rest -s -s
backroom ˌbæk'rʊm, -'ruːm, '-- ⓤⓢ ˌbæk'ruːm, -'rʊm, '-- 'backroom ˌboy
backscratcher 'bækˌskrætʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
backsheesh, backshish ˌbæk'ʃiːʃ, '--
backside ˌbæk'saɪd, '-- ⓤⓢ '-- -s -z
backslap 'bæk.slæp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
backslash 'bæk.slæʃ -es -ɪz
backslid|e 'bæk.slaɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **backslid** 'bæk.slɪd
backspac|e 'bæk.speɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
backspin 'bæk.spɪn
back-stabb|er 'bækˌstæb|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
backstage ˌbæk'steɪdʒ *stress shift:* ˌbackstage 'pass
backstairs ˌbæk'steəz ⓤⓢ ˌbæk'sterz *stress shift:* ˌbackstairs 'gossip
backstay 'bæk.steɪ -s -z
backstitch 'bæk.stɪtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
backstop 'bæk.stɒp ⓤⓢ -stɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
backstrap 'bæk.stræp -s -s
backstreet 'bæk.striːt -s -s
backstroke 'bæk.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk
back-to-back ˌbæk.tə'bæk *stress shift:* ˌback-to-back 'house
backtrack 'bæk.træk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
backup 'bæk.ʌp -s -s
backward 'bæk.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z ˌbend over 'backwards
backwash 'bæk.wɒʃ ⓤⓢ -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ -es -ɪz
backwater 'bækˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- -s -z
backwoods 'bæk.wʊdz
backwoods|man ˌbæk'wʊdz|.mən, '-ˌ-- -men -mən, -men
bacon (B) 'beɪ.kᵊn ˌbring home the 'bacon
Baconian beɪ'kəʊ.ni.ən, bə'kəʊ- ⓤⓢ -'koʊ- -s -z
bacteria bæk'tɪə.ri.ə ⓤⓢ bæk'tɪr.i.ə
bacterial bæk'tɪə.ri.əl ⓤⓢ bæk'tɪr.i.əl
bacteriological bækˌtɪə.ri.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˌtɪr.i.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-
bacteriolog|y bækˌtɪə.ri'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˌtɪr.i'ɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
bacteriophag|e bæk'tɪə.ri.əʊ.feɪdʒ ⓤⓢ -'tɪr.i.ə- -es -ɪz
bacterium bæk'tɪə.ri.əm ⓤⓢ bæk'tɪr.i.əm
Bactri|a 'bæk.tri|.ə -an/s -ən/z
Bacup 'beɪ.kəp
bad bæd ˌbad 'blood; ˌbad 'language; ˌbad 'news; ˌbad 'temper; go from ˌbad to 'worse
Bad bæd, bɑːd ⓤⓢ bɑːd
Badajoz ˌbæd.ə'hɒs *as if Spanish:* ˌbæd.ə'xɒθ ⓤⓢ ˌbɑː.dɑː'hoʊz, -ðɑː'hoʊθ
badass 'bæd.æs -ed -t
Badcock 'bæd.kɒk ⓤⓢ -kɑːk
Baddeley 'bæd.ᵊl.i
baddie 'bæd.i -s -z
Baddiel bə'dɪəl, bæd'ɪəl
baddish 'bæd.ɪʃ
badd|y 'bæd|.i -ies -iz
bade (*from* **bid**) bæd, beɪd
Badedas® 'bæd.ɪ.dæs; bə'deɪ.dəs
Badel bə'del
Badely 'bæd.ᵊl.i
Baden 'bɑː.dᵊn
Baden-Powell ˌbeɪ.dᵊn'paʊəl, -'pəʊəl, -'pəʊ.ɪl, -'pəʊ.el ⓤⓢ -'poʊəl, -'paʊəl
Baden-Württemberg ˌbɑː.dᵊn'vɜː.tᵊm.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.tᵊm.bɜːrg
Bader 'bɑː.dəʳ, 'beɪ- ⓤⓢ -dɚ
badg|e bædʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
badg|er (B) 'bædʒ|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
badger-baiting 'bædʒ.əˌbeɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɚˌbeɪ.t̬ɪŋ
badger-dog 'bædʒ.ə.dɒg ⓤⓢ -ɚ.dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z
Bad Godesberg ˌbɑːd'gəʊ.dəz.bɜːg, -'gəʊdz-, -beəg ⓤⓢ -'goʊ.dəz.bɝːg
Badham 'bæd.əm
badinage 'bæd.ɪ.nɑːʒ, -nɑːdʒ, ˌ--'-
badlands 'bæd.lændz
badly 'bæd.li
badly-off ˌbæd.li'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf *stress shift:* ˌbadly-off 'student
badminton (B) 'bæd.mɪn.tən
bad-mouth 'bæd.maʊθ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
badness 'bæd.nəs, -nɪs
Badoit® 'bæd.wɑː, -'- ⓤⓢ bɑː'dwɑː
bad-tempered ˌbæd'tem.pəd ⓤⓢ 'bædˌtem.pɚd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌbad-tempered 'person
Baeda 'biː.də
Baedeker 'beɪ.dek.əʳ, 'baɪ-, -dɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'beɪ.də.kɚ, 'baɪ- -s -z
Baez 'baɪ.ez, -'-
Baffin 'bæf.ɪn ˌBaffin 'Bay; ˌBaffin 'Island
baffl|e 'bæf.ᵊl -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li, '-lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z -ement -mənt
BAFTA, Bafta 'bæf.tə
bag bæg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d -ger/s -gəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -gɚ/z 'bag ˌlady; ˌbag of 'bones
bagatelle ˌbæg.ə'tel -s -z
Bagdad *in Iraq:* ˌbæg'dæd, '-- ⓤⓢ 'bæg.dæd *in Tasmania, Florida:* 'bæg.dæd
Bagehot 'bædʒ.ət, 'bæg-
bagel 'beɪ.gᵊl -s -z
bag-for-life ˌbæg.fə'laɪf ⓤⓢ -fɚ'-
bagful 'bæg.fʊl -s -z
baggag|e 'bæg.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz
Baggie® 'bæg.i -s -z
bagg|y 'bæg.|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Baghdad bæg'dæd, '-- ⓤⓢ 'bæg.dæd
Bagheera bæg'ɪə.rə, bə'gɪə- ⓤⓢ bə'gɪr.ə
Bagley 'bæg.li
Bagnall 'bæg.nəl, -nɔːl
Bagnell 'bæg.nəl
bagnio 'bæn.jəʊ, 'bɑː.njəʊ ⓤⓢ 'bɑː.njoʊ, 'bæn.joʊ -s -z
Bagnold 'bæg.nəʊld ⓤⓢ -noʊld
Bagot 'bæg.ət
bagpip|e 'bæg.paɪp -es -s -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
bags bægz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Bagshaw(e) 'bæg.ʃɔː ⓤⓢ -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
Bagshot 'bæg.ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːt
bags|y 'bæg.z|i -ies -iz -ing -ɪŋ -ied -id
baguette, baguet bæg'et, bə'get -s -s
Bagworthy 'bædʒ.ᵊr.i
bah bɑː ⓤⓢ bɑː, bæ
bahadur bə'hɑː.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
Baha'i bə'haɪ, bɑː-, -'hɑː.i, -'haɪ.i -s -z
Baha|ism bə'haɪ|.ɪ.zᵊm, bɑː-, -'hɑː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Bahama bə'hɑː.mə -s -z
Bahamian bə'heɪ.mi.ən, -'hɑː- -s -z
Bahasa bə'hɑː.sə
Bahawalpur bɑː'hɑː.wəl.pʊəʳ, bə- ⓤⓢ -pʊr
Bahia bə'hiː.ə
Bahrain, Bahrein bɑː'reɪn -i -i
baht bɑːt -s -s
baignoire 'beɪn.wɑːʳ ⓤⓢ ben'wɑːr, beɪn- -s -z
Baikal 'baɪ.kæl, -kɑːl, -'-
bail beɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
bailable 'beɪ.lə.bᵊl
bail-bond 'beɪl.bɒnd, -'- ⓤⓢ 'beɪl.bɑːnd -s -z

ail-bonds|man 'beɪlˌbɒndz|.mən (US) -ˌbɑːndz- **-men** -mən
ildon 'beɪl.dən
ilee ˌbeɪ'liː **-s** -z
iley (B) 'beɪ.li
ilie (B) 'beɪ.li **-s** -z
iliff 'beɪ.lɪf **-s** -s
iliwick 'beɪ.lɪ.wɪk **-s** -s
ille 'beɪ.li
illie 'beɪ.li
illieu 'beɪ.ljuː (US) 'beɪl.juː
illy 'beɪ.li
ilment 'beɪl.mənt **-s** -s
ilout 'beɪ.laʊt (US) 'beɪl.aʊt **-s** -s
ily 'beɪ.li
in beɪn
inbridge 'beɪn.brɪdʒ, 'beɪm- (US) 'beɪn-
ines beɪnz
in-marie ˌbæn.mə'riː *as if French:* bæ̃m- (US) ˌbæn- **-s** -z
ird beəd (US) berd
irn beən (US) bern **-s** -z
irstow 'beə.stəʊ (US) 'ber.stoʊ
it beɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'beɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'beɪ.t̬ɪd
i|za 'baɪ|.zə (US) -zɑː **-zas** -zəz
iz|e beɪz **-es** -ɪz
ja California bɑː.hɑː.kæl.ɪ'fɔː.njə (US) -ə'fɔːr-
k|e beɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌbaked A'laska; ˌbaked 'beans; 'baking powder; 'baking ˌsoda**
kehou|se 'beɪk.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
kelite® 'beɪ.kᵊl.aɪt (US) 'beɪ.kə.laɪt, beɪk.laɪt
ker (B) 'beɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
kerloo ˌbeɪ.kᵊl'uː (US) -kɚ'luː
kersfield 'beɪ.kəz.fiːld (US) -kɚz-
ker|y 'beɪ.kᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
kewell 'beɪk.wel, -wəl
kke 'bɑː.ki
klava 'bæk.lə.vɑː, 'bɑː.klə- *as if Greek:* ˌ--'- **-s** -z
ksheesh ˌbæk'ʃiːʃ, '--
ku bæk'uː (US) bɑː'kuː
kunin bə'kuː.nɪn, bɑː- (US) bɑː'kuːn.jɪn, bə-
la 'bæl.ə
laam (B) 'beɪ.læm, -ləm **-s** -z
laclava (B) ˌbæl.ə'klɑː.və, bɑː.lə'- **-s** -z
lakirev bə'læk.ɪ.rev, -'lɑː.kɪ- (US) ˌbɑː.lɑː'kɪr.jef
lalaika ˌbæl.ə'laɪ.kə **-s** -z
lanc|e 'bæl.ənts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'balancing ˌact; ˌbalance of payments; 'balance ˌsheet**
lanchine 'bæl.ən.tʃiːn, ˌ--'- (US) 'bæl.ənt.ʃiːn
latka bə'læt.kə (US) -kɑː, -'lɑːt-
laton bæl'æt.ən *as if Hungarian:* bɒl'ɒt- (US) 'bɑː.lɑː.tɑːn
lboa bæl'bəʊ.ə (US) -'boʊ-
lbriggan bæl'brɪg.ən
lbus 'bæl.bəs
lchin 'bɔːl.tʃɪn, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl-

balcon|y 'bæl.kə.n|i **-ies** -iz
bald bɔːld (US) bɔːld, bɑːld **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ish** -ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌbald 'eagle**
baldachin, baldaquin 'bɔːl.də.kɪn (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z
Balder 'bɔːl.dəʳ, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl.dɚ, 'bɑːl-
balderdash 'bɔːl.də.dæʃ, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl.dɚ-, 'bɑːl-
baldfaced ˌbɔːld'feɪst (US) 'bɔːld.feɪst, 'bɑːld- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbaldfaced 'liar
bald-headed ˌbɔːld'hed.ɪd (US) ˌbɔːld-, ˌbɑːld- *stress shift:* ˌbald-headed 'man
Baldock 'bɔːl.dɒk (US) 'bɔːl.dɑːk, 'bɑːl-
baldric (B) 'bɔːl.drɪk, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -s
Baldry 'bɔːl.dri (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl-
Baldwin 'bɔːld.wɪn (US) 'bɔːld-, 'bɑːld-
bald|y 'bɔːl.d|i (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-ies** -iz
bal|e (B) beɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Bale, Bâle *in Switzerland:* bɑːl
Baleares ˌbæl.i'ɑː.rɪz (US) ˌbɑː.li'-, ˌbæl.i'-
Balearic ˌbæl.i'ær.ɪk (US) ˌbɑː.li'-, ˌbæl.i'-, -'er-
baleen bə'liːn, bæl'iːn **-s** -z
baleful 'beɪl.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
baler 'beɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
Balfour 'bæl.fəʳ, -fɔːʳ (US) -fɚ, -fɔːr
Balguy 'bɔːl.gi (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl-
Balham 'bæl.əm
Bali 'bɑː.li (US) 'bɑː.li, 'bæl.i
Balinese ˌbɑː.lɪ'niːz (US) ˌbɑː.lə'-, ˌbæl.ə'-
Baliol 'beɪ.li.əl
balk bɔːlk, bɔːk (US) bɔːk, bɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Balkan 'bɔːl.kən, bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z
Balkanization, -isa- ˌbɔːl.kə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌbɒl-, -nɪ'- (US) ˌbɔːl-, ˌbɑːl-
Balkaniz|e, -is|e 'bɔːl.kə.naɪz, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Balkhash bæl'kæʃ (US) bɑːl'kɑːʃ, bæl-, -'kæʃ
ball (B) bɔːl (US) bɔːl, bɑːl **-s** -z **ˌball and 'chain; ˌball 'bearing; 'ball ˌboy; 'ball ˌgame; 'ball ˌgirl; 'ball ˌpark; ˌon the 'ball; ˌset the ball 'rolling, ˌset the 'ball ˌrolling**
ballad 'bæl.əd **-s** -z
ballade bæl'ɑːd, bə'lɑːd **-s** -z
balladeer ˌbæl.ə'dɪəʳ (US) -'dɪr **-s** -z
ball-and-socket ˌbɔːl.ənd'sɒk.ɪt (US) ˌbɑːl.ənd'sɑː.kɪt, ˌbɔːl-
Ballantine, Ballantyne 'bæl.ən.taɪn
Ballantrae ˌbæl.ən'treɪ
Ballarat ˌbæl.ə'ræt, '---
Ballard 'bæl.əd, -ɑːd (US) -ɚd, -ɑːrd
ballast 'bæl.əst **-s** -s
Ballater 'bæl.ə.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
ballcarrier 'bɔːlˌkær.i.əʳ (US) -ˌker.i.ɚ, 'bɑːl-, -ˌkær- **-s** -z

ballcock 'bɔːl.kɒk (US) 'bɔːl.kɑːk, 'bɑːl- **-s** -s
Balleine bæl'en
ballerina ˌbæl.ᵊr'iː.nə (US) -ə'riː- **-s** -z
Ballesteros ˌbæl.ɪ'stɪə.rɒs, ˌbaɪ.ɪ'-, -ə'-, -'steə- (US) ˌbaɪ.ə'ster.oʊs, ˌbæl-
ballet 'bæl.eɪ (US) bæl'eɪ, '-- **-s** -z **'ballet ˌdancer**
balletic bæl'et.ɪk, bə'let- (US) bə'let̬.ɪk
balletomane 'bæl.ɪ.təʊ.meɪn, -et.əʊ- (US) bə'let̬.ə- **-s** -z
ballgown 'bɔːl.gaʊn (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z
Ballingry bə'lɪŋ.gri
Balliol 'beɪ.li.əl
ballistic bə'lɪs.tɪk **-s** -s
balloon bə'luːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **go ˌdown/ˌover like a ˌlead ba'lloon**
ball|ot 'bæl|.ət **-ots** -əts **-oting** -ə.tɪŋ (US) -ə.t̬ɪŋ **-oted** -ə.tɪd (US) -ə.t̬ɪd **'ballot ˌbox; 'ballot ˌpaper; 'ballot ˌrigging**
ballpark 'bɔːl.pɑːk (US) -pɑːrk, 'bɑːl- **ˌball-park 'figure**
ballplayer 'bɔːlˌpleɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z
ball|point 'bɔːl|.pɔɪnt (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-points** -pɔɪnts **-pointed** -ˌpɔɪn.tɪd (US) -ˌpɔɪn.t̬ɪd **ˌball-point 'pen**
ballroom 'bɔːl.rʊm, -ruːm (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z **ˌballroom 'dancing** (US) **'ballroom ˌdancing**
balls-up 'bɔːlz.ʌp (US) 'bɔːlz-, 'bɑːlz-
balls|y 'bɔːl.z|i (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.əst, -i.ɪst
bally 'bæl.i
Ballycastle ˌbæl.ɪ'kɑː.sᵊl (US) -'kæs.ᵊl
Ballyclare ˌbæl.ɪ'kleəʳ (US) -'kler
ballyhoo ˌbæl.ɪ'huː (US) '---
Ballymena ˌbæl.ɪ'miː.nə
Ballymoney ˌbæl.ɪ'mʌn.i
balm bɑːm **-s** -z
Balmain 'bæl.mæ̃n, -'- (US) 'bæl.meɪn, -'-
Balm(e) bɑːm
Balmer 'bɑː.məʳ (US) 'bɑːl.mɚ, 'bɑː-
Balmoral bæl'mɒr.ᵊl (US) -'mɔːr-
balm|y 'bɑː.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Balniel bæl'niː.ɪl
Balogh 'bæl.ɒg (US) -ɑːg
baloney bə'ləʊ.ni (US) -'loʊ-
Baloo bə'luː
balsa 'bɔːl.sə, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **'balsa ˌwood**
balsam 'bɔːl.səm, 'bɒl- (US) 'bɔːl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -z
balsamic bɔːl'sæm.ɪk, bɒl- (US) bɔːl-, bɑːl- **balˌsamic 'vinegar**
Balta 'bæl.tə (US) 'bæl-, 'bɑːl-
Balthazar ˌbæl.θə'zɑːʳ, '---; bæl'θæz.əʳ (US) ˌbæl.θə'zɑːr, '---; bæl'θeɪ.zɚ
Note: In Shakespeare, normally /ˌbæl.θə'zɑːʳ, '--- (US) ˌbæl.θə'zɑːr, '---/.

balti (B) ˈbɔːl.ti, ˈbɒl- US ˈbɔːl-, ˈbɑːl-, ˈbʌl-
Baltic ˈbɔːl.tɪk, ˈbɒl- US ˈbɔːl-, ˈbɑːl- ˌ**Baltic ˈSea**; ˌ**Baltic ˈStates**
Baltimore ˈbɔːl.tɪ.mɔːʳ, ˈbɒl- US ˈbɔːl.tə.mɔːr, ˈbɑːl-, -mɚ **-s** -z
Baluchistan bəˌluː.tʃɪˈstɑːn, bælˌuː-, -kɪˈ-, -ˈstæn US -tʃəˈstæn, -ˈstɑːn
baluster ˈbæl.ə.stəʳ US -stɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
balustrade ˌbæl.əˈstreɪd US ˈ--- **-s** -z
Balzac ˈbæl.zæk US ˈbɔːl-, ˈbɑːl-, ˈbæl-
Bamako ˌbæm.əˈkəʊ US ˌbæm.əˈkoʊ, ˌbɑː.mə-
Bambi ˈbæm.bi
bambin|o bæmˈbiː.n|əʊ US bæmˈbiː.n|oʊ, bɑːm- **-os** -əʊz US -oʊz **-i** -i
bamboo bæmˈbuː **-s** -z
bamboozl|e bæmˈbuː.zᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈbuːz.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Bamborough ˈbæm.bᵊr.ə US -oʊ
Bamburgh ˈbæm.bᵊr.ə US -bɚ.ə, -bɝːg
Bamfield ˈbæm.fiːld
Bamford ˈbæm.fəd US -fɚd
ban *prohibit:* bæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
ban *Romanian money:* bæn US bɑːn **bani** ˈbɑː.ni
banal bəˈnɑːl, bænˈɑːl, -ˈnæl
banalit|y bəˈnæl.ə.t|i, bænˈæl-, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
banana bəˈnɑː.nə US -ˈnæn.ə **-s** -z baˌnana reˈpublic; baˈnana ˌskin; baˌnana ˈsplit
Banaras bəˈnɑː.rəs US -ˈnɑːr.əs
Banbridge ˈbæn.brɪdʒ, ˈbæm- US ˈbæn-
Banbury ˈbæn.bᵊr.i, ˈbæm- US ˈbæn.ber-, -bɚ-
bancassurance ˈbæŋ.kəˌʃɔː.rᵊnts, -ˌʃʊə- US ˈbæŋ.kəˌʃʊr.ents
Banchory ˈbæŋ.kᵊr.i
Bancroft ˈbæŋ.krɒft US ˈbæn.krɑːft, ˈbæŋ-
band bænd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˈ**band** ˌ**shell**
Banda ˈbæn.də US ˈbɑːn-, ˈbæn-
bandag|e ˈbæn.dɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Band-Aid®, band-aid ˈbænd.eɪd **-s** -z
bandan(n)a bænˈdæn.ə **-s** -z
Bandaranaike ˌbæn.dᵊr.əˈnaɪ.ɪ.kə, -ˈnaɪ.kə US ˌbɑːn-
Bandar Seri Begawan ˌbæn.də.ser.i.bəˈgɑː.wən, -beˈ-, -bɪˈ-, -ˈgaʊ.ən US ˌbɑːn.dɚ-
BandB ˌbiː.ᵊndˈbiː, -ᵊmˈ- US -ᵊndˈ- **-s** -z
bandbox ˈbænd.bɒks US -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
bandeau ˈbæn.dəʊ *as if French:* bɑ̃nˈdəʊ US bænˈdoʊ **bandeaux** ˈbæn.dəʊ, -dəʊz *as if French:* bɑ̃nˈdəʊ US bænˈdoʊ, -doʊz
banderole ˈbæn.dᵊr.əʊl US -də.roʊl **-s** -z
bandicoot ˈbæn.dɪ.kuːt **-s** -s
bandit ˈbæn.dɪt **-s** -s **-ry** -ri
bandleader ˈbændˌliː.dəʳ US -dɚ **-s** -z
bandmaster ˈbændˌmɑː.stəʳ US -ˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z
bandog ˈbæn.dɒg US -dɑːg, -dɔːg **-s** -z
bandoleer, bandolier ˌbæn.dᵊlˈɪəʳ US -dəˈlɪr **-s** -z
bandoline ˈbæn.dəʊ.liːn US -də-, -doʊ-
bands|man ˈbændz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
bandstand ˈbænd.stænd **-s** -z
Bandung ˈbæn.dʊŋ, -ˈ- US ˈbɑːn-, ˈbæn-
bandwagon ˈbændˌwæg.ən **-s** -z
bandwidth ˈbæn.dwɪtθ, -dwɪdθ US ˈbænd.wɪtθ, -wɪdθ, -wɪθ **-s** -s
band|y ˈbæn.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
bandy-legged ˌbæn.diˈlegd, -ˈleg.ɪd, -ˈleg.əd *stress shift:* ˌbandy-legged ˈchild
bane beɪn **-s** -z
baneful ˈbeɪn.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Banff bænf **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Banfield ˈbæn.fiːld
bang bæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **go** ˌ**off with a** ˈ**bang**
Bangalore ˌbæŋ.gəˈlɔːʳ US ˈbæŋ.gə.lɔːr, ˌ--ˈ-
banger ˈbæŋ.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
Banger ˈbeɪn.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ
Bangkok bæŋˈkɒk US ˈbæŋ.kɑːk, -ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌBangkok ˈtemple
Bangladesh ˌbæŋ.gləˈdeʃ, -ˈdeɪʃ US ˌbæŋ.gləˈdeʃ, ˌbɑːŋ-
Bangladeshi ˌbæŋ.gləˈdeʃ.i, -ˈdeɪ.ʃi US ˌbæŋ.gləˈdeʃ-, ˌbɑːŋ- **-s** -z
bangle ˈbæŋ.gᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
bang-on ˌbæŋˈɒn US ˈbæŋ.ɑːn
Bangor *in Wales:* ˈbæŋ.gəʳ US -gɚ *in US:* ˈbæŋ.gɔːʳ, -gəʳ US -gɔːr, -gɚ
Bangui ˌbɑːŋˈgiː US ˌbɑːŋ-
bang-up ˌbæŋˈʌp US ˈ--
Banham ˈbæn.əm
bani (*plur. of* **ban**) ˈbɑː.ni
banian ˈbæn.i.ən, ˈ-jæn **-s** -z
banish ˈbæn.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
banister (B) ˈbæn.ɪ.stəʳ US -ə.stɚ **-s** -z
Banja Luka ˌbæn.jəˈluː.kə US ˌbɑː.njəˈ-
banjo ˈbæn.dʒəʊ, -ˈ- US ˈbæn.dʒoʊ **-(e)s** -z
Banjul bænˈdʒuːl US ˈbɑːn.dʒuːl
bank bæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**bank aˌccount**; ˈ**bank ˌcard**; ˈ**bank ˌclerk**; ˌ**bank ˈholiday**; ˈ**bank ˌmanager**; ˈ**bank ˌrate**; ˈ**bank ˌstatement**; ˌ**Bank of ˈEngland**
bankability ˌbæŋ.kəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ţi
bankable ˈbæŋ.kə.bᵊl
banker ˈbæŋ.kəʳ US -kɚ **-s** -z
Bankes bæŋks
Bankhead ˈbæŋk.hed
banknote ˈbæŋk.nəʊt US -noʊt **-s** -s
bankroll ˈbæŋk.rəʊl US -roʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bankrupt ˈbæŋ.krʌpt, -krəpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
bankruptc|y ˈbæŋ.krəpt.s|i, -krʌpt- **-ies** -iz
Banks bæŋks
banksia ˈbæŋk.si.ə **-s** -z
Ban-Lon® ˈbæn.lɒn US -lɑːn
Bann bæn
Bannatyne ˈbæn.ə.taɪn
banner (B) ˈbæn.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
Bannerman ˈbæn.ə.mən US ˈ-ɚ-
Banning ˈbæn.ɪŋ
bannister (B) ˈbæn.ɪ.stəʳ US -ə.stɚ **-s** -z
bannock ˈbæn.ək **-s** -s
Bannockburn ˈbæn.ək.bɜːn US -bɝːn, -bɚn
Bannon ˈbæn.ən
banns bænz
banque|t ˈbæŋ.kwɪt US -kwəlt, -kwɪ **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -ţɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -ţ ˈ**banquet ˌroom**; ˈ**banqueting ˌhall**
banquette bæŋˈket **-s** -s
Banquo ˈbæŋ.kwəʊ US -kwoʊ
banshee ˈbæn.ʃiː, -ˈ- **-s** -z
Banstead ˈbænt.stɪd, -sted
bant bænt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈbæn.ţɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈbæn.ţɪd
bantam (B) ˈbæn.təm US -ţəm **-s** -z
bantamweight ˈbæn.təm.weɪt US -ţəm-
bant|er ˈbæn.t|əʳ US -ţ|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Banting ˈbæn.tɪŋ US -ţɪŋ
bantling ˈbænt.lɪŋ **-s** -z
Bantry ˈbæn.tri
Bantu ˌbænˈtuː, ˌbɑːn-, ˈ-- US ˈbæn.tu
bantustan (B) ˌbæn.tuˈstɑːn, ˌbɑːn -ˈstæn
banyan ˈbæn.jæn, -ni.ən, ˈ-jən US ˈ-jən, ˈ-jæn **-s** -z
Banyard ˈbæn.jɑːd US -jɑːrd
banzai bænˈzaɪ, bɑːn-, ˈ-- US bɑːnˈzaɪ ˈ--
baobab ˈbeɪ.əʊ.bæb US ˈ-oʊ-, ˈbɑː- **-s** -z
bap bæp **-s** -s
baptism ˈbæp.tɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z ˌ**baptism** ˈ**fire**
baptismal bæpˈtɪz.mᵊl **-ly** -i
baptist (B) ˈbæp.tɪst **-s** -s ˌ**John the** ˈ**Baptist**
baptister|y ˈbæp.tɪ.stᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
baptistr|y ˈbæp.tɪ.str|i **-ies** -iz
baptiz|e, -is|e bæpˈtaɪz US ˈ-- **-es** -ɪ **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bar (B) bɑːʳ US bɑːr **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** ˈ**bar ˌcode**; ˈ**bar ˌgraph**; ˈ**bar ˌmeal**; ˈ**bar ˌstaff**
Barabbas bəˈræb.əs
barb bɑːb US bɑːrb **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Barbadian bɑːˈbeɪ.di.ən, -dʒən US bɑːr- **-s** -z
Barbados bɑːˈbeɪ.dɒs, -dəs US bɑːrˈbeɪ.doʊs

arbara 'bɑː.bᵊr.ə, '-brə ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
arbarian bɑː'beə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ bɑːr'ber.i- -s -z
arbaric bɑː'bær.ɪk ⓤⓢ bɑːr'ber-, -'bær- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
arbarism 'bɑː.bᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- -s -z
arbarit|y bɑː'bær.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ bɑːr'ber.ə.t|i, -'bær- **-ies** -iz
arbariz|e, -ise 'bɑː.bᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
arbarossa ˌbɑː.bᵊr'ɒs.ə ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.bə'roʊ.sə, -'rɑː-
arbarous 'bɑː.bᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
arbary 'bɑː.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- ˌ**Barbary** ape; ˌ**Barbary 'Coast**
arbate 'bɑː.beɪt, -bɪt, -bət ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
arbated 'bɑː.beɪ.tɪd, -bɪ-, -bə-; bɑː'beɪ- ⓤⓢ bɑːr'beɪ.t̬ɪd
arbauld 'bɑː.bᵊld ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
arbecu|e 'bɑː.bɪ.kjuː, -bə- ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
arbed bɑːbd ⓤⓢ bɑːrbd ˌ**barbed 'wire**
arbell 'bɑː.bel ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
arber (B) 'bɑː.bəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.bɚ **-s** -z
arberr|y 'bɑː.bᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.ber|.i **-ies** -iz
arbershop 'bɑː.bə.ʃɒp ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.bɚ.ʃɑːp **-s** -s ˌ**barbershop quar'tet**
arbette bɑː'bet ⓤⓢ bɑːr- **-s** -s
arbican (B) 'bɑː.bɪ.kən ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.bə- -s -z
arbie (B) 'bɑː.bi ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- '**Barbie doll®**
arbirolli ˌbɑː.bɪ'rɒl.i, -bə'- ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.bə'rɑː.li
arbitone 'bɑː.bɪ.təʊn ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.bə.toʊn -s -z
arbiturate bɑː'bɪtʃ.ᵊr.ət, -'bɪt.jʊ.rət, -jᵊr.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt ⓤⓢ bɑːr'bɪtʃ.ᵊr.ət, -eɪt **-s** -s
arbituric ˌbɑː.bɪ'tʃʊə.rɪk; ˌbɑː'bɪt.jʊ-, -jᵊr.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.bə'tʃʊr.ɪk, -'tʊr- **barbiˌturic 'acid**
arbour® 'bɑː.bəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.bɚ **-s** -z
arbuda bɑː'bjuː.də ⓤⓢ bɑːr'buː-, -'bjuː-
arbule 'bɑː.bjuːl ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
arbwire 'bɑːb.waɪəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrb.waɪɚ
arca 'bɑː.kə ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
arcarol(l)e ˌbɑː.kə'rəʊl, -'rɒl, '--- ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.kə.roʊl **-s** -z
arcelona ˌbɑː.sᵊl'əʊ.nə, -sɪ'ləʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.sə'loʊ-
archester 'bɑː.tʃes.təʳ, -tʃɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.tʃə.stɚ, -tʃes.tɚ
arclay 'bɑː.kli, -kleɪ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-'s** -z
arclaycard® 'bɑː.kli.kɑːd, -kleɪ- ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.kli.kɑːrd
ar code 'bɑː.kəʊd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.koʊd -s -z
arcroft 'bɑː.krɒft ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.krɑːft
ard (B) bɑːd ⓤⓢ bɑːrd **-s** -z **-ic** -ɪk
ardell bɑː'del; 'bɑː.dᵊl, -del ⓤⓢ bɑːr'del; 'bɑːr.dᵊl, -del
ote: In Dicken's 'The Pickwick Papers' generally pronounced /bɑː'del ⓤⓢ bɑːr-/.
bardolatry bɑː'dɒl.ə.tri ⓤⓢ bɑːr'dɑː.lə-
Bardolph 'bɑː.dɒlf ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.dɑːlf
Bardot bɑː'dəʊ ⓤⓢ bɑːr'doʊ
Bardsey 'bɑːd.si ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrd-
Bardsley 'bɑːdz.li ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrdz-
Bardswell 'bɑːdz.wəl, -wel ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrdz-
Bardwell 'bɑːd.wəl, -wel ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrd-
bar|e beəʳ ⓤⓢ ber **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bareback 'beə.bæk ⓤⓢ 'ber- **-ed** -t
Barebones 'beə.bəʊnz ⓤⓢ 'ber.boʊnz
barefaced beə'feɪst ⓤⓢ 'ber.feɪst **-ly** -li, -ɪd.li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌbarefaced 'liar
barefoot beə'fʊt ⓤⓢ 'ber.fʊt *stress shift, British only:* ˌbarefoot 'child
barefooted ˌbeə'fʊt.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'ber.fʊt̬- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbarefooted 'child
barehanded ˌbeə'hæn.dɪd ⓤⓢ 'berˌhæn- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbarehanded 'warrior
bare-headed ˌbeə'hed.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'berˌhed- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbare-headed 'worshippers
Bareilly bə'reɪ.li
bare-legged ˌbeə'legd, -'leg.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'berˌleg.ɪd, -legd *stress shift, British only:* ˌbare-legged 'child
bare|ly 'beə|.li ⓤⓢ 'ber- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Barenboim 'bær.ən.bɔɪm, 'bɑːr- ⓤⓢ 'ber-, 'bær-
Barents 'bær.ənts ⓤⓢ 'ber-, 'bær-
barf bɑːf ⓤⓢ bɑːrf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Barfield 'bɑː.fiːld ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
bar|fly 'bɑː|.flaɪ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-flies** -flaɪz
Barfoot 'bɑː.fʊt ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
bargain 'bɑː.gɪn, -gən ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**bargain 'basement; 'bargain ˌhunter**
barg|e bɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ bɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bargee bɑː'dʒiː, '-- ⓤⓢ bɑːr'dʒiː **-s** -z
barge|man 'bɑːdʒ|.mən, -mæn ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrdʒ- **-men** -mən, -men
bargepole 'bɑːdʒ.pəʊl ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrdʒ.poʊl **-s** -z
Barger 'bɑː.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.dʒɚ
Bargh bɑːdʒ, bɑːf ⓤⓢ bɑːrdʒ, bɑːrf
Bargoed 'bɑː.gɔɪd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
Bargrave 'bɑː.greɪv ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
Barham *surname:* 'bær.əm, 'bɑː.rəm ⓤⓢ 'ber-, 'bær-, 'bɑːr.əm *in Kent:* 'bær.əm ⓤⓢ 'ber-, 'bær-
Bari 'bɑː.ri ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.i
Baring 'beə.rɪŋ, 'bær.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'ber.ɪŋ, 'bær-
Baring-Gould ˌbeə.rɪŋ'guːld ⓤⓢ ˌber.ɪŋ'-
barista bɑː'riː.stə, -'ɪs.tə ⓤⓢ -'riː.stə **-s** -z
baritone 'bær.ɪ.təʊn ⓤⓢ 'ber.ə.toʊn, 'bær- **-s** -z
barium 'beə.ri.əm ⓤⓢ 'ber.i-, 'bær- ˌbarium 'meal
bark bɑːk ⓤⓢ bɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**bark up the wrong 'tree; their ˌbark is ˌworse than their 'bite**
barkeep 'bɑː.kiːp ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Barker 'bɑː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.kɚ
Barking 'bɑː.kɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
Barkston 'bɑːk.stən ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrk-
barley 'bɑː.li ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- '**barley ˌsugar; 'barley ˌwater; ˌbarley 'wine**
barleycorn (B) 'bɑː.li.kɔːn ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.li.kɔːrn **-s** -z
Barlow(e) 'bɑː.ləʊ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.loʊ
barm bɑːm ⓤⓢ bɑːrm
barmaid 'bɑː.meɪd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
bar|man 'bɑː|.mən, -mæn ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-men** -mən, -men
Barmby 'bɑːm.bi ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrm-
Barmecide 'bɑː.mɪ.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.mə-
bar mi(t)zvah bɑː'mɪts.və ⓤⓢ bɑːr- **-s** -z
Barmouth 'bɑː.məθ ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
barm|y 'bɑː.m|i ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
barn bɑːn ⓤⓢ bɑːrn **-s** -z '**barn ˌdance; ˌbarn 'door**
Barnabas 'bɑː.nə.bəs, -bæs ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
Barnaby 'bɑː.nə.bi ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
barnacle 'bɑː.nə.kᵊl ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
Barnard 'bɑː.nəd, -nɑːd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.nɚd; bɑːr'nɑːrd
Barnardiston ˌbɑː.nə'dɪs.tən ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.nɚ'-
Barnardo bə'nɑː.dəʊ, bɑː- ⓤⓢ bɚ'nɑːr.doʊ
Barnby 'bɑːn.bi, 'bɑːm- ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrn-
Barnes bɑːnz ⓤⓢ bɑːrnz
Barnet(t) 'bɑː.nɪt ⓤⓢ bɑːr'net, '--
barney (B) 'bɑː.ni ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
Barnfield 'bɑːn.fiːld ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrn-
Barnham 'bɑː.nəm ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
Barnicott 'bɑː.nɪ.kət, -kɒt ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr.nə.kɑːt, -nɪ-, -kət
Barnoldswick bɑː'nəʊldz.wɪk *locally also:* 'bɑː.lɪk ⓤⓢ bɑːr'noʊldz.wɪk
Barnsley 'bɑːnz.li ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrnz-
Barnstaple 'bɑːn.stə.pᵊl *locally also:* -bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrn.stə.pᵊl
barnstorm 'bɑːn.stɔːm ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrn.stɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Barnum 'bɑː.nəm ⓤⓢ 'bɑːr-
barnyard 'bɑːn.jɑːd ⓤⓢ 'bɑːrn.jɑːrd **-s** -z
Baroda bə'rəʊ.də ⓤⓢ -'roʊ-
barograph 'bær.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ 'ber.ə.græf, 'bær- **-s** -s
Barolo bə'rəʊ.ləʊ ⓤⓢ -'roʊ.loʊ
Barolong ˌbɑː.rəʊ'ləʊŋ, ˌbær.əʊ-, -'lɒŋ ⓤⓢ ˌbɑːr.ə'loʊŋ
barometer bə'rɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'rɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
barometric ˌbær.əʊ'met.rɪk ⓤⓢ ˌber.ə'-, ˌbær- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

barometry bə'rɒm.ɪ.tri, '-ə- (US) -'rɑː.mə-
baron (B) 'bær.ən (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-s** -z
baronag|e 'bær.ən.ɪdʒ (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-es** -ɪz
baroness (B) 'bær.ən.es, -ɪs, -əs; ˌbær.ən'es (US) 'ber.ən.əs, 'bær- **-es** -ɪz
baronet 'bær.ən.ət, -ɪt, -et, ˌbær.ən'et (US) 'ber.ən.ət, 'bær-, -ɪt **-s** -s
baronetag|e 'bær.ə.nə.tɪdʒ, -nɪ-, ˌbær.ə'net.ɪdʒ (US) 'ber.ə.nə.t̬ɪdʒ, 'bær- **-es** -ɪz
baronetc|y 'bær.ə.nət.s|i, -nɪt-, -net- (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-ies** -iz
baronial bə'rəʊ.ni.əl (US) -'roʊ-
baron|y 'bær.ən|.i (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-ies** -iz
baroque bə'rɒk, bær'ɒk (US) bə'roʊk, bær'oʊk, -'ɑːk
baroscope 'bær.əʊ.skəʊp (US) 'ber.ə.skoʊp, 'bær- **-s** -s
baroscopic ˌbær.əʊ'skɒp.ɪk (US) ˌber.ə'skɑː.pɪk, ˌbær-
Barossa bə'rɒs.ə (US) -'rɑː.sə **Baˌrossa 'Valley**
barouch|e bə'ruːʃ, bær'uːʃ (US) bə'ruːʃ **-es** -ɪz
barperson 'bɑːˌpɜː.sən (US) 'bɑːrˌpɝː- **-s** -z
barque bɑːk (US) bɑːrk **-s** -s
Barquisimeto ˌbɑː.kɪ.sɪ'meɪ.təʊ (US) bɑːrˌkə.sə'meɪ.toʊ
Barr bɑːʳ (US) bɑːr
Barra 'bær.ə (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barrack 'bær.ək (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Barraclough 'bær.ə.klʌf (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barracouta ˌbær.ə'kuː.tə (US) ˌber.ə'kuː.t̬ə, ˌbær-, -də **-s** -z
barracuda ˌbær.ə'kjuː.də, -'kuː- (US) ˌber.ə'kuː-, ˌbær-
barrag|e 'bær.ɑːdʒ (US) bə'rɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz
barramund|a ˌbær.ə'mʌn.d|ə (US) ˌber-, ˌbær- **-as** -əz **-i** -i **-is** -ɪs
Barranquilla ˌbær.əŋ'kiː.ə (US) ˌbɑːr.ɑːn'kiː.jɑː, ˌber-, ˌbær-
barratry 'bær.ə.tri (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
Barrat(t) 'bær.ət (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barre bɑːʳ (US) bɑːr **-s** -z
barrel 'bær.əl (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
barrel-organ 'bær.əlˌɔː.gən (US) 'ber.əlˌɔːr-, 'bær- **-s** -z
barren 'bær.ən (US) 'ber-, 'bær- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Barrett 'bær.ət, -et, -ɪt (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barrette bə'ret, bɑː- (US) bə'ret **-s** -s
Barrhead 'bɑː.hed (US) 'bɑːr-
barricad|e ˌbær.ɪ'keɪd, -ə'-, '--- (US) 'ber.ə.keɪd, 'bær-, ˌ--'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Barrie 'bær.i (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barrier (B) 'bær.i.əʳ (US) 'ber.i.ɚ, 'bær- **-s** -z ˌ**Great ˌBarrier 'Reef**
barring 'bɑː.rɪŋ (US) 'bɑːr.ɪŋ
Barrington 'bær.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'ber-
barrio 'bær.i.əʊ (US) 'bɑːr.i.oʊ, 'ber-, 'bær- **-s** -z
barrister 'bær.ɪ.stəʳ (US) 'ber.ɪ.stɚ, 'bær- **-s** -z
barrister-at-law ˌbær.ɪ.stəʳ.ət'lɔː (US) ˌber.ə.stɚ.ət'lɑː, ˌbær-, -'lɔː **barristers-at-law** ˌbær.ɪ.stəz.ət'lɔː (US) ˌber.ə.stɚz.ət'lɑː, ˌbær-, -'lɔː
barristerial ˌbær.ɪ'stɪə.ri.əl (US) ˌber.ə'stɪr.i-, ˌbær-
Barron 'bær.ən (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
barroom 'bɑː.rʊm, -ruːm (US) 'bɑːr.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
barrow (B) 'bær.əʊ (US) 'ber.oʊ, 'bær- **-s** -z
Barrow-in-Furness ˌbær.əʊ.ɪn'fɜː.nɪs, -nes, -nəs (US) ˌber.oʊ.ɪn'fɝː-, ˌbær-
Barry 'bær.i (US) 'ber-, 'bær-
Barrymore 'bær.ɪ.mɔːʳ (US) 'ber.ɪ.mɔːr, 'bær-
Barset 'bɑː.sɪt, -set, -sət (US) 'bɑːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
barstool 'bɑː.stuːl (US) 'bɑːr- **-s** -z
Barstow 'bɑː.stəʊ (US) 'bɑːr.stoʊ
bart (B) bɑːt (US) bɑːrt **-s** -s
bartend 'bɑː.tend (US) 'bɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
bartender 'bɑːˌten.dəʳ (US) 'bɑːrˌten.dɚ **-s** -z
bart|er (B) 'bɑː.t|əʳ (US) 'bɑːr.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Barth bɑːθ (US) bɑːrθ
Barthelme 'bɑː.təl.meɪ (US) 'bɑːr.t̬əl-
Barthes bɑːt (US) bɑːrt
Bartholomew bɑː'θɒl.ə.mjuː, bə'- (US) bɑːr'θɑː.lə-, bɚ-
Bartle 'bɑː.təl (US) 'bɑːr.t̬əl
Bartleby 'bɑː.təl.bi (US) 'bɑːr.t̬əl-
Bartlett 'bɑːt.lət, -lɪt (US) 'bɑːrt-
Bartók 'bɑː.tɒk (US) 'bɑːr.tɑːk
Bartoli bɑː'təʊ.li (US) bɑːr'toʊ.li
Bartolommeo ˌbɑː.tɒl.ə'meɪ.əʊ (US) bɑːrˌtɑː.lə'meɪ.oʊ
Bartolozzi ˌbɑː.tə'lɒt.si (US) ˌbɑːr.t̬ə'lɑːt-
Barton 'bɑː.tən (US) 'bɑːr-
Bartram 'bɑː.trəm (US) 'bɑːr-
Bart's bɑːts (US) bɑːrts
bartsia 'bɑːt.si.ə (US) 'bɑːrt-
Baruch *biblical name:* 'bɑː.rʊk, 'beə-, -rək (US) bə'ruːk; 'bɑːr.uːk, 'ber- *modern surname:* bə'ruːk
Barugh bɑːf (US) bɑːrf
Barum 'beə.rəm (US) 'ber.əm
Barwick *in the UK:* 'bær.ɪk (US) 'ber.ɪk, 'bær- *in the US:* 'bɑː.wɪk; 'bær.ɪk (US) 'bɑːr.wɪk
Baryshnikov bə'rɪʃ.nɪ.kɒf, bær'ɪʃ-, -kəf (US) bə'rɪʃ.nɪ.kɔːf, bɑː'-, -kɑːf
barysphere 'bær.ɪ.sfɪəʳ (US) 'ber.ɪ.sfɪr, 'bær- **-s** -z
barytone 'bær.ɪ.təʊn (US) 'ber.ə.toʊn, 'bær- **-s** -z
basal 'beɪ.səl
basalt 'bæs.ɔːlt; -əlt; bə'sɔːlt, -'sɒlt (US) bə'sɔːlt, -'sɑːlt; 'beɪ.sɔːlt, -sɑːlt
basaltic bə'sɔːl.tɪk, -'sɒl- (US) bə'sɔːl.t̬ɪk, -'sɑːl-
Basan 'beɪ.sæn
bascule 'bæs.kjuːl **-s** -z
bas|e beɪs **-es** -ɪz **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**base 'metal; 'base ˌrate**
baseball 'beɪs.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl **'baseball ˌbat; 'baseball ˌcap**
baseboard 'beɪs.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
baseborn 'beɪs.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Baseden 'beɪz.dən
Basel 'bɑː.zəl
baseless 'beɪs.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
baseline 'beɪs.laɪn **-s** -z
base|man 'beɪs|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
basement 'beɪs.mənt **-s** -s
bases (*plur. of* **base**) 'beɪ.sɪz (*plur. of* **basis**) 'beɪ.siːz
Basford *in Nottinghamshire:* 'beɪs.fəd (US) -fɚd *in Staffordshire:* 'bæs.fəd (US) -fɚd
bash bæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Basham 'bæʃ.əm
Bashan 'beɪ.ʃæn
Bashford 'bæʃ.fəd (US) -fɚd
bashful 'bæʃ.fəl, -fʊl **-lest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
basho 'bæʃ.əʊ (US) bɑː'ʃoʊ **-s** (US) -z
basic (B) 'beɪ.sɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
BASIC, Basic 'beɪ.sɪk
basicity bə'sɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Basie 'beɪ.si, -zi
basil (B) 'bæz.əl, -ɪl (US) 'beɪ.zəl, -səl; 'bæz.əl
basilar 'bæz.ɪ.ləʳ, 'bæs-, -əl.əʳ (US) -ɪ.lɚ, -əl.ɚ ˌ**basilar 'membrane**
Basildon 'bæz.əl.dən
basilect 'bæz.ɪ.lekt, '-ə- (US) 'bæz.ə-, 'beɪ.sə- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
basilic|a bə'zɪl.ɪ.k|ə, -'sɪl- (US) -'sɪl- **-as** -əz **-an** -ən
basilisk 'bæz.ə.lɪsk, '-ɪ- (US) 'bæs-, 'bæz- **-s** -s
basin 'beɪ.sən **-s** -z
basinet 'bæs.ɪ.net; '-ə-; -nɪt; ˌbæs.ɪ'net **-s** -s
Basinger 'beɪ.sɪŋ.gəʳ, 'bæs.ɪn.dʒəʳ (US) 'beɪ.sɪŋ.gɚ, 'bæs.ɪn.dʒɚ
Basingstoke 'beɪ.zɪŋ.stəʊk (US) -stoʊk
bas|is 'beɪ.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
bask bɑːsk (US) bæsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Basker 'bɑː.skəʳ (US) 'bæs.kɚ
Baskervill(e) 'bæs.kə.vɪl (US) -kɚ-
basket 'bɑː.skɪt (US) 'bæs.kət **-s** -s **-ful/s** -fʊl/z **'basket ˌcase; put all one's ˌeggs in one 'basket**
basketball 'bɑː.skɪt.bɔːl (US) 'bæs.kət.bɔːl, -bɑːl
basketry 'bɑː.skɪ.tri (US) 'bæs.kə-
basketwork 'bɑː.skɪt.wɜːk (US) 'bæs.kət.wɝːk
Baskin-Robbins® ˌbæs.kɪn'rɒb.ɪnz (US) -'rɑː.bɪnz
Basle bɑːl

asmati bəˈsmɑː.ti, bæsˈmɑː-, bəz-, bæz-
as mi(t)zvah ˌbæsˈmɪts.və (US) ˌbɑːs- **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
asnett ˈbæz.nɪt, -nət, -net
asotho bəˈsuː.tuː, -ˈsəʊ.təʊ (US) -ˈsoʊ.toʊ
asque (B) bæsk, bɑːsk (US) bæsk **-s** -s
asra(h) ˈbæz.rə, ˈbʌz-, ˈbæs- (US) ˈbɑːz.rə, ˈbæs-, ˈbæz-, ˈbɑːs-
as-relief ˌbɑː.rɪˈliːf, ˌbæs-, ˌbɑːs-, -rəˈliːf **-s** -s
ass (B) *fish, fibre, beer:* bæs
ass *in music:* beɪs **-es** -ɪz ˌ**bass clariˈnet**; ˌ**bass ˈclef**; ˌ**bass ˈdrum**; ˌ**bass guiˈtar**
assanio bəˈsɑː.ni.əʊ, bæsˈɑː- (US) -oʊ
assenthwaite ˈbæs.ᵊn.θweɪt
asset ˈbæs.ɪt (US) -ət **-s** -s ˈ**basset** ˌ**horn**; ˈ**basset** ˌ**hound**
asseterre bæsˈteəʳ (US) -ˈter
asset(t) ˈbæs.ɪt (US) -ət
assey ˈbæs.i
assinet(te) ˌbæs.ɪˈnet, -əˈ- **-s** -s
assingbourne ˈbæs.ɪŋ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
assist ˈbeɪ.sɪst **-s** -s
ass|o ˈbæs|.əʊ (US) -oʊ, ˈbɑː.s|oʊ **-os** -z **-i** -iː
assoon bəˈsuːn **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
asswood ˈbæs.wʊd
ast (B) bæst
astable ˈbæs.tə.bᵊl
astard ˈbɑː.stəd, ˈbæs.təd (US) ˈbæs.tɚd **-s** -z **-y** -i
astardiz|e, -is|e ˈbɑː.stə.daɪz, ˈbæs.tə- (US) ˈbæs.tɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ast|e beɪst **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
astille (B) bæsˈtiːl **-s** -z
astinado ˌbæs.tɪˈnɑː.dəʊ, -ˈneɪ- (US) -doʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
astion ˈbæs.ti.ən (US) ˈ-tʃən, ˈ-ti.ən **-s** -z **-ed** -d
asuto bəˈsuː.təʊ, -ˈzuː- (US) -toʊ **-s** -z
asutoland bəˈsuː.təʊ.lænd, -ˈzuː- (US) -toʊ-
at bæt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈbæt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈbæt̬.ɪd
Ba'taan bəˈtɑːn (US) -ˈtæn, -ˈtɑːn
Batavia bəˈteɪ.vi.ə
batboy ˈbæt.bɔɪ **-s** -z
batch bætʃ **-es** -ɪz
Batchelar, Batchelor ˈbætʃ.ᵊl.əʳ, -ɪ.ləʳ (US) -ᵊl.ɚ
bat|e (B) beɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪd
Bateman ˈbeɪt.mən **-s** -z
Bates beɪts
Bateson ˈbeɪt.sᵊn
Batey ˈbeɪ.ti (US) -t̬i
ba|th (B) (*n.*) bɑː|θ (US) bæ|θ **-ths** -ðz ˌ**Bath ˈbun**, ˈ**Bath** ˌ**bun**; ˌ**bath ˈchair**; ˈ**bath** ˌ**cube**; ˈ**bath** ˌ**mat**; ˈ**bath** ˌ**salts**; ˈ**Bath** ˌ**stone**; ˌ**Bath ˈOliver**
bath (*v.*) bɑːθ (US) bæθ **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bath|e beɪð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**bathing** ˌ**costume**; ˈ**bathing** ˌ**beauty**; ˈ**bathing** ˌ**suit**
bather ˈbeɪ.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ **-s** -z
bathetic bəˈθet.ɪk, bæθˈet- (US) bəˈθet̬-
Bathgate ˈbɑːθ.geɪt (US) ˈbæθ-
bathhou|se ˈbɑːθ.haʊ|s (US) ˈbæθ- **-ses** -zɪz
bathmat ˈbɑːθ.mæt (US) ˈbæθ- **-s** -s
Batho ˈbæθ.əʊ, ˈbeɪ.θəʊ (US) ˈbæθ.oʊ, ˈbeɪ.θoʊ
batholite ˈbæθ.əʊ.laɪt (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
batholith ˈbæθ.əʊ.lɪθ (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
bathors|e ˈbæt.hɔːs (US) -hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
bathos ˈbeɪ.θɒs (US) -θɑːs
bathrobe ˈbɑːθ.rəʊb (US) ˈbæθ.roʊb **-s** -z
bathroom ˈbɑːθ.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈbæθ.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
Bathsheba ˈbæθ.ʃɪ.bə; bæθˈʃiː-
bathtub ˈbɑːθ.tʌb (US) ˈbæθ- **-s** -z
Bathurst ˈbæθ.ɜːst, -əst, -hɜːst, ˈbɑː.θɜːst, -θəst, ˈbɑːθ.hɜːst (US) ˈbæθ.ɝːst, -hɝːst
bathyscaphe ˈbæθ.ɪ.skæf **-s** -s
bathysphere ˈbæθ.ɪ.sfɪəʳ (US) -sfɪr **-s** -z
batik bætˈiːk; ˈbæt.ɪk (US) bəˈtiːk; ˈbæt̬.ɪk
batiste bætˈiːst, bəˈtiːst
Batley ˈbæt.li
bat|man *military:* ˈbæt|.mən **-men** -mən
batman *oriental weight:* ˈbæt.mən **-s** -z
Batman® ˈbæt.mæn
baton ˈbæt.ɒn; -ᵊn (US) bəˈtɑːn **-s** -z
Baton Rouge ˌbæt.ᵊnˈruːʒ
bats bæts
bats|man ˈbæts|.mən **-men** -mən
battalion bəˈtæl.i.ən, ˈ-jən (US) ˈ-jən **-s** -z
Battambang ˈbæt.əm.bæŋ (US) ˈbæt̬-
battels ˈbæt.ᵊlz (US) ˈbæt̬-
batten (B) ˈbæt.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Battenberg ˈbæt.ᵊn.bɜːg, -ᵊm- (US) -ᵊn.bɝːg ˈ**Battenberg** ˌ**cake**
batt|er ˈbæt|.əʳ (US) ˈbæt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**battering** ˌ**ram**
Battersby ˈbæt.əz.bi (US) ˈbæt̬.ɚz-
Battersea ˈbæt.ə.si (US) ˈbæt̬.ɚ-
batter|y ˈbæt.ᵊr|.i (US) ˈbæt̬- **-ies** -iz ˈ**battery** ˌ**acid**
batting (*n.*) ˈbæt.ɪŋ (US) ˈbæt̬.ɪŋ ˈ**batting** ˌ**average**; ˈ**batting** ˌ**order**
Battishill ˈbæt.ɪ.ʃɪl, -ʃᵊl (US) ˈbæt̬-
battl|e (B) ˈbæt.ᵊl (US) ˈbæt̬- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈbæt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z (US) ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z ˈ**battle** ˌ**cry**; ˌ**Battle of ˈBritain**; ˌ**battle ˈroyal**; ˈ**battle** ˌ**stations**
battleax|e, battle-ax ˈbæt.ᵊl.æks (US) ˈbæt̬- **-es** -ɪz
battledore, battledoor ˈbæt.ᵊl.dɔːʳ (US) ˈbæt̬.ᵊl.dɔːr **-s** -z
battledress ˈbæt.ᵊl.dres (US) ˈbæt̬.-
battlefield ˈbæt.ᵊl.fiːld (US) ˈbæt̬- **-s** -z
battleground ˈbæt.ᵊl.graʊnd **-s** -z
battlement ˈbæt.ᵊl.mənt (US) ˈbæt̬- **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd (US) -mən.t̬ɪd
battleship ˈbæt.ᵊl.ʃɪp (US) ˈbæt̬- **-s** -s
battue bætˈuː, -ˈjuː **-s** -z
batt|y ˈbæt|.i (US) ˈbæt̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Battye ˈbæt.i (US) ˈbæt̬-
Batumi bɑːˈtuː.mi
batwing ˈbæt.wɪŋ ˌ**batwing ˈsleeve**
bauble ˈbɔː.bᵊl (US) ˈbɑː-, ˈbɔː- **-s** -z
Baucis ˈbɔː.sɪs (US) ˈbɑː-, ˈbɔː
Baudelaire ˈbəʊ.də.leəʳ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌboʊ.dəˈler, ˌboʊdˈler
Baudouin ˈbəʊ.dwæ̃n (US) boʊˈdwɑːn
Bauer baʊəʳ (US) baʊɚ
Baugh bɔː (US) bɑː, bɔː
Baughan bɔːn (US) bɑːn, bɔːn
Bauhaus ˈbaʊ.haʊs
baulk bɔːk, bɔːlk (US) bɑːk, bɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Baum *US name:* bɔːm (US) bɑːm, bɔːm *German name:* baʊm
bauxite ˈbɔːk.saɪt (US) ˈbɑːk-, ˈbɔːk-
Bavari|a bəˈveə.ri|.ə (US) -ˈver.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
bawbee bɔːˈbiː, ˈ-- (US) ˈbɑː.biː, ˈbɔː-, -ˈ- **-s** -z
bawd bɔːd (US) bɑːd, bɔːd **-s** -z **-ry** -ri
Bawden ˈbɔː.dᵊn (US) ˈbɑː-, ˈbɔː-
bawd|y ˈbɔː.d|i (US) ˈbɑː-, ˈbɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈ**bawdy** ˌ**house**
bawl bɔːl (US) bɑːl, bɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Bax bæks
Baxandall ˈbæk.sᵊn.dɔːl (US) -dɔːl, -dɑːl
Baxter ˈbæk.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
bay (B) beɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**bay** ˌ**leaf**; ˌ**Bay of ˈPigs**; ˈ**bay** ˌ**tree**; ˌ**bay ˈwindow**
bayard (B) *horse:* beɪəd (US) beɪɚd **-s** -z
Bayard *surname:* ˈbeɪ.ɑːd (US) -ɑːrd
Bayard *airship:* ˈbeɪ.ɑːd, -ˈ-; beɪəd (US) beɪɚd; ˈbeɪ.ɑːrd **-s** -z
bayberr|y ˈbeɪ.bᵊr|.i (US) -ˌber- **-ies** -iz
Bayer® ˈbeɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ, ber
Bayeux baɪˈjɜː, beɪ- (US) ˈbeɪ.juː, ˈbaɪ- *stress shift, British only: see compound:* ˌ**Bayeux ˈTapestry**
Bayley ˈbeɪ.li
Bayliss ˈbeɪ.lɪs
Baylor ˈbeɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Bayly ˈbeɪ.li
Baynes beɪnz
Baynham ˈbeɪ.nəm
Baynton ˈbeɪn.tən (US) -tᵊn
bayone|t ˈbeɪ.ə.nə|t, -nɪ|t, -ne|t; ˌbeɪ.əˈne|t (US) ˌbeɪ.əˈne|t, ˈ--- **-ts** -ts **-t(t)ing** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-t(t)ed** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Bayonne *in France:* baɪˈɒn (US) beɪˈoʊn, -ˈɑːn, -ˈɔːn *in New Jersey, U.S.A.:* beɪˈəʊn (US) -ˈoʊn, -ˈjoʊn
bayou ˈbaɪ.uː, -əʊ (US) -juː, -joʊ **-s** -z
Bayreuth baɪˈrɔɪt, ˈ--
bay-rum ˌbeɪˈrʌm
bay-salt ˈbeɪ.sɔːlt, -sɒlt (US) -sɑːlt
Bayston Hill ˌbeɪ.stᵊnˈhɪl
Bayswater ˈbeɪzˌwɔː.təʳ

(US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
bazaar bəˈzɑːʳ (US) -ˈzɑːr **-s** -z
Bazalgette ˈbæz.ᵊl.dʒɪt, -dʒet
bazooka bəˈzuː.kə **-s** -z
BBC ˌbiː.biːˈsiː
BC biːˈsiː
BCG ˌbiː.siːˈdʒiː
bdellium ˈdel.i.əm, bəˈdel-
be- bɪ, bə
Note: Prefix. Words containing **be-** are always stressed on the second syllable, e.g. **friend** /frend/, **befriend** /bɪˈfrend/.
be *strong form:* biː *weak forms:* bi, bɪ **being** ˈbiː.ɪŋ **been** biːn, bɪn (US) bɪn
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /biː/ is used contrastively, e.g. "the **be** all and **end** all" and in sentence-final position, e.g. "What'll it be?". The weak form is /bɪ/ before consonants, e.g. "We'll be going" /ˌwil.bɪˈgəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -ˈgoʊ-/; before vowels it is /bi/, e.g. "It'll be opening soon" /ˌɪt.ᵊl.biˈəʊ.pᵊn.ɪŋˌsuːn (US) -ˈoʊ-/. See note at **been** for further weak form information.
Bea biː
beach (B) biːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**beach** ˌ**ball**; ˈ**beach** ˌ**bum**
beachchair ˈbiːtʃ.tʃeəʳ (US) -tʃer **-s** -z
beachcomber (B) ˈbiːtʃˌkəʊ.məʳ (US) -ˌkoʊ.mɚ **-s** -z
beachfront ˈbiːtʃ.frʌnt **-s** -s
beachhead ˈbiːtʃ.hed **-s** -z
beach-la-mar, Beach-la-Mar ˌbiːtʃ.ləˈmɑːʳ (US) -ˈmɑːr
beachwear ˈbiːtʃ.weəʳ (US) -wer
beachy (B) ˈbiː.tʃi ˌ**Beachy** ˈ**Head**
beacon ˈbiː.kᵊn **-s** -z
Beaconsfield *place in Buckinghamshire:* ˈbek.ᵊnz.fiːld *title of Benjamin Disraeli:* ˈbiː.kᵊnz.fiːld
bead biːd **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
beadle (B) ˈbiː.dᵊl **-s** -z
Beadon ˈbiː.dᵊn
beadwork ˈbiːd.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
bead|y ˈbiː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nɪs, -ɪ.nəs
beagle ˈbiː.gᵊl **-s** -z
beak biːk **-s** -s **-ed** -t
beaker ˈbiː.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
Beal(e) biːl
beam biːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**beam** ˌ**engine**
beam-ends ˌbiːmˈendz, ˈ--
beamer ˈbiː.məʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Beaminster ˈbem.ɪnt.stəʳ *locally also:* ˈbem.ɪ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
Note: /ˈbiː.mɪnt-/ is sometimes heard from people unfamiliar with the place.
Beamish ˈbiː.mɪʃ
beam|y ˈbiː.m|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nɪs, -ɪ.nəs
bean biːn **-s** -z ˌ**full of** ˈ**beans**; ˌ**spill the** ˈ**beans**
beanbag ˈbiːn.bæg, ˈbiːm- (US) ˈbiːn- **-s** -z
beanfeast ˈbiːn.fiːst **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
beanie ˈbiː.ni **-s** -z
beano (B) ˈbiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
beanpole ˈbiːn.pəʊl, ˈbiːm- (US) ˈbiːn.poʊl **-s** -z
beanshoot ˈbiːn.ʃuːt **-s** -s
beansprout ˈbiːn.spraʊt **-s** -s
beanstalk ˈbiːn.stɔːk (US) -stɔːk, -stɑːk **-s** -s
bear beəʳ (US) ber **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **bore** bɔːʳ (US) bɔːr **borne** bɔːn (US) bɔːrn ˈ**bear** ˌ**garden**
bearab|le ˈbeə.rə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈber.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
bear-baiting ˈbeəˌbeɪ.tɪŋ (US) ˈberˌbeɪ.t̬ɪŋ
beard (B) bɪəd (US) bɪrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Bearder ˈbɪə.dəʳ (US) ˈbɪr.dɚ
beardless ˈbɪəd.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈbɪrd-
Beardsley ˈbɪədz.li (US) ˈbɪrdz-
Beare bɪəʳ (US) bɪr
bearer ˈbeə.rəʳ (US) ˈber.ɚ **-s** -z
bearhug ˈbeə.hʌg (US) ˈber- **-s** -z
bearing (*n.*) ˈbeə.rɪŋ (US) ˈber.ɪŋ **-s** -z
bearing rein ˈbeə.rɪŋ.reɪn (US) ˈber.ɪŋ- **-s** -z
bearish ˈbeə.rɪʃ (US) ˈber.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
béarnaise (B) ˌbeɪəˈneɪz, -ˈnez (US) ˌberˈneɪz, ˌbeɪ.ɑːrˈ-, ˌbeɪɚˈ-
Bearsden beəzˈden (US) berz-
bearskin ˈbeə.skɪn (US) ˈber- **-s** -z
Bearsted ˈbɜː.sted, ˈbeə.sted (US) ˈbɝː-, ˈber-
Beasant ˈbeɪ.zᵊnt
Beasley ˈbiːz.li
beast biːst **-s** -s ˌ**beast of** ˈ**burden**
beastie ˈbiː.sti **-s** -z
beastings ˈbiː.stɪŋz
beastl|y ˈbiːst.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
beat biːt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z (US) ˈbiː.t̬ɪŋ/z **-en** -ᵊn (US) ˈbiː.t̬ᵊn **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈbiː.t̬ɚ/z ˌ**beat about the** ˈ**bush**; ˈ**Beat Gene**ˌ**ration**
beatific ˌbiː.əˈtɪf.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
beatification biˌæt.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) -ˌæt̬.ə- **-s** -z
beatif|y biˈæt.ɪ.f|aɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈæt̬.ə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
beatitude (B) biˈæt.ɪ.tjuːd, ˈ-ə-, -tʃuːd (US) -ˈæt̬.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
Beatles ˈbiː.tᵊlz (US) -t̬ᵊlz
beatnik ˈbiːt.nɪk **-s** -s
Beaton ˈbiː.tᵊn (US) -t̬ᵊn
Beatrice ˈbɪə.trɪs (US) ˈbiː.ə-
Beatrix ˈbɪə.trɪks (US) ˈbiː.ə-
Beattie ˈbiː.ti (US) -t̬i, ˈbeɪ-
Beattock ˈbiː.tək (US) -t̬ək
Beatty ˈbiː.ti (US) ˈbeɪ.t̬i, ˈbiː-
beat-up ˌbiːtˈʌp *stress shift:* ˌbeat-up ˈcar
beau (B) bəʊ (US) boʊ **-s** -z ˌ**Beau** ˈ**Brummell**
Beauchamp ˈbiː.tʃəm
Beauclerc(k) ˈbəʊ.kleəʳ (US) ˈboʊ.kler, -klɝːk
Beaufort *in South Carolina:* ˈbjuː.fət, -fɔːt (US) ˈbjuː.fɚt *other senses:* ˈbəʊ.fət, -fɔːt (US) ˈboʊ.fɚt
beau(x) geste(s) ˌbəʊˈʒest (US) ˌboʊ-
Beauharnais ˌbəʊ.ɑːˈneɪ (US) ˌboʊ.ɑːrˈ-
Beaujolais ˈbəʊ.ʒᵊl.eɪ, -ʒɒl.eɪ (US) ˌboʊ.ʒəˈleɪ
Beaujolais nouveau ˌbəʊ.ʒə.leɪ.nuːˈvəʊ, -ʒɒl.eɪ- (US) ˌboʊ.ʒə.leɪ.nuːˈvoʊ
Beaulieu *in Hampshire:* ˈbjuː.li *US family name:* ˈbəʊ.juː (US) ˈboʊ-, ˈboʊl- *in France:* bəʊˈljɜː (US) boʊ-
Beaumarchais ˈbəʊ.mɑːˌʃeɪ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌboʊ.mɑːrˈʃeɪ
Beaumaris bəʊˈmær.ɪs, bjuː- (US) boʊˈmer-, -ˈmær-
beau(x) monde(s) bəʊˈmɒnd (US) ˌboʊˈmɑːnd
Beaumont ˈbəʊ.mənt, -mɒnt (US) ˈboʊ-, -mɑːnt
Beaune bəʊn (US) boʊn
Beauregard ˈbəʊ.rɪ.gɑːd (US) ˈboʊ.rə.gɑːrd
beaut bjuːt **-s** -s
beauteous ˈbjuː.ti.əs (US) -t̬i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
beautician bjuːˈtɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
beautification ˌbjuː.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- (US) -t̬ə-
beautiful ˈbjuː.tɪ.fᵊl, -tə-, -fʊl (US) -t̬ə- **-ly** -i
beautif|y ˈbjuː.tɪ.f|aɪ, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z (US) -aɪ.ɚ/z
beaut|y ˈbjuː.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz ˈ**beauty** ˌ**contest**; ˈ**beauty** ˌ**mark**; ˈ**beauty** ˌ**parlo(u)r**; ˈ**beauty** ˌ**sleep**; ˈ**beauty** ˌ**spot**
Beauvoir ˈbəʊv.wɑː (US) boʊvˈwɑːr
beaux-arts bəʊˈzɑːʳ (US) boʊˈzɑːr
Beaux' Stratagem ˌbəʊzˈstræt.ə.dʒəm (US) ˌboʊzˈstræt̬-
Beavan, Beaven ˈbev.ᵊn
beaver (B) ˈbiː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z
Beaverbrook ˈbiː.və.brʊk (US) -vɚ-
beaver|y ˈbiː.vᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
Beavis ˈbiː.vɪs
Beazley ˈbiːz.li
Bebb beb
Bebington ˈbeb.ɪŋ.tən
bebop ˈbiː.bɒp (US) -bɑːp **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
becalm bɪˈkɑːm, bə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
became (*from* **become**) bɪˈkeɪm, bə-
because bɪˈkɒz, bə-, -ˈkəz *colloquially also:* kɒz, kəz (US) bɪˈkɑːz, bə-, -ˈkʌz, -ˈkəz, kəz
Note: The form /bɪˈkəz/ or /bə-/ is unusual in having a stressed schwa vowel. This is found only in a few phrases, most commonly in "because of the/a ...". The pronunciation /kəz/ (also /kɒz/ in British English) is often spelt **'cos**.
Beccles ˈbek.ᵊlz
bechamel, béchamel ˌbeɪ.ʃəˈmel, ˌbeʃ.əˈ- *stress shift:* ˌbechamel ˈsauce

echer 'biː.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
echstein 'bek.staɪn -s -z
echuana ˌbetʃ.u'ɑː.nə -s -z **-land** -lænd
eck (B) bek -s -s ˌ**beck and** '**call**
ecke bek
eckenbauer 'bek.ən.baʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -baʊɚ
eckenham 'bek.ən.əm
ecker 'bek.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
ecket(t) 'bek.ɪt
eckford 'bek.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
eckham 'bek.əm
eckinsale 'bek.ɪn.seɪl
eckles 'bek.əlz
eckley 'bek.li
eckon 'bek.ən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eckton 'bek.tən
eckwith 'bek.wɪθ
ecky 'bek.i
ecloud bɪ'klaʊd, bə- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ecom|e bɪ'kʌm, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **became** bɪ'keɪm, bə-
ecoming bɪ'kʌm.ɪŋ, bə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
econtree 'bek.ən.triː
ecquerel (B) ˌbek.ə'rel; 'bek.ə.rel, -rəl -s -z
ed bed -s -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd '**bed** ˌ**rest;** ˌ**bed and** '**breakfast;** ˌ**get out of** ˌ**bed on the** ˌ**wrong** '**side**
BEd biː'ed
edad bɪ'dæd, bə-
edale 'biː.dəl, -deɪl
edales 'biː.deɪlz
edaub bɪ'dɔːb, bə- ⓤⓢ -'dɑːb, -'dɔːb -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
edazzl|e bɪ'dæz.əl, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
edbug 'bed.bʌg -s -z
edchamber 'bedˌtʃeɪm.bəʳ ⓤⓢ -bɚ -s -z
edclothes 'bed.kləʊðz, -kləʊz ⓤⓢ -kloʊðz, -kloʊz
eddau 'beð.aɪ
edder 'bed.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
eddgelert beð'gel.ət, bed-, beɪð-, -ɜːt ⓤⓢ -ɚt
edding (*n.*) 'bed.ɪŋ
eddoes 'bed.əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz
eddy-bye 'bed.i.baɪ -s -z
ede biːd
edeck bɪ'dek, bə- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
edel 'biː.dəl; bɪ'del, bə-
edel(l) bed'el, bɪ'del, bə- -s -z
edevere 'bed.ɪ.vɪəʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.vɪr
edevil bɪ'dev.əl, bə- -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
edevilment bɪ'dev.əl.mənt, bə-
edew bɪ'djuː, bə- ⓤⓢ -'duː, -'djuː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
edfellow 'bedˌfel.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -s -z
edford 'bed.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
edim bɪ'dɪm, bə- -s -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
edingfield 'bed.ɪŋ.fiːld

Bedivere 'bed.ɪ.vɪəʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.vɪr
bedizen bɪ'daɪ.zən, bə-, -'dɪz.ən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bedjacket 'bedˌdʒæk.ɪt -s -s
bedlam (B) 'bed.ləm
Bedlamite 'bed.lə.maɪt -s -s
bedlinen 'bedˌlɪn.ɪn, -ən ⓤⓢ -ən
bedmaker 'bedˌmeɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ -s -z
Bedouin 'bed.u.ɪn -s -z
bedpan 'bed.pæn -s -z
bedpost 'bed.pəʊst ⓤⓢ -poʊst -s -s
bedraggl|e bɪ'dræg.əl, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bedridden 'bedˌrɪd.ən
bedrock 'bed.rɒk ⓤⓢ -rɑːk -s -s
bedroll 'bed.rəʊl ⓤⓢ -roʊl -s -z
bedroom 'bed.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
Beds. (*abbrev. for* **Bedfordshire**) bedz; 'bed.fəd.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ bedz; 'bed.fɚd.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
bedside 'bed.saɪd ˌ**bedside** '**manner;** ˌ**bedside** '**table**
bedsit 'bed.sɪt -s -s
bedsitter bed'sɪt.əʳ, '-ˌ-- ⓤⓢ bed'sɪt.ɚ, '-ˌ-- -s -z
bedsore 'bed.sɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -sɔːr -s -z
bedspread 'bed.spred -s -z
bedstead 'bed.sted -s -z
bedstraw 'bed.strɔː ⓤⓢ -strɑː, -strɔː -s -z
bedtime 'bed.taɪm
Bedwas 'bed.wæs
Bedwell 'bed.wel, -wəl
bed-wetting 'bedˌwet.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ
Bedworth 'bed.wəθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ
bee (B) biː -s -z '**bee** ˌ**sting; have a** '**bee in one's** ˌ**bonnet; the** ˌ**bee's** '**knees**
Beeb biːb
Beeby 'biː.bi
beech (B) biːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-en** -ən
Beecham 'biː.tʃəm ˌ**Beecham's** '**Powders®**
Beecher 'biː.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
Beeching 'biː.tʃɪŋ
beechnut 'biːtʃ.nʌt -s -s
beechwood 'biːtʃ.wʊd
bee eater 'biːˌiː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
beef (*n.*) biːf -s -s **beeves** biːvz
beef (*v*) biːf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
beefalo 'biː.fəl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -fə.loʊ **-(e)s** -z
beefburger 'biːfˌbɜː.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌbɝː.gɚ -s -z
beefcake 'biːf.keɪk -s -s
beefeater (B) 'biːfˌiː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
beefsteak 'biːf.steɪk, -'- -s -s
beef|y 'biː.f|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
beehive 'biː.haɪv -s -z
bee-keep|ing 'biːˌkiː.p|ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
beeline 'biː.laɪn -s -z
Beelzebub biː'el.zɪ.bʌb, -zə-
Beemer 'biː.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
been (*from* **be**) biːn, bɪn ⓤⓢ bɪn
Note: Weak form word, British English. The pronunciation /bɪn/ may be used optionally as a weak form corresponding to /biːn/, e.g. "Jane's been invited" /'dʒeɪnz.bɪn.ɪnˌvaɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd/. In American English, /biːn/ does not usually occur.
beep biːp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
beeper 'biː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z
beer (B) bɪəʳ ⓤⓢ bɪr -s -z '**beer** ˌ**garden;** '**beer** ˌ**mat**
Beerbohm 'bɪə.bəʊm ⓤⓢ 'bɪr.boʊm
Beersheba bɪə'ʃiː.bə, 'bɪə.ʃɪ- ⓤⓢ bɪr'ʃiː-, ber-
beer|y 'bɪə.r|i ⓤⓢ 'bɪr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Beesl(e)y 'biːz.li
beestings 'biː.stɪŋz
Beeston 'biː.stən
beeswax 'biːz.wæks
beeswing 'biːz.wɪŋ
beet biːt -s -s
Beetham 'biː.θəm
Beethoven *composer:* 'beɪt.həʊ.vən, 'beɪ.təʊ- ⓤⓢ 'beɪ.toʊ- *London street:* 'biːt.həʊ.vən, 'biː.təʊ- ⓤⓢ 'biː.toʊ-
beetl|e 'biː.təl ⓤⓢ -t̬əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'biːt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Beeton 'biː.tən
beetroot 'biːt.ruːt -s -s
beeves (*plur. of* **beef**) biːvz
befall bɪ'fɔːl, bə- ⓤⓢ -'fɔːl, -'fɑːl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-en** -ən
befell (*from* **befall**) bɪ'fel, bə-
befit bɪ'fɪt, bə- -s -s **-ting/ly** -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -'fɪt̬.ɪŋ/li **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ -'fɪt̬.ɪd
before bɪ'fɔːʳ, bə- ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr
beforehand bɪ'fɔː.hænd, bə- ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr-
before-mentioned bɪ'fɔːˌmen.tʃənd, -ˌ-'-- ⓤⓢ bə'fɔːrˌmen-
beforetime bɪ'fɔː.taɪm, bə- ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr-
befoul bɪ'faʊl, bə- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
befriend bɪ'frend, bə- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
befuddl|e bɪ'fʌd.əl, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'fʌd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
befuddlement bɪ'fʌd.əl.mənt, bə-
beg beg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
begad bɪ'gæd, bə-
began (*from* **begin**) bɪ'gæn, bə-
begat (*from* **beget**) bɪ'gæt, bə-
beget bɪ'get, bə- -s -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'get̬.ɪŋ **begat** bɪ'gæt, bə- **begot** bɪ'gɒt, bə- ⓤⓢ -'gɑːt **begotten** bɪ'gɒt.ən, bə- ⓤⓢ -'gɑː.tən
Begg beg
beggar 'beg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
beggarl|y 'beg.əl|.i ⓤⓢ -ɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
beggar-my-neighbour ˌbeg.ə.mɪ'neɪ.bəʳ, -maɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɚ.maɪ'neɪ.bɚ
beggarweed 'beg.ə.wiːd ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- -s -z
beggary 'beg.ər.i

Beggs begz
begin bɪˈɡɪn, bə- -s -z -ning/s -ɪŋ/z
Begin ˈbeɪ.ɡɪn
beginner bɪˈɡɪn.əʳ, bə- US -ɚ -s -z
Begley ˈbeɡ.li
begone bɪˈɡɒn, bə- US -ˈɡɑːn
begonia bɪˈɡəʊ.ni.ə, bə- US -ˈɡoʊ.njə -s -z
begorra bɪˈɡɒr.ə, bə- US -ˈɡɔːr.ə
begot (*from* **beget**) bɪˈɡɒt, bə- US -ˈɡɑːt **-ten** -ᵊn US -ˈɡɑː.t̬ᵊn
begrim|e bɪˈɡraɪm, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
begrudg|e bɪˈɡrʌdʒ, bə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
beguil|e bɪˈɡaɪl, bə- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
beguine bɪˈɡiːn
begum (B) ˈbeɪ.ɡəm -s -z
begun (*from* **begin**) bɪˈɡʌn, bə-
behalf bɪˈhɑːf, bə- US -ˈhæf
Behan ˈbiː.ən
behav|e bɪˈheɪv, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
behavio(u)r bɪˈheɪ.vjəʳ, bə- US -vjɚ -s -z
behavio(u)ral bɪˈheɪ.vjər.əl US -vjɚ.əl
behavio(u)r|ism bɪˈheɪ.vjᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm, bə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
behead bɪˈhed, bə- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
beheld (*from* **behold**) bɪˈheld, bə-
behemoth (B) bɪˈhiː.mɒθ, bə-, -məθ US -mɑːθ, -məθ; ˈbiː.ə.məθ -s -s
behest bɪˈhest, bə- -s -s
behind bɪˈhaɪnd, bə-
behindhand bɪˈhaɪnd.hænd, bə-
behind-the-scenes bɪˌhaɪnd.ðəˈsiːnz US bə- *stress shift:* ˌbehind-the-scenes ˈtour
Behn ben
behold bɪˈhəʊld, bə- US -ˈhoʊld -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **beheld** bɪˈheld, bə- **beholder/s** bɪˈhəʊl.dəʳ/z, bə- US -ˈhoʊl.dɚ/z
beholden bɪˈhəʊl.dᵊn, bə- US -ˈhoʊl-
behoof bɪˈhuːf, bə-
behoov|e bɪˈhuːv, bə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
behov|e bɪˈhəʊv, bə- US -ˈhoʊv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Behrens ˈbeə.rənz US ˈber.ənz
Behrman ˈbeə.mən US ˈber-
Beiderbecke ˈbaɪ.də.bek US -dɚ-
beige beɪʒ
Beighton ˈbeɪ.tᵊn, ˈbaɪ-
beignet ˈbeɪ.njeɪ, -ˈ- US ˌbeɪˈnjeɪ -s -z
Beijing beɪˈ*d*ʒɪŋ
being ˈbiː.ɪŋ -s -z
Beira ˈbaɪ.rə US ˈbeɪ-
Beirut beɪˈruːt
Beit baɪt
Beith *surname:* biːθ *place in Scotland:* biːð
Bejam® ˈbiː.dʒæm
bejan ˈbiː.dʒᵊn -s -z
bejesus, bejezus bɪˈdʒiː.zəz, bə-, -zəs
bejewel bɪˈdʒuː.əl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
bel bel -s -z
belabo(u)r bɪˈleɪ.bəʳ, bə- US -bɚ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Belarius bɪˈleə.ri.əs, bə-, -ˈlɑː- US -ˈler.i-
Belarus ˌbel.əˈruːs, ˌbjel- **-rusian** -ruːs.jən, -rus.i.ən, -ru.ʃən
Belasco bɪˈlæs.kəʊ, bə- US -koʊ
belated bɪˈleɪ.tɪd, bə- US -t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
belay bɪˈleɪ, bə- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bel canto ˌbelˈkæn.təʊ US -toʊ
belch (B) beltʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Belcher ˈbel.*t*ʃəʳ US -*t*ʃɚ
beldam(e) ˈbel.dəm -s -z
beleagu|er bɪˈliː.ɡ|əʳ, bə- US -ɡ|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Belém bəˈlem, belˈem
belemnite ˈbel.əm.naɪt -s -s
Belfast belˈfɑːst, ˈ-- US ˈbel.fæst, ˌ-ˈ-
belfr|y ˈbel.fr|i **-ies** -iz
Belgian ˈbel.dʒən -s -z
Belgic ˈbel.dʒɪk
Belgium ˈbel.dʒəm
Belgrade belˈɡreɪd US ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌBelgrade ˈstreets
Belgrano belˈɡrɑː.nəʊ US -noʊ
Belgrave belˈɡreɪv US ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌBelgrave ˈSquare
Belgravia belˈɡreɪ.vi.ə
Belial ˈbiː.li.əl
bel|ie bɪˈl|aɪ, bə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
belief bɪˈliːf, bə- -s -s
believab|le bɪˈliː.və.b|ᵊl, bə- **-ly** -li
believ|e bɪˈliːv, bə- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
believer bɪˈliː.vəʳ, bə- US -vɚ -s -z
belike bɪˈlaɪk, bə-
Belinda bəˈlɪn.də, bɪ-
Belisha bəˈliː.ʃə, bɪ- **Beˌlisha ˈbeacon**
belittl|e bɪˈlɪt.ᵊl, bə- US -ˈlɪt̬- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈlɪt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Belize bəˈliːz, belˈiːz
bell (B) bel -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈbell ˌjar; ˈbell ˌpepper; ˈbell ˌtent; ˈbell ˌtower**
Bella ˈbel.ə
belladonna ˌbel.əˈdɒn.ə US -ˈdɑː.nə
Bellamy ˈbel.ə.mi
Bellatrix ˈbel.ə.trɪks, bəˈleɪ- US ˈbel.ə-
bell-bottom ˈbelˌbɒt.əm US -ˌbɑː.t̬əm -s -z **-ed** -d
bellboy ˈbel.bɔɪ -s -z
belle (B) bel -s -z **ˌSouthern ˈbelle; ˌbelle of the ˈball**
belle époque ˌbel.eɪˈpɒk US -ˈpɑːk
Belle Isle ˌbelˈaɪl
Bellerophon bəˈler.ə.fən, bɪ- US -fən, -fɑːn
belles lettres ˌbelˈlet.rə
Bellevue belˈvjuː, ˈ-- US ˈbel.vjuː
Bellew ˈbel.juː
bellhop ˈbel.hɒp US -hɑːp -s -s
bellicose ˈbel.ɪ.kəʊs, ˈ-ə-, -kəʊz US -koʊs **-ly** -li
bellicosity ˌbel.ɪˈkɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -əˈkɑː.sə.t̬i
belligeren|ce bəˈlɪdʒ.ᵊr.ənt|s, bɪˈ- **-cy** -si
belligerent bəˈlɪdʒ.ᵊr.ənt, bɪ- -s -s **-ly** -li
Bellingham *in Northumberland:* ˈbel.ɪn.*d*ʒəm *surname:* ˈbel.ɪn.*d*ʒəm, -ɪŋ.əm, -hæm *in London:* ˈbel.ɪŋ.əm *in the US:* ˈbel.ɪŋ.hæm
Bellini belˈiː.ni, bəˈliː-
bell|man ˈbel|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Belloc ˈbel.ɒk US -ɑːk
Bellot ˈbel.əʊ US belˈoʊ
bellow (B) ˈbel.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bell-pull ˈbel.pʊl -s -z
bell-push ˈbel.pʊʃ **-es** -ɪz
bellringer ˈbelˌrɪŋ.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
Bellshill belzˈhɪl
Bellsouth ˌbelˈsaʊθ
bellwether ˈbelˌweð.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
bell|y ˈbel|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **ˈbelly ˌbutton; ˈbelly ˌdance; ˈbelly ˌflop; ˈbelly ˌlaugh**
bellyach|e ˈbel.i.eɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bellyful ˈbel.ɪ.fʊl -s -z
belly-up ˌbel.iˈʌp
Belmarsh ˈbel.mɑːʃ US -mɑːrʃ
Belmont ˈbel.mɒnt, -mənt US -mɑːnt
Belmopan ˌbel.məʊˈpæn US -moʊˈ-
Belo Horizonte ˌbeɪ.ləʊ.hɒr.ɪˈzɒn.ti US -loʊ.hɔːr.əˈzɑːn-, ˌbel.oʊ-
belong bɪˈlɒŋ, bə- US -ˈlɑːŋ, -ˈlɔːŋ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Belorussi|a ˌbel.əʊˈrʌʃ|.ə, ˌbjel-, -ˈruː.si|- US -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- **-an/s** -ən/z
beloved *used predicatively:* bɪˈlʌvd, bə- *used attributively or as a noun:* bɪˈlʌv.ɪd, bə-, -ˈlʌvd
below bɪˈləʊ, bə- US -ˈloʊ
Bel Paese ˌbel.pɑːˈeɪ.zeɪ, -zi US -zi
Belper ˈbel.pəʳ US -pɚ
Belsen ˈbel.sᵊn
Belsham ˈbel.ʃəm
Belshaw ˈbel.ʃɔː US -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
Belshazzar belˈʃæz.əʳ US -ɚ
Belsize ˈbel.saɪz
Belstead ˈbel.stɪd, -sted
belt (B) belt -s -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z US ˈbel.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈbel.t̬ɪd **beˌlow the ˈbelt**
Beltingham ˈbel.tɪn.dʒəm
Belton ˈbel.tən
beltway ˈbelt.weɪ -s -z
Beluchistan bəˈluː.tʃɪ.stɑːn, bɪ-, -stæn; bəˌluː.tʃɪˈstɑːn, bə-, -kɪˈ-, -ˈstæn
beluga bəˈluː.ɡə, bɪˈ-, belˈuː- -s -z
belvedere (B) ˈbel.və.dɪəʳ, -vɪ-, ˌ--ˈ- US ˈbel.və.dɪr, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
Belvoir ˈbiː.vəʳ US -vɚ

ema 'biː.mə -s -z -ta -tə (US) -t̬ə
embridge 'bem.brɪdʒ
emoan bɪ'məʊn, bə- (US) -'moʊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
emus|e bɪ'mjuːz, bə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ement -mənt
en ben
enares bɪ'nɑː.rɪz, bə-, ben'ɑː- (US) bə'nɑːr.iːz
enbecula ben'bek.jʊ.lə, bem-, -jə- (US) ben-
enbow 'ben.bəʊ, 'bem- (US) 'ben.boʊ
ench bentʃ -es -ɪz
encher 'ben.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z
enchley 'bentʃ.li
enchmark 'bentʃ.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
end bend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **bent** bent **bendable** 'ben.də.bᵊl ˌ**round the 'bend**
endall 'ben.dᵊl, -dɔːl (US) -dᵊl, -dɔːl, -dɑːl
ender (B) 'ben.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
endix® 'ben.dɪks
endroflumethiazide ˌben.drəʊˌfluː.mɪ'θaɪ.ə.zaɪd (US) -droʊ-
end|y 'ben.d|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eneath bɪ'niːθ, bə-
enedicite ˌben.ɪ'daɪ.sɪ.ti, -'diː.tʃɪ-, -tʃə-, -teɪ (US) -ə'dɪs.ə.t̬i, ˌbeɪ.neɪ'diː.tʃiː.teɪ -s -z
enedick 'ben.ɪ.dɪk, '-ə- -s -s
enedict 'ben.ɪ.dɪkt, '-ə-
enedictine *liqueur:* ˌben.ɪ'dɪk.tiːn, -ə'- -s -z
enedictine *monk:* ˌben.ɪ'dɪk.tɪn, -ə'-, -taɪn (US) -tɪn, -tiːn -s -z
Note: Members of the Order pronounce /-tɪn/.
enediction ˌben.ɪ'dɪk.ʃᵊn, -ə'- -s -z
enedictus ˌben.ɪ'dɪk.təs, -ə'-, -tʊs -es -ɪz
enefaction ˌben.ɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -ə'- (US) ˌben.ə'fæk-, 'ben.ə.fæk- -s -z
enefactive 'ben.ɪ.fæk.tɪv, -ə-; ˌben.ɪ'fæk-, -ə'- (US) 'ben.ə.fæk-, ˌben.ə'fæk-
enefactor 'ben.ɪ.fæk.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -tɚ -s -z
enefactress 'ben.ɪ.fæk.trəs, '-ə-, -trɪs; ˌben.ɪ'fæk-, -ə'- (US) 'ben.ə.fæk- -es -ɪz
enefic bɪ'nef.ɪk
enefic|e 'ben.ɪ.fɪs, '-ə- -es -ɪz -ed -t
eneficen|ce bɪ'nef.ɪ.sᵊn|ts, bə- -t/ly -t/li
eneficial ˌben.ɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊl, -ə'- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
eneficiar|y ˌben.ɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊr|.i, -ə'- -ies -iz
bene|fit 'ben.ɪ|.fɪt, '-ə- -fits -fɪts -fit(t)ing -fɪ.tɪŋ (US) -fɪ.t̬ɪŋ -fit(t)ed -fɪ.tɪd (US) -fɪ.t̬ɪd
Benelux 'ben.ɪ.lʌks
Benenden 'ben.ən.dən
Bene't 'ben.ɪt
Benet 'ben.ɪt
Benét *US surname:* ben'eɪ (US) bə'neɪ, ben'eɪ
Benetton® 'ben.ɪ.tᵊn, '-ə-, -tɒn (US) -ə.t̬ən, -tɑːn
benevolence bɪ'nev.ᵊl.ənts, bə-
benevolent bɪ'nev.ᵊl.ənt, bɪ- -ly -li
Benfleet 'ben.fliːt
BEng ˌbiː'endʒ
Bengal ˌbeŋ'gɔːl, ˌben- (US) -'gɔːl; 'beŋ.gᵊl, 'ben- *stress shift, British only:* ˌBengal 'tiger
Bengalese ˌbeŋ.gᵊl'iːz, ˌben-, -gɔː'- (US) -gə'liːz, -'liːs
Bengali beŋ'gɔː.li, ben- -s -z
Bengasi beŋ'gɑː.zi, ben-
Benge bendʒ
Benghazi beŋ'gɑː.zi, ben-
Ben-Gurion ben'gʊə.ri.ən, beŋ-, -'gʊr.i- (US) -'gʊr.i-, ˌben.gʊr'jɑːn
Benham 'ben.əm
Ben-Hur ben'hɜːʳ (US) -'hɝː
Benidorm 'ben.ɪ.dɔːm, '-ə- (US) -dɔːrm
benighted bɪ'naɪ.tɪd, bə- (US) -t̬ɪd
benign bɪ'naɪn, bə- -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li
benignancy bɪ'nɪg.nənt.si, bə-
benignant bɪ'nɪg.nənt, bə- -ly -li
Benigni bə'niː.ni
benignity bɪ'nɪg.nə.ti, bə-, -nɪ- (US) -nə.t̬i
Benin ben'iːn, bɪ'niːn, bə-
Bening 'ben.ɪŋ
benison 'ben.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-, -zᵊn -s -z
Benis(s)on 'ben.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-
Benito ben'iː.təʊ, bə'niː- (US) bə'niː.t̬oʊ
Benjamin 'ben.dʒə.mɪn, -mən
Benjamite 'ben.dʒə.maɪt -s -s
Benn ben
Bennet(t) 'ben.ɪt
Bennette ben'et, bə'net
Ben Nevis ˌben'nev.ɪs
Bennington 'ben.ɪŋ.tən
Benny 'ben.i
Bensham 'bent.ʃəm
Bensley 'benz.li
Benson 'bent.sᵊn
Benstead 'bent.stɪd, -sted
bent (B) (*from* **bend**) bent -s -s
Bentham 'ben.təm, 'bent.θəm (US) 'bent.θəm -ism -ɪ.zᵊm -ite/s -aɪt/s
benthic 'bent.θɪk
Bentinck 'ben.tɪŋk
Bentine ben'tiːn, '--
Bentley 'bent.li -s -z
Benton 'ben.tən
bentwood 'bent.wʊd
benumb bɪ'nʌm, bə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Benvolio ben'vəʊ.li.əʊ (US) -'voʊ.li.oʊ
Benz benz, bents
Benzedrine® 'ben.zɪ.driːn, -zə-, -drɪn
benzene, benzine 'ben.ziːn, -'-
benzoate 'ben.zəʊ.eɪt (US) -zoʊ-
benzoic ben'zəʊ.ɪk (US) -'zoʊ-
benzoin 'ben.zəʊ.ɪn, -'-- (US) 'ben.zoʊ-, ben'zoʊ-
benzol 'ben.zɒl (US) -zɑːl
benzoline 'ben.zəʊ.liːn (US) -zə-
benzyl 'ben.zɪl (US) -ziː.əl, -zᵊl
Beowulf 'beɪ.əʊ.wʊlf, 'biː- (US) 'beɪə.wʊlf
bequea|th bɪ'kwiː|ð, bə-, -'kwiː|θ -ths -ðz, -θs -thing -ðɪŋ -thed -ðd, -θt
bequest bɪ'kwest, bə- -s -s
be|rate bɪ|'reɪt, bə-, bɪ- -rates -'reɪts -rating -'reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'reɪ.t̬ɪŋ -rated -'reɪ.tɪd (US) -'reɪ.t̬ɪd
Berber 'bɜː.bəʳ (US) 'bɝː.bɚ -s -z
berceuse beə'sɜːz (US) ber'sʊz, -'sɜːz
Bere bɪəʳ (US) bɪr
Berea bə'riː.ə, bɪ- (US) bə-
bereav|e bɪ'riːv, bə- (US) bɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
bereavement bɪ'riːv.mənt, bə- -s -s
bereft bɪ'reft, bə-
Berengaria ˌber.ᵊŋ'geə.ri.ə, -ɪŋ'-, -eŋ'- (US) -'ger.i-
Berenice *in ancient Egypt, etc.:* ˌber.ɪ'naɪ.si, -ki, -'niː.tʃeɪ *opera by Handel:* ˌber.ɪ'niː.tʃi *modern name:* ˌber.ə'niːs, -ɪ'-
Berenson 'ber.ᵊnt.sən
Beresford 'ber.ɪs.fəd, -ɪz- (US) -fɚd
beret 'ber.eɪ, -i (US) bə'reɪ -s -z
berg (B) bɜːg, beəg (US) bɝːg -s -z
bergamot 'bɜː.gə.mɒt, -mət (US) 'bɝː.gə.mɑːt -s -s
Bergen 'bɜː.gən, 'beə- (US) 'bɝː-
Berger *English surname:* 'bɜː.dʒəʳ (US) 'bɝː.dʒɚ *US surname:* 'bɜː.gəʳ (US) 'bɝː.gɚ
Bergerac 'bɜː.ʒə.ræk (US) ˌbɝː.ʒə'ræk, -'rɑːk
Bergkamp 'bɜːg.kæmp (US) 'bɝːg-, -kɑːmp
Bergman 'bɜːg.mən (US) 'bɝːg-
Bergson 'bɜːg.sən (US) 'berg-, 'bɝːg-
Bergsonian bɜːg'səʊ.ni.ən (US) berg'soʊ-, bɝːg-
beribboned bɪ'rɪb.ᵊnd, bə-
beriberi ˌber.ɪ'ber.i
Bering 'beə.rɪŋ, 'ber- (US) 'ber.ɪŋ ˌ**Bering 'Strait**
Berio 'ber.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Berisford 'ber.ɪs.fəd (US) -fɚd
berk bɜːk (US) bɝːk -s -z
Berkeleian bɑːk'liː.ən (US) 'bɝː.kli.ən
Berkeley *in England:* 'bɑː.kli (US) 'bɑːr-, 'bɝː- *in US:* 'bɜː.kli (US) 'bɝː-
berkelium bɜː'kiː.li.əm (US) 'bɝː.kli.əm, bɝː'kliː.əm
Berkhamsted, Berkhampstead 'bɜː.kəmp.stɪd, -sted (US) 'bɝː-
Note: The usual British pronunciation is /'bɜː-/, but the form /'bɑː-/ is used by some residents.
Berkley 'bɜː.kli (US) 'bɝː-
Berkoff 'bɜː.kɒf (US) 'bɝː.kɑːf
Berks. (*abbrev. for* **Berkshire**) bɑːks, 'bɑːk.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) bɝːks; 'bɝːk.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

Berkshire ˈbɑːk.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US ˈbɝːk.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Berlin *in Germany:* bɜːˈlɪn US bɝː- *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ˌBerlin ˈWall
Berlin *surname:* ˈbɜː.lɪn, -ˈ- US ˈbɝː-, -ˈ- *town in US:* ˈbɜː.lɪn US ˈbɝː-
Berliner bɜːˈlɪn.əʳ US bɚˈlɪn.ɚ -s -z
Berlioz ˈbeə.li.əʊz, ˈbɜː- US ˈber.li.oʊz
Berlitz bɜːˈlɪts, ˈ-- US ˈbɝː.lɪts, ˌ-ˈ-
Berlusconi ˌbɜː.lʊˈskəʊ.ni, ˌbeə- US ˌbɝː.lʊˈskoʊ-, ˌber-
Bermondsey ˈbɜː.mənd.zi US ˈbɝː-
Bermuda bəˈmjuː.də US bɚ- -s -z **Berˌmuda ˈshorts; Berˌmuda ˈtriangle**
Bern bɜːn, beən US bɝːn
Bernadette ˌbɜː.nəˈdet US ˌbɝː-
Bernard *first name:* ˈbɜː.nəd US ˈbɝː.nɚd *surname:* bɜːˈnɑːd, bəˈ-; ˈbɜː.nəd US bɚˈnɑːrd; ˈbɝː.nɚd
Berne bɜːn, beən US bɝːn
Berners ˈbɜː.nəz US ˈbɝː.nɚz
Bernese bɜːˈniːz US bɝː-, -ˈniːs *stress shift:* ˌBernese ˈOberland
Bernhardt ˈbɜːn.hɑːt US ˈbɝːn.hɑːrt
Bernice *biblical name:* bɜːˈnaɪ.si US bɚ- *modern name:* ˈbɜː.nɪs, bɜːˈniːs US ˈbɝː-; bɚˈniːs
Bernini bɜːˈniː.ni, bə- US bɚ-, ber-
Bernoulli bɜːˈnuː.ji, bəˈ-, -li US bɚˈnuː.li
Bernstein ˈbɜːn.staɪn, -stiːn US ˈbɝːn-
Berol® ˈbiː.rɒl, -rəʊl US -rɑːl, -roʊl
Berowne bəˈrəʊn US -ˈroʊn
Berra ˈber.ə
Berridge ˈber.ɪdʒ
berr|y (B) ˈber|.i -ies -iz
Berryman ˈber.ɪ.mæn, -mən
berserk bəˈzɜːk, -ˈsɜːk US bɚˈsɝːk, -ˈzɝːk -s -s
Bert bɜːt US bɝːt
Bertelsmann® ˈbɜː.təlz.mæn, -mən US ˈbɝː.t̬əlz-
berth (*n.*) bɜːθ US bɝːθ -s -s, bɜːðz US bɝːðz
berth (*v.*) bɜːθ US bɝːθ -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Bertha ˈbɜː.θə US ˈbɝː-
Bertie *first name:* ˈbɜː.ti US ˈbɝː.t̬i *surname:* ˈbɑː.ti, ˈbɜː- US ˈbɑːr.t̬i, ˈbɝː-
Bertolucci ˌbɜː.təʊˈluː.tʃi, -təˈ-, -ˈlʊtʃ.i US ˌbɝː.t̬əˈluː.tʃi, ˌber-
Bertram ˈbɜː.trəm US ˈbɝː-
Bertrand ˈbɜː.trənd US ˈbɝː-
Berwick ˈber.ɪk **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Berwick-on-Tweed ˌber.ɪk.ɒnˈtwiːd US -ɑːnˈ-
beryl (B) ˈber.əl, -ɪl US -əl -s -z
beryllium bəˈrɪl.i.əm, berˈɪl- US bəˈrɪl-
Besançon bəˈzɑ̃ːn.sɔ̃ːŋ US -ˈzɑ̃ːn.sõʊn
Besant ˈbes.ənt, ˈbez-; bɪˈzænt, bə-
beseech bɪˈsiːtʃ, bə- -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t **besought** bɪˈsɔːt, bə- US -ˈsɑːt, -ˈsɔːt
beseem bɪˈsiːm, bə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
beset bɪˈset, bə- -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US -ˈset̬.ɪŋ
beshrew bɪˈʃruː, bə-
beside bɪˈsaɪd, bə- -s -z
besieg|e bɪˈsiːdʒ, bə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Besley ˈbez.li
besmear bɪˈsmɪəʳ, bə- US -ˈsmɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
besmirch bɪˈsmɜːtʃ, bə- US -ˈsmɝːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
besom ˈbiː.zəm -s -z
besotted bɪˈsɒt.ɪd, bə- US -ˈsɑː.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
besought (*from* **beseech**) bɪˈsɔːt, bə- US -ˈsɑːt, -ˈsɔːt
bespangl|e bɪˈspæŋ.gəl, bəˈspæŋ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-glɪŋ -ed -d
bespatt|er bɪˈspæt|.əʳ, bə- US -ˈspæt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd
bespeak bɪˈspiːk, bə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ **bespoke** bɪˈspəʊk, bə- US -ˈspoʊk **bespoken** bɪˈspəʊ.kən, bə- US -ˈspoʊ-
bespectacled bɪˈspek.tə.kəld, -tɪ.kəld
besprinkl|e bɪˈsprɪŋ.kəl, bə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-klɪŋ -ed -d
Bess bes
Bessacarr ˈbes.ə.kəʳ US -kɚ
Bessarabia ˌbes.əˈreɪ.bi.ə
Bessborough ˈbez.bər.ə US -oʊ
Bessemer ˈbes.ɪ.məʳ, ˈ-ə- US -mɚ
Besses o' th' Barn ˌbes.ɪz.əðˈbɑːn US -ˈbɑːrn
Bessette bəˈset
Bessie ˈbes.i
best (B) best -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **ˌbest ˈman; ˌmake the ˈbest of ˌsomething; the ˌbest of ˈboth ˌworlds** US **the ˌbest of ˌboth ˈworlds**
bestial ˈbes.ti.əl, ˈbiː.sti- US ˈbes.tʃəl, ˈbiːs-, -ti.əl -ly -i -ism -ɪ.zəm
bestialit|y ˌbes.tiˈæl.ə.t|i, ˌbiː.stiˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US ˌbes.tʃiˈæl.ə.t̬|i, ˌbiːs- -ies -iz
bestiar|y ˈbes.ti.ər|.i, ˈbiː.sti- US -tʃi.er|.i -ies -iz
bestir bɪˈstɜːʳ, bə- US -ˈstɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
bestow bɪˈstəʊ, bə- US -ˈstoʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
bestowal bɪˈstəʊ.əl, bə- US -ˈstoʊ- -s -z
bestrew bɪˈstruː, bə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **bestrewn** bɪˈstruːn, bə-
bestrid|e bɪˈstraɪd, bə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ **bestrode** bɪˈstrəʊd, bə- US -ˈstroʊd **bestridden** bɪˈstrɪ.dən, bə-
bestseller ˌbestˈsel.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z *stress shift:* ˌbestseller ˈlistings
best-selling ˌbestˈsel.ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌbest-selling ˈbook
Beswick ˈbez.ɪk
bet (B) bet -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US ˈbet̬.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US ˈbet̬.ɪd **ˌhedge one's ˈbets**
beta ˈbiː.tə US ˈbeɪ.t̬ə -s -z
beta-blocker ˈbiː.təˌblɒk.əʳ US ˈbeɪ.t̬əˌblɑː.kɚ -s -z
beta-carotene ˌbiː.təˈkær.ə.tiːn US ˌbeɪ.t̬əˈker-
betak|e bɪˈteɪk, bə- -es -s -ing -ɪŋ **betook** bɪˈtʊk, bə- **betaken** bɪˈteɪ.kən, bə-
betel ˈbiː.təl US -t̬əl **-nut/s** -nʌt/s
Betelgeuse, Betelgeux ˈbiː.təl.dʒɜːz, ˈbet.əl-, -dʒuːz US ˈbiː.t̬əl.dʒuːz, ˈbet̬.əl-, -dʒuːs, -dʒɜːz
bête noire ˌbetˈnwɑːʳ US -ˈnwɑːr, ˌbeɪt- **bêtes noires** ˌbetˈnwɑːʳ, -ˈnwɑːz US -nwɑːr, beɪt-, -nwɑːrz
Beth beθ
Bethany ˈbeθ.ən.i
Bethel ˈbeθ.əl
Bethell ˈbeθ.əl, bəˈθel
Bethesda beθˈez.də, bɪˈθez-, bə- US bəˈθez-, bɪ-
bethink bɪˈθɪŋk, bə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ **bethought** bɪˈθɔːt, bə- US -ˈθɑːt, -ˈθɔːt
Bethlehem ˈbeθ.lɪ.hem, -lə- US -lə.hem, -həm
Bethnal ˈbeθ.nəl
bethought (*from* **bethink**) bɪˈθɔːt, bə- US -ˈθɑːt, -ˈθɔːt
Bethsaida beθˈseɪ.də, -ˈsaɪ-
Bethune *surname:* ˈbiː.tən US bəˈθuːn *in names of streets, etc.:* beθˈjuːn, bɪˈθjuːn, bə- US bəˈθuːn, -ˈθjuːn
betid|e bɪˈtaɪd, bə- -es -z
betimes bɪˈtaɪmz, bə-
Betjeman ˈbetʃ.ə.mən
betoken bɪˈtəʊ.kən, bə- US -ˈtoʊ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ənd
betony ˈbet.ə.ni
betook (*from* **betake**) bɪˈtʊk, bəˈtʊk
betray bɪˈtreɪ, bə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
betrayal bɪˈtreɪ.əl, bə- -s -z
betro|th bɪˈtrəʊ|ð, bə-, -ˈtrəʊ|θ US -ˈtroʊ|ð, -ˈtrɑː|θ -ths -ðz, -θs -thing -ðɪŋ, -θɪŋ -thed -ðd, -θt
Note: In British English, the voiceless version is unlikely before **-ing**.
betrothal bɪˈtrəʊ.ðəl, bə- US -ˈtroʊ-, -θəl -s -z
Betsy ˈbet.si
Bette bet; ˈbet.i US bet; ˈbet̬.i
Betteley ˈbet.əl.i US ˈbet̬-
bett|er ˈbet|.əʳ US ˈbet̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd **for ˌbetter or (for) ˈworse**
betterment ˈbet.ə.mənt US ˈbet̬.ɚ-
betting ˈbet.ɪŋ US ˈbet̬- -s -z **ˈbetting ˌshop**
bettor ˈbet.əʳ US ˈbet̬.ɚ -s -z
Bettws ˈbet.əs US ˈbet̬-
Bettws-y-Coed ˌbet.ə.siˈkɔɪd, -ʊ.siˈ-, -kəʊ.ɪd, -əd US ˌbet̬.ə.siˈkɔɪd
Betty ˈbet.i US ˈbet̬-
between bɪˈtwiːn, bə-
betweentimes bɪˈtwiːn.taɪmz, bə-
betwixt bɪˈtwɪkst, bə-

eulah 'bjuː.lə
evan 'bev.ᵊn
evel 'bev.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
even 'bev.ᵊn
everag|e 'bev.ᵊr.ɪdʒ, '-rɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
everidge 'bev.ᵊr.ɪdʒ, '-rɪdʒ
everley 'bev.ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li
everly 'bev.ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li ˌ**Beverly** '**Hills**
eves 'biː.vɪs
evin 'bev.ɪn
evis 'biː.vɪs, 'bev.ɪs
evv|y 'bev|.i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id
ev|y 'bev|.i **-ies** -iz
ewail bɪ'weɪl, bə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eware bɪ'weəʳ, bə- (US) -'wer
ewdley 'bjuːd.li
ewhiskered bɪ'*h*wɪs.kəd, bə- (US) -kɚd
ewick(e) 'bjuː.ɪk
ewigged bɪ'wɪgd, bə-
ewild|er bɪ'wɪl.d|əʳ, bə- (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erment/s** -ə.mənt/s (US) -ɚ.mənt/s
ewitch bɪ'wɪtʃ, bə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
ewley 'bjuː.li
exhill beks'hɪl *stress shift:* ˌBexhill 'station
exley 'bek.sli
exleyheath ˌbek.slɪ'hiːθ
ey beɪ **-s** -z
eynon 'baɪ.nən, 'beɪ-
eyonce bi'ɒn*t*.seɪ, beɪ- (US) -'ɑːn*t*-
eyond bi'ɒnd (US) -'*j*ɑːnd
eyrout(h) beɪ'ruːt
ezant 'bez.ᵊnt **-s** -s
ezel 'bez.ᵊl **-s** -z
éziers 'bez.i.eɪ
ezique bɪ'ziːk, bə-
FPO ˌbiː.ef.piː'əʊ (US) -'oʊ
hagavad-Gita ˌbæg.ə.væd'giː.tə, ˌbʌg-, -væd'- (US) ˌbɑː.gə.vɑːd'-
hagwan (B) 'bæg.wɑːn
haji 'bɑː.dʒi **-s** -z
hang bæŋ
hangra 'bæŋ.grə, 'bɑːŋ-
hindi 'bɪn.di
hopal bəʊ'pɑːl (US) boʊ-
hutan buː'tɑːn, -'tæn
hutanese ˌbuː.tə'niːz
hutto 'buː.təʊ, 'bʊt.əʊ (US) 'buː.t̬oʊ
i- baɪ
Note: Prefix. Words containing **bi-** normally take secondary stress, but sometimes primary stress, on the first syllable, e.g. **bimetallic** /ˌbaɪ.met'æl.ɪk/, British English **bicarb** /'baɪ.kɑːb/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **biathlete** /baɪ'æθ.liːt/.
iafr|a bi'æf.r|ə, baɪ'- **-an/s** -ən/z
ialystok bi'æl.ɪ.stɒk; '-ə-; ˌbiː.ə'lɪs.tɒk (US) bi'ɑː.lə.stɑːk, -'æl.ə-
ianca bi'æŋ.kə (US) -'æŋ-, -'ɑːŋ-

biannual baɪ'æn.ju.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -li
Biarritz ˌbɪə'rɪts, '--- (US) ˌbiː.ə'rɪts, '---
bias 'baɪəs **-(s)es** -ɪz **-(s)ing** -ɪŋ **-(s)ed** -t
biathlete baɪ'æθ.liːt **-s** -s
biathlon baɪ'æθ.lən, -lɒn (US) -lɑːn **-s** -z
biaxal baɪ'æk.sᵊl
biaxial baɪ'æk.si.əl
bib bɪb **-s** -z
Bibby 'bɪb.i
bibelot 'bɪb.ləʊ, -ᵊl.əʊ (US) -ə.loʊ, 'biː.bloʊ **-s** -z
Bible 'baɪ.bᵊl **-s** -z '**Bible** ˌ**Belt**
Bible-basher 'baɪ.bᵊlˌbæʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Bible-bashing 'baɪ.bᵊlˌbæʃ.ɪŋ
biblic|al 'bɪb.lɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
biblio- bɪb.li.əʊ; ˌbɪb.li'ɒ (US) bɪb.li.oʊ, -ə; ˌbɪb.li'ɑː-
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **bibliophile** /'bɪb.li.əʊ.faɪl (US) -ə-/, **bibliomania** /ˌbɪb.li.əʊ'meɪ.ni.ə (US) -ə'-/, or secondary stress on the first syllable, with primary stress occurring on the third syllable, e.g. **bibliography** /ˌbɪb.li'ɒg.rə.fi (US) -'ɑː.grə-/.
bibliograph|y ˌbɪb.li'ɒg.rə.f|i (US) -'ɑː.grə- **-ies** -iz **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
bibliolat|ry ˌbɪb.li'ɒl.ə.t|ri (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
bibliomania ˌbɪb.li.əʊ'meɪ.ni.ə (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'-
bibliomaniac ˌbɪb.li.əʊ'meɪ.ni.æk (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'- **-s** -s
bibliophile 'bɪb.li.əʊ.faɪl (US) -ə-, -oʊ- **-s** -z
bibulous 'bɪb.jə.ləs, -jʊ- (US) -jə- **-ly** -li
Bic® bɪk
bicameral ˌbaɪ'kæm.ᵊr.ᵊl **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
bicarb 'baɪ.kɑːb (US) baɪ'kɑːrb
bicarbonate ˌbaɪ'kɑː.bᵊn.ət, -eɪt, -ɪt (US) -'kɑːr- **-s** -s **biˌcarbonate of 'soda**
bice baɪs
Bice 'biː.tʃi; baɪs
bicentenar|y ˌbaɪ.sen'tiː.nᵊr|.i, -sᵊn'-, -'ten.ᵊr- (US) baɪ'sen.tᵊn.er|.i; ˌbaɪ.sen'ten.ᵊr- **-ies** -iz
bicentennial ˌbaɪ.sen'ten.i.əl, -sən'- **-s** -z
biceps 'baɪ.seps
Bicester 'bɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
bichloride ˌbaɪ'klɔː.raɪd (US) -'klɔːr.aɪd
bichromate ˌbaɪ'krəʊ.meɪt, -mət, -mɪt (US) -'kroʊ-
bick|er 'bɪk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Bickerstaff(e) 'bɪk.ə.stɑːf (US) -ɚ.stæf
Bickersteth 'bɪk.ə.steθ, -stɪθ (US) '-ɚ-
Bickerton 'bɪk.ə.tᵊn (US) '-ɚ-
Bickford 'bɪk.fəd (US) -fɚd
bickie 'bɪk.i **-s** -z
Bickleigh, Bickley 'bɪk.li
Bicknell 'bɪk.nᵊl
bicoastal baɪ'kəʊ.stᵊl (US) -'koʊ-

bicuspid baɪ'kʌs.pɪd **-s** -z
bicyc|le 'baɪ.sɪ.k|ᵊl, -sə- **-les** -ᵊlz **-ling** -lɪŋ **-led** -ᵊld
bicyclist 'baɪ.sɪ.klɪst, -sə- **-s** -s
bid bɪd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-der/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **bade** bæd, beɪd **bidden** 'bɪd.ən
biddable 'bɪd.ə.bᵊl
bidder (B) 'bɪd.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Biddle 'bɪd.ᵊl
Biddulph 'bɪd.ʌlf, -ᵊlf
bidd|y (B) 'bɪd|.i **-ies** -iz
bid|e (B) baɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Bideford 'bɪd.ɪ.fəd (US) -fɚd
Biden 'baɪ.dᵊn
bidet 'biː.deɪ (US) bɪ'deɪ, biː- **-s** -z
bidialectal ˌbaɪ.daɪə'lek.tᵊl
bidialectalism ˌbaɪ.daɪə'lek.tᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
Bidwell 'bɪd.wel
Bielefeld 'biː.lə.felt, -feld
biennial baɪ'en.i.əl **-ly** -i
bier bɪəʳ (US) bɪr **-s** -z
Bierce bɪəs (US) bɪrs
biff bɪf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Biffen 'bɪf.ɪn, -ən
bifocal baɪ'fəʊ.kᵊl (US) 'baɪˌfoʊ-, ˌ-'-- **-s** -z
bifur|cate 'baɪ.fə.keɪt, -fɜː- (US) -fɚ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
bifurcation ˌbaɪ.fə'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -fɜː'- (US) -fɚ'- **-s** -z
big bɪg **-ger** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-gest** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**Big** '**Apple;** ˌ**Big** '**Bang;** ˌ**Big** '**Ben;** ˌ**big** '**business;** ˌ**Big** '**Dipper;** ˌ**big** '**game;** ˌ**big** '**screen;** ˌ**big** '**wheel;** ˌ**hit the** '**big** ˌ**time**
bigamist 'bɪg.ə.mɪst **-s** -s
bigamous 'bɪg.ə.məs **-ly** -li
bigam|y 'bɪg.ə.m|i **-ies** -iz
Bigelow 'bɪg.ᵊl.əʊ, -ɪ.ləʊ (US) -ə.loʊ
Bigfoot 'bɪg.fʊt
Bigge bɪg
biggie 'bɪg.i
Biggin 'bɪg.ɪn
biggish 'bɪg.ɪʃ
Biggles 'bɪg.ᵊlz
Biggleswade 'bɪg.ᵊlz.weɪd
Biggs bɪgz
bigg|y 'bɪg|.i **-ies** -iz
Bigham 'bɪg.əm
bighead 'bɪg.hed **-s** -z
bigheaded ˌbɪg'hed.ɪd, -əd (US) '-ˌ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌbigheaded 'bully
bighorn 'bɪg.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn **-s** -z
bight baɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'baɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'baɪ.t̬ɪd
big-league 'bɪg.liːg
Biglow 'bɪg.ləʊ (US) -loʊ
Bignell 'bɪg.nᵊl
big|ot 'bɪg|.ət **-ots** -əts **-oted** -ə.tɪd (US) -ə.t̬ɪd
bigotr|y 'bɪg.ə.tr|i **-ies** -iz

Bilabial

Bilabial articulations involve both of the lips.

Examples for English

In English, /p/ /b/ and /m/ are examples of bilabial sounds. These are all made with a complete closure of the lips. (/w/ is also sometimes referred to as bilabial, but, as it has tongue movement towards the velum in addition to lip rounding, it is more accurately described as 'labial-velar'), e.g:

pan /pæn/
ban /bæn/
man /mæn/

The plosives /p/ and /b/ are one of the pairs which are said to be distinguished by being FORTIS and LENIS respectively, rather than voiceless and voiced.

bigraph 'baɪ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -græf -s -s
Big Sur ˌbɪg'sɜːʳ (US) -'sɝː
big-ticket 'bɪgˌtɪk.ɪt
big-time 'bɪg.taɪm **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
bigwig 'bɪg.wɪg **-s** -z
Bihar bɪ'hɑːʳ, biː- (US) -'hɑːr
bijou 'biː.ʒuː, -'-
bik|e baɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
biker (B) 'baɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
bikini (B) bɪ'kiː.ni, bə- **-s** -z
Biko 'biː.keʊ (US) -koʊ
bilabial *(n, adj.)* baɪ'leɪ.bi.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
bilateral baɪ'læt.ᵊr.ᵊl, '-rᵊl (US) -'læt̬.ɚ.ᵊl **-y** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Bilbao bɪl'baʊ, -'bɑː.əʊ (US) -'bɑː.oʊ, -'baʊ
bilberr|y 'bɪl.bᵊr|.i (US) -ber- **-ies** -iz
Bilborough 'bɪl.bᵊr.ə (US) -oʊ
Bilbrough 'bɪl.brə (US) -broʊ
bilb|y 'bɪl.bi **-ies** -iz
Bildungsroman 'bɪl.dʊŋz.rəʊ.mɑːn (US) -roʊ- **-s** -z **-e** -ə
bile baɪl
bilg|e bɪldʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'bilge ˌpump; 'bilge ˌwater**
bilgy 'bɪl.dʒi
bilharzia bɪl'hɑː.zi.ə, -'hɑːt.si- (US) -'hɑːr.zi-
biliary 'bɪl.i.ᵊr.i
bilingual baɪ'lɪŋ.gwᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm *stress shift, see first compound:* **ˌbilingual 'secretary, biˌlingual 'secretary**
bilious 'bɪl.i.əs (US) '-jəs, '-i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
bilirubin ˌbɪl.ɪ'ruː.bɪn
biliteral baɪ'lɪt.ᵊr.ᵊl, '-rᵊl (US) -'lɪt̬.ɚ.ᵊl **-ly** -i
bilk bɪlk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bill (B) bɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌbill of 'fare; ˌfit the 'bill**
billable 'bɪl.ə.bᵊl
billabong 'bɪl.ə.bɒŋ (US) -bɑːŋ, -bɔːŋ **-s** -z
billboard 'bɪl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
Billericay ˌbɪl.ə'rɪk.i
bille|t 'bɪl|.ɪt, -ət (US) -ət **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
billet-doux ˌbɪl.eɪ'duː **billets-doux** ˌbɪl.eɪ'duː, -duːz
billfold 'bɪl.fəʊld (US) -foʊld **-s** -z
billhook 'bɪl.hʊk **-s** -s
billiard 'bɪl.i.əd, '-jəd (US) '-jɚd **-s** -z **'billiard ˌball; 'billiard ˌcue; 'billiard ˌroom; 'billiard ˌtable**
Billie 'bɪl.i
Billie-Jean ˌbɪl.i'dʒiːn
Billing 'bɪl.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Billinge 'bɪl.ɪndʒ
Billingham 'bɪl.ɪŋ.*h*əm
Billinghurst 'bɪl.ɪŋ.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
Billingsgate 'bɪl.ɪŋz.geɪt
Billington 'bɪl.ɪŋ.tən
billion 'bɪl.i.ən, -jən (US) -jən **-s** -z
billionaire ˌbɪl.i.ə'neəʳ, ˌ-jə'- (US) -jə'ner **-s** -z
billionth 'bɪl.i.ənθ, '-jənθ (US) '-jənθ **-s** -s
billow 'bɪl.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i
billposter 'bɪlˌpəʊ.stəʳ (US) -ˌpoʊ.stɚ **-s** -z
billsticker 'bɪlˌstɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
bill|y (B) 'bɪl|.i **-ies** -iz **'billy ˌcan; 'billy ˌclub; 'billy ˌgoat**
billycock 'bɪl.i.kɒk (US) -kɑːk **-s** -s
billy-o 'bɪl.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Biloxi bɪ'lʌk.si, bə-, -'lɒk- (US) -'lɑːk-, -'lʌk-
Bilston(e) 'bɪl.stən
Bilton 'bɪl.tᵊn
biltong 'bɪl.tɒŋ (US) -tɑːŋ, -tɔːŋ
bimbo 'bɪm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-(e)s** -z
bimestrial baɪ'mes.tri.əl
bimetallic ˌbaɪ.met'æl.ɪk, -mɪ'tæl-, -mə-
bimetall|ism baɪ'met.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm (US) -'met̬- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
bimolecular ˌbaɪ.mə'lek.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ
bimonthl|y baɪ'mʌn*t*θ.l|i **-ies** -iz
bin bɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
binar|y 'baɪ.nᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz **ˌbinary 'number**
binaural baɪ'nɔː.rᵊl, bɪ- (US) -'nɔːr.ᵊl
Binchy 'bɪn.*t*ʃi (US) 'bɪn*t*.ʃi
bind baɪnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **bound** baʊnd
binder 'baɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
binder|y 'baɪn.dᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
bindi 'bɪn.di
bindweed 'baɪnd.wiːd
Binet 'biː.neɪ (US) bɪ'neɪ
Binet-Simon ˌbiː.neɪ'saɪ.mən (US) bɪˌneɪ.si'moʊn
Bing bɪŋ
bing|e bɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'binge ˌdrinker, 'binge ˌdrinking**
Bingen 'bɪŋ.ən
Bingham 'bɪŋ.əm
Bingley 'bɪŋ*g*.li
bingo 'bɪŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
Bink(e)s bɪŋks
bin Laden ˌbɪn'lɑː.dᵊn
bin|man 'bɪn|.mæn, 'bɪm-, -mən (US) 'bɪn- **-men** -men, -mən
binnacle 'bɪn.ə.kᵊl **-s** -z
Binney, Binnie 'bɪn.i
Binns bɪnz
Binoche bɪ'nɒʃ, biː- (US) -noʊʃ
binocular *(adj.)* baɪ'nɒk.jə.ləʳ, bɪ-, bə-, -jʊ- (US) -'nɑː.kjə.lɚ, -kjʊ-
binoculars *(n.)* bɪ'nɒk.jə.ləz, baɪ-, bə-, -jʊ- (US) -'nɑː.kjə.lɚz, -kjʊ-
binomial baɪ'nəʊ.mi.əl (US) -'noʊ- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
Binste(a)d 'bɪn.stɪd, -sted
bint bɪnt **-s** -s
Binyon 'bɪn.jən
bio- baɪ.əʊ; baɪ'ɒ (US) baɪ.oʊ, -ə; baɪ'ɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **biograph** /'baɪ.əʊ.grɑːf (US) -ə.græf/, **biographic** /ˌbaɪ.əʊ'græf.ɪk (US) -ə'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **biographer** /baɪ'ɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) -'ɑː.grə.fɚ/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
biochemic|al ˌbaɪ.əʊ'kem.ɪ.k|ᵊl (US) -oʊ'- **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
biochemist ˌbaɪ.əʊ'kem.ɪst (US) -oʊ'- **-s** -s **-ry** -ri
biocoenosis ˌbaɪ.əʊ.sɪ'nəʊ.sɪs, -siː' (US) -oʊ.sɪ'noʊ-
biodata 'baɪ.əʊˌdeɪ.tə, -ˌdɑː- (US) -oʊˌdeɪ.t̬ə, -ˌdɑː-, -ˌdæt̬.ə
biodegradability ˌbaɪ.əʊ.dɪ.greɪ.də'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -də.greɪ-ə.ti (US) -oʊ.dɪ.greɪ.də'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -də-
biodegradab|le

ˌbaɪ.əʊ.dɪˈgreɪ.də.bl̩ əl, -dəˈ- Ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
-ly -li
odegradation
ˌbaɪ.əʊ.deg.rəˈdeɪ.ʃən Ⓤⓢ ˌ-oʊ-
odegrad|e ˌbaɪ.əʊ.dɪˈgreɪd, -dəˈ-
Ⓤⓢ -oʊ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
odiversity ˌbaɪ.əʊ.daɪˈvɜː.sə.ti,
-dɪˈ-, -sɪ- Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.dɪˈvɝː.sə.t̬i, -daɪˈ-
oengineer ˌbaɪ.əʊ.en.dʒɪˈnɪəʳ,
-dʒəˈ- Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.en.dʒɪˈnɪr, -dʒəˈ- -s -z
oengineering
ˌbaɪ.əʊ.en.dʒɪˈnɪə.rɪŋ, -dʒəˈ-
Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.en.dʒɪˈnɪr.ɪŋ, -dʒəˈ-
oethics ˈbaɪ.əʊˌeθ.ɪks Ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
ofeedback ˌbaɪ.əʊˈfiːd.bæk
Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
iogenesis ˌbaɪ.əʊˈdʒen.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ-
Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
iogenetic ˌbaɪ.əʊ.dʒəˈnet.ɪk, -dʒɪˈ-
Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.dʒəˈnet̬- -ally -əl.i, -li
iogenic ˌbaɪ.əʊˈdʒen.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
iograph ˈbaɪ.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf
Ⓤⓢ -ə.græf -s -s
iographer baɪˈɒg.rə.fəʳ
Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.grə.fɚ -s -z
iographic ˌbaɪ.əʊˈgræf.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -əˈ-
-al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
iograph|y baɪˈɒg.rə.f|i Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.grə-
-ies -iz
iolinguistics ˌbaɪ.əʊ.lɪŋˈgwɪs.tɪks
Ⓤⓢ ˌ-oʊ-
iologic ˌbaɪ.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk
Ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk
iologic|al ˌbaɪ.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl
Ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ- -ally -əl.i, -li **bioˌlogical ˈclock; bioˌlogical ˈwarfare**
iologist baɪˈɒl.ə.dʒɪst Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə- -s -s
iology baɪˈɒl.ə.dʒi Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə-
iome ˈbaɪ.əʊm Ⓤⓢ -oʊm
iomedical ˌbaɪ.əʊˈmed.ɪ.kəl Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
iometric ˌbaɪ.əʊˈmet.rɪk Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
-s -s -al -əl
iometry baɪˈɒm.ə.tri, ˈ-ɪ- Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.mə-
ionic baɪˈɒn.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.nɪk -s -s
iophysicist ˌbaɪ.əʊˈfɪz.ɪ.sɪst, -oʊˈ-
-s -s
iophysic|s ˌbaɪ.əʊˈfɪz.ɪk|s Ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
-al -əl
biopic ˈbaɪ.əʊ.pɪk Ⓤⓢ -oʊ- -s -s
biops|y ˈbaɪ.ɒp.s|i Ⓤⓢ -ɑːp- -ies -iz
biorhythm ˈbaɪ.əʊˌrɪð.əm Ⓤⓢ -oʊˌ-
-s -z
bioscope ˈbaɪ.əʊ.skəʊp Ⓤⓢ -skoʊp -s
-s
biosphere ˈbaɪ.əʊ.sfɪəʳ Ⓤⓢ -ə.sfɪr -s -z
biotech ˈbaɪ.əʊ.tek Ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
biotechnology
ˌbaɪ.əʊ.tekˈnɒl.ə.dʒi Ⓤⓢ
-oʊ.tekˈnɑː.lə-
bioterrorism ˌbaɪ.əʊˈter.ər.ɪ.zəm
Ⓤⓢ -oʊˌ-
biotope ˈbaɪ.əʊ.təʊp Ⓤⓢ -toʊp -s -s
biparous ˈbɪp.ər.əs
bipartisan baɪˈpɑː.tɪ.zæn;
ˌbaɪ.pɑː.tɪˈzæn, -zən
Ⓤⓢ baɪˈpɑːr.t̬ə.zən
bipartite baɪˈpɑː.taɪt Ⓤⓢ baɪˈpɑːr-
stress shift: ˌbipartite ˈtreaty
biped ˈbaɪ.ped -s -z
bipedal baɪˈpiː.dəl, -ˈped.əl
Ⓤⓢ -ˈped.əl -ism -ɪ.zəm
biplane ˈbaɪ.pleɪn -s -z
bipod ˈbaɪ.pɒd Ⓤⓢ -pɑːd -s -z
bipolar baɪˈpəʊ.ləʳ Ⓤⓢ -ˈpoʊ.lɚ
bipolarity ˌbaɪ.pəʊˈlær.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti
Ⓤⓢ -poʊˈler.ə.t̬i, -ˈlær-
biquadratic ˌbaɪ.kwɒdˈræt.ɪk,
-kwəˈdræt- Ⓤⓢ -kwɑːˈdræt̬.ɪk -s -s
birch (B) bɜːtʃ Ⓤⓢ bɝːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t
Birchall ˈbɜː.tʃɔːl, -tʃəl Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.tʃɔːl,
-tʃɑːl, -tʃəl
Birchenough ˈbɜː.tʃɪ.nʌf Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Bircher ˈbɜː.tʃəʳ Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.tʃɚ
Birchwood ˈbɜːtʃ.wʊd Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːtʃ-
Bircotes ˈbɜː.kəʊts Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.koʊts
bird (B) bɜːd Ⓤⓢ bɝːd -s -z **ˈbird ˌcage; ˈbird ˌdog; ˈbird ˌfancier; ˌbird flu; ˌbird of ˈparadise; ˌbird of ˈprey; ˌkill two ˌbirds with ˌone ˈstone**
bird-brain ˈbɜːdˌbreɪn Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
bird-brained ˈbɜːdˌbreɪnd Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
birdhou|se ˈbɜːd.haʊ|s Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
-ses -zɪz
birdie ˈbɜː.di Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː- -s -z -d -d
birdlike ˈbɜːd.laɪk Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
birdlime ˈbɜːd.laɪm Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
birdseed ˈbɜːd.siːd Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd-
bird's-eye *(n, adj.)* ˈbɜːdz.aɪ
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːdz- -s -z **ˌbird's-eye ˈview**
Birds Eye® ˈbɜːdz.aɪ Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːdz-
bird's-nest ˈbɜːdz.nest Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːdz-
-s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **ˌbird's nest ˈsoup**
birdsong ˈbɜːd.sɒŋ Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːd.sɑːŋ,
-sɔːŋ
birdwatch|ing ˈbɜːdˌwɒtʃ|.ɪŋ
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːdˌwɑː.tʃ|ɪŋ, -ˌwɔː- -er/s -əʳ/z
Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
bireme ˈbaɪ.riːm, -ˈ- Ⓤⓢ baɪˈriːm -s -z
biretta bɪˈret.ə Ⓤⓢ -ˈret̬- -s -z
Birgit ˈbɜː.gɪt, ˈbɪə- Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-, -giːt
biriani ˌbɪr.iˈɑː.ni -s -z
Birkbeck *surname:* ˈbɜː.bek, ˈbɜːk-
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-, ˈbɝːk- *college in London:*
ˈbɜːk.bek Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːk-
Birkenau ˈbɜː.kən.aʊ Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birkenhead ˌbɜː.kənˈhed, ˈ---
Ⓤⓢ ˌbɝː.kənˈhed, ˈ---
Birkenstocks® ˈbɜː.kən.stɒks
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.kən.stɑːks
Birkett ˈbɜː.kɪt Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birkin ˈbɜː.kɪn Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birley ˈbɜː.li Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birling ˈbɜː.lɪŋ Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birmingham *place in UK:*
ˈbɜː.mɪŋ.əm Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː- *places in US:*
ˈbɜː.mɪŋ.hæm Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birnam ˈbɜː.nəm Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Birney ˈbɜː.ni Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Biro® ˈbaɪə.rəʊ Ⓤⓢ ˈbaɪ.roʊ -s -z
Biron ˈbaɪ.rən
Note: /bɪˈruːn/ in 'Love's Labour's Lost'.
birr bɜːʳ Ⓤⓢ bɝː **birrotch** ˈbɜː.rɒtʃ
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.ɑːtʃ
Birrell ˈbɪr.əl
birrotch *(plur. of* **birr)** ˈbɜː.rɒtʃ
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.ɑːtʃ
Birstall ˈbɜː.stɔːl Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.stɔːl, -stɑːl
Birt bɜːt Ⓤⓢ bɝːt
birth bɜːθ Ⓤⓢ bɝːθ -s -s **ˈbirth cerˌtificate; ˈbirth conˌtrol; ˈbirthing ˌcenter**
birthday ˈbɜːθ.deɪ, -di Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːθ.deɪ
-s -z **ˈbirthday ˌcake; ˈbirthday ˌcard; ˈbirthday ˌparty; ˈbirthday ˌpresent; in one's ˈbirthday ˌsuit**
birthmark ˈbɜːθ.mɑːk
Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːθ.mɑːrk -s -s
birthplac|e ˈbɜːθ.pleɪs Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːθ-
-es -ɪz
birthrate ˈbɜːθ.reɪt Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːθ- -s -s
birthright ˈbɜːθ.raɪt Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝːθ- -s -s
Birtwistle ˈbɜː.twɪ.səl Ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
biryani ˌbɪr.iˈɑː.ni -s -z
bis bɪs
Biscay ˈbɪs.keɪ, -ki **ˌBay of ˈBiscay**
biscuit ˈbɪs.kɪt -s -s **ˈbiscuit ˌbarrel**
bisect baɪˈsekt Ⓤⓢ ˈbaɪ.sekt, -ˈ- -s -s
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
bisection baɪˈsek.ʃən -s -z
bisector baɪˈsek.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -tɚ -s -z
bisexual baɪˈsek.ʃuəl, -ʃu.əl, -sjuəl,
-sjʊ.əl Ⓤⓢ -ʃu.əl
bisexuality baɪˌsek.ʃuˈæl.ɪ.ti,
-sjuˈæl-, -ə.ti Ⓤⓢ -ʃuˈæl.ə.t̬i
bishop (B) ˈbɪʃ.əp -s -s
bishopric ˈbɪʃ.ə.prɪk -s -s
Bishopsgate ˈbɪʃ.əps.geɪt, -gɪt
Bishop's Stortford
ˌbɪʃ.əpsˈstɔːt.fəd, -ˈstɔː-
Ⓤⓢ -ˈstɔːrt.fɚd, -ˈstɔːr-
Bishopstoke ˈbɪʃ.əp.stəʊk
Ⓤⓢ -stoʊk
Bishopston ˈbɪʃ.əp.stən
Bishopton ˈbɪʃ.əp.tən
Bisley ˈbɪz.li -s -z
Bismarck ˈbɪz.mɑːk Ⓤⓢ -mɑːrk
bismuth ˈbɪz.məθ
bison ˈbaɪ.sən -s -z
Bispham *surname:* ˈbɪs.fəm,
ˈbɪs.pəm *place:* ˈbɪs.pəm
bisque biːsk, bɪsk Ⓤⓢ bɪsk -s -s
Bissau ˈbɪs.aʊ, -ˈ- Ⓤⓢ bɪˈsaʊ
Bissell ˈbɪs.əl
Bissett ˈbɪs.ɪt, ˈbɪz-
bissextile bɪˈsek.staɪl Ⓤⓢ -stəl, -staɪl
-s -z
bister ˈbɪs.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -tɚ
Bisto® ˈbɪs.təʊ Ⓤⓢ -toʊ
bistour|y ˈbɪs.tər|.i -ies -iz
bistre ˈbɪs.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -tɚ
bistro, bistrot ˈbiː.strəʊ, ˈbɪs-
Ⓤⓢ -stroʊ -s -z
bisulph|ate baɪˈsʌl.f|eɪt, -f|ɪt, -f|ət
Ⓤⓢ -f|eɪt -ite -aɪt
bit bɪt -s -s **ˌbits and ˈpieces; take the ˌbit between one's ˈteeth**
bitch bɪtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
bitch|y ˈbɪtʃ|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
-ier -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
bit|e baɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ ˈbaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **bit** bɪt **bitten** ˈbɪt.ən **biter/s** ˈbaɪ.təʳ/z
Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z **ˌbite off ˌmore than one**

can 'chew; ˌbite one's 'tongue; ˌbite someone's 'head off; ˌbite the 'bullet; ˌbite the 'dust; ˌbite the ˌhand that 'feeds one

bite-sized 'baɪt.saɪzd

Bithell 'bɪθ.ᵊl, bɪ'θel

Bithynia bɪ'θɪn.i.ə, baɪ-

bitmap 'bɪt.mæp -s -s

Bitola 'biː.təʊ.lə (US) -toʊ-, -t̬ᵊl.ə

Bitolj 'biː.təʊ.ljə (US) -toʊ-, -t̬ᵊl.jə

bitten (*from* **bite**) 'bɪt.ᵊn **once ˌbitten twice 'shy**

bitt|er 'bɪt|.əʳ (US) 'bɪt̬|.ɚ **-erer** -ᵊr.əʳ (US) -ɚ.ɚ **-erest** -ᵊr.ɪst, -əst **-erly** -ə.li (US) -ɚ.li **-erness** -ə.nəs, -nɪs (US) -ɚ.nəs, -nɪs **to the ˌbitter 'end**

bittern 'bɪt.ən, -ɜːn (US) 'bɪt̬.ɚn -s -z

bitters 'bɪt.əz (US) 'bɪt̬.ɚz

bittersweet 'bɪt.ə.swiːt, ˌ--'- (US) 'bɪt̬.ɚ.swiːt

bitt|y 'bɪt|.i (US) 'bɪt̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

bitumen 'bɪtʃ.ə.mən, '-ʊ-, -mɪn (US) bɪ'tuː.mən, baɪ-, -'tjuː- -s -z

bituminous bɪ'tʃuː.mɪ.nəs, bə-, -'tjuː-, -mə- (US) -'tuː-, -'tjuː-

bivalen|ce ˌbaɪ'veɪ.lən|*t*s, bɪ- (US) ˌbaɪ'veɪ.lən|*t*s, 'baɪ.veɪ- **-cy** -*t*.si **-t** -t

bivalve 'baɪ.vælv -s -z

bivouac 'bɪv.u.æk (US) -u.æk, '-wæk -s -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t

bi-weekl|y baɪ'wiː.kl|i **-ies** -iz *stress shift:* ˌbi-weekly 'journal

bizarre bɪ'zɑːʳ, bə- (US) -'zɑːr **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Bizerte, Bizerta bɪ'zɜː.tə (US) -'zɝː-

Bizet 'biː.zeɪ (US) -'-

Bjork, Björk bjɔːk, bjɜːk, bi'ɔːk (US) bjɔːrk

Bjorn, Björn bjɔːn, bjɜːn; bi'ɔːn, -'ɜːn (US) bjɔːrn, bjɝːn

BL ˌbiː'el

blab blæb -s -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

blabb|er 'blæb|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

blabber|mouth 'blæb.ə|.maʊθ (US) '-ɚ- **-mouths** -maʊðz, -maʊθs

Blaby 'bleɪ.bi

Blachford 'blæʃ.fəd (US) -fɚd

black (B) blæk -s -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ish** -ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌblack 'belt; ˌblack 'box; ˌblack 'eye; ˌBlack 'Forest; ˌBlack Forest 'gateau; ˌblack 'hole; ˌblack ˌhole of Cal'cutta; ˌblack 'ice; ˌblack 'magic; ˌblack 'market; ˌblack 'pepper; ˌblack 'pudding; ˌBlack 'Rod; ˌblack 'treacle; ˌblack and 'blue; ˌblack and 'tan; ˌblack and 'white; ˌblack ˌsheep of the 'family**

Blackadder 'blækˌæd.əʳ, ˌ-'-- (US) 'blækˌæd.ɚ

blackamoor 'blæk.ə.mɔːʳ (US) -mʊr -s -z

blackball (*v.*) 'blæk.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

blackbeetle ˌblæk'biː.tᵊl (US) 'blækˌbiː.t̬ᵊl -s -z

blackberr|y 'blæk.bᵊr|.i, -ˌber- (US) -ˌber- **-ies** -iz

blackberrying 'blæk.bᵊr.i.ɪŋ, -ˌber- (US) -ˌber-

blackbird 'blæk.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd -s -z

blackboard 'blæk.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd -s -z

black box ˌblæk'bɒks (US) -'bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

blackboy 'blæk.bɔɪ -s -z

Blackburn(e) 'blæk.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn

blackcap 'blæk.kæp -s -s

blackcock 'blæk.kɒk (US) -kɑːk -s -s

blackcurrant ˌblæk'kʌr.ᵊnt (US) 'blækˌkɝː- -s -s *stress shift, British only:* ˌblackcurrant 'pie

Blackdown 'blæk.daʊn

blacken 'blæk.ᵊn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Blackett 'blæk.ɪt

black-eyed ˌblæk'aɪd *stress shift:* ˌblack-eyed 'peas

black|fly 'blæk|.flaɪ **-flies** -flaɪz

Black|foot 'blæk|.fʊt **-feet** -fiːt

Blackford 'blæk.fəd (US) -fɚd

Blackfriars ˌblæk'fraɪəz (US) -'fraɪɚz *stress shift:* ˌBlackfriars 'Bobby

blackgame 'blæk.geɪm -s -z

blackguard 'blæg.ɑːd, '-əd (US) -ɑːrd, -ɚd -s -z **-ly** -li

blackhead 'blæk.hed -s -z

Blackheath ˌblæk'hiːθ *stress shift:* ˌBlackheath 'Harriers

Blackie 'blæk.i, 'bleɪ.ki (US) 'blæk.i

blacking (*n.*) 'blæk.ɪŋ -s -z

blackjack 'blæk.dʒæk -s -s

blacklead (*n.*) 'blæk.led

blacklead (*v.*) ˌblæk'led, '-- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

blackleg 'blæk.leg -s -z

Blackley *Manchester:* 'bleɪ.kli *surname:* 'blæk.li

blacklist 'blæk.lɪst -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

blackmail 'blæk.meɪl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Blackman 'blæk.mən

Black Maria ˌblæk.mə'raɪə

Blackmoor, Blackmore 'blæk.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr

blackout 'blæk.aʊt -s -s

Blackpool 'blæk.puːl

Blackpudlian ˌblæk'pʌd.li.ən -s -z

Blackrock 'blæk.rɒk (US) -rɑːk

Blackshirt 'blæk.ʃɜːt (US) -ʃɝːt -s -s

blacksmith 'blæk.smɪθ -s -s

Blackston 'blæk.stᵊn

Blackstone 'blæk.stəʊn, -stᵊn (US) -stoʊn, -stᵊn

blackthorn (B) 'blæk.θɔːn (US) -θɔːrn -s -z

blacktop 'blæk.tɒp (US) -tɑːp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

Blackwall 'blæk.wɔːl (US) -wɔːl, -wɑːl

blackwater (B) 'blækˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-

Blackwell 'blæk.wel, -wᵊl

Blackwood *surname:* 'blæk.wʊd *place in Gwent:* ˌblæk'wʊd

bladder 'blæd.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z

bladderwort 'blæd.ə.wɜːt (US) -ɚ.wɝːt, -wɔːrt -s -s

bladderwrack 'blæd.ᵊr.æk

blade bleɪd -s -z

Bladon 'bleɪ.dᵊn

blaeberr|y 'bleɪ.bᵊr|.i (US) -ber- **-ies** -iz

Blaenau Ffestiniog ˌblaɪ.naɪ.fes'tɪn.i.ɒg, ˌbleɪ.ni- (US) -ɑːg

Blaenau Gwent ˌblaɪ.naɪ'gwent, ˌbleɪ.ni-

Blaenavon blaɪ'næv.ᵊn

blah-blah 'blɑː.blɑː, ˌ-'-

Blaikie 'bleɪ.ki

Blaikley 'bleɪ.kli

blain bleɪn -s -z

Blair bleəʳ (US) bler **-ite/s** -aɪt/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

Blair Atholl ˌbleəʳ'æθ.ᵊl (US) ˌbler-

Blairgowrie ˌbleə'gaʊə.ri (US) ˌbler-

Blaise bleɪz

Blake bleɪk

Blakelock 'bleɪ.klɒk (US) -klɑːk

Blakely 'bleɪ.kli

Blakeney 'bleɪk.ni

Blakey 'bleɪ.ki

Blakiston 'blæk.ɪ.stᵊn, 'bleɪ.kɪ-

blamab|le 'bleɪ.mə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

blam|e bleɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

blameless 'bleɪm.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

blameworth|y 'bleɪmˌwɜː.ð|i (US) -ˌwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Blamires blə'maɪəz (US) -'maɪɚz

Blanc *Mont:* blɑ̃ːŋ (US) blɑ̃ːŋ, blɑːŋk

blanch blɑːntʃ (US) blæntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Blanchard 'blæn.tʃəd, -tʃɑːd (US) 'blænt.ʃɚd, -ʃɑːrd

Blanche blɑːntʃ (US) blæntʃ

Blanchett 'blɑːn.tʃɪt (US) 'blæn-

Blanchflower 'blɑːntʃ.flaʊəʳ (US) 'blæntʃ.flaʊɚ

blancmang|e blə'mɒndʒ, -'mɒ̃ːnʒ (US) -'mɑːndʒ **-es** -ɪz

blanco 'blæŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ

bland (B) blænd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Blandford 'blænd.fəd (US) -fɚd

blandish 'blæn.dɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

blandishment 'blæn.dɪʃ.mᵊnt -s -s

Blandy 'blæn.di

Blaney 'bleɪ.ni

blank (*n, adj, v.*) blæŋk -s -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌblank 'cheque/check; ˌblank 'verse**

blan|ket 'blæŋ|.kɪt **-kets** -kɪts **-keting** -kɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-keted** -kɪ.tɪd (US) -kɪ.t̬ɪd

Blankley 'blæŋ.kli

blanquette ˌblɒŋ'ket, ˌblæŋ-, ˌblɑ̃ːŋ- (US) ˌblɑːŋ- -s -s

Blantyre blæn'taɪəʳ, '-- (US) blæn'taɪɚ

Note: In Malawi the preferred stress pattern is /'--/.

arle bleəʳ (US) bler -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

arney (B) 'blɑː.ni (US) 'blɑːr-

asé 'blɑː.zeɪ, blɑː'zeɪ (US) -'-

asphemle ˌblæs'fiːm, ˌblɑːs- (US) 'blæs.fiːm -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

asphemous 'blæs.fə.məs, 'blɑːs-, -fɪ- (US) 'blæs- -ly -li

asphemly 'blæs.fə.m|i, 'blɑːs-, -fɪ- (US) 'blæs- -ies -iz

ast blɑːst (US) blæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd 'blast ˌfurnace

astoderm 'blæs.təʊ.dɜːm (US) -tə.dɝːm -s -z

ast-off 'blɑːst.ɒf (US) 'blæst.ɑːf -s -s

atancy 'bleɪ.tᵊn*t*.si

atant 'bleɪ.tᵊnt -ly -li

atchford 'blætʃ.fəd (US) -fɚd

athler 'blæð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

awith *in Cumbria:* 'blɑːð *road in Harrow:* 'bleɪ.wɪθ

axploitation ˌblæk.splɔɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn

aydes bleɪdz

aydon 'bleɪ.dᵊn

azle bleɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

azer 'bleɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z

azes 'bleɪ.zɪz

azey 'bleɪ.zi

azon 'bleɪ.zᵊn *in original heraldic sense also:* 'blæz.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

leach bliːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'bleaching ˌpowder

leachers 'bliː.tʃəz (US) -tʃɚz

leak bliːk -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

leakley 'bliː.kli

lear blɪəʳ (US) blɪr

learly 'blɪə.r|i (US) 'blɪr|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst (US) -i.əst -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

leary-eyed ˌblɪə.ri'aɪd (US) 'blɪr.i.aɪd- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbleary-eyed 'child

leasdale 'bliːz.deɪl

leasedale 'bliːz.deɪl

leat bliːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'bliː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'bliː.t̬ɪd

leb bleb -s -z

led (*from* **bleed**) bled

ledisloe 'bled.ɪ.sləʊ (US) -sloʊ

leed bliːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **bled** bled

leeding-edge ˌbliː.dɪŋ'edʒ

leep bliːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

leeper 'bliː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z

lemish 'blem.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

lench (B) blen*t*ʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

lencowe 'bleŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ

lend blend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

lende blend

lender 'blen.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z

lenheim 'blen.ɪm, -əm

lenkinsop 'bleŋ.kɪn.sɒp (US) -sɑːp

lennerhassett ˌblen.ə'hæs.ɪt (US) 'blen.ɚ.hæs-

Blériot 'bler.i.əʊ (US) ˌbler.i'oʊ, '--- -s -z

bless bles -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **blest** blest

blessed (*adj.*) 'bles.ɪd, -əd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

blessing 'bles.ɪŋ -s -z a ˌblessing in dis'guise

Blessington 'bles.ɪŋ.tən

blest (*from* **bless**) blest

Bletchley 'bletʃ.li

bleth|er 'bleð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

blew (*from* **blow**) bluː

Blewett, Blewitt bluː.ɪt

Blickling 'blɪk.lɪŋ

Bligh blaɪ

blight blaɪt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'blaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'blaɪ.t̬ɪd

blighter 'blaɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

Blighty 'blaɪ.ti (US) -t̬i

blimey 'blaɪ.mi

blimp blɪmp -s -s -ish -ɪʃ

blind blaɪnd -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -est -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˌblind 'date; 'blind ˌside; 'blind ˌspot; as ˌblind as a 'bat; (a ˌcase of) the ˌblind ˌleading the 'blind; ˌturn a ˌblind 'eye (to)

blinder 'blaɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z

blindfold 'blaɪn*d*.fəʊld (US) -foʊld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

blinding 'blaɪn.dɪŋ -ly -li

blindman's-buff ˌblaɪn*d*.mænz'bʌf

blindsid|e 'blaɪn*d*.saɪd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

blindworm 'blaɪnd.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s -z

blini 'blɪn.i, 'bliː.ni -s -z

blink blɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

blinker 'blɪŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z -ed -d

blip blɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t

bliss (B) blɪs

Blissett 'blɪs.ɪt

blissful 'blɪs.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

blist|er 'blɪs.t|əʳ (US) -t|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

blith|e blaɪð -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs

Blithedale 'blaɪð.deɪl

blithering 'blɪð.ᵊr.ɪŋ

blithesome 'blaɪð.səm -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

BLit(t) ˌbiː'lɪt

blitz blɪts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

blitzkrieg 'blɪts.kriːg -s -z

Blix blɪks

Blixen 'blɪk.sᵊn

blizzard 'blɪz.əd (US) -ɚd -s -z

bloat bləʊt (US) bloʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'bloʊ.t̬ɪŋ -ed/ness -ɪd/nəs, -nɪs (US) 'bloʊ.t̬ɪd/nəs, -nɪs

bloater 'bləʊ.təʳ (US) 'bloʊ.t̬ɚ -s -z

blob blɒb (US) blɑːb -s -z

blobb|y 'blɒb|.i (US) 'blɑː.b|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -ɪ.əst

bloc blɒk (US) blɑːk -s -s

Bloch blɒk *as if German:* blɒx (US) blɑːk

block (B) blɒk (US) blɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌblock 'capitals; ˌblock 'booking

blockad|e blɒk'eɪd, blə'keɪd (US) blɑː'keɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

blockag|e 'blɒk.ɪdʒ (US) 'blɑː.kɪdʒ -es -ɪz

blockbust|er 'blɒkˌbʌs.t|əʳ (US) 'blɑːkˌbʌs.t|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ

blockhead 'blɒk.hed (US) 'blɑːk- -s -z

blockhou|se 'blɒk.haʊ|s (US) 'blɑːk- -ses -zɪz

Blodwen 'blɒd.wɪn, -wen (US) 'blɑːd-

Bloemfontein 'bluːm.fən.teɪn, -fɒn- (US) -fɑːn-

Blofeld 'bləʊ.felt, -feld (US) 'bloʊ-

blog blɒg (US) blɑːg, blɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d -ger/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Blois *town in France:* blwɑː *surname:* blɔɪs

bloke bləʊk (US) bloʊk -s -s -ish/ly -ɪʃ/li

Blom blɒm (US) blɑːm

Blomefield 'bluːm.fiːld

Blomfield 'blɒm.fiːld, 'blʊm-, 'blʌm-, 'bluːm- (US) 'blɑːm-, 'blʊm-, 'blʌm-, 'bluːm-

blond(e) blɒnd (US) blɑːnd -s -z

Blondel(l) 'blʌn.dᵊl, 'blɒn-; blɒn'del (US) blɑːn'del; 'blɑːn.dᵊl, 'blʌn-

Blondin 'blɒn.dɪn *as if French:* blɔ̃ːn'dæ̃ŋ (US) blɑːn'dæn

blood blʌd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd 'blood ˌcell; 'blood ˌdonor; 'blood ˌgroup; 'blood ˌmoney; 'blood ˌpoisoning; 'blood ˌpressure; ˌblood re'lation; 'blood ˌsport; 'blood ˌtest; 'blood transˌfusion; 'blood ˌvessel; ˌblood is thicker than 'water; get ˌblood out of a 'stone; in ˌcold 'blood

bloodba|th 'blʌd.bɑː|θ (US) -bæ|θ -ths -ðz

bloodcurdling 'blʌdˌkɜː.dᵊl.ɪŋ, -ˌkɜːd.lɪŋ (US) -ˌkɝː.dᵊl.ɪŋ, -ˌkɝːd.lɪŋ -ly -li

bloodhound 'blʌd.haʊnd -s -z

bloodied 'blʌd.id

bloodless 'blʌd.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

bloodletting 'blʌdˌlet.ɪŋ (US) -ˌlet̬.ɪŋ

bloodline 'blʌd.laɪn

blood-red ˌblʌd'red *stress shift:* ˌblood-red 'lips

bloodshed 'blʌd.ʃed

bloodshot 'blʌd.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt

bloodstain 'blʌd.steɪn -s -z -ed -d

bloodstock 'blʌd.stɒk (US) -stɑːk

bloodstone 'blʌd.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn -s -z

bloodstream 'blʌd.striːm -s -z

bloodsucker 'blʌdˌsʌk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z

bloodthirst|y 'blʌdˌθɜː.st|i (US) -ˌθɝː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

blood|y 'blʌd|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌBloody 'Mary

bloody-minded ˌblʌd.i'maɪn.dɪd

stress shift: ˌbloody-minded ˈperson
bloom (B) bluːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Bloomberg ˈbluːm.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
bloomer (B) ˈbluː.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ -s -z
Bloomfield ˈbluːm.fiːld
Bloomingdale ˈbluː.mɪŋ.deɪl -'s -z
Bloomington ˈbluː.mɪŋ.tən
Bloomsbury ˈbluːmz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ-
bloop bluːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
blooper ˈbluː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z
Blore blɔːʳ ⓤⓢ blɔːr
blossom (B) ˈblɒs.ᵊm ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.sᵊm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
blot blɒt ⓤⓢ blɑːt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.t̬ɪd
blotch blɒtʃ ⓤⓢ blɑːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
blotch|y ˈblɒtʃ|.i ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.tʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
blotter ˈblɒt.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.t̬ɚ -s -z
blotting ˈblɒt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.t̬ɪŋ ˈ**blotting** ˌ**paper**
blotto ˈblɒt.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈblɑː.t̬oʊ
Blount blʌnt, blaʊnt
blous|e blaʊz ⓤⓢ blaʊs -es -ɪz
blouson ˈbluː.zɒn ⓤⓢ -sɑːn, ˈblaʊ-, -zɑːn -s -z
blow (B) bləʊ ⓤⓢ bloʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **blew** bluː **blown** bləʊn ⓤⓢ bloʊn **blowed** bləʊd ⓤⓢ bloʊd **blower/s** ˈbləʊ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ.ɚ/s
blow-by-blow ˌbləʊ.baɪˈbləʊ ⓤⓢ ˌbloʊ.baɪˈbloʊ *stress shift:* ˌblow-by-blow acˈcount
blow|dry ˈbləʊ|.draɪ ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -dries -draɪz -drying -ˌdraɪ.ɪŋ -dried -draɪd -drier/s -ˌdraɪ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˌdraɪ.ɚ/z
blowfl|y ˈbləʊ.fl|aɪ ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -ies -aɪz
blowgun ˈbləʊ.gʌn ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -s -z
blowhard ˈbləʊ.hɑːd ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ.hɑːrd -s -z
blowhole ˈbləʊ.həʊl ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ.hoʊl -s -z
blowlamp ˈbləʊ.læmp ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -s -s
blown (*from* **blow**) bləʊn ⓤⓢ bloʊn
blowout ˈbləʊ.aʊt ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -s -s
blowpipe ˈbləʊ.paɪp ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -s -s
blows|y ˈblaʊ.z|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
blowtorch ˈbləʊ.tɔːtʃ ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ.tɔːrtʃ -es -ɪz
blow|y ˈbləʊ|.i ⓤⓢ ˈbloʊ- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
blowz|y ˈblaʊ.z|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Blox(h)am ˈblɒk.səm ⓤⓢ ˈblɑːk-
BLT ˌbiː.elˈtiː
blub blʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
blubb|er ˈblʌb|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z
bludgeon ˈblʌdʒ.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

blu|e bluː -es -z -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -(e)ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌ**blue** ˈ**cheese;** ˈ**blue** ˌ**law;** ˌ**blue** ˈ**movie;** ˈ**blue** ˌ**jay;** ˈ**blue** ˌ**tit;** ˌ**out of the** ˈ**blue**
Bluebeard ˈbluː.bɪəd ⓤⓢ -bɪrd
bluebell ˈbluː.bel -s -z
blueberr|y ˈbluː.bᵊr|.i, -ˌber- ⓤⓢ -ˌber- -ies -iz
bluebird ˈbluː.bɜːd ⓤⓢ -bɝːd -s -z
blue-blooded ˌbluːˈblʌd.ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌblue-blooded ˈmonarch
bluebottle ˈbluːˌbɒt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˌbɑː.t̬ᵊl -s -z
blue-chip ˈbluː.tʃɪp
bluecoat ˈbluː.kəʊt ⓤⓢ -koʊt -s -s
blue-collar ˌbluːˈkɒl.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈbluːˌkɑː.lɚ *stress shift, British only:* ˌblue-collar ˈworker
blue-eyed ˌbluːˈaɪd, ˈ-- *stress shift, British only: see compound:* ˌ**blue-eyed** ˈ**boy**
bluegrass ˈbluː.grɑːs ⓤⓢ -græs
bluejacket ˈbluːˌdʒæk.ɪt -s -s
bluejay ˈbluː.dʒeɪ -s -z
bluejeans, blue jeans ˌbluːˈdʒiːnz ⓤⓢ ˈ--
blueness ˈbluː.nəs, -nɪs
blue-pencil ˌbluːˈpent.sᵊl, -sɪl ⓤⓢ ˈ-ˌ-- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
blueprint ˈbluː.prɪnt -s -s
blue-sky ˌbluːˈskaɪ *stress shift:* ˌblue-sky reˈsearch
bluestocking ˈbluːˌstɒk.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌstɑː.kɪŋ -s -z
bluesy ˈbluː.zi
Bluetooth® ˈbluː.tuːθ
Bluett ˈbluː.ɪt
bluey ˈbluː.i
bluff blʌf -s -s -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
bluish ˈbluː.ɪʃ
Blum bluːm
Blume bluːm
Blundell ˈblʌn.dᵊl; blʌnˈdel
Blunden ˈblʌn.dən
blund|er ˈblʌn.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
blunderbuss ˈblʌn.də.bʌs ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -es -ɪz
Blunkett ˈblʌŋ.kɪt
Blunn blʌn
blunt (B) blʌnt -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈblʌn.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ ˈblʌn.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈblʌn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈblʌn.t̬ɪd ˌ**blunt** ˈ**instrument**
blur (B) blɜːʳ ⓤⓢ blɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
blurb blɜːb ⓤⓢ blɝːb -s -z
blurt blɜːt ⓤⓢ blɝːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈblɝː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈblɝː.t̬ɪd
blush blʌʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
blusher ˈblʌʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
blust|er ˈblʌs.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z

bluster|y ˈblʌs.tᵊr|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Blu-Tack® ˈbluː.tæk
Bly blaɪ
Blyth blaɪð, blaɪθ, blaɪ
Blythborough ˈblaɪ.bᵊr.ə ⓤⓢ -oʊ
Blythe blaɪð
Blyton ˈblaɪ.tᵊn
B-movie ˈbiːˌmuː.vi -s -z
BMus ˌbiːˈmʌz
BMW® ˌbiː.emˈdʌb.ᵊl.ju
BMX ˌbiː.emˈeks *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**BMX** ˈ**bike**
bn (*abbrev. for* **billion**) ˈbɪl.i.ən, ˈ-jən ⓤⓢ ˈ-jən
Bo bəʊ ⓤⓢ boʊ
BO ˌbiːˈəʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ
boa bəʊə ⓤⓢ boʊə -s -z
Boadicea ˌbəʊ.dɪˈsiː.ə, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌboʊ.də-
Boag bəʊg; ˈbəʊ.æg, -əg ⓤⓢ boʊg
Boal bəʊl ⓤⓢ boʊl
Boanas ˈbəʊ.nəs ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ-
Boanerges ˌbəʊəˈnɜː.dʒiːz ⓤⓢ ˌboʊəˈnɝː-
boar bɔːʳ ⓤⓢ bɔːr -s -z
board bɔːd ⓤⓢ bɔːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪ[d] ˈ**board** ˌ**game;** ˈ**boarding** ˌ**house;** ˈ**boarding** ˌ**pass;** ˈ**boarding** ˌ**school;** ˌ**go by the** ˈ**board**
boarder ˈbɔː.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈbɔːr.dɚ -s -z
boardroom ˈbɔːd.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ ˈbɔːrd.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
boardwalk ˈbɔːd.wɔːk ⓤⓢ ˈbɔːrd.wɔːk, -wɑːk -s -s
boarish ˈbɔː.rɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈbɔːr.ɪʃ
Boas ˈbəʊ.æz, -əz, -æs, -əs ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ-
Boase bəʊz ⓤⓢ boʊz
boast bəʊst ⓤⓢ boʊst -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
boastful ˈbəʊst.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈboʊst- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
boat bəʊt ⓤⓢ boʊt -s -s -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ.t̬ɚ/z ˈ**boat** ˌ**race;** ˈ**boat** ˌ**train;** ˌ**burn one's** ˈ**boats**
Boateng ˈbwɑː.teŋ, ˈbəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈbwɑː-, ˈboʊ-
boathook ˈbəʊt.hʊk ⓤⓢ ˈboʊt- -s -s
boathou|se ˈbəʊt.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈboʊt- -ses -zɪz
boating ˈbəʊ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ.t̬ɪŋ
boatload ˈbəʊt.ləʊd ⓤⓢ ˈboʊt.loʊd -s -z
boat|man ˈbəʊt|.mən ⓤⓢ ˈboʊt- -me[n] -mən, -men
boatswain ˈbəʊ.sᵊn, ˈbəʊt.sweɪn ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ.sᵊn -s -z
boatyard ˈbəʊt.jɑːd ⓤⓢ ˈboʊt.jɑːrd -s -z
Boaz ˈbəʊ.æz ⓤⓢ ˈboʊ-
bob (B) bɒb ⓤⓢ bɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
Bobbie ˈbɒb.i ⓤⓢ ˈbɑː.bi
bobbin ˈbɒb.ɪn ⓤⓢ ˈbɑː.bɪn -s -z
bobbish ˈbɒb.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈbɑː.bɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
bobbl|e ˈbɒb.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈbɑː.bᵊl -es -z -in[g] -ɪŋ -ed -d

obb|y (B) 'bɒb|.i (US) 'bɑː.b|i **-ies** -iz
'bobby ˌpin
obbysox 'bɒb.i.sɒks
(US) 'bɑː.bi.sɑːks **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
obcat 'bɒb.kæt (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -s
obo Dioulasso
ˌbəʊ.bəʊ.dju'læs.əʊ
(US) ˌboʊ.boʊ.dju'læs.oʊ
obolink 'bɒb.ə.lɪŋk (US) 'bɑː.bə- **-s** -s
obsled 'bɒb.sled (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -z
-ding -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd
obsleigh 'bɒb.sleɪ (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -z
obstay 'bɒb.steɪ (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -z
obtail 'bɒb.teɪl (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -z
obwig 'bɒb.wɪg (US) 'bɑːb- **-s** -z
oca Raton ˌbəʊ.kə.rə'təʊn
(US) ˌboʊ.kə.rə'toʊn
occaccio bɒk'ɑː.tʃi.əʊ, bə'kɑː-
(US) boʊ'kɑː-
occherini ˌbɒk.ər'iː.ni
(US) ˌbɑː.kə'riː-, ˌboʊ-
oche(s) bɒʃ (US) bɑːʃ, bɔːʃ
ochum 'bəʊ.kəm (US) 'boʊ-
od bɒd (US) bɑːd **-s** -z
odacious bəʊ'deɪ.ʃəs (US) boʊ- **-ly** -li
oddington 'bɒd.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'bɑː.dɪŋ-
oddy 'bɒd.i (US) 'bɑː.di
od|e (B) bəʊd (US) boʊd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
odega (B) bə'deɪ.gə, bɒd'eɪ-
(US) boʊ'deɪ- **-s** -z
oden 'bəʊ.dən (US) 'boʊ-
odey 'bəʊ.di (US) 'boʊ-
odg|e bɒdʒ (US) bɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -d
odger 'bɒdʒ.ər (US) 'bɑː.dʒɚ **-s** -z
odiam 'bəʊ.di.əm (US) 'boʊ-
odic|e 'bɒd.ɪs (US) 'bɑː.dɪs **-es** -ɪz
odie 'bəʊ.di (US) 'boʊ-
bodied -'bɒd.id (US) -'bɑː.did
Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress unless used attributively, e.g. **full-bodied** /ˌfʊl'bɒd.id (US) -'bɑː.did/, **'full-bodied ˌwine**
odily 'bɒd.ɪ.li, -əl.i (US) 'bɑː.dəl.i
ˌ**bodily 'function**
odkin (B) 'bɒd.kɪn (US) 'bɑːd- **-s** -z
Bodleian 'bɒd.li.ən, bɒd'liː-
(US) 'bɑːd.li.ən, bɑːd'liː-
Bodley 'bɒd.li (US) 'bɑːd-
Bodmin 'bɒd.mɪn (US) 'bɑːd-
Bodnant 'bɒd.nænt (US) 'bɑːd-
bod|y 'bɒd|.i (US) 'bɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz **'body ˌbag; 'body ˌbuilder; 'body ˌbuilding; 'body ˌlanguage; 'body ˌsnatcher; keep ˌbody and ˌsoul to'gether; over ˌmy ˌdead 'body**
bodyboard 'bɒd.i.bɔːd
(US) 'bɑː.di.bɔːrd **-ing** -ɪŋ **-s** -z
bodyguard 'bɒd.i.gɑːd
(US) 'bɑː.di.gɑːrd **-s** -z
bodysuit 'bɒd.i.suːt, -sjuːt
(US) 'bɑː.di.suːt **-s** -s
bodysurf 'bɒd.i.sɜːf (US) 'bɑː.di.sɝːf
-s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
bodywarmer 'bɒd.iˌwɔː.mər
(US) 'bɑː.diˌwɔːr.mɚ **-s** -z
bodywork 'bɒd.i.wɜːk
(US) 'bɑː.di.wɝːk
Boeing® 'bəʊ.ɪŋ (US) 'boʊ-
Boeoti|a bi'əʊ.ʃ|ə, -ʃi|.ə (US) -'oʊ.ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Boer bəʊər, bɔːr, bʊər (US) bɔːr, boʊɚ, bʊr **-s** -z
Boethius bəʊ'iː.θi.əs (US) boʊ-
boeuf bourguignon
ˌbɜːfˌbʊə.giː'njɔ̃ːŋ, -ˌbɔː-, -gɪ'-
(US) ˌbɜːfˌbʊr.giː'njõʊn
boff bɒf (US) bɑːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
boffin (B) 'bɒf.ɪn (US) 'bɑː.fɪn **-s** -z
Bofors 'bəʊ.fəz (US) 'boʊ.fɔːrz, -fɔːrs
bog bɒg (US) bɑːg, bɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
Bogan 'bəʊ.gən (US) 'boʊ-
Bogarde 'bəʊ.gɑːd (US) 'boʊ.gɑːrd
Bogart 'bəʊ.gɑːt (US) 'boʊ.gɑːrt
Bogdan 'bɒg.dæn (US) 'bɑːg-, 'bɔːg-
Bogdanovich bɒg'dæn.ə.vɪtʃ
(US) bɑːg'dɑːn-, bɔːg-
bogey 'bəʊ.gi (US) 'boʊ- **-s** -z
bogey|man 'bəʊ.gi|.mæn (US) 'boʊ- **-men** -men
boggl|e 'bɒg.əl (US) 'bɑː.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z, '-lər/z (US) 'bɑː.gəl.ɚ/z, 'bɑːg.lɚ/z
bogg|y 'bɒg|.i (US) 'bɑː.g|i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
bogie 'bəʊ.gi (US) 'boʊ- **-s** -z **'bogie ˌengine; 'bogie ˌwheel**
Bognor 'bɒg.nər (US) 'bɑːg.nɚ, 'bɔːg- ˌ**Bognor 'Regis**
bog-oak ˌbɒg'əʊk (US) 'bɑːg.oʊk, 'bɔːg-
BOGOF 'bɒg.ɒf (US) 'bɑː.gɑːf
Bogota *in Columbia:* ˌbɒg.əʊ'tɑː, ˌbəʊ.gə- (US) ˌboʊ.gə'tɑː, '--- *in New Jersey:* bə'gəʊ.tə (US) -'goʊ.t̬ə
bogstandard ˌbɒg'stæn.dəd
(US) 'bɑːgˌstæn.dɚd, 'bɔːg-
bogus 'bəʊ.gəs (US) 'boʊ-
bog|y 'bəʊ.g|i (US) 'boʊ- **-ies** -iz
bohea bəʊ'hiː (US) boʊ-
Bohème bəʊ'em, -'eɪm (US) boʊ-
Bohemia bəʊ'hiː.mi.ə (US) boʊ-
bohemian (B) bəʊ'hiː.mi.ən (US) boʊ- **-s** -z
Böhm bɜːm
Bohn bəʊn (US) boʊn
Bohr bɔːr (US) bɔːr
Bohun 'bəʊ.ən, buːn (US) 'boʊ-, buːn
Note: /buːn/ in Shaw's 'You never can tell'.
boil bɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'boiling ˌpoint**
boiler 'bɔɪ.lər (US) -lɚ **-s** -z **'boiler ˌsuit**
boilermaker 'bɔɪ.ləˌmeɪ.kər
(US) -lɚˌmeɪ.kɚ **-s** -z
boilerplate 'bɔɪ.lə.pleɪt (US) -lɚ- **-s** -s
boil-in-the-bag ˌbɔɪl.ɪn.ðə'bæg
stress shift: ˌboil-in-the-bag 'meal
boing bɔɪŋ
Boipatong ˌbɔɪ.pə'tɒŋ, -pæt'ɒŋ
(US) 'bɔɪ.pə.tɑːŋ, -tɔːŋ
Bois bɔɪs, bwɑː
Boise 'bɔɪ.zi, 'bɔɪ.si
boisterous 'bɔɪ.stər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Boker 'bəʊ.kər (US) 'boʊ.kɚ
Bokhara bəʊ'kɑː.rə (US) boʊ'kɑːr.ə
Bolan 'bəʊ.lən (US) 'boʊ-
bolas 'bəʊ.ləs, -læs (US) 'boʊ- **-es** -ɪz
bold bəʊld (US) boʊld **-er** -ər (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
bold-face ˌbəʊld'feɪs (US) 'boʊld.feɪs, 'boʊl- **-d** -t *stress shift, British only:* ˌbold-face 'type
Boldon 'bəʊl.dən (US) 'boʊl-
Boldre 'bəʊl.dər (US) 'boʊl.dɚ
bole bəʊl (US) boʊl **-s** -z
bolero *dance:* bə'leə.rəʊ, bɒl'eə-, -'lɪə- (US) bə'ler.oʊ, boʊ- **-s** -z *garment:* 'bɒl.ə.rəʊ (US) bə'ler.oʊ **-s** -z
bolet|us bəʊ'liː.t|əs (US) boʊ'liː.t̬|əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
Boleyn bə'lɪn; bʊ-; bəʊ-; -'liːn
(US) 'bʊ.lɪn, bʊ'lɪn
Bolingbroke 'bɒl.ɪŋ.brʊk
(US) 'bɑː.lɪŋ-, 'boʊ-
Bolinger 'bɒl.ɪn.dʒər, 'bəʊ.lɪn-
(US) 'bɑː.lən.dʒɚ
Bolitho bə'laɪ.θəʊ, bɒl'aɪ-
(US) bə'laɪ.θoʊ
Bolivar *S. American general:* 'bɒl.ɪ.vɑːr; bɒl'iː- (US) 'bɑː.lə.vɚ *places in US:* 'bɒl.ɪ.vər, '-ə-, -vɑːr (US) 'bɑː.lə.vɚ
bolivar *money:* bɒl'iː.vɑːr; 'bɒl.ɪ.vər (US) boʊ'liː.vɑːr; 'bɑː.lə.vɚ **-s** -z
bolivares (*alternative plur. of* **bolivar**) ˌbɒl.ɪ'vɑː.reɪz (US) boʊˌliː.vɑː'reɪs; ˌboʊ.lɪ'vɑːr.es
Bolivi|a bə'lɪv.i|.ə, bɒl'ɪv- (US) bə'lɪv-, boʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
bolivia|no bəʊˌlɪv.i'ɑː|.nəʊ, bɒlˌɪv-; ˌbəʊ.lɪ.vi'-, ˌbɒl.ɪv-
(US) bəˌlɪv.i'ɑː.noʊ, boʊ- **-nos** -nɒs (US) -noʊs
boll bəʊl, bɒl (US) boʊl **-s** -z **-ed** -d ˌ**boll 'weevil** (US) **'boll ˌweevil**
Böll bɜːl (US) bɜːl, boʊl
bollard 'bɒl.ɑːd, -əd (US) 'bɑː.lɚd **-s** -z
Bolling 'bəʊ.lɪŋ (US) 'boʊ-
Bollinger 'bɒl.ɪn.dʒər (US) 'bɑː.lən.dʒɚ
Bollington 'bɒl.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'bɑː.lɪŋ-
bollix 'bɒl.ɪks (US) 'bɑː.lɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bollocking 'bɒl.ə.kɪŋ (US) 'bɑː.lə-
bollocks 'bɒl.əks (US) 'bɑː.ləks
Bollywood 'bɒl.i.wʊd (US) 'bɑː.li-
bolo 'bəʊ.ləʊ (US) 'boʊ.loʊ **-s** -z
Bologna bə'lɒn.jə, bɒl'ɒn-, -'ləʊ.njə, -ni.ə (US) bə'loʊ.njə, -'lɑː-
bologna *sausage:* bə'ləʊ.ni (US) -'loʊ-
bolognaise ˌbɒl.ə'neɪz, -'njeɪz
(US) ˌboʊ.lə'njeɪz
Bolognese ˌbɒl.ə'neɪz *as if Italian:* -'njeɪ.zeɪ (US) ˌboʊ.lə'niːz, -'njiːz
bolometer bəʊ'lɒm.ɪ.tər, '-ə-
(US) boʊ'lɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
boloney bə'ləʊ.ni (US) -'loʊ-
Bolshevik 'bɒl.ʃə.vɪk, -ʃɪ-
(US) 'boʊl-, 'bɑːl- **-s** -s
Bolshev|ist 'bɒl.ʃə.v|ɪst, -ʃɪ-

(US) 'boʊl-, 'bɑːl- -ism -ɪ.zᵊm

bolshie 'bɒl.ʃi (US) 'boʊl-, 'bɑːl- -s -z

Bolshoi, Bolshoy bɒl'ʃɔɪ, '-- (US) 'boʊl.ʃɔɪ, 'bɑːl-; boʊl'ʃɔɪ

bolsh|y 'bɒl.ʃ|i (US) 'boʊl-, 'bɑːl- -ies -z -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Bolsover *surname, street in London:* 'bɒl.səʊ.vəʳ (US) 'boʊl.soʊ.vɚ *in Derbyshire:* 'bəʊl.zəʊ.vəʳ; 'bəʊl.səʊ- (US) 'boʊl.zoʊ.vɚ

bolst|er 'bəʊl.st|əʳ (US) 'boʊl.st|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

bolt (B) bəʊlt (US) boʊlt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'boʊl.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'boʊl.t̬ɪd **ˌbolt 'upright**

bolter (B) 'bəʊl.təʳ (US) 'boʊl.t̬ɚ -s -z

bolt-hole 'bəʊlt.həʊl (US) 'boʊlt.hoʊl -s -z

Bolton 'bəʊl.tᵊn (US) 'boʊl-

Bolton-le-Sands ˌbəʊl.tən.lə'sændz, -lɪ'- (US) ˌboʊl.tᵊn-

bolus 'bəʊ.ləs (US) 'boʊ- -es -ɪz

Bolzano bɒlt'zɑː.nəʊ (US) boʊlt'sɑː.noʊ, boʊl'zɑː-

bomb bɒm (US) bɑːm -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d **ˌbomb dis'posal ˌunit, 'bomb diˌsposal ˌunit**

bombard (*n.*) 'bɒm.bɑːd (US) 'bɑːm.bɑːrd -s -z

bombard (*v.*) bɒm'bɑːd (US) bɑːm'bɑːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -ment/s -mənt/s

bombardier ˌbɒm.bə'dɪəʳ (US) ˌbɑːm.bə'dɪr -s -z

bombardon 'bɒm.bə.dᵊn; bɒm'bɑː- (US) 'bɑːm.bɚ-; bɑːm'bɑːr- -s -z

bombasine 'bɒm.bə.ziːn, -siːn, ˌ--'- (US) ˌbɑːm.bə'ziːn

bombast 'bɒm.bæst (US) 'bɑːm-

bombastic bɒm'bæs.tɪk (US) bɑːm- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

Bombay ˌbɒm'beɪ (US) ˌbɑːm- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌBombay 'duck**

bombe bɒm, bɒmb (US) bɑːm -s -z

bomber 'bɒm.əʳ (US) 'bɑː.mɚ -s -z

bombshell 'bɒm.ʃel (US) 'bɑːm- -s -z

bombsite 'bɒm.saɪt (US) 'bɑːm- -s -s

Bompas 'bʌm.pəs

bon bɔ̃ːŋ (US) bɔ̃ːn

bona fid|e ˌbəʊ.nə'faɪ.d|i, -d|eɪ (US) ˌboʊ.nə'- -es -iːz, -eɪz

bonanza bə'næn.zə -s -z

Bonapart|e 'bəʊ.nə.pɑːt (US) 'boʊ.nə.pɑːrt -ist/s -ɪst/s

Bonar 'bɒn.əʳ, 'bəʊ.nəʳ (US) 'bɑː.nɚ, 'boʊ-

bonbon 'bɒn.bɒn, 'bɒm- (US) 'bɑːn.bɑːn -s -z

Bonchurch 'bɒn.tʃɜːtʃ (US) 'bɑːn.tʃɝːtʃ

bond (B) bɒnd (US) bɑːnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **'bond ˌholder**

bondage 'bɒn.dɪdʒ (US) 'bɑːn-

Bondi *in Australia:* 'bɒn.daɪ (US) 'bɑːn- **ˌBondi 'Beach**

Bondi *mathematician:* 'bɒn.di (US) 'bɑːn-

bondmaid 'bɒnd.meɪd (US) 'bɑːnd- -s -z

bond|man 'bɒnd|.mən (US) 'bɑːnd- -men -mən, -men

bonds|man 'bɒndz|.mən (US) 'bɑːndz- -men -mən, -men

bonds|woman 'bɒndz|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'bɑːndz- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn

bond|woman 'bɒnd|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'bɑːnd- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn

bon|e (B) bəʊn (US) boʊn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -eless -ləs, -lɪs **'bone ˌmeal; 'bone ˌmarrow; ˌchilled to the 'bone; have a 'bone to pick with ˌsomeone; ˌmake no 'bones about something**

bone-dry ˌbəʊn'draɪ (US) ˌboʊn- *stress shift:* ˌbone-dry 'desert

bonehead 'bəʊn.hed (US) 'boʊn- -s -z

bonesetter 'bəʊnˌset.əʳ (US) 'boʊnˌset̬.ɚ -s -z

bone-shaker 'bəʊnˌʃeɪ.kəʳ (US) 'boʊnˌʃeɪ.kɚ -s -z

Bo'ness bəʊ'nes (US) boʊ-

bonfire 'bɒn.faɪəʳ (US) 'bɑːn.faɪɚ -s -z **'Bonfire ˌNight**

bong bɒŋ (US) bɑːŋ, bɔːŋ -s -z

bongo 'bɒŋ.gəʊ (US) 'bɑːŋ.goʊ -(e)s -z **'bongo ˌdrum**

Bonham 'bɒn.əm (US) 'bɑː.nəm

Bonham-Carter ˌbɒn.əm'kɑː.təʳ (US) ˌbɑː.nəm'kɑːr.t̬ɚ

bonhomie 'bɒn.ɒm.i, -ə.mi, -miː, ˌ--'- (US) ˌbɑː.nə'miː, '---

Boniface 'bɒn.ɪ.feɪs, -fæs (US) 'bɑː.nɪ-

Bonifacio ˌbɒn.ɪ'fæʃ.i.əʊ, -'fæs- (US) ˌboʊ.ni'fɑː.ʃoʊ, '-ʃi.oʊ

Bonington 'bɒn.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'bɑː.nɪŋ.t̬ən

bonk bɒŋk (US) bɑːŋk, bɔːŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

bonkbuster 'bɒŋkˌbʌs.təʳ (US) 'bɑːŋkˌbʌs.tɚ -s -z

bonkers 'bɒŋ.kəz (US) 'bɑːŋ.kɚz, 'bɔːŋ-

bon(s) mot(s) ˌbɔ̃ːm'məʊ (US) ˌbɔ̃ːn'moʊ

Bonn bɒn (US) bɑːn

Bonnard bɒn'ɑːʳ (US) bɑː'nɑːr, bɔː-

Bonner 'bɒn.əʳ (US) 'bɑː.nɚ

bonn|et 'bɒn|.ɪt (US) 'bɑː.n|ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd

Bonnett 'bɒn.ɪt (US) 'bɑː.nɪt

Bonnie 'bɒn.i (US) 'bɑː.ni

bonn|y 'bɒn|.i (US) 'bɑː.n|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Bono 'bəʊ.nəʊ, 'bɒn.əʊ (US) 'boʊ.noʊ, 'bɑː-

bonsai 'bɒn.saɪ (US) ˌbɑːn'saɪ, ˌboʊn- -s -z

Bonsor 'bɒnt.səʳ, -zəʳ (US) 'bɑːnt.sɚ, -zɚ

bonus 'bəʊ.nəs (US) 'boʊ- -es -ɪz

bon(s) vivant(s) ˌbɔ̃ːŋ.viː'vɑ̃ːŋ (US) ˌbɑːn.viː'vɑːnt, ˌbɔ̃ː-

bon(s) viveur(s) ˌbɔ̃ːŋ.viː'vɜːʳ (US) ˌbɑːn.viː'vɝː

bon voyage ˌbɔ̃ːŋ.vɔɪ'ɑːʒ, -vwaɪ'- (US) ˌbɑːn.vwaɪ'-, -vɔɪ'-

bon|y 'bəʊ.n|i (US) 'boʊ- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

bonz|e bɒnz (US) bɑːnz -es -ɪz

bonzer 'bɒn.zəʳ (US) 'bɑːn.zɚ

boo buː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌcouldn't say ˌboo to a 'goos**

boob buːb -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

boo-boo 'buː.buː -s -z

boob|y 'buː.b|i -ies -iz -yish -i.ɪʃ **'booby ˌprize; 'booby ˌtrap**

boodle (B) 'buː.dᵊl

booger 'buː.gəʳ, 'bʊg.əʳ (US) 'bʊg.ɚ, 'buː.gɚ -s -z

boogey|man 'bʊg.i|.mæn, 'buː.gi- -men -men

boog|ie 'buː.g|i (US) 'bʊg|.i, 'buː.g|i -ies -iz -ieing -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

boogie-woogie ˌbuː.gi'wuː.gi, 'buː.giˌwuː-, ˌbʊg.i'wʊg.i

boohoo ˌbuː'huː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -

book bʊk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ (US) -ɚ/z **'book ˌclub; 'book ˌtoken; ˌbring someone to 'book; in someone's 'good/bad ˌbooks, in someone's ˌgood/ˌbad 'books**

bookable 'bʊk.ə.bᵊl

bookbind|er 'bʊkˌbaɪn.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

bookcas|e 'bʊk.keɪs -es -ɪz

bookend 'bʊk.end -s -z

Booker 'bʊk.əʳ (US) -ɚ

Bookham 'bʊk.əm

bookie 'bʊk.i -s -z

booking 'bʊk.ɪŋ -s -z **'booking ˌoffi**

bookish 'bʊk.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪ

bookkeep|er 'bʊkˌkiː.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

bookland 'bʊk.lænd

book-learning 'bʊkˌlɜː.nɪŋ (US) -ˌlɝ

booklet 'bʊk.lət, -lɪt -s -s

bookmak|er 'bʊkˌmeɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

book|man 'bʊk|.mən, -mæn -men -mən, -men

bookmark 'bʊk.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

bookmobile 'bʊk.məʊˌbiːl (US) -mə- -moʊ- -s -z

bookplate 'bʊk.pleɪt -s -s

booksell|er 'bʊkˌsel|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -ə (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

bookshel|f 'bʊk.ʃel|f -ves -vz

bookshop 'bʊk.ʃɒp (US) -ʃɑːp -s -s

bookstall 'bʊk.stɔːl (US) -stɔːl, -stɑː -s -z

bookstand 'bʊk.stænd -s -z

bookstore 'bʊk.stɔːʳ (US) -stɔːr -s -z

bookwork 'bʊk.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk

bookworm 'bʊk.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s

Boolean 'buː.li.ən -s -z

boom buːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **'boom ˌbox**

boomerang 'buː.mᵊr.æŋ (US) -mə.ræŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

boomlet 'buːm.lət, -lɪt -s -s

boon buːn -s -z

boondock 'buːn.dɒk (US) -dɑːk -s -s

boondoggl|e 'buːnˌdɒg.ᵊl

-ˌdɑː.gəl, -ˌdɔː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
ɪŋ (US) -ˌdɑː.gəl.ɪŋ, -ˌdɔː-, ˌ-glɪŋ -ed
-er/s -əʳ/z, ˌ-ləʳ/z (US) -ˌdɑː.gəl.ɚ/z,
dɔː-, ˌ-glɚ/z
n(e) buːn
nies ˈbuː.niz
r bɔːʳ, bʊə (US) bʊr -s -z
rd bɔːd (US) bɔːrd
rish ˈbɔː.rɪʃ, ˈbʊə- (US) ˈbʊr.ɪʃ -ly -li
ess -nəs, -nɪs
sey ˈbuː.zi
st buːst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
ster ˈbuː.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
t (B) buːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈbuː.t̬ɪŋ
d -ɪd (US) ˈbuː.t̬ɪd ˈ**boot**ˌ**sale; ˌput the**
oot in; too ˌbig for one's ˈboots
tblack ˈbuːt.blæk -s -s
tee ˌbuːˈtiː; ˈbuː.ti (US) ˈbuː.t̬i -s -z
tes bəʊˈəʊ.tiːz (US) boʊˈoʊ-
th (B) buːð, buːθ -s -z, -s
thby ˈbuːð.bi
the buːð
throyd ˈbuːθ.rɔɪd, ˈbuːð-
tie ˈbuː.ti (US) -t̬i -s -z
tjack ˈbuːt.dʒæk -s -s
tlac|e ˈbuːt.leɪs -es -ɪz
tle ˈbuː.təl (US) ˈbuː.t̬əl
tleg ˈbuːt.leg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
tlegger ˈbuːtˌleg.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
tless ˈbuːt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness
əs, -nɪs
ts (*sing.*) *hotel servant:* buːts
lur.) buːts, ˈbuːt.sɪz
ts® buːts
tstrap ˈbuːt.stræp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ
ped -t
ty ˈbuː.ti (US) -t̬i
tylicious ˌbuː.tiˈlɪʃ.əs (US) -t̬i-
z|e buːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
r/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ze-up ˈbuːz.ʌp -s -s
z|y ˈbuː.z|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i
bɒp (US) bɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
y -i
peep ˌbəʊˈpiːp (US) ˌboʊ-
huthatswana
ɒp.uː.tætˈswɑː.nə, ˌboʊ.puː-,
ətˈ- (US) ˌboʊ.puː.tɑːtˈswɑː-, -t̬ətˈ-
racic bəˈræs.ɪk, bɒrˈæs-
(US) bəˈræs-, bɔː-
rage ˈbɒr.ɪdʒ, ˈbʌr- (US) ˈbɔːr-
rate ˈbɔː.reɪt, -rɪt, -rət
(US) ˈbɔːr.eɪt, -ɪt, -ət -s -s
rax ˈbɔː.ræks (US) ˈbɔːr.æks
rborygmus ˌbɔː.bəˈrɪg.məs
(US) ˌbɔːr-
rd bɔːd (US) bɔːrd
rdeaux bɔːˈdəʊ (US) bɔːrˈdoʊ
rdello bɔːˈdel.əʊ (US) bɔːrˈdel.oʊ
s -z
rden ˈbɔː.dən (US) ˈbɔːrdən
rd|er ˈbɔː.d|əʳ (US) ˈbɔːr.d|ɚ -ers -əz
(US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd
(US) -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
rderland ˈbɔː.dəl.ænd
(US) ˈbɔːr.dɚ.lænd -s -z
rderline ˈbɔː.dəl.aɪn
(US) ˈbɔːr.dɚ.laɪn -s -z
Borders ˈbɔː.dəz (US) ˈbɔːr.dɚz
Bordon ˈbɔː.dən (US) ˈbɔːr-
bordure ˈbɔː.djʊəʳ (US) ˈbɔːr.djɚ, -dʒɚ -s -z
bor|e bɔːʳ (US) bɔːr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
bore (*from* **bear**) bɔːʳ (US) bɔːr
borealis ˌbɒr.iˈɑː.lɪs, ˌbɔː.riˈ-, -ˈeɪ- (US) ˌbɔːr.iˈæl.ɪs, -ˈeɪ.lɪs
Boreas ˈbɒr.i.æs, ˈbɔː.ri-, -əs (US) ˈbɔːr.i-
boredom ˈbɔː.dəm (US) ˈbɔːr-
Boreham ˈbɔː.rəm (US) ˈbɔːr.əm
Borehamwood ˌbɔː.rəmˈwʊd (US) ˌbɔːr.əm-
borehole ˈbɔː.həʊl (US) ˈbɔːr.hoʊl -s -z
borer ˈbɔː.rəʳ (US) ˈbɔːr.ɚ -s -z
Borg bɔːg (US) bɔːrg
Borges ˈbɔː.ges, -xes (US) ˈbɔːr.hes
Borgia ˈbɔː.*d*ʒi.ə, -*d*ʒə (US) ˈbɔːr.*d*ʒə
boric ˈbɔː.rɪk, ˈbɒr.ɪk (US) ˈbɔːr.ɪk ˌ**boric** ˈ**acid**
Boris ˈbɒr.ɪs (US) ˈbɔːr-
Borland ˈbɔː.lənd (US) ˈbɔːr-
borlotti (B) bɔːˈlɒt.i (US) bɔːrˈlɑː.t̬i
born bɔːn (US) bɔːrn
born-again ˌbɔːn.əˈgen, -ˈgeɪn (US) ˌbɔːrn.əˈgen *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**born-again** ˈ**Christian**
borne (*from* **bear**) bɔːn (US) bɔːrn
Borneo ˈbɔː.ni.əʊ (US) ˈbɔːr.ni.oʊ
Borodin ˈbɒr.ə.dɪn (US) ˈbɔːr-
boron ˈbɔː.rɒn (US) ˈbɔːr.ɑːn
borough ˈbʌr.ə (US) ˈbɝː.oʊ, -ə -s -z
borrow (B) ˈbɒr.əʊ (US) ˈbɑːr.oʊ -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Borrowash ˈbɒr.əʊ.wɒʃ (US) ˈbɑːr.oʊ.wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ
Borrowdale ˈbɒr.ə.deɪl (US) ˈbɑːr-
Bors bɔːs (US) bɔːrs
borsch bɔːʃ (US) bɔːrʃ
borscht bɔːʃt (US) bɔːrʃt
borstal (B) ˈbɔː.stəl (US) ˈbɔːr- -s -z
borstch bɔːʃ, bɔːstʃ, bɔːʃtʃ (US) bɔːrʃt
Borthwick ˈbɔːθ.wɪk (US) ˈbɔːrθ-
Borwick ˈbɒr.ɪk (US) ˈbɔːr.wɪk
borzoi ˈbɔː.zɔɪ, -ˈ- (US) ˈbɔːr- -s -z
Bosanquet ˈbəʊ.zən.ket, -kɪt (US) ˈboʊ-
boscag|e ˈbɒs.kɪdʒ (US) ˈbɑːs- -es -ɪz
Boscastle ˈbɒs.kɑː.səl, -kæs.əl (US) ˈbɑː.skæs.əl
Boscawen bɒsˈkəʊ.ən; -ɪn; -ˈkɔː-; ˈbɒs.kwɪn (US) bɑːˈskoʊ.ən; ˈbɑː.skwɪn
Bosch bɒʃ (US) bɑːʃ
bosh bɒʃ (US) bɑːʃ
Bosham ˈbɒz.əm, ˈbɒs- (US) ˈbɑː.zəm, -səm
Note: A new pronunciation /ˈbɒʃ.əm/ is also heard.
Bosher ˈbəʊ.ʃəʳ (US) ˈboʊ.ʃɚ
bosky ˈbɒs.ki (US) ˈbɑː.ski
bos'n, bo's'n ˈbəʊ.sən (US) ˈboʊ- -s -z
Bosni|a ˈbɒz.ni|.ə (US) ˈbɑːz- -an/s -ən/z
Bosnia-Herzegovina ˌbɒz.ni.əˌhɜːt.səˈgɒv.ɪ.nə; -gəʊˈviː- (US) ˌbɑːz.ni.əˌhert.sə.goʊˈviː.nə, -gə-
bosom ˈbʊz.əm -s -z -y -i
Bosphorus ˈbɒs.fər.əs, -pər- (US) ˈbɑːs.fɚ-, ˈbɑː.spɚ-
Bosporus ˈbɒs.pər.əs (US) ˈbɑː.spɚ-
boss (B) bɒs (US) bɑːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
bossa nova ˌbɒs.əˈnəʊ.və (US) ˌbɑː.səˈnoʊ-
boss-eyed ˌbɒsˈaɪd (US) ˈbɑːs.aɪd *stress shift:* ˌboss-eyed ˈcat
Bossuet ˈbɒs.u.eɪ (US) ˈbɑː.sweɪ
boss|y ˈbɒs|.i (US) ˈbɑː.s|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Bostik® ˈbɒs.tɪk (US) ˈbɑː.stɪk
Bostock ˈbɒs.tɒk (US) ˈbɑː.stɑːk
Boston ˈbɒs.tən (US) ˈbɑː.stən, ˈbɔː-
Bostonian bɒsˈtəʊ.ni.ən (US) bɑːˈstoʊ-, bɔː- -s -z
Bostridge ˈbɒs.trɪdʒ (US) ˈbɑː.strɪdʒ
bosun ˈbəʊ.sən (US) ˈboʊ- -s -z
Boswell ˈbɒz.wəl, -wel (US) ˈbɑːz-
Bosworth ˈbɒz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) ˈbɑːz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
botanic bəˈtæn.ɪk, bɒtˈæn- (US) bəˈtæn- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li **bo**ˌ**tanic** ˈ**garden**
botanist ˈbɒt.ən.ɪst (US) ˈbɑː.tən- -s -s
botaniz|e, -is|e ˈbɒt.ən.aɪz (US) ˈbɑː.tən- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
botany ˈbɒt.ən.i (US) ˈbɑː.tən- ˌ**Botany** ˈ**Bay**
botch bɒtʃ (US) bɑːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
botch-up ˈbɒtʃ.ʌp (US) ˈbɑːtʃ- -s -s
both bəʊθ (US) boʊθ
Botha ˈbəʊ.tə (US) ˈboʊ.t̬ə
Botham ˈbəʊ.θəm, ˈbɒð.əm (US) ˈboʊ.θəm, ˈbɑː.ðəm
both|er ˈbɒð|.əʳ (US) ˈbɑː.ð|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
botheration ˌbɒð.əˈreɪ.ʃən (US) ˌbɑː.ðəˈreɪ-
bothersome ˈbɒð.ə.səm (US) ˈbɑː.ðɚ-
Bothnia ˈbɒθ.ni.ə (US) ˈbɑːθ-
Bothwell ˈbɒθ.wəl, ˈbɒð-, -wel (US) ˈbɑːθ-, ˈbɑːð-
both|y ˈbɒθ|.i, bɒð- (US) ˈbɑː.θ|i, -ð|i -ies -iz
Botolph ˈbɒt.ɒlf, -əlf (US) ˈbɑː.tɑːlf
Botox® ˈbəʊ.tɒks (US) ˈboʊ.tɑːks
botrytis bɒtˈraɪ.tɪs (US) boʊˈtraɪ.t̬əs
Botswana bɒtˈswɑː.nə (US) bɑːt-
Botticelli ˌbɒt.ɪˈtʃel.i (US) ˌbɑː.t̬əˈ- -s -z
bottl|e ˈbɒt.əl (US) ˈbɑː.t̬əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ (US) ˈbɑː.t̬əl.ɪŋ, ˈbɑːt.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z (US) ˈbɑː.t̬əl.ɚ/z, ˈbɑːt.lɚ/z ˈ**bottle** ˌ**bank**
bottle-green ˌbɒt.əlˈgriːn (US) ˌbɑː.t̬əlˈ- *stress shift:* ˌbottle-green ˈjacket
bottleneck ˈbɒt.əl.nek (US) ˈbɑː.t̬əl- -s -s
bottle-nos|e ˈbɒt.əl.nəʊz (US) ˈbɑː.t̬əl.noʊz -es -ɪz -ed -d
bottle-wash|er ˈbɒt.əlˌwɒʃ.əʳ

bravado brəˈvɑː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ **-(e)s** -z
brav|e breɪv **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Braveheart ˈbreɪv.hɑːt (US) -hɑːrt
braver|y ˈbreɪ.vᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
Bravington ˈbræv.ɪŋ.tən
bravo brɑːˈvəʊ, ˈ-- (US) ˈbrɑː.voʊ, -ˈ- **-(e)s** -z
Note: Always /ˈ--/ in the ICAO alphabet.
bravura brəˈvjʊə.rə, -ˈvjɔː-, -ˈvʊə- (US) -ˈvjʊr.ə, -ˈvʊr-
brawl brɔːl (US) brɑːl, brɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
brawn brɔːn (US) brɑːn, brɔːn
Brawne brɔːn (US) brɑːn, brɔːn
brawn|y ˈbrɔː.n|i (US) ˈbrɑː-, ˈbrɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Braxton ˈbræk.stᵊn
bray (B) breɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Braybrooke ˈbreɪ.brʊk
Brayley ˈbreɪ.li
braz|e breɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
brazen ˈbreɪ.zᵊn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
brazen-faced ˌbreɪ.zᵊnˈfeɪst *stress shift:* ˌbrazen-faced ˈchild
brazier ˈbreɪ.zi.əʳ, ˈ-ʒəʳ (US) ˈ-ʒɚ **-s** -z
Brazier ˈbreɪ.ʒəʳ (US) -ʒɚ
Brazil *country:* brəˈzɪl *English surname:* ˈbræz.ɪl, -ᵊl; brəˈzɪl **Braˈzil ˌnut**
Brazilian brəˈzɪl.i.ən (US) -jən **-s** -z
Brazzaville ˈbræz.ə.vɪl, ˈbrɑː.zə-
breach briːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌbreach of the ˈpeace**
bread bred **-s** -z **-ed** -ɪd **ˈbread ˌbasket; ˌbread and ˈbutter**
Breadalbane *Earl:* brəˈdɔːl.bɪn, brɪ-, -bᵊn (US) -ˈdɔːl-, -ˈdɑːl- *place:* brəˈdæl.bɪn, -ˈdɔːl-, -bən (US) -ˈdæl-, -ˈdɔːl-, -ˈdɑːl-
breadboard ˈbred.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
breadbox ˈbred.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
breadcrumb ˈbred.krʌm **-s** -z
breadfruit ˈbred.fruːt **-s** -s
breadline ˈbred.laɪn
breadth bretθ, bredθ **-s** -s
breadth|ways ˈbretθ|.weɪz, ˈbredθ- **-wise** -waɪz
breadwinner ˈbredˌwɪn.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
break breɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **broke** brəʊk (US) broʊk **broken** ˈbrəʊ.kᵊn (US) ˈbroʊ- **ˌbreaking and ˈentering**
breakable ˈbreɪ.kə.bᵊl **-s** -z
breakag|e ˈbreɪ.kɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
breakaway ˈbreɪ.kə.weɪ **-s** -z
break-danc|ing ˈbreɪkˌdɑːn*t*.sɪŋ (US) -ˌdæn*t*- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
breakdown ˈbreɪk.daʊn **-s** -z
breaker ˈbreɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
break-even ˌbreɪkˈiː.vᵊn
breakfast ˈbrek.fəst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
break-in ˈbreɪk.ɪn **-s** -z
breakneck ˈbreɪk.nek
breakout ˈbreɪk.aʊt **-s** -s
Breakspear ˈbreɪk.spɪəʳ (US) -spɪr
breakthrough ˈbreɪk.θruː **-s** -z
breakup ˈbreɪk.ʌp **-s** -s
breakwater ˈbreɪkˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-s** -z
bream (B) briːm (US) briːm, brɪm **-s** -z
Breamore ˈbrem.əʳ (US) -ɚ
breast brest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **ˌmake a ˌclean ˈbreast of something**
breastbone ˈbres*t*.bəʊn (US) -boʊn **-s** -z
breast-feed ˈbres*t*.fiːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **breast-fed** ˈbres*t*.fed
Breaston ˈbriː.stᵊn
breastplate ˈbres*t*.pleɪt **-s** -s
breaststroke ˈbres*t*.strəʊk (US) -stroʊk
breastwork ˈbrest.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk **-s** -s
breath breθ **-s** -s **ˈbreath ˌtest; ˌtake someone's ˈbreath away; ˌwaste one's ˈbreath**
breathalyz|e, -ys|e ˈbreθ.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -d **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
breath|e briːð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈbreathing ˌroom; ˈbreathing ˌspace; ˌbreathe ˌdown someone's ˈneck**
breathed *phonetic term:* breθt, briːðd
breather ˈbriː.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ **-s** -z
breathiness ˈbreθ.ɪ.nəs, -nɪs
breathless ˈbreθ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
breathtaking ˈbreθˌteɪ.kɪŋ **-ly** -li
breath|y ˈbreθ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Brebner ˈbreb.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Brechin ˈbriː.kɪn, -xɪn (US) -kɪn
Brecht brekt *as if German:* brext **-ian** -i.ən
Breckenridge, -kin- ˈbrek.ᵊn.rɪdʒ, -ɪn-
Brecknock ˈbrek.nɒk, -nək (US) -nɑːk **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Brecon ˈbrek.ᵊn **ˌBrecon ˈBeacons**
bred (*from* **breed**) bred
Bredbury ˈbred.bᵊr.i, ˈbreb- (US) ˈbred.ber-, -bɚ-
Bredon ˈbriː.dᵊn
bree briː
breech (*n.*) briːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t **ˈbreech ˌbirth, ˌbreech ˈbirth** (US) **ˈbreech ˌbirth**
breeches *trousers:* ˈbrɪtʃ.ɪz, ˈbriː.tʃɪz
breeching ˈbrɪtʃ.ɪŋ, ˈbriː.tʃɪŋ **-s** -z
breech-loader ˈbriːtʃˌləʊ.dəʳ (US) -ˌloʊ.dɚ **-s** -z
breed briːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **bred** bred **ˈbreeding ˌground**
breeder ˈbriː.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z **ˈbreeder reˌactor**
breeks briːks
breez|e briːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
breez|y ˈbriː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Bremen *in Germany:* ˈbreɪ.mən (US) ˈbrem.ən, ˈbreɪ.mən *in US:* ˈbriː.mᵊn, ˈbrem.ən
Bremerhaven ˈbreɪ.məˌhɑː.vᵊn (US) ˈbrem.ɚ-, ˈbreɪ.mɚ-
Bremner ˈbrem.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Bren bren
Brenda ˈbren.də
Brendan ˈbren.dən
Brendel ˈbren.dᵊl
Brendon ˈbren.dən
Brennan ˈbren.ən
Brenner ˈbren.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Brent brent
Brentford ˈbrent.fəd (US) -fɚd
brent|-goose ˌbrent|ˈguːs **-geese** -gi
Brenton ˈbren.tən
Brentwood ˈbrent.wʊd
bre'r, br'er (B) brɜːʳ, breəʳ (US) brɝː brer
Brereton ˈbrɪə.tᵊn (US) ˈbrɪr-
Brescia ˈbreʃ.ə, ˈbreɪ.ʃə (US) ˈbreʃ.ɑː, ˈbreɪ.ʃɑː
Breslau ˈbrez.laʊ, ˈbres-
Brest *in France:* brest
brethren ˈbreð.rən, -rɪn
Breton ˈbret.ɒn, -ᵊn *as if French:* bretˈɔ̃ːŋ (US) ˈbret.ᵊn **-s** -z
Bret(t) bret
Bretwalda bretˈwɔːl.də, -ˈwɒl-, ˈ--- (US) -ˈwɑːl-, -ˈwɔːl-
Breughel ˈbrɔɪ.gᵊl, ˈbrɜː-, ˈbruː- *as if Dutch:* -xəl (US) ˈbruː.gᵊl, ˈbrɔɪ-, ˈbrɔː-
breve briːv (US) briːv, brev **-s** -z
brev|et ˈbrev|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
breviar|y ˈbrev.i.ᵊr|.i, ˈbriː.vi- (US) -er|.i, -ɚ|.i **-ies** -iz
breviate ˈbriː.vi.ət, -ɪt **-s** -s
brevier brəˈvɪəʳ, brɪ- (US) -ˈvɪr
brevity ˈbrev.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
brew (B) bruː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
brewer (B) ˈbruː.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **ˌbrewer's ˈyeast**
brewer|y ˈbruː.ᵊr|.i (US) ˈbruː.ɚ|.i, ˈ- **-ies** -iz
brewpub ˈbruː.pʌb **-s** -z
Brewster ˈbruː.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
Brezhnev ˈbreʒ.nef, -njef (US) -nef, -nev
Brian braɪən
Note: /ˈbriː.ən/ for the novelist Brian Moore.
Bria(n)na briˈæn.ə
Brianne briˈæn
briar braɪəʳ (US) braɪɚ **-s** -z
Briareus ˌbraɪˈeə.ri.əs (US) -ˈer.i-
brib|e braɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
briber|y ˈbraɪ.bᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
bric-à-brac ˈbrɪk.əˌbræk
Brice braɪs
brick brɪk **-s** -s **ˈbrick ˌdust; ˈbrick ˌfield**
brickbat ˈbrɪk.bæt **-s** -s
brickie ˈbrɪk.i **-s** -z
brick-kiln ˈbrɪk.kɪln, -kɪl **-s** -z
Note: The pronunciation /-kɪl/ is used chiefly by those concerned with the working of kilns.
bricklay|er ˈbrɪkˌleɪ|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz

ɔ-ə˞z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ckmak|er 'brɪkˌmeɪ|.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kə˞
rs -əz ⓤⓢ -ə˞z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ckwork 'brɪk.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɜ˞ːk
colage ˌbrɪk.əʊ.'lɑːʒ, '---
ɔ ˌbriː.koʊ'lɑːʒ, ˌbrɪk.oʊ'-
dal 'braɪ.dᵊl
de braɪd **-s** -z
degroom 'braɪd.grʊm, -gruːm
ɔ -gruːm, -grʊm **-s** -z
deshead 'braɪdz.hed
desmaid 'braɪdz.meɪd **-s** -z
des|man 'braɪdz|.mən **-men**
ɪən, -men
de-to-be ˌbraɪd.tə'biː ⓤⓢ -tuː'-
rides-to-be ˌbraɪdz.tə'biː ⓤⓢ -tuː'-
dewell 'braɪd.wel, -wəl
dg|e (B) brɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
urn one's 'bridges
dgeable 'brɪdʒ.ə.bᵊl
dgehead 'brɪdʒ.hed **-s** -z
dgeman 'brɪdʒ.mən
dgend ˌbrɪdʒ'end, '--
dgenorth 'brɪdʒ.nɔːθ, -'-
ɔ 'brɪdʒ.nɔːrθ, -'-
dgeport 'brɪdʒ.pɔːt ⓤⓢ -pɔːrt
dger 'brɪdʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ə˞
dges 'brɪdʒ.ɪz
dget 'brɪdʒ.ɪt
dgetown 'brɪdʒ.taʊn
dgewater 'brɪdʒˌwɔː.təʳ
ɔ -ˌwɑː.t̬ə˞, -ˌwɔː-
dgework 'brɪdʒ.wɜːk
ɔ -wɜ˞ːk
dgnorth 'brɪdʒ.nɔːθ, ˌ-'-
ɔ 'brɪdʒ.nɔːrθ, ˌ-'-
dgwater 'brɪdʒˌwɔː.təʳ
ɔ -ˌwɑː.t̬ə˞, -ˌwɔː-
die (B) 'braɪ.di **-s** -z
dl|e 'braɪ.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ,
raɪd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'bridle ˌpath**
dleway 'braɪ.dᵊl.weɪ **-s** -z
dlington 'brɪd.lɪŋ.tən
doon brɪ'duːn **-s** -z
dport 'brɪd.pɔːt ⓤⓢ -pɔːrt
e (B) briː
ef briːf **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ə˞ **-est** -ɪst,
st **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing/s**
ŋ/z **-ed** -t
efcas|e 'briːf.keɪs **-es** -ɪz, -əz
efless 'briː.fləs, -flɪs
er braɪəʳ ⓤⓢ braɪə˞ **-s** -z
erfield 'braɪə.fiːld ⓤⓢ 'braɪə˞-
erley 'braɪə.li, 'brɪə- ⓤⓢ 'braɪə˞-,
ɪrɪr-
ers braɪəz ⓤⓢ braɪə˞z
g brɪg **-s** -z
gade brɪ'geɪd, brə- **-s** -z
gadier ˌbrɪg.ə'dɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'dɪr **-s** -z
ress shift, see compound: **ˌbrigadier**
eneral
gadoon ˌbrɪg.ə'duːn
gand 'brɪg.ᵊnd **-s** -z **-age** -ɪdʒ
gantine 'brɪg.ᵊn.tiːn, -taɪn **-s** -z
ges 'brɪdʒ.ɪz
gg brɪg **-s** -z
gham 'brɪg.əm

Brighouse 'brɪg.haʊs
bright (B) braɪt **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ 'braɪ.t̬ə˞
-est -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ 'braɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
brighten 'braɪ.tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Brightlingsea 'braɪt.lɪŋ.siː
Brighton 'braɪ.tᵊn
brights braɪts
Brigid 'brɪdʒ.ɪd
Brigit 'brɪdʒ.ɪt
Brignell 'brɪg.nəl
Brigstock(e) 'brɪg.stɒk ⓤⓢ -stɑːk
brill (B) brɪl **-s** -z
brillian|ce 'brɪl.i.ənt|s ⓤⓢ '-jənt|s
-cy -si
brilliant 'brɪl.i.ənt ⓤⓢ '-jənt **-s** -s **-ly**
-li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
brilliantine 'brɪl.i.ən.tiːn ⓤⓢ '-jən-
-d -d
Brillo® 'brɪl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
Brillo pad® 'brɪl.əʊˌpæd ⓤⓢ -oʊˌ-
brim brɪm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
brimful brɪm'fʊl, '--
brimstone 'brɪm.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn
Brind brɪnd
Brindisi 'brɪn.dɪ.si, -də-, -zi
brindle (B) 'brɪn.dᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
brine braɪn
bring brɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **brought**
brɔːt ⓤⓢ brɑːt, brɔːt **bringer/s**
'brɪŋ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ə˞/z
brinjal 'brɪn.*d*ʒᵊl
brink (B) brɪŋk **-s** -s
brinkmanship 'brɪŋk.mən.ʃɪp
brinksmanship 'brɪŋ*k*s.mən.ʃɪp
Brinks-Mat® ˌbrɪŋks'mæt
Brinsley 'brɪnz.li
brin|y 'braɪ.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ə˞ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Bri-Nylon® ˌbraɪ'naɪ.lɒn ⓤⓢ -lɑːn
brio 'briː.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
brioch|e bri'ɒʃ, -'əʊʃ ⓤⓢ -'oʊʃ, -'ɑːʃ
-es -ɪz
Briony 'braɪə.ni
briquet(te) brɪ'ket **-s** -s
Brisbane 'brɪz.bən ⓤⓢ -bən, -beɪn
Note: /'brɪz.bən/ is the pronunciation in Australia.
Briscoe 'brɪs.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
brisk brɪsk **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ə˞ **-est** -ɪst, -əst
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
brisket 'brɪs.kɪt **-s** -s
bristl|e 'brɪs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ,
'brɪs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
brist|ly 'brɪs|.ᵊl.i, 'brɪs|.li **-liness**
-ᵊl.ɪ.nəs, 'brɪs|.li-, -nɪs
Bristol 'brɪs.tᵊl
Bristow(e) 'brɪs.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ
Brit brɪt **-s** -s
Brit. (*abbrev. for* **Britain**) brɪt;
'brɪt.ᵊn
Brit. (*abbrev. for* **British**) brɪt;
'brɪt.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ brɪt; 'brɪt̬.ɪʃ
Britain 'brɪt.ᵊn
Britannia brɪ'tæn.i.ə, '-jə ⓤⓢ '-jə
Britannic brɪ'tæn.ɪk **-a** -ə
britches 'brɪtʃ.ɪz, -əz

Briticism 'brɪt.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'brɪt̬- **-s** -z
British 'brɪt.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'brɪt̬- **-er/s** -əʳ/z
ⓤⓢ -ə˞/z **ˌBritish 'English; ˌBritish
'Isles; ˌBritish 'Summer ˌTime**
Britishism 'brɪt.ɪ.ʃɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'brɪt̬- **-s** -z
British Leyland® ˌbrɪt.ɪʃ'leɪ.lənd
ⓤⓢ ˌbrɪt̬-
Britling 'brɪt.lɪŋ
Britney 'brɪt.ni
Britomart 'brɪt.əʊ.mɑːt ⓤⓢ -oʊ.mɑːrt
Briton 'brɪt.ᵊn **-s** -z
Britpop 'brɪt.pɒp ⓤⓢ -pɑːp
Britt brɪt
Brittain 'brɪt.ᵊn; brɪ'teɪn ⓤⓢ 'brɪt.ᵊn;
brɪ'teɪn
Brittan 'brɪt.ᵊn
Brittany 'brɪt.ᵊn.i
Britten 'brɪt.ᵊn
brittl|e 'brɪt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'brɪt̬- **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ə˞
-est -ɪst, -əst **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Brittney 'brɪt.ni
Britton 'brɪt.ᵊn
Britvic® 'brɪt.vɪk
Brixham 'brɪk.sᵊm
Brixton 'brɪk.stᵊn
Brize Norton ˌbraɪz'nɔː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -'nɔːr-
Brno 'bɜː.nəʊ *as if Czech:* 'bə˞-
ⓤⓢ 'bɜ˞ː.noʊ
bro brəʊ ⓤⓢ broʊ **-s** -z
broach brəʊtʃ ⓤⓢ broʊtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t
broad brɔːd ⓤⓢ brɑːd, brɔːd **-er** -əʳ
ⓤⓢ -ə˞ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs,
-nɪs **ˌbroad 'bean**
Broad brɔːd ⓤⓢ brɑːd, brɔːd **-s** -z
broadband 'brɔːd.bænd ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd-
Broadbent 'brɔːd.bent ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd-
broadbrimmed ˌbrɔːd'brɪmd
ⓤⓢ ˌbrɑːd-, ˌbrɔːd- *stress shift:*
ˌbroadbrimmed 'hat
broadcast 'brɔːd.kɑːst
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd.kæst, 'brɔːd- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
-er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ə˞/z
broadcloth 'brɔːd.klɒθ
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd.klɑːθ, 'brɔːd-
broaden 'brɔː.dᵊn ⓤⓢ 'brɑː-, 'brɔː-
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
broad-gauge 'brɔːd.geɪdʒ
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-, 'brɔːd-
Broadhurst 'brɔːd.hɜːst
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd.hɜ˞ːst, 'brɔːd-
Broadlands 'brɔːd.ləndz ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd-
broadloom 'brɔːd.luːm ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd-
broad-minded ˌbrɔːd'maɪn.dɪd
ⓤⓢ ˌbrɑːd-, ˌbrɔːd-, '-ˌ-- **-ness** -nəs,
-nɪs *stress shift, British only:*
ˌbroad-minded 'person
Broadmoor 'brɔːd.mɔːʳ
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd.mʊr, 'brɔːd-, -mɔːr
broadsheet 'brɔːd.ʃiːt ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd- **-s** -s
broadside 'brɔːd.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd-,
'brɔːd- **-s** -z
Broadstairs 'brɔːd.steəz
ⓤⓢ 'brɑːd.sterz, 'brɔːd-

broadsword ˈbrɔːd.sɔːd (US) ˈbrɑːd.sɔːrd, ˈbrɔːd- **-s** -z

Broadwater ˈbrɔːdˌwɔː.təʳ (US) ˈbrɑːdˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-

Broadway ˈbrɔːd.weɪ (US) ˈbrɑːd-, ˈbrɔːd-

Broadwood ˈbrɔːd.wʊd (US) ˈbrɑːd-, ˈbrɔːd- **-s** -z

Brobdingnag ˈbrɒb.dɪŋ.næg (US) ˈbrɑːb-

Brobdingnagian ˌbrɒb.dɪŋˈnæg.i.ən (US) ˌbrɑːb- **-s** -z

brocade brəʊˈkeɪd (US) broʊ- **-s** -z **-d** -ɪd

brocard ˈbrəʊ.kəd, -kɑːd (US) ˈbroʊ.kɚd, ˈbrɑː-, -kɑːrd **-s** -z

broc(c)oli ˈbrɒk.əl.i, -aɪ (US) ˈbrɑː.kəl-

Broch brɒk *as if German:* brɒx (US) broʊk

brochette brɒʃˈet (US) broʊˈʃet **-s** -s

brochure ˈbrəʊ.ʃəʳ, -ʃʊəʳ, brɒʃˈʊəʳ, brəˈʃʊəʳ (US) broʊˈʃʊr **-s** -z

brock (B) brɒk (US) brɑːk **-s** -s

Brocken ˈbrɒk.ən (US) ˈbrɑː.kən

Brockenhurst ˈbrɒk.ən.hɜːst (US) ˈbrɑː.kən.hɝːst

Brocket ˈbrɒk.ɪt (US) ˈbrɑː.kɪt

Brocklehurst ˈbrɒk.əl.hɜːst (US) ˈbrɑː.kəl.hɝːst

Brockley ˈbrɒk.li (US) ˈbrɑː.kli

Brockman ˈbrɒk.mən (US) ˈbrɑːk-

Brockovich ˈbrɒk.ə.vɪtʃ (US) ˈbrɑː.kə-

Brockwell ˈbrɒk.wəl, -wel (US) ˈbrɑː.kwəl, -kwel

Broderick ˈbrɒd.ər.ɪk (US) ˈbrɑː.dər-

broderie anglaise ˌbrəʊ.dər.iˈɑ̃ːŋ.gleɪz, ˌbrɒd.ər-, -ˈglez, -ɑ̃ːŋˈgleɪz, -ˈglez (US) ˌbroʊ.də.riː.ɑːŋˈgleɪz

Brodie ˈbrəʊ.di (US) ˈbroʊ-

Brodrick ˈbrɒd.rɪk (US) ˈbrɑː.drɪk

Brogan ˈbrəʊ.gən (US) ˈbroʊ-

brogue brəʊg (US) broʊg **-s** -z

broil brɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

broiler ˈbrɔɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z

brok|e (*v.*) brəʊk (US) broʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

broke (*from* **break**) brəʊk (US) broʊk

Broke brʊk

broken ˈbrəʊ.kən (US) ˈbroʊ- **-ly** -li

broken-down ˌbrəʊ.kənˈdaʊn (US) ˌbroʊ- *stress shift:* ˌbroken-down ˈcar

broken-hearted ˌbrəʊ.kənˈhɑː.tɪd (US) ˌbroʊ.kənˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌbroken-hearted ˈsuitor

broker ˈbrəʊ.kəʳ (US) ˈbroʊ.kɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

brokerag|e ˈbrəʊ.kər.ɪdʒ (US) ˈbroʊ- **-es** -ɪz

broll|y ˈbrɒl|.i (US) ˈbrɑː.l|i **-ies** -iz

bromate ˈbrəʊ.meɪt (US) ˈbroʊ- **-s** -s

brome brəʊm, bruːm (US) broʊm **-s** -z

Brome brəʊm, bruːm (US) broʊm, bruːm

bromeliad brəʊˈmiː.li.æd (US) broʊ-

Bromfield ˈbrɒm.fiːld (US) ˈbrɑːm-

Bromham ˈbrɒm.əm (US) ˈbrɑː.məm

bromic ˈbrəʊ.mɪk (US) ˈbroʊ-

bromide ˈbrəʊ.maɪd (US) ˈbroʊ- **-s** -z

bromine ˈbrəʊ.miːn, -mɪn (US) ˈbroʊ-

Bromley ˈbrɒm.li, ˈbrʌm- (US) ˈbrɑːm-

Brompton ˈbrɒmp.tən, ˈbrʌmp- (US) ˈbrɑːmp-

Bromsgrove ˈbrɒmz.grəʊv (US) ˈbrɑːmz.groʊv

Bromwich *in place names:* ˈbrɒm.ɪtʃ, ˈbrʌm-, -ɪdʒ (US) ˈbrɑːm.wɪtʃ *surname:* ˈbrʌm.ɪdʒ (US) -wɪtʃ

Bromyard ˈbrɒm.jɑːd, -jəd (US) ˈbrɑːm.jɑːrd, -jɚd

bronchi|a ˈbrɒŋ.ki|.ə, ˈbrɒn- (US) ˈbrɑːŋ-, ˈbrɑːn- **-ae** -iː

bronchial ˈbrɒŋ.ki.əl, ˈbrɒn- (US) ˈbrɑːŋ-, ˈbrɑːn-

bronchiole ˈbrɒŋ.ki.əʊl, ˈbrɒn- (US) ˈbrɑːŋ.ki.oʊl, ˈbrɑːn- **-s** -z

bronchitic brɒŋˈkɪt.ɪk, brɒn- (US) brɑːŋˈkɪt̬-, brɑːn-

bronchitis brɒŋˈkaɪ.tɪs, brɒn-, -təs (US) brɑːŋˈkaɪ.t̬ɪs, brɑːn-, -t̬əs

broncho-pneumonia ˌbrɒŋ.kəʊ.njuːˈməʊ.ni.ə, ˌbrɒn-, -njʊˈ- (US) ˌbrɑːŋ.koʊ.nuːˈmoʊ.njə, ˌbrɑːn-, -njuːˈ-

bronch|us ˈbrɒŋ.k|əs, ˈbrɒn- (US) ˈbrɑːŋ-, ˈbrɑːn- **-i** -iː, -aɪ

bronco ˈbrɒŋ.kəʊ (US) ˈbrɑːŋ.koʊ **-s** -z

Bronson ˈbrɒnt.sən (US) ˈbrɑːnt-

Bronstein ˈbrɒn.stiːn (US) ˈbrɑːn-

Bronte, Brontë ˈbrɒn.teɪ, -ti (US) ˈbrɑːn.teɪ, -t̬i

brontosaur ˈbrɒn.tə.sɔːʳ (US) ˈbrɑːn.t̬ə.sɔːr **-s** -z

brontosaur|us ˌbrɒn.təˈsɔː.r|əs (US) ˌbrɑːn.t̬əˈsɔːr|.əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ

Bronwen ˈbrɒn.wen, -wɪn (US) ˈbrɑːn-

Bronx brɒŋks (US) brɑːŋks ˌ**Bronx** ˈ**cheer**

bronz|e brɒnz (US) brɑːnz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i ˈ**Bronze** ˌ**Age**

bronzer ˈbrɒn.zəʳ (US) ˈbrɑːn.zɚ **-s** -z

brooch brəʊtʃ (US) broʊtʃ, bruːtʃ **-es** -ɪz

brood bruːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

brood|y ˈbruː.d|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

brook brʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Brook(e) brʊk **-s** -s

Brooker ˈbrʊk.əʳ (US) -ɚ

Brookfield ˈbrʊk.fiːld

Brookland ˈbrʊk.lənd **-s** -z

brooklet ˈbrʊk.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s

Brookline ˈbrʊk.laɪn

Brooklyn ˈbrʊk.lɪn (US) -lɪn, -lən ˌ**Brooklyn** ˈ**Bridge**

Brookner ˈbrʊk.nəʳ (US) -nɚ

Brooks brʊks

Brookside ˈbrʊk.saɪd

Brooksmith ˈbrʊk.smɪθ

Brookwood ˈbrʊk.wʊd

broom bruːm, brʊm **-s** -z

Broom(e) bruːm

Broomfield ˈbruːm.fiːld, ˈbrʊm-

broomstick ˈbruːm.stɪk, ˈbrʊm- **-s** -s

Brophy ˈbrəʊ.fi (US) ˈbroʊ-

Bros. ˈbrʌð.əz *sometimes humorously:* brɒs, brɒz (US) ˈbrʌð.ɚz

Broseley ˈbrəʊz.li (US) ˈbroʊz-

Brosnahan ˈbrɒz.nə.hən, ˈbrɒs- (US) ˈbrɑːz-, ˈbrɑːs-

Brosnan ˈbrɒz.nən (US) ˈbrɑːz-

broth brɒθ (US) brɑːθ **-s** -s

brothel ˈbrɒθ.əl (US) ˈbrɑː.θəl **-s** -z

brother ˈbrʌð.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

brotherhood ˈbrʌð.ə.hʊd (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -

broth|er-in-law ˈbrʌð|.əʳ.ɪn.lɔː (US) -ɚ.ɪn.lɑː, -lɔː **-ers-in-law** -əz.ɪn.lɔː (US) -ɚz.ɪn.lɑː, -lɔː

brotherl|y ˈbrʌð.əl|.i (US) -ɚ.l|i **-ines[s]** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Brotton ˈbrɒt.ən (US) ˈbrɑː.tən

Brough brʌf

brougham ˈbruː.əm, bruːm (US) broʊm, ˈbruː.əm, bruːm **-s** -z

Brougham brʊm, bruːm; ˈbruː.əm, ˈbrəʊ- (US) brʊm, bruːm, ˈbruː.əm, ˈbroʊ-

Brougham and Vaux ˌbrʊm.əndˈvɔːks (US) -ˈvɑːks, -ˈvɔːk[s]

brought (*from* **bring**) brɔːt (US) brɑː[t], brɔːt

Broughton *in Northamptonshire:* ˈbraʊ.tən *all others in England:* ˈbrɔː.tən (US) ˈbrɑː-, ˈbrɔː-

brouhaha ˈbruː.hɑː.hɑː **-s** -z

brow braʊ **-s** -z

brow|beat ˈbraʊ|.biːt **-beats** -biːts **-beating** -biː.tɪŋ (US) -biː.t̬ɪŋ **-beate[n]** -biː.tən (US) -biː.t̬ən

brown (B) braʊn **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-e[st]** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**brown** ˈ**ale;** ˌ**brown** ˈ**Betty;** ˌ**brown** ˈ**bread;** ˌ**brown** ˈ**owl;** ˌ**brown** ˈ**sauce;** ˌ**brown** ˈ**sugar**

brown-bag ˌbraʊnˈbæg **-s** -z **-ging** -[ɪŋ] **-ged** -d

Browne braʊn

brownfield ˈbraʊn.fiːld

Brownhills ˈbraʊn.hɪlz

Brownian ˈbraʊ.ni.ən ˌ**Brownian** ˈ**motion** (US) ˈ**Brownian** ˌ**motion;** ˌ**Brownian** ˈ**movement** (US) ˈ**Brownian** ˌ**movement**

brownie (B) ˈbraʊ.ni **-s** -z ˈ**Browni[e]** ˌ**Guide;** ˈ**brownie** ˌ**point**

browning (B) ˈbraʊ.nɪŋ

brownish ˈbraʊ.nɪʃ

Brownjohn ˈbraʊn.dʒɒn (US) -dʒɑː[n]

Brownlee, Brownlie ˈbraʊn.li

Brownlow ˈbraʊn.ləʊ (US) -loʊ

brown-nos|e ˌbraʊnˈnəʊz (US) -ˈno[ʊz] **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

brownout ˈbraʊn.aʊt **-s** -s

Brownrigg ˈbraʊn.rɪg

brownshirt (B) ˈbraʊn.ʃɜːt (US) -ʃɝ[ːt] **-s** -s

Brownsmith ˈbraʊn.smɪθ

Brownson ˈbraʊn.sən

brownstone ˈbraʊn.stəʊn (US) -sto[ʊn] **-s** -z

brows|e (B) braʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-e[d]**

browser ˈbraʊ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ **-s** -z

Broxbourne ˈbrɒks.bɔːn (US) ˈbrɑːks.bɔːrn

Broxburn ˈbrɒks.bɜːn (US)

'bra:ks.bɜ:n
rubeck 'bru:.bek
ruce bru:s
rucellosis ˌbru:.sɪ'ləʊ.sɪs, -sə'- (US) -'loʊ-
rucesmith 'bru:s.smɪθ
ruch brʊk *as if German:* brʊx
ruckner 'brʊk.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
rueg(h)el 'brɔɪ.gəl, 'brɜ:-, 'bru:- *as if Dutch:* -xəl (US) 'bru:.gəl, 'brɔɪ-, 'brɔ:-
ruges bru:ʒ
ruin (B) 'bru:.ɪn, brʊɪn (US) 'bru:.ɪn -s -z
ruis|e bru:z -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ruiser 'bru:.zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z
ruit bru:t -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'bru:.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'bru:.t̬ɪd
rum brʌm
rumaire brʊ'meəʳ (US) -'mer
rumb|y 'brʌm.b|i -ies -iz
rume bru:m
rummagem (B) 'brʌm.ə.dʒəm
rummel 'brʌm.əl
rummie 'brʌm.i
runch brʌntʃ -es -ɪz
runei bru:'naɪ, '-- (US) bru:'naɪ
runel bru:'nel
runette, brunet bru:'net -s -s
rünnhilde brʊn'hɪl.də, '-ˌ--
running 'brʌn.ɪŋ
runo 'bru:.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
runswick 'brʌnz.wɪk
runt brʌnt
runton 'brʌn.tən
ruschetta brʊ'sket.ə (US) -'sket̬-, bru:'ʃet̬.ə
rush brʌʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
rush-off 'brʌʃ.ɒf (US) -ɑ:f -s -s ˌ**give someone the 'brush-off**
rushstroke 'brʌʃ.strəʊk (US) -stroʊk -s -s
rushwood 'brʌʃ.wʊd
rushwork 'brʌʃ.wɜ:k (US) -wɝ:k
rusque bru:sk, brʊsk, brʌsk (US) brʌsk -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
russels 'brʌs.əlz ˌ**brussels 'sprout(s)** (US) '**brussels ˌsprout(s)**
rut (B®) bru:t
rutal 'bru:.təl (US) -t̬əl -ly -i
rutalit|y bru:'tæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
rutaliz|e, -is|e 'bru:.təl.aɪz (US) -t̬əl- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rute bru:t -s -s
rutish 'bru:.tɪʃ (US) -t̬ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
rutnell 'bru:t.nel, -nəl
ruton 'bru:.tən (US) -tən
rutus 'bru:.təs (US) -t̬əs
ruv brʌv
ryan braɪən -s -z
ryant braɪənt
ryce braɪs
rydon 'braɪ.dən
ryers braɪəz (US) braɪɚz
rylcreem® 'brɪl.kri:m -ed -d
rymbo 'brɪm.bəʊ, 'brʌm- (US) 'brɪm.boʊ
Bryn brɪn
Brynamman brɪ'næm.ən
Bryncoch brɪn'kəʊx (US) -'koʊx
Brynhild 'brɪn.hɪld
Brynmawr *in Wales:* brɪn'maʊəʳ, brɪm- (US) -'maʊɚ
Bryn Mawr *in US:* brɪn'mɔ:ʳ (US) -'mɑ:r
Brynmor 'brɪn.mɔ:ʳ, 'brɪm- (US) 'brɪn.mɔ:r
bryony (B) 'braɪə.ni
Bryson 'braɪ.sən
BS ˌbi:'es
BSc ˌbi:.es'si:
BSE ˌbi:.es'i:
B-side 'bi:.saɪd -s -z
BSkyB ˌbi:.skaɪ'bi:
BST ˌbi:.es'ti:
BT ˌbi:'ti:
bub bʌb -s -z
bubbl|e 'bʌb.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'bʌb.lɪŋ -ed -d ˌ**bubble-and-'squeak;** '**bubble ˌbath;** '**bubble ˌgum;** '**bubble ˌwrap**
Bubblejet® 'bʌb.əl.dʒet
bubbly 'bʌb.əl.i, -li
Buber 'bu:.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
bubo 'bju:.bəʊ, 'bu:- (US) -boʊ -es -z
bubonic bju:'bɒn.ɪk, bu:- (US) -'bɑ:.nɪk **buˌbonic 'plague**
Bucaramanga bʊˌkær.ə'mæŋ.gə (US) ˌbu:.kə.rɑ:'mɑ:ŋ.gɑ:, -kɑ:r.ɑ:'-
buccal 'bʌk.əl
buccaneer ˌbʌk.ə'nɪəʳ (US) -'nɪr -s -z
Buccleuch bə'klu:
Bucephalus bju:'sef.əl.əs
Buchan 'bʌk.ən, 'bʌx-
Buchanan bju:'kæn.ən, bə-
Bucharest ˌbu:.kə'rest, ˌbju:-, ˌbʊk.ə'-, '--- (US) 'bu:.kə.rest, 'bju:-
Buchel 'bju:.ʃəl
Buchenwald 'bu:.kən.væld *as if German:* 'bʊx.ən.vælt (US) 'bu:.kən.wɑ:ld, -wɔ:ld
Büchner 'bu:k.nəʳ *as if German:* 'bu:x- (US) 'bʊk.nɚ, 'bu:k-
buck (B) bʌk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌ**buck's 'fizz;** ˌ**buck 'teeth;** ˌ**pass the 'buck**
buckboard 'bʌk.bɔ:d (US) -bɔ:rd -s -z
buck|et 'bʌk|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd ˌ**kick the 'bucket**
bucketful 'bʌk.ɪt.fʊl -s -z
bucketload 'bʌk.ɪt.ləʊd (US) -loʊd -s -z
Buckhaven 'bʌkˌheɪ.vən
buckhorn 'bʌk.hɔ:n (US) -hɔ:rn
Buckhurst 'bʌk.*h*ɜ:st (US) -*h*ɝ:st
Buckie 'bʌk.i
Buckingham 'bʌk.ɪŋ.əm **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr ˌ**Buckingham 'Palace**
Buckland 'bʌk.lənd
buckl|e (B) 'bʌk.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'bʌk.lɪŋ -ed -d
buckler 'bʌk.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
Buckley 'bʌk.li
Buckmaster 'bʌkˌmɑ:.stəʳ (US) -ˌmæs.tɚ
Bucknall 'bʌk.nəl
Bucknell 'bʌk.nəl; bʌk'nel
Bucknill 'bʌk.nɪl, -nəl
buck-passing 'bʌkˌpɑ:.sɪŋ (US) -ˌpæs.ɪŋ
buckram 'bʌk.rəm -s -z
Bucks. (*abbrev. for* **Buckinghamshire**) bʌks; 'bʌk.ɪŋ.əm.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) bʌks; 'bʌk.ɪŋ.əm.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
buckshee ˌbʌk'ʃi:, '--
buckshot 'bʌk.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑ:t
buckskin 'bʌk.skɪn -s -z
Buckston 'bʌk.stən
buckwheat 'bʌk.*h*wi:t
bucolic bju:'kɒl.ɪk (US) -'kɑ:.lɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
Buczacki bʊ'tʃæt.ski, bju:-
bud (B) bʌd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd ˌ**nip something in the 'bud**
Budapest ˌbju:.də'pest, ˌbu:- (US) 'bu:.də.pest; ˌbu:.də'peʃt
Budd bʌd
Buddha 'bʊd.ə (US) 'bu:.də, 'bʊd.ə
Buddh|ism 'bʊd|.ɪ.zəm (US) 'bu:.d|ɪ-, 'bʊd|.ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Buddhistic bʊ'dɪs.tɪk (US) bu:-, bʊ-
budding 'bʌd.ɪŋ
Buddle 'bʌd.əl, 'bʊd-
buddleia 'bʌd.li.ə (US) bʌd'li:-; 'bʌd.li- -s -z
budd|y 'bʌd|.i -ies -iz
Bude bju:d
budg|e (B) bʌdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Budgens® 'bʌdʒ.ənz
budgerigar 'bʌdʒ.ər.ɪ.gɑ:ʳ (US) -gɑ:r -s -z
budg|et 'bʌdʒ|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
budgetary 'bʌdʒ.ɪ.tər.i, '-ə- (US) -ter.i
budgie 'bʌdʒ.i -s -z
Budleigh 'bʌd.li
Budweiser® 'bʌd.waɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ
Buenos Aires ˌbweɪ.nɒs'aɪə.rez, -nəs-, -ri:z, -rɪs (US) ˌbweɪ.nəs'er.i:z, -noʊs'-, ˌboʊ.nəs'-, -aɪ.ri:z
buff bʌf -s -s -ed -d -ing -ɪŋ
buffalo (B) 'bʌf.əl.əʊ (US) -ə.loʊ -es -z ˌ**Buffalo 'Bill**
buffer 'bʌf.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d '**buffer ˌzone**
buffet (*n.*) *blow:* 'bʌf.ɪt -s -s
buffet (*n.*) *refreshment, sideboard:* 'bʊf.eɪ, 'bʌf-, -i (US) bə'feɪ, bu:- -s -z
buff|et (*v.*) *hit against:* 'bʌf|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ, -ə.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ, -ə.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd, -ə.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd, -ə.t̬ɪd
Buffet 'bʌf.ɪt
buffo 'bʊf.əʊ (US) 'bu:.foʊ -s -z
buffoon bə'fu:n, bʌf'u:n (US) bə'fu:n -s -z
buffooner|y bə'fu:.nər|.i, bʌf'u:- (US) bə'fu:- -ies -iz
Buffs bʌfs
Buffy 'bʌf.i
bug bʌg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Bug *river:* bu:g

bugaboo ˈbʌg.ə.buː -s -z
Buganda buːˈgæn.də
Bugatti bjʊˈgæt.i, bʊ- ⓤⓢ -ˈgɑː.t̬i
bugbear ˈbʌg.beəʳ ⓤⓢ -ber -s -z
bug-eyed ˌbʌgˈaɪd ⓤⓢ ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌbug-eyed ˈmonster
bugg|er ˈbʌg|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
buggery ˈbʌg.ər.i
Buggins ˈbʌg.ɪnz
Buggs bjuːgz, bʌgz
bugg|y ˈbʌg|.i **-ies** -iz
bugl|e (B) ˈbjuː.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈbjuː.glɪŋ **-ed** -d
bugler ˈbjuː.gləʳ ⓤⓢ -glɚ -s -z
bugloss ˈbjuː.glɒs ⓤⓢ -glɑːs
Bugner ˈbʌg.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
Bugs Bunny ˌbʌgzˈbʌn.i
Buick® ˈbjuː.ɪk -s -s
build bɪld -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **built** bɪlt ˈ**building so**ˌ**ciety**
builder ˈbɪl.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
build-up ˈbɪld.ʌp -s -s
built (*from* **build**) bɪlt
Builth bɪlθ
built-in ˌbɪltˈɪn ⓤⓢ ˈbɪlt.ɪn *stress shift, British only:* ˌbuilt-in ˈmicrophone
built-up ˌbɪltˈʌp *stress shift:* ˌbuilt-up ˈarea
Buist bjuːst, ˈbjuː.ɪst
Buitoni® bjuːˈtəʊ.ni, bwiː- ⓤⓢ -ˈtoʊ-
Bujumbura ˌbuː.dʒəmˈbʊə.rə, -dʒʊmˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈbʊr.ə
Bukowski bjʊˈkɒf.ski, bjuː-, -ˈkaʊ- ⓤⓢ bjuːˈkaʊ-
Bulawayo ˌbʊl.əˈweɪ.əʊ, ˌbuː.lə- ⓤⓢ -oʊ
bulb bʌlb -s -z
bulbaceous bʌlˈbeɪ.ʃəs
bulbous ˈbʌl.bəs
bulbul ˈbʊl.bʊl -s -z
Bulford ˈbʊl.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
Bulgakov bʊlˈgɑː.kɒf ⓤⓢ -kɔːf, -kɔːv
bulgar ˈbʌl.gəʳ, ˈbʊl- ⓤⓢ -gɚ ˈ**bulgar** ˌ**wheat**
Bulgar ˈbʌl.gɑːʳ, ˈbʊl-, -gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɑːr, -gɚ -s -z
Bulgari|a bʌlˈgeə.ri|.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈger.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
bulg|e bʌldʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Bulger ˈbʊl.dʒəʳ, ˈbʌl- ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
bulgur ˈbʊl.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ
bulg|y ˈbʌl.dʒ|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
bulim|ia bʊˈlɪm|.i.ə, buː-, bjuː-, -ˈliː.m|i- ⓤⓢ bjuːˈliː.m|i-, buː- **-ic/s** -ɪk/s **bu**ˌ**limia ner**ˈ**vosa**
Bulins ˈbjuː.lɪnz
bulk bʌlk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bulkhead ˈbʌlk.hed -s -z
Bulkington ˈbʌl.kɪŋ.tən
bulk|y ˈbʌl.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
bull (B) bʊl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**bull** ˈ**terrier;** ˈ**bull's** ˌ**eye; like a** ˌ**bull in a** ˈ**china shop; take the** ˌ**bull by the** ˈ**horns**

bullac|e ˈbʊl.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
Bullard ˈbʊl.ɑːd, -əd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd, -ɚd
bull-baiting ˈbʊlˌbeɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ
bull-cal|f ˈbʊlˌkɑː|f, ˌ-ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈbʊl.kæ|f **-ves** -vz
bulldog ˈbʊl.dɒg ⓤⓢ -dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z
bulldoz|e ˈbʊl.dəʊz ⓤⓢ -doʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bulldozer ˈbʊlˌdəʊ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌdoʊ.zɚ -s -z
Bulleid ˈbʊl.iːd
Bullen ˈbʊl.ən, -ɪn
Buller ˈbʌl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
bullet ˈbʊl.ɪt, -ət -s -s
bulletin ˈbʊl.ə.tɪn, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪn -s -z ˈ**bulletin** ˌ**board**
bullet-proof ˈbʊl.ɪt.pruːf ˌ**bullet-proof** ˈ**vest**
bullfight ˈbʊl.faɪt -s -s
bullfight|er ˈbʊlˌfaɪ.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
bullfinch ˈbʊl.fɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz
bullfrog ˈbʊl.frɒg ⓤⓢ -frɑːg, -frɔːg -s -z
bullheaded ˌbʊlˈhed.ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈ-ˌ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌbullheaded ˈperson
bullhorn ˈbʊl.hɔːn ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn -s -z
bullion ˈbʊl.i.ən, ˈ-jən ⓤⓢ ˈ-jən
bullish ˈbʊl.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Bullman ˈbʊl.mən
bullock (B) ˈbʊl.ək -s -s
Bullokar ˈbʊl.ə.kɑːʳ, -kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɑːr
Bullough ˈbʊl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
bullpen ˈbʊl.pen -s -z
bullring ˈbʊl.rɪŋ -s -z
bullrush ˈbʊl.rʌʃ **-es** -ɪz
bull|shit ˈbʊl|.ʃɪt **-shits** -ʃɪts **-shitting** -ˌʃɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌʃɪt̬.ɪŋ **-shitted** -ˌʃɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -ˌʃɪt̬.ɪd
bullshitter ˈbʊlˌʃɪt.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌʃɪt̬.ɚ -s -z
bull|y ˈbʊl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Bulmer ˈbʊl.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
bulrush ˈbʊl.rʌʃ **-es** -ɪz
Bulstrode ˈbʊl.strəʊd, ˈbʌl.strəʊd ⓤⓢ -stroʊd
Bultitude ˈbʊl.tɪ.tjuːd, ˈ-tə- ⓤⓢ -tuːd, -tjuːd
bulwark ˈbʊl.wək, ˈbʌl-, -wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɚk, -wɝːk -s -s
Bulwer ˈbʊl.wəʳ ⓤⓢ -wɚ
Bulwer-Lytton ˌbʊl.wəˈlɪt.ən ⓤⓢ -wɚˈlɪt̬-
bum bʌm -s -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
bumbag ˈbʌm.bæg -s -z
bumbl|e ˈbʌm.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈbʌm.blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-bləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-bəl.ɚ/z, ˈ-blɚ/z
bumblebee ˈbʌm.bəl.biː -s -z
bumboat ˈbʌm.bəʊt ⓤⓢ -boʊt -s -s
bumf bʌmpf
Bumford ˈbʌm.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
bumkin ˈbʌm*p*.kɪn -s -z
bummaree ˌbʌm.əˈriː, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈbʌm.ə.riː -s -z
bummer ˈbʌm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
bump bʌmp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

bumper ˈbʌm.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z ˈ**bumper** ˌ**car;** ˈ**bumper** ˌ**sticker;** ˌ**bumper to** ˈ**bumper**
bumph bʌmpf
bumpkin ˈbʌmp.kɪn -s -z
bumptious ˈbʌmp.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Bumpus ˈbʌm.pəs
bump|y ˈbʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
bun bʌn -s -z **have a** ˈ**bun in the** ˌ**oven**
Bunce bʌn*t*s
bunch (B) bʌn*t*ʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed**
buncombe (B) ˈbʌŋ.kəm
Bundesbank ˈbʊn.dəz.bæŋk
Bundesrat ˈbʊn.dəz.rɑːt
Bundestag ˈbʊn.dəz.tɑːg *as if German:* -də.ztɑːk ⓤⓢ -dəz.tɑːg
bundl|e ˈbʌn.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈbʌnd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
bung bʌŋ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
bungalow ˈbʌŋ.gəl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -s -z
Bungay ˈbʌŋ.gi
Bunge ˈbʌŋ.i
bunged-up ˌbʌŋdˈʌp *stress shift:* ˌbunged-up ˈnose
bungee ˈbʌn.dʒi ˈ**bungee** ˌ**jumping**
bungl|e ˈbʌŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈbʌŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-gləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-gəl.ɚ/z, ˈ-glɚ/z
bunion ˈbʌn.jən -s -z
bunk bʌŋk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bunk|er (B) ˈbʌŋ.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
bunkhou|se ˈbʌŋk.hau|s **-ses** -zɪz
bunkum ˈbʌŋ.kəm
Bunnett ˈbʌn.ɪt
bunn|y ˈbʌn|.i **-ies** -iz
Bunsen ˈbʌn*t*.sən ⓤⓢ -sɪn ˌ**Bunsen** ˈ**burner** ⓤⓢ ˈ**Bunsen** ˌ**burner**
bunt bʌnt -s -s
Bunter ˈbʌn.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
bunting (B) ˈbʌn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -s -z
Bunty ˈbʌn.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
Buñuel ˌbuː.njuˈel, ˈ---; ˌbuːnˈwel, ˌbʊn- ⓤⓢ ˌbuːnˈwel, ˌbʊn-
Bunyan ˈbʌn.jən
buoy bɔɪ ⓤⓢ bɔɪ, ˈbuː.i -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
buoyancy ˈbɔɪ.ən*t*.si ⓤⓢ ˈbɔɪ-, ˈbuː.jən*t*-
buoyant ˈbɔɪ.ənt ⓤⓢ ˈbɔɪ-, ˈbuː.jənt **-ly** -li
BUPA ˈbuː.pə, ˈbjuː-
bur bɜːʳ ⓤⓢ bɝː -s -z
Burbage ˈbɜː.bɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Burberr|y® ˈbɜː.bər|.i ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.ber-, -bɚ- **-y's** -iz **-ies** -iz
burbl|e ˈbɜː.bəl ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
Burbridge ˈbɜː.brɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Burbury ˈbɜː.bər.i ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.ber-, -b
Burch bɜːtʃ ⓤⓢ bɝːtʃ
Burchell, Burchall ˈbɜː.tʃəl ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Burchill ˈbɜː.tʃəl, -tʃɪl ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː-
Burco ˈbɜː.kəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈbɝː.koʊ

urden (B) 'bɜː.dᵊn (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -z
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
urdensome 'bɜː.dᵊn.səm (US) 'bɝː-
urdett 'bɜː.det, -'- (US) bɝː'det, '--
urdett-Coutts ˌbɜː.det'kuːts, -ˌ-'-
(US) bɝːˌdet'-
urdock 'bɜː.dɒk (US) 'bɝː.dɑːk **-s** -s
urdon 'bɜː.dᵊn (US) 'bɝː-
ure bjʊəʳ (US) bjʊr
ureau 'bjʊə.rəʊ, 'bjɔː-, bjʊə'rəʊ
(US) 'bjʊr.oʊ **-s** -z
ureaucrac|y bjʊə'rɒk.rə.s|i, bjə'-,
bjɔː'- (US) bjʊ'rɑː.krə- **-ies** -iz
ureaucrat 'bjʊə.rəʊ.kræt, 'bjɔː-
(US) 'bjʊr.ə- **-s** -s
ureaucratic ˌbjʊə.rəʊ'kræt.ɪk,
bjɔː- (US) ˌbjʊr.ə'kræṭ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ureaux (*alternative plur. of* **bureau**)
bjʊə.rəʊ, 'bjɔː-, -rəʊz; ˌbjʊə'rəʊ,
'rəʊz (US) 'bjʊr.oʊ, -oʊz
urette, buret bjʊə'ret (US) bjʊr'et
s -s
rford 'bɜː.fəd (US) 'bɝː.fɚd
rg bɜːg (US) bɝːg **-s** -z
rgar 'bɜː.gəʳ (US) 'bɝː.gɚ
rg|e bɜːdʒ (US) bɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz
rgee 'bɜː.dʒiː, -'- (US) 'bɝː.dʒi **-s** -z
rgeon 'bɜː.dʒᵊn (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -z
ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rger 'bɜː.gəʳ (US) 'bɝː.gɚ **-s** -z
rgess (B) 'bɜː.dʒəs, -dʒɪs, -dʒes
(US) 'bɝː- **-es** -ɪz
rgh 'bʌr.ə (US) bɝːg, 'bɜː.rə,
bɝː.oʊ **-s** -z
rgh bɜːg (US) bɝːg *in Suffolk:* bɜːg;
bʌr.ə (US) bɝːg; 'bɝː.oʊ *Baron,*
Heath in Surrey, place in
Lincolnshire: 'bʌr.ə (US) 'bɝː.oʊ
Burgh-by-Sands: brʌf
rghclere 'bɜː.kleəʳ (US) 'bɝː.kler
rgher 'bɜː.gəʳ (US) 'bɝː.gɚ **-s** -z
rghersh 'bɜː.gəʃ (US) 'bɝː.gɚʃ
rghley 'bɜː.li (US) 'bɝː-
rglar 'bɜː.gləʳ (US) 'bɝː.glɚ **-s** -z
rglariz|e 'bɜː.glᵊr.aɪz
(US) 'bɝː.glə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rglar|y 'bɜː.glᵊr|.i (US) 'bɝː- **-ies** -iz
rgl|e 'bɜː.gᵊl (US) 'bɝː- **-es** -z **-ing**
ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
rgomaster 'bɜː.gəʊˌmɑː.stəʳ
(US) 'bɝː.gəˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z
rgos 'bʊə.gɒs (US) 'bʊr.gɑːs
rgoyne 'bɜː.gɔɪn, -'- (US) bɝː'gɔɪn,
--
rgund|y (B) 'bɜː.gᵊn.d|i (US) 'bɝː-
ies -iz
rial 'ber.i.əl **-s** -z **'burial ˌground;**
'burial ˌplace
rin 'bjʊə.rɪn (US) 'bʊr.ɪn, 'bɝː- **-s** -z
rk bɜːk (US) bɝːk **-s** -s
rk|e (B) bɜːk (US) bɝːk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
ed -t
rkina Faso bɜːˌkiː.nə'fæs.əʊ
(US) bʊrˌkiː.nə'fɑː.soʊ
rlap 'bɜː.læp (US) 'bɝː-
rleigh 'bɜː.li (US) 'bɝː-
rlesqu|e bɜː'lesk (US) bɝː- **-es** -s
ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Burley 'bɜː.li (US) 'bɝː-
Burling 'bɜː.lɪŋ (US) 'bɝː-
Burlington 'bɜː.lɪŋ.tən (US) 'bɝː-
burl|y (B) 'bɜː.l|i (US) 'bɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Burma 'bɜː.mə (US) 'bɝː-
Burmah 'bɜː.mə (US) 'bɝː-
Burman 'bɜː.mən (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -z
Burmese bɜː'miːz (US) bɝː-, -'miːs
burn bɜːn (US) bɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
burnt bɜːnt (US) bɝːnt
Burnaby 'bɜː.nə.bi (US) 'bɝː-
Burnand bɜː'nænd, bə- (US) bɚ-
Burne bɜːn (US) bɝːn
burner 'bɜː.nəʳ (US) 'bɝː.nɚ **-s** -z **ˌput something on a/the ˌback 'burner**
burnet (B) 'bɜː.nɪt (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -s
Burnett bɜː'net, bə-; 'bɜː.nɪt (US) bɚ'net; 'bɝː.nɪt
Burney 'bɜː.ni (US) 'bɝː-
Burnham 'bɜː.nəm (US) 'bɝː-
Burnham-on-Crouch ˌbɜː.nəm.ɒn'kraʊtʃ (US) ˌbɝː.nəm.ɑːn'-
Burnham-on-Sea ˌbɜː.nəm.ɒn'siː (US) ˌbɝː.nəm.ɑːn'-
burnish 'bɜː.nɪʃ (US) 'bɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Burnley 'bɜːn.li (US) 'bɝːn-
burnous, burnous|e bɜː'nuːs (US) bɚ- **-es** -ɪz
burnout 'bɜːn.aʊt (US) 'bɝːn-
Burns bɜːnz (US) bɝːnz
Burnside 'bɜːn.saɪd (US) 'bɝːn-
burnt (*from* **burn**) bɜːnt (US) bɝːnt **ˌburnt 'offering**
Burntisland ˌbɜːnt'aɪ.lənd (US) ˌbɝːnt-
burnt-out ˌbɜːnt'aʊt (US) ˌbɝːnt- *stress shift:* ˌburnt-out 'case
Burntwood 'bɜːnt.wʊd (US) 'bɝːnt-
burp bɜːp (US) bɝːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
burqa 'bɜː.kə (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -z
burr (B) bɜːʳ (US) bɝː **-s** -z
Burrell 'bʌr.ᵊl, 'bɜːr-
Burridge 'bʌr.ɪdʒ (US) 'bɝː-
burrito bə'riː.təʊ, bʊr'iː- (US) bə'riː.ṭoʊ **-s** -z
Burrough(e)s 'bʌr.əʊz (US) 'bɝː.oʊz
burrow 'bʌr.əʊ (US) 'bɝː.oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Burrows 'bʌr.əʊz (US) 'bɝː.oʊz
Burry Port ˌbʌr.i'pɔːt (US) ˌbɝː.i'pɔːrt
Bursa 'bɜː.sə (US) bʊr'sɑː, bɝː-
bursar 'bɜː.səʳ (US) 'bɝː.sɚ, -sɑːr **-s** -z
bursarship 'bɜː.sə.ʃɪp (US) 'bɝː.sɚ-, -sɑːr- **-s** -s
bursar|y 'bɜː.sᵊr|.i (US) 'bɝː- **-ies** -iz
Burscough Bridge ˌbɜː.skəʊ'brɪdʒ (US) ˌbɝː.skoʊ'-
Bursledon 'bɜː.zᵊl.dᵊn (US) 'bɝː-
Burslem 'bɜːz.ləm (US) 'bɝːz-
burst bɜːst (US) bɝːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
Burt bɜːt (US) bɝːt
burthen 'bɜː.ðᵊn (US) 'bɝː- **-s** -z
burton (B) 'bɜː.tᵊn (US) 'bɝː-
Burundi bʊ'rʊn.di, bə- **-an/s** -ən/z

Burwash 'bɜː.wɒʃ *locally also:* 'bʌr.əʃ (US) 'bɝː.wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ
burl|y (*v.*) 'berl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Bury *place:* 'ber.i *surname:* 'bjʊə.ri, 'ber.i (US) 'bʊr.i, 'ber-
bus bʌs **-(s)es** -ɪz **-(s)ing** -ɪŋ **-(s)ed** -t **'bus conˌductor; 'bus ˌstop**
busbar 'bʌs.bɑːʳ (US) -bɑːr **-s** -z
busboy 'bʌs.bɔɪ **-s** -z
busb|y 'bʌz.b|i **-ies** -iz
bush (B) bʊʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'bush ˌbaby; ˌbeat about the 'bush**
bushel 'bʊʃ.ᵊl **-s** -z
Bushell 'bʊʃ.ᵊl (US) 'bʊʃ.ᵊl, bʊ'ʃel
Bushey 'bʊʃ.i
Bushire bjuː'ʃaɪəʳ, buː-, -'ʃɪəʳ (US) buː'ʃɪr
bush-league 'bʊʃ.liːg **-s** -z
bush|man (B) 'bʊʃ|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
Bushmills 'bʊʃ.mɪlz
Bushnell 'bʊʃ.nᵊl (US) -nᵊl, -nel
bushranger 'bʊʃˌreɪn.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ **-s** -z
bushwhack 'bʊʃ.*h*wæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bushwhacker 'bʊʃˌ*h*wæk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
bush|y (B) 'bʊʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
business 'bɪz.nɪs, -nəs **-es** -ɪz **ˌmind one's ˌown 'business**
businesslike 'bɪz.nɪs.laɪk, -nəs-
business|man 'bɪz.nɪs|.mæn, -nəs-, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
business|person 'bɪz.nɪs|ˌpɜː.sᵊn, -nəsˌ- **-people** -ˌpiː.pᵊl
business-to-business ˌbɪz.nɪs.tə'bɪz.nɪs
business-to-consumer ˌbɪz.nɪs.tə.kən'sjuː.məʳ, -'suː- (US) -'suː.mɚ
business|woman 'bɪz.nɪs|ˌwʊm.ən, -nəsˌ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
busk (B) bʌsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
buskin 'bʌs.kɪn **-s** -z **-ed** -d
bus|man 'bʌs|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men **ˌbusman's 'holiday**
Busoni buː'zəʊ.ni, bjuː-, -'səʊ- (US) bʊ'zoʊ.ni, bjuː-
buss (B) bʌs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
bust bʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
bustard 'bʌs.təd (US) -tɚd **-s** -z
buster (B) 'bʌs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
bustier 'bʌs.ti.əʳ, 'bʊs-, 'buː.sti- (US) 'buː.sti.eɪ, 'bʊs.tjeɪ **-s** -z
bustl|e 'bʌs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'bʌs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
bust-up 'bʌst.ʌp **-s** -s
bust|y 'bʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
bus|y 'bɪz|.i **-ies** -ɪz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -ɪd **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **'busy ˌsignal**
busybod|y 'bɪz.iˌbɒd|.i (US) -ˌbɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz

busyness 'bɪz.i.nəs, -nɪs

but *strong form:* bʌt *weak form:* bət
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /bʌt/ is used contrastively (e.g. **ifs** and **buts**) and in sentence-final position (e.g. "It's anything but"). The weak form is /bət/ (e.g. "It's good but expensive /ɪtsˌgʊd.bət.ɪk'spent.sɪv/).

butane 'bjuː.teɪn (US) 'bjuː.teɪn, -'-

butch (B) bʊtʃ

butch|er (B) 'bʊtʃ|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

butcher|y 'bʊtʃ.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz

Bute bjuːt **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

Buthelezi ˌbuː.tə'leɪ.zi

butler (B) 'bʌt.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z

butler|age 'bʌt.lᵊr|.ɪdʒ **-y** -i **-ies** -iz

Butlin 'bʌt.lɪn **-s** -z

butt (B) bʌt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'bʌṱ.ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'bʌṱ.ɪd

Butte bjuːt

butt-end 'bʌt.end **-s** -z

butt|er 'bʌt|.əʳ (US) 'bʌṱ|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **'butter ˌbean; 'butter ˌdish; 'butter ˌknife; ˌbutter wouldn't ˌmelt in his/her 'mouth**

butterball 'bʌt.ə.bɔːl (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z

buttercup 'bʌt.ə.kʌp (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ- **-s** -s

butterfat 'bʌt.ə.fæt (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ-

Butterfield 'bʌt.ə.fiːld (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ-

butterfinger|s 'bʌt.əˌfɪŋ.gə|z (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚˌfɪŋ.gɚ|z **-ed** -d

butterfl|y 'bʌt.ə.fl|aɪ (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ- **-ies** -aɪz

Butterick 'bʌt.ᵊr.ɪk (US) 'bʌṱ-

Butterleigh, Butterley 'bʌt.ᵊl.i (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.li

Buttermere 'bʌt.ə.mɪəʳ (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.mɪr

buttermilk 'bʌt.ə.mɪlk (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ-

butternut 'bʌt.ə.nʌt (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ- **-s** -s

butterscotch 'bʌt.ə.skɒtʃ (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.skɑːtʃ

Butterwick 'bʌt.ᵊr.ɪk, -ə.wɪk (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.ɪk, -wɪk

Butterworth 'bʌt.ə.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) 'bʌṱ.ɚ.wɚθ, -wɝːθ

butter|y 'bʌt.ᵊr|.i (US) 'bʌṱ- **-ies** -iz

buttock 'bʌt.ək (US) 'bʌṱ- **-s** -s

button (B) 'bʌt.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

button-down ˌbʌt.ᵊn'daʊn *stress shift:* ˌbutton-down 'collar

buttoned-down ˌbʌt.ᵊnd'daʊn (US) ˌbʌṱ-

buttonhol|e 'bʌt.ᵊn.həʊl (US) -hoʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

buttonhook 'bʌt.ᵊn.hʊk **-s** -s

buttress (B) 'bʌt.rəs, -rɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

butt|y 'bʌt|.i (US) 'bʌṱ- **-ies** -iz

butut buː'tuːt

butyric bjʊ'tɪr.ɪk (US) bjuː-

buxom 'bʌk.səm **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Buxtehude ˌbʊk.stə'huː.də

Buxton 'bʌk.stən

buy baɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **bought** bɔːt (US) bɑːt, bɔːt

buyable 'baɪ.ə.bᵊl

buyback 'baɪ.bæk **-s** -s

buyer 'baɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

buyout 'baɪ.aʊt **-s** -s

Buzfuz 'bʌz.fʌz

buzz bʌz **-es** -ɪz, -əz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

buzzard 'bʌz.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z

buzzer 'bʌz.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

buzzword 'bʌz.wɜːd (US) -wɝːd **-s** -z

bwana 'bwɑː.nə

by *normal form:* baɪ *occasional weak forms:* bɪ, bə
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is /baɪ/. The weak forms /bɪ, bə/ are rarely used, but can be found occasionally, particularly in measurements (e.g. "two by three" /ˌtuː.bə'θriː/).

by-and-by ˌbaɪ.ᵊnd'baɪ, -ᵊm- (US) -ᵊnd'-

Byard baɪəd (US) baɪɚd

Byars baɪəz (US) baɪɚz

Byas(s) baɪəs

Byatt baɪət

Bydgoszcz 'bɪd.gɒʃt *as if Polish:* -gɒtʃtʃ (US) -gɔːʃtʃ

bye (B) baɪ **-s** -z

bye-bye *goodbye:* ˌbaɪ'baɪ, bə-, bʌb'aɪ; 'baɪ.baɪ, 'bʌb.aɪ

bye-bye *sleep:* 'baɪ.baɪ **-s** -z

byelaw 'baɪ.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː **-s** -z

by-election 'baɪ.ɪˌlek.ʃᵊn, -əˌ- **-s** -z

Byelorussi|a ˌbjel.əʊ'rʌʃ|.ə, ˌbel-, -'ruː.si- (US) -oʊ'-, -ə'- **-an/s** -ᵊn/z

Byers baɪəz (US) baɪɚz

Byfleet 'baɪ.fliːt

Byford 'baɪ.fəd (US) -fɚd

bygone 'baɪ.gɒn (US) -gɑːn **-s** -z

Bygraves 'baɪ.greɪvz

bylaw 'baɪ.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː **-s** -z

Byles baɪlz

byline 'baɪ.laɪn **-s** -z

Byng bɪŋ

Bynoe 'baɪ.nəʊ (US) -noʊ

BYO ˌbiː.waɪ'əʊ (US) -'oʊ

bypass 'baɪ.pɑːs (US) -pæs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

bypa|th 'baɪ.pɑː|θ (US) -pæ|θ **-ths** -ð[...]

byplay 'baɪ.pleɪ

by-product 'baɪˌprɒd.ʌkt, -əkt (US) -ˌprɑː.dəkt **-s** -s

Byrd bɜːd (US) bɝːd

byre baɪəʳ (US) baɪɚ **-s** -z

Byrne bɜːn (US) bɝːn

byroad 'baɪ.rəʊd (US) -roʊd **-s** -z

Byrom 'baɪ.rəm

Byron 'baɪ.rən

Byronic baɪ'rɒn.ɪk (US) -'rɑː.nɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

Bysshe bɪʃ

bystander 'baɪˌstæn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** [...]

bystreet 'baɪ.striːt **-s** -s

byte baɪt **-s** -s

Bythesea 'baɪθ.siː

byway 'baɪ.weɪ **-s** -z

byword 'baɪ.wɜːd (US) -wɝːd **-s** -z

Byzantian baɪ'zæn.ti.ən, bɪ-, bə-, '-tʃᵊn (US) bɪ'zæn.ti.ən, bə-, baɪ-, -'zænt.ʃᵊn

Byzantine bɪ'zæn.taɪn, baɪ-, bə-, -tiːn; 'bɪz.ᵊn- (US) 'bɪz.ᵊn.tiːn, -taɪ[n]

Byzantium bɪ'zæn.ti.əm, baɪ-, bə[-], '-tʃᵊm (US) bɪ'zæn.ti.əm, bə-, baɪ-, -'zænt.ʃᵊm

Pronouncing the letter C

See also CC, CCH, CH, CK, CQU

The consonant letter **c** has four pronunciations: /s, k, ʃ/ and /tʃ/.

Before the vowel letters **i**, **e** or **y** (when functioning as a vowel letter), it is pronounced as /s/, e.g.:

specific /spəˈsɪf.ɪk/
cell /sel/
cycle /ˈsaɪ.kəl/

In suffixes *-cial*, *-cious*, *-ciate*, *-cient* and their derivatives, **c** is realised as /ʃ/, e.g.:

social /ˈsəʊ.ʃəl/ (US) /ˈsoʊ-/
vicious /ˈvɪʃ.əs/

In most other situations, **c** is pronounced as /k/, e.g.:

cat /kæt/
critic /ˈkrɪt.ɪk/ (US) /ˈkrɪt̬-/

In addition

C can be silent. There are two occasions when this can occur: the combination **ct** in some words, and in British place names such as *Leicester*, e.g.:

Leicester /ˈles.təʳ/ (US) /-tɚ/
indict /ɪnˈdaɪt/

An exceptional pronunciation for **c** is /tʃ/ in some words borrowed from Italian, e.g.:

cello /ˈtʃel.əʊ/ (US) /-oʊ/
Cinquecento /ˌtʃɪŋ.kweɪˈtʃen.təʊ/ (US) /-toʊ/

A final exception:

Caesar /ˈsiː.zəʳ/ (US) /-zɚ/

C) siː -ˈs -z
(*abbrev. for* **circa**) ˈsɜː.kə (US) ˈsɝː-
A ˌsiː.eɪˈeɪ
b kæb -s -z
B ˌsiː.eɪˈbiː
bal kəˈbæl, kæbˈæl (US) kəˈbɑːl, ˈbæl -s -z
bala (C) kəˈbɑː.lə, kæbˈɑː-
balism ˈkæb.ə.lɪ.zəm
balistic ˌkæb.əˈlɪs.tɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** əl.i, -li
ballero ˌkæb.əˈleə.rəʊ, -ˈljeə- (US) -ˈler.oʊ, -əlˈjer- -s -z
bana kəˈbɑː.nə (US) -ˈbæn.ə, ˈbɑː.nə, -njə -s -z
baret ˈkæb.ə.reɪ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌkæb.əˈreɪ, ˈ--- -s -z
bbag|e ˈkæb.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz ˈ**cabbage rose**
bbala (C) kəˈbɑː.lə, kæbˈɑː- -s -z
bbal|ism ˈkæb.ə.l|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
bbalistic ˌkæb.əˈlɪs.tɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** əl.i, -li
bb|ie, cabb|y ˈkæb|.i **-ies** -iz
bdriver ˈkæbˌdraɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -s -z
bell ˈkæb.əl
ber ˈkeɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z
bernet Sauvignon kæb.ə.neɪ.səʊ.viːˈnjɔ̃ːŋ, -jɒn (US) -ɚ.neɪˌsoʊ.viːˈnjoʊn
bin ˈkæb.ɪn **-s** -z ˈ**cabin** ˌ**boy**; ˈ**cabin cruiser**; ˈ**cabin** ˌ**fever**
binet (C) ˈkæb.ɪ.nət, -ə-, -nɪt -s -s **Cabinet** ˌ**Minister**, ˌ**Cabinet** ˈ**Minister**
binetmak|er ˈkæb.ɪ.nətˌmeɪ.k|əʳ, -nɪt- (US) -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
bl|e (C) ˈkeɪ.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**cable** ˌ**car**; ˌ**cable** ˈ**television**, ˌ**cable** ˌ**tele**ˈ**vision**
blecast ˈkeɪ.bəl.kɑːst (US) -kæst -s -s
-ing -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
cablegram ˈkeɪ.bəl.græm -s -z
cab|man ˈkæb|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
caboodle kəˈbuː.dəl
caboos|e kəˈbuːs **-es** -ɪz
Caborn ˈkeɪ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Cabot ˈkæb.ət
cabotage ˈkæb.ə.tɑːʒ, -tɪdʒ
Cabrini kəˈbriː.ni
cabriole ˈkæb.ri.əʊl (US) -oʊl -s -z
cabriolet ˈkæb.ri.əʊ.leɪ, ˌkæb.ri.əʊˈleɪ (US) ˌkæb.ri.əˈleɪ -s -z
cabstand ˈkæb.stænd -s -z
ca-ca ˈkɑː.kɑː
cacao kæˈkaʊ, kækˈaʊ; kəˈkɑː.əʊ, kækˈɑː-, -ˈeɪ- (US) -oʊ -s -z
cachalot ˈkæʃ.ə.lɒt (US) -lɑːt, -loʊ -s -s, -z
cach|e kæʃ **-es** -ɪz
cachepot ˈkæʃ.pəʊ, ˌkæʃˈpɒt (US) ˈkæʃ.pɑːt, -poʊ -s -s, -z
cachet ˈkæʃ.eɪ (US) -ˈ- -s -z
cachinnat|e ˈkæk.ɪ.neɪt, ˈ-ə- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
cachinnation ˌkæk.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən
cachou kæʃˈuː, kəˈʃuː; ˈkæʃ.uː -s -z
cachucha kəˈtʃuː.tʃə -s -z
cacique kæsˈiːk, kəˈsiːk -s -s
cack-handed ˌkækˈhæn.dɪd, ˈ--- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cackl|e ˈkæk.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z (US) ˈ-əl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z
cacodyl ˈkæk.əʊ.daɪl, -dɪl (US) ˈkæk.oʊ.dɪl, ˈ-ə-
cacoepy kækˈəʊ.ɪ.pi, -ep.i (US) -ˈoʊ.ə-
cacographic ˌkæk.əʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- **-al** -əl
cacography kækˈɒg.rə.fi, kəˈkɒg- (US) kəˈkɑː.grə-
cacology kækˈɒl.ə.dʒi, kəˈkɒl- (US) kəˈkɑː.lə-
cacophonic ˌkæk.əʊˈfɒn.ɪk (US) -oʊˈfɑː.nɪk, -əˈ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
cacophonous kəˈkɒf.ə.nəs, kækˈɒf- (US) kəˈkɑː.fə-
cacophon|y kəˈkɒf.ə.n|i, kækˈɒf- (US) kəˈkɑː.fə- **-ies** -iz
cactus ˈkæk.təs **-es** -ɪz **cacti** ˈkæk.taɪ
cacuminal kækˈjuː.mɪ.nəl, kəˈkjuː- (US) kəˈkjuː.mə- -s -z
cad kæd -s -z
CAD kæd
cadaster kəˈdæs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
cadastral kəˈdæs.trəl
cadastre kəˈdæs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
cadaver kəˈdɑː.vəʳ, -ˈdeɪ-, -ˈdæv.əʳ (US) -ˈdæv.ɚ -s -z
cadaveric kəˈdæv.ə.rɪk (US) -ɚ.ɪk
cadaverous kəˈdæv.ər.əs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Cadbury ˈkæd.bər.i (US) ˈkæd.ber.i, -bɚ-
Cadby ˈkæd.bi, ˈkæb-
CAD/CAM ˈkæd.kæm
Caddell kəˈdel
Caddick ˈkæd.ɪk
caddie ˈkæd.i -s -z
caddis ˈkæd.ɪs ˈ**caddis** ˌ**fly**
caddish ˈkæd.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cadd|y ˈkæd|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -ɪd
cade (C) keɪd -s -z
Cadell ˈkæd.əl, kəˈdel
cadenc|e ˈkeɪ.dənts **-es** -ɪz
cadency ˈkeɪ.dənt.si
Cadenus kəˈdiː.nəs
cadenza kəˈden.zə -s -z
Cader Idris ˌkæd.əʳˈɪd.rɪs (US) -ɚˈ-
cadet kəˈdet -s -s **ca**ˈ**det** ˌ**corps**

cadetship kə'det.ʃɪp -s -s

cadg|e kædʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

cadi 'kɑː.di, 'keɪ- -s -z

Cadillac® 'kæd.ɪ.læk, -ᵊl.æk (US) -ə.læk, -ᵊl.æk -s -s

Cadiz *in Spain:* kə'dɪz *as if Spanish:* 'kæd.ɪθ (US) kə'dɪz; 'keɪ.dɪz *in Phillipines:* 'kɑː.diːs (US) kə'dɪz; 'keɪ.dɪz *in the US:* kæd'ɪz; 'keɪ.dɪz (US) kə'dɪz; 'keɪ.dɪz

Cadman 'kæd.mən

Cadmean 'kæd.mi.ən, kæd'miː- (US) kæd'miː-

cadmic 'kæd.mɪk

cadmium 'kæd.mi.əm, 'kæb- (US) 'kæd-

Cadmus 'kæd.məs

Cadogan kə'dʌg.ən

cadre 'kɑː.dəʳ, 'keɪ-, -drə (US) 'kæd.riː, 'kɑː.dri, -dreɪ -s -z

caduce|us kə'djuː.si|.əs, -'dʒuː- (US) -'duː-, -'djuː-, -ʃ|əs -i -aɪ

Cadwallader kæd'wɒl.ə.dəʳ (US) -'wɑː.lə.dɚ

CAE ˌsiː.eɪ'iː

caec|um 'siː.k|əm -a -ə

Caedmon 'kæd.mən

Caen kɑ̃ː (US) kɑːn

Caerleon kɑː'liː.ən, kə-, -'lɪən (US) kɑːr-

Caernarvon, Caernarfon kə'nɑː.vᵊn (US) kɑːr'nɑːr- -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

Caerphilly keə'fɪl.i, kɑː-, kə'fɪl- (US) kɑːr-

Caesar 'siː.zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z

Caesarea ˌsiː.zə'riː.ə

caesarean, caesarian *way of having a baby:* sɪ'zeə.ri.ən, sə- (US) sɪ'zer.i- -s -z cae,sarean 'section

Caesarean *of Caesarea:* ˌsiː.zə'riː.ən *of Caesar:* siː'zeə.ri.ən, sɪ- (US) sɪ'zer.i-

caesium 'siː.zi.əm

caesura sɪ'zjʊə.rə, siː-, -'zjɔː-, -'ʒʊə- (US) sə'zʊr.ə, -'ʒʊr- -s -z

café, cafe 'kæf.eɪ (US) kæf'eɪ, kə'feɪ -s -z

cafeteria ˌkæf.ə'tɪə.ri.ə, -ɪ'- (US) -'tɪr.i- -s -z

cafetière, cafetiere ˌkæf.ə'tjeəʳ (US) -'tjer -s -z

caff kæf -s -s

caffein 'kæf.iːn, -eɪn (US) kæf'iːn

caffeinated 'kæf.ɪ.neɪ.tɪd, '-ə- (US) -ə.neɪ.t̬ɪd

caffeine 'kæf.iːn, -eɪn (US) kæf'iːn

caftan 'kæf.tæn (US) -tæn, -tən -s -z

cag|e (C) keɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

cageling 'keɪdʒ.lɪŋ -s -z

cager 'keɪ.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ -s -z

cag|ey 'keɪ.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Cagliari ˌkæl.ji'ɑː.ri, 'kæl.jə.ri (US) 'kɑːl.jɑːr.i, -jɚ-

Cagliostro kæl.ji'ɒs.trəʊ (US) kɑːl'jɔː.stroʊ

Cagney 'kæg.ni

cagoule kə'guːl, kæg'uːl -s -z

cag|y 'keɪ.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Cahal kə'hæl, 'kæ.hᵊl

Cahan kɑːn

Cahill 'kɑː.hɪl, 'keɪ.hɪl

Cahoon kə'huːn, kæ-

cahoots kə'huːts

CAI ˌsiː.eɪ'aɪ

Caiaphas 'kaɪ.ə.fæs, -fəs

Caicos 'keɪ.kɒs, -kəs (US) -kəs

Caillard 'kaɪ.ɑːʳ (US) -ɑːr

caiman 'keɪ.mən, 'kaɪ-, -mæn (US) 'keɪ- -s -z

Cain(e) keɪn

caique, caïque kaɪ'iːk, kɑː- (US) kɑː'iːk -s -s

Caird keəd (US) kerd

Cairene 'kaɪə.riːn (US) 'kaɪ-, -'-

cairn keən (US) kern -s -z

cairngorm (C) ˌkeən'gɔːm, ˌkeəŋ-, '-- (US) 'kern.gɔːrm -s -z

Cairns keənz (US) kernz

Cairo *in Egypt:* 'kaɪə.rəʊ (US) 'kaɪ.roʊ *in the US:* 'keə.rəʊ (US) 'ker.oʊ

caisson 'keɪ.sɒn, -sᵊn *sometimes in engineering:* kə'suːn (US) 'keɪ.sᵊn, -sɑːn -s -z

Caister 'keɪ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ

Caister-on-Sea ˌkeɪ.stəʳ.ɒn'siː (US) -stɚ.ɑːn'-

Caistor 'keɪ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ

Caithness 'keɪθ.nes, -nəs; keɪθ'nes

caitiff 'keɪ.tɪf (US) -t̬ɪf -s -s

Caitlin, Caitlín 'keɪt.lɪn, 'kæt.lɪn

Caius *Roman name, character in Shakespeare's Merry Wives:* 'kaɪ.əs, 'keɪ.əs *as if Latin:* 'gaɪ- *Cambridge college:* kiːz

cajol|e kə'dʒəʊl (US) -'dʒoʊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

cajoler|y kə'dʒəʊ.lᵊr|.i (US) -'dʒoʊ- -ies -iz

Cajun 'keɪ.dʒən -s -z

cak|e keɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t (sell/go) like ˌhot 'cakes (US) (sell/go) like 'hot ˌcakes; ˌhave one's ˌcake and 'eat it (US) ˌhave one's ˌcake and ˌeat it 'too

cakewalk 'keɪk.wɔːk (US) -wɑːk, -wɔːk -s -s

Cakovec tʃɑː'kəʊ.vets (US) -'koʊ-

CAL kæl, ˌsiː.eɪ'el

Calabar ˌkæl.ə'bɑːʳ, '--- (US) 'kæl.ə.bɑːr, ˌ--'-

calabash 'kæl.ə.bæʃ -es -ɪz, -əz

calaboos|e 'kæl.ə.buːs, --'- -es -ɪz

calabrese 'kæl.ə.briːs, -briːz

Calabri|a kə'læb.ri|.ə, kæl'æb-, -'ɑː.bri|- (US) kə'leɪ.bri|-, -'lɑː- -an/s -ən/z

Calais 'kæl.eɪ (US) kæl'eɪ

calamari ˌkæl.ə'mɑː.ri (US) -'mɑːr.i

calamine 'kæl.ə.maɪn

calamitous kə'læm.ɪ.təs, -ə.təs (US) -ə.t̬əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

calamit|y kə'læm.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz Caˌlamity 'Jane

calamus 'kæl.ə.məs

calash kə'læʃ -es -ɪz

calcareous kæl'keə.ri.əs (US) -'ker.i-, -'kær- -ness -nəs, -nɪs

calceolaria ˌkæl.si.ə'leə.ri.ə (US) -'ler.i-, -'lær- -s -z

calces 'kæl.siːz

Calchas 'kæl.kæs

calciferol kæl'sɪf.ə.rɒl (US) -roʊl, -rɑːl

calciferous kæl'sɪf.ᵊr.əs

calcification ˌkæl.sɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə-

calcifug|e 'kæl.sɪ.fjuːdʒ -es -ɪz

calcifugous kæl'sɪf.jə.gəs

calcif|y 'kæl.sɪ.f|aɪ, -sə- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd

calcination ˌkæl.sɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə'-

calcin|e 'kæl.saɪn, -sɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

calcite 'kæl.saɪt -s -s

calcium 'kæl.si.əm

Calcot(t) 'kɔːl.kət, 'kɒl-, 'kæl- (US) 'kɔːl.kɑːt, 'kɑːl-, 'kæl-

Note: In Calcot Row, Berkshire, the pronunciation is /'kæl.kət/.

calculab|le 'kæl.kjə.lə.b|ᵊl, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə- -ly -li

calcu|late 'kæl.kjə|.leɪt, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

calculation ˌkæl.kjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -kjʊ'- (US) -kjə'- -s -z

calculative 'kæl.kjə.lə.tɪv, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə.lə.t̬ɪv

calculator 'kæl.kjə.leɪ.təʳ, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə.leɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z

calcul|us 'kæl.kjə.l|əs, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ

Calcutt 'kæl.kʌt

Calcutta kæl'kʌt.ə (US) -'kʌt̬-

Caldecote 'kɔːl.dɪ.kət, 'kɒl-, -də- (US) 'kɑːl.də.koʊt, 'kɔːl-, -kət

Caldecott 'kɔːl.də.kət, 'kɒl-, -dɪ-, -kɒt (US) 'kɑːl.də.kɑːt, 'kɔːl-, -kət

Calder 'kɔːl.dəʳ, 'kɒl- (US) 'kɔːl.dɚ, 'kɑːl-

caldera kæl'deə.rə, 'kɔːl.də.rə (US) kæl'der.ə

Calderon *English name:* 'kɔːl.də.r[ən], 'kɒl-, 'kæl- (US) 'kɔːl.də.rɑːn, 'kɑːl[-] *Spanish name:* ˌkæl.də'rɒn (US) ˌkɑːl.ðə'rɔːn

Caldicot(t) 'kɔːl.dɪ.kɒt, 'kɒl-, -də-, -kət (US) 'kɑːl.də.kɑːt, 'kɔːl-, -kət

caldron 'kɔːl.drən, 'kɒl- (US) 'kɑːl-, 'kɔːl- -s -z

Caldwell 'kɔːld.wəl, 'kɒld-, -wel (US) 'kɔːld-, 'kɑːld-

Caleb 'keɪ.leb, -lɪb, -ləb

Caledon 'kæl.ɪ.dᵊn, '-ə-

Caledoni|a ˌkæl.ɪ'dəʊ.ni|.ə, -ə'- (US) -'doʊ- -an/s -ən/z

calefaction ˌkæl.ɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -ə'-

calefactor|y ˌkæl.ɪ'fæk.tᵊr|.i, -ə'-, -tr|i -ies -iz

calendar 'kæl.ən.dəʳ, -ɪn- (US) -dɚ -s -z

calend|er 'kæl.ən.d|əʳ, -ɪn- (US) -d|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

ends 'kæl.ɪndz, -endz, -əndz (US)
æl.ɪndz, 'keɪ.lɪndz, -lendz, -ləndz
endula kə'len.djə.lə, kæl'en-,
jʊ- (US) -dʒə- -s -z
enture 'kæl.ən.tʃʊəʳ, -ɪn-, -tjʊəʳ,
ʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ, -tʃʊr -s -z
f kɑː|f (US) kæ|f **-ves** -vz ˌ**calf's-**
ot 'jelly
skin 'kɑːf.skɪn (US) 'kæf-
gary 'kæl.gᵊr.i
houn kæl'huːn, -'həʊn, kə'huːn
(US) kæl'huːn, -'hoʊn, kə'huːn
i 'kɑː.li
iban 'kæl.ɪ.bæn, '-ə-, -bən
ber 'kæl.ɪ.bəʳ, '-ə- (US) 'kæl.ə.bɚ
-z
ibra® kə'liː.brə
|brate 'kæl.ɪ|.breɪt, '-ə- **-brates**
breɪts **-brating** -breɪ.tɪŋ
(US) -breɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-brated** -breɪ.tɪd
(US) -breɪ.t̬ɪd
ibration ˌkæl.ɪ'breɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
ibrator 'kæl.ɪ.breɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -t̬ɚ
-z
ibre 'kæl.ɪ.bəʳ, '-ə- (US) 'kæl.ə.bɚ
-z
icle 'kæl.ɪ.kᵊl -s -z
ico 'kæl.ɪ.kəʊ, '-ə- (US) -koʊ -(e)s -z
icut 'kæl.ɪ.kət, '-ə-, -kʌt
if 'keɪ.lɪf, 'kæl.ɪf -s -s
if. (*abbrev. for* **California**)
æl.ɪ'fɔː.ni.ə, -ə'-, '-njə
(US) -ə'fɔːr.njə, -ni.ə
iforni|a ˌkæl.ɪ'fɔː.ni|.ə, -ə'-,
nj|ə (US) ˌkæl.ə'fɔːr.nj|ə, -ni|.ə
an/s -ən/z
ifornium ˌkæl.ɪ'fɔː.ni.əm, -ə'-
(US) -ə'fɔːr-
igula kə'lɪg.jʊ.lə, -jə-
ipash 'kæl.ɪ.pæʃ
ipee 'kæl.ɪ.piː, ˌ--'-
iper 'kæl.ɪ.pəʳ (US) -ə.pɚ -s -z
iph 'keɪ.lɪf, 'kæl.ɪf -s -s
iphate 'kæl.ɪ.feɪt, 'keɪ.lɪ-, -fɪt,
fət (US) 'keɪ.lɪ.fət, 'kæl.ɪ.feɪt -s -s
isthenic ˌkæl.ɪs'θen.ɪk, -əs'-
(US) -əs'- -s -s
listo kə'lɪs.təʊ (US) -toʊ
|ix 'keɪ.lɪ|ks, 'kæl|.ɪks **-ices** -ɪs.iːz
lk kɔːk (US) kɔːk, kɑːk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
ed -t
lkin 'kæl.kɪn, 'kɔː- (US) 'kɔː-, 'kɑː-
s -z
ll kɔːl (US) kɔːl, kɑːl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ed -d **'call ˌgirl**
llaghan 'kæl.ə.hən, -hæn, -gən
(US) -hæn
llahan 'kæl.ə.hæn, -hən (US) -hæn
llan 'kæl.ən
llander 'kæl.ən.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
llanetics® ˌkæl.ə'net.ɪks (US) -'net̬-
llao kə'jaʊ (US) kə'jɑː.oʊ
llas 'kæl.əs, -æs
llback 'kɔːl.bæk (US) 'kɔːl-, 'kɑːl-
llboy 'kɔːl.bɔɪ (US) 'kɔːl-, 'kɑːl- -s -z
llcott 'kɔːl.kət, 'kɒl- (US) 'kɔːl.kɑːt,
'kɑːl-
llender 'kæl.ɪn.dəʳ, -ən- (US) -dɚ

caller 'kɔː.ləʳ (US) 'kɔː.lɚ, 'kɑː- -s -z

Caller 'kæl.əʳ (US) -ɚ

Callie *surname:* 'kɔː.li (US) 'kɔː-, 'kɑː-

Callie *girl's name:* 'kæl.i

calligraphic ˌkæl.ɪ'græf.ɪk, -ə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

calligraph|y kə'lɪg.rə.f|i, kæl'ɪg- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

call-in 'kɔːl.ɪn (US) 'kɑːl-, 'kɔːl- -s -z

calling 'kɔː.lɪŋ (US) 'kɔː-, 'kɑː- -s -z **'calling ˌcard**

Calliope kə'laɪə.pi, kæl'aɪə-

calliper 'kæl.ɪ.pəʳ (US) -ə.pɚ -s -z

callipygian ˌkæl.ɪ'pɪdʒ.i.ən, -ə'- (US) -ə'-

callipygous ˌkæl.ɪ'paɪ.gəs, -ə'- (US) -ə'-

Callirrhoe kæl'ɪr.əʊ.iː, kə'lɪr- (US) kə'lɪr.oʊ-

Callisthenes kæl'ɪs.θə.niːz, kə'lɪs- (US) kə'lɪs-

callisthenic ˌkæl.ɪs'θen.ɪk -s -s

Callistratus kæl'ɪs.trə.təs, kə'lɪs- (US) kə'lɪs-

callosit|y kæl'ɒs.ə.t|i, kə'lɒs-, -ɪt|.i (US) kə'lɑː.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

callous 'kæl.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ed** -t

callow (C) 'kæl.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst

Calloway 'kæl.ə.weɪ

call-up 'kɔːl.ʌp (US) 'kɔːl-, 'kɑːl-

callus 'kæl.əs **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t

calm kɑːm (US) kɑːlm -s -z **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

calmative 'kæl.mə.tɪv, 'kɑː.mə- (US) 'kɑː.mə.t̬ɪv, 'kæl- -s -z

calmodulin kəl'mɒd.jə.lɪn, kæl'-, -jʊ- (US) kæl'mɑː.dʒə-, -dʒʊ-

Calne kɑːn

calomel 'kæl.əʊ.mel (US) -ə.mel, -məl

calor 'kæl.əʳ (US) -ɚ **'Calor ˌgas**

caloric kə'lɒr.ɪk; 'kæl.ᵊr- (US) kə'lɔːr-

calorie 'kæl.ᵊr.i -s -z

calorific ˌkæl.ə'rɪf.ɪk, -ɔː'- (US) -ə'-

calorification kəˌlɒr.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn; ˌkæl.ə.rɪ-, ˌkæl.ɔː-, ˌkæl.ɒr.ɪ- (US) kəˌlɔːr.ɪ-, kælˌɔːr-

calorimeter ˌkæl.ə'rɪm.ɪ.təʳ, -ɔː'-, -ɒr'ɪm-, '-ə- (US) -ə'rɪm.ə.t̬ɚ -s -z

calorimetry ˌkæl.ə'rɪm.ɪ.tri, -ɔː'-, -ɒr'ɪm-, '-ə- (US) -ə'rɪm.ə-

calotte kə'lɒt (US) -lɑːt -s -s

caloyer 'kæl.ɔɪ.əʳ (US) 'kæl.ə.jɚ; kə'lɔɪ- -s -z

Calpurnia ˌkæl'pɜː.ni.ə (US) -'pɝː-

calque kælk -s -s

Calshot 'kæl.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt

Calthorpe *district in Birmingham:* 'kæl.θɔːp (US) -θɔːrp *surname:* 'kɔːl.θɔːp, 'kɒl-, 'kæl.θɔːp (US) 'kɔːl.θɔːrp, 'kɑːl-, 'kæl-

Calton *in Edinburgh:* 'kɔːl.tᵊn (US) 'kɔːl-, 'kɑːl- *in Glasgow:* 'kɑːl.tᵊn

caltrop 'kæl.trəp, -trɒp -s -s

calumet 'kæl.jʊ.met (US) 'kæl.jə.met, -mɪt; ˌkæl.jə'met -s -s

calumni|ate kə'lʌm.ni|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

calumniation kəˌlʌm.ni'eɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z

calumn|y 'kæl.əm.n|i **-ies** -iz

calvados (C) 'kæl.və.dɒs (US) ˌkæl.və'doʊs, ˌkɑːl-

calvar|y (C) 'kæl.vᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz

calv|e kɑːv (US) kæv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Calverley *surname:* 'kæl.vᵊl.i (US) -vɚ.li *place in West Yorkshire:* 'kɑː.və.li, 'kɔːv.li (US) 'kɑː.vɚ-, 'kɔːv-

Calvert 'kæl.vɜːt, -vət, 'kɔːl.vət (US) 'kæl.vɝːt, -vɚt

Calverton 'kæl.və.tᵊn, 'kɔːl- (US) 'kæl.vɚ.t̬ən

calves'-foot 'kɑːvz.fʊt (US) 'kævz-

Calvin 'kæl.vɪn

Calvin|ism 'kæl.vɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm, -və- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Calvinistic ˌkæl.vɪ'nɪs.tɪk, -və'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

cal|x kæl|ks **-ces** -siːz **-xes** -k.sɪz

Calydon 'kæl.ɪ.dᵊn, '-ə-

calypso (C) kə'lɪp.səʊ (US) -soʊ -(e)s -z

ca|lyx 'keɪ|.lɪks, 'kæ|l.ɪks **-lyces** -lɪ.siːz **-lyxes** -lɪk.sɪz

calzone kælt'soʊ.ni, kæl'zəʊ-, -neɪ (US) kæl'zoʊ.ni, -'zoʊn -s -z

cam (C) kæm -s -z

CAm (*abbrev. for* **Central America**) ˌsen.trᵊl.ə'mer.ɪ.kə

CAM kæm

Camalodunum ˌkæm.ə.ləʊ'djuː.nəm (US) -loʊ'duː-, -'djuː-

camaraderie ˌkæm.ə'rɑː.dᵊr.i, -'ræd.ᵊr-, -iː (US) ˌkæm.ə'rɑː.dɚ.i, ˌkɑː.mə'-, -'ræd.ɚ-

Camargue kæm'ɑːg, kə'mɑːg (US) kə'mɑːrg

camarilla ˌkæm.ə'rɪl.ə -s -z

Camay® 'kæm.eɪ (US) ˌkæm'eɪ

camber (C) 'kæm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z

Camberley 'kæm.bᵊl.i (US) -bɚ.li

Camberwell 'kæm.bə.wel, -wəl (US) -bɚ-

cambial 'kæm.bi.əl

cambium 'kæm.bi.əm

Cambodi|a ˌkæm'bəʊ.di|.ə (US) -'boʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z

Camborne 'kæm.bɔːn, -bən (US) -bɔːrn

Cambray 'kɑ̃ːm.breɪ, 'kɒm- (US) kɑːm'breɪ

Cambri|a 'kæm.bri|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z

cambric 'kæm.brɪk, 'keɪm-

Cambridge 'keɪm.brɪdʒ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

Cambs. (*abbrev. for* **Cambridgeshire**) kæmbz; 'keɪm.brɪdʒ.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) kæmbz; 'keɪm.brɪdʒ.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

Cambyses kæm'baɪ.siːz

camcorder 'kæmˌkɔː.dəʳ (US) -ˌkɔːr.dɚ -s -z

Camden 'kæm.dən

came (*from* **come**) keɪm

camel 'kæm.ᵊl -s -z

Camelford 'kæm.ᵊl.fəd (US) -fɚd

camelhair 'kæm.ᵊl.heəʳ (US) -her
camel(l)ia (C) kə'miː.li.ə, -'mel.i- (US) -'miːl.jə, -'miː.li.ə -s -z
Camelot 'kæm.ə.lɒt, '-ɪ- (US) -lɑːt
Camembert 'kæm.əm.beəʳ (US) -ber
cameo 'kæm.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z **'cameo ˌrole**
camera 'kæm.ᵊr.ə, 'kæm.rə -s -z
cameral 'kæm.ᵊr.ᵊl
camera|man 'kæm.ᵊr.ə|.mæn, 'kæm.rə-, -mən -men -men
camera obscura ˌkæm.ᵊr.ə.əb'skjʊə.rə, ˌkæm.rə-, -ɒb'- (US) -əb'skjʊr.ə
camera-shy 'kæm.ᵊr.ə.ʃaɪ, 'kæm.rə
camera|woman 'kæm.ᵊr.ə|ˌwʊm.ən, -rə,- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Camero kə'meə.rəʊ (US) -'mer.oʊ
Cameron 'kæm.ᵊr.ən, 'kæm.rən
Cameronian ˌkæm.ᵊr'əʊ.ni.ən (US) -'oʊ- -s -z
Cameroon ˌkæm.ə'ruːn, '--- -s -z
camiknickers 'kæm.iˌnɪk.əz, ˌkæm.i'nɪk- (US) 'kæm.iˌnɪk.ɚz
Camilla kə'mɪl.ə
Camille kə'miːl, -'mɪl
camis|e kə'miːz **-es** -ɪz
camisole 'kæm.ɪ.səʊl (US) -soʊl -s -z
Camlachie kæm'læk.i, -'læx-
Cammell Laird ˌkæm.ᵊl'leəd (US) -'lerd
camomile 'kæm.əʊ.maɪl (US) -ə.miːl
Camorra kə'mɒr.ə (US) -'mɔːr-
camouflag|e 'kæm.ə.flɑːʒ, '-ʊ- (US) -flɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Camoys kə'mɔɪz
camp (C) kæmp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i **'camp ˌfollower; 'camp ˌstool; ˌcamp 'bed, 'camp ˌbed; ˌCamp 'David**
Campagna kæm'pɑː.njə (US) -njɑː
campaign kæm'peɪn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
campanile ˌkæm.pə'niː.leɪ (US) -leɪ, -li -s -z
campanolog|y ˌkæm.pə'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
campanula kəm'pæn.jʊ.lə, kæm-, -jə- -s -z
Campari® kæm'pɑː.ri (US) -'pɑːr.i
Campbell 'kæm.bᵊl -s -z
Campbellite 'kæm.bᵊl.aɪt (US) -bə.laɪt -s -s
Campbeltown 'kæm.bᵊl.taʊn
Campden 'kæmp.dən
Campeche kæm'piː.tʃi
camper 'kæm.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z **'camper ˌvan**
Camperdown 'kæm.pə.daʊn (US) -pɚ-
campfire 'kæmp.faɪəʳ (US) -faɪɚ -s -z
campground 'kæmp.graʊnd -s -z
camphire 'kæmp.faɪəʳ (US) -faɪɚ
camphor 'kæmp.fəʳ (US) -fɚ -s -z
camphor|ate 'kæmp.fə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **ˌcamphorated 'oil**
camphoric kæm'fɒr.ɪk (US) -'fɔːr-
camping 'kæm.pɪŋ

campion (C) 'kæm.pi.ən -s -z
Camps kæmps
campsite 'kæmp.saɪt -s -s
campus 'kæm.pəs **-es** -ɪz
CAMRA 'kæm.rə
camshaft 'kæm.ʃɑːft (US) -ʃæft -s -s
Camus kæm'uː (US) kæm'uː, kɑː'muː, kə-
camwood 'kæm.wʊd
can (*n.*) kæn -s -z **'can ˌopener; (ˌopen a) ˌcan of 'worms; ˌcarry the 'can**
can (*v.*) *put in cans:* kæn -s -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
can (*auxil, v.*) *strong form:* kæn *weak forms:* kən, kn̩, kŋ
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /kæn/ is used for emphasis (e.g. "You **can** do it"), and for contrast (e.g. "I don't know if he **can** or he **can't**"). It is also used finally in a sentence (e.g. "I don't know if I **can**"). The form /kŋ/ occurs only before words beginning with /k/ or /g/.
Cana 'keɪ.nə
Canaan 'keɪ.nən, -ni.ən *Jewish pronunciation:* kə'neɪ.ən
Canaanite 'keɪ.nə.naɪt, -ni.ə- *Jewish pronunciation:* kə'neɪ.ə.naɪt -s -s
Canada 'kæn.ə.də
Canadian kə'neɪ.di.ən -s -z
Canadiens kə'neɪ.di.ənz, -ˌneɪ.di'enz (US) kə.neɪ.di'enz
canaille kə'neɪəl, -naɪ (US) kə'neɪl
canal kə'næl -s -z
Canaletto ˌkæn.ᵊl'et.əʊ (US) -ə'let̬.oʊ
canalization, -isa- ˌkæn.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
canaliz|e, -is|e 'kæn.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cananite 'kæn.ə.naɪt, 'keɪ.nə- -s -s
canapé 'kæn.ə.peɪ -s -z
canard 'kæn.ɑːd, kə'nɑːd, kæn'ɑːd (US) kə'nɑːrd -s -z
canar|y (C) kə'neə.r|i (US) -'ner|.i **-ies** -iz **Ca'nary ˌIslands**
canasta kə'næs.tə
canaster kə'næs.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
Canaveral kə'næv.ᵊr.ᵊl
Canberra 'kæn.bᵊr.ə, 'kæm- (US) 'kæn.ber-, -bɚ-
cancan 'kæn.kæn, 'kæŋ- -s -z
cancel 'kænt.sᵊl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
cancell|ate 'kænt.sᵊl|.eɪt, -sɪ.l|eɪt (US) -sə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
cancellation ˌkænt.sᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -sɪ'leɪ- (US) -sə'leɪ- -s -z
cancellous 'kænt.sᵊl.əs
cancer (C) 'kænt.səʳ (US) -sɚ -s -z
Cancerean, Cancerian kænt'sɪə.ri.ən, -'seə- (US) -'ser.i-, -'sɪr- -s -z
cancerous 'kænt.sᵊr.əs
cancroid 'kæŋ.krɔɪd
Candace kæn'deɪ.si, 'kæn.dɪs, -dəs
candela kæn'del.ə, -'deɪ.lə, -'diː- -s -z

candelabr|a ˌkæn.dᵊl'ɑː.br|ə, -dɪ'lɑː-, -'læb.r|ə (US) -də'lɑː.br|ə, -'læb.r|ə **-as** -əz **-um** -əm
Canderel® ˌkæn.dᵊr'el, '---
candescen|ce kæn'des.ᵊn|ts -t -t
Candia 'kæn.di.ə
Candice 'kæn.dɪs, -diːs
candid 'kæn.dɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -
Candida 'kæn.dɪ.də
candida|cy 'kæn.dɪ.də|.si **-cies** -s
candidate 'kæn.dɪ.dət, -deɪt, -dɪ -s -s
candidature 'kæn.dɪ.də.tʃəʳ, '-d -deɪ-, -dɪt.ʃ.əʳ (US) 'kæn.də.də.tʃʊ -tʃɚ -s -z
Candide kɑ̃ːn'diːd (US) kɑːn-, kæn-
candidias|is ˌkæn.dɪ'daɪə.s|ɪs, -d **-es** -iːz
candle 'kæn.dᵊl -s -z **ˌburn the ˌc dle at ˌboth 'ends**
candlelight 'kæn.dᵊl.laɪt
candle-lit 'kæn.dᵊl.lɪt **ˌcandle-lit 'dinner**
Candlemas 'kæn.dᵊl.məs, -mæs
candlepower 'kæn.dᵊl.paʊəʳ (US) -paʊɚ -s -z
candlestick 'kæn.dᵊl.stɪk -s -s
candlewick 'kæn.dᵊl.wɪk
can-do ˌkæn'duː
cando(u)r 'kæn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
cand|y (C) 'kæn.d|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** **-ied** -id
candy-ass 'kæn.di.æs, -ɑːs (US) -æ
candyfloss 'kæn.di.flɒs (US) -flɑːs
candytuft 'kæn.di.tʌft
can|e (C) keɪn **-es** -z **-ed** -d **-ing** -ɪ **ˌcane 'sugar; 'cane ˌsugar**
Canford 'kæn.fəd (US) -fɚd
Canham 'kæn.əm
canicular kə'nɪk.jʊ.ləʳ, kæn'ɪk-, (US) -jə.lɚ
canine 'keɪ.naɪn, 'kæn.aɪn (US) 'keɪ.naɪn -s -z
Canis 'keɪ.nɪs, 'kæn.ɪs
canister 'kæn.ɪ.stəʳ (US) -ə.stɚ -s
cank|er 'kæŋ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
cankerous 'kæŋ.kᵊr.əs
canna 'kæn.ə -s -z
cannabis 'kæn.ə.bɪs
Cannan 'kæn.ən
cannelloni ˌkæn.ᵊl'əʊ.ni, -ɪ'ləʊ- (US) -ə'loʊ-
canner|y 'kæn.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
Cannes kæn, kænz (US) kæn, kæn kɑːn **ˌCannes 'Film ˌFestival**
cannibal 'kæn.ɪ.bᵊl, '-ə- -s -z
cannibalism 'kæn.ɪ.bᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm, '-
cannibalistic ˌkæn.ɪ.bᵊl'ɪs.tɪk, (US) -bə'lɪs-
cannibaliz|e, -is|e 'kæn.ɪ.bᵊl.aɪz '-ə- (US) -bə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-e**
cannikin 'kæn.ɪ.kɪn (US) '-ə- -s -z
Canning 'kæn.ɪŋ
Cannizzaro ˌkæn.ɪ'zɑː.rəʊ, -ə'- (US) -roʊ
Cannock 'kæn.ək

nnon (C) 'kæn.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
ed -d 'cannon ˌfodder
nnonad|e ˌkæn.ə'neɪd -es -z -ing
ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
nnonball 'kæn.ən.bɔːl ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, bɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
nnoneer ˌkæn.ə'nɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'nɪr -s -z
nnonry 'kæn.ən.ri
nnonshot 'kæn.ən.ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːt
s -s
nnot 'kæn.ɒt, -ət ⓤⓢ 'kæn.ɑːt, ə'nɑːt
te: This word is usually contracted o /kɑːnt ⓤⓢ kænt/. See **can't**.
nnul|a 'kæn.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -jə-
ae -iː, -aɪ -as -əz
nn|y 'kæn|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ
iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i
iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
noe kə'nuː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
noeist kə'nuː.ɪst -s -s
non 'kæn.ən -s -z ˌcanon 'law
nonbury 'kæn.ən.bər.i, -əm-
ⓢ -ən.ber-, -bɚ-
noness ˌkæn.ə'nes, 'kæn.ə.nɪs,
nes ⓤⓢ 'kæn.ə.nəs -es -ɪz
nongate 'kæn.ən.geɪt, -əŋ-
nonic kə'nɒn.ɪk, kæn'ɒn-
ⓢ kə'nɑː.nɪk -al/s -əl/z -ally -əl.i, -li
nonization, -isa-
kæn.ə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -nɪ'- ⓤⓢ -nɪ'-
s -z
noniz|e, -is|e 'kæn.ə.naɪz -es -ɪz
ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
nonr|y 'kæn.ən.r|i -ies -iz
noodl|e kə'nuː.dəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
nuːd.lɪŋ -ed -d
nopus kə'nəʊ.pəs ⓤⓢ -'noʊ-
nop|y 'kæn.ə.p|i -ies -iz
nossa kə'nɒs.ə, kæn'ɒs-
ⓢ kə'nɑː.sə
nst (*from* can) *strong form:* kænst
weak form: kənst
nt (C) kænt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
n't kɑːnt ⓤⓢ kænt
ntab. 'kæn.tæb
ntabile kæn'tɑː.bɪ.leɪ, -bə-
ntabria kæn'tæb.ri.ə ⓤⓢ -'teɪ.bri-
ntabrian kæn'tæb.ri.ən
ⓢ -'teɪ.bri-
ntabrigian ˌkæn.tə'brɪdʒ.i.ən
s -z
ntaloup(e) 'kæn.tə.luːp
ⓢ -t̬ə.loʊp -s -s
ntankerous ˌkæn'tæŋ.kər.əs,
ən- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ntata kæn'tɑː.tə, kən-
ⓢ kən'tɑː.t̬ə -s -z
ntatrice 'kæn.tə.triːs *as if French:*
kɑ̃ːn.tæt'riːs *as if Italian:*
kɑːn.tə'triː.tʃeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌkɑːn.tə'triːs
s -ɪz
nteen kæn'tiːn -s -z *stress shift:*
canteen 'food
nt|er (C) 'kæn.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ -ers -əz
ⓢ -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
nterbury 'kæn.tə.bər.i, -ber- ⓤⓢ
ɚ.ber-, -bɚ- ˌ**Canterbury 'Tales**

cantharides kænt'θær.ɪ.diːz, kənt-
ⓤⓢ -'θer-, -'θær-
canticle 'kæn.tɪ.kəl ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- -s -z
Canticles (*Song of Solomon*)
'kæn.tɪ.kəlz ⓤⓢ -t̬ə-
cantilena ˌkæn.tɪ'leɪn.ə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'-
cantilever 'kæn.tɪ.liː.vəʳ, -tə-
ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.liː.vɚ, -lev.ɚ -s -z
Cantire kæn'taɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'taɪɚ
Cantling 'kænt.lɪŋ
canto 'kæn.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ -s -z
canton *Swiss state:* 'kæn.tɒn, ˌ-'-
ⓤⓢ 'kæn.tɑːn, -tən, kæn'tɑːn -s -z
in heraldry: 'kæn.tən
Canton *in China:* ˌkæn'tɒn ⓤⓢ -'tɑːn
in Wales, surname, place in US:
'kæn.tən ⓤⓢ -tən
canton (*v.*) *divide into portions or districts:* kæn'tɒn ⓤⓢ -'tɑːn -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
canton (*v.*) *provide accommodation:*
kæn'tuːn, kən- ⓤⓢ kæn'toʊn, -'tɑːn
-s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ment/s -mənt/s
Cantona 'kæn.tə.nɑː
cantonal 'kæn.tə.nəl, kæn'təʊ.nəl
ⓤⓢ 'kæn.tə.nəl, kæn'tɑː.nəl
Cantonese ˌkæn.tə'niːz, -tɒn'iːz
ⓤⓢ -tən'iːz, -'iːs
cantor 'kæn.tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ, -tɔːr -s -z
cantoris kæn'tɔː.rɪs ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.ɪs
cantus 'kæn.təs ⓤⓢ -t̬əs
Cantwell 'kænt.wel
Canty 'kæn.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
Canuck kə'nʌk -s -s
Canute kə'njuːt ⓤⓢ -'nuːt, -'njuːt
canvas 'kæn.vəs -es -ɪz
canvasback 'kæn.vəs.bæk -s -s
canvass 'kæn.vəs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Canvey 'kæn.vi
canyon 'kæn.jən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Canyonlands 'kæn.jən.lændz
canzone kænt'səʊ.neɪ, kæn'zəʊ-
ⓤⓢ kæn'zoʊ.ni, kɑːnt'soʊ.neɪ -s -z
canzonet kænt'səʊ.net, kæn'zəʊ-
ⓤⓢ ˌkæn.zə'net -s -s
caoutchouc 'kaʊ.tʃʊk, -tʃuːk, -tʃuː,
-'-
cap kæp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
CAP ˌsiː.eɪ'piː
capabilit|y ˌkeɪ.pə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
capab|le 'keɪ.pə.b|əl -ly -li -leness
-əl.nəs, -nɪs
capacious kə'peɪ.ʃəs -ly -li -ness
-nəs, -nɪs
capacitance kə'pæs.ɪ.tənts ⓤⓢ '-ə-
capaci|tate kə'pæs.ɪ|.teɪt ⓤⓢ '-ə-
-tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ
-teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪd
capacitor kə'pæs.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɚ
-s -z
capacit|y kə'pæs.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i
-ies -iz
cap-à-pie ˌkæp.ə'piː
caparison kə'pær.ɪ.sən ⓤⓢ -'per.ə-,
-'pær- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cape (C) keɪp -s -s -d -t ˌ**Cape**
Ca'naveral; ˌ**Cape 'Cod**; ˌ**Cape 'Horn**; ˌ**Cape of Good 'Hope**; '**Cape ˌProvince**; ˌ**caped cru'sader**
Capel *surname, places in Kent and Surrey:* 'keɪ.pəl *in Wales:* 'kæp.əl
Capel Curig ˌkæp.əl'kɪr.ɪg
Capell 'keɪ.pəl
capel(l)et 'kæp.ə.let, -lɪt -s -s
cap|er 'keɪ.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ -p|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ
-ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
-erer/s -ər.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
caper *bird:* 'kæp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
capercailzie, capercaillie
ˌkæp.ə'keɪ.li, -'keɪ.lji, -'keɪl.zi
ⓤⓢ -ɚ'keɪ.li, -'keɪl.ji, -zi -s -z
Capernaum kə'pɜː.ni.əm ⓤⓢ -'pɝː-
Cape Town, Capetown 'keɪp.taʊn
Cape Verde ˌkeɪp'vɜːd, -'veəd
ⓤⓢ -vɝːd
Capgrave 'kæp.greɪv
capias 'keɪ.pi.æs, -pjæs, -pjəs
ⓤⓢ 'keɪ.pi.əs -es -ɪz
capillarity ˌkæp.ɪ'lær.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti
ⓤⓢ -'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
capillary kə'pɪl.ər.i ⓤⓢ 'kæp.ə.ler-
capital 'kæp.ɪ.təl ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬əl -s -z -ly -i
ˌ**capital 'letter**; ˌ**capital 'punishment**
capitalism 'kæp.ɪ.təl.ɪ.zəm,
kə'pɪt.əl-, kæp'ɪt- ⓤⓢ 'kæp.ə.t̬əl-
capitalist 'kæp.ɪ.təl.ɪst, kə'pɪt.əl-,
kæp'ɪt- ⓤⓢ 'kæp.ə.t̬əl- -s -s
capitalistic ˌkæp.ɪ.təl'ɪs.tɪk
ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ə'lɪs- -ally -əl.i, -li
capitalization, -isa-
ˌkæp.ɪ.təl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, kæpˌɪt.əl-,
kəˌpɪt-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌkæp.ə.t̬əl.ɪ'- -s -z
capitaliz|e, -is|e 'kæp.ɪ.təl.aɪz,
kæp'ɪt.əl-, kə'pɪt- ⓤⓢ 'kæp.ə.t̬ə.laɪz
-es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
capitation ˌkæp.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ -ə'- -s -z
capitol (C) 'kæp.ɪ.təl ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬əl -s -z
ˌ**Capitol 'Hill**
capitolian ˌkæp.ɪ'təʊ.li.ən ⓤⓢ -ə'toʊ-
capitoline (C) kə'pɪt.əʊ.laɪn
ⓤⓢ 'kæp.ə.t̬ə.laɪn, -liːn
capitular kə'pɪt.jʊ.ləʳ, -jə-,
-'pɪtʃ.ʊ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'pɪtʃ.əl.ɚ -s -z
capitular|y kə'pɪt.jʊ.lə.r|i, -jə-,
-'pɪtʃ.ʊ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'pɪtʃ.ə.ler|.i -ies -iz
capitu|late kə'pɪt.jʊ|.leɪt, -jə-,
-'pɪt j.ʊ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'pɪtʃ.ə|.leɪt, '-ʊ-
-lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ
-leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
capitulation kəˌpɪt.jʊ'leɪ.ʃən, -jə'-,
-ˌpɪtʃ.ʊ'-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ˌpɪtʃ.ə'-, -jʊ'- -s -z
capitul|um kə'pɪt.jʊ.l|əm, -jə-,
-'pɪtʃ.ʊ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'pɪtʃ.ə- -a -ə
capo *for guitar:* 'kæp.əʊ, 'keɪ.pəʊ
ⓤⓢ 'keɪ.poʊ -s -z *criminal chieftain:*
'kɑː.pəʊ, 'kæp.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'kɑː.poʊ,
'kæp.oʊ
capon 'keɪ.pən, -pɒn ⓤⓢ -pɑːn, -pən
-s -z
Capone kə'pəʊn, keɪ- ⓤⓢ kə'poʊn
capot kə'pɒt ⓤⓢ -'pɑːt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ
ⓤⓢ -'pɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ -'pɑː.t̬ɪd
capote kə'pəʊt ⓤⓢ -'poʊt -s -s
Capote kə'pəʊ.ti ⓤⓢ -'poʊ.t̬i

Cardinal Vowel

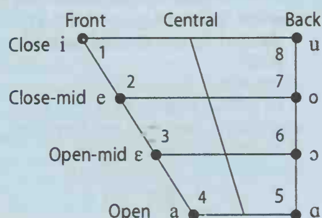
One of the vowels of the standard classification system used in phonetics.

Description

Phoneticians have always needed some way of classifying vowels which is independent of the vowel system of a particular language. With most consonants it is quite easy to observe how their articulation is organised, and to specify the place and manner of the constriction formed; vowels, however, are much less easy to observe.

Early in the 20th century, the English phonetician Daniel Jones worked out a set of "Cardinal Vowels" that students learning phonetics could be taught to make and which would serve as reference points that other vowels could be related to.

The vowels are located on the four-sided figure shown below:



The cardinal vowel figure is used to specify the qualities of the English vowels and diphthongs on p viii and ix in the Introduction to this dictionary.

The cardinal vowel diagram is used both for rounded and unrounded vowels, and Jones proposed that there should be a **primary** set of cardinal vowels and a **secondary** set. The primary includes the front unrounded vowels [i e ɛ a], the back unrounded vowel [ɑ] and the rounded back vowels [ɔ o u], while the secondary set comprises the front rounded vowels [y ø œ ɶ], the back rounded [ɒ] and the back unrounded [ʌ ɤ ɯ].

Phonetic "ear-training" makes much use of the cardinal vowel system, and students can learn to identify and discriminate a very large number of different vowels in relation to the cardinal vowels.

Cappadoci|a ˌkæp.əˈdəʊ.si|.ə, -ʃi|.ə, -ʃ|ə (US) -ˈdoʊ.ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

Capper ˈkæp.əʳ (US) -ɚ

cappuccino ˌkæp.ʊˈtʃiː.nəʊ, -əˈ- (US) ˌkæp.əˈtʃiː.noʊ, ˌkɑː.pəˈ- **-s** -z

Capra ˈkæp.rə

Capri kæpˈriː, kəˈpriː

Capriati ˌkæp.riˈɑː.ti (US) -ˈɑː.t̬i, ˌkɑːp-

capric ˈkæp.rɪk

capriccio kəˈprɪtʃ.i.əʊ, -ˈpriː.tʃi- (US) -ˈpriː.tʃoʊ **-s** -z

capriccioso kəˌprɪtʃ.iˈəʊ.zəʊ, -ˌpriː.tʃiˈ-, -səʊ (US) ˌkɑː.priːˈtʃoʊ.soʊ, -tʃiˈoʊ-; kəˌpriː-

capric|e kəˈpriːs **-es** -ɪz

capricious kəˈprɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Capricorn ˈkæp.rɪ.kɔːn (US) -rə.kɔːrn

Capricornus ˌkæp.rɪˈkɔː.nəs (US) -rəˈkɔːr-

capriol|e ˈkæp.ri.əʊl (US) -oʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

capsicum ˈkæp.sɪ.kəm

capsiz|e kæpˈsaɪz (US) ˈ--, -ˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

capstan ˈkæp.stən **-s** -z

capsular ˈkæp.sjʊ.ləʳ, -sjə- (US) -sə.lɚ, -sjʊ-

capsule ˈkæp.sjuːl (US) -sᵊl, -sjʊl **-s** -z

captain ˈkæp.tɪn (US) -tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

captainc|y ˈkæp.tɪn.s|i, -tən- **-ies** -iz

caption ˈkæp.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

captious ˈkæp.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

capti|vate ˈkæp.tɪ|.veɪt (US) -tə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd

captivation ˌkæp.tɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -təˈ-

captive ˈkæp.tɪv **-s** -z

captivit|y kæpˈtɪv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

captor ˈkæp.təʳ, -tɔːʳ (US) -tɚ, -tɔːr **-s** -z

capt|ure ˈkæp.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd

Capua ˈkæp.ju.ə

capuch|e kəˈpuːʃ, -ˈpuːtʃ **-es** -ɪz

capuchin (C) ˈkæp.jʊ.tʃɪn, -ʃɪn; kəˈpuː- (US) ˈkæp.jʊ.tʃɪn, -jə-, -ʃɪn; kəˈpjuː- **-s** -z

Capulet ˈkæp.jʊ.let, -jə-, -lət, -lɪt

capybara ˌkæp.ɪˈbɑː.rə (US) -ˈbɑːr.ə **-s** -z

car kɑːʳ (US) kɑːr **-s** -z **ˈcar aˌlarm; ˈcar ˌferry; ˈcar ˌpark; ˈcar ˌpool; ˈcar ˌport; ˈcar ˌwash**

Cara ˈkɑː.rə (US) ˈker.ə, ˈkær-, ˈkɑːr-

carabineer ˌkær.ə.bɪˈnɪəʳ (US) ˌker.ə.bɪˈnɪr, ˌkær- **-s** -z

carabiner ˌkær.əˈbiː.nəʳ (US) ˌker.əˈbiː.nɚ, ˌkær- **-s** -z

carabinieri ˌkær.ə.bɪ.niˈeə.ri (US) ˌker.ə.bənˈjer.i, ˌkær-

caracal ˈkær.ə.kæl (US) ˈker-, ˈkær- **-s** -z

Caracas kəˈræk.əs, -ˈrɑː.kəs (US) -ˈrɑː.kəs

caracole ˈkær.ə.kəʊl (US) ˈker.ə.ko[…] ˈkær- **-s** -z

Caractacus kəˈræk.tə.kəs

Caradoc kəˈræd.ək; ˈkær.ə.dɒk (US) ˈker.ə.dɑːk, ˈkær-; kəˈræd.ək

carafe kəˈræf, -ˈrɑːf **-s** -s

carambola ˌkær.əmˈbəʊ.lə (US) ˌker.əmˈboʊ-, ˌkær- **-s** -z

caramel ˈkær.ə.mᵊl, -mel (US) ˈkɑːr.mᵊl; ˈker.ə-, ˈkær- **-s** -z

carameliz|e, -is|e ˈkær.ə.mᵊl.aɪz -mel- (US) ˈkɑːr.mə.laɪz, ˈker.ə-, ˈkær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Caran d'Ache® ˌkær.ᵊnˈdæʃ (US) ˌkɑːr.ɑːnˈdɑːʃ

carapac|e ˈkær.ə.peɪs (US) ˈker-, ˈk[…] **-es** -ɪz

carat ˈkær.ət (US) ˈker-, ˈkær- **-s** -s

Caratacus kəˈræt.ə.kəs (US) -ˈræt̬-

Caravaggio ˌkær.əˈvædʒ.i.əʊ, ˌkɑː.rəˈ-, -ˈvɑː.dʒi- (US) ˌker.əˈvɑː.dʒi.oʊ, ˌkær-

caravan ˈkær.ə.væn, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈker.ə.væn, ˈkær- **-s** -z **-ning** -[…]

caravansar|y ˌkær.əˈvæn.sᵊr|.i (US) ˌker-, ˌkær- **-ies** -iz

avanserai ˌkær.əˈvæn.sər.aɪ, -eɪ, US ˌker-, ˌkær- -s -z

avel ˈkær.ə.vel, ˌ--ˈ- US ˈker.ə.vel, ær- -s -z

away ˈkær.ə.weɪ US ˈker-, ˈkær- -z **ˈcaraway ˌseed**

bery ˈkɑː.bər.i US ˈkɑːr.ber-, -bɚ-

bide ˈkɑː.baɪd US ˈkɑːr- -s -z

bine ˈkɑː.baɪn US ˈkɑːr.biːn, -baɪn -z

bineer ˌkɑː.bɪˈnɪər, -bəˈ- US ˌkɑːr.bəˈnɪr -s -z

bohydrate ˌkɑː.bəʊˈhaɪ.dreɪt, rɪt US ˌkɑːr.boʊˈhaɪ.dreɪt, -bəˈ- -s -s

bolic kɑːˈbɒl.ɪk US kɑːrˈbɑː.lɪk **rˌbolic ˈacid**

bon ˈkɑː.bən US ˈkɑːr- -s -z **arbon ˈcopy** US **ˈcarbon ˌcopy; arbon diˈoxide**

bonaceous ˌkɑː.bəʊˈneɪ.ʃəs US ˌkɑːr.bəˈ-

bonade ˌkɑː.bəˈneɪd, ˈ--- US ˌkɑːr.bəˈneɪd -s -z

bonara ˌkɑː.bəˈnɑː.rə US ˌkɑːr.bəˈnɑːr.ə

bonate (*n.*) ˈkɑː.bən.eɪt, -ɪt, -ət US ˈkɑːr- -s -s

bon|ate (*v.*) ˈkɑː.bən|.eɪt US ˈkɑːr- **tes** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **ted** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

bon|-date ˌkɑː.bən|ˈdeɪt US ˌkɑːr- **ates** -ˈdeɪts **-dating** -ˈdeɪ.tɪŋ US deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -ˈdeɪ.tɪd US -ˈdeɪ.t̬ɪd

bonic kɑːˈbɒn.ɪk US kɑːrˈbɑː.nɪk

boniferous ˌkɑː.bəˈnɪf.ər.əs US ˌkɑːr-

bonization, -isa- ɑː.bən.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- US ˌkɑːr.bən.ɪˈ-

boniz|e, -is|e ˈkɑː.bən.aɪz US ˈkɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

bonnade ˌkɑː.bənˈeɪd, -ˈɑːd, ˈ--- US ˌkɑːr.bənˈeɪd -s -z

bonyl ˈkɑː.bə.nɪl, -naɪl US ˈkɑːr-, iːl -s -z

borundum® ˌkɑː.bərˈʌn.dəm US ˌkɑːr.bɚ-

boxyl kɑːˈbɒk.sɪl, -saɪl US kɑːrˈbɑːk.səl

boy ˈkɑː.bɔɪ US ˈkɑːr- -s -z

buncle ˈkɑː.bʌŋ.kəl US ˈkɑːr- -s -z

buration ˌkɑː.bjəˈreɪ.ʃən, -bjʊˈ- US ˌkɑːr.bə-, -bjə-

buretter, carbure(t)tor ɑː.bjəˈret.ər, -bjʊˈ-, ˈkɑː.bjə.ret.ə US ˈkɑːr.bə.reɪ.t̬ɚ, -bjə- -s -z

burization, -isa- ɑː.bjə.raɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -bjʊ-, -rɪˈ- US ˌkɑːr.bɚ.ɪˈ-, -bjɚ-

buriz|e, -is|e ˈkɑː.bjə.raɪz, -bjʊ- US ˈkɑːr.bə-, -bjə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **ed** -d

canet ˈkɑː.kə.net, -nɪt US ˈkɑːr- -s

cas|e ˈkɑː.kəs US ˈkɑːr- **-es** -ɪz

cass ˈkɑː.kəs US ˈkɑːr- **-es** -ɪz

cassonne ˌkɑː.kəˈsɒn US ɑːr.kəˈsoʊn, -ˈsɔːn

chemish ˈkɑː.kə.mɪʃ, -kɪ-; ɑːˈkiː- US ˈkɑːr.kə-; kɑːrˈkiː-

carcinogen kɑːˈsɪn.ə.dʒən, -dʒen; ˈkɑː.sɪ.nə-, -sən.ə- US kɑːrˈsɪn.ə-; ˈkɑːr.sən.ə- -s -z

carcinogenic ˌkɑː.sɪ.nəʊˈdʒen.ɪk, -sən.əʊˈ- US ˌkɑːr.sən.oʊˈ-; kɑːrˌsɪn-

carcinom|a ˌkɑː.sɪˈnəʊ.m|ə US ˌkɑːr.sənˈoʊ- **-as** -əz **-ata** -ə.tə US -ə.t̬ə

car-crash ˈkɑː.kræʃ US ˈkɑːr-

Carcroft ˈkɑː.krɒft US ˈkɑːr.krɑːft

card kɑːd US kɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **ˈcard ˌindex; ˈcard ˌkey; put one's ˌcards on the ˈtable**

cardamom, cardamum ˈkɑː.də.məm US ˈkɑːr-, -mɑːm -s -z

cardboard ˈkɑːd.bɔːd US ˈkɑːrd.bɔːrd

card-carrying ˈkɑːdˌkær.i.ɪŋ US ˈkɑːrdˌker-, -ˌkær-

Cardenden ˌkɑː.dənˈden, ˈ--- US ˌkɑːr-

Cardew ˈkɑː.djuː US ˈkɑːr.duː

cardholder ˈkɑːdˌhəʊl.dər US ˈkɑːrdˌhoʊl.dɚ -s -z

cardiac ˈkɑː.di.æk US ˈkɑːr- **ˌcardiac aˈrrest**

cardiacal kɑːˈdaɪə.kəl US kɑːr-

Cardiff ˈkɑː.dɪf US ˈkɑːr-

cardigan ˈkɑː.dɪ.gən US ˈkɑːr- -s -z

Cardigan ˈkɑː.dɪ.gən US ˈkɑːr- **-shire** -ʃər, -ˌʃɪər US -ʃɚ, -ʃɪr

Cardin ˈkɑː.dæ̃n, -dæn US kɑːrˈdæn

cardinal ˈkɑː.dɪ.nəl, -dən.əl US ˈkɑːr- -s -z **ˌcardinal ˈnumber; ˌcardinal ˈpoint; ˌcardinal ˈrule; ˌcardinal ˈvowel**

cardio- ˈkɑː.di.əʊ, ˌkɑː.diˈɒ US ˈkɑːr.di.oʊ, ˌkɑːr.diˈɑː

Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **cardiogram** /ˈkɑː.di.əʊ.græm US ˈkɑːr.di.oʊ-/, **cardiological** /ˌkɑː.di.əʊˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl US ˌkɑːr.di.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ-/, or primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **cardiology** /ˌkɑː.diˈɒl.ə.dʒi US ˌkɑːr.diˈɑː.lə-/.

cardiogram ˈkɑː.di.əʊ.græm US ˈkɑːr.di.oʊ- -s -z

cardiograph ˈkɑː.di.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf US ˈkɑːr.di.oʊ.græf -s -s

cardiography ˌkɑː.diˈɒg.rə.fi US ˌkɑːr.diˈɑː.grə-

cardioid ˈkɑː.di.ɔɪd US ˈkɑːr- -s -z

cardiological ˌkɑː.di.əʊˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl US ˌkɑːr.di.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ-

cardiolog|y ˌkɑː.diˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i US ˌkɑːr.diˈɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

cardiometer ˌkɑː.diˈɒm.ɪ.tər, -mə- US ˌkɑːr.diˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z

cardiopulmonary ˌkɑː.di.əʊˈpʌl.mən.ər.i, -ˈpʊl- US ˌkɑːr.di.oʊˈpʊl.mə.ner-, -ˈpʌl-

cardiovascular ˌkɑː.di.əʊˈvæs.kjʊ.lər, -kjə- US ˌkɑːr.di.oʊˈvæs.kjə.lɚ

cardoon kɑːˈduːn US kɑːr- -s -z

cardphone ˈkɑːd.fəʊn US ˈkɑːrd.foʊn -s -z

cardpunch ˈkɑːd.pʌntʃ US ˈkɑːrd- -es -ɪz

cardsharp ˈkɑːd.ʃɑːp US ˈkɑːrd.ʃɑːrp -s -z **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

Cardwell ˈkɑːd.wəl, -wel US ˈkɑːrd-

Cardy ˈkɑː.di US ˈkɑːr-

card|y, card|ie ˈkɑː.d|i US ˈkɑːr- **-ies** -iz

car|e keər US ker **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

careen kəˈriːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

career kəˈrɪər US -ˈrɪr -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **caˈreers adˌvisor; caˈreers ˌoffice**

careerist kəˈrɪə.rɪst US -ˈrɪr.ɪst -s -s

carefree ˈkeə.friː US ˈker-

careful ˈkeə.fəl, -fʊl US ˈker- **-lest** -ɪst **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

caregiver ˈkeəˌgɪv.ər US ˈkerˌgɪv.ɚ -s -z

careless ˈkeə.ləs, -lɪs US ˈker- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

caress kəˈres **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t

caret ˈkær.ət, -ɪt, -et US ˈker-, ˈkær- -s -s

caretaker ˈkeəˌteɪ.kər US ˈkerˌteɪ.kɚ -s -z **ˌcaretaker ˈgovernment** US **ˈcaretaker ˌgovernment**

Carew kəˈruː; ˈkeə.ri US kəˈruː; ˈker.u, -i

careworn ˈkeə.wɔːn US ˈker.wɔːrn

Carey ˈkeə.ri US ˈker.i, ˈkær-

carfare ˈkɑː.feər US ˈkɑːr.fer -s -z

Carfax ˈkɑː.fæks US ˈkɑːr-

Cargill ˈkɑː.gɪl, -ˈ- US ˈkɑːr.gɪl, -ˈ-

cargo ˈkɑː.gəʊ US ˈkɑːr.goʊ **-(e)s** -z

carhop ˈkɑː.hɒp US ˈkɑːr.hɑːp -s -s

Caria ˈkeə.ri.ə US ˈker.i-

Carib ˈkær.ɪb US ˈker-, ˈkær- -s -z

Caribbean ˌkær.ɪˈbiː.ən, -əˈ-; kəˈrɪb.i.ən US ˌker.ɪˈbiː-, ˌkær-; kəˈrɪb.i-

Caribbees ˈkær.ɪ.biːz US ˈker-, ˈkær-

caribou (C) ˈkær.ɪ.buː US ˈker-, ˈkær- -s -z

caricatur|e ˈkær.ɪ.kə.tʃʊər, -tʃɔːr, -tjʊər; ˌkær.ɪ.kəˈtʃʊər, -ˈtʃɔːr, -ˈtjʊər US ˈker.ə.kə.tʃʊr, ˈkær-, -tʊr, -tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

caricaturist ˈkær.ɪ.kə.tʃʊə.rɪst, -tʃɔː-, -tjʊə-; ˌkær.ɪ.kəˈtʃʊə.rɪst, -ˈtʃɔː-, -ˈtjʊə- US ˈker.ə.kə.tʃʊr.ɪst, ˈkær-, -tʊr-, -tʃɚ- -s -s

caries ˈkeə.riːz, -ri.iːz US ˈker.iːz, -i.iːz

carillon kærˈɪl.jən, kəˈrɪl-, -ɒn; ˈkær.ɪ.ljən, -əl.jən, -ɒn US ˈker.ə.lɑːn, ˈkær- -s -z

Carinthia kəˈrɪnt.θi.ə, kærˈɪnt- US kəˈrɪnt-

carious ˈkeə.ri.əs US ˈker.i-

Carisbrooke ˈkær.ɪs.brʊk, -ɪz- US ˈker-, ˈkær-

carjack ˈkɑː.dʒæk US ˈkɑːr- -s -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əz US -ɚz

Carl kɑːl US kɑːrl

Carla ˈkɑː.lə US ˈkɑːr-

Carle kɑːl US kɑːrl -s -z

Carless ˈkɑː.ləs US ˈkɑːr-

Carleton ˈkɑːl.tən US ˈkɑːrl-

Carlile kɑːˈlaɪl US kɑːr-

Carlin ˈkɑː.lɪn US ˈkɑːr-

Carling 'kɑː.lɪŋ (US) 'kɑːr-
Carlingford 'kɑː.lɪŋ.fəd (US) 'kɑːr.lɪŋ.fɚd
Carlisle kɑː'laɪl *locally:* '-- (US) kɑːr'laɪl, kɚ'-; 'kɑːr.laɪl
Carlist 'kɑː.lɪst (US) 'kɑːr- -s -s
Carlos 'kɑː.lɒs (US) 'kɑːr.ləs, -loʊs
Carlovingian ˌkɑː.ləʊ'vɪn.*d*ʒi.ən, -*d*ʒən (US) ˌkɑːr.lə'-
Carlow 'kɑː.ləʊ (US) 'kɑːr.loʊ
Carlsbad 'kɑːlz.bæd (US) 'kɑːrlz-
Carlsberg® 'kɑːlz.bɜːg (US) 'kɑːrlz.bɝːg -s -z
Carlson 'kɑːl.sən (US) 'kɑːrl-
Carlsruhe 'kɑːlzˌruː.ə (US) 'kɑːrlz-
Carlton 'kɑːl.tən (US) 'kɑːrl-
Carluccio kɑː'luː.tʃi.əʊ (US) kɑːr'luː.tʃi.oʊ
Carluke kɑː'luːk (US) kɑːr-
Carly 'kɑː.li (US) 'kɑːr-
Carlyle kɑː'laɪl, '-- (US) kɑːr'laɪl, '--
carmaker 'kɑːˌmeɪ.kər (US) 'kɑːrˌmeɪ.kɚ -s -z
car|man 'kɑː|.mən (US) 'kɑːr- **-men** -mən, -men
Carmarthen kə'mɑː.ðən (US) kɑːr'mɑːr- **-shire** -ʃər, -ˌʃɪər (US) -ʃɚ, -ʃɪr
Carmel 'kɑː.mel, -məl, kɑː'mel (US) 'kɑːr.mel, -məl; kɑːr'mel
Note: The form /kɑː'mel (US) kɑːr-/ is preferred for the city in California.
Carmelite 'kɑː.məl.aɪt, -mɪ.laɪt, -mel.aɪt (US) 'kɑːr.mə.laɪt, -mɪ-, -mel.aɪt -s -s
Carmen 'kɑː.men (US) 'kɑːr-
Carmichael kɑː'maɪ.kəl, '--- (US) 'kɑːr.maɪ-
Carmina Burana ˌkɑː.mɪ.nə.bə'rɑː.nə, kɑːˌmiː-, -bjʊ'-, -bʊ'- (US) kɑːrˌmiː.nə.bə'-
carminative 'kɑː.mɪ.nə.tɪv, -mə- (US) 'kɑːr.mə.nə.t̬ɪv -s -z
carmine 'kɑː.maɪn, -mɪn (US) 'kɑːr-
Carnaby 'kɑː.nə.bi (US) 'kɑːr- 'Carnaby ˌStreet
Carnac 'kɑː.næk (US) kɑːr'næk
carnage 'kɑː.nɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːr-
Carnaghan 'kɑː.nə.gən, -hən (US) 'kɑːr.nə.hæn
carnal 'kɑː.nəl (US) 'kɑːr- **-ly** -i
carnality kɑː'næl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) kɑːr'næl.ə.t̬i
Carnarvon kə'nɑː.vən (US) kɑːr'nɑːr-
Carnatic kɑː'næt.ɪk (US) kɑːr'næt̬-
carnation (C) kɑː'neɪ.ʃən (US) kɑːr- -s -z
Carné kɑː'neɪ (US) kɑːr-
Carnegie kɑː'neg.i, -'neɪ.gi, -'niː-; 'kɑː.nə.gi (US) 'kɑːr.nə.gi; kɑːr'neɪ-, -'neg.i, -'niː.gi **Carˌnegie 'Hall**
carnelian kɑː'niː.li.ən, kə- (US) kɑːr-, -'niːl.jən -s -z
carnet 'kɑː.neɪ (US) kɑːr'neɪ -s -z
Carnforth 'kɑːn.fɔːθ, -fəθ (US) 'kɑːrn.fɔːrθ, -fɚθ
carnival 'kɑː.nɪ.vəl (US) 'kɑːr.nə- -s -z
carnivore 'kɑː.nɪ.vɔːr, -nə- (US) 'kɑːr.nə.vɔːr -s -z
carnivorous kɑː'nɪv.ər.əs (US) kɑːr-
Carnochan 'kɑː.nə.kən, -nɒk.ən, -nɒx- (US) 'kɑːr.nə.kən, -nɑː.kən
Carnoustie kɑː'nuː.sti (US) kɑːr-
carob 'kær.əb (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s -z
carol (C) 'kær.əl (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **'carol ˌsinger**
Carole 'kær.əl (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
Carolina ˌkær.əl'aɪ.nə (US) ˌker.ə'laɪ-, ˌkær-
Caroline 'kær.əl.aɪn, -ɪn (US) 'ker.ə.laɪn, 'kær-, -əl.ɪn
carolus (C) 'kær.əl.əs (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -es -ɪz
Carolyn 'kær.əl.ɪn (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carotene 'kær.ə.tiːn (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carotid kə'rɒt.ɪd (US) -'rɑː.t̬ɪd -s -z
carotin 'kær.ə.tɪn (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carousal kə'raʊ.zəl -s -z
carous|e kə'raʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
carousel ˌkær.ə'sel, -ʊ'- (US) 'ker.ə.sel, 'kær-, ˌ--'- -s -z
carp kɑːp (US) kɑːrp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
carpaccio kɑː'pætʃ.i.əʊ, -'pætʃ.əʊ (US) kɑːr'pɑː.tʃ.oʊ
carpal 'kɑː.pəl (US) 'kɑːr- -s -z
Carpathian kɑː'peɪ.θi.ən (US) kɑːr- -s -z
carpe diem ˌkɑː.peɪ'diː.em, -pi'- (US) ˌkɑːr.pə'-, -peɪ'-
carpel 'kɑː.pel, -pəl (US) 'kɑːr- -s -z
Carpentaria ˌkɑː.pən'teə.ri.ə, -pen'-, -pəm'- (US) ˌkɑːr.pən'ter.i-
carpent|er (C) 'kɑː.pən.t|ər, -pɪn- (US) 'kɑːr.pən.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
carpentry 'kɑː.pən.tri, -pɪn- (US) 'kɑːr.pən-
carp|et 'kɑː.p|ɪt (US) 'kɑːr.p|ət **-ets** -ɪts (US) -əts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ə.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ə.t̬ɪd **'carpet ˌbroom; 'carpet ˌslipper; 'carpet ˌsweeper**
carpetbag 'kɑː.pɪt.bæg (US) 'kɑːr.pət- -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ
carpetbagger 'kɑː.pɪtˌbæg.ər (US) 'kɑːr.pətˌbæg.ɚ -s -z
carpet-bomb 'kɑː.pɪt.bɒm (US) 'kɑːr.pət.bɑːm -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
carport 'kɑː.pɔːt (US) 'kɑːr.pɔːrt -s -s
carp|us 'kɑː.p|əs (US) 'kɑːr- **-i** -aɪ, -iː
Carr kɑːr (US) kɑːr
carrag(h)een 'kær.ə.giːn, --'- (US) 'ker.ə.giːn, 'kær-
Carrara kə'rɑː.rə (US) kə'rɑːr.ə
Carrauntoohill ˌkær.ən'tuː.həl (US) ˌker-, ˌkær-
carraway 'kær.ə.weɪ (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s -z
Carrhae 'kær.iː (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carriag|e 'kær.ɪdʒ (US) 'ker-, 'kær- **-es** -ɪz **'carriage ˌclock**
carriageway 'kær.ɪdʒ.weɪ (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s -z
carrick (C) 'kær.ɪk (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
Carrickfergus ˌkær.ɪk'fɜː.gəs (US) ˌker.ɪk'fɝː-, ˌkær-
Carrie 'kær.i (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carrier 'kær.i.ər (US) 'ker.i.ɚ, 'kær- -s- **'carrier ˌbag; 'carrier ˌpigeon**
Carrington 'kær.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carrion 'kær.i.ən (US) 'ker-, 'kær- **ˌcarrion 'crow** (US) **'carrion ˌcrow**
Carrodus 'kær.ə.dəs (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
Carroll 'kær.əl (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
Carron 'kær.ən (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
carrot 'kær.ət (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s -s
carroty 'kær.ə.ti (US) 'ker.ə.t̬i, 'kær-
carrousel ˌkær.ə'sel, -ʊ'- (US) ˌker.ə'sel, ˌkær-, '--- -s -z
Carruthers kə'rʌð.əz (US) -ɚz
carr|y 'kær|.i (US) 'ker-, 'kær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.ər/z (US) -i.ɚ/z
carryall 'kær.i.ɔːl (US) 'ker.i.ɔːl, 'kær-, -ɑːl -s -z
carrycot 'kær.i.kɒt (US) 'ker.i.kɑːt, 'kær- -s -s
carryings-on ˌkær.i.ɪŋz'ɒn (US) ˌker.i.ɪŋz'ɑːn, ˌkær-
carry-on 'kær.i.ɒn (US) 'ker.i.ɑːn, 'kær- -s -z
carryout 'kær.i.aʊt (US) 'ker-, 'kær- -s
Carse kɑːs (US) kɑːrs
Carshalton kɑː'ʃɔːl.tən, kə'- *old-fashioned local pronunciation:* keɪs'hɔː.tən (US) kɑːr'ʃɔːl-, kɚ-, -'ʃɑːl-
carsick 'kɑː.sɪk (US) 'kɑːr- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Carson 'kɑː.sən (US) 'kɑːr-
Carstairs 'kɑː.steəz, ˌ-'- (US) 'kɑːr.st-
cart (C) kɑːt (US) kɑːrt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɚ/z **put the ˌcart before the 'horse**
Carta 'kɑː.tə (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ə
cartage 'kɑː.tɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɪdʒ
Cartagena ˌkɑː.tə'geɪ.nə (US) ˌkɑːr.t̬ə'dʒiː.nə, -'heɪ-, -'geɪ-
carte (C) kɑːt (US) kɑːrt
carte blanche ˌkɑːt'blɑ̃ːntʃ (US) ˌkɑːrt'blɑːnʃ, -'blæntʃ
cartel kɑː'tel (US) kɑːr- -s -z
Carter 'kɑː.tər (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɚ
Carteret *surname:* 'kɑː.tə.ret, -rɪ- (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɚ.ɪt *US place name:* ˌkɑː.tə'ret (US) ˌkɑːr.t̬ə'-
Cartesian kɑː'tiː.zi.ən, -ʒən (US) kɑːr'tiː.ʒən **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
Carteton 'kɑː.tə.tən (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ə.t-
Carthage 'kɑː.θɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːr-
Carthaginian ˌkɑː.θə'dʒɪn.i.ən (US) ˌkɑːr- -s -z
cart-hors|e 'kɑːt.hɔːs (US) 'kɑːrt.h- **-es** -ɪz
Carthusian kɑː'θjuː.zi.ən, -'θuː- (US) kɑːr'θuː.ʒən, -'θjuː- -s -z
Cartier 'kɑː.ti.eɪ (US) ˌkɑːr.ti'eɪ; kɑːr'tjeɪ
Cartier-Bresson ˌkɑː.ti.eɪ'bres.- (US) ˌkɑːr.tjeɪ.breɪ'sõʊn, -bres'õʊ-
cartilag|e 'kɑː.tɪ.lɪdʒ, -təl.ɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːr.t̬əl.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
cartilaginous ˌkɑː.tɪ'lædʒ.ɪ.nəs, -təl'ædʒ-, -ən.əs (US)

ɑːr.tə'lædʒ.ᵊn.əs
ting 'kɑː.tɪŋ (US) 'kɑːr.t̬ɪŋ
tland 'kɑːt.lənd (US) 'kɑːrt-
tload 'kɑːt.ləʊd (US) 'kɑːrt.loʊd -s -z
tmel(e) 'kɑːt.mel, -mᵊl (US) 'kɑːrt-
tographic ˌkɑː.təʊ'græf.ɪk
ˌkɑːr.t̬ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tograph|y kɑː'tɒg.rə.f|i (US)
ɑːr'tɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tomancy 'kɑː.təʊ.mænt.si
'kɑːr.t̬ə-
ton 'kɑː.tᵊn (US) 'kɑːr- **-s** -z
toon kɑː'tuːn (US) kɑːr- **-s** -z **-ist/s**
t/s
ouch|e, cartouch kɑː'tuːʃ
kɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
ridg|e 'kɑː.trɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
artridge ˌpaper
wheel 'kɑːt.hwiːl (US) 'kɑːrt- **-s** -z
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
wright (C) 'kɑːt.raɪt (US) 'kɑːrt-
-s
ncle 'kær.əŋ.kᵊl; kə'rʌŋ-
kə'rʌŋ-, ker'ʌŋ-, kær- **-s** -z
us 'keə.rəs (US) 'ker.əs, 'kɑːr-
uso kə'ruː.zəʊ, -səʊ (US) -soʊ, -zoʊ
uthers kə'rʌð.əz (US) -ɚz
|e kɑːv (US) kɑːrv **-es** -z **-ing/s**
/z **-ed** -d **'carving ˌknife**
er (C) 'kɑː.vəʳ (US) 'kɑːr.vɚ **-s** -z
er|y 'kɑː.vᵊr|.i (US) 'kɑːr- **-ies** -iz
ville 'kɑː.vɪl (US) 'kɑːr-
vardine 'kɑː.wə.diːn
'kɑːr.wɚ-
wash 'kɑː.wɒʃ (US) 'kɑːr.wɑːʃ,
ɔːʃ **-es** -ɪz
surname: 'keə.ri (US) 'ker.i *first*
me: 'kær.i (US) 'ker.i, 'kær-
atid ˌkær.i'æt.ɪd, 'kær.i.ə.tɪd
ˌker.i'æt̬.ɪd, ˌkær-; kə'raɪ.ə.t̬ɪd
z **-es** -iːz
ll 'kær.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) 'ker-, 'kær-
sfort 'kær.ɪs.fɔːt, -əs-
'ker.ɪs.fɔːrt, 'kær-
blanca ˌkæs.ə'blæŋ.kə (US)
s.ə'blæŋ.kə, ˌkɑː.sə'blɑːŋ.kə
ls kə'sæls (US) -'sɑːlz, -'sælz
massima ˌkæs.ə'mæs.ɪ.mə
nova ˌkæs.ə'nəʊ.və, ˌkæz-
ˌkæs.ə'noʊ-, ˌkæz-
ubon kə'sɔː.bᵊn; 'kæz.ə.bɒn,
-(US) kə'sɑː.bᵊn, -'sɔː-; 'kæz.ə.bɑːn
ah (C) 'kæz.bɑː (US) 'kæz.bɑː,
ːz- **-s** -z
ad|e kæs'keɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ɪd
ara kæs'kɑː.rə, kə'skɑː-
kæs'ker.ə, -'kær- **-s** -z
arilla ˌkæs.kə'rɪl.ə
(C) keɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'case**
ding; ˌcase 'history; 'case ˌknife;
se ˌlaw; 'case ˌshot; 'case ˌstudy
book 'keɪs.bʊk **-s** -s
in 'keɪ.siːn, -siː.ɪn (US) -siː.ɪn, -siːn
load 'keɪs.ləʊd (US) -loʊd **-s** -z
mate 'keɪs.meɪt **-s** -s
ment 'keɪs.mənt **-s** -s
ment 'keɪs.mənt

casern kə'zɜːn (US) -'zɝːn **-s** -z
casework 'keɪs.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Casey 'keɪ.si
cash (C) kæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **'cash ˌcrop; 'cash ˌdesk; 'cash disˌpenser; 'cash ˌflow; 'cash maˌchine; 'cash ˌregister**
cash-and-carry ˌkæʃ.ᵊnd'kær.i, -ᵊŋ'- (US) -ᵊnd'ker-, -'kær-
cashback 'kæʃ.bæk
cashbook 'kæʃ.bʊk **-s** -s
cashbox 'kæʃ.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
cashew 'kæʃ.uː; -'-, kə'ʃuː (US) 'kæʃ.uː; kə'ʃuː **-s** -z **'cashew ˌnut, ca'shew ˌnut** (US) **ca'shew ˌnut**
cashier (*n.*) kæʃ'ɪəʳ, kə'ʃɪəʳ (US) kæʃ'ɪr **-s** -z
cashier (*v.*) kə'ʃɪəʳ, kæʃ'ɪəʳ (US) kə'ʃɪr, kæʃ'ɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cash-in-hand ˌkæʃ.ɪn'hænd *stress shift:* ˌcash-in-hand 'payment
cashless 'kæʃ.ləs, -lɪs
Cashmere *place:* 'kæʃ.mɪəʳ, ˌ-'- (US) 'kæʃ.mɪr **-s** -z
cashmere *fabric:* 'kæʃ.mɪəʳ, ˌ-'- (US) 'kæʒ.mɪr, 'kæʃ-
Cashmore 'kæʃ.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
cashpoint 'kæʃ.pɔɪnt **-s** -s
cash-strapped 'kæʃ.stræpt
Casimir 'kæs.ɪ.mɪəʳ (US) -ə.mɪr
casing 'keɪ.sɪŋ **-s** -z
casino kə'siː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
Casio® 'kæs.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ
cask kɑːsk (US) kæsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
casket 'kɑː.skɪt (US) 'kæs.kɪt **-s** -s
Caslon 'kæz.lᵊn, -lɒn (US) -lᵊn, -lɑːn
Caspar 'kæs.pəʳ, -pɑːʳ (US) -pɚ
Caspian 'kæs.pi.ən
casque kæsk, kɑːsk (US) kæsk **-s** -s
Cass kæs
Cassandra kə'sæn.drə, -'sɑːn-
Cassani kə'sɑː.ni
cassareep 'kæs.ə.riːp
cassata kə'sɑː.tə, kæs'ɑː- (US) kə'sɑː.t̬ə
cassation kæs'eɪ.ʃᵊn, kə'seɪ- (US) kə'seɪ- **-s** -z
Cassatt kə'sæt
cassava kə'sɑː.və
Cassavetes ˌkæs.ə'viː.tiːz (US) -t̬iːz
Cassel(l) 'kæs.ᵊl
casserol|e 'kæs.ᵊr.əʊl (US) -ə.roʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cassette kə'set, kæs'et (US) kə'set **-s** -s **ca'ssette reˌcorder**
cassia 'kæs.i.ə
Cassidy 'kæs.ə.di, -ɪ.di (US) -ə.di
Cassie 'kæs.i
Cassil(l)is 'kæs.ᵊlz, 'kɑː.sᵊlz
Cassio 'kæs.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Cassiopeia ˌkæs.i.əʊ'piː.ə *as name of constellation also:* ˌkæs.i'əʊ.pi- (US) ˌkæs.i.ə'piː-
cassis kæs'iːs, '-- (US) kæs'iːs
Cassius 'kæs.i.əs (US) 'kæʃ.əs, 'kæs.i-
Cassivelaunus ˌkæs.ɪ.vɪ'lɔː.nəs, ˌ-ə-, -və'- (US) -ɪ.və'lɑː-, -'lɔː-

cassock 'kæs.ək **-s** -s **-ed** -t
cassoulet ˌkæs.ʊ'leɪ, '--- (US) ˌkæs.ʊ'leɪ **-s** -z
cassowar|y 'kæs.ə.weə.r|i, -wə- (US) -wer|.i **-ies** -iz
Cass Timberlane ˌkæs'tɪm.bə.leɪn (US) -bɚ-
cast kɑːst (US) kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **ˌcast-'iron**
Castali|a kæs'teɪ.li|.ə (US) -li|.ə, -'teɪl.j|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
castanet ˌkæs.tə'net **-s** -s
castaway 'kɑː.stə.weɪ (US) 'kæs.tə- **-s** -z
caste kɑːst (US) kæst **-s** -s
Castel Gandolfo ˌkæs.tel.gæn'dɒl.fəʊ (US) -'dɑːl.foʊ, -'dɔːl-
castellated 'kæs.tə.leɪ.tɪd, -tɪ-, -tel.eɪ- (US) -tə.leɪ.t̬ɪd
Castelnau 'kɑː.sᵊl.nɔː, -nəʊ (US) 'kæs.ᵊl.nɔː, -noʊ
caster 'kɑː.stəʳ (US) 'kæs.tɚ **-s** -z **'caster ˌsugar**
Casterbridge 'kɑː.stə.brɪdʒ (US) 'kæs.tɚ-
casti|gate 'kæs.tɪ|.geɪt, -tə|.geɪt (US) -tə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
castigation ˌkæs.tɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə'- (US) -tə'- **-s** -z
Castile kæs'tiːl
Castilian kæs'tɪl.i.ən, kə'stɪl- (US) -i.ən, -jən **-s** -z
casting 'kɑː.stɪŋ (US) 'kæs.tɪŋ **-s** -z **'casting ˌcouch; 'casting ˌnet; ˌcasting 'vote**
castl|e (C) 'kɑː.sᵊl (US) 'kæs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Castlebar ˌkɑː.sᵊl'bɑːʳ (US) ˌkæs.ᵊl'bɑːr
Castleford 'kɑː.sᵊl.fəd (US) 'kæs.ᵊl.fɚd
Castlemaine 'kɑː.sᵊl.meɪn (US) 'kæs.ᵊl-
Castlenau 'kɑː.sᵊl.nɔː (US) 'kæs.ᵊl.nɑː, -nɔː
Castlerea(gh) 'kɑː.sᵊl.reɪ, ˌ--'- (US) 'kæs.ᵊl-
Castleton 'kɑː.sᵊl.tən (US) 'kæs.ᵊl.t̬ən
Castlewellan ˌkɑː.sᵊl'wel.ən (US) ˌkæs.ᵊl'-
cast-off 'kɑːst.ɒf, ˌ-'- (US) 'kæst.ɑːf **-s** -s
castor (C) 'kɑː.stəʳ (US) 'kæs.tɚ **-s** -z **ˌcastor 'oil; 'castor ˌsugar**
cas|trate kæs|'treɪt (US) '-- **-trates** -'treɪts (US) -treɪts **-trating** -'treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-trated** -'treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd
castration kæs'treɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
castrat|o kæs'trɑː.t|əʊ (US) -t|oʊ **-i** -iː
Castries kæs'triːz, -'triːs
Castro 'kæs.trəʊ (US) -troʊ
Castrol® 'kæs.trɒl (US) -trɑːl, -troʊl
casual 'kæʒ.ju.əl, -zju- (US) '-uː- **-ly** -i **ˌcasual 'sex**
casualt|y 'kæʒ.ju.əl.t|i, 'kæz- (US) 'kæʒ.uː- **-ies** -iz

casuarina ˌkæz.jʊəˈriː.nə, ˌkæʒ-, ˈkæʒ.jʊə.riː- (US) ˌkæʒ.uː.əˈriː- **-s** -z
casuist ˈkæz.ju.ɪst, ˈkæʒ- (US) ˈkæʒ.u- **-s** -s
casuistic ˌkæz.juˈɪs.tɪk, ˌkæʒ- (US) ˌkæʒ.uˈ- **-al** -əl
casuistry ˈkæz.ju.ɪ.stri, ˈkæʒ- (US) ˈkæʒ.u-
casus belli ˌkɑː.sʊsˈbel.iː, ˌkeɪ.səsˈbel.aɪ (US) ˌkeɪ.səsˈbel.i, ˌkɑː-
Caswell ˈkæz.wəl, -wel (US) ˈkæz-, ˈkæs-
cat kæt **-s** -s **ˈcat ˌburglar; ˌcat's ˈwhiskers; let the ˌcat out of the ˈbag; play ˌcat and ˈmouse with; set the ˌcat among the ˈpigeons**
CAT kæt **ˈCAT ˌscan**
cata- ˈkæt.ə (US) ˈkæt̬.ə, kəˈtæ
Note: Prefix. This usually takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **catalogue** /ˈkæt.ə.lɒg (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.lɑːg/, or on the second syllable, e.g. **catastrophe** /kəˈtæs.trə.fi/.
catabolic ˌkæt.əˈbɒl.ɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈbɑː.lɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
catabolism kəˈtæb.əl.ɪ.zəm
catachresis ˌkæt.əˈkriː.sɪs (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈ-
cataclysm ˈkæt.ə.klɪ.zəm (US) ˈkæt̬- **-s** -z
cataclysmal ˌkæt.əˈklɪz.məl (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈ- **-ly** -li
cataclysmic ˌkæt.əˈklɪz.mɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
catacomb ˈkæt.ə.kuːm, -kəʊm (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.koʊm **-s** -z
catafalque ˈkæt.ə.fælk (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.fælk, -fɔːlk, -fɑːlk **-s** -s
Catalan ˌkæt.əˈlæn, ˈ---, -lən (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.læn, -əl.ən **-s** -z
catalectic ˌkæt.əˈlek.tɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈle.t̬ɪk
catalepsly ˈkæt.ə.lep.sli (US) ˈkæt̬.ə- **-ies** -iz
cataleptic ˌkæt.əˈlep.tɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈ-
catalexis ˈkæt.ə.lek.sɪs (US) ˈkæt̬.ə-
catalog ˈkæt.əl.ɒg (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.lɑːg, -lɔːg **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
cataloglue ˈkæt.əl.ɒg (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.lɑːg, -lɔːg **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Cataloni|a ˌkæt.əˈləʊ.ni|.ə, -nj|ə (US) -ˈloʊ-, -nj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
catalpa kəˈtæl.pə **-s** -z
Catalunya ˌkæt.əˈluː.njə
catalysis kəˈtæl.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ-
catalyst ˈkæt.əl.ɪst (US) ˈkæt̬- **-s** -s
catalytic ˌkæt.əˈlɪt.ɪk (US) ˌkæt̬ˈə- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌcatalytic conˈverter**
catamaran ˌkæt.ə.məˈræn, ˈkæt.ə.mə.ræn (US) ˌkæt̬.ə.məˈræn **-s** -z
Catania kəˈteɪ.ni.ə, -ˈtɑː-, -njə (US) -njə, -ni.ə
cataphora kəˈtæf.ər.ə
cataphoric ˌkæt.əˈfɒr.ɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈfɔːr-
cataplasm ˈkæt.ə.plæz.əm (US) ˈkæt̬- **-s** -z
cata|pult ˈkæt.ə|.pʌlt (US) ˈkæt̬- **-pults** -pʌlts **-pulting** -pʌl.tɪŋ (US) -pʌl.t̬ɪŋ **-pulted** -pʌl.tɪd (US) -pʌl.t̬ɪd
cataract ˈkæt.ər.ækt (US) ˈkæt̬.ər.ækt **-s** -s
catarrh kəˈtɑːr, kætˈɑːr (US) kəˈtɑːr **-s** -z **-al** -əl
catastas|is kəˈtæs.tə.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
catastrophe kəˈtæs.trə.fi **-s** -z
catastrophic ˌkæt.əˈstrɒf.ɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈstrɑː.fɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
catatonia ˌkæt.əˈtəʊ.ni.ə (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈtoʊ-
catatonic ˌkæt.əˈtɒn.ɪk (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈtɑː.nɪk
catawba (C) kəˈtɔː.bə (US) -ˈtɔː-, -ˈtɑː-
catbird ˈkæt.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd **-s** -z
catboat ˈkæt.bəʊt (US) -boʊt **-s** -s
catcall ˈkæt.kɔːl (US) -kɔːl, -kɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
catch kætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **caught** kɔːt (US) kɑːt, kɔːt
catch-22 (C) ˌkætʃ.twen.tiˈtuː (US) -t̬iˈ-
catchall ˈkætʃ.ɔːl (US) -ɔːl, -ɑːl **-s** -z
catcher ˈkætʃ.ər (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
catching ˈkætʃ.ɪŋ
catchment ˈkætʃ.mənt **-s** -s **ˈcatchment ˌarea**
catchpenn|y ˈkætʃ.pen|.i **-ies** -iz
catchphras|e ˈkætʃ.freɪz **-es** -ɪz
catchpole (C) ˈkætʃ.pəʊl (US) -poʊl **-s** -z
catchpoll ˈkætʃ.pəʊl (US) -poʊl **-s** -z
catchword ˈkætʃ.wɜːd (US) -wɝːd **-s** -z
catch|y ˈkætʃ|.i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
catechism ˈkæt.ə.kɪ.zəm, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə- **-s** -z
catechist ˈkæt.ə.kɪst, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə- **-s** -s
catechiz|e, -is|e ˈkæt.ə.kaɪz, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
catechu ˈkæt.ə.tʃuː, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.tʃuː, -kjuː
catechumen ˌkæt.ɪˈkjuː.men, -əˈ-, -mɪn (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈkjuː.mən **-s** -z
categoric|al ˌkæt.əˈgɒr.ɪ.k|əl, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈgɔːr- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
categorization, -isa- ˌkæt.ə.gər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ɪ-, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌkæt̬.ə.gɚ.ɪˈ- **-s** -z
categoriz|e, -is|e ˈkæt.ə.gər.aɪz, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.gə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
categor|y ˈkæt.ə.gər|.i, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkæt̬.ə.gɔːr- **-ies** -iz
catenar|y kəˈtiː.nər|.i **-ies** -iz
caten|ate ˈkæt.ɪ.n|eɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈkæt.ən|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
catenation ˌkæt.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- (US) ˌkæt.ənˈeɪ- **-s** -z
catenative kəˈtiː.nə.tɪv
cateniz|e, -is|e ˈkæt.ɪ.naɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈkæt.ən.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cat|er (C) ˈkeɪ.t|ər (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.ər/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Caterham ˈkeɪ.tər.əm (US) -t̬ɚ-
Caterina ˌkæt.ərˈiː.nə (US) ˌkæt̬-
caterpillar ˈkæt.ə.pɪl.ər (US) ˈkæt̬.ɚ.pɪl.ɚ, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
caterwaul ˈkæt.ə.wɔːl (US) ˈkæt̬.ɚ-, -wɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Catesby ˈkeɪts.bi
catfish ˈkæt.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
Catford ˈkæt.fəd (US) -fɚd
catgut ˈkæt.gʌt
Cathar ˈkæθ.ər, -ɑːr (US) -ɑːr **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Catharine ˈkæθ.ər.ɪn, ˈkæθ.rɪn
cathars|is kəˈθɑː.s|ɪs, kæθˈɑː- (US) kəˈθɑːr- **-es** -iːz
cathartic kəˈθɑː.tɪk, kæθˈɑː- (US) kəˈθɑːr.t̬ɪk **-s** -s
Cathay kæθˈeɪ, kəˈθeɪ
Cathcart ˈkæθ.kət, -kɑːt; kæθˈkɑːt, kəθ- (US) ˈkæθ.kɑːrt, -kɚt; kæθˈkɑːrt, kəθ-
cathead ˈkæt.hed **-s** -z
cathedra kəˈθiː.drə, -ˈθed.rə (US) kəˈθiː.drə, ˈkæθ.ə- **-s** -z
cathedra (*in phrase* **ex cathedra**) kəˈθiː.drə, kæθˈed.rɑː, kəˈθed-
cathedral kəˈθiː.drəl **-s** -z
Cather ˈkæð.ər (US) -ɚ
Catherine ˈkæθ.ər.ɪn, ˈkæθ.rɪn **ˈcatherine ˌwheel**
catheter ˈkæθ.ɪ.tər, ˈ-ə- (US) -ət̬.ɚ **-s**
catheterization, -isa- ˌkæθ.ɪ.tər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, -ɪˈ- (US) -ə.t̬ɚ.ɪˈ-
catheteriz|e, -is|e ˈkæθ.ɪ.tər.aɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə.t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed**
cathetometer ˌkæθ.ɪˈtɒm.ɪ.tər, ˈ-ə- (US) -əˈtɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
cathex|is kəˈθek.s|ɪs, kæθˈek- **-es**
Cathleen ˈkæθ.liːn, -ˈ- (US) -ˈ-, ˈ--
cathode ˈkæθ.əʊd (US) -oʊd **-s** -z **ˌcathode ˈray; ˌcathode-ˈray ˌtub**
catholic (C) ˈkæθ.əl.ɪk **-s** -s
catholicism (C) kəˈθɒl.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, ˈ- (US) -ˈθɑː.lə-
catholicity (C) ˌkæθ.əʊˈlɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ. (US) ˌkæθ.əˈlɪs.ə.t̬i
catholiciz|e, -is|e kəˈθɒl.ɪ.saɪz, ˈ- (US) -ˈθɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cathy ˈkæθ.i
Catiline ˈkæt.ɪ.laɪn, -əl.aɪn (US) -ɪ.l ˈ-ə-
cation ˈkæt.aɪən **-s** -z
catkin ˈkæt.kɪn **-s** -z
catlike ˈkæt.laɪk
catmint ˈkæt.mɪnt
catnap ˈkæt.næp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped**
catnip ˈkæt.nɪp
Cato ˈkeɪ.təʊ (US) -t̬oʊ
cat-o'-nine-tails ˌkæt.əˈnaɪn.teɪl (US) ˌkæt̬-
Cator ˈkeɪ.tər (US) -t̬ɚ
Catriona kəˈtriː.ə.nə, kæˈtriː-, -triː.nə, ˌkæt.riˈəʊ.nə (US) ˌkæt.riˈ

Pronouncing the letters CC

he consonant digraph cc has two pronuncations:
ks/ and /k/.

efore the vowel letters i or e, it is pronounced as /ks/, e.g.:

ccident /ˈæk.sɪ.dᵊnt/

n most other situations, cc is pronounced as /k/, e.g.:

cclaim /əkˈleɪm/

In addition

The word *flaccid* has two possible pronunciations.

/ˈflæk.sɪd, ˈflæs.ɪd/

Words borrowed from Italian may have /tʃ/, e.g.:

cappuccino /ˌkæp.uˈtʃiː.nəʊ/ ⓤⓢ /-əˈtʃiː.noʊ/

s-cradle ˌkætsˈkreɪ.dᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌ-ˈ--, --
s-eye ˈkæts.aɪ -s -z
shill kætsˈhɪl *stress shift:* ˌCatshill ores
skill ˈkæt.skɪl
uit ˈkæt.suːt, -sjuːt ⓤⓢ -suːt -s -s
up ˈkæt.səp, ˈkætʃ.əp, ˈketʃ.əp -s
tegat ˈkæt.ɪ.gæt ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬-
tell kætˈel, kəˈtel
terick ˈkæt.ᵊr.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬-
termole ˈkæt.ə.məʊl ˈkæt̬.ɚ.moʊl
er|y ˈkæt.ᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬- **-ies** -iz
ish ˈkæt.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬-
le ˈkæt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬- **ˈcattle ˌgrid; attle ˌmarket; ˈcattle ˌpen; ˈcattle ruck**
le-show ˈkæt.ᵊl.ʃəʊ ˈkæt̬.ᵊl.ʃoʊ -s -z
ly ˈkæt|.i ⓤⓢ ˈkæt̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, .i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ullus kəˈtʌl.əs
walk ˈkæt.wɔːk ⓤⓢ -wɑːk, -wɔːk -s
casi|a kɔːˈkeɪ.ʒ|ə; -ʒi|.ə, -zi- ⓤⓢ ːˈkeɪ.ʒ|ə, kɔː-, -ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
casus ˈkɔː.kə.səs, -zəs ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ɔː-
cus ˈkɔː.kəs ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː- **-es** -ɪz
dal ˈkɔː.dᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
date ˈkɔː.deɪt ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
dillo kaʊˈdiː.əʊ, kɔːˈdɪl-, -jəʊ kaʊˈdiː.joʊ, -ˈdɪl- -s -z
dine ˈkɔː.daɪn ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
dle (C) ˈkɔː.dᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
ght (*from* catch) kɔːt ⓤⓢ kɑːt, kɔːt
l kɔːl ⓤⓢ kɑːl, kɔːl -s -z
ldron ˈkɔːl.drᵊn, ˈkɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈkɑːl-, ɔːl- -s -z
lfield ˈkɔː.fiːld, ˈkɔːl- ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ɔː-, ˈkɑːl-, ˈkɔːl-
liflower ˈkɒl.ɪˌflaʊəʳ ˈkɑː.lɪˌflaʊɚ, ˈkɔː- -s -z **auliflower ˈear**
lk kɔːk ⓤⓢ kɑːk, kɔːk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ d -t
lker ˈkɔː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.kɚ, ˈkɔː- -s -z
sa ˈkaʊ.sɑː, -zɑː
sal ˈkɔː.zᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː- **-ly** -i

causality kɔːˈzæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ kɑːˈzæl.ə.t̬i, kɔː-
causa mortis ˌkaʊ.sɑːˈmɔː.tɪs, -zɑːˈ- ⓤⓢ -mɔːr.t̬ɪs
causation kɔːˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ kɑː-, kɔː-
causative ˈkɔː.zə.tɪv ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.zə.t̬ɪv, ˈkɔː- **-ly** -li
caus|e kɔːz ⓤⓢ kɑːz, kɔːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cause(s) célèbre(s) ˌkɔːz.selˈeb.rə, ˌkəʊz-, -səˈleb-, -ˈleɪ.brə ⓤⓢ ˌkɑːz.səˈleb.rə, ˌkɔːz-, ˌkoʊz-
causeless ˈkɔːz.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ ˈkɑːz-, ˈkɔːz- **-ly** -li
causerie ˈkəʊ.zᵊr.i, -iː ⓤⓢ ˌkoʊ.zəˈriː -s -z
causeway ˈkɔːz.weɪ ⓤⓢ ˈkɑːz-, ˈkɔːz- -s -z
caustic ˈkɔː.stɪk, ˈkɒs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.stɪk, ˈkɔː- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **ˌcaustic ˈsoda**
causticity kɔːˈstɪs.ə.ti, kɒsˈtɪs-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ kɑːˈstɪs.ə.t̬i, kɔː-
cauterization, -isa- ˌkɔː.tᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌkɑː.t̬ɚ.ɪˈ-, ˌkɔː- -s -z
cauteriz|e, -is|e ˈkɔː.tᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.t̬ə.raɪz, ˈkɔː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cauter|y ˈkɔː.tᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈkɔː- **-ies** -iz
Cauthen ˈkɔː.θᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
caution ˈkɔː.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˈcaution ˌmoney; throw ˌcaution to the ˈwind**
cautionary ˈkɔː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, -ʃᵊn.ri ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.ʃᵊn.er-, ˈkɔː- **ˌcautionary ˈtale**
cautious ˈkɔː.ʃəs ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cavalcade ˌkæv.ᵊlˈkeɪd, ˈ--- -s -z
cavalier ˌkæv.ᵊlˈɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -əˈlɪr -s -z
Cavalleria Rusticana kə.væl.əˌriː.ə.rʊs.tɪˈkɑː.nə, ˌkæv.ᵊl-, -ˌrɪə-
cavalr|y ˈkæv.ᵊl.r|i **-ies** -iz
cavalry|man ˈkæv.ᵊl.ri|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Cavan ˈkæv.ᵊn
Cavanagh ˈkæv.ə.nə
Cavanaugh ˈkæv.ə.nɔː ⓤⓢ -nɑː, -nɔː
cavatina ˌkæv.əˈtiː.nə -s -z

cav|e (C) (*n, v.*) keɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˈcave ˌdweller**
cave *beware:* ˈkeɪ.vi
caveat ˈkæv.i.æt, ˈkeɪ.vi- ⓤⓢ ˈkæv.i-, ˈkeɪ.vi-, ˈkɑː- -s -s
caveat emptor ˌkæv.i.ætˈemp.tɔːʳ, ˌkeɪ.vi-, -təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɔːr, ˌkɑː-, -ɑːtˈ-, -tɚ
Cavell ˈkæv.ᵊl, kəˈvel
Note: The family of Nurse Edith Cavell pronounces /ˈkæv.ᵊl/.
cave|man ˈkeɪv|.mæn **-men** -men
Cavendish ˈkæv.ᵊn.dɪʃ
cavern ˈkæv.ᵊn, -ɜːn ⓤⓢ -ɚn -s -z
cavernous ˈkæv.ᵊn.əs ⓤⓢ -ɚn- **-ly** -li
Caversham ˈkæv.ə.ʃəm ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ-
cave|woman ˈkeɪv|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
caviar(e) ˈkæv.i.ɑːʳ, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈkæv.i.ɑːr
cavil ˈkæv.ᵊl, -ɪl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
cavit|y ˈkæv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
ca|vort kə|ˈvɔːt ⓤⓢ -ˈvɔːrt **-vorts** -ˈvɔːts ⓤⓢ -ˈvɔːrts **-vorting** -ˈvɔː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈvɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-vorted** -ˈvɔː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈvɔːr.t̬ɪd
cav|y ˈkeɪ.v|i **-ies** -iz
caw kɔː ⓤⓢ kɑː, kɔː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cawdor ˈkɔː.dəʳ, -dɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.dɚ, ˈkɔː-, -dɔːr
Cawdrey ˈkɔː.dri ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
Cawley ˈkɔː.li ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː-
Cawse kɔːz ⓤⓢ kɑːz, kɔːz
Caxton ˈkæk.stᵊn
cay kiː, keɪ -s -z
cayenne (C) keɪˈen ⓤⓢ kaɪ-, keɪ- *stress shift:* ˌcayenne ˈpepper
Cayley ˈkeɪ.li
cayman (C) ˈkeɪ.mən -s -z **ˈCayman ˌIslands**
Cazenove ˈkæz.ᵊn.əʊv ⓤⓢ -oʊv
CB ˌsiːˈbiː
CBC ˌsiː.biːˈsiː
CBE ˌsiː.biːˈiː
CBI ˌsiː.biːˈaɪ
CBS ˌsiː.biːˈes *stress shift:* ˌCBS ˈrecords
cc ˌsiːˈsiː
CCTV ˌsiː.siː.tiːˈviː
CD ˌsiːˈdiː -s -z **ˌCˈD ˌplayer**
CDC ˌsiː.diːˈsiː

Pronouncing the letters CCH

The consonant letter combination cch only has one possible realisation: /k/, e.g.:

saccharine /ˈsæk.ər.ɪn/

CDI ˌsiː.diːˈaɪ
Cdr. (*abbrev. for* **commander**) kəˈmɑːn.dəʳ (US) -ˈmæn.dɚ
CD-ROM ˌsiː.diːˈrɒm (US) -ˈrɑːm **-s** -z
CD-RW ˌsiː.diː.ɑːˈdʌb.əl.juː (US) -ɑːr'-
CDT ˌsiː.diːˈtiː
ceas|e siːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
cease-fire ˈsiːs.faɪəʳ (US) -faɪɚ
ceaseless ˈsiː.sləs, -slɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ceausescu ˌtʃaʊˈʃes.kuː
Cebu siˈbuː
Cecil ˈses.əl, -ɪl, ˈsɪs.əl, -ɪl (US) ˈsiː.səl, ˈses.əl
Note: The family name of the Marquess of Exeter and that of the Marquess of Salisbury is /ˈsɪs.əl, -ɪl/.
Cecile sesˈiːl, ˈ--, ˈses.ɪl, -əl (US) sɪˈsiːl
Cecilia sɪˈsiː.li.ə, sə-, -ˈsɪl.i- (US) -ˈsiːl.jə, -ˈsɪl-
Cecily ˈses.ɪ.li, ˈsɪs-, -əl.i (US) ˈses-
cec|um ˈsiː.k|əm **-a** -ə
cedar ˈsiː.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
ced|e siːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
cedi ˈsiː.di **-s** -z
cedilla səˈdɪl.ə, sɪ- **-s** -z
Cedric ˈsed.rɪk, ˈsiː.drɪk
Ceefax® ˈsiː.fæks
Cefn-Mawr ˌkev.ənˈmaʊəʳ (US) -ˈmaʊɚ
CEGB ˌsiː.iː.dʒiːˈbiː
ceilidh ˈkeɪ.li **-s** -z
ceiling ˈsiː.lɪŋ **-s** -z
celadon ˈsel.ə.dɒn, -dən (US) -dɑːn
celandine ˈsel.ən.daɪn, -diːn **-s** -z
Celanese® ˌsel.əˈniːz (US) -ˈniːz, -ˈniːs
celeb səˈleb, sɪ- **-s** -z
Celebes selˈiː.biz, səˈliː-, sɪ- (US) ˈsel.ə.biːz, səˈliː.biz
celebrant ˈsel.ə.brənt, ˈ-ɪ- **-s** -s
cele|brate ˈsel.ə|.breɪt, ˈ-ɪ- **-brates** -breɪts **-brating** -breɪ.tɪŋ (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-brated** -breɪ.tɪd (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪd **-brator/s** -breɪ.təʳ/z (US) -breɪ.t̬ɚ/z
celebration ˌsel.əˈbreɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- **-s** -z
celebratory ˌsel.əˈbreɪ.tər.i, -ɪˈ-; -tri; ˈsel.ɪ.brə-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈsel.ə.brə.tɔːr.i; səˈleb.rə-
celebrit|y səˈleb.rə.t|i, sɪ-, -rɪ- (US) səˈleb.rə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
celeriac səˈler.i.æk, sɪ-; ˈsel.ər-
celerity səˈler.ə.ti, sɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Celeron® ˈsel.ər.ɒn (US) -ɑːn
celery ˈsel.ər.i
celeste (C) səˈlest, sɪ- **-s** -s
celestial (C) səˈles.ti.əl, sɪ- (US) -ˈtʃəl **-ly** -i
celestine ˈsel.ə.staɪn, ˈ-ɪ-, -stɪn
Celestine ˈsel.ə.staɪn, ˈ-ɪ-; sɪˈles.taɪn, sə-, -tɪn, -tiːn **-s** -z
Celia ˈsiː.li.ə
celiac ˈsiː.li.æk
celibacy ˈsel.ə.bə.si, ˈ-ɪ-
celibatarian ˌsel.ə.bəˈteə.ri.ən, ˌ-ɪ- (US) -ˈter.i- **-s** -z
celibate ˈsel.ə.bət, ˈ-ɪ-, -bɪt **-s** -s
Céline selˈiːn, seɪˈliːn
cell sel **-s** -z
cellar ˈsel.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
cellarage ˈsel.ər.ɪdʒ
cellarer ˈsel.ər.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
cellaret ˌsel.ərˈet, ˈsel.ər.et (US) ˌsel.ɚˈet **-s** -s
cellarist ˈsel.ər.ɪst **-s** -s
cellar|man ˈsel.ə|.mən, -mæn (US) -ɚ- **-men** -mən, -men
Cellini tʃelˈiː.ni, tʃɪˈliː-, tʃə-
cellist ˈtʃel.ɪst **-s** -s
cellmate ˈsel.meɪt **-s** -s
Cellnet® ˈsel.net
cello ˈtʃel.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
Cellophane® ˈsel.ə.feɪn
cellphone ˈsel.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z
cellular ˈsel.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ ˌ**cellular** ˈ**phone**; ˌ**cellular** ˈ**radio**
cellule ˈsel.juːl **-s** -z
cellulite ˈsel.jə.laɪt, -jʊ-
celluloid (C) ˈsel.jə.lɔɪd, -jʊ-
cellulose ˈsel.jə.ləʊs, -jʊ- (US) -loʊs
Celsius ˈsel.si.əs (US) ˈsel.si.əs, -ʃəs
celt *axe:* selt **-s** -s
Celt *people, tribe:* kelt, selt **-s** -s *member of football or baseball team:* selt **-s** -s
Celtic (*of the people or tribe*) ˈkel.tɪk, ˈsel.tɪk
Note: In names of football and baseball teams /ˈsel.tɪk/; for **Sea** /ˈkel.tɪk/.
cembal|o ˈtʃem.bə.l|əʊ, ˈsem- (US) -l|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -iː
cement sɪˈment, sə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **ceˈment-ˌmixer**
cementation ˌsiː.menˈteɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
cementium sɪˈmen.ʃi.əm, sə-, ˈ-ti- (US) -t̬i-
cemeter|y ˈsem.ə.tr|i, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ə.ter|.i **-ies** -iz
Cenci ˈtʃen.tʃi
Cenci ˈtʃen.tʃi
CENELEC ˈsen.ɪ.lek, ˈ-ə-
cenematics ˌsen.ɪˈmæt.ɪks, -əˈ- (US) -ˈmæt̬-
cenetics səˈnet.ɪks, sɪ- (US) -ˈnet̬-
CEng (*abbrev. for* **Chartered Engineer**) ˌsiːˈendʒ; ˌtʃɑː.tədˌen.dʒɪˈnɪəʳ, -dʒəˈ- (US) ˌsiːˈendʒ, ˌtʃɑːr.t̬ɚdˌen.dʒɪˈnɪr, -dʒəˈ-
Cenis səˈniː, senˈiː
cenobite ˈsiː.nə.baɪt, ˈsen.ə- (US) ˈsen.ə- **-s** -s
cenotaph ˈsen.əʊ.tæf, -tɑːf (US) -ə.tæf **-s** -s
cens|e sents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
censer ˈsent.səʳ (US) -sɚ **-s** -z
cens|or ˈsent.s|əʳ (US) -s|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
censorial sentˈsɔː.ri.əl (US) -ˈsɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
censorian sentˈsɔː.ri.ən (US) -ˈsɔːr.i-
censorious sentˈsɔː.ri.əs (US) -ˈsɔːr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
censorship ˈsent.sə.ʃɪp (US) -sɚ- **-s** -s
censurable ˈsent.sjər.ə.bəl, -ʃər- (US) -ʃɚ-
cens|ure ˈsent.ʃ|əʳ, -sj|əʳ (US) ˈsent.ʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd
census ˈsent.səs **-es** -ɪz ˈ**census** ˌ**paper**
cent sent **-s** -s
centage ˈsen.tɪdʒ
cental ˈsen.təl **-s** -z
centaur ˈsen.tɔːʳ (US) -tɔːr **-s** -z
Centaur|us senˈtɔː.r|əs (US) -ˈtɔːr|.əs **-i** -aɪ, -iː
centaur|y ˈsen.tɔː.r|i (US) -tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
centavo senˈtɑː.vəʊ (US) -voʊ **-s** -z
centenarian ˌsen.tɪˈneə.ri.ən, -təˈ- (US) -tənˈer.i- **-s** -z
centenar|y senˈtiː.nər|.i, sən-, -ˈten.ər- (US) ˈsen.tən.er-; senˈten.ər **-ies** -iz
centennial senˈten.i.əl, sən- **-s** -z **-ly**
cent|er ˈsen.t|əʳ (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌ**center** **of** ˈ**gravity**; ˌ**center** ˈ**stage**
centerboard ˈsen.tə.bɔːd (US) -t̬ɚ.bɔːrd **-s** -z
center-field ˌsen.təˈfiːld (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
centerfold ˈsen.tə.fəʊld (US) -t̬ɚ.foʊld **-s** -z
center-forward ˌsen.təˈfɔː.wəd (US) -t̬ɚˈfɔːr.wɚd **-s** -z
center-|half ˌsen.tə|ˈhɑːf (US) -t̬ɚ|ˈh... **-halves** -ˈhɑːvz (US) -ˈhævz
centerpiec|e ˈsen.tə.piːs (US) -t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz
centesimal senˈtes.ɪ.məl, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -
centesim|o senˈtes.ɪ.m|əʊ, ˈ-ə- (US) -m|oʊ **-i** -aɪ, -iː **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz
centigrade ˈsen.tɪ.greɪd (US) -t̬ə-
centigram, centigramme ˈsen.tɪ.græm (US) -t̬ə- **-s** -z
centigram(me) ˈsen.tɪ.græm (US) - **-s** -z
centilitre, centiliter ˈsen.tɪˌliː.tə... (US) -t̬əˌliː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
centime ˈsɑ̃ːn.tiːm, ˈsɔ̃ːn-, ˈsɑːn-; (US) ˈsɑːn-, ˈsen- **-s** -z
centimetre, centimeter ˈsen.tɪˌmiː.təʳ (US) -t̬əˌmiː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
centimo ˈsen.tɪ.məʊ (US) -moʊ **-s** -z
centipede ˈsen.tɪ.piːd (US) -t̬ə- **-s** -z

tipois|e 'sen.tɪ.pɔɪz US -t̬ə- -es -ɪz
tner 'sent.nəʳ US -nɚ -s -z
to 'sen.təʊ US -toʊ -s -z
TO 'sen.təʊ US -toʊ
tral (C) 'sen.trəl -ly -i ˌCentral
frican Re'public; ˌCentral
merica; ˌCentral 'Daylight
ime; ˌcentral 'heating; ˌcentral
ser'vation; ˌCentral 'Standard
ime
tralism 'sen.trəl.ɪ.zəm
tralist 'sen.trəl.ɪst -s -s
trality sen'træl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
tralization, -isa-
en.trəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -lɪ'- US -lɪ'-
traliz|e, -is|e 'sen.trəl.aɪz -es -ɪz
ng -ɪŋ -ed -d
t|re 'sen.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ -res -əz US -ɚz
ing -ər.ɪŋ -red -əd US -ɚd ˌcentre
'gravity; ˌcentre 'stage
treboard 'sen.tə.bɔːd
-t̬ɚ.bɔːrd -s -z
tre-field ˌsen.tə'fiːld
-t̬ɚ- -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
trefold 'sen.tə.fəʊld
-t̬ɚ.foʊld -s -z
tre-forward ˌsen.tə'fɔː.wəd
-t̬ɚ'fɔːr.wɚd -s -z
tre-|half ˌsen.tə|'hɑːf US -t̬ɚ|'hæf
alves -'hɑːvz US -'hævz
trepiec|e 'sen.tə.piːs US -t̬ɚ-
s -ɪz
ntrepoint 'sen.tə.pɔɪnt US -t̬ɚ-
tre-spread ˌsen.tə'spred US -t̬ɚ-
ress shift: ˌcentre-spread 'picture
tric 'sen.trɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
trifugal ˌsen.trɪ'fjuː.gəl, -trə'-,
en'trɪf.jʊ-, -jə- US sen'trɪf.jə.gəl,
ə-, -juː-
trifug|e 'sen.trɪ.fjuːdʒ, -trə-
-trə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
triole 'sen.tri.əʊl US -oʊl -s -z
tripetal ˌsen.trɪ'p.iː.təl, '-ə-,
en'trɪ.pɪ- US sen'trɪ.pə.t̬əl
tr|ism 'sen.tr|ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
tro- 'sen.trəʊ US 'sen.trə
tr|um 'sen.tr|əm -a -ə
ntumvirate sen'tʌm.vɪ.rət, -və-,
ɪt US sen'tʌm.vɚ.ət, ken-, -vɪ.rət
s -s
ntumviri ˌsen.tʌm'vɪ.riː
'sen.təm.vɪ-, 'ken.tʊm-, -raɪ
ntuple 'sen.tjʊ.pəl; sen'tjuː-
'sen.t̬ə-; sen'tuː-, -'tjuː-
nturion sen'tjʊə.ri.ən, -'tʃʊə-,
'tjɔː-, -'tʃɔː- US -'tʊr.i-, -'tjʊr- -s -z
ntur|y 'sen.tʃər|.i -ies -iz
O ˌsiː.iː'əʊ US -'oʊ
p sep -s -s
pe sep -s -s
phalic sef'æl.ɪk, sɪf-, sə'fæl-,
ef'æl-, kɪf- US sə'fæl.ɪk
phalonia ˌsef.ə'ləʊ.ni.ə US -'loʊ-
phalopod 'sef.əl.əʊ.pɒd
-ə.pɑːd -s -z
phalopoda ˌsef.ə'lɒp.ə.də
-'lɑː.pə-
phalous 'sef.əl.əs
phas 'siː.fæs

Cepheid 'siː.fi.ɪd, 'sef.i- -s -z
Cepheus 'siː.fi.əs, -fjəs
ceramic sə'ræm.ɪk, sɪ-, kɪ-, kə- US sə'ræm- -s -s
Note: In the UK, experts tend to use the forms with /kɪ-, kə-/.
ceramicist sə'ræm.ɪ.sɪst, sɪ-, '-ə- US sə'ræm.ə- -s -s
ceramist 'ser.ə.mɪst, sə'ræm.ɪst -s -s
cerastes sə'ræs.tiːz, sɪ- US sə-
cerate 'sɪə.reɪt, -rɪt, -rət US 'sɪr.eɪt, -ɪt -s -s
Cerberus 'sɜː.bər.əs US 'sɝː-
cercari|a sɜː'keə.ri|.ə US sɚ'ker.i- -ae -iː
cer|e sɪəʳ US sɪr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cereal 'sɪə.ri.əl US 'sɪr.i- -s -z
cerebell|um ˌser.ɪ'bel|.əm, -ə'- US -ə'- -ums -əmz -a -ə
Cerebos® 'ser.ə.bɒs, '-ɪ- US -bɑːs
cerebral 'ser.ə.brəl, '-ɪ-; sə'riː-, sɪ- US 'ser.ə-; sə'riː- -s -z ˌcerebral 'palsy
cere|brate 'ser.ə|.breɪt, '-ɪ- US '-ə- -brates -breɪts -brating -breɪ.tɪŋ US -breɪ.t̬ɪŋ -brated -breɪ.tɪd US -breɪ.t̬ɪd
cerebration ˌser.ɪ'breɪ.ʃən, -ə'- US -ə'- -s -z
cerebr|um sə'riː.br|əm, sɪ-; ser.ɪ-, '-ə- US 'ser.ə-; sə'riː- -a -ə -ums -əmz
Ceredigion ˌker.ə'dɪg.i.ɒn, -ɪ'- US -ɑːn
cerement 'sɪə.mənt, 'ser.ə.mənt US 'sɪr.mənt -s -s
ceremonial ˌser.ɪ'məʊ.ni.əl, -ə'- US -ə'moʊ- -s -z -ly -i -ism -ɪ.zəm
ceremonious ˌser.ɪ'məʊ.ni.əs, -ə'- US -ə'moʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ceremon|y 'ser.ɪ.mə.n|i, '-ə- US '-ə.moʊ.n|i -ies -iz
Ceres 'sɪə.riːz US 'sɪr.iːz
cerif 'ser.ɪf -s -s
cerise sə'riːz, sɪ-, -'riːs US sə-
cerium 'sɪə.ri.əm US 'sɪr.i-
ceroplastic ˌsɪə.rəʊ'plæs.tɪk, -'plɑː.stɪk US 'sɪr.oʊ.plæs-, 'ser-
cert sɜːt US sɝːt -s -s
certain 'sɜː.tən, -tɪn US 'sɝː- -ly -li
certaint|y 'sɜː.tən.t|i, -tɪn- US 'sɝː- -ies -iz
certes 'sɜː.tiːz, -tɪz, sɜːts US 'sɝː.tiːz
certifiab|le ˌsɜː.tɪ'faɪ.ə.b|əl, -tə'-, 'sɜː.tɪ.faɪ-, -tə- US 'sɝː.t̬ə.faɪ- -ly -li
certificate (*n.*) sə'tɪf.ɪ.kət, sɜː-, '-ə-, -kɪt US sɚ- -s -s
certifi|cate (*v.*) sə'tɪf.ɪ|.keɪt, sɜː-, '-ə- US sɚ- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd, -kə.tɪd, -kɪ- US -keɪ.t̬ɪd
certification *act of certifying:* ˌsɜː.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -fə'- US ˌsɝː.t̬ə- -s -z *providing with a certificate:* ˌsɜː.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, səˌtɪ- US ˌsɝː.t̬ə- -s -z
certificatory sə'tɪf.ɪ.kə.tər.i, sɜː-, -keɪ-, -tri US sɚ'tɪf.ɪ.kə.tɔːr.i
certif|y 'sɜː.tɪ.f|aɪ, -tə- US -t̬ə- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd -ier/s -aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z ˌcertified 'mail

certiorari ˌsɜː.ʃi.ɔː'reə.raɪ, -ti.ə'-, -'rɑː.ri US ˌsɝː.ʃi.ə'rer.i, -'rɑːr- -s -z
certitude 'sɜː.tɪ.tjuːd US 'sɝː.t̬ə.tuːd, -tjuːd
cerulean sə'ruː.li.ən, sɪ- US sə'ruː-
cerumen sə'ruː.men, sɪ-, -mən US sə'ruː-
Cervantes sɜː'væn.tiːz, -tɪz US sɚ-
cervical sə'vaɪ.kəl, sɜː-; 'sɜː.vɪ- US 'sɝː.vɪ- cerˌvical 'smear, ˌcervical 'smear US ˌcervical 'smear
cervine 'sɜː.vaɪn US 'sɝː-
cer|vix 'sɜː|.vɪks US 'sɝː- -vices -vɪ.siːz -vixes -vɪk.sɪz
Cerynean sə'rɪn.i.ən US ˌser.ə'niː.ən
César 'seɪ.zɑːʳ, -zəʳ US seɪ'zɑːr
cesarean, cesarian sɪ'zeə.ri.ən, sə- US sə'zer.i- -s -z ceˌsarean 'section
Cesarewitch *Russian prince:* sɪ'zɑː.rə.vɪtʃ, sə- US -'zɑːr.ə- *race:* sɪ'zær.ə.wɪtʃ; -'zɑː.rə-, -rɪ- US -'zɑːr.ə-
Cesario siː'zɑː.ri.əʊ, -'zær.i- US -'zɑːr.i.oʊ
cesium 'siː.zi.əm
cess ses -es -ɪz
cessation ses'eɪ.ʃən, sɪ'seɪ-, sə- -s -z
cession 'seʃ.ən -s -z
cessionar|y 'seʃ.ən.ər|.i, -ən.r|i US -er- -ies -iz
Cessna® 'ses.nə
cesspit 'ses.pɪt -s -s
cesspool 'ses.puːl -s -z
c'est la vie ˌseɪ.læ'viː, -lɑː'-, -lə'-
cestui que trust ˌset.ɪ.kɪ'trʌst US ˌset̬-, ˌses.twɪ- -s -s
cestui que vie ˌset.ɪ.kɪ'viː US ˌset̬-, ˌses.twɪ- -s -z
cestuis que trust ˌset.ɪz.kɪ'trʌst US ˌset̬-, ˌses.twɪz-
cestuis que vie ˌset.ɪz.kɪ'viː US ˌset̬-, ˌses.twɪz-
cestus 'ses.təs -es -ɪz
cesura sɪ'zjʊə.rə, siː-, -'zjɔː-, -'ʒʊə- US sə'zʊr.ə, -'ʒʊr- -s -z
Cetacea sɪ'teɪ.ʃə, sə-, -ʃi.ə, -si.ə US -ʃə
cetacean sɪ'teɪ.ʃən, sə-, -ʃi.ən, -si.ən US -ʃən -s -z
cetaceous sɪ'teɪ.ʃəs, sə-, -ʃi.əs, -si.əs US -ʃəs
cetane 'siː.teɪn
Cetewayo ketʃ'waɪ.əʊ, ˌket.i'waɪ-, -wɑː.jəʊ US -'waɪ.oʊ
Ceuta 'sjuː.tə US 'seɪ.uː.t̬ə
Cévennes sev'en, sə'ven, sɪ-, -venz US seɪ'ven
ceviche sə'viː.tʃeɪ, -tʃiː
Ceylon sɪ'lɒn, sə- US sɪ'lɑːn, seɪ-
Ceylonese ˌsel.ə'niːz, ˌsiː.lə- US ˌsiː.lə'niːz, ˌseɪ-, -'niːs
Cézanne seɪ'zæn, sɪ-, sez'æn US seɪ'zɑːn
cf. (*abbrev. for* **compare**) kəm'peəʳ, kən'fɜːʳ; ˌsiː'ef US kəm'per, kən'fɝː; ˌsiː'ef
CFC ˌsiː.ef'siː -s -z
cg (*abbrev. for* **centigramme, centi-**

Pronouncing the letters CH

The consonant digraph **ch** has three main pronunciations: /tʃ, k/ and /ʃ/. Before the letter r, **ch** is always realised as /k/, e.g.:

Christmas	/ˈkrɪst.məs/
anachronism	/əˈnæk.rə.nɪ.zᵊm/

However, there is no reliable way of predicting whether **ch** will be pronounced as /tʃ k/ or /ʃ/ in most other situations by looking at the spelling alone, e.g.:

chap	/tʃæp/
stomach	/ˈstʌm.ək/
champagne	/ʃæmˈpeɪn/

In general, /k/ words are those originating from Greek (e.g. *chaos, chorus*). Words containing /ʃ/ are usually late borrowings from French (e.g. *champagne, chauffeur*).

The remainder, pronounced /tʃ/, are more long-established, often being common everyday words (e.g. *lunch, chew*).

In addition

Occasionally, **ch** is pronounced /dʒ/, as in the British place name *Greenwich*.

/ˈgren.ɪdʒ/

Words from Scots ending **ch** may be pronounced /x/, but can also have the realisation /k/, e.g.:

loch	/lɒk, lɒx/	US /lɑːk, lɑːx/

In the case of *yacht* **ch** is silent:

yacht	/jɒt/	US /jɑːt/

gram) ˈsen.tɪ.græm US -t̬ə-
Chablis ˈʃæb.liː, -bli, -ˈ- US ʃæbˈli, ʃɑːˈbli
Chabrier ˈʃæb.ri.eɪ, ˈʃɑː.bri-, --ˈ- US ˌʃɑː.briˈeɪ
cha-cha ˈtʃɑː.tʃɑː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cha-cha-cha ˌtʃɑː.tʃɑːˈtʃɑː **-s** -z
chaconne ʃækˈɒn, ʃəˈkɒn US ʃɑːˈkɑːn, ʃækˈɑːn, -ˈɔːn **-s** -z
chacun à son goût ˌʃæk.ɜːn.ɑː.sɔ̃ːŋˈguː, -æ.sɒŋˈ- US ʃɑːˌkuːn.ɑː.sɑːnˈ-, ʃækˌuːn-, -sɔːnˈ-
chad (C) tʃæd **-s** -z **-ian/s** -i.ən/z
Chadband ˈtʃæd.bænd
Chadderton ˈtʃæd.ə.tᵊn US -ɚ.t̬ən
Chadwick ˈtʃæd.wɪk
chaf|e tʃeɪf **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
chafer ˈtʃeɪ.fəʳ US -fɚ **-s** -z
chaff tʃæf, tʃɑːf US tʃæf **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
chaff|er ˈtʃæf|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Chaffey ˈtʃeɪ.fi
chaffinch ˈtʃæf.ɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz
chaff|y ˈtʃæf|.i, ˈtʃɑː.f|i US ˈtʃæf|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
chafing-dish ˈtʃeɪ.fɪŋ.dɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
Chagall ʃægˈæl, ʃəˈgæl, -gɑːl US ʃəˈgɑːl
chagrin (*n.*) ˈʃæg.rɪn, -rᵊn US ʃəˈgrɪn
chagrin (*v.*) ˈʃæg.rɪn, ʃəˈgriːn US ʃəˈgrɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Chaim haɪm, xaɪm
chain tʃeɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**chain** ˌ**gang;** ˌ**chain** ˈ**letter;** ˈ**chain** ˌ**mail;** ˌ**chain re**ˈ**action;** ˈ**chain** ˌ**store**
chainless ˈtʃeɪn.ləs, -lɪs
chain-link ˈtʃeɪn.lɪŋk ˌ**chain-link** ˈ**fence**
chainsaw ˈtʃeɪn.sɔː US -sɑː, -sɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
chain-smok|e ˈtʃeɪn.sməʊk US -smoʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
chainstitch ˈtʃeɪn.stɪtʃ
chainwork ˈtʃeɪn.wɜːk US -wɝːk
chair tʃeəʳ US tʃer **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
chairlift ˈtʃeə.lɪft US ˈtʃer- **-s** -s
chair|man ˈtʃeə|.mən US ˈtʃer- **-men** -mən
chairmanship ˈtʃeə.mən.ʃɪp US ˈtʃer- **-s** -s
chairperson ˈtʃeəˌpɜː.sᵊn US ˈtʃerˌpɝː- **-s** -z
chair|woman ˈtʃeə|ˌwʊm.ən US ˈtʃer- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
chais|e ʃeɪz US ʃeɪz, tʃeɪs **-es** -ɪz
chaise(s) longue(s) ˌʃeɪzˈlɒŋ, ˌʃez-, -ˈlɒŋg, -ˈlɔ̃ːŋg US ˌʃeɪzˈlɔːŋ, ˌtʃeɪs-, -ˈlɑːŋ
chakra ˈtʃæk.rə US ˈtʃɑː.krə, ˈtʃæk.rə **-s** -z
Chalcedon ˈkæl.sɪ.dᵊn, -dɒn US -sə.dɑːn
chalcedony kælˈsed.ᵊn.i US kælˈsed.ᵊn.i, ˈkæl.sə.doʊ.ni
chalcedonyx ˌkæl.sɪˈdɒn.ɪks US -ˈdɑː.nɪks; kælˈsed.ᵊn.ɪks **-es** -ɪz
Chalcis ˈkæl.sɪs
chalcography kælˈkɒg.rə.fi US -ˈkɑː.grə-
Chalde|a kælˈdiː|.ə, kɔːl- US kæl- **-an/s** -ən/z
Chaldee kælˈdiː, kɔːl- US kæl- **-s** -z
chaldron ˈtʃɔːl.drᵊn US ˈtʃɔːl-, ˈtʃɑːl- **-s** -z
chalet ˈʃæl.eɪ, ˈʃæl.i US ʃælˈeɪ **-s** -z
Chalfont *in Buckinghamshire:* ˈtʃæl.fənt, -fɒnt *old-fashioned:* ˈtʃɑː- US -fɑːnt
chalic|e ˈtʃæl.ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
chalk (C) tʃɔːk US tʃɔːk, tʃɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**chalk** ˌ**pit;** as ˌ**different as** ˌ**chalk and** ˈ**cheese**
chalkboard ˈtʃɔːk.bɔːd US -bɔːrd, ˈtʃɑːk- **-s** -z
Chalker ˈtʃɔː.kəʳ US ˈtʃɔː.kɚ, ˈtʃɑː[illegible]
chalkface ˈtʃɔːk.feɪs US ˈtʃɔːk-, ˈtʃɑːk-
Chalkley ˈtʃɔːk.li US ˈtʃɔːk-, ˈtʃɑːk[illegible]
chalkstone ˈtʃɔːk.stəʊn US ˈtʃɔːk.stoʊn, ˈtʃɑːk- **-s** -z
chalk|y ˈtʃɔː.k|i US ˈtʃɔː-, ˈtʃɑː- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
challeng|e ˈtʃæl.ɪndʒ, -əndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Challenor ˈtʃæl.ə.nəʳ, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.nɚ
challis (C) ˈʃæl.ɪs, ˈʃæl.i
Challoner ˈtʃæl.ə.nəʳ US -nɚ
Chalmers ˈtʃɑː.məz, ˈtʃæl- US -mɚz
Chaloner ˈtʃæl.ə.nəʳ US -nɚ
chalybeate kəˈlɪb.i.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt
chamber ˈtʃeɪm.bəʳ US -bɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d ˈ**chamber** ˌ**music;** ˈ**chamber** ˌ**p**[illegible]
chamberlain ˈtʃeɪm.bᵊl.ɪn, -ən US -bɚ.lɪn **-s** -z
Chamberlain ˈtʃeɪm.bᵊl.ɪn, -ən, -[illegible] US -bɚ.lɪn
chamberlainship ˈtʃeɪm.bᵊl.ɪn.ʃɪ[illegible] -ən- US -bɚ.lɪn- **-s** -s
chambermaid ˈtʃeɪm.bə.meɪd US -bɚ- **-s** -z
Chambers ˈtʃeɪm.bəz US -bɚz
Chambourcy® ʃæmˈbʊə.si, -ˈbɔː- US ˌʃɑːm.bʊrˈsiː
chambray ˈʃæm.breɪ
chambré ˈʃɑ̃ːm.breɪ US ʃɑːmˈbreɪ
chameleon kəˈmiː.li.ən US -li.ən, -ˈmiːl.jən **-s** -s
chamfer ˈʃæmp.fəʳ, ˈtʃæmp- US -f[illegible] **-s** -z
chamois (*sing.*) *goat-antelope:* ˈʃæm.wɑː US ˈʃæm.i, ʃæmˈwɑː (*plur.*) ˈʃæm.wɑːz US ˈʃæm.iz, ʃæmˈwɑːz
chamois *leather:* ˈʃæm.i ˈ**chamois** ˌ**leather,** ˌ**chamois** ˈ**leather**
chamomile ˈkæm.ə.maɪl US -miːl, -maɪl

amonix 'ʃæm.ə.ni:, -ɒn.i:
ˌʃæm.ə'ni:
mp tʃæmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
mpagne (C) ʃæm'peɪn -s -z *stress*
ift: ˌchampagne 'socialist
mpaign 'tʃæm.peɪn -s -z
mpers 'ʃæm.pəz US -pɚz
mperty 'tʃæm.pɜ:.ti, -pə-
-pɝ:.ṭi
mpignon 'ʃæm.pi:.njɔ̃:, 'ʃɑ̃:m-,
'-; ʃæm'pɪn.jən, '---
ʃæm'pɪn.jən, tʃæm- -s -z
mpion (C) 'tʃæm.pi.ən US -pi.ən,
jən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mpionship 'tʃæm.pi.ən.ʃɪp
'tʃæm.pi.ən.ʃɪp, -pjən- -s -s
amplain *French explorer:*
em'pleɪn; ʃɔ̃:ŋ'plɑ̃:ŋ US ʃæm'pleɪn;
:'plɑ̃:ŋ *lake in US:* ʃæm'pleɪn
ampneys 'tʃæmp.niz
amps Elysées ˌʃɑ̃:nz.el'i:.zeɪ,
ɔ̃:nz- US ˌʃɑ:nz.eɪ.li:'zeɪ
nc|e tʃɑ:nts US tʃænts -es -ɪz -ing
-ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ncel 'tʃɑ:nt.sᵊl US 'tʃænt- -s -z
nceller|y 'tʃɑ:nt.sᵊl.ᵊr|.i
'tʃænt- -ies -iz
ncellor (C) 'tʃɑ:nt.sᵊl.əʳ, -sɪ.ləʳ
'tʃænt- -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s ˌchan-
llor of the ex'chequer
ancellorsville 'tʃɑ:nt.sᵊl.əz.vɪl
'tʃænt.sᵊl.ɚz-
ancer|y (C) 'tʃɑ:nt.sᵊr|.i US 'tʃænt-
es -iz
ncre 'ʃæŋ.kəʳ US -kɚ
ncroid 'ʃæŋ.krɔɪd -s -z
nc|y 'tʃɑ:nt.s|i US 'tʃænt- -ier -i.əʳ
-i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
ndelier ˌʃæn.də'lɪəʳ, -dɪ'- US -'lɪr
-z
andigarh ˌtʃæn.dɪ'gɜ:ʳ, ˌtʃʌn-,
gɑ:ʳ, '--- US -'gɝ:, -'gɑ:r
ndler (C) 'tʃɑ:nd.ləʳ US 'tʃænd.lɚ
-z
andos 'ʃæn.dɒs, 'tʃæn.dɒs US -dɑ:s
e: Lord Chandos pronounces
ʃæn-/. **Chandos Street** in London is
enerally pronounced with /'tʃæn-/.
anel ʃə'nel, ʃæn'el
aney 'tʃeɪ.ni
ang tʃæŋ
ng|e tʃeɪndʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
r/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
angeability ˌtʃeɪn.dʒə'bɪl.ə.ti,
.ti US -ə.ṭi
angeab|le 'tʃeɪn.dʒə.b|ᵊl -ly -li
eness -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
angeful 'tʃeɪndʒ.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i
ess -nəs, -nɪs
angeless 'tʃeɪndʒ.ləs, -lɪs
angeling 'tʃeɪndʒ.lɪŋ -s -z
angeover 'tʃeɪndʒˌəʊ.vəʳ
-ˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
ang Jiang ˌtʃæŋ.dʒi'æŋ
ˌtʃɑ:ŋ.dʒi'ɑ:ŋ, ˌtʃæŋ-, -'æŋ
annel 'tʃæn.ᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ
l)ed -d 'Channel ˌIslands;
Channel 'Tunnel
annelization, -isa-
ˌtʃæn.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
channeliz|e, -is|e 'tʃæn.ᵊl.aɪz US -ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Channell 'tʃæn.ᵊl
Channing 'tʃæn.ɪŋ
Channon 'tʃæn.ən, 'ʃæn.ən
chanson 'ʃɑ̃:n.sɔ̃:ŋ, -sɒn, -'- US ʃɑ̃:n'soʊn, -'sɑ:n, -'sɔ:n -s -z
chant (C) tʃɑ:nt US tʃænt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'tʃæn.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'tʃæn.ṭɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US 'tʃæn.ṭɚ/z
Chantal ʃɑ̃:n'tɑ:l, ʃæn-, -tæl US ʃɑ:n'tɑ:l
Chantelle ʃɑ̃:n'tel, ʃæn- US ʃɑ:n'tel, ʃæn-
Chanter 'tʃɑ:n.təʳ US 'tʃæn.ṭɚ
chanterelle ˌʃɑ̃:n.tə'rel, ˌʃæn-, ˌtʃæn- US ˌʃæn.ṭə'-, ˌʃɑ:n- -s -z
chanteus|e ʃɑ̃:n'tɜ:z, ʃɑ:n- US ʃɑ̃:n'tu:z, ʃæn-, -'tu:s -es -ɪz
chantey 'ʃæn.ti, 'tʃæn-, 'tʃɑ:n- US 'ʃæn.ṭi -s -z
chanticleer (C) 'tʃɑ:n.tɪ.klɪəʳ, 'tʃænt-, 'ʃɑ:n-, -tə-, ˌ--'- US 'tʃæn.ṭə.klɪr, 'ʃæn- -s -z
Chantilly *in France:* ʃæn'tɪl.i, ʃɑ̃:n- US ʃæn'tɪl.i; ˌʃɑ:n.ti'ji
Note: In the song "Chantilly Lace", it is pronounced /ʃæn'tɪl.i/.
Chantilly *in US:* ʃæn'tɪli
Chantrey 'tʃɑ:n.tri US 'tʃæn-
chantr|y 'tʃɑ:n.tr|i US 'tʃæn- -ies -iz
chant|y 'tʃɑ:n.t|i US 'tʃæn.ṭ|i -ies -iz
Chanukah 'hʌn.ʊ.kə, 'hæn-, 'xʌn- US 'hɑ:.nə.kə, 'xɑ:-, -nʊ.kɑ:
chaos 'keɪ.ɒs US -ɑ:s
chaotic keɪ'ɒt.ɪk US -'ɑ:.ṭɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
chap tʃæp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
chapat(t)i tʃə'pɑ:.ti, -'pæt.i -(e)s -z
chapbook 'tʃæp.bʊk -s -s
chape tʃeɪp -s -s
chapeau 'ʃæp.əʊ, -'- US ʃæp'oʊ -s -z
chapeaux (*alternative plur. of* **chapeau**) 'ʃæp.əʊ, -əʊz US ʃæp'oʊ, -'oʊz
chapel 'tʃæp.ᵊl -s -z
Chapel-en-le-Frith ˌtʃæp.ᵊl.ən.lə'frɪθ, -en.lə'-
chapelr|y 'tʃæp.ᵊl.r|i -ies -iz
Chapeltown 'tʃæp.ᵊl.taʊn
chaperon|e, chaperon 'ʃæp.ᵊr.əʊn US -ə.roʊn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -age -ɪdʒ
chapfallen 'tʃæpˌfɔ:.lən US -ˌfɔ:-, -ˌfɑ:-
chaplain 'tʃæp.lɪn -s -z
chaplainc|y 'tʃæp.lɪnt.s|i, -lənt- -ies -iz
chaplet 'tʃæp.lət, -lɪt, -let -s -s
Chaplin 'tʃæp.lɪn
Chapman 'tʃæp.mᵊn
Chapone ʃə'pəʊn US -poʊn
Chappaquiddick ˌtʃæp.ə'kwɪd.ɪk
Chappell 'tʃæp.ᵊl
chappie, chappy 'tʃæp.i -s -z
Chapple 'tʃæp.ᵊl
chapstick 'tʃæp.stɪk -s -s
chapter 'tʃæp.təʳ US -tɚ -s -z **'chapter ˌhouse; ˌchapter and 'verse**
Chapultepec tʃə'pu:l.təˌpek, -'pʊl-
char tʃɑ:ʳ US tʃɑ:r -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
charabanc 'ʃær.ə.bæŋ, -bɑ̃:ŋ US -bæŋ -s -s
character 'kær.ək.təʳ, -ɪk- US 'ker.ək.tɚ, 'kær- -s -z
characteristic ˌkær.ək.tə'rɪs.tɪk, -ɪk- US ˌker.ək-, ˌkær- -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
characterization, -isa- ˌkær.ək.tᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪk-, -ɪ'- US ˌker.ək.tɚ.ɪ'-, ˌkær- -s -z
characteriz|e, -is|e 'kær.ək.tᵊr.aɪz, -ɪk- US 'ker.ək.tə.raɪz, 'kær- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
characterless 'kær.ək.tə.ləs, -ɪk-, -lɪs US 'ker.ək.tɚ-, 'kær- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
charade ʃə'rɑ:d US -'reɪd -s -z
charbroil 'tʃɑ:.brɔɪl US 'tʃɑ:r- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
charcoal 'tʃɑ:.kəʊl US 'tʃɑ:r.koʊl
chard (C) tʃɑ:d US tʃɑ:rd
Chardin 'ʃɑ:.dæ̃ŋ, -'- US ʃɑ:r'dæ̃n
chardonnay (C) 'ʃɑ:.dᵊn.eɪ US 'ʃɑ:r-, ˌ--'- -s -z
char|e tʃeəʳ US tʃer -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
charg|e tʃɑ:dʒ US tʃɑ:rdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **'charge ˌcard**
chargeab|le 'tʃɑ:.dʒə.b|ᵊl US 'tʃɑ:r- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
chargé(s) d'affaires *sing:* ˌʃɑ:.ʒeɪ.dæf'eəʳ, -də'feəʳ US ˌʃɑ:r.ʒeɪ.də'fer, -dæf'er *plur:* -z
charger 'tʃɑ:.dʒəʳ US 'tʃɑ:r.dʒɚ -s -z
chargrilled 'tʃɑ:.grɪld US 'tʃɑ:r-
Charing Cross ˌtʃær.ɪŋ'krɒs, ˌtʃeər- US ˌtʃer.ɪŋ'krɑ:s, ˌtʃær-
chariot 'tʃær.i.ət US 'tʃer-, 'tʃær- -s -s
charioteer ˌtʃær.i.ə'tɪəʳ US ˌtʃer.i.ə'tɪr, ˌtʃær- -s -z
charisma kə'rɪz.mə
charismatic ˌkær.ɪz'mæt.ɪk US ˌker.ɪz'mæṭ-, ˌkær-
charitab|le 'tʃær.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, '-ə- US 'tʃer-, 'tʃær- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
charit|y (C) 'tʃær.ɪ.t|i, -ə.t|i US 'tʃer.ə.ṭ|i, 'tʃær- -ies -iz
charivari ˌʃɑ:.rɪ'vɑ:.ri US ʃəˌrɪv.ə'ri:; ˌʃɑ:.rɪ'vɑ:.ri, ˌʃɪv.ə'ri: -s -z
charivaria ˌʃɑ:.rɪv'ɑ:.ri.ə US ˌʃɑ:r.ɪ'vɑ:r.i-
charlad|y 'tʃɑ:ˌleɪ.d|i US 'tʃɑ:r- -ies -iz
charlatan 'ʃɑ:.lə.tᵊn, -tæn US 'ʃɑ:r.lə.tᵊn -s -z
charlatanism 'ʃɑ:.lə.tᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm US 'ʃɑ:r.lə.tᵊn-, -ṭə.nɪ- -s -z
charlatanry 'ʃɑ:.lə.tᵊn.ri US 'ʃɑ:r.lə.tᵊn-, -ṭən-
Charlbury 'tʃɑ:l.bᵊr.i US 'tʃɑ:rl.ber.i, -bɚ-
Charlecote 'tʃɑ:l.kəʊt US 'tʃɑ:rl.koʊt
Charlemagne 'ʃɑ:.lə.meɪn, -maɪn, ˌ--'- US 'ʃɑ:r.lə.meɪn

Charlemont 'tʃɑː.lɪ.mənt, 'tʃɑːl.mənt US 'tʃɑːr.lɪ.mənt, 'tʃɑːrl.mənt

Charlene 'tʃɑː.liːn, 'ʃɑː-, ʃɑː'liːn US ʃɑːr'liːn, '--

Charleroi 'ʃɑː.lə.rɔɪ *as if French:* ˌʃɑː.lə'rwɑː US 'ʃɑːr-

Charles tʃɑːlz US tʃɑːrlz

Charleston 'tʃɑːl.stən US 'tʃɑːrl-

Charlestown 'tʃɑːlz.taʊn US 'tʃɑːrlz-

Charlesworth 'tʃɑːlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ US 'tʃɑːrlz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Charleville 'ʃɑː.lə.vɪl US 'ʃɑːr-

Charley 'tʃɑː.li US 'tʃɑːr- 'charley ˌhorse

charlie (C) 'tʃɑː.li US 'tʃɑːr- -s -z

charlock 'tʃɑː.lɒk US 'tʃɑːr.lɑːk

charlotte (C) 'ʃɑː.lət US 'ʃɑːr- -s -s

Charlottenburg ʃɑː'lɒt.ᵊn.bɜːg US ʃɑːr'lɑː.tᵊn.bɝːg

Charlottesville 'ʃɑː.ləts.vɪl US 'ʃɑːr-

Charlton 'tʃɑːl.tᵊn US 'tʃɑːrl-

charm tʃɑːm US tʃɑːrm -s -z -ed -d -ing -ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -less/ly -ləs/li, -lɪs.li

Charmaine ʃɑː'meɪn US ʃɑːr-

Charmian 'tʃɑː.mi.ən, 'ʃɑː-, 'kɑː- US 'tʃɑːr-, 'ʃɑːr-, 'kɑːr-

charming 'tʃɑː.mɪŋ US 'tʃɑːr- -ly -li

Charmin® 'tʃɑː.mɪn US 'ʃɑːr-

charnel 'tʃɑː.nᵊl US 'tʃɑːr- 'charnel ˌhouse

Charnock 'tʃɑː.nɒk, -nək US 'tʃɑːr.nɑːk

Charnwood 'tʃɑːn.wʊd, -wəd US 'tʃɑːrn-

Charolais *sing:* 'ʃær.ə.leɪ US ˌʃɑːr.ə'leɪ *plur:* 'ʃær.ə.leɪ, -leɪz US ˌʃɑːr.ə'leɪ, -'leɪz

Charon 'keə.rᵊn, -rɒn US 'ker.ᵊn

Charpentier ʃɑː.'pɑ̃ːn.ti.eɪ US ˌʃɑːr.pɑ̃ːn.ti'eɪ, -'tjeɪ

Charrington 'tʃær.ɪŋ.tən US 'tʃer-, 'tʃær-

chart tʃɑːt US tʃɑːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'tʃɑːr.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'tʃɑːr.t̬ɪd

chart|er (C) 'tʃɑː.t|əʳ US 'tʃɑːr.t̬|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z 'charter ˌflight; ˌchartered a'ccountant

Charterhouse 'tʃɑː.tə.haʊs US 'tʃɑːr.t̬ɚ-

Charteris 'tʃɑː.təz, -tᵊr.ɪs US 'tʃɑːr.t̬ɚ.ɪs

charterpart|y 'tʃɑː.təˌpɑː.t|i US 'tʃɑːr.t̬ɚˌpɑːr.t̬|i -ies -iz

chart|ism (C) 'tʃɑː.t|ɪ.zᵊm US 'tʃɑːr.t̬|ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s

Chartres 'ʃɑː.trə; ʃɑːt US 'ʃɑːr.trə; ʃɑːrt

Chartreuse® ʃɑː'trɜːz US ʃɑːr'truːz

Chartwell 'tʃɑːt.wel, -wəl US 'tʃɑːrt-

char|woman 'tʃɑː|ˌwʊm.ən US 'tʃɑːr- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn

char|y 'tʃeə.r|i US 'tʃer|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Charybdis kə'rɪb.dɪs

Chas tʃæz, tʃɑːlz US tʃæz, tʃɑːrlz

chas|e (C) tʃeɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

chasm 'kæz.ᵊm -s -z

chassé 'ʃæs.eɪ US -'- -s -z

chasseur ʃæs'ɜːʳ US -'ɝː -s -z

chassis *sing:* 'ʃæs.i, -iː US 'tʃæs-, 'ʃæs- *plur:* 'ʃæs.iz, -iːz US 'tʃæs-, 'ʃæs-

chaste tʃeɪst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

chasten 'tʃeɪ.sᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

chastis|e tʃæs'taɪz US '-- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

chastisement tʃæs'taɪz.mənt, 'tʃæs.tɪz- US 'tʃæs.taɪz-, -'-- -s -s

chastiser tʃæs'taɪ.zəʳ US -zɚ -s -z

chastity (C) 'tʃæs.tə.ti, -tɪ- US -tə.t̬i 'chastity ˌbelt

chasuble 'tʃæz.jʊ.bᵊl, -jə- US -jə-, '-ə- -s -z

chat tʃæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'tʃæt̬.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US 'tʃæt̬.ɪd 'chat ˌshow

Chataway 'tʃæt.ə.weɪ US 'tʃæt̬-

château 'ʃæt.əʊ, -'- US ʃæt'oʊ -s -z

chateaubriand (C) ˌʃæt.əʊ.bri'ɑ̃ːnd, ˌʃæt.əʊ'briː-, ʃæt'əʊ- US ˌʃæt.oʊ.bri'ɑ̃ːnd, ˌʃɑː.toʊ- -s -z

Châteauneuf-du-Pape ˌʃæt.əʊ.nɜːf.dju'pæp US -oʊˌnɜːf.du-, -dju-, -'pɑːp

châteaux (*alternative plur. of* **chateau**) 'ʃæt.əʊ, -əʊz, -'- US ʃæt'oʊ, -'oʊz

chatelain 'ʃæt.ᵊl.eɪn, -æ̃ŋ US 'ʃæt̬.ə.leɪn -s -z

chatelaine 'ʃæt.ᵊl.eɪn US 'ʃæt̬.ə.leɪn -s -z

Chater 'tʃeɪ.təʳ US -tɚ

Chatham 'tʃæt.əm US 'tʃæt̬-

chatline 'tʃæt.laɪn -s -z

chatroom 'tʃæt.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z

Chatsworth 'tʃæts.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Chattanooga ˌtʃæt.ᵊn'uː.gə US ˌtʃæt̬.ə'nuː-, ˌtʃæt.ᵊn'uː-

chattel 'tʃæt.ᵊl US 'tʃæt̬- -s -z

chatt|er 'tʃæt|.əʳ US 'tʃæt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z 'chattering ˌclasses

chatterbox 'tʃæt.ə.bɒks US 'tʃæt̬.ɚ.bɑːks -es -ɪz

Chatteris 'tʃæt.ᵊr.ɪs

Chatterley 'tʃæt.ᵊl.i US 'tʃæt̬.ɚ.li

Chatterton 'tʃæt.ə.tᵊn US 'tʃæt̬.ɚ-

Chatto 'tʃæt.əʊ US -oʊ, 'tʃæt̬-

chatt|y 'tʃæt|.i US 'tʃæt̬|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Chatwin 'tʃæt.wɪn

Chaucer 'tʃɔː.səʳ US 'tʃɑː.sɚ, 'tʃɔː-

Chaucerian tʃɔː'sɪə.ri.ən US tʃɑː'sɪr.i-, tʃɔː-, -'ser-

chaudfroid 'ʃəʊ.fwɑː, -frwɑː US 'ʃoʊ-

Chaudhuri 'tʃaʊ.dᵊr.i

chauffer 'tʃɔː.fəʳ US 'tʃɑː.fɚ, 'tʃɔː- -s -z

chauffeur 'ʃəʊ.fəʳ, ʃəʊ'fɜːʳ US ʃoʊ'fɝː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Chauncey 'tʃɔːnt.si US 'tʃɑːnt-, 'tʃɔːnt-

chauvin|ism 'ʃəʊ.vɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm, -və- US 'ʃoʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s

chauvinistic ˌʃəʊ.vɪ'nɪs.tɪk, -və'- US ˌʃoʊ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

chav tʃæv -s -z

Chavez 'tʃæv.es US 'ʃɑː.vez, 'tʃɑː-, -ves

Chaworth 'tʃɑː.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Chayefsky tʃaɪ'ef.ski

Che tʃeɪ

Cheadle 'tʃiː.dᵊl

Cheam tʃiːm

cheap tʃiːp -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌcheap 'shot

cheapen 'tʃiː.pᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

cheapie 'tʃiː.pi -s -z

cheap-jack 'tʃiːp.dʒæk -s -s

cheapo 'tʃiː.pəʊ US -poʊ -s -z

cheap-rate ˌtʃiːp'reɪt *stress shift:* ˌcheap-rate 'call

Cheapside 'tʃiːp.saɪd, tʃiːp'saɪd

cheapskate 'tʃiːp.skeɪt -s -s

cheat tʃiːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'tʃiː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'tʃiː.t̬ɪd

Cheatham 'tʃiː.təm US -t̬əm

Chechen ˌtʃetʃ'en -s -z *stress shift:* ˌChechen 'fighters

Chechenia 'tʃetʃ.ni.ɑː, -ni.ə; tʃetʃ.ɪ'njɑː US -ni.ə

Chechnya 'tʃetʃ.ni.ə, -ni.ɑː; tʃetʃ.ɪ'njɑː US -ni.ə

check tʃek -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'checking acˌcount

checkbook 'tʃek.bʊk -s -s

check|er (C) 'tʃek|.əʳ US -ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

checkerboard 'tʃek.ə.bɔːd US -ɚ.bɔːrd -s -z

checkers 'tʃek.əz US -ɚz

check-in 'tʃek.ɪn -s -z 'check-in ˌdesk

Checkland 'tʃek.lənd

checklist 'tʃek.lɪst -s -s

checkma|te 'tʃek.meɪ|t, ˌ-'- -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -t̬ɪd

checkout 'tʃek.aʊt -s -s

checkpoint 'tʃek.pɔɪnt -s -s ˌCheckpoint 'Charlie

checkrein 'tʃek.reɪn -s -z

checkroom 'tʃek.rʊm, -ruːm US -ruːm -s -z

checkup 'tʃek.ʌp -s -s

cheddar (C) 'tʃed.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

cheek tʃiːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌturn the other 'cheek

cheekbone 'tʃiːk.bəʊn US -boʊn -s

Cheeke tʃiːk

cheek|y 'tʃiː.k|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

cheep tʃiːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

cheer tʃɪəʳ US tʃɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed

cheerful 'tʃɪə.fᵊl, -fʊl US 'tʃɪr- -ly

ness -nəs, -nɪs
eerio ˌtʃɪə.ri'əʊ (US) ˌtʃɪr.i'oʊ **-s** -z
eerios® 'tʃɪə.ri.əʊz, 'tʃɪr.i.oʊz
eerleader 'tʃɪəˌliː.dəʳ
(US) 'tʃɪrˌliː.dɚ **-s** -z
eerless 'tʃɪə.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'tʃɪr- **-ly** -li
ness -nəs, -nɪs
eer|y 'tʃɪə.r|i (US) 'tʃɪr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ
(US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li,
-əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ees|e tʃiːz **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -d ˌ**cheesed**
off
eeseboard 'tʃiːz.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
s -z
eeseburger 'tʃiːzˌbɜː.gəʳ
(US) -ˌbɝː.gɚ **-s** -z
eesecake 'tʃiːz.keɪk **-s** -s
eesecloth 'tʃiːz.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ
eeseman 'tʃiːz.mən
eesemonger 'tʃiːzˌmʌŋ.gəʳ
(US) -gɚ, -ˌmɑːŋ- **-s** -z
eeseparing 'tʃiːzˌpeə.rɪŋ
(US) -ˌper.ɪŋ
eesewright 'tʃiːz.raɪt, 'tʃez-
ees|y 'tʃiː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eetah 'tʃiː.tə (US) -t̬ə **-s** -z
eetham 'tʃiː.təm (US) -t̬əm
eever 'tʃiː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ
ef ʃef **-s** -s
ef d'équipe ˌʃef.dek'iːp
ef(s) d'oeuvre, chef(s)-
d'oeuvre ˌʃeɪ'dɜː.vrə, -əʳ
(US) ˌʃeɪ'dɝː.vrə, -'dɝːv
eke tʃiːk
ekhov 'tʃek.ɒf, -ɒv (US) -ɑːf, -ɔːf,
-ɑːv
ela 'tʃeɪ.lə, 'tʃiː.lə **-s** -z
ela|te kiː'leɪ|t, kə-, tʃiː-, kɪ-;
kiː.leɪ|t, 'tʃiː- (US) 'kiː.leɪ|t **-tes** -ts
-ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
elation kiː'leɪ.ʃən, kə-, tʃiː-, kɪ-
elmer 'tʃel.məʳ (US) -mɚ
elmsford 'tʃelmz.fəd, 'tʃelmps-
old-fashioned local pronunciations:
'tʃemz-, 'tʃɒmz- (US) -fɚd
elsea 'tʃel.si ˌ**Chelsea** '**bun**,
Chelsea ˌ**bun**; ˌ**Chelsea** '**pensioner**
elsey 'tʃel.si
eltenham 'tʃel.tən.əm
elyabinsk tʃel'jɑː.bɪnsk
emic 'kem.ɪk
emical 'kem.ɪ.kəl **-ly** -i **-s** -z
chemical engi'neering; ˌ**chemical**
warfare
emis|e ʃə'miːz **-es** -ɪz
emist 'kem.ɪst **-s** -s
emistry 'kem.ɪ.stri, -ə-
emnitz 'kem.nɪts
emo- 'kiː.məʊ, 'kem.əʊ
(US) 'kiː.moʊ, 'kem.oʊ
emotherapy ˌkiː.məʊ'θer.ə.pi,
kem.əʊ- (US) ˌkiː.moʊ'-, ˌkem.oʊ'-
enevix 'tʃen.ə.vɪks, 'ʃen.ə.vɪks
eney 'tʃiː.ni, 'tʃeɪ- (US) 'tʃeɪ-
engdu ˌtʃʌŋ'duː
enies *in Buckinghamshire:*
'tʃeɪ.niz *street in London:* 'tʃiː.niz
chenille ʃə'niːl
cheongsam ˌtʃɒŋ'sæm, tʃiˌɒŋ-
(US) ˌtʃɔːŋ-, ˌtʃɑːŋ- **-s** -z
Cheops 'kiː.ɒps (US) -ɑːps
Chepstow 'tʃep.stəʊ (US) -stoʊ
cheque tʃek **-s** -s '**cheque** ˌ**card**
chequebook 'tʃek.bʊk **-s** -s
chequecard 'tʃek.kɑːd (US) -kɑːrd **-s** -z
chequ|er 'tʃek|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US)
-ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Chequers 'tʃek.əz (US) -ɚz
Cher ʃeəʳ (US) ʃer
Cherbourg 'ʃeə.bʊəg, ʃɜː-, -bɔːg,
-bɜːg (US) 'ʃer.bʊrg, -bʊr, -'-
Cherie ʃə'riː, 'ʃer.i
cherish 'tʃer.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Cheriton 'tʃer.ɪ.tən
Chernobyl tʃɜː'nəʊ.bəl, tʃə-,
-'nɒb.əl, -ɪl (US) tʃɚ'noʊ.bəl
Chernomyrdin ˌtʃɜː.nə'mɪə.dɪn,
ˌtʃeə-, -'mɜː-, -dən (US) ˌtʃɝː.nə'mɪr-,
-noʊ'-, ˌtʃer-, -'mɝː-
Cherokee 'tʃer.ə.kiː, ˌ--'- **-s** -z
cheroot ʃə'ruːt **-s** -s
cherr|y (C) 'tʃer|.i **-ies** -iz ˌ**cherry**
'**brandy**; ˌ**cherry** '**pie**; ˌ**cherry**
to'mato
cherrystone 'tʃer.i.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn
-s -z
chersonese 'kɜː.sə.niːs, -niːz, ˌ--'-
(US) ˌkɝː.sə'niːz, -niːs
Chertsey 'tʃɜːt.si (US) 'tʃɝːt-
cherub 'tʃer.əb **-s** -z
cherubic tʃə'ruː.bɪk, tʃer'uː-
(US) tʃə'ruː- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
cherubim 'tʃer.ə.bɪm, '-ʊ-
Cherubini ˌker.ʊ'biː.niː, -ə'-, -ni
chervil 'tʃɜː.vɪl, -vəl (US) 'tʃɝː-
Cherwell 'tʃɑː.wəl, -wel (US) 'tʃɑːr-
Cheryl 'tʃer.əl, 'ʃer-, -ɪl (US) 'ʃer.əl
Chesapeake 'tʃes.ə.piːk
Chesebro, Chesebrough 'tʃiːz.brə
Chesham 'tʃeʃ.əm *old-fashioned*
local pronunciation: 'tʃes-
Cheshire 'tʃeʃ.əʳ, -ɪəʳ (US) -ɚ, -ɪr
ˌ**Cheshire** '**cat**; ˌ**Cheshire** '**cheese**
Cheshunt 'tʃes.ənt, 'tʃeʃ-
Chesil 'tʃez.əl ˌ**Chesil** '**Bank**; ˌ**Chesil**
'**Beach**
Chesney 'tʃes.ni, 'tʃez.ni
Chesnutt 'tʃes.nʌt
chess tʃes
chessboard 'tʃes.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
chess|man 'tʃes|.mæn, -mən **-men**
-men, -mən
chest tʃest **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**chest of**
'**drawers**
Chester 'tʃes.təʳ (US) -tɚ
chesterfield (C) 'tʃes.tə.fiːld (US) -tɚ-
-s -z
Chester-le-Street ˌtʃes.tə.lɪ'striːt,
'---ˌ- (US) -tɚ-
Chesterton 'tʃes.tə.tən (US) -tɚ.t̬ən
chestnut 'tʃes.nʌt, 'tʃest- **-s** -s
Chestre 'tʃes.təʳ (US) -tɚ
chest|y 'tʃes.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness**
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Chetham 'tʃet.əm
chetrum 'tʃet.rʊm, -rəm
Chettle 'tʃet.əl (US) 'tʃet̬-
Chetwode 'tʃet.wʊd
Chetwynd 'tʃet.wɪnd
cheval-glass ʃə'væl.glɑːs (US) -glæs
-es -ɪz
chevalier ˌʃev.ə'lɪəʳ (US) -'lɪr **-s** -z
Chevalier *surname:* ʃə'væl.i.eɪ, ʃɪ-
(US) -i.eɪ, -jeɪ
Chevening 'tʃiːv.nɪŋ
Cheves tʃiːvz
Chevette® ʃə'vet, ʃev'et **-s** -s
Cheviot *hills, sheep:* 'tʃiː.vi.ət,
'tʃev.i-, 'tʃɪv.i- (US) 'ʃev.i- *cloth:*
'tʃev.i.ət (US) 'ʃev-
Chevis 'tʃev.ɪs
Chevrolet® 'ʃev.rə.leɪ, ˌ--'-
(US) ˌʃev.rə'leɪ **-s** -z
chevron 'ʃev.rən, -rɒn (US) -rən **-s** -z
chev|y (C) 'tʃev|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ
-ied -id
Chevy 'ʃev.i
chew tʃuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
'**chewing** ˌ**gum**
chew|y 'tʃuː|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Cheyenne ˌʃaɪ'æn, -'en (US) -'en, -'æn
Cheyne 'tʃeɪ.ni, tʃeɪn
Cheyney 'tʃeɪ.ni
chez ʃeɪ
Chiang Kai-Shek ˌtʃæŋ.kaɪ'ʃek
(US) ˌtʃæŋ-, ˌdʒæŋ-
Chiang Mai tʃiˌæŋ'maɪ
(US) ˌdʒɑːŋ'maɪ, tʃiˌɑːŋ-
chianti (C) ki'æn.ti (US) -'ɑːn.t̬i, -'æn-
Chiantishire ki'æn.ti.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ
(US) -'ɑːn.t̬i.ʃɚ, -'æn-, -ˌʃɪr
Chiapas tʃi'æp.əs (US) -'ɑː.pəs
chiaroscuro kiˌɑː.rə'skʊə.rəʊ,
-rɒs'kʊə-, -'kjʊə- (US) -ˌɑːr.ə'skjʊr.oʊ
chias|ma kaɪ'æz|.mə **-mata** -mə.tə
(US) -mə.t̬ə **-mas** -məz
chiasmus kaɪ'æz.məs
chic ʃiːk, ʃɪk
Chicago ʃɪ'kɑː.gəʊ, ʃə- (US) -goʊ, -'kɔː-
chican|e ʃɪ'keɪn, ʃə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
chicaner|y ʃɪ'keɪ.nər|.i, ʃə- **-ies** -iz
chicano tʃɪ'kɑː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
Chichele 'tʃɪtʃ.əl.i, -ɪ.li
Chichén Itzá tʃiˌtʃen.ɪt'sɑː (US) -iːt'-
Chichester 'tʃɪtʃ.ɪ.stəʳ, '-ə- (US) -stɚ
chi-chi 'ʃiː.ʃiː
chick (C) tʃɪk **-s** -s
chickabidd|y 'tʃɪk.əˌbɪd|.i **-ies** -iz
chickadee 'tʃɪk.əˌdiː, ˌ--'- **-s** -z
Chickasaw 'tʃɪk.ə.sɔː (US) -sɔː, -sɑː
-s -z
chicken 'tʃɪk.ɪn, -ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
'**chicken** ˌ**feed**; ˌ**chicken** '**Kiev**;
'**chicken** ˌ**pox**; ˌ**don't count your**
ˌ**chickens before they** '**hatch**
chickenhearted ˌtʃɪk.ɪn'hɑː.tɪd,
-ən'-, -təd; 'tʃɪk.ɪnˌhɑː-, -ənˌ-
(US) ˌtʃɪk.ɪn'hɑːr.t̬ɪd, -ən'-, -t̬əd

chickenshit 'tʃɪk.ɪn.ʃɪt, -ən- -s -s
Chicklets® 'tʃɪk.ləts, -lɪts
chickpea 'tʃɪk.piː -s -z
chickweed 'tʃɪk.wiːd
Chiclayo tʃi'klaɪ.jəʊ (US) -joʊ
chicory 'tʃɪk.ər.i
Chiddingly ˌtʃɪd.ɪŋ'laɪ, '---
chid|e tʃaɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **chid** tʃɪd **chidden** 'tʃɪd.ən
chief tʃiːf **-s** -s **-ly** -li **ˌchief in'spector; ˌchief of 'staff**
chieftain 'tʃiːf.tən, -tɪn **-s** -z
chieftanc|y 'tʃiːf.tənt.s|i, -tɪnt- **-ies** -iz
chiff-chaff 'tʃɪf.tʃæf **-s** -s
chiffon 'ʃɪf.ɒn, ʃɪ'fɒn (US) ʃɪ'fɑːn **-s** -z
chiffon(n)ier ˌʃɪf.ə'nɪər, -ni.eɪ *as if French:* ʃiː.fɔ̃ː'nje (US) -'nɪr **-s** -z
chifforobe 'ʃɪf.ə.rəʊb (US) 'ʃɪf.roʊb **-s** -z
chignon 'ʃiː.njɒn, -njɒŋ, -njɔ̃ː *old-fashioned:* ʃɪ'nɒn (US) 'ʃiː.njɑːn **-s** -z
Chigwell 'tʃɪg.wel, -wəl
chihuahua (C) tʃɪ'wɑː.wə, tʃə-, ʃɪ-, ʃə-, -wɑː **-s** -z
chilblain 'tʃɪl.bleɪn **-s** -z
child (C) tʃaɪld **children** 'tʃɪl.drən **'child aˌbuse; ˌchild 'benefit; 'child's ˌplay; ˌchild 'prodigy; ˌchild sup'port**
childbearing 'tʃaɪldˌbeə.rɪŋ (US) -ˌber.ɪŋ
childbed 'tʃaɪld.bed
childbirth 'tʃaɪld.bɜːθ (US) -bɝːθ
childcare 'tʃaɪld.keər (US) -ker
Childe tʃaɪld
Childermas 'tʃɪl.də.mæs, -məs (US) -dɚ.mæs
Childers 'tʃɪl.dəz (US) -dɚz
childhood 'tʃaɪld.hʊd **ˌchildhood 'sweetheart**
childish 'tʃaɪl.dɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
childless 'tʃaɪld.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
childlike 'tʃaɪld.laɪk
childmind|er 'tʃaɪldˌmaɪn.d|ər (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
childproof 'tʃaɪld.pruːf
children (*from* **child**) 'tʃɪl.drən **'children's ˌhome**
Childs tʃaɪldz
Chile 'tʃɪl.i, 'tʃiː.leɪ
Chilean 'tʃɪl.i.ən, tʃɪ'liː.ən (US) tʃɪ'liː-, 'tʃɪl.i- **-s** -z
chili 'tʃɪl.i **-s** -z
chiliad 'kɪl.i.æd, 'kaɪ.li-, -əd **-s** -z
chili|asm 'kɪl.i|.æz.əm **-ast/s** -æst/s
chilidog 'tʃɪl.i.dɒg (US) -dɑːg, -dɔːg **-s** -z
chill tʃɪl **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-er** -ər (US) -ɚ
chiller 'tʃɪl.ər (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
chilli 'tʃɪl.i **-es** -z **'chilli ˌpepper; 'chilli ˌpowder**
chilli con carne ˌtʃɪl.i.kɒn'kɑː.ni, -kɒŋ'-, -kən'-, -kəŋ'-, -neɪ (US) -kɑːn'kɑːr.ni, -kən'-
Chillingham 'tʃɪl.ɪŋ.əm
Chillingly 'tʃɪl.ɪŋ.li
Chillingworth 'tʃɪl.ɪŋ.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Chillon ʃɪ'lɒn, ʃə-; 'ʃɪl.ən, -ɒn (US) ʃə'lɑːn, ʃɪ-; 'ʃɪl.ən; ʃi'joʊn
Note: In Byron's 'Castle of Chillon' it is usual to pronounce /'ʃɪl.ən/ or /'ʃɪl.ɒn/ (US) /-ɑːn/.
chill|y 'tʃɪl|.i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Chiltern 'tʃɪl.tən (US) -tɚn **ˌChiltern 'Hills; ˌChiltern 'Hundreds**
Chilton 'tʃɪl.tən
chimaera kaɪ'mɪə.rə, kɪ-, kə-, ʃɪ-, ʃə-, -'meə-; 'kɪm.ər.ə (US) kaɪ'mɪr.ə, kɪ- **-s** -z
Chimborazo ˌtʃɪm.bə'rɑː.zəʊ, ˌʃɪm-, -bɒr'ɑː- (US) -bə'rɑː.zoʊ
chim|e tʃaɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
chimera kaɪ'mɪə.rə, kɪ-, kə-, ʃɪ-, ʃə-, -'meə-; 'kɪm.ər.ə (US) kaɪ'mɪr.ə, kɪ- **-s** -z
chimere tʃɪ'mɪər, ʃɪ-, kɪ-, kaɪ- (US) -'mɪr **-s** -z
chimeric kaɪ'mer.ɪk, kɪ-, kə- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
Chimkent tʃɪm'kent
chimney 'tʃɪm.ni **-s** -z **'chimney ˌbreast; 'chimney ˌpot; 'chimney ˌstack; 'chimney ˌsweep; 'chimney ˌsweeper**
chimneypiec|e 'tʃɪm.ni.piːs **-es** -ɪz
chimp tʃɪmp **-s** -s
chimpanzee ˌtʃɪm.pən'ziː, -pæn'- (US) tʃɪm'pæn.ziː, ˌtʃɪm.pən'zi **-s** -z
chin tʃɪn **-s** -z **ˌchin-'deep**
china (C) 'tʃaɪ.nə **'china ˌclay, ˌchina 'clay; like a ˌbull in a 'china shop**
China|man 'tʃaɪ.nə|.mən **-men** -mən
Chinatown 'tʃaɪ.nə.taʊn
chinchilla tʃɪn'tʃɪl.ə **-s** -z
Chindit 'tʃɪn.dɪt **-s** -s
chin|e tʃaɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Chinese tʃaɪ'niːz (US) -'niːz, -'niːs *stress shift, see compounds:* **ˌChinese 'gooseberry; ˌChinese 'lantern; ˌChinese 'restaurant**
Chingford 'tʃɪŋ.fəd (US) -fɚd
chink (C) tʃɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** **-ed**
Chinkie, Chinky 'tʃɪŋ.ki
chinless 'tʃɪn.ləs, -lɪs **ˌchinless 'wonder**
Chinnock 'tʃɪn.ək
Chinnor 'tʃɪn.ər (US) -ɚ
chino 'tʃiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
Chinook tʃɪ'nʊk, -'nuːk (US) ʃə'nʊk, tʃə-
chinstrap 'tʃɪn.stræp **-s** -s
chintz tʃɪnts **-es** -ɪz **-y** -i
chinwag 'tʃɪn.wæg **-s** -s **-ging** -ɪŋ
Chios 'kaɪ.ɒs, 'kiː- (US) -ɑːs
chip tʃɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **'chip ˌshop; have a 'chip on one's ˌshoulder**
chipboard 'tʃɪp.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
chipmunk 'tʃɪp.mʌŋk **-s** -s
chipolata ˌtʃɪp.əl'ɑː.tə (US) -ə'lɑː.t̬ə **-s** -z
Chipp tʃɪp
Chippendale 'tʃɪp.ən.deɪl **-s** -z
Chippenham 'tʃɪp.ən.əm
chipper 'tʃɪp.ər (US) -ɚ
Chipperfield 'tʃɪp.ə.fiːld (US) -ɚ-
Chippewa 'tʃɪp.ɪ.wɑː, -wə **-s** -z
chippie 'tʃɪp.i **-s** -z
Chipping 'tʃɪp.ɪŋ
Chipping Sodbury ˌtʃɪp.ɪŋ'sɒd.bər.i (US) -'sɑːd.ber-, -bɚ-
chipp|y 'tʃɪp|.i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-ies** -iz **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Chips tʃɪps
Chiquita tʃɪ'kiː.tə (US) -t̬ə
Chirac 'ʃɪə.ræk, ʃi'ræk (US) ʃə'rɑːk, ʃɪ'ræk
Chirk tʃɜːk (US) tʃɝːk
chirograph 'kaɪə.rəʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) 'kaɪ.rə.græf **-s** -s
chirographer kaɪə'rɒg.rə.fər (US) kaɪ'rɑː.grə.fɚ **-s** -z
chirographic ˌkaɪə.rəʊ'græf.ɪk (US) ˌkaɪ.roʊ'-
chirographist kaɪə'rɒg.rə.fɪst (US) kaɪ'rɑː.grə- **-s** -s
chirography kaɪə'rɒg.rə.fi (US) kaɪ'rɑː.grə-
Chirol 'tʃɪr.əl
chiromancer 'kaɪə.rəʊ.mænt.sər (US) 'kaɪ.roʊ.mænt.sɚ **-s** -z
chiromancy 'kaɪə.rəʊ.mænt.si (US) 'kaɪ.roʊ-
Chiron 'kaɪə.rən (US) 'kaɪ-
chiropodist kɪ'rɒp.ə.dɪst, ʃɪ-, tʃɪ- (US) kɪ'rɑː.pə-, kaɪ-, ʃɪ- **-s** -s
chiropody kɪ'rɒp.ə.di, ʃɪ-, tʃɪ- (US) kɪ'rɑː.pə-, kaɪ-, ʃɪ-
chiropractic ˌkaɪə.rəʊ'præk.tɪk (US) ˌkaɪ.roʊ'-, 'kaɪ.roʊ.præk-
chiropractor 'kaɪə.rəʊ.præk.tər (US) 'kaɪ.roʊ.præk.tɚ **-s** -z
chirp tʃɜːp (US) tʃɝːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
chirp|y 'tʃɜː.p|i (US) 'tʃɝː- **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
chirr tʃɜːr (US) tʃɝː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
chirrup 'tʃɪr.əp (US) 'tʃɪr-, 'tʃɝː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
chisel 'tʃɪz.əl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
Chisholm 'tʃɪz.əm
Chislehurst 'tʃɪz.əl.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
Chiswick 'tʃɪz.ɪk
chit tʃɪt **-s** -s
chit-chat, chitchat 'tʃɪt.tʃæt
chitin 'kaɪ.tɪn, -tən (US) -tən
Chittagong 'tʃɪt.ə.gɒŋ (US) 'tʃɪt̬.ə.gɑːŋ, -gɔːŋ
Chittenden 'tʃɪt.ən.dən
chitterling 'tʃɪt.əl.ɪŋ (US) 'tʃɪt̬.ɚ.lɪŋ **-s** -z
Chitty 'tʃɪt.i (US) 'tʃɪt̬-
chivalric 'ʃɪv.əl.rɪk (US) ʃɪ'væl-; 'ʃɪv.əl-
chivalrous 'ʃɪv.əl.rəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
chivalry 'ʃɪv.əl.ri

ve tʃaɪv -s -z
ivers 'tʃɪv.əz US -ɚz
vv|y 'tʃɪv|.i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ
ed -id
v|y 'tʃɪv|.i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id
amid|ia, chlamyd|ia klə'mɪd|.i.ə
ae -i.i -ial -i.əl
amy|s 'klæm.ɪ|s, 'kleɪ.mɪ|s -des
diːz
loe, Chloë 'kləʊ.i US 'kloʊ-
loral 'klɔː.rəl US 'klɔːr.əl
loramine 'klɔː.rə.miːn; -mɪn US
klɔːr.ə.miːn, ,--'-; klɔː'ræm.iːn, -ɪn
lorate 'klɔː.reɪt, -rɪt US 'klɔːr.eɪt,
ɪt -s -s
loric 'klɔː.rɪk, 'klɒr.ɪk US 'klɔːr.ɪk
loride 'klɔː.raɪd US 'klɔːr.aɪd -s -z
lori|nate 'klɔː.rɪ|.neɪt, 'klɒr.ɪ-
US 'klɔːr.ɪ- -nates -neɪts -nating
neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd
US -neɪ.t̬ɪd
lorine 'klɔː.riːn US 'klɔːr.iːn, -ɪn
loris 'klɔː.rɪs, 'klɒr.ɪs US 'klɔːr.ɪs
lorite 'klɔː.raɪt US 'klɔːr.aɪt -s -s
loro- 'klɔː.rəʊ, 'klɒr.əʊ US 'klɔːr.ə,
oʊ
lorodyne 'klɔː.rə.daɪn, 'klɒr.ə-
US 'klɔːr.ə-
lorofluorocarbon
klɔː.rəʊ,flɔː.rəʊ'kɑː.bən, ,klɒr.əʊ-,
fluə- US ,klɔːr.oʊ,flɔːr.oʊ'kɑːr-,
flʊr- -s -z
loroform 'klɔː.rə.fɔːm, 'klɒr.ə-
US 'klɔːr.ə.fɔːrm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
loromycetin®
klɔː.rəʊ.maɪ'siː.tɪn, ,klɒr.əʊ-
US ,klɔːr.oʊ.maɪ'siː.tən
lorophyl(l) 'klɔː.rə.fɪl, 'klɒr.ə-
US 'klɔːr.ə-
lorophyllose ,klɔː.rə'fɪl.əʊs,
klɒr.ə'- US ,klɔːr.ə'fɪl.oʊs
loroplast 'klɒr.ə.plɑːst, -plæst
US 'klɔːr.ə.plæst
lorous 'klɔː.rəs US 'klɔːr.əs
oate tʃəʊt US tʃoʊt
oc tʃɒk US tʃɑːk -s -s
occ|y 'tʃɒk|.i US tʃɑːk- -ies -iz
oc-ic|e 'tʃɒk.aɪs US 'tʃɑːk- -es -ɪz
ock tʃɒk US tʃɑːk -s -s ,chock-'full
ock-a-block ,tʃɒk.ə'blɒk, '---
US 'tʃɑːk.ə.blɑːk
ocker, chocka 'tʃɒk.əʳ US 'tʃɑː.kɚ
ocoholic, chocaholic
ʃɒk.ə'hɒl.ɪk US ,tʃɑː.kə'hɑː.lɪk -s -s
ocolate 'tʃɒk.əl.ət, -ɪt, '-lət, -lɪt
US 'tʃɑːk.lət, 'tʃɔːk-, 'tʃɑː.kəl.ət,
ʃɔː-, -ɪt -s -s ,chocolate 'cake,
hocolate ,cake; ,chocolate chip
ookie; 'drinking ,chocolate
octaw 'tʃɒk.tɔː US 'tʃɑːk.tɔː, -tɑː
oic|e tʃɔɪs -es -ɪz -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est
st, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
oir kwaɪəʳ US kwaɪɚ -s -z 'choir
creen
oirboy 'kwaɪə.bɔɪ US 'kwaɪɚ- -s -z
oirmaster 'kwaɪə,mɑː.stəʳ
US 'kwaɪɚ,mæs.tɚ -s -z
ok|e tʃəʊk US tʃoʊk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ
ed -t

choker 'tʃəʊ.kəʳ US 'tʃoʊ.kɚ -s -z
chok|y 'tʃəʊ.k|i US 'tʃoʊ- -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Cholderton 'tʃəʊl.də.tən
US 'tʃoʊl.dɚ.t̬ən
choler 'kɒl.əʳ US 'kɑː.lɚ
cholera 'kɒl.ər.ə US 'kɑː.lɚ-
choleraic ,kɒl.ə'reɪ.ɪk US ,kɑː.lə'-
choleric 'kɒl.ər.ɪk; kɒl'er-
US 'kɑː.lɚ-; kə'ler-
cholesterol kə'les.tər.ɒl, kɒl'es-, -əl
US kə'les.tə.rɑːl, -rɔːl, -roʊl
choliamb 'kəʊ.li.æmb US 'koʊ- -s -z
choliambic ,kəʊ.li'æm.bɪk US ,koʊ-
choline 'kəʊ.liːn US 'koʊ-, -lɪn
Cholmeley 'tʃʌm.li
Cholmondeley 'tʃʌm.li
Cholsey 'tʃəʊl.zi, 'tʃɒl.si US 'tʃoʊl-
Chomley 'tʃʌm.li
chomp tʃɒmp US tʃɑːmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t
Chomsky 'tʃɒmp.ski US 'tʃɑːmp-
-an -ən
chon tʃəʊn US tʃoʊn
chondroitin kɒn'drɔɪ.tɪn
US kɑːn'drɔɪt.ən
Chongquing ,tʃʊŋ'tʃɪŋ
choo-choo 'tʃuː.tʃuː -s -z
chook tʃʊk -s -s
choos|e tʃuːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ chose
tʃəʊz US tʃoʊz chosen 'tʃəʊ.zən
US 'tʃoʊ- chooser/s 'tʃuː.zəʳ/z
US -zɚ/z
choos|y, choos|ey 'tʃuː.z|i -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
chop tʃɒp US tʃɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped
-t 'chopping ,board; ,chop 'suey
chop-chop ,tʃɒp'tʃɒp US ,tʃɑːp'tʃɑːp
chophou|se 'tʃɒp.haʊ|s US 'tʃɑːp-
-ses -zɪz
Chopin 'ʃɒp.æ̃ŋ, 'ʃəʊ.pæ̃ŋ, -pæŋ
US 'ʃoʊ.pæn; ʃoʊ'pæ̃n
chopper 'tʃɒp.əʳ US 'tʃɑː.pɚ -s -z
chopp|y 'tʃɒp|.i US 'tʃɑː.p|i -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li,
-əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
chopstick 'tʃɒp.stɪk US 'tʃɑːp- -s -s
chop-suey ,tʃɒp'suː.i US ,tʃɑːp-
choral 'kɔː.rəl US 'kɔːr.əl -ly -i
chorale kɒr'ɑːl, kə'rɑːl, kɔː-
US kə'ræl, -'rɑːl -s -z
chord kɔːd US kɔːrd -s -z
chordate 'kɔː.deɪt, -dɪt, -dət US 'kɔːr-
chore tʃɔːʳ US tʃɔːr -s -z
chorea kɒr'ɪə, kɔː'rɪə, kə-
US kə'riː.ə, kɔːr'iː-
choreograph 'kɒr.i.ə.grɑːf, 'kɔː.ri-,
-græf US 'kɔːr.i.ə.græf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t
choreographer ,kɒr.i'ɒg.rə.fəʳ,
,kɔː.ri- US ,kɔːr.i'ɑː.grə.fɚ -s -z
choreographic ,kɒr.i.əʊ'græf.ɪk,
,kɔː.ri- US ,kɔːr.i.ə'-
choreography ,kɒr.i'ɒg.rə.fi,
,kɔː.ri- US ,kɔːr.i'ɑː.grə-
choriamb 'kɒr.i.æmb, 'kɔː.ri-

US 'kɔːr.i- -s -z
choriambic ,kɒr.i'æm.bɪk, ,kɔː.ri-
US ,kɔːr.i'-
choric 'kɒr.ɪk US 'kɔːr-
chorion 'kɔː.ri.ən, -ɒn US 'kɔːr.i.ɑːn
-s -z
chorionic ,kɔː.ri'ɒn.ɪk
US ,kɔːr.i'ɑː.nɪk
chorister 'kɒr.ɪ.stəʳ US 'kɔːr.ɪ.stɚ
-s -z
chorizo tʃə'riː.zəʊ, tʃɒr'iː-
US tʃə'riː.zoʊ, tʃoʊ-, -soʊ -s -z
Chorley 'tʃɔː.li US 'tʃɔːr-
Chorleywood ,tʃɔː.li'wʊd US ,tʃɔːr-
choroid 'kɔː.rɔɪd US 'kɔːr.ɔɪd
chortl|e 'tʃɔː.təl US 'tʃɔːr.t̬əl -es -z
-ing -ɪŋ, 'tʃɔːt.lɪŋ US 'tʃɔːr.t̬əl.ɪŋ,
'tʃɔːrt.lɪŋ -ed -d
chorus 'kɔː.rəs US 'kɔːr.əs -es -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
chose *legal term:* ʃəʊz US ʃoʊz
chose (*from* choose) tʃəʊz US tʃoʊz
Chosen *Japanese name for Korea:*
,tʃəʊ'sen US ,tʃoʊ-
chosen (*from* choose) 'tʃəʊ.zən
US 'tʃoʊ-
Chou En-lai ,tʃəʊ.en'laɪ, ,dʒəʊ-
US ,dʒoʊ-
chough tʃʌf -s -s
choux ʃuː ,choux 'pastry
chow tʃaʊ -s -z
chow-chow ,tʃaʊ'tʃaʊ, '-- -s -z
chowder 'tʃaʊ.dəʳ US -dɚ -s -z
Chowles tʃəʊlz US tʃoʊlz
chow mein ,tʃaʊ'meɪn
chrestomath|y kres'tɒm.ə.θ|i
US -'tɑː.mə- -ies -iz
Chrétien de Troyes
kreɪ,tjæ̃n.də'trwɑː
Chris krɪs -'s -ɪz
chrism 'krɪz.əm
chrisom 'krɪz.əm -s -z
Chrissie 'krɪs.i
Christ kraɪst -s -s
Christa 'krɪs.tə
Christabel 'krɪs.tə.bel, -bəl
Christadelphian ,krɪs.tə'del.fi.ən
-s -z
Christchurch 'kraɪst.tʃɜːtʃ US -tʃɝːtʃ
Christdom 'kraɪst.dəm
christen 'krɪs.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Christendom 'krɪs.ən.dəm
christening 'krɪs.ən.ɪŋ -s -z
Christensen 'krɪs.tən.sən
Christi (*in* Corpus Christi) 'krɪs.ti
Christian 'krɪs.tʃən, 'krɪʃ-;
'krɪs.ti.ən US 'krɪs.tʃən, -ti.ən -s -z
'Christian ,name; ,Christian 'Sci-
ence; ,Christian 'Scientist
Christiana ,krɪs.ti'ɑː.nə US -ti'æn.ə,
-tʃi'-, -'ɑː.nə
Christiania ,krɪs.ti'ɑː.ni.ə
US -ti'æn.i-, -tʃi'-, -'ɑː.ni-
Christianism 'krɪs.tʃən.ɪ.zəm,
'krɪʃ-; 'krɪs.ti.ə.nɪ- US 'krɪs.tʃən.ɪ-,
-ti.ə.nɪ-
Christianity ,krɪs.ti'æn.ə.ti, -'tʃæn-,
-ɪ.ti US -tʃi'æn.ə.t̬i, -ti'-

christianiz|e, -is|e (C) 'krɪs.tʃə.naɪz, 'krɪʃ-; 'krɪs.ti.ə- (US) 'krɪs.tʃə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
christianly (C) 'krɪs.tʃən.li, 'krɪʃ-; 'krɪs.ti.ən- (US) 'krɪs.tʃən-
Christie 'krɪs.ti **-'s** -z
Christina krɪ'stiː.nə
Christine 'krɪs.tiːn, krɪ'stiːn
Christlike 'kraɪst.laɪk **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Christmas 'krɪst.məs (US) 'krɪs- **-es** -ɪz **'Christmas ˌbox; 'Christmas ˌcake; 'Christmas ˌcard; ˌChristmas 'Day; ˌChristmas 'Eve; 'Christmas ˌpresent; ˌChristmas 'pudding; 'Christmas ˌtree**
Christmassy 'krɪst.mə.si (US) 'krɪs-
Christmastide 'krɪst.məs.taɪd (US) 'krɪs-
Christminster 'kraɪst,mɪnt.stəʳ, 'krɪst- (US) -stɚ
Christobel 'krɪs.tə.bel
Christophe krɪ'stɒf; 'krɪs.tɒf (US) kriː'stɑːf, krɪ-, -'stɔːf
christophene 'krɪs.tə.fiːn **-s** -z
Christopher 'krɪs.tə.fəʳ (US) -fɚ
Christopherson krɪ'stɒf.ə.sᵊn (US) -'stɑː.fɚ-
Christy 'krɪs.ti
chroma 'krəʊ.mə (US) 'kroʊ-
chromate 'krəʊ.meɪt, -mɪt (US) 'kroʊ- **-s** -s
chromatic krəʊ'mæt.ɪk (US) kroʊ'mæt̬-, krə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
chromaticity ˌkrəʊ.mə'tɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkroʊ.mə'tɪs.ə.t̬i
chromatin 'krəʊ.mə.tɪn (US) 'kroʊ-
chromatogram 'krəʊ.mə.tə.græm, krəʊ'mæt.ə- (US) kroʊ'mæt̬.ə- **-s** -z
chromatographic ˌkrəʊ.mə.tə'græf.ɪk, krəʊˌmæt.ə'- (US) kroʊˌmæt̬.ə-
chromatography ˌkrəʊ.mə'tɒg.rə.fi (US) ˌkroʊ.mə'tɑː.grə-
chrome krəʊm (US) kroʊm
chrom|ic 'krəʊ.m|ɪk (US) 'kroʊ- **-ous** -əs
chromite 'krəʊ.maɪt (US) 'kroʊ- **-s** -s
chromium 'krəʊ.mi.əm (US) 'kroʊ-
chromolithograph ˌkrəʊ.məʊ'lɪθ.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) ˌkroʊ.moʊ'lɪθ.ə.græf **-s** -s
chromolithography ˌkrəʊ.məʊ.lɪ'θɒg.rə.fi (US) ˌkroʊ.moʊ.lɪ'θɑː.grə-
chromosomal ˌkrəʊ.mə'səʊ.mᵊl (US) ˌkroʊ.mə'soʊ-
chromosome 'krəʊ.mə.səʊm (US) 'kroʊ.mə.soʊm **-s** -z
chromosphere 'krəʊ.mə.sfɪəʳ (US) 'kroʊ.mə.sfɪr **-s** -z
chromotype 'krəʊ.məʊ.taɪp (US) 'kroʊ.moʊ-
chronic 'krɒn.ɪk (US) 'krɑː.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
chronicl|e 'krɒn.ɪ.kᵊl (US) 'krɑː.nɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -klɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -kləʳ/z (US) -klɚ/z
Chronicles 'krɒn.ɪ.kᵊlz (US) 'krɑː.nɪ-
chrono- 'krɒn.əʊ, 'krəʊ.nəʊ, krə'nɒ (US) ˌ'krɑː.noʊ, 'kroʊ.noʊ, '-nə, krə'nɑː
Note: Prefix. This may take primary or secondary stress on the first syllable (e.g. **chronograph** /'krɒn.əʊ.grɑːf (US) 'krɑː.nə.græf/) or primary stress on the second syllable (e.g. **chronometer** /krə'nɒm.ɪ.təʳ (US) krə'nɑː.mə.t̬ɚ/).
chronogram 'krɒn.ə.græm, 'krəʊ.nə- (US) 'krɑː.nə-, 'kroʊ- **-s** -z
chronograph 'krɒn.ə.grɑːf, 'krəʊ.nə-, -græf (US) 'krɑː.nə.græf, 'kroʊ- **-s** -s
chronologic ˌkrɒn.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) ˌkrɑː.nə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
chronolog|y krɒn'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, krə'nɒl- (US) krə'nɑː.lə-, krɑː- **-ies** -iz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
chronometer krɒn'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ, krə'nɒm-, -ə.təʳ (US) krə'nɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, krɑː- **-s** -z
chronometric ˌkrɒn.ə'met.rɪk (US) ˌkrɑː.nə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
chronometry krɒn'ɒm.ɪ.tri, krə'nɒm-, -ə.tri (US) krə'nɑː.mə-, krɑː-
chrysalid 'krɪs.ᵊl.ɪd **-s** -z
chrysalides krɪ'sæl.ɪ.diːz, krə-, '-ə-
chrysalis 'krɪs.ᵊl.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
chrysanth krɪ'sæntθ, krə-, -'zæntθ **-s** -s
chrysanthemum krɪ'sæntθ.ə.məm, krə-, -'zæntθ-, '-ɪ- **-s** -z
chryselephantine ˌkrɪs.el.ɪ'fæn.taɪn, -ə'- (US) -taɪn, -tiːn, -tɪn
Chrysler® 'kraɪz.ləʳ (US) 'kraɪs.lɚ **-s** -z
chrysolite 'krɪs.əʊ.laɪt (US) '-ə- **-s** -s
chrysopras|e 'krɪs.əʊ.preɪz (US) '-ə- **-es** -ɪz
Chrysostom 'krɪs.ə.stəm (US) 'krɪs.ə.stəm, krɪ'sɑː-
Chryston 'kraɪ.stən
chthonian 'θəʊ.ni.ən, 'kθəʊ- (US) 'θoʊ-
chthonic 'θɒn.ɪk, 'kθɒn- (US) 'θɑː.nɪk
chub tʃʌb **-s** -z
Chubb tʃʌb
chubb|y 'tʃʌb|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Chuchulain(n) kuː'kʌl.ɪn
chuck (C) tʃʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'chuck ˌwagon**
chuckl|e 'tʃʌk.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Chudleigh 'tʃʌd.li
chuff tʃʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Chuffey 'tʃʌf.i
chug tʃʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
chugalug 'tʃʌg.ə.lʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
chukka 'tʃʌk.ə **-s** -z
chukker 'tʃʌk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
chum tʃʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
Chumbi 'tʃʊm.bi
chumm|y 'tʃʌm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
chump tʃʌmp **-s** -s
chund|er 'tʃʌn.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Chungking ˌtʃʊŋ'kɪŋ, ˌtʃʌŋ- (US) ˌtʃʊŋ'kɪŋ, ˌtʃʌŋ-, ˌdʒʊŋ-, ˌdʒʌŋ-, -'gɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌChungking 'Mansions
chunk tʃʌŋk **-s** -s
chunk|y 'tʃʌŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Chunnel 'tʃʌn.ᵊl
chunt|er 'tʃʌn.t|əʳ (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
church (C) tʃɜːtʃ (US) tʃɝːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **ˌChurch of 'England**
Churchdown 'tʃɜːtʃ.daʊn (US) 'tʃɝːtʃ-
Note: There was until recently a local pronunciation /'tʃəʊ.zᵊn/, which is preserved as the name of a hill near by, which is now written **Chosen**.
churchgo|er 'tʃɜːtʃˌgəʊ|.əʳ (US) 'tʃɝːtʃˌgoʊ|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Churchill 'tʃɜː.tʃɪl (US) 'tʃɝː-
Churchillian tʃɜː'tʃɪl.i.ən (US) tʃɝː-
church|man (C) 'tʃɜːtʃ|.mən (US) 'tʃɝːtʃ- **-men** -mən
churchwarden ˌtʃɜːtʃ'wɔː.dᵊn (US) ˌtʃɝːtʃ'wɔːr- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌchurchwarden 'pipe
church|woman 'tʃɜːtʃ|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'tʃɝːtʃ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
church|y 'tʃɜː.tʃ|i (US) 'tʃɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
churchyard *outside church:* 'tʃɜːtʃ.jɑːd (US) 'tʃɝːtʃ.jɑːrd **-s** -z
Churchyard *surname:* 'tʃɜː.tʃəd (US) 'tʃɝː.tʃɚd
churl tʃɜːl (US) tʃɝːl **-s** -z
churlish 'tʃɜː.lɪʃ (US) 'tʃɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
churn tʃɜːn (US) tʃɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
chute ʃuːt **-s** -s
Chute tʃuːt
Chuter 'tʃuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
chutney 'tʃʌt.ni **-s** -z
chutzpa(h) 'hʊt.spɑː, 'xʊt-, -spə
Chuzzlewit 'tʃʌz.ᵊl.wɪt
chyle kaɪl
chyme kaɪm
CIA ˌsiː.aɪ'eɪ
ciabatta tʃə'bæt.ə, -'bɑː.tə
Cian 'kiː.ən
ciao tʃaʊ
Ciara 'kɪə.rə (US) 'kɪr.ə
Ciaran 'kɪə.rᵊn (US) 'kɪr.ᵊn
Ciba-Geigy® ˌsiː.bə'gaɪ.gi
Cibber 'sɪb.əʳ (US) -ɚ
cibori|um sɪ'bɔː.ri|.əm, sə- (US) -'bɔːr.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
cicada sɪ'kɑː.də, -'keɪ- (US) -'keɪ-, -'kɑː- **-s** -z
cicala sɪ'kɑː.lə **-s** -z
cicatric|e 'sɪk.ə.trɪs **-es** -ɪz
cicatrix 'sɪk.ə.trɪks; sə'keɪ-, sɪ- **cicatrices** ˌsɪk.ə'traɪ.siːz; sə'keɪ.trɪ-, sɪ-

atriz|e, -is|e 'sɪk.ə.traɪz -es -ɪz ng -ɪŋ -ed -d

el|y (C) 'sɪs.ᵊl|.i, -ɪ.l|i -ies -iz

ero 'sɪs.ᵊr.əʊ (US) -ə.roʊ

erone ˌtʃɪtʃ.ə'rəʊ.ni, ˌsɪs.ə'-, ʃiː.tʃə'- (US) ˌsɪs.ə'roʊ- -s -z

eronian ˌsɪs.ᵊr'əʊ.ni.ən (US) -ə'roʊ- -s -z

isbe|o ˌtʃɪtʃ.ɪz'beɪ|.əʊ (US) sɪ'sɪs.biː|.oʊ -i -iː

d sɪd

D ˌsiː.aɪ'diː

dal 'saɪ.dᵊl

de saɪd

ler 'saɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z 'cider ˌcup

sɪg -s -z

ar sɪ'gɑːʳ, sə- (US) -'gɑːr -s -z i'gar-ˌshaped

arette ˌsɪg.ᵊr'et, '--- (US) ˌsɪg.ə'ret s -s ciga'rette ˌholder (US) 'cigar-tte ˌholder; ciga'rette ˌlighter (US) 'cigarette ˌlighter

arillo ˌsɪg.ə'rɪl.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z

g|y, cigg|ie 'sɪg|.i -ies -iz

antro sɪ'læn.trəʊ, sə- (US) -'lɑːn.troʊ, -'læn-

ia 'sɪl.i.ə

iary 'sɪl.i.ᵊr.i (US) -er-

ic|e 'sɪl.ɪs -es -ɪz

icia saɪ'lɪʃ.i.ə, sɪ-, -'lɪs- (US) sə'lɪʃ.ə

ium 'sɪl.i.əm

la 'sɪl.ə

ler 'sɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ

mabue ˌtʃɪm.ə'buː.eɪ, ˌtʃiː.mə'-, -i

mmeri|an sɪ'mɪə.ri|.ən (US) -'mɪr.i- i -aɪ

n-C ˌsiː.ɪn'siː -s -z

ch sɪntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

chona sɪŋ'kəʊ.nə (US) -'koʊ-, sɪn- s -z

chonic sɪŋ'kɒn.ɪk (US) -'kɑː.nɪk, sɪn-

cinnati ˌsɪnt.sɪ'næt.i, -sə'- (US) -'næt̬-

cinnatus ˌsɪnt.sɪ'nɑː.təs, -'neɪ- (US) -'næt̬.əs, -'nɑː.t̬əs, -'neɪ-

cture 'sɪŋk.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z

der 'sɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z 'cinder block; 'cinder ˌpath; 'cinder ˌtrack

derella ˌsɪn.dᵊr'el.ə

derford 'sɪn.də.fəd (US) -dɚ.fɚd

dy 'sɪn.di

e- 'sɪn.i

ecamera 'sɪn.iˌkæm.ᵊr.ə, ˌkæm.rə, ˌsɪn.i'kæm- -s -z

efilm 'sɪn.i.fɪlm -s -z

ema 'sɪn.ə.mə, '-ɪ-, -mɑː (US) -mə s -z

emago|er 'sɪn.ə.məˌgəʊ|.əʳ, '-ɪ- (US) -goʊ|.ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

emaScope® 'sɪn.ə.mə.skəʊp, '-ɪ- (US) -skoʊp -s -s

ematic ˌsɪn.ɪ'mæt.ɪk, -ə'- (US) -ə'mæt̬- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

ematograph ˌsɪn.ɪ'mæt.ə.grɑːf, ə'-, -græf (US) -ə'mæt̬.ə.græf -s -s

ematographic sɪn.ɪ.mæt.ə'græf.ɪk, ˌ-ə-; sɪ.nɪˌmæt- (US) ˌsɪn.əˌmæt̬- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

cinematograph|y ˌsɪn.ɪ.mə'tɒg.rə.f|i, ˌ-ə- (US) -ə.mə'tɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

cinema verité ˌsɪn.ɪ.mɑː'ver.ɪ.teɪ, ˌ-ə-, -ə.mə'- (US) ˌsɪn.ɪ.mɑː.ver.ə'teɪ, -mə'ver.ə.teɪ

cine-projector 'sɪn.i.prəˌdʒek.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z

Cinerama® ˌsɪn.ə'rɑː.mə, -ɪ'- (US) -ə'rɑː-, -'ræm.ə

cineraria ˌsɪn.ə'reə.ri.ə (US) -'rer.i- -s -z

cinerari|um ˌsɪn.ə'reə.ri|.əm (US) -'rer.i- -a -ə

cinerary 'sɪn.ə.rᵊr.i (US) -rer-

cineration ˌsɪn.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn

cinnabar 'sɪn.ə.bɑːʳ (US) -bɑːr

cinnamon 'sɪn.ə.mən

cinque (C) sɪŋk **'Cinque ˌPorts**

Cinquecento® ˌtʃɪŋ.kweɪ'tʃen.təʊ, -kwɪ'- (US) -toʊ

cinquefoil 'sɪŋk.fɔɪl

Cinzano® tʃɪn'zɑː.nəʊ, sɪn-, tʃɪnt'sɑː-, sɪnt'sɑː- (US) -noʊ

ciph|er 'saɪ.f|əʳ (US) -f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **'cipher ˌkey**

Cipriani ˌsɪp.ri'ɑː.ni *as if Italian:* ˌtʃiː.pri-

circa 'sɜː.kə (US) 'sɝː-

circadian sɜː'keɪ.di.ən, sə- (US) sɝː-; ˌsɝː.kə'diː.ən

Circassi|a sɜː'kæs.i|.ə, sə-, -'kæʃ|.ə, -i|.ə (US) sɚ- **-an/s** -ən/z

Circe 'sɜː.si (US) 'sɝː-

circl|e 'sɜː.kᵊl (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ (US) '-kᵊl.ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ **-ed** -d

circlet 'sɜː.klət, -klɪt (US) 'sɝː- -s -s

circuit 'sɜː.kɪt (US) 'sɝː- -s -s **-ry** -ri **'circuit ˌbreaker; 'circuit ˌtraining**

circuitous sə'kjuː.ɪ.təs, sɜː-, '-ə- (US) sɚ'kjuː.ə.t̬əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

circular 'sɜː.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- (US) 'sɝː.kjə.lɚ -s -z **'circular ˌsaw, ˌcircular 'saw**

circularity ˌsɜː.kjə'lær.ə.ti, -kjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -kjə'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-

circulariz|e, -is|e 'sɜː.kjə.lᵊr.aɪz, -kjʊ- (US) 'sɝː.kjə.lə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

circu|late 'sɜː.kjə|.leɪt, -kjʊ- (US) 'sɝː.kjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z

circulation ˌsɜː.kjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -kjʊ'- (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circulatory ˌsɜː.kjə'leɪ.tᵊr.i, -kjʊ'-, -tri; 'sɜː.kjə.lə-, -kjʊ- (US) 'sɝː.kjə.lə.tɔːr.i

circum- 'sɜː.kəm, sə'kʌm (US) 'sɝː.kəm, sɚ'kʌm

Note: Prefix. This may have primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **circumstance** /'sɜː.kəm.stɑːnts (US) 'sɜːr.kəm.stæns/ or on the second syllable, e.g. **circumference** /sə'kʌmp.fᵊr.ᵊnts (US) sɚ-/.

circumambient ˌsɜː.kəm'æm.bi.ənt (US) ˌsɝː-

circumambu|late ˌsɜː.kəm'æm.bjə|.leɪt, -bjʊ- (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'æm.bjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

circumcis|e 'sɜː.kəm.saɪz (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

circumcision ˌsɜː.kəm'sɪʒ.ᵊn (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circumferenc|e sə'kʌmp.fᵊr.ᵊnts (US) sɚ- **-es** -ɪz

circumferential səˌkʌmp.fᵊ'ren.tʃᵊl (US) sɚˌkʌmp.fɚ'rent.ʃᵊl

circumflex 'sɜː.kəm.fleks (US) 'sɝː- -es -ɪz

circumlocution ˌsɜː.kəm.lə'kjuː.ʃᵊn (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circumlocutory ˌsɜː.kəm.lə'kjuː.tᵊr.i, -tri; -'lɒk.jʊ- (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'lɑː.kjuː.tɔːr.i

circumnavi|gate ˌsɜː.kəm'næv.ɪ|.geɪt (US) ˌsɝː- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z

circumnavigation ˌsɜː.kəmˌnæv.ɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circumpolar ˌsɜː.kəm'pəʊ.ləʳ (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'poʊ.lɚ

circumscrib|e 'sɜː.kəm.skraɪb, ˌ--'- (US) 'sɝː-, ˌ--'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

circumscription ˌsɜː.kəm'skrɪp.ʃᵊn (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circumspect 'sɜː.kəm.spekt (US) 'sɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

circumspection ˌsɜː.kəm'spek.ʃᵊn (US) ˌsɝː-

circumstanc|e 'sɜː.kəm.stænts, -stənts, -stɑːnts (US) 'sɝː.kəm.stænts, -stənts **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t

circumstantial ˌsɜː.kəm'stæn.tʃᵊl (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'stænt.ʃᵊl- **-ly** -i **ˌcircumstantial 'evidence**

circumstantiality ˌsɜː.kəmˌstæn.tʃi'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌsɝː.kəmˌstænt.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i

circumstanti|ate ˌsɜː.kəm'stæn.tʃi|.eɪt (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'stænt.ʃi|- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

circumvallation ˌsɜː.kəm.və'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -væl'eɪ- (US) ˌsɝː- -s -z

circum|vent ˌsɜː.kəm|'vent, '--|- (US) ˌsɝː- **-vents** -'vents **-venting** -'ven.tɪŋ (US) -'ven.t̬ɪŋ **-vented** -'ven.tɪd (US) -'ven.t̬ɪd

circumvention ˌsɜː.kəm'ven.tʃᵊn (US) ˌsɝː.kəm'vent.ʃᵊn -s -z

circus (C) 'sɜː.kəs (US) 'sɝː- -es -ɪz

Cirencester 'saɪə.rᵊn.ses.təʳ, 'sɪs.ɪ.təʳ, -stəʳ (US) 'saɪ.rᵊn.ses.tɚ

Note: The pronunciation most usually heard in the town is /'saɪə.rᵊn.ses.təʳ/ (or /-tər/ with the dialectal retroflex /r/).

cirque sɜːk, sɪək (US) sɝːk -s -s

Pronouncing the letters CK

The consonant digraph **ck** only has one possible realisation in English words: /k/, e.g.:

sock /sɒk/ (US) /sɑːk/

cirrhosis sɪˈrəʊ.sɪs, sə- (US) səˈroʊ-
cirrocumulus ˌsɪr.əʊˈkjuː.mjə.ləs, -mjʊ- (US) -oʊˈkjuː.mjə-
cirrostratus ˌsɪr.əʊˈstrɑː.təs, -ˈstreɪ- (US) -oʊˈstreɪ.t̬əs, -ˈstræt̬.əs
cirrus ˈsɪr.əs
CIS ˌsiː.aɪˈes
Cisalpine sɪˈsæl.paɪn
Cisco® ˈsɪs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
Ciskei sɪˈskaɪ, ˈsɪs.kaɪ (US) ˈsɪs.kaɪ
Cissie ˈsɪs.i
cissoid ˈsɪs.ɔɪd **-s** -z
cissy (C) ˈsɪs.i
cist sɪst **-s** -s
Cistercian sɪˈstɜː.ʃən, sə- (US) -ˈstɝː- **-s** -z
cistern ˈsɪs.tən (US) -tɚn **-s** -z
cistus ˈsɪs.təs **-es** -ɪz
citadel ˈsɪt.ə.del, -dəl (US) ˈsɪt̬- **-s** -z
citation saɪˈteɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
citatory ˈsaɪ.tə.tər.i, ˈsɪ-, -tri; saɪˈteɪ- (US) ˈsaɪ.t̬ə.tɔːr.i
cit|e saɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪd
cithar|a ˈsɪθ.ər|.ə **-ae** -iː
cither ˈsɪθ.əʳ (US) -ɚ, ˈsɪð- **-s** -z
Citibank® ˈsɪt.i.bæŋk (US) ˈsɪt̬-
Citigroup ˈsɪt.i.gruːp (US) ˈsɪt̬-
citizen ˈsɪt.ɪ.zən, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈsɪt̬- **-s** -z ˌ**citizen's arˈrest**
citizenry ˈsɪt.ɪ.zən.ri, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈsɪt̬-
citizenship ˈsɪt.ɪ.zən.ʃɪp, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈsɪt̬-
citole ˈsɪt.əʊl, sɪˈtəʊl (US) ˈsɪt.oʊl, sɪˈtoʊl **-s** -z
citrate ˈsɪt.reɪt, ˈsaɪ.treɪt, -trɪt **-s** -s
citric ˈsɪt.rɪk ˌ**citric ˈacid**
citrine sɪˈtriːn, sə-
Citroën® ˈsɪt.rəʊən, ˈsɪt.rən (US) ˌsɪt.roʊˈen, ˌsiː.troʊˈ- **-s** -z
citron ˈsɪt.rən **-s** -z
citronella ˌsɪt.rənˈel.ə (US) -rəˈnel-
citrous ˈsɪt.rəs
citrus ˈsɪt.rəs **-es** -ɪz ˈ**citrus** ˌ**fruit**
cittern ˈsɪt.ɜːn, -ən (US) ˈsɪt̬.ɚn **-s** -z
cit|y (C) ˈsɪt|.i (US) ˈsɪt̬|.i **-ies** -iz ˌ**city ˈfather**; ˌ**city ˈgent**; ˌ**city ˈhall**; ˌ**city ˈslicker** (US) ˈ**city** ˌ**slicker**
city-dweller ˈsɪt.iˌdwel.əʳ (US) ˈsɪt̬.iˌdwel.ɚ **-s** -z
city-state ˌsɪt.iˈsteɪt (US) ˌsɪt̬-
citywide ˌsɪt.iˈwaɪd (US) ˈsɪt̬- *stress shift, British only:* ˌcitywide ˈmeetings
Ciudad Bolívar θjʊˌdɑːd.bɒlˈiː.vɑːʳ, θiː.ʊˌdɑːd- (US) sjuːˌdɑːd.boʊˈliː.vɑːr, ˌsiː.uː-
Ciudad Guayana θjʊˌdɑːd.gwaɪˈjɑː.nə, θiː.ʊˌdɑːd- (US) sjuːˌdɑːd.gəˈ-, ˌsiː.uː-, -gwəˈ-, -gwɑːˈ-
Ciudad Juárez θjʊˌdɑːdˈhwɑː.rez, θiː.ʊ-, -ˈwɑː- (US) sjuːˌdɑːdˈhwɑːr.es, ˌsiː.uː-, -ˈwɑːr.eʒ
civet ˈsɪv.ɪt **-s** -s
civic ˈsɪv.ɪk **-s** -s ˌ**civic ˈcentre** (US) ˈ**civic** ˌ**center**
civil ˈsɪv.əl, -ɪl **-ly** -i ˌ**civil deˈfence**; ˌ**civil disoˈbedience**; ˌ**civil engiˈneer**; ˌ**civil engiˈneering**; ˌ**civil ˈliberty**; ˌ**civil ˈrights** ˌ**movement**; ˌ**civil ˈservant**; ˌ**civil ˈservice**; ˌ**civil ˈwar**
civilian sɪˈvɪl.i.ən, sə- (US) ˈ-jən **-s** -z
civilit|y sɪˈvɪl.ə.t|i, sə-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
civilizable, -isa- ˈsɪv.ɪ.laɪ.zə.bəl, ˈ-ə-
civilization, -isa- ˌsɪv.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ.laɪˈ-, -lɪˈ- (US) -əl.ɪˈ- **-s** -z
civiliz|e, -is|e ˈsɪv.əl.aɪz, -ɪ.laɪz (US) -ə.laɪz, ˈ-ɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
civitas ˈsɪv.ɪ.tæs, ˈkɪv-
civv|y ˈsɪv|.i **-ies** -iz ˈ**civvy** ˌ**street**
CJD ˌsiː.dʒeɪˈdiː
cl (*abbrev. for* **centilitre/s**) *singular:* ˈsen.tɪˌliː.təʳ (US) -t̬əˌliː.t̬ɚ *plural:* -z
clack klæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Clackmannan klækˈmæn.ən **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Clacton ˈklæk.tən
clad klæd
cladding ˈklæd.ɪŋ
cladistics kləˈdɪs.tɪks, klædˈɪs-
Claggart ˈklæg.ət (US) -ɚt
Claiborne ˈkleɪ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
claim kleɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
claimant ˈkleɪ.mənt **-s** -s
claimer ˈkleɪ.məʳ (US) -mɚ **-s** -z
clairaudien|ce ˌkleəˈrɔː.di.ən|ts (US) ˌklerˈɑː-, -ˈɔː- **-t** -t
Claire kleəʳ (US) kler
Clairol® ˈkleə.rɒl (US) ˈkler.ɑːl
clairvoyan|ce ˌkleəˈvɔɪ.ənt|s (US) ˌkler- **-cy** -si
clairvoyant ˌkleəˈvɔɪ.ənt (US) ˌkler- **-s** -s
clam klæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
clamant ˈkleɪ.mənt, ˈklæm.ənt **-ly** -li
clambake ˈklæm.beɪk **-s** -s
clamb|er ˈklæm.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
clamm|y ˈklæm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
clam|or ˈklæm|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd **-orer/s** -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
clamorous ˈklæm.ər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
clam|our ˈklæm|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ər.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-ourer/s** -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
clamp klæmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
clampdown ˈklæmp.daʊn **-s** -z
clan klæn **-s** -z
clandestine klænˈdes.tɪn, -taɪn, ˈklæn.dɪs- (US) klænˈdes.tɪn **-ly** -li
clang klæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
clanger ˈklæŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
clangor ˈklæŋ.gəʳ, -əʳ (US) -ɚ, -gɚ
clangorous ˈklæŋ.gər.əs, -ər- (US) ˈ-ɚ-, -gɚ- **-ly** -li
clangour ˈklæŋ.gəʳ, -əʳ (US) -ɚ, -gɚ
clank klæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Clanmaurice klænˈmɒr.ɪs, klæm- (US) -ˈmɔːr-, -ˈmɑːr-
Clanmorris klænˈmɒr.ɪs, klæm- (US) klænˈmɔːr-
clannish ˈklæn.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Clanricarde klænˈrɪk.əd (US) -ɚd
clanship ˈklæn.ʃɪp
clans|man ˈklænz|.mən **-men** -mən
clap klæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˌ**clapped ˈout** *stress shift:* ˌclapped-out ˈcar
clapboard ˈklæp.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd; ˈklæb.ɚd **-s** -z
Clapham ˈklæp.əm ˌ**Clapham ˈomnibus**
clapometer klæpˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ (US) -ˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
clapper ˈklæp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
clapperboard ˈklæp.ə.bɔːd (US) -ɚ.bɔːrd **-s** -z
Clapton ˈklæp.tən
claptrap ˈklæp.træp
claque klæk **-s** -s
Clara ˈklɑː.rə, ˈkleə- (US) ˈkler.ə, ˈklær-
clarabella (C) ˌklær.əˈbel.ə (US) ˌkler-, ˌklær- **-s** -z
Clare kleəʳ (US) kler
Clarel ˈkleə.rəl (US) ˈkler.əl, ˈklær.əl; kləˈrel
Claremont ˈkleə.mɒnt, -mənt (US) ˈkler.mɑːnt
Clarence ˈklær.ənts (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær-
Clarenc(i)eux ˈklær.ən.suː, -sjuː (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær-
clarendon (C) ˈklær.ən.dən (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær-
claret ˈklær.ət, -ɪt (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær- **-s** -s
Clarges ˈklɑː.dʒɪz, -dʒəz (US) ˈklɑːr-
Clarice ˈklær.ɪs (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær-; klerˈiːs, klær-
Claridge ˈklær.ɪdʒ (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær- **-'s** -ɪz
clarification ˌklær.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌkler-, ˌklær- **-s** -z
clari|fy ˈklær.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
Clarina kləˈraɪ.nə
clarinet ˌklær.ɪˈnet, -əˈ- (US) ˌkler-, ˌklær- **-s** -s
clarinet(t)ist ˌklær.ɪˈnet.ɪst, -əˈ- (US) ˌkler.əˈnet̬-, ˌklær- **-s** -s
clarion ˈklær.i.ən (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær- **-s** -z

Clear l

A type of LATERAL sound in which the air escapes past the sides of the tongue, found normally only before vowels. Usually contrasted with DARK L.

Examples for English

In the case of an alveolar lateral (e.g. English /l/) the blade of the tongue (the part further back than the tip) is in contact with the alveolar ridge, but the rest of the tongue is free to take up different shapes. One possibility is for the front of the tongue (the part behind the blade) to be raised in the same shape as that for a close front vowel [i]. This gives the /l/ an [i]-like sound, and the result is a "clear l". It is found in BBC English only before vowels, but in some other accents, notably Irish and Welsh ones, it is found in all positions. However, the variant most often found in all positions is "DARK L", e.g.:

pill /pɪl/ [pʰɪɫ]

larion ˌcall
rissa kləˈrɪs.ə, klærˈɪs- (US) kləˈrɪs-
rity ˈklær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˈkler.ə.ţi, ˈklær-
rk(e) klɑːk (US) klɑːrk
rkia ˈklɑː.ki.ə (US) ˈklɑːr- -s -z
rkson ˈklɑːk.sᵊn (US) ˈklɑːrk-
rrie ˈklær.i (US) ˈkler-, ˈklær-
ry ˈkleə.ri (US) ˈkler.i, ˈklær-
sh klæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
sp klɑːsp (US) klæsp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
ed -t ˈclasp ˌknife
ss klɑːs (US) klæs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
class ˌsystem; ˈclass ˌwar, ˌclass war
ss-conscious ˈklɑːsˌkɒn.tʃəs, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈklæsˌkɑːn*t*.ʃəs -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ssic ˈklæs.ɪk -s -s
ssic|al ˈklæs.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ˈ-ə- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
alness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs ˌclassical music
ssicism ˈklæs.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- -s -z
ssicist ˈklæs.ɪ.sɪst, ˈ-ə- -s -s
ssifiable ˈklæs.ɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl, klæs.ɪˈfaɪ- (US) ˈklæs.ə.faɪ-
ssification ˌklæs.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌ-ə- -s -z
ssificatory ˌklæs.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.tᵊr.i, -ə-, -tri; ˈklæs.ɪ.fɪ.kə-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈklæs.ə.fɪ.kə.tɔːr.i; kləˈsɪf.ə-
ssi|fy ˈklæs.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- -fies -faɪz
fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s
faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z ˌclassified ˈad (US) ˈclassified ˌad; ˌclassified inforˈmation
ss|ism ˈklɑː.s|ɪ.zᵊm (US) ˈklæs|.ɪ-
ist/s -ɪst/s
ssless ˈklɑːs.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈklæs-
ness -nəs, -nɪs
ss|man ˈklɑːs|.mæn, -mən (US) ˈklæs- -men -men, -mən
ssmate ˈklɑːs.meɪt (US) ˈklæs- -s -s
ssroom ˈklɑːs.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈklæs.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
sswork ˈklɑːs.wɜːk (US) ˈklæs.wɝːk
ass|y ˈklɑː.s|i (US) ˈklæs|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
att|er ˈklæt|.əʳ (US) ˈklæţ|.ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
aud(e) klɔːd (US) klɑːd, klɔːd

Claudette klɔːˈdet (US) klɑː-, klɔː-
Claudi|a ˈklɔː.di|.ə, ˈklaʊ- (US) ˈklɑː-, ˈklɔː-, ˈklaʊ- **-an** -ən
Claudine klɔːˈdiːn (US) klɑː-, klɔː-
Claudio ˈklaʊ.di.əʊ, ˈklɔː- (US) ˈklɑː.di.oʊ, ˈklɔː-, ˈklaʊ-
Claudius ˈklɔː.di.əs (US) ˈklɑː-, ˈklɔː-
claus|e klɔːz (US) klɑːz, klɔːz **-es** -ɪz **-al** -ᵊl
Clausewitz ˈklaʊ.zə.vɪts, -zə-
claustral ˈklɔː.strᵊl (US) ˈklɑː-, ˈklɔː-
claustrophob|ia ˌklɔː.strəˈfəʊ.b|i.ə, ˌklɒs.trə- (US) ˌklɑː.strəˈfoʊ-, ˌklɔː- **-ic** -ɪk
clave (*archaic past of* **cleave**) kleɪv
clavecin ˈklæv.sɪn, -ə.sɪn, ˈ-ɪ- **-s** -z
Claverhouse ˈkleɪ.və.haʊs (US) -vɚ-
Clavering ˈkleɪ.vᵊr.ɪŋ, ˈklæv.ᵊr-
clavichord ˈklæv.ɪ.kɔːd (US) -kɔːrd **-s** -z
clavicle ˈklæv.ɪ.kᵊl **-s** -z
clavicular kləˈvɪk.jʊ.ləʳ, klævˈɪk-, -jə- (US) -jə.lɚ
clavier *keyboard:* ˈklæv.i.əʳ; klævˈɪəʳ, kləˈvɪəʳ (US) ˈklæv.i.ɚ; kləˈvɪr **-s** -z *instrument:* kləˈvɪəʳ, klævˈɪəʳ (US) ˈklæv.i.ɚ; kləˈvɪr **-s** -z
claw klɔː (US) klɑː, klɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
clawback ˈklɔː.bæk (US) ˈklɑː-, ˈklɔː- **-s** -s
Claxton ˈklæk.stᵊn
clay (C) kleɪ **-s** -z ˌ**clay** ˈ**pigeon**
Clayden, Claydon ˈkleɪ.dᵊn
clayey ˈkleɪ.i
Clayhanger ˈkleɪ.hæŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
claymore ˈkleɪ.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr **-s** -z
Clayton ˈkleɪ.tᵊn
Clayton-le-Moors ˌkleɪ.tᵊn.liˈmɔːʳ (US) -ˈmɔːr
clean kliːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
clean-cut ˌkliːnˈkʌt, ˌkliːŋ- (US) ˌkliːn- *stress shift:* ˌclean-cut ˈimage
cleaner ˈkliː.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
cleanliness ˈklen.lɪ.nəs, -nɪs
cleanl|y ˈkliːn.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
cleans|e klenz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
cleanshaven ˌkliːnˈʃeɪ.vᵊn *stress shift:* ˌcleanshaven ˈchin
clean-up ˈkliːn.ʌp **-s** -s
clear klɪəʳ (US) klɪr **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**clear-**ˈ**headed** (US) ˈ**clear-**ˌ**headed** *stress shift, British only:* ˌclear-headed ˈthinking ˌ**clear-**ˈ**sighted** (US) ˈ**clear-**ˌ**sighted** *stress shift, British only:* ˌclear-sighted ˈplanning
clearage ˈklɪə.rɪdʒ (US) ˈklɪr.ɪdʒ
clearanc|e ˈklɪə.rᵊn*t*s (US) ˈklɪr.ᵊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz ˈ**clearance** ˌ**sale**
clear-cut ˌklɪəˈkʌt (US) ˌklɪr- *stress shift:* ˌclear-cut ˈdifference
clearing-hou|se ˈklɪə.rɪŋ.haʊ|s (US) ˈklɪr.ɪŋ- **-ses** -zɪz
clearout ˈklɪə.raʊt (US) ˈklɪr- **-s** -s
clearway ˈklɪə.weɪ (US) ˈklɪr- **-s** -z
Cleary ˈklɪə.ri (US) ˈklɪr.i
cleat kliːt **-s** -s
Cleator Moor ˌkliː.təˈmɔːʳ (US) -tɚˈmɔːr
cleavag|e ˈkliː.vɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
cleav|e kliːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **clove** kləʊv (US) kloʊv **cleft** kleft **cloven** ˈkləʊ.vᵊn (US) ˈkloʊ- **clave** kleɪv
cleaver (C) ˈkliː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z
Cleckheaton klekˈhiː.tᵊn (US) -ţᵊn
Clee kliː
cleek kliːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Cleese kliːz
Cleethorpes ˈkliː.θɔːps (US) -θɔːrps
clef klef **-s** -s
cleft kleft **-s** -s ˌ**cleft** ˈ**palate**
cleg kleg **-s** -z
Clegg kleg
Cleland ˈklel.ənd, ˈkliː.lənd
Clem klem
clematis ˈklem.ə.tɪs; klɪˈmeɪ.tɪs, klə-, klemˈeɪ- (US) ˈklem.ə.ţəs; kləˈmæţ.əs, -ˈmɑː.ţəs
Clemence ˈklem.ən*t*s
Clemenceau ˈklem.ən.səʊ, -ɑ̃ːn- (US) -soʊ
clemency ˈklem.ən*t*.si
Clemens ˈklem.ənz
clement (C) ˈklem.ənt **-ly** -li
Clementi klɪˈmen.ti, klə-, klemˈen- (US) -ţi

Clementina ˌklem.ənˈtiː.nə
clementine (C) ˈklem.ən.tiːn, -taɪn (US) -taɪn, -tiːn -s -z
Clements ˈklem.ᵊnts
Clemo ˈklem.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Clemson ˈklemp.sᵊn (US) ˈklem.zən
clench klentʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Cleo ˈkliː.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Cleobury *places in Shropshire:* ˈklɪb.ᵊr.i, ˈkleb-, ˈklɪə.bᵊr- (US) -er-, ˈ-ɚ-
Cleobury *surname:* ˈkləʊ.bᵊr.i, ˈkliː- (US) ˈkloʊ.ber-, ˈkliː-, -bɚ-
Cleopatra ˌkli.əˈpæt.rə, -ˈpɑː.trə (US) ˌkli.oʊˈpæt.rə, -əˈ-, -ˈpeɪ.trə, -ˈpɑː-
clepsydr|a ˈklep.sɪ.dr|ə, klepˈsɪd.r|ə (US) ˈklep.sɪ.dr|ə -ae -iː
clerestor|y ˈklɪə.stɔː.r|i, -stə- (US) ˈklɪr.stɔːr|.i -ies -iz
clergy ˈklɜː.dʒi (US) ˈklɝː-
clergy|man ˈklɜː.dʒɪ|.mən (US) ˈklɝː- -men -mən
clergy|woman ˈklɜː.dʒɪ|ˌwʊm.ən (US) ˈklɝː- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
cleric ˈkler.ɪk -s -s
clerical ˈkler.ɪ.kᵊl -s -z -ly -i
Clerides klerˈiː.diːz, kləˈriː- (US) klerˈiː.ðiːz, -diːz
clerihew (C) ˈkler.ɪ.hjuː, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -s -z
clerisy ˈkler.ɪ.si, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə-
clerk (C) klɑːk (US) klɝːk -s -s
Clerke klɑːk (US) klɝːk, klɑːrk
Clerkenwell ˈklɑː.kᵊn.wel, -wəl (US) ˈklɝː-, ˈklɑːr-
clerkship ˈklɑːk.ʃɪp (US) ˈklɝːk- -s -s
Clermont *towns in Ireland, village in Norfolk:* ˈkleə.mɒnt, -mənt (US) ˈkler.mɑːnt *in US:* ˈkleə.mɒnt, ˈklɜː- (US) ˈkler.mɑːnt, ˈklɝː-
Clermont-Ferrand ˌkleə.mɔ̃ːn.ferˈɑ̃ːŋ (US) ˌkler.mɑːn.ferˈɑ̃ːn
Clery ˈklɪə.ri (US) ˈklɪr.i
Clevedon ˈkliːv.dən
Cleveland ˈkliːv.lənd
Cleveleys ˈkliːv.liz
clev|er ˈklev|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -erer -ᵊr.əʳ (US) -ɚ.ɚ -erest -ᵊr.ɪst, -əst -erly -ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li -erness -ə.nəs, -nɪs (US) -ɚ.nəs, -nɪs -erish -ᵊr.ɪʃ ˈclever ˌclogs; too ˌclever by ˈhalf
clever-dick ˈklev.ə.dɪk (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -s
Cleverdon ˈklev.ə.dᵊn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Cleves kliːvz
clew kluː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Clews kluːz
Cley klaɪ, kleɪ
cliché ˈkliː.ʃeɪ, -ˈ- (US) -ˈ- -s -z -d -d
click klɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
clickable ˈklɪk.ə.bᵊl
client klaɪənt -s -s
clientage ˈklaɪən.tɪdʒ
clientele ˌkliː.ɑ̃ːnˈtel, -ɑːnˈ-, -ənˈ- (US) ˌklaɪ.ənˈtel, ˌkliː-, -ɑːnˈ- -s -z
client-server ˌklaɪəntˈsɜː.vəʳ (US) -ˈsɝː.vɚ *stress shift:* ˌclient-server ˈsystems
cliff klɪf -s -s
Cliff(e) klɪf
cliffhanger ˈklɪfˌhæŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Clifford ˈklɪf.əd (US) -ɚd
clifftop ˈklɪf.tɒp (US) -tɑːp -s -s
clift (C) klɪft -s -s
Clifton ˈklɪf.tᵊn
climacteric klaɪˈmæk.tᵊr.ɪk; ˌklaɪ.mækˈter- (US) klaɪˈmæk.tɚ.ɪk; ˌklaɪ.mækˈter-, -ˈtɪr- -s -s
climacterical ˌklaɪ.mækˈter.ɪ.kᵊl
climactic klaɪˈmæk.tɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
climate ˈklaɪ.mət, -mɪt -s -s
climatic klaɪˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
climatolog|y ˌklaɪ.məˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈtɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
climax ˈklaɪ.mæks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
climb klaɪm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl ˈclimbing ˌframe
climb-down ˈklaɪm.daʊn -s -z
climber ˈklaɪ.məʳ (US) -mɚ -s -z
clime klaɪm -s -z
clinch (C) klɪntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
cline (C) klaɪn -s -z
cling klɪŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ clung klʌŋ
clingfilm (C®) ˈklɪŋ.fɪlm
clingstone ˈklɪŋ.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn -s -z
cling|y ˈklɪŋ|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
clinic ˈklɪn.ɪk -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
clinician klɪˈnɪʃ.ᵊn (US) klɪ-, klə- -s -z
Clinique® klɪˈniːk
clink klɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
clinker (C) ˈklɪŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
clinometer klaɪˈnɒm.ɪ.təʳ, klɪ-, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈnɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -s
clinometric ˌklaɪ.nəʊˈmet.rɪk, ˌklɪn.əʊˈ- (US) -noʊˈ-
clinometry klaɪˈnɒm.ɪ.tri, klɪ-, ˈ-ə- (US) klaɪˈnɑː.mə-
Clint klɪnt
Clinton ˈklɪn.tən (US) ˈklɪn.tən, -tᵊn
Clio ˈkliː.əʊ, ˈklaɪ- (US) -oʊ
Note: The pronunciation /ˈkliː.əʊ (US) -oʊ/ is suitable for the motor car.
clip klɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t ˈclip ˌjoint
clipboard ˈklɪp.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd -s -z
clip-clop ˈklɪp.klɒp (US) -klɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
clipper ˈklɪp.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
clippie ˈklɪp.i -s -z
clipping ˈklɪp.ɪŋ -s -z
clique kliːk (US) kliːk, klɪk -s -s -y -i
cliquish ˈkliː.kɪʃ (US) ˈkliː.kɪʃ, ˈklɪk.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
cliqu|y ˈkliː.k|i (US) ˈkliː.k|i, ˈklɪk|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Clissold ˈklɪs.ᵊld, -əʊld (US) -oʊld
Clitheroe ˈklɪð.ə.rəʊ (US) -roʊ
clitic ˈklɪt.ɪk (US) ˈklɪt̬- -s -s
clitoral ˈklɪt.ᵊr.ᵊl (US) ˈklɪt̬.ɚ-, ˈklaɪ.t̬ɚ-
clitoridectom|y ˌklɪt.ᵊr.ɪˈdek.tə.m|i (US) ˌklɪt- -ies -iz
clitor|is ˈklɪt.ᵊr|.ɪs (US) ˈklɪt̬.ɚ|.əs, ˈklaɪ.t̬ɚ-; klɪˈtɔːr- -ic -ɪk
Clive klaɪv
Cliveden ˈklɪv.dᵊn, ˈkliːv-
cloa|ca kləʊˈeɪ|.kə (US) kloʊ- -cae -kiː, -siː (US) -siː, -kiː -cal -kᵊl
cloak (C) kləʊk (US) kloʊk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
cloak-and-dagger ˌkləʊk.ᵊnˈdæg.əʳ (US) ˌkloʊk.ᵊnˈdæg.ɚ
cloakroom ˈkləʊk.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈkloʊk.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
clobb|er ˈklɒb|.əʳ (US) ˈklɑː.b|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
cloch|e klɒʃ, kləʊʃ (US) kloʊʃ -es -ɪz
clock klɒk (US) klɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈclock ˌface; put the ˈclock ˌback
clock-watch|ing ˈklɒkˌwɒtʃ|.ɪŋ (US) ˈklɑːkˌwɑː.tʃ|ɪŋ, -ˌwɔː- -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
clockwise ˈklɒk.waɪz (US) ˈklɑːk-
clockwork ˈklɒk.wɜːk (US) ˈklɑːk.wɝːk
clod klɒd (US) klɑːd -s -z -dy -i
clodhopp|ing ˈklɒdˌhɒp|.ɪŋ (US) ˈklɑːdˌhɑː.p|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Cloete kləʊˈiː.ti; ˈkluː.ti (US) ˈkluː.t̬i; kloʊˈiː.t̬i
clog klɒg (US) klɑːg, klɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
clogg|y ˈklɒg|.i (US) ˈklɑː.g|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Clogher ˈklɒ.həʳ, ˈklɒx.əʳ, ˈklɔː-, klɔːʳ (US) ˈklɑː.hɚ, -xɚ
cloisonné klwɑːˈzɒn.eɪ, klwʌzˈɒn-; ˌklɔɪ.zəˈneɪ (US) ˌklɔɪ.zəˈneɪ
cloist|er ˈklɔɪ.st|əʳ (US) -st|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
cloistral ˈklɔɪ.strᵊl
clonal ˈkləʊ.nᵊl (US) ˈkloʊ- -ly -i
clon|e kləʊn (US) kloʊn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Clonmel ˈklɒn.mel, -ˈ- (US) ˈklɑːn.mel -ˈ-
Clooney ˈkluː.ni
clos|e (*v.*) kləʊz (US) kloʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌclosed ˈbook; ˌclosed ˈcircuit *stress shift:* ˌclosed circuit ˈtelevision ˌclosed ˈshop
clos|e (*n.*) *end:* kləʊz (US) kloʊz -es -ɪz
clos|e (*adj.*) *near:* kləʊs (US) kloʊs -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs ˌclose ˈquarters; ˌclose ˈseason
close-cut ˌkləʊsˈkʌt (US) ˌkloʊs-
closefisted ˌkləʊsˈfɪs.tɪd (US) ˌkloʊs- *stress shift:* ˌclosefisted ˈmiser
close-grained ˌkləʊsˈgreɪnd (US) ˌkloʊs- *stress shift:* ˌclose-grained ˈwood
close-hauled ˌkləʊsˈhɔːld (US) ˌkloʊsˈhɔːld, -ˈhɑːld *stress shift:* ˌclose-hauled ˈsailing
close-knit ˌkləʊsˈnɪt (US) ˌkloʊs- *stress shift:* ˌclose-knit ˈfamily
closely ˈkləʊ.sli (US) ˈkloʊ-

Cluster

wo or more CONSONANT PHONEMES in sequence, with no owel sound between them.

xamples for English

nglish can allow up to three consonants in a cluster yllable initially in the ONSET, and four finally in the ODA. For example, the word *stray* /streɪ/ begins with hree consonants, and *sixths* /sɪksθs/ ends with four.

Some types of grammatical information are shown by adding certain consonants at the ends of words in English, giving rise to consonant clusters, e.g.:

likes	/laɪks/	
lives	/lɪvz/	
liked	/laɪkt/	
lived	/lɪvd/	
Mark's	/mɑːks/	ⓊⓈ /mɑːrks/
John's	/dʒɒnz/	ⓊⓈ /dʒɑːnz/
cats	/kæts/	
dogs	/dɒgz/	ⓊⓈ /dɑːgz/

ely-guarded ˌkləʊ.sliˈgɑː.dɪd ˌkloʊ.sliˈgɑːr- *stress shift:* osely-guarded ˈsecret
e-set ˌkləʊsˈset ⓊⓈ ˌkloʊsˈ- *stress ift:* ˌclose-set ˈeyes
et ˈklɒz.ɪt ⓊⓈ ˈklɑː.zɪt **-ets** -ɪts **ing** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓊⓈ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ, ˈ-ə- **-eted** tɪd ⓊⓈ -ɪ.t̬ɪd, ˈ-ə- **come ˌout of the oset**
e-up ˈkləʊs.ʌp ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊs- **-s** -s
ure ˈkləʊ.ʒəʳ ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ.ʒɚ **-s** -z
klɒt ⓊⓈ klɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ˈklɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓊⓈ ˈklɑː.t̬ɪd **otted ˈcream**
h klɒθ ⓊⓈ klɑːθ **-s** klɒθs, klɒðz klɑːθs, klɑːðz ˈ**cloth** ˌ**yard; cut e's ˌcoat according to one's ˈcloth**
h|e kləʊð ⓊⓈ kloʊð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d **clad** klæd
h-eared ˌklɒθˈɪəd ⓊⓈ ˌklɑːθˈɪrd *ess shift:* ˌcloth-eared ˈlistener
hes kləʊðz ⓊⓈ kloʊðz ˈ**clothes rush;** ˈ**clothes** ˌ**hanger**
heshors|e ˈkləʊðz.hɔːs ˈkloʊðz.hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
hesline ˈkləʊðz.laɪn ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊðz- z
hespeg ˈkləʊðz.peg ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊðz- z
hespin ˈkləʊðz.pɪn ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊðz- z
hier ˈkləʊ.ði.əʳ ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ.ði.ɚ **-s** -z
hilde ˈklɒt.ɪld, -ˈ- ⓊⓈ kloʊˈtɪl.də
hing ˈkləʊ.ðɪŋ ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ-
ho ˈkləʊ.θəʊ ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ.θoʊ
d klaʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **oud-ˌcapped**
dberr|y ˈklaʊd.bᵊr.i, ˈklaʊb-, er- ⓊⓈ ˈklaʊd.ber- **-ies** -iz
dburst ˈklaʊd.bɜːst ⓊⓈ -bɝːst s
d-cuckoo-land aʊdˈkʊk.uː.lænd ⓊⓈ -ˈkuː.kuː-, ʊk.ʊ-
udesley ˈklaʊdz.li
dless ˈklaʊd.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** əs, -nɪs
d|y ˈklaʊ.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓊⓈ -i.ɚ **st** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i

-iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
clough klʌf **-s** -s
Clough *surname:* klʌf, kluː *in Ireland:* klɒx ⓊⓈ klʌf
Clouseau kluːˈsəʊ, ˈ-- ⓊⓈ kluːˈzoʊ, ˈ--
clout klaʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓊⓈ ˈklaʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓊⓈ ˈklaʊ.t̬ɪd
clove (*n.*) kləʊv ⓊⓈ kloʊv **-s** -z
clov|e (*from* **cleave**) kləʊv ⓊⓈ kloʊv **-en** -ᵊn
Clovelly kləˈvel.i
cloven ˈkləʊ.vᵊn ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ- ˌ**cloven-ˈfooted** *stress shift:* ˌcloven-footed ˈbeast
clover (C) ˈkləʊ.vəʳ ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
clover|leaf ˈkləʊ.və.liːf ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ.vɚ- **-leafs** -liːfs **-leaves** -liːvz
Clovis ˈkləʊ.vɪs ⓊⓈ ˈkloʊ-
Clow kləʊ ⓊⓈ kloʊ, klaʊ
Clowes *in Norfolk:* kluːz *surname:* klaʊz, kluːz
clown klaʊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Clowne klaʊn
clownish ˈklaʊ.nɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cloy klɔɪ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
cloze kləʊz ⓊⓈ kloʊz
club klʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d ˌ**club ˈsandwich;** ˌ**club ˈsoda;** ˌ**club ˈmoss** ⓊⓈ ˈ**club** ˌ**moss**
clubbable ˈklʌb.ə.bᵊl
clubber ˈklʌb.əʳ ⓊⓈ -ɚ **-s** -z
club|foot ˌklʌbˈfʊt, ˈ-- ⓊⓈ ˈ-- **-feet** -ˈfiːt ⓊⓈ -fiːt
clubfooted ˌklʌbˈfʊt.ɪd, ˈ--- ⓊⓈ ˈklʌbˌfʊt̬.ɪd
clubhou|se ˈklʌb.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
clubland ˈklʌb.lænd, -lənd
club|man ˈklʌb.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Club Med ˌklʌbˈmed
Club Méditerranée® ˌklʌbˌmed.ɪ.ter.əˈneɪ
club-room ˈklʌb.rʊm, -ruːm ⓊⓈ -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
cluck klʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
clu|e kluː **-es** -z **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**clued ˈup**

clueless ˈkluː.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Cluj kluːʒ
clumber (C) ˈklʌm.bəʳ ⓊⓈ -bɚ **-s** -z
clump klʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
clumpy ˈklʌm.pi
clums|y ˈklʌm.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓊⓈ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Clun klʌn
clunch klʌntʃ
clung (*from* **cling**) klʌŋ
clunk klʌŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
clunk|y ˈklʌŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓊⓈ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
clust|er ˈklʌs.t|əʳ ⓊⓈ -t|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓊⓈ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓊⓈ -ɚd
clutch klʌtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**clutch** ˌ**bag**
clutt|er ˈklʌt|.əʳ ⓊⓈ ˈklʌt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓊⓈ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓊⓈ -ɚd
Clutterbuck ˈklʌt.ə.bʌk ⓊⓈ ˈklʌt̬.ɚ-
Clutton ˈklʌt.ᵊn ⓊⓈ ˈklʌt̬-
Clwyd ˈkluː.ɪd
Clwydian kluˈɪd.i.ən
Clydach ˈklɪd.ək, ˈklʌd-, -əx ⓊⓈ -ək
Clyde klaɪd
Clydebank ˈklaɪd.bæŋk, -ˈ-
Clydesdale ˈklaɪdz.deɪl **-s** -z
Clydeside ˈklaɪd.saɪd
Clym klɪm
clyster ˈklɪs.təʳ ⓊⓈ -tɚ **-s** -z
Clytemnestra ˌklaɪ.təmˈnes.trə, ˌklɪt.əmˈ-, -ɪmˈ-, -emˈ-, -ˈniː.strə ⓊⓈ ˌklaɪ.t̬əmˈnes.trə
Clytie *in Greek mythology:* ˈklɪt.i.iː, ˈklaɪ.tiː ⓊⓈ ˈklaɪ.t̬i.iː, ˈklɪt̬.i.iː *modern first name, chignon:* ˈklaɪ.ti, -tiː ⓊⓈ ˈklaɪ.t̬i, klɪˈʃiː.ə
cm (*abbrev. for* **centimetre/s**) *singular:* ˈsen.tɪˌmiː.təʳ ⓊⓈ -t̬əˌmiː.t̬ɚ *plural:* -z
c'mon kmɒn ⓊⓈ kmɑːn
CNBC ˌsiː.en.biːˈsiː
CND ˌsiː.enˈdiː
Cnidus ˈnaɪ.dəs, ˈknaɪ-
CNN ˌsiː.enˈen

Coalescence

A kind of ASSIMILATION in which a fusion of neighbouring sounds takes place during rapid or CONNECTED SPEECH.

Examples for English

The most frequently observed situation in which coalescence occurs in English is when ALVEOLAR consonants /t d s z/ are followed by /j/, e.g.:

won't you	/wəʊnt ju/	→	/ˈwəʊntʃu/
	(US) /ˈwoʊnt ju/		(US) /ˈwoʊntʃu/
would you	/wʊd ju/	→	/ˈwʊdʒu/
miss you	/mɪs ju/	→	/ˈmɪʃu/
lose you	/luːz ju/	→	/ˈluːʒu/

In the case of coalescence with /s z/, there will usually be extra length to the resulting fricative sounds, e.g.:

miss you	/mɪs ju/	→	/ˈmɪʃʃu/
lose you	/luːz ju/	→	/ˈluːʒʒu/

A common very much reduced example of coalescence is *do you* being pronounced as /dʒə/.

Coarticulation

The influence of phonetic context on the articulation of speech sounds.

Examples for English

Phonetics studies coarticulation as a way of finding out how the brain controls the production of speech. When we speak, many muscles are active at the same time and sometimes the brain tries to make them do things that they are not capable of. For example, in the word *mum* the vowel phoneme is one that is normally pronounced with the soft palate raised to prevent the escape of air through the nose, while the two /m/ phonemes must have the soft palate lowered. The soft palate cannot be raised very quickly, so the vowel is likely to be pronounced with the soft palate still lowered, giving a nasalized quality to the vowel, e.g.:

mum   mʌm   [mʌ̃m]

Another example is the lip-rounding of a consonant in the environment of rounded vowels: in the phrase 'you too', the /t/ occurs between two rounded vowels, and there is not enough time in normal speech for the lips to move from rounded to unrounded and back again in a few hundredths of a second; consequently the /t/ is pronounced with lip-rounding, e.g.:

you too   juː tuː   [jʉːtwʉː]

Coarticulation is a phenomenon closely related to ASSIMILATION. The major difference is that assimilation is used as a name for the process whereby one sound becomes like another neighbouring sound, while coarticulation, though it refers to a similar process, is concerned with articulatory explanations for why the assimilation occurs, and considers cases where the changes may occur over a number of segments.

C-note ˈsiː.nəʊt (US) -noʊt **-s** -s

Cnut kəˈnjuːt, knuːt

co- kəʊ (US) koʊ

Co. (*abbrev. for* **company**) kəʊ, ˈkʌm.pᵊn.i (US) koʊ, ˈkʌm.pᵊn.i

CO ˌsiːˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ

c/o (*abbrev. for* **care of**) ˈkeəʳ.ɒv (US) ˈker.ɑːv, -əv

c/o (*abbrev. for* **carried over**) ˌkær.idˈəʊ.vəʳ (US) ˌker.idˈoʊ.vɚ, ˌkær-

coach kəʊtʃ (US) koʊtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**coach** ˌ**horse**; ˈ**coach** ˌ**house**; ˈ**coach** ˌ**party**; ˈ**coach** ˌ**station**

coach|man ˈkəʊtʃ|.mən, -mæn (US) ˈkoʊtʃ- **-men** -mən

coachwork ˈkəʊtʃ.wɜːk (US) ˈkoʊtʃ.wɝːk

coac|tion kəʊˈæk|.ʃᵊn (US) koʊ- **-tive** -tɪv

coadjacent ˌkəʊ.əˈdʒeɪ.sᵊnt (US) ˌkoʊ-

coadjutant kəʊˈædʒ.ʊ.tᵊnt, ˈ-ə- (US) koʊˈædʒ.ə.t̬ᵊnt **-s** -s

coadjutor kəʊˈædʒ.ʊ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) koʊˈædʒ.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

co-administrator ˌkəʊ.ədˈmɪn.ɪ.streɪ.təʳ (US) ˌkoʊ.ædˈmɪn.ɪ.streɪ.t̬ɚ, -ədˈ- **-s** -z

coagulant kəʊˈæg.jʊ.lənt, -jə- (US) koʊˈæg.jə- **-s** -s

coagu|late kəʊˈæg.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- (US) koʊˈæg.jə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

coagulation kəʊˌæg.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- (US) koʊˌæg.jəˈ-

coal kəʊl (US) koʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**coal** ˌ**bed**; ˈ**coal** ˌ**black**; ˈ**coal** ˌ**bunker**; ˈ**coal** ˌ**scuttle**; ˈ**coal** ˌ**tar**; ˌ**haul someone over the** ˈ**coals**

coalesc|e kəʊəˈles (US) koʊə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

coalescen|ce kəʊəˈles.ᵊn|ts (US) koʊə- **-t** -t

coalfac|e ˈkəʊl.feɪs (US) ˈkoʊl- **-es** -ɪz

coalfield ˈkəʊl.fiːld (US) ˈkoʊl- **-s** -z

coalhole ˈkəʊl.həʊl (US) ˈkoʊl.hoʊl **-s** -z

coalhou|se ˈkəʊl.haʊ|s (US) ˈkoʊl- **-ses** -zɪz

Coalite® ˈkəʊ.laɪt (US) ˈkoʊ-

coalition kəʊəˈlɪʃ.ᵊn (US) koʊə- **-s** -z

coal|man ˈkəʊl|.mən, -mæn (US) ˈkoʊl- **-men** -men, -mən

coalmine ˈkəʊl.maɪn (US) ˈkoʊl- **-s** -z

coalminer ˈkəʊlˌmaɪ.nəʳ (US) ˈkoʊlˌmaɪ.nɚ **-s** -z

coalpit ˈkəʊl.pɪt (US) ˈkoʊl- **-s** -s

Coalville ˈkəʊl.vɪl (US) ˈkoʊl-

coanchor ˈkəʊˌæŋ.kəʳ (US) ˈkoʊˌæŋ.kɚ **-s** -z

coars|e kɔːs (US) kɔːrs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs ˈ**coarse** ˌ**fishing**, ˌ**coarse** ˈ**fishing**

coarse-grained ˌkɔːsˈgreɪnd (US) ˈkɔːrs.greɪnd *stress shift:* ˌ**coarse-grained** ˈ**picture**

coarsen ˈkɔː.sᵊn (US) ˈkɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

coarticulation ˌkəʊ.ɑː.tɪ.kjəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ-

Coda

The end of a syllable, which is said to be made up of an ONSET, a peak and a coda. The peak and the coda constitute the RHYME (or RIME) of the syllable.

Examples for English

English allows up to four consonants to occur in the coda, so the total number of possible codas in English is very large – several hundred in fact, e.g.

sick	/sɪk/	sixth	/sɪksθ/
six	/sɪks/	sixths	/sɪksθs/

The central part of a syllable is almost always a vowel, and if the syllable contains nothing after the vowel it is said to have no coda ('zero coda'), e.g.:

bough	baʊ
buy	baɪ

(US) ˌkoʊ.ɑːr.tɪ.kjə'-
ast kəʊst (US) koʊst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
astal 'kəʊs.tᵊl (US) 'koʊs-
aster 'kəʊ.stəʳ (US) 'koʊ.stɚ **-s** -z
astguard 'kəʊst.gɑːd (US) 'koʊst.gɑːrd **-s** -z
astline 'kəʊst.laɪn (US) 'koʊst- **-s** -z
astwise 'kəʊst.waɪz (US) 'koʊst-
at kəʊt (US) koʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **'coat ˌcheck; 'coat ˌhanger; ˌcoat of 'arms; 'coat ˌroom; 'coat ˌtail(s); ˌcut one's ˌcoat according to one's 'cloth**
oatbridge 'kəʊt.brɪdʒ (US) 'koʊt-
oat(e)s kəʊts (US) koʊts
oati kəʊ'ɑː.ti (US) koʊ'ɑː.t̬i **-s** -z
oating 'kəʊ.tɪŋ (US) 'koʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
oauthor kəʊ'ɔː.θəʳ, '--- (US) koʊ'ɑː.θɚ, -'ɔː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
oax kəʊks (US) koʊks **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
o-axial ˌkəʊ'æk.si.əl (US) ˌkoʊ- **-ly** -i
ob kɒb (US) kɑːb **-s** -z
obain kəʊ'beɪn (US) 'koʊ-, ˌkoʊ'beɪn
obalt 'kəʊ.bɔːlt, -bɒlt (US) 'koʊ.bɔːlt, -bɑːlt
obb(e) kɒb (US) kɑːb
obber 'kɒb.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.bɚ **-s** -z
obbett 'kɒb.ɪt (US) 'kɑː.bɪt
obbl|e 'kɒb.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) 'kɑː.bᵊl.ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
obbleigh 'kɒb.li (US) 'kɑː.bli
obbler 'kɒb.ləʳ, 'kɒb.ᵊl.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.blɚ **-s** -z
obblestone 'kɒb.ᵊl.stəʊn (US) 'kɑː.bᵊl.stoʊn **-s** -z
obbold 'kɒb.əʊld, -ᵊld (US) 'kɑː.boʊld
obden 'kɒb.dᵊn (US) 'kɑːb-
obh kəʊv (US) koʊv
obham 'kɒb.ᵊm (US) 'kɑː.bᵊm
oblenz kəʊ'blents, 'kəʊ.blents (US) 'koʊ-
obnut 'kɒb.nʌt (US) 'kɑːb- **-s** -s
COBOL, Cobol 'kəʊ.bɒl (US) 'koʊ.bɔːl, -bɑːl
cobra 'kəʊ.brə, 'kɒb.rə (US) 'koʊ.brə **-s** -z

Coburg 'kəʊ.bɜːg (US) 'koʊ.bɝːg **-s** -z
cobweb 'kɒb.web (US) 'kɑːb- **-s** -z
coca 'kəʊ.kə (US) 'koʊ.kə **-s** -z
Coca-Cola® ˌkəʊ.kə'kəʊ.lə (US) ˌkoʊ.kə'koʊ-
cocaine kəʊ'keɪn (US) koʊ-, '--
coccal 'kɒk.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.kᵊl
coccid 'kɒk.sɪd (US) 'kɑːk-
cocciferous kɒk'sɪf.ᵊr.əs (US) kɑːk-
coccoid 'kɒk.ɔɪd (US) 'kɑː.kɔɪd
coccus 'kɒk.əs (US) 'kɑː.kəs **cocci** 'kɒk.aɪ, 'kɒk.saɪ (US) 'kɑːk.saɪ
coccyx 'kɒk.sɪks (US) 'kɑːk- **-es** -ɪz **coccyges** -saɪ.dʒiːz
Cochabamba ˌkəʊ.tʃə'bæm.bə (US) ˌkoʊ.tʃə'bɑːm-
Cochin 'kəʊ.tʃɪn, 'kɒtʃ.ɪn (US) 'koʊ.tʃɪn
Cochin-China ˌkɒtʃ.ɪn'tʃaɪ.nə (US) ˌkoʊ.tʃɪn'-, ˌkɑː-
cochineal ˌkɒtʃ.ɪ'niːl, -ə'-, '--- (US) 'kɑː.tʃə.niːl, ˌ--'-
Cochise kəʊ'tʃiːs (US) koʊ-, -'tʃiːz
cochle|a 'kɒk.li|.ə (US) 'kɑːk-, 'koʊk- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-ar** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
Cochran(e) 'kɒk.rən, 'kɒx- (US) 'kɑːk-
cock kɒk (US) kɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
cockade kɒk'eɪd (US) kɑː'keɪd **-s** -z
cock-a-doodle-doo ˌkɒk.ə.duː.dᵊl'duː (US) ˌkɑːk-
cock-a-hoop ˌkɒk.ə'huːp (US) ˌkɑːk-
Cockaigne kɒk'eɪn, kə'keɪn (US) kɑː'keɪn
cock-a-leekie ˌkɒk.ə'liː.ki (US) ˌkɑːk-
cockalorum ˌkɒk.ə'lɔː.rᵊm (US) ˌkɑː.kə'lɔːr.ᵊm **-s** -z
cockamamie ˌkɒk.ə'meɪ.mi (US) 'kɑː.kə.meɪ-
cock-and-bull ˌkɒk.ᵊnd'bʊl, -ᵊm'- (US) ˌkɑːk.ᵊnd- *stress shift, British only, see compound:* **ˌcock-and-bull 'story** (US) **ˌcock-and-'bull ˌstory**
cockateel, cockatiel ˌkɒk.ə'tiːl (US) ˌkɑː.kə'- **-s** -z
cockatoo ˌkɒk.ə'tuː (US) 'kɑː.kə.tuː **-s** -z
cockatric|e 'kɒk.ə.traɪs, -trɪs, -trəs (US) 'kɑː.kə- **-es** -ɪz

Cockaygne kɒk'eɪn, kə'keɪn (US) kɑː'keɪn
Cockburn 'kəʊ.bɜːn, -bən (US) 'koʊ.bɝːn
cockchafer 'kɒkˌtʃeɪ.fəʳ (US) 'kɑːkˌtʃeɪ.fɚ **-s** -z
Cockcroft 'kəʊk.krɒft, 'kɒk.krɒft (US) 'kɑːk.krɑːft, 'koʊ.krɑːft
cockcrow 'kɒk.krəʊ (US) 'kɑːk.kroʊ
Cocke *place:* kɒk (US) kɑːk *surname:* kəʊk, kɒk (US) koʊk, kɑːk
Cockell 'kɒk.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.kᵊl
cocker (C) 'kɒk.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.kɚ **-s** -z **ˌcocker 'spaniel**
cockerel 'kɒk.ᵊr.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.kɚ- **-s** -z
Cockerell 'kɒk.ᵊr.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.kɚ-
Cockermouth 'kɒk.ə.məθ, -maʊθ *locally:* -məθ (US) 'kɑː.kɚ-
cockeye 'kɒk.aɪ (US) 'kɑːk.aɪ **-d** kɒk'aɪd (US) 'kɑːk.aɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌcockeyed 'optimist
cock|fight 'kɒk|.faɪt (US) 'kɑːk- **-fights** -faɪts **-fighting** -ˌfaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˌfaɪ.t̬ɪŋ
Cockfosters ˌkɒk'fɒs.təz, '-ˌ-- (US) 'kɑːkˌfɑː.stɚz, ˌ-'--
cockhors|e ˌkɒk'hɔːs (US) 'kɑːk.hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
cockl|e (C) 'kɒk.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.kᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) 'kɑː.kᵊl.ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ **-ed** -d
cockleshell 'kɒk.ᵊl.ʃel (US) 'kɑː.kᵊl- **-s** -z
cockney (C) 'kɒk.ni (US) 'kɑːk- **-s** -z
cockneyism 'kɒk.ni.ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'kɑːk- **-s** -z
cockpit 'kɒk.pɪt (US) 'kɑːk- **-s** -s
cockroach 'kɒk.rəʊtʃ (US) 'kɑːk.roʊtʃ **-es** -ɪz
Cockroft 'kɒk.rɒft, 'kəʊ.krɒft (US) 'kɑː.krɑːft, 'koʊ-
cockscomb 'kɒk.skəʊm (US) 'kɑːk.skoʊm **-s** -z
Cocksedge 'kɒk.sɪdʒ, 'kɒs.ɪdʒ, -edʒ, 'kəʊ.sɪdʒ (US) 'kɑːk.sɪdʒ, 'kɑː-, 'koʊ-, -sedʒ
Cockshott 'kɒk.ʃɒt (US) 'kɑːk.ʃɑːt
cocksh|y 'kɒk.ʃ|aɪ (US) 'kɑːk- **-ies** -aɪz
cockspur (C) 'kɒk.spɜːʳ, -spəʳ

(US) 'kɑːk.spɝː -s -z
cocksure ˌkɒk'ʃʊəʳ, -'ʃɔːʳ (US) ˌkɑːk'ʃʊr, -'ʃɝː
cocktail 'kɒk.teɪl (US) 'kɑːk- -s -z 'cocktail ˌdress; 'cocktail ˌlounge; 'cocktail ˌparty; 'cocktail ˌstick
cock-up 'kɒk.ʌp (US) 'kɑːk- -s -s
Cockwood 'kɒk.wʊd (US) 'kɑːk- Note: There exists also a local pronunciation /'kɒk.ʊd (US) 'kɑː.kʊd/.
cock|y 'kɒk|.i (US) 'kɑː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
cocky-leeky ˌkɒk.i'liː.ki (US) ˌkɑː.ki-
coco 'kəʊ.kəʊ (US) 'koʊ.koʊ -s -z
cocoa 'kəʊ.kəʊ (US) 'koʊ.koʊ -s -z 'cocoa ˌbutter
cocoanut 'kəʊ.kə.nʌt (US) 'koʊ- -s -s
co-conspirator ˌkəʊ.kən'spɪr.ə.təʳ, '-ɪ- (US) ˌkoʊ.kən'spɪr.ə.t̬ɚ -s -z
coconut 'kəʊ.kə.nʌt (US) 'koʊ- -s -s ˌcoconut 'ice; 'coconut ˌshy
cocoon kə'kuːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cocos 'kəʊ.kəs, -kɒs (US) 'koʊ.koʊs, -kəs
cocotte kə'kɒt, kəʊ-, kɒk'ɒt (US) koʊ'kɑːt -s -s
Cocteau 'kɒk.təʊ (US) kɑːk'toʊ
Cocytus kəʊ'saɪ.təs (US) koʊ'saɪ.t̬əs
cod (C) kɒd (US) kɑːd -s -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd ˌcod-liver 'oil
COD ˌsiː.əʊ'diː (US) -oʊ'-
coda 'kəʊ.də (US) 'koʊ- -s -z
Coddington 'kɒd.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'kɑː.dɪŋ-
coddl|e 'kɒd.əl (US) 'kɑː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) 'kɑː.dəl.ɪŋ, 'kɑːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
cod|e kəʊd (US) koʊd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/s
co-defendant ˌkəʊ.dɪ'fen.dənt, -də'- (US) ˌkoʊ- -s -s
codeine 'kəʊ.diːn (US) 'koʊ-
co-determination ˌkəʊ.dɪ.tɜː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -də- (US) ˌkoʊ.dɪ.tɝː-, -də-
cod|ex 'kəʊ.d|eks (US) 'koʊ- **-exes** -ek.sɪz, -səz **-ices** -ɪ.siːz, 'kɒd.ɪ.siːz (US) 'koʊ.də.siːz, 'kɑː-
codger 'kɒdʒ.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.dʒɚ -s -z
codicil 'kəʊ.dɪ.sɪl, 'kɒd.ɪ-, '-ə- (US) 'kɑː.də.səl, -sɪl -s -z
codicillary ˌkəʊ.dɪ'sɪl.ər.i, ˌkɒd.ɪ'- (US) ˌkɑː.də'-
Codicote 'kəʊ.dɪ.kəʊt, 'kɒd.ɪ.kət (US) 'koʊ.dɪ.koʊt, 'kɑː.dɪ.kət
codification ˌkəʊ.dɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -də- (US) ˌkɑː-, ˌkoʊ- -s -z
codi|fy 'kəʊ.dɪ|.faɪ, -də- (US) 'kɑː-, 'koʊ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
codling 'kɒd.lɪŋ (US) 'kɑːd- -s -z
codpiec|e 'kɒd.piːs (US) 'kɑːd- **-es** -ɪz
Codrington 'kɒd.rɪŋ.tən (US) 'kɑːd-
Codsall 'kɒd.səl (US) 'kɑːd-
codswallop 'kɒdzˌwɒl.əp (US) 'kɑːdzˌwɑː.ləp, -ˌwɔː-
Cody 'kəʊ.di (US) 'koʊ-
Coe kəʊ (US) koʊ
coed ˌkəʊ'ed (US) 'koʊ.ed -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌcoed 'school
Coed kɔɪd
coeducation ˌkəʊ.edʒ.ʊ'keɪ.ʃən, -ed.jʊ'- (US) ˌkoʊ.edʒ.ʊ'-, -ə'-
coeducational ˌkəʊ.edʒ.ʊ'keɪ.ʃən.əl, -ed.jʊ'-, -'keɪʃ.nəl (US) ˌkoʊ.edʒ.ə'- **-ly** -li
coefficient ˌkəʊ.ɪ'fɪʃ.ənt, -ə'fɪʃ- (US) ˌkoʊ- -s -s
coelacanth 'siː.lə.kæntθ -s -s
coeliac 'siː.li.æk
coenobite 'siː.nəʊ.baɪt (US) 'sen.ə- -s -s
coequal ˌkəʊ'iː.kwəl (US) ˌkoʊ- **-ly** -i
coequality ˌkəʊ.ɪ'kwɒl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkoʊ.iː'kwɑː.lə.t̬i
coerc|e kəʊ'ɜːs (US) koʊ'ɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
coercib|le kəʊ'ɜː.sɪ.b|əl, -sə- (US) koʊ'ɝː- **-ly** -li
coercion kəʊ'ɜː.ʃən (US) koʊ'ɝː.ʒən, -ʃən
coercionist kəʊ'ɜː.ʃən.ɪst (US) koʊ'ɝː.ʒən-, -ʃən- -s -s
coercive kəʊ'ɜː.sɪv (US) koʊ'ɝː- **-ly** -li
co-eternal ˌkəʊ.ɪ'tɜː.nəl (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪ'tɝː-
Coetzee kuːt'sɪə, -siː
Coeur de Lion ˌkɜː.də'liː.ɔ̃ːŋ, -dəl'iː-, -ɒn (US) ˌkɝː.də'liː.ən, -'laɪən
coeval kəʊ'iː.vəl (US) koʊ- -s -z
co-executor ˌkəʊ.ɪg'zek.jʊ.təʳ, -eg'-, -jə-; -ɪk'sek-, -ek'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪg'zek.juː.t̬ɚ, -eg'- -s -z
co-exist ˌkəʊ.ɪg'zɪst, -eg'-, -əg'-; -ɪk'sɪst, -ek'-, -ək'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪg'zɪst, -eg'- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
co-existen|ce ˌkəʊ.ɪg'zɪs.tən|ts, -eg'-, -əg'-; -ɪk'sɪs-, -ek'-, -ək'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪg'-, -eg'- **-t** -t
co-extend ˌkəʊ.ɪk'stend, -ek'-, -ək'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪk'-, -ek'- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
co-extension ˌkəʊ.ɪk'sten.tʃən, -ek'-, -ək'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪk'-, -ek'- -s -z
co-extensive ˌkəʊ.ɪk'stent.sɪv, -ek'-, -ək'- (US) ˌkoʊ.ɪk'-, -ek'-
Coey 'kəʊ.i (US) 'koʊ-
C of E (*abbrev. for* **Church of England**) ˌsiː.əv'iː
coffee 'kɒf.i (US) 'kɑː.fi, 'kɔː- -s -z 'coffee ˌbar; 'coffee ˌbean; 'coffee ˌbreak; 'coffee ˌcup; 'coffee ˌmill; 'coffee ˌtable
coffeehou|se 'kɒf.i.haʊ|s (US) 'kɑː.fi-, 'kɔː- **-ses** -zɪz
coffee klatch, coffee klatsch 'kɒf.iˌklætʃ (US) 'kɑː.fi-, 'kɔː-
coffeemaker 'kɒf.iˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) 'kɑː.fiˌmeɪ.kɚ, 'kɔː- -s -z
coffeepot 'kɒf.i.pɒt (US) 'kɑː.fi.pɑːt, 'kɔː- -s -s
coffer 'kɒf.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.fɚ, 'kɔː- -s -z
cofferdam 'kɒf.ə.dæm (US) 'kɑː.fɚ-, -dəm -s -z
Coffey 'kɒf.i (US) 'kɑː.fi, 'kɔː-
coffin (C) 'kɒf.ɪn (US) 'kɔː.fɪn, 'kɑː- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cog kɒg (US) kɑːg, kɔːg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
cogen|ce 'kəʊ.dʒənt|s (US) 'koʊ- **-cy** -si
Cogenhoe 'kʊk.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
cogent 'kəʊ.dʒənt (US) 'koʊ- **-ly** -li
Coggeshall *in Essex:* 'kɒg.ɪ.ʃəl; 'kɒk.səl (US) 'kɑː.gɪ.ʃəl, 'kɔː-; 'kɑːk.səl *surname:* 'kɒg.zɔːl (US) 'kɑːg.zɔːl, 'kɔːg-, -zɑːl
Coggin 'kɒg.ɪn (US) 'kɑː.gɪn, 'kɔː-
Coghill 'kɒg.ɪl, -hɪl (US) 'kɑː.gɪl, 'kɔː-, 'kɑːg.hɪl, 'kɔːg-
cogi|tate 'kɒdʒ.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- (US) 'kɑː.dʒə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.təʳ/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z
cogitation ˌkɒdʒ.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, -ə'- (US) ˌkɑː.dʒə'- -s -z
cogitative 'kɒdʒ.ɪ.tə.tɪv, '-ə-, -teɪ- (US) 'kɑː.dʒə.teɪ.t̬ɪv
cogito ergo sum ˌkɒg.ɪ.təʊˌɜː.gəʊ'sʊm (US) ˌkɑː.giː.toʊˌer.goʊ'sʌm, ˌkoʊ.gə-, -dʒiː-, -ˌɝː-, -'sʊm
cognac 'kɒn.jæk (US) 'koʊ.njæk -s -s
cognate 'kɒg.neɪt, -'- (US) 'kɑːg.neɪt, 'kɔːg- -s -s
cognation kɒg'neɪ.ʃən (US) kɑːg-, kɔːg-
cognition kɒg'nɪʃ.ən (US) kɑːg-, kɔːg- -s -z
cognitive 'kɒg.nə.tɪv, -nɪ- (US) 'kɑːg.nə.t̬ɪv, 'kɔːg-
cognizable, -isa- 'kɒg.nɪ.zə.bəl, 'kɒn.ɪ-; kɒg'naɪ- (US) 'kɑːg.nɪ-, 'kɔːg-, 'kɑː-, kɑːg'naɪ-, kɔːg-
cognizanc|e, -isa- 'kɒg.nɪ.zənts, 'kɒn.ɪ-; kɒg'naɪ- (US) 'kɑːg.nə-, 'kɔːg-, 'kɑː- **-es** -ɪz
cognizant, -isa- 'kɒg.nɪ.zənt, 'kɒn.ɪ-; kɒg'naɪ- (US) 'kɑːg.nə-, 'kɔːg-, 'kɑː-
cognomen kɒg'nəʊ.men, -mən (US) kɑːg'noʊ-, kɔːg- -s -z
cognominal kɒg'nəʊ.mɪ.nəl, -'nɒm.ɪ- (US) kɑːg'nɑː.mə-, kɔːg-
cognoscent|e ˌkɒn.jəʊ'ʃen.t|i, ˌkɒg.nəʊ'-, -'sen- (US) ˌkɑːg.nə'ʃen.t̬|i, ˌkɔːg-, ˌkɑː.njə'- **-i** -iː, -i
cognovit kɒg'nəʊ.vɪt (US) kɑːg'noʊ-, kɔːg- -s -s
cogwheel 'kɒg.wiːl, -hwiːl (US) 'kɑːg-, 'kɔːg- -s -z
cohab|it kəʊ'hæb|.ɪt (US) koʊ- **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
cohabitant kəʊ'hæb.ɪ.tənt (US) koʊ'hæb.ɪ.t̬ənt -s -s
cohabitation kəʊˌhæb.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, ˌkəʊ.hæb- (US) koʊˌhæb-
cohabitee ˌkəʊ.hæb.ɪ'tiː, kəʊˌhæb.ɪ'tiː (US) ˌkoʊ- -s -z
co-heir ˌkəʊ'eəʳ, '-- (US) 'koʊ.er, -'- -s -z
co-heiress ˌkəʊ'eə.res, -rɪs, -rəs, ˌ--'-- (US) 'koʊ.er.əs, ˌ-'-- **-es** -ɪz
Cohen 'kəʊ.ɪn, -ən (US) 'koʊ.ən
coher|e kəʊ'hɪəʳ (US) koʊ'hɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
coheren|ce kəʊ'hɪə.rənt|s (US) koʊ'hɪr.ənt|s **-cy** -si
coherent kəʊ'hɪə.rənt (US) koʊ'hɪr.ənt **-ly** -li

hesion kəʊ'hiː.ʒᵊn US koʊ-
hesive kəʊ'hiː.sɪv, -zɪv US koʊ-
ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
hn kəʊn US koʊn
hn-Bendit ˌkəʊn'ben.dɪt, ˌkəʊm-
S ˌkoʊn-
hort 'kəʊ.hɔːt US 'koʊ.hɔːrt -s -s
HSE 'kəʊ.zi US 'koʊ-
if (n.) kɔɪf -s -s
if (v.) kwɑːf -s -s -fing -ɪŋ -fed -t
iffé 'kwɑː.feɪ, 'kwɒf.eɪ, 'kwæf-,
'- US kwɑː'feɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
iffeur kwɑː'fɜːʳ, kwɒf'ɜːʳ, kwæf-
S kwɑː'fɝː -s -z
iffeus|e kwɑː'fɜːz, kwɒf'ɜːz,
ːwæf- US kwɑː'fɜːz -es -ɪz
iffure kwɒ'fjʊəʳ, kwɒf'jʊəʳ,
ːwæf- US kwɑː'fjʊr -s -z
ign kɔɪn -s -z
il kɔɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
imbra 'kwɪm.brə, 'kwiːm-
in kɔɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s
əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
inag|e 'kɔɪ.nɪdʒ -es -ɪz
in-box 'kɔɪn.bɒks, 'kɔɪm-
S 'kɔɪn.bɑːks -es -ɪz
incid|e ˌkəʊ.ɪn'saɪd, -ən'- US ˌkoʊ-
es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
incidenc|e kəʊ'ɪnt.sɪ.dᵊnts
S koʊ- -es -ɪz
incidental kəʊˌɪnt.sɪ'den.tᵊl,
kəʊ.ɪn- US koʊˌɪnt.sɪ'den.t̬ᵊl -ly -i
-inheritor ˌkəʊ.ɪn'her.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə-
S ˌkoʊ.ɪn'her.ə.t̬ɚ -s -z
insurance ˌkəʊ.ɪn'ʃʊə.rᵊnts, -'ʃɔː-
S ˌkoʊ.ɪn'ʃʊr.ᵊnts, -'ʃɝː-
insur|e ˌkəʊ.ɪn'ʃʊəʳ, -'ʃɔːʳ US
koʊ.ɪn'ʃʊr, -'ʃɝː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed
d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
intreau® 'kwɒn.trəʊ, 'kwɑːn-,
kwæn- US 'kwɑːn.troʊ
ir kɔɪəʳ US kɔɪr
ition kəʊ'ɪʃ.ᵊn US koʊ-
it|us 'kəʊ.ɪ.t|əs, 'kɔɪ.t|əs
S 'koʊ.ə.t̬|əs -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i
itus interruptus
kəʊ.ɪ.təs.ɪn.tə'rʌp.təs, ˌkɔɪ-
S ˌkoʊ.ə.t̬əs.ɪn.t̬ə'-
ke kəʊk US koʊk
ke *surname:* kəʊk, kʊk US koʊk
te: Members of the Essex family
pronounce /kʊk/. So also the family
name of the Earl of Leicester.
ke® kəʊk US koʊk
ker 'kəʊ.kəʳ US 'koʊ.kɚ
l kɒl US kɑːl -s -z
l. (*abbrev. for* Colonel) 'kɜː.nᵊl
S 'kɝː-
la 'kəʊ.lə US 'koʊ-
lander 'kʌl.ən.dəʳ, 'kɒl-
S 'kʌl.ən.dɚ, 'kɑː.lən- -s -z
lbert kɒl'beəʳ US kɔːl'ber, koʊl-
lby 'kəʊl.bi, 'kɒl- US 'koʊl-
lcannon kəl'kæn.ən, 'kɒl.kæn-
S kəl'kæn.ən, 'kɑːl.kæn-
lchester 'kəʊl.tʃɪ.stəʳ, -tʃə-
S 'koʊl.tʃes.tɚ
lchicum 'kɒl.tʃɪ.kəm, -kɪ- US 'kɑːl-

Colchis 'kɒl.kɪs US 'kɑːl-
Colclough 'kɒl.klʌf, 'kəʊl-, 'kəʊ.kli US 'kɑːl.klʌf, 'koʊl-, 'koʊ.kli
cold kəʊld US koʊld -s -z -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌcold 'comfort; 'cold ˌcream; ˌcold 'feet; 'cold ˌframe; 'cold ˌsore; ˌcold 'storage; ˌcold 'turkey; ˌcold 'war; ˌcold 'water; blow ˌhot and 'cold
cold-blooded ˌkəʊld'blʌd.ɪd US ˌkoʊld- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌcold-blooded 'killer
cold-call (*v.*) 'kəʊld.kɔːl US 'koʊld-, -kɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cold-hearted ˌkəʊld'hɑː.tɪd US ˌkoʊld'hɑːr.t̬ɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs
coldish (C) 'kəʊl.dɪʃ US 'koʊl-
Colditz 'kəʊl.dɪts US 'koʊl-, 'kɑːl-
Coldplay 'kəʊl*d*.pleɪ US 'koʊl*d*-
cold-should|er ˌkəʊld'ʃəʊl.d|əʳ US ˌkoʊld'ʃoʊl.d|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd
Coldstream 'kəʊl*d*.striːm US 'koʊl*d*-
cole (C) kəʊl US koʊl -s -z
Colebrook(e) 'kəʊl.brʊk US 'koʊl-
Coleby 'kəʊl.bi US 'koʊl-
Coleclough 'kəʊl.klaʊ, -klʌf US 'koʊl-
Coleen kɒl'iːn, '-- US kɑː'liːn, koʊ'liːn
Coleford 'kəʊl.fəd US 'koʊl.fɚd
Coleman 'kəʊl.mən US 'koʊl-
Colenso kə'len.zəʊ US -zoʊ
coleopter|a ˌkɒl.i'ɒp.tᵊr|.ə US ˌkɑː.li'ɑːp- -al -ᵊl
Coleraine kəʊl'reɪn US koʊl-
Coleridge 'kəʊ.lᵊr.ɪdʒ US 'koʊ-
Coles kəʊlz US koʊlz
Coleshill 'kəʊlz.hɪl US 'koʊlz-
coleslaw 'kəʊl.slɔː US 'koʊl.slɑː, -slɔː
Colet 'kɒl.ɪt US 'kɑː.lɪt
cole-tit 'kəʊl.tɪt US 'koʊl- -s -s
Colette kɒl'et, kə'let US koʊ'let, kɑː-
coley (C) 'kəʊ.li US 'koʊ- -s -z
Colgan 'kɒl.gən US 'kɑːl-
Colgate® 'kəʊl.geɪt, 'kɒl-, -gət, -gɪt US 'koʊl.geɪt
colic 'kɒl.ɪk US 'kɑː.lɪk -ky -i
Colin 'kɒl.ɪn US 'kɑː.lɪn
Colindale 'kɒl.ɪn.deɪl, -ən- US 'kɑː.lɪn-, -lən-
Coling 'kəʊ.lɪŋ US 'koʊ-
coliseum (C) ˌkɒl.ɪ'siː.əm, -ə'- US ˌkɑː.lə'-
colitis kɒl'aɪ.tɪs, kəʊ'laɪ-, -təs US koʊ'laɪ.t̬ɪs, kə-, -t̬əs
collabor|ate kə'læb.ᵊr|.eɪt, kɒl'æb- US kə'læb.ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
collaboration kəˌlæb.ᵊ'reɪ.ʃᵊn, kɒlˌæb- US kəˌlæb- -s -z
collaborative kə'læb.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, kɒl'æb- US kə'læb.ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -rə.t̬ɪv -ly -li
collaborator kə'læb.ᵊr.eɪ.təʳ, kɒl'æb- US kə'læb.ə.reɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
collag|e kɒl'ɑːʒ, kə'lɑːʒ; 'kɒl.ɑːʒ US kə'lɑːʒ, kɑː-, koʊ- -es -ɪz

collagen 'kɒl.ə.dʒən, -dʒɪn US 'kɑː.lə-
collagenic ˌkɒl.ə'dʒen.ɪk US ˌkɑː.lə'-
collagenous kə'lædʒ.ɪ.nəs, '-ə-
collaps|e kə'læps -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
collapsible kə'læp.sə.bᵊl, -sɪ-
coll|ar 'kɒl|.əʳ US 'kɑː.l|ɚ -ars -əz US -ɚz -aring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ared -əd US -ɚd ˌhot under the 'collar
collarbone 'kɒl.ə.bəʊn US 'kɑː.lɚ.boʊn -s -z
Collard 'kɒl.əd US 'kɑː.lɚd
coll|ate kə'l|eɪt, kɒl'|eɪt US kə'l|eɪt, koʊ-, kɑː- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
collateral kə'læt.ᵊr.ᵊl, kɒl'æt- US kə'læt̬- -s -z -ly -i
collation kə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, kɒl'eɪ- US kɑː'leɪ-, kə-, koʊ- -s -z
colleague 'kɒl.iːg US 'kɑː.liːg -s -z
collect (*n.*) 'kɒl.ekt, -ɪkt US 'kɑːl.ekt, -ɪkt -s -s
collect (*v.*) kə'lekt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
collectable kə'lek.tə.bᵊl -s -z
collectanea ˌkɒl.ek'teɪ.ni.ə, -'tɑː- US ˌkɑː.lek'-
collected kə'lek.tɪd, -təd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
collectible kə'lek.tə.bᵊl, -tɪ- -s -z
collection kə'lek.ʃᵊn -s -z
collective kə'lek.tɪv -ly -li coˌllective 'bargaining
collectiv|ism kə'lek.tɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm US -tə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
collectivity ˌkɒl.ek'tɪv.ɪ.ti, kəˌlek-, -ə.ti US ˌkɑː.lek'tɪv.ə.t̬i, kəˌlek'-
collectivization, -isa- kəˌlek.tɪ.vaɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-, -vɪ'- US -tɪ.vɪ'zeɪ-
collectiviz|e, -is|e kə'lek.tɪ.vaɪz, -tə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
collector kə'lek.təʳ US -tɚ -s -z co'llector's ˌitem, coˌllector's 'item
colleen (C) 'kɒl.iːn *in Ireland:* -'- US kɑː'liːn, '-- -s -z
colleg|e (C) 'kɒl.ɪdʒ US 'kɑː.lɪdʒ -es -ɪz 'College ˌBoard; ˌcollege 'try
collegian kə'liː.dʒi.ən, kɒl'iː-, '-dʒᵊn US kə'liː.dʒən, '-dʒi.ən -s -z
collegiate kə'liː.dʒi.ət, kɒl'iː-, -dʒət US kə'liː.dʒɪt, -dʒi.ɪt
Colles 'kɒl.ɪs, -əs US 'kɑː.lɪs
collet (C) 'kɒl.ɪt, -ət US 'kɑː.lɪt -s -s
Collett 'kɒl.ɪt, -et, -ət US 'kɑː.lɪt
Colley 'kɒl.i US 'kɑː.li
collid|e kə'laɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
collie (C) 'kɒl.i US 'kɑː.li -s -z
collier (C) 'kɒl.i.əʳ, '-jəʳ US 'kɑːl.jɚ -s -z
collier|y 'kɒl.jə.r|i, -i.ᵊr|.i US 'kɑːl.jɚ|.i -ies -iz
colli|gate 'kɒl.ɪ|.geɪt, '-ə- US 'kɑː.lə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ US -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd US -geɪ.t̬ɪd
colligation ˌkɒl.ɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- US ˌkɑː.lə'-

colli|mate 'kɒl.ɪ|.meɪt, '-ə- (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-mates** -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-mated** -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
collimation ˌkɒl.ɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- (US) ˌkɑː.lə'-
collimator 'kɒl.ɪ.meɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) 'kɑː.lə.meɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
collinear kɒl'ɪn.i.əʳ, kəʊ'lɪn- (US) kə'lɪn.i.ɚ, kɑː-
Collingham 'kɒl.ɪŋ.əm (US) 'kɑː.lɪŋ-
Collings 'kɒl.ɪŋz (US) 'kɑː.lɪŋz
Collingwood 'kɒl.ɪŋ.wʊd (US) 'kɑː.lɪŋ-
Collins 'kɒl.ɪnz (US) 'kɑː.lɪnz
Collinson 'kɒl.ɪn.sᵊn, -ən- (US) 'kɑː.lɪn-
Collis 'kɒl.ɪs (US) 'kɑː.lɪs
collision kə'lɪʒ.ᵊn **-s** -z coˈllision ˌcourse
collo|cate 'kɒl.əʊ|.keɪt (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
collocation ˌkɒl.əʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑː.lə'- **-s** -z
collodi|on kə'ləʊ.di|.ən (US) -'loʊ- **-um** -əm
colloid 'kɒl.ɔɪd (US) 'kɑː.lɔɪd **-s** -z
colloidal kə'lɔɪ.dᵊl, kɒl'ɔɪ- (US) kə'lɔɪ-
collop 'kɒl.əp (US) 'kɑː.ləp **-s** -s
colloquial kə'ləʊ.kwi.əl (US) -'loʊ- **-ly** -i **-ism/s** -ɪ.zᵊm/z
colloquium kə'ləʊ.kwi.əm (US) -'loʊ-
colloqu|y 'kɒl.ə.kw|i (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
collotype 'kɒl.əʊ.taɪp (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-s** -s
Colls kɒlz (US) kɑːlz
collud|e kə'luːd, -ljuːd (US) -'luːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
collusion kə'luː.ʒᵊn, -'ljuː- (US) -'luː- **-s** -z
collusive kə'luː.sɪv, -'ljuː- (US) -'luː- **-ly** -li
Collyns 'kɒl.ɪnz (US) 'kɑː.lɪnz
collywobbles 'kɒl.iˌwɒb.ᵊlz (US) 'kɑː.liˌwɑː.bᵊlz
Colman 'kəʊl.mən, 'kɒl- (US) 'koʊl-, 'kɑːl-
Colnaghi kɒl'nɑː.gi (US) kɑːl-
Colnbrook 'kəʊln.brʊk, 'kəʊn- (US) 'koʊln-, 'koʊn-
Colne kəʊn, kəʊln (US) koʊn, koʊln
Colney 'kəʊ.ni (US) 'koʊ-
Colo. (*abbrev. for* **Colorado**) ˌkɒl.ᵊr'ɑː.dəʊ (US) ˌkɑː.lə'ræd.oʊ, -'rɑː.doʊ
cologne (C) kə'ləʊn (US) -'loʊn **-s** -z
Colombi|a kə'lɒm.bi|.ə, -'lʌm- (US) -'lʌm- **-an/s** -ən/z
Colombo kə'lʌm.bəʊ, -'lɒm- (US) -'lʌm.boʊ
colon *punctuation, part of intestine:* 'kəʊ.lɒn, -lən (US) 'koʊ.lən **-s** -z **cola** 'kəʊ.lə (US) 'koʊ-
colon, colón *currency:* kɒl'ɒn, kə'lɒn (US) kə'loʊn **-s** -z **-es** -es, -əs
colonel (C) 'kɜː.nᵊl (US) 'kɝː- **-s** -z ˌColonel 'Blimp
colonelc|y 'kɜː.nᵊl.s|i (US) 'kɝː- **-ies** -iz
colonelship 'kɜː.nᵊl.ʃɪp (US) 'kɝː- **-s** -s

colonial kə'ləʊ.ni.əl (US) -'loʊ- **-s** -z
colonial|ism kə'ləʊ.ni.ə.l|ɪ.zᵊm (US) -'loʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
colonist 'kɒl.ə.nɪst (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-s** -s
colonization, -isa- ˌkɒl.ə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- (US) ˌkɑː.lə.nɪ'-
coloniz|e, -is|e 'kɒl.ə.naɪz (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
colonnade ˌkɒl.ə'neɪd (US) ˌkɑː.lə'- **-s** -z
Colonus kə'ləʊ.nəs (US) -'loʊ-
colon|y 'kɒl.ə.n|i (US) 'kɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
colophon 'kɒl.ə.fən, -fɒn (US) 'kɑː.lə.fən, -fɑːn **-s** -z
col|or 'kʌl|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored/s** -əd/z (US) -ɚd/s **-orer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z **-orist/s** -ᵊr.ɪst/s
colorab|le 'kʌl.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
Colorado ˌkɒl.ᵊr'ɑː.dəʊ (US) ˌkɑː.lə'ræd.oʊ, -'rɑː.doʊ *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**Colorado** '**beetle**; ˌ**Colorado** '**Springs**
colorant 'kʌl.ᵊr.ənt **-s** -s
coloration ˌkʌl.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn
coloratura ˌkɒl.ᵊr.ə'tjʊə.rə, -'tʊə- (US) ˌkʌl.ɚ.ə'tʊr.ə, ˌkɑː.lɚ-, -'tjʊr-
color|-blind 'kʌl.ə|.blaɪnd (US) '-ɚ- **-blindness** -ˌblaɪnd.nəs, -nɪs
colorcast 'kʌl.ə.kɑːst (US) -ɚ.kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
color-coded 'kʌl.əˌkəʊ.dɪd (US) -ɚ.koʊ-
colorfast 'kʌl.ə.fɑːst (US) -ɚ.fæst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
colorful 'kʌl.ə.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) '-ɚ- **-ly** -i
colorific ˌkɒl.ə'rɪf.ɪk, ˌkʌl- (US) ˌkʌl-
coloring 'kʌl.ᵊr.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Colorization® ˌkɒl.ə.raɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌkʌl-, -rɪ'- (US) ˌkʌl.ɚ.ɪ'-
colorless 'kʌl.ə.ləs, -lɪs (US) '-ɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
colossal kə'lɒs.ᵊl (US) -'lɑː.sᵊl **-ly** -i
colosseum (C) ˌkɒl.ə'siː.əm (US) ˌkɑː.lə'-
Colossian kə'lɒs.i.ən, -'lɒʃ.i.ən, -'lɒʃ.ᵊn (US) -'lɑː.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
coloss|us kə'lɒs|.əs (US) -'lɑː.s|əs **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz
colostom|y kə'lɒs.tə.m|i, kɒl'ɒs- (US) kə'lɑː.stə- **-ies** -iz
colostrum kə'lɒs.trəm, kɒl'ɒs- (US) kə'lɑː.strəm
col|our 'kʌl|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-oured/s** -əd/z (US) -ɚd/s **-ourer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z **-ourist/s** -ᵊr.ɪst/s
colourab|le 'kʌl.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
colourant 'kʌl.ᵊr.ənt **-s** -s
colouration ˌkʌl.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn
colour|-blind 'kʌl.ə|.blaɪnd (US) '-ɚ- **-blindness** -ˌblaɪnd.nəs, -nɪs
colourcast 'kʌl.ə.kɑːst (US) -ɚ.kæst **-s** -s
colour-coded 'kʌl.əˌkəʊ.dɪd (US) -ɚˌkoʊ-
colourfast 'kʌl.ə.fɑːst (US) -ɚ.fæst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

colourful 'kʌl.ə.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) '-ɚ- **-ly** -i
colouring 'kʌl.ᵊr.ɪŋ **-s** -z
colourless 'kʌl.ə.ləs, -lɪs (US) '-ɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
colourway 'kʌl.ə.weɪ (US) -ɚ- **-s** -z
colpo- 'kɒl.pəʊ; kɒl'pɒ (US) 'kɑːl.pə, 'kɑːl.poʊ; kɑːl'pɑː
Note: Prefix. This may carry primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **colposcope** /'kɒl.pə.skəʊp (US) 'kɑːl.pə.skoʊp/, or on the second syllable, e.g. **colposcopy** /kɒl'pɒs.kə.pi (US) kɑːl'pɑː-/.
colporteur 'kɒl.pɔː.təʳ, ˌkɒl.pɔː'tɜːʳ (US) 'kɑːl.pɔːr.t̬ɚ, ˌkɑːl.pɔːr'tɝː **-s** -z
colposcope 'kɒl.pə.skəʊp (US) 'kɑːl.pə.skoʊp **-s** -s
colposcopic ˌkɒl.pə'skɒp.ɪk (US) ˌkɑːl.pə'skɑː.pɪk
colposcopy kɒl'pɒs.kə.pi (US) kɑːl'pɑː.skə-
Colquhoun kə'huːn
Cols. (*abbrev. for* **Colonels**) 'kɜː.nᵊlz (US) 'kɝː-
Colson 'kəʊl.sᵊn (US) 'koʊl-
Colston 'kəʊl.stᵊn (US) 'koʊl-
colt kəʊlt (US) koʊlt **-s** -s
coltish 'kəʊl.tɪʃ (US) 'koʊl.t̬ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Coltrane kɒl'treɪn, kəʊl- (US) 'koʊl.treɪn
coltsfoot 'kəʊlts.fʊt (US) 'koʊlts- **-s** -s
colubrine 'kɒl.jʊ.braɪn, -brɪn (US) 'kɑː.lə-, 'kɑːl.jə-
Columba kə'lʌm.bə
columbari|um ˌkɒl.əm'beə.ri|.əm (US) ˌkɑː.ləm'ber.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
Columbi|a kə'lʌm.bi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Columbiad kə'lʌm.bi.æd
columbine (C) 'kɒl.əm.baɪn (US) 'kɑː.ləm- **-s** -z
Columbo kə'lʌm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
Columbus kə'lʌm.bəs
column 'kɒl.əm (US) 'kɑː.ləm **-s** -z **-ed** -d
column|al kə'lʌm.n|ᵊl **-ar** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
columnist 'kɒl.əm.nɪst, -ə.mɪst (US) 'kɑː.ləm.nɪst, -lə.mɪst **-s** -s
colure kə'ljʊəʳ, -'lʊəʳ; 'kəʊ.ljʊəʳ, -lʊəʳ (US) koʊ'lʊr, kə-; 'koʊ.lʊr **-s** -z
Colwyn 'kɒl.wɪn (US) 'kɑːl- ˌ**Colwyn** '**Bay**
Colyton 'kɒl.ɪ.tᵊn (US) 'kɑː.lɪ.t̬ᵊn
colza 'kɒl.zə (US) 'kɑːl-
com- kɒm, kəm (US) kɑːm, kəm
Note: Prefix. This may carry primary or secondary stress, e.g. **combat** /'kɒm.bæt (US) 'kɑːm.bæt/ or be unstressed, e.g. **complete** /kəm'pliːt/.
coma *deep sleep:* 'kəʊ.mə (US) 'koʊ- **-s** -z
com|a *tuft:* 'kəʊ.m|ə (US) 'koʊ- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː
Coma Berenices ˌkəʊ.məˌber.ɪ'naɪ.siːz (US) ˌkoʊ.məˌber.ə'-
Comanche kə'mæn.tʃi, kəʊ- (US) kə- **-s** -z
Comaneci ˌkɒm.ə'netʃ.i, -'netʃ (US) ˌkoʊ.mə.'niː.tʃi, -'netʃ.i

matose 'kəʊ.mə.təʊs, -təʊz
US 'koʊ.mə.toʊs, 'kɑː-
mb kəʊm US koʊm **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z
ed -d
mbat (*n.*) 'kɒm.bæt, 'kʌm-, -bət
US 'kɑːm.bæt **-s** -s
mba|t (*v.*) 'kɒm.bæ|t, 'kʌm-, -bə|t;
kəm'bæ|t US kəm'bæ|t, kɑːm-;
kɑːm.bæ|t **-ts** -ts **-(t)ting** -tɪŋ
US -t̬ɪŋ **-(t)ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
mbatant 'kɒm.bə.tᵊnt, 'kʌm-;
kəm'bæt.ᵊnt US kəm'bæt.ᵊnt;
kɑːm.bə.tᵊnt **-s** -s
mbative 'kɒm.bə.tɪv, 'kʌm-;
kəm'bæt.ɪv US kəm'bæt̬.ɪv;
kɑːm.bə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
mbe (C) kuːm, kəʊm US kuːm,
koʊm **-s** -z
mber *combing machine:* 'kəʊ.məʳ
US 'koʊ.mɚ **-s** -z
mber (C) *fish:* 'kɒm.bəʳ
US 'kɑːm.bɚ **-s** -z
mbination ˌkɒm.bɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -bə'-
US ˌkɑːm.bə'-, -bɪ'- **-s** -z
combi'nation ˌlock; ˌcombi'nation room
mbinative 'kɒm.bɪ.nə.tɪv, -bə-,
neɪ- US 'kɑːm.bə.neɪ.t̬ɪv, -nə-; -bɪ-,
kəm'baɪ.nə.t̬ɪv
mbinatorial ˌkɒm.bɪ.nə'tɔː.ri.əl,
bᵊn.ə'- US ˌkɑːm.bə.nə'tɔːr.i-;
bɪn.ə'-; kəmˌbaɪ-
mbinatory 'kɒm.bɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, -tri;
kɒm.bɪ'neɪ- US 'kɑːm.bə.nə.tɔːr.i,
bɪ-; kəm'baɪ-
mbine (*n.*) 'kɒm.baɪn; kəm'baɪn
US 'kɑːm.baɪn **-s** -z
mbin|e (*v.*) *join:* kəm'baɪn **-es** -z
ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *harvest:* 'kɒm.baɪn
US 'kɑːm- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
combine 'harvester
mbo 'kɒm.bəʊ US 'kɑːm.boʊ **-s** -z
mbs kəʊmz, kuːmz US koʊmz
mbust kəm'bʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed**
ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
mbustibility kəmˌbʌs.tə'bɪl.ə.ti,
tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
mbustible kəm'bʌs.tə.bᵊl, -tɪ-
ness -nəs, -nɪs
mbustion kəm'bʌs.tʃᵊn **-s** -z
com'bustion ˌengine
mcast 'kɒm.kɑːst US 'kɑːm.kæst
m|e kʌm **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **came**
keɪm
me-at-able ˌkʌm'æt.ə.bᵊl US -'æt̬-
meback 'kʌm.bæk **-s** -s
mecon 'kɒm.ɪ.kɒn US 'kɑː.mɪ.kɑːn
median kə'miː.di.ən **-s** -z
medic kə'miː.dɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
medienne kəˌmiː.di'en, ˌkɒm.iː-
US kəˌmiː- **-s** -z
medown 'kʌm.daʊn, ˌ-'- US '-- **-s** -z
med|y 'kɒm.ə.dli, '-ɪ- US 'kɑː.mə-
ies -iz
me-hither ˌkʌm'hɪð.əʳ
US ˌkʌm'hɪð.ɚ *stress shift:*
ˌcome-hither 'look
mel|y 'kʌm.lli **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ
iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
menius kə'meɪ.ni.əs, kɒm'eɪ-,
-'iː- US kə'miː-
come-on 'kʌm.ɒn US -ɑːn **-s** -z
-comer ˌkʌm.əʳ US -ɚ
comer 'kʌm.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
comestible kə'mes.tɪ.bᵊl, -tə- **-s** -z
comet 'kɒm.ɪt US 'kɑː.mɪt **-s** -s **-ary**
-ᵊr.i US -er.i
come-uppanc|e kʌm'ʌp.ənts **-es** -ɪz
comfit 'kʌm.fɪt, 'kɒm- US 'kʌm-,
'kɑːm- **-s** -s
com|fort 'kʌmp|.fət US -fɚt **-forts**
-fəts US -fɚts **-forting/ly** -fə.tɪŋ/li
US -fɚ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-forted** -fə.tɪd
US -fɚ.t̬ɪd **-forter/s** -fə.təʳ/z
US -fɚ.t̬ɚ/z **'comfort ˌstation**
comfortab|le 'kʌmpf.tə.b|ᵊl,
'kʌmp.fə.tə- US 'kʌmp.fɚ.t̬ə-,
'kʌmpf.tə- **-ly** -li
comforter 'kʌmp.fə.təʳ US -fɚ.t̬ɚ
-s -z
comfortless 'kʌmp.fət.ləs, -lɪs
US -fɚt-
comfrey 'kʌmp.fri
comf|y 'kʌmp.f|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i
-iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
comic 'kɒm.ɪk US 'kɑː.mɪk **-s** -s **'comic ˌbook; 'comic ˌstrip, ˌcomic 'strip**
comic|al 'kɒm.ɪ.k|ᵊl US 'kɑː.mɪ- **-ally**
-ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Cominform 'kɒm.ɪn.fɔːm, -ən-, ˌ--'-
US 'kɑː.mən.fɔːrm
Comintern 'kɒm.ɪn.tɜːn, -ən-, ˌ--'-
US 'kɑː.mən.tɝːn
comity 'kɒm.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti US 'kɑː.mə.t̬i,
'koʊ-
comma 'kɒm.ə US 'kɑː.mə **-s** -z
command kə'mɑːnd US -'mænd **-s** -z
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
commandant 'kɒm.ən.dænt,
-dɑːnt, ˌ--'- US 'kɑː.mən.dænt,
-dɑːnt **-s** -s
commandantship
ˌkɒm.ən'dænt.ʃɪp, -'dɑːnt-,
'kɒm.ən.dænt.ʃɪp, -dɑːnt-
US 'kɑː.mən.dænt-, -dɑːnt- **-s** -s
commandeer ˌkɒm.ən'dɪəʳ
US ˌkɑː.mən'dɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
commander kə'mɑːn.dəʳ
US -'mæn.dɚ **-s** -z
commander-in-chief
kəˌmɑːn.də.rɪn'tʃiːf US -ˌmæn.dɚ-
commanders-in-chief
kəˌmɑːn.dəz.ɪn'tʃiːf US -ˌmænd.ɚz-
commandership kə'mɑːn.də.ʃɪp
US -'mæn.dɚ- **-s** -s
commanding kə'mɑːn.dɪŋ
US -'mæn- **-ly** -li
commandment kə'mɑːnd.mənt,
-'mɑːm- US -'mænd- **-s** -s
commando kə'mɑːn.dəʊ
US -'mæn.doʊ **-(e)s** -z
Comme des Garçons
ˌkɒm.deɪ.gɑː'sɔ̃ːŋ,
ˌkɒm.deɪ'gɑː.sɔːŋ
US ˌkɑːm.deɪ.gɑːr'sõʊn
commedia dell'arte
kɒmˌeɪ.di.ə.del'ɑː.teɪ, kəˌmeɪ-,
-ˌmed.i- US kəˌmeɪ.di.ə.del'ɑːr.t̬i
comme il faut ˌkɒm.iːl'fəʊ
US ˌkʌm.iːl'foʊ, ˌkɑːm-
commemo|rate kə'mem.ə|.reɪt
-rates -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ US
-reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd US -reɪ.t̬ɪd
-rator/s -reɪ.təʳ/z US -reɪ.t̬ɚ/z
commemoration kəˌmem.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn
-s -z
commemorative kə'mem.ᵊr.ə.tɪv,
-eɪ- US -ə.t̬ɪv, -eɪ- **-ly** -li
commenc|e kə'ments **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -t
commencement kə'ments.mənt
-s -s
commend kə'mend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
commendab|le kə'men.də.b|ᵊl **-ly**
-li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
commendation ˌkɒm.en'deɪ.ʃᵊn,
-ən'- US ˌkɑː.mən'- **-s** -z
commendatory kə'men.də.tᵊr.i,
-tri; ˌkɒm.en'deɪ-, -ən'-
US kə'men.də.tɔːr.i
commensal kə'ment.sᵊl
commensalism kə'ment.sᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
commensurability
kəˌment.ʃᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ʃʊ.rə-,
-sjᵊr.ə-, -ɪ.ti US -sɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -ʃɚ-
commensurab|le
kə'ment.ʃᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, -ʃʊ.rə-, -sjᵊr.ə-
US -sɚ.ə-, -ʃɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs,
-nɪs
commensurate kə'ment.ʃᵊr.ət,
-ʃʊ.rət, -sjᵊr.ət, -ɪt US -sɚ.ət, -ʃɚ-
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
comment (*n.*) 'kɒm.ent
US 'kɑː.ment **-s** -s
commen|t (*v.*) 'kɒm.en|t, -ən|t;
kɒm'ent, kə'men|t US 'kɑː.men|t **-ts**
-ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
commentar|y 'kɒm.ən.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i
US 'kɑː.mən.ter|.i **-ies** -iz
commen|tate 'kɒm.ən|.teɪt, -en-
US 'kɑː.mən- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating**
-teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd
US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
commentator 'kɒm.ən.teɪ.təʳ, -en-
US 'kɑː.mən.teɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
commerce 'kɒm.ɜːs US 'kɑː.mɝːs
commercial kə'mɜː.ʃᵊl
US -'mɝː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
commercialese kəˌmɜː.ʃᵊl'iːz
US -ˌmɝː.ʃə'liːz
commercial|ism kə'mɜː.ʃᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm
US -'mɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
commerciality kəˌmɜː.ʃi'æl.ə.ti,
-ɪ.ti US -ˌmɝː.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i
commercialization, -isa-
kəˌmɜː.ʃə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -lɪ'-
US -mɝː.ʃə.lɪ'-
commercializ|e, -is|e kə'mɜː.ʃᵊl.aɪz
US -'mɝː.ʃə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
commie 'kɒm.i US 'kɑː.mi **-s** -z
commi|nate 'kɒm.ɪ|.neɪt
US 'kɑː.mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating**
-neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd
US -neɪ.t̬ɪd
commination ˌkɒm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn
US ˌkɑː.mə'- **-s** -z
comminatory 'kɒm.ɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, -neɪ-,
-tri US 'kɑː.mɪ.nə.tɔːr.i; kə'mɪn.ə-

commingl|e kɒmˈɪŋ.gᵊl, kəˈmɪŋ- (US) kəˈmɪŋ-, kɑː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
commi|nute ˈkɒm.ɪ.njuːt (US) ˈkɑː.mə.nuːt, -njuːt **-nutes** -njuːts (US) -nuːts, -njuːts **-nuting** -njuː.tɪŋ (US) -nuː.t̬ɪŋ, -njuː- **-nuted** -njuː.tɪd (US) -nuː.t̬ɪd, -njuː-
comminution ˌkɒm.ɪˈnjuː.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑː.məˈnuː-, -ˈnjuː-
commis ˈkɒm.i, -ɪs (US) ˌkɑːˈmi *stress shift, American only, see compound:* ˈ**commis** ˌ**chef**, ˌ**commis** ˈ**chef**
commiser|ate kəˈmɪz.ᵊr|.eɪt, kɒmˈɪz- (US) kəˈmɪz- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
commiseration kəˌmɪz.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, kɒmˌɪz- (US) kəˌmɪz- **-s** -z
commissar ˌkɒm.ɪˈsɑːʳ, -əˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˈkɑː.mə.sɑːr **-s** -z
commissarial ˌkɒm.ɪˈseə.ri.əl, -əˈ-, -ˈsɑː-, -ˈsær.i- (US) ˌkɑː.məˈser.i-
commissariat ˌkɒm.ɪˈseə.ri.ət, -əˈ-, -ˈsɑː-, -ˈsær.i-, -æt (US) ˌkɑː.məˈser-
commissar|y ˈkɒm.ɪ.sᵊr|.i, kəˈmɪs.ᵊr- (US) ˈkɑː.mə.ser- **-ies** -iz
commission kəˈmɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-nəʳ/z (US) ˈ-ᵊn.ɚ/z, ˈ-nɚ/z **comˈmission** ˌ**agent; comˌmissioned** ˈ**officer**
commissionaire kəˌmɪʃ.ᵊnˈeəʳ (US) -ˈer **-s** -z
commissive kəˈmɪs.ɪv, ˈkɒm.ɪ.sɪv (US) kəˈmɪs-
commissure ˈkɒm.ɪ.sjʊəʳ, ˈ-ə-, -ʃʊəʳ (US) ˈkɑː.mə.ʃʊr **-s** -z
com|mit kə|ˈmɪt **-mits** -s **-mitting** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ **-mitted** -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd **-mitter/s** -ˈmɪt.əʳ/z (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɚ/z
commitment kəˈmɪt.mənt **-s** -s
committal kəˈmɪt.ᵊl (US) -ˈmɪt̬- **-s** -z
committee *council:* kəˈmɪt.i (US) -ˈmɪt̬- **-s** -z **comˈmittee** ˌ**meeting**
committee *one committed:* ˌkɒm.ɪˈtiː (US) ˌkɑː.mɪˈtiː **-s** -z
committor ˌkɒm.ɪˈtɔːʳ, kəˈmɪt.əʳ (US) ˌkɑː.mɪˈt̬ɔːr; kəˈmɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z
commixture kəˈmɪks.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
commode kəˈməʊd (US) -ˈmoʊd **-s** -z
commodious kəˈməʊ.di.əs (US) -ˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
commodit|y kəˈmɒd.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈmɑː.də.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
commodore ˈkɒm.ə.dɔːʳ (US) ˈkɑː.mə.dɔːr **-s** -z
Commodus ˈkɒm.ə.dəs (US) ˈkɑː.mə-
common ˈkɒm.ən (US) ˈkɑː.mən **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**common deˈnominator;** ˌ**Common** ˈ**Market;** ˈ**common** ˌ**room;** ˌ**common** ˈ**sense;** ˈ**common** ˌ**touch**
commonage ˈkɒm.ə.nɪdʒ (US) ˈkɑː.mə-
commonality ˌkɒm.əˈnæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑː.məˈnæl.ə.t̬i
commonalt|y ˈkɒm.ə.nᵊl.t|i (US) ˈkɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz
Commondale ˈkɒm.ən.deɪl (US) ˈkɑː.mən-
commoner ˈkɒm.ə.nəʳ (US) ˈkɑː.mə.nɚ **-s** -z
common-law ˌkɒm.ənˈlɔː (US) ˈkɑː.mən.lɑː, -lɔː *stress shift, British only:* ˌcommon-law ˈwife
common-or-garden ˌkɒm.ən.ɔːˈgɑː.dᵊn, -əˈgɑː- (US) ˌkɑː.mən.ɔːrˈgɑːr-
commonplac|e ˈkɒm.ən.pleɪs, -əm- (US) ˈkɑː.mən- **-es** -ɪz
commons (C) ˈkɒm.ənz (US) ˈkɑː.mənz
commonsense ˌkɒm.ənˈsen*t*s (US) ˌkɑː.mənˈ-
commonsensical ˌkɒm.ənˈsen*t*.sɪ.kᵊl (US) ˌkɑː.mənˈ-
commonwealth (C) ˈkɒm.ən.welθ (US) ˈkɑː.mən- **-s** -s
commotion kəˈməʊ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˈmoʊ- **-s** -z
communal ˈkɒm.jʊ.nᵊl, -jə-; kəˈmjuː- (US) kəˈmjuː-; ˈkɑː.mjə- **-ly** -i
communard (C) ˈkɒm.jʊ.nɑːd, ˌkɒm.jʊˈnɑː (US) ˈkɑː.mjʊ.nɑːrd, -nɑːr **-s** -z
commune (*n.*) ˈkɒm.juːn (US) ˈkɑː.mjuːn **-s** -z
commun|e (*v.*) kəˈmjuːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
communicab|le kəˈmjuː.nɪ.kə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
communicant kəˈmjuː.nɪ.kənt **-s** -s
communi|cate kəˈmjuː.nɪ|.keɪt, -nə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
communication kəˌmjuː.nɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nəˈ- **-s** -z
communicative kəˈmjuː.nɪ.kə.tɪv, -nə-, -keɪ- (US) -nə.keɪ.t̬ɪv, -kə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
communion kəˈmjuː.ni.ən (US) -njən **-s** -z
communiqué kəˈmjuː.nɪ.keɪ, kɒmˈjuː-, -nə- (US) kəˌmjuː.nɪˈkeɪ, kəˈmjuː.nɪ.keɪ **-s** -z
commun|ism ˈkɒm.jə.n|ɪ.zᵊm, -jʊ- (US) ˈkɑː.mjə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
communit|y kəˈmjuː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- (US) -nə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz **comˈmunity** ˌ**centre; comˈmunity** ˌ**chest** (US) **commuˈnity** ˈ**chest; comˈmunity** ˌ**college**
commutability kəˌmjuː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
commutable kəˈmjuː.tə.bᵊl (US) -t̬ə-
commu|tate ˈkɒm.jʊ|.teɪt (US) ˈkɑː.mjə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.təʳ/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z
commutation ˌkɒm.jʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑː.mjəˈ- **-s** -z
commutative kəˈmjuː.tə.tɪv, ˈkɒm.jʊ.teɪ- (US) ˈkɑː.mjə.teɪ.t̬ɪv, kəˈmjuː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
com|mute kə|ˈmjuːt **-mutes** -ˈmjuːts **-muting** -ˈmjuː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈmjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-muted** -ˈmjuː.tɪd (US) -ˈmjuː.t̬ɪd
commuter kəˈmjuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Como ˈkəʊ.məʊ (US) ˈkoʊ.moʊ
Comorin ˈkɒm.ə.rɪn (US) ˈkɑː.mɚ.ɪn
Comoros ˈkɒm.ə.rəʊz (US) ˈkɑː.mə.roʊz
comose ˈkəʊ.məʊs, -məʊz, -ˈ- (US) ˈkoʊ.moʊs
compact (*n.*) ˈkɒm.pækt (US) ˈkɑːm- **-s** -s
compact (*adj, v.*) kəmˈpækt (US) kəm-, kɑːm- **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**compact** ˈ**disc,** ˌ**compact** ˈ**disk**
compactor kəmˈpæk.təʳ; ˈkɒm.pæk- (US) kəmˈpæk.tɚ; ˈkɑːm.pæk- **-s** -z
companion kəmˈpæn.jən **-s** -z **-ship** -ʃɪp
companionab|le kəmˈpæn.jə.nə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
companionate kəmˈpæn.jə.nət, -nɪt
companionway kəmˈpæn.jən.weɪ **-s** -z
compan|y ˈkʌm.pə.n|i **-ies** -iz
Compaq® ˈkɒm.pæk (US) ˈkɑːm-
comparability ˌkɒm.pᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.ti; kəmˌpær-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːm.pɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
comparab|le ˈkɒm.pᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈkɑːm-; kəmˈper.ə-, -ˈpær- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
comparative kəmˈpær.ə.tɪv (US) -ˈper.ə.t̬ɪv, -ˈpær- **-s** -z **-ly** -li
compar|e kəmˈpeəʳ (US) -ˈper **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
comparison kəmˈpær.ɪ.sᵊn (US) -ˈper-, -ˈpær- **-s** -z
compartment kəmˈpɑːt.mənt (US) -ˈpɑːrt- **-s** -s
compartmentalization, -isa- ˌkɒm.pɑːt.men.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, kɒm.pɑːtˌmen-, -ɪˈ- (US) kəm.pɑːrtˌmen.t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ-, ˌkɑːm-
compartmentaliz|e, -is|e ˌkɒm.pɑːtˈmen.tᵊl.aɪz (US) kəm.pɑːrtˈmen.t̬ə.laɪz, ˌkɑːm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
compass ˈkʌm.pəs (US) ˈkʌm-, ˈkɑːm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
compassion kəmˈpæʃ.ᵊn
compassionate kəmˈpæʃ.ᵊn.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
compatibility kəmˌpæt.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌpæt̬.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
compatib|le kəmˈpæt.ɪ.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈpæt̬- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
compatriot kəmˈpæt.ri.ət, kɒm- (US) kəmˈpeɪ.tri-, kɑːm- **-s** -s
compeer ˈkɒm.pɪəʳ, -ˈ- (US) ˈkɑːm.pɪr, -ˈ-, kəm- **-s** -z
compel kəmˈpel **-s** -z **-ling/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-led** -d **-lable** -ə.bᵊl
compendious kəmˈpen.di.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
compendi|um kəmˈpen.di|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
compen|sate ˈkɒm.pən|.seɪt, -pen-

Compounds

This panel looks at word stress in compounds. Compounds are words made up of two other words which can exist independently in English. They are written in a variety of ways: closed, e.g. *armchair, sunflower*; hyphenated, e.g. *front-runner, she-devil*; open, e.g. *side salad, bank manager*. Sometimes it is possible for the same compounds to be written in different ways, e.g. *shoulder blade* or *shoulderblade*.

There are some rules for compound word stress in English but they are not completely reliable. In addition, British and US English differ. The rules which follow are therefore guidelines, but exceptions exist.

Examples

Words that combine two nouns usually have primary stress on the first element, e.g.:

coffee pot	/ˈkɒf.i.pɒt/	US /ˈkɑː.fi.pɑːt/
suitcase	/ˈsuːt.keɪs/	

In US English, it is more frequently the case that compound nouns have first element stress, and this tendency is appearing among some British English speakers. For example, *ice cream* can have first or second-element stress in British English, but tends to be stressed on the first element in US English.

Other types of compound are usually stressed on the second element. These include words ending in *-ed* which are used as adjectives, words with a number as a first element, and words functioning as adverbs or verbs, e.g.:

kind-hearted	/ˌkaɪndˈhɑː.tɪd/	US /-ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd/
three-piece	/ˌθriːˈpiːs/	
southeast	/ˌsaʊθˈiːst/	

These words are subject to stress-shift when a stressed syllable follows closely (e.g., *a ˌkindhearted ˈman*).

US ˈkɑːm- **-sates** -seɪts **-sating** -seɪ.tɪŋ US -seɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-sated** -seɪ.tɪd US -seɪ.t̬ɪd

ompensation ˌkɒm.pənˈseɪ.ʃən, -pen- US ˌkɑːm- **-s** -z

ompensative kəmˈpent.sə.tɪv, ˌkɒm.pənˈseɪ- US kəmˈpent.sə.t̬ɪv, ˈkɑːm.pən.seɪ-

ompensatory ˌkɒm.pənˈseɪ.tər.i, -tri; kəmˈpent.sə-; ˈkɒm.pen.seɪ-, -pən- US kəmˈpent.sə.tɔːr.i

omper|e, compèr|e ˈkɒm.peəʳ US ˈkɑːm.per **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

om|pete kəmˈpiːt **-petes** -ˈpiːts **-peting** -ˈpiː.tɪŋ US -ˈpiː.t̬ɪŋ **-peted** -ˈpiː.tɪd US -ˈpiː.t̬ɪd

ompeten|ce ˈkɒm.pɪ.tənt|s, -pə- US ˈkɑːm- **-cies** -siz **-cy** -si

ompetent ˈkɒm.pɪ.tənt, -pə- US ˈkɑːm.pɪ.t̬ənt, -pə- **-ly** -li

ompetition ˌkɒm.pəˈtɪʃ.ən, -pɪˈ- US ˌkɑːm- **-s** -z

ompetitive kəmˈpet.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- US -ˈpet̬.ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

ompetitor kəmˈpet.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -ˈpet̬.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

ompilation ˌkɒm.pɪˈleɪ.ʃən, -pəˈ-, -paɪˈ- US ˌkɑːm.pəˈ- **-s** -z

ompil|e kəmˈpaɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

omplacen|ce kəmˈpleɪ.sənt|s **-cy** -si

omplacent kəmˈpleɪ.sənt **-ly** -li

omplain kəmˈpleɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

omplainant kəmˈpleɪ.nənt **-s** -s

omplaint kəmˈpleɪnt **-s** -s

omplaisance kəmˈpleɪ.zənts US -sənts

omplaisant kəmˈpleɪ.zənt US -sənt **-ly** -li

ompleat kəmˈpliːt

complement (*n.*) ˈkɒm.plɪ.mənt, -plə- US ˈkɑːm- **-s** -s

comple|ment (*v.*) ˈkɒm.plɪ|.ment, ˌkɒm.plɪ|ˈment US ˈkɑːm.plɪ- **-ments** -ments, -ˈments US -ments **-menting** -men.tɪŋ, -ˈmen.tɪŋ US -men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -men.tɪd, -ˈmen.tɪd US -men.t̬ɪd

complemental ˌkɒm.plɪˈmen.təl US ˌkɑːm.plɪˈmen.t̬əl

complementary ˌkɒm.plɪˈmen.tər.i, -pləˈ-, ˈ-tri US ˌkɑːm.pləˈmen.t̬ɚ.i, ˈ-tri

complementation ˌkɒm.plɪ.menˈteɪ.ʃən, -plə-, -mənˈ- US ˌkɑːm-

complementiser, -izer ˈkɒm.plɪ.men.taɪ.zəʳ, -plə-, -mən- US ˈkɑːm.plə.mən.taɪ.zɚ, -men- **-s** -z

com|plete kəm|ˈpliːt **-pletest** -ˈpliː.tɪst, -təst US -ˈpliː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-pletely** -ˈpliːt.li **-pleteness** -ˈpliːt.nəs, -nɪs **-pletes** -ˈpliːts **-pleting** -ˈpliː.tɪŋ US -ˈpliː.t̬ɪŋ **-pleted** -ˈpliː.tɪd US -ˈpliː.t̬ɪd

completion kəmˈpliː.ʃən

complex (*adj.*) ˈkɒm.pleks, kəmˈpleks US kɑːmˈpleks, kəm-; ˈkɑːm.pleks

complex (*n.*) ˈkɒm.pleks US ˈkɑːm- **-es** -ɪz

complexion kəmˈplek.ʃən **-s** -z **-ed** -d

complexit|y kəmˈplek.sə.t|i, -sɪ- US -sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

complianc|e kəmˈplaɪ.ənts **-es** -ɪz

compliant kəmˈplaɪ.ənt **-ly** -li

compli|cate ˈkɒm.plɪ|.keɪt US ˈkɑːm.plə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd

complication ˌkɒm.plɪˈkeɪ.ʃən US ˌkɑːm.pləˈ- **-s** -z

complicit kəmˈplɪs.ɪt

complicity kəmˈplɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

compliment (*n.*) ˈkɒm.plɪ.mənt, -plə- US ˈkɑːm.plə- **-s** -s

compli|ment (*v.*) ˈkɒm.plɪ|.ment, -plə-, ˌkɒm.plɪ|ˈment US ˈkɑːm.plə- **-ments** -ments, -ˈments US -ments **-menting** -men.tɪŋ, -ˈmen.tɪŋ US -men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -men.tɪd, -ˈmen.tɪd US -men.t̬ɪd

complimentarily ˌkɒm.plɪˈmen.tər.əl.i, -plə- US ˌkɑːm.plə.menˈter-; -ˈmen.t̬ɚ-

complimentar|y ˌkɒm.plɪˈmen.tər|.i, -pləˈ-, ˈ-tr|i US ˌkɑːm.pləˈmen.t̬ɚ|.i, ˈ-tr|i **-ies** -iz

complin ˈkɒm.plɪn US ˈkɑːm- **-s** -z

compline ˈkɒm.plɪn, -plaɪn US ˈkɑːm- **-s** -z

compl|y kəmˈpl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z

compo ˈkɒm.pəʊ US ˈkɑːm.poʊ

component kəmˈpəʊ.nənt US -ˈpoʊ- **-s** -s

componential ˌkɒm.pəʊˈnen.tʃəl US ˌkɑːm.pəˈ- ˌcompoˌnential aˈnalysis

com|port kəm|ˈpɔːt US -ˈpɔːrt **-ports** -ˈpɔːts US -ˈpɔːrts **-porting** -ˈpɔː.tɪŋ US -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ported** -ˈpɔː.tɪd US -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd

comportment kəmˈpɔːt.mənt US -ˈpɔːrt-

compos|e kəmˈpəʊz US -ˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

compos|ed kəmˈpəʊz|d US -ˈpoʊz|d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -əd.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -d.nəs, -nɪs

composer kəmˈpəʊ.zəʳ US -ˈpoʊ.zɚ **-s** -z

composite ˈkɒm.pə.zɪt, -sɪt, -zaɪt,

-saɪt (US) kəm'pɑː.zɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
composition ˌkɒm.pə'zɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ˌkɑːm- -s -z
compositor kəm'pɒz.ɪ.təʳ (US) -'pɑː.zɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
compos mentis ˌkɒm.pəs'men.tɪs, -pɒs- (US) ˌkɑːm.pəs'men.t̬əs
compost 'kɒm.pɒst (US) 'kɑːm.poʊst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **'compost ˌheap**
composure kəm'pəʊ.ʒəʳ (US) -'poʊ.ʒɚ
compote 'kɒm.pɒt, -pəʊt (US) 'kɑːm.poʊt -s -s
compound (*n, adj.*) 'kɒm.paʊnd (US) 'kɑːm- -s -z **ˌcompound 'fracture**
compound (*v.*) kəm'paʊnd, kɒm-; 'kɒm.paʊnd (US) kɑːm'paʊnd, kəm-; 'kɑːm.paʊnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -able -ə.bᵊl
comprehend ˌkɒm.prɪ'hend, -prə'- (US) ˌkɑːm- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
comprehensibility ˌkɒm.prɪ.hen*t*.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, -prə-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːm.prə.hen*t*.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -prɪ-
comprehensib|le ˌkɒm.prɪ'hen*t*.sə.b|ᵊl, -prə'-, -sɪ- (US) ˌkɑːm- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
comprehension ˌkɒm.prɪ'hen.*t*ʃᵊn, -prə'- (US) ˌkɑːm.prɪ'hen*t*.ʃᵊn-, -prə'-
comprehensive ˌkɒm.prɪ'hen*t*.sɪv, -prə'- (US) ˌkɑːm.prə-, -prɪ- -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **compre'hensive ˌschool**
compress (*n.*) 'kɒm.pres (US) 'kɑːm- -es -ɪz
compress (*v.*) kəm'pres -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
compressibility kəmˌpres.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
compressible kəm'pres.ə.bᵊl, '-ɪ- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
compression kəm'preʃ.ᵊn -s -z -al -ᵊl
compressive kəm'pres.ɪv
compris|e kəm'praɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl
compromis|e 'kɒm.prə.maɪz (US) 'kɑːm- -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Comptometer® ˌkɒmp'tɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) ˌkɑːmp'tɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
Compton 'kɒm*p*.tən, 'kʌm*p*- (US) 'kɑːm*p*-
Note: For British English, as surname more often /'kʌm*p*-/, as place name more often /'kɒm*p*-/. The London street is generally /'kɒm*p*-/.
Compton-Burnett ˌkɒmp.tən.bɜː'net, -'bɜː.nɪt (US) ˌkɑːmp.tən.bɝː'net
comptroller kən'trəʊ.ləʳ, kəmp-, kɒmp- (US) kən'troʊ.lɚ, kəmp-, kɑːmp-; 'kɑːmp.troʊ- -s -z
compulsion kəm'pʌl.ʃᵊn
compulsive kəm'pʌl.sɪv -ly -li
compulsor|y kəm'pʌl.sᵊr|.i -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
compunction kəm'pʌŋ*k*.ʃᵊn
compunctious kəm'pʌŋ*k*.ʃəs
compurgation ˌkɒm.pɜː'geɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑːm.pɚ'-
computability kəmˌpjuː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌkɒm.pjʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) kəmˌpjuː.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
computable kəm'pjuː.tə.bᵊl; 'kɒm.pjʊ- (US) kəm'pjuː.t̬ə-
computation ˌkɒm.pjə'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -pjʊ'- (US) ˌkɑːm.pjə'- -s -z
computational ˌkɒm.pjə'teɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -pjʊ'-, -'teɪʃ.nᵊl (US) ˌkɑːm- -ly -i **compuˌtational lin'guistics**
computator 'kɒm.pjə.teɪ.təʳ, -pjʊ- (US) 'kɑːm.pjə.teɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
com|pute kəm|'pjuːt -putes -'pjuːts -puting -'pjuː.tɪŋ (US) -'pjuː.t̬ɪŋ -puted -'pjuː.tɪd (US) -'pjuː.t̬ɪd
computer kəm'pjuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z **com'puter ˌgame; comˌputer 'programmer; comˌputer aided de'sign**
computerate kəm'pjuː.tᵊr.ət (US) -t̬ɚ-
computerization, -isa- kəmˌpjuː.tᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -t̬ɚ.ɪ'-
computeriz|e, -is|e kəm'pjuː.tᵊr.aɪz (US) -t̬ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
computist kəm'pjuː.tɪst (US) -t̬ɪst -s -s
comrade 'kɒm.reɪd, 'kʌm-, -rɪd (US) 'kɑːm.ræd, -rəd -s -z -ship -ʃɪp
Comsat® 'kɒm.sæt (US) 'kɑːm- -s -s
Comte kɔ̃ː*n*t, kɔːnt, kɒnt (US) kɔ̃ːnt, koʊnt
Comus 'kəʊ.məs (US) 'koʊ-
Comyn 'kʌm.ɪn
con- kɒn, kən (US) kɑːn, kən
Note: Prefix. This may carry primary or secondary stress, e.g. **concept** /'kɒn.sept (US) 'kɑːn-/, or may be unstressed, e.g. **consume** /kən'sjuːm (US) kən'suːm/.
con kɒn (US) kɑːn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d **'con ˌman; 'con ˌtrick**
Conakry ˌkɒn.ə'kriː, 'kɒn.ə.kri (US) 'kɑː.nə.kri
Conall 'kɒn.ᵊl (US) 'kɑː.nᵊl
Conan *personal name:* 'kəʊ.nən, 'kɒn.ən (US) 'koʊ.nən, 'kɑː- *place in Scotland:* 'kɒn.ən, 'kəʊ.nən (US) 'kɑː-, 'koʊ-
Note: The members of the family of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle pronounce /'kəʊ.nən/.
Conant 'kɒn.ənt (US) 'koʊ.nənt
conation kəʊ'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) koʊ-
conative 'kəʊ.nə.tɪv (US) 'koʊ.nə.t̬ɪv
Concannon kɒn'kæn.ən, kɒŋ- (US) kɑːn-
concaten|ate kən'kæt.ᵊn|.eɪt, kəŋ-, kɒn-, kɒŋ-, '-ɪ- (US) kən'kæt̬-, kɑːn- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
concatenation kənˌkæt.ə'neɪ.ʃᵊn, kəŋ-, kɒn-, kɒŋ-, -ɪ'-; 'kɒn.kæt-, 'kɒŋ- (US) kənˌkæt̬.ə'-; ˌkɑːn.kæt̬- -s -z
concave kɒŋ'keɪv, kəŋ-, kɒn-, kən-; 'kɒŋ.keɪv (US) kɑːn'keɪv, 'kɑːn- *stress shift:* **ˌconcave 'lens**
concavit|y kɒn'kæv.ə.t|i, kən-, kɒŋ-, kəŋ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) kɑːn'kæv.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
conceal kən'siːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
concealment kən'siːl.mənt -s -s
conced|e kən'siːd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
conceit kən'siːt -s -s
conceited kən'siː.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
conceivab|le kən'siː.və.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
conceiv|e kən'siːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
concele|brate kɒn'sel.ə|.breɪt, kən-, '-ɪ- (US) kən-, kɑːn- -brates -breɪts -brating -breɪ.tɪŋ (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪŋ -brated -breɪ.tɪd (US) -breɪ.t̬ɪd
concelebration ˌkɒn.sel.ə'breɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'-; kənˌsel- (US) kənˌsel-; ˌkɑːn.sel- -s -z
concent kən'sent, ˌkɒn- (US) kən-
concent|er kɒn'sen.t|əʳ (US) kən'sen.t̬|ɚ, kɑːn- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
concen|trate 'kɒn*t*.sᵊn|.treɪt, -sɪn-, -sen- (US) 'kɑːn*t*.sᵊn- -trates -treɪts -trating -treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ -trated -treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd
concentration ˌkɒn*t*.sᵊn'treɪ.ʃᵊn, -sɪn'-, -sen'- (US) ˌkɑːn*t*.sᵊn'- -s -z **concen'tration ˌcamp**
concentrative 'kɒn*t*.sᵊn.treɪ.tɪv, -sɪn-, -sen- (US) 'kɑːn*t*.sən.treɪ.t̬ɪv; kən'sen.trə-
concent|re kɒn'sen.t|əʳ (US) kən'sen.t̬|ɚ, kɑːn- -res -əz (US) -ɚz -ring -rɪŋ -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -red -əd (US) -ɚd
concentric kən'sen.trɪk, kɒn- (US) kən- -ally -ᵊl.ɪ, -li
Concepción kənˌsep.si'əʊn, ˌkɒn.sep- (US) kən-, kɑːn-, -'oʊn
concept 'kɒn.sept (US) 'kɑːn- -s -s
conception kən'sep.ʃᵊn -s -z
conceptual kən'sep.tʃu.əl, -ʃu-, -tju- (US) -tʃu- -ly -i
conceptualization, -isa- kənˌsep.tʃu.ə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃu-, -tju-, -ɪ'- (US) -tʃu.ᵊl.ɪ'-
conceptualiz|e, -is|e kən'sep.tʃu.ə.laɪz, -ʃu-, -tju-, -tʃʊ.laɪz, -tʃə- (US) -tʃu.ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
conceptually kən'sep.tʃu.ə.li, -ʃu-, -tju- (US) -tʃu-
conceptus kən'sep.təs -es -ɪz
concern kən'sɜːn (US) -'sɝːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ment/s -mənt/s
concern|ed kən'sɜːn|d (US) -'sɝːn|d -edly -ɪd.li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -d.nəs, -nɪs
concert (*n.*) *musical entertainment:* 'kɒn.sət (US) 'kɑːn.sɚt -s -s
concert (C) (*n.*) *union:* 'kɒn.sɜːt, -sə (US) 'kɑːn.sɚt -s -s
con|cert (*v.*) kən|'sɜːt (US) -'sɝːt -certs -'sɜːts (US) -'sɝːts -certing -'sɜː.tɪŋ

(US) -'sɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-certed** -'sɜː.tɪd (US) -'sɝː.t̬ɪd
ncerti (*plur. of* concerto) kən'tʃeə.ti, -'tʃɜː- (US) -'tʃer.t̬i
ncertina ˌkɒnt.sə'tiː.nə (US) ˌkɑːnt.sɚ'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ncertino ˌkɒn.tʃə'tiː.nəʊ (US) ˌkɑːn.tʃɚ'tiː.noʊ **-s** -z
ncerto kən'tʃeə.təʊ, -'tʃɜː- (US) -'tʃer.t̬oʊ **-s** -z **concerti** kən'tʃeə.ti, -'tʃɜː- (US) -'tʃer.t̬i
ncerto grosso kənˌtʃeə.təʊ'grɒs.əʊ, kɒn-, -ˌtʃɜː- (US) kənˌtʃer.t̬oʊ'groʊ.soʊ, kɑːn- **concerti grossi** kənˌtʃeə.ti'grɒs.i (US) -ˌtʃer.t̬i'groʊ.si
ncession kən'seʃ.ən **-s** -z
ncessionaire kənˌseʃ.ən'eəʳ (US) -'er **-s** -z
ncessional kən'seʃ.ən.əl, '-nəl (US) -ən.əl **-ly** -i
ncessionary kən'seʃ.ən.ər.i, -ən.ri (US) -ən.er.i
ncessive kən'ses.ɪv **-ly** -li
nch kɒntʃ, kɒŋk (US) kɑːŋk, kɑːntʃ **conches** 'kɒn.tʃɪz (US) 'kɑːn.tʃɪz **conchs** kɒŋks (US) kɑːŋks
ncha 'kɒŋ.kə (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ- **-s** -z
nchie 'kɒn.tʃi (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -z
nchobar 'kɒŋ.kəʊ.əʳ, 'kɒn.u.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.nu.ɚ, 'kɑːŋ.koʊ.ɚ, 'kɔːŋ-
nchoid 'kɒŋ.kɔɪd (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -z
nchologist kɒŋ'kɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) kɑːŋ'kɑː.lə-, kɔːŋ- **-s** -s
nchology kɒŋ'kɒl.ə.dʒi (US) kɑːŋ'kɑː.lə-, kɔːŋ-
ncierge ˌkɒn.si'eəʒ, ˌkɔːn-, ˌkɔ̃ːn-, '--- (US) koʊn'sjerʒ, kɑːn-, -si'erʒ **-s** -ɪz
ncili|ate kən'sɪl.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
nciliation kənˌsɪl.i'eɪ.ʃən
nciliative kən'sɪl.i.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪv
nciliator kən'sɪl.i.eɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
nciliatory kən'sɪl.i.ə.tər.i, -eɪ-, -tri; kənˌsɪl.i'eɪ- (US) kən'sɪl.i.ə.tɔːr.i
ncis|e kən'saɪs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
ncision kən'sɪʒ.ən **-s** -z
nclave 'kɒŋ.kleɪv, 'kɒn- (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -z
nclud|e kən'kluːd, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
nclusion kən'kluː.ʒən, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-s** -z
nclusive kən'kluː.sɪv, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ncoct kən'kɒkt, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɑːkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ncoction kən'kɒk.ʃən, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɑːk- **-s** -z
ncomitan|ce kən'kɒm.ɪ.tənt|s, kəŋ-, '-ə- (US) kən'kɑː.mə.t̬ənt|s **-cy** -si
ncomitant kən'kɒm.ɪ.tənt, kəŋ-, '-ə- (US) kən'kɑː.mə.t̬ənt **-ly** -li
ncord (*n.*) 'kɒŋ.kɔːd, 'kɒn- (US) 'kɑːn.kɔːrd, 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ- **-s** -z

concord (*v.*) kən'kɔːd, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Concord *place in the US, type of grape:* 'kɒŋ.kəd (US) 'kɑːŋ.kɚd
concordanc|e kən'kɔː.dənts, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
concordant kən'kɔː.dənt, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɔːr- **-ly** -li
concordat kɒn'kɔː.dæt, kɒŋ-, kən-, kəŋ- (US) kən'kɔːr- **-s** -s
Concorde 'kɒŋ.kɔːd, 'kɒn- (US) 'kɑːn.kɔːrd, 'kɑːŋ- **-s** -z
concours|e 'kɒŋ.kɔːs, 'kɒn-, -kʊəs (US) 'kɑːn.kɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
concrete (*n, adj.*) 'kɒŋ.kriːt, 'kɒn- (US) 'kɑːn- ˌconcrete 'jungle
con|crete (*v.*) *cover with concrete:* 'kɒŋ|.kriːt, 'kɒn- (US) 'kɑːn- **-cretes** -kriːts **-creting** -kriː.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-creted** -kriː.tɪd (US) -kriː.t̬ɪd
con|crete (*v.*) *solidify:* kən|'kriːt, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-cretes** -'kriːts **-creting** -'kriː.tɪŋ (US) -'kriː.t̬ɪŋ **-creted** -'kriː.tɪd (US) -'kriː.t̬ɪd
concrete|ly kɒŋ'kriːt|.li, kɒn- (US) kɑːn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
concretion kən'kriː.ʃən, kəŋ-, kɒn- (US) kən-, kɑːn- **-s** -z
concretiz|e, -is|e 'kɒŋ.kriː.taɪz, 'kɒn-, -krɪ- (US) 'kɑːn.kriː-, kɑːn'kriː.taɪz, kɑːŋ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
concubinage kɒn'kjuː.bɪ.nɪdʒ, kɒŋ-, kən-, kəŋ- (US) kən'kjuː.bə-, kɑːn-
concubine 'kɒŋ.kjʊ.baɪn, 'kɒn-, -kjə- (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɑːn- **-s** -z
concupiscen|ce kən'kjuː.pɪ.sən|ts, kəŋ-, ˌkɒn-, ˌkɒŋ- (US) kɑːn-, kən'kjuː.pə- **-t** -t
concur kən'kɜːʳ, kəŋ- (US) -'kɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
concurren|ce kən'kʌr.ənt|s, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-cy** -si
concurrent kən'kʌr.ənt, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-ly** -li
concuss kən'kʌs, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
concussion kən'kʌʃ.ən, kəŋ- (US) kən- **-s** -z
condemn kən'dem **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -nə.bəl
condemnation ˌkɒn.dem'neɪ.ʃən, -dəm'- (US) ˌkɑːn- **-s** -z
condemnatory kən'dem.nə.tər.i, -tri; ˌkɒn.dem'neɪ-, -dəm'- (US) kən'dem.nə.tɔːr.i
condensation ˌkɒn.den'seɪ.ʃən, -dən'- (US) ˌkɑːn- **-s** -z
condens|e kən'dents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bəl conˌdensed 'milk
condenser kən'den.səʳ (US) -sɚ **-s** -z
condescend ˌkɒn.dɪ'send, -də'- (US) ˌkɑːn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
condescending ˌkɒn.dɪ'sen.dɪŋ, -də'- (US) ˌkɑːn- **-ly** -li
condescension ˌkɒn.dɪ'sen.ʃən, -də'- (US) ˌkɑːn-
condign kən'daɪn, kɒn- (US) kən'daɪn, 'kɑːn.daɪn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

condiment 'kɒn.dɪ.mənt (US) 'kɑːn.də- **-s** -s
condition kən'dɪʃ.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
conditional kən'dɪʃ.ən.əl, '-nəl **-ly** -i
conditioner kən'dɪʃ.ən.əʳ, '-nəʳ (US) '-ən.ɚ, '-nɚ **-s** -z
condo 'kɒn.dəʊ (US) 'kɑːn.doʊ **-s** -z
condol|e kən'dəʊl (US) -'doʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s
Condoleezza ˌkɒn.də'liː.zə (US) ˌkɑːn-
condolenc|e kən'dəʊ.lənts (US) -'doʊ- **-es** -ɪz
condolent kən'dəʊ.lənt (US) -'doʊ-
condom 'kɒn.dɒm, -dəm (US) 'kɑːn.dəm, 'kʌn- **-s** -z
condominium ˌkɒn.də'mɪn.i.əm (US) ˌkɑːn.də'- **-s** -z
Condon 'kɒn.dən (US) 'kɑːn-
condonation ˌkɒn.dəʊ'neɪ.ʃən (US) ˌkɑːn.doʊ'- **-s** -z
condon|e kən'dəʊn (US) -'doʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
condor (C) 'kɒn.dɔːʳ, -dəʳ (US) 'kɑːn.dɚ, -dɔːr **-s** -z
conduc|e kən'djuːs (US) -'duːs, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
conducive kən'djuː.sɪv (US) -'duː-, -'djuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
conduct (*n.*) 'kɒn.dʌkt, -dəkt (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -s
conduct (*v.*) kən'dʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
conductance kən'dʌk.tənts
conductibility kənˌdʌk.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
conductible kən'dʌk.tə.bəl, -tɪ-
conduction kən'dʌk.ʃən
conductive kən'dʌk.tɪv
conductivity ˌkɒn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.ti, -dək'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.t̬i
conductor kən'dʌk.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
conductress kən'dʌk.trəs, -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
conduit 'kɒn.dju.ɪt, 'kʌn-, -du-, -dʒu-, -dɪt (US) 'kɑːn.du.ɪt, -dɪt **-s** -s
Conduit *street:* 'kɒn.dɪt, 'kʌn- (US) 'kɑːn-
Condy 'kɒn.di (US) 'kɑːn-
condyle 'kɒn.dɪl, -daɪl (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -z
cone kəʊn (US) koʊn **-s** -z
Conestoga ˌkɒn.ə'stəʊ.gə (US) ˌkɑː.nə'stoʊ- Cones'toga ˌwagon
coney (C) 'kəʊ.ni (US) 'koʊ- **-s** -z ˌConey 'Island *stress shift:* ˌConey Island 'resident
confab 'kɒn.fæb; kɒn'fæb, kən- (US) 'kɑːn.fæb **-s** -z
confabu|late kən'fæb.jʊ|.leɪt, kɒn- (US) kən'fæb.jə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
confabulation kənˌfæb.jʊ'leɪ.ʃən, kɒn- (US) kənˌfæb.jə'- **-s** -z
confect (*n.*) 'kɒn.fekt (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -s
confect (*v.*) kən'fekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

confection kən'fek.ʃən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
confectionery kən'fek.ʃən.ər.i, -ʃən.ri (US) -er-
confederac|y (C) kən'fed.ər.ə.s|i -ies -iz
confederate (C) (*n, adj.*) kən'fed.ər.ət, -ɪt -s -s
confede|rate (*v.*) kən'fed.ə|.reɪt -rates -reɪts -rating -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ -rated -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪd
confederation kənˌfed.ə'reɪ.ʃən -s -z
confer kən'fɜːʳ (US) -'fɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d -rable -ə.bəl -ment -mənt
conferenc|e 'kɒn.fər.ənts (US) 'kɑːn.fɚ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
conferral kən'fɜː.rəl (US) -'fɝː.əl -s -z
confess kən'fes -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -edly -ɪd.li
Confessio Amantis kɒnˌfes.i.əʊ.ə'mæn.tɪs, kən- (US) kɑːnˌfes.i.oʊ.ə'mɑːn-
confession kən'feʃ.ən -s -z
confessional kən'feʃ.ən.əl, '-nəl -s -z
confessor kən'fes.əʳ, kɒn- (US) kən'fes.ɚ -s -z
Note: In British English, may also be pronounced /kɒn'fes.ɔːʳ/ in the sense of "Father Confessor".
confetti kən'fet.i, kɒn- (US) kən'fet̬-
confidant(e) 'kɒn.fɪ.dænt, -fə-, -dənt; ˌkɒn.fɪ'dænt, -'dɑːnt (US) 'kɑːn.fə.dænt, -dɑːnt, ˌ--'- -s -s
confid|e kən'faɪd -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
confidenc|e 'kɒn.fɪ.dənts, -fə- (US) 'kɑːn.fə- -es -ɪz
confident 'kɒn.fɪ.dənt, -fə- (US) 'kɑːn.fə- -ly -li
confidential ˌkɒn.fɪ'den.tʃəl (US) ˌkɑːn.fə'dent.ʃəl -ly -i
confidentiality ˌkɒn.fɪ.den.tʃi'æl.ə.ti, -fə-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːn.fə.dent.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i
configuration kənˌfɪg.ə'reɪ.ʃən, ˌkɒn.fɪg-, -jə'- (US) kənˌfɪg.jə'- -s -z
config|ure kən'fɪg|.əʳ, -j|əʳ (US) -j|ɚ -ures -əz (US) -ɚz -uring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd (US) -ɚd
confine (*n.*) 'kɒn.faɪn (US) 'kɑːn- -s -z
confin|e (*v.*) kən'faɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
confinement kən'faɪn.mənt -s -s
confirm kən'fɜːm (US) -'fɝːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
confirmation ˌkɒn.fə'meɪ.ʃən (US) ˌkɑːn.fɚ'- -s -z
confirma|tive kən'fɜː.mə|.tɪv (US) -'fɝː.mə|.t̬ɪv -tory -tər.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
confi|scate 'kɒn.fɪ|.skeɪt, -fə- (US) 'kɑːn.fə-, -fɪ- -scates -skeɪts -scating -skeɪ.tɪŋ (US) -skeɪ.t̬ɪŋ -scated -skeɪ.tɪd (US) -skeɪ.t̬ɪd -scator/s -skeɪ.təʳ/z (US) -skeɪ.t̬ɚ/z
confiscation ˌkɒn.fɪ'skeɪ.ʃən, -fə'- (US) ˌkɑːn.fə'-, -fɪ- -s -z
confiscatory kən'fɪs.kə.tər.i, kɒn-, -tri; ˌkɒn.fɪ'skeɪ-, -fə'-, 'kɒn.fɪ.skeɪ-, -fə- (US) kən'fɪs.kə.tɔːr.i
confit kɒn'fiː (US) koʊn-, kɔ̃ːn- -s -z
confiteor (C) kɒn'fɪt.i.ɔːʳ, kən-, '-eɪ- (US) kən'fɪt̬.i.ɔːr, -'fiː.t̬i- -s -z
confiture 'kɒn.fɪ.tjʊəʳ, -tjɔːʳ (US) 'kɑːn.fə.tʃʊr -s -z
conflagration ˌkɒn.flə'greɪ.ʃən (US) ˌkɑːn- -s -z
con|flate kən|'fleɪt, kɒn- (US) kən- -flates -'fleɪts -flating -'fleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'fleɪ.t̬ɪŋ -flated -'fleɪ.tɪd (US) -'fleɪ.t̬ɪd
conflation kən'fleɪ.ʃən, kɒn- (US) kən-
conflict (*n.*) 'kɒn.flɪkt (US) 'kɑːn- -s -s
conflict (*v.*) kən'flɪkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
confluenc|e 'kɒn.flu.ənts (US) 'kɑːn- -es -ɪz
confluent 'kɒn.flu.ənt (US) 'kɑːn- -s -s -ly -li
conform kən'fɔːm (US) -'fɔːrm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
conformability kənˌfɔː.mə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌfɔːr.mə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
conformab|le kən'fɔː.mə.b|əl (US) -'fɔːr- -ly -li
conformation ˌkɒn.fɔː'meɪ.ʃən, -fə'- (US) ˌkɑːn.fɚ'-, -fɔːr'- -s -z
conformist kən'fɔː.mɪst (US) -'fɔːr- -s -s
conformit|y kən'fɔː.mə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -'fɔːr.mə.t̬|i -ies -iz
confound kən'faʊnd, ˌkɒn- (US) kən-, ˌkɑːn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed/ly -ɪd/li
confraternit|y ˌkɒn.frə'tɜː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- (US) ˌkɑːn.frə'tɝː.nə.t̬|i -ies -iz
confrère 'kɒn.freəʳ (US) kɑːn'frer -s -z
con|front kən|'frʌnt -fronts -'frʌnts -fronting -'frʌn.tɪŋ (US) -'frʌn.t̬ɪŋ -fronted -'frʌn.tɪd (US) -'frʌn.t̬ɪd
confrontation ˌkɒn.frʌn'teɪ.ʃən, -frən'- (US) ˌkɑːn.frən'- -s -z
confrontational ˌkɒn.frʌn'teɪ.ʃən.əl, -frən'-, -'teɪʃ.nəl (US) ˌkɑːn.frən'- -ly -i
Confucian kən'fjuː.ʃən -s -z
Confucian|ism kən'fjuː.ʃən|ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
confus|e kən'fjuːz -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li, -d.li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -d.nəs, -nɪs
confusing kən'fjuː.zɪŋ -ly -li
confusion kən'fjuː.ʒən -s -z
confutable kən'fjuː.tə.bəl (US) -t̬ə-
confutation ˌkɒn.fjʊ'teɪ.ʃən (US) ˌkɑːn.fjuː'- -s -z
con|fute kən|'fjuːt -futes -'fjuːts -futing -'fjuː.tɪŋ (US) -'fjuː.t̬ɪŋ -futed -'fjuː.tɪd (US) -'fjuː.t̬ɪd
conga 'kɒŋ.gə (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ- -s -z
congé 'kɔ̃ːn.ʒeɪ, 'kɔːn-, 'kɒn- (US) koʊn'ʒeɪ, kɑːn-, '-- -s -z
congeal kən'dʒiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bəl
congee 'kɒn.dʒiː (US) 'kɑːn- -s -z
congelation ˌkɒn.dʒɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -dʒə'- (US) ˌkɑːn.dʒə'-
congener kən'dʒiː.nəʳ; 'kɒn.dʒɪ-, -dʒə- (US) 'kɑːn.dʒən.ɚ; kən'dʒiː.nɚ -s -z
congenial kən'dʒiː.ni.əl (US) '-njəl, '-ni.əl -ly -i
congeniality kənˌdʒiː.ni'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
congenital kən'dʒen.ɪ.təl (US) -ə.t̬əl -ly -i
conger 'kɒŋ.gəʳ (US) 'kɑːŋ.gɚ, 'kɔːŋ- -s -z ˌconger 'eel, 'conger ˌeel
congeries 'kɒn.dʒər.iːz, -ɪz; kən'dʒɪə.riːz, -rɪz (US) 'kɑːn.dʒə.riːz
congest kən'dʒest -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -ive -ɪv
congestion kən'dʒes.tʃən, -'dʒeʃ- -s -z
Congleton 'kɒŋ.gəl.tən (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ-
conglo|bate 'kɒŋ.gləʊ|.beɪt, 'kɒn- (US) kən'gloʊ|.beɪt; 'kɑːŋ.gloʊ-, 'kɔːŋ- -bates -beɪts -bating -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ -bated -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd
conglobation ˌkɒŋ.gləʊ'beɪ.ʃən, ˌkɒŋ- (US) ˌkɑːn.gloʊ'-, kɑːŋ-, ˌkɔːŋ-
conglomerate (*n, adj.*) kən'glɒm.ər.ət, kəŋ-, kɒn-, -eɪt, -ɪt (US) kən'glɑː.mɚ- -s -s
conglomer|ate (*v.*) kən'glɒm.ər|.eɪt kəŋ-, kɒn- (US) kən'glɑː.mə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
conglomeration kənˌglɒm.ə'reɪ.ʃən, kəŋ-, kɒn-, ˌkɒn.glɒm-, ˌkɒŋ.glɒm- (US) kənˌglɑː.mə'- -s -z
Congo 'kɒŋ.gəʊ (US) 'kɑːŋ.goʊ, 'kɔːŋ
Congolese ˌkɒŋ.gəʊ'liːz (US) ˌkɑːŋ.gə'-, ˌkɔːŋ-, -'liːs
congratu|late kən'grætʃ.ʊ|.leɪt, kəŋ-, -'græt.jʊ-, -jə- (US) -'grætʃ.ə-, -'grædʒ-, '-ʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
congratulation kənˌgrætʃ.ʊ'leɪ.ʃən kəŋ-, -ˌgræt.jʊ'-, -jə'- (US) -ˌgrætʃ.ə'-, -ˌgrædʒ-, -ʊ'- -s -z
congratulatory kənˌgrætʃ.ʊ.'leɪ.tər.i, kəŋ-, -ˌgræt.jʊ'-, -jə'-, -tri; kən'grætʃ.əl.ə- (US) kən'grætʃ.əl.ə.tɔːr.i, -'grædʒ-
congre|gate 'kɒŋ.grɪ|.geɪt, -grə- (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
congregation ˌkɒŋ.grɪ'geɪ.ʃən, -grə'- (US) ˌkɑːŋ-, ˌkɔːŋ- -s -z
congregational (C) ˌkɒŋ.grɪ'geɪ.ʃən.əl, -grə'-, -'geɪʃ.n (US) ˌkɑːŋ-, ˌkɔːŋ- -ism -ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
Congresbury 'kɒŋz.bri, 'kuːmz.bər.i (US) 'kɑːŋz.ber.i, 'kɔːŋz-, 'kuːmz-, -bɚ-
congress (C) 'kɒŋ.gres (US) 'kɑːŋ-, 'kɔːŋ-, -grəs -es -ɪz
congressional (C) kən'greʃ.ən.əl, kəŋ-, kɒŋ-, '-nəl (US) kəŋ-

Connected speech phenomena

The processes which result in words being pronounced differently from their dictionary form when they occur in close contact with other words.

Examples for English

In natural speech we rarely leave gaps between words, and we can observe many processes that result in differences between isolated words and the same words occurring in connected speech: examples are ASSIMILATION and ELISION, e.g.:

(assimilation) one boy /wʌn bɔɪ/ → /wʌm bɔɪ/

(elision) last time /lɑːst taɪm/ → /lɑːs taɪm/
(US) /læst taɪm/ (US) /læs taɪm/

The study of connected speech also involves looking at the process of VOWEL REDUCTION in weak syllables (see also WEAK FORM), at RHYTHM and at prosodic phenomena such as INTONATION and STRESS.

ngress|man ˈkɒŋ.gres|.mən (US) ˈkɑːŋ-, ˈkɔːŋ-, -grəs- **-men** -mən, men
ngress|woman kɒŋ.gres|ˌwʊm.ən (US) ˈkɑːŋ-, kɔːŋ-, -grəs- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
ngreve ˈkɒŋ.griːv (US) ˈkɑːn-, ˈkɑːŋ-
ngruenc|e ˈkɒŋ.gru.ənts (US) ˈkɑːŋ-, kɔːŋ-, kənˈgruː- **-es** -ɪz **-y** -i **-ies** -iz
ngruent ˈkɒŋ.gru.ənt (US) ˈkɑːŋ-; ənˈgruː- **-ly** -li
ngruit|y kɒŋˈgruː.ə.t|i, kən-, əŋ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) kɑːnˈgruː.ə.t̬|i, kən- **ies** -iz
ngruous ˈkɒŋ.gru.əs (US) ˈkɑːŋ-, kɔːŋ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nic ˈkɒn.ɪk (US) ˈkɑː.nɪk **-s** -s
nical ˈkɒn.ɪ.kᵊl (US) ˈkɑː.nɪ- **-ly** -i **ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nifer ˈkɒn.ɪ.fəʳ, ˈkəʊ.nɪ-, -nə- (US) ˈkɑː.nə.fɚ, ˈkoʊ- **-s** -z
niferous kəʊˈnɪf.ᵊr.əs, kɒnˈɪf- (US) koʊˈnɪf-, kə-
niform ˈkəʊ.nɪ.fɔːm (US) ˈkoʊ.nɪ.fɔːrm
ningham ˈkʌn.ɪŋ.əm (US) -hæm
ningsby ˈkɒn.ɪŋz.bi, ˈkʌn- (US) ˈkʌn-
nisbrough ˈkɒn.ɪs.brə, ˈkʌn- (US) ˈkɑː.nɪs.bɚ.oʊ
niston ˈkɒn.ɪ.stᵊn (US) ˈkɑː.nɪ-
njecturable kənˈdʒek.tʃᵊr.ə.bᵊl
njectural kənˈdʒek.tʃᵊr.ᵊl **-ly** -i
nject|ure kənˈdʒek.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ **ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** əd (US) -ɚd
njoin kənˈdʒɔɪn, kɒn- (US) kən- **-s** -z **ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
njoint kənˈdʒɔɪnt, kɒn- (US) kən- **ly** -li
njugal ˈkɒn.dʒʊ.gᵊl, -dʒə- (US) ˈkɑːn.dʒə- **-ly** -i ˌ**conjugal rights**
njugality ˌkɒn.dʒʊˈgæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːn.dʒəˈgæl.ə.t̬i
njugate (*n, adj.*) ˈkɒn.dʒʊ.gət, dʒə-, -gɪt, -geɪt (US) ˈkɑːn.dʒə- **-s** -s
nju|gate (*v.*) ˈkɒn.dʒʊ|.geɪt, -dʒə- (US) ˈkɑːn.dʒə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
conjugation ˌkɒn.dʒʊˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒəˈ- (US) ˌkɑːn.dʒəˈ- **-s** -z
conjunct (*n.*) ˈkɒn.dʒʌŋkt (US) ˈkɑːn- **-s** -s
conjunct (*adj.*) kənˈdʒʌŋkt, kɒn- (US) kən-; ˈkɑːn.dʒʌŋkt **-ly** -li
conjunction kənˈdʒʌŋk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
conjunctiva ˌkɒn.dʒʌŋkˈtaɪ.və (US) ˌkɑːn.dʒəŋkˈ-
conjunctive kənˈdʒʌŋk.tɪv **-ly** -li
conjunctivitis kənˌdʒʌŋk.tɪˈvaɪ.tɪs, -təˈ-, -təs (US) -təˈvaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
conjuncture kənˈdʒʌŋk.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
conjuration ˌkɒn.dʒʊəˈreɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑːn.dʒʊˈreɪ- **-s** -z
conjur|e *charge solemnly:* kənˈdʒʊəʳ (US) -ˈdʒʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
conj|ure *summon by magic:* ˈkʌn.dʒ|əʳ (US) -dʒ|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z **-uror/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z ˈ**conjuring** ˌ**trick**
conk kɒŋk (US) kɑːŋk, kɔːŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
conker ˈkɒŋ.kəʳ (US) ˈkɑːŋ.kɚ, ˈkɔːŋ- **-s** -z
Conleth ˈkɒn.ləθ (US) ˈkɑːn-
Conley ˈkɒn.li (US) ˈkɑːn-
Conlon ˈkɒn.lən (US) ˈkɑːn-
con|man ˈkɒn|.mæn (US) ˈkɑːn- **-men** -men
Conn. (*abbrev. for* Connaught) ˈkɒn.ɔːt (US) ˈkɑː.nɑːt, -nɔːt
Conn. (*abbrev. for* Connecticut) kəˈnet.ɪ.kət (US) -ˈnet̬-, -kɪt
Connah's Quay ˌkɒn.əzˈkiː (US) ˌkɑː.nəzˈkiː, -ˈkeɪ, -ˈkweɪ
Connally ˈkɒn.ᵊl.i (US) ˈkɑː.nᵊl-
connate ˈkɒn.eɪt, -ˈ- (US) ˈkɑː.neɪt, -ˈ-
Connaught ˈkɒn.ɔːt (US) ˈkɑː.nɑːt, -nɔːt
connect kəˈnekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
connectible kəˈnek.tə.bᵊl, -tɪ-
Connecticut kəˈnet.ɪ.kət (US) -ˈnet̬-, -kɪt
connection kəˈnek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
connective kəˈnek.tɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li
connectivity ˌkɒn.ekˈtɪv.ɪ.ti; kəˌnekˈ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌkɑː.nekˈtɪv.ə.t̬i
Connelly ˈkɒn.ᵊl.i (US) ˈkɑː.nᵊl-
Connemara ˌkɒn.ɪˈmɑː.rə, -əˈ- (US) ˌkɑː.nəˈ-
Conner ˈkɒn.əʳ (US) ˈkɑː.nɚ
Connery ˈkɒn.ᵊr.i (US) ˈkɑː.nɚ-
Connex ˈkɒn.eks (US) ˈkɑː.neks
connexion kəˈnek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
Connie ˈkɒn.i (US) ˈkɑː.ni
conning tower ˈkɒn.ɪŋˌtaʊəʳ (US) ˈkɑː.nɪŋˌtaʊɚ **-s** -z
conniption kəˈnɪp.ʃᵊn
connivance kəˈnaɪ.vᵊnts
conniv|e kəˈnaɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
connoisseur ˌkɒn.əˈsɜːʳ, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌkɑː.nəˈsɝː **-s** -z
Connolly ˈkɒn.ᵊl.i (US) ˈkɑː.nᵊl-
Connor ˈkɒn.əʳ (US) ˈkɑː.nɚ
conno|tate ˈkɒn.əʊ|.teɪt (US) ˈkɑː.nə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
connotation ˌkɒn.əʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑː.nəˈ- **-s** -z
connotative ˈkɒn.əʊ.teɪ.tɪv; kəˈnəʊ.tə- (US) kəˈnoʊ.t̬ə.t̬ɪv, ˈkɑː.nə.teɪ-
connot|e kəˈnəʊt, kɒnˈəʊt (US) kəˈnoʊt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) kəˈnoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) kəˈnoʊ.t̬ɪd
connubial kəˈnjuː.bi.əl, kɒnˈjuː- (US) kəˈnuː-, -ˈnjuː- **-ly** -i
connubiality kəˌnjuː.biˈæl.ə.ti, kɒnˌjuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) kəˌnuː.biˈæl.ə.t̬i, -ˌnjuː-
conoid ˈkəʊ.nɔɪd (US) ˈkoʊ- **-s** -z
conoidal kəʊˈnɔɪ.dᵊl (US) koʊ-
Conolly ˈkɒn.ᵊl.i (US) ˈkɑː.nᵊl-
Conor ˈkɒn.əʳ (US) ˈkɑː.nɚ
conqu|er ˈkɒŋ.k|əʳ (US) ˈkɑːŋ.k|ɚ, ˈkɔːŋ- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erable** -ᵊr.ə.bᵊl
conqueror ˈkɒŋ.kᵊr.əʳ (US) ˈkɑːŋ.kɚ.ɚ, ˈkɔːŋ- **-s** -z
conquest (C) ˈkɒŋ.kwest (US) ˈkɑːn-, ˈkɑːŋ- **-s** -s
conquistador kɒnˈkɪs.tə.dɔːʳ, kɒŋ-, -ˈkwɪs-; ˌkɒn.kɪ.stəˈdɔːʳ, kɒŋ-, -kwɪ- (US) kɑːŋˈkiː.stə.dɔːr, kɔːŋ-, kɑːn-, -ˈkwɪs.tə- **-s** -z

Consonant

A speech sound which obstructs the flow of air though the vocal tract or a letter of the alphabet representing such a sound.

Examples for English

There are many types of consonant, but what all have in common is that they obstruct the flow of air through the vocal tract. Some do this a lot, some not very much: those which make the maximum obstruction (i.e. PLOSIVES, which form a complete stoppage of the airstream) are the most consonantal, e.g.:

bat	/bæt/
keep	/kiːp/

NASAL consonants result in complete stoppage of the oral cavity but are less obstructive than plosives since air is allowed to escape through the nose, e.g.:

man	/mæn/
name	/neɪm/

FRICATIVES make a considerable obstruction to the flow of air, but not a total closure, e.g.:

sheaf	/ʃiːf/
south	/saʊθ/

The class of sounds called APPROXIMANTS comprises sounds which make very little obstruction of the flow of air. The post-alveolar approximant that is the usual pronunciation of /r/ in BBC English involves no contact between the tongue and the palate, e.g.:

red	/red/	[ɹed]
arrive	/əˈraɪv/	[əˈɹaɪv]

LATERAL approximants obstruct the flow of air only in the centre of the mouth, not at the sides, so obstruction is slight, e.g.:

lull	/lʌl/

Other sounds classed as approximants make so little obstruction to the flow of air that they could almost be thought to be vowels if they were in a different context. These are sometimes referred to as 'semi-vowels', e.g.:

you	/juː/
woo	/wuː/

Finally, AFFRICATES begin as plosives and are released as fricatives, with no intervening gap, e.g.:

church	/tʃɜːtʃ/	US /tʃɝːtʃ/
judge	/dʒʌdʒ/	

The above explanation is based on phonetic criteria. An alternative approach is to look at the *phonological* characteristics of consonants: for example, consonants are typically found at the beginning and end of syllables while vowels are typically found in the middle.

Conrad ˈkɒn.ræd US ˈkɑːn-
Conran ˈkɒn.rən, -ræn US ˈkɑːn-
Conroy ˈkɒn.rɔɪ US ˈkɑːn-
consanguine kɒnˈsæŋ.gwɪn US kɑːn-
consanguineous ˌkɒn.sæŋˈgwɪn.i.əs US ˌkɑːn.sæŋˈ-
consanguinity ˌkɒn.sæŋˈgwɪn.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌkɑːn.sæŋˈgwɪn.ə.t̬i
conscienc|e ˈkɒn.*t*ʃənts US ˈkɑːn- **-es** -ɪz ˈ**conscience-ˌstricken**
conscientious ˌkɒn.*t*ʃiˈen.*t*ʃəs US ˌkɑːn.*t*ʃiˈent.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **consciˌentious obˈjector**
conscionab|le ˈkɒn.*t*ʃən.ə.bl̩ US ˈkɑːn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -l̩.nəs, -nɪs
conscious ˈkɒn.*t*ʃəs US ˈkɑːnt.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˈ**consciousness ˌraising**
conscrib|e kənˈskraɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
conscript (*n.*) ˈkɒn.skrɪpt US ˈkɑːn- **-s** -s
conscript (*v.*) kənˈskrɪpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
conscription kənˈskrɪp.ʃən **-s** -z
conse|crate ˈkɒn*t*.sɪ.kreɪt, -sə- US ˈkɑːn*t*.sə- **-crates** -kreɪts **-crating** -kreɪ.tɪŋ US -kreɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-crated** -kreɪ.tɪd US -kreɪ.t̬ɪd **-crator/s** -kreɪ.təʳ/z US -kreɪ.t̬ɚ/z
consecration ˌkɒn*t*.sɪˈkreɪ.ʃən, -səˈ- US ˌkɑːn*t*.səˈ- **-s** -z
consecutive kənˈsek.jʊ.tɪv, -jə- US -jə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
consensual kənˈsen*t*.sju.əl, kɒn-, -ˈsen.*t*ʃu- US kənˈsen*t*.ʃu-, ˈ-ʃəl **-ly** -li
consensus kənˈsen*t*.səs, kɒn- US kən-
con|sent kənˈsent **-sents** -ˈsents **-senting** -ˈsen.tɪŋ US -ˈsen.t̬ɪŋ **-sented** -ˈsen.tɪd US -ˈsen.t̬ɪd
consequenc|e ˈkɒn*t*.sɪ.kwən*t*s, -sə- US ˈkɑːn*t*- **-es** -ɪz
consequent ˈkɒn*t*.sɪ.kwənt, -sə- US ˈkɑːn*t*- **-ly** -li
consequential ˌkɒn*t*.sɪˈkwen.*t*ʃəl, -səˈ- US ˌkɑːn*t*- **-ly** -i
conservable kənˈsɜː.və.bl̩ US -ˈsɝː-
conservanc|y kənˈsɜː.vən*t*.si US -ˈsɝː- **-ies** -iz
conservation ˌkɒn*t*.səˈveɪ.ʃən US ˌkɑːn*t*.sɚˈ-
conservationist ˌkɒn*t*.səˈveɪ.ʃən.ɪst US ˌkɑːn*t*.sɚˈ- **-s** -s
conservatism kənˈsɜː.və.tɪ.zəm US -ˈsɝː-
conservative (C) kənˈsɜː.və.tɪv US -ˈsɝː.və.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
conservatoire kənˈsɜː.və.twɑːʳ, kɒn- US kənˈsɝː.və.twɑːr, -ˌsɝː.vəˈtwɑːr **-s** -z
conservator *preserver:* ˈkɒn*t*.sə.veɪ.təʳ US ˈkɑːn*t*.sɚ.veɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
conservator *official guardian:* kənˈsɜː.və.təʳ US -ˈsɝː.və.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
conservator|y kənˈsɜː.və.tr|i US -ˈsɝː.və.tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
conserve (*n.*) kənˈsɜːv; ˈkɒn.sɜːv US ˈkɑːn.sɝːv **-s** -z
conserv|e (*v.*) kənˈsɜːv US -ˈsɝːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Consett ˈkɒn.sɪt, -set, -sət US ˈkɑːn-
consid|er kənˈsɪd|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
considerab|le kənˈsɪd.ər.ə.bl̩ **-ly** -li **-leness** -l̩.nəs, -nɪs
considerate kənˈsɪd.ər.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
consideration kənˌsɪd.ərˈeɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
consign kənˈsaɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bl̩
consignation ˌkɒn.saɪˈneɪ.ʃən US ˌkɑːn.sɪgˈ-, -sɪˈ-
consignee ˌkɒn.saɪˈniː, -sɪˈ- US ˌkɑːn- **-s** -z
Consignia® kənˈsɪg.ni.ə
consignment kənˈsaɪn.mənt, -ˈsaɪm- US -ˈsaɪn- **-s** -s
consist kənˈsɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

nsisten|ce kən'sɪs.tᵊnt|s -cy -si
cies -siz
nsistent kən'sɪs.tᵊnt -ly -li
nsistorial ˌkɒn.sɪ'stɔː.ri.əl
(US) ˌkɑːn.sɪ'stɔːr.i-
nsistor|y kən'sɪs.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i
(US) -tɚ|.i -ies -iz
nsolable kən'səʊ.lə.bᵊl (US) -'soʊ-
nsolation ˌkɒn.sə'leɪ.ʃᵊn
(US) ˌkɑːn- -s -z ˌconso'lation ˌprize
nsolatory kən'sɒl.ə.tᵊr.i,
'səʊ.lə-, -tri (US) -'sɑː.lə.tɔːr.i, -'soʊ-
nsole (*n.*) 'kɒn.səʊl (US) 'kɑːn.soʊl
s -z
nsol|e (*v.*) kən'səʊl (US) -'soʊl -es -z
ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
nsoli|date kən'sɒl.ɪ|.deɪt, '-ə-
(US) -'sɑː.lə- -dates -deɪts -dating
deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -deɪ.tɪd
(US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd -dator/s -deɪ.təʳ/z
(US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z -dative -deɪ.tɪv
(US) -deɪ.t̬ɪv
nsolidation kənˌsɒl.ɪ'deɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
(US) -ˌsɑː.lə'- -s -z
nsols kən'sɒlz; 'kɒnt.sᵊlz
(US) 'kɑːn.sɑːlz; kən'sɑːlz
nsommé kən'sɒm.eɪ, kɒn-;
kɒnt.sə.meɪ (US) ˌkɑːnt.sə'meɪ, '---
nsonanc|e 'kɒnt.sᵊn.ənts
(US) 'kɑːnt- -es -ɪz
nsonant 'kɒnt.sᵊn.ənt (US) 'kɑːnt-
s -s -ly -li
nsonantal ˌkɒnt.sᵊn'æn.tᵊl
(US) ˌkɑːnt.sə'næn.t̬ᵊl -ly -i
nsort (*n.*) 'kɒn.sɔːt
(US) 'kɑːn.sɔːrt -s -s
n|sort (*v.*) kən|'sɔːt, kɒn- (US)
ən|'sɔːrt -sorts -'sɔːts (US) -'sɔːrts
sorting -'sɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'sɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -sort-
d -'sɔː.tɪd (US) -'sɔːr.t̬ɪd
nsorti|um kən'sɔː.ti|.əm, -ʃi-,
ʃ|əm (US) -'sɔːr.t̬i|.əm, -ʃi-, '-ʃ|əm
ums -əmz -a -ə
nspectus kən'spek.təs -es -ɪz
nspicuous kən'spɪk.ju.əs -ly -li
ness -nəs, -nɪs
nspirac|y kən'spɪr.ə.s|i -ies -iz
on'spiracy ˌtheory
nspirator kən'spɪr.ə.təʳ, -ɪ.təʳ
(US) -ə.t̬ɚ -s -z
nspiratorial kənˌspɪr.ə'tɔː.ri.əl,
ɒn- (US) kənˌspɪr.ə'tɔːr.i-
nspir|e kən'spaɪəʳ (US) -'spaɪɚ -es -z
ng -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
nstable (C) 'kʌnt.stə.bᵊl, 'kɒnt-
(US) 'kɑːnt-, 'kʌnt- -s -z
nstabular|y kən'stæb.jʊ.lᵊr|.i,
ə- (US) -jə.ler|.i -ies -iz
nstance 'kɒnt.stənts (US) 'kɑːnt-
nstancy 'kɒnt.stənt.si (US) 'kɑːnt-
nstant 'kɒnt.stənt (US) 'kɑːnt- -s -s
y -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
nstanta kən'stæn.tə (US) -t̬ə
nstantine *Kings and Emperors:*
ɒnt.stᵊn.taɪn, -tiːn
(US) 'kɑːnt.stᵊn.tiːn, -taɪn *city:*
ɒnt.stᵊn.taɪn, -tiːn (US) 'kɑːnt-
nstantinople
ɒn.stæn.tɪ'nəʊ.pᵊl
(US) ˌkɑːn.stæn.tᵊn'oʊ-

constative kən'stæt.ɪv (US) -'stæt̬-
constellation ˌkɒnt.stə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -stɪ'- (US) ˌkɑːnt- -s -z
conster|nate 'kɒnt.stə|.neɪt (US) 'kɑːnt.stɚ- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
consternation ˌkɒnt.stə'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌkɑːnt.stɚ'-
consti|pate 'kɒnt.stɪ|.peɪt, -stə- (US) 'kɑːnt.stə- -pates -peɪts -pating -peɪ.tɪŋ (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ -pated -peɪ.tɪd (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪd
constipation ˌkɒnt.stɪ'peɪ.ʃᵊn, -stə'- (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə'-
constituen|cy kən'stɪt.ju.ənt|.si, kɒn-, -'stɪtʃ.u- (US) kən'stɪtʃ.u- -cies -siz
constituent kən'stɪt.ju.ənt, kɒn-, -'stɪtʃ.u- (US) kən'stɪtʃ.u- -s -s
consti|tute 'kɒnt.stɪ|.tjuːt, -stə-, -tʃuːt (US) 'kɑːnt.stə|.tuːt, -tjuːt -tutes -tjuːts, -tʃuːts (US) -tuːts, -tjuːts -tuting -tjuː.tɪŋ, -tʃuː.tɪŋ (US) -tuː.t̬ɪŋ, -tjuː- -tuted -tjuː.tɪd, -tʃuː.tɪd (US) -tuː.t̬ɪd, -tjuː-
constitution ˌkɒnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə'tuː-, -'tjuː- -s -z
constitutional ˌkɒnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -stə'-, -'tʃuː-, -'tjuːʃ.nᵊl, -'tʃuːʃ- (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə'tuː-, -'tjuː-, -'tuːʃ.nᵊl, -'tjuːʃ- -ly -i
constitutional|ism ˌkɒnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə'tuː-, -'tjuː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
constitutionality ˌkɒnt.stɪ.tjuː.ʃᵊn'æl.ə.ti, -stə-, -tʃuː-, '-ɪ.ti (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə.tuː.ʃᵊn'æl.ə.t̬i, -tjuː-
constitutionaliz|e, -is|e ˌkɒnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) ˌkɑːnt.stə'tuː.ʃᵊn.ə.laɪz, -'tjuː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
constitutive kən'stɪt.jʊ.tɪv, kɒn-, -'stɪtʃ.ə-; 'kɒnt.stɪ.tjuː-, -stə-, -tʃuː- (US) 'kɑːnt.stə.tuː.t̬ɪv, -tjuː-; kən'stɪtʃ.ə-
constrain kən'streɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li, -d.li -able -ə.bᵊl
constraint kən'streɪnt -s -s
constrict kən'strɪkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ive -ɪv
constriction kən'strɪk.ʃᵊn -s -z
construct (*n.*) 'kɒn.strʌkt (US) 'kɑːn- -s -s
construct (*v.*) kən'strʌkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
construction kən'strʌk.ʃᵊn -s -z
constructional kən'strʌk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl -ly -i
constructionist kən'strʌk.ʃᵊn.ɪst -s -s
constructive kən'strʌk.tɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
constructor kən'strʌk.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
constru|e kən'struː, kɒn- (US) kən- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
consubstantial ˌkɒn.səb'stæn.tʃᵊl, -'stɑːn- (US) ˌkɑːn.səb'stænt.ʃᵊl -ly -i

consubstanti|ate ˌkɒn.səb'stæn.tʃi|.eɪt, -'stɑːn-, -'stænt.si-, -'stɑːnt.si- (US) ˌkɑːn.səb'stænt.ʃi- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
consubstantiation ˌkɒn.səbˌstæn.tʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -ˌstɑːn-, -ˌstænt.si'-, -ˌstɑːnt.si'- (US) ˌkɑːn.səbˌstænt.ʃi'-
consuetude 'kɒnt.swɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd (US) 'kɑːnt.swɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd
consuetudinary ˌkɒnt.swɪ'tjuː.dɪ.nᵊr.i (US) ˌkɑːnt.swɪ'tuː.dɪ.ner-, -'tjuː-
consul 'kɒnt.sᵊl (US) 'kɑːnt- -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s
consular 'kɒnt.sjʊ.ləʳ, -sjə- (US) 'kɑːnt-
consulate 'kɒnt.sjʊ.lət, -sjə-, -lɪt (US) 'kɑːnt- -s -s
con|sult kən|'sʌlt -sults -'sʌlts -sulting -'sʌl.tɪŋ (US) -'sʌl.t̬ɪŋ -sulted -'sʌl.tɪd (US) -'sʌl.t̬ɪd
consultanc|y kən'sʌl.tᵊnt.s|i -ies -iz
consultant kən'sʌl.tᵊnt -s -s
consultation ˌkɒn.sᵊl'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -sʌl'- (US) ˌkɑːn- -s -z
consultative kən'sʌl.tə.tɪv (US) -t̬ə.t̬ɪv; 'kɑːnt.səl.teɪ-
consultatory kən'sʌl.tə.tᵊr.i, -tri; ˌkɒnt.sᵊl'teɪ- (US) kən'sʌl.t̬ə.tɔːr.i
consumable kən'sjuː.mə.bᵊl, -'suː- (US) -'suː- -s -z
consum|e kən'sjuːm, -'suːm (US) -'suːm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
consumer kən'sjuː.məʳ, -'suː- (US) -'suː.mɚ -s -z con'sumer ˌgoods; con'sumer soˌciety
consumer|ism kən'sjuː.mə.r|ɪ.zᵊm, -'suː- (US) -'suː.mɚ|.ɪ- -ist -ɪst
consummate (*adj.*) kən'sʌm.ət, -ɪt; 'kɒnt.sə.mət, -sjʊ-, -mɪt (US) 'kɑːnt.sə.mɪt; kən'sʌm.ɪt -ly -li
consum|mate (*v.*) 'kɒnt.sə|.meɪt, -sjʊ- (US) 'kɑːnt.sə- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd -mator/s -meɪ.təʳ/z (US) -meɪ.t̬ɚ/z
consummation ˌkɒnt.sə'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -sjʊ'- (US) ˌkɑːnt.sə'- -s -z
consummative 'kɒnt.sə.meɪ.tɪv, -sʌm.eɪ-, -sjʊ.meɪ-; kən'sʌm.ə- (US) 'kɑːnt.sə.meɪ.t̬ɪv; kən'sʌm.ə-
consumption kən'sʌmp.ʃᵊn
consumptive kən'sʌmp.tɪv -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
contact (*n, adj.*) 'kɒn.tækt (US) 'kɑːn- -s -s 'contact ˌlens
contact (*v.*) 'kɒn.tækt; -'-, kən- (US) 'kɑːn.tækt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
contactable kən'tæk.tə.bᵊl; 'kɒn.tæk- (US) 'kɑːn.tækt-
contagion kən'teɪ.dʒᵊn -s -z
contagious kən'teɪ.dʒəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
contain kən'teɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl
container kən'teɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ -s -z con'tainer ˌship

containerization, -isa- kən,teɪ.nᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-

containeriz|e, -is|e kən'teɪ.nᵊr.aɪz (US) -nə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

containment kən'teɪn.mənt, -'teɪm- (US) -'teɪn-

contaminant kən'tæm.ɪ.nənt, '-ə- **-s** -s

contami|nate kən'tæm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nater/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

contamination kən,tæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z

contaminative kən'tæm.ɪ.nə.tɪv, '-ə-, -neɪ- (US) -t̬ɪv

contango kən'tæŋ.gəʊ, kɒn- (US) kən'tæŋ.goʊ **-s** -z

contd (*abbrev. for* **continued**) kən'tɪn.juːd, -jud

contemn kən'tem **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, -nəʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, -nɚ/z

contem|plate 'kɒn.təm|.pleɪt, -tem- (US) 'kɑːn.t̬əm-, -tem- **-plates** -pleɪts **-plating** -pleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -pleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-plated** -pleɪ.tɪd (US) -pleɪ.t̬ɪd **-plator/s** -pleɪ.təʳ/z (US) -pleɪ.t̬ɚ/z

contemplation ,kɒn.təm'pleɪ.ʃᵊn, -tem'- (US) ,kɑːn.t̬əm'-, -tem'- **-s** -z

contemplative *pensive:* kən'tem.plə.tɪv, 'kɒn.tem.pleɪ.tɪv, -təm- (US) kən'tem.plə.t̬ɪv; 'kɑːn.t̬əm.pleɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

contemplative *of religious orders:* kən'tem.plə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv

contemporaneity kən,tem.pᵊr.ə'niː.ə.ti, kɒn-, -'neɪ-, -ɪ.ti; ,kɒn.tem- (US) kən,tem.pɚ.ə'niː.ə.t̬i, -'neɪ-

contemporaneous kən,tem.pᵊr'eɪ.ni.əs, kɒn-; ,kɒn.tem- (US) kən- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

contemporar|y kən'tem.pᵊr.ᵊr|.i (US) -pə.rer- **-ies** -iz **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li

contempt kən'tempt

contemptibility kən,temp.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -tə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

contemptib|le kən'temp.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

contemptuous kən'temp.tʃu.əs, -tju- (US) -tʃu- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

contend kən'tend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

content (*n.*) *what is contained:* 'kɒn.tent (US) 'kɑːn- *contentment:* kən'tent

con|tent (*adj, v.*) kən|'tent **-tents** -'tents **-tenting** -'ten.tɪŋ (US) -'ten.t̬ɪŋ **-tented/ly** -'ten.tɪd/li (US) -'ten.t̬ɪd/li **-tentedness** -'ten.tɪd.nəs, -nɪs (US) -'ten.t̬ɪd-

contention kən'ten.tʃᵊn **-s** -z

contentious kən'ten.tʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

contentment kən'tent.mənt

contents (*n.*) *what is contained:* 'kɒn.tents, kən'tents (US) 'kɑːn.tents

conterminal|al kɒn'tɜː.mɪ.n|ᵊl, kən-, -mə- (US) kən'tɝː- **-ous** -əs

contest (*n.*) 'kɒn.test (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -s

contest (*v.*) kən'test **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl

contestant kən'tes.tᵊnt **-s** -s

contestation ,kɒn.tes'teɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ,kɑːn- **-s** -z

context 'kɒn.tekst (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -s

contextual kən'tek.stju.əl, kɒn-, -'teks.tʃu- (US) kən'teks.tʃu-, kɑːn-, -tʃᵊl **-ly** -i

contextualization, -isa- kən,tek.stju.ə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -,teks.tʃu-, -lɪ'- (US) kən,teks.tʃu.ə.lɪ'-, kɑːn-, -tʃᵊl.ɪ'-

contextualiz|e, -is|e kən'tek.stju.ə.laɪz, -'teks.tʃu- (US) kən'teks.tʃu-, -tʃə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Conti 'kɒn.ti (US) 'kɑːn.t̬i

contiguity ,kɒn.tɪ'gjuː.ə.ti, -tə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ,kɑːn.t̬ə'gjuː.ə.t̬i

contiguous kən'tɪg.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

continen|ce 'kɒn.tɪ.nənt|s (US) 'kɑːn.tᵊn.ənt|s **-cy** -si

continent (C) 'kɒn.tɪ.nənt (US) 'kɑːn.tᵊn.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li

continental ,kɒn.tɪ'nen.tᵊl, -tə'- (US) ,kɑːn.tᵊn'en.t̬ᵊl ,**continental 'breakfast**; ,**continental 'quilt**

contingen|ce kən'tɪn.dʒᵊnt|s **-cy** -si **-cies** -siz

contingent kən'tɪn.dʒᵊnt **-s** -s **-ly** -li

continual kən'tɪn.ju.əl **-ly** -i

continuan|ce kən'tɪn.ju.ənt|s **-t/s** -t/s

continuation kən,tɪn.ju'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

continuative kən'tɪn.ju.ə.tɪv, -eɪ.tɪv (US) kən'tɪn.ju.eɪ.t̬ɪv, -ə-

continuator kən'tɪn.ju.eɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z

contin|ue kən'tɪn|.juː, -ju **-ues** -juːz, -juz **-uing** -ju.ɪŋ **-ued** -juːd, -jud **-uer/s** -ju.əʳ/z (US) -ju.ɚ/z

continuity ,kɒn.tɪ'njuː.ə.ti, -tə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ,kɑːn.tᵊn'uː.ə.t̬i, -'juː-

continuo kən'tɪn.ju.əʊ, kɒn-, -u.əʊ (US) kən'tɪn.ju.oʊ

continuous kən'tɪn.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **con,tinuous as'sessment**

continu|um kən'tɪn.ju|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

contoid 'kɒn.tɔɪd (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -z

con|tort kən|'tɔːt (US) -'tɔːrt **-torts** -'tɔːts (US) -'tɔːrts **-torting** -'tɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'tɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-torted** -'tɔː.tɪd (US) -'tɔːr.t̬ɪd

contortion kən'tɔː.ʃᵊn (US) -'tɔːr- **-s** -z

contortionist kən'tɔː.ʃᵊn.ɪst, kɒn- (US) kən'tɔːr- **-s** -s

contour 'kɒn.tʊəʳ, -tɔːʳ (US) 'kɑːn.tʊr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

contra- 'kɒn.trə (US) 'kɑːn.trə

Note: Prefix. In the sense of "against", this always carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable.

contra (C) 'kɒn.trə, -trɑː (US) 'kɑːn.trə **-s** -z

contraband 'kɒn.trə.bænd (US) 'kɑːn- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

contrabass ,kɒn.trə'beɪs, '--- (US) 'kɑːn.trə.beɪs **-es** -ɪz

contra bonos mores ,kɒn.trɑː,bəʊ.nəʊs'mɔː.reɪs, -,bɒn.əʊs- (US) ,kɑːn.trɑː,boʊ.noʊs'mɔːr.iːz

contraception ,kɒn.trə'sep.ʃᵊn (US) ,kɑːn-

contraceptive ,kɒn.trə'sep.tɪv (US) ,kɑːn- **-s** -z

contract (*n.*) 'kɒn.trækt (US) 'kɑːn- **-s** -s

contract (*v.*) kən'trækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv

contractibility kən,træk.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) kən,træk.tə'bɪl.ə.t̬i; ,kɑːn.træk-

contractib|le kən'træk.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

contractile kən'træk.taɪl (US) -tᵊl, -taɪl

contraction kən'træk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

contractionary kən'træk.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, -ʃᵊn.ri (US) -ʃᵊn.er.i

contractor *builder:* kən'træk.təʳ; 'kɒn.træk- (US) 'kɑːn.træk.tɚ **-s** -z *other senses:* kən'træk.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z

contractual kən'træk.tʃu.ᵊl, -tju- (US) kən'træk.tʃu-, kɑːn-, -tʃᵊl **-ly** -i

contracture kən'træk.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ, -ʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z

contradict ,kɒn.trə'dɪkt (US) ,kɑːn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

contradiction ,kɒn.trə'dɪk.ʃᵊn (US) ,kɑːn- **-s** -z

contradictor|y ,kɒn.trə'dɪk.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i (US) ,kɑːn- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

contradistinc|tion ,kɒn.trə.dɪ'stɪŋk|.ʃᵊn, -də'- (US) ,kɑːn.trə.dɪ'-, -də'- **-tive** -tɪv

contradistinguish ,kɒn.trə.dɪ'stɪŋ.gwɪʃ, -də'- (US) ,kɑːn.trə.dɪ'-, -də'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

contrafactive ,kɒn.trə'fæk.tɪv (US) ,kɑːn-

contraflow 'kɒn.trə.fləʊ (US) 'kɑːn.trə.floʊ **-s** -z

contraindi|cate ,kɒn.trə'ɪn.dɪ|.keɪt (US) ,kɑːn.trə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

contraindication ,kɒn.trə.ɪn.dɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ,kɑːn.trə- **-s** -z

contraindicative ,kɒn.trə.ɪn'dɪk.ə.tɪv (US) ,kɑːn.trə.ɪn'dɪk.ə.t̬ɪv

contralti (*plur. of* **contralto**) kən'træl.ti, -'trɑːl- (US) -'træl.t̬i

contralto kən'træl.təʊ, -'trɑːl- (US) -'træl.t̬oʊ **-s** -z

contra pacem ,kɒn.trɑː'pɑː.kem, -'pɑː.tʃem (US) ,kɑːn.trɑː'pɑː.kem, -'peɪ.sem

contraposition ,kɒn.trə.pə'zɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ,kɑːn-

contraption kən'træp.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

contrapuntal ,kɒn.trə'pʌn.tᵊl

(US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈpʌn.t̬ᵊl -ly -i
trapuntist ˌkɒn.trəˈpʌn.tɪst
(US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈpʌn.t̬ɪst -s -s
trariety ˌkɒn.trəˈraɪ.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
(US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈraɪ.ə.t̬i
trariwise kənˈtreə.ri.waɪz;
ɒn.trə- (US) kənˈtrer.i-; ˈkɑːn.trɚ-
trar|y *opposed:* ˈkɒn.trᵊr|.i
(US) ˈkɑːn.trer|.i -ies -iz -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
trar|y *perverse, obstinate:*
ənˈtreə.r|i (US) -ˈtrer|.i -ies -iz -ily
li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
trast (*n.*) ˈkɒn.trɑːst
(US) ˈkɑːn.træst -s -s
trast (*v.*) kənˈtrɑːst (US) -ˈtræst
-s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd
trastive kənˈtrɑː.stɪv
(US) -ˈtræs.tɪv
traven|e ˌkɒn.trəˈviːn (US) ˌkɑːn-
s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
travention ˌkɒn.trəˈven.tʃᵊn
(US) ˌkɑːn- -s -z
tretemps (*sing.*) ˈkɒn.trə.tɑ̃ːŋ,
ɔːn-, ˈkɔ̃ːn- (US) ˈkɑːn.trə.tɑ̃ː (*plur.*)
ɒn.trə.tɑ̃ː, -z (US) ˈkɑːn.trə.tɑ̃ː, -z
trib|ute kənˈtrɪb|.juːt,
ɒn.trɪ.b|juːt, -jət
(US) kənˈtrɪb|.juːt, -jət -utes -juːts
-juːts, -jəts -uting -jʊ.tɪŋ
-juː.t̬ɪŋ, -jə- -uted -jʊ.tɪd
-juː.t̬ɪd, -jə-
tribution ˌkɒn.trɪˈbjuː.ʃᵊn
(US) ˌkɑːn- -s -z
tributive kənˈtrɪb.jʊ.tɪv, -jə-
(US) -jə.t̬ɪv
tributor kənˈtrɪb.jə.təʳ, -jʊ-;
ɒn.trɪ.bjuː- (US) kənˈtrɪb.jə.t̬ɚ,
uː.t̬ɚ -s -z
tributory kənˈtrɪb.jʊ.tᵊr.i, -jə-,
ri; ˌkɒn.trɪˈbjuː-
(US) kənˈtrɪb.jə.tɔːr.i
trite kənˈtraɪt, kɒn- (US) kən-,
ɑːn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
trition kənˈtrɪʃ.ᵊn
trivanc|e kənˈtraɪ.vᵊnts -es -ɪz
triv|e kənˈtraɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ
d -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
trol (*n.*) kənˈtrəʊl *in machinery*
so: ˈkɒn.trəʊl (US) kənˈtroʊl -s -z
trol (*v.*) kənˈtrəʊl (US) -ˈtroʊl -s -z
ing -ɪŋ -led -d -lable -ə.bᵊl
troller kənˈtrəʊ.ləʳ (US) -ˈtroʊ.lɚ
-z
troversial ˌkɒn.trəˈvɜː.ʃᵊl,
si.əl (US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈvɝː.ʃᵊl -ly -i
troversialist
ɒn.trəˈvɜː.ʃᵊl.ɪst, ˈ-si.ᵊl-
(US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈvɝː.ʃᵊl- -s -s
trovers|y ˈkɒn.trə.vɜː.s|i,
ə.s|i; kənˈtrɒv.ə.s|i
(US) ˈkɑːn.trə.vɝː- -ies -iz
trover|t ˌkɒn.trəˈvɜː|t, ˈ---
(US) ˈkɑːn.trə.vɝː|t, ˌ--ˈ- -ts -ts -ting
ɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
trovertib|le ˌkɒn.trəˈvɜː.tə.b|ᵊl,
ɪ- (US) ˌkɑːn.trəˈvɝː.t̬ə- -ly -li
tumacious ˌkɒn.tjʊˈmeɪ.ʃəs
(US) ˌkɑːn.tʊˈ-, -tjuːˈ-, -t̬əˈ-, -tjəˈ- -ly
-ness -nəs, -nəs
tumacy ˈkɒn.tjʊ.mə.si
(US) ˈkɑːn.tuː-; -tjʊ-; kənˈtuː-
contumelious ˌkɒn.tjʊˈmiː.li.əs
(US) ˌkɑːn.tʊˈ-, -tjuːˈ-, -təˈ-, -tjəˈ- -ly
-li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
contumel|y ˈkɒn.tjuː.mᵊl|.i, -tjʊ-,
-mɪ.l|i; kənˈtjʊm.ɪ.l|i, -ᵊl|.i,
-ˈtjuː.mɪ.l|i, -mᵊl|.i
(US) ˈkɑːn.tuː.mᵊl|.i, -tjuː-, ˈ-t̬əm.l|i;
kənˈtuː.mə.l|i, -ˈtjuː-, -ˈtʊm.ə-
-ies -iz
contus|e kənˈtjuːz (US) -ˈtuːz, -ˈtjuːz
-es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
contusion kənˈtjuː.ʒᵊn (US) -ˈtuː-,
-ˈtjuː- -s -z
conundrum kəˈnʌn.drəm -s -z
conurbation ˌkɒn.ɜːˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-
(US) ˌkɑː.nɝːˈ-, -nɚˈ- -s -z
convalesc|e ˌkɒn.vəˈles (US) ˌkɑːn- -es
-ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
convalescence ˌkɒn.vəˈles.ᵊnts
(US) ˌkɑːn-
convalescent ˌkɒn.vəˈles.ᵊnt
(US) ˌkɑːn- -s -s
convection kənˈvek.ʃᵊn
convector kənˈvek.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
convenanc|e ˈkɔ̃ːn.və.nɑ̃ːns, ˈkɒn-,
-nɑːnts (US) ˈkɑːn.və.nənts, -nænts
-es -ɪz
conven|e kənˈviːn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed
-d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -or/s -əʳ/z
(US) -ɚ/z
convenienc|e kənˈviː.ni.ənts
(US) -ˈviːn.jənts -es -ɪz conˈvenience
ˌfood; conˈvenience ˌstore
convenient kənˈviː.ni.ənt
(US) -ˈviːn.jənt -ly -li
convent ˈkɒn.vənt, -vent (US) ˈkɑːn-
-s -s
conventicle kənˈven.tɪ.kᵊl (US) -t̬ə-
-s -z
convention kənˈven.tʃᵊn
(US) -ˈvent.ʃᵊn -s -z
conventional kənˈven.tʃᵊn.ᵊl
(US) -ˈvent.ʃᵊn- -ly -i
conventional|ism
kənˈven.tʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm
(US) -ˈvent.ʃᵊn- -ist/s -ɪst/s
conventionalit|y
kənˌven.tʃəˈnæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
(US) -ˌvent.ʃəˈnæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
conventionaliz|e, -is|e
kənˈven.tʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz
(US) -ˈvent.ʃᵊn.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
conventual kənˈven.tju.əl, -tʃu-,
-tʃᵊl (US) -tʃu.əl -s -z
converg|e kənˈvɜːdʒ, kɒn-
(US) kənˈvɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
convergen|ce kənˈvɜː.dʒᵊnt|s, kɒn-
(US) kənˈvɝː- -ces -sɪz -cy -si
convergent kənˈvɜː.dʒᵊnt, kɒn-
(US) kənˈvɝː- -ly -li
conversable kənˈvɜː.sə.bᵊl (US) -ˈvɝː-
conversan|ce kənˈvɜː.sᵊnt|s;
ˈkɒn.və- (US) kənˈvɝː-; ˈkɑːn.vɚ- -cy
-si
conversant kənˈvɜː.sᵊnt; ˈkɒn.və-
(US) kənˈvɝː-; ˈkɑːn.vɚ- -ly -li
conversation ˌkɒn.vəˈseɪ.ʃᵊn
(US) ˌkɑːn.vɚˈ- -s -z converˈsation
ˌpiece
conversational ˌkɒn.vəˈseɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl,
-ˈseɪʃ.nᵊl (US) ˌkɑːn.vɚˈ- -ly -i
conversationalist
ˌkɒn.vəˈseɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.ɪst, -ˈseɪʃ.nᵊl-
(US) ˌkɑːn.vɚˈ- -s -s
conversazione
ˌkɒn.və.sæt.siˈəʊ.neɪ, -ni
(US) ˌkɑːn.vɚ.sɑːt.siˈoʊ.ni, ˌkoʊn- -s -z
convers|e (*n, adj.*) ˈkɒn.vɜːs;
kənˈvɜːs (US) ˈkɑːn.vɝːs; kənˈvɝːs
-es -ɪz -ely -li
convers|e (*v.*) kənˈvɜːs (US) -ˈvɝːs -es
-ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
conversion kənˈvɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn
(US) -ˈvɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z conˈversion
ˌcourse
convert (*n.*) ˈkɒn.vɜːt (US) ˈkɑːn.vɝːt
-s -s
con|vert (*v.*) kən|ˈvɜːt (US) -ˈvɝːt
-verts -ˈvɜːts (US) -ˈvɝːts -verting
-ˈvɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪŋ -verted
-ˈvɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪd -verter/s
-ˈvɜː.təʳ/z (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɚ/z -vertor/s
-ˈvɜː.təʳ/z (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɚ/z
convertibility kənˌvɜː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti,
-tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌvɝː.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
convertib|le kənˈvɜː.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ-
(US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ə- -les -ᵊlz -ly -li
convex kɒnˈveks, ˈ-- (US) ˈkɑːn.veks;
kənˈveks -ly -li
convexit|y kɒnˈvek.sə.t|i, kən-, -ɪt|.i
(US) kənˈvek.sə.t̬|i -ies -iz
convey kənˈveɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
-able -ə.bᵊl conˈveyor ˌbelt
conveyanc|e kənˈveɪ.ənts -es -ɪz
conveyanc|er kənˈveɪ.ənt.s|əʳ
(US) -s|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
convict (*n.*) ˈkɒn.vɪkt (US) ˈkɑːn- -s -s
convict (*v.*) kənˈvɪkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed
-ɪd
conviction kənˈvɪk.ʃᵊn -s -z
convinc|e kənˈvɪnts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t
convincible kənˈvɪnt.sə.bᵊl
convincing kənˈvɪnt.sɪŋ -ly -li
convivial kənˈvɪv.i.əl -ly -i
conviviality kənˌvɪv.iˈæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
(US) -ɚ.t̬i
convocation ˌkɒn.vəʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn
(US) ˌkɑːn.vəˈ- -s -z
convok|e kənˈvəʊk (US) -ˈvoʊk -es -s
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
convolu|te ˈkɒn.və.luː|t, -ljuː|t, ˌ--ˈ-
(US) ˈkɑːn.və.luː|t -ted/ly -tɪd/li
(US) -t̬ɪd/li
convolution ˌkɒn.vəˈluː.ʃᵊn, -ˈljuː-
(US) ˌkɑːn.vəˈluː- -s -z
convolv|e kənˈvɒlv (US) -ˈvɑːlv,
-ˈvɔːlv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
convolvul|us kənˈvɒl.vjʊ.l|əs, -vjə-
(US) -ˈvɑːl.vjuː-, -vjə- -i -aɪ -uses
-ə.sɪz
convoy ˈkɒn.vɔɪ (US) ˈkɑːn- -s -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d
convulsant kənˈvʌl.sᵊnt -s -s
convuls|e kənˈvʌls -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t

convulsion kən'vʌl.ʃən -s -z
convulsive kən'vʌl.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Conway 'kɒn.weɪ (US) 'kɑːn-
Conwy 'kɒn.wi (US) 'kɑːn-
con|y 'kəʊ.n|i (US) 'koʊ- **-ies** -iz
Conybeare 'kɒn.ɪ.bɪəʳ, 'kʌn- (US) 'kɑː.nɪ.bɪr, 'kʌn.ɪ-
coo kuː **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Coober Pedy ˌkuː.bə'piː.di (US) -bɚ'-
Cooch kuːtʃ
cooee 'kuː.i, -iː, ˌ-'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
cook kʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
cookbook 'kʊk.bʊk **-s** -s
cook-chill ˌkʊk'tʃɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cook(e) kʊk
cooker 'kʊk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
cookery 'kʊk.ər.i 'cookery ˌbook
Cookham 'kʊk.əm (US) -əm, -hæm
cookhou|se 'kʊk.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
cookie 'kʊk.i **-s** -z
cookout 'kʊk.aʊt **-s** -s
Cookson 'kʊk.sən
Cookstown 'kʊks.taʊn
cookware 'kʊk.weəʳ (US) -wer
cook|y 'kʊk|.i **-ies** -iz
cool kuːl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li, -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
coolant 'kuː.lənt **-s** -s
coolbox 'kuːl.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
cooler 'kuː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
coolheaded ˌkuːl'hed.ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌcoolheaded 'thinking
coolibah 'kuː.lɪ.bɑː, -lə- **-s** -z
Coolidge 'kuː.lɪdʒ
coolie 'kuː.li **-s** -z
Cooling 'kuː.lɪŋ
cooling-off period ˌkuː.lɪŋ'ɒfˌpɪə.ri.əd (US) -'ɑːfˌpɪr.i- **-s** -z
coom kuːm **-s** -z
coomb kuːm **-s** -z
Coomb(e) kuːm
Coomber 'kuːm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
Coombes kuːmz
coon kuːn **-s** -z
coop kuːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
co-op 'kəʊ.ɒp, -'- (US) 'koʊ.ɑːp **-s** -s
coop|er (C) 'kuː.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
cooperag|e 'kuː.pər.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
cooper|ate kəʊ'ɒp.ər|.eɪt (US) koʊ'ɑː.pə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
cooperation kəʊˌɒp.ə'reɪ.ʃən, ˌkəʊ.ɒp- (US) koʊˌɑː.pə'- **-s** -z
cooperative kəʊ'ɒp.ər.ə.tɪv (US) koʊ'ɑː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li
Cooperstown 'kuː.pəz.taʊn (US) -pɚz-
coopery 'kuː.pər.i
Coopman 'kuːp.mən
co-opt kəʊ'ɒpt (US) koʊ'ɑːpt, '-- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
co-optation ˌkəʊ.ɒp'teɪ.ʃən (US) ˌkoʊ.ɑːp'-
co-option kəʊ'ɒp.ʃən (US) koʊ'ɑːp- **-s** -z
coordinate (*n, adj.*) kəʊ'ɔː.dɪ.nət, -dən.ət (US) koʊ'ɔːr.dən.ət, -eɪt **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
coordin|ate (*v.*) kəʊ'ɔː.dɪ.n|eɪt, -dən|.eɪt (US) koʊ'ɔːr.dən.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
coordination kəʊˌɔː.dɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -dən'eɪ- (US) koʊˌɔːr.dən'eɪ-
coordinative kəʊ'ɔː.dɪ.nə.tɪv, -dən.ə-, -eɪ- (US) koʊ'ɔːr.dən.ə.t̬ɪv
Coors® kɔːz, kʊəz (US) kʊrz
coot kuːt **-s** -s
Coote kuːt
co-ownership ˌkəʊ'əʊ.nə.ʃɪp (US) ˌkoʊ'oʊ.nɚ-
cop kɒp (US) kɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Copacabana ˌkəʊ.pə.kə'bæn.ə (US) ˌkoʊ-, -'bɑː.nə
copaiba kəʊ'paɪ.bə, kɒp'aɪ- (US) koʊ'paɪ-
copal 'kəʊ.pəl; kəʊ'pæl (US) 'koʊ.pəl, -pæl
coparcener ˌkəʊ'pɑː.sən.əʳ, -sɪ.nəʳ (US) ˌkoʊ'pɑːr.sən.ɚ **-s** -z
copartner ˌkəʊ'pɑːt.nəʳ (US) 'koʊˌpɑːrt.nɚ, ˌ-'-- **-s** -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
cop|e (C) kəʊp (US) koʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
copeck 'kəʊ.pek, 'kɒp.ek (US) 'koʊ.pek **-s** -s
Copeland 'kəʊp.lənd (US) 'koʊp-
Copenhagen ˌkəʊ.pən'heɪ.gən, -'hɑː-; 'kəʊ.pənˌheɪ-, -ˌhɑː- (US) 'koʊ.pənˌheɪ.gən, -ˌhɑː-, ˌkoʊpən'heɪ-, -'hɑː-
coper 'kəʊ.pəʳ (US) 'koʊ.pɚ **-s** -z
Copernican kəʊ'pɜː.nɪ.kən (US) koʊ'pɝː-, kə-
Copernicus kəʊ'pɜː.nɪ.kəs (US) koʊ'pɝː-, kə-
copestone 'kəʊp.stəʊn (US) 'koʊp.stoʊn **-s** -z
Cophetua kəʊ'fet.ju.ə (US) koʊ-
copier 'kɒp.i.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.pi.ɚ **-s** -z
co-pilot 'kəʊˌpaɪ.lət, ˌ-'-- (US) 'koʊˌpaɪ- **-s** -s
coping 'kəʊ.pɪŋ (US) 'koʊ- **-s** -z
copingstone 'kəʊ.pɪŋ.stəʊn (US) 'koʊ.pɪŋ.stoʊn **-s** -z
copious 'kəʊ.pi.əs (US) 'koʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Copland 'kɒp.lənd, 'kəʊp- (US) 'kɑːp-, 'koʊp-
Note: The name of the composer Aaron Copland is pronounced /'kəʊp.lənd (US) 'koʊp-/.
Copleston 'kɒp.əl.stən (US) 'kɑː.pəl-
Copley 'kɒp.li (US) 'kɑː.pli
cop-out 'kɒp.aʊt (US) 'kɑːp- **-s** -s
Copp kɒp (US) kɑːp
copp|er 'kɒp|.əʳ (US) 'kɑː.p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌcopper 'beech; ˌcopper 'sulphate
copperas 'kɒp.ər.əs (US) 'kɑː.pɚ-
copper-bottomed ˌkɒp.ə'bɒt.əmd (US) ˌkɑː.pɚ'bɑː.t̬əmd *stress shift:* ˌcopper-bottomed 'prospect
Copperfield 'kɒp.ə.fiːld (US) 'kɑː.pɚ-
copperhead 'kɒp.ə.hed (US) 'kɑː.pɚ- **-s** -z
copperplate 'kɒp.ə.pleɪt, ˌ--'- (US) 'kɑː.pɚ-
coppersmith (C) 'kɒp.ə.smɪθ (US) 'kɑː.pɚ- **-s** -s
coppery 'kɒp.ər.i (US) 'kɑː.pɚ-
coppic|e 'kɒp.ɪs (US) 'kɑː.pɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Copping 'kɒp.ɪŋ (US) 'kɑː.pɪŋ
Coppola 'kɒp.əl.ə, 'kɑː.pəl.ə (US) 'kɑː.pəl.ə, 'koʊ.pəl.ə
Coppull 'kɒp.əl (US) 'kɑː.pəl
copra 'kɒp.rə (US) 'kɑː.prə
copro- 'kɒp.rəʊ (US) 'kɑː.proʊ, -prə
coproduc|e ˌkəʊ.prə'djuːs, -'dʒuːs (US) ˌkoʊ.prə'duːs, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
coproduction ˌkəʊ.prə'dʌk.ʃən (US) ˌkoʊ- **-s** -z
cops|e kɒps (US) kɑːps **-es** -ɪz
Copt kɒpt (US) kɑːpt **-s** -s
copter 'kɒp.təʳ (US) 'kɑːp- **-s** -z
Copthall 'kɒp.tɔːl, 'kɒpt.hɔːl (US) 'kɑːp.tɔːl, -tɑːl, 'kɑːpt.hɔːl, -hɑ
Coptic 'kɒp.tɪk (US) 'kɑːp-
copul|a 'kɒp.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- (US) 'kɑː.pjə- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
copu|late 'kɒp.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- (US) 'kɑː.pjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
copulation ˌkɒp.jə'leɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'- (US) ˌkɑː.pjə'- **-s** -z
copula|tive 'kɒp.jə.lə|.tɪv, -jʊ-, -le (US) 'kɑː.pjə.lə|.t̬ɪv **-tory** -tər.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
cop|y 'kɒp|.i (US) 'kɑː.pli **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
copybook 'kɒp.i.bʊk (US) 'kɑː.pi- **-s** ˌblot one's 'copybook
copycat 'kɒp.i.kæt (US) 'kɑː.pi- **-s** -s
Copydex® 'kɒp.i.deks (US) 'kɑː.pi-
copy-ed|it 'kɒp.iˌed|.ɪt (US) 'kɑː.pi- **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd **-itor/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ɪ.t̬ɚ/z
copyhold 'kɒp.i.həʊld (US) 'kɑː.pi.hoʊld **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
copyist 'kɒp.i.ɪst (US) 'kɑː.pi- **-s** -s
copy|right 'kɒp.i|.raɪt (US) 'kɑː.pi- **-rights** -raɪts **-righting** -ˌraɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˌraɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-righted** -ˌraɪ.tɪd (US) -ˌraɪ.t̬ɪd
copywrit|er 'kɒp.iˌraɪ.t|əʳ (US) 'kɑː.piˌraɪ.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
coq au vin ˌkɒk.əʊ'væn, -'væ̃ŋ (US) ˌkoʊk.oʊ'-, ˌkɑːk-
Coquelles kɒk'el, kəʊ'kel (US) koʊ'k
coqu|et kɒk|'et, kəʊ'k|et (US) koʊ'k **-ets** -ets **-etting** -et.ɪŋ (US) -et̬.ɪŋ **-etted** -et.ɪd (US) -et̬.ɪd
Coquet 'kəʊ.kɪt (US) 'koʊ-

uetr|y 'kɒk.ɪ.tr|i, 'kəʊ.kɪ-, -kə-
'koʊ.kə.tr|i, koʊ'ket.r|i -ies -iz
uette kɒk'et, kəʊ'ket ⓤⓢ koʊ'ket
-s
uettish kɒk'et.ɪʃ, kəʊ'ket-
koʊ'keṭ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
kɔːʳ ⓤⓢ kɔːr -s -z
a 'kɔː.rə ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə
acle 'kɒr.ə.kᵊl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z
al 'kɒr.əl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z ˌcoral 'reef
allaceous ˌkɒr.ə'leɪ.ʃəs ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr-
all|ine 'kɒr.ᵊl|.aɪn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə.l|aɪn
e -aɪt
am 'kɔː.ræm ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.æm
am nobis ˌkɔː.ræm'nəʊ.bɪs,
em- ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.æm'noʊ.bɪs
(s) anglais ˌkɔː'rɒŋ.gleɪ, -'rɑːŋ-
ˌkɔːr.ɑːŋ'gleɪ
ban 'kɔː.bæn, -bᵊn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
bel 'kɔː.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z
bett 'kɔː.bɪt, -bet, -bət ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
bishley 'kɔː.bɪʃ.li ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
bridge 'kɔː.brɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
busier kɔː'bjuː.zi.eɪ, -'buː-
ˌkɔːr.buː'zjeɪ
by 'kɔː.bi ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
byn 'kɔː.bɪn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
coran 'kɔː.kᵊr.ᵊn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
cyra ˌkɔː'saɪə.rə ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr'saɪ-
d kɔːd ⓤⓢ kɔːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed
-age -ɪdʒ
delia kɔː'diː.li.ə ⓤⓢ kɔːr'diːl.jə
delier (C) ˌkɔː.dɪ'lɪəʳ
ˌkɔːr.dɪ'lɪr -s -z
dero kɔː'deə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ kɔːr'der.oʊ
dial 'kɔː.di.əl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.dʒəl, -djəl
-z -ly -i
dialit|y ˌkɔː.di'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
ˌkɔːr.dʒi'æl.ə.ṭ|i, -'djæl.ə-
s -iz
dillera (C) ˌkɔː.dɪ'ljeə.rə,
ᵊl'jeə-, -'eə- ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.dᵊl'jer.ə;
ːr'dɪl.ɚ-
dite 'kɔː.daɪt ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
dless 'kɔːd.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrd-
doba, Córdoba 'kɔː.də.bə
'kɔːr-
don 'kɔː.dᵊn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z -ing
-ed -d
don bleu ˌkɔː.dɔ̃ːm'blɜː, -dɒn'-
ˌkɔːr.dɔ̃ː'bluː
don(s) sanitaire(s)
ɔː.dɔ̃ːn.sæn.ɪ'teəʳ, -dɒn-, -ə'-
kɔːrˌdɔ̃ː.sɑː.ni'ter
dov|a 'kɔː.də.v|ə ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -an/s
n/z
duroy 'kɔː.djə.rɔɪ, -djʊ-, -dʒə-,
ʊ-, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.də- -s -z
dwainer 'kɔːdˌweɪ.nəʳ
'kɔːrdˌweɪ.nɚ -s -z
e kɔːʳ ⓤⓢ kɔːr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
r/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
E kɔːʳ ⓤⓢ kɔːr
eferential ˌkəʊ.ref.ə'ren.tʃᵊl
ˌkoʊ.ref.ə'rent.ʃᵊl
egent ˌkəʊ'riː.dʒᵊnt ⓤⓢ ˌkoʊ- -s -s
eligionist ˌkəʊ.rɪ'lɪdʒ.ᵊn.ɪst,
-' ⓤⓢ ˌkoʊ.rə'-, -rɪ'- -s -s

Corelli kə'rel.i, kɒr'el- ⓤⓢ koʊ'rel-, kə'-
co-representational ˌkəʊ.rep.rɪ.zen'teɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -rə-, -'teɪʃ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ koʊ-
co-respondent ˌkəʊ.rɪ'spɒn.dənt, -rə'- ⓤⓢ ˌkoʊ.rɪ'spɑːn-, -rə'- -s -s
Corey 'kɔː.ri ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.i
corf kɔːf ⓤⓢ kɔːrf -s -s
Corfe kɔːf ⓤⓢ kɔːrf
Corfu kɔː'fuː, -'fjuː ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.fuː, -fjuː, -'-
corgi (C) 'kɔː.gi ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z
coriander ˌkɒr.i'æn.dəʳ, 'kɒr.i.æn- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.i.æn.dɚ, ˌkɔːr.i'æn-
Corin 'kɒr.ɪn, -ᵊn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
Corinne kə'rɪn
Corinth 'kɒr.ɪntθ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
Corinthian kə'rɪnt.θi.ən -s -z
Coriolanus ˌkɒr.i.əʊ'leɪ.nəs, -'lɑː- ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.i.ə'-
Corioles kə'raɪə.liːz, kɒr'aɪə- ⓤⓢ kə'raɪə-
Coriolis kə'raɪə.lɪs, kɒr'aɪə- ⓤⓢ kə'raɪə-
cork (C) kɔːk ⓤⓢ kɔːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
corkage 'kɔː.kɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
corker (C) 'kɔː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.kɚ -s -z
Corkery 'kɔː.kᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
corkscrew 'kɔːk.skruː ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrk- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
corky 'kɔː.ki ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
Corleone ˌkɔː.li'əʊ.ni ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.li'oʊ-
corm kɔːm ⓤⓢ kɔːrm -s -z
Cormac 'kɜː.mæk, 'kɔː- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
Cormack 'kɔː.mæk ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
cormorant 'kɔː.mᵊr.ənt ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -s
corn kɔːn ⓤⓢ kɔːrn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'Corn ˌBelt; 'corn ˌdolly; ˌcorned 'beef; 'corn ˌexchange
cornball 'kɔːn.bɔːl, 'kɔːm- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn-, -bɑːl -s -z
cornbread 'kɔːn.bred, 'kɔːm- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn-
Cornbury 'kɔːn.bᵊr.i, 'kɔːm- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.ber-, -bɚ-
corncob 'kɔːn.kɒb ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.kɑːb -s -z
corncrake 'kɔːn.kreɪk, 'kɔːŋ- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn- -s -s
corndog 'kɔːn.dɒg ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z
corne|a 'kɔː.ni|.ə; kɔː'niː|- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ni|- -as -əz -al -ᵊl
Corneille kɔː'neɪ, -'neɪl ⓤⓢ kɔːr'neɪ
Cornelia kɔː'niː.li.ə ⓤⓢ kɔːr'niːl.jə
cornelian kɔː'niː.li.ən ⓤⓢ kɔːr'niːl.jən -s -z
Cornelius kɔː'niː.li.əs ⓤⓢ kɔːr'niːl.jəs
Cornell kɔː'nel ⓤⓢ kɔːr-
corn|er 'kɔː.n|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.n|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd ˌcorner 'shop
cornerback 'kɔː.nə.bæk ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.nɚ- -s -s
-cornered 'kɔː.nəd ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.nɚd
cornerstone 'kɔː.nə.stəʊn ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.nɚ.stoʊn -s -z

cornet 'kɔː.nɪt ⓤⓢ kɔːr'net -s -s
Cornetto® kɔː'net.əʊ ⓤⓢ kɔːr'neṭ.oʊ
cornfield 'kɔːn.fiːld ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn- -s -z
cornflakes 'kɔːn.fleɪks ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn-
cornflour 'kɔːn.flaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.flaʊɚ
cornflower 'kɔːn.flaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.flaʊɚ -s -z
Cornhill ˌkɔːn'hɪl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.hɪl, ˌ-'-
cornic|e 'kɔː.nɪs ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -es -ɪz
cornich|e (C) kɔː'niːʃ; '--, -nɪʃ ⓤⓢ kɔːr'niːʃ -es -ɪz
Cornish 'kɔː.nɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -man -mən -men -mən, -men -woman -ˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn ˌCornish 'pasty
cornmeal 'kɔːn.miːl, 'kɔːm- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn-
cornrow 'kɔːn.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.roʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cornstarch 'kɔːn.stɑːtʃ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.stɑːrtʃ
cornsyrup 'kɔːnˌsɪr.əp ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrnˌsɪr-, -ˌsɝː-
cornucopi|a ˌkɔː.njʊ'kəʊ.pi|.ə ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.nə'koʊ-, -njə'- -as -əz -an -ən
Cornwall 'kɔːn.wɔːl, -wəl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn.wɔːl, -wɑːl
Cornwallis kɔːn'wɒl.ɪs ⓤⓢ kɔːrn'wɑː.lɪs
Cornwell 'kɔːn.wel, -wəl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrn-
corn|y 'kɔː.n|i ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
corolla (C) kə'rɒl.ə, -'rəʊ.lə ⓤⓢ -'roʊ.lə, -'rɑː- -s -z
Note: The suitable pronunciation for the car in American English is /kə'roʊ-/.
corollar|y kə'rɒl.ᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə.ler- -ies -iz
Coromandel ˌkɒr.əʊ'mæn.dᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.oʊ'-
coron|a kə'rəʊ.n|ə ⓤⓢ -'roʊ- -ae -iː -as -əz
Corona *female name:* 'kɒr.ə.nə ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
coronach (C) 'kɒr.ə.nək, -nəx, -næk ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə.nək -s -s
coronal (*n.*) 'kɒr.ə.nᵊl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z
coronal (*adj.*) *pertaining to the sun's corona:* kə'rəʊ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ -'roʊ- *medical, botanical and phonetic senses:* 'kɒr.ə.nᵊl; kə'rəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə-; kə'roʊ-
coronar|y 'kɒr.ə.nᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ə.ner- -ies -iz
coronation ˌkɒr.ə'neɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr- -s -z
Coronel 'kɒr.ə.nel ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr-
coroner 'kɒr.ə.nəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.ᵊn.ɚ -s -z
coronet 'kɒr.ə.nɪt, -net, -nət; ˌkɒr.ə'net ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.ə'net -s -s
corpora (*plur. of* **corpus**) 'kɔː.pᵊr.ə, -pə.rɑː ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.pɚ.ə
corporal 'kɔː.pᵊr.ᵊl, '-prᵊl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -s -z -ly -i ˌcorporal 'punishment
corporality ˌkɔː.pə'ræl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.pə'ræl.ə.ṭi
corporate 'kɔː.pᵊr.ət, -ɪt, '-prət, '-prɪt ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
corporation ˌkɔː.pᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn

(US) ˌkɔːr.pəˈreɪ- -s -z
corporative ˈkɔː.pᵊr.ə.tɪv (US) ˈkɔːr.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv
corporator ˈkɔː.pᵊr.eɪ.təʳ (US) ˈkɔːr.pə.reɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
corporeal kɔːˈpɔː.ri.əl (US) kɔːrˈpɔːr- -ly -i
corps (*sing.*) kɔːʳ (US) kɔːr (*plur.*) kɔːz (US) kɔːrz
corps de ballet ˌkɔː.dəˈbæl.eɪ, -li (US) ˌkɔːr.də.bælˈeɪ
corps|e kɔːps (US) kɔːrps -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
corpulen|ce ˈkɔː.pjʊ.lənt|s, -pjə- (US) ˈkɔːr.pjə- -cy -si
corpulent ˈkɔː.pjʊ.lənt, -pjə- (US) ˈkɔːr.pjə-
corp|us ˈkɔː.p|əs (US) ˈkɔːr- -ora -ə.rə (US) -ɚ.ə -uses -ə.sɪz
Corpus Christi ˌkɔː.pəsˈkrɪs.ti (US) ˌkɔːr-
corpuscle ˈkɔː.pʌs.ᵊl, -pə.sᵊl; kɔːˈpʌs- (US) ˈkɔːr.pʌs.ᵊl, -pə.sᵊl -s -z
corpuscular kɔːˈpʌs.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- (US) kɔːrˈpʌs.kjə.lɚ
corpuscule kɔːˈpʌs.kjuːl, -kjʊl (US) kɔːrˈpʌs.kjuːl -s -z
corpus delicti ˌkɔː.pʌs.dɪˈlɪk.taɪ, -pəs- (US) ˌkɔːr-
corpus juris ˌkɔː.pʌsˈdʒʊə.rɪs, -pəs- (US) ˌkɔːr.pʌsˈdʒʊr.ɪs
Corr kɔːʳ (US) kɔːr -s -z
corral kəˈrɑːl, kɒrˈɑːl (US) kəˈræl -s -z -ling -ɪŋ -led -d
correct kəˈrekt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
correction kəˈrek.ʃᵊn -s -z
correctional kəˈrek.ʃᵊn.ᵊl
correctitude kəˈrek.tɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd (US) -tə.tuːd, -tjuːd
corrective kəˈrek.tɪv -s -z
Correggio kəˈredʒ.i.əʊ (US) ˈ-oʊ
correlate (*n.*) ˈkɒr.ᵊl.ət, -ɪ.lət, -leɪt (US) ˈkɔːr.ə.leɪt -s -s
corre|late (*v.*) ˈkɒr.ə|.leɪt, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈkɔːr.ə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd -latable -leɪ.tə.bᵊl (US) -leɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl
correlation ˌkɒr.əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈ- -s -z
correlative kɒrˈel.ə.tɪv, kəˈrel- (US) kəˈrel.ə.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
correspond ˌkɒr.ɪˈspɒnd, -əˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
correspondenc|e ˌkɒr.ɪˈspɒn.dənts, -əˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈspɑːn- -es -ɪz **correˈspondence ˌcourse**
correspondent ˌkɒr.ɪˈspɒn.dᵊnt, -əˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈspɑːn- -s -s
corresponding ˌkɒr.ɪˈspɒn.dɪŋ, -əˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈspɑːn- -ly -li
corridor ˈkɒr.ɪ.dɔːʳ, ˈ-ə-, -dəʳ (US) ˈkɔːr.ə.dɚ, ˈ-ɪ-, -dɔːr -s -z
corrie (C) ˈkɒr.i (US) ˈkɔːr-
Corrientes ˌkɒr.iˈen.tes (US) ˌkɔːr-
Corrigan ˈkɒr.ɪ.gᵊn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈkɔːr.ə-, ˈ-ɪ-
corrigend|um ˌkɒr.ɪˈdʒen.d|əm, -əˈ-; -ˈgen- (US) ˌkɔːr- -a -ə
corrigible ˈkɒr.ɪ.dʒə.bᵊl, -dʒɪ- (US) ˈkɔːr-
Corringham ˈkɒr.ɪŋ.əm (US) ˈkɔːr-, -hæm
corroborant kəˈrɒb.ᵊr.ᵊnt (US) -ˈrɑː.bɚ- -s -s
corrobor|ate kəˈrɒb.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ˈrɑː.bə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
corroboration kəˌrɒb.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌrɑː.bəˈ- -s -z
corroborative kəˈrɒb.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- (US) -ˈrɑː.bɚ.ə.t̬ɪv
corroboratory kəˈrɒb.ᵊr.ə.tᵊr.i, -tri; kəˌrɒb.əˈreɪ- (US) -ˈrɑː.bɚ.ə.tɔːr.i
corroboree kəˈrɒb.ᵊr.i, kəˌrɒb.əˈriː (US) -ˌrɑː.bəˈriː -s -z
corrod|e kəˈrəʊd (US) -ˈroʊd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
corrodible kəˈrəʊ.də.bᵊl, -dɪ- (US) -ˈroʊ.də-
corrosion kəˈrəʊ.ʒᵊn (US) -ˈroʊ- -s -z
corrosive kəˈrəʊ.sɪv, -zɪv (US) -ˈroʊ- -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
corru|gate ˈkɒr.ə|.geɪt, ˈ-ʊ- (US) ˈkɔːr.ə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd ˌ**corrugated ˈiron**
corrugation ˌkɒr.əˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʊˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈ- -s -z
corrupt kəˈrʌpt -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
corruptibility kəˌrʌp.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
corruptib|le kəˈrʌp.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- (US) -tə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
corruption kəˈrʌp.ʃᵊn -s -z
corruptive kəˈrʌp.tɪv
Corry ˈkɒr.i (US) ˈkɔːr-
Corsa® ˈkɔː.sə (US) ˈkɔːr-
corsag|e kɔːˈsɑːʒ, ˈ-- (US) kɔːrˈsɑːʒ, -sɑːdʒ -es -ɪz
corsair ˈkɔː.seəʳ, -ˈ- (US) ˈkɔːr.ser, -ˈ- -s -z
cors|e kɔːs (US) kɔːrs -es -ɪz
corselet ˈkɔː.slət, -slɪt (US) ˈkɔːr- -s -s
corset ˈkɔː.sɪt, -sət (US) ˈkɔːr- -s -s
corsetry ˈkɔː.sɪ.tri, -sə- (US) ˈkɔːr-
Corsham ˈkɔː.ʃəm (US) ˈkɔːr-
Corsic|a ˈkɔː.sɪ.k|ə (US) ˈkɔːr- -an/s -ən/z
corslet ˈkɔː.slət, -slɪt (US) ˈkɔːr- -s -s
cortèg|e kɔːˈteɪʒ, -ˈteʒ, ˈ-- (US) kɔːrˈteʒ -es -ɪz
Cortes, Cortés ˈkɔː.tes, -tez, -ˈ- (US) kɔːrˈtez
cort|ex ˈkɔː.t|eks (US) ˈkɔːr- -exes -ek.sɪz -ices -ɪ.siːz
Corti ˈkɔː.ti (US) ˈkɔːr.ti
cortical ˈkɔː.tɪ.kᵊl (US) ˈkɔːr.t̬ɪ-
corticosteroid ˌkɔː.tɪ.kəʊˈstɪə.rɔɪd, -ˈster.ɔɪd (US) ˌkɔːr.t̬ɪ.koʊˈster.ɔɪd, -ˈstɪr- -s -z
Cortina® kɔːˈtiː.nə (US) kɔːr- -s -z
cortisone ˈkɔː.tɪ.zəʊn, -tə-, -səʊn (US) ˈkɔːr.t̬ə.zoʊn, -soʊn
Cortney ˈkɔːt.ni (US) ˈkɔːrt-
corundum kəˈrʌn.dəm
Corunna kɒrˈʌn.ə, kəˈrʌn- (US) kəˈrʌn-
Corus® ˈkɔː.rəs (US) ˈkɔːr.əs
corus|cate ˈkɒr.ə.s|keɪt, -ʌs|.keɪt (US) ˈkɔːr.ə.s|keɪt -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
coruscation ˌkɒr.əˈskeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʌsˈkeɪ- (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈskeɪ- -s -z
corvée ˈkɔː.veɪ (US) kɔːrˈveɪ -s -z
corvette kɔːˈvet (US) kɔːr- -s -s
Corwen ˈkɔː.wen, -wɪn (US) ˈkɔːr-
Cory ˈkɔː.ri (US) ˈkɔːr.i
Corybant ˈkɒr.ɪ.bænt (US) ˈkɔːr- -s -s **Corybantes** ˌkɒr.ɪˈbæn.tiːz (US) ˌkɔːr-
Corydon ˈkɒr.ɪ.dᵊn, ˈ-ə-, -dɒn (US) ˈkɔːr.ə.dᵊn, -dɑːn
corymb ˈkɒr.ɪmb, -ɪm (US) ˈkɔːr-
coryphae|us ˌkɒr.ɪˈfiː|.əs (US) ˌkɔːr.əˈ- -i -aɪ
coryphée ˌkɒr.ɪˈfeɪ (US) ˌkɔːr-
Coryton *in Devon:* ˈkɒr.ɪ.tᵊn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈkɔːr- *in Essex:* ˈkɔː.rɪ.tən, ˈ-rə- (US) ˈkɔːr-
cos *because:* kəz, kəs, kɒz, kɒs (US) kəz, kəs, kɑːz, kɑːs
Note: Weak form word.
cos (C) *lettuce:* kɒs, kɒz (US) kɑːs, koʊ…
Cosa Nostra ˌkəʊ.zəˈnɒs.trə (US) ˌkoʊ.səˈnoʊ.strə, -zəˈ-
Cosby ˈkɒz.bi (US) ˈkɑːz-
cosec ˈkəʊ.sek (US) ˈkoʊ-
cosecant ˌkəʊˈsiː.kᵊnt (US) ˌkoʊ- -s -s
co-set ˈkəʊ.set (US) ˈkoʊ- -s -s
Cosgrave ˈkɒz.greɪv (US) ˈkɑːz-
cosh kɒʃ (US) kɑːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed…
Cosham ˈkɒs.əm (US) ˈkɑː.səm
cosh|er *feast, pamper:* ˈkɒʃ|.əʳ (US) ˈkɑː.ʃ|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
cosher *according to Jewish law:* ˈkəʊ.ʃəʳ, ˈkɒʃ.əʳ (US) ˈkoʊ.ʃɚ
Così Fan Tutte ˌkəʊ.si.fænˈtʊt.eɪ, -zi-, kəʊˌsiː-, -i (US) koʊˌsiː.fɑːnˈtuː.t…
cosignator|y ˌkəʊˈsɪg.nə.tᵊr|.i, -tr… (US) ˌkoʊˈsɪg.nə.tɔːr|.i -ies -iz
Cosima ˈkəʊ.sɪ.mə (US) ˈkoʊ.zi-, -mə
cosine ˈkəʊ.saɪn (US) ˈkoʊ- -s -z
CoSIRA kəʊˈsaɪə.rə (US) koʊˈsaɪə-
cosmetic kɒzˈmet.ɪk (US) kɑːzˈmet̬- -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
cosmic ˈkɒz.mɪk (US) ˈkɑːz- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
cosm|ism ˈkɒz.m|ɪ.zᵊm (US) ˈkɑːz- -ist/s -ɪst/s
cosmo- ˈkɒz.məʊ, kɒzˈmɒ (US) ˈkɑːz.moʊ, -mə, kɑːzˈmɑː-
Note: Prefix. This may be stressed on the initial syllable (as in **cosmonaut** /ˈkɒz.mə.nɔːt (US) ˈkɑːz.mə.nɑːt/) or on the second syllable (e.g. **cosmology** /kɒzˈmɒl.ə.dʒi (US) kɑːzˈmɑː.lə.dʒi/).
Cosmo ˈkɒz.məʊ (US) ˈkɑːz.moʊ
cosmogonic ˌkɒz.məʊˈgɒn.ɪk

ˌkɑːz.məˈɡɑː.nɪk -al -əl -ally
.i, -li
mogon|y kɒzˈmɒɡ.ən|.i
kɑːzˈmɑː.ɡən- -ist/s -ɪst/s
mographic ˌkɒz.məʊˈɡræf.ɪk
ˌkɑːz.məˈ- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
mograph|y kɒzˈmɒɡ.rə.f|i
kɑːzˈmɑː.ɡrə- -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
mological ˌkɒz.məˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl
ˌkɑːz.məˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
molog|y kɒzˈmɒl.ə.dʒ|i
kɑːzˈmɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
monaut ˈkɒz.mə.nɔːt
ˈkɑːz.mə.nɑːt, -nɔːt -s -s
mopolitan (C®)
ɒz.məˈpɒl.ɪ.tən, ˈ-ə-
ˌkɑːz.məˈpɑː.lɪ- -s -z
mopolitanism
ɒz.məˈpɒl.ɪ.tən.ɪ.zəm, ˈ-ə-, -tɪ.nɪ-
ˌkɑːz.məˈpɑː.lɪ.tən.ɪ-
mos (C®) ˈkɒz.mɒs
ˈkɑːz.moʊs, -məs, -mɑːs
sack ˈkɒs.æk US ˈkɑː.sæk -s -s
s|et ˈkɒs|.ɪt US ˈkɑː.s|ɪt -ets -ɪts
(t)ting -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -e(t)ted
tɪd US -ɪ.t̬ɪd
t kɒst US kɑːst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed
l ˌcost-efˈfective; ˌcost of ˈliving
ta ˈkɒs.tə US ˈkɑː.stə
ta Blanca ˌkɒs.təˈblæŋ.kə
ˌkɑː.stəˈblɑːŋ-, ˌkoʊ-
ta Brava ˌkɒs.təˈbrɑː.və
ˌkɑː.stə-, ˌkoʊ-
ta del Sol ˌkɒs.tə.delˈsɒl
ˌkɑː.stə.delˈsoʊl, ˌkoʊ-
tain kɒsˈteɪn, ˈ-- US ˈkɑː.steɪn, -ˈ-
tal ˈkɒs.təl US ˈkɑː.stəl
tar (n.) ˈkəʊ.stɑːʳ US ˈkoʊ.stɑːr
-z
tar (v.) kəʊˈstɑːʳ US ˈkoʊ.stɑːr
-z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
tard ˈkʌs.təd, ˈkɒs- US ˈkɑː.stɚd
-z
tard ˈkɒs.təd, -tɑːd US ˈkɑː.stɚd,
ɑːrd
ta Ric|a ˌkɒs.təˈriː.k|ə
ˌkoʊ.stəˈ-, ˌkɑː- -an/s -ən/z
t-cutting ˈkɒstˌkʌt.ɪŋ
ˈkɑːstˌkʌt̬-
t-effective ˌkɒst.ɪˈfek.tɪv, -əˈ-;
ɒst.ɪ.fek-, ˈ-ə- US ˈkɑːst.ɪˌfek-,
-; ˌkɑːst.ɪˈfekt-, -əˈ- -ly -li -ness
əs, -nɪs
tello kɒsˈtel.əʊ, kəˈstel-,
ɒs.təl.əʊ US kɑːˈstel.oʊ, kə-;
ɑː.stə.loʊ
ter ˈkɒs.təʳ US ˈkɑː.stɚ -s -z
termonger ˈkɒs.təˌmʌŋ.ɡəʳ
ˈkɑː.stɚˌmʌŋ.ɡɚ, -ˌmɑːŋ- -s -z
tive ˈkɒs.tɪv US ˈkɑː.stɪv -ly -li
ess -nəs, -nɪs
tl|y ˈkɒst.l|i US ˈkɑːst- -ier -i.əʳ
-i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness
nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tmary ˈkɒst.meə.ri
ˈkɑːst.mer.i
tner ˈkɒst.nəʳ US ˈkɑːst.nɚ
t-plus ˌkɒstˈplʌs US ˌkɑːst-
tum|e ˈkɒs.tjuːm US ˈkɑː.stuːm,
tjuːm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

ˌcostume ˈjewellery
costumier kɒsˈtjuː.mi.əʳ, -eɪ US kɑːˈstuː.mi.eɪ, -ˈstjuː-, -ɚ -s -z
Cosway ˈkɒz.weɪ US ˈkɑːz- -s -z
cos|y ˈkəʊ.z|i US ˈkoʊ- -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
cot kɒt US kɑːt -s -s ˈcot ˌdeath
cotangent ˌkəʊˈtæn.dʒənt, ˈ-ˌ-- US ˌkoʊˈtæn-, ˈ-ˌ-- -s -s
cot|e kəʊt US koʊt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈkoʊ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈkoʊ.t̬ɪd
Côte d'Azur ˌkəʊt.dæˈzjʊəʳ, -dəˈ- US ˌkoʊt.dəˈzʊr, -dɑːˈ-
Côte d'Ivoire ˌkəʊt.diːˈvwɑːʳ US ˌkoʊt.diːˈvwɑːr
Côte d'Or ˌkəʊtˈdɔːʳ US ˌkoʊtˈdɔːr
cotenancy ˌkəʊˈten.ənt.si US ˌkoʊ-
coterie ˈkəʊ.tər.i US ˈkoʊ.t̬ɚ- -s -z
coterminous ˌkəʊˈtɜː.mɪ.nəs US ˌkoʊˈtɝː- -ly -li
Cotgrave ˈkɒt.ɡreɪv US ˈkɑːt-
cotill(i)on kəˈtɪl.i.ən, kəʊ-, kɒtˈɪl- US koʊˈtɪl.jən, kə- -s -z
Coton ˈkəʊ.tən US ˈkoʊ-
cotoneaster kəˌtəʊ.niˈæs.təʳ US -ˌtoʊ.niˈæs.tɚ -s -z
Cotonou ˌkəʊ.təˈnuː, ˌkɒt.ɒnˈuː US ˌkoʊ.toʊˈnuː, -tənˈuː
Cotopaxi ˌkɒt.əʊˈpæk.si, ˌkəʊ.təʊˈ- US ˌkoʊ.t̬əˈ-
Cotswold ˈkɒt.swəʊld, -swəld US ˈkɑːt.swoʊld -s -z
Cotsworth ˈkɒt.swəθ, -wɜːθ US ˈkɑːt.swɝːθ, -swɚθ
cottag|e ˈkɒt.ɪdʒ US ˈkɑː.t̬ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ey -i ˌcottage ˈcheese; ˌcottage ˈindustry; ˌcottage ˈpie
cottager ˈkɒt.ɪ.dʒəʳ US ˈkɑː.t̬ɪ.dʒɚ -s -z
Cottam ˈkɒt.əm US ˈkɑː.t̬əm
Cottbus ˈkɒt.bəs, -bʊs US ˈkɑːt.bəs, -bʊs
Cottenham ˈkɒt.ən.əm US ˈkɑː.tən-, -hæm
cotter (C) ˈkɒt.əʳ US ˈkɑː.t̬ɚ -s -z
Cotterell ˈkɒt.ər.əl US ˈkɑː.t̬ɚ-
Cotterill ˈkɒt.ər.əl, -ɪl US ˈkɑː.t̬ɚ-
Cottesloe ˈkɒt.sləʊ, -əz.ləʊ US ˈkɑːt.sloʊ, -əz.loʊ
Cottian ˈkɒt.i.ən US ˈkɑː.t̬i-
Cottingham ˈkɒt.ɪŋ.əm US ˈkɑː.t̬ɪŋ-, -hæm
cotton (C) ˈkɒt.ən US ˈkɑː.tən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈCotton ˌBelt; ˌcotton ˈcandy; ˌcotton ˈwool
cotton grass ˈkɒt.ən.ɡrɑːs US ˈkɑː.tən.ɡræs
cotton-picking ˈkɒt.ənˌpɪk.ɪŋ US ˈkɑː.tən-
cottonseed ˈkɒt.ən.siːd US ˈkɑː.tən-
cottontail ˈkɒt.ən.teɪl US ˈkɑː.tən- -s -z
cottonwood ˈkɒt.ən.wʊd US ˈkɑː.tən- -s -z
cottony ˈkɒt.ən.i US ˈkɑː.tən-
Cottrell ˈkɒt.rəl; kəˈtrel US ˈkɑː.trəl; kəˈtrel
cotyledon ˌkɒt.ɪˈliː.dən, -əlˈiː- US ˌkɑː.t̬əˈliː- -s -z
cotyledonous ˌkɒt.ɪˈliː.dən.əs, -əlˈiː- US ˌkɑː.t̬əˈliː-
couch *all verb senses, item of furniture:* kaʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈcouch poˌtato, ˌcouch poˈtato
couch *grass:* kuːtʃ, kaʊtʃ
Couch kuːtʃ
couchant ˈkaʊ.tʃənt, ˈkuː-
couchée ˈkuː.ʃeɪ, -ˈ- US kuːˈʃeɪ -s -z
couchette kuːˈʃet -s -s
Coué ˈkuː.eɪ -ism -ɪ.zəm
cougar ˈkuː.ɡəʳ US -ɡɚ -s -z
cough kɒf US kɑːf, kɔːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˈcough ˌdrop; ˈcough ˌmixture; ˈcough ˌsyrup
Coughlan ˈkɒɡ.lən, ˈkɒf-, ˈkɒk-, ˈkɒx-, ˈkəʊ- US ˈkɑː.ɡlən, ˈkoʊ.lən
Coughlin ˈkɒɡ.lɪn, ˈkɒf-, ˈkɒk-, ˈkɒx- US ˈkɑː.ɡlɪn, ˈkɑːf-
.co.uk dɒtˌkəʊ.dɒt.juːˈkeɪ US dɑːtˌkoʊ.dɑːt-
could (*from* **can**) *strong form:* kʊd *weak form:* kəd
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used for emphasis, e.g. "You **could** be right", for contrast, e.g. "whether she could or not", and in sentence-final position, e.g. " as well as he could".
couldn't ˈkʊd.ənt
couldst kʊdst
could've ˈkʊd.əv
coulee ˈkuː.li -s -z
coulis ˈkuː.li US ˌkuːˈli
coulisse kuːˈliːs, kʊ- -s -ɪz
couloir ˈkuːl.wɑːʳ, -wɔːʳ US kuːlˈwɑːr -s -z
coulomb (C) ˈkuː.lɒm US -lɑːm, -loʊm -s -z
Coulsdon ˈkəʊlz.dən, ˈkuːlz- US ˈkoʊlz-, ˈkuːlz-
Note: /ˈkəʊlz- US ˈkoʊlz-/ is the traditional local pronunciation. People unfamiliar with the place generally pronounce /ˈkuːlz-/, as also do new residents in the district.
Coulson ˈkəʊl.sən, ˈkuːl- US ˈkoʊl-, ˈkuːl-
coulter ˈkəʊl.təʳ, ˈkuː- US ˈkoʊl.t̬ɚ -s -z
Coulthard ˈkuːl.tɑːd, ˈkəʊl- US -tɑːrd
Coulton ˈkəʊl.tən US ˈkoʊl-
council ˈkaʊnt.səl, -sɪl -s -z ˈcouncil ˌhouse; ˈcouncil ˌtax
counci(l)lor ˈkaʊnt.səl.əʳ, -sɪ.ləʳ US -səl.ɚ -s -z
council|man ˈkaʊnt.səl|.mən, -sɪl-, -mæn -men -mən, -men -woman -ˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
counsel ˈkaʊnt.səl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
counsel(l)or ˈkaʊnt.səl.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
count (C) kaʊnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈkaʊn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈkaʊn.t̬ɪd
countab|le ˈkaʊn.tə.b|əl US -t̬ə- -ly -li
countdown ˈkaʊnt.daʊn
countenanc|e ˈkaʊn.tən.ənts,

-tɪ.nənts ⓤⓢ -tᵊn.ənts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
counter- 'kaʊn.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ
count|er 'kaʊn.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd ˌCounter-Refor'mation
counteract ˌkaʊn.tᵊr'ækt, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ'ækt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
counteraction *counteracting:* ˌkaʊn.təʳ'æk.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'- -s -z
counter-action *action by way of reply:* 'kaʊn.təʳˌæk.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚˌ- -s -z
counteractive ˌkaʊn.təʳ'æk.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'- -ly -li
counterargument 'kaʊn.təʳˌɑːg.jə.mənt, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚˌɑːrg.jə- -s -s
counterattack 'kaʊn.təʳ.əˌtæk, ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ə'tæk ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.əˌtæk, ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ.ə'tæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
counterattraction ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ə'træk.ʃᵊn, 'kaʊn.təʳ.ə.træk- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ.ə'træk-, 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.əˌtræk- -s -z
counterbalanc|e (*n.*) 'kaʊn.təˌbæl.ənts ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -es -ɪz
counterbalanc|e (*v.*) ˌkaʊn.tə'bæl.ənts ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
counterbid 'kaʊn.tə.bɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z -ding -ɪŋ
counterblast 'kaʊn.tə.blɑːst ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.blæst -s -s
counterblow 'kaʊn.tə.bləʊ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.bloʊ -s -z
countercharg|e 'kaʊn.tə.tʃɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.tʃɑːrdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
counterclaim 'kaʊn.tə.kleɪm ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
counterclockwise ˌkaʊn.tə'klɒk.waɪz ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'klɑː.kwaɪz
counterespionage ˌkaʊn.təʳ'es.pi.ə.nɑːʒ, -nɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'-
counter|feit 'kaʊn.tə|.fɪt, -fiːt ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ|.fɪt -feits -fɪts, -fiːts ⓤⓢ -fɪts -feiting -fɪ.tɪŋ, -fiː- ⓤⓢ -fɪ.t̬ɪŋ -feited -fɪ.tɪd, -fiː- ⓤⓢ -fɪ.t̬ɪd -feiter/s -fɪ.təʳ/z, -fiː- ⓤⓢ -fɪ.t̬ɚ/z
counterfoil 'kaʊn.tə.fɔɪl ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z
counterinsurgen|cy ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ɪn'sɜː.dʒᵊn|t.si ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.ɪn'sɝː- -t -t
counterintelligence ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ɪn'tel.ɪ.dʒənts, 'kaʊn.təʳ.ɪn.tel- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ.ɪn'tel-, 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.ɪnˌtel-
counterintuitive ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ɪn'tjuː.ə.tɪv, -ɪ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.ɪn'tuː.ə.t̬ɪv, -'tjuː- -ly -li
countermand ˌkaʊn.tə'mɑːnd, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ'mænd, '--- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
countermeasure 'kaʊn.təˌmeʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚˌmeʒ.ɚ -s -z
countermove 'kaʊn.tə.muːv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z
counteroffensive ˌkaʊn.təʳ.ə'fent.sɪv, 'kaʊn.təʳ.əˌfent- ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.əˌfent- -s -z
counterpane 'kaʊn.tə.peɪn, -pɪn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z
counterpart 'kaʊn.tə.pɑːt ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.pɑːrt -s -s
counterplot 'kaʊn.tə.plɒt ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.plɑːt -s -s
counterpoint 'kaʊn.tə.pɔɪnt ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ-
counterpois|e 'kaʊn.tə.pɔɪz ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
counterproductive ˌkaʊn.tə.prə'dʌk.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
counterrevolution ˌkaʊn.tə.rev.ə'luː.ʃᵊn, -'ljuː-, 'kaʊn.tə.rev.əˌluː-, -ˌljuː- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ.rev.ə'luː-, 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.rev.əˌluː- -s -z
counterrevolutionar|y ˌkaʊn.tə.rev.ə'luː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -'ljuː-, 'kaʊn.tə.rev.əˌluː-, -ˌljuː- ⓤⓢ ˌkaʊn.t̬ɚ.rev.ə'luː.ʃᵊn.er-, 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.rev.əˌluː- -ies -iz
counterscarp 'kaʊn.tə.skɑːp ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.skɑːrp -s -s
countersign (*n.*) 'kaʊn.tə.saɪn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z -ed -d
countersign (*v.*) 'kaʊn.tə.saɪn, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
counter|sink 'kaʊn.tə|.sɪŋk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -sinks -sɪŋks -sinking -sɪŋ.kɪŋ -sunk -sʌŋk
countertenor ˌkaʊn.tə'ten.əʳ, 'kaʊn.təˌten- ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɚˌten.ɚ -s -z
counterterror|ism ˌkaʊn.tə'ter.ə.r|ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'ter.ɚ|.ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
countervail ˌkaʊn.tə'veɪl, '--- ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɚ.veɪl, ˌ--'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
counterweight 'kaʊn.tə.weɪt ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -s
countess (C) 'kaʊn.tɪs, -tes, -təs; ˌkaʊn'tes ⓤⓢ 'kaʊn.t̬ɪs, -təs -es -ɪz
Countesthorpe 'kaʊn.tɪs.θɔːp ⓤⓢ -θɔːrp
countinghou|se 'kaʊn.tɪŋ.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
countless 'kaʊnt.ləs, -lɪs
countrified 'kʌn.trɪ.faɪd
countr|y 'kʌn.tr|i -ies -iz ˌcountry and 'western; ˌcountry 'bumpkin; ˌcountry 'dancing ⓤⓢ 'country ˌdancing; ˌcountry 'house; ˌcountry 'seat
country-danc|e ˌkʌn.tri'dɑːnts ⓤⓢ -'dænts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
country|man 'kʌn.trɪ|.mən -men -mən
countryside 'kʌn.trɪ.saɪd
countrywide ˌkʌn.tri'waɪd ⓤⓢ '--- *stress shift, British only:* ˌcountrywide 'voting
country|woman 'kʌn.trɪˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
count|y 'kaʊn.t|i ⓤⓢ -t̬|i -ies -iz ˌcounty 'court; ˌcounty 'fair; ˌcounty 'hall; ˌcounty 'town
countywide ˌkaʊn.ti'waɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬i-
coup kuː -s -z
coup(s) de foudre ˌkuː.də'fuː.drə
coup(s) de grâce ˌkuː.də'grɑːs
coup(s) de main ˌkuː.də'mæ̃ŋ, -'mæn
coup(s) d'état ˌkuː.deɪ'tɑː, -det'ɑː
coup(s) de théâtre ˌkuː.də.teɪ'ɑː.trə
coupé, coupe 'kuː.peɪ, -'- ⓤⓢ kuː'peɪ, koʊp -s -z
Couper 'kuː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ
Couperin 'kuː.pə.ræ̃ŋ, -ræn
Coupland 'kuːp.lənd, 'kəʊp- ⓤⓢ 'kuːp-, 'koʊp-
coupl|e 'kʌp.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ -ed -d
coupler 'kʌp.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ -s -z
couplet 'kʌp.lət, -lɪt -s -s
coupling 'kʌp.lɪŋ -s -z
coupon 'kuː.pɒn ⓤⓢ 'kuː.pɑːn, 'kjuː- -s -z
courage (C) 'kʌr.ɪdʒ
courageous kə'reɪ.dʒəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
courante kʊ'rɑ̃ːnt, -'rɑːnt, -'rænt ⓤⓢ -'rɑːnt -s -s
courgette kɔː'ʒet, kʊə- ⓤⓢ kʊr- -s -s
Couric 'kʊə.rɪk ⓤⓢ 'kʊrɪk
courier (C) 'kʊr.i.əʳ, 'kʌr- ⓤⓢ 'kʊr.i.ɚ, 'kɝː- -s -z
Courland 'kʊə.lənd, -lænd ⓤⓢ 'kʊr-
cours|e (C) kɔːs ⓤⓢ kɔːrs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
coursebook 'kɔːs.bʊk ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrs- -s -s
courser 'kɔː.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.sɚ -s -s
coursework 'kɔːs.wɜːk ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrs.wɝːk
court (C) kɔːt ⓤⓢ kɔːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.t̬ɪd 'court ˌcard; ˌcourt of ap'peal; 'court ˌorder, ˌcourt 'order; 'cour... ˌshoe
Courtauld 'kɔː.təʊld, 'kɔː.təʊ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.toʊld, -toʊ -s -z
court-bouillon ˌkɔːt'buː.jɒn, 'kʊət-, 'kʊə-, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ ˌkɔːr.buː'jɑːn
Courtelle® kɔː'tel, kʊə- ⓤⓢ kɔːr-
Courtenay 'kɔːt.ni ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrt-
courteous 'kɜː.ti.əs ⓤⓢ 'kɝː.t̬i- -ly -ness -nəs, -nɪs
courtesan 'kɔː.tɪ.zæn, 'kʊə-, -tə-, --'- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.t̬ə.zᵊn, -zæn -s -z
courtes|y 'kɜː.tə.s|i, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ 'kɝː.t̬ə... -ies -iz
Courthope 'kɔː.təp, 'kɔːt.həʊp ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.təp, 'kɔːrt.hoʊp
courthou|se 'kɔːt.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrt- -ses -zɪz
courtier 'kɔː.ti.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr.t̬i.ɚ -s -z
courtl|y 'kɔːt.l|i ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrt- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
court-martial ˌkɔːt'mɑː.ʃᵊl ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrtˌmɑːr- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d courts-martial ˌkɔːts- ⓤⓢ 'kɔːr...
Courtneidge 'kɔːt.nɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrt-
Courtney 'kɔːt.ni ⓤⓢ 'kɔːrt-
courtroom 'kɔːt.rʊm, -ruːm

ronouncing the letters CQU

e letter combination cqu has two possible pronunciations: w/ and /k/. Generally speaking, /kw/ is used where the mbination begins a stressed syllable, e.g.:

quire /əˈkwaɪəʳ/ (US) /-ˈkwaɪɚ/
quiesce /ˌæk.wiˈes/

The realisation /k/ tends to appear before unstressed syllables, e.g.:

racquet /ˈræk.ɪt/

ˈkɔːrt.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
tship ˈkɔːt.ʃɪp (US) ˈkɔːrt- -s -s
tyard ˈkɔːt.jɑːd (US) ˈkɔːrt.jɑːrd
z
voisier® kʊəˈvwæz.i.eɪ, kɔː-, wɑː.zi- (US) ˌkɔːr.vwɑː.ziˈeɪ
cous ˈkuːs.kuːs
in ˈkʌz.ən -s -z
sins ˈkʌz.ənz
steau kuːˈstəʊ, ˈ-- (US) kuːˈstoʊ
h kuːθ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ts kuːts
ure kuːˈtjʊəʳ, -tʊəʳ (US) kuːˈtʊr
urier kuːˈtjʊə.ri.eɪ, -ˈtʊə-, -əʳ -ˈtʊr.i.eɪ, -ɚ -s -z
zens ˈkʌz.ənz
lenc|y ˌkəʊˈveɪ.lənt.s|i, ʊ.veɪ- (US) ˌkoʊˈveɪ.lənt- -ies -iz
lent ˌkəʊˈveɪ.lənt, ˈ--- koʊˈveɪ-
riance ˌkəʊˈveə.ri.ənts, ʊ.veə- (US) ˌkoʊˈver.i-, -ˈvær-
(C) kəʊv (US) koʊv -s -z
n ˈkʌv.ən -s -z
n|ant ˈkʌv.ən|.ənt (US) -ænt -ants ts (US) -ænts -anting -ən.tɪŋ -ən.t̬ɪŋ, -æn- -anted -ən.tɪd -ən.t̬ɪd, -æn- -anter/s -ən.təʳ/z -ən.t̬ɚ/z, -æn-
nantee ˌkʌv.ən.ənˈtiː -ænˈtiː, -ən- -s -z
nantor ˈkʌv.ən.ən.təʳ kʌv.ən.æn.t̬ɚ; ˌkʌv.ən.ænˈtɔːr z
ent ˈkɒv.ənt, ˈkʌv- (US) ˈkʌv-, ː.vənt ˌCovent ˈGarden
entry ˈkɒv.ən.tri, ˈkʌv- (US) ˈkʌv-, ː.vən-
er ˈkʌv|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz ing/s -ər.ɪŋ/z -ered -əd (US) -ɚd ver ˌcharge; ˈcover ˌgirl; vered ˈwagon
erack ˈkɒv.ər.æk, ˈkʌv-, -ək kʌv.ə.ræk, ˈkɑː.və-
rage ˈkʌv.ər.ɪdʒ
rall ˈkʌv.ər.ɔːl (US) -ɔːl, -ɑːl -s -z
erdale ˈkʌv.ə.deɪl (US) ˈ-ɚ-
rlet ˈkʌv.ə.lət, -lɪt (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -s
erley ˈkʌv.ə.li (US) ˈ-ɚ-
r-point ˌkʌv.əˈpɔɪnt (US) -ɚˈ- -s -s
rt (*n.*) *shelter, cloth:* ˈkʌv.ət, -ə kʌv.ɚt, ˈkoʊ.vɚt -s -z
rt (*adj.*) ˈkəʊ.vɜːt, ˈkʌv.ət, ʊˈvɜːt (US) ˈkoʊ.vɝːt, ˈkʌv.ɚt; ʊˈvɝːt -ly -li

coverture ˈkʌv.ə.tʃəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ, -tjʊəʳ (US) -ɚ.tʃɚ
cover-up ˈkʌv.əʳ.ʌp (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -s
cov|et ˈkʌv|.ɪt, -ət -ets -ɪts, -əts -eting/ly -ɪ.tɪŋ/li, -ə.tɪŋ/li (US) -ə.t̬ɪŋ/li -eted -ɪ.tɪd, -ə.tɪd (US) -ə.t̬ɪd -etable -ɪ.tə.bəl, -ə.tə.bəl (US) -ə.t̬ə.bəl
covetous ˈkʌv.ɪ.təs, -ə.təs (US) -ə.t̬əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
covey ˈkʌv.i -s -z
Covington ˈkʌv.ɪŋ.tən
cow kaʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈcow ˌparsley, ˌcow ˈparsley; ˌtill the ˈcows come ˌhome
Cowan kaʊən
coward (C) kaʊəd (US) kaʊɚd -s -z
cowardice ˈkaʊə.dɪs (US) ˈkaʊɚ-
cowardl|y ˈkaʊəd.l|i (US) ˈkaʊɚd- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
cowbane ˈkaʊ.beɪn
cowbell ˈkaʊ.bel -s -z
cowboy ˈkaʊ.bɔɪ -s -z ˈcowboy ˌboots; ˈcowboy ˌhat
cowcatcher ˈkaʊˌkætʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Cowden ˈkaʊ.den, -dən; kaʊˈden
Cowdenbeath ˌkaʊ.dənˈbiːθ
Cowdray ˈkaʊ.dreɪ, -dri
Cowdrey ˈkaʊ.dri
Cowell kaʊəl, kaʊl, kəʊəl (US) kaʊəl, kaʊl, koʊəl
Cowen kaʊən, kaʊɪn, kəʊən, kəʊɪn (US) kaʊən, kaʊɪn, koʊən, koʊɪn
cower kaʊəʳ (US) kaʊɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Cowes kaʊz
cowgirl ˈkaʊ.gɜːl (US) -gɝːl -s -z
cowhand ˈkaʊ.hænd -s -z
cowherd ˈkaʊ.hɜːd (US) -hɝːd -s -z
cowhide ˈkaʊ.haɪd
Cowie ˈkaʊ.i
cowl kaʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Cowley ˈkaʊ.li
cowlick ˈkaʊ.lɪk -s -s
cowlike ˈkaʊ.laɪk
Cowling ˈkaʊ.lɪŋ
cow|-man ˈkaʊ|.mæn, -mən -men -mən
co-worker ˈkəʊˌwɜː.kəʳ (US) ˈkoʊˌwɝː.kɚ, ˌ-ˈ-- -s -z
cowpat ˈkaʊ.pæt -s -s
Cowper ˈkaʊ.pəʳ, ˈkuː- (US) ˈkaʊ.pɚ, ˈkuː-
Note: The poet called himself /ˈkuː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ/. /ˈkuː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ/ is also the pronunciation in **Cowper Powys** /ˌkuː.pəˈpəʊ.ɪs (US) -pɚˈpoʊ-/ and **Cowper-Black** /ˌkuː.pəˈblæk (US) -pɚˈ-/.
cowpoke ˈkaʊ.pəʊk (US) -poʊk -s -s
cowpox ˈkaʊ.pɒks (US) -pɑːks
cowpuncher ˈkaʊˌpʌn.tʃəʳ (US) -ˌpʌnt.ʃɚ -s -z
cowr|ie, cowr|y ˈkaʊ.r|i -ies -iz
co-writer ˈkəʊˌraɪ.təʳ (US) ˈkoʊˌraɪ.t̬ɚ, ˌ-ˈ-- -s -z
cowshed ˈkaʊ.ʃed -s -z
cowslip ˈkaʊ.slɪp -s -s
cox (C) kɒks (US) kɑːks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -less -ləs, -lɪs
Coxall ˈkɒk.səl, -sɔːl (US) ˈkɑːk-
coxcomb ˈkɒk.skəʊm (US) ˈkɑːk.skoʊm -s -z
coxswain ˈkɒk.sən, -sweɪn (US) ˈkɑːk- -s -z
coy kɔɪ -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
coyish ˈkɔɪ.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Coyle kɔɪl
coyote kɔɪˈəʊ.ti, kaɪ-; ˈkɔɪ.əʊt, ˈkaɪ- (US) kaɪˈoʊ.t̬i; ˈkaɪ.oʊt -s -z
coypu ˈkɔɪ.puː, -pjuː, -ˈ- -s -z
coz kʌz
cozen ˈkʌz.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Cozens, Cozzens ˈkʌz.ənz
cozily ˈkəʊ.zɪ.li, -zəl.i (US) ˈkoʊ-
coz|y ˈkəʊ.z|i (US) ˈkoʊ- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
cozzie ˈkɒz.i (US) ˈkɑː.zi -s -z
CPU ˌsiː.piːˈjuː
crab kræb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d ˈcrab ˌapple
Crabbe kræb
crabbed kræbd, ˈkræb.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
crabb|y ˈkræb|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
crabgrass ˈkræb.grɑːs (US) -græs
crabtree (C) ˈkræb.triː -s -z
crabwise ˈkræb.waɪz
Crace kreɪs
crack kræk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌcrack of ˈdawn
crackdown ˈkræk.daʊn -s -z
Crackenthorpe ˈkræk.ən.θɔːp (US) -θɔːrp
cracker ˈkræk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
cracker-barrel ˈkræk.əˌbær.əl

(US) -ɚ.ˌber.ᵊl, -ˌbær-
crackerjack (*adj.*) ˈkræk.ə.dʒæk (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Cracker Jack® ˈkræk.ə.dʒæk (US) ˈ-ɚ-
crackhead ˈkræk.hed -s -z
crackhou|se ˈkræk.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
crackl|e ˈkræk.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ -ed -d
crackling ˈkræk.lɪŋ
crackly ˈkræk.ᵊl.i, ˈkræk.li
cracknel ˈkræk.nᵊl -s -z
Cracknell ˈkræk.nᵊl
crackpot ˈkræk.pɒt (US) -pɑːt -s -s
cracks|man ˈkræks|.mən -men -mən
Cracow ˈkræk.ɒf, -ɒv, -aʊ, -əʊ (US) ˈkrɑː.kaʊ, ˈkræk.aʊ; ˈkrɑː.kʊf
-cracy krə.si
Craddock ˈkræd.ək
cradl|e ˈkreɪ.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈkreɪd.lɪŋ -ed -d
cradlesnatch ˈkreɪ.dᵊl.snætʃ -ing -ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Cradley ˈkreɪd.li, ˈkræd-
craft krɑːft (US) kræft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
-craft krɑːft (US) kræft
crafts|man ˈkrɑːfts|.mən (US) ˈkræfts- -men -mən -manship -mən.ʃɪp
crafts|woman ˈkrɑːfts|ˌwʊm.ən (US) ˈkræfts- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
craft|y ˈkrɑːf.t|i (US) ˈkræf- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
crag kræg -s -z
Cragg kræg
cragg|y ˈkræg|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
crags|man ˈkrægz|.mən -men -mən, -men
craic kræk
Craig kreɪg
Craigavon ˌkreɪˈgæv.ᵊn
Craigie ˈkreɪ.gi
Craik kreɪk
Craiova krəˈjəʊ.və, krɑː- (US) krɑːˈjoʊ-
crak|e kreɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
cram (C) kræm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d
crambo ˈkræm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
Cramer ˈkrɑː.məʳ, ˈkreɪ- (US) ˈkreɪ.mɚ
cram-full ˌkræmˈfʊl
Cramlington ˈkræm.lɪŋ.tən
crammer ˈkræm.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
cramp (C) kræmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
cramp-iron ˈkræmp.aɪən (US) -aɪɚn -s -z
crampon ˈkræm.pɒn, -pən (US) -pɑːn -s -z
Crampton ˈkræm*p*.tən
cran kræn -s -z
cranage ˈkreɪ.nɪdʒ
Cranage ˈkræn.ɪdʒ
cranberr|y ˈkræn.bᵊr|.i, ˈkræm- (US) -ˌber- -ies -iz
Cranborne ˈkræn.bɔːn, ˈkræm- (US) ˈkræn.bɔːrn
Cranbourn(e) ˈkræn.bɔːn, ˈkræm- (US) ˈkræn.bɔːrn
Cranbrook ˈkræn.brʊk, ˈkræm- (US) ˈkræn-
cran|e (C) kreɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈcrane ˌfly
cranesbill ˈkreɪnz.bɪl -s -z
Cranfield ˈkræn.fiːld
Cranford ˈkræn.fəd (US) -fɚd
cranial ˈkreɪ.ni.əl
cranio- ˈkreɪ.ni.əʊ (US) ˈkreɪ.ni.oʊ, -ə
craniolog|y ˌkreɪ.niˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
crani|um ˈkreɪ.ni|.əm -ums -əmz -a -ə
crank kræŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
crankshaft ˈkræŋk.ʃɑːft (US) -ʃæft -s -s
Crankshaw ˈkræŋk.ʃɔː (US) -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
crank|y ˈkræŋ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Cranleigh, Cranley ˈkræn.li
Cranmer ˈkræn.məʳ, ˈkræm- (US) ˈkræn.mɚ
crann|y ˈkræn|.i -ies -iz -ied -id
Cranston ˈkræn.stən
Cranwell ˈkræn.wəl, -wel
Cranworth ˈkræn.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
crap kræp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
crape kreɪp -s -s
crapper ˈkræp.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
crapp|y ˈkræp|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
craps kræps
crapshooter ˈkræpˌʃuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
crapulen|ce ˈkræp.jə.lən|*t*s, -jʊ- -t/ly -t/li
crapulous ˈkræp.jə.ləs, -jʊ- -ly -li
crash kræʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈcrash ˌbarrier; ˈcrash ˌhelmet, ˌcrash ˈhelmet
Crashaw ˈkræʃ.ɔː (US) -ɑː, -ɔː
crash-div|e ˈkræʃ.daɪv, ˌ-ˈ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d crash-dove ˈkræʃ.dəʊv (US) -doʊv
crash-land ˌkræʃˈlænd (US) ˈkræʃ.lænd, ˌ-ˈ- -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌcrash-land ˈheavily
cra|sis ˈkreɪ|.sɪs -ses -siːz
crass kræs -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
-crat -kræt
cratch krætʃ -es -ɪz
Cratchit ˈkrætʃ.ɪt
crat|e kreɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
crater ˈkreɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
Crathie ˈkræθ.i
-cratic -ˈkræt.ɪk (US) -ˈkræt̬.ɪk
cra|vat krə|ˈvæt -vats -væts -vatted -væt.ɪd (US) -væt̬.ɪd
crav|e kreɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
craven (C) ˈkreɪ.vᵊn -s -z -ly -li
craving ˈkreɪ.vɪŋ -s -z
craw krɔː (US) krɑː, krɔː -s -z
crawfish ˈkrɔː.fɪʃ (US) ˈkrɑː-, ˈkrɔː- -es -ɪz
Crawford ˈkrɔː.fəd (US) ˈkrɑː.fɚd, ˈkrɔː-
crawl krɔːl (US) krɑːl, krɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Crawley ˈkrɔː.li (US) ˈkrɑː-, ˈkrɔː-
crawl|y ˈkrɔː.l|i (US) ˈkrɑː-, ˈkrɔː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Craxi ˈkræk.si
Cray kreɪ
crayfish ˈkreɪ.fɪʃ -es -ɪz
Crayford ˈkreɪ.fəd (US) -fɚd
Crayola® kreɪˈəʊ.lə (US) -ˈoʊ-
crayon ˈkreɪ.ɒn, -ən (US) -ɑːn, -ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
craz|e kreɪz -es -ɪz -ed -d
craz|y ˈkreɪ.z|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈCrazy ˌHorse; ˌcrazy ˈpaving
CRE ˌsiː.ɑːʳˈiː (US) -ɑːr-
Creagh kreɪ
creak kriːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
creak|y ˈkriː.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
cream kriːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌcream ˈcheese; ˌcream ˈcracker; ˌcream ˈsoda; ˌcream ˈtea
creamer|y ˈkriː.mᵊr|.i -ies -iz
cream|y ˈkriː.m|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
creas|e kriːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Creas(e)y ˈkriː.si
creasy ˈkriː.si
cre|ate kri|ˈeɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
creation (C) kriˈeɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
creation|ism kriˈeɪ.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
creative kriˈeɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
creativity ˌkriː.eɪˈtɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
creator (C) kriˈeɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
creature ˈkriː.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z ˌcreature ˈcomfort (US) ˈcreature ˌcomfort
crèch|e kreʃ, kreɪʃ -es -ɪz
Crécy ˈkres.i (US) kreɪˈsiː
cred kred
Creda® ˈkriː.də
credence ˈkriː.dᵊn*t*s
credential krɪˈden.*t*ʃᵊl, krə- (US) -ˈden*t*.ʃᵊl -s -z
credibility ˌkred.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
credib|le ˈkred.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
cred|it ˈkred|.ɪt -its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ited -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd ˈcredit ˌcard
creditab|le ˈkred.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl (US) -t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Crediton ˈkred.ɪ.tᵊn
creditor ˈkred.ɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

editworth|y 'kred.ɪtˌwɜː.ði (US) -ˌwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
edo 'kreɪ.dəʊ, 'kriː- (US) 'kriː.doʊ, kreɪ- **-s** -z
edulity krə'djuː.lə.ti, krɪ-, kred'juː-, -lɪ- (US) krə'duː.lə-, -'djuː-
edulous 'kred.jʊ.ləs, -jə- (US) 'kredʒ.ə-, 'kred.jə- **-ly** -li **-ness** nəs, -nɪs
ee kriː
eed (C) kriːd **-s** -z
eek (C) kriːk **-s** -s
eel kriːl **-s** -z
eep kriːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **crept** krept
eeper 'kriː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
eep|y 'kriː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eepy-crawl|y ˌkriː.pi'krɔː.l|i, kriː.piˌkrɔː- (US) ˌkriː.pi'krɑː-, 'krɔː-; 'kriː.piˌkrɑː-, -ˌkrɔː- **-ies** -iz
ees kriːs, kriːz
eevey 'kriː.vi
eighton 'kraɪ.tən, 'kreɪ- (US) 'kreɪ-, kraɪ-
ema|te krɪ'meɪ|t, krə- (US) 'kriː.meɪ|t; krɪ'meɪ|t **-tes** -ts **ting** -tɪŋ (US) -ṭɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -ṭɪd **tor/s** -təʳ/z (US) -ṭɚ/z
emation krɪ'meɪ.ʃən, krə- (US) krɪ-, riː- **-s** -z
ematori|um ˌkrem.ə'tɔː.ri|.əm (US) ˌkriː.mə'tɔːr.i-, ˌkrem.ə'- **-ums** əmz **-a** -ə
emator|y 'krem.ə.tər|.i, -tr|i (US) 'kriː.mə.tɔːr|.i, 'krem.ə- **-ies** -iz
eme krem, kriːm
ème brulée ˌkrem.bruː'leɪ, kreɪm-, ˌ-'--
eme caramel ˌkrem.kær.ə'mel, kreɪm-, -'kær.ə.mel (US) -ker.ə'mel, kær-; -'ker.ə.mel, -'kær-
eme de la crème krem.də.lɑː'krem, ˌkreɪm-, -'kreɪm
eme de menthe ˌkrem.də'mɑ̃ːnθ, kreɪm-, -'mɑːntθ, -'mɒntθ, -'mɒnt (US) -'mɑːnt, -'mentθ
eme fraîche ˌkrem'freɪʃ, ˌkreɪm- (US) -'freɪʃ, -'freʃ
emona krɪ'məʊ.nə, krə- (US) -'moʊ-
emora® krɪ'mɔː.rə, krə-
nate 'kriː.neɪt
nel(l)|ate 'kren.əl|.eɪt, -ɪ.l|eɪt (US) -ə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ṭɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ṭɪd
nel(l)ation ˌkren.əl'eɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'leɪ- (US) -ə'leɪ- **-s** -z
eole (C) 'kriː.əʊl, 'kreɪ-, -'- (US) 'kriː.oʊl, -'- **-s** -z
eolian kriː'əʊ.li.ən, kreɪ- (US) -'oʊ-
eon 'kriː.ən, -ɒn (US) -ɑːn
eo|sote 'kriː.ə|.səʊt (US) -soʊt **sotes** -səʊts (US) -soʊts **-soting** səʊ.tɪŋ (US) -soʊ.ṭɪŋ **-soted** -səʊ.tɪd (US) -soʊ.ṭɪd
epe kreɪp **-s** -s ˌ**crepe** '**paper** (US) '**crepe** ˌ**paper**
ėpe krep, kreɪp

crêpe de chine ˌkreɪp.də'ʃiːn, ˌkrep-
crêpe(s) suzette ˌkrep.suː'zet, ˌkreɪp-
crepi|tate 'krep.ɪ|.teɪt **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ṭɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ṭɪd
crepitation ˌkrep.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
crépon 'krep.ɔ̃ːŋ, 'kreɪ.pɔ̃ːŋ, -pɒn (US) 'kreɪ.pɑːn
crept (*from* **creep**) krept
crepuscular krɪ'pʌs.kjə.ləʳ, krə-, krep'ʌs-, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə.lɚ
crepuscule 'krep.ə.skjuːl (US) krɪ'pʌs.kjuːl
crescendo krɪ'ʃen.dəʊ, krə- (US) -doʊ **-s** -z
crescent *moon, shape:* 'kres.ənt, 'krez- (US) 'kres- **-s** -s
crescent *growing, when applied to objects other than the moon:* 'kres.ənt
Crespigny *surname:* 'krep.ɪ.ni, 'krep.ni, 'kres.pɪ.ni *in London streets:* kres'pɪn.i
cress kres **-es** -ɪz
Cressida 'kres.ɪ.də
Cresson 'kres.ɔ̃ːŋ, -ɒn (US) -ɑːn, -oʊn, -ɔ̃
Cresswell 'krez.wəl, -wel, 'kres- (US) 'kres.wel, 'krez-, -wəl
Cressy 'kres.i
crest krest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Cresta 'kres.tə ˌ**Cresta** '**Run**
crestfallen 'krestˌfɔː.lən (US) -ˌfɔː-, -ˌfɑː- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Creswell 'kres.wəl, -wel, 'krez-
Creswick 'krez.ɪk (US) 'kres.wɪk; 'krez.ɪk
cretaceous (C) krɪ'teɪ.ʃəs, krə-, kret'eɪ-, -ʃi.əs
Cretan 'kriː.tən **-s** -z
Crete kriːt
Cretic 'kriː.tɪk (US) -ṭɪk **-s** -s
cretin 'kret.ɪn (US) 'kriː.tən **-s** -z
cretinism 'kret.ɪ.nɪ.zəm, -ən.ɪ- (US) 'kriː.tən.ɪ-
cretinous 'kret.ɪ.nəs, -ən.əs (US) 'kriː.tən.əs **-ly** -li
cretonne kret'ɒn, krɪ'tɒn, krə-; 'kret.ɒn (US) 'kriː.tɑːn, krɪ'tɑːn **-s** -z
Creusa kri'uː.zə (US) -sə
Creuse krɜːz (US) krɝːz
Creutzfeldt-Jacob ˌkrɔɪts.felt'jæk.ɒb (US) -'jɑː.koʊb, -kɑːb ˌ**Creutzfeldt-**'**Jacob di**ˌ**sease**
crevass|e krɪ'væs, krə- (US) krə- **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
Crèvecoeur krev'kɜːʳ (US) -'kʊr
crevic|e 'krev.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
crew kruː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**crew** ˌ**cut;** ˌ**crew** '**neck,** '**crew** ˌ**neck**
Crewe kruː
crewel 'kruː.əl, -ɪl **-s** -z
Crewkerne 'kruː.kɜːn, 'krʊk.ən, kruː'kɜːn (US) 'kruː.kɝːn
Crianlarich ˌkriː.ən'lær.ɪk, -ɪx (US) -'ler.ɪk, -'lær-

crib krɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z '**crib** ˌ**death**
cribbage 'krɪb.ɪdʒ
Cribbins 'krɪb.ɪnz
Criccieth 'krɪk.i.eθ, -əθ
Crich kraɪtʃ
Crichel 'krɪtʃ.əl
Crichton 'kraɪ.tən
crick (C) krɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
crick|et 'krɪk|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eter/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ɪ.ṭɚ/z **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.ṭɪŋ
Crickhowell krɪk'haʊəl, -'haʊl
cricoid 'kraɪ.kɔɪd
cri(s) de coeur ˌkriː.də'kɜːʳ (US) -'kɝː
cried (*from* **cry**) kraɪd
Crieff kriːf
crier 'kraɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
cries (*from* **cry**) kraɪz
crikey 'kraɪ.ki
crime kraɪm **-s** -z ˌ**crime of** '**passion**
Crime|a kraɪ'miː|.ə **-an** -ən
crimen falsi ˌkrɪm.en'fæl.si
crime(s) passionel(s) ˌkriːm.pæs.i.ə'nel, -pæʃ.ə'-
Crimewatch 'kraɪm.wɒtʃ (US) -wɑːtʃ, -wɔːtʃ
criminal 'krɪm.ɪ.nəl, '-ə- **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**criminal** '**damage;** ˌ**criminal** '**law** (US) '**criminal** ˌ**law**
criminality ˌkrɪm.ɪ'næl.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə'næl.ə.ṭi
criminalization, -isa- ˌkrɪm.ɪ.nəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
criminaliz|e, -is|e 'krɪm.ɪ.nəl.aɪz (US) -nə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
crimi|nate 'krɪm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.ṭɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.ṭɪd
crimination ˌkrɪm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ə'- **-s** -z
criminolog|y ˌkrɪm.ɪ'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ə'- (US) -'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
crimp krɪmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Crimplene® 'krɪm.pliːn
crimson 'krɪm.zən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cring|e krɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
cringe-making 'krɪndʒˌmeɪ.kɪŋ
crinkl|e 'krɪŋ.kəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ **-ed** -d
crinkly 'krɪŋ.kli
crinoid 'kraɪ.nɔɪd, 'krɪn.ɔɪd **-s** -z
crinoline 'krɪn.əl.ɪn **-s** -z
cripes kraɪps
Crippen 'krɪp.ɪn, -ən
crippl|e 'krɪp.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cripplegate 'krɪp.əl.geɪt
Cripps krɪps
Crisco® 'krɪs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
Criseyde krɪ'seɪ.də
cris|is 'kraɪ.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz '**crisis** ˌ**management**
crisp (C) krɪsp **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
crispbread 'krɪsp.bred **-s** -z
Crispian 'krɪs.pi.ən

Crispin 'krɪs.pɪn
crisp|y 'krɪs.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
crisscross 'krɪs.krɒs US -krɑːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Cristina krɪ'stiː.nə
crit krɪt **-s** -s
Critchley 'krɪtʃ.li
criteri|on (C) kraɪ'tɪə.ri|.ən US -'tɪr.i- **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə
critic 'krɪt.ɪk US 'krɪt̬- **-s** -s
critic|al 'krɪt.ɪ.k|əl US 'krɪt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
criticism 'krɪt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, '-ə- US 'krɪt̬- **-s** -z
criticizable, -isa- 'krɪt.ɪ.saɪ.zə.bəl, '-ə-; ˌkrɪt.ɪ'saɪ-, -ə'- US 'krɪt̬.ɪ.saɪ-
criticiz|e, -is|e 'krɪt.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- US 'krɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
critique krɪ'tiːk, krə- **-s** -s
Crittenden 'krɪt.ən.dən
critter 'krɪt.əʳ US 'krɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z
crittur 'krɪt.əʳ US 'krɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z
croak krəʊk US kroʊk **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
croak|y 'krəʊ.k|i US 'kroʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Croat 'krəʊ.æt, -ət US 'kroʊ- **-s** -s
Croatia krəʊ'eɪ.ʃə US kroʊ-
Croatian krəʊ'eɪ.ʃən US kroʊ- **-s** -z
croc krɒk US krɑːk **-s** -s
crochet 'krəʊ.ʃeɪ, -ʃi US kroʊ'ʃeɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'crochet ˌhook** US **cro'chet ˌhook**
crock krɒk US krɑːk **-s** -s
Crocker 'krɒk.əʳ US 'krɑː.kɚ
crockery 'krɒk.ər.i US 'krɑː.kɚ-
crocket 'krɒk.ɪt US 'krɑː.kɪt **-s** -s
Crockett 'krɒk.ɪt US 'krɑː.kɪt
Crockford 'krɒk.fəd US 'krɑːk.fɚd
Crockpot® 'krɒk.pɒt US 'krɑːk.pɑːt
crocodile 'krɒk.ə.daɪl US 'krɑː.kə- **-s** -z **ˌcrocodile 'tears** US **'crocodile ˌtears**
crocodilian ˌkrɒk.ə'dɪl.i.ən US ˌkrɑː.kə'dɪl.jən **-s** -z
crocus 'krəʊ.kəs US 'kroʊ- **-es** -ɪz
Croesus 'kriː.səs
croft (C) krɒft US krɑːft **-s** -s
crofter 'krɒf.təʳ US 'krɑːf.tɚ **-s** -z
Crofton 'krɒf.tən US 'krɑːf-
Crohn krəʊn US kroʊn **'Crohn's diˌsease**
croissant 'kwæs.ɑ̃ːŋ, 'krwæs-, -ɒnt US kwɑː'sɑ̃ː, krə-, krwɑː-, -'sɑːnt **-s** -z
Croker 'krəʊ.kəʳ US 'kroʊ.kɚ
Cro-Magnon ˌkrəʊ'mæn.jɔ̃ːŋ, -jən, -'mæg.nən, -nɒn US kroʊ'mæg.nən, -nɑːn, -'mæn.jən, -jɑːn
Cromarty 'krɒm.ə.ti US 'krɑː.mɚ.t̬i
Crombie 'krɒm.bi, 'krʌm- US 'krɑːm-, 'krʌm-
Crome krəʊm US kroʊm
Cromer 'krəʊ.məʳ US 'kroʊ.mɚ
cromlech 'krɒm.lek US 'krɑːm- **-s** -s
Crommelin 'krʌm.lɪn, 'krɒm- US 'krɑːm-, 'krʌm-
Crompton 'krʌmp.tən, 'krɒmp- US 'krɑːmp-
Cromwell 'krɒm.wəl, 'krʌm-, -wel US 'krɑːm-
Cromwellian krɒm'wel.i.ən, krʌm- US krɑːm-
crone krəʊn US kroʊn **-s** -z
Cronin 'krəʊ.nɪn US 'kroʊ-
Cronkite 'krɒŋ.kaɪt US 'krɑːn.kaɪt, 'krɑːŋ-
Cronos 'krəʊ.nɒs US 'kroʊ.nɑːs
cron|y 'krəʊ.n|i US 'kroʊ- **-ies** -iz
cronyism 'krəʊ.ni.ɪ.zəm US 'kroʊ-
crook (C) krʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **by ˌhook or by 'crook**
Crookback 'krʊk.bæk
crookbacked 'krʊk.bækt
Crooke krʊk **-s** -s
crooked *not straight:* 'krʊk.ɪd **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
crooked *having a crook:* krʊkt
Croome kruːm
croon kruːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
crop krɒp US krɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
cropper 'krɒp.əʳ US 'krɑː.pɚ **-s** -z
croquet 'krəʊ.keɪ, -ki US kroʊ'keɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
croquette krɒk'et, krəʊ'ket US kroʊ'ket **-s** -s
crore krɔːʳ US krɔːr **-s** -z
Crosby 'krɒz.bi, 'krɒs- US 'krɑːz-
Crosfield 'krɒs.fiːld US 'krɑːs-
Croshaw 'krəʊ.ʃɔː US 'kroʊ.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
crosier (C) 'krəʊ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ US 'kroʊ.ʒɚ **-s** -z
cross- krɒs US krɑːs
cross (C) krɒs US krɑːs **-es** -ɪz **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'cross ˌaction; 'cross ˌbench**
crossbar 'krɒs.bɑːʳ US 'krɑːs.bɑːr **-s** -z
crossbeam 'krɒs.biːm US 'krɑːs- **-s** -z
crossbencher 'krɒsˌben.tʃəʳ, ˌ-'-- US 'krɑːsˌbent.ʃɚ **-s** -z
crossbill 'krɒs.bɪl US 'krɑːs- **-s** -z
crossbones 'krɒs.bəʊnz US 'krɑːs.boʊnz
cross-border ˌkrɒs'bɔː.dəʳ US ˌkrɑːs'bɔːr.dɚ *stress shift:* ˌcross-border 'talks
crossbow 'krɒs.bəʊ US 'krɑːs.boʊ **-s** -z
crossbred 'krɒs.bred US 'krɑːs-
crossbreed 'krɒs.briːd US 'krɑːs- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
cross-Channel ˌkrɒs'tʃæn.əl US ˌkrɑːs- *stress shift:* ˌcross-Channel 'ferry
crosscheck (*n.*) 'krɒs.tʃek US 'krɑːs-
crosscheck (*v.*) ˌkrɒs'tʃek, '-- US 'krɑːs.tʃek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
cross-claim 'krɒs.kleɪm US 'krɑːs- **-s** -z
cross-contamination ˌkrɒs.kən.tæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ə'- US 'krɑːs.kən.tæm.ɪ.neɪ-, -ə-; ˌkrɑːs.kən.tæm.ɪ'neɪ-, -ə'-
cross-country ˌkrɒs'kʌn.tri US ˌkrɑːs- *stress shift:* ˌcross-count[ry] 'runner
crosscourt 'krɒs.kɔːt US 'krɑːs.kɔ[ːrt]
cross-cultural ˌkrɒs'kʌl.tʃə.rəl US ˌkrɑːs'kʌl.tʃɚ.əl **-ly** -li
crosscut 'krɒs.kʌt, ˌ-'- US 'krɑːs.k[ʌt] **-s** -s
cross-dress|ing ˌkrɒs'dres|.ɪŋ US ˌkrɑːs- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Crosse krɒs US krɑːs
cross-examination ˌkrɒs.ɪgˌzæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -egˌ-, -ɪkˌsæm-, -ekˌ-, -ə'- US ˌkrɑːs.ɪgˌzæm-, -egˌ- **-s** -z
cross-examin|e ˌkrɒs.ɪg'zæm.ɪn, -eg'-, -ɪk'sæm-, -ek'- US ˌkrɑːs.ɪg'zæm-, -eg'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
cross-eyed ˌkrɒs'aɪd, '-- US 'krɑːsˌa[ɪd] *stress shift, British only:* ˌcross-eye[d] 'stare
cross-fertilization, -isa- ˌkrɒsˌfɜː.tɪ.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -tə-, -lɪ'-, -lə'- US ˌkrɑːsˌfɝː.t̬əl.ɪ'-
cross-fertiliz|e, -is|e ˌkrɒs'fɜː.tɪ.laɪz, -tə- US ˌkrɑːs'fɝː.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cross-fire 'krɒs.faɪəʳ US 'krɑːs.fa[ɪr]
cross-grained ˌkrɒs'greɪnd US ˌkrɑːs-, '-ˌ- *stress shift:* ˌcross-grained 'cutting
crosshatch 'krɒs.hætʃ US 'krɑːs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
crossing 'krɒs.ɪŋ US 'krɑː.sɪŋ **-s** -z
cross-legged ˌkrɒs'legd, '--; ˌkrɒs'leg.ɪd, -əd US ˌkrɑːs'leg.əd, -'legd
Crossley 'krɒs.li US 'krɑː.sli
Crossman 'krɒs.mən US 'krɑːs-
crossover 'krɒsˌəʊ.vəʳ US 'krɑːsˌoʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
cross-party ˌkrɒs'pɑː.ti US ˌkrɑːs'pɑːr.t̬i *stress shift:* ˌcross-party 'questions
crosspatch 'krɒs.pætʃ US 'krɑːs- **-es** -ɪz
cross-purpos|e ˌkrɒs'pɜː.pəs US ˌkrɑːs'pɝː-, '-ˌ-- **-es** -ɪz
cross-question ˌkrɒs'kwes.tʃən, -'kweʃ- US ˌkrɑːs-, '-ˌ-- **-s** -z **-ing** -[ɪŋ] **-ed** -d
cross-refer ˌkrɒs.rɪ'fɜːʳ, -rə'- US ˌkrɑːs.rə'fɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
cross-referenc|e ˌkrɒs'ref.ər.ənts, '-rənts US ˌkrɑːs-, 'krɑːsˌref.ɚ.ən[ts], ˌ-rənts **-es** -ɪz
crossroad 'krɒs.rəʊd US 'krɑːs.ro[ʊd] **-s** -z
cross-section 'krɒs.sek.ʃən, ˌ-'-- US 'krɑːs.sek- **-s** -z
cross-stitch 'krɒs.stɪtʃ US 'krɑːs-
cross-trainer 'krɒsˌtreɪ.nəʳ US 'krɑːsˌtreɪ.nɚ **-s** -z

oss-training 'krɒs,treɪ.nɪŋ
(US) 'krɑːs-
osswalk 'krɒs.wɔːk (US) 'krɑːs.wɑːk,
-wɔːk -s -s
ossway 'krɒs.weɪ (US) 'krɑːs- -s -z
osswind 'krɒs.wɪnd (US) 'krɑːs- -s -z
osswise 'krɒs.waɪz (US) 'krɑːs-
ossword 'krɒs.wɜːd (US) 'krɑːs.wɝːd
-s -z **'crossword ,puzzle**
osthwaite 'krɒs.θweɪt (US) 'krɑːs-
otch (C) krɒtʃ (US) krɑːtʃ -es -ɪz
otch|et (C) 'krɒtʃ|.ɪt, -ət
(US) 'krɑː.tʃ|ət -ets -ɪts, -əts (US) -əts
otchet|y 'krɒtʃ.ɪ.t|i, -ə.t|i
(US) 'krɑː.tʃə.t̬|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
otchless 'krɒtʃ.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'krɑːtʃ-
others 'krʌð.əz (US) -ɚz
oton (C) 'krəʊ.tᵊn (US) 'kroʊ-
ouch (C) (*v.*) kraʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t
ouch *village in Kent:* kruːtʃ
ouchback 'kraʊtʃ.bæk
oup kruːp -s -s
oupier 'kruː.pi.əʳ, -eɪ (US) -eɪ, -ɚ -s -z
oustade kruː'stɑːd -s -z
outon 'kruː.tɒn, -tɔ̃ːŋ (US) 'kruː.tɑːn,
-'- -s -z
ow (C) krəʊ (US) kroʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d **crew** kruː **'crow's ,nest,
crow's 'nest; as the ,crow 'flies**
owbar 'krəʊ.bɑːʳ (US) 'kroʊ.bɑːr -s -z
owborough 'krəʊ.bᵊr.ə
(US) 'kroʊ.bɚ.oʊ
owd kraʊd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
owe krəʊ (US) kroʊ
ow|foot 'krəʊ|.fʊt (US) 'kroʊ- -foots
-fʊts -feet -fiːt
owhurst 'krəʊ.hɜːst
(US) 'kroʊ.hɝːst
owland 'krəʊ.lənd (US) 'kroʊ-
owley 'krəʊ.li, 'kraʊ- (US) 'kroʊ-,
'kraʊ-
own kraʊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
**Crown 'Court; ,crown 'glass;
,crown 'jewels; ,crown 'land;
,crown 'prince**
owndale 'kraʊn.deɪl
ow's|-foot 'krəʊz|.fʊt (US) 'kroʊz-
-feet -fiːt
owther 'kraʊ.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ
owthorne 'krəʊ.θɔːn
(US) 'kroʊ.θɔːrn
oxteth 'krɒk.stəθ (US) 'krɑːk-
oyden, Croydon 'krɔɪ.dᵊn
ozier (C) 'krəʊ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ
(US) 'kroʊ.ʒɚ -s -z
RT ,siː.ɑː'tiː (US) -ɑːr'-
u kruː
ucial 'kruː.ʃᵊl -ly -i
ucible 'kruː.sɪ.bᵊl, -sə- -s -z
ucifer 'kruː.sɪ.fəʳ, -sə- (US) -fɚ -s -z
uciferous kruː'sɪ.fᵊr.əs
ucifix 'kruː.sɪ.fɪks, -sə- -es -ɪz
ucifixion (C) ,kruː.sə'fɪk.ʃᵊn, -sɪ'-
-s -z
uciform 'kruː.sɪ.fɔːm, -sə-
(US) -fɔːrm
uci|fy 'kruː.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- -fies -faɪz
-fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s
-faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
crud krʌd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
crudd|y 'krʌd|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
-i.ɪst, -i.əst
crud|e kruːd -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst,
-əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
Cruden 'kruː.dᵊn
crudité(s) 'kruː.dɪ.teɪ, -də-
(US) ,kruː.dɪ'teɪ
crudit|y 'kruː.də.t|i, -dɪ.t|i (US) -də.t̬|i
-ies -iz
cruel 'kruː.əl, krʊəl (US) 'kruː.əl -(l)er
-əʳ (US) -ɚ -(l)est -ɪst, -əst -(l)y -li
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
cruelt|y 'kruː.əl.t|i, 'krʊəl-
(US) 'kruː.əl.t̬|i -ies -iz
cruet 'kruː.ɪt -s -s
Cruft krʌft -s -s
Crui(c)kshank 'krʊk.ʃæŋk
cruis|e (C) kruːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'cruise con,trol;
,cruise 'missile** (US) **'cruise ,missile**
cruiserweight 'kruː.zə.weɪt (US) -zɚ-
-s -s
cruller 'krʌl.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
crumb krʌm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
crumbl|e 'krʌm.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
'-blɪŋ -ed -d
crumbl|y 'krʌm.bl|i, -bᵊl|.i -ier -i.əʳ
(US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
crumby 'krʌm.i
crumhorn 'krʌm.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn -s -z
Crumlin 'krʌm.lɪn
Crummock 'krʌm.ək
crumm|y 'krʌm|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst
crump (C) krʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
crumpet 'krʌm.pɪt -s -s
crumpl|e 'krʌm.pᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
'-plɪŋ -ed -d
crunch krʌntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Crunchie® 'krʌn.tʃi
crunch|y 'krʌn.tʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Crundale 'krʌn.dᵊl (US) -deɪl
crupper 'krʌp.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
crusad|e (C) kruː'seɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
crusader kruː'seɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
crus|e kruːz -es -ɪz
crush krʌʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
-əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
Crusoe 'kruː.səʊ (US) -soʊ
crust krʌst -s -s
crustace|an krʌs'teɪ.ʃ|ᵊn, -ʃi|.ən
-a -ə -ans -ənz
crustaceous krʌs'teɪ.ʃəs, -ʃi.əs
crustate 'krʌs.teɪt
crustated krʌs'teɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
crustation krʌs'teɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
crusted 'krʌs.tɪd
crust|y 'krʌs.t|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
-i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
crutch krʌtʃ -es -ɪz -ed -t
Crutched Friars ,krʌtʃt'fraɪəz,
,krʌtʃ.ɪd'- (US) -'fraɪɚz
Cruttwell 'krʌt.wəl, -wel
crux krʌks -es -ɪz
Cruyff kraɪf, krɔɪf (US) krɔɪf
Cruz kruːz
cruzado kruː'zɑː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ, -'zeɪ-
-(e)s -z
cruzeiro kruː'zeə.rəʊ (US) -'zer.oʊ -s -z
cr|y kr|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
cry-bab|y 'kraɪ,beɪ.b|i -ies -iz
cryo- ,kraɪ.əʊ (US) ,kraɪ.oʊ, -ə
cryogenic ,kraɪ.əʊ'dʒen.ɪk (US) -ə'- -s -s
cryonic kraɪ'ɒn.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.nɪk -s -s
crypt- krɪpt
crypt krɪpt -s -s
cryptic 'krɪp.tɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
crypto 'krɪp.təʊ (US) -toʊ -s -z
cryptogam 'krɪp.təʊ.gæm (US) -tə- -s -z
cryptogram 'krɪp.təʊ.græm (US) -tə-
-s -z -ic -ɪk
cryptograph 'krɪp.təʊ.grɑːf, -græf
(US) -tə.græf -s -s
cryptographer krɪp'tɒg.rə.fəʳ
(US) -'tɑː.grə.fɚ -s -z
cryptography krɪp'tɒg.rə.fi
(US) -'tɑː.grə-
cryptolog|y krɪp'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i
(US) -'tɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
crystal (C) 'krɪs.tᵊl -s -z **,crystal
'ball; 'crystal ,gazing**
crystalizable, -isa-
'krɪs.tᵊl.aɪ.zə.bᵊl (US) -tə.laɪ-
crystalline 'krɪs.tᵊl.aɪn (US) -tə.laɪn
crystallization, -isa-
,krɪs.tᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'- -s -z
crystalliz|e, -is|e 'krɪs.tᵊl.aɪz
(US) -tə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
crystallographer ,krɪs.tᵊl'ɒg.rə.fəʳ
(US) -tə'lɑː.grə.fɚ -s -z
crystallography krɪs.tᵊl'ɒg.rə.fi
(US) -tə'lɑː.grə-
crystalloid 'krɪs.tᵊl.ɔɪd (US) -tə.lɔɪd
-s -z
CSE ,siː.es'iː
C-section 'siː,sek.ʃᵊn -s -z
ct (*abbrev. for* **carat**) 'kær.ət (US) 'ker-,
'kær-
cub kʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
Cub|a 'kjuː.b|ə -an/s -ən/z **,Cuban
'heel**
cubage 'kjuː.bɪdʒ
cubb|y 'kʌb|.i -ies -iz
cubbyhole 'kʌb.i.həʊl (US) -hoʊl -s -z
cub|e kjuːb -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cubic 'kjuː.bɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
cubicle 'kjuː.bɪ.kᵊl -s -z
cub|ism 'kjuː.b|ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
cubistic kjuː'bɪs.tɪk
cu|bit 'kjuː|.bɪt -bits -bɪts -bital
-bɪ.tᵊl, -bɪ.t̬ᵊl
Cubitt 'kjuː.bɪt
cuboid 'kjuː.bɔɪd -s -z
cuchul(l)inn, cuchulain (C)
kuː'kʊl.ɪn, -'xʊl- (US) -'kʊl-
Cuckfield 'kʊk.fiːld
Cuckmere 'kʊk.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
cuckold 'kʌk.əʊld, -ᵊld (US) -oʊld, -ᵊld
-s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z

(US) -ɚ/z **-ry** -ri
cuckoo 'kʊk.uː (US) 'kuː.kuː, 'kʊk.uː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'cuckoo ˌclock; 'cuckoo ˌspit**
cuckooflower 'kʊk.uː.flaʊəʳ (US) 'kuː.kuː.flaʊɚ, 'kʊk.uːˌ- -s -z
cuckoopint 'kʊk.uː.paɪnt (US) 'kuː.kuː-, 'kʊk.uː -s -s
cucumber 'kjuː.kʌm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z
cud kʌd -s -z
cuddl|e 'kʌd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i
cudd|y 'kʌd|.i **-ies** -iz
cudgel 'kʌdʒ.ᵊl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Cudworth 'kʌd.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
cu|e kjuː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cuenca 'kweŋ.kɑː, -kə
Cuernavaca ˌkweə.nə'væk.ə (US) ˌkwer.nə'vɑː.kə, -nɑː'vɑː.kɑː
cuff kʌf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Cuffley 'kʌf.li
cufflink 'kʌf.lɪŋk -s -s
cui bono ˌkuː.i'bəʊn.əʊ, ˌkwiː-, -'bɒn.əʊ (US) ˌkwiː'boʊ.noʊ
cuirass kwɪ'ræs, kjuᵊ- (US) kwɪ'ræs -es -ɪz
cuirassier ˌkwɪ.rə'si.əʳ, ˌkjuᵊ.rə'- (US) ˌkwiː.rə'sɪr, 'kwɪr.ə.sɪr -s -z
cuisenaire ˌkwiː.zᵊn'eəʳ (US) -'er
Cuisinart® 'kwiː.zᵊn.ɑːt (US) -ɑːrt
cuisine kwɪz'iːn, kwə'ziːn
cuisine minceur kwɪˌziːn.mæ̃n'sɜːʳ, kwə- (US) -'sɝː
cuiss|e kwɪs **-es** -ɪz
cuke kjuːk -s -s
Culcheth 'kʌl.tʃəθ, -tʃɪθ
cul-de-sac 'kʌl.də.sæk, 'kʊl-, ˌ--'- -s -s
Culham 'kʌl.əm
culinary 'kʌl.ɪ.nᵊr.i, '-ə-, 'kjuː.lɪ- (US) 'kʌl.ə.ner-
Culkin 'kʌl.kɪn
cull kʌl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Cullen 'kʌl.ən, -ɪn
cullender 'kʌl.ən.dəʳ, -ɪn- (US) -dɚ -s -z
Culley 'kʌl.i
Cullinan 'kʌl.ɪ.nən, '-ə-, -næn
Culloden kə'lɒd.ᵊn, kʌl'ɒd-; kə'ləʊ.dᵊn (US) kə'loʊ.dᵊn, -'lɑː-
Cullompton kə'lʌmp.tᵊn, 'kʌl.əmp-
Cullum 'kʌl.əm
culm (C) kʌlm -s -z
Culme kʌlm
culmi|nate 'kʌl.mɪ|.neɪt **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
culmination ˌkʌl.mɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -mə'- -s -z
culottes kjuː'lɒts, kuː- (US) 'kuː.lɑːts, 'kjuː-, -'-
culpability ˌkʌl.pə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
culpab|le 'kʌl.pə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
culprit 'kʌl.prɪt -s -s
Culross *Scottish surname & place:* 'kuː.rɒs, -rəs (US) -rɑːs
Culross *English surname and London street:* 'kʌl.rɒs, -'- (US) 'kʌl.rɑːs, -'-
cult kʌlt -s -s
Culter 'kuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
cultivable 'kʌl.tɪ.və.bᵊl, -tə- (US) -t̬ə-
culti|vate 'kʌl.tɪ|.veɪt, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd **-vatable** -veɪ.tə.bᵊl (US) -veɪ.t̬ə-
cultivation ˌkʌl.tɪ'veɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə'- (US) -t̬ə'-
cultivator 'kʌl.tɪ.veɪ.təʳ, -tə- (US) -t̬ə.veɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
Cults kʌlts
cultural 'kʌl.tʃᵊr.ᵊl **-ly** -i
culturality ˌkʌl.tʃᵊr'æl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -tʃə'ræl.ə.t̬i
culture 'kʌl.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z **-d** -d **'culture ˌshock**
culver (C) 'kʌl.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -s -z
culverin 'kʌl.vᵊr.ɪn -s -z
culvert 'kʌl.vət (US) -vɚt -s -s **-age** -ɪdʒ (US) 'kʌl.vɚ.t̬ɪdʒ
Culzean kə'leɪn
cum kʌm, kʊm
Cumaean kjuː'miː.ən
cumbent 'kʌm.bᵊnt
cumb|er 'kʌm.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Cumberland 'kʌm.bᵊl.ənd (US) -bɚ.lənd
Cumbernauld ˌkʌm.bə'nɔːld, '--- (US) ˌkʌm.bɚ'nɑːld, -'nɔːld
cumbersome 'kʌm.bə.səm (US) -bɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Cumbri|a 'kʌm.bri|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
cumbrous 'kʌmb.rəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cumin 'kjuː.mɪn, 'kʌm.ɪn (US) 'kuː-, 'kjuː-
cum laude ˌkʌm'laʊ.deɪ, ˌkʊm-, -'lɔː.di (US) ˌkʊm'laʊ.deɪ, -'lɑː-, -'lɔː-, -di, -də
cummerbund 'kʌm.ə.bʌnd (US) '-ɚ- -s -z
cummin 'kʌm.ɪn
Cumming 'kʌm.ɪŋ -s -z
cummings (C) 'kʌm.ɪŋz
Cumnock 'kʌm.nək
Cumnor 'kʌm.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
cumquat 'kʌm.kwɒt (US) -kwɑːt -s -s
cumulate (*adj.*) 'kjuː.mjə.lət, -mjʊ-, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) -mjə-
cumu|late (*v.*) 'kjuː.mjə|.leɪt, -mjʊ- (US) -mjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
cumulation ˌkjuː.mjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -mjʊ'- (US) -mjə'- -s -z
cumulative 'kjuː.mjə.lə.tɪv, -mjʊ-, -leɪ- (US) -mjə.lə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
cumulonimbus ˌkjuː.mjə.ləʊ'nɪm.bəs, -mjʊ- (US) -mjə.loʊ'- **-es** -ɪz
cumul|us 'kjuː.mjə.l|əs, -mjʊ- (US) -mjə- **-i** -aɪ, -iː (US) -aɪ
Cunard ˌkjuː'nɑːd (US) ˌkuː'nɑːrd, ˌkjuː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
cunctation kʌŋk'teɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
cunctator kʌŋk'teɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s
cuneiform 'kjuː.nɪ.fɔːm, -ni.ɪ-, -ə.fɔːm (US) 'kjuː.nə.fɔːrm, -ni.ə-
Cunliffe 'kʌn.lɪf
cunnilingus ˌkʌn.ɪ'lɪŋ.gəs (US) -ə'
cunning 'kʌn.ɪŋ **-est** -ɪst **-ly** -li **-n**[...] -nəs, -nɪs
Cunningham 'kʌn.ɪŋ.əm (US) -hæ[...]
cunt kʌnt -s -s
cup kʌp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **'Cu**[...] **ˌFinal, ˌCup 'Final**
Cupar 'kuː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ
cupbearer 'kʌpˌbeə.rəʳ (US) -ˌber.[...] -s -z
cupboard 'kʌb.əd (US) -ɚd -s -z **'cupboard ˌlove**
cupcake 'kʌp.keɪk -s -s
cupful 'kʌp.fʊl -s -z
cupid (C) 'kjuː.pɪd -s -z
cupidity kju'pɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬[...]
cupola 'kjuː.pᵊl.ə -s -z
cuppa 'kʌp.ə -s -z
cupreous 'kjuː.pri.əs
cupric 'kjuː.prɪk
Cuprinol® 'kjuː.prɪ.nɒl, -prə- (US) -nɑːl
cuprous kjuː.prəs
cur kɜːʳ (US) kɝː -s -z
curability ˌkjʊə.rə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌkjɔː[...] -ɪ.ti (US) ˌkjʊr.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
curable 'kjʊə.rə.bᵊl, 'kjɔː- (US) 'k[...]
curaç|ao (C) 'kjʊə.rə.s|aʊ, 'kjɔː-, -s|əʊ, ˌ--'- (US) 'kjʊr.ə.s|oʊ, 'kʊr-, -s|aʊ, ˌ--'- **-oa** -əʊə (US) -oʊə
curac|y 'kjʊə.rə.s|i, 'kjɔː- (US) 'kj[...] **-ies** -iz
Curan 'kʌr.ən
curare kjʊə'rɑː.ri (US) kjʊ'rɑːr.i
curate 'kjʊə.rət, 'kjɔː-, -rɪt (US) 'kjʊr.ət, -eɪt -s -s **ˌcurate's '**[...]
cura|te 'kjʊə.r|eɪt, 'kjɔː-; -'-, kjə[...] (US) 'kjʊr.|eɪt; -'-, kjɚ- **-tes** -ts **-ti**[...] -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
curative 'kjʊə.rə.tɪv, 'kjɔː- (US) 'kjʊr.ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
curator kjʊə'reɪ.təʳ, kjɔː- (US) 'kjʊr.eɪ.t̬ɚ, 'kjɝː- -s -z **-ship** -ʃɪp/s
curb kɜːb (US) kɝːb -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-e**[...]
curbside 'kɜːb.saɪd (US) 'kɝːb-
curbstone 'kɜːb.stəʊn (US) 'kɝːb.stoʊn -s -z
curd kɜːd (US) kɝːd -s -z
curdl|e 'kɜː.dᵊl (US) 'kɝː- **-es** -z **-in**[...] -ɪŋ, 'kɜːd.lɪŋ (US) 'kɝː.dᵊl.ɪŋ, 'kɝːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
curd|y 'kɜː.d|i (US) 'kɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US)[...] **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.[...]
cur|e kjʊəʳ, kjɔːʳ (US) kjʊr **-es** -z **-i**[...] -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
cure-all 'kjʊəʳ.ɔːl, 'kjɔːʳ- (US) 'kjʊr[...] 'kjɝː-, -ɔːl -s -z
cu|ret kjʊə|'ret (US) kjʊ|'ret **-rets** -'rets **-retting** -'ret.ɪŋ (US) -'ret̬.ɪ[...] **-retted** -'ret.ɪd (US) -'ret̬.ɪd
curettage ˌkjʊə.rɪ'tɑːʒ, kjʊə'ret[...] (US) kjʊ'ret̬.ɪdʒ, ˌkjʊr.ə'tɑːʒ

rette kjʊə'ret US kjʊ- **-rettes**
rets **-retting** -'ret.ɪŋ US -'reţ.ɪŋ
retted -'ret.ɪd US -'reţ.ɪd
rettment kjʊə'ret.mənt US kjʊ-
rfew 'kɜː.fjuː US 'kɝː- **-s** -z
r|ia 'kjʊə.r|i.ə, 'kjɔː-, 'kʊə-
US 'kjʊr|.i- **-iae** -i.iː, -i.aɪ
rie (C) 'kjʊə.ri, -iː US 'kjʊr.i, -iː **-s** -z
rio 'kjʊə.ri.əʊ, 'kjɔː- US 'kjʊr.i.oʊ
s -z
riosit|y ˌkjʊə.ri'ɒs.ə.t|i, ˌkjɔː-,
ɪ.t|i US ˌkjʊr.i'ɑː.sə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
rious 'kjʊə.ri.əs, 'kjɔː- US 'kjʊr.i-
ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rium 'kjʊə.ri.əm, 'kjɔː- US 'kjʊr.i-
rl kɜːl US kɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
curling ˌtongs
rler 'kɜː.ləʳ US 'kɝː.lɚ **-s** -z
rlew 'kɜː.ljuː US 'kɝː.luː, 'kɝːl.juː
s -z
rlicue 'kɜː.lɪ.kjuː US 'kɝː- **-s** -z
rling 'kɜː.lɪŋ US 'kɝː-
rl|y 'kɜː.l|i US 'kɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ
iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rmudgeon kɜː'mʌdʒ.ən, kə-
US kɚ- **-s** -z **-ly** -li
rragh, currach (C) 'kʌr.ə US 'kɝː-
s -z
rran 'kʌr.ən US 'kɝː-
rrant 'kʌr.ənt US 'kɝː- **-s** -s
rrawong 'kʌr.ə.wɒŋ US -wɑːŋ,
wɔːŋ **-s** -z
rrenc|y 'kʌr.ənt.s|i US 'kɝː- **-ies** -iz
rrent 'kʌr.ənt US 'kɝː- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
ness -nəs, -nɪs **ˌcurrent ac'count;**
current af'fairs
rrer 'kʌr.əʳ US 'kɝː.ɚ
rricle 'kʌr.ɪ.kəl US 'kɝː- **-s** -z
rricul|um kə'rɪk.jə.l|əm, -jʊ-
US -jə- **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz **-ar** -əʳ US -ɚ
rriculum vitae
əˌrɪk.jə.ləm'viː.taɪ, -jʊ-, -teɪ
US -jə.ləm'viː.taɪ, -tiː, -'vaɪ.ţi **-s** -s
urricula vitae kəˌrɪk.jə.lə'viː.taɪ,
ʊ-, -teɪ US -jə.lə'viː.taɪ, -tiː, -'vaɪ.ţi
rrie 'kʌr.i US 'kɝː.i
rrier 'kʌr.i.əʳ US 'kɝː.i.ɚ
rrish 'kɜː.rɪʃ US 'kɝː.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness**
nəs, -nɪs
rr|y (C) 'kʌr|.i US 'kɝː- **-ies** -iz
ying -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z
US -i.ɚ/z **'curry ˌpowder**
rs|e kɜːs US kɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rsed (*adj.*) 'kɜː.sɪd US 'kɝː- **-ly** -li
ness -nəs, -nɪs
rsive 'kɜː.sɪv US 'kɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness**
nəs, -nɪs
rsor 'kɜː.səʳ US 'kɝː.sɚ **-s** -z
rsor Mundi ˌkɜː.sɔː'mʊn.diː,
mʌn.daɪ US ˌkɝː.sɔːr'mʊn.di, -sɚ'-
rsor|y 'kɜː.sər|.i US 'kɝː- **-ily** -əl.i,
.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rst kɜːst US kɝːst
rsus 'kɜː.səs US 'kɝː-
rt kɜːt US kɝːt **-er** -əʳ US 'kɝː.ţɚ
est -ɪst, -əst US 'kɝː.ţɪst, -ţəst
y -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rtail kɜː'teɪl US kɚ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ed -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s

curtain 'kɜː.tən, -tɪn US 'kɝː.tən **-s** -z **-ed** -d **'curtain ˌcall; 'curtain ˌraiser**
curtes|y 'kɜː.tə.s|i, -tɪ.s|i US 'kɝː.ţə- **-ies** -ɪz
Curtice 'kɜː.tɪs US 'kɝː.ţɪs
curtilage 'kɜː.təl.ɪdʒ, -tɪ.lɪdʒ US 'kɝː.ţəl-
Curtis(s) 'kɜː.tɪs US 'kɝː.ţɪs
curtsey 'kɜːt.si US 'kɝːt- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
curts|y 'kɜːt.s|i US 'kɝːt- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
curvaceous kɜː'veɪ.ʃəs US kɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
curvation kɜː'veɪ.ʃən US kɝː- **-s** -z
curvature 'kɜː.və.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ US 'kɝː.və.tʃɚ **-s** -z
curv|e kɜːv US kɝːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'curve ˌball**
curveball 'kɜːv.bɔːl US 'kɝːv-, -bɑːl **-s** -z
cur|vet kɜː'|vet US kɝː- **-vets** -'vets **-vet(t)ing** -'vet.ɪŋ US -'veţ.ɪŋ **-vet(t)ed** -'vet.ɪd US -'veţ.ɪd
curviline|al ˌkɜː.vɪ'lɪn.i|.əl, -və'- US ˌkɝː.və'- **-ar** -əʳ US -ɚ
curv|y 'kɜː.v|i US 'kɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Curwen 'kɜː.wɪn, -wən US 'kɝː-
Curzon 'kɜː.zən US 'kɝː-
Cusack 'kjuː.sæk, -zæk, -zək US 'kuː-, 'kjuː-
Cush kʊʃ, kʌʃ **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
Cushing 'kʊʃ.ɪŋ
cushion 'kʊʃ.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cush|y 'kʊʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.əst, -i.ɪst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
cusp kʌsp **-s** -s
cuspid 'kʌs.pɪd
cuspidor 'kʌs.pɪ.dɔːʳ US -pə.dɔːr **-s** -z
cuss kʌs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
cussed (*adj.*) 'kʌs.ɪd, -əd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
custard 'kʌs.təd US -tɚd **-s** -z **'custard ˌapple; ˌcustard 'pie**
Custer 'kʌs.təʳ US -tɚ
custodial kʌs'təʊ.di.əl US -'toʊ-
custodian kʌs'təʊ.di.ən US -'toʊ- **-s** -z
custody 'kʌs.tə.di
custom 'kʌs.təm **-s** -z
customarily 'kʌs.tə.mər.əl.i, -ɪ.li; ˌkʌs.tə'mer- US ˌkʌs.tə'mer-
customar|y 'kʌs.tə.mər|.i US -mer- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
customer 'kʌs.tə.məʳ US -mɚ **-s** -z
customhou|se 'kʌs.təm.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
customization ˌkʌs.tə.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -mɪ'- US -mɪ'-
customiz|e, -is|e 'kʌs.tə.maɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
custom-made ˌkʌs.təm'meɪd *stress shift, British only:* **ˌcustom-made 'suit**
custos (*sing.*) 'kʌs.tɒs, -təʊs US -tɑːs; 'kʊs.toʊs **custodes** (*plur.*) kʌs'təʊ.diːz US -'toʊ-

cut kʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US 'kʌţ.ɪŋ **-ter/s** -əʳ/z US 'kʌţ.ɚ/z
cut-and-|dried ˌkʌt.ən|'draɪd **-dry** -'draɪ
cut-and-paste ˌkʌt.ənd'peɪst, -əm'- US -ənd'-
cutaneous kjuː'teɪ.ni.əs **-ly** -li
cutaway 'kʌt.ə.weɪ US 'kʌţ-
cutback 'kʌt.bæk **-s** -s
Cutch kʌtʃ
cut|e kjuːt **-er** -əʳ US 'kjuː.ţɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst US 'kjuː.ţɪst, -ţəst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
cutesy 'kjuːt.si
cutey 'kjuː.ti US -ţi **-s** -z
Cutforth 'kʌt.fɔːθ US -fɔːrθ
Cuthbert 'kʌθ.bət US -bɚt
Cuthbertson 'kʌθ.bət.sən US -bɚt-
cuticle 'kjuː.tɪ.kəl US -ţə- **-s** -z
cuticular kjuː'tɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- US -lɚ
Cuticura® ˌkjuː.tɪ'kjʊə.rə, -'kjɔː- US -ţə'kjʊr.ə
cutie 'kjuː.ti US -ţi **-s** -z
cutie-pie 'kjuː.ti.paɪ US -ţi-
cutis 'kjuː.tɪs US -ţɪs
cutlass 'kʌt.ləs **-es** -ɪz
cutler (C) 'kʌt.ləʳ US -lɚ **-s** -z
cutlery 'kʌt.lər.i
cutlet 'kʌt.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
cutoff 'kʌt.ɒf US 'kʌţ.ɑːf, -ɔːf **-s** -s
cutout 'kʌt.aʊt US 'kʌţ- **-s** -s
cut-price ˌkʌt'praɪs *stress shift:* **ˌcut-price 'goods**
cut-rate ˌkʌt'reɪt *stress shift:* **ˌcut-rate 'tickets**
Cuttell kə'tel
cutter 'kʌt.əʳ US 'kʌţ.ɚ **-s** -z
cutthroat 'kʌt.θrəʊt US -θroʊt **-s** -s
cutting 'kʌt.ɪŋ US 'kʌţ- **-s** -z **ˌcutting 'edge**
cuttle (C) 'kʌt.əl US 'kʌţ- **-s** -z **-bone** -bəʊn US -boʊn
cuttlefish 'kʌt.əl.fɪʃ US 'kʌţ- **-es** -ɪz
cutt|y 'kʌt|.i US 'kʌţ- **-ies** -iz **ˌCutty 'Sark**
cutwater 'kʌtˌwɔː.təʳ US -ˌwɑː.ţɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-s** -z
cutworm 'kʌt.wɜːm US -wɝːm **-s** -z
cuvette kjuː'vet US kjuː-, kuː- **-s** -s
Cuvier 'kjuː.vi.eɪ, 'kuː- US 'kjuː.vi.eɪ; ˌkuː'vjeɪ
Cuxhaven 'kʊksˌhɑː.vən
Cuyahoga ˌkaɪ.ə'həʊ.gə US -'hoʊ-, -'hɑː-, -'hɔː-
Cuyp kaɪp, kɔɪp US kɔɪp **-s** -s
Cuzco 'kʊs.kəʊ, 'kuː.skəʊ US 'kuː.skoʊ
CV ˌsiː'viː **-s** -z
cwm kʊm, kuːm **-s** -z
Cwm Avon kʊm'æv.ən, kuːm-
Cwmbach kʊm'bɑːx, kuːm- US -'bɑːk
Cwmbran kʊm'brɑːn, kuːm-
cwt (*abbrev. for* **hundredweight**) 'hʌn.drəd.weɪt, -drɪd- **-s** -s
cyan 'saɪ.æn, -ən
cyanate 'saɪə.neɪt
cyanic saɪ'æn.ɪk

cyanide 'saɪə.naɪd **-s** -z
cyanogen saɪ'æn.ə.dʒən, -dʒɪn, -dʒen
cyanosis ˌsaɪə'nəʊ.sɪs (US) -'noʊ-
cyber- saɪ.bər (US) -bɚ
cybercafe 'saɪ.bəˌkæf.eɪ (US) ˌsaɪ.bɚ.kæf'eɪ, -kə'feɪ **-s** -z
cybercrime 'saɪ.bə.kraɪm (US) -bɚ-
cyberfraud 'saɪ.bə.frɔːd (US) -bɚ.frɑːd, -frɔːd
cybernetic ˌsaɪ.bə'net.ɪk (US) -bɚ'neţ- **-s** -s
cyberpet 'saɪ.bə.pet (US) -bɚ- **-s** -s
cyberpunk 'saɪ.bə.pʌŋk (US) -bɚ- **-s** -s
cybersex 'saɪ.bə.seks (US) -bɚ-
cyberspace 'saɪ.bə.speɪs (US) -bɚ-
cybersquatting 'saɪ.bəˌskwɒt.ɪŋ (US) -bɚˌskwɑː.ţɪŋ
cyberterror|ism 'saɪ.bəˌter.ər|.ɪ.zəm, ˌ--'---- (US) -bɚˌ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
cybrarian saɪ'breə.ri.ən (US) -'brer.i- **-s** -z
cybrar|y 'saɪ.brər|.i, -br|i (US) -brer|.i, -brær|.i **-ies** -iz
cycad 'saɪ.kæd, -kəd **-s** -z
Cyclades 'saɪ.klə.diːz, 'sɪk.lə-
cyclamate 'saɪ.klə.meɪt, 'sɪk.lə- (US) 'saɪ.klə- **-s** -s
cyclamen 'sɪk.lə.mən, 'saɪ.klə-, -men (US) 'saɪ.klə- **-s** -z
cycl|e 'saɪ.kəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ **-ed** -d
cyclic 'saɪ.klɪk, 'sɪk.lɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
cyclist 'saɪ.klɪst **-s** -s
cyclo- 'saɪ.kləʊ, saɪ'klɒ, 'sɪk.ləʊ (US) 'saɪ.kloʊ, saɪ'klɑː
Note: Prefix. This may be stressed on the initial syllable, e.g. **cyclostyle** /'saɪ.kləʊ.staɪl (US) 'saɪ.kloʊ-/ or on the second syllable, e.g. **cyclometer** /saɪ'klɒm.ɪ.tə (US) saɪ'klɑː.mə.tɚ/.
cyclograph 'saɪ.kləʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -klə.græf **-s** -s
cycloid 'saɪ.klɔɪd **-s** -z
cycloidal saɪ'klɔɪ.dəl
cyclometer saɪ'klɒm.ɪ.tər, '-ə- (US) -'klɑː.mə.ţɚ **-s** -z
cyclone 'saɪ.kləʊn (US) -kloʊn **-s** -z
cyclonic saɪ'klɒn.ɪk (US) -'klɑː.nɪk
cyclopaed|ia ˌsaɪ.kləʊ'piː.d|i.ə (US) -kloʊ'-, -klə'- **-ias** -i.əz **-ic** -ɪk
cyclopean ˌsaɪ.kləʊ'piː.ən; saɪ'kləʊ.pi- (US) ˌsaɪ.kloʊ'piː-, -klə'-; saɪ'kloʊ.pi-
cycloped|ia ˌsaɪ.kləʊ'piː.d|i.ə (US) -kloʊ'-, -klə'- **-ias** -i.əz **-ic** -ɪk
cyclops (*sing.*) 'saɪ.klɒps (US) -klɑːps **cyclopes** (*plur.*) saɪ'kləʊ.piːz (US) -'kloʊ-
cyclorama ˌsaɪ.klə'rɑː.mə (US) -kloʊ'ræm.ə, -klə'-, -'rɑː.mə **-s** -z
cyclostyl|e 'saɪ.kləʊ.staɪl (US) -klə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
cyclothymia ˌsaɪ.kləʊ'θaɪ.mi.ə, ˌsɪk.ləʊ'- (US) ˌsaɪ.kloʊ'-, -klə'-
cyclotron 'saɪ.kləʊ.trɒn (US) -klə.trɑːn **-s** -z
cyder 'saɪ.dər (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
cygnet 'sɪg.nət, -nɪt **-s** -s
Cygnus 'sɪg.nəs
cylinder 'sɪl.ɪn.dər, -ən- (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
cylindric sə'lɪn.drɪk, sɪ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
cylindriform sə'lɪn.drɪ.fɔːm, sɪ- (US) -drɪ.fɔːrm, -drə-
cylindroid 'sɪl.ɪn.drɔɪd, sə'lɪn-, sɪ- **-s** -z
cyli|x 'saɪ.lɪ|ks, 'sɪl.ɪ|ks **-ces** -siːz
cy|ma 'saɪ|.mə **-mae** -miː
cymbal 'sɪm.bəl **-s** -z
cymbal|o 'sɪm.bə.l|əʊ (US) -l|oʊ **-o(e)s** -əʊz (US) -oʊz
Cymbeline 'sɪm.bə.liːn, -bɪ-
cyme saɪm **-s** -z
Cymric 'kɪm.rɪk, 'kʌm- (US) 'kɪm-
Cymru 'kɪm.ri, 'kʌm- (US) 'kʌm-
Cymry 'kɪm.ri, 'kʌm- (US) 'kɪm-
Cynewulf 'kɪn.ɪ.wʊlf, '-ə-
cynic 'sɪn.ɪk **-s** -s
cynical 'sɪn.ɪ.kəl **-ly** -i
cynicism 'sɪn.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, '-ə- **-s** -z
cynocephalic ˌsaɪ.nəʊ.sef'æl.ɪk, -kef'- (US) -noʊ-
cynocephalous ˌsaɪ.nəʊ'sef.ə.ləs, -'kef- (US) -noʊ'-
Cynon 'kɪn.ən, 'kʌn-
cynosure 'saɪ.nə.sjʊər, 'sɪn.ə-, -ˌʃʊər (US) -ʃʊr **-s** -z
Cynthi|a 'sɪnt.θi|.ə **-us** -əs
cyph|er 'saɪ.f|ər (US) -f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
cy près ˌsiː'preɪ, ˌsaɪ-
cypress 'saɪ.prəs, -prɪs **-es** -ɪz
Cyprian 'sɪp.ri.ən **-s** -z
Cypriot 'sɪp.ri.ət **-s** -s
Cypriote 'sɪp.ri.əʊt (US) -oʊt **-s** -s
Cyprus 'saɪ.prəs
Cyrano 'sɪr.ə.nəʊ; sɪ'rɑː-, sə- (US) 'sɪr.ə.noʊ ˌ**Cyrano de 'Berge**
Cyrenaica ˌsɪr.ə'neɪ.ɪ.kə, ˌsaɪə.rə -ɪ'-, -'naɪ- (US) ˌsaɪ.rə'-
Cyrene saɪə'riː.ni (US) saɪ-
Cyrenian saɪə'riː.ni.ən (US) saɪ-
Cyrenius saɪə'riː.ni.əs (US) saɪ-
Cyril 'sɪr.əl, -ɪl
Cyrillic sə'rɪl.ɪk, sɪ- (US) sə-
Cyrus 'saɪə.rəs (US) 'saɪ-
cyst sɪst **-s** -s
cystic 'sɪs.tɪk ˌ**cystic fib'rosis**
cystitis sɪ'staɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) -ţɪs, -ţ
cystoid 'sɪs.tɔɪd
Cythera sɪ'θɪə.rə, sə- (US) -'θɪr.ə
cyto- 'saɪ.təʊ, saɪ'tɒ (US) 'saɪ.ţoʊ, saɪ'tɑː
Note: Prefix. This may carry prima or secondary stress on the initial syllable, e.g. **cytoplasm** /'saɪ.tə.plæz.əm (US) 'saɪ.ţə-/ or or the second syllable, e.g. **cytology** /saɪ'tɒl.ə.dʒi (US) saɪ'tɑːl-/.
cytogenetics ˌsaɪ.təʊ.dʒə'net.ɪk -dʒen'et-, -dʒɪ'net- (US) ˌsaɪ.ţoʊ.dʒə'neţ-
cytology saɪ'tɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'tɑː.lə-
cytoplasm 'saɪ.təʊ.plæz.əm (US) -ţ **-s** -z
cytoplasmic ˌsaɪ.təʊ'plæz.mɪk (US) -ţə'-
czar (C) zɑːr, tsɑːr (US) zɑːr, tsɑːr -s
czardas 'tʃɑː.dæʃ, 'zɑː.dæs, -dəs (US) 'tʃɑːr.dɑːʃ, -dæʃ **-es** -ɪz
czarevitch (C) 'zɑː.rə.vɪtʃ, -rɪ- (US) 'zɑːr.ə-, 'tsɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
czarevna (C) zɑː'rev.nə, tsɑː- **-s** -
czarina zɑː'riː.nə, tsɑː- **-s** -z
czarist 'zɑː.rɪst, 'tsɑː- (US) 'zɑːr.ɪst 'tsɑːr- **-s** -s
Czech tʃek **-s** -s
Czechoslovak ˌtʃek.əʊ'sləʊ.væk (US) -oʊ'sloʊ.vɑːk, -væk **-s** -s
Czechoslovaki|a ˌtʃek.əʊ.sləʊ'væk.i|.ə, -'vɑː.ki- (US) -oʊ.sloʊ'vɑː.ki-, -'væk.i- **-an**
Czerny 'tʃɜː.ni, 'zɜː-, 'tʃeə- (US) 'tʃ

Pronouncing the letter D

hen not used in the grammatical inflection *-ed*, the
onsonant letter d is most often realised as /d/, e.g.:

uck /dʌk/

owever, in consonant clusters /d/ may be elided, e.g.:

randson /ˈgrænd.sʌn/
ednesday /ˈwenz.deɪ/

n addition

is sometimes realised as /dʒ/, e.g.:

rocedure /prəʊˈsiː.dʒəʳ/ US /prəˈsiː.dʒɚ/
oldier /ˈsəʊl.dʒəʳ/ US /ˈsoʊl.dʒɚ/

ue to COALESCENCE between /d/ and /j/ in British English
nd omission of /j/ in American English, syllables beginning
ith **du** may have different pronunciations, e.g.:

ue /dʒuː/ US /duː/

The grammatical inflection -ed

There are three possible ways of pronouncing the grammatical inflection *-ed*.

Following /t/ and /d/ the inflection is realised as /ɪd/, e.g.:

started /ˈstɑː.tɪd/ US /ˈstɑːr.t̬ɪd/

Following all other voiceless consonant sounds the inflection is realised as /t/, e.g.:

shaped /ʃeɪpt/

Following all other voiced consonant sounds and after vowel sounds, the inflection is realised as /d/, e.g.:

played /pleɪd/

) diː -'s -z
from **do**) də, d
: See also **d'you**.
from **had, would**) d
ˌdiːˈeɪ -s -z
dæb -s -z -**bing** -ɪŋ -**bed** -d -**ber/s**
ʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**dab** ˈ**hand**
bl|e ˈdæb.əl -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ, ˈdæb.lɪŋ
d -d -**er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈdæb.ləʳ/z US -ɚ/z
chick ˈdæb.tʃɪk -s -s
capo dɑːˈkɑː.pəʊ, də- US -poʊ
ca ˈdæk.ə US ˈdæk.ə, ˈdɑː.kə
e deɪs
ha ˈdætʃ.ə US ˈdɑː.tʃə -s -z
hau *as if German:* ˈdæx.aʊ, ˈdæk-
ˈdɑː.kaʊ
hshund ˈdæk.sənd, ˈdæʃ.ənd,
ʊnd, -hʊnt US ˈdɑːks.hʊnd,
ɑːk.sənd -s -z
i|a ˈdeɪ.sil.ə, -ʃil-, ˈ-ʃlə US ˈ-ʃlə
n/s -ən/z
oit dəˈkɔɪt -s -s
re ˈdeɪ.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
ron® ˈdæk.rɒn, ˈdeɪ.krɒn
ˈdeɪ.krɑːn, ˈdæk.rɑːn
tyl ˈdæk.tɪl, -təl -s -z
tylic dækˈtɪl.ɪk
tylogram dækˈtɪl.əʊ.græm;
æk.tɪ.ləʊ-, -təl.əʊ- US dækˈtɪl.ə-
-z
tylography ˌdæk.tɪˈlɒg.rə.fi
-təˈlɑː.grə-
d (D) dæd -s -z
da ˈdɑː.dɑː, -də -**ism** -ɪ.zəm -**ist/s**
st/s
daistic (D) ˌdɑː.dɑːˈɪs.tɪk
ddies® ˈdæd.iz
dd|y ˈdæd|.i -**ies** -iz
ddy longlegs ˌdæd.iˈlɒŋ.legz
-ˈlɑːŋ-, -ˈlɔːŋ-

dado ˈdeɪ.dəʊ US -doʊ -s -z
Daedalus ˈdiː.dəl.əs US ˈded.əl-
daemon ˈdiː.mən, ˈdaɪ-, ˈdeɪ- -s -z
daemonic diːˈmɒn.ɪk, dɪ-, də-
US -ˈmɑː.nɪk
D'Aeth deɪθ, deθ, diːθ
Daewoo® ˈdeɪ.uː US ˌdeɪˈwuː
DAF® dæf
daffodil ˈdæf.ə.dɪl -s -z
daff|y ˈdæf|.i -**ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -**iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Daffyd ap Gwilym
ˌdæv.ɪð.ɑːpˈgwɪl.ɪm, -ɪd-
US ˌdɑː.vɪð-
daft dɑːft US dæft -**er** -əʳ US -ɚ -**est**
-ɪst, -əst -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Dafydd ˈdæv.ɪð, ˈdæf-
dag dæg -s -z -**ging** -ɪŋ -**ged** -d
da Gama dəˈgɑː.mə US -ˈgɑː-,
-ˈgæm.ə
Dagenham ˈdæg.ən.əm
Dagestan ˌdɑː.gɪˈstɑːn, -gəˈ-
dagga ˈdæx.ə, ˈdʌx-, ˈdɑː.xə
US ˈdæg.ə, ˈdɑː.gə
dagger ˈdæg.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z **at** ˌ**daggers**
ˈ**drawn; look** ˈ**daggers at someone**
Daggett ˈdæg.ɪt
dagg|y ˈdæg|.i -**ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -**iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst
Dagmar ˈdæg.mɑːʳ US -mɑːr
dago ˈdeɪ.gəʊ US -goʊ -**(e)s** -z
Dagobert ˈdæg.əʊ.bɜːt US -ə.bɝːt
Dagon ˈdeɪ.gɒn, -gən US -gɑːn
Dagonet ˈdæg.ə.nət, -nɪt
daguerreotype dəˈger.əʊ.taɪp
US ˈ-ə- -s -s
Dagwood ˈdæg.wʊd
dahl (D) dɑːl
dahlia (D) ˈdeɪ.li.ə, ˈ-ljə US ˈdæl.jə,
ˈdɑːl-, ˈdeɪl- -s -z

Dahomey dəˈhəʊ.mi US -ˈhoʊ-
Dahrendorf ˈdɑː.rən.dɔːf, ˈdær.ən-
US -dɔːrf
Dai daɪ
Daiches ˈdeɪ.tʃɪz, -tʃəz, -tʃɪs, -tʃəs
Daihatsu® ˌdaɪˈhæt.suː US -ˈhɑːt-
daikon ˈdaɪ.kɒn, -kən US -kən, -kɑːn
-s -z
Dail, Dáil dɔɪl
Dáil Eireann ˌdɔɪlˈeə.rən US -ˈer.ən,
-ˈeɪ.rən
dail|y ˈdeɪ.l|i -**ies** -iz
Daimler® ˈdeɪm.ləʳ US -lɚ, ˈdaɪm- -s -z
Daintree ˈdeɪn.triː, -tri
daint|y ˈdeɪn.t|i US -t̬|i -**ies** -iz -**ier**
-i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst -**ily**
-ɪ.li, -əl.i -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
daiquiri (D) ˈdaɪ.kɪ.ri, ˈdæk.ɪ-, -ər.i;
daɪˈkɪə.ri, də- US ˈdæk.ɚ.i, ˈdaɪ.kɚ-
dair|y ˈdeə.r|i US ˈder|.i -**ies** -iz -**ying**
-i.ɪŋ ˈ**dairy** ˌ**farm;** ˈ**dairy** ˌ**products**
Dairylea® ˌdeə.riˈliː, ˈ--- US ˌder.iˈliː,
ˈ---
dairymaid ˈdeə.ri.meɪd US ˈder.i- -s -z
dairy|man ˈdeə.ri|.mən, -mæn
US ˈder.i- -**men** -mən, -men
dais ˈdeɪ.ɪs, deɪs US ˈdeɪ.ɪs, ˈdaɪ- -**es** -ɪz
dais|y (D) ˈdeɪ.z|i -**ies** -iz ˈ**daisy** ˌ**chain;**
ˈ**daisy** ˌ**wheel**
daisywheel ˈdeɪ.zi.hwiːl -s -z
Dakar ˈdæk.ɑːʳ, -əʳ US dəˈkɑːr;
ˈdæk.ɑːr
Dakota dəˈkəʊ.tə US -ˈkoʊ.t̬ə -s -z
dal *food:* dɑːl
dal *in Italian phrases:* dæl, dɑːl
US dɑːl
Dalai Lama ˌdæl.aɪˈlɑː.mə, ˌdɑː.laɪˈ-
US ˌdɑː.laɪˈ- -s -z
dalasi dəˈlɑː.si -s -z
Dalbeattie dælˈbiː.ti, dəl- US -t̬i

Dalby 'dɔːl.bi, 'dɒl-, 'dæl- (US) 'dɑːl-, 'dɔːl-, 'dæl-
Daldy 'dæl.di (US) 'dɑːl.di
dale (D) deɪl -s -z
Dalek 'dɑː.lek, -lɪk -s -s
dales|man 'deɪlz|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Daley 'deɪ.li
Dalgety dæl'get.i, dəl- (US) -'geṭ- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Dalgety 'Bay**
Dalgleish, Dalglish dæl'gliːʃ, dəl-
Dalhousie dæl'haʊ.zi, -'huː-
Dali 'dɑː.li
Dalkeith dæl'kiːθ
Dalkey 'dɔː.ki, 'dɔːl-
Dallas 'dæl.əs
dallianc|e 'dæl.i.ənts **-es** -ɪz
Dalloway 'dæl.ə.weɪ
dall|y 'dæl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z (US) -i.ɚ/z
Dalmatia dæl'meɪ.ʃə, -ʃi.ə
dalmatian (D) dæl'meɪ.ʃən, -ʃi.ən -s -z
Dalmeny dæl'men.i, dəl-
Dalny 'dæl.ni
Dalry dæl'raɪ, dəl-
Dalrymple dæl'rɪm.pəl, dəl-; 'dæl.rɪm- (US) 'dæl.rɪm-
Note: The family name of the Earl of Stair is /dæl'rɪm-, dəl-/.
dal segno dæl'sen.jəʊ, dɑːl- (US) dɑːl'seɪ.njoʊ, -'sen.joʊ
Dalston 'dɔːl.stən, 'dɒl- (US) 'dɔːl-, 'dɑːl-
Dalton 'dɔːl.tən, 'dɒl- (US) 'dɔːl-, 'dɑːl-
Dalton-in-Furness ˌdɔːl.tən.ɪn'fɜː.nɪs, ˌdɒl- (US) ˌdɔːl.tən.ɪn'fɝː-, ˌdɑːl-
Daltonism 'dɔːl.tən.ɪ.zəm, 'dɒl- (US) 'dɔːl-, 'dɑːl-
Daltr(e)y 'dɔːl.tri, 'dɒl- (US) 'dɔːl-, 'dɑːl-
Dalwhinnie dæl'*h*wɪn.i, dəl-
Daly 'deɪ.li
Dalyell diː'el
Dalzell diː'el; 'dæl.zel
Dalziel diː'el; 'dæl.ziːl, -zi.əl
Note: The form /diː'el/ is chiefly used in Scotland.
dam dæm -s -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
damag|e 'dæm.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
damaging 'dæm.ɪ.dʒɪŋ **-ly** -li
Damaraland də'mɑː.rə.lænd; 'dæm.ə.rə- (US) də'mɑːr.ə-
Damart® 'dæm.ɑːt, 'deɪ.mɑːt (US) 'dæm.ɑːrt, 'deɪ.mɑːrt
damascene 'dæm.ə.siːn -s -z
Damascus də'mæs.kəs, -'mɑː.skəs (US) -'mæs.kəs
damask 'dæm.əsk -s -s
dame (D) deɪm -s -z
Damian, Damien 'deɪ.mi.ən
Damman 'dæm.æn (US) dæm'æn
dammit 'dæm.ɪt
damn dæm -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
damnab|le 'dæm.nə.b|əl **-ly** -li
-leness -əl.nəs, -əl.nɪs
damnation dæm'neɪ.ʃən -s -z
damnatory 'dæm.nə.tər.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
damnedest 'dæm.dɪst, -dəst
damni|fy 'dæm.nɪ|.faɪ **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
damnum sine injuria ˌdæm.nəmˌsiː.neɪ.ɪn'dʒʊə.ri.ə (US) -'dʒʊr.i.ə
Damoclean ˌdæm.ə'kliː.ən
Damocles 'dæm.ə.kliːz
Damon 'deɪ.mən
damosel, damozel ˌdæm.əʊ'zel (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'- -s -z
damp dæmp **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ish** -ɪʃ -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t '**damp** ˌ**course;** ˌ**damp 'squib**
dampen 'dæm.pən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dæmp.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
damper 'dæm.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z
Dampier 'dæm.pi.əʳ, -pɪəʳ (US) -pi.ɚ
damp-proof 'dæmp.pruːf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
damsel 'dæm.zəl -s -z
damson 'dæm.zən -s -z
dan (D) dæn -s -z
Dana *first name in UK:* 'dɑː.nə *in US:* 'deɪ.nə *in Canada:* 'dæn.ə
Danaan 'dæn.i.ən -s -z
Danaë 'dæn.eɪ.iː, '-i-
Danaides, Danäides də'neɪ.ɪ.diːz, dæn'eɪ-, '-ə-
Dan-Air® ˌdæn'eəʳ (US) -'er
Danakil ˌdæn.ə'kiːl, -'kɪl (US) 'dæn.ə.kɪl; də'nɑː.kiːl
Da Nang ˌdɑː'næŋ (US) də'næŋ, dɑː'nɑːŋ
Danbury 'dæn.bər.i, 'dæm- (US) 'dæn.ber-, -bɚ-
Danby 'dæn.bi, 'dæm- (US) 'dæn-
danc|e dɑːn*t*s (US) dæn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Dance dɑːn*t*s, dæn*t*s (US) dæn*t*s
Dancer 'dɑːn*t*.səʳ (US) 'dæn*t*.sɚ
dandelion 'dæn.dɪ.laɪən (US) -də-, -dɪ- -s -z
dandi|fy 'dæn.dɪ|.faɪ (US) -də- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
dandl|e 'dæn.d|əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dænd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Dando 'dæn.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
dandruff 'dæn.drʌf (US) -drəf
dand|y 'dæn.d|i **-ies** -iz **-yish** -i.ɪʃ **-yism** -i.ɪ.zəm
Dane deɪn -s -z
Danebury 'deɪn.bər.i, 'deɪm- (US) 'deɪn.ber-, -bɚ-
danegeld 'deɪn.geld, 'deɪŋ- (US) 'deɪn-
Danelaw 'deɪn.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː
danger 'deɪn.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ -s -z
Dangerfield 'deɪn.dʒə.fiːld (US) -dʒɚ-
dangerous 'deɪn.dʒər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dangerously 'deɪn.dʒər.ə.sli
dangl|e (D) 'dæŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-gləʳ/z (US) '-gəl.ɚ/z, '-glɚ/z
dangly 'dæŋ.gəl.i, '-gli
Daniel 'dæn.jəl -s -z
Danielle ˌdæn.i'el, dæn'jel
Danish 'deɪ.nɪʃ ˌ**Danish 'blue;** ˌ**Danish 'pastry**
dank dæŋk **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Danks dæŋks
Dankworth 'dæŋk.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Dann dæn
d'Annunzio dæn'ʊnt.si.əʊ (US) dɑː'nʊnt.si.oʊ
Danny 'dæn.i
Danone dæn'əʊn, dæn'ɒn (US) -'oʊn, -ɑːn
danse(s) macabre(s) ˌdɑ̃ːns.mə'kɑː.brə, -mæk'ɑː- (US) ˌdɑːnts.mə'kɑː.brə
danseuse(s) ˌdɑ̃ː*n*'sɜːz (US) ˌdɑːn*t*'suːz, -'sʊz
Dansville 'dænz.vɪl
Dante 'dæn.ti, 'dɑːn-, -teɪ (US) 'dɑːn.t
Dantesque dæn'tesk (US) dɑːn-
Danton 'dæn.tɒn, -tən *as if French* dɑ̃ː*n*'tɔ̃ː*ŋ* (US) dɑːn'tɑːn, -toʊn; '--, -tən
Danube 'dæn.juːb
Danubian dæn'juː.bi.ən, də'njuː-
Danuta də'nuː.tə, dæn'uː- (US) də'nuː.ṭə
Danvers 'dæn.vəz (US) -vɚz
Danville 'dæn.vɪl
Danzig 'dæn*t*.sɪg, -sɪk
Dao|ism 'daʊ|.ɪ.zəm **-its/s** -ɪst/s
daphne (D) 'dæf.ni
Daphnis 'dæf.nɪs
dapp|er (D) 'dæp|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-erest** -ər.ɪst, -ər.əst
dappl|e 'dæp.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
dapple-grey ˌdæp.əl'greɪ
DAR ˌdiː.eɪ'ɑːʳ (US) -'ɑːr
Darbishire 'dɑː.bɪ.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) 'dɑːr.bɪ.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Darby 'dɑː.bi (US) 'dɑːr- ˌ**Darby and 'Joan**
d'Arc dɑːk (US) dɑːrk
D'Arcy, Darcy 'dɑː.si (US) 'dɑːr-
Dardanelles ˌdɑː.dən'elz (US) ˌdɑːr-
Dardanus 'dɑː.dən.əs (US) 'dɑːr-
dar|e (D) deəʳ (US) der **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **durst** dɜːst (US) dɝːst
daredevil 'deəˌdev.əl (US) 'der- -s -z
daren't deənt (US) dernt
Darent 'dær.ənt (US) 'der-, 'dær-
Darenth 'dær.ənθ (US) 'der-, 'dær-
Dares 'deə.riːz (US) 'der.iːz
daresay, dare say ˌdeə'seɪ (US) ˌde
Daresbury 'dɑːz.bər.i (US) 'dɑːrz.b -bɚ-
Dar es Salaam ˌdɑː.res.sə'lɑːm, -rɪs-, -rez-, -rɪz- (US) ˌdɑːr.es-
Darfield 'dɑː.fiːld (US) 'dɑːr-
Darfur ˌdɑː'fʊəʳ (US) ˌdɑːr'fʊr
Darien 'deə.ri.ən, 'dær.i.ən

)ark l

type of LATERAL sound, recognizably different from CLEAR L.

xamples for English

when pronouncing the sound /l/, the back of the tongue is ised as for an [u] vowel, the quality is [u]-like and 'dark'; this fect is even more noticeable if the lips are rounded at the me time. This sound is typically found when /l/ occurs efore a consonant or before a pause, e.g.:

elp	/help/	[heɫp]
ill	/hɪl/	[hɪɫ]

In several accents of English, particularly those close to London, the dark l has given way to a [w] sound, so that *help* and *hill* might be transcribed /hewp/ and /hɪw/; this process is known as 'l vocalisation'.

In other languages

The process of l vocalisation took place in Polish some time ago, and the sound represented in Polish writing with the letter ł is almost always pronounced as [w], though foreigners usually try to pronounce it as [l].

'der.i-, 'dær-; ˌder.i'en, ˌdær-
in 'dær.ɪn (US) 'der-, 'dær-
ing 'deə.rɪŋ (US) 'der.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
io 'dær.i.əʊ (US) dɑː'riː.oʊ
iole 'dær.i.əʊl (US) 'der.i.oʊl, 'dær-
-z
ius də'raɪ.əs, 'deə.ri-, 'dær.i-,
ɑː.ri- (US) də'raɪ-; 'der.i-, 'dær-
jeeling dɑː'dʒiː.lɪŋ (US) dɑːr-
k dɑːk (US) dɑːrk **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est**
t, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs '**Dark**
ges; ˌ**dark** '**glasses**; ˌ**dark** '**horse**
ken 'dɑː.kᵊn (US) 'dɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing**
ŋ, 'dɑːk.nɪŋ (US) 'dɑːr.kᵊn.ɪŋ,
ɑːrk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
k|ie 'dɑː.kl.i (US) 'dɑːr- **-ies** -iz
kish 'dɑː.kɪʃ (US) 'dɑːr-
kling 'dɑː.klɪŋ (US) 'dɑːr-
kroom 'dɑːk.rʊm, -ruːm
'dɑːrk.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
ksome 'dɑːk.səm (US) 'dɑːrk-
k|y 'dɑː.k|i (US) 'dɑːr- **-ies** -iz
laston 'dɑː.lə.stən (US) 'dɑːr-
leen, Darlene 'dɑː.liːn
dɑːr'liːn
ley 'dɑː.li (US) 'dɑːr-
ling (D) 'dɑː.lɪŋ (US) 'dɑːr- **-s** -z
lington 'dɑː.lɪŋ.tən (US) 'dɑːr-
low 'dɑː.ləʊ (US) 'dɑːr.loʊ
mstadt 'dɑːm.stæt *as if German:*
æt (US) 'dɑːrm-
n dɑːn (US) dɑːrn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
r/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z '**darning** ˌ**needle**
nation dɑː'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) dɑːr-
nel 'dɑː.nᵊl (US) 'dɑːr-
nell dɑː'nel (US) dɑːr-, '--
ney 'dɑː.ni (US) 'dɑːr-
nley 'dɑːn.li (US) 'dɑːrn-
racq 'dær.ək, dær'æk (US) 'der-,
ær-
ragh 'dær.ə, -əx (US) 'der.ə, 'dær-
rell 'dær.ᵊl (US) 'der-, 'dær-
ren, Darron 'dær.ᵊn (US) 'der-,
ær-
row 'dær.əʊ (US) 'der.oʊ, 'dær-
ryl 'dær.ᵊl, -ɪl (US) 'der-, 'dær-
t (D) dɑːt
dɑːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ

(US) 'dɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'dɑːr.t̬ɪd
D'Artagnan dɑː'tæn.jən, -jɑ̃ːŋ
(US) dɑːr'tæn.jən; ˌdɑːr.tᵊn'jɑːn
dartboard 'dɑːt.bɔːd (US) 'dɑːrt.bɔːrd
-s -z
darter 'dɑː.təʳ (US) 'dɑːr.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Dartford 'dɑːt.fəd (US) 'dɑːrt.fɚd
Darth Vader ˌdɑːθ'veɪ.dəʳ
(US) ˌdɑːrθ'veɪ.dɚ
Dartie 'dɑː.ti (US) 'dɑːr.t̬i
Dartington 'dɑː.tɪŋ.tən (US) 'dɑːr.t̬ɪŋ-
Dartle 'dɑː.tᵊl (US) 'dɑːr.t̬ᵊl
Dartmoor 'dɑːt.mɔːʳ, -mʊəʳ
(US) 'dɑːrt.mʊr, -mɔːr
Dartmouth 'dɑːt.məθ (US) 'dɑːrt-
Darton 'dɑː.tᵊn (US) 'dɑːr-
darts dɑːts (US) dɑːrts
Darwen 'dɑː.wɪn (US) 'dɑːr-
Darwin 'dɑː.wɪn (US) 'dɑːr- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Darwinian dɑː'wɪn.i.ən (US) dɑːr-
Daryl(l) 'dær.ᵊl, -ɪl (US) 'der-, 'dær-
Daschle 'dæʃ.ᵊl
Dasent 'deɪ.sᵊnt
dash (D) dæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dashboard 'dæʃ.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
dashing 'dæʃ.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
Dashwood 'dæʃ.wʊd
dastard 'dæs.təd, 'dɑː.stəd
(US) 'dæs.tɚd **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-liness**
-lɪ.nəs, -nɪs
DAT dæt; ˌdiː.eɪ'tiː
data 'deɪ.tə, 'dɑː- (US) 'deɪ.t̬ə, 'dæt̬.ə,
'dɑː.t̬ə
databank 'deɪ.tə.bæŋk, 'dɑː-
(US) 'deɪ.t̬ə-, 'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə- **-s** -s
databas|e 'deɪ.tə.beɪs, 'dɑː-
(US) 'deɪ.t̬ə-, 'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz
databus 'deɪ.tə.bʌs, 'dɑː- (US) 'deɪ.t̬ə-,
'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz
datafile 'deɪ.tə.faɪl, 'dɑː- (US) 'deɪ.t̬ə-,
'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə- **-s** -z
dataflow 'deɪ.tə.fləʊ, 'dɑː-
(US) 'deɪ.t̬ə.floʊ, 'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə-
dataglove 'deɪ.tə.glʌv, 'dɑː-
(US) 'deɪ.t̬ə-, 'dæt̬.ə-, 'dɑː.t̬ə- **-s** -z
Datapost® 'deɪ.tə.pəʊst, 'dɑː-
(US) -t̬ə.poʊst

Datchery 'dætʃ.ᵊr.i
Datchet 'dætʃ.ɪt
dat|e deɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'deɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd (US) 'deɪ.t̬ɪd '**dating** ˌ**agency**
dated 'deɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Datel® 'deɪ.tel
Dateline® 'deɪt.laɪn **-s** -z
date-stamp 'deɪt.stæmp **-s** -s **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t
datival də'taɪ.vᵊl, deɪ-
dative 'deɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
Datsun® 'dæt.sᵊn (US) 'dɑːt-, 'dæt-
dat|um 'deɪ.t|əm, 'dɑː- (US) 'deɪ.t̬|əm,
'dæt̬|.əm, 'dɑː.t̬|əm **-a** -ə
daub dɔːb (US) dɑːb, dɔːb **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
daube dəʊb (US) doʊb **-s** -z
Daubeney 'dɔː.bᵊn.i (US) 'dɑː-, 'dɔː-
Daudet 'dəʊ.deɪ (US) doʊ'deɪ
Daugavpils 'daʊ.gæf.pɪls
(US) 'doʊ.gʌv-, 'daʊ-, -gʌf-, -gɑːf-,
-pɪlz, -piːlz
daughter 'dɔː.təʳ (US) 'dɑː.t̬ɚ, 'dɔː-
-s -z
daughter-in-law 'dɔː.təʳ.ɪn.lɔː
(US) 'dɑː.t̬ɚ.ɪn.lɑː, 'dɔː-, -lɔː **daugh-ters-in-law** 'dɔː.təz.ɪn.lɔː
(US) 'dɑː.t̬ɚz.ɪn.lɑː, 'dɔː-, -lɔː
daughterl|y 'dɔː.tə.l|i (US) 'dɑː.t̬ɚ-,
'dɔː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Daun dɔːn (US) dɑːn, dɔːn
daunt (D) dɔːnt (US) dɑːnt, dɔːnt **-s** -s
-ing -ɪŋ (US) 'dɑːn.t̬ɪŋ, 'dɔːn- **-ed** -ɪd
(US) 'dɑːn.t̬ɪd, 'dɔːn-
dauntless 'dɔːnt.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'dɑːnt-,
'dɔːnt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dauphin (D) 'dɔː.fɪn, 'dəʊ-, -fæ̃ŋ
(US) 'dɑː.fɪn, 'dɔː-; doʊ'fæn **-s** -z
Dauphiné 'dɔː.fɪ.neɪ, 'dəʊ-, --'-
(US) ˌdoʊ.fiː'neɪ
dauphine (D) 'dɔː.fiːn, 'dəʊ-, -fɪn
(US) dɑː'fiːn, dɔː-, doʊ- **-s** -z
Davao dæv'ɑː.əʊ, də'vɑː- (US) dɑː'vaʊ
Dave deɪv
Davenant, D'Avenant
'dæv.ᵊn.ənt, -ɪ.nənt
davenport (D) 'dæv.ᵊn.pɔːt, -ᵊm-
(US) -ᵊn.pɔːrt **-s** -s
Daventry 'dæv.ᵊn.tri *old-fashioned*

local pronunciation: ˈdeɪn.tri

Davey ˈdeɪ.vi

David ˈdeɪ.vɪd -s -z

Davidge ˈdæv.ɪdʒ

Davidson ˈdeɪ.vɪd.sᵊn

Davie ˈdeɪ.vi

Davies ˈdeɪ.vɪs US -viːz

Davina dəˈviː.nə

da Vinci dəˈvɪn.*t*ʃi

Davis ˈdeɪ.vɪs

Davison ˈdeɪ.vɪ.sᵊn

davit ˈdæv.ɪt, ˈdeɪ.vɪt -s -s

Davos dævˈəʊs, dɑːˈvəʊs, -ˈvɒs; ˈdɑː.vɒs, -vəʊs US dɑːˈvoʊs

dav|y (D) ˈdeɪ.v|i -ies -iz **ˈdavy ˌlamp; ˌDavy ˌJones's ˈlocker**

daw (D) dɔː US dɑː, dɔː -s -z

dawdl|e ˈdɔː.dᵊl US ˈdɑː-, ˈdɔː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈdɔːd.lɪŋ US ˈdɑːd-, ˈdɔːd- -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈdɔːd.ləʳ/z US ˈdɑː.dᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈdɔː-, ˈdɑːd.lɚ/z, ˈdɔːd-

Dawe dɔː US dɑː, dɔː -s -z

Dawkes dɔːks US dɑːks, dɔːks

Dawkins ˈdɔː.kɪnz US ˈdɑː-, ˈdɔː-

Dawley ˈdɔː.li US ˈdɑː-, ˈdɔː-

Dawlish ˈdɔː.lɪʃ US ˈdɑː-, ˈdɔː-

dawn (D) dɔːn US dɑːn, dɔːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Dawson ˈdɔː.sᵊn US ˈdɑː-, ˈdɔː-

day (D) deɪ -s -z **ˈday ˌboy; ˈday ˌcamp; ˈday ˌgirl; ˈday ˌjob; ˈday ˌlily; ˈday ˌnursery; ˌday ˈout; ˈday ˌroom; ˈday ˌschool; at the ˌend of the ˈday; ˌcall it a ˈday**

daybreak ˈdeɪ.breɪk -s -s

daycare ˈdeɪ.keəʳ US -ker

day|dream ˈdeɪ|.driːm **-dreams** -driːmz **-dreaming** -ˌdriː.mɪŋ **-dreamed** -drempt, -driːmd **-dreamt** -drempt **-dreamer/s** -ˌdriː.məʳ/z US -ˌdriː.mɚ/z

Day-Glo®, dayglo ˈdeɪ.gləʊ US -gloʊ

Daylesford ˈdeɪlz.fəd, ˈdeɪls- US -fɚd

Day-Lewis ˌdeɪˈluː.ɪs

daylight ˈdeɪ.laɪt -s -s **ˌdaylight ˈrobbery; ˌdaylight ˈsaving; ˈdaylight ˌtime; ˌbeat the living ˈdaylights out of sb**

dayspring ˈdeɪ.sprɪŋ

daystar ˈdeɪ.stɑːʳ US -stɑːr -s -z

daytime ˈdeɪ.taɪm

day-to-day ˌdeɪ.təˈdeɪ US -t̬ə-

Dayton ˈdeɪ.tᵊn

Daytona deɪˈtəʊ.nə US -ˈtoʊ- **Dayˌtona ˈBeach**

day-tripper ˈdeɪˌtrɪp.əʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- US -ɚ -s -z

daywork ˈdeɪ.wɜːk US -wɝːk

Daz® dæz

daz|e deɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -edly -əd.li, -ɪd.li

dazzl|e ˈdæz.ᵊl -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li, ˈdæz.lɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z US ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z

DBMS ˌdiː.biː.emˈes

DC ˌdiːˈsiː

D-Day ˈdiː.deɪ

DDT ˌdiː.diːˈtiː

de- diː, dɪ, də

Note: Prefix. In verbs containing **de-** where the stem is free, usually a noun, it is normally pronounced /ˌdiː-/, e.g. **debag** /ˌdiːˈbæg/, **declutch** /ˌdiːˈklʌtʃ/. Attached to bound stems the pronunciation is normally /dɪ-/ or /də-/, e.g. **debilitate** /dɪˈbɪl.ɪ.teɪt/, **demand** /dɪˈmɑːnd US -mænd/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.

de *in French names:* də, dɪ, di

deacon (D) ˈdiː.kən -s -z

deaconess ˌdiː.kəˈnes; ˈ---, -nɪs US ˈdiː.kᵊn.əs -es -ɪz

deacon|hood ˈdiː.kən|.hʊd **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s

deaconr|y ˈdiː.kən.r|i -ies -iz

deacti|vate ˌdiˈæk.tɪ|.veɪt, -tə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd

deactivation diˌæk.tɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.æk-, -tə- US diˌæk-

dead ded -ness -nəs, -nɪs **ˌdead ˈend; ˌdead ˈheat; ˌdead ˈletter; ˌdead or ˈalive; ˌdead ˈreckoning; ˌdead ˈringer; ˌDead ˈSea; ˌdead ˈset; as ˌdead as a ˈdoor-nail**

dead-and-alive ˌded.ᵊnd.əˈlaɪv

deadbeat (*n.*) ˈded.biːt, ˈdeb- US ˈded- -s -s

dead beat (*adj.*) ˌdedˈbiːt, ˌdeb- US ˌded- *stress shift:* ˌdead beat ˈworker

deadbolt ˈded.bəʊlt, ˈdeb- US ˈded.boʊlt -s -s

deaden ˈded.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

dead-end ˌdedˈend *stress shift:* ˌdead-end ˈstreet

deadeye (D) ˈded.aɪ -s -z

deadhead ˈded.hed, -ˈ- -s -z

deadline ˈded.laɪn -s -z

deadlock ˈded.lɒk US -lɑːk -s -s -ed -t

deadl|y ˈded.l|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌdeadly ˈnightshade**

deadnettle ˈded.net.ᵊl, ˌ-ˈ-- US ˌdedˈnet̬-, ˈ-ˌ-- -s -z

deadpan ˈded.pæn, ˈdeb-, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈded.pæn

deadweight ˌdedˈweɪt, ˈ-- -s -s

deadwood ˈded.wʊd, ˌ-ˈ-

deaf def -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **ˌfall on ˌdeaf ˈears**

deaf-aid ˈdef.eɪd -s -z

deaf-and-dumb ˌdef.ᵊndˈdʌm

deafen ˈdef.ᵊn -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li, ˈ-nɪŋ/li -ed -d

deaf-mute ˌdefˈmjuːt, ˈ-- -s -s

Deakin ˈdiː.kɪn

deal (D) diːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **dealt** delt

dealer ˈdiː.ləʳ US -lɚ -s -z

dealership ˈdiː.lə.ʃɪp US -lɚ- -s -s

dealing ˈdiː.lɪŋ -s -z

dealt (*from* **deal**) delt

Dealtry *surname:* ˈdɔːl.tri, ˈdɪəl- US ˈdɑːl-, ˈdɔːl-, ˈdiːl- *road in London:* ˈdel.tri

deami|nate diˈæm.ɪ.neɪt, ˌdiː-, ˈ-ə- US ˈ-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd

deamination diˌæm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː-, -əˈ- US -əˈ-

dean diːn -s -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s

Dean(e) diːn

deaner|y ˈdiː.nᵊr|.i -ies -iz

Deanna diˈæn.ə; ˈdiː.nə US diˈæn.ə

Deans diːnz

dear (D) dɪəʳ US dɪr -s -z -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

dear|ie ˈdɪə.r|i US ˈdɪr|.i -ies -iz

Dearing ˈdɪə.rɪŋ US ˈdɪr.ɪŋ

Dearne dɜːn US dɝːn

dearth (D) dɜːθ US dɝːθ -s -s

dear|y ˈdɪə.r|i US ˈdɪr|.i -ies -iz

death deθ -s -s **ˈdeath ˌduty; ˈdeath ˌmask; ˈdeath ˌpenalty; ˈdeath ˌrate; ˈdeath ˌrattle; ˌdeath ˈrow; ˈdeath ˌtoll; ˈdeath ˌtrap; ˈdeath ˌwarrant; ˌDeath ˈValley; ˈdeath ˌwish; like ˌdeath warmed ˈup; like ˌgrim ˈdeath**

Death *surname:* deɪθ, deθ, diːθ; diːˈæθ, deɪ-, -ˈɑːθ

deathbed ˈdeθ.bed -s -z

deathblow ˈdeθ.bləʊ US -bloʊ -s -z

death-defying ˈdeθ.dɪˌfaɪ.ɪŋ US -dɪˌ-, -diˌ-

deathless ˈdeθ.ləs, -lɪs

deathlike ˈdeθ.laɪk

deathl|y ˈdeθ.l|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

death's-head ˈdeθs.hed -s -z

deathwatch ˈdeθ.wɒtʃ US -wɑːtʃ, -wɔːtʃ **ˌdeathwatch ˈbeetle**

Deauville ˈdəʊ.vɪl, -viːl US ˈdoʊ-

Deayton ˈdiː.tᵊn

deb deb -s -z

débâcle deɪˈbɑː.kᵊl, də-, debˈɑː-, dɪˈbɑː-; ˈdeɪ.bɑː- US dɪˈbɑː-, də-, deɪ-, -ˈbæk.ᵊl -s -z

debag ˌdiːˈbæg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d

debar ˌdiːˈbɑːʳ, dɪ- US -ˈbɑːr -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d

debark ˌdiːˈbɑːk, dɪ- US -ˈbɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

debarkation ˌdiː.bɑːˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn US -bɑːrˈ- -s -z

debas|e dɪˈbeɪs -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -ement -mənt

debatab|le dɪˈbeɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, də- US dɪˈbeɪ.t̬ə- -ly -li

de|bate dɪ|ˈbeɪt, də- US dɪ- **-bates** -ˈbeɪts **-bating** -ˈbeɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-bated** -ˈbeɪ.tɪd US -ˈbeɪ.t̬ɪd **-bater/s** -ˈbeɪ.təʳ/z US -ˈbeɪ.t̬ɚ/z

debauch dɪˈbɔːtʃ US -ˈbɑːtʃ, -ˈbɔːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

debauchee ˌdeb.ɔːˈtʃiː, -ˈʃiː, ˌdɪb-, dɪˌbɔː-, də- US ˌdeb.ɑːˈʃiː, -ɔːˈ-; dɪˌbɑːˈtʃiː, -ˌbɔːˈ- -s -z

debaucher|y dɪˈbɔː.tʃᵊr|.i, də- US dɪˈbɑː-, -ˈbɔː- -ies -iz

Debbie ˈdeb.i

eauvoir də'bəʊ.vwɑːʳ
-ˌboʊ'vwɑːr
en 'diː.bᵊn
ene esse ˌdeɪˌben.i'es.i,
biː.niː'es.iː
enham 'deb.ᵊn.əm (US) -hæm -'s -z
enture dɪ'ben.tʃəʳ, də-
dɪ'bent.ʃɚ -s -z
li|tate dɪ'bɪl.ɪ|.teɪt, də-, '-ə-
dɪ- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ
-teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
litation dɪˌbɪl.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, də-, -ə'-
dɪ-
lity dɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, də-, -ɪ.ti
dɪ'bɪl.ə.t̬i
it 'deb|.ɪt -its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ
-ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ited -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
nam 'deb.nəm
onair ˌdeb.ə'neəʳ (US) -'ner -ly -li
ss -nəs, -nɪs
ono də'bəʊ.nəʊ (US) -'boʊ.noʊ
orah 'deb.ᵊr.ə, '-rə
ouch dɪ'baʊtʃ, ˌdiː-, -buːʃ -es -ɪz
g -ɪŋ -ed -t -ment -mənt
ra 'deb.rə
recen 'deb.rət.sᵊn
ˌdeb.rət'sen, '---
rett də'bret, dɪ- -'s -s
ridement, débridement
briːd.mənt, ˌdiː-, deɪ- *as if*
nch: -ˌbriːd'mɑ̃ːŋ
dɪ'briːd.mənt, deɪ-, -'briːd.mɑ̃ːŋ
rief ˌdiː'briːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ris 'deɪ.briː, 'deb.riː (US) də'briː;
ɪ.briː
det -s -s
or 'det.əʳ (US) 'det̬.ɚ -s -z
ug ˌdiː'bʌg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
unk ˌdiː'bʌŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
urgh də'bɜːg (US) -'bɝːg
ussy də'buː.siː, -'bjuː-
deɪ.bjuː.si; ˌdeɪ.bjuː'siː;
bjuː.si
US street names are always /də-/.
ut 'deɪ.bjuː, -buː; 'deb.juː (US)
'bjuː, '-- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
utant 'deb.jʊ.tɑ̃ːŋ, 'deɪ.bjʊ-
deb.juː.tɑːnt, ˌ--'- -s -z
utante 'deb.juː.tɑ̃ːŋt, 'deɪ.bjuː-
deb.juː.tɑːnt, ˌ--'-- -s -s
(*abbrev. for* **December**)
sem.bəʳ, də- (US) dɪ'sem.bɚ
- dek.ə
Prefix. Normally carries
mary or secondary stress on the
t syllable, e.g. **decagon**
ek.ə.gən (US) -gɑːn/, **decahedron**
ek.ə'hiː.drən/.
chord 'dek.ə.kɔːd (US) -kɔːrd -s -z
de *ten years:* 'dek.eɪd; dek'eɪd,
keɪd -s -z *division of the rosary:*
k.əd
den|ce 'dek.ə.dᵊnt|s (US) 'dek.ə-;
keɪ- -cy -si
dent 'dek.ə.dᵊnt (US) 'dek.ə-;
keɪ- -ly -li
f, decaff 'diː.kæf
ffei|nate dɪ'kæf.ɪ|.neɪt, ˌdiː-,
-nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ

(US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd

decagon 'dek.ə.gən (US) -gɑːn -s -z

decagram, decagramme 'dek.ə.græm -s -z

decahedr|on ˌdek.ə'hiː.dr|ən, -'hed.r|ən (US) -'hiː.dr|ən -ons -ənz -a -ə -al -ᵊl

decal 'diː.kæl; dɪ'kæl -s -z

decalcification ˌdiː.kæl.sɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə-

decalci|fy ˌdiː'kæl.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd

decalitre, decaliter 'dek.əˌliː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

Decalogue 'dek.ə.lɒg (US) -lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z

Decameron dɪ'kæm.ᵊr.ᵊn, dek'æm-, də'kæm-

decametre, decameter 'dek.əˌmiː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

decamp ˌdiː'kæmp, dɪ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

decanal dɪ'keɪ.nᵊl, dek'eɪ-, də'keɪ-; 'dek.ᵊn.ᵊl

decani dɪ'keɪ.naɪ, dek'eɪ-

de|cant dɪ|'kænt, ˌdiː- -cants -'kænts -canting -'kæn.tɪŋ (US) -'kæn.t̬ɪŋ -canted -'kæn.tɪd (US) -'kæn.t̬ɪd

decantation ˌdiː.kæn'teɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z

decanter dɪ'kæn.təʳ, də- (US) dɪ'kæn.t̬ɚ -s -z

decapi|tate dɪ'kæp.ɪ|.teɪt, ˌdiː-, '-ə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd

decapitation dɪˌkæp.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː-, -ə'- -s -z

decapod 'dek.ə.pɒd (US) -pɑːd -s -z

Decapolis dek'æp.ə.lɪs, dɪ'kæp-

decarbo|nate ˌdiː'kɑː.bə|.neɪt (US) -'kɑːr- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd

decarbonization, -isa- diːˌkɑː.bᵊn.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdɪ.kɑː-, -ɪ'- (US) ˌdiː.kɑːr.bə.nɪ'-

decarboniz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'kɑː.bə.naɪz (US) -'kɑːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

decarburiz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'kɑː.bjʊ.raɪz, -bjᵊr.aɪz (US) -'kɑːr.bə.raɪz, -bjə-, -bjʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

decasyllabic ˌdek.ə.sɪ'læb.ɪk, -sə'-

decasyllable 'dek.əˌsɪl.ə.bᵊl, ˌdek.ə'sɪl.ə- -s -z

decathlete dɪ'kæθ.liːt, dek'æθ-, də'kæθ- -s -s

decathlon dɪ'kæθ.lɒn, dek'æθ-, də'kæθ-, -lən (US) dɪ'kæθ.lɑːn, -lən, də- -s -z

Decatur dɪ'keɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ

decay dɪ'keɪ, də- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Decca 'dek.ə

Deccan 'dek.ən, -æn

deceas|e dɪ'siːs, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

decedent dɪ'siː.dᵊnt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s

deceit dɪ'siːt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s

deceitful dɪ'siːt.fᵊl, də-, -fʊl (US) dɪ- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

deceivable dɪ'siː.və.bᵊl, də- (US) dɪ-

deceiv|e dɪ'siːv, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

deceler|ate dɪ'sel.ᵊr|.eɪt, ˌdiː- (US) -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

deceleration ˌdɪˌsel.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.sel- -s -z

December dɪ'sem.bəʳ, də- (US) dɪ'sem.bɚ -s -z

decemvir dɪ'sem.vəʳ, də-, -vɜːʳ (US) diː'sem.vɪr -s -z

decemvirate dɪ'sem.vɪ.rət, də-, -vᵊr.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) diː'sem.vɚ.ɪt, -və.reɪt -s -s

decenc|y 'diː.sᵊnt.s|i -ies -iz

decennial dɪ'sen.i.əl, des'en-, də'sen-, diː- (US) dɪ'sen-, diː-

decent 'diː.sᵊnt -ly -li

decentralization, -isa- diːˌsen.trᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdɪ.sen-, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-

decentraliz|e, -is|e diː'sen.trə.laɪz, ˌdɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

deception dɪ'sep.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z

deceptive dɪ'sep.tɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

de Chastelain də'tʃæs.tə.leɪn (US) -t̬ə.lən

deci- des.i

Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **decimal** /'des.ɪ.mᵊl/, **decimalization** /ˌdes.ɪ.mᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ɪ'-/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.

decibel 'des.ɪ.bel, -bəl, -bᵊl -s -z

decid|e dɪ'saɪd, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed/ly -ɪd/li -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

deciduous dɪ'sɪd.ju.əs, də- (US) dɪ'sɪdʒ.u- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

decigram, decigramme 'des.ɪ.græm -s -z

decilitre, deciliter 'des.ɪˌliː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

decillion dɪ'sɪl.i.ən, '-jən (US) '-jən -s -z

decimal 'des.ɪ.mᵊl, '-ə- -s -z -ly -i
ˌ**decimal** '**point** (US) '**decimal** ˌ**point**

decimalization, -isa- ˌdes.ɪ.mᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-

decimaliz|e, -is|e 'des.ɪ.mᵊl.aɪz, -ə- (US) -mə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

deci|mate 'des.ɪ|.meɪt, '-ə- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd -mator/s -meɪ.təʳ/z (US) -meɪ.t̬ɚ/z

decimation ˌdes.ɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-

decimetre, decimeter 'des.ɪˌmiː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

deciph|er dɪ'saɪ.f|əʳ, ˌdiː- (US) -f|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

decipherable dɪ'saɪ.fᵊr.ə.bᵊl, ˌdiː-

decision dɪ'sɪʒ.ᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z

decision-mak|er dɪ'sɪʒ.ᵊnˌmeɪ.k|əʳ, də-, -ᵊm- (US) dɪ'sɪʒ.ᵊnˌmeɪ.k|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

decisive dɪ'saɪ.sɪv, də-, -zɪv (US) dɪ'saɪ.sɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Decius 'diː.ʃi.əs, '-ʃəs, '-si.əs;

'dek.ɪ.əs, 'des- ⓤⓢ 'diː.ʃi.əs, '-ʃəs, '-si.əs; 'des.i.əs

deck dek -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**clear the 'decks**; ˌ**hit the 'deck**

deckchair 'dek.tʃeəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃer -s -z

Decker 'dek.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ

deckhand 'dek.hænd -s -z

deckhou|se 'dek.hau|s **-ses** -zɪz

deckle 'dek.əl -s -z ˌ**deckle 'edged**

declaim dɪ'kleɪm, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ant/s** -ənt/s

declamation ˌdek.lə'meɪ.ʃən -s -z

declamatory dɪ'klæm.ə.tər.i, də-, -tri ⓤⓢ dɪ'klæm.ə.tɔːr.i

Declan 'dek.lən

declarable dɪ'kleə.rə.bəl, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'kler.ə-, -'klær-

declaration ˌdek.lə'reɪ.ʃən -s -z

declarative dɪ'klær.ə.tɪv, də-, -kleə.rə- ⓤⓢ dɪ'kler.ə.t̬ɪv, -'klær- **-ly** -li

declaratory dɪ'klær.ə.tər.i, də-, -'kleə.rə-, -tri ⓤⓢ dɪ'kler.ə.tɔːr.i, -'klær-

declar|e dɪ'kleəʳ, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'kler **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

declaredly dɪ'kleə.rɪd.li, də-, -rəd- ⓤⓢ dɪ'kler-

declass ˌdiː'klɑːs ⓤⓢ -'klæs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

declassification ˌdiːˌklæs.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-

declassi|fy ˌdiː'klæs.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

declension dɪ'klen.*t*ʃən, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'klen*t*.ʃən -s -z

declination ˌdek.lɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -lə'- -s -z

declin|e dɪ'klaɪn, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl

declivit|y dɪ'klɪv.ə.t|i, də-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ dɪ'klɪv.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

declutch ˌdiː'klʌtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

decoct dɪ'kɒkt, ˌdiː- ⓤⓢ -'kɑːkt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

decod|e ˌdiː'kəud ⓤⓢ -'koud **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

decoder ˌdiː'kəu.dəʳ, dɪ- ⓤⓢ -'kou.dɚ -s -z

decok|e ˌdiː'kəuk ⓤⓢ -'kouk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

décolletage ˌdeɪ.kɒl'tɑːʒ; -kɒl.ɪ'-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -kɑː.lə'-, -kɑːl'-

décolleté(e) ˌdeɪ.kɒl'teɪ; -kɒl.ɪ'-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -kɑː.lə'-, -kɑːl'-

decolonization ˌdiːˌkɒl.ə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -nɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ˌkɑː.lə.nɪ'-

decoloniz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'kɒl.ə.naɪz ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

decolo(u)rization, -isa- ˌdiː.kʌl.ə.raɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, dɪˌkʌl-, -ər.ɪ'- ⓤⓢ dɪˌkʌl.ɚ.ɪ'-

decolo(u)riz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'kʌl.ər.aɪz ⓤⓢ -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

decommission ˌdiː.kə'mɪʃ.ən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

decompos|e ˌdiː.kəm'pəuz ⓤⓢ -'pouz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl

decomposition ˌdiː.kɒm.pə'zɪʃ.ən, dɪˌkɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌdiː.kɑːm- -s -z

decompound ˌdiː.kəm'paund -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

decompress ˌdiː.kəm'pres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

decompression ˌdiː.kəm'preʃ.ən

decongestant ˌdiː.kən'dʒest.ənt -s -s

deconsecrat|e ˌdiː'kɒn*t*.sɪ.kreɪt, -sə- ⓤⓢ -'kɑːn*t*- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

deconsecration ˌdiː.kɒn*t*.sɪ'kreɪ.ʃən, dɪˌkɒn*t*-, -sə'- ⓤⓢ ˌdiː.kɑːn*t*- -s -z

deconstruct ˌdiː.kən'strʌkt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv

deconstruction ˌdiː.kən'strʌk.ʃən **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

decontami|nate ˌdiː.kən'tæm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd

decontamination ˌdiː.kənˌtæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ə'-

decontrol ˌdiː.kən'trəul ⓤⓢ -'troul -s -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d

decor, décor 'deɪ.kɔːʳ, 'dek.ɔːʳ, 'dɪk- ⓤⓢ deɪ'kɔːr, '-- -s -z

decor|ate 'dek.ər|.eɪt ⓤⓢ -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd

decoration ˌdek.ə'reɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ -ə'reɪ- -s -z

decorative 'dek.ər.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

decorator 'dek.ər.eɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.reɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z

decorous 'dek.ə.rəs; dɪ'kɔː- ⓤⓢ 'dek.ɚ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

decorum dɪ'kɔː.rəm, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'kɔːr-

De Courcy də'kuə.si, -'kɔː-, -'kɜː- ⓤⓢ -'kur-, -'kɔːr-, -'kɝː-

decoy (*n.*) 'diː.kɔɪ; dɪ'kɔɪ, də- ⓤⓢ 'diː.kɔɪ; dɪ'kɔɪ -s -z

decoy (*v.*) dɪ'kɔɪ, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

decreas|e (*n.*) 'diː.kriːs; dɪ'-, diː-, də- ⓤⓢ 'diː.kriːs **-es** -ɪz

decreas|e (*v.*) dɪ'kriːs, diː-, də-; 'diː.kriːs ⓤⓢ dɪ'kriːs; 'diː.kriːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t

decree dɪ'kriː, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d

decree nisi dɪˌkriː'naɪ.saɪ, -si

decrement 'dek.rɪ.mənt, -rə- -s -s

decrepit dɪ'krep.ɪt, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- **-est** -ɪst, -əst

decrepitation dɪˌkrep.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, də-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -z

decrepitude dɪ'krep.ɪ.tjuːd, də-, '-ə-, -tʃuːd ⓤⓢ dɪ'krep.ɪ.tuːd, '-ə-, -tjuːd

decrescendo ˌdiː.krɪ'ʃen.dəu, ˌdeɪ-, -krə'- ⓤⓢ -dou -s -z

De Crespigny də'krep.ɪ.ni, -'kres.pɪ-

decrial dɪ'kraɪ.əl -s -z

decriminalization, -isa- diːˌkrɪm.ɪ.nəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌdɪ.krɪ.mɪ-, -mən.əl-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌdiː.krɪ.mɪ.nəl.ɪ'-

decriminaliz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'krɪm.ɪ.nəl.aɪz, dɪ-, -ən.əl- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.nəl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

decr|y dɪ'kr|aɪ, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -aɪ.ɚ/z

decrypt ˌdiː'krɪpt, dɪ- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

decumben|ce dɪ'kʌm.bən*t*|s, ˌdiː- **-cy** -si

decumbent dɪ'kʌm.bənt, ˌdiː- **-ly**

decuple 'dek.ju.pəl ⓤⓢ -ju-, -jə- **-es** **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dek.ju.plɪŋ, -juː- **-ed** -d

Dedalus 'diː.dəl.əs ⓤⓢ 'ded.əl.əs, 'diː.dəl-

Deddington 'ded.ɪŋ.tən

Dedham 'ded.əm

dedi|cate 'ded.ɪ|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated/ly** -keɪ.tɪd/li ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd/li **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z

dedicatee ˌded.ɪ.kə'tiː -s -z

dedication ˌded.ɪ'keɪ.ʃən -s -z

dedicatory 'ded.ɪ.kə.tər.i, -keɪ-, -tri; ˌded.ɪ'keɪ- ⓤⓢ 'ded.ɪ.kə.tɔːr-

de Dion də'diː.ən, -ɒn *as if French:* -ɔ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ də'diː.ɑːn *as if French:* -ɔ̃ːŋ -s -z

Dedlock 'ded.lɒk ⓤⓢ -lɑːk

Dedman 'ded.mən, 'deb-, -mæn ⓤⓢ 'ded-

deduc|e dɪ'djuːs, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'duːs, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

deducibility dɪˌdjuː.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, də-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ dɪˌduː.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌdjuː-

deducible dɪ'djuː.sə.bəl, də-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ dɪ'duː-, -'djuː-

deduct dɪ'dʌkt, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ible** -ə.bəl

deduction dɪ'dʌk.ʃən, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- -s -

deductive dɪ'dʌk.tɪv, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- **-ly**

Dee diː

deed diːd -s -z **'deed ˌpoll**

Deedes diːdz

deejay 'diː.dʒeɪ -s -z

Deek(e)s diːks

Deeley 'diː.li

deem diːm -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Deems diːmz

deemster 'diːm.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ -s -z

deep diːp -s -s **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**deep 'freeze** ⓤⓢ **'deep ˌfreeze**; ˌ**Deep 'South**; **go the 'deep ˌend**; ˌ**throw (someone) in at the 'deep ˌend**

Deepcut 'diːp.kʌt

deepen 'diː.pən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

deep-fr|y ˌdiːp'fr|aɪ, '-- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd *stress shift:* ˌdeep-fried 'chicken

deep-laid ˌdiːp'leɪd *stress shift:* ˌdeep-laid 'plans

deep-rooted ˌdiːp'ruː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌdeep-rooted 'fears

deep-sea ˌdiːp'siː *stress shift:* ˌdeep-sea 'diving

deep-seated ˌdiːp'siː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌdeep-seated 'sorrow

-set ˌdiːp'set *stress shift:*
pset 'eyes
-six ˌdiːp'sɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-t
dɪəʳ (US) dɪr 'deer ˌforest; 'deer
k; 'Deer ˌPark
field 'dɪə.fiːld (US) 'dɪr-
hound 'dɪə.haʊnd (US) 'dɪr- **-s** -z
skin 'dɪə.skɪn (US) 'dɪr-
slayer 'dɪəˌsleɪ.əʳ (US) 'dɪrˌsleɪ.ɚ
stalk|ing 'dɪəˌstɔː.k|ɪŋ (US) 'dɪr-,
ɪː-, -ˌstɔː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
y 'dɪə.ri (US) 'dɪr.i
scal|ate ˌdiː'es.kᵊl.eɪt
kə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ
eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
scalation ˌdiː.es.kə'leɪ.ʃᵊn,
es- (US) diːˌes-
ide 'diː.saɪd
c|e dɪ'feɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
's -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ement/s** -mənt/s
cto ˌdeɪ'fæk.təʊ, ˌdiː- (US) -toʊ
e|cate 'def.ə|.keɪt, 'diː.fə-, -fɪ-
def.ə-, '-ɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating**
.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd
keɪ.t̬ɪd
ecation ˌdef.ə'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.fə'-,
(US) ˌdef.ə'-, -ɪ'-
l|cate 'diː.fæl|.keɪt, diː'fæl-;
fɔːl- (US) diː'fæl-, -'fɔːl- **-cates**
ts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ
ed -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
lcation ˌdiː.fæl'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -fɔːl'-
z
mation ˌdef.ə'meɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.fə'-
def.ə'- **-s** -z
matory dɪ'fæm.ə.tᵊr.i, də-, -tri
dɪ'fæm.ə.tɔːr.i
m|e dɪ'feɪm, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
rge də'fɑːʒ (US) -'fɑːrʒ
ult (*n.*) dɪ'fɔːlt, də-, -'fɒlt;
.fɔːlt, -fɒlt (US) dɪ'fɑːlt, -'fɔːlt
ul|t (*v.*) dɪ'fɔː|lt, də-, -'fɒ|lt
dɪ'fɑː|lt, -'fɔː|lt **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ
t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z
t̬ɚ/z
asance dɪ'fiː.zᵊnts, də- (US) dɪ-
asib|le dɪ'fiː.zə.b|ᵊl, də-, -zɪ-
dɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
eat dɪ'fiːt, də- (US) dɪ- **-feats**
ts **-feating** -'fiː.tɪŋ (US) -'fiː.t̬ɪŋ
ated -'fiː.tɪd (US) -'fiː.t̬ɪd
at|ism dɪ'fiː.t|ɪ.zᵊm, də-
dɪ'fiː.t̬|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
|cate 'def.ə|.keɪt, 'diː.fə-, -fɪ-
def.ə-, '-ɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating**
ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd
-keɪ.t̬ɪd
cation ˌdef.ə'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.fə'-,
- (US) ˌdef.ə'-, -ɪ'- **-s** -z
ct (*n.*) 'diː.fekt; dɪ'fekt, də-
'diː.fekt; dɪ'fekt **-s** -s
ct (*v.*) dɪ'fekt, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -s
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ction dɪ'fek.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
ctive dɪ'fek.tɪv, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li
ss -nəs, -nɪs
ctor dɪ'fek.təʳ, də- (US) dɪ'fek.tɚ
z

defenc|e dɪ'fents, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -ɪz
defenceless dɪ'fent.sləs, də-, -slɪs (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defend dɪ'fend, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
defendant dɪ'fen.dənt, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -s
defender dɪ'fen.dəʳ, də- (US) dɪ'fen.dɚ **-s** -z
defens|e dɪ'fents, də- (US) dɪ- *esp. in sports:* 'diː.fents **-es** -ɪz
defenseless dɪ'fent.sləs, də-, -slɪs (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defense|man dɪ'fents|.mən, də- (US) dɪ-, -mæn **-men** -mən
defensibility dɪˌfent.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, də-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) dɪˌfent.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
defensib|le dɪ'fent.sə.b|ᵊl, də-, -sɪ- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li
defensive dɪ'fent.sɪv, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defer dɪ'fɜːʳ, də- (US) dɪ'fɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **-rer/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
deferen|ce 'def.ᵊr.ᵊn|ts **-t** -t
deferential ˌdef.ᵊ'ren.tʃᵊl (US) -'rent.ʃᵊl **-ly** -i
deferment dɪ'fɜː.mənt, də- (US) dɪ'fɝː- **-s** -s
deferral dɪ'fɜː.rᵊl, də- (US) dɪ'fɝː.ᵊl **-s** -z
defiance dɪ'faɪ.ənts, də- (US) dɪ-
defiant dɪ'faɪ.ənt, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defibrill|ate ˌdiː'fɪb.rɪ.l|eɪt, -'faɪ.brɪ-, -brᵊl|.eɪt (US) -rɪ.l|eɪt, -rə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
defibrillation diːˌfɪb.rɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -ˌfaɪ.brɪ'-, -brə'-; ˌdiː.fɪ.brɪ'-
defibrillator ˌdiː'fɪb.rɪ.leɪ.təʳ, -'faɪ.brɪ-, -brə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
deficienc|y dɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊnt.s|i, də- (US) dɪ- **-ies** -iz
deficient dɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊnt, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li
deficit 'def.ɪ.sɪt, '-ə-; də'fɪs-, dɪ- (US) 'def.ɪ.sɪt, '-ə- **-s** -s
defilad|e ˌdef.ɪ'leɪd, -ə'-, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
defile (*n.*) dɪ'faɪl, ˌdiː-; 'diː.faɪl **-s** -z
defil|e (*v.*) dɪ'faɪl, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ement** -mənt
definable dɪ'faɪ.nə.bᵊl, də- (US) dɪ-
defin|e dɪ'faɪn, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
definite 'def.ɪ.nət, -ᵊn.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
definition ˌdef.ɪ'nɪʃ.ᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
definitive dɪ'fɪn.ə.tɪv, də-, '-ɪ- (US) dɪ'fɪn.ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defla|grate 'diː.flə|.greɪt, 'def.lə- (US) 'def.lə- **-grates** -greɪts **-grating** -greɪ.tɪŋ (US) -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-grated** -greɪ.tɪd (US) -greɪ.t̬ɪd **-grator/s** -greɪ.təʳ/z (US) -greɪ.t̬ɚ/z
deflagration ˌdiː.flə'greɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdef.lə'- (US) ˌdef.lə'- **-s** -z
de|flate dɪ|'fleɪt, ˌdiː- **-flates** -'fleɪts **-flating** -'fleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'fleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-flated** -'fleɪ.tɪd (US) -'fleɪ.t̬ɪd

deflation dɪ'fleɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː- **-ary** -ᵊr.i (US) -er.i
deflect dɪ'flekt, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
deflection, deflexion dɪ'flek.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
defloration ˌdiː.flɔː'reɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdef.lɔː'- (US) ˌdef.lə'-, ˌdiː.flə'-, -flɔː'- **-s** -z
deflower dɪ'flaʊəʳ, ˌdiː- (US) -'flaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Defoe dɪ'fəʊ, də- (US) -'foʊ
defog ˌdiː'fɒg (US) -'fɑːg, -'fɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **-ger/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
defoliant ˌdiː'fəʊ.li.ənt, dɪ- (US) -'foʊ- **-s** -s
defoli|ate ˌdiː'fəʊ.li|.eɪt, dɪ- (US) -'foʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
defoliation ˌdiː.fəʊ.li'eɪ.ʃᵊn; diːˌfəʊ-, dɪ- (US) diːˌfoʊ-, dɪ-
deforest ˌdiː'fɒr.ɪst, dɪ-, -əst (US) -'fɔːr- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
deforestation diːˌfɒr.ɪ'steɪ.ʃᵊn, dɪ-; ˌdiː.fɔːr-, -ə'- (US) diːˌfɔːr-, dɪ-
deform dɪ'fɔːm, də-, ˌdiː- (US) dɪ'fɔːrm, ˌdiː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
deformation ˌdiː.fɔː'meɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdef.ə'- (US) ˌdiː.fɔːr'-, ˌdef.ɚ'- **-s** -z
deformit|y dɪ'fɔː.mə.t|i, də-, -mɪ- (US) dɪ'fɔːr.mə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
defraud dɪ'frɔːd, ˌdiː-, də- (US) dɪ'frɑːd, ˌdiː-, -'frɔːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
defray dɪ'freɪ, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ment** -mənt
defrayal dɪ'freɪ.əl, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
De Freitas də'freɪ.təs (US) -t̬əs
defrock ˌdiː'frɒk (US) -'frɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
defrost ˌdiː'frɒst, dɪ- (US) -'frɑːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
deft deft **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
defunct dɪ'fʌŋkt, də-; 'diː.fʌŋkt (US) dɪ'fʌŋkt, ˌdiː- **-s** -s
defus|e ˌdiː'fjuːz, dɪ-, də- (US) ˌdiː-, dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
def|y dɪ'f|aɪ, də- (US) dɪ- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z (US) -aɪ.ɚ/z
Deganwy dɪ'gæn.wi, də-
Degas də'gɑː, 'deɪ.gɑː
De Gaulle də'gəʊl, dɪ-, -'gɔːl (US) -'goʊl, -'gɔːl, -'gɑːl
degauss ˌdiː'gaʊs, -'gɔːs (US) -'gaʊs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
degeneracy dɪ'dʒen.ᵊr.ə.si, də- (US) dɪ-
degenerate (*adj.*) dɪ'dʒen.ᵊr.ət, də-, -ɪt (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
degener|ate (*v.*) dɪ'dʒen.ᵊr|.eɪt, də- (US) dɪ'dʒen.ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
degeneration dɪˌdʒen.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ-
degenerative dɪ'dʒen.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, də-, -ə.reɪ- (US) dɪ'dʒen.ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -ə.reɪ-

deglutin|ate ˌdiːˈgluː.tɪ.n|eɪt, dɪ- (US) -tᵊn|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
deglutition ˌdiː.gluːˈtɪʃ.ᵊn
degradation ˌdeg.rəˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
degrad|e dɪˈgreɪd, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -z **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
degrading dɪˈgreɪ.dɪŋ, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li
degree dɪˈgriː, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
dehisc|e dɪˈhɪs, ˌdiː- (US) ˌdiː-, dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
dehiscen|ce dɪˈhɪs.ᵊn|ts, ˌdiː- (US) ˌdiː-, dɪ- **-t** -t
Dehra Dun ˌdeə.rəˈduːn, ˌdeɪᵊ- (US) ˌder.əˈ-
dehumaniz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈhjuː.mə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
dehumidifier ˌdiː.hjuːˈmɪd.ɪ.faɪ.əʳ (US) -ə.faɪ.ɚ **-s** -z
dehy|drate ˌdiː.haɪ|ˈdreɪt, ˈ--- **-drates** -ˈdreɪts **-drating** -ˈdre.tɪŋ (US) -ˈdreɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-drated** -ˈdreɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈdreɪ.t̬ɪd
dehydration ˌdiː.haɪˈdreɪ.ʃᵊn
dehypnotiz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈhɪp.nə.taɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
de-ic|e ˌdiːˈaɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
deicide ˈdeɪ.ɪ.saɪd, ˈdiː-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈdiː.ə- **-s** -z
dei|ctic ˈdaɪ|k.tɪk, ˈdeɪ|k- **-xis** -k.sɪs
deification ˌdeɪ.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː-, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌdiː.ə- **-s** -z
dei|fy ˈdeɪ.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈdiː-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈdiː- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
Deighton *surname:* ˈdeɪ.tᵊn, ˈdaɪ- *place in North Yorkshire:* ˈdiː.tᵊn
deign deɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
deindustrialization, -isa- ˌdiː.ɪnˌdʌs.tri.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɪˈ-
Deirdre ˈdɪə.dri, -dreɪ (US) ˈdɪr.drə, -dri
de|ism ˈdeɪ|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈdiː- (US) ˈdiː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
deistic deɪˈɪs.tɪk, diː- (US) diː- **-al** -ᵊl
deit|y (D) ˈdeɪ.ɪ.t|i, ˈdiː-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈdiː.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
déjà vu ˌdeʒ.ɑːˈvuː, -ˈvjuː (US) ˌdeɪ.ʒɑːˈvuː, -vjuː
deject dɪˈdʒekt, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
dejection dɪˈdʒek.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ-
déjeuner ˈdeɪ.ʒə.neɪ, -ʒɜː- (US) -ʒə- **-s** -z
de jure ˌdeɪˈdʒʊə.reɪ, di-, ˌdiː-, -ri (US) diːˈdʒʊr.i, deɪ-
Dekker ˈdek.əʳ (US) -ɚ
dekko ˈdek.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
de Klerk dəˈklɜːk, dəˈkleək (US) -ˈklerk, -ˈklɝːk
de Kooning dəˈkəʊ.nɪŋ, -ˈkuː- (US) -ˈkuː-
Del. (*abbrev. for* **Delaware**) ˈdel.ə.weəʳ (US) -wer
de la Bère də.ləˈbɪəʳ (US) də.ləˈbɪr
Delacroix ˈdel.ə.krwɑː, ˌ--ˈ-
Delafield ˈdel.ə.fiːld
Delagoa ˌdel.əˈgəʊə (US) -ˈgoʊə
Delamain ˈdel.ə.meɪn
de la Mare də.lɑːˈmeəʳ, ˌdel.əˈ- (US) də.ləˈmer, ˌdel.əˈ-
Delamere ˈdel.ə.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
De Lancey dəˈlɑːnt.si (US) -ˈlænt-
Delane dəˈleɪn, dɪ-
Delaney dəˈleɪ.ni, dɪ-
Delany dəˈleɪ.ni, dɪ-
De la Pole ˌdel.əˈpəʊl, də.lɑːˈ- (US) də.ləˈpoʊl
de la Roche ˌdel.əˈrɒʃ, -ˈrəʊʃ; də.ləˈ- (US) də.lɑːˈroʊʃ, -lə-, -ˈrɑːʃ
De la Rue ˌdel.əˈruː; də.lɑːˈ-; ˈdel.ə.ruː
de la Torre ˌdel.əˈtɔːʳ, də.lɑːˈ- (US) -ˈtɔːr
Delaunay dəˈlɔː.neɪ (US) -lɔːˈneɪ
Delaware ˈdel.ə.weəʳ (US) -wer
De la Warr ˌdel.əˈweəʳ, də.lɑːˈ- (US) -ˈwer
delay dɪˈleɪ, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
delayering ˌdiːˈleɪə.rɪŋ, dɪ-, -ˈleə- (US) -ˈleɪ.ɚ-
Delbert ˈdel.bət (US) -bɚt
del credere ˌdelˈkred.ər.eɪ, -ˈkreɪ.dər-, -i (US) -ˈkreɪ.dɚ-
dele ˈdiː.liː, -li
delectab|le dɪˈlek.tə.b|ᵊl, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
delectation ˌdiː.lekˈteɪ.ʃᵊn
delegac|y ˈdel.ɪ.gə.s|i, ˈ-ə- **-ies** -iz
delegate (*n.*) ˈdel.ɪ.gət, ˈ-ə-, -geɪt, -gɪt (US) -gət, -gɪt, -geɪt **-s** -s
dele|gate (*v.*) ˈdel.ɪ|.geɪt, ˈ-ə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
delegation ˌdel.ɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- **-s** -z
delend|um dɪˈlen.d|əm, diː- **-a** -ə
de|lete dɪ|ˈliːt, də- (US) dɪ- **-letes** -ˈliːts **-leting** -ˈliː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈliː.t̬ɪŋ **-leted** -ˈliː.tɪd (US) -ˈliː.t̬ɪd
deleterious ˌdel.ɪˈtɪə.ri.əs, ˌdɪl-, ˌdiː.lɪˈ-, -ləˈtɪə- (US) ˌdel.əˈtɪr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
deletion dɪˈliː.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
delf delf
Delft delft **-ware** -weəʳ (US) -wer
Delham ˈdel.əm
Delhi ˈdel.i
deli ˈdel.i **-s** -z
Deli|a ˈdiː.li|.ə (US) ˈdiːl.jə, -li|.ə, -li- **-an/s** -ən/z
deliberate (*adj.*) dɪˈlɪb.ᵊr.ət, də-, -ɪt (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
deliber|ate (*v.*) dɪˈlɪb.ᵊr|.eɪt, də- (US) dɪˈlɪb.ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
deliberation dɪˌlɪb.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
deliberative dɪˈlɪb.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, də- (US) dɪˈlɪb.ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -rə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
Delibes dəˈliːb, dɪ-
delicac|y ˈdel.ɪ.kə.s|i, ˈ-ə- **-ies** -iz
delicate ˈdel.ɪ.kət, ˈ-ə-, -kɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
delicatessen ˌdel.ɪ.kəˈtes.ᵊn, ˌ-ə- **-s** -z
delicious dɪˈlɪʃ.əs, də- (US) dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
delict dɪˈlɪkt; ˈdiː.lɪkt (US) dɪˈlɪkt **-s** -s
de|light dɪ|ˈlaɪt, də- (US) dɪ- **-lights** -ˈlaɪts **-lighting** -ˈlaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈlaɪ.t̬ɪ… **-lighted/ly** -ˈlaɪ.tɪd/li (US) -ˈlaɪ.t̬ɪd/…
delightful dɪˈlaɪt.fᵊl, də-, -fʊl (US) d… **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
delightsome dɪˈlaɪt.səm, də- (US) d…
Delilah dɪˈlaɪ.lə, də- (US) dɪ-
delim|it dɪˈlɪm|.ɪt, ˌdiː-, də- (US) dɪ- **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
delimitation dɪˌlɪm.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː-… də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
deline|ate dɪˈlɪn.i|.eɪt, də- (US) dɪ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
delineation dɪˌlɪn.iˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
delinquenc|y dɪˈlɪŋ.kwənt.s|i, də- (US) dɪ- **-ies** -iz
delinquent dɪˈlɪŋ.kwənt, də- (US) dɪ… **-s** -s
deliquesc|e ˌdel.ɪˈkwes, -əˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
deliquescen|ce ˌdel.ɪˈkwes.ᵊn|ts **-t**…
delirious dɪˈlɪr.i.əs, də-, -ˈlɪə.ri- (US) dɪˈlɪr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
delirium dɪˈlɪr.i.əm, də-, -ˈlɪə.ri- (US) dɪˈlɪr.i-
delirium tremens dɪˌlɪr.i.əmˈtriː.menz, -ˈtrem.enz, -ənz
De l'Isle *English name:* dəˈlaɪl
Delisle *French name:* dəˈliːl
Delius ˈdiː.li.əs
deliv|er dɪˈlɪv|.əʳ, də- (US) dɪˈlɪv|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ə…
deliverable dɪˈlɪv.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl, də- (US) … **-s** -z
deliveranc|e dɪˈlɪv.ᵊr.ᵊnts, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -ɪz
deliver|y dɪˈlɪv.ᵊr|.i, də- (US) dɪ- **-ies** -i…
delivery|man dɪˈlɪv.ᵊr.ɪ|.mən, də-, -mæn (US) dəˈlɪv.ri.mæn **-men** -mər… -men
dell (D) del **-s** -z
Della ˈdel.ə
Dellar ˈdel.əʳ (US) -ɚ
della Robbia ˌdel.əˈrɒb.i.ə (US) ˌdel.əˈroʊ.biə, -ɑːˈ-, -ˈrɑː-, -bjə
Delma ˈdel.mə
Delmar delˈmɑːʳ, ˈ-- (US) ˈdel.mɑːr, -…
Delmarva delˈmɑː.və (US) -ˈmɑːr- **DelˈmarvaPeˌninsula**
Del Monte® delˈmɒn.teɪ, -ti (US) -ˈmɑːn.t̬i
Deloitte dəˈlɔɪt, dɪ-
Delores dəˈlɔː.rɪz, dɪ- (US) dɪˈlɔːr.ɪs, d…
Deloria dəˈlɔː.ri.ə (US) -ˈlɔːr.i-
Delors dəˈlɔːʳ (US) -ˈlɔːr
Delos ˈdiː.lɒs (US) -lɑːs, ˈdel.oʊs
delous|e ˌdiːˈlaʊs (US) -ˈlaʊs, -ˈlaʊz -… -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t (US) -t, -d

h delf
hi *in Greece:* 'del.faɪ, -fi *city in* 'del.faɪ
hian 'del.fi.ən **-ic** -ɪk ˌ**Delphic** **acle**
hine del'fiːn
hinium del'fɪn.i.əm **-s** -z
oy 'del.rɔɪ
a 'del.tə (US) -t̬ə **-s** -z
oid 'del.tɔɪd
d|e dɪ'luːd, də-, -'ljuːd dɪ'luːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/** ə^r/z (US) -ɚ/z
g|e 'del.juːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sion dɪ'luː.ʒən, də-, -'ljuː- dɪ'luː- **-s** -z
sive dɪ'luː.sɪv, də-, -'ljuː- dɪ'luː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sory dɪ'luː.sər.i, də-, -'ljuː-, r- (US) dɪ'luː-
uxe, deluxe dɪ'lʌks, də-, -'luːks, ks (US) dɪ'lʌks, də-, -'lʊks
e delv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** z (US) -ɚ/z
n 'del.ɪn
n (*abbrev. for* **Democrat**) m.ə.kræt (*abbrev. for* **mocratic**) ˌdem.ə'kræt.ɪk
agnetization, -isa- ˌmæg.nə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.mæg-, -, -ɪ'- (US) diːˌmæg.nə.t̬ɪ'- **-s** -z
agnetiz|e, -is|e ː'mæg.nə.taɪz, -nɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ -d
agog 'dem.ə.gɒg (US) -gɑːg, ɔːg **-s** -z
agogic ˌdem.ə'gɒg.ɪk, -'gɒdʒ- -'gɑː.dʒɪk, -gɪk; -goʊ.dʒɪk **-al** -əl **ly** -əl.i, -li
agogue 'dem.ə.gɒg (US) -gɑːg, ɔːg **-s** -z
agoguery 'dem.ə.gɒg.ər.i -gɑː.gɚ-
agogy 'dem.ə.gɒg.i, -gɒdʒ- -gɑː.dʒi, -gi; -goʊ.dʒi
and dɪ'mɑːnd, də- (US) dɪ'mænd -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
anding dɪ'mɑːn.dɪŋ, də- dɪ'mæn- **-ly** -li
ar|cate 'diː.mɑː.keɪt diː'mɑːr.keɪt, 'diː.mɑːr- **-cates** eɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **ated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
arcation ˌdiː.mɑː'keɪ.ʃən -mɑːr'-
arcative ˌdiː'mɑː.kə.tɪv -'mɑːr.kə.t̬ɪv
arch|e 'deɪ.mɑːʃ, -'- deɪ'mɑːrʃ, dɪ- **-es** -ɪz
ark dɪ'mɑːk, ˌdiː- (US) -'mɑːrk **-s** -s **ng** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
arkation ˌdiː.mɑː'keɪ.ʃən -mɑːr'-
as 'diː.mæs
materializ|e, -is|e iː.mə'tɪə.ri.ə.laɪz (US) -'tɪr.i- **-es** -ɪz **ng** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mean dɪ'miːn, də- (US) dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** ŋ **-ed** -d

demeano(u)r dɪ'miː.nər, də- (US) dɪ'miː.nɚ **-s** -z
Demelza dɪ'mel.zə, də-, dem'el-
de|ment dɪ'ment, də- (US) dɪ- **-ments** -'ments **-menting** -'men.tɪŋ (US) -'men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented/ly** -'men.tɪd/li (US) -'men.t̬ɪd/li
dementia dɪ'men.*t*ʃə, də-, -*t*ʃi.ə (US) dɪ'men*t*.ʃə
dementia praecox dɪˌmen.*t*ʃə'priː.kɒks, -'praɪ- (US) -men*t*.ʃə'priː.kɑːks
demerara *sugar:* ˌdem.ə'reə.rə, -'rɑː- (US) -'rɑːr.ə
Demerara *district in Guyana:* ˌdem.ə'rɑː.rə (US) -'rɑːr.ə
demerg|e ˌdiː'mɜːdʒ (US) -'mɝːrdʒ, də- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
demerger ˌdiː'mɜː.dʒər (US) -'mɝː.dʒɚ **-s** -z
demerit ˌdiː'mer.ɪt, 'diː.mer- (US) dɪ'mer-, diː- **-s** -s
Demerol® 'dem.ə.rɒl (US) -rɑːl
demesne dɪ'meɪn, də-, -'miːn (US) dɪ- **-s** -z
Demeter dɪ'miː.tər, də- (US) -t̬ɚ
Demetrius dɪ'miː.tri.əs, də-
demi- dem.i
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **demigod** /'dem.i.gɒd (US) -gɑːd/, **demisemiquaver** /ˌdem.i'sem.iˌkweɪ.vər (US) -vɚ/.
demigod 'dem.i.gɒd (US) -gɑːd **-s** -z
demigoddess 'dem.iˌgɒd.es (US) -ˌgɑː.des **-es** -ɪz
demijohn 'dem.i.dʒɒn (US) -dʒɑːn **-s** -z
demilitarization, -isa- diːˌmɪl.ɪ.tər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.mɪ.lɪ-, -lə-, -ɪ'- (US) diːˌmɪl.ɪ.t̬ɚ.ɪ'-
demilitariz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'mɪl.ɪ.tər.aɪz, '-ə- (US) -t̬ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
de Mille də'mɪl, dɪ-
demimondaine ˌdem.i.mɒn'deɪn (US) -mɑːn'- **-s** -z
demimonde ˌdem.i'mɔ̃ːnd, -'mɔːnd, -'mɒnd, '--- (US) 'dem.i.mɑːnd
de minimis ˌdeɪ'mɪn.ɪ.miːs, '-ə-
demis|e dɪ'maɪz, də- (US) dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
demisemiquaver 'dem.i.sem.iˌkweɪ.vər, ˌdem.i'sem.i- (US) ˌdem.i'sem.iˌkweɪ.vɚ **-s** -z
demission dɪ'mɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
demist ˌdiː'mɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
demitass|e 'dem.i.tæs, -tɑːs **-es** -ɪz
demiurg|e 'dem.i.ɜːdʒ, 'diː.mi- (US) -ɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz
demo 'dem.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
demob ˌdiː'mɒb (US) -'mɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
demobilization, -isa- diːˌməʊ.bəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, -bɪ.laɪ'-, -lɪ'- (US) -ˌmoʊ.bəl.ɪ'-, -bɪ.lɪ'- **-s** -z
demobiliz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'məʊ.bəl.aɪz, dɪ-, -bɪ.laɪz (US) -'moʊ.bə.laɪz, -bɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

democrac|y dɪ'mɒk.rə.s|i, də- (US) dɪ'mɑːk- **-ies** -iz
democrat (D) 'dem.ə.kræt **-s** -s
democratic (D) ˌdem.ə'kræt.ɪk (US) -'kræt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
democratization, -isa- dɪˌmɒk.rə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, də-, -tɪ'- (US) dɪˌmɑː.krə.t̬ɪ'-
democratiz|e, -is|e dɪ'mɒk.rə.taɪz, də- (US) dɪ'mɑː.krə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Democritus dɪ'mɒk.rɪ.təs, də-, -rə- (US) dɪ'mɑːk.rə.t̬əs
démodé ˌdeɪ'məʊ.deɪ (US) -moʊ'deɪ
demodu|late ˌdiː'mɒd.jə.leɪt, dɪ-, -jʊ-; -'mɒdʒ.ə-, '-ʊ- (US) -'mɑː.dʒə-, -dʒʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
demodulation ˌdiːˌmɒd.jə'leɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, -jʊ'-; -mɒdʒ.ə'-, -ʊ'- (US) -ˌmɑː.dʒə'-, -dʒʊ-
demodulator ˌdiː'mɒd.jə.leɪ.tər, dɪ-, -jʊ-; -'mɒdʒ.ə-, '-ʊ- (US) -'mɑː.dʒə.leɪ.t̬ɚ, -dʒʊ- **-s** -z
demographer dɪ'mɒg.rə.fər, də-, ˌdiː- (US) dɪ'mɑː.grə.fɚ, ˌdiː- **-s** -z
demographic ˌdem.əʊ'græf.ɪk, ˌdiː.məʊ'- (US) ˌdem.ə'-, ˌdiː.mə'- **-s** -s
demography dɪ'mɒg.rə.fi, də-, ˌdiː- (US) dɪ'mɑː.grə-, ˌdiː-
demoiselle ˌdem.wɑː'zel, -wə'- **-s** -z
De Moivre də'mɔɪ.vər, dɪ- (US) -vɚ
demolish dɪ'mɒl.ɪʃ, də- (US) dɪ'mɑː.lɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
demolition ˌdem.ə'lɪʃ.ən, ˌdiː.mə'- **-s** -z
demon 'diː.mən **-s** -z
demonetization, -isa- ˌdiːˌmʌn.ɪ.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ˌmɒn-, -ə-, -tɪ'- (US) -ˌmɑː.nə.tɪ'-
demonetiz|e, -is|e ˌdiː'mʌn.ɪ.taɪz, -'mɒn-, '-ə- (US) -'mɑː.nə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
demoniac dɪ'məʊ.ni.æk, də-, diː- (US) dɪ'moʊ-, diː- **-s** -s
demoniac|al ˌdiː.məʊ'naɪə.k|əl (US) -mə'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
demonic dɪ'mɒn.ɪk, də-, diː- (US) dɪ'mɑː.nɪk, diː- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
demon|ism 'diː.mə.n|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
demoniz|e, -is|e 'diː.mən.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
demonology ˌdiː.mə'nɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'nɑː.lə-
demonstrability dɪˌmɒn*t*.strə'bɪl.ə.ti, də-, -ɪ.ti; ˌdem.ən- (US) dɪˌmɑːn*t*.strə'bɪl.ə.t̬i; ˌdem.ən-
demonstrab|le dɪ'mɒn*t*.strə.b|əl, də-; 'dem.ən- (US) dɪ'mɑːn*t*-, də-; 'dem.ən- **-ly** -li
demon|strate 'dem.ən|.streɪt **-strates** -streɪts **-strating** -streɪ.tɪŋ (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-strated** -streɪ.tɪd (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪd
demonstration ˌdem.ən'streɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
demonstrative dɪ'mɒn*t*.strə.tɪv,

də- US dɪˈmɑːnt.strə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
demonstrator ˈdem.ən.streɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
de Montfort dəˈmɒnt.fət, -fɔːt US -ˈmɑːnt.fɚt, -fɔːrt
demoralization, -isa- dɪˌmɒr.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.mɒr-, -ɪˈ- US dɪˌmɔːr.əl.ɪˈ-
demoraliz|e, -is|e dɪˈmɒr.ə.laɪz, ˌdiː- US -ˈmɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
De Morgan dəˈmɔː.gən US -ˈmɔːr-
Demos ˈdiː.mɒs US -mɑːs
Demosthenes dɪˈmɒs.θə.niːz, də-, -θɪ- US -ˈmɑːs-
de|mote dɪ|ˈməʊt, ˌdiː- US -ˈmoʊt **-motes** -ˈməʊts US -ˈmoʊts **-moting** -ˈməʊ.tɪŋ US -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-moted** -ˈməʊ.tɪd US -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪd
demotic dɪˈmɒt.ɪk, də-, diː- US dɪˈmɑː.t̬ɪk, diː-
demotion dɪˈməʊ.ʃən, ˌdiː- US -ˈmoʊ-
demoti|vate ˌdiːˈməʊ.tɪ|.veɪt, -tə- US -ˈmoʊ.t̬ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd
Dempsey ˈdemp.si
Dempster ˈdemp.stəʳ US -stɚ
demulcent dɪˈmʌl.sənt, də-, ˌdiː- US dɪ-, ˌdiː- **-s** -s
demur dɪˈmɜːʳ, də- US dɪˈmɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
demur|e dɪˈmjʊəʳ, də-, -mjɔːʳ US dɪˈmjʊr **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
demurrage dɪˈmʌr.ɪdʒ, də- US dɪˈmɝː-
demurrer *person who demurs:* dɪˈmɜː.rəʳ, də- US -ˈmɝː.ɚ **-s** -z
demurrer *objection on grounds of irrelevance:* dɪˈmʌr.əʳ, də- US dɪˈmɝː.ɚ **-s** -z
demutualization, -isa- ˌdiː.mjuː.tʃu.ə.laɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, dɪˌmjuː-, -tju-, -ɪˈ- US -tʃu.ə.lɪˈ-, -tʃə.laɪ-
demutualiz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈmjuː.tʃu.ə.laɪz, dɪˈmjuː-, -tju- US -tʃu-, -tʃə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
dem|y dɪˈm|aɪ, də- US dɪ- **-ies** -aɪz
demystification ˌdiː.mɪ.stɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -stə-; diːˌmɪs.tɪ-, -tə- US diːˌmɪs-
demysti|fy ˌdiːˈmɪs.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
demythologiz|e, -is|e ˌdiː.mɪˈθɒl.ə.dʒaɪz, -maɪˈ-, -məˈ- US -mɪˈθɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
den den **-s** -z
Denali dəˈnɑː.li
denari|us dɪˈneə.ri|.əs, də-, denˈeə-, -ˈɑː- US dɪˈner.i-, -ˈnær- **-i** -aɪ, -iː
denary ˈdiː.nər.i, ˈden.ər-
denationalization, -isa- diːˌnæʃ.ən.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.næʃ-, -nəl.aɪ-, -ɪˈ- US diːˌnæʃ.ən.əl.ɪˈ-, -nəl.ɪ-
denationaliz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈnæʃ.ən.əl.aɪz, ˈ-nəl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
denaturalization, -isa- diːˌnætʃ.ər.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.nætʃ-, -ɪˈ- US diːˌnætʃ.ɚ.əl.ɪˈ-
denaturaliz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈnætʃ.ər.əl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
denatur|e ˌdiːˈneɪ.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Denbigh ˈden.bi, ˈdem- US ˈden- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Denby ˈden.bi, ˈdem- US ˈden-
Dench den*t*ʃ
dendrite ˈden.draɪt **-s** -s
dendritic denˈdrɪt.ɪk US -ˈdrɪt̬- **-al** -əl
dendroid ˈden.drɔɪd
dendrology denˈdrɒl.ə.dʒi US -ˈdrɑː.lə-
dendron ˈden.drən US -drən, -drɑːn **-s** -z
dene (D) diːn **-s** -z
Deneb ˈden.eb
Denebola dɪˈneb.ə.lə, denˈeb-, dəˈneb-
Deneuve dəˈnɜːv
dengue ˈdeŋ.gi, -geɪ
Deng Xiaoping ˌdeŋ.ʃaʊˈpɪŋ US ˌdʌŋ-, ˌdeŋ-
Denham ˈden.əm
Denholm *place in West Yorkshire:* ˈden.hɒlm US -hoʊlm
Denholm(e) *name:* ˈden.əm
Denia ˈdiː.ni.ə **-s** -z
deniable dɪˈnaɪ.ə.bəl, də- US dɪ-
denial dɪˈnaɪ.əl, də- US dɪ- **-s** -z
denier *coin:* ˈden.i.əʳ, -eɪ; dəˈnɪəʳ US dəˈnɪr **-s** -z
denier *thickness of yarn:* ˈden.i.əʳ, -eɪ US ˈden.jɚ
denier *person who denies:* dɪˈnaɪ.əʳ, də- US dɪˈnaɪ.ɚ **-s** -z
deni|grate ˈden.ɪ|.greɪt, ˈ-ə- **-grates** -greɪts **-grating** -greɪ.tɪŋ US -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-grated** -greɪ.tɪd US -greɪ.t̬ɪd
denigration ˌden.ɪˈgreɪ.ʃən, -əˈ-
denim ˈden.ɪm, -əm **-s** -z
De Niro dəˈnɪə.rəʊ US -ˈnɪr.oʊ
Denis ˈden.ɪs
Denise dəˈniːz, denˈiːz, dɪˈniːz, -ˈniːs US dəˈniːs, denˈiːs, dɪˈniːs, -ˈniːz
Denison ˈden.ɪ.sən
denizen ˈden.ɪ.zən, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
Denktash ˈdeŋk.tæʃ US -tɑːʃ
Denman ˈden.mən, ˈdem- US ˈden-
Denmark ˈden.mɑːk, ˈdem- US ˈden.mɑːrk
Denning ˈden.ɪŋ
Dennis ˈden.ɪs
Dennison ˈden.ɪ.sən
Denny ˈden.i **-s** -z
denomi|nate dɪˈnɒm.ɪ|.neɪt, dəˈ-, ˈ-ə- US dɪˈnɑː.mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd
denomination dɪˌnɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən, də-, -əˈ- US dɪˌnɑː.məˈ- **-s** -z
denominational dɪˌnɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən.əl, də-, -əˈ- US dɪˌnɑː.məˈ-
denominationalism dɪˌnɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən.əl.ɪ.zəm, də-, -əˈ- US dɪˌnɑː.məˈ-
denominative dɪˈnɒm.ɪ.nə.tɪv, də-, ˈ-ə- US dɪˈnɑː.mə.nə.t̬ɪv
denominator dɪˈnɒm.ɪ.neɪ.təʳ, də-, ˈ-ə- US dɪˈnɑː.mə.neɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
denotation ˌdiː.nəʊˈteɪ.ʃən US -noʊˈ-, -nəˈ- **-s** -z
denotative dɪˈnəʊ.tə.tɪv, də-; ˈdiː.nəʊ.teɪ- US ˈdiː.noʊ.teɪ.t̬ɪv; dɪˈnoʊ.t̬ə-
de|note dɪ|ˈnəʊt, də- US dɪ|ˈnoʊt **-notes** -ˈnəʊts US -ˈnoʊts **-noting** -ˈnəʊ.tɪŋ US -ˈnoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-noted** -ˈnəʊ.tɪd US -ˈnoʊ.t̬ɪd
dénouement deɪˈnuː.mɑ̃ːŋ, dɪ-, də- US ˌdeɪ.nuːˈmɑ̃ːŋ
dénouements deɪˈnuː.mɑ̃ːŋ, dɪ-, də-, -mɑ̃ːŋz US ˌdeɪ.nuːˈmɑ̃ːŋ, -ˈmɑ̃ːŋz
denounc|e dɪˈnaʊn*t*s, də- US dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-ement/s** -mənt/s
de novo deɪˈnəʊ.vəʊ, diː-, də- US -ˈnoʊ.voʊ
dens|e den*t*s **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
densit|y ˈden*t*.sɪ.t|i, -sə- US -sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
dent (D) dent **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
dental ˈden.təl **-s** -z ˈ**dental** ˌ**floss;** ˈ**dental** ˌ**surgeon**
dentaliz|e, -is|e ˈden.təl.aɪz US -t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
dentate ˈden.teɪt
dentated denˈteɪ.tɪd, ˈden.teɪ- US -t̬ɪd
denticle ˈden.tɪ.kəl US -t̬ɪ- **-s** -z
dentific|e ˈden.tɪ.friːs, -tə-, -frɪs US -t̬ə.frɪs **-es** -ɪz
dentil ˈden.tɪl, -təl US -təl **-s** -z
dentilingual ˌden.tiˈlɪŋ.gwəl US -t̬ɪ- **-s** -z
dentine ˈden.tiːn
dentist ˈden.tɪst US -t̬ɪst **-s** -s
dentistry ˈden.tɪ.stri, -tə- US -t̬ɪ-
dentition denˈtɪʃ.ən
Denton ˈden.tən US -tən
denture ˈden.*t*ʃəʳ US ˈden*t*.ʃɚ **-s** -z
denudation ˌdiː.njuːˈdeɪ.ʃən, ˌden.juːˈ- US ˌdiː.nuːˈ-, -njuːˈ-; ˌden.juːˈ- **-s** -z
denud|e dɪˈnjuːd, də-, ˌdiː- US dɪˈnuːd, ˌdiː-, -ˈnjuːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
denunci|ate dɪˈnʌn*t*.si|.eɪt, də-, -ʃi- US dɪˈnʌn*t*.si- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
denunciation dɪˌnʌn*t*.siˈeɪ.ʃən, də-, -ʃiˈ- US dɪˌnʌn*t*.siˈ- **-s** -z
denunciatory dɪˈnʌn*t*.si.ə.tər.i, də-, -ʃi-, -tri US dɪˈnʌn*t*.si.ə.tɔːr.i
Denver ˈden.vəʳ US -vɚ
den|y dɪˈn|aɪ, də- US dɪ- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z
Denys ˈden.ɪs
Denzel ˈden.zəl, -zel, -zɪl, ˌdenˈzel

Dental

sound in which there is contact between the tongue and
e front teeth.

xamples for English

English, the dentals usually referred to are the FRICATIVES
θ/ and /ð/, of which /θ/ is voiceless and /ð/ is voiced. In a
areful production of these sounds, the tongue tip may be
protruded between the upper and lower teeth; the sounds are sometimes referred to as 'interdental' for this reason, e.g.:

thigh	/θaɪ/	
ether	/iːθəʳ/	(US) /-θɚ/
breath	/breθ/	
thy	/ðaɪ/	
either	/ˈaɪ.ðəʳ/	(US) /ˈiː.ðɚ/
breathe	/briːð/	

zil ˈden.zɪl, -zəl (US) -zəl
dand ˈdiː.əʊ.dænd (US) ˈ-ə- -s -z
dar ˈdiː.əʊ.dɑːʳ (US) -ə.dɑːr -s -z
dorant diˈəʊ.dər.ənt (US) -ˈoʊ- -s -s
dorization, -isa-
əʊ.dər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ-
-oʊ.dɚ.ɪˈ- -s -z
dorizle, -isle diˈəʊ.dər.aɪz
-ˈoʊ.də.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
r/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ntic diˈɒn.tɪk, diː-, deɪ-
-ˈɑːn.t̬ɪk
xidization, -isa-
ɒk.sɪ.daɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː-, -sə-, -dɪˈ-
-ˌɑːk.sə.dɪˈ- -s -z
xidizle, -isle diˈɒk.sɪ.daɪz, ˌdiː-,
- (US) -ˈɑːk.sə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ardieu ˌdep.ɑːˈdjɜː, də.pɑːˈ-;
p.ɑː.djɜː (US) ˌdep.ɑːrˈdjɜː, ˈ---
art dɪˈpɑːt, də- (US) dɪˈpɑːrt
rts -ˈpɑːts (US) -ˈpɑːrts -parting
ɑː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpɑːr.t̬ɪŋ -parted
ɑː.tɪd (US) -ˈpɑːr.t̬ɪd
artment dɪˈpɑːt.mənt, də-
dɪˈpɑːrt- -s -s deˈpartment
ore
artmental ˌdiː.pɑːtˈmen.təl
-pɑːrtˈmen.t̬əl -ism -ɪ.zəm
arture dɪˈpɑː.tʃəʳ, də-
dɪˈpɑːr.tʃɚ -s -z deˈparture
unge
astlure ˌdiːˈpɑːs.tʃəʳ
-ˈpæs.tʃɚ -ures -əz (US) -ɚz
ring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd (US) -ɚd
end dɪˈpend, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing
-ed -ɪd
endability dɪˌpen.dəˈbɪl.ə.ti,
-, -ɪ.ti (US) dɪˌpen.dəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
endabl|e dɪˈpen.də.bl̩, də-, dɪ-
-li -leness -l̩.nəs, -nɪs
endant dɪˈpen.dənt, də- (US) dɪ-
s
endencle dɪˈpen.dənts, də- (US) dɪ-
i -ies -iz
endent dɪˈpen.dənt, də- (US) dɪ-
s -ly -li
ere dɪˈpɪəʳ, də- (US) -ˈpɪr
ersonaliz|e, -is|e
ːˈpɜː.sən.əl.aɪz (US) -ˈpɝː- -es -ɪz
g -ɪŋ -ed -d
ew dɪˈpjuː, də-

depict dɪˈpɪkt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
depiction dɪˈpɪk.ʃən, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
depi|late ˈdep.ɪ.leɪt, ˈ-ə- -lates
-leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
depilation ˌdep.ɪˈleɪ.ʃən, -əˈ-
depilator ˈdep.ɪ.leɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚ
-s -z
depilator|y dɪˈpɪl.ə.tər.i, də-, -tr.i
(US) dɪˈpɪl.ə.tɔːr.i -ies -iz
deplan|e ˌdiːˈpleɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
de|plete dɪˈpliːt, də- (US) dɪ- -pletes
-ˈpliːts -pleting -ˈpliː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpliː.t̬ɪŋ
-pleted -ˈpliː.tɪd (US) -ˈpliː.t̬ɪd
depletion dɪˈpliː.ʃən, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
deplet|ive dɪˈpliː.tɪv, də-
(US) dɪˈpliː.t̬ɪv -ory -ər.i
deplorab|le dɪˈplɔː.rə.bl̩, də-
(US) dɪˈplɔːr.ə- -ly -li -leness -l̩.nəs,
-nɪs
deplor|e dɪˈplɔːʳ, də- (US) dɪˈplɔːr -es -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
deploy dɪˈplɔɪ, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d
deployment dɪˈplɔɪ.mənt, də-, dɪ-
-s -s
depolarization, -isa-
diːˌpəʊ.lər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.pəʊ-, -ɪˈ-
(US) diːˌpoʊ.lɚ.ɪˈ-
depolariz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈpəʊ.lər.aɪz
(US) -ˈpoʊ.lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
depoliticization
ˌdiː.pəˌlɪt.ɪ.saɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, -sɪˈ-
(US) ˌlɪt̬.ɪ.sɪˈ-, ˌ-ə-
depoliticiz|e, -is|e ˌdiː.pəˈlɪt.ɪ.saɪz,
ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈlɪt̬- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
de Pompadour dəˈpɒm.pə.dɔːʳ,
-dʊəʳ (US) -ˈpɑːm.pə.dɔːr
deponent dɪˈpəʊ.nənt, də- (US) dɪˈpoʊ-
-s -s
Depo-Provera® ˌdep.əʊ.prəʊˈvɪə.rə
(US) -oʊ.proʊˈver.ə
depopu|late ˌdiːˈpɒp.jə.leɪt, -jʊ-
(US) -ˈpɑː.pjə- -lates -leɪts -lating
-leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd
(US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z
(US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
depopulation diːˌpɒp.jəˈleɪ.ʃən,
ˌdiː.pɒp-, -jʊˈ- (US) diːˌpɑː.pjəˈ-
de|port dɪˈpɔːt, də- (US) dɪˈpɔːrt
-ports -ˈpɔːts (US) -ˈpɔːrts -porting
-ˈpɔː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -ported
-ˈpɔː.tɪd (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd
deportation ˌdiː.pɔːˈteɪ.ʃən
(US) -pɔːrˈ- -s -z
deportee ˌdiː.pɔːˈtiː (US) -pɔːrˈ- -s -z
deportment dɪˈpɔːt.mənt, də-
(US) dɪˈpɔːrt-
deposal dɪˈpəʊ.zəl, də- (US) dɪˈpoʊ- -s -z
depos|e dɪˈpəʊz, də- (US) dɪˈpoʊz -es -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
depos|it dɪˈpɒz.ɪt, də- (US) dɪˈpɑː.zɪt
-its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ited
-ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd deˈposit acˌcount
depositar|y dɪˈpɒz.ɪ.tər.i, də-, ˈ-ə-
(US) dɪˈpɑː.zə.ter- -ies -iz
deposition ˌdep.əˈzɪʃ.ən, ˌdiː.pəˈ-
-s -z
depositor dɪˈpɒz.ɪ.təʳ, də-, ˈ-ə-
(US) dɪˈpɑː.zə.t̬ɚ -s -z
depositor|y dɪˈpɒz.ɪ.tər.i, də-, ˈ-ə-,
-tr.i (US) dɪˈpɑː.zə.tɔːr.i -ies -iz
depot ˈdep.əʊ (US) ˈdiː.poʊ, ˈdep.oʊ
-s -z
Depp dep
depravation ˌdep.rəˈveɪ.ʃən
deprav|e dɪˈpreɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -edly -d.li, -ɪd.li
-edness -d.nəs, -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
depravity dɪˈpræv.ə.ti, də-, -ɪ.ti
(US) dɪˈpræv.ə.t̬i
depre|cate ˈdep.rə.keɪt, -rɪ- -cates
-keɪts -cating/ly -keɪ.tɪŋ/li
(US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -cated -keɪ.tɪd
(US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z
(US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
deprecation ˌdep.rəˈkeɪ.ʃən, -prɪˈ-
-s -z
deprecatory ˈdep.rə.kə.tər.i, -rɪ-,
-tri; ˌdep.rəˈkeɪ- (US) ˈdep.rə.kə.tɔːr.i
depreciable dɪˈpriː.ʃi.ə.bəl, də-, -si-
(US) dɪˈpriː.ʃi.ə.bəl, ˈ-ʃə.bəl
depreci|ate dɪˈpriː.ʃi.eɪt, də-, -si-
(US) dɪˈpriː.ʃi- -ates -eɪts -ating/ly
-eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ated -eɪ.tɪd
(US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
depreciation dɪˌpriː.ʃiˈeɪ.ʃən, də-,
-siˈ- (US) dɪˌpriː.ʃiˈ-
depreciatory dɪˈpriː.ʃi.ə.tər.i, də-,
-si-, ˈ-ʃə.tər-, -tri
(US) dɪˈpriː.ʃi.ə.tɔːr.i, ˈ-ʃə.tɔːr-
depre|date ˈdep.rə.deɪt, -rɪ- -dates
-deɪts -dating -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-dated -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd -dator/s

-deɪ.təʳ/z (US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z
depredation ˌdep.rəˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, -rɪˈ- -s -z
depredatory dɪˈpred.ə.tᵊr.i, də-, -tri; ˌdep.rəˈdeɪ- (US) ˈdep.rə.də.tɔːr.i, -deɪ.t̬ɚ-; dɪˈpred.ə.tɔːr-
depress dɪˈpres, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ant/s -ᵊnt/s
depressing dɪˈpres.ɪŋ, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li
depression dɪˈpreʃ.ᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
depressive dɪˈpres.ɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
depressor dɪˈpres.əʳ, də- (US) dɪˈpres.ɚ -s -z
depressurization, -isation diːˌpreʃ.ᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.preʃ-, -ɪˈ- (US) diːˌpreʃ.ɚ.ɪˈ-
depressuriz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈpreʃ.ᵊr.aɪz (US) -ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
deprivation ˌdep.rɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, -rəˈ-; ˌdiː.praɪˈ- -s -z
depriv|e dɪˈpraɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
de profundis ˌdeɪ.prɒfˈʊn.diːs, -prəˈfʊn- (US) -proʊˈfʊn.dɪs
deprogram ˌdiːˈprəʊ.græm (US) -ˈproʊ- -s -z -(m)ing -ɪŋ -(m)ed -d
deprogramm|e ˌdiːˈprəʊ.græm (US) -ˈproʊ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -er -d
dept (*abbrev. for* **department**) dɪˈpɑːt.mənt, də- (US) dɪˈpɑːrt-
Deptford ˈdet.fəd, ˈdep.fəd (US) -fɚd
depth depθ -s -s ˈ**depth** ˌ**charge**
deputation ˌdep.jəˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- (US) -jəˈ- -s -z
de|pute dɪˈpjuːt, də- (US) dɪ- -putes -ˈpjuːts -puting -ˈpjuː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpjuː.t̬ɪŋ -puted -ˈpjuː.tɪd (US) -ˈpjuː.t̬ɪd
deputiz|e, -is|e ˈdep.jə.taɪz, -jʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
deput|y ˈdep.jə.t|i, -jʊ- (US) -t̬|i -ies -iz
De Quincey dəˈkwɪnt.si, dɪ-
deraci|nate dɪˈræs.ɪ|.neɪt, ˌdiː-, ˈ-ə- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd, -neɪ.t̬ɪd
deracination diːˌræs.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.ræs-, -əˈ- (US) diːˌræs-
derail dɪˈreɪl, ˌdiː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
derailleur dɪˈreɪ.ljəʳ, də-, -ləʳ (US) dɪˈreɪ.lɚ
derailment dɪˈreɪl.mənt, ˌdiː- -s -s
derang|e dɪˈreɪndʒ, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ement/s -mənt/s
de|rate ˌdiːˈreɪt -rates -ˈreɪts -rating -ˈreɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈreɪ.t̬ɪŋ -rated -ˈreɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈreɪ.t̬ɪd
deration ˌdiːˈræʃ.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
derb|y ˈdɑː.b|i (US) ˈdɝː- -ies -iz
Der|by ˈdɑː|.bi (US) ˈdɑːr-, ˈdɝː- -byshire -bɪ.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Note: American pronunciation uses ˈdɑːr- for British references.
Derbys. (*abbrev. for* **Derbyshire**) ˈdɑː.bɪ.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) ˈdɑːr.bɪ.ʃɚ, ˈdɝː-, -ˌʃɪr
Note: American pronunciation uses ˈdɑːr- for British references.
deregu|late ˌdiːˈreg.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- (US) -jə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
deregulation ˌdiː.reg.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- (US) -jəˈ-
Dereham ˈdɪə.rəm (US) ˈdɪr.əm
Derek ˈder.ɪk
derelict ˈder.ə.lɪkt, ˈ-ɪ- -s -s
dereliction ˌder.əˈlɪk.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ-
derequisition diːˌrek.wɪˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌdiː.rek-, -wəˈ- (US) diːˌrek- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
De Reszke dəˈres.ki
Derg(h) dɜːg (US) dɝːg
Derham ˈder.əm
derid|e dɪˈraɪd, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
de rigueur də.rɪˈgɜːʳ, ˌdeɪ-, ˌdiː-, -riːˈ- (US) -ˈgɝː
Dering ˈdɪə.rɪŋ (US) ˈdɪr.ɪŋ
derision dɪˈrɪʒ.ᵊn, də- (US) dɪ-
derisive dɪˈraɪ.sɪv, dəˈraɪ-, -zɪv, -ˈrɪz.ɪv (US) dɪˈraɪ.sɪv, -zɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
derisory dɪˈraɪ.sᵊr.i, də-, -zᵊr- (US) dɪˈraɪ-
derivation ˌder.ɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- -s -z -al -ᵊl
derivative dɪˈrɪv.ə.tɪv, də- (US) dɪˈrɪv.ə.t̬ɪv -s -z -ly -li
deriv|e dɪˈraɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl
d'Erlanger ˌdeə.lɑ̃ːnˈʒeɪ (US) ˌder.lɑːnˈ-
derm dɜːm (US) dɝːm -al -ᵊl
-derm dɜːm (US) dɝːm
Note: Suffix. Does not normally carry stress, e.g. **pachyderm** /ˈpæk.ɪ.dɜːm (US) -ə.dɝːm/.
dermabrasion ˌdɜː.məˈbreɪ.ʒᵊn (US) ˌdɝː-
-dermal dɜː.mᵊl (US) dɝː-
Note: Suffix. May or may not carry stress, e.g. **epidermal** /ˌep.ɪˈdɜː.mᵊl (US) -ˈdɝː-/; see individual entries.
dermatitis ˌdɜː.məˈtaɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) ˌdɝː.məˈtaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
dermatolog|y ˌdɜː.məˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) ˌdɝː.məˈtɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
dermatos|is ˌdɜː.məˈtəʊ.s|ɪs (US) ˌdɝː.məˈtoʊ- -es -iːz
dermis ˈdɜː.mɪs (US) ˈdɝː-
Dermot(t) ˈdɜː.mət (US) ˈdɝː-
dernier cri ˌdɜː.ni.eɪˈkriː, ˌdeə- (US) ˌder.njeɪˈ-, ˌdɝː-
dero|gate ˈder.əʊ|.geɪt, ˈdiː.rəʊ- (US) ˈder.ə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
derogation ˌder.əʊˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.rəʊˈ- (US) ˌder.əˈ-
derogator|y dɪˈrɒg.ə.tᵊr|.i, də-, -tr|i (US) dɪˈrɑː.gə.tɔːr|.i -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Deronda dəˈrɒn.də, dɪ- (US) dəˈrɑːn-
derrick (D) ˈder.ɪk -s -s
Derrida dəˈriː.də, derˈiː-; ˈder.ɪ- (US) ˈder.iː.dɑː
derrière ˈder.i.eəʳ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌder.iˈer, ˈ--- -s -z
derring-do ˌder.ɪŋˈduː, ˌdeə.rɪŋˈ- (US) ˌder.ɪŋˈ-
derringer (D) ˈder.ɪn.dʒəʳ, -ᵊn- (US) -dʒɚ -s -z
Derry ˈder.i
derv dɜːv (US) dɝːv
dervish (D) ˈdɜː.vɪʃ (US) ˈdɝː- -es -ɪz
Dervla ˈdɜːv.lə (US) ˈdɝːv-
Derwent ˈdɜː.wənt, ˈdɑː-, -went, -wɪnt (US) ˈdɝː-, ˈdɑːr- (US) ˈ**Derwent** ˌ**Water**
Note: /ˈdɑː- (US) ˈdɑːr-/ is the normal pronunciation for the Baron.
Des dez (US) des
DES ˌdiː.iːˈes
Desai desˈaɪ; ˈdeɪ.saɪ
desali|nate ˌdiːˈsæl.ɪ|.neɪt, ˈ-ə- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
desalination diːˌsæl.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.sæl-, -əˈ- (US) diːˌsæl- -s -z
desalinization, -isa- diːˌsæl.ɪ.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.sæl-, ˌ-ə-, -nɪˈ- (US) diːˌsæl.ə.nɪˈ-
desaliniz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈsæl.ɪ.naɪz, ˈ-ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Desart ˈdez.ət (US) -ɚt
Desborough ˈdez.brə (US) -bɚ.oʊ, ˈ-brə
descal|e ˌdiːˈskeɪl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
descant (*n.*) ˈdes.kænt -s -s
descan|t (*v.*) dɪˈskæn|t, desˈkæn|t (US) ˈdes.kæn|t, -ˈ- -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Descartes ˈdeɪ.kɑːt, deɪˈkɑːt (US) deɪˈkɑːrt
descend dɪˈsend, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
descendant, descendent dɪˈsen.dənt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s
descender dɪˈsen.dəʳ, də- (US) dɪˈsen.dɚ -s -z
descent dɪˈsent, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s
describ|e dɪˈskraɪb, də- (US) dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
description dɪˈskrɪp.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
descriptive dɪˈskrɪp.tɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
descriptiv|ism dɪˈskrɪp.tɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm, də- (US) dɪ- -ist -ɪst
descr|y dɪˈskr|aɪ, də- (US) dɪ- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
Desdemona ˌdez.dɪˈməʊ.nə, -dəˈ- (US) -dəˈmoʊ-
dese|crate ˈdes.ɪ|.kreɪt, ˈ-ə- -crates -kreɪts -crating -kreɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kreɪ.t̬ɪŋ -crated -kreɪ.tɪd (US) -kreɪ.t̬ɪd -crator/s -kreɪ.təʳ/z (US) -kreɪ.t̬ɚ/z
desecration ˌdes.ɪˈkreɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- -s -z
deseed ˌdiːˈsiːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
desegre|gate ˌdiːˈseg.rɪ|.geɪt, -rə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
desegregation diːˌseg.rɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.seg-, -rəˈ- (US) diːˌseg-

elect ˌdiː.səˈlekt, -sɪˈ- -s -s -ing
ŋ -ed -ɪd
election ˌdiː.səˈlek.ʃən, -sɪˈ-
Selincourt dəˈsel.ɪŋ.kɔːt, -ɪn-
 -kɔːrt
ensitization
ːˌsent.sɪ.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdiː.sent-,
ə-, -tɪˈ- (US) diːˌsent.sɪ.tɪˈ-, ˌ-sə-
ensitiz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈsent.sɪ.taɪz,
ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ert (*n, adj.*) *dry place:* ˈdez.ət (US) -ɚt
-s ˌdesert ˈisland; ˌdesert ˈrat
sert (*n.*) *what is deserved:* dɪˈzɜːt,
ə- (US) dɪˈzɝːt -s -s get one's ˌjust
eˈserts
sert (*v.*) dɪˈzɜːt, də- (US) dɪˈzɝːt
erts -ˈzɜːts (US) -ˈzɝːts -serting
zɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈzɝː.t̬ɪŋ -serted
zɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈzɝː.t̬ɪd -serter/s
zɜː.təʳ/z (US) -ˈzɝː.t̬ɚ/z
sertification dɪˌzɜː.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən,
ə-, -tə- (US) dɪˌzɝː.t̬ə-
sertion dɪˈzɜː.ʃən, də- (US) dɪˈzɝː-
-z
serv|e dɪˈzɜːv, də- (US) dɪˈzɝːv -es -z
ng/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li
sex ˌdiːˈseks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
sexualiz|e, -is|e diːˈsek.ʃʊə.laɪz,
u.əl.aɪz, -sjʊə.laɪz, -sjʊ.əl.aɪz
 -ʃu.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
shabille ˌdez.æbˈiːl, ˌdeɪ.zæbˈ-,
es.æbˈ-, -əˈbiːl, ˈ--- (US) ˌdes.æbˈ-,
ez-; ˈdɪs.ə.biːl
shabillé ˌdeɪ.zæbˈiː.eɪ, ˌdez.æb-,
es-, -əˈbiː-, -ˈbiːl
siccant ˈdes.ɪ.kənt, ˈ-ə- -s -s
sic|cate ˈdes.ɪ|.keɪt, ˈ-ə- -cates
eɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ
ated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
siccation ˌdes.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -əˈ-
siccative ˈdes.ɪ.kə.tɪv; desˈɪk.ə-,
ˈsɪk- (US) ˈdes.ɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪv; dəˈsɪk.ə-
siccator ˈdes.ɪ.keɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚ
-z
sider|ate dɪˈzɪd.ər|.eɪt, də-, -ˈsɪd-
 dɪˈsɪd.ə.r|eɪt, -ˈzɪd- -ates -eɪts
ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd
 -eɪ.t̬ɪd
sideration dɪˌzɪd.əˈreɪ.ʃən, də-,
sɪd- (US) dɪˌsɪd-, -ˌzɪd- -s -z
siderative dɪˈzɪd.ər.ə.tɪv, də-,
sɪd- (US) dɪˈsɪd.ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -ˈzɪd-
siderat|um dɪˌzɪd.əˈrɑː.t|əm, də-,
sɪd-, -ˈreɪ- (US) dɪˌsɪd.əˈrɑː.t̬|əm,
zɪd-, -ˈreɪ- -a -ə
sign dɪˈzaɪn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing
ŋ -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li -able -ə.bəl
signate (*adj.*) ˈdez.ɪg.neɪt, -nɪt,
ət
sig|nate (*v.*) ˈdez.ɪg|.neɪt -nates
eɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ
nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd -nator/s
eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
signation ˌdez.ɪgˈneɪ.ʃən -s -z
signer dɪˈzaɪ.nəʳ, də- (US) dɪˈzaɪ.nɚ
-z
sinenc|e ˈdes.ɪ.nənts, ˈdez-,
n.ənts -es -ɪz
sirability dɪˌzaɪə.rəˈbɪl.ə.ti, də-,
.ti (US) dɪˌzaɪ.rəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

desirab|le dɪˈzaɪə.rə.b|əl, də- (US) dɪˈzaɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
desir|e dɪˈzaɪəʳ, dəˈ- (US) dɪˈzaɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Désirée deɪˈzɪə.reɪ, dezˈɪə- (US) ˌdez.əˈreɪ
desirous dɪˈzaɪə.rəs, də- (US) dɪˈzaɪ.rəs -ly -li
desist dɪˈsɪst, də-, dɪˈzɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
desistance dɪˈsɪs.tənts, dəˈ-, dɪˈzɪs-
desk desk -s -s ˈdesk ˌjob
de-skill ˌdiːˈskɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
desktop ˈdesk.tɒp (US) -tɑːp ˌdesktop ˈpublishing
Des Moines dəˈmɔɪn, dɪ-, -ˈmɔɪnz (US) -ˈmɔɪn
Desmond ˈdez.mənd
desolate (*adj.*) ˈdes.əl.ət, ˈdez-, -ɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
desol|ate (*v.*) ˈdes.əl|.eɪt, ˈdez.ə.l|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
desolation ˌdes.əlˈeɪ.ʃən, ˌdez- -s -z
de Soto dəˈsəʊ.təʊ (US) -ˈsoʊ.toʊ
despair dɪˈspeəʳ, də- (US) dɪˈsper -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
Despard ˈdes.pəd, -pɑːd (US) -pɚd, -pɑːrd
despatch dɪˈspætʃ, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z desˈpatch ˌbox; desˈpatch ˌrider
desperado ˌdes.pəˈrɑː.dəʊ, -ˈreɪ- (US) -doʊ -(e)s -z
desperate ˈdes.pər.ət, -ɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
desperation ˌdes.pəˈreɪ.ʃən
despicability dɪˌspɪk.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, də-, -ɪ.ti; ˌdes.pɪ.kəˈ- (US) dɪˌspɪk.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i; ˌdes.pɪ.kəˈ-
despicab|le dɪˈspɪk.ə.b|əl, də-; ˈdes.pɪ.kə- (US) dɪˈspɪk.ə-; ˈdes.pɪ.kə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
despis|e dɪˈspaɪz, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
despite dɪˈspaɪt, də- (US) dɪ-
despiteful dɪˈspaɪt.fəl, də-, -fʊl (US) dɪ- -ly -li
despoil dɪˈspɔɪl, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
despoliation dɪˌspəʊ.liˈeɪ.ʃən, də-, -ˌspɒl.iˈ- (US) dɪˌspoʊ.liˈ-
despond (D) dɪˈspɒnd, də- (US) dɪˈspɑːnd -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd
desponden|ce dɪˈspɒn.dənt|s, də- (US) dɪˈspɑːn- -cy -si
despondent dɪˈspɒn.dənt, də- (US) dɪˈspɑːn- -ly -li
despot ˈdes.pɒt, -pət (US) -pət -s -s
despotic dɪˈspɒt.ɪk, desˈpɒt-, dəˈspɒt- (US) desˈpɑː.t̬ɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li -alness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
despotism ˈdes.pə.tɪ.zəm -s -z
desqua|mate ˈdes.kwə|.meɪt -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
des res ˌdezˈrez
dessert dɪˈzɜːt, də- (US) dɪˈzɝːt -s -s desˈsert ˌwine, desˌsert ˈwine
dessertspoon dɪˈzɜːt.spuːn, də- (US) dɪˈzɝːt- -s -z
dessert|spoonful dɪˈzɜːt|ˌspuːn.fʊl, də- (US) dɪˈzɝːt- -spoonsful -ˌspuːnz.fʊl -spoonfuls -ˌspuːn.fʊlz
destabilization, -isa- ˌdiːˌsteɪ.bəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, -bɪ.laɪˈ-, -ɪˈ- (US) -bəl.ɪˈ-, -bɪ.lɪˈ-
destabiliz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈsteɪ.bəl.aɪz, dɪ-, -bɪ.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
destination ˌdes.tɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -təˈ- -s -z
destin|e ˈdes.tɪn, -tən -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
destin|y ˈdes.tɪ.n|i, -tən|.i -ies -iz
destitute ˈdes.tɪ.tjuːt, -tə- (US) -tuːt, -tjuːt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
destitution ˌdes.tɪˈtjuː.ʃən, -təˈ- (US) -ˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-
destroy dɪˈstrɔɪ, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
destroyer dɪˈstrɔɪ.əʳ, də- (US) dɪˈstrɔɪ.ɚ -s -z
destruct dɪˈstrʌkt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
destructibility dɪˌstrʌk.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, də-, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) dɪˌstrʌk.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -tɪˈ-
destructible dɪˈstrʌk.tə.bəl, də-, -tɪ- (US) dɪ-
destruction dɪˈstrʌk.ʃən, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
destructive dɪˈstrʌk.tɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
destructor dɪˈstrʌk.təʳ, də- (US) dɪˈstrʌk.tɚ -s -z
desuetude dɪˈsjuː.ɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd; ˈdes.wɪ-, ˈdiː.swɪ- (US) ˈdes.wɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd; dɪˈsuː.ə-
desultor|y ˈdes.əl.tər|.i, ˈdez-, -tr|i (US) -tɔːr|.i -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Des Voeux deɪˈvɜː
detach dɪˈtætʃ, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -edly -t.li, -ɪd.li -able -ə.bəl
detachment dɪˈtætʃ.mənt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s
detail ˈdiː.teɪl; dɪˈteɪl, də- (US) dɪˈteɪl; ˈdiː.teɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
detain dɪˈteɪn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
detainee ˌdiː.teɪˈniː; dɪˌteɪˈ-, də- (US) ˌdiː.teɪˈ- -s -z
detect dɪˈtekt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
detectab|le dɪˈtek.tə.b|əl, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li
detection dɪˈtek.ʃən, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
detective dɪˈtek.tɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
detector dɪˈtek.təʳ, də- (US) dɪˈtek.tɚ -s -z
detent dɪˈtent, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s
détente ˈdeɪ.tɑ̃ːnt (US) deɪˈtɑːnt, ˈ--
detention dɪˈten.tʃən, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z deˈtention ˌcentre
deter dɪˈtɜːʳ, də- (US) dɪˈtɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
Deterding ˈdet.ə.dɪŋ (US) ˈdet̬.ɚ-

detergent dɪˈtɜː.dʒᵊnt, də- (US) dɪˈtɝː- -s -s
deterior|ate dɪˈtɪə.ri.ᵊr|.eɪt, də- (US) dɪˈtɪr.i.ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
deterioration dɪˌtɪə.ri.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪˌtɪr.i-
determinable dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nə.bᵊl, də-, -mᵊn.ə- (US) dɪˈtɝː-
determinant dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nənt, də- (US) dɪˈtɝː- -s -s
determinate dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nət, də-, -nɪt (US) dɪˈtɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
determination dɪˌtɜː.mɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, də-, -məˈ- (US) dɪˌtɝː- -s -z
determinative dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nə.tɪv, də-, -mᵊn.ə- (US) dɪˈtɝː.mɪ.neɪ.t̬ɪv, -nə-
determin|e dɪˈtɜː.mɪn, də-, -mən (US) dɪˈtɝː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed/ly -d/li
determined dɪˈtɜː.mɪnd, də- (US) dɪˈtɝː- -ly -li
determiner dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nəʳ, də-, -mə- (US) dɪˈtɝː.mɪ.nɚ -s -z
determin|ism dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm, də-, -mə- (US) dɪˈtɝː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
deterrence dɪˈter.ᵊnts, də- (US) dɪ-
deterrent dɪˈter.ᵊnt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s
detest dɪˈtest, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
detestab|le dɪˈtes.tə.b|ᵊl, də- (US) dɪ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
detestation ˌdiː.tesˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, dɪˌtes- (US) ˌdiː.tes-
dethron|e diːˈθrəʊn, ˌdɪ-, də- (US) dɪˈθroʊn, ˌdiː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ement -mənt
detinue ˈdet.ɪ.njuː (US) -ᵊn.juː, -uː
Detlev ˈdet.lef (US) -ləf, -lef
Detmold ˈdet.məʊld (US) -moʊld
de Tocqueville dəˈtəʊk.vɪl, -ˈtɒk-, -viːl (US) -ˈtoʊk.vɪl, -ˈtɑːk-
deton|ate ˈdet.ᵊn|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
detonation ˌdet.ᵊnˈeɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
detonator ˈdet.ᵊn.eɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
detour ˈdiː.tʊəʳ, ˈdeɪ-, -tɔːʳ (US) ˈdiː.tʊr; -ˈ-, dɪ- -s -z
detox ˈdiː.tɒks, ˌdiːˈtɒks, dɪ- (US) diːˈtɑːks, ˈ-- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
detoxi|cate ˌdiːˈtɒk.sɪ|.keɪt, dɪ-, -sə- (US) -ˈtɑːk- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
detoxification diːˌtɒk.sɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, dɪ-, -sə-; ˌdiː.tɒk- (US) diːˌtɑːk-
detoxi|fy ˌdiːˈtɒk.sɪ|.faɪ, dɪ-, -sə- (US) ˌdiːˈtɑːk- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
detract dɪˈtrækt, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd
detraction dɪˈtræk.ʃᵊn, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
detract|ive dɪˈtræk.t|ɪv, də- (US) dɪ- -ory -ᵊr.i
detractor dɪˈtræk.təʳ, də- (US) dɪˈtræk.tɚ -s -z
detrain ˌdiːˈtreɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
detriment ˈdet.rɪ.mənt, -rə- -s -s
detrimental ˌdet.rɪˈmen.tᵊl, -rəˈ- (US) -t̬ᵊl
detrition dɪˈtrɪʃ.ᵊn, də- (US) dɪ-
detritus dɪˈtraɪ.təs, də- (US) dɪˈtraɪ.t̬əs
Detroit dəˈtrɔɪt, dɪ-
de trop dəˈtrəʊ (US) -troʊ
detrun|cate ˌdiːˈtrʌŋ|.keɪt, ˈ--- (US) ˌdiːˈtrʌŋ- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
detruncation ˌdiː.trʌŋˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
Dettol® ˈdet.ɒl, -ᵊl (US) -tɑːl, -t̬ᵊl
Dettori detˈɔː.ri (US) -ˈɔːr.i
detumescen|ce ˌdiː.tjuːˈmes.ᵊn|ts, -tjʊˈ- (US) -tuːˈ-, -tjuːˈ- -t -t
Deucalion djuːˈkeɪ.li.ən (US) duː-, djuː-
deuc|e djuːs, dʒuːs (US) duːs, djuːs -es -ɪz
deuc|ed djuːs|t, dʒuːs|t; ˈdjuː.s|ɪd, ˈdʒuː- (US) ˈduː.s|ɪd, ˈdjuː-; duːs|t, djuːs|t -edly -ɪd.li
deus ex machina ˌdeɪ.əs.eksˈmɑː.k.ɪ.nə, -ˈmæk-, ˌdiː-, -ʊs-
deuterium djuːˈtɪə.ri.əm (US) duːˈtɪr.i-, djuː-
deuteronomic ˌdjuː.tᵊr.əˈnɒm.ɪk (US) ˌduː.t̬ɚ.əˈnɑː.mɪk, ˌdjuː-
Deuteronomy ˌdjuː.təˈrɒn.ə.mi (US) ˌduː.t̬əˈrɑː.nə-, ˌdjuː-
Deutsche Mark ˌdɔɪ.tʃəˈmɑːk (US) -ˈmɑːrk -s -s
deutschmark (D) ˈdɔɪtʃ.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk -s -s
deutzia ˈdjuːt.si.ə, ˈdɔɪt- (US) ˈduːt-, ˈdjuːt- -s -z
deux chevaux ˌdɜː.ʃəˈvəʊ, -ʃɪˈ- (US) -ˈvoʊ
deva ˈdeɪ.və, ˈdiː.və -s -z
de Valera də.vəˈleə.rə, -ˈlɪə-; ˌdev.əˈ- (US) -ˈler.ə, -ˈlɪr-
de Valois dəˈvæl.wɑː
devaluation ˌdiː.væl.juˈeɪ.ʃᵊn; dɪˌvæl- (US) ˌdiː.væl- -s -z
devalu|e ˌdiːˈvæl.juː, dɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Devanagari ˌdeɪ.vəˈnɑː.gᵊr.i, ˌdev.əˈ-
Devant dəˈvænt, dɪ-
deva|state ˈdev.ə|.steɪt -states -steɪts -stating/ly -steɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -steɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -stated -steɪ.tɪd (US) -steɪ.t̬ɪd
devastation ˌdev.əˈsteɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
develop dɪˈvel.əp, də- (US) dɪ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **deˌveloping ˈcountry**
developer dɪˈvel.ə.pəʳ, də- (US) -pɚ -s -z
development dɪˈvel.əp.mənt, də- -s -s
developmental dɪˌvel.əpˈmen.tᵊl, də- (US) -t̬ᵊl -ly -li
Devenish ˈdev.ᵊn.ɪʃ
Deventer ˈdev.ᵊn.təʳ (US) -tɚ
De Vere dəˈvɪəʳ, dɪ- (US) -ˈvɪr
Devereux ˈdev.ə.ruː, -ruːks, -rɜː, -rəʊ, -reks, ˈ-ᵊr.ə (US) -ə.ruː, -rɜː, -rə, -uːks
Deveron ˈdev.ə.rᵊn (US) -ɚ.ᵊn
Devers ˈdiː.vəz, ˈdev.əz (US) ˈdiː.vɚz, ˈdev.ɚz
Devi ˈdeɪ.vi
devian|ce ˈdiː.vi.ənt|s -cy -si
deviant ˈdiː.vi.ənt -s -s
devi|ate ˈdiː.vi|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
deviation ˌdiː.viˈeɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
deviation|ism ˌdiː.viˈeɪ.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
devic|e dɪˈvaɪs, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz **ˌleave someone to their ˌown deˈvices**
devil ˈdev.ᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d **ˌdevil's ˈadvocate; ˌdevil's ˈfood ˌcake, ˈdevil's food ˌcake (US) ˈdevil's food ˌcake; between the ˌdevil and the ˌdeep blue ˈsea; give the ˌdevil his ˈdue; ˌtalk of the ˈdevil**
devilfish ˈdev.ᵊl.fɪʃ -es -ɪz
devilish ˈdev.ᵊl.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
devil-may-care ˌdev.ᵊl.meɪˈkeəʳ (US) -ˈker *stress shift:* ˌdevil-may-care ˈattitude
devilment ˈdev.ᵊl.mənt -s -s
devilr|y ˈdev.ᵊl.r|i -ies -iz
Devine dəˈvaɪn, dɪ-
devious ˈdiː.vi.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
devis|e dɪˈvaɪz, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
devisee dɪˌvaɪˈziː, də-; ˌdev.ɪˈ- (US) dɪˌvaɪˈ-; ˌdev.əˈ- -s -z
devisor dɪˈvaɪ.zəʳ, də-; dəˌvaɪˈzɔːʳ, dɪ-; ˌdev.aɪˈ- (US) dɪˈvaɪ.zɚ; ˌdev.əˈzɔːr -s -z
devitalization, -isa- diːˌvaɪ.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.vaɪ-, -ɪˈ- (US) diːˌvaɪ.t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ-
devitaliz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈvaɪ.tᵊl.aɪz (US) -t̬ᵊl- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Devizes dɪˈvaɪ.zɪz, də-, -zəz
Devlin ˈdev.lɪn, -lən
devocalization, -isa- diːˌvəʊ.kᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdiː.vəʊ-, -ɪˈ- (US) diːˌvoʊ- -s -z
devocaliz|e, -is|e ˌdiːˈvəʊ.kᵊl.aɪz (US) -ˈvoʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
devoic|e ˌdiːˈvɔɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
devoid dɪˈvɔɪd, də- (US) dɪ-
devolution ˌdiː.vəˈluː.ʃᵊn, ˌdev.əˈ-, -ˈljuː- (US) ˌdev.əˈluː-, ˌdiː.vəˈ- -s -z
devolv|e dɪˈvɒlv, də- (US) dɪˈvɑːlv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Devon ˈdev.ᵊn -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Devonian devˈəʊ.ni.ən, dɪˈvəʊ-, də- (US) dɪˈvoʊ- -s -z
Devonport ˈdev.ᵊn.pɔːt, -ᵊm- (US) -ᵊn.pɔːrt
de|vote dɪ|ˈvəʊt, də- (US) dɪ|ˈvoʊt -votes -vəʊts (US) -voʊts -voting -vəʊ.tɪŋ (US) -voʊ.t̬ɪŋ -voted -vəʊ.tɪd (US) -voʊ.t̬ɪd
devoted dɪˈvəʊ.tɪd, də- (US) dɪˈvoʊ.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
devotee ˌdev.əʊˈtiː (US) -əˈtiː, -ˈteɪ, -oʊ- -s -z

Devoicing

process affecting a sound which we would normally expect o be voiced but which is pronounced without VOICING in a articular context.

Examples for English

n English, the /l/ in *blade* /bleɪd/ [bleɪd̥] is usually voiced, ut in *played* /pleɪd/ [pl̥eɪd̥] the /l/ is usually voiceless ecause of the preceding voiceless plosive. Note also that he /d/ at the end of the word in each case is devoiced if it is ollowed by a voiceless consonant or a pause.

The notion of devoicing leads to a rather confusing use of phonetic symbols in cases where there are separate symbols for voiced and voiceless pairs of sounds: a devoiced /d/ can be symbolised by adding a diacritic that indicates lack of voice – [d̥], but one is then left in doubt as to what the difference is between this sound and [t]. The usual reason for doing this is to leave the symbol looking like the phoneme it represents.

otion dɪˈvəʊ.ʃən, də- (US) dɪˈvoʊ- -z
otional dɪˈvəʊ.ʃən.əl, də- dɪˈvoʊ- **-ly** -i
our dɪˈvaʊəʳ, də- (US) dɪˈvaʊɚ **-s** -z
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
out dɪˈvaʊt, də- (US) dɪ- **-vouter** aʊ.təʳ (US) -ˈvaʊ.t̬ɚ **-voutest** aʊ.tɪst, -təst (US) -ˈvaʊ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst
outly -ˈvaʊt.li **-voutness** aʊt.nəs, -nɪs
v djuː, dʒuː (US) duː, djuː **-s** -z ˈ**dew ond;** ˈ**dew** ˌ**point**
vali dɪˈwɑː.li (US) də-, dɪ-
var ˈdjuː.əʳ, ˈdʒuː-; djʊəʳ, dʒʊəʳ ˈduː.ɚ, ˈdjuː-
berr|y ˈdjuː.bər|.i, ˈdʒuː-, -ber- ˈduː.ber-, ˈdjuː- **-ies** -iz
claw ˈdjuː.klɔː, ˈdʒuː- ˈduː.klɑː, ˈdjuː-, -klɔː **-s** -z
drop ˈdjuː.drɒp, ˈdʒuː- ˈduː.drɑːp, ˈdjuː- **-s** -s
wes djuːz, dʒuːz (US) duːz, djuːz
Wet dəˈvet, -ˈwet
vey ˈdjuː.i, ˈdʒuː- (US) ˈduː-, ˈdjuː-
hurst ˈdjuː.hɜːst, ˈdʒuː- ˈduː.hɝːst, ˈdjuː-
vi ˈde.wi
: This is a Welsh place name. The glicized pronunciation /ˈdjuː.i/ ould be considered incorrect.
lap ˈdjuː.læp, ˈdʒuː- (US) ˈduː-, juː- **-s** -s
sbury ˈdjuːz.bər.i, ˈdʒuːz- ˈduːz.ber-, ˈdjuːz-, -bɚ-
/ly ˈdjuː|.i, ˈdʒuː- (US) ˈduː-, ˈdjuː-
ness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
edrine® ˈdek.sɪ.driːn, -sə-
ter (D) ˈdek.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
terity dekˈster.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
terous ˈdek.stər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** əs, -nɪs
trose ˈdek.strəʊs, -strəʊz -stroʊs
trous ˈdek.strəs **-ly** -li **-ness** əs, -nɪs
Zoete dəˈzuːt
Zoete Wedd dəˌzuːtˈwed
abbrev. for decigram) ˈdes.ɪ.græm
ka ˈdæk.ə (US) ˈdæk.ə, ˈdɑː.kɑː

dhal dɑːl
dharma ˈdɑː.mə (US) ˈdɑːr-
dhobi ˈdəʊ.bi (US) ˈdoʊ- **-es** -z
dhoti ˈdəʊ.ti (US) ˈdoʊ.t̬i **-es** -z
dhow daʊ **-s** -z
DHSS ˌdiː.eɪtʃ.esˈes
dhurrie ˈdʌr.i (US) ˈdɝː- **-s** -z
di- daɪ, dɪ
Note: Prefix. Where the meaning is **two**, it may carry either primary or secondary stress and is pronounced /daɪ-/, e.g. **digraph** /ˈdaɪ.grɑːf (US) -græf/, **diglossia** /ˌdaɪˈglɒs.i.ə (US) -ˈglɑː.si-/. In other instances, it may be pronounced /daɪ-/, /dɪ-/ or occasionally /də-/, and is not normally stressed in verbs and adjectives, e.g. **digest** /daɪˈdʒest/, **diverse** /daɪˈvɜːs (US) dɪˈvɜːrs/. In nouns, however, it may carry stress, e.g. **digest** /ˈdaɪ.dʒest/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
Di daɪ
dia- daɪə; daɪˈæ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **diadem** /ˈdaɪə.dem/, **diabolic** /ˌdaɪəˈbɒl.ɪk (US) -ˈbɑː.lɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **diagonal** /daɪˈæg.ən.əl/.
diabetes ˌdaɪəˈbiː.tiːz, -tɪz, -tɪs (US) -t̬əs, -t̬iːz
diabetic ˌdaɪəˈbet.ɪk (US) -ˈbet̬- **-s** -s
diabolic ˌdaɪəˈbɒl.ɪk (US) -ˈbɑː.lɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
diabolism daɪˈæb.əl.ɪ.zəm
diaboliz|e, -is|e daɪˈæb.əl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
diabolo diˈæb.əl.əʊ, daɪ-, -ɑː.bəl- (US) daɪˈæb.ə.loʊ
diachronic ˌdaɪ.əˈkrɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈkrɑː.nɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
diacid daɪˈæs.ɪd **-s** -z
diaconal daɪˈæk.ə.nəl, di-
diaconate daɪˈæk.ə.neɪt, di-, -nɪt, -nət **-s** -s
diacritic ˌdaɪəˈkrɪt.ɪk (US) -ˈkrɪt̬- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
diadem ˈdaɪə.dem, -dəm **-s** -z
diaeres|is daɪˈer.ə.s|ɪs, -ˈɪr.ə-, -ˈɪə.rə-, -rɪ- (US) -ˈer.ə-, -ˈɪr- **-es** -iːz
Diaghilev diˈæg.ɪ.lef, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈɑː.gə.lef, -gɪ-
diagnos|e ˈdaɪəg.nəʊz, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌdaɪəgˈnoʊs, -ˈnoʊz, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
diagnos|is ˌdaɪəgˈnəʊ.s|ɪs (US) -ˈnoʊ- **-es** -iːz
diagnostic ˌdaɪəgˈnɒs.tɪk (US) -ˈnɑː.stɪk **-s** -s
diagnostician ˌdaɪəg.nɒsˈtɪʃ.ən (US) -nɑːˈstɪʃ- **-s** -z
diagonal daɪˈæg.ən.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
diagram ˈdaɪə.græm **-s** -z
diagrammatic ˌdaɪə.grəˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
dial daɪəl (US) daɪəl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d ˈ**dialling** ˌ**code;** ˈ**dialling** ˌ**tone;** ˈ**dial** ˌ**tone**
dialect ˈdaɪə.lekt **-s** -s
dialectal ˌdaɪəˈlek.təl
dialectic ˌdaɪəˈlek.tɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
dialectician ˌdaɪə.lekˈtɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
dialectolog|y ˌdaɪə.lekˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈtɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
diallage *figure of speech:* daɪˈæl.ə.gi, -dʒi
diallage *mineral:* ˈdaɪə.lɪdʒ
dialog|ism daɪˈæl.ə.dʒ|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
dialogue, dialog ˈdaɪə.lɒg (US) -lɑːg **-s** -z
dial-up ˈdaɪəl.ʌp
dialys|is daɪˈæl.ə.s|ɪs, ˈ-ɪ- **-es** -iːz
diamagnetic ˌdaɪə.mægˈnet.ɪk, -məg'- (US) -mægˈnet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
diamagnetism ˌdaɪəˈmæg.nə.tɪ.zəm, -nɪ-
diamanté ˌdiː.əˈmɑ̃ːŋ.teɪ, ˌdaɪəˈ-, -ˈmæn-, -ti (US) ˌdiː.ə.mɑːnˈteɪ, -ˈmɑːn.teɪ
diameter daɪˈæm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
diametral daɪˈæm.ɪ.trəl, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -i
diametric ˌdaɪəˈmet.rɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
diamond (D) ˈdaɪə.mənd (US) ˈdaɪə-, ˈdaɪ- **-s** -z
diamondback ˈdaɪə.mənd.bæk

(US) 'daɪə-, 'daɪ- **-s** -s
diamorphine ˌdaɪ.ə'mɔː.fiːn (US) -'mɔːr-
Diana daɪ'æn.ə
Diane daɪ'æn, di-
dianthus daɪ'ænt.θəs **-es** -ɪz
diapason ˌdaɪə'peɪ.zᵊn, -sᵊn **-s** -z
diap|er 'daɪə.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
diaphanous daɪ'æf.ᵊn.əs
diaphone 'daɪə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z
diaphragm 'daɪə.fræm, -frəm (US) -fræm **-s** -z
diaphragmatic ˌdaɪə.fræg'mæt.ɪk, -frəg'- (US) -'mæṭ-
diapositive ˌdaɪə'pɒz.ɪ.tɪv, '-ə- (US) -'pɑː.zə.ṭɪv **-s** -z
diarch|y 'daɪ.ɑː.k|i (US) -ɑːr- **-ies** -iz
diarist 'daɪə.rɪst **-s** -s
diarrh(o)ea ˌdaɪə'rɪə (US) -'riː.ə
diar|y 'daɪə.r|i **-ies** -iz
diaspora (D) daɪ'æs.pᵊr.ə
diastase 'daɪə.steɪs, -steɪz
diastas|is daɪ'æs.tə.s|ɪs, ˌdaɪə'steɪ.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
diastole daɪ'æs.tᵊl.i **-s** -z
diastolic ˌdaɪə'stɒl.ɪk (US) -'stɑː.lɪk
diasystem 'daɪəˌsɪs.təm
diatherm|ic ˌdaɪə'θɜː.m|ɪk (US) -'θɝː- **-ous** -əs
diatom 'daɪə.təm, -tɒm (US) -tɑːm **-s** -z
diatomaceous ˌdaɪə.tə'meɪ.ʃəs
diatomic ˌdaɪə'tɒm.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.mɪk
diatomite daɪ'æt.ə.maɪt (US) -'æṭ-
diatonic ˌdaɪə'tɒn.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.nɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
diatribe 'daɪə.traɪb **-s** -z
diatype 'daɪə.taɪp
Diaz 'diː.əs, -æs, -æθ (US) -ɑːs, -ɑːz, -əs, -æz
diazepam daɪ'æz.ə.pæm, -'eɪ.zə-, -zɪ- (US) -'æz.ə-
dib dɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dibasic daɪ'beɪ.sɪk
dibasicity ˌdaɪ.beɪ'sɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ṭi
Dibb dɪb
dibbl|e 'dɪb.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dɪb.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z (US) '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
Dibdin 'dɪb.dɪn
dibs dɪbz
DiCaprio dɪ'kæp.ri.əʊ, diː'- (US) -oʊ
dicast 'dɪk.æst (US) 'dɪk.æst, 'daɪ.kæst **-s** -s
dice (*plur. of* **die**) daɪs
dic|e (*v.*) daɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
dicey (D) 'daɪ.si
dichloride ˌdaɪ'klɔː.raɪd (US) -'klɔːr.aɪd **-s** -z
dichotomous daɪ'kɒt.ə.məs, dɪ- (US) -'kɑː.ṭə-
dichotom|y daɪ'kɒt.ə.m|i, dɪ- (US) -'kɑː.ṭə- **-ies** -iz
dichromate ˌdaɪ'krəʊ.meɪt (US) -'kroʊ- **-s** -s
dick (D) dɪk
dickens (D) 'dɪk.ɪnz
Dickensian dɪ'ken.zi.ən, də-, -si-
dick|er (D) 'dɪk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Dickerson 'dɪk.ə.sᵊn (US) '-ɚ-
dickey (D) 'dɪk.i **-s** -z '**dickey** ˌ**bow**
dickhead 'dɪk.hed **-s** -z
Dickie 'dɪk.i
Dickins 'dɪk.ɪnz
Dickinson 'dɪk.ɪn.sᵊn
Dickson 'dɪk.sᵊn
dick|y (D) 'dɪk|.i **-ies** -iz
dickybird 'dɪk.i.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd **-s** -z
dicotyledon ˌdaɪ.kɒt.ɪ'liː.dᵊn, -ᵊl'iː- (US) -kɑː.ṭᵊl'iː- **-s** -z
Dictaphone® 'dɪk.tə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z
dictate (*n.*) 'dɪk.teɪt **-s** -s
dic|tate (*v.*) dɪk|'teɪt (US) 'dɪk|.teɪt, -|'- **-tates** -'teɪts (US) -teɪts, -'teɪts **-tating** -'teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ṭɪŋ, -'teɪ- **-tated** -'teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ṭɪd, -'teɪ-
dictation dɪk'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
dictator dɪk'teɪ.təʳ (US) 'dɪk.teɪ.ṭɚ, -'-- **-s** -z
dictatorial ˌdɪk.tə'tɔː.ri.əl (US) -'tɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
dictatorship dɪk'teɪ.tə.ʃɪp (US) -ṭɚ- **-s** -s
diction 'dɪk.ʃᵊn
dictionar|y 'dɪk.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -ʃᵊn.r|i (US) -er|.i **-ies** -iz
dict|um 'dɪk.t|əm **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
did (*from* **do**) dɪd
Didache 'dɪd.ə.ki
didact 'daɪ.dækt **-s** -s
didactic dɪ'dæk.tɪk, daɪ-, də- (US) daɪ-, dɪ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
didacticism dɪ'dæk.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, daɪ-, də- (US) daɪ-, dɪ-, -tə-
Didcot 'dɪd.kət, -kɒt (US) -kɑːt
diddl|e 'dɪd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z (US) '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
diddly 'dɪd.ᵊl.i, '-li
diddlysquat ˌdɪd.ᵊl.i'skwɒt, -li'- (US) -'skwɑːt
diddums 'dɪd.əmz
Diderot 'diː.də.rəʊ (US) ˌdiː.də'roʊ
didgeridoo ˌdɪdʒ.ᵊr.i'duː **-s** -z
Didier 'dɪd.i.eɪ, 'diː.di-
didn't 'dɪd.ᵊnt
Dido 'daɪ.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
didst dɪdst
Didymus 'dɪd.ɪ.məs, '-ə-
die (*n.*) *stamp:* daɪ **-s** -z
die (*n.*) *cube:* daɪ **dice** daɪs
die (*v.*) daɪ **-s** -z **dying** 'daɪ.ɪŋ **died** daɪd
die-casting 'daɪˌkɑː.stɪŋ (US) -ˌkæs.tɪŋ
Diego di'eɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
diehard 'daɪ.hɑːd (US) -hɑːrd **-s** -z
dielectric ˌdaɪ.ɪ'lek.trɪk, -ə'- **-s** -s
Dieppe diː'ep, di-
dieres|is daɪ'er.ə.s|ɪs, -'ɪr-, -'ɪə.rə-, -rɪ- (US) -'er.ə- **-es** -iːz
dieretic ˌdaɪə'ret.ɪk (US) -'reṭ-
diesel 'diː.zᵊl (US) -sᵊl, -zᵊl **-s** -z '**diesel** ˌ**engine**
diesink 'daɪ.sɪŋk **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
dies irae ˌdiː.eɪz'ɪə.raɪ, -ez'-, -es'-, -reɪ (US) -eɪz'ɪr.eɪ, -es'-
dies|is 'daɪ.ə.s|ɪs, '-ɪ- **-es** -iːz
dies non ˌdaɪ.iːz'nɒn, ˌdiː.eɪz- (US) 'diː.eɪs.nɑːn, -es-; ˌdiː.eɪz'nɑːn, ˌdaɪ.iːz'- **-s** -z
diet daɪət **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'daɪə.ṭɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'daɪə.ṭɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dietar|y 'daɪə.tᵊr|.i, 'daɪ.ɪ-, -tr|i (US) 'daɪə.ter|- **-ies** -iz ˌ**dietary** '**fibre**
dietetic ˌdaɪə'tet.ɪk, ˌdaɪ.ɪ'- (US) -'teṭ- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
dietician, dietitian ˌdaɪə'tɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌdaɪ.ɪ'- (US) ˌdaɪə'- **-s** -z
Dietrich 'diː.trɪk, -trɪx, -trɪʃ
Dieu et mon droit ˌdjɜː.eɪ.mɔ̃ːn'drwɑː
diff|er 'dɪf|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
differenc|e 'dɪf.ᵊr.ᵊnts, '-rᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
different 'dɪf.ᵊr.ᵊnt, '-rᵊnt **-ly** -li
differenti|a ˌdɪf.ᵊ'ren.tʃi|.ə, '-tʃ|ə (US) -'rent.ʃi|.ə, '-ʃə **-ae** -iː
differentiable ˌdɪf.ᵊ'ren.tʃi.ə.bᵊl, '-tʃə- (US) -'rent.ʃi.ə-, '-ʃə-
differential ˌdɪf.ᵊ'ren.tʃᵊl (US) -'rent.ʃᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
differenti|ate ˌdɪf.ᵊ'ren.tʃi|.eɪt (US) -'rent.ʃi- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪ[ŋ] (US) -eɪ.ṭɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ṭɪd
differentiation ˌdɪf.ᵊr.en.tʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -ent.si'- (US) -ə.rent.ʃi'-, -si'- **-s** -z
difficult 'dɪf.ɪ.kᵊlt, '-ə-
difficult|y 'dɪf.ɪ.kᵊl.t|i, '-ə- (US) -ṭ|i **-ies** -iz
diffidence 'dɪf.ɪ.dᵊnts
diffident 'dɪf.ɪ.dᵊnt **-ly** -li
diffract dɪ'frækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪ[d]
diffraction dɪ'fræk.ʃᵊn
diffuse (*adj.*) dɪ'fjuːs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
diffus|e (*v.*) dɪ'fjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-edly** -ɪd.li, -d.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -d.nəs, -nɪs **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
diffusibility dɪˌfjuː.zə'bɪl.ə.ti, -zɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -zə'bɪl.ə.ṭi
diffusible dɪ'fjuː.zə.bᵊl, -zɪ-
diffusion dɪ'fjuː.ʒᵊn
diffusive dɪ'fjuː.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dig (*n, v.*) dɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **dug** dʌg
dig. (*in phrase* **infra dig.**) dɪg
digamma daɪ'gæm.ə, '--- **-s** -z
Digby 'dɪg.bi
digest (*n.*) 'daɪ.dʒest **-s** -s
digest (*v.*) daɪ'dʒest, dɪ-, də- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
digestibility daɪˌdʒes.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, dɪ-, də-, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ṭi
digestible daɪ'dʒes.tə.bᵊl, dɪ-, də-, -tɪ-
digestif ˌdiː.ʒes'tɪf **-s** -s
digestion daɪ'dʒes.tʃᵊn, dɪ-, də-, -'dʒeʃ- **-s** -z

estive daɪˈdʒes.tɪv, dɪ-, də- **-s** -z
y -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **diˌgestive**
iscuit, diˈgestive ˌbiscuit
ger ˈdɪg.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
ges dɪgz
gings ˈdɪg.ɪŋz
gle ˈdɪg.əl **-s** -z
gory ˈdɪg.ər.i
ht daɪt
ghton ˈdaɪ.tən
gibox® ˈdɪdʒ.ɪ.bɒks US -bɑːks
es -ɪz
it ˈdɪdʒ.ɪt **-s** -s
ital ˈdɪdʒ.ɪ.təl, ˈ-ə- US -t̬əl **-s** -z **-ly**
li
gitalin ˌdɪdʒ.ɪˈteɪ.lɪn, -əˈ-, -ˈtɑː-
US -ˈtæl.ɪn, -ˈteɪ.lɪn
gitalis ˌdɪdʒ.ɪˈteɪ.lɪs, -əˈ-, -ˈtɑː-
US -ˈtæl.ɪs, -ˈteɪ.lɪs
gitalization, -isa-
dɪdʒ.ɪ.təl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, -ɪˈ-
US -t̬əl.ɪˈ-
gitaliz|e, -is|e ˈdɪdʒ.ɪ.təl.aɪz, ˈ-ə-
US -t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gitization, -isa-
dɪdʒ.ɪ.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, -tɪˈ- US -t̬ɪˈ-
gitiz|e, -is|e ˈdɪdʒ.ɪ.taɪz, ˈ-ə- **-es**
-ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gloss|ia ˌdaɪˈglɒs|.i.ə US -ˈglɑː.s|i-
-ic -ɪk
gni|fy ˈdɪg.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- **-fies** -faɪz
-fying -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
gnitar|y ˈdɪg.nɪ.tər|.i, -nə-
US -nə.ter- **-ies** -iz
gnit|y ˈdɪg.nə.t|i, -nɪ- US -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
igraph ˈdaɪ.grɑːf US -græf **-s** -s
igress daɪˈgres, dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -t
igression daɪˈgreʃ.ən, dɪ- **-s** -z
igressive daɪˈgres.ɪv, dɪ- **-ly** -li
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
igs dɪgz
ijon ˈdiː.ʒɔ̃ːŋ US diːˈʒoʊn, -ˈʒɔːn
ik|e daɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
iktat ˈdɪk.tæt, -tɑːt US dɪkˈtɑːt, ˈ--
-s -s
ilapi|date dɪˈlæp.ɪ|.deɪt, də-, ˈ-ə-
-dates -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ
US -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd
US -deɪ.t̬ɪd
ilapidation dɪˌlæp.ɪˈdeɪ.ʃən, də-,
-əˈ- **-s** -z
ilatability daɪˌleɪ.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, dɪ-,
də-, -ɪ.ti US -t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
ilatation ˌdɪl.əˈteɪ.ʃən, ˌdaɪ-, -leɪˈ-
US ˌdɪl.əˈteɪ.ʃən; ˈdaɪ.lə.teɪ- **-s** -z
ila|te daɪˈleɪ|t, dɪ-, də- US ˈdaɪ.leɪ|t;
-ˈ-, də- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted**
-tɪd US -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z
-table -tə.bəl US -t̬ə.bəl
dilation daɪˈleɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, də- **-s** -z
dilator daɪˈleɪ.təʳ, dɪ-, də- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
dilator|y ˈdɪl.ə.tər|.i, -tr|i US -tɔːr|.i
-ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -i.nəs, -i.nɪs
Dilbert ˈdɪl.bət US -bɚt
dildo ˈdɪl.dəʊ US -doʊ **-(e)s** -z
dilemma dɪˈlem.ə, daɪ-, də- **-s** -z
dilettante ˌdɪl.ɪˈtæn.ti, -əˈ-, -teɪ
US ˌdɪl.əˈtɑːnt, -ˈtænt, ˈ---;
ˌdɪl.əˈtæn.ti, -ˈtɑːn- **-s** -z
dilettanti (*alternative plur. of*
dilettante) ˌdɪl.ɪˈtæn.ti, -əˈ-, -teɪ
US ˌdɪl.əˈtɑːn.taɪ, -ˈtæn-, -ti
dilettantism ˌdɪl.ɪˈtæn.tɪ.zəm, -əˈ-
US -ˈtɑːn-, -ˈtæn-
Dili ˈdɪl.i
diligenc|e ˈdɪl.ɪ.dʒənts, ˈ-ə-
diligent ˈdɪl.ɪ.dʒənt, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li
Dilke dɪlk **-s** -s
dill (D) dɪl **-s** -z
Diller ˈdɪl.əʳ US -ɚ
Dilley ˈdɪl.i
Dillinger ˈdɪl.ɪn.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ
Dillon ˈdɪl.ən
Dillwyn ˈdɪl.ɪn, ˈdɪl.wɪn
dill|y ˈdɪl|.i **-ies** -iz
dillydall|y ˈdɪl.iˌdæl|.i, ˌ--ˈ-- **-ies** -iz
-ying -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
diluent ˈdɪl.ju.ənt **-s** -s
dilu|te daɪˈluː|t, dɪ-, -ˈljuː|t US -ˈluː|t
-tes -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd
US -t̬ɪd **-teness** -t.nəs, -t.nɪs
dilution daɪˈluː.ʃən, dɪ-, -ˈljuː-
US -ˈluː- **-s** -z
diluvi|al daɪˈluː.vi|.əl, dɪ-, -ˈljuː-
US dɪˈluː-, daɪ- **-an** -ən
diluvi|um daɪˈluː.vi|.əm, dɪ-, -ˈljuː-
US dɪˈluː-, daɪ- **-a** -ə
Dilwyn, Dilwen ˈdɪl.wɪn
Dilys ˈdɪl.ɪs
dim dɪm **-mer/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-mest**
-ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z
-ming -ɪŋ **-med** -d
Di Maggio dɪˈmædʒ.i.əʊ US -oʊ,
dəˈmɑːʒ.i.oʊ
Dimbleby ˈdɪm.bəl.bi
dime daɪm **-s** -z
dimension ˌdaɪˈmen.tʃən, dɪ-, də-
US dɪˈment.ʃən, də-, ˌdaɪ- **-s** -z
dimensional ˌdaɪˈmen.tʃən.əl, dɪ-,
də- US dɪˈment.ʃən.əl, də-, ˌdaɪ-
dimeter ˈdɪm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
diminish dɪˈmɪn.ɪʃ, də- **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bəl
diminuendo dɪˌmɪn.juˈen.dəʊ, də-
US -doʊ **-s** -z
diminution ˌdɪm.ɪˈnjuː.ʃən
US -əˈnuː-, -ˈnjuː- **-s** -z
diminutive dɪˈmɪn.jə.tɪv, də-, -jʊ-
US -jə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dimity ˈdɪm.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti US -ə.t̬i, -ɪ.t̬i
dimmer ˈdɪm.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
Dimmesdale ˈdɪmz.deɪl
dimmish ˈdɪm.ɪʃ
Dimmock ˈdɪm.ək
dimorphism daɪˈmɔː.fɪ.zəm
US -ˈmɔːr-
dimorphous daɪˈmɔː.fəs US -ˈmɔːr-
dimout ˈdɪm.aʊt **-s** -s
dimpl|e ˈdɪm.pəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ,
ˈdɪm.plɪŋ **-ed** -d
Dimplex® ˈdɪm.pleks
dimply ˈdɪm.pli
dim sum ˌdɪmˈsʊm, -ˈsʌm
dimwit ˈdɪm.wɪt **-s** -s
dim-witted ˌdɪmˈwɪt.ɪd US ˈdɪmˌwɪt̬-,
ˌ-ˈ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift,*
British only: ˌdimwitted ˈidiot
din dɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
Dina ˈdiː.nə, ˈdaɪ.nə
Dinah ˈdaɪ.nə
dinar ˈdiː.nɑːʳ, -ˈ- US diːˈnɑːr, ˈ-- **-s** -z
Dinaric dɪˈnær.ɪk, də-, daɪ- US -ˈner-,
-ˈnær-
Dinas Powis ˌdiː.næsˈpaʊ.ɪs
din|e (D) daɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ˈdining ˌcar; ˈdining ˌroom;
ˈdining ˌtable
Dinefwr dɪˈnev.ʊəʳ US -ʊr
diner ˈdaɪ.nəʳ US -nɚ **-s** -z
Dinesen ˈdɪn.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə- US ˈdiː.nə-,
ˈdɪn.ə-, ˈ-ɪ-, -sɪn
dinette daɪˈnet, dɪ- US daɪ- **-s** -s
ding dɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ding-a-ling ˈdɪŋ.ə.lɪŋ **-s** -z
dingbat ˈdɪŋ.bæt **-s** -s
ding-dong ˈdɪŋ.dɒŋ US -dɑːŋ, -dɔːŋ
dingh|y ˈdɪŋ.g|i, -|i US ˈdɪŋ|.i, -g|i
-ies -iz
dingle (D) ˈdɪŋ.gəl **-s** -z
Dingley ˈdɪŋ.li
dingo ˈdɪŋ.gəʊ US -goʊ **-es** -z
Dingwall ˈdɪŋ.wɔːl, -wəl US -wɑːl,
-wɔːl, -wəl
ding|y ˈdɪn.dʒ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness**
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
dink dɪŋk **-s** -s
Dinkins ˈdɪŋ.kɪnz US ˈdɪŋ-, ˈdɪn-
dinkum ˈdɪŋ.kəm
dink|y ˈdɪŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Dinmont ˈdɪn.mɒnt, ˈdɪm-, -mənt
US ˈdɪn.mɑːnt, -mənt
Dinneford ˈdɪn.ɪ.fəd US -fɚd
dinner ˈdɪn.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z **ˈdinner**
ˌhour; ˈdinner ˌjacket; ˈdinner
ˌlady; ˈdinner ˌparty; ˈdinner
ˌplate; ˈdinner ˌservice; ˈdinner
ˌset; ˈdinner ˌtable; ˈdinner ˌtime
Dinnington ˈdɪn.ɪŋ.tən
Dinocrates daɪˈnɒk.rə.tiːz, dɪ-
US -ˈnɑː.krə-
Dinorah dɪˈnɔː.rə US -ˈnɔːr.ə
dinosaur ˈdaɪ.nə.sɔːʳ
US -sɔːr **-s** -z
dinosaur|us ˌdaɪ.nəˈsɔː.r|əs
US -ˈsɔːr|.əs **-i** -aɪ
dinotheri|um ˌdaɪ.nəʊˈθɪə.ri|.əm,
-əˈ- US -noʊˈ-, -ˈθɪr.i- **-a** -ə
dint dɪnt
Dinwiddie dɪnˈwɪd.i, ˈ---
diocesan daɪˈɒs.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə-, -zən
US -ˈɑː.sə-
dioces|e ˈdaɪə.sɪs, -siːs, -siːz **-es** -ɪz
Diocles ˈdaɪə.kliːz
Diocletian ˌdaɪəˈkliː.ʃən, -ʃi.ən
diode ˈdaɪ.əʊd US -oʊd **-s** -z
Diodorus ˌdaɪəˈdɔː.rəs US -ˈdɔːr.əs
Diogenes daɪˈɒdʒ.ɪ.niːz, ˈ-ə-
US -ˈɑː.dʒə-
Diomede ˈdaɪə.miːd
Diomedes ˌdaɪəˈmiː.diːz; daɪˈɒm.ɪ-
US ˌdaɪəˈmiː-
Dion *Greek:* ˈdaɪ.ən US -ɑːn *French:*

Diphthong

A sound in which there is a glide from one vowel quality to another.

Examples for English

BBC English and US English contain a large number of diphthongs: in both accents, there are three ending in [ɪ] (/eɪ aɪ ɔɪ/), sometimes referred to as 'front closing', and two ending in [ʊ] (/aʊ əʊ/), sometimes referred to as 'back closing'. In US English, the preferred transcription of the BBC vowel /əʊ/ is /oʊ/, which indicates a rounded initial vowel.

BBC English also has three diphthongs ending in [ə] (/ɪə eə ʊə/), which are sometimes known as 'centring'. The /ʊə/ diphthong is now less commonly used than /ɔː/. These diphthongs usually appear in US English with an /r/ final (/ɪr er ʊr/), as words containing them generally end with an *r* in the spelling, e.g.:

bay	/beɪ/	
buy	/baɪ/	
boy	/bɔɪ/	
go	/gəʊ/	ⓤⓢ /goʊ/
cow	/kaʊ/	
pier	/pɪə/	ⓤⓢ /pɪr/
pear	/peə/	ⓤⓢ /per/
poor	/pʊə/ (more often) /pɔː/	ⓤⓢ /pʊr/

Opinions differ as to whether diphthongs should be treated as phonemes in their own right, or as combinations of two phonemes.

'diː.ən, -ɔ̃ːŋ, -ɒŋ, -ɒn ⓤⓢ di'oʊn
Dionne diː'ɒn, di-; 'diː.ɒn ⓤⓢ -'ɑːn
Dionysi|a ˌdaɪə'nɪs.i|.ə, -'nɪz- ⓤⓢ -'nɪʃ.i|.ə, -'nɪs-, -'nɪz-, -'nɪʃ|.ə **-an** -ən
Dionysiac ˌdaɪə'nɪs.i.æk, -'nɪz-
Dionysius ˌdaɪə'nɪs.i.əs, -'nɪz- ⓤⓢ -'nɪʃ.əs, '-i.əs, -'nɪs.i-, -'naɪ.si-
Dionysus ˌdaɪə'naɪ.səs ⓤⓢ -'naɪ.səs, -'niː-
dioptre, diopter daɪ'ɒp.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'ɑːp.tɚ **-s** -z
dioptric daɪ'ɒp.trɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑːp-
Dior 'diː.ɔːʳ, di'ɔːʳ ⓤⓢ di'ɔːr
diorama ˌdaɪə'rɑː.mə ⓤⓢ -'ræm.ə, -'rɑː.mə **-s** -z
dioramic ˌdaɪə'ræm.ɪk
Dioscuri ˌdaɪə'skjʊə.ri; ˌdaɪ.ɒs'kjʊə-; daɪ'ɒs.kjʊ.ri, -raɪ ⓤⓢ ˌdaɪ.ɑː'skjʊr.aɪ
Diosy di'əʊ.si ⓤⓢ -'oʊ-
dioxide daɪ'ɒk.saɪd ⓤⓢ -'ɑːk- **-s** -z
dioxin daɪ'ɒk.sɪn ⓤⓢ -'ɑːk- **-s** -z
dip dɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
diphenyl daɪ'fiː.naɪl, -'fen.aɪl, -əl, -ɪl, -'fen.ɪl ⓤⓢ -'fen.əl, -'fiː.nəl
diphtheria dɪf'θɪə.ri.ə, dɪp- ⓤⓢ -'θɪr.i-
diphthong 'dɪf.θɒŋ, 'dɪp- ⓤⓢ -θɑːŋ, -θɔːŋ **-s** -z
diphthongal 'dɪf.θɒŋ.əl, 'dɪp-, -gəl, -'-- ⓤⓢ dɪf'θɑːŋ.əl, dɪp-, -'θɔːŋ-, -gəl **-ly** -i
diphthongization, -isa- ˌdɪf.θɒŋ.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌdɪp-, -gaɪ'-, -gɪ'- ⓤⓢ -θɑːŋ.ɪ'-, -θɔːŋ-, -gɪ'- **-s** -z
diphthongiz|e, -is|e 'dɪf.θɒŋ.aɪz, 'dɪp-, -gaɪz ⓤⓢ -θɑːŋ.aɪz, -θɔːŋ-, -gaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Diplock 'dɪp.lɒk ⓤⓢ -lɑːk
diplodoc|us dɪ'plɒd.ə.k|əs, ˌdɪp.ləʊ'dəʊ- ⓤⓢ dɪ'plɑː.də-, -'ploʊ- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
diploid 'dɪp.lɔɪd **-s** -z
diploma dɪ'pləʊ.mə ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-, də- **-s** -z
diplomacy dɪ'pləʊ.mə.si ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-, də-
diplomat 'dɪp.lə.mæt **-s** -s
diplomatic ˌdɪp.lə'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæţ- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
diplomatist dɪ'pləʊ.mə.tɪst ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-, də- **-s** -s
diplomatiz|e, -is|e dɪ'pləʊ.mə.taɪz ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-, də- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
diplosis dɪ'pləʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ -'ploʊ-
dipole 'daɪ.pəʊl ⓤⓢ -poʊl **-s** -z
dipper 'dɪp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
dipp|y 'dɪp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
dipsomania ˌdɪp.səʊ'meɪ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ -sə'-, -soʊ'-
dipsomaniac ˌdɪp.səʊ'meɪ.ni.æk ⓤⓢ -sə'-, -soʊ'- **-s** -s
dipstick 'dɪp.stɪk **-s** -s
dipswitch 'dɪp.swɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz
dipteran 'dɪp.tə.rən ⓤⓢ -tɚ.ən **-s** -z
dipter|on 'dɪp.tə.r|ən ⓤⓢ -r|ɑːn **-ons** -ənz ⓤⓢ -ɑːnz **-a** -ə **-ous** -əs
diptych 'dɪp.tɪk **-s** -s
dir|e daɪəʳ ⓤⓢ daɪɚ **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
direct dɪ'rekt, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rekt, daɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**direct 'mail;** ˌ**direct 'object**
direction dɪ'rek.ʃən, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek-, daɪ- **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
directional dɪ'rek.ʃən.əl, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek-, daɪ-
directive dɪ'rek.tɪv, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek-, daɪ- **-s** -z
directly dɪ'rekt.li, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ-, daɪ-
director dɪ'rek.təʳ, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek.tɚ, daɪ- **-s** -z
directorate dɪ'rek.tər.ət, daɪ-, də-, -ɪt ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek-, daɪ- **-s** -s
directorial dɪˌrek'tɔː.ri.əl, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪˌrek'tɔːr.i-, daɪ-
directorship dɪ'rek.tə.ʃɪp, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek.tɚ-, daɪ- **-s** -s
director|y dɪ'rek.tər|.i, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ'rek-, daɪ- **-ies** -iz
direful 'daɪə.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'daɪɚ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dirg|e dɜːdʒ ⓤⓢ dɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz
dirham 'dɪ.ræm, 'dɪər.æm, -əm ⓤⓢ dɪr'hæm; də'ræm **-s** -z
dirigible 'dɪr.ɪ.dʒə.bəl, -dʒɪ-; dɪ'rɪdʒ-, də- ⓤⓢ 'dɪr.ə.dʒə-; dɪ'rɪdʒ.ə-, də- **-s** -z
dirigisme ˌdɪr.ɪ'ʒiː.zəm; 'dɪr.ɪ.ʒɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌdɪr.ɪ'ʒiː-
dirigiste ˌdɪr.ɪ'ʒiːst; 'dɪr.ɪ.ʒɪst ⓤⓢ 'dɪr.ɪ.ʒɪst; ˌdɪr.ɪ'ʒiːst **-s** -s
dirk (D) dɜːk ⓤⓢ dɝːk **-s** -s
dirndl 'dɜːn.dəl ⓤⓢ 'dɝːn- **-s** -z
dirt dɜːt ⓤⓢ dɝːt ˌ**dirt 'cheap;** ˌ**dirt 'poor;** '**dirt** ˌ**track**
dirt|y 'dɜː.t|i ⓤⓢ 'dɝː.ţ|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**dirty 'trick; do someone's 'dirty** ˌ**work**
dis- dɪs, dɪz
Note: Prefix. In words containing **dis-** the prefix will normally either not be stressed, e.g. **disable** /dɪ'seɪ.bəl/, or will take secondary stress if the stem is stressed on its second syllable, e.g. **ability** /ə'bɪl.ə.ti ⓤⓢ -ţi/, **disability** /ˌdɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.ti ⓤⓢ -ţi/. There is sometimes a difference in stress between nouns and verbs, e.g. **discharge**, noun /'dɪs.tʃɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ -tʃɑːrdʒ/, verb /dɪs'tʃɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ -'tʃɑːrdʒ/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
Dis dɪs
disabilit|y ˌdɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
disabl|e dɪ'seɪ.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'eɪ.blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt
disabus|e ˌdɪs.ə'bjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disaccharide daɪ'sæk.ər.aɪd, -ɪd

(US) -ə.raɪd -s -z
accustom ˌdɪs.əˈkʌs.təm -s -z
ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
advantag|e ˌdɪs.ədˈvɑːn.tɪdʒ
(US) -ˈvæn.t̬ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
advantageous
dɪsˌæd.vənˈteɪ.dʒəs, -əd-, -vɑːnˈ-,
vænˈ-; dɪˌsæd- (US) ˌdɪsˌæd.vænˈ-,
vənˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
affect ˌdɪs.əˈfekt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
ed/ly -ɪd/li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
affection ˌdɪs.əˈfek.ʃən
afforest ˌdɪs.əˈfɒr.ɪst, -əst
(US) -ˈfɔːr- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
afforestation
dɪs.əˌfɒr.ɪˈsteɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- (US) -ˌfɔːr-
agree ˌdɪs.əˈgriː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
agreeab|le ˌdɪs.əˈgriː.ə.b|əl -ly -li
leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
agreement ˌdɪs.əˈgriː.mənt -s -s
allow ˌdɪs.əˈlaʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
allowable ˌdɪs.əˈlaʊ.ə.bəl *stress*
hift: ˌdisallowable ˈgoals
allowance ˌdɪs.əˈlaʊ.ənts
ambigu|ate ˌdɪs.æmˈbɪg.ju|.eɪt
ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ
ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
ambiguation
dɪs.æmˌbɪg.juˈeɪ.ʃən
appear ˌdɪs.əˈpɪər (US) -ˈpɪr -s -z
ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
appearanc|e ˌdɪs.əˈpɪə.rənts
(US) -ˈpɪr.ənts -es -ɪz
ap|point ˌdɪs.ə|ˈpɔɪnt -points
pɔɪnts -pointing/ly -ˈpɔɪn.tɪŋ/li
(US) -ˈpɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ/li -pointed -ˈpɔɪn.tɪd
(US) -ˈpɔɪn.t̬ɪd
appointment ˌdɪs.əˈpɔɪnt.mənt
s -s
approbation
dɪs.æp.rəʊˈbeɪ.ʃən, -rʊˈ-; dɪˌsæp-
(US) ˌdɪsˌæp.rəˈ-, -roʊˈ-
approval ˌdɪs.əˈpruː.vəl
approv|e ˌdɪs.əˈpruːv -es -z
ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
arm dɪˈsɑːm, -ˈzɑːm (US) -ˈsɑːrm -s -z
ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
armament dɪˈsɑː.mə.mənt,
zɑː- (US) -ˈsɑːr-
arrang|e ˌdɪs.əˈreɪndʒ -es -ɪz -ing
ɪŋ -ed -d
arrangement ˌdɪs.əˈreɪndʒ.mənt
s -s
array ˌdɪs.ərˈeɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
articu|late ˌdɪs.ɑːˈtɪk.jə|.leɪt,
jʊ- (US) -ɑːrˈ- -lates -leɪts -lating
leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd
(US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
articulation
dɪs.ɑːˌtɪk.jəˈleɪ.ʃən, -jʊˈ- (US) -ɑːr-
associ|ate ˌdɪs.əˈsəʊ.si|.eɪt, -ʃi-
(US) -ˈsoʊ.ʃi-, -si- -ates -eɪts -ating
eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd
(US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
association ˌdɪs.ə.səʊ.siˈeɪ.ʃən,
ʃiˈ- (US) -soʊ.ʃiˈ-, -siˈ-
aster dɪˈzɑː.stər, də- (US) dɪˈzæs.tɚ
s -z
astrous dɪˈzɑː.strəs, də-
(US) dɪˈzæs.trəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

disavow ˌdɪs.əˈvaʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
-al -əl
disband dɪsˈbænd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
-ment -mənt
disbar dɪsˈbɑːr (US) -ˈbɑːr -s -z -ring -ɪŋ
-red -d
disbark dɪsˈbɑːk (US) -ˈbɑːrk -s -s -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -t
disbelief ˌdɪs.bɪˈliːf, -bəˈ-
disbeliev|e ˌdɪs.bɪˈliːv, -bəˈ- -es -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
disburden dɪsˈbɜː.dən (US) -ˈbɝː- -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disburdenment dɪsˈbɜː.dən.mənt
(US) -ˈbɝː-
disburs|e dɪsˈbɜːs (US) -ˈbɝːs -es -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
disbursement dɪsˈbɜːs.mənt
(US) -ˈbɝːs- -s -s
disc dɪsk -s -s ˈ**disc ˌjockey**
discard (*n.*) ˈdɪs.kɑːd (US) -kɑːrd -s -z
discard (*v.*) dɪˈskɑːd (US) -ˈskɑːrd -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
discern dɪˈsɜːn, də- (US) dɪˈsɝːn, -ˈzɝːn
-s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
discernib|le dɪˈsɜː.nə.b|əl, də-, -nɪ-
(US) dɪˈsɝː-, -ˈzɝː- -ly -li -leness
-əl.nəs, -nɪs
discerning dɪˈsɜː.nɪŋ, də- (US) dɪˈsɝː-,
-ˈzɝː- -ly -li
discernment dɪˈsɜːn.mənt, də-
(US) dɪˈsɝːn-, -ˈzɝːn-
discharg|e (*n.*) ˈdɪs.tʃɑːdʒ, -ˈ-
(US) ˈdɪs.tʃɑːrdʒ, -ˈ- -es -ɪz
discharg|e (*v.*) dɪsˈtʃɑːdʒ (US) -ˈtʃɑːrdʒ
-es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
disciple dɪˈsaɪ.pəl, də- (US) dɪ- -s -z
-ship -ʃɪp
disciplinarian ˌdɪs.ə.plɪˈneə.ri.ən,
ˌ-ɪ-, -pləˈ- (US) -ˈner.i- -s -z
disciplinary ˌdɪs.əˈplɪ.nər.i, -ɪˈ-,
ˈdɪs.ə.plɪ-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈdɪs.ə.plɪ.ner-
ˌ**disciplinary** ˈ**action**, **disciˌplinary**
ˈ**action** (US) ˈ**disciplinary** ˌ**action**
disciplin|e ˈdɪs.ə.plɪn, ˈ-ɪ- -es -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d
disclaim dɪsˈkleɪm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disclaimer dɪsˈkleɪ.mər (US) -mɚ -s -z
disclos|e dɪsˈkləʊz (US) -ˈkloʊz -es -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disclosure dɪsˈkləʊ.ʒər (US) -ˈkloʊ.ʒɚ
-s -z
disco ˈdɪs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
discobol|us dɪˈskɒb.əl|.əs
(US) -ˈskɑː.bəl- -i -aɪ
discol|o(u)r dɪˈskʌl|.ər (US) -ˈskʌl|.ɚ
-o(u)rs -əz (US) -ɚz -o(u)ring -ər.ɪŋ
-o(u)red -əd (US) -ɚd
discolo(u)ration dɪˌskʌl.əˈreɪ.ʃən;
ˌdɪs.kʌl- (US) dɪˌskʌl- -s -z
discombobu|late
ˌdɪs.kəmˈbɒb.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ-
(US) -ˈbɑː.bjə-, -bjʊ- -lates -leɪts
-lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated
-leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
discom|fit dɪˈskʌmp|.fɪt -fits -fɪts
-fiting -fɪ.tɪŋ (US) -fɪ.t̬ɪŋ -fited -fɪ.tɪd
(US) -fɪ.t̬ɪd
discomfiture dɪˈskʌmp.fɪ.tʃər, -fə-
(US) -tʃɚ

discom|fort dɪˈskʌmp|.fət (US) -fɚt
-forts -fəts (US) -fɚts -forting -fə.tɪŋ
(US) -fɚ.t̬ɪŋ -forted -fə.tɪd (US) -fɚ.t̬ɪd
discommod|e ˌdɪs.kəˈməʊd
(US) -ˈmoʊd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
discompos|e ˌdɪs.kəmˈpəʊz
(US) -ˈpoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
discomposure ˌdɪs.kəmˈpəʊ.ʒər
(US) -ˈpoʊ.ʒɚ
discon|cert ˌdɪs.kən|ˈsɜːt (US) -ˈsɝːt
-certs -ˈsɜːts (US) -ˈsɝːts -certing/ly
-ˈsɜː.tɪŋ/li (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɪŋ/li -certed
-ˈsɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɪd
disconnect ˌdɪs.kəˈnekt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
disconnection ˌdɪs.kəˈnek.ʃən
disconsolate dɪˈskɒnt.səl.ət, -ɪt
(US) -ˈskɑːnt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
discon|tent ˌdɪs.kən|ˈtent -tented
-ˈten.tɪd (US) -ˈten.t̬ɪd -tentedly
-ˈten.tɪd.li (US) -ˈten.t̬ɪd.li
-tentedness -ˈten.tɪd.nəs, -nɪs
(US) -ˈten.t̬ɪd.nəs, -nɪs -tentment
-ˈtent.mənt
discontinuance ˌdɪs.kənˈtɪn.ju.ənts
discontinuation
ˌdɪs.kənˌtɪn.juˈeɪ.ʃən
discontinu|e ˌdɪs.kənˈtɪn.juː -es -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
discontinuit|y ˌdɪsˌkɒn.tɪˈnjuː.ə.t|i,
-kɒn-, -ɪ.t|i; dɪˌskɒn-
(US) ˌdɪs.kɑːn.tənˈuː.ə.t̬|i, -ˈjuː- -ies -iz
discontinuous ˌdɪs.kənˈtɪn.ju.əs -ly
-li
discord (*n.*) ˈdɪs.kɔːd (US) -kɔːrd -s -z
discord (*v.*) dɪˈskɔːd (US) -ˈskɔːrd -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
discordan|ce dɪˈskɔː.dənt|s
(US) -ˈskɔːr- -cy -si
discordant dɪˈskɔː.dənt (US) -ˈskɔːr-
-ly -li
discotheque, discothèque
ˈdɪs.kə.tek -s -s
discount (*n.*) ˈdɪs.kaʊnt -s -s
dis|count (*v.*) dɪˈs|kaʊnt -counts
-kaʊnts -counting -kaʊn.tɪŋ
(US) -kaʊn.t̬ɪŋ -counted -kaʊn.tɪd
(US) -kaʊn.t̬ɪd -counter/s -kaʊn.tər/z
(US) -kaʊn.t̬ɚ/z
discountenanc|e dɪˈskaʊn.tɪ.nənts,
-tə- (US) -tən.ənts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
discourag|e dɪˈskʌr.ɪdʒ (US) -ˈskɝː-
-es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
discouragement dɪˈskʌr.ɪdʒ.mənt
(US) -ˈskɝː- -s -s
discours|e (*n.*) ˈdɪs.kɔːs (US) -kɔːrs
-es -ɪz
discours|e (*v.*) dɪˈskɔːs (US) -ˈskɔːrs -es
-ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
discourteous dɪˈskɜː.ti.əs
(US) -ˈskɝː.t̬i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
discourtesy dɪˈskɜː.tə.si, -tɪ-
(US) -ˈskɝː.t̬ə-
discov|er dɪˈskʌv|.ər (US) -ɚ -ers -əz
(US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd
(US) -ɚd -erer/s -ər.ər/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
discoverable dɪˈskʌv.ər.ə.bəl
discovert dɪˈskʌv.ət (US) -ɚt
discover|y dɪˈskʌv.ər|.i -ies -iz
discred|it dɪˈskred|.ɪt -its -ɪts -iting

-ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
discreditab|le dɪ'skred.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
dis|creet dɪ's|kriːt **-creetest** -'kriː.tɪst, -təst ⓤⓢ -'kriː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-creetly** -'kriːt.li **-creetness** -'kriːt.nəs, -nɪs
discrepan|cy dɪ'skrep.ᵊn|t.si **-cies** -t.siz **-t** -t
discrete dɪ'skriːt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
discretion dɪ'skreʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
discretional dɪ'skreʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
discretionar|y dɪ'skreʃ.ᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -r|i ⓤⓢ -er|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
discriminate (*adj.*) dɪ'skrɪm.ɪ.nət, '-ə-, -nɪt **-ly** -li
discrimi|nate (*v.*) dɪ'skrɪm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating/ly** -neɪ.tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
discrimination dɪˌskrɪm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
discriminative dɪ'skrɪm.ɪ.nə.tɪv, '-ə-, -neɪ- ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪv, -nə- **-ly** -li
discriminatory dɪ'skrɪm.ɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, '-ə-, -tri; dɪˌskrɪm.ɪ'neɪ-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ dɪ'skrɪm.ɪ.nə.tɔːr.i
discursion dɪ'skɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn ⓤⓢ -'skɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
discursive dɪ'skɜː.sɪv ⓤⓢ -skɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
discursory dɪ'skɜː.sᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -'skɝː-
disc|us 'dɪs.k|əs **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz
discuss dɪ'skʌs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bᵊl
discussant dɪ'skʌs.ᵊnt **-s** -s
discussion dɪ'skʌʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
disdain dɪs'deɪn, dɪz- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disdainful dɪs'deɪn.fᵊl, dɪz-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
diseas|e dɪ'ziːz, də- ⓤⓢ dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -d
disembark ˌdɪs.ɪm'bɑːk, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'bɑːrk, '--- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
disembarkation ˌdɪs.ɪm.bɑː'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -em- ⓤⓢ -bɑːr'- **-s** -z
disembarkment ˌdɪs.ɪm'bɑːk.mənt, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'bɑːrk- **-s** -s
disembarrass ˌdɪs.ɪm'bær.əs, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'ber-, -'bær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
disembarrassment ˌdɪs.ɪm'bær.əs.mənt, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'ber-, -'bær- **-s** -s
disembod|y ˌdɪs.ɪm'bɒd|.i, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'bɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
disembowel ˌdɪs.ɪm'baʊəl, -em'- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
disen|chant ˌdɪs.ɪn|'tʃɑːnt, -en'-, -ᵊn'- ⓤⓢ -'tʃænt **-chants** -'tʃɑːnts ⓤⓢ -'tʃænts **-chanting** -'tʃɑːn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'tʃæn.t̬ɪŋ **-chanted** -'tʃɑːn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'tʃæn.t̬ɪd
disenchantment ˌdɪs.ɪn'tʃɑːnt.mənt, -en'-, -ᵊn'- ⓤⓢ -'tʃænt- **-s** -s
disencumb|er ˌdɪs.ɪn'kʌm.b|əʳ, -ɪŋ'-, -en'-, -eŋ'- ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
disendow ˌdɪs.ɪn'daʊ, -en'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disendowment ˌdɪs.ɪn'daʊ.mənt, -en'-
disenfranchis|e ˌdɪs.ɪn'fræn.tʃaɪz, -en'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disenfranchisement ˌdɪs.ɪn'fræn.tʃɪz.mənt, -en'-, -tʃaɪz- ⓤⓢ -tʃaɪz-, -tʃɪz-
disengag|e ˌdɪs.ɪn'geɪdʒ, -ɪŋ'-, -en'-, -eŋ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn'-, -en'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disengagement ˌdɪs.ɪn'geɪdʒ.mənt, -ɪŋ'-, -en'-, -eŋ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn'-, -en'-
disentail ˌdɪs.ɪn'teɪl, -en'-, -ᵊn'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disentangl|e ˌdɪs.ɪn'tæŋ.gᵊl, -en'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'tæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d
disentanglement ˌdɪs.ɪn'tæŋ.gᵊl.mənt, -en'-
disequilibrium ˌdɪs.ek.wɪ'lɪb.ri.əm, -iː.kwɪ'-, -kwə'- ⓤⓢ ˌdɪs.iː.kwɪ'-; dɪˌsek.wɪ'-
disestablish ˌdɪs.ɪ'stæb.lɪʃ, -es'tæb-, -ə'stæb- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'stæb-, -es'tæb-, 'dɪs.ɪ.stæb-, -es.tæb- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
disestablishment ˌdɪs.ɪ'stæb.lɪʃ.mənt, -es'tæb-, -ə'stæb- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'stæb-, -es'tæb-
disestablishmentarian ˌdɪs.ɪˌstæb.lɪʃ.mən'teə.ri.ən, -esˌtæb-, -əˌstæb- ⓤⓢ -ɪˌstæb.lɪʃ.mən'ter.i-, -esˌtæb-
disfavo(u)r dɪs'feɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ
disfiguration dɪsˌfɪg.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdɪs.fɪg-, -jʊ'- ⓤⓢ dɪsˌfɪg.jə'- **-s** -z
disfig|ure dɪs'fɪg|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -j|ɚ **-ures** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-urement/s** -ə.mənt/s ⓤⓢ -ɚ.mənt/s
disforest dɪs'fɒr.ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
disfranchis|e dɪs'fræn.tʃaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disfranchisement dɪs'fræn.tʃɪz.mənt, -tʃəz-, -tʃaɪz- ⓤⓢ -tʃaɪz-, -tʃɪz-
disgorg|e dɪs'gɔːdʒ ⓤⓢ -'gɔːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disgrac|e dɪs'greɪs, dɪz- ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
disgraceful dɪs'greɪs.fᵊl, dɪz-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
disgruntled dɪs'grʌn.tᵊld ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊld
disgruntlement dɪs'grʌn.tᵊl.mənt ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl-
disguis|e dɪs'gaɪz, dɪz- ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
disgust dɪs'gʌst, dɪz- ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li
disgusting dɪs'gʌs.tɪŋ, dɪz- ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-ly** -li
dish dɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
dishabille ˌdɪs.æb'iːl, -ə'biːl ⓤⓢ -ə'biːl
disharmony dɪs'hɑː.mᵊn.i ⓤⓢ -'hɑːr-
dish|cloth 'dɪʃ|.klɒθ ⓤⓢ -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz ⓤⓢ -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
dishearten dɪs'hɑː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -'hɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
dishevel dɪ'ʃev.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
dishful 'dɪʃ.fʊl **-s** -z
dishonest dɪ'sɒn.ɪst, -'zɒn-, -əst ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.nɪst, -nəst **-ly** -li
dishonest|y dɪ'sɒn.ɪ.st|i, -'zɒn-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.nə- **-ies** -iz
dishono(u)r dɪ'sɒn.əʳ, -'zɒn- ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.nɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
dishono(u)rab|le dɪ'sɒn.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, -'zɒn- ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.nɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
dishrag 'dɪʃ.ræg **-s** -z
dishtowel 'dɪʃ.taʊəl **-s** -z
dishwash|er 'dɪʃˌwɒʃ|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.ʃ|ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
dishwater 'dɪʃˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
dish|y 'dɪʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
disillusion ˌdɪs.ɪ'luː.ʒᵊn, -ə'-, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
disincentive ˌdɪs.ɪn'sen.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
disinclination ˌdɪs.ɪn.klɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪŋ-, -klə'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn-
disinclin|e ˌdɪs.ɪn'klaɪn, -ɪŋ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
disinfect ˌdɪs.ɪn'fekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
disinfectant ˌdɪs.ɪn'fek.tənt **-s** -s
disinfection ˌdɪs.ɪn'fek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
disinfestation ˌdɪs.ɪn.fes'teɪ.ʃᵊn
disinflation ˌdɪs.ɪn'fleɪ.ʃᵊn
disinformation ˌdɪs.ɪn.fə'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -fɔː'- ⓤⓢ -fɚ'-
disingenuous ˌdɪs.ɪn'dʒen.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
disinher|it ˌdɪs.ɪn'her|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
disinheritance ˌdɪs.ɪn'her.ɪ.tᵊnts ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊnts
disintegrable dɪ'sɪn.tɪ.grə.bᵊl, -tə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə-
disinte|grate dɪ'sɪn.tɪ|.greɪt, -tə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-grates** -greɪts **-grating** -greɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-grated** -greɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -greɪ.t̬ɪd **-grator/s** -greɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -greɪ.t̬ɚ/z
disintegration dɪˌsɪn.tɪ'greɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə'-; ˌdɪs.ɪn- ⓤⓢ ˌdɪs.ɪn.t̬ə'- **-s** -z
disinter ˌdɪs.ɪn'tɜːʳ ⓤⓢ -'tɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
disinterest dɪ'sɪn.trəst, -trest, -trɪst, '-tᵊr.əst, -est, -ɪst ⓤⓢ -'sɪn.trɪst, -trəst, -trest; '-t̬ɚ.ɪst, -əst, -est
disinterested dɪ'sɪn.trə.stɪd, -tres.tɪd, -trɪ.stɪd; '-tᵊr.ə.stɪd, -es.tɪd, -ɪ.stɪd ⓤⓢ -'sɪn.trɪ.stɪd, -trə-, -tres.tɪd; '-t̬ɚ.ɪ.stɪd, -ə-, -es.tɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
disinterment ˌdɪs.ɪn'tɜː.mənt ⓤⓢ -'tɝː- **-s** -s
disinvest ˌdɪs.ɪn'vest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ment** -mənt
disjoin dɪs'dʒɔɪn, dɪz- ⓤⓢ dɪs- **-s** -z

-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
isjoint dɪs'dʒɔɪnt, dɪz- (US) dɪs- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
isjointed dɪs'dʒɔɪn.tɪd, dɪz- (US) dɪs'dʒɔɪn.ţɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
isjunct dɪs'dʒʌŋkt, '--
isjunction dɪs'dʒʌŋk.ʃən -s -z
isjunctive dɪs'dʒʌŋk.tɪv -ly -li
isk dɪsk -s -s 'disk ˌdrive
iskette dɪ'sket -s -s
islik|e dɪ'slaɪk, dɪz'laɪk (US) dɪ'slaɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -able -ə.bəl
Note: The stress /'--/ is, however, used in the expression likes and dislikes.
islo|cate 'dɪs.ləʊ.keɪt (US) dɪ'sloʊ-; 'dɪs.loʊ- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.ţɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.ţɪd
islocation ˌdɪs.ləʊ'keɪ.ʃən (US) -loʊ'- -s -z
islodg|e dɪ'slɒdʒ (US) -'slɑːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -(e)ment -mənt
isloyal dɪ'slɔɪəl; ˌdɪs'lɔɪəl -ly -i
isloyalt|y dɪ'slɔɪəl.t|i; ˌdɪs'lɔɪəl- (US) -ţ|i -ies -iz
ismal 'dɪz.məl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ismantl|e dɪ'smæn.təl, dɪz'mæn- (US) dɪ'smæn.ţəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, dɪ'smænt.lɪŋ, dɪz'mænt- (US) dɪ'smæn.təl.ɪŋ, -'smænt.lɪŋ -ed -d
ismast ˌdɪs'mɑːst (US) -'mæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
ismay dɪ'smeɪ, dɪz'meɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ismemb|er dɪ'smem.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erment -ə.mənt (US) -ɚ.mənt
ismiss dɪ'smɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ismissal dɪ'smɪs.əl -s -z
ismissive dɪ'smɪs.ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
is|mount dɪ's|maʊnt -mounts -maʊnts -mounting -maʊn.tɪŋ (US) -maʊn.ţɪŋ -mounted -maʊn.tɪd (US) -maʊn.ţɪd
isney 'dɪz.ni 'Disney ˌWorld®
isneyland® 'dɪz.ni.lænd
isobedience ˌdɪs.əʊ'biː.di.ənts (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'-
isobedient ˌdɪs.əʊ'biː.di.ənt (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'- -ly -li
isobey ˌdɪs.əʊ'beɪ (US) -ə'-, -oʊ'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
isoblig|e ˌdɪs.ə'blaɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ingness -ɪŋ.nəs, -nɪs -ed -d
isord|er dɪ'sɔː.d|əʳ, -'zɔː- (US) -'sɔːr.d|ɚ, -'zɔːr- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
isorderl|y dɪ'sɔː.dəl.l|i, -'zɔː- (US) -'sɔːr.dɚ.l|i, -'zɔːr- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
isorganization, -isa- dɪˌsɔː.gə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ˌzɔː-, -nɪ'-; ˌdɪs.ɔː-, ˌdɪz- (US) dɪˌsɔːr.gə.nɪ'-, -ˌzɔːr-
isorganiz|e, -is|e dɪ'sɔː.gə.naɪz, -'zɔː-; ˌdɪs'ɔː-, ˌdɪz'ɔː- (US) dɪ'sɔːr-, -'zɔːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

disorien|t dɪ'sɔː.ri.ən|t, -en|t (US) -'sɔːr.i.en|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -ţɪd
disorien|tate dɪ'sɔː.ri.ən|.teɪt, -en-; ˌdɪs'ɔːr- (US) dɪ'sɔːr.i- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ţɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ţɪd
disorientation dɪˌsɔː.ri.ən'teɪ.ʃən, -en'-; ˌdɪs.ɔː- (US) dɪˌsɔːr.i-
disown dɪ'səʊn; ˌdɪs'əʊn (US) dɪ'soʊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disparag|e dɪ'spær.ɪdʒ (US) -'sper-, -'spær- -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ement -mənt
disparate 'dɪs.pər.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) -ət, -ɪt; dɪ'sper-, -'spær- -s -s
disparit|y dɪ'spær.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) dɪs.'per.ə.ţ|i, -'pær- -ies -iz
dispassionate dɪ'spæʃ.ən.ət, -ɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
dispatch (*n.*) dɪ'spætʃ, də-; 'dɪs.pætʃ (US) dɪ'spætʃ; 'dɪs.pætʃ -es -ɪz dis'patch ˌbox; dis'patch ˌrider
dispatch (*v.*) dɪ'spætʃ, də- (US) dɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dispel dɪ'spel -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
dispensable dɪ'spent.sə.bəl
dispensar|y dɪ'spent.sər|.i -ies -iz
dispensation ˌdɪs.pen'seɪ.ʃən, -pən'- -s -z
dispensator|y dɪ'spen.sə.tər|.i, -tr|i (US) -tɔːr|.i -ies -iz
dispens|e dɪ'spents -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dispersal dɪ'spɜː.səl (US) -'spɝː- -s -z
dispers|e dɪ'spɜːs (US) -spɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ant/s -ənt/s
dispersion (D) dɪ'spɜː.ʃən (US) -'spɝː.ʒən, -ʃən -s -z
dispersive dɪ'spɜː.sɪv (US) -'spɝː.zɪv, -sɪv
dispir|it dɪ'spɪr|.ɪt -its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.ţɪŋ -ited/ly -ɪ.tɪd/li (US) -ɪ.ţɪd/li -itedness -ɪ.tɪd.nəs, -nɪs (US) -ɪ.ţɪd.nəs, -nɪs
displac|e dɪ'spleɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
displacement dɪ'spleɪs.mənt
display dɪ'spleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
displeas|e dɪ'spliːz -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
displeasure dɪ'spleʒ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
di|sport dɪ|'spɔːt (US) -|'spɔːrt -sports -'spɔːts (US) -'spɔːrts -sporting -'spɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'spɔːr.ţɪŋ -sported -'spɔː.tɪd (US) -'spɔːr.ţɪd
disposable dɪ'spəʊ.zə.bəl, də- (US) dɪ'spoʊ-
disposal dɪ'spəʊ.zəl, də- (US) dɪ'spoʊ- -s -z
Disposall® dɪ'spəʊ.zɔːl, də- (US) dɪ'spoʊ.zɑːl, -zɔːl
dispos|e dɪ'spəʊz, də- (US) -'spoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
disposition ˌdɪs.pə'zɪʃ.ən -s -z
dispossess ˌdɪs.pə'zes -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
dispossession ˌdɪs.pə'zeʃ.ən
Disprin® 'dɪs.prɪn -s -z

disproof dɪ'spruːf
disproportion ˌdɪs.prə'pɔː.ʃən (US) -'pɔːr- -ed -d
disproportional ˌdɪs.prə'pɔː.ʃən.əl, -'pɔːʃ.nəl (US) -'pɔːr.ʃən.əl, -'pɔːrʃ.nəl -ly -i
disproportionate ˌdɪs.prə'pɔː.ʃən.ət, -ɪt (US) -'pɔːr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
disproval dɪ'spruː.vəl; ˌdɪs'pruː-
disprov|e dɪ'spruːv; ˌdɪs'pruːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disputable dɪ'spjuː.tə.bəl, də-; 'dɪs.pjʊ- (US) dɪ'spjuː.ţə-; 'dɪs.pjʊ-, -pjə-
disputableness dɪ'spjuː.tə.bəl.nəs, də-, -nɪs (US) dɪ'spjuː.ţə-
disputant dɪ'spjuː.tənt; 'dɪs.pjʊ- (US) 'dɪs.pjʊ.tənt, -pjə-; dɪ'spjuː- -s -s
disputation ˌdɪs.pjʊ'teɪ.ʃən (US) -pjuː'- -s -z
disputatious ˌdɪs.pjʊ'teɪ.ʃəs (US) -pjuː'- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
disputative dɪ'spjuː.tə.tɪv (US) -ţə.ţɪv
dispute (*n.*) dɪ'spjuːt; 'dɪs.pjuːt (US) dɪ'spjuːt -s -s
di|spute (*v.*) dɪ|'spjuːt -sputes -'spjuːts -sputing -'spjuː.tɪŋ (US) -'spjuː.ţɪŋ -sputed -'spjuː.tɪd (US) -'spjuː.ţɪd -sputer/s -'spjuː.təʳ/z (US) -'spjuː.ţɚ/z
disqualification dɪˌskwɒl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-; ˌdɪsˌkwɒl- (US) dɪˌskwɑː.lə- -s -z
disquali|fy dɪ'skwɒl.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə-; ˌdɪs'kwɒl- (US) dɪ'skwɑː.lə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
di|squiet (*n, v.*) dɪ|'skwaɪət -squiets -'skwaɪəts -squieting -'skwaɪə.tɪŋ (US) -'skwaɪə.ţɪŋ -squieted -'skwaɪə.tɪd (US) -'skwaɪə.ţɪd
disquietude dɪ'skwaɪə.tjuːd, -'skwaɪ.ɪ- (US) -'skwaɪə.tuːd, -tjuːd
disquisition ˌdɪs.kwɪ'zɪʃ.ən, -kwə'- -s -z
disquisitional ˌdɪs.kwɪ'zɪʃ.ən.əl, -kwə'-, '-nəl
disquisitive dɪ'skwɪz.ə.tɪv, -ɪ.tɪv (US) -ə.ţɪv
Disraeli dɪz'reɪ.li, dɪs-
d'Israeli dɪz'reɪ.li, dɪs-
disregard ˌdɪs.rɪ'gɑːd, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'gɑːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
disregardful ˌdɪs.rɪ'gɑːd.fəl, -rə'-, -fʊl (US) -rɪ'gɑːrd- -ly -i
disrepair ˌdɪs.rɪ'peəʳ, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'per
disreputability dɪsˌrep.jə.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -jʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -jə.ţə'-
disreputab|le dɪs'rep.jə.tə.b|əl, -jʊ- (US) -jə.ţə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
disrepute ˌdɪs.rɪ'pjuːt, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'-
disrespect ˌdɪs.rɪ'spekt, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'-
disrespectful ˌdɪs.rɪ'spekt.fəl, -rə'-, -fʊl (US) -rɪ'- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
disrob|e dɪs'rəʊb (US) -'roʊb -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
disrupt dɪs'rʌpt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
disruption dɪs'rʌp.ʃən -s -z

disruptive dɪs'rʌp.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Diss dɪs

dis(s) dɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

dissatisfaction dɪsˌsæt.ɪs'fæk.ʃən, ˌdɪs.sæt-, -əs'- US ˌdɪs.sæt̬.əs'-

dissatisfactor|y dɪsˌsæt.ɪs'fæk.tər|.i, ˌdɪs.sæt-, -əs'- US ˌdɪs.sæt̬.əs'- **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -i.nəs, -i.nɪs

dissatis|fy dɪs'sæt.ɪs|.faɪ, ˌdɪs-, -əs- US -'sæt̬.əs- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

dissect dɪ'sekt, də-, daɪ- US dɪ'sekt, daɪ-; 'daɪ.sekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z **-ible** -ə.bəl, -ɪ.bəl

dissection dɪ'sek.ʃən, də-, daɪ- US dɪ'sek-, daɪ-; 'daɪ.sek- **-s** -z

dissemblanc|e dɪ'sem.blənts **-es** -ɪz

dissembl|e dɪ'sem.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z, '-blər/z US -ə/z

dissemi|nate dɪ'sem.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.tər/z US -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

dissemination dɪˌsem.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ə'-

dissension, dissention dɪ'sen.tʃən **-s** -z

dis|sent dɪ|'sent **-sents** -'sents **-senting** -'sen.tɪŋ US -'sen.t̬ɪŋ **-sented** -'sen.tɪd US -'sen.t̬ɪd **-senter/s** -'sen.tər/z US -'sen.t̬ɚ/z

dissentient dɪ'sen.tʃi.ənt, -tʃənt US -'sent.ʃənt **-s** -s

dissertation ˌdɪs.ə'teɪ.ʃən, -ɜː'- US -ɚ'- **-s** -z

disservic|e ˌdɪs'sɜː.vɪs, dɪ- US -'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz

dissev|er dɪs'sev|.ər US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erment** -ə.mənt US -ɚ.mənt **-erance** -ər.ənts

dissidence 'dɪs.ɪ.dənts, '-ə-

dissident 'dɪs.ɪ.dənt, '-ə- **-s** -s

dissimilar ˌdɪs'sɪm.ɪ.lər, dɪ-, '-ə- US -lɚ **-ly** -li

dissimilarit|y ˌdɪsˌsɪm.ɪ'lær.ə.t|i, dɪ-, -ə'-, -ɪ.t|i US -'ler.ə.t̬|i, -'lær- **-ies** -iz

dissimi|late dɪ'sɪm.ɪ|.leɪt, ˌdɪs-, '-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd

dissimilation ˌdɪsˌsɪm.ɪ'leɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, -ə'- **-s** -z

dissimilitude ˌdɪs.sɪ'mɪl.ɪ.tjuːd, -ɪ'-, '-ə- US -tuːd, -tjuːd

dissimu|late dɪ'sɪm.jə|.leɪt, ˌdɪs-, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.tər/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z

dissimulation ˌdɪsˌsɪm.jə'leɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, -jʊ'- **-s** -z

dissi|pate 'dɪs.ɪ|.peɪt, '-ə- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ US -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd US -peɪ.t̬ɪd **-pative** -peɪ.tɪv US -peɪ.t̬ɪv

dissipation ˌdɪs.ɪ'peɪ.ʃən, -ə'- **-s** -z

dissociable *separable:* dɪ'səʊ.ʃi.ə.bəl, ˌdɪs- US -'soʊ-, -ʃə.bəl *unsociable:* ˌdɪs'səʊ.ʃə.bəl, dɪ- US -'soʊ-

dissoci|ate dɪ'səʊ.ʃi|.eɪt, -si- US -'soʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

dissociation dɪˌsəʊ.ʃi'eɪ.ʃən, ˌdɪs-, -si'- US -ˌsoʊ-

dissolubility dɪˌsɒl.jə'bɪl.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti US -ˌsɑːl.jə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -jʊ'-

dissolub|le dɪ'sɒl.jə.b|əl, -jʊ- US -'sɑːl- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

dissolute 'dɪs.ə.luːt, -ljuːt US -luːt **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

dissolution ˌdɪs.ə'luː.ʃən, -'ljuː- US -'luː- **-s** -z

dissolvability dɪˌzɒl.və'bɪl.ə.ti, dəˌzɒl-, -ˌsɒl-, -ɪ.ti US dɪˌzɑːl.və'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌzɔːl-

dissolv|e dɪ'zɒlv, -'sɒlv US -'zɑːlv, -'zɔːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl

dissolvent dɪ'zɒl.vənt, -'sɒl- US -'zɑːl-, -'zɔːl- **-s** -s

dissonanc|e 'dɪs.ən.ənts **-es** -ɪz

dissonant 'dɪs.ən.ənt **-ly** -li

dissuad|e dɪ'sweɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

dissuasion dɪ'sweɪ.ʒən

dissuasive dɪ'sweɪ.sɪv, -zɪv US -sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

dissymmetric ˌdɪs.ɪ'met.rɪk, -sɪm'-

dissymmetry dɪ'sɪm.ɪ.tri, ˌdɪs-, '-ə-

distaff 'dɪs.tɑːf US -tæf **-s** -s

distanc|e 'dɪs.tənts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

distant 'dɪs.tənt **-ly** -li

distaste dɪ'steɪst **-s** -s

distasteful dɪ'steɪst.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

distemp|er dɪ'stem.p|ər US -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

distend dɪ'stend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

distensible dɪ'stent.sə.bəl, -sɪ-

distension dɪ'sten.tʃən US -'stent.ʃən

distich 'dɪs.tɪk **-s** -s **-ous** -əs

distil(l) dɪ'stɪl, də- US dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

distillate 'dɪs.tɪ.lət, -təl.ət, -eɪt, -ɪt US -tə.leɪt, -təl.ɪt; dɪ'stɪl.ɪt **-s** -s

distillation ˌdɪs.tɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -tə'- **-s** -z

distillatory dɪ'stɪl.ə.tər.i, də-, -tri US dɪ'stɪl.ə.tɔːr.i

distiller dɪ'stɪl.ər, də- US dɪ'stɪl.ɚ **-s** -z

distiller|y dɪ'stɪl.ər|.i, də- US dɪ- **-ies** -iz

distinct dɪ'stɪŋkt, də- US dɪ- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

distinction dɪ'stɪŋk.ʃən, də- US dɪ- **-s** -z

distinctive dɪ'stɪŋk.tɪv, də- US dɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

distinguish dɪ'stɪŋ.gwɪʃ, də- US dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

distinguishab|le dɪ'stɪŋ.gwɪ.ʃə.b|əl, də- US dɪ- **-ly** -li

di|stort dɪ|'stɔːt US -'stɔːrt **-storts** -'stɔːts US -'stɔːrts **-storting** -'stɔː.tɪŋ US -'stɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-storted** -'stɔː.tɪd US -'stɔːr.t̬ɪd

distortion dɪ'stɔː.ʃən US -'stɔːr- **-s** -z

distract dɪ'strækt, də'strækt US dɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs

distraction dɪ'stræk.ʃən, də- **-s** -z

distrain dɪ'streɪn, də- US dɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl

distrainee ˌdɪs.treɪ'niː **-s** -z

distrainor ˌdɪs.treɪ'nɔːr US -'nɔːr, dɪ'streɪ.nɚ **-s** -z

distraint dɪ'streɪnt **-s** -s

distrait dɪ'streɪ; 'dɪs.treɪ US dɪ'streɪ

distraught dɪ'strɔːt US -'strɑːt, -'strɔːt

distress dɪ'stres **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t

distressful dɪ'stres.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i

distributable dɪ'strɪb.jə.tə.bəl, -jʊ- US -t̬ə-

distribu|te dɪ'strɪb.juː|t; 'dɪs.trɪ.bjuː|t, -trə- US dɪ'strɪb.juː|t, -jʊ|t, -jə|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd

distribution ˌdɪs.trɪ'bjuː.ʃən, -trə'- **-s** -z

distributive dɪ'strɪb.jə.tɪv, -jʊ- US -jə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li

distributor dɪ'strɪb.jə.tər, -jʊ- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z

district 'dɪs.trɪkt **-s** -s ˌ**district at'torney**; ˌ**District of Co'lumbia**

distrust dɪ'strʌst; ˌdɪs'trʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

distrustful dɪ'strʌst.fəl, -fʊl; ˌdɪs'trʌst- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

disturb dɪ'stɜːb US -'stɝːb **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

disturbanc|e dɪ'stɜː.bənts US -'stɝː- **-es** -ɪz

distyle 'dɪs.taɪl; 'daɪ.staɪl **-s** -z

disulphate daɪ'sʌl.feɪt, -fɪt **-s** -s

disulphide daɪ'sʌl.faɪd **-s** -z

disunion dɪ'sjuː.njən, -ni.ən US '-njən **-s** -z

disu|nite ˌdɪs.juː|'naɪt **-nites** -'naɪts **-niting** -'naɪ.tɪŋ US -'naɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nited** -'naɪ.tɪd US -'naɪ.t̬ɪd

disunity dɪ'sjuː.nɪ.ti, -nə- US -t̬i

disuse (*n.*) dɪ'sjuːs

disus|e (*v.*) dɪ'sjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

disyllabic ˌdaɪ.sɪ'læb.ɪk, ˌdɪs.ɪ'-, -ə'-

disyllable daɪ'sɪl.ə.bəl, dɪ- **-s** -z

ditch dɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

Ditchling 'dɪtʃ.lɪŋ

ditchwater 'dɪtʃˌwɔː.tər US -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **as ˌdull as 'ditch-water**

dith|er 'dɪð|.ər US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.ər/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z **-ery** -ər.i

dithyramb 'dɪθ.ɪ.ræmb, '-ə- **-s** -z
Note: The /b/ is rarely pronounced.

dithyramb|us ˌdɪθ.ɪ'ræm.b|əs, -ə'- **-i** -aɪ **-ic/s** -ɪk/s

ditransitive ˌdaɪ'træn.sɪ.tɪv,

-'trɑːn-, -sə- (US) -'træn.sə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
-ly -li

[d]its|y 'dɪt.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

[d]itto 'dɪt.əʊ (US) 'dɪt̬.oʊ **-s** -z

[d]itton 'dɪt.ən

[d]itt|y 'dɪt|.i (US) 'dɪt̬- **-ies** -iz

[d]iures|is ˌdaɪ.jʊə'riː.s|ɪs, -jə'- (US) -jə'-, -ə'-, -jʊr'- **-es** -iːz

[d]iuretic ˌdaɪ.jʊə'ret.ɪk, -jə'- (US) -jə'ret̬-, -ə'- **-s** -s

[d]iurnal ˌdaɪ'ɜː.nəl (US) -'ɝː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i

[d]iv dɪv **-s** -z

[d]iva 'diː.və **-s** -z

[d]iva|gate 'daɪ.və|.geɪt; -veɪ-; 'dɪv.ə- (US) 'daɪ.və-, 'dɪv.ə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd

[d]ivagation ˌdaɪ.və'geɪ.ʃən, -veɪ'- (US) ˌdaɪ.və'-, ˌdɪv.ə'- **-s** -z

[d]ivalent ˌdaɪ'veɪ.lənt, 'daɪ.veɪ-

[D]ivali dɪ'vɑː.li

[D]ivan dɪ'væn, də-, daɪ-; 'daɪ.væn (US) dɪ'væn, daɪ-; 'daɪ.væn **-s** -z

[d]iv|e daɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **dove** dəʊv (US) doʊv **'diving ˌbell; 'diving ˌboard; 'diving ˌsuit**

[d]ive-bomb 'daɪv.bɒm (US) -bɑːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

[d]iver (D) 'daɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z

[d]iverg|e daɪ'vɜːdʒ, dɪ- (US) dɪ'vɝːdʒ, daɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

[d]ivergenc|e daɪ'vɜː.dʒənts, dɪ- (US) dɪ'vɝː-, daɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-y** -i **-ies** -iz

[d]ivergent daɪ'vɜː.dʒənt, dɪ- (US) dɪ'vɝː-, daɪ- **-ly** -li

[d]ivers 'daɪ.vəz, -vɜːz, -vɜːs; daɪ'vɜːs (US) 'daɪ.vɚz

[d]iverse daɪ'vɜːs, '-- (US) dɪ'vɝːs, daɪ-; 'daɪ.vɝːs **-ly** -li

[d]iversification daɪˌvɜː.sɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, dɪ-, də-, -sə- (US) dɪˌvɝː-, daɪ- **-s** -z

[d]iversi|fy daɪ'vɜː.sɪ|.faɪ, dɪ- (US) dɪ'vɝː-, daɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

[d]iversion daɪ'vɜː.ʃən, dɪ-, -ʒən (US) dɪ'vɝː-, daɪ- **-s** -z

[d]iversionary daɪ'vɜː.ʃən.ər.i, dɪ-, -ʒən- (US) dɪ'vɝː.ʒən.er.i, daɪ-, -ʃən-

[d]iversionist daɪ'vɜː.ʃən.ɪst, dɪ-, -ʒən- (US) dɪ'vɝː-, daɪ- **-s** -s

[d]iversit|y daɪ'vɜː.sə.t|i, dɪ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) dɪ'vɝː.sə.t̬|i, daɪ- **-ies** -iz

[d]i|vert daɪ|'vɜːt, dɪ- (US) dɪ|'vɝːt, daɪ- **-verts** -'vɜːts (US) -'vɝːts **-verting/ly** -'vɜː.tɪŋ/li (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ/li **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪd

[d]iverticulitis ˌdaɪ.vəˌtɪk.jʊ'laɪ.tɪs, -vɜːˌ-, -jə'-, -təs (US) -vɚˌtɪk.jə'laɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs, -jʊ'-

[d]iverticulosis ˌdaɪ.vəˌtɪk.jʊ'ləʊ.sɪs, -vɜːˌ-, -jə'- (US) -vɚˌtɪk.jə'loʊ-, -jʊ'-

[d]iverticulum ˌdaɪ.və'tɪk.jʊ.ləm, -vɜː'-, -jə- (US) -vɚ'tɪk.jə-, -jʊ-

[d]ivertimento dɪˌvɜː.tɪ'men.təʊ, -ˌveə-, -tə'- (US) -ˌvɝː.t̬ə'men.toʊ

[d]ivertissement ˌdiː.veə'tiːs.mɑ̃ːŋ, -və'-, -vɜː'-, dɪ'vɜː.tɪs.mənt (US) ˌdɪv.er'tiːs.mɑ̃ː

Dives *in Bible:* 'daɪ.viːz *surname:* daɪvz

divest daɪ'vest, dɪ- (US) dɪ-, daɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

divestiture daɪ'ves.tɪ.tʃəʳ, dɪ- (US) dɪ'ves.tɪ.tʃɚ, daɪ-

divestment daɪ'vest.mənt, dɪ- (US) dɪ-, daɪ- **-s** -s

divid|e dɪ'vaɪd, də- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li **-able** -ə.bəl

dividend 'dɪv.ɪ.dend, '-ə-, -dənd **-s** -z

divider dɪ'vaɪ.dəʳ, də- (US) -dɚ **-s** -z

divination ˌdɪv.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ə'- **-s** -z

divin|e (*n, adj.*) dɪ'vaɪn, də- **-es** -z **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **diˌvine 'right**

divin|e (*v.*) dɪ'vaɪn, də- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **di'vining ˌrod**

divinit|y dɪ'vɪn.ə.t|i, də-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

divisibility dɪˌvɪz.ɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, də-, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

divisib|le dɪ'vɪz.ə.b|əl, də-, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li

division dɪ'vɪʒ.ən, də- **-s** -z

divisional dɪ'vɪʒ.ən.əl, də-, '-nəl

divisive dɪ'vaɪ.sɪv, də- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

divisor dɪ'vaɪ.zəʳ, də- (US) -zɚ **-s** -z

divorc|e dɪ'vɔːs, də- (US) -'vɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

divorcé(e), divorcee dɪˌvɔː'siː, də-, -'seɪ; ˌdɪv.ɔː'- (US) dɪˌvɔːr'seɪ, də-, -'siː; -'vɔːr.seɪ, -siː **-s** -z

divot 'dɪv.ət **-s** -s

divulg|e daɪ'vʌldʒ, dɪ- (US) dɪ-, daɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

divulsion daɪ'vʌl.ʃən, dɪ- (US) dɪ-, daɪ- **-s** -z

divv|y 'dɪv|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

divvy-up ˌdɪv.i'ʌp

Diwali dɪ'wɑː.li

Dix dɪks

Dixey, Dixie 'dɪk.si

dixieland (D) 'dɪk.si.lænd

Dixon 'dɪk.sən

Dixwell 'dɪk.swəl, -swel

DIY ˌdiː.aɪ'waɪ

dizz|y 'dɪz|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz **-ying/ly** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

DJ ˌdiː'dʒeɪ (US) '-- **-s** -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌDJ 'culture

Djakarta dʒə'kɑː.tə (US) -'kɑːr.t̬ə

Django 'dʒæŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ

djellaba(h) dʒə'lɑː.bə **-s** -z

Djibouti dʒɪ'buː.ti, dʒə- (US) -t̬i

djinn dʒɪn **-s** -z

djinni dʒɪ'ni, 'dʒɪn.i

Djukanovic dʒʊ'kæn.ə.vɪtʃ (US) -'kɑːn-, dʒuː-, -oʊ-

dl (*abbrev. for* **decilitre/s, deciliter/s**) *singular:* 'des.ɪˌliː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ *plural:* -z

DLit(t) ˌdiː'lɪt

dm (*abbrev. for* **decimetre/s, decimeter/s**) *singular:* 'des.ɪˌmiː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ *plural:* -z

D-mark 'dɔɪtʃ.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk **-s** -s

DNA ˌdiː.en'eɪ

Dnepropetrovsk ˌdnjep.rɒp.jet'rɒfsk (US) ˌnep.roʊ.pə'trɔːfsk, ˌdjnep-, -pjə'-

Dnieper 'dniː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ

D-notic|e 'diːˌnəʊ.tɪs (US) -ˌnoʊ.t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz

do (*v.*) *strong form:* duː *weak forms:* də, du **dost** *strong form:* dʌst *weak form:* dəst **doth** *strong form:* dʌθ *weak form:* dəθ **doeth** 'duː.ɪθ **does** *strong form:* dʌz *weak form:* dəz **doing** 'duː.ɪŋ **did** dɪd **done** dʌn **doer/s** 'duː.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Note: Weak form word. The strong form /duː/ is normally used in final position (e.g. "Yes, I do"), when it is used as a full verb rather than as an auxiliary (e.g. "Do it yourself"), for emphasis (e.g. "Why **do** you like him?") or for contrast (e.g. "I do and I don't"). There are two weak forms: /də/ before consonants (e.g. "How do they do it?" /ˌhaʊ.də.ðeɪ'duː.ɪt/) and /du/ before vowels (e.g. "Why do all the books disappear?" /ˌwaɪ.duˌɔːl.ðə'bʊks.dɪs.ə.pɪəʳ (US) -pɪɚ/).

do (*n.*) *entertainment:* duː **-s** -z

do (*n.*) *musical note:* dəʊ (US) doʊ **-s** -z

do. (*abbrev. for* **ditto**) 'dɪt.əʊ (US) 'dɪt̬.oʊ

DOA ˌdiː.əʊ'eɪ (US) -oʊ'-

doable 'duː.ə.bəl

Doane dəʊn (US) doʊn

dob dɒb (US) dɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Dobb dɒb (US) dɑːb **-s** -z

dobbin (D) 'dɒb.ɪn (US) 'dɑː.bɪn **-s** -z

Dobell dəʊ'bel, 'dəʊ.bəl (US) 'doʊ.bəl, -bel

doberman (D) 'dəʊ.bə.mən (US) 'doʊ.bɚ- **-s** -z

Doberman pinscher ˌdəʊ.bə.mən'pɪn.tʃəʳ (US) ˌdoʊ.bɚ.mən'pɪnt.ʃɚ

Dobie 'dəʊ.bi (US) 'doʊ-

dobra 'dəʊ.brə (US) 'doʊ- **-s** -z

Dobrée 'dəʊ.breɪ (US) 'doʊ-

Dobson 'dɒb.sən (US) 'dɑːb-

doc dɒk (US) dɑːk **-s** -s

docent 'dəʊ.sənt, dəʊ'sent (US) 'doʊ.sənt, -sent; doʊ'sent **-s** -s

Docet|ism dəʊ'siː.t|ɪ.zəm; 'dəʊ.sɪ- (US) doʊ'siː.t|ɪ-; 'doʊ.sə.t̬|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Docherty 'dɒk.ə.ti, 'dɒx- (US) 'dɑː.kɚ.t̬i

docile 'dəʊ.saɪl, 'dɒs.aɪl (US) 'dɑː.səl, -saɪl **-ly** -li

docility dəʊ'sɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) dɑː'sɪl.ə.t̬i, doʊ-

dock dɒk (US) dɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

dockage 'dɒk.ɪdʒ (US) 'dɑː.kɪdʒ

docker (D) 'dɒk.əʳ (US) 'dɑː.kɚ **-s** -z

Dockerill 'dɒk.ər.əl (US) 'dɑː.kɚ-

dock|et 'dɒk|.ɪt (US) 'dɑː.k|ɪt **-ets** -ɪts

-**eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -**eted** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
dockland (D) ˈdɒk.lænd, -lənd ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk- -**s** -z
dockside ˈdɒk.saɪd ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk-
dockworker ˈdɒkˌwɜː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːkˌwɝː.kɚ -**s** -z
dockyard ˈdɒk.jɑːd ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk.jɑːrd -**s** -z
Doc Martens® ˌdɒkˈmɑː.tɪnz ⓤⓢ ˌdɑːkˈmɑːr.tᵊnz
doct|or ˈdɒk.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk.t|ɚ -**ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -**oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ -**ored** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
doctoral ˈdɒk.tᵊr.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk-
doctorate ˈdɒk.tᵊr.ət, -ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk- -**s** -s
Doctorow ˈdɒk.tᵊr.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk.tə.roʊ
doctrinaire ˌdɒk.trɪˈneəʳ, -trəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdɑːk.trəˈner -**s** -z
doctrinal dɒkˈtraɪ.nᵊl; ˈdɒk.trɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk.trɪ- -**ly** -i
doctrinarian ˌdɒk.trɪˈneə.ri.ən, -trəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdɑːk.trɪˈner.i- -**s** -z
doctrine ˈdɒk.trɪn ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk- -**s** -z
docudrama ˈdɒk.juˌdrɑː.mə ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.kjuˌdrɑː.mə, -ˌdræm.ə -**s** -z
document (*n.*) ˈdɒk.jə.mənt, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.kjə-, -jʊ- -**s** -s
docu|ment (*v.*) ˈdɒk.jə|.ment, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.kjə-, -jʊ- -**ments** -ments -**menting** -men.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -men.t̬ɪŋ -**mented** -men.tɪd ⓤⓢ -men.t̬ɪd
documental ˌdɒk.jəˈmen.tᵊl, -jʊˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdɑː.kjəˈmen.t̬ᵊl, -jʊ-
documentar|y (*n, adj.*) ˌdɒk.jəˈmen.tᵊr|.i, -jʊˈ-, ˈ-tr|i ⓤⓢ ˌdɑː.kjəˈmen.t̬ɚ|.i, -kjʊˈ- -**ies** -iz
documentation ˌdɒk.jə.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ-, -mənˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdɑː.kjə-, -jʊ-
docusoap ˈdɒk.ju.səʊp, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.kjə.soʊp, -kjʊ- -**s** -s
Docwra ˈdɒk.rə ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːk-
Dod(d) dɒd ⓤⓢ dɑːd -**s** -z
dodd|er ˈdɒd|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.d|ɚ -**ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -**ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ -**ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -**erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
doddery ˈdɒd.ᵊr.i ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dɚ-
Doddington ˈdɒd.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dɪŋ-
doddle ˈdɒd.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dᵊl -**s** -z
Doddridge ˈdɒd.rɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.drɪdʒ
dodecagon ˌdəʊˈdek.ə.gən ⓤⓢ ˌdoʊ- -**s** -z
dodecahedr|on ˌdəʊ.dek.əˈhiː.dr|ᵊn, -dɪk-, -ˈhed.r|ᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌdoʊ.dek.əˈhiː.dr|ᵊn -**ons** -ᵊnz -**a** -ə -**al** -ᵊl
Dodecanese ˌdəʊ.dɪk.əˈniːz, -dek.əˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdoʊ.dek-, -ˈniːs
dodg|e (D) dɒdʒ ⓤⓢ dɑːdʒ -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**Dodge** ˈ**City**
dodgem ˈdɒdʒ.əm ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dʒəm -**s** -z
Dodgson ˈdɒdʒ.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːdʒ-
dodg|y ˈdɒdʒ|.i ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dʒ|i -**ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst -**ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Dodington ˈdɒd.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.dɪŋ-
dodo (D) ˈdəʊ.dəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ.doʊ -**(e)s** -z
Dodoma ˈdəʊ.də.mə, -mɑː ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ.də.mɑː, -doʊ-, doʊˈ-
Dodona dəʊˈdəʊ.nə ⓤⓢ dəˈdoʊ-
Dodsley ˈdɒdz.li ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːdz-
Dodson ˈdɒd.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːd-
Dodsworth ˈdɒdz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːdz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Dodwell ˈdɒd.wəl, -wel ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːd-
doe (D) dəʊ ⓤⓢ doʊ -**s** -z
doer ˈduː.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -**s** -z
-doer ˌduː.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Note: Suffix. Normally carries secondary stress, e.g. **wrongdoer** /ˈrɒŋˌduː.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːŋˌduː.ɚ/.
does (*from* **do**) *strong form:* dʌz *weak form:* dəz
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used when **does** is used as a full verb (e.g. "That's what he does for a living"), for emphasis (e.g. "That **does** look nice") and for contrast (e.g. "It **does** cost a lot, but it **doesn't** need repairing"). The strong form also occurs in final position (e.g. "I don't like it as much as she does"). When **does** occurs in other positions as an auxiliary, the weak form is normally used (e.g. "Why does it stop?" /ˌwaɪ.dəz.ɪtˈstɒp ⓤⓢ -stɑːp/).
doeskin ˈdəʊ.skɪn ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ- -**s** -z
doesn't ˈdʌz.ᵊnt
doeth (*from* **do**) ˈduː.ɪθ
Note: Archaic.
doff (D) dɒf ⓤⓢ dɑːf, dɔːf -**s** -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
dog dɒg ⓤⓢ dɑːg, dɔːg -**s** -z -**ging** -ɪŋ -**ged** -d ˈ**dog** ˌ**biscuit;** ˈ**dog** ˌ**collar;** ˈ**dog** ˌ**days;** ˈ**dog** ˌ**paddle;** ˈ**dog** ˌ**rose;** ˌ**dog's** ˈ**breakfast;** ˈ**Dog** ˌ**Star;** **dressed up like a** ˌ**dog's** ˈ**dinner;** **it's a** ˈ**dog's** ˌ**life; let** ˌ**sleeping dogs** ˈ**lie;** ˌ**go to the** ˈ**dogs**
dogbane ˈdɒg.beɪn ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg-
Dogberry ˈdɒg.ber.i, -bᵊr- ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg.ber-, ˈdɔːg-
dogcart ˈdɒg.kɑːt ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg.kɑːrt, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -s
dogcatcher ˈdɒgˌkætʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːgˌkætʃ.ɚ, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z
dog|e dəʊdʒ, dəʊʒ ⓤⓢ doʊdʒ -**es** -ɪz
dog-ear ˈdɒg.ɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg.ɪr, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
dog-eat-dog ˌdɒg.iːtˈdɒg ⓤⓢ ˌdɑːg.iːtˈdɑːg; ˌdɔːg.iːtˈdɔːg
dog-end ˈdɒg.end ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z
dogfight ˈdɒg.faɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -s
dogfish ˈdɒg.fɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**es** -ɪz
Doggart ˈdɒg.ət ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɚt, ˈdɔː-
dogged ˈdɒg.ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɪd, ˈdɔː- -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dogger (D) ˈdɒg.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɚ, ˈdɔː- -**s** -z ˌ**Dogger** ˈ**Bank** ⓤⓢ ˈ**Dogger** ˌ**Bank**
doggerel ˈdɒg.ᵊr.ᵊl, -ɪl ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɚ.ᵊl, ˈdɔː-, ˈ-grᵊl
Doggert ˈdɒg.ət ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɚt, ˈdɔː-
Doggett ˈdɒg.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɪt, ˈdɔː-
doggo ˈdɒg.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.goʊ, ˈdɔː-
doggone ˈdɒg.ɒn ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.gɑːn; ˈdɔː.gɔːn -**d** -d
dogg|y, dogg|ie ˈdɒg|.i ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.g|i, ˈdɔː- -**ies** -iz ˈ**doggie** ˌ**bag**
doghou|se ˈdɒg.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**ses** -zɪz
dogie ˈdəʊ.gi ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ- -**s** -z
dogleg ˈdɒg.leg ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z -**ging** -ɪŋ -**ged** -ɪd, -legd
dogma ˈdɒg.mə ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z
dogmatic dɒgˈmæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ dɑːgˈmæt̬-, dɔːg- -**s** -s -**al** -ᵊl -**ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
dogmat|ism ˈdɒg.mə.t|ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg.mə.t̬|ɪ-, ˈdɔːg- -**ist/s** -ɪst/s
dogmatiz|e, -is|e ˈdɒg.mə.taɪz ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
do-good|er ˌduːˈgʊd|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈduːˌgʊd|.ɚ -**ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -**ing** -ɪŋ
dogsbod|y ˈdɒgz.bɒd|.i ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːgz.bɑː.d|i, ˈdɔːgz- -**ies** -iz
dogsled ˈdɒg.sled ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**s** -z
dog-tired ˌdɒgˈtaɪəd ⓤⓢ ˌdɑːgˈtaɪɚd, ˌdɔːg- *stress shift:* ˌ**dog-tired** ˈ**worker**
dog|tooth ˈdɒg|.tuːθ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg- -**teeth** -tiːθ
dogwatch ˈdɒg.wɒtʃ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg.wɑːtʃ, ˈdɔːg- -**es** -ɪz
dogwood ˈdɒg.wʊd ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːg-, ˈdɔːg-
doh dəʊ ⓤⓢ doʊ -**s** -z
Doha ˈdəʊ.hɑː, -ə ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ-
Doherty ˈdəʊ.ə.ti; ˈdɒ.hə-; ˈdɒx.ə-; dəʊˈhɜː- ⓤⓢ ˈdɔːr.ə.t̬i; ˈdoʊ.ɚ-
Dohnanyi dɒkˈnɑːn.jiː, dɒx-, -ji ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ.nɑː.nji; dɑːkˈnɑːn.ji, dɑːx-
Doig dɔɪg, ˈdəʊ.ɪg ⓤⓢ dɔɪg, ˈdoʊ.ɪg
doil|y ˈdɔɪ.l|i -**ies** -iz
doing (*from* **do**) ˈduː.ɪŋ -**s** -z
Doister ˈdɔɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
doit dɔɪt -**s** -s
do-it-yourself ˌduː.ɪ.tʃəˈself, -ɪt.jɔːˈ-, -jəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌduː.ɪt.jɚˈself, -ɪ.tʃɚˈ-
Dokic ˈdɒk.ɪtʃ ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.kɪtʃ
Dolan ˈdəʊ.lən ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊ-
Dolby ˈdɒl.bi ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːl-, ˈdoʊl-
dolce ˈdɒl.tʃi, ˈdəʊl-, -tʃeɪ ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊl.tʃeɪ
dolce vita ˌdɒl.tʃiˈviː.tə, ˌdəʊ-, -tʃeɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdoʊl.tʃeɪˈviː.tə
Dolcis® ˈdɒl.sɪs, -tʃɪs ⓤⓢ ˈdɑːl-
doldrum ˈdɒl.drəm ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊl-, ˈdɑːl- -**s** -z
dol|e (D) dəʊl ⓤⓢ doʊl -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
doleful ˈdəʊl.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈdoʊl- -**ly** -i -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dolerite ˈdɒl.ə.raɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdɑː.lə-
Dolgellau, Dolgelley dɒlˈgeθ.laɪ, -li ⓤⓢ dɑːl-
dolichocephalic ˌdɒl.ɪ.kəʊ.sefˈæl.ɪk, -sɪˈfæl-, -səˈ-, -kefˈæl-, -kɪˈfæl- ⓤⓢ ˌdɑː.lɪ.koʊ-
Dolittle ˈduː.lɪ.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl
doll dɒl ⓤⓢ dɑːl -**s** -z ˈ**doll's** ˌ**house**

ollar (D) 'dɒl.əʳ (US) 'dɑː.lɚ -s -z ˌbet one's ˌbottom 'dollar
ollond 'dɒl.ənd (US) 'dɑː.lənd
ollop 'dɒl.əp (US) 'dɑː.ləp -s -s
oll|y (D) 'dɒl|.i (US) 'dɑː.l|i -ies -iz 'dolly ˌmixture
olman 'dɒl.mən (US) 'doʊl- -s -z
olmen 'dɒl.men (US) 'doʊl- -s -z
olomite (D) 'dɒl.ə.maɪt (US) 'doʊ.lə-, 'dɑː- -s -s
olor 'dɒl.əʳ, 'dəʊ.ləʳ (US) 'doʊ.lɚ, 'dɑː-
olores də'lɔː.res, dɒl'ɔː-, -rɪs, -rəs, -rez, -rɪz, -rəz (US) də'lɔːr.əs, -ɪs
olorous 'dɒl.ᵊr.əs (US) 'doʊ.lɚ-, 'dɑː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
olour 'dɒl.əʳ, 'dəʊ.ləʳ (US) 'doʊ.lɚ, 'dɑː-
lphin 'dɒl.fɪn (US) 'dɑːl- -s -z
lt dəʊlt (US) doʊlt -s -s
ltish 'dəʊl.tɪʃ (US) 'doʊl- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
om dəm
te: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. kingdom /'kɪŋ.dəm/.
main dəʊ'meɪn (US) doʊ-, də- -s -z
mbey 'dɒm.bi (US) 'dɑːm-
me dəʊm (US) doʊm -s -z -d -d
mecq dəʊ'mek, dɒm'ek (US) doʊ-
mesday 'duːmz.deɪ 'Domesday book
mestic də'mes.tɪk -s -s -ally -ᵊl.i, li doˌmestic 'animal; doˌmestic violence
mesti|cate də'mes.tɪ|.keɪt -cates keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
mestication dəˌmes.tɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn
mesticity ˌdɒm.es'tɪs.ə.ti, dəʊ.mes-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌdoʊ.mes'tɪs.ə.t̬i, ləˌmes'-
mestos® də'mes.tɒs, dəʊ- (US) də'mes.toʊs
mett dəʊ'met (US) də-, doʊ-; dɑː.mət
mett 'dɒm.ɪt (US) 'dɑː.mɪt
micil|e 'dɒm.ɪ.saɪl, 'dəʊ.mɪ-, -sɪl (US) 'dɑː.mə-, 'doʊ.mə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ ed -d
miciliary ˌdɒm.ɪ'sɪl.i.ᵊr.i, -ə'- (US) ˌdɑː.mə'sɪl.i.er-, ˌdoʊ-
minance 'dɒm.ɪ.nənts, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mə-
minant 'dɒm.ɪ.nənt, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mə- -s -s -ly -li
mi|nate 'dɒm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mə- -nates -neɪts -nating neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd -nator/s -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
mination ˌdɒm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- (US) ˌdɑː.mə'- -s -z
minatr|ix ˌdɒm.ɪ'neɪ.tr|ɪks, -ə'- (US) ˌdɑː.mə'- -ixes -ɪk.sɪz -ices ɪ.siːz
mineer ˌdɒm.ɪ'nɪəʳ, -ə'- (US) ˌdɑː.mə'nɪr -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li ed -d
mingo də'mɪŋ.gəʊ, dɒm'ɪŋ- (US) də'mɪŋ.goʊ

Dominic 'dɒm.ɪ.nɪk, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mə-
Dominica də'mɪn.ɪ.kə; dɒm.ɪn.'iː- (US) ˌdɑː.mɪ'niː-, də'mɪn.ɪ-
dominical də'mɪn.ɪ.kᵊl, dɒm'ɪn-, dəʊ'mɪn- (US) doʊ'mɪn-, də-
Dominican *republic, religious order:* də'mɪn.ɪ.kən, dɒm'ɪn- (US) doʊ'mɪn-, də- -s -z *of Dominica:* ˌdɒm.ɪ'niː.kən (US) ˌdɑː.mɪ'niː- -s -z
dominie 'dɒm.ɪ.ni, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mɪ- -s -z
dominion (D) də'mɪn.jən, -i.ən (US) '-jən -s -z
Dominique ˌdɒm.ɪ'niːk, -ə'-, '--- (US) ˌdɑː.mə'-, '---
domino (D) 'dɒm.ɪ.nəʊ, '-ə- (US) 'dɑː.mə.noʊ -(e)s -z 'domino efˌfect
Domitian dəʊ'mɪʃ.i.ən, dɒm'ɪʃ-, -'ɪʃ.ən (US) də'mɪʃ.ən, -i.ən
don (D) dɒn (US) dɑːn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
doña, dona 'dɒn.jə (US) 'doʊ.njə, -nə
dona(h) 'dəʊ.nə (US) 'doʊ- -s -z
Donal 'dəʊ.nᵊl (US) 'doʊ-
Donalbain 'dɒn.ᵊl.beɪn (US) 'dɑː.nᵊl-
Donald 'dɒn.ᵊld (US) 'dɑː.nᵊld
Donaldson 'dɒn.ᵊld.sᵊn (US) 'dɑː.nᵊld-
Donat 'dəʊ.næt (US) 'doʊ-
do|nate dəʊ|'neɪt (US) 'doʊ|.neɪt, -|'- -nates -'neɪts (US) -neɪts, -'neɪts -nating -'neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ, -'neɪ- -nated -'neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd, -'neɪ-
Donatello ˌdɒn.ə'tel.əʊ (US) ˌdɑː.nə'tel.oʊ
donatio dəʊ'nɑː.ti.əʊ (US) doʊ'nɑː.ti.oʊ, -'neɪ-, -ʃi-
donation dəʊ'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) doʊ'neɪ- -s -z
Donatist 'dəʊ.nə.tɪst, 'dɒn.ə- (US) 'doʊ.nə-, 'dɑː- -s -s
donative 'dəʊ.nə.tɪv, 'dɒn.ə- (US) 'doʊ.nə.t̬ɪv, 'dɑː- -s -z
donator dəʊ'neɪ.təʳ (US) 'doʊ.neɪ.t̬ɚ, ˌdoʊ'neɪ- -s -z
donatory 'dəʊ.nə.tᵊr.i, 'dɒn.ə-; -tri, dəʊ'neɪ- (US) 'doʊ.nə.tɔːr.i
Donatus dəʊ'neɪ.təs, -'nɑː- (US) doʊ'neɪ.t̬əs, -'nɑː-
Don Carlos ˌdɒn'kɑː.lɒs, ˌdɒŋ- (US) ˌdɑːn'kɑːr.loʊs
Doncaster 'dɒŋ.kə.stəʳ, -ˌkɑː-, -ˌkæs.təʳ (US) 'dɑːŋˌkæs.tɚ, -kə.stɚ, 'dɑːn-
done (*from* **do**) dʌn
Done dəʊn (US) doʊn
donee dəʊ'niː (US) doʊ- -s -z
Donegal ˌdɒn.ɪ'gɔːl, ˌdʌn-, '--- (US) ˌdɑː.nɪ'gɔːl, -'gɑːl, '---
Note: /ˌdʌn.ɪ'gɔːl/ appears to be the most usual pronunciation in Ireland.
Donegall 'dɒn.ɪ.gɔːl (US) 'dɑː.nɪ.gɔːl, -gɑːl
Donelson 'dɒn.ᵊl.sᵊn (US) 'dɑː.nᵊl-
doner 'dɒn.əʳ (US) 'doʊ.nɚ ˌdoner ke'bab
Donetsk dɒn'jetsk (US) də'njetsk, doʊ-
Donetz dɒn'jets (US) də'nets, dɑː'njets

dong (*v.*) dɒŋ (US) dɑːŋ, dɔːŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
dông *Vietnam currency:* dɒŋ (US) dɑːŋ, dɔːŋ
donga 'dɒŋ.gə (US) 'dɑːŋ.gə, 'dɔːŋ- -s -z
Dönges 'dɜːn.jes
Don Giovanni ˌdɒn.dʒəʊ'vɑː.ni, -dʒi.əʊ'-, -'væn.i (US) ˌdɑːn.dʒi.ə'vɑː.ni, -dʒoʊ'-
dongle 'dɒŋ.gᵊl (US) 'dɑːŋ-, 'dɔːŋ- -s -z
Dongola 'dɒŋ.gə.lə (US) 'dɑːŋ-
Donington 'dɒn.ɪŋ.tᵊn, 'dʌn- (US) 'dɑː.nɪŋ-
Donizetti ˌdɒn.ɪ'zet.i, -ɪd'ze-, -ɪt'set- (US) ˌdɑː.nə'zet̬.i, -nət'set̬-
donjon 'dɒn.dʒᵊn, 'dʌn- (US) 'dɑːn- -s -z
Don Juan ˌdɒn'dʒuː.ən, -'hwɑːn (US) ˌdɑːn-
donkey 'dɒŋ.ki (US) 'dɑːŋ-, 'dɔːŋ-, 'dʌŋ- -s -z 'donkey ˌengine; 'donkey ˌjacket; 'donkey's ˌyears
donkeywork 'dɒŋ.ki.wɜːk (US) 'dɑːŋ.ki.wɝːk, 'dɔːŋ-, 'dʌŋ-
Donleavy, Donlevy dɒn'liː.vi, -'lev.i (US) 'dɑːn.liː.vi, 'dʌn-, -lev.i, -'--
Donmar 'dɒn.mɑːʳ (US) 'dɑːn-
donna (D) 'dɒn.ə (US) 'dɑː.nə
Donnan 'dɒn.ən (US) 'dɑː.nən
Donne dʌn, dɒn (US) dʌn, dɑːn
Donnell 'dɒn.ᵊl (US) 'dɑː.nᵊl
Donnelly 'dɒn.ᵊl.i (US) 'dɑː.nᵊl-
Donnington 'dɒn.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'dɑː.nɪŋ-
donnish 'dɒn.ɪʃ (US) 'dɑː.nɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Donny 'dɒn.i (US) 'dɑː.ni
Donnybrook 'dɒn.i.brʊk (US) 'dɑː.ni-
Donoghue 'dʌn.ə.hjuː, 'dɒn-, -hjuː (US) 'dɑː.nə.huː, 'dʌn.ə-, -huː
Donohoe 'dʌn.ə.həʊ, 'dɒn-, -huː (US) 'dɑː.nə.hoʊ, 'dʌn.ə-, -huː
Donohue 'dʌn.ə.hjuː, 'dɒn-, -huː (US) 'dɑː.nə.hjuː, 'dʌn.ə-, -huː
donor 'dəʊ.nəʳ, -nɔːʳ (US) 'doʊ.nɚ -s -z
Donovan 'dɒn.ə.vən (US) 'dɑː.nə-, 'dʌn.ə-
Don Pasquale ˌdɒn.pæs'kwɑː.leɪ, 'dɒm-, -li (US) ˌdɑːn.pəs'-
Don Quixote ˌdɒn'kwɪk.sət, ˌdɒŋ-, -səʊt, -sɒt *as if Spanish:* ˌdɒn.ki'həʊ.teɪ, ˌdɒŋ-, -ti (US) ˌdɑːn.kiː'hoʊ.teɪ, -t̬i; -'kwɪk.sət
donship 'dɒn.ʃɪp (US) 'dɑːn- -s -s
don't dəʊnt (US) doʊnt
Note: Weak forms /dən, dn̩/ may sometimes be heard in the expression "I don't know", and a weak form /dəm/ in the expression "I don't mind".
do|nut 'dəʊ|.nʌt (US) 'doʊ- -nuts -nʌts -nutting -nʌt.ɪŋ (US) -nʌt̬.ɪŋ
Doo duː
Doobie 'duː.bi
doodad 'duː.dæd -s -z
doodah 'duː.dɑː -s -z
doodl|e 'duː.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'duːd.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'duːd.ləʳ/z (US) 'duː.dᵊl.ɚ/z, 'duːd.lɚ/z
doodlebug 'duː.dᵊl.bʌg -s -z
doofus 'duː.fəs -es -ɪz

doohickey 'duː,hɪk.i -s -z
Doolittle 'duː.lɪ.tᵊl US -t̬ᵊl
doom duːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
doomsayer 'duːm,seɪ.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
doomsday (D) 'duːmz.deɪ
Doona® 'duː.nə -s -z
Doon(e) duːn
door dɔːʳ US dɔːr -s -z **,shut the ,door in someone's 'face; ,show someone the 'door**
doorbell 'dɔː.bel US 'dɔːr- -s -z
doorframe 'dɔː.freɪm US 'dɔːr- -s -z
doorjamb 'dɔː.dʒæm US 'dɔːr- -s -z
doorkeeper 'dɔː,kiː.pəʳ US 'dɔːr,kiː.pɚ -s -z
doorknob 'dɔː.nɒb US 'dɔːr.nɑːb -s -z
doorknocker 'dɔː,nɒk.əʳ US 'dɔːr,nɑː.kɚ -s -z
door|man 'dɔː|.mən, -mæn US 'dɔːr- **-men** -mən, -men
doormat 'dɔː.mæt US 'dɔːr- -s -s
doornail 'dɔː.neɪl US 'dɔːr- -s -z **as ,dead as a 'doornail**
doorplate 'dɔː.pleɪt US 'dɔːr- -s -s
doorpost 'dɔː.pəʊst US 'dɔːr.poʊst -s -s
doorstep 'dɔː.step US 'dɔːr- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
doorstop 'dɔː.stɒp US 'dɔːr.stɑːp -s -s
door-to-door ,dɔː.tə'dɔːʳ US ,dɔːr.t̬ə'dɔːr
doorway 'dɔː.weɪ US 'dɔːr- -s -z
doo-wop 'duː.wɒp US -wɑːp
dopa 'dəʊ.pə US 'doʊ-, -pɑː
dopamine 'dəʊ.pə.miːn, -mɪn US 'doʊ-
dop|e dəʊp US doʊp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
dop|ey 'dəʊ.p|i US 'doʊ- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
doppelganger 'dɒp.ᵊl,gæŋ.əʳ US 'dɑː.pᵊl,gæŋ.ɚ -s -z
doppelgänger 'dɒp.ᵊl,geŋ.əʳ US 'dɑː.pᵊl,geŋ.ɚ -s -z
Doppler 'dɒp.ləʳ US 'dɑː.plɚ **'Doppler ef,fect**
dop|y 'dəʊ.p|i US 'doʊ- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Dora 'dɔː.rə US 'dɔːr.ə
dorado (D) də'rɑː.dəʊ, dɒr'ɑː- US doʊ'rɑː.doʊ, də'- -s -z
Doran 'dɔː.rən US 'dɔːr.ən
Dorando də'ræn.dəʊ, dɒr'æn- US dɔːr'æn.doʊ
Dorcas 'dɔː.kəs, -kæs US 'dɔːr-
Dorchester 'dɔː.tʃɪ.stəʳ US 'dɔːr.tʃes.tɚ
Dordogne dɔː'dɔɪn US dɔːr'doʊn
Dordon 'dɔː.dᵊn US 'dɔːr-
Dordrecht 'dɔː.drext, -drekt US 'dɔːr.drekt, -drext
Dore dɔːʳ US dɔːr
Doreen 'dɔː.riːn; -'-, də-, dɒr'iːn US dɔː'riːn
Dorian 'dɔː.ri.ən US 'dɔːr.i- -s -z
Doric 'dɒr.ɪk US 'dɔːr-
Doricism 'dɒr.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- US 'dɔːr- -s -z
Dorigen 'dɒr.ɪ.gᵊn US 'dɔːr-
Doris *modern first name:* 'dɒr.ɪs US 'dɔːr-, 'dɑːr- *district and female name in Greek history:* 'dɔː.rɪs, 'dɒr.ɪs US 'dɔːr.ɪs, 'dɑːr-
dork dɔːk US dɔːrk -s -s
Dorking 'dɔː.kɪŋ US 'dɔːr-
Dorling 'dɔː.lɪŋ US 'dɔːr-
dorm dɔːm US dɔːrm -s -z
dormancy 'dɔː.mənt.si US 'dɔːr-
dormant 'dɔː.mənt US 'dɔːr-
dormer (D) 'dɔː.məʳ US 'dɔːr.mɚ -s -z **,dormer 'window**
dormie 'dɔː.mi US 'dɔːr-
dormitor|y 'dɔː.mɪ.tᵊr|.i, -mə-, -tr|i US 'dɔːr.mə.tɔːr|.i -ies -iz
Dormobile® 'dɔː.mə.biːl US 'dɔːr- -s -z
dor|mouse 'dɔː|.maʊs US 'dɔːr- **-mice** -maɪs
dormy 'dɔː.mi US 'dɔːr-
Dornoch 'dɔː.nɒk, -nək, -nɒx, -nəx US 'dɔːr.nɑːk, -nək
Dornton 'dɔːn.tᵊn US 'dɔːrn-
Dorothea ,dɒr.ə'θi.ə US ,dɔːr-, ,dɑːr-
Dorothy 'dɒr.ə.θi US 'dɔːr-, 'dɑːr-
Dorr dɔːʳ US dɔːr
Dorriforth 'dɒr.ɪ.fɔːθ US 'dɔːr.ɪ.fɔːrθ, 'dɑːr-
Dorrit 'dɒr.ɪt US 'dɔːr-
Dors dɔːz US dɔːrz
dorsal 'dɔː.sᵊl US 'dɔːr- -ly -i
Dorset 'dɔː.sɪt, -sət US 'dɔːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -,ʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -,ʃɪr
Dorsey 'dɔː.si US 'dɔːr-
dorsum 'dɔː.səm US 'dɔːr-
Dortmund 'dɔːt.mənd, -mʊnd US 'dɔːrt-
dor|y (D) 'dɔː.r|i US 'dɔːr|.i -ies -iz
DOS dɒs US dɑːs
dosag|e 'dəʊ.sɪdʒ US 'doʊ- -es -ɪz
dos|e dəʊs US doʊs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **like a ,dose of 'salts**
dosh dɒʃ US dɑːʃ
do-si-do ,dəʊ.si'dəʊ, -saɪ'- US ,doʊ.si'doʊ -s -z
Dos Passos ,dɒs'pæs.ɒs US ,doʊs'pæs.oʊs, dəs-, ,dɑːs-
doss dɒs US dɑːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
dossal 'dɒs.ᵊl US 'dɑː.sᵊl -s -z
dosshou|se 'dɒs.haʊ|s US 'dɑːs- -ses -zɪz
dossier 'dɒs.i.eɪ, -əʳ US 'dɑː.si.eɪ, -ɚ -s -z
dost (*from* do) *strong form:* dʌst *weak form:* dəst
Dostoievski, Dostoevsky ,dɒs.tɔɪ'ef.ski US ,dɔː.stə'jef-, ,dɑː-; ,dʌs.tə'-, -tɔɪ'-
dot (D) dɒt US dɑːt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'dɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US 'dɑː.t̬ɪd **,dotted 'line**
dotage 'dəʊ.tɪdʒ US 'doʊ.t̬ɪdʒ
dotard 'dəʊ.təd, -ɑːd US 'doʊ.t̬ɚd -s -z
dot.com ,dɒt'kɒm US 'dɑːt.kɑːm, ,-'- -s -z *stress shift:* ,dot.com 'company
dot|e dəʊt US doʊt -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li US 'doʊ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd US 'doʊ.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US 'doʊ.t̬ɚ/z
doth (*from* do) *strong form:* dʌθ *weak form:* dəθ
Dotheboys Hall ,duː.ðə.bɔɪz'hɔːl US -'hɔːl, -'hɑːl
dot-matrix ,dɒt'meɪ.trɪks, '-,-- US ,dɑːt'meɪ- **,dot-matrix 'printer, dot-,matrix 'printer** US **,dot-'matrix printer**
dotterel 'dɒt.rᵊl US 'dɑː.trᵊl -s -z
dottle 'dɒt.ᵊl US 'dɑː.t̬ᵊl -s -z
dott|y 'dɒt|.i US 'dɑː.t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Douai *French town:* 'duː.eɪ US -'- *school near Reading:* 'daʊ.eɪ, 'duː-, -i US duː'eɪ *version of Bible:* 'daʊ.eɪ, 'duː-, -i US duː'eɪ, '--
Douala du'ɑː.lə
doubl|e 'dʌb.ᵊl -y -i, '-li -eness -nəs, -nɪs -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ -ed -d **,double 'agent; ,double 'bass; ,double 'chin; ,double 'dutch; ,double 'entry; ,double 'first; ,Double 'Gloucester; ,double in'demnity; ,double 'jeopardy; ,double 'take** US **'double ,take**
double-barrel(l)ed ,dʌb.ᵊl'bær.ᵊld US -'ber-, -'bær- *stress shift:* ,double-barrel(l)ed 'name
double-breasted ,dʌb.ᵊl'bres.tɪd *stress shift:* ,double-breasted 'jacket
double-check ,dʌb.ᵊl'tʃek US 'dʌb.ᵊl,tʃek, ,--'-- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
double-click ,dʌb.ᵊl'klɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
double-cross ,dʌb.ᵊl'krɒs US -'krɑːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Doubleday 'dʌb.ᵊl.deɪ
double-deal|er ,dʌb.ᵊl'diː.l|əʳ US -l|ɚ -ers -əʳz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
double-decker ,dʌb.ᵊl'dek.əʳ US 'dʌb.ᵊl,dek.ɚ, ,dʌb.ᵊl'dek- -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ,double-decker 'bus
double-dip ,dʌb.ᵊl'dɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
double-edged ,dʌb.ᵊl'edʒd *stress shift:* ,double-edged 'sword
double entendre ,duː.bᵊl.ɑ̃ːn'tɑ̃ːn.drə, -ɑːn'tɑːn- US ,dʌb.ᵊl.ɑːn'tɑːn.drə, ,duː.blɑːn'trɑːn
double-glaz|e ,dʌb.ᵊl'gleɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift:* ,double-glazed 'windows
double-glazing ,dʌb.ᵊl'gleɪ.zɪŋ
double-header ,dʌb.ᵊl'hed.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
double-jointed ,dʌb.ᵊl'dʒɔɪn.tɪd US -t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ,double-jointed 'gymnast
double-park ,dʌb.ᵊl'pɑːk US -'pɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
double-quick ,dʌb.ᵊl'kwɪk *stress shift:* ,double-quick 'time
double-spac|e ,dʌb.ᵊl'speɪs -es -ɪz

-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift:* ˌdouble-spaced ˈtyping
oublespeak ˈdʌb.ᵊl.spiːk
ouble-stop ˌdʌb.ᵊlˈstɒp (US) -ˈstɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
oublet ˈdʌb.lɪt, -lət -s -s
oubletalk ˈdʌb.ᵊl.tɔːk (US) -tɔːk, -tɑːk
ouble-team ˈdʌb.ᵊl.tiːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
oublethink ˈdʌb.ᵊl.θɪŋk
ouble-tongued ˌdʌb.ᵊlˈtʌŋd, -tɒŋd (US) -ˈtʌŋd
oubloon dʌbˈluːn -s -z
oubt daʊt -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li (US) ˈdaʊ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd (US) ˈdaʊ.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) ˈdaʊ.t̬ɚ/z ˌdoubting ˈThomas
oubtful ˈdaʊt.fᵊl, -fʊl -lest -ɪst, -əst -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
oubtless ˈdaʊt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li
ouch|e duːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
oug dʌg
ougal(l) ˈduː.gᵊl
ougan ˈduː.gən
ough dəʊ (US) doʊ
ougherty ˈdɒx.ə.ti, ˈdəʊ-, ˈdaʊ- (US) ˈdɔːr.ə.t̬i, ˈdɔːr.t̬i, ˈdoʊ.ɚ-, daʊ-, ˈdɑː.kɚ-
oughfaced ˈdəʊ.feɪst (US) ˈdoʊ-
ough|nut ˈdəʊ.nʌt (US) ˈdoʊ- -nuts -nʌts -nutting -nʌt.ɪŋ (US) -nʌt̬.ɪŋ
ought|y (D) ˈdaʊ.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ough|y ˈdəʊ|.i (US) ˈdoʊ- -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ouglas-Home ˌdʌg.ləsˈhjuːm
ouglas(s) ˈdʌg.ləs
ouloureux ˌduː.ləˈrɜː, -luːˈ-, -lʊˈ-
oulton ˈdəʊl.tᵊn (US) ˈdoʊl-
ounreay ˈduːn.reɪ, -ˈ-
our dʊəʳ, daʊəʳ (US) dʊr, daʊɚ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ouro ˈdʊə.rəʊ (US) ˈdɔːr.oʊ
ous|e daʊs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ove (D) dʌv -s -z
ove (*from* **dive**) dəʊv (US) doʊv
ovecot(e) ˈdʌv.kɒt (US) -kɑːt -s -s
ovedale ˈdʌv.deɪl
over ˈdəʊ.vəʳ (US) ˈdoʊ.vɚ ˌDover ˈsole
ovetail ˈdʌv.teɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ovey ˈdʌv.i
ow daʊ ˌDow ˈJones; ˌDow ˈJones ˈindex
owager ˈdaʊə.dʒəʳ, ˈdaʊɪ- (US) -dʒɚ -s -z
owden ˈdaʊ.dᵊn
owds daʊdz
owd|y ˈdaʊ.d|i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
owel daʊəl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
owell daʊəl; ˈdaʊ.ɪl, -el
ower daʊəʳ (US) daʊɚ -s -z -less -ləs, -lɪs
owgate ˈdaʊ.gɪt, -geɪt

Dowie ˈdaʊ.i
Dowland ˈdaʊ.lənd
dowlas (D) ˈdaʊ.ləs
Dowler ˈdaʊ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Dowling ˈdaʊ.lɪŋ
down (D) daʊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌdown ˈpayment; ˈDown's ˌsyndrome; ˌdown ˈunder
Down *county:* daʊn -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
down-and-out ˌdaʊn.əndˈaʊt -s -s *stress shift:* ˌdown-and-out ˈperson
down-at-heel ˌdaʊn.ətˈhiːl *stress shift:* ˌdown-at-heel ˈperson
downbeat ˈdaʊn.biːt, ˈdaʊm- (US) ˈdaʊn- -s -s
downcast ˈdaʊn.kɑːst, ˈdaʊŋ-, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈdaʊn.kæst
downdraught ˈdaʊn.drɑːft (US) -dræft -s -s
downdrift ˈdaʊn.drɪft
Downe daʊn -s -z
downer ˈdaʊ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ -s -z
Downey ˈdaʊ.ni
downfall ˈdaʊn.fɔːl (US) -fɔːl, -fɑːl -s -z
downgrad|e ˌdaʊnˈgreɪd, ˌdaʊŋ- (US) ˈdaʊn.greɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌdowngraded ˈworker
Downham ˈdaʊ.nəm
downhearted ˌdaʊnˈhɑː.tɪd (US) -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌdownhearted ˈperson
downhill ˌdaʊnˈhɪl *stress shift:* ˌdownhill ˈslide
down-home ˌdaʊnˈhəʊm (US) -ˈhoʊm
Downie ˈdaʊ.ni
Downing ˈdaʊ.nɪŋ ˈDowning ˌStreet
downland (D) ˈdaʊn.lænd, -lənd
download ˌdaʊnˈləʊd, ˈ-- (US) ˈdaʊn.loʊd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -able -ə.bᵊl
downmarket ˌdaʊnˈmɑː.kɪt, ˌdaʊm- (US) ˈdaʊnˌmɑːr- *stress shift, British only:* ˌdownmarket ˈarea
Downpatrick ˌdaʊnˈpæt.rɪk, ˌdaʊm- (US) ˌdaʊn-
downpipe ˈdaʊn.paɪp, ˈdaʊm- (US) ˈdaʊn- -s -s
downplay ˌdaʊnˈpleɪ, ˌdaʊm- (US) ˈdaʊn.pleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift, British only:* ˌdownplayed ˈincident
downpour ˈdaʊn.pɔːʳ, ˈdaʊm- (US) ˈdaʊn.pɔːr -s -z
downright ˈdaʊn.raɪt -ness -nəs, -nɪs
downriver ˌdaʊnˈrɪv.əʳ, -ɚ *stress shift:* ˌdownriver ˈsettlement
downrush ˈdaʊn.rʌʃ -es -ɪz
Downs daʊnz
downscal|e ˌdaʊnˈskeɪl -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift:* ˌdownscaled ˈworkforce
downshift ˈdaʊn.ʃɪft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
downside (D) ˈdaʊn.saɪd
downsiz|e ˌdaʊnˈsaɪz (US) ˈ-- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift, British only:* ˌdownsized ˈpayments
downspout ˈdaʊn.spaʊt -s -s
downstage ˌdaʊnˈsteɪdʒ (US) ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌdownstage ˈaction
downstairs ˌdaʊnˈsteəz (US) -ˈsterz *stress shift:* ˌdownstairs ˈbathroom
downstream ˌdaʊnˈstriːm *stress shift:* ˌdownstream ˈsettlement
downswing ˈdaʊn.swɪŋ -s -z
downtime ˈdaʊn.taɪm
down-to-earth ˌdaʊn.tuˈɜːθ (US) -ˈɝːθ *stress shift:* ˌdown-to-earth ˈperson
Downton ˈdaʊn.tən (US) -tᵊn
downtown ˌdaʊnˈtaʊn (US) ˌdaʊnˈtaʊn, ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌdowntown ˈarea
downtrodden ˈdaʊnˌtrɒd.ᵊn, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈdaʊnˌtrɑː.dᵊn
downturn ˈdaʊn.tɜːn (US) -tɝːn -s -z
downward ˈdaʊn.wəd (US) -wɚd -s -z
downwind ˌdaʊnˈwɪnd (US) ˌdaʊnˈwɪnd, ˈ--
down|y ˈdaʊ.n|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
dowr|y ˈdaʊ.r|i -ies -iz
dows|e daʊz, daʊs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈdowsing ˌrod
Dowse daʊs
Dowson ˈdaʊ.sᵊn
Dowton ˈdaʊ.tᵊn
doxolog|y dɒkˈsɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) dɑːkˈsɑː.lə- -ies -iz
dox|y ˈdɒk.s|i (US) ˈdɑːk- -ies -iz
doyen ˈdɔɪ.en, -ən; ˈdwaɪ.æ̃ŋ; dɔɪˈen (US) ˈdɔɪ.ən, -en, dwɑːˈjen -s -z
doyenne dɔɪˈen; dwaɪˈæ̃ŋ (US) dɔɪˈen, -ˈjen, dwɑːˈjen -s -z
Doyle dɔɪl
doyl|(e)y ˈdɔɪ.li -l(e)ys -z -lies -z
D'Oyl(e)y ˈdɔɪ.li
d'Oyly Carte ˌdɔɪ.liˈkɑːt (US) -ˈkɑːrt
doz|e dəʊz (US) doʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
dozen ˈdʌz.ᵊn -s -z -th -θ
doz|y ˈdəʊ.z|i (US) ˈdoʊ- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
DPhil ˌdiːˈfɪl
dr (*abbrev. for* **dram**) dræm
Dr. (*abbrev. for* **Doctor**) ˈdɒk.təʳ (US) ˈdɑːk.tɚ
drab dræb -s -z -ber -əʳ (US) -ɚ -best -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs
drabbl|e (D) ˈdræb.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ -ed -d
dracaena drəˈsiː.nə -s -z
drachm dræm -s -z
drachm|a ˈdræk.m|ə -as -əz -ae -iː, -eɪ
Draco *Greek legislator:* ˈdreɪ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ *English surname:* ˈdrɑː.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
draconian (D) drəˈkəʊ.ni.ən, drækˈəʊ- (US) drəˈkoʊ-, dreɪ-
Dracula ˈdræk.jə.lə, -jʊ-
draff dræf, drɑːf (US) dræf
draft drɑːft (US) dræft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈdraft ˌdodger

draftee ˌdrɑːfˈtiː ⓤⓢ ˌdræf- **-s** -z
drafts|man ˈdrɑːfts|.mən ⓤⓢ ˈdræfts- **-men** -mən, -men **-manship** -mən.ʃɪp
drafts|woman ˈdrɑːfts|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ ˈdræfts- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
draft|y ˈdrɑːf.t|i ⓤⓢ ˈdræf- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
drag dræg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d ˈ**drag** ˌ**race**; ˈ**drag** ˌ**queen**
Drage dreɪdʒ
dragee, dragée dræʒˈeɪ ⓤⓢ dræʒˈeɪ, drɑːˈʒeɪ **-s** -z
draggl|e ˈdræg.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
dragg|y ˈdræg|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
dragnet ˈdræg.net **-s** -s
drago|man ˈdræg.əʊ|.mən, -mæn ⓤⓢ -ə-, -oʊ- **-mans** -mənz, -mænz **-men** -mən, -men
dragon ˈdræg.ən **-s** -z ˈ**dragon's** ˌ**blood**, ˌ**dragon's** ˈ**blood**
dragonet ˈdræg.ə.nɪt, -net **-s** -s
dragonfl|y ˈdræg.ən.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
dragonnade ˌdræg.əˈneɪd **-s** -z
dragoon drəˈguːn **-s** -z
dragster ˈdræg.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z
drain dreɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**draining** ˌ**board**
drainage ˈdreɪ.nɪdʒ
drainpipe ˈdreɪn.paɪp, ˈdreɪm- ⓤⓢ ˈdreɪn- **-s** -s
drake (D) dreɪk **-s** -s
Drakensberg ˈdræk.ənz.bɜːg ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.kənz.bɝːg
Dralon® ˈdreɪ.lɒn ⓤⓢ -lɑːn
dram dræm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
drama ˈdrɑː.mə ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑːm.ə, ˈdræm.ə **-s** -z
Dramamine® ˈdræm.ə.miːn, -mɪn
dramatic drəˈmæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈmæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-s** -s
dramatis personae ˌdrɑː.mə.tɪs.pɜːˈsəʊ.naɪ, ˌdræm.ə-, -pəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdrɑː.mə.t̬ɪs.pɚˈsoʊ-, ˌdræm.ə-, -ni
dramatist ˈdræm.ə.tɪst, ˈdrɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.mə.t̬ɪst, ˈdræm.ə- **-s** -s
dramatization, -isa- ˌdræm.ə.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌdrɑː.mə-, -tɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌdrɑː.mə.t̬ɪˈ-, ˌdræm.ə- **-s** -z
dramatiz|e, -is|e ˈdræm.ə.taɪz, ˈdrɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.mə-, ˈdræm.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl
dramaturg|e ˈdræm.ə.tɜːdʒ, ˈdrɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.mə.tɝːdʒ, ˈdræm.ə.- **-es** -ɪz
dramaturgic ˌdræm.əˈtɜː.dʒɪk, ˌdrɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.mə.tɝː-; ˌdræm.əˈtɝː- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
dramaturgy ˈdræm.ə.tɜː.dʒi, ˈdrɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.mə.tɝː-, ˈdræm.ə-
Drambuie® dræmˈbjuː.i, -ˈbuː-
Drane dreɪn
drank (*from* **drink**) dræŋk
drap|e dreɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
draper (D) ˈdreɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ **-s** -z
draper|y ˈdreɪ.pər|.i **-ies** -iz
Drapier ˈdreɪ.pi.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Draskovic ˈdræs.kə.vɪtʃ ⓤⓢ drɑːs-
drastic ˈdræs.tɪk, ˈdrɑː.stɪk ⓤⓢ ˈdræs.tɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
drat dræt
draught drɑːft ⓤⓢ dræft **-s** -s
draughtboard ˈdrɑːf*t*.bɔːd ⓤⓢ ˈdræf*t*.bɔːrd **-s** -z
draught-proof ˈdrɑːf*t*.pruːf ⓤⓢ ˈdræf*t*- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -t
draughts|man ˈdrɑːf*t*s|.mən ⓤⓢ ˈdræf*t*s- **-men** -mən
draughts|woman ˈdrɑːfts|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ ˈdræfts- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
draught|y ˈdrɑːf.t|i ⓤⓢ ˈdræf- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Drava ˈdrɑː.və
Dravidian drəˈvɪd.i.ən **-s** -z
draw drɔː ⓤⓢ drɑː, drɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **drew** druː **drawn** drɔːn ⓤⓢ drɑːn, drɔːn **drawable** ˈdrɔː.ə.bəl ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː-, ˈdrɔː- ˈ**drawing** ˌ**board**; ˈ**drawing** ˌ**pin**; ˈ**drawing** ˌ**room**; ˈ**drawing** ˌ**table**; **go** ˌ**back to the** ˈ**drawing** ˌ**board**
drawback ˈdrɔː.bæk ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː-, ˈdrɔː- **-s** -s
drawbridg|e ˈdrɔː.brɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː-, ˈdrɔː- **-es** -ɪz
drawdown ˈdrɔː.daʊn ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː-, ˈdrɔː-
drawee ˌdrɔːˈiː ⓤⓢ ˌdrɑː-, ˌdrɔː- **-s** -z
drawer *sliding box:* drɔːʳ ⓤⓢ drɔːr **-s** -z
drawer *person who draws:* ˈdrɔː.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː.ɚ, ˈdrɔː- **-s** -z
drawers *garment:* drɔːz ⓤⓢ drɔːrz
drawl drɔːl ⓤⓢ drɑːl, drɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
drawn (*from* **draw**) drɔːn ⓤⓢ drɑːn, drɔːn
drawstring ˈdrɔː.strɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈdrɑː-, ˈdrɔː- **-s** -z
Drax dræks
dray dreɪ **-s** -z
dray|man ˈdreɪ|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Drayton ˈdreɪ.tən
dread dred **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
dreadful ˈdred.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dreadlocks ˈdred.lɒks ⓤⓢ -lɑːks
dreadnought, dreadnaught (D) ˈdred.nɔːt ⓤⓢ -nɑːt, -nɔːt **-s** -s
dream driːm **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** drem*p*t, driːmd ⓤⓢ driːmd, drem*p*t **-t** drem*p*t **-er/s** ˈdriː.məʳ/z ⓤⓢ -mɚ/z **-like** -laɪk ˈ**dream** ˌ**world**
dreamboat ˈdriːm.bəʊt ⓤⓢ -boʊt **-s** -s
Dreamcast® ˈdriːm.kɑːst ⓤⓢ -kæst
dreamland ˈdriːm.lænd
dreamless ˈdriːm.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li
dreamtime ˈdriːm.taɪm
dream|y ˈdriː.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
drear drɪəʳ ⓤⓢ drɪr
drear|y ˈdrɪə.r|i ⓤⓢ ˈdrɪr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
dredg|e dredʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
dredger ˈdredʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
Dre-fach Felindre drevˌɑːx.velˈɪn.drə
dregg|y ˈdreg|.i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
dregs dregz
Dreiser ˈdraɪ.zəʳ, -səʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ, -sɚ
drench drentʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Dresden ˈdrez.dən
dress dres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**dress** ˈ**circle** ⓤⓢ ˈ**dress** ˌ**circle**; ˌ**dress** ˈ**coat** ⓤⓢ ˈ**dress** ˌ**coat**; ˈ**dress** ˌ**code**; ˌ**dress** **re**ˈ**hearsal** ⓤⓢ ˈ**dress** **re**ˌ**hearsal**; ˈ**dress** ˌ**sense**; ˌ**dress** ˈ**suit** ⓤⓢ ˈ**dress** ˌ**suit**
dressage ˈdres.ɑːʒ; -ɑːdʒ; -ɪdʒ; drəˈsɑːʒ ⓤⓢ drəˈsɑːʒ, dresˈɑːʒ
dresser ˈdres.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
dressing ˈdres.ɪŋ **-s** -z ˈ**dressing** ˌ**gown**; ˈ**dressing** ˌ**room**; ˈ**dressing** ˌ**table**
dressing-down ˌdres.ɪŋˈdaʊn **-s** -z
dressmak|er ˈdresˌmeɪ.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
dress|y ˈdres|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
drew (*from* **draw**) druː
Drew druː **-s** -z
Dreyfus(s) ˈdreɪ.fəs, ˈdraɪ-, -fʊs
dribbl|e ˈdrɪb.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d, ˈ-lɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-əl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z
driblet ˈdrɪb.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
dribs and drabs ˌdrɪbz.ənˈdræbz
dried (*from* **dry**) draɪd
drier ˈdraɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
dries (*from* **dry**) draɪz
driest ˈdraɪ.ɪst, -əst
Driffield ˈdrɪf.iːld
drift drɪft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
drifter ˈdrɪf.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-s** -z
driftless ˈdrɪft.ləs, -lɪs
driftnet ˈdrɪf*t*.net **-s** -s
driftwood ˈdrɪft.wʊd
drifty ˈdrɪf.ti
drill drɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**drill** ˌ**sergeant**
drily ˈdraɪ.li
drink drɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **drank** dræŋk **drunk** drʌŋk **drinker/s** ˈdrɪŋ.kəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -kɚ/z ˈ**drinking** ˌ**fountain**; ˈ**drinking** ˌ**horn**; ˈ**drinking** ˌ**water**
drinkable ˈdrɪŋ.kə.bəl
drink-driv|ing ˌdrɪŋkˈdraɪ.v|ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Drinkwater ˈdrɪŋkˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
drip drɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
drip|-dry ˈdrɪp|.draɪ, ˌ-ˈ- **-dries** -draɪz **-drying** -ˌdraɪ.ɪŋ **-dried** -draɪd
drip|-feed ˈdrɪp|.fiːd **-feeds** -fiːdz **-feeding** -ˌfiː.dɪŋ **-fed** -fed

ipping 'drɪp.ɪŋ **-s** -z
ipp|y 'drɪp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
ipstone 'drɪp.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn **-s** -z
iscoll 'drɪs.kəl
iv|e draɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **drove** drəʊv (US) droʊv **driven** 'drɪv.ən **'driving iron; 'driving ˌlicence/license; 'driving ˌseat; 'driving ˌtest**
iveaway 'draɪv.əˌweɪ
ive-by 'draɪv.baɪ
ive-in 'draɪv.ɪn **-s** -z
ivel 'drɪv.əl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
iven (*from* **drive**) 'drɪv.ən
iver(D) 'draɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z **'driver's ˌlicense; in the 'driver's seat**
ive-through 'draɪv.θruː **-s** -z
iveway 'draɪv.weɪ **-s** -z
iza-bone® 'draɪ.zə.bəʊn (US) -boʊn
izzl|e 'drɪz.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
izzly 'drɪz.əl.i, '-li
rogheda *place:* 'drɔɪ.ɪ.də, 'drɔː-, '-ə-, 'drɒ.hə- (US) 'drɔː.ɪ-, 'drɑː-, '-ə- *Earl:* 'drɔɪ.ɪ.də
oid drɔɪd **-s** -z
oit drɔɪt, drwɑː **-s** -s
oit de seigneur ˌdrwɑː.də.seɪ'njɜːʳ, -sen'jɜːʳ, -siː'njɜːʳ (US) -seɪ'njʊr, -sen'jʊr, -'jɝː
roitwich 'drɔɪ.twɪtʃ
oll drəʊl (US) droʊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-y** -li, 'drəʊ.li (US) 'droʊ.li
oller|y 'drəʊ.lər|.i (US) 'droʊ- **-ies** -iz
rome drəʊm (US) droʊm
ote: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. aerodrome /'eə.rə.drəʊm/ (US) /'er.ə.droʊm/.
romedar|y 'drɒm.ə.dər|.i, 'drʌm-, '-ɪ- (US) 'drɑː.mə.der-, 'drʌm.ə- **-ies** -iz
romio 'drəʊ.mi.əʊ (US) 'droʊ.mi.oʊ
romore 'drəʊ.mɔːʳ; drə'mɔːʳ (US) 'droʊ.mɔːr; drə'mɔːr
ron|e drəʊn (US) droʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ronfield 'drɒn.fiːld (US) 'drɑːn-
rongo 'drɒŋ.gəʊ (US) 'drɑːŋ.goʊ **-(e)s** -z
rood druːd
rool druːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
roop druːp **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
roop|y 'druː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rop drɒp (US) drɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **'drop ˌscone; 'drop ˌshot; a ˌdrop in the 'ocean; at the ˌdrop of a 'hat**
rop-in 'drɒp.ɪn (US) 'drɑːp-
ropkick 'drɒp.kɪk (US) 'drɑːp- **-s** -s
roplet 'drɒp.lət, -lɪt (US) 'drɑːp- **-s** -s
ropout 'drɒp.aʊt (US) 'drɑːp- **-s** -s
ropper 'drɒp.əʳ (US) 'drɑː.pɚ **-s** -z
ropping 'drɒp.ɪŋ (US) 'drɑː.pɪŋ **-s** -z
ropsic|al 'drɒp.sɪ.k|əl (US) 'drɑːp- **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
dropsy 'drɒp.si (US) 'drɑːp-
droshk|y 'drɒʃ.k|i (US) 'drɑːʃ- **-ies** -iz
drosophila drə'sɒf.ɪ.lə, drɒs'ɒf-, -əl.ə (US) droʊ'sɑː.fəl.ə, drə- **-s** -z
dross drɒs (US) drɑːs **-y** -i
drought draʊt **-s** -s **-y** -i
drove drəʊv (US) droʊv **-s** -z
drover 'drəʊ.vəʳ (US) 'droʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
Drower draʊəʳ (US) draʊɚ
drown draʊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
drows|e draʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
drows|y 'draʊ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Droylsden 'drɔɪlz.dən
Drs. (*abbrev. for* **Doctors**) 'dɒk.təz (US) 'dɑːk.tɚz
drub drʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
Druce druːs
Drucker 'drʊk.əʳ (US) 'drʌk.ɚ, 'drʊk-
drudg|e drʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
drudgery 'drʌdʒ.ər.i
drug drʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
drugget 'drʌg.ɪt **-s** -s
druggie 'drʌg.i **-s** -z
druggist 'drʌg.ɪst **-s** -s
drugg|y 'drʌg|.i **-ies** -iz
drugstore 'drʌg.stɔːʳ (US) -stɔːr **-s** -z
druid 'druː.ɪd **-s** -z **-ess/es** -ɪs/ɪz, -es/ɪz **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
druidic dru'ɪd.ɪk **-al** -əl
drum drʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d **ˌdrum 'major** (US) **'drum ˌmajor; ˌdrum major'ette**
drumbeat 'drʌm.biːt **-s** -s
Drumcree drʌm'kriː *stress shift:* ˌDrumcree 'residents
drumfire 'drʌm.faɪəʳ (US) -faɪɚ
drumhead 'drʌm.hed **-s** -z
drummer 'drʌm.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Drummond 'drʌm.ənd
drumroll 'drʌm.rəʊl (US) -roʊl **-s** -z
drumstick 'drʌm.stɪk **-s** -s
drunk (*also from* **drink**) (*n, adj.*) drʌŋk **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
drunkard 'drʌŋ.kəd (US) -kɚd **-s** -z
drunk-driv|ing ˌdrʌŋk'draɪ.v|ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
drunken 'drʌŋ.kən **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
drupe druːp **-s** -s
Drury 'drʊə.ri (US) 'drʊr.i
drus|e *geological term:* druːz **-es** -ɪz
Druse *surname:* druːz, druːs
Drus|e, Druz|e *member of sect in Syria and Lebanon:* druːz **-es** -ɪz
Drusilla druː'sɪl.ə, drʊ-
druthers 'drʌð.əz (US) -ɚz
dr|y dr|aɪ **-ier** -aɪ.əʳ (US) -aɪ.ɚ **-iest** -aɪ.ɪst, -əst **-yly** -aɪ.li **-yness** -aɪ.nəs, -nɪs **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **ˌdry 'goods** (US) **'dry ˌgoods; ˌdry 'ice; ˌdry 'land; ˌdry 'rot**
dryad 'draɪ.æd, -əd **-s** -z
Dryburgh 'draɪ.bər.ə (US) -bɝːg, -bɚ.ə
dry-clean ˌdraɪ'kliːn (US) '-- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Dryden 'draɪ.dən
dry-dock ˌdraɪ'dɒk, '-- (US) 'draɪ.dɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
dryer 'draɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
dry-eyed ˌdraɪ'aɪd
Dryfesdale 'draɪfs.deɪl
Dryhurst 'draɪ.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
drying (*from* **dry**) 'draɪ.ɪŋ
dryly 'draɪ.li
dryness 'draɪ.nəs, -nɪs
dry-nurs|e 'draɪ.nɜːs (US) -nɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
drypoint 'draɪ.pɔɪnt
Drysdale 'draɪz.deɪl
dryshod 'draɪ.ʃɒd (US) ʃɑːd
drywall 'draɪ.wɔːl (US) -wɔːl, -wɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
DTI ˌdiː.tiː'aɪ
DTP ˌdiː.tiː'piː
DTs ˌdiː'tiːz
dual 'djuː.əl, 'dʒuː-; djʊəl, dʒʊəl (US) 'duː.əl, 'djuː- **ˌdual 'carriageway**
dual|ism 'djuː.ə.l|ɪ.zəm, 'dʒuː-; 'djʊə.l|ɪ-, 'dʒʊə- (US) 'duː.əl|.ɪ-, 'djuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
dualistic ˌdjuː.ə'lɪs.tɪk, ˌdʒuː-; ˌdjʊə'lɪs-, ˌdʒʊə- (US) ˌduː.əl'ɪs-, ˌdjuː-
dualit|y dju'æl.ə.t|i, dʒu-, -ɪ.t|i (US) du'æl.ə.ţ|i, dju- **-ies** -iz
dual-purpose ˌdjuː.əl'pɜː.pəs, ˌdʒuː-; ˌdjʊəl-, ˌdʒʊəl- (US) ˌduː.əl'pɝː-, ˌdjuː- *stress shift:* ˌdual-purpose 'implement
Duane dweɪn; du'eɪn
dub dʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
Dubai duː'baɪ, dʊ-, djʊ- (US) duː-, də-
Du Barry djuː'bær.i, duː- (US) duː'ber-, djuː-, -'bær-
dubbin 'dʌb.ɪn
Dubcek 'dʊb.tʃek (US) 'duːb-
dubiety djuː'baɪ.ə.ti, djʊ-, dʒuː-, dʒʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) duː'baɪ.ə.ţi, djuː-
dubious 'djuː.bi.əs, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dubi|tate 'djuː.bɪ|.teɪt, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː.bə-, 'djuː- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ţɪd
dubitation ˌdjuː.bɪ'teɪ.ʃən, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.bə'-, ˌdjuː- **-s** -z
dubitative 'djuː.bɪ.tə.tɪv, 'dʒuː-, -teɪ- (US) 'duː.bə-, 'djuː- **-ly** -li
Dublin 'dʌb.lɪn
Dubliner 'dʌb.lɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
DuBois, Du Bois duː'bwɑː, djuː-
Dubonnet® djuː'bɒn.eɪ, duː-, '--- (US) ˌduː.bə'neɪ, ˌdjuː-
Dubrovnik djʊ'brɒv.nɪk, dʊ- (US) duː'brɑːv-
Dubya 'dʌb.jə
ducal 'djuː.kəl, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- **-ly** -i
Du Cane djuː'keɪn, duː- (US) du-, djuː-
ducat 'dʌk.ət **-s** -s
duce (D) 'duː.tʃeɪ, -tʃi (US) 'duː.tʃeɪ

duces tecum ˌduː.kes'teɪ.kʊm (US) -siːz'-
Duchamp 'djuː.ʃɑ̃ːŋ, 'duː-, ˌ-'- (US) ˌ-'-, ˌdu'ʃɑːmp
Duchesne djuː'ʃeɪn, duː-
duchess (D) 'dʌtʃ.ɪs, -es; dʌtʃ'es (US) 'dʌtʃ.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
duchesse duː'ʃes; 'dʌtʃ.ɪs, -es (US) 'dʌtʃ.ɪs
Duchovny dʊ'kɒv.ni, duː- (US) -'kɑːv-
duch|y 'dʌtʃ|.i **-ies** -iz
Ducie 'djuː.si, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː-
duck dʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'duck ˌpond; ˌducks and 'drakes; ˌtake to something like a ˌduck to 'water**
duckbill 'dʌk.bɪl **-s** -z **-ed** -d **ˌduckbilled 'platypus**
duckboard 'dʌk.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
duck-egg 'dʌk.eg **-s** -z
duckling 'dʌk.lɪŋ **-s** -z
duckweed 'dʌk.wiːd
Duckworth 'dʌk.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
duck|y 'dʌk|.i **-ies** -iz
duct dʌkt **-s** -s
ductile 'dʌk.taɪl (US) -tɪl, -taɪl
ductility dʌk'tɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
ductless 'dʌkt.ləs, -lɪs **ˌductless 'gland**
dud dʌd **-s** -z
Duddeston 'dʌd.ɪ.stᵊn
Duddington 'dʌd.ɪŋ.tᵊn
Duddon 'dʌd.ᵊn
dude duːd, djuːd **-s** -z **'dude ˌranch**
Dudeney 'duːd.ni, 'djuːd-
dudgeon 'dʌdʒ.ᵊn **-s** -z
Dudley 'dʌd.li
due djuː, dʒuː (US) duː, djuː **-s** -z
duel 'djuː.əl, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː.əl, 'djuː- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
duel(l)ist 'djuː.ᵊl.ɪst, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- **-s** -s
duenna dju'en.ə, du- (US) du-, dju- **-s** -z
Duer 'djuː.əʳ, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː.ɚ, 'djuː-
Duessa dju'es.ə, dʒu- (US) du-, dju-
duet dju'et, dʒu- (US) du-, dju- **-s** -s
duettino ˌdjuː.et'iː.nəʊ, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.et'iː.noʊ, ˌdjuː- **-s** -z
duettist dju'et.ɪst, dʒu- (US) du'et̬-, dju- **-s** -s
duetto dju'et.əʊ, dʒu- (US) du'et̬.oʊ, dju- **-s** -z
duff (D) dʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
duffel 'dʌf.ᵊl **'duffel ˌbag; 'duffel ˌcoat**
duffer 'dʌf.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Dufferin 'dʌf.ᵊr.ɪn
Duffield 'dʌf.iːld
Duffin 'dʌf.ɪn
Duffy 'dʌf.i
Dufy 'duː.fi (US) duː'fiː
dug (*n.*) (*also from* **dig**) dʌg **-s** -z
Dugald 'duː.gᵊld
Dugan 'duː.gᵊn
Dugdale 'dʌg.deɪl
Duggan 'dʌg.ᵊn
Dugmore 'dʌg.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
dugong 'djuː.gɒŋ, 'duː- (US) 'duː.gɑːŋ, -gɔːŋ **-s** -z
dugout 'dʌg.aʊt **-s** -s
Duguid 'djuː.gɪd, 'duː.gɪd (US) 'duː-, 'djuː-
DUI ˌdiː.juː'aɪ
duiker 'daɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
Duisburg 'djuːz.bɜːg, 'djuːs- (US) 'duːs.bɝːg, 'duːz-
Duisenberg 'daɪ.zᵊn.bɜːg, 'dɔɪ-, -zᵊm- (US) 'duː.zᵊn.bɝːg, daɪ-
Dukakis dʊ'kɑː.kɪs, djʊ-, dʒʊ-, də- (US) dʊ'kɑː.kəs, də-
Dukas 'djuː.kɑː, 'duː-, -'- (US) duː'kɑː, djuː-
duke (D) djuːk, dʒuːk (US) duːk, djuːk **-s** -s
dukedom 'djuːk.dəm, 'dʒuːk- (US) 'duːk-, 'djuːk- **-s** -z
duker|y 'djuː.kᵊr|.i, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- **-ies** -iz
Dukinfield 'dʌk.ɪn.fiːld
Dulce 'dʌl.si
dulcet 'dʌl.sɪt, -sət
Dulcie 'dʌl.si
dulci|fy 'dʌl.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
dulcimer 'dʌl.sɪ.məʳ, -sə- (US) -mɚ **-s** -z
Dulcinea ˌdʌl.sɪ'niː.ə, -'neɪ-; dʌl'sɪn.i- (US) ˌdʌl.sə'niː-; dʌl'sɪn.i-
dulia djʊ'laɪə, dʊ- (US) duː'laɪə, djuː-; 'duː.li.ə
dull dʌl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-y** -li, -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **as ˌdull as 'ditch-water**
dullard 'dʌl.əd, -ɑːd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z
Dulles 'dʌl.ɪs, -əs
dullish 'dʌl.ɪʃ
dullsville 'dʌlz.vɪl
dulness 'dʌl.nəs, -nɪs
Duluth də'luːθ, djʊ-, dʊ-, də- (US) də-
Dulux® 'djuː.lʌks
Dulwich 'dʌl.ɪdʒ, -ɪtʃ
duly 'djuː.li, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː-
Duma 'duː.mə, 'djuː- (US) 'duː-
Dumain djʊ'meɪn, dʒʊ- (US) duː-, djuː-
Dumas 'djuː.mɑː, 'duː-; dʊ'mɑː (US) duː'mɑː, djuː-
Du Maurier djuː'mɔː.ri.eɪ, duː-, -'mɒr.i- (US) duː'mɔːr.i-, djuː-
dumb dʌm **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'dumb ˌshow; ˌdumb 'waiter** (US) **'dumb ˌwaiter**
Dumbarton dʌm'bɑː.tᵊn, dəm- (US) -'bɑːr-
Note: In **Dumbarton Oaks** (Washington DC), however, the pronunciation is /ˌdʌm.bɑː.tᵊn'əʊks (US) -bɑːr.tᵊn'oʊks/.
dumbbell 'dʌm.bel **-s** -z
dumbfound ˌdʌm'faʊnd, '-- (US) 'dʌm.faʊnd, ˌ-'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
dumbo (D) 'dʌm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
dumbstricken 'dʌmˌstrɪk.ᵊn
dumbstruck 'dʌm.strʌk
dum-dum 'dʌm.dʌm **-s** -z
dumfound ˌdʌm'faʊnd, '-- (US) 'dʌm.faʊnd, ˌ-'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Dumfries dʌm'friːs, dəm- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ, dʌm'friːʃ.ʃəʳ (US) dʌm'friːs.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
dumm|y 'dʌm|.i **-ies** -iz
dump dʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'dump ˌtruck**
dumper 'dʌm.pəʳ (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
Dumphreys 'dʌm*p*.frɪz, -friz
dumpish 'dʌm.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dumpling 'dʌm.plɪŋ **-s** -z
dumps dʌmps
Dumpster® 'dʌmp.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
dump|y 'dʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
dun dʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
Dunalley dʌn'æl.i
Dunaway 'dʌn.ə.weɪ
Dunbar dʌn'bɑːʳ, dʌm-, '-- (US) 'dʌn.bɑːr, -'-
Note: In Scotland always -'-.
Dunbarton dʌn'bɑː.tᵊn, dʌm- (US) dʌn'bɑːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Dunblane dʌn'bleɪn, dʌm- (US) dʌn-
Duncan 'dʌŋ.kən, 'dʌn-
Duncannon dʌn'kæn.ən, dʌŋ- (US) dʌn-
Duncansby 'dʌŋ.kənz.bi, 'dʌn-
dunc|e dʌn*t*s **-es** -ɪz
Dunciad 'dʌn*t*.si.æd
Duncombe 'dʌn.kəm, 'dʌŋ-
Dundalk dʌn'dɔːk, -'dɔːlk (US) -'dɔːk, -'dɑːk
Dundas dʌn'dæs, 'dʌn.dæs, 'dʌn.dəs (US) dʌn'dæs, 'dʌn.dəs
Dundee dʌn'diː, ˌdʌn- *stress shift:* ˌDundee 'station
dunderhead 'dʌn.də.hed (US) -dɚ- **-s** -z
Dundonald dʌn'dɒn.ᵊld (US) -'dɑː.nᵊld
dundrear|y (D) dʌn'drɪə.r|i (US) -'drɪr|.i **-ies** -iz
Dundrum dʌn'drʌm, 'dʌn.drəm
dune djuːn, dʒuːn (US) duːn, djuːn **-s** -z
Dunedin dʌn'iː.dɪn, -dᵊn
Dunell djʊ'nel, ˌdjuː-, dʒʊ-, ˌdʒuː- (US) duː-, djuː-
Dunfermline dʌn'fɜːm.lɪn, -lən (US) -'fɝːm-
dung dʌŋ
Dungannon dʌn'gæn.ən, dʌŋ-
dungaree ˌdʌŋ.gə'riː, '--- **-s** -z
Dungarvan dʌn'gɑː.vən, dʌŋ- (US) dʌn'gɑːr-
Dungeness ˌdʌn.*d*ʒə'nes, -*d*ʒɪ'-
dungeon 'dʌn.dʒᵊn **-s** -z
dunghill 'dʌŋ.hɪl **-s** -z
Dunglison 'dʌŋ.glɪ.sᵊn
dungy 'dʌŋ.i
Dunham 'dʌn.ᵊm
Dunhill 'dʌn.hɪl
Dunholme 'dʌn.əm

unk (D) dʌŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unkeld dʌn'keld, dʌŋ- (US) dʌn-
unker 'dʌŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
unkirk dʌn'kɜːk, ˌdʌn-, dʌŋ-, ˌdʌŋ- (US) 'dʌn.kɝːk, dʌn'kɝːk, ˌdʌn-
unkley 'dʌŋ.kli
un Laoghaire dʌn'lɪə.ri, duːn-, 'leə-, -rə (US) -'ler.ə, -i
unlap 'dʌn.læp, -læp (US) -læp, -ləp
unlin 'dʌn.lɪn, -lən -s -z
unlop *surname:* 'dʌn.lɒp, -'- (US) 'dʌn.lɑːp, -'-
unlop® 'dʌn.lɒp (US) -lɑːp -s -s
unmail dʌn'meɪl, dʌm- (US) dʌn-
unmore dʌn'mɔːʳ, dʌm- (US) dʌn'mɔːr
unmow 'dʌn.məʊ, 'dʌm- (US) 'dʌn.moʊ
unnage 'dʌn.ɪdʒ
unn(e) dʌn
unnet(t) 'dʌn.ɪt
unning 'dʌn.ɪŋ
unno də'nəʊ (US) -'noʊ
unnock 'dʌn.ək -s -s
unnottar dʌn'ɒt.əʳ, də'nɒt- (US) dʌn'ɑː.t̬ɚ, də'nɑː-
unn|y 'dʌn|.i -ies -ɪz
unoon dʌn'uːn, də'nuːn
unraven dʌn'reɪ.vᵊn
unrobin dʌn'rɒb.ɪn (US) -'rɑː.bɪn
unsany dʌn'seɪ.ni, -'sæn.i
unse dʌnts
unsinane dʌn'sɪn.ən
ote: This name has to be pronounced /ˌdʌnt.sɪ'neɪn/ in Shakespeare's 'Macbeth'.
uns Scotus ˌdʌnz'skɒt.əs, -'skəʊ.təs (US) -'skoʊ.t̬əs
unstable 'dʌnt.stə.bᵊl
unstaffnage dʌn'stæf.nɪdʒ, -'stɑːf- (US) -'stæf-
unstan 'dʌnt.stᵊn
unster 'dʌnt.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
unston 'dʌnt.stᵊn
unton 'dʌn.tən (US) -tᵊn
unwich 'dʌn.ɪtʃ
unwoody dʌn'wʊd.i
uo- djuː.əʊ, dʒuː.əʊ; dju'ɒ, dʒu'ɒ (US) duː.oʊ, djuː-, -ə; du'ɑː, dju'ɑː
ote: Prefix. Either carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **duologue** /'djuː.ə.lɒg (US) 'duː.ə.lɑːg/, **duodecimal** /ˌdjuː.əʊ'des.ɪ.mᵊl (US) ˌduː.oʊ'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **duopoly** /dju'ɒp.ᵊl.i (US) du'ɑː.pᵊl-/.
uo 'djuː.əʊ, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː.oʊ, 'djuː- -s -z
uodecennial ˌdjuː.əʊ.dɪ'sen.i.əl, ˌdʒuː-, -də'- (US) ˌduː.oʊ.də'-, ˌdjuː-
uodecimal ˌdjuː.əʊ'des.ɪ.mᵊl, ˌdʒuː-, '-ə- (US) ˌduː.oʊ'-, ˌdjuː- -s -z
uodecimo ˌdjuː.əʊ'des.ɪ.məʊ, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.oʊ'des.ə.moʊ, ˌdjuː- -s -z
uodenal ˌdjuː.əʊ'diː.nᵊl, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.ə'-, ˌdjuː-; duː'ɑː.dᵊn.ᵊl, djuː-
duodenary ˌdjuː.əʊ'diː.nᵊr.i, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.ə'-, ˌdjuː-, -'dən.ɚ.i
duoden|um ˌdjuː.əʊ'diː.n|əm, ˌdʒuː- (US) ˌduː.ə'-, ˌdjuː-; duː'ɑː.dᵊn|.əm, djuː- -ums -əmz -a -ə
duologue 'djuː.ə.lɒg, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː.ə.lɑːg, 'djuː- -s -z
duopol|y dju'ɒp.ᵊl|.i, dʒu- (US) du'ɑː.pᵊl-, dju- -ies -iz
dup|e djuːp, dʒuːp (US) duːp, djuːp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
dupery 'djuː.pᵊr.i, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː-
duple 'djuː.pᵊl, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː-
Dupleix *governor in India:* djuː'pleɪks (US) duː'pleɪks, djuː- *historian:* djuː'pleɪ (US) duː'pleɪ, djuː-
duplex 'djuː.pleks, 'dʒuː- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- -es -ɪz
duplicate (*n, adj.*) 'djuː.plɪ.kət, 'dʒuː-, -plə-, -kɪt (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- -s -s
dupli|cate (*v.*) 'djuː.plɪ|.keɪt, 'dʒuː-, -plə- (US) 'duː-, 'djuː- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
duplication ˌdjuː.plɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌdʒuː-, -plə'- (US) ˌduː-, ˌdjuː- -s -z
duplicature 'djuː.plɪ.keɪ.tʃəʳ, 'dʒuː-, -kə- (US) 'duː.plə.kə.tʃʊr, 'djuː-, -keɪ-, -tʃɚ -s -z
duplicitous dju'plɪs.ɪ.təs, dʒʊ-, '-ə- (US) duː'plɪs.ə.t̬əs, djuː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
duplicity dju'plɪs.ə.ti, dʒʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) duː'plɪs.ə.t̬i, djuː-
dupl|y dju'pl|aɪ, dʒʊ- (US) duː-, djuː- -ies -aɪz
Dupont dju'pɒnt; 'djuː.pɒnt (US) duː'pɑːnt, djuː-, '--
du Pré dʊ'preɪ, djʊ- (US) duː-, djuː-
Dupré(e) dʊ'preɪ, djʊ-, -'priː (US) duː-, djuː-
Dupuytren dʊ'pwiː.trᵊn, djʊ-; 'djuː.pɪ.træ̃ŋ, ˌ--'- (US) 'duː.pwiː.træn, 'djuː-
Duquesne *French naval commander:* djʊ'keɪn, dʊ- (US) duː-, djuː- *place in US:* djuː'keɪn, duː- (US) duː-, djʊ-
durability ˌdjʊə.rə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌdjɔː-, ˌdʒʊə-, ˌdʒɔː-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌdʊr.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌdjʊr-, ˌdɝː-
durab|le 'djʊə.rə.b|ᵊl, 'djɔː-, 'dʒʊə-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.ə-, 'djʊr-, 'dɝː- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Duracell® 'djʊə.rə.sel, 'dʒʊə-, 'djɔː-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.ə-, 'djʊr-, 'dɝː-
Duraglit® 'djʊə.rə.glɪt, 'dʒʊə- (US) 'dʊr.ə-, 'djʊr-
dural 'djʊə.rᵊl, 'djɔː-, 'dʒʊə-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.ᵊl, 'djʊr-
Duralumin® djʊə'ræl.jʊ.mɪn, djɔː-, dʒʊə-, dʒɔː-, -jə- (US) duː'ræl.jə-, djuː-
duramen djʊə'reɪ.men, dʒʊə- (US) dʊ-, djʊ-, -mən
Duran djʊə'ræn, dʊə-, dʒʊə- (US) dʊ'ræn, də- Duˌran Du'ran
durance 'djʊə.rᵊnts, 'dʒʊə- (US) 'dʊr.ᵊnts, 'djʊr-
Durand djʊə'rænd, dʒʊə- (US) dʊ'rænd, də-
Durango də'ræŋ.gəʊ, dʊ- (US) -goʊ
Durant djʊ'rɑːnt, dʒʊ-, -'rænt (US) 'duː.rænt; də'rænt
Durante djʊ'ræn.ti, dʒʊ-, -teɪ (US) də'ræn.t̬i, dʊ-
duration djʊə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, djɔː-, dʒʊə-, dʒɔː- (US) dʊ-, djʊ-, də- -s -z
durative 'djʊə.rə.tɪv, 'djɔː-, 'dʒʊə-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.ə.t̬ɪv, 'djʊr-
Durban 'dɜː.bən (US) 'dɝː-
durbar 'dɜː.bɑːʳ, ˌ-'- (US) 'dɝː.bɑːr -s -z
d'Urberville 'dɜː.bə.vɪl (US) 'dɝː.bɚ- -s -z
Durbin 'dɜː.bɪn (US) 'dɝː-
Durden 'dɜː.dᵊn (US) 'dɝː-
durdle 'dɜː.dᵊl (US) 'dɝː- -s -z
Durell djʊə'rel, dʒʊə- (US) duː-, djuː-
Dürer 'djʊə.rəʳ (US) 'djuː.rɚ -s -z
duress djʊ'res, dʒʊ- (US) dʊ-, djʊ-
durex (D®) 'djʊə.reks, 'djɔː-, 'dʒʊə-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.eks, 'djʊr- -es -ɪz
Durham 'dʌr.ᵊm (US) 'dɝː-
durian, durion 'djʊə.ri.ən, 'dʊr.i-, -æn (US) 'dʊr.i- -s -z
during 'djʊə.rɪŋ, 'djɔː-, 'dʒʊə-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.ɪŋ, 'djʊr-, 'dɝː-
Durnford 'dɜːn.fəd (US) 'dɝːn.fɚd
Durocher də'rəʊ.ʃəʳ, -tʃəʳ (US) -'roʊ.ʃɚ, -tʃɚ
Durran dʌr'æn, də'ræn (US) də'ræn
Durrant 'dʌr.ᵊnt (US) 'dɝː-; də'rænt
Durrell 'dʌr.ᵊl (US) 'dɝː-
Dürrenmat 'djʊə.rᵊn.mæt, 'dʊə- (US) 'dʊr.ən.mɑːt
durrie 'dʌr.i (US) 'dɝː- -s -z
Durrington 'dʌr.ɪŋ.tᵊn (US) 'dɝː-
Dursley 'dɜːz.li (US) 'dɝːz-
durst (*from* **dare**) dɜːst (US) dɝːst **-n't** 'dɜː.sᵊnt (US) 'dɝː-
durum 'djʊə.rəm, 'dʒʊə-, 'djɔː-, 'dʒɔː- (US) 'dʊr.əm, 'dɝː-
Durward 'dɜː.wəd (US) 'dɝː.wɚd
Dury 'djʊə.ri, 'dʒʊə- (US) 'dʊr.i, 'djʊr-
Duse 'duː.zi
Dushanbe duː'ʃæn.bə, -'ʃæm-, -'ʃɑːn-, -'ʃɑːm-, -bi (US) duː'ʃɑːn.bi
dusk dʌsk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
dusk|y 'dʌs.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Düsseldorf 'dʊs.ᵊl.dɔːf (US) 'duː.sᵊl.dɔːrf, 'dʊs.ᵊl-
dust dʌst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **'Dust ˌBowl; 'dust ˌcover; 'dust ˌjacket; ˌbite the 'dust**
dustbin 'dʌst.bɪn -s -z
dustcart 'dʌst.kɑːt (US) -kɑːrt -s -s
dustcoat 'dʌst.kəʊt (US) -koʊt -s -s
duster 'dʌs.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
Dustin 'dʌs.tɪn
dust|man 'dʌst|.mən -men -mən
dustpan 'dʌst.pæn -s -z
dustproof 'dʌst.pruːf

dustsheet ˈdʌst.ʃiːt -s -s
dust-up ˈdʌst.ʌp -s -s
dust|y (D) ˈdʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Dutch dʌtʃ **-man** -mən **-men** -mən ˌ**Dutch** ˈ**cap;** ˌ**Dutch** ˈ**courage;** ˌ**Dutch** ˈ**elm di**ˌ**sease;** ˌ**Dutch** ˈ**oven;** ˌ**Dutch** ˈ**treat**
Dutch|woman ˈdʌtʃ|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
duteous ˈdjuː.ti.əs, ˈdʒuː- ⓤⓢ ˈduː.t̬i-, ˈdjuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Duthie ˈdʌθ.i
dutiable ˈdjuː.ti.ə.bəl, ˈdʒuː- ⓤⓢ ˈduː.t̬i-, ˈdjuː-
dutiful ˈdjuː.tɪ.fəl, ˈdʒuː-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈduː.t̬ɪ-, ˈdjuː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Dutton ˈdʌt.ən
dut|y ˈdjuː.t|i, ˈdʒuː- ⓤⓢ ˈduː.t̬|i, ˈdjuː- **-ies** -iz
duty-free ˌdjuː.tiˈfriː, ˌdʒuː- ⓤⓢ ˌduː.t̬i-, ˌdjuː- ˌ**duty-**ˈ**free shop**
duumvir djuˈʌm.vəʳ, du-, -ˈʊm-; ˈdjuː.əm.vəʳ, ˈduː- ⓤⓢ duˈʌm.vɚ, dju- **-s** -z **-i** -aɪ, -iː
duumvirate djuˈʌm.vɪ.rət, du-, -vər.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt ⓤⓢ duˈʌm.vɪ.rət, dju-, -vɚ.ət, -ɪt **-s** -s
Duvalier djʊˈvæl.i.eɪ, dʊ- ⓤⓢ duːˈvɑːl.jeɪ, djuː-
Duveen djʊˈviːn ⓤⓢ duː-, djuː-, də-
duvet ˈdjuː.veɪ, ˈduː- ⓤⓢ duːˈveɪ, djuː- **-s** -z
dux dʌks **-es** -ɪz
Duxbury ˈdʌks.bər.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ-
Duxford ˈdʌks.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
DV ˌdiːˈviː
DVD ˌdiː.viːˈdiː **-s** -z
Dvoràk *Czech composer:* ˈdvɔː.ʒɑːk, ˈvɔː-, -ʒæk ⓤⓢ ˈdvɔːr.ʒɑːk
Dvorak *US family name:* ˈdvɔː.ræk ⓤⓢ ˈdvɔːr.æk
dwale dweɪl
dwar|f *(n.)* dwɔː|f ⓤⓢ dwɔːr|f **-s** -s **-ves** -vz
dwarf *(v.)* dwɔːf ⓤⓢ dwɔːrf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
dwarfish ˈdwɔː.fɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈdwɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Dwayne dweɪn
dweeb dwiːb **-s** -z
dwell dwel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d, -t **dwelt** dwelt **dweller/s** ˈdwel.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
dwelling ˈdwel.ɪŋ **-s** -z
dwelt *(from* **dwell**) dwelt
DWI ˌdiːˌdʌb.əl.juːˈaɪ ⓤⓢ -juːˈ-, -jəˈ-
Dwight dwaɪt
dwindl|e ˈdwɪn.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Dworkin ˈdwɔː.kɪn ⓤⓢ ˈdwɔːr-
Dwyer dwaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ dwaɪɚ
dyad ˈdaɪ.æd, -əd **-s** -z
Dyak ˈdaɪ.æk, -ək **-s** -s
dyarch|y ˈdaɪ.ɑː.k|i ⓤⓢ -ɑːr- **-ies** -iz
Dyce daɪs
dy|e (D) daɪ **-es** -z **-eing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
dyed-in-the-wool ˌdaɪd.ɪn.ðəˈwʊl
Dyer daɪəʳ ⓤⓢ daɪɚ
dyestuff ˈdaɪ.stʌf **-s** -s
dyewood ˈdaɪ.wʊd
dyeworks ˈdaɪ.wɜːks ⓤⓢ -wɝːks
Dyfed ˈdʌv.ɪd, -ed, -əd
Dyffryn ˈdʌf.rɪn, -rən
dying *(from* **die**) ˈdaɪ.ɪŋ
dyk|e (D) daɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Dylan ˈdɪl.ən, ˈdʌl- ⓤⓢ ˈdɪl-
Dymchurch ˈdɪm.tʃɜːtʃ ⓤⓢ -tʃɝːtʃ
Dymock, Dymoke ˈdɪm.ək
Dymond ˈdaɪ.mənd
Dymphna ˈdɪmp.nə
dynameter daɪˈnæm.ɪ.təʳ, dɪ-, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
dynamic daɪˈnæm.ɪk, dɪ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-s** -s
dynamism ˈdaɪ.nə.mɪ.zəm
dyna|mite ˈdaɪ.nə|.maɪt **-mites** -maɪts **-miting** -maɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -maɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-mited** -maɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -maɪ.t̬ɪd **-miter/s** -maɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -maɪ.t̬ɚ/z
dynamo ˈdaɪ.nə.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ **-s** -z
dynamometer ˌdaɪ.nəˈmɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
dynamometric ˌdaɪ.nə.məʊˈmet.rɪk ⓤⓢ -moʊˈ- **-al** -əl
dynast ˈdɪn.əst, ˈdaɪ.nəst, -næst ⓤⓢ ˈdaɪ.næst, -nəst **-s** -s
dynastic dɪˈnæs.tɪk, daɪ-, də- ⓤⓢ daɪ-
dynast|y ˈdɪn.ə.st|i, ˈdaɪ.nə- ⓤⓢ ˈdaɪ.nə- **-ies** -iz
dynatron ˈdaɪ.nə.trɒn ⓤⓢ -trɑːn **-s** -z
dyne daɪn **-s** -s
Dynevor ˈdɪn.ɪ.vəʳ, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -vɚ
d'you *strong forms:* dʒuː, djuː *weak forms:* dʒə, djə, dʒu, dju
Note: Abbreviated form of "do you": the spelling represents a pronunciation that is usually unstressed, and the pronunciation therefore parallels that of unstressed **you**, which has weak forms /jə/ before a consonant and /ju/ before vowels. When used contrastively, the strong form /djuː/ or /dʒuː/ may be used (e.g. "I don't like it. **D'you** like it?").
Dysart ˈdaɪ.sət, -zət, -sɑːt, -zɑːt ⓤⓢ -sɑːrt, -zɑːrt, -sɚt
dysarthria dɪˈsɑː.θri.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑːr-
dysenteric ˌdɪs.ənˈter.ɪk, -enˈ- ⓤⓢ -enˈ-
dysentery ˈdɪs.ən.tər.i, -tri ⓤⓢ -ter.i
dysfunction dɪsˈfʌŋk.ʃən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-al** -əl
dysfunctional dɪsˈfʌŋk.ʃən.əl
dysgraphia dɪsˈgræf.i.ə
dysgraphic dɪsˈgræf.ɪk
dyslalia dɪˈsleɪ.li.ə, -ˈslæl.i-
dyslexia dɪˈslek.si.ə
dyslexic dɪˈslek.sɪk
dysmenorrh(o)ea ˌdɪs.men.əˈrɪə ⓤⓢ -ˈriː.ə
Dyson ˈdaɪ.sən
dyspepsia dɪˈspep.si.ə
dyspeptic dɪˈspep.tɪk **-s** -s
dysphagia dɪsˈfeɪ.dʒi.ə ⓤⓢ -dʒə, -dʒi.ə
dysphasia dɪsˈfeɪ.zi.ə, -ʒi-, ˈ-ʒə ⓤⓢ ˈ-ʒə, ˈ-ʒi.ə
dysphasic dɪsˈfeɪ.zɪk **-s** -s
dysphonia dɪsˈfəʊ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈfoʊ-
dysphonic dɪsˈfɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈfɑː.nɪk
dyspn(o)ea dɪspˈniː.ə
dysprosium dɪˈsprəʊ.zi.əm, -si- ⓤⓢ -ˈsproʊ-
dystrophic dɪˈstrɒf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈstrɑː.fɪk, -ˈstroʊ-
dystrophy ˈdɪs.trə.fi
dysuria dɪˈsjʊə.ri.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈsjʊr.i-
dziggetai ˈdʒɪg.ɪ.taɪ, ˈ-ə-, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈdʒɪg.ɪ.taɪ **-s** -z

Pronouncing the letter E

ee also EA, EE, EI, EO, EOU, EU/EW, EY

he vowel letter e has two main strong pronunciations nked to spelling: a 'short' pronunciation /e/ and a 'long' ronunciation /iː/. However, the situation is not clear cut nd other pronunciations are available.

he 'short' pronunciation always occurs when the e is ollowed by a consonant which closes the syllable, or a ouble consonant before another vowel, e.g.:

ed	/bed/
edding	/ˈbed.ɪŋ/

he 'long' pronunciation is usually found when the **e** is ollowed by a single consonant and then a vowel, e.g.:

ve	/iːv/
redence	/ˈkriː.d^{ə}nts/

owever, the 'short' pronunciation occurs in many cases here the e is followed by a single consonant and then a owel, e.g.:

ver	/ˈev.ə^r/	US /-ɚ/
rejudice	/ˈpredʒ.ə.dɪs/	

he 'long' pronunciation may also occur where the e is ollowed by two consonants, e.g.:

egro	/ˈniː.grəʊ/	US /-roʊ/
ecret	/ˈsiː.krət/	

hen there is an r in the spelling, the strong pronunciation one of four possibilities: /ɪə US ɪr/, /eə US er/, /ɜː US ɝː/ or e/, e.g.:

ere	/hɪə^r/	US /hɪr/
here	/ðeə^r/	US /ðer/
ere	/wɜː^r/	US /wɝː/
ery	/ˈver.i/	

It frequently happens that the letter e has no pronunciation at all, but is used as a spelling convention to show that a preceding vowel is realised with its 'long' pronunciation, e.g.:

brave	/breɪv/	
mice	/maɪs/	
hope	/həʊp/	US /hoʊp/
use (v.)	/juːz/	

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the letter **e**, e.g.:

/eɪ/	ballet	/ˈbæl.eɪ/	US /bælˈeɪ/

And, in rare cases:

/ɑː/ US /ɝː/	clerk	/klɑːk/	US /klɝːk/
/ɪ/	women	/ˈwɪm.ɪn/	

In weak syllables

The vowel letter e is realised with the vowels /ɪ/, /i/ and /ə/ in weak syllables, or may also not be pronounced at all due to syllabic consonant formation or compression, e.g.:

begin	/bɪˈgɪn/	
react	/riˈækt/	
arithmetic	/əˈrɪθ.mə.tɪk/	
castle	/ˈkɑː.sl̩/	US /ˈkæs.l̩/

) iː -'s -z ˈE ˌnumber
bbrev. *for* east) iːst
1 ˌiːˌwʌn.ɪˈlev.ən, -əˈ-
h iːtʃ ˌeach ˈother
CSO iːˈæk.səʊ, -ˈɑːk- US -soʊ
ie, Eady ˈiː.di
er ˈiː.gə^r US -gɚ -ly -li -ness -nəs, ɪs ˌeager ˈbeaver
le (E) ˈiː.g^{ə}l -s -z ˈeagle ˌowl; agle ˈScout US ˈEagle ˌScout
le-eyed ˌiː.g^{ə}lˈaɪd, ˈiː.g^{ə}l.aɪd
lefield ˈiː.g^{ə}l.fiːld
lehawk ˈiː.g^{ə}l.hɔːk US -hɑːk, ɔːk
lescliffe ˈiː.g^{ə}lz.klɪf
let ˈiː.glɪt, -lət -s -s
re ˈeɪ.gə^r, ˈiː- US ˈiː.gɚ, ˈeɪ- -s -z
in ˈeɪ.kɪn, ˈiː- -s -z
ing ˈiː.lɪŋ
nes iːmz, eɪmz

Eamon(n) ˈeɪ.mən
-ean iː.ən, i.ən
Note: Suffix. -ean may take primary stress or alternatively words containing it may be stressed on the syllable before the prefix. An example where both possibilities occur is **Caribbean**, which is either /ˌkær.ɪˈbiː.ən US ˌker-/, or /kəˈrɪb.i.ən/.
ear ɪə^r US ɪr -s -z ˈear ˌtrumpet; ˌturn a ˌdeaf ˈear to; ˌkeep one's ˌear to the ˈground; ˌprick up one's ˈears; ˌgive someone a ˌthick ˈear
earache ˈɪə.reɪk US ˈɪr-
earbashing ˈɪəˌbæʃ.ɪŋ US ˈɪr- -s -z
Eardley ˈɜːd.li US ˈɝːd-
eardrop ˈɪə.drɒp US ˈɪr.drɑːp -s -s
eardrum ˈɪə.drʌm US ˈɪr- -s -z
eared ɪəd US ɪrd
earflaps ˈɪə.flæps US ˈɪr-
earful ˈɪə.fʊl US ˈɪr-
Earhart ˈeə.hɑːt US ˈer.hɑːrt
earl (E) ɜːl US ɝːl -s -z -dom/s -dəm/z ˌEarl's ˈCourt; ˌEarl ˈGrey; ˌearl ˈmarshal
Earl(e) ɜːl US ɝːl
earlobe ˈɪə.ləʊb US ˈɪr.loʊb -s -z
earl|y ˈɜː.l|i US ˈɝː- -ier -i.ə^r US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈearly ˌbird; ˌearly ˈwarning ˌsystem
earmark ˈɪə.mɑːk US ˈɪr.mɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
earmuffs ˈɪə.mʌfs US ˈɪr-
earn (E) ɜːn US ɝːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d, ɜːnt US ɝːnt -er/s -ə^r/z US -ɚ/z
earnest ˈɜː.nɪst, -nəst US ˈɝː- -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
earnings ˈɜː.nɪŋz US ˈɝː-
Earnshaw ˈɜːn.ʃɔː US ˈɝːn.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
Earp ɜːp US ɝːp

Pronouncing the letters EA

The vowel digraph ea has two main strong pronunciations linked to spelling: a 'short' pronunciation /e/ and a 'long' pronunciation /iː/. However, it is not normally predictable which one will occur, e.g.:

bread	/bred/
bead	/biːd/
cleanse	/klenz/
clean	/kliːn/

When the digraph is followed by an r in the spelling, the strong pronunciation is one of four possibilities: /ɪə (US) ɪr/, /eə (US) er/, /ɜː (US) ɝː/ or /ɑː (US) ɑːr/, e.g.:

fear (n.)	/fɪəʳ/	(US) /fɪr/
tear (v.)	/teəʳ/	(US) /ter/
pearl	/pɜːl/	(US) /pɝːl/
heart	/hɑːt/	(US) /hɑːrt/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the digraph ea, e.g.:

/ɪə/	idea	/aɪˈdɪə/	
/i.ə/	area	/ˈeə.ri.ə/	(US) /ˈer.i-/
/eɪ/	great	/greɪt/	
/i.æ/	theatrical	/θiˈæt.rɪ.kəl/	
/i.eɪ/	create	/kriˈeɪt/	

In addition, there are instances when the two letters e and a come together in closed compounds, e.g.:

whereas	/hweəˈræz/	(US) /hwerˈæz/
hereafter	/hɪərˈɑːf.təʳ/	(US) /hɪrˈæf.tɚ/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph ea is realised with the vowels /i/ and /ə/ in weak syllables and may result in a syllabic consonant, e.g.:

guinea	/ˈgɪn.i/	
ocean	/ˈəʊ.ʃən/	(US) /ˈoʊ-/

earphone ˈɪə.fəʊn (US) ˈɪr.foʊn -s -z
earpiec|e ˈɪə.piːs (US) ˈɪr- -es -ɪz
earplug ˈɪə.plʌg (US) ˈɪr- -s -z
earring ˈɪə.rɪŋ (US) ˈɪr.ɪŋ, -rɪŋ -s -z
earshot ˈɪə.ʃɒt (US) ˈɪr.ʃɑːt
earsplitting ˈɪəˌsplɪt.ɪŋ (US) ˈɪrˌsplɪt̬.ɪŋ -ly -li
earth (E) (*n.*) ɜːθ (US) ɝːθ -s -s, ɜːðz (US) ɝːðz ˈearth ˌmother
earth (*v.*) ɜːθ (US) ɝːθ -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
earthborn ˈɜːθ.bɔːn (US) ˈɝːθ.bɔːrn
earthbound ˈɜːθ.baʊnd (US) ˈɝːθ-
earthen ˈɜː.θən, -ðən (US) ˈɝː-
earthenware ˈɜː.θən.weəʳ, -ðən- (US) ˈɝː.θən.wer, -ðən-
earthiness ˈɜː.θɪ.nəs, -nɪs (US) ˈɝː-
earthling ˈɜːθ.lɪŋ (US) ˈɝːθ- -s -z
earthl|y ˈɜːθ.l|i (US) ˈɝːθ- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
earthmover ˈɜːθˌmuː.vəʳ (US) ˈɝːθˌmuː.vɚ -s -z
earthquake ˈɜːθ.kweɪk (US) ˈɝːθ- -s -s
Earthsea ˈɜːθ.siː (US) ˈɝːθ-
earthshaking ˈɜːθˌʃeɪ.kɪŋ (US) ˈɝːθ-
earth-shattering ˈɜːθˌʃæt.ər.ɪŋ (US) ˈɝːθˌʃæt̬- -ly -li
earthward ˈɜːθ.wəd (US) ˈɝːθ.wɚd -s -z
earthwork ˈɜːθ.wɜːk (US) ˈɝːθ.wɝːk -s -s
earthworm ˈɜːθ.wɜːm (US) ˈɝːθ.wɝːm -s -z
earth|y ˈɜː.θ|i (US) ˈɝː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.əst, -i.ɪst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
earwax ˈɪə.wæks (US) ˈɪr-
earwig ˈɪə.wɪg (US) ˈɪr- -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Easdale ˈiːz.deɪl
Easdaq iˈæz.dæk
eas|e iːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Easebourne ˈiːz.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
easeful ˈiːz.fəl, -fʊl -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
easel ˈiː.zəl -s -z
easement ˈiːz.mənt -s -s
Easey ˈiː.zi
easiness (*from* **easy**) ˈiː.zɪ.nəs, -nɪs
Easington ˈiː.zɪŋ.tən
east (E) iːst ˌEast ˈAnglia ˌEast ˈEnd *stress shift:* ˌEast End ˈpub ˌEast ˈCoast *stress shift:* ˌEast Coast ˈaccent
East Bergholt ˌiːstˈbɜːg.həʊlt (US) -ˈbɝːg.hoʊlt
eastbound ˈiːst.baʊnd
Eastbourne ˈiːst.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Eastcheap ˈiːst.tʃiːp
Eastender ˌiːstˈen.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
Easter ˈiː.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z ˌEaster ˈbonnet (US) ˈEaster ˌbonnet; ˌEaster ˈBunny (US) ˈEaster ˌBunny; ˌEaster ˈDay; ˈEaster ˌegg; ˈEaster ˌIsland; ˌEaster ˈSunday
Easterby ˈiː.stə.bi (US) -stɚ-
easterl|y ˈiː.stəl.l|i (US) -stɚ.l|i -ies -iz
eastern (E) ˈiː.stən (US) -stɚn -most -məʊst, -məst (US) -moʊst, -məst ˌEastern ˈShore; ˌEastern ˈStandard ˌTime
easterner (E) ˈiːs.tən.əʳ (US) -tɚ.nɚ -s -z
Eastertide ˈiː.stə.taɪd (US) -stɚ-
Eastfield ˈiːst.fiːld
Eastham ˈiːst.həm
Easthampton ˌiːstˈhæmp.tən
easting ˈiː.stɪŋ -s -z
East Kilbride ˌiːst.kɪlˈbraɪd
Eastlake ˈiːst.leɪk
Eastleigh ˈiːst.liː, ˌiːstˈliː
Eastman ˈiːst.mən
east-northeast ˌiːst.nɔːθˈiːst (US) -nɔːrθˈ- *in nautical usage also:* -nɔːˈriːst, -nɔːrˈiːst
Easton ˈiː.stən
Easton-in-Gordano ˌiː.stən.ɪn.gɔːˈdɑː.nəʊ, -ɪŋ- (US) -gɔːrˈdɑː.noʊ
Eastport ˈiːst.pɔːt (US) -pɔːrt
east-southeast ˌiːst.saʊθˈiːst *in nautical usage also:* -saʊˈ-
eastward ˈiːst.wəd (US) -wɚd -ly -li -s -z
East-West ˌiːstˈwest *stress shift, see compound:* ˌEast-West reˈlations
Eastwood ˈiːst.wʊd
eas|y (E) ˈiː.z|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈeasy ˌchair as ˌeasy as ˈpie ˌtake it ˈeasy on ˈeasy ˌstreet
easygoing ˌiː.ziˈgəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -ˈgoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌeasygoing ˈperson
EasyJet® ˈiː.zi.dʒet
eat iːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈiː.t̬ɪŋ ate et, eɪt (US) eɪt eaten ˈiː.tən (US) -t̬ən eater/s ˈiː.təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z ˈeating diˌsorder; ˌeat one's ˈheart out; ˌeat one's ˈwords; ˌeat someone out of ˌhouse and ˈhome
eatable ˈiː.tə.bəl (US) -t̬ə- -s -z
eaterie ˈiː.tər.i (US) -t̬ɚ- -s -z
eater|y ˈiː.tər|.i (US) -t̬ɚ- -ies -iz
Eaton ˈiː.tən
Eaton Socon ˌiː.tənˈsəʊ.kən (US) -ˈsoʊ-
eau de cologne ˌəʊ.də.kəˈləʊn, -dɪ-

ˌoʊ.də.kəˈloʊn *stress shift:* ˌeau cologne ˈspray

de nil ˌəʊ.dəˈniːl (US) ˌoʊ- *stress* *ift:* ˌeau de nil ˈpaint

de parfum ˌəʊ.də.pɑːˈfʌm ˌoʊ.də.pɑːr-

de toilette ˌəʊ.də.twɑːˈlet, wə- (US) ˌoʊ-

-de-vie ˌəʊ.dəˈviː (US) ˌoʊ-

e (E) iːv -s -z

esdrop ˈiːvz.drɒp (US) -drɑːp -s -s **ing** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

y ˈiː.beɪ

eb -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌebb ˈtide

sfleet ˈebz.fliːt

w ˈeb.uː, -ə

l ebˈel, ˈiː.bəl

nezer ˌeb.əˈniː.zəʳ, -ɪˈ- (US) -zɚ *ress shift:* ˌEbenezer ˈScrooge

rhart ˈeɪ.bə.hɑːt (US) ˈeb.ɚ.hɑːrt, .bɚ-

onite ˈiː.bjə.naɪt, -bɪə- -s -s

s ˈeb.lɪs

la (E) ɪˈbəʊ.lə, ˈeb.əʊ.lə ɪˈboʊ.lə

n ˈeb.ən

nics iˈbɒn.ɪks, ɪ- (US) -ˈbɑː.nɪks

nite ˈeb.ə.naɪt

niz|e, -is|e ˈeb.ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** **-ed** -d

ny (E) ˈeb.ən.i

ook ˈiː.bʊk -s -s

racum iːˈbɒr.ə.kəm, ɪ- (US) ɪˈbɔːr-

ington ˈeb.rɪŋ.tən

o ˈiː.brəʊ, ˈeb.rəʊ (US) ˈeɪ.broʊ, -, ˈeb.roʊ

llien|ce ɪˈbʌl.i.ən|ts, -ˈbʊl- -ˈbʊl.jən|ts, -ˈbʌl- **-cy** -tsi

llient ɪˈbʌl.i.ənt, -ˈbʊl- -ˈbʊl.jənt, -ˈbʌl- **-ly** -li

llition ˌeb.əˈlɪʃ.ən, -ʊˈ- (US) -əˈ-, ʊːˈ- -s -z

ry ˈiː.bər.i (US) -ˌber-, -bɚ-

usiness ˈiːˌbɪz.nɪs, -nəs **-es** -ɪz iːˈsiː

rté eɪˈkɑː.teɪ (US) ˌeɪ.kɑːrˈteɪ

ash ˈiː.kæʃ

atana ekˈbæt.ən.ə, ˌek.bəˈtɑː.nə ekˈbæt.ən.ə

e homo ˌek.eɪˈhəʊ.məʊ, ˌetʃ-, ɒm.əʊ (US) -ˈhoʊ.moʊ

entric ɪkˈsen.trɪk, ek- -s -s **-al** -əl **lly** -əl.i, -li

entricit|y ˌek.senˈtrɪs.ə.t|i, ənˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

lefechan ˌek.əlˈfek.ən, -ˈfex-

les ˈek.əlz ˈ**Eccles** ˌ**cake**

lesfield ˈek.əlz.fiːld

lesi|a ɪˈkliː.zi|.ə (US) ɪˈkliː-, ekˈliː-, leɪ- **-ast/s** -æst/s

lesiastes ɪˌkliː.ziˈæs.tiːz ɪˌkliː-, ekˌliː-

lesiastic ɪˌkliː.ziˈæs.tɪk (US) ɪˌkliː-, kˌliː- -s -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

lesiasticism ɪˌkliː.ziˈæs.tɪ.sɪ.zəm ɪˌkliː-, ekˌliː-

lesiasticus ɪˌkliː.ziˈæs.tɪ.kəs ɪˌkliː-, ekˌliː-

Eccleston ˈek.əl.stən

Ecclestone ˈek.əl.stən

eccrine ˈek.rɪn, -riːn, -rən, -raɪn

ECG ˌiː.siːˈdʒiː

echelon ˈeʃ.ə.lɒn, ˈeɪ.ʃə- (US) ˈeʃ.ə.lɑːn -s -z **-ned** -d

echidn|a ekˈɪd.n|ə, ɪˈkɪd- (US) iːˈkɪd- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz

echinacea ˌek.ɪˈneɪ.ʃə, -əˈ-, -si.ə

echin|us ekˈaɪ.n|əs; ɪˈkaɪ-; ə-; ˈek.ɪn|.əs (US) ɪˈkaɪ.n|əs **-i** -aɪ

echo ˈek.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

echocardio|gram ˌek.əʊˈkɑː.di.əʊ|.græm (US) -oʊˈkɑːr.di.ə-, -oʊ- -s -z **-graph/s** -grɑːf/s, -græf/s (US) -græf/s

echoic ekˈəʊ.ɪk, ɪˈkəʊ-, əˈkəʊ- (US) ekˈoʊ-

echolalia ˌek.əʊˈleɪ.li.ə (US) -oʊˈ-

echolo|cate ˌek.əʊ.ləʊ|ˈkeɪt (US) -oʊ.loʊˈ- **-cates** -ˈkeɪts **-cating** -ˈkeɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈkeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -ˈkeɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈkeɪ.t̬ɪd

echolocation ˌek.əʊ.ləʊˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) -oʊ.loʊˈ-

echt ext, ekt

Eckersl(e)y ˈek.əz.li (US) -ɚz-

Eckert ˈek.ət (US) -ɚt

Eckertford ˈek.ət.fəd (US) -ɚt.fɚd

Eckington ˈek.ɪŋ.tən

éclair eɪˈkleəʳ, ɪ-; ˈeɪ.kleəʳ (US) eɪˈkler, ɪ- -s -z

eclampsia ɪˈklæmp.si.ə, ekˈlæmp-, əˈklæmp-

éclat eɪˈklɑː, ˈ-- -s -z

eclectic ekˈlek.tɪk, ɪˈklek-, iː- (US) ekˈlek- -s -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

eclecticism ekˈlek.tɪ.sɪ.zəm, ɪˈklek-, iː-, -tə- (US) ekˈlek.tə-

eclips|e ɪˈklɪps, ə-, iː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

ecliptic ɪˈklɪp.tɪk, ə-, iː- -s -s

eclogue ˈek.lɒg (US) -lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z

eco- iː.kəʊ, ek.əʊ; ɪ.kɒ (US) ek.oʊ, -ə, iː.koʊ, -kə; ɪ.kɑː

Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ecosphere** /ˈiː.kəʊ.sfɪəʳ (US) ˈek.oʊ.sfɪr/, **economic** /ˌiː.kəˈnɒm.ɪk (US) ˌiː.kəˈnɑː.mɪk/, or primary or secondary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **ecology** /iːˈkɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -ˈkɑː.lə-/, **econometric** /ɪˌkɒn.əˈmet.rɪk (US) -kɑː.nəˈ-/.

eco-friendly ˈiː.kəʊˌfrend.li (US) ˈek.oʊˌ-, ˈiː.koʊˌ-

eco-label ˈiː.kəʊˌleɪ.bəl (US) -koʊˌ- -s -z

E coli ˌiːˈkəʊ.laɪ (US) -ˈkoʊ-

ecologic|al ˌiː.kəˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl, ˌek.əˈ- (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li ˌecoˌlogically ˈsound

ecolog|y iːˈkɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ɪ-, ekˈɒl- (US) iːˈkɑː.lə-, ɪˈkɑː-, ekˈɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

e-commerce ˈiːˌkɒm.ɜːs (US) -ˌkɑː.mɝːs

econometric ɪˌkɒn.əˈmet.rɪk, iː- (US) -ˌkɑː.nəˈ- -s -s

econometrician ɪˌkɒn.ə.metˈrɪʃ.ən, iː-, -məˈtrɪʃ- (US) -ˌkɑː.nə.məˈ- -s -z

econometrics ɪˌkɒn.əˈmet.rɪks, iː- (US) -ˌkɑː.nəˈ-

economic ˌiː.kəˈnɒm.ɪk, ˌek.əˈ- (US) -ˈnɑː.mɪk -s -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li ˌ**economic** ˈ**growth**

economist ɪˈkɒn.ə.mɪst, iː- (US) -ˈkɑː.nə- -s -s

economiz|e, -is|e ɪˈkɒn.ə.maɪz, əˈkɒn- (US) ɪˈkɑː.nə-, iː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

econom|y ɪˈkɒn.ə.m|i, əˈkɒn- (US) ɪˈkɑː.nə-, iː- **-ies** -iz **e**ˈ**conomy** ˌ**class**

ecosphere ˈiː.kəʊ.sfɪəʳ, ˈek.əʊ- (US) ˈek.oʊ.sfɪr, ˈiː.koʊ-

ecosystem ˈiː.kəʊˌsɪs.təm, ˈek.əʊ-, -tɪm (US) ˈek.oʊˌsɪs.təm, ˈiː.koʊ- -s -z

eco-tour|ism ˈiː.kəʊˌtʊə.r|ɪ.zəm, ˈek.əʊ-, -ˌtɔː- (US) ˈiː.koʊˌtʊr.ɪ-, ˈek.oʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

eco-warrior ˈiː.kəʊˌwɒr.i.əʳ (US) -koʊˌwɔːr.jɚ, ˈek.oʊ-, -ˌwɑːr-, -i.ɚ -s -z

ecru ˈeɪ.kruː, ˈek.ruː

ecstas|y (E) ˈek.stə.s|i **-ies** -iz

ecstatic ɪkˈstæt.ɪk, ek-, ək- (US) ekˈstæt̬-, ɪk- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

ECT ˌiː.siːˈtiː

ecto- ek.təʊ (US) ek.toʊ, -tə

Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ectomorph** /ˈek.təʊ.mɔːf (US) ˈek.toʊ.mɔːrf/, **ectomorphic** /ˌek.təʊˈmɔː.fɪk (US) ˌek.toʊˈmɔːr-/.

ectoderm ˈek.təʊ.dɜːm (US) -toʊ.dɝːm, -tə-

ectoderm|al ˌek.təʊˈdɜː.m|əl (US) -toʊˈdɝː-, -təˈ- **-ic** -ɪk

ectomorph ˈek.təʊ.mɔːf (US) -toʊ.mɔːrf, -tə- -s -s

ectomorph|ic ˌek.təʊˈmɔː.f|ɪk (US) -toʊˈmɔːr-, -təˈ- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-y** -i

-ectomy ˈek.tə.mi

Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **appendix** /əˈpen.dɪks/, **appendectomy** /ˌæp.enˈdek.tə.mi/.

ectopic ekˈtɒp.ɪk, ˌek-, ɪk- (US) ekˈtɑː.pɪk **ec**ˌ**topic** ˈ**pregnancy**

ectoplasm ˈek.təʊ.plæz.əm (US) -toʊ-, -tə-

ecu, ECU (*abbrev. for* **European Currency Unit**) ˈek.juː, ˈeɪ.kjuː, ˈiː-; ˌiː.siːˈjuː (US) ˈeɪ.kuː; ˌiː.siːˈjuː -s -z

Ecuador ˈek.wə.dɔːʳ (US) -dɔːr

ecumenic ˌiː.kjʊˈmen.ɪk, ˌek.jʊˈ-, -jəˈ- (US) ˌek.jʊˈ-, -jəˈ- **-al** -əl

ecumenicism ˌiː.kjʊˈmen.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, ˌek.jʊˈ-, -jəˈ- (US) ˌek.jʊˈ-, -jəˈ-

ecumen|ism iːˈkjuː.mə.n|ɪ.zəm; ɪ-; ˈek.jʊ-, -jə- (US) ˈek.juː-, -jə-; ekˈjuː-, ɪˈkjuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

eczema ˈek.sɪ.mə, -səm.ə (US) ˈek.sə.mə; ˈeg.zə-; ɪgˈziː.mə

eczematous ekˈsem.ə.təs, ɪk-; ɪgˈzem- (US) ɪgˈzem.ə.t̬əs, eg-; ɪkˈsem-

Ed ed

-ed t, d, ɪd

Pronouncing the letters EE

The most common pronunciation for the vowel digraph ee is /iː/, e.g.:

bee /biː/

When followed by an r in the spelling, ee is pronounced as either /ɪə (US) ɪr/ or /iː.ə (US) iː.ɚ/, e.g.:

steer /stɪəʳ/ (US) /stɪr/
freer (comparative adj.) /ˈfriː.əʳ/ (US) /-ɚ/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the digraph ee, e.g.:

eɪ fiancée /fiˈɑ̃ːn.seɪ/ (US) /fiˈɑːn.seɪ/
iː.ɪst freest (superlative adj.) /ˈfriː.ɪst/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph ee is realised with the vowel sound /i/ in weak syllables, e.g.:

coffee /ˈkɒf.i/ (US) /ˈkɑː.fi/

Note: Suffix. Unstressed. When preceded by /t/ or /d/, the pronunciation is /-ɪd/, e.g. **batted** /ˈbæt.ɪd (US) ˈbæt̬.ɪd/. When preceded by a voiceless consonant other than /t/, the pronunciation is /t/, e.g. **picked** /pɪkt/. When preceded by a voiced sound, including vowels and consonants, the pronunciation is /d/, e.g. **rigged** /rɪgd/. There are, however, exceptions, particularly in adjectival forms, including **dogged** /ˈdɒg.ɪd (US) ˈdɑː.gɪd/, and **learned** /ˈlɜː.nɪd (US) ˈlɜːr-/; see individual entries.

edacious ɪˈdeɪ.ʃəs, iː-, edˈeɪ- (US) ɪˈdeɪ-, iː-
Edam ˈiː.dæm (US) ˈiː.dəm, -dæm
edaphic ɪˈdæf.ɪk, iː-
Edda ˈed.ə -s -z
Eddery ˈed.ər.i
Eddie ˈed.i
Eddington ˈed.ɪŋ.tən
edd|y (E) ˈed|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Eddystone ˈed.ɪ.stən, -stəʊn (US) -stoʊn, -stən
Ede iːd
edelweiss ˈeɪ.dəl.vaɪs
edem|a ɪˈdiː.m|ə, iː- **-as** -əz **-ata** -ə.tə (US) -ə.t̬ə
edematous ɪˈdiː.mə.təs, iː- (US) -t̬əs
Eden ˈiː.dən ˌGarden of ˈEden
Edenbridge ˈiː.dən.brɪdʒ
Edenfield ˈiː.dən.fiːld
edentate iːˈden.teɪt, ɪ- -s -s
Edessa ɪˈdes.ə, iː-
Edgar ˈed.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
Edgbaston ˈedʒ.bə.stən, -bæs.tən
edg|e (E) edʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Edgecomb(e) ˈedʒ.kəm
Edgecote ˈedʒ.kəʊt, -kət (US) -koʊt
Edgecumbe ˈedʒ.kəm, -kuːm
Edgehill *name of a hill:* ˌedʒˈhɪl *surname:* ˈedʒ.hɪl
edgeless ˈedʒ.ləs, -lɪs
Edgerton ˈedʒ.ə.tən (US) -ɚ.tən
edge|ways ˈedʒ|.weɪz **-wise** -waɪz
edgewise ˈedʒ.waɪz
Edgeworth ˈedʒ.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
edging ˈedʒ.ɪŋ -s -z
Edgington ˈedʒ.ɪŋ.tən
Edgley ˈedʒ.li
Edgware ˈedʒ.weəʳ (US) -wer
edg|y ˈedʒ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** ɪ.li, əl.i
edibility ˌed.ɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, -əˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
edible ˈed.ɪ.bəl, ˈ-ə- -s -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
edict ˈiː.dɪkt -s -s
Edie ˈiː.di
edification ˌed.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-
edific|e ˈed.ɪ.fɪs, ˈ-ə- **-es** -ɪz
edi|fy ˈed.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
Edina ɪˈdaɪ.nə, iː-, edˈaɪ-, -ˈiː-
Edinburgh ˈed.ɪn.bər.ə, -ɪm-, -ən-, -bʌr- (US) -bʌr.ə, -oʊ
Edington ˈed.ɪŋ.tən
Edison ˈed.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə-
ed|it ˈed|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
Edith ˈiː.dɪθ
edition ɪˈdɪʃ.ən, ə- (US) ɪ- -s -z
editor ˈed.ɪ.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
editorial ˌed.ɪˈtɔː.ri.əl, -əˈ- (US) -əˈtɔːr.i- -s -z **-ly** -i
editorializ|e, -is|e ˌed.ɪˈtɔː.ri.əl.aɪz, -əˈ- (US) -əˈtɔːr.i.ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
editor-in-chief ˌed.ɪ.tər.ɪnˈtʃiːf (US) -t̬ɚ-
editorship ˈed.ɪ.tə.ʃɪp (US) -t̬ɚ- -s -s
Edmond ˈed.mənd -s -z
Edmonton ˈed.mən.tən
Edmund ˈed.mənd -s -z
Edna ˈed.nə
Edom ˈiː.dəm **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
Edridge ˈed.rɪdʒ
Edsall ˈed.səl
educability ˌedʒ.ʊ.kəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌed.jʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌedʒ.ʊ.kəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌ-ə-
educable ˈedʒ.ʊ.kə.bəl, ˈed.jʊ- (US) ˈedʒ.ʊ-, ˈ-ə-
edu|cate ˈedʒ.ʊ|.keɪt, ˈed.jʊ- (US) ˈedʒ.ʊ|.keɪt, ˈ-ə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
education ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən, ˌed.jʊˈ- (US) ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən, -əˈ-
educational ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.əl, ˌed.jʊˈ- (US) ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.əl, -əˈ- **-ly** -i
educationalist ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.əl.ɪst, ˌed.jʊˈ- (US) ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.əl.ɪst, -əˈ- -s -s
educationist ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.ɪst, ˌed.jʊˈ- (US) ˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃən.ɪst, -əˈ- -s -s
educative ˈedʒ.ʊ.kə.tɪv, ˈed.jʊ-, -keɪ- (US) ˈedʒ.ʊ.keɪ.t̬ɪv, ˈ-ə-
educ|e ɪˈdjuːs, iː-, -ˈdʒuːs (US) -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
eduction ɪˈdʌk.ʃən, iː- -s -z
Edward ˈed.wəd (US) -wɚd **-(e)s** -z
Edwardian edˈwɔː.di.ən (US) -ˈwɔːr-, -ˈwɑːr- -s -z
Edwin ˈed.wɪn
Edwina edˈwiː.nə
Edwinstowe ˈed.wɪn.stəʊ (US) -stoʊ
-ee iː, i
Note: Suffix. May be stressed or unstressed, e.g. **employee** /ˌem.plɔɪˈiː, ɪmˈplɔɪ.iː/, **committee** /kəˈmɪt.i (US) -ˈmɪt̬-/.
-ée, -ee eɪ
Note: Suffix. May be stressed or unstressed in British English, e.g. **soirée** /ˈswɑː.reɪ, -ˈ-/, but normally stressed in American English, e.g. /swɑːˈreɪ/.
EEC ˌiː.iːˈsiː
EEG ˌiː.iːˈdʒiː
eejit ˈiː.dʒɪt -s -s
eek iːk
eel iːl -s -z
eelgrass ˈiːl.grɑːs (US) -græs
eelworm ˈiːl.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s -z

n iːn
y, meeny, miney, mo
.ni,miː.ni,maɪ.ni'məʊ (US) -'moʊ
' eəʳ (US) er
' 'ɪəʳ (US) 'ɪr
e: Suffix. Normally carries stress,
g., **musket** /'mʌskɪt/, **musketeer**
nʌs.kɪ'tɪəʳ (US) -kə'tɪr/.
ie 'ɪə.r|i (US) 'ɪr|.i **-y** -i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i
ness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ore 'iː.ɔːʳ (US) -ɔːr
ef **-ing** -ɪŋ ˌ**eff 'off ˌeffing and**
linding
ac|e ɪ'feɪs, ef'eɪs (US) ɪ'feɪs, ə- **-es**
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement** -mənt
able -ə.bᵊl
ect ɪ'fekt (US) ɪ'fekt, ə-, iː- **-s** -s
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ective ɪ'fek.tɪv (US) ɪ'fek-, ə-, iː-
-z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ectual ɪ'fek.tʃu.əl, -tju-, -tʃʊl,
ul (US) ɪ'fek.tʃuː.əl, ə-, iː- **-ly** -i
ectuality ɪˌfek.tʃu'æl.ə.ti, -tju'-,
ti (US) ɪˌfek.tʃuː'æl.ə.ţi, ə-, iː-
ectu|ate ɪ'fek.tʃu|.eɪt, -tju-
ɪ'fek.tʃuː-, ə-, iː- **-ates** -eɪts
ting -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
-eɪ.ţɪd
eminacy ɪ'fem.ɪ.nə.si, ef'em-,
fem-, '-ə-
eminate (*adj.*) ɪ'fem.ɪ.nət,
'em-, ə'fem-, '-ə-, -nɪt **-ly** -li **-ness**
əs, -nɪs
emi|nate (*v.*) ɪ'fem.ɪ|.neɪt,
'em-, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating**
eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.ţɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd
-neɪ.ţɪd
endi ef'en.di, ɪ'fen-
erent 'ef.ᵊr.ᵊnt, 'iː.fᵊr- (US) 'ef.ᵊr-
ervesc|e ˌef.ə'ves (US) -ɚ'- **-es** -ɪz
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
ervescen|t ˌef.ə'ves.ən|t (US) -ɚ'-
e -*ts* *stress shift:* ˌeffervescent
owder
ete ɪ'fiːt, ef'iːt
cacious ˌef.ɪ'keɪ.ʃəs, -ə'- **-ly** -li
ess -nəs, -nɪs
cacity ˌef.ɪ'kæs.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti
-ə.ţi
cacy 'ef.ɪ.kə.si, '-ə-
cienc|y ɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊn*t*.s|i, ə- (US) ɪ'fɪʃ-,
, iː- **-ies** -iz
cient ɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊnt, ə- (US) ɪ'fɪʃ-, ə-, iː-
y -li
ie 'ef.i
ig|y 'ef.ɪ.dʒ|i, '-ə- **-ies** -iz
ingham *in the UK:* 'ef.ɪŋ.əm
'ef.ɪŋ.əm, -hæm *in the US:*
f.ɪŋ.hæm
loresc|e ˌef.lɔː'res, -lɒr'es, -lə'res
-lə'res, -lɔːr'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
lorescen|t ˌef.lɔː'res.ᵊn|t (US) -lə'-,
ɔːr'- **-ce** -*t*s
luence 'ef.lu.ən*t*s
luent 'ef.lu.ənt **-s** -s
luvi|um ɪ'fluː.vi|.əm, ef'luː- **-a** -ə
l -əl
lux 'ef.lʌks **-es** -ɪz
luxion ef'luk.ʃᵊn, ɪ'flʌk- **-s** -z

effort 'ef.ət (US) -ɚt **-s** -s
effortless 'ef.ət.ləs, -lɪs (US) -ɚt- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
effronter|y ɪ'frʌn.tᵊr|.i, ef'rʌn- (US) ef'rʌn-, ɪ'frʌn- **-ies** -iz
effulg|e ɪ'fʌldʒ, ef'ʌldʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
effulgen|ce ɪ'fʌl.dʒᵊn|*t*s, ef'ʌl- **-t/ly** -t/li
effuse (*adj.*) ɪ'fjuːs, ef'juːs
effus|e (*v.*) ɪ'fjuːz, ef'juːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
effusion ɪ'fjuː.ʒᵊn, ef'juː- **-s** -z
effusive ɪ'fjuː.sɪv, ef'juː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Efik 'ef.ɪk
E-fit 'iː.fɪt **-s** -s
EFL ˌiː.ef'el
eft eft **-s** -s
EFTA 'ef.tə
e.g. ˌiː'dʒiː; fᵊr.ɪg'zɑːm.pᵊl (US) ˌiː'dʒiː; fɚ.ɪg'zæm.pᵊl
egad iː'gæd, ɪ-
egalitarian ɪˌgæl.ɪ'teə.ri.ən, iː-, -ə'-; ˌiː.gæl- (US) -'ter.i- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Egan 'iː.gᵊn
Egbert 'eg.bət, -bɜːt (US) -bɚt, -bɝːt
Egdon 'eg.dən
Egeria ɪ'dʒɪə.ri.ə, iː- (US) -'dʒɪr.i-
Egerton 'edʒ.ə.tᵊn (US) '-ɚ-
Egeus *in Greek mythology:* 'iː.dʒuːs; ɪ'dʒiː.əs, iː- (US) iː'dʒiː.əs *Shakespearean character:* iː'dʒiː.əs, ɪ-
egg eg **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**egg ˌtimer; have 'egg on one's ˌface; put ˌall one's ˌeggs in one 'basket**
eggcup 'eg.kʌp **-s** -s
egghead 'eg.hed **-s** -z
Eggleston 'eg.ᵊlz.tᵊn (US) -ᵊl.stᵊn
Eggleton 'eg.ᵊl.tᵊn
eggnog ˌeg'nɒg, '-- (US) 'eg.nɑːg **-s** -z
eggplant 'eg.plɑːnt (US) -plænt **-s** -s
egg-shaped 'eg.ʃeɪpt
eggshell 'eg.ʃel **-s** -z
Egham 'eg.əm
Eglamore, Eglamour 'eg.lə.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
eglantine (E) 'eg.lən.taɪn, -tiːn
Eglingham 'eg.lɪn.dʒəm
Eglinton 'eg.lɪn.tən
Eglon 'eg.lɒn (US) -lɑːn
Egmont 'eg.mɒnt, -mənt (US) -mɑːnt
ego 'iː.gəʊ, 'eg.əʊ (US) 'iː.goʊ, 'eg.oʊ **-s** -z '**ego ˌtrip**
egocentric ˌiː.gəʊ'sen.trɪk, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
egocentricity ˌiː.gəʊ.sen'trɪs.ɪ.ti, ˌeg.əʊ-, -ə.ti (US) ˌiː.goʊ.sen'trɪs.ə.ţi, ˌeg.oʊ-
egocentrism ˌiː.gəʊ'sen.trɪ.zᵊm, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'-
ego|ism 'iː.gəʊ|.ɪ.zᵊm, 'eg.əʊ- (US) 'iː.goʊ-, 'eg.oʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
egoistic ˌiː.gəʊ'ɪs.tɪk, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
egomania ˌiː.gəʊ'meɪ.ni.ə, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'-
egomaniac ˌiː.gəʊ'meɪ.ni.æk, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'- **-s** -s
Egon 'eg.ən, 'iː.gən, -gɒn (US) 'eɪ.gɑːn, -gən
Note: The restaurant critic Egon Ronay is popularly pronounced as /'iː.gɒn/ in the UK.
egot|ism 'iː.gəʊ.t|ɪ.zᵊm, 'eg.əʊ- (US) 'iː.goʊ-, 'eg.oʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
egotistic ˌiː.gəʊ'tɪs.tɪk, ˌeg.əʊ'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'-, ˌeg.oʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
egregious ɪ'griː.dʒəs, ə'griː-, -dʒi.əs (US) iː-, ɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Egremont 'eg.rə.mənt, -rɪ-, -mɒnt (US) -mɑːnt
egress 'iː.gres **-es** -ɪz
egression ɪ'greʃ.ᵊn, iː- **-s** -z
egressive ɪ'gres.ɪv, iː-
egret 'iː.grət, -grɪt, -gret (US) 'iː.gret, 'eg.ret, -rɪt **-s** -s
Egton 'eg.tən
Egypt 'iː.dʒɪpt
Egyptian ɪ'dʒɪp.ʃᵊn, ə-, iː- **-s** -z
Egyptolog|y ˌiː.dʒɪp'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
eh eɪ
Ehrlich *European family name:* 'eə.lɪk, -lɪx (US) 'er- *US family name:* 'ɜː.lɪk (US) 'ɝː-, 'er-
Eid iːd
eider 'aɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z '**eider ˌduck**
eiderdown 'aɪ.də.daʊn (US) -dɚ- **-s** -z
Eidos® 'aɪ.dɒs, 'eɪ- (US) -dɑːs, -doʊs
Eifel 'aɪ.fᵊl
Eiffel Tower ˌaɪ.fᵊl'taʊəʳ (US) -'taʊɚ **-s** -z
Eiger 'aɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
Eigg eg
eight eɪt **-s** -s
eighteen ˌeɪ'tiːn **-s** -z **-th/s** -θ/s *stress shift:* ˌeighteen 'months
eightfold 'eɪt.fəʊld (US) -foʊld
eighth eɪtθ **-s** -s
eightieth 'eɪ.ti.əθ, -ti.ɪθ (US) -ţi.əθ **-s** -s
eightsome 'eɪt.sᵊm
eight|y 'eɪ.t|i (US) -ţ|i **-ies** -iz
eightyfold 'eɪ.ti.fəʊld (US) -ţi.foʊld
eighty-six ˌeɪ.ti'sɪks (US) -ţi'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Eilat eɪ'lɑːt, -'læt (US) -'lɑːt
Eilean 'el.ən, 'iː.lən
Eileen 'aɪ.liːn (US) aɪ'liːn
Eiloart 'aɪ.ləʊ.ɑːt (US) -loʊ.ɑːrt
Eindhoven 'aɪnd.həʊ.vᵊn (US) -hoʊ-
Einstein 'aɪn.staɪn
einsteinium ˌaɪn'staɪ.ni.əm
Eire 'eə.rə (US) 'er.ə, -iː; 'aɪ.rə, -riː
eirenicon aɪə'riː.nɪ.kɒn, -'ren.ɪ- (US) aɪ'riː.nɪ.kɑːn **-s** -z
Eisenhower 'aɪ.zᵊn.haʊəʳ (US) -haʊɚ
Eisner 'aɪz.nəʳ (US) -n̩ɚ
eisteddfod (E) aɪ'steð.vɒd, ɪ-, -'sted.fəd (US) -'steð.vɑːd, eɪ- **-s** -z
either 'aɪ.ðəʳ, 'iː- (US) 'iː.ðɚ, 'aɪ-
ejacu|late (*v.*) ɪ'dʒæk.jə|.leɪt, iː-, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ

Pronouncing the letters EI

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the vowel digraph ei. One is /iː/ when following a **c**; this is immortalised in the spelling rhyme "I before **E** except after **C**, but only if the sound is /iː/", e.g.:

receive /rɪˈsiːv/

When followed by a silent **gh** in the spelling, it is usually pronounced as /eɪ/ but may be pronounced /aɪ/, e.g.:

eight /eɪt/
height /haɪt/

The pronunciation /aɪ/ also occurs in two words which do not include **gh**, but only in British English, e.g.:

either /ˈaɪ.ðəʳ/ (US) /ˈiː.ðɚ/
neither /ˈnaɪ.ðəʳ/ (US) /ˈniː.ðɚ/

When followed by an **r** in the spelling, **ei** is pronounced as /eə (US) er/ and /ɪə (US) ɪr/, e.g.:

their /ðeəʳ/ (US) /ðer/
weir /wɪəʳ/ (US) /wɪr/

In addition

Other vowel sounds are associated with the digraph **ei**, e.g.:

e Leicester /ˈles.təʳ/ (US) /-tɚ/
eɪ rein /reɪn/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph ei is realised with the vowel /ɪ/ in weak syllables, e.g.:

foreign /ˈfɒr.ɪn/ (US) /ˈfɔːr-/

(US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ejaculate (*n.*) ɪˈdʒæk.jə.lət, iː-, -jʊ-, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) -lət, -lɪt
ejaculation ɪˌdʒæk.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, iː-, -jʊˈ- **-s** -z
ejaculative ɪˈdʒæk.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ-, -leɪ.tɪv (US) -jə.lə.t̬ɪv
ejaculatory ɪˈdʒæk.jə.lə.tᵊr.i, iː-, -jʊ-, -leɪ-, -tri; ɪˌdʒæk.jəˈleɪ-, iː-, -jʊˈ- (US) ɪˈdʒæk.jə.lə.tɔːr.i, iː-, -jʊ-
eject ɪˈdʒekt, iː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ejection ɪˈdʒek.ʃᵊn, iː- **-s** -z
ejective ɪˈdʒek.tɪv, iː- **-s** -z
ejectment ɪˈdʒekt.mənt, iː- **-s** -s
ejector ɪˈdʒek.təʳ, iː- (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
ejusdem generis eɪˌʊs.demˈgen.ᵊr.ɪs (US) edʒˌuːs.demˈgen.ɚ.əs; iː.dʒəs.demˈdʒen-
Ekaterinburg ɪˌkæt.ᵊrˈiːn.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
ek|e iːk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
EKG ˌiː.keɪˈdʒiː
Ekron ˈek.rɒn (US) -rɑːn
Ektachrome® ˈek.tə.krəʊm (US) -kroʊm
el el
elaborate (*adj.*) ɪˈlæb.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
elabor|ate (*v.*) ɪˈlæb.ᵊ.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
elaboration ɪˌlæb.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
elaborative ɪˈlæb.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- (US) -ə.t̬ɪv
Elaine ɪˈleɪn, ə-, elˈeɪn
El Al® ˌelˈæl
El Alamein ˌelˈæl.ə.meɪn; elˌæl.əˈmeɪn (US) ˌelˈæl.ə.mein, -ˈɑː.lə-; elˌæl.əˈmeɪn, -ˌɑː.ləˈ-
Elam ˈiː.ləm **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
élan eɪˈlɑ̃ːn, ɪ-, -ˈlæn (US) -ˈlɑːn, -ˈlɑ̃ːŋ, -ˈlæn *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**élan viˈtal**
eland (E) ˈiː.lənd **-s** -z
elaps|e ɪˈlæps **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
elastic ɪˈlæs.tɪk, -ˈlɑː.stɪk (US) -ˈlæs.tɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li eˌ**lastic ˈband**
elasti|cate ɪˈlæs.tɪ|.keɪt, -ˈlɑː.stɪ-, -stə- (US) -ˈlæs.tɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
elasticity ˌɪl.æsˈtɪs.ə.ti, ˌel-, ˌiː.læs-, -ləˈstɪs-, -lɑːˈ-, -ɪ.ti; ɪˌlæsˈtɪs-, -ˌlɑːˈstɪs- (US) ɪˌlæsˈtɪs.ə.t̬i; ˌiː.læsˈ-
elasticiz|e, -ise ɪˈlæs.tɪ.saɪz, -ˈlɑː.stɪ-, -stə-, -ˈlæs.tɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
elastin ɪˈlæs.tɪn, ə-, -ˈlɑː.stɪn (US) ɪˈlæs.tɪn
Elastoplast® ɪˈlæs.təʊ.plɑːst, el-, iːˈlæs-, -plæst; -ˈlɑː.stəʊ.plɑːst (US) ɪˈlæs.toʊ.plæst, iː-, -tə-
e|late ɪ|ˈleɪt, iː- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated/ly** -leɪ.tɪd/li (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd/li
elation ɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, iː-
Elba ˈel.bə
Elbe ˈel.bə, elb
elbow ˈel.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**elbow ˌgrease;** ˈ**elbow ˌroom**
El Cid ˌelˈsɪd
elder (E) ˈel.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z ˌ**elder ˈstatesman**
elderberr|y ˈel.dəˌber|.i, -bᵊr- (US) -dɚˌber- **-ies** -iz
elderflower ˈel.dəˌflaʊəʳ (US) -dɚˌflaʊɚ **-s** -z
elderl|y ˈel.dᵊl|.i (US) -dɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eldest ˈel.dɪst, -dəst
Eldon ˈel.dᵊn
El Dorado, Eldorado ˌel.dəˈrɑː.dəʊ, -dɒrˈɑː- (US) -dəˈrɑː.doʊ, -ˈreɪ-
Eldred ˈel.drɪd, -dred, -drəd
Eldridge ˈel.drɪdʒ
Eleanor ˈel.ɪ.nəʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -nɚ, -nɔːr
Eleanora ˌel.i.əˈnɔː.rə (US) -ˈnɔːr.ə
Eleazar ˌel.iˈeɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ
elecampane ˌel.ɪ.kæmˈpeɪn, ˌ-ə- **-s** -z
elect ɪˈlekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
election ɪˈlek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
electioneer ɪˌlek.ʃəˈnɪəʳ (US) -ˈnɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
elective ɪˈlek.tɪv **-ly** -li
elector ɪˈlek.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
electoral ɪˈlek.tᵊr.ᵊl, ˈ-trᵊl
electorate ɪˈlek.tᵊr.ət, -ɪt, ˈ-trət, ˈ-trɪt **-s** -s
Electra ɪˈlek.trə **Eˈlectra ˌcomplex**
electric ɪˈlek.trɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s eˌ**lectric ˈblanket;** eˌ**lectric ˈchair;** eˌ**lectric guiˈtar;** eˌ**lectric ˈshock;** eˌ**lectric ˈshock ˌtherapy**
electrician ˌel.ɪkˈtrɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌiː.lekˈ-; ɪˌlekˈ- (US) ɪˌlekˈ-; ˌiː.lekˈ- **-s** -z
electricity ˌel.ɪkˈtrɪs.ə.ti, ˌiː.lek-, -ɪ.ti; ɪˌlekˈ- (US) ɪˌlekˈtrɪs.ə.t̬i; ˌiː.lekˈ-
electrification ɪˌlek.trɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -trə- **-s** -z
electri|fy ɪˈlek.trɪ|.faɪ, -trə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl
electro- ɪ.lek.trəʊ; ˌel.ɪkˈtrɒ, ˌiː.lekˈ-; ɪˌlekˈ- (US) ɪ.lek.troʊ; ɪˌlekˈtrɑː; ˌiː.lekˈ-
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **electrocute** /ɪˈlek.trə.kjuːt/, **electrocution** /ɪˌlek.trəˈkjuː.ʃᵊn/, or primary stress on the third syllable, with secondary stress on either the first or second syllable, e.g. **electrolysis** /ˌel.ɪkˈtrɒl.ɪ.sɪs, ɪˌlekˈ- (US) ɪˌlekˈtrɑː.lə-, ˌiː.lekˈ-/.
electrobiology ɪˌlek.trəʊ.baɪˈɒl.ə.dʒi

Elision

The omission of sounds which are normally present if words are pronounced slowly and clearly but appear not to be pronounced when the same words are produced in a rapid, colloquial style, or when the words occur in a different context. These missing sounds are said to have been 'elided'. See also CONNECTED SPEECH PHENOMENA.

Examples for English

It is easy to find examples of elision, but very difficult to state rules that govern which sounds may be elided and which may not. Elision of vowels in English usually happens when a short, unstressed vowel occurs between voiceless consonants, e.g. in the first syllable of *perhaps*, *potato*, the second syllable of *bicycle*, or the third syllable of *philosophy*.

Elision also occurs when a weak vowel occurs between a PLOSIVE or FRICATIVE consonant and a consonant such as a NASAL or a LATERAL: this process leads to SYLLABIC CONSONANTS, e.g.:

sudden	/ˈsʌd.ən/	→	/ˈsʌd.n̩/
awful	/ˈɔː.fʊl/	→	/ˈɔː.fl̩/
	US /ˈɑː-/		US /ˈɑː-/

Elision of consonants in English happens most commonly when a speaker 'simplifies' a complex consonant cluster, e.g.:

acts	/ækts/	→	/æks/
twelfth night	/ˌtwelfθˈnaɪt/	→	/ˌtwelθˈnaɪt/ or /ˌtwelfˈnaɪt/

In *twelfth night* above, it seems much less likely that any of the other consonants could be left out: the /l/ and the /n/ seem to be unelidable.

It is very important to note that sounds do not simply 'disappear' like a light being switched off. A transcription such as /æks/ for *acts* implies that the /t/ phoneme has dropped out altogether, but detailed examination of speech shows that such effects are more gradual: in slow speech the /t/ may be fully pronounced, with an audible transition from the preceding /k/ and to the following /s/, while in a more rapid style it may be articulated but not given any audible realisation, and in very rapid speech it may be observable, if at all, only as a rather early movement of the tongue blade towards the /s/ position. Much more research in this area is needed (not only on English) for us to understand what processes are involved when speech is 'reduced' in rapid articulation.

US -troʊ.baɪˈɑː.lə-
ctrocardiogram ...lek.trəʊˈkɑː.di.əʊ.græm US -troʊˈkɑːr.di.ə- -s -z
ctrocardiograph ...lek.trəʊˈkɑː.di.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf US -troʊˈkɑːr.di.ə.græf -s -s
ctrochemistry ...lek.trəʊˈkem.ɪ.stri, -ə.stri US -troʊˈkem.ə-
ctroconvulsive ...lek.trəʊ.kənˈvʌl.sɪv US -troʊ- **lectrocon,vulsive ˈtherapy**
ctro|cute ɪˈlek.trə|.kjuːt **-cutes** -kjuːts **-cuting** -kjuː.tɪŋ US -kjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-cuted** -kjuː.tɪd US -kjuː.t̬ɪd
ctrocution ɪˌlek.trəˈkjuː.ʃən -s -z
ctrode ɪˈlek.trəʊd US -troʊd -s -z
ctrodynamic ...lek.trəʊ.daɪˈnæm.ɪk, -dɪˈ- US -troʊ.daɪˈ- -s -s
ctroencephalo|gram ...lek.trəʊ.enˈsef.əl.əʊ|.græm, -ɪnˈ-, ...kef-, -eŋˈkef-, -ɪŋˈkef- US -troʊ.enˈsef.ə.loʊ-, -lə- -s -z **...graph/s** -grɑːf/s, -græf/s US -græf/s
ctrokinetic ɪˌlek.trəʊ.kɪˈnet.ɪk, ...kaɪˈ- US -troʊ.kɪˈnet̬-, -trə- -s -s
ctrolier ɪˌlek.trəʊˈlɪəʳ US -trəˈlɪr -s -z
ctrolux® ɪˈlek.trəʊ.lʌks US -trə-
ctrolys|is ˌel.ɪkˈtrɒl.ə.s|ɪs, ...iː.lek-, -ɪ.s|ɪs; ɪˌlekˈ-, ə- US ɪˌlekˈtrɑː.lə-; ˌiː.lek- **-es** -iːz
ctrolyte ɪˈlek.trə.laɪt -s -s
electrolytic ɪˌlek.trəˈlɪt.ɪk US -ˈlɪt̬-
electrolyz|e, -ys|e ɪˈlek.trəl.aɪz US -trə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
electromagnet ɪˌlek.trəʊˈmæg.nɪt, -nət US -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- -s -s **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
electromagnetic ɪˌlek.trəʊ.mægˈnet.ɪk, -məgˈ- US -troʊ.mægˈnet̬-, -trə-
electrometer ˌel.ɪkˈtrɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˌiː.lek-, -mə.təʳ; ɪˌlekˈ- US ɪ.lekˈtrɑː.mə.t̬ɚ; ˌiː.lekˈ- -s -z
electromotive ɪˌlek.trəʊˈməʊ.tɪv US -troʊˈmoʊ.t̬ɪv, -trəˈ-
electromotor ɪˌlek.trəʊˈməʊ.təʳ US -troʊˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ, -trəˈ- -s -z
electron ɪˈlek.trɒn US -trɑːn -s -z
electronic ˌel.ekˈtrɒn.ɪk, -ɪkˈ-, ˌiː.lekˈ-; ɪˌlekˈ- US ɪˌlekˈtrɑː.nɪk; ˌiː.lekˈ- -s -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌelectronic ˈmail**
electropalatogram ɪˌlek.trəʊˈpæl.ə.təʊ.græm US -troʊˈpæl.ə.t̬ə- -s -z
electropalatography ɪˌlek.trəʊˌpæl.əˈtɒg.rə.fi US -troʊˌpæl.əˈtɑː.grə-
electrophone ɪˈlek.trə.fəʊn US -foʊn -s -z
electrophorus ˌel.ɪkˈtrɒf.ər.əs, ˌiː.lekˈ- US ɪˌlekˈtrɑː.fɚ-; ˌiː.lekˈ- -es -ɪz
electropla|te ɪˈlek.trəʊ.pleɪ|t, ɪˌlek.trəʊˈpleɪ|t US ɪˈlek.troʊ.pleɪ|t, iː-, -trə- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z
electropolar ɪˌlek.trəʊˈpəʊ.ləʳ US -troʊˈpoʊ.lɚ
electropositive ɪˌlek.trəʊˈpɒz.ə.tɪv, -ɪ.tɪv US -troʊˈpɑː.zə.t̬ɪv
electroscope ɪˈlek.trəʊ.skəʊp US -troʊ.skoʊp, -trə- -s -s
electrostatic ɪˌlek.trəʊˈstæt.ɪk US -troʊˈstæt̬- -s -s
electrotherapeutic ɪˌlek.trəʊˌθer.əˈpjuː.tɪk US -troʊˌθer.əˈpjuː.t̬ɪk -s -s
electrotherapy ɪˌlek.trəʊˈθer.ə.pi US -troʊˈ-
electrothermal ɪˌlek.trəʊˈθɜː.məl US -troʊˈθɝː-
electrotype ɪˈlek.trəʊ.taɪp US -troʊ- -s -s
electrovalency ɪˌlek.trəʊˈveɪ.lənt.si US -troʊˈ-
electrum ɪˈlek.trəm
electuar|y ɪˈlek.tjʊə.r|i US -tʃuː.er|.i **-ies** -iz
eleemosynary ˌel.i.iːˈmɒs.ɪ.nər.i, ˌel.iːˈ-, ˌel.ɪˈ-, -ˈmɒz-, -ˈməʊ.zɪ-, -zən.ər- US ˌel.ɪˈmɑː.sə.ner.i, ˌel.iː.əˈ-
elegance ˈel.ɪ.gənts US ˈ-ə-
elegant ˈel.ɪ.gənt US ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li
elegiac ˌel.ɪˈdʒaɪ.ək, -əˈ-, -æk US ˌel.ɪˈdʒaɪ.ək, -əˈ-, -æk; ɪˈliː.dʒiː.æk -s -s **-al** -əl
elegist ˈel.ɪ.dʒɪst, ˈ-ə- -s -s
elegit ɪˈliː.dʒɪt, elˈiː-
elegiz|e, -is|e ˈel.ɪ.dʒaɪz, ˈ-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eleg|y ˈel.ɪ.dʒ|i, ˈ-ə- **-ies** -iz

Elektra ɪˈlek.trə
element ˈel.ɪ.mənt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
elemental ˌel.ɪˈmen.tᵊl, -əˈ- (US) -əˈmen.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
elementar|y ˌel.ɪˈmen.tᵊr|.i, -əˈ-, ˈ-tr|i (US) -əˈmen.t̬ɚ|.i, ˈ-tr|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **eleˌmentary ˌschool**
elemi ˈel.ɪ.mi
elenchus ɪˈleŋ.kəs, ə-
Eleonora ˌel.i.əˈnɔː.rə (US) -ˈnɔːr.ə
Eleonore ˈel.i.ə.nɔːʳ (US) -nɔːr
elephant ˈel.ɪ.fənt, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
elephantiasis ˌel.ɪ.fənˈtaɪə.sɪs, ˌ-ə-, -fænˈ-
elephantine ˌel.ɪˈfæn.taɪn, -əˈ- (US) -taɪn, -tiːn, ˈel.ə.fən-
Eleusinian ˌel.juːˈsɪn.i.ən, -uːˈ-
Eleusis elˈjuː.sɪs, ɪˈljuː-, ə-, -ˈluː- (US) ɪˈluː.sɪs
Eleuthera ɪˈluː.θᵊr.ə, elˈuː-, -ˈjuː- (US) ɪˈluː-
ele|vate ˈel.ɪ|.veɪt, ˈ-ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd
elevation ˌel.ɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- **-s** -z
elevator ˈel.ɪ.veɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
elevatory ˌel.ɪˈveɪ.tᵊr.i, -əˈ-, ˈ-tri (US) -t̬ɚ.i
eleven ɪˈlev.ᵊn, ə- **-s** -z **-th/s** -θ/s
eleven-plus ɪˌlev.ᵊnˈplʌs, ə-, -əmˈ- (US) -ənˈ- **-es** -ɪz
elevenses ɪˈlev.ᵊn.zɪz, ə-
el|f el|f **-ves** -vz
elfin ˈel.fɪn **-s** -z
elfish ˈel.fɪʃ **-ly** -li
Elfrida elˈfriː.də
Elgar *composer:* ˈel.gɑːʳ (US) -gɑːr *surname:* ˈel.gɑːʳ, -gəʳ (US) -gɑːr, -gɚ
Elgin ˈel.gɪn (US) -gɪn, -dʒɪn ˌ**Elgin ˈMarbles**
El Greco ˌelˈgrek.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Elham ˈiː.ləm
Eli ˈiː.laɪ
Elia ˈiː.li.ə
Elias ɪˈlaɪəs, elˈaɪ-, əˈlaɪ-, -ˈlaɪ.æs
Elibank ˈel.ɪ.bæŋk
elic|it ɪˈlɪs|.ɪt, ə-, iː- **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
elicitation ɪˌlɪs.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ə-, iː-, -əˈ-
elid|e ɪˈlaɪd, iː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
Elie ˈiː.li
eligibility ˌel.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -dʒɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -dʒəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
eligib|le ˈel.ɪ.dʒə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ə-, -dʒɪ- (US) -dʒə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Elihu ɪˈlaɪ.hjuː, elˈaɪ- (US) ˈel.ɪ-; iːˈlaɪ-, ɪ-
Elijah ɪˈlaɪ.dʒə
Eliman ˈel.ɪ.mən
elimi|nate ɪˈlɪm.ɪ|.neɪt, ə-, ˈ-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
elimination ɪˌlɪm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ə-, -əˈ- **-s** -z
Elinor ˈel.ɪ.nəʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -nɚ, -nɔːr
Eliot ˈel.i.ət
Eliotson ˈel.i.ət.sᵊn
Eliott ˈel.i.ət
Eliphaz ˈel.ɪ.fæz
Elis ˈiː.lɪs
Elisabeth ɪˈlɪz.ə.bəθ, ə-
Elise ɪˈliːz (US) ɪˈliːz, -ˈliːs
Elisha *prophet:* ɪˈlaɪ.ʃə *place in Northumberland:* elˈɪʃ.ə
elision ɪˈlɪʒ.ᵊn **-s** -z
elite, élite ɪˈliːt, eɪ- **-s** -s
elitism, élitism ɪˈliː.tɪ.zᵊm, eɪˈliː-
elitist, élitist ɪˈliː.tɪst, eɪˈliː- **-s** -s
elixir ɪˈlɪk.səʳ, elˈɪk-, əˈlɪk-, iː-, -sɪəʳ (US) -sɚ **-s** -z
Eliza ɪˈlaɪ.zə
Elizabeth ɪˈlɪz.ə.bəθ, ə-
Elizabethan ɪˌlɪz.əˈbiː.θᵊn, ə- **-s** -z *stress shift:* Eˌlizabethan ˈpoet
Elizabethian ɪˌlɪz.əˈbiː.θi.ən, ə- **-s** -z *stress shift:* Eˌlizabethian ˈpoet
elk elk **-s** -s
Elkhart ˈelk.hɑːt (US) -hɑːrt
Elkin ˈel.kɪn
Elkington ˈel.kɪŋ.tən
Elkins ˈel.kɪnz
ell el **-s** -z
Ella ˈel.ə
Elland ˈel.ənd
Ellangowan ˌel.ənˈgaʊən, -əŋˈ-
Elle el
Ellen ˈel.ən, -ɪn
Ellenborough ˈel.ən.bᵊr.ə, -ɪn- (US) -oʊ
Ellery ˈel.ᵊr.i
Ellesmere ˈelz.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
Ellice ˈel.ɪs
Ellicott ˈel.ɪ.kət, -kɒt (US) -kət, -kɑːt
Elliman ˈel.ɪ.mən
Ellingham *in Northumberland:* ˈel.ɪn.dʒəm *surname:* ˈel.ɪŋ.əm
Ellington ˈel.ɪŋ.tən
Elliot ˈel.i.ət
Elliotson ˈel.i.ət.sᵊn
Elliott ˈel.i.ət
ellipse ɪˈlɪps **-s** -ɪz
ellips|is ɪˈlɪp.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
ellipsoid ɪˈlɪp.sɔɪd **-s** -z
ellipsoidal ˌel.ɪpˈsɔɪ.dᵊl; ɪˌlɪpˈ-; elˌɪp- (US) ɪˌlɪpˈ-; ˌel.ɪpˈ-
elliptic ɪˈlɪp.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ellipticity ˌel.ɪpˈtɪs.ə.ti, ˌɪl-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪˌlɪpˈtɪs.ə.t̬i; ˌel.ɪpˈ-
Ellis ˈel.ɪs
Ellison ˈel.ɪ.sᵊn
Elliston ˈel.ɪ.stᵊn
Ellon ˈel.ən
Ellsworth ˈelz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Ellwood ˈel.wʊd
elm (E) elm **-s** -z
Elmer ˈel.məʳ (US) -mɚ
Elmer Gantry ˌel.məˈgæn.tri (US) -mɚˈ-
Elmes elmz
Elmhurst ˈelm.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
Elmina elˈmiː.nə
Elmo ˈel.məʊ (US) -moʊ
Elmore ˈel.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Elmsley ˈelmz.li
Elmwood ˈelm.wʊd
elocution ˌel.əˈkjuː.ʃᵊn
elocutionary ˌel.əˈkjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, -ri (US) -er.i
elocutionist ˌel.əˈkjuː.ʃᵊn.ɪst **-s** -s
Elohim elˈəʊ.hɪm, ɪˈləʊ-, əˈləʊ-, -hiːm; ˌel.əʊˈhiːm (US) elˈoʊ.hɪm, ɪˈloʊ-, əˈloʊ-, -hiːm; ˌel.oʊˈhɪm, -ˈoʊ-
Eloi ɪˈləʊ.aɪ; ˈiː.ləʊ.aɪ, -lɔɪ (US) ˈiː.lɔɪ, ˈeɪ-
Eloisa ˌel.əʊˈiː.zə, -sə (US) -oʊˈ-
Éloise, Eloise ˌel.əʊˈiːz (US) -oʊˈ-
elon|gate ˈiː.lɒŋ|.geɪt (US) ɪˈlɑːŋ-, -ˈlɔːŋ- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
elongation ˌiː.lɒŋˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌiː.lɑːŋˈ-, -lɔːŋˈ-; ɪˌlɑːŋˈ-, -ˌlɔːŋˈ- **-s** -z
elop|e ɪˈləʊp (US) -ˈloʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
eloquence ˈel.ə.kwən*t*s
eloquent ˈel.ə.kwənt **-ly** -li
El Paso ˌelˈpæs.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Elphick ˈel.fɪk
Elphin ˈel.fɪn
Elphinstone ˈel.fɪn.stən
Els els
Elsa *English name:* ˈel.sə *German name:* ˈel.zə
El Salvador ˌelˈsæl.və.dɔːʳ (US) -dɔːr
Elsan® ˈel.sæn
else els **-'s** -ɪz
elsewhere ˌelsˈ*h*weəʳ, ˈ-- (US) ˈels.*h*wer
Elsie ˈel.si
Elsinore ˈel.sɪ.nɔːʳ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈel.sə.nɔːr, ˌ--ˈ-
Note: The stressing /ˌ--ˈ-/ has to be used in Shakespeare's 'Hamlet'.
Elsmere ˈelz.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
Elson ˈel.sᵊn
Elspeth ˈel.spəθ, -speθ
Elstree ˈel.striː, ˈelz.triː, -tri
Elswick ˈel.sɪk, ˈel.zɪk, ˈelz.wɪk
Note: **Elswick** in Tyne and Wear is locally /ˈel.sɪk/ or /ˈel.zɪk/.
Elsworthy ˈelz.wɜː.ði (US) -wɝː-
ELT ˌiː.elˈtiː
Eltham ˈel.təm
Elton ˈel.tᵊn
eluci|date ɪˈluː.sɪ|.deɪt, əˈluː-, -ˈljuː-, -sə- (US) ɪˈluː.sɪ-, -sə- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd **-dator/s** -deɪ.təʳ/z (US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z
elucidation ɪˌluː.sɪˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, əˌluː-, -ˌljuː-, -səˈ- (US) ɪˌluː.sɪˈdeɪ-, -səˈ- **-s** -z
elucidative ɪˈluː.sɪ.deɪ.tɪv, əˈluː-, -ˈljuː-, -sə-, -də- (US) ɪˈluː.sɪ.deɪ.t̬ɪv, -sə-
elucidatory ɪˈluː.sɪ.deɪ.tᵊr.i, əˈluː-, -ˈljuː-, -sə-, -tri; ɪˌluː.sɪˈdeɪ-, ə-, -ˌljuː-, -səˈ- (US) ɪˈluː.sɪ.deɪ.tɔːr.i, -sə-; ɪˌluː.sɪˈdeɪ.t̬ɚ-, -səˈ-
elud|e ɪˈluːd, əˈluːd, -ˈljuːd (US) ɪˈluːd

es -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
usion ɪ'luː.ʒᵊn, ə'luː-, -'ljuː-
(US) ɪ'luː- **-s** -z
usive ɪ'luː.sɪv, ə'luː-, -'ljuː-
(US) ɪ'luː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
usory ɪ'luː.sᵊr.i, ə'luː-, -'ljuː-
(US) ɪ'luː-
van 'el.vən
vedon 'elv.dən, 'el.dən
ver 'el.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z
ves (*plur. of* **elf**) elvz
vey 'el.vi
vin 'el.vɪn
vira el'vɪə.rə, -'vaɪə- (US) -'vaɪ.rə, 'vɪr.ə
vis 'el.vɪs
well 'el.wel, -wəl
wes 'el.wɪz, -wɪs, -wez
cities: 'iː.li *first name in US:* 'iː.laɪ
yot 'el.i.ət
yse el'iːz (US) ɪ'liːs
ysée eɪ'liː.zeɪ, ɪ-, ə- (US) ˌeɪ.liː'zeɪ
ysi|an ɪ'lɪz.i|.ən, iː- (US) ɪ'lɪʒ|.ən **-um**
əm **Eˌlysian 'fields**
zevir (E) 'el.zɪ.vɪəʳ, -sɪ-, -zə-, -sə-
(US) -vɪr
- em, ɪm
te: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress and is pronounced em-/, e.g. **emblem** /'em.bləm/, **mblematic** /ˌem.blə'mæt.ɪk (US) -'mæt̬-/, or is unstressed and may be pronounced either /ɪm-/ or /em-/, .g. **embed** /ɪm'bed, em- (US) em-, (US) ɪm-/.
em **-s** -z
n (*weak form of* **them**) əm, m
aci|ate ɪ'meɪ.ʃi|.eɪt, iː-, -si- **-ates**
eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated**
eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
aciation ɪˌmeɪ.ʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, iː-, -si'-
nail, E-mail 'iː.meɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ed -d
alangeni (*plur. of* **lilangeni**)
em.ə.lɑːŋ,gen.i (US) ˌem.ə.lən'gen-
a|nate 'em.ə|.neɪt **-nates** -neɪts
nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated**
neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-native** -neɪ.tɪv
(US) -neɪ.t̬ɪv
anation ˌem.ə'neɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
anci|pate ɪ'mænt.sɪ|.peɪt, -sə-
pates -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ
(US) -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd
(US) -peɪ.t̬ɪd **-pator/s** -peɪ.təʳ/z
(US) -peɪ.t̬ɚ/z
ancipation ɪˌmænt.sɪ'peɪ.ʃᵊn,
sə'- **-s** -z
anuel ɪ'mæn.ju.əl, -el
asculate (*adj.*) ɪ'mæs.kjʊ.lɪt, iː-,
kjə-, -lət
ascu|late (*v.*) ɪ'mæs.kjʊ|.leɪt, iː-,
kjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ
(US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
asculation ɪˌmæs.kjʊ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, iː-,
kjə'- **-s** -z
balm ɪm'bɑːm, em- (US) em-, ɪm-
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z
(US) -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s

embank ɪm'bæŋk, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
embankment (E) ɪm'bæŋk.mənt, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -s
embarcation ˌem.bɑː'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -bɑːr'- **-s** -z
embargo ɪm'bɑː.gəʊ, em- (US) em'bɑːr.goʊ, ɪm- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
embark ɪm'bɑːk, em- (US) em'bɑːrk, ɪm- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
embarkation ˌem.bɑː'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -bɑːr'- **-s** -z
embarras de richesses ˌɑːm.bær,ɑː.də.riː'ʃes, ɑ̃ːm- (US) ˌɑːm.bɑː.rɑː-
embarrass ɪm'bær.əs, em- (US) em'ber-, ɪm-, -'bær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
embarrassment ɪm'bær.əs.mənt, em- (US) em'ber-, ɪm-, -'bær- **-s** -s
embass|y 'em.bə.s|i **-ies** -iz
embattl|e ɪm'bæt.ᵊl, em- (US) em'bæt̬-, ɪm- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'bæt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
embay ɪm'beɪ, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
embed ɪm'bed, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **-ment** -mənt
embellish ɪm'bel.ɪʃ, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
embellishment ɪm'bel.ɪʃ.mənt, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -s
ember (E) 'em.bəʳ (US) -bɚ **-s** -z **'Ember ˌday**
embezzl|e ɪm'bez.ᵊl, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
embezzlement ɪm'bez.ᵊl.mənt, em- (US) em-, ɪm-
embitt|er ɪm'bɪt|.əʳ, em- (US) em'bɪt̬|.ɚ, ɪm- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erment** -ə.mənt (US) -ɚ.mənt
emblazon ɪm'bleɪ.zᵊn, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s **-ry** -ri
emblem 'em.bləm, -blem, -blɪm (US) -bləm **-s** -z
emblematic ˌem.blə'mæt.ɪk, -blɪ'- (US) -blə'mæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
emblematiz|e, -is|e em'blem.ə.taɪz, '-ɪ-; 'em.blem.ə- (US) em'blem.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emblements 'em.blə.mənts, -bᵊl- (US) -blə-
embodiment ɪm'bɒd.ɪ.mənt, em- (US) em'bɑː.di-, ɪm- **-s** -s
embod|y ɪm'bɒd|.i, em- (US) em'bɑː.d|i, ɪm- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
embolden ɪm'bəʊl.dᵊn, em- (US) em'boʊl-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
embolism 'em.bə.lɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
embonpoint ˌɑ̃ːm.bɔ̃ːm'pwɑ̃ːŋ (US) ˌɑ̃ːm.bõʊn'pwæ̃n, -'pwɑ̃ːn
embosom ɪm'bʊz.ᵊm, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emboss ɪm'bɒs, em- (US) em'bɑːs, ɪm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z

(US) -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s
embouchure ˌɑ̃ːm.buː'ʃʊəʳ, '--- (US) ˌɑːm.buː'ʃʊr, '--- **-s** -z
embowel ɪm'baʊəl, em- (US) em'baʊᵊl, ɪm- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
embower ɪm'baʊəʳ, em- (US) em'baʊɚ, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
embrac|e ɪm'breɪs, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
embracery ɪm'breɪ.sᵊr.i, em- (US) em-, ɪm-
embranchment ɪm'brɑːntʃ.mənt, em- (US) em'bræntʃ-, ɪm- **-s** -s
embrasure ɪm'breɪ.ʒəʳ, em-, -ʒʊəʳ (US) em'breɪ.ʒɚ, ɪm- **-s** -z
embro|cate 'em.brəʊ|.keɪt (US) -broʊ-, -brə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
embrocation ˌem.brəʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -broʊ'-, -brə'- **-s** -z
embroglio ɪm'brəʊ.li.əʊ, em- (US) em'broʊ.ljoʊ, ɪm- **-s** -z
embroid|er ɪm'brɔɪ.d|əʳ, em- (US) em'brɔɪ.d|ɚ, ɪm- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
embroider|y ɪm'brɔɪ.dᵊr|.i, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-ies** -iz
embroil ɪm'brɔɪl, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
embryo 'em.bri.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
embryolog|y ˌem.bri'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
embryonic ˌem.bri'ɒn.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.nɪk
Embury, Emburey 'em.bᵊr.i, -bjʊ.ri, -bjə.ri (US) -bɚ.i
emcee ˌem'siː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
-eme iːm
Note: Suffix. Unstressed, e.g. **lexeme** /'lek.siːm/.
Emeline 'em.ɪ.liːn, '-ə- (US) -ə.laɪn, -liːn
emend ɪ'mend, iː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
emen|date 'iː.men|.deɪt, 'em.en- (US) 'iː.men-, -mən-; ɪ'men- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd **-dator/s** -deɪ.təʳ/z (US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z
emendation ˌiː.men'deɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌem.en'-, -ən'- **-s** -z
emendatory ɪ'men.də.tᵊr.i, iː-, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
emerald 'em.ᵊr.ᵊld, '-rᵊld **-s** -z **'Emerald ˌIsle**
emerg|e ɪ'mɜːdʒ, iː- (US) -'mɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emergen|ce ɪ'mɜː.dʒᵊn|ts, iː- (US) -'mɝː- **-t** -t
emergenc|y ɪ'mɜː.dʒᵊnt.s|i, iː- (US) -'mɝː- **-ies** -iz **e'mergency ˌroom**
emeritus ɪ'mer.ɪ.təs, iː-, -ə.təs (US) -ə.t̬əs
emersion ɪ'mɜː.ʃᵊn, iː-, -ʒᵊn (US) -'mɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
Emerson 'em.ə.sᵊn (US) '-ɚ-
emery (E) 'em.ᵊr.i **'emery ˌboard** **'emery ˌpaper**
emetic ɪ'met.ɪk, iː- (US) -'met̬- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
émeute eɪ'mɜːt **-s** -s

EMF ˌiː.emˈef
EMI® ˌiː.emˈaɪ
emigrant ˈem.ɪ.grənt (US) ˈ-ɪ-, ˈ-ə- -s -s
emi|grate ˈem.ɪ|.greɪt (US) ˈ-ɪ-, ˈ-ə- **-grates** -greɪts **-grating** -greɪ.tɪŋ (US) -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-grated** -greɪ.tɪd (US) -greɪ.t̬ɪd **-grator/s** -greɪ.təʳ/z (US) -greɪ.t̬ɚ/z
emigration ˌem.ɪˈgreɪ.ʃən (US) -ɪˈ-, -əˈ- -s -z
emigratory ˈem.ɪ.grə.tᵊr.i, -greɪ-, -tri; ˌem.ɪˈgreɪ- (US) ˈem.ɪ.grə.tɔːr.i, ˈ-ə-
émigré ˈem.ɪ.greɪ -s -z
Emil emˈiːl, eɪˈmiːl (US) ˈiː.məl, ˈeɪ-
Emile, Émile emˈiːl, eɪˈmiːl (US) ˈiː.məl; eɪˈmiːl
Emilia ɪˈmɪl.i.ə, -ˈjə, emˈiː.li.ə (US) ɪˈmɪl.jə, emˈiː.ljə
Emily ˈem.ɪ.li, ˈ-ə-
Emin ˈem.ɪn
Eminem ˌem.ɪˈnem
eminen|ce ˈem.ɪ.nən*t*|s, ˈ-ə- **-ces** -sɪz **-cy** -si
éminence grise ˌem.ɪ.nən*t*sˈgriːz *as if French:* ˌeɪ.mɪ.nɑ̃ːn*t*sˈgriːz (US) ˌeɪ.miː.nɑːn*t*sˈ-
eminent ˈem.ɪ.nənt, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li
emir (E) emˈɪəʳ, ɪˈmɪr, ə-, eɪ-; ˈem.ɪəʳ (US) emˈɪr, əˈmɪr; ˌeɪˈmɪr -s -z
emirate ˈem.ɪ.rət, -ᵊr.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt; emˈɪə.rət, ɪˈmɪə-, ə-, eɪ-, -rɪt, -reɪt (US) emˈɪr.eɪt, əˈmɪr-, -ət -s -s
emissar|y ˈem.ɪ.sᵊr|.i (US) -ser- **-ies** -iz
emission ɪˈmɪʃ.ᵊn, iː- -s -z
emissive ɪˈmɪs.ɪv, iː-
e|mit ɪ|ˈmɪt, iː- **-mits** -ˈmɪts **-mitting** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈmɪt̬ɪŋ **-mitted** -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬ɪd **-mitter/s** -ˈmɪt.əʳ/z (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɚ/z
Emley ˈem.li
Emlyn ˈem.lɪn
Emma ˈem.ə
Emmanuel ɪˈmæn.ju.əl, -el
Emmanuelle ɪˌmæn.juˈel, emˌæn-
Emmaus emˈeɪ.əs, ɪˈmeɪ-
Emmeline ˈem.ɪ.liːn, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.laɪn, -liːn
Emmental, Emmenthal ˈem.ən.tɑːl
Emmerdale ˈem.ə.deɪl (US) ˈ-ɚ-
emmet (E) ˈem.ɪt -s -s
Emmie ˈem.i
Emmy ˈem.i -s -z ˈ**Emmy A**ˌ**ward**
emollient ɪˈmɒl.i.ənt, iː- (US) -ˈmɑːl.jənt -s -s
emolument ɪˈmɒl.jʊ.mənt, -jə- (US) -ˈmɑːl- -s -s
Emory ˈem.ᵊr.i
e|mote ɪ|ˈməʊt, iː- (US) -ˈmoʊt **-motes** -ˈməʊts (US) -ˈmoʊts **-moting** -ˈməʊ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-moted** -ˈməʊ.tɪd (US) -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪd
emoticon ɪˈməʊ.tɪ.kɒn (US) -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪ.kɑːn -s -z
emotion ɪˈməʊ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˈmoʊ- -s -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
emotional ɪˈməʊ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl (US) -ˈmoʊ- **-ly** -i
emotionalism ɪˈməʊ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm (US) -ˈmoʊ-
emotionaliz|e, -is|e ɪˈməʊ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -ˈmoʊ.ʃᵊn.ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emotive ɪˈməʊ.tɪv (US) -ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
empanel ɪmˈpæn.ᵊl, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
empathetic ˌem.pəˈθet.ɪk (US) -ˈθet̬-
empathic emˈpæθ.ɪk, ɪm-
empathiz|e, -is|e ˈem.pə.θaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
empathy ˈem.pə.θi
Empedocles emˈped.ə.kliːz, ɪm-
emperor (E) ˈem.pᵊr.əʳ (US) -pɚ.ɚ -s -z
emphas|is ˈem*p*.fə.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
emphasiz|e, -is|e ˈem*p*.fə.saɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emphatic ɪmˈfæt.ɪk, em- (US) emˈfæt̬-, ɪm- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
emphysema ˌem*p*.fɪˈsiː.mə (US) -fəˈsiː-, -ˈziː- -s -z
empire (E) ˈem.paɪəʳ (US) -paɪɚ -s -z ˌ**Empire** ˈ**State** ˌ**Building**
empiric ɪmˈpɪr.ɪk, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
empiric|ism ɪmˈpɪr.ɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm, em-, ˈ-ə- (US) em-, ɪm- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
emplacement ɪmˈpleɪs.mənt, em- (US) em-, ɪm- -s -s
employ ɪmˈplɔɪ, em- (US) em-, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
employé ɑ̃ːmˈplɔɪ.eɪ, ɔ̃ːm- -s -z
employee ɪmˈplɔɪ.iː, em-, əm-; ˌem.plɔɪˈiː (US) emˈplɔɪ.iː, ɪm-; ˌem.plɔɪˈiː -s -z
employer ɪmˈplɔɪ.əʳ, em- (US) emˈplɔɪ.ɚ, ɪm- -s -z
employment ɪmˈplɔɪ.mənt, em- (US) em-, ɪm- -s -s **em**ˈ**ployment** ˌ**agency**
empori|um emˈpɔː.ri|.əm, ɪm- (US) -ˈpɔːr.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
empower ɪmˈpaʊəʳ, em- (US) emˈpaʊɚ, ɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
empowerment ɪmˈpaʊə.mənt, em- (US) emˈpaʊɚ-, ɪm-
empress (E) ˈem.prəs, -prɪs, -pres **-es** -ɪz
Empson ˈemp.sᵊn
emption ˈem*p*.ʃᵊn
empt|y ˈem*p*.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
empty-handed ˌem*p*.tiˈhæn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌempty-handed ˈbeggar
empty-headed ˌem*p*.tiˈhed.ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌempty-headed ˈnonsense
empyema ˌem.paɪˈiː.mə (US) -paɪˈ-, -piˈ-
empyre|al ˌem.paɪəˈriː|.əl, -pɪˈ- (US) emˈpɪr.i-, -ˈpaɪ.ri-; ˌem.paɪˈriː-, -pəˈ- **-an** -ən
EMS ˌiː.emˈes
Emsworth ˈemz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
emu ˈiː.mjuː (US) -mjuː, -muː -s -z
EMU ˌiː.emˈjuː, ˈiː.mjuː
emu|late ˈem.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
emulation ˌem.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ-
emulative ˈem.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ-, -leɪ- (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪv
emulous ˈem.jə.ləs, -jʊ- **-ly** -li
emulsifier ɪˈmʌl.sɪ.faɪ.əʳ, -sə- (US) -ɚ -s -z
emulsi|fy ɪˈmʌl.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
emulsion ɪˈmʌl.ʃᵊn -s -z
emunctor|y ɪˈmʌŋ*k*.tᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
en *in French phrases:* ɑ̃ːŋ, ɒn, ɑːn
en- ɪn, en, ən
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress and is pronounced /en-/, e.g. **energy** /ˈen.ə.dʒi (US) ˈ-ɚ-/, **energetic** /ˌen.əˈdʒet.ɪk (US) -ɚˈdʒet̬.ɪk/, or is unstressed and may be pronounced either /ɪn-/ or /en-/, e.g. **endear** /ɪnˈdɪəʳ, en- (US) -ˈdɪr/. NB When followed by a /k/ or /g/, assimilation may take place, e.g. **encage** may also be /ɪŋˈkeɪdʒ, eŋ-/.
enabl|e ɪˈneɪ.bᵊl, enˈeɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
enabler ɪˈneɪ.bləʳ, enˈeɪ-, -bᵊl.əʳ (US) ˈ-blɚ, ˈ-bᵊl.ɚ -s -z
enact ɪˈnækt, enˈækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s **-ive** -ɪv
enaction ɪˈnæk.ʃᵊn, enˈæk- -s -z
enamel ɪˈnæm.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-(l)ist/s** -ɪst/s
enamelware ɪˈnæm.ᵊl.weəʳ (US) -wer
enamo(u)r ɪˈnæm.əʳ, enˈæm- (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
en banc ɑ̃ːmˈbɑ̃ːŋk (US) ɑ̃ːnˈbɑ̃ːŋ
en bloc ˌɑ̃ːmˈblɒk (US) ɑ̃ːnˈblɑːk, en-
Encaenia enˈsiː.ni.ə
encag|e ɪnˈkeɪdʒ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
encamp ɪnˈkæmp, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t, -kæmt **-ment/s** -mənt/s
encapsu|late ɪnˈkæp.sjə|.leɪt, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-, -sjʊ- (US) en-, ɪn- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
encapsulation ɪnˌkæp.sjəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-, -sjʊˈ- (US) en-, ɪn-
Encarta® enˈkɑː.tə, eŋ-, ɪn-, ɪŋ- (US) -ˈkɑːr.t̬ə
encas|e ɪnˈkeɪs, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
encaustic ɪnˈkɔː.stɪk, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-, enˈkɒs.tɪk (US) enˈkɑː.stɪk, -ˈkɔː-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
-ence ᵊn*t*s
Note: Suffix. Normally, **-ence** does not affect the stress pattern of the word it is attached to, e.g. **depend** /dɪˈpend/, **dependence**

'pen.dənts/. In other cases, the
ress may be on the penultimate or
tepenultimate syllable, e.g.
cellence/'ek.sᵊl.ᵊnts/. See
dividual entries.

einte ˌɑ̃ːn'sæ̃nt ⓤⓢ ˌɑ̃ːn-; en'seɪnt
-s

eladus en'sel.ə.dəs

ephalic ˌen.kə'fæl.ɪk, ˌeŋ-, ˌɪn-,
-, -kɪ'-; ˌen.sə'-, ˌɪn-, -sef'æl-,
'fæl- ⓤⓢ ˌen.sə'fæl.ɪk, -sɪ'-

ephalitis ˌen.kef.ə'laɪ.tɪs, ˌeŋ-,
-, ˌɪŋ-, -kɪ.fə'-; ˌen.sə.fə'-, ˌɪn-,
ef.ə'-; enˌkef-, eŋ-, ɪn-, ɪŋ-;
ˌsef-, ɪn-, -təs ⓤⓢ enˌsef.ə'laɪ.t̬ɪs,
əs

ephalogram en'kef.ə.lə.græm,
-, ɪn-, ɪŋ-; en'sef-, ɪn-
en'sef.ə.loʊ- **-s** -z

ephalograph en'kef.ə.lə.grɑːf,
-, ɪn-, ɪŋ-; en'sef-, ɪn-, -græf
en'sef.ə.loʊ.græf **-s** -s

ephalomyelitis
ˌkef.ə.ləʊ.maɪə'laɪ.tɪs, eŋ-, ɪn-,
-; enˌsef-, ɪnˌsef-; ˌen.kef-, ˌeŋ-,
-, ˌɪŋ-; ˌen.sef-, ˌɪn.sef-, -təs
enˌsef.ə.loʊ.maɪə'laɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs

ephalopathic
ˌkef.ə.ləʊ'pæθ.ɪk, eŋ-, ɪn-, ɪŋ-,
ˌsef-, ɪnˌsef- ⓤⓢ enˌsef.ə.loʊ'-

ephalopathy enˌkef.ə'lɒp.ə.θi,
-, ɪn-, ɪŋ-; enˌsef-, ɪnˌsef-;
n.kef-, ˌeŋ-, ˌɪn-, ˌɪŋ-; ˌen.sef-,
n.sef- ⓤⓢ enˌsef.ə'lɑː.pə-

hain ɪn'tʃeɪn, en- ⓤⓢ en-, ɪn- **-s** -z
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt

han|t ɪn'tʃɑːn|t, en- ⓤⓢ en'tʃæn|t,
- **-ts** -ts **-ting/ly** -tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ/li **-ted**
ɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z
ress/es -trɪs/ɪz **-tment/s** -t.mənt/s

hilada ˌen.tʃɪ'lɑː.də **-s** -z

hiridion ˌen.kaɪ'rɪd.i.ən, ˌeŋ-,
ɪ'-, -ɒn ⓤⓢ ˌen.kaɪ'rɪd.i.ən, -kɪ'- **-s** -z

ciph|er ɪn'saɪ.f|əʳ, en-
en'saɪ.f|ɚ, ɪn- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd

circl|e ɪn'sɜː.kᵊl, en- ⓤⓢ en'sɝː-,
- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-klɪŋ **-ed** -d
ement/s -mənt/s

cke 'eŋ.kə

clasp ɪn'klɑːsp, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
en'klæsp, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

clave 'en.kleɪv, 'eŋ- ⓤⓢ 'en-, 'ɑːn-
s -z

clitic ɪn'klɪt.ɪk, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
en'klɪt̬-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

clos|e ɪn'kləʊz, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
en'kloʊz, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

closure ɪn'kləʊ.ʒəʳ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
en'kloʊ.ʒɚ, ɪn- **-s** -z

cod|e ɪn'kəʊd, en-, eŋ-, ɪŋ-
en'koʊd, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

comi|ast ɪn'kəʊ.mi|æst, ɪŋ-, en-,
ŋ- ⓤⓢ en'koʊ-, ɪn- **-asts** -æsts
um/s -əm/z **-a** -ə

compass ɪn'kʌm.pəs, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

core 'ɒŋ.kɔːʳ, 'ɑ̃ːŋ-, -'- ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.kɔːr,
'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

coun|ter ɪn'kaʊn|.təʳ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
ⓤⓢ en'kaʊn|.t̬ɚ, ɪn- **-ters** -təz
ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚz **-tering** -tᵊr.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.ɪŋ
-tered -təd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚd

encourag|e ɪn'kʌr.ɪdʒ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
ⓤⓢ en.kɝː-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li
-ed -d

encouragement ɪn'kʌr.ɪdʒ.mənt,
ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- ⓤⓢ en.kɝː-, ɪn- **-s** -s

encroach ɪn'krəʊtʃ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
ⓤⓢ en'kroʊtʃ, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s

en croûte ˌɑ̃ːŋ'kruːt ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn'kruːt

encrust ɪn'krʌst, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- ⓤⓢ en-,
ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

encrustation ˌen.krʌs'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌeŋ-
ⓤⓢ ˌen- **-s** -z

encrypt ɪn'krɪpt, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- ⓤⓢ en-,
ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

encryption ɪn'krɪp.ʃᵊn, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
ⓤⓢ en-, ɪn-

encumb|er ɪn'kʌm.b|əʳ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ-
ⓤⓢ en'kʌm.b|ɚ, ɪn- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
-ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd

encumbranc|e ɪn'kʌm.brənts, ɪŋ-,
en-, eŋ- ⓤⓢ en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz

-ency ᵊnt.si
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ency**
are stressed in a similar way to
those containing **-ence**; see above.

encyclic ɪn'sɪk.lɪk, en-, -'saɪ.klɪk
ⓤⓢ en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-al/s** -ᵊl/z

encyclop(a)edia ɪnˌsaɪ.klə'piː.di.ə,
enˌsaɪ-, ˌɪn.saɪ-, ˌen- ⓤⓢ enˌsaɪ-, ɪn-,
ˌen.saɪ-, ˌɪn- **-s** -z

encyclop(a)edic ɪnˌsaɪ.klə'piː.dɪk,
enˌsaɪ-, ˌɪn.saɪ-, ˌen- ⓤⓢ enˌsaɪ-, ɪn-,
ˌen.saɪ-, ˌɪn- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

encyclop(a)ed|ism
ɪnˌsaɪ.klə'piː.d|ɪ.zᵊm, enˌsaɪ-,
ˌɪn.saɪ-, ˌen- ⓤⓢ enˌsaɪ-, ɪn-, ˌen.saɪ-,
ˌɪn- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

end end **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **ˌend
'product; 'end ˌuser; be at a ˌloose
'end; be at ˌloose 'ends; ˌmake ends
'meet** ⓤⓢ **ˌmake 'ends ˌmeet; go off
the 'deep ˌend; ˌthrown in at the
'deep ˌend; at the ˌend of the 'day**

endang|er ɪn'deɪn.dʒ|əʳ, en-
ⓤⓢ en'deɪn.dʒ|ɚ, ɪn- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
-ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
-erment -ə.mənt ⓤⓢ -ɚ.mənt

endear ɪn'dɪəʳ, en- ⓤⓢ en'dɪr, ɪn- **-s** -z
-ing/ly -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt

endeav|o(u)r ɪn'dev|.əʳ, en-
ⓤⓢ en'dev|.ɚ, ɪn- **-o(u)rs** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
-o(u)ring -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-o(u)red** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd

Endell 'en.dᵊl

endemic en'dem.ɪk **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally**
-ᵊl.i, -li

Enderby 'en.də.bi ⓤⓢ -dɚ-

endermic en'dɜː.mɪk ⓤⓢ -'dɝː- **-al** -ᵊl
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li

endgame 'end.geɪm, 'eŋ- ⓤⓢ 'end-
-s -z

Endicott 'en.dɪ.kət, -də-, -kɒt
ⓤⓢ -kɑːt, -kət

ending 'en.dɪŋ **-s** -z

endive 'en.daɪv, -dɪv ⓤⓢ 'en.daɪv,
'ɑːn.diːv **-s** -z

endless 'end.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs

endlong 'end.lɒŋ ⓤⓢ -lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ

endmost 'end.məʊst ⓤⓢ -moʊst

endnote 'end.nəʊt ⓤⓢ -noʊt **-s** -s

endo- en.dəʊ; en'dɒ, ɪn- ⓤⓢ en.doʊ,
-də; en'dɑː, ɪn-
Note: Prefix. Either carries primary
or secondary stress on the first
syllable, e.g. **endomorph**
/'en.dəʊ.mɔːf ⓤⓢ -doʊ.mɔːrf/,
endomorphic /ˌen.dəʊ'mɔː.fɪk
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'mɔːr-/, or primary stress on
the second syllable, e.g. **endogenous**
/ɪn'dɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ en'dɑː.dʒə-/.

endocentric ˌen.dəʊ'sen.trɪk
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'-

endocrine 'en.dəʊ.kraɪn, -krɪn,
-kriːn ⓤⓢ -də.krɪn, -kriːn, -kraɪn
'endocrine ˌgland

endocrinolog|y
ˌen.dəʊ.kraɪ'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -krɪ'-
ⓤⓢ -doʊ.krɪ'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

endoderm 'en.dəʊ.dɜːm
ⓤⓢ -doʊ.dɝːm

endoderm|al ˌen.dəʊ'dɜː.m|ᵊl
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'dɝː- **-ic** -ɪk

endogamy ɪn'dɒg.ə.mi, en-
ⓤⓢ en'dɑː.gə-, ɪn-

endogenous ɪn'dɒdʒ.ə.nəs, en-, '-ɪ-
ⓤⓢ en'dɑː.dʒə-, ɪn-

endometrial ˌen.dəʊ'miː.tri.əl
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'-

endometriosis
ˌen.dəʊˌmiː.tri'əʊ.sɪs
ⓤⓢ -doʊˌmiː.tri'oʊ-

endometri|um ˌen.dəʊ'miː.tri|.əm
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'- **-a** -ə

endomorph 'en.dəʊ.mɔːf
ⓤⓢ -doʊ.mɔːrf **-s** -s **-y** -i

endomorph|ic ˌen.dəʊ'mɔː.f|ɪk
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'mɔːr- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

endophoric ˌen.dəʊ'fɒr.ɪk
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'fɔːr-

endoplasm 'en.dəʊ.plæz.ᵊm ⓤⓢ -doʊ-

endoplasmic ˌen.dəʊ'plæz.mɪk
ⓤⓢ -doʊ'-

Endor 'en.dɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -dɔːr

endorphin en'dɔː.fɪn ⓤⓢ -'dɔːr-, ɪn-
-s -z

endors|e ɪn'dɔːs, en- ⓤⓢ en'dɔːrs, ɪn-
-es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z
ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ement/s** -mənt/s **-able**
-ə.bᵊl

endorsee ˌen.dɔː'siː ⓤⓢ -dɔːr'- **-s** -z

endoscope 'en.dəʊ.skəʊp
ⓤⓢ -doʊ.skoʊp, -də- **-s** -s

endoscop|y en'dɒs.kə.p|i
ⓤⓢ -'dɑː.skə- **-ies** -iz

endoskeleton ˌen.dəʊ'skel.ɪ.tᵊn,
'-ə- ⓤⓢ -doʊ'- **-s** -z

endosperm 'en.dəʊ.spɜːm
ⓤⓢ -doʊ.spɝːm **-s** -z

endow ɪn'daʊ, en- ⓤⓢ en-, ɪn- **-s** -z
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s

endpaper 'endˌpeɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ **-s** -z

endpoint 'end.pɔɪnt **-s** -s

end-stopped 'end.stɒpt ⓤⓢ -stɑːpt

endu|e ɪn'djuː, en- ⓤⓢ en'duː, ɪn-,
-'djuː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

endurab|le ɪn'djʊə.rə.b|əl, en-, -'djɔː- US en'dʊr.ə-, ɪn-, -'djʊr- **-ly** -li

endurance ɪn'djʊə.rənts, en-, -'djɔː- US en'dʊr.ənts, ɪn-, -'djʊr-

endur|e ɪn'djʊər, en-, -'djɔːr US en'dʊr, ɪn-, -'djʊr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

end|ways 'end|.weɪz **-wise** -waɪz

Endymion en'dɪm.i.ən, ɪn-

-ene iːn

Note: Suffix. **-ene** is not stressed, e.g. **ethylene** /'eθ.ɪ.liːn/.

ENE ˌiːst.nɔːθ'iːst US -nɔːrθ- *in nautical usage also:* -nɔː'riːst, -nɔːr'iːst

Eneas iː'niː.əs, ɪ-, -æs

Eneid 'iː.ni.ɪd, ɪ'niː-

enema 'en.ə.mə, '-ɪ- US '-ə- **-s** -z

enem|y 'en.ə.m|i, '-ɪ- **-ies** -iz

energetic ˌen.ə'dʒet.ɪk US -ɚ'dʒet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li

energiz|e, -is|e 'en.ə.dʒaɪz US '-ɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

energumen ˌen.ə'gjuː.men US -ɚ'- **-s** -z

energ|y 'en.ə.dʒ|i US '-ɚ- **-ies** -iz

ener|vate 'en.ə|.veɪt, -ɜː- US '-ɚ- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd

enervation ˌen.ə'veɪ.ʃən, -ɜː'- US -ɚ'-

en famille ˌɑ̃ːn.fæm'iː US ˌɑ̃ːn.fɑː'miː.jə

enfant(s) terrible(s) ˌɑ̃ːn.fɑ̃ːn.ter'iː.blə, ˌɒn.fɒn-, -tə'riː- US ˌɑːn.fɑːn.ter'iː-, ˌɑ̃ːn.fɑ̃ːn-

enfeebl|e ɪn'fiː.bəl, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt

enfeoff ɪn'fiːf, en-, -'fef US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s

Enfield 'en.fiːld

enfilad|e ˌen.fɪ'leɪd, '--- US 'en.fə.leɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

enfold ɪn'fəʊld, en- US en'foʊld, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ment** -mənt

enforc|e ɪn'fɔːs, en- US en'fɔːrs, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edly** -ɪd.li **-eable** -ə.bəl

enforcement ɪn'fɔːs.mənt, en- US en'fɔːrs-, ɪn-

enforcer ɪn'fɔː.sər US -'fɔːr.sɚ **-s** -z

enfranchis|e ɪn'fræn.tʃaɪz, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enfranchisement ɪn'fræn.tʃɪz.mənt, en-, -tʃəz- US en'fræn.tʃaɪz-, ɪn-, -tʃəz- **-s** -s

Engadine 'eŋ.gə.diːn, ˌ--'-

engag|e ɪn'geɪdʒ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

engagement ɪn'geɪdʒ.mənt, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s en'gagement ˌring

en garde ɑ̃ːŋ'gɑːd US ˌɑːn'gɑːrd, ˌɑ̃ːn-

Engels 'eŋ.gəlz

engend|er ɪn'dʒen.d|ər, en- US en'dʒen.d|ɚ, ɪn- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

engine 'en.dʒɪn **-s** -z 'engine ˌdriver

engineer ˌen.dʒɪ'nɪər, -dʒə'- US -'nɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

engird ɪn'gɜːd, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en'gɝːd, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

England 'ɪŋ.glənd **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

Englefield 'eŋ.gəl.fiːld

Englewood 'eŋ.gəl.wʊd

English 'ɪŋ.glɪʃ ˌEnglish 'Channel; ˌEnglish 'horn US 'English ˌhorn

English|man 'ɪŋ.glɪʃ|.mən **-men** -mən, -men

English|woman 'ɪŋ.glɪʃ|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

engorg|e ɪn'gɔːdʒ, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US -'gɔːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

engraft ɪn'grɑːft, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en'græft, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ment** -mənt

engrailed ɪn'greɪld, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn-

engrain ɪn'greɪn, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

engrav|e ɪn'greɪv, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z **-ery** -ər.i

en gros ˌɑ̃ːŋ'grəʊ US ˌɑːn'groʊ

engross ɪn'grəʊs, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en'groʊs, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt

engulf ɪn'gʌlf, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt

enhanc|e ɪn'hɑːnts, en- US -'hænts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

enharmonic ˌen.hɑː'mɒn.ɪk US -hɑːr'mɑː.nɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

Enid 'iː.nɪd

enigma ɪ'nɪg.mə, en'ɪg-, ə'nɪg- US ɪ'nɪg.mə, ə-, en'ɪg- **-s** -z

enigmatic ˌen.ɪg'mæt.ɪk US -'mæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌenigmatic 'smile

enigmatist ɪ'nɪg.mə.tɪst, en'ɪg-, ə'nɪg- US ɪ'nɪg-, ə-, en'ɪg- **-s** -s

enigmatiz|e, -is|e ɪ'nɪg.mə.taɪz, en'ɪg-, ə'nɪg- US ɪ'nɪg-, ə-, en'ɪg- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enjamb(e)ment ɪn'dʒæmb.mənt, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s

enjoin ɪn'dʒɔɪn, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enjoy ɪn'dʒɔɪ, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enjoyab|le ɪn'dʒɔɪ.ə.b|əl, en- US en-, ɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

enjoyment ɪn'dʒɔɪ.mənt, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s

enkindl|e ɪn'kɪn.dəl, en-, ɪŋ-, eŋ- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d

enlac|e ɪn'leɪs, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s

Enlai ˌen'laɪ

enlarg|e ɪn'lɑːdʒ, en- US en'lɑːrdʒ, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z **-ement/s** -mənt/s

enlighten ɪn'laɪ.tən, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enlightenment (E) ɪn'laɪ.tən.mənt, en- US en-, ɪn-

enlist ɪn'lɪst, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ment/s** -mənt/s

enliven ɪn'laɪ.vən, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

en masse ɑ̃ːm'mæs, ɒn- US ɑːn-, ɑ̃ːn-

enmesh ɪn'meʃ, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

enmit|y 'en.mə.t|i, -mɪ- **-ies** -iz

Ennis 'en.ɪs

Enniscorthy ˌen.ɪ'skɔː.θi US -'skɔːr-

Enniskillen ˌen.ɪ'skɪl.ən, -ə'-, -ɪn

Ennius 'en.i.əs

ennobl|e ɪ'nəʊ.bəl, en'əʊ- US en'oʊ-, ɪ'noʊ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt

ennui 'ɑ̃ː.wiː, 'ɒn-, -'- US ˌɑːn'wiː, '--

Eno® 'iː.nəʊ US -noʊ **-'s** -z

Enoch 'iː.nɒk US -nɑːk, -nək

enormit|y ɪ'nɔː.mə.t|i, ə-, -mɪ- US -'nɔːr.mə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

enormous ɪ'nɔː.məs, ə- US -'nɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Enos 'iː.nɒs US -nɑːs, -nəs

enough ɪ'nʌf, ə-

enounc|e ɪ'naʊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

enow ɪ'naʊ

en passant ˌɑ̃ːm'pæs.ɑ̃ːŋ, ˌ--'- US ˌɑ̃ːn.pɑː'sɑ̃ːn, -pə'-

enquir|e ɪn'kwaɪər, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en'kwaɪɚ, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

enquir|y ɪn'kwaɪə.r|i, ɪŋ-, en-, eŋ- US en'kwaɪ-, ɪn-; 'ɪn.kwɚ.i **-ies** -iz

enrag|e ɪn'reɪdʒ, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enrapt ɪn'ræpt, en- US en-, ɪn-

enrapt|ure ɪn'ræp.tʃ|ər, en- US en'ræp.tʃ|ɚ, ɪn- **-ures** -əz US -ɚz **-uring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd US -ɚd

enregist|er ɪn'redʒ.ɪ.st|ər, en-, '-ə- US en'redʒ.ɪ.st|ɚ, ɪn-, '-ə- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

enrich ɪn'rɪtʃ, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt

Enright 'en.raɪt

enrob|e ɪn'rəʊb, en- US en'roʊb, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enrol ɪn'rəʊl, en- US en'roʊl, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d

enroll ɪn'rəʊl, en- US en'roʊl, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

enrol(l)ment ɪn'rəʊl.mənt, en- US en'roʊl-, ɪn- **-s** -s

Enron® 'en.rɒn US -rɑːn

en route ˌɑ̃ːn'ruːt, ˌɒn- US ˌɑːn-

en|s en|z **-tia** -ʃi.ə, -ʃə, -ti.ə

ENSA 'ent.sə

ensample en'sɑːm.pəl, ɪn- US -'sæm- **-s** -z

ensanguined ɪn'sæŋ.gwɪnd, en- US en-, ɪn-

ensconc|e ɪn'skɒnts, en- US en'skɑːnts, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

ensemble ɑ̃ːn'sɑ̃ːm.bəl, ɒn'sɒm- US ˌɑːn'sɑːm- **-s** -z

enshrin|e ɪn'ʃraɪn, en- US en-, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt

enshroud ɪn'ʃraʊd, en- US en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

gn *flag:* 'en.saɪn *in the navy:*
t.sᵊn **-s** -z
gn *officer:* 'en.saɪn (US) 'en.sɪn **-s** -z
gn (*v.*) en'saɪn, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-d
lag|e 'ent.sɪ.lɪdʒ, -sə; ɪn'saɪ-, en-
'ent.sə- **-es** -ɪz
l|e en'saɪl, 'ent.saɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-d
av|e ɪn'sleɪv, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
nent -mənt
ar|e ɪn'sneəʳ, en- (US) en'sner, ɪn-
-z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
oul ɪn'səʊl, en- (US) en'soʊl, ɪn- **-s** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
|e ɪn'sjuː, en-, -'suː (US) en'suː,
-'sjuː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
uite ˌɑ̃ːn'swiːt, ˌɒn- (US) ˌɑːn-
ess shift: ˌen suite 'bathroom
r|e ɪn'ʃɔːʳ, en-, -'ʃʊəʳ, -'sjʊəʳ
en'ʃʊr, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ᵊnt
Suffix. Words containing **-ent**
stressed in a similar way to
se containing **-ence**; see above.
blature en'tæb.lə.tʃəʳ, ɪn-, -lɪ-,
ʊəʳ, -tjʊəʳ (US) -lə.tʃɚ **-s** -z
il ɪn'teɪl, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ent -mənt
ngl|e ɪn'tæŋ.gᵊl, en- (US) en-, ɪn-
-z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s**
ənt/s
bbe en'teb.i, ɪn- (US) -ə
ndre ɑ̃ːn'tɑ̃ːn.drə (US)
'tɑːn.drə
nte ɑ̃ːn'tɑ̃ːnt (US) ɑːn'tɑːnt **-s** -s
nte cordiale
.tɑ̃ːnt.kɔː.di'ɑːl
ɑːn.tɑːnt.kɔːr-
r 'en.tləʳ (US) -t̬lɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz
ing -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
ric en'ter.ɪk
ritis ˌen.tə'raɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) -t̬ɪs,
rokinas|e ˌen.tᵊr.əʊ'kaɪ.neɪz
t̬ə.roʊ'kaɪ.neɪs, -'kɪn.eɪs, -eɪz
-ɪz
rology ˌen.tə'rɒl.ə.dʒi
t̬ə'rɑː.lə-
rotomy ˌen.tə'rɒt.ə.mi
t̬ə'rɑː.t̬ə-
rovirus ˌen.tᵊr.əʊ'vaɪə.rəs
t̬ə.roʊ'vaɪ.rəs **-es** -ɪz
rpris|e 'en.tə.praɪz (US) -t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz
g/ly -ɪŋ/li
rtain ˌen.tə'teɪn (US) -t̬ɚ'- **-s** -z
g/ly -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
rtainment ˌen.tə'teɪn.mənt
t̬ɚ'- **-s** -s
ral ɪn'θrɔːl, en- (US) en'θrɔːl, ɪn-,
ɑːl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-ment**
ənt
rall ɪn'θrɔːl, en- (US) en'θrɔːl, ɪn-,
ɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment**
ənt
ron|e ɪn'θrəʊn, en- (US) en'θroʊn,
-es -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s**
ənt/s

enthus|e ɪn'θjuːz, en- (US) en'θuːz, ɪn-, -'θjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
enthusi|asm ɪn'θjuː.zi|.æz.ᵊm, en-, -'θuː- (US) en'θuː-, ɪn-, -'θjuː- **-asms** -æzmz **-ast/s** -æst/s
enthusiastic ɪnˌθjuː.zi'æs.tɪk, en-, -ˌθuː- (US) enˌθuː-, ɪn-, -ˌθjuː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
entia (*plur. of* **ens**) 'en.ʃi.ə, -ʃə, -ti.ə
entic|e ɪn'taɪs, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
entire ɪn'taɪəʳ, en- (US) en'taɪɚ, ɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
entiret|y ɪn'taɪə.rə.t|i, en- (US) en'taɪ.rə.t̬|i, -'taɪr.t̬|i, ɪn- **-ies** -iz
entitl|e ɪn'taɪ.tᵊl, en- (US) en'taɪ.t̬ᵊl, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'taɪt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
entitlement ɪn'taɪ.tᵊl.mənt, en- (US) en'taɪ.t̬ᵊl-, ɪn- **-s** -s
entit|y 'en.tɪ.t|i, -tə- (US) -t̬ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
entomb ɪn'tuːm, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s
entomological ˌen.tə.mə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -t̬ə.mə'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ly** -i
entomologiz|e, -is|e ˌen.tə'mɒl.ə.dʒaɪz (US) -t̬ə'mɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
entomolog|y ˌen.tə'mɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -t̬ə'mɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
entourag|e 'ɒn.tʊ.rɑːʒ, 'ɑ̃ːn-, -tʊə-, ˌ--'- (US) ˌɑːn.tʊ'rɑːʒ **-es** -ɪz
entr'acte 'ɒn.trækt, 'ɑ̃ːn-, ˌ-'- (US) 'ɑːnˌtrækt, ɑ̃ːn-, ˌ-'- **-s** -s
entrails 'en.treɪlz
entrain ɪn'treɪn, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
entrammel ɪn'træm.ᵊl, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
entranc|e (*n.*) *entry, place of entry, etc.:* 'en.trənts **-es** -ɪz
entranc|e (*v.*) *put in state of trance, delight:* ɪn'trɑːnts, en- (US) en'trænts, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
entrant 'en.trənt **-s** -s
entrap ɪn'træp, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-ment** -mənt
en|treat ɪn|'triːt, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-treats** -'triːts **-treating/ly** -'triː.tɪŋ/li (US) -'triː.t̬ɪŋ/li **-treated** -'triː.tɪd (US) -'triː.t̬ɪd **-treatment** -'triːt.mənt
entreat|y ɪn'triː.t|i, en- (US) en'triː.t̬|i, ɪn- **-ies** -iz
entrechat 'ɑ̃ːn.trə.ʃɑː, 'ɒn- (US) ˌɑːn.trə'ʃɑː, '--- **-s** -z
entrecôte 'ɑ̃ːn.trə.kəʊt, 'ɒn- (US) 'ɑːn.trə.koʊt, 'ɑ̃ːn-, ˌ--'- **-s** -s
entrée 'ɑ̃ːn.treɪ, 'ɒn- (US) 'ɑːn-, ˌ-'- **-s** -z
entremets (*sing.*) 'ɑ̃ːn.trə.meɪ, 'ɒnt- (US) 'ɑːn.trə-, ˌ--'- (*plur.*) -z
entrench ɪn'trentʃ, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
entre nous ˌɑ̃ːn.trə'nuː, ˌɒn- (US) ˌɑːn-
entrepôt 'ɑ̃ːn.trə.pəʊ, 'ɒn- (US) 'ɑːn.trə.poʊ; ˌ--'- **-s** -z
entrepreneur ˌɒn.trə.prə'nɜːʳ, ˌɑ̃ːn-, -pren'ɜːʳ (US) ˌɑːn.trə.prə'nɝː, -'nʊr, -'njʊr **-s** -z **-ship** -ʃɪp
entrepreneurial ˌɒn.trə.prə'nɜː.ri.əl, ˌɑ̃ːn- (US) ˌɑːn.trə.prə'nɝː.i-, -'nʊr-, -'njʊr-
entresol 'ɑ̃ːn.trə.sɒl, 'ɒn- (US) 'ɑːn.trə.sɑːl, ˌ--'- **-s** -z
entropy 'en.trə.pi
entrust ɪn'trʌst, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
entr|y 'en.tr|i **-ies** -iz
entry|ism 'en.tri|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
entryphone 'en.tri.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z
entryway 'en.tri.weɪ **-s** -z
entwin|e ɪn'twaɪn, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
entwist ɪn'twɪst, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
enumerable ɪ'njuː.mᵊr.ə.bᵊl (US) -'nuː-, -'njuː-
enumer|ate ɪ'njuː.mᵊr|.eɪt (US) -'nuː.mə.r|eɪt, -'njuː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
enumeration ɪˌnjuː.mᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌnuː.mə'reɪ-, -ˌnjuː- **-s** -z
enumerative ɪ'njuː.mᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ.tɪv (US) -'nuː.mɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -'njuː-
enunciable ɪ'nʌnt.si.ə.bᵊl, -ʃi.ə-
enunci|ate ɪ'nʌnt.si|.eɪt, -ʃi- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
enunciation ɪˌnʌnt.si'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
enunciative ɪ'nʌnt.si.ə.tɪv, -ʃi.ə-, -eɪ.tɪv (US) -ə.t̬ɪv
enur|e ɪ'njʊəʳ (US) -'njʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
enuresis ˌen.jʊə'riː.sɪs (US) -juː'-
envelop ɪn'vel.əp, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
envelope 'en.və.ləʊp, 'ɒn- (US) 'en.və.loʊp, 'ɑːn- **-s** -s
envenom ɪn'ven.əm, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
enviab|le 'en.vi.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
envious 'en.vi.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
environ (*v.*) ɪn'vaɪə.rᵊn, en- (US) en'vaɪ-, ɪn-, -ɚn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
environment ɪn'vaɪə.rᵊn.mənt, en- (US) en'vaɪ-, ɪn-, -ɚn- **-s** -s
environmental ɪnˌvaɪə.rᵊn'men.tᵊl, en-, -rᵊm'- (US) enˌvaɪ.rən'men.t̬ᵊl, ɪn-, -ɚn'- **-ly** -i
environmental|ism ɪnˌvaɪə.rᵊn'men.tᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, en-, -rᵊm'- (US) enˌvaɪ.rᵊn'men.t̬ᵊl-, ɪn-, -ɚn'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
environmentally-friendly ɪnˌvaɪᵊ.rᵊnˌmen.tᵊl.i'frend.li, en-, -rᵊmˌ- (US) enˌvaɪ.rᵊn.men.t̬ᵊl-, ɪn-, ˌ-ɚn-
environs (*n.*) ɪn'vaɪə.rᵊnz, en-; 'en.vɪ-, -vᵊr.ᵊnz (US) en'vaɪ.rᵊnz, ɪn-, -ɚnz
envisag|e ɪn'vɪz.ɪdʒ, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
envision ɪn'vɪʒ.ᵊn, en- (US) en-, ɪn- **-s** -z

Pronouncing the letters EO

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the vowel digraph eo, e.g.:

iː	people	/ˈpiː.pᵊl/	
e	leopard	/ˈlep.əd/	(US) /-ɚd/
i.ə	chameleon	/kəˈmiː.li.ən/	

When followed by an r in the spelling, eo is pronounced as /ɔː (US) ɔːr/ and /ɪə (US) ɪr/, e.g.:

George	/dʒɔːdʒ/	(US) /dʒɔːrdʒ/
theory	/ˈθɪə.ri/	(US) /ˈθɪr.i/

Where *geo-* is a prefix, there are several possible realisations, e.g.:

/i.ɒ (US) i.ɑː/	geography	/dʒiˈɒg.rə.fi/ (US) /-ˈɑː.grə-/
/iː.əʊ (US) iː.oʊ/	geothermal	/ˌdʒiː.əʊˈθɜː.mᵊl/ (US) /-oʊˈθɝː-/

(In *geography*, the prefix may also be pronounced as /ˈdʒɒg-/ in British English.)

In addition

There are instances when the two letters e and o come together in closed compounds, e.g.:

thereof	/ðeəˈrɒv/	(US) /ðerˈɑːv/
whereon	/hweəˈrɒn/	(US) /hwerˈɑːn/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph eo is realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables, e.g.:

pigeon	/ˈpɪdʒ.ən/
luncheon	/ˈlʌntʃ.ən/

Pronouncing the letters EOU

The vowel letter combination eou has two possible pronunciations. After c or g the pronunciation is /ə/, e.g.:

cretaceous	/krɪˈteɪ.ʃəs/	
gorgeous	/ˈgɔː.dʒəs/	(US) /ˈgɔːr-/

After other letters, the pronunciation is /i.ə/, e.g.:

spontaneous	/spɒnˈteɪ.ni.əs/	(US) /spɑːn-/

-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

envoy ˈen.vɔɪ (US) ˈɑːn-, ˈen- -s -z

env|y ˈen.v|i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

enwrap ɪnˈræp, en- (US) en-, ɪn- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t

enwreath|e ɪnˈriːð, en- (US) en-, ɪn- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

enzyme ˈen.zaɪm -s -z

enzymolog|y ˌen.zaɪˈmɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -zɪˈ-, -ˈmɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s

Eocene ˈiː.əʊ.siːn (US) -oʊ-, -ə-

eolian (E) iˈəʊ.li.ən (US) -ˈoʊ-

eolith ˈiː.əʊ.lɪθ (US) -oʊ-, -ə- -s -s

eolithic ˌiː.əʊˈlɪθ.ɪk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ-

eon ˈiː.ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z

-eous i.əs, əs

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-eous** are normally stressed on the syllable preceding the suffix, e.g. **advantage** /ədˈvɑːn.tɪdʒ (US) -ˈvæn.t̬ɪdʒ/, **advantageous** /ˌæd.vənˈteɪ.dʒəs (US) -vænˈ-/.

EP ˌiːˈpiː

EPA ˌiː.piːˈeɪ

epact ˈiː.pækt, ˈep.ækt -s -s

Epaminondas epˌæm.ɪˈnɒn.dæs, ɪˌpæm-, -əˈ- (US) ɪˌpæm.əˈnɑːn-

eparch ˈep.ɑːk (US) -ɑːrk -s -s -y -i -ies -iz

epaulette, epaulet ˌep.əˈlet, -ɔːˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˌep.əˈlet, ˈ--- -s -s

Epcot® ˈep.kɒt (US) -kɑːt ˈ**Epcot** ˌ**Center**

epee, épée ˈep.eɪ, ˈeɪ.peɪ, -ˈ- (US) eɪˈpeɪ; ˈep.eɪ -s -z -ist/s -ɪst/s

epenthes|is epˈent.θə.s|ɪs, ɪˈpent-, -θɪ- (US) ɪˈpent.θə- -es -iːz

epenthetic ˌep.enˈθet.ɪk, -ᵊnˈ- (US) -enˈθet̬-

epergne ɪˈpɜːn, epˈɜːn, -ˈeən (US) iːˈpɝːn, eɪ- -s -z

epexegesis epˌek.sɪˈdʒiː.sɪs, ɪˌpek-, -səˈ- (US) -səˈ-

epexegetic epˌek.sɪˈdʒet.ɪk, ɪˌpek-, -səˈ- (US) -səˈdʒet̬- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

ephah ˈiː.fə -s -z

ephedrine ˈef.ə.drɪn, ˈ-ɪ-, -driːn, ɪˈfed.rɪn, -riːn (US) ɪˈfed.rin; ˈef.ə.driːn, -drɪn

ephemer|a ɪˈfem.ᵊr|.ə, efˈem-, əˈfem-, -ˈfiː.mᵊr|- (US) ɪˈfem.ɚ|-, efˈem-, ˈ-r|ə -as -əz -al -ᵊl

ephemeralit|y ɪˌfem.əˈræl.ə.t|i, efˌem-, əˌfem-, -ˌfiː.məˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ɪˌfem.əˈræl.ə.t̬|i, efˌem- -ies -iz

ephemeris ɪˈfem.ᵊr.ɪs, efˈem-, əˈfem-, -ˈfiː.mᵊr- (US) ɪˈfem-, efˈem- **ephemerides** ˌef.ɪˈmer.ɪ.diːz (US) -əˈmer.ə-

ephemeron ɪˈfem.ᵊr.ɒn, efˈem-, əˈfem-, -ˈfiː.mᵊr-, -ən (US) ɪˈfem.ə.rɑːn, efˈem-, -rən -s -z

ephemerous ɪˈfem.ᵊr.əs, efˈem-, əˈfem-, -ˈfiː.mᵊr- (US) ɪˈfem.ɚ-, efˈem-

Ephesian ɪˈfiː.ʒᵊn, efˈiː-, -ʒi.ən, -zi -s -z

Ephesus ˈef.ə.səs, ˈ-ɪ-

ephod ˈiː.fɒd, ˈef.ɒd (US) -fɑːd, ˈef.ɑ -s -z

Ephraim ˈiː.freɪ.ɪm, -fri-, -əm, -frə (US) ˈiː.fri.əm, -frəm

Ephron ˈef.rɒn, ˈiː.frɒn (US) -rɑːn

epi- ep.i, ep.ə; epˈɪ

Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **epicycle** /ˈep.ɪ.saɪ.kᵊl/, **epicyclic** /ˌep.ɪˈsɪk.lɪk/, but may also be stressed on the second syllable, e.g. **epigraphy** /eˈpɪg.rə.fi/.

epiblast ˈep.ɪ.blæst -s -s

epic ˈep.ɪk -s -s

epicanth|ic ˌep.ɪˈkænt.θ|ɪk -us/es -əs/ɪz -i -aɪ

epicene ˈep.ɪ.siːn -s -z

epicenter ˈep.ɪ.sen.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

epicentral ˌep.ɪˈsen.trəl

epicentre ˈep.ɪ.sen.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

epicentr|um ˌep.ɪˈsen.tr|əm -ums -əmz -a -ə

Epicharmus ˌep.ɪˈkɑː.məs (US) -ˈkɑː

epic|ism ˈep.ɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s

oene 'ep.ɪ.siː.ni (US) 'ep.ɪ.siːn
otyl 'ep.ɪ.kɒt.ɪl (US) -kɑː.t̬əl -s -z
tetus ˌep.ɪk'tiː.təs (US) -t̬əs
ure 'ep.ɪ.kjʊəʳ, -kjɔːʳ (US) -kjʊr
-z
urean (E) ˌep.ɪ.kjʊə'riː.ən,
ɔː'- (US) -kjʊr'iː- -s -z
urism 'ep.ɪ.kjʊə.rɪ.zəm, -kjɔː-
-kjʊr.ɪ-
urus ˌep.ɪ'kjʊə.rəs, -'kjɔː-
-ə'kjʊr.əs
ycle 'ep.ɪ.saɪ.kəl (US) '-ə- -s -z
yclic ˌep.ɪ'saɪ.klɪk, -'sɪk.lɪk (US) -ə'-
ycloid ˌep.ɪ'saɪ.klɔɪd (US) -ə'- -s -z
daurus ˌep.ɪ'dɔː.rəs (US) -ə'dɔːr.əs
deictic ˌep.ɪ'daɪk.tɪk (US) -ə'-
demic ˌep.ɪ'dem.ɪk (US) -ə'- -s -s
-əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
demiological
ə.ɪ,diː.mi.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl
-əˌdiː.mi.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -ˌdem.i- **-ly** -i
demiolog|y ˌep.ɪˌdiː.mi'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i
-əˌdiː.mi'ɑː.lə-, -ˌdem.i'- **-ist/s**
t/s
derm|al ˌep.ɪ'dɜː.m|əl (US) -ə'dɝː-
-ɪk **-oid** -ɔɪd
dermis ˌep.ɪ'dɜː.mɪs (US) -ə'dɝː-
diascope ˌep.ɪ'daɪə.skəʊp
-ə'daɪə.skoʊp -s -s
didymis ˌep.ɪ'dɪd.ə.mɪs, '-ɪ-
-ə'- **epididymides**
ə.ɪ.dɪ'dɪm.ɪ.diːz (US) -ə-
dural ˌep.ɪ'djʊə.rəl, -'djɔː-
-ə'dʊr.əl, -'djʊr- -s -z
ge|al ˌep.ɪ'dʒiː|.əl (US) -ə'- **-an** -ən
gene 'ep.ɪ.dʒiːn (US) '-ə-
genesis ˌep.ɪ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ-
-ə'-
glott|al ˌep.ɪ'glɒt|.əl, 'ep.ɪ.glɒt-
ˌep.ə'glɑː.t̬|əl **-ic** -ɪk
glottis ˌep.ɪ'glɒt.ɪs, 'ep.ɪ.glɒt-
-ə'glɑː.t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz
gone 'ep.ɪ.gəʊn (US) -ə.goʊn -s -z
goni ep'ɪ.gə.naɪ, ɪ'pɪg-, -niː
gram 'ep.ɪ.græm (US) '-ə- -s -z
grammatic ˌep.ɪ.grə'mæt.ɪk
-ə.grə'mæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
grammatist ˌep.ɪ'græm.ə.tɪst
-ə'græm.ə.t̬ɪst -s -s
grammatiz|e, -is|e
p.ɪ'græm.ə.taɪz (US) -ə'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
ŋ **-ed** -d
graph 'ep.ɪ.grɑːf, -græf
-ə.græf -s -s
grapher ep'ɪg.rə.fəʳ, ɪ'pɪg-
-fɚ -s -z
graphic ˌep.ɪ'græf.ɪk (US) -ə'-
graph|y ep'ɪg.rə.f|i, ɪ'pɪg- **-ist/s**
st/s
lepsy 'ep.ɪ.lep.si, '-ə-
leptic ˌep.ɪ'lep.tɪk, -ə'- -s -s **-al** -əl
log 'ep.ɪ.lɒg (US) -ə.lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z
logic ˌep.ɪ'lɒdʒ.ɪk, -ə'-
-ə'lɑː.dʒɪk
logiz|e, -is|e ep'ɪl.ə.dʒaɪz, ɪ'pɪl-
es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
logue 'ep.ɪ.lɒg (US) -ə.lɑːg, -lɔːg
s -z

Epimenides ˌep.ɪ'men.ɪ.diːz, -ə.diːz (US) -ə'-
Epinal 'ep.ɪ.nəl (US) ˌeɪ.piː'nɑːl
epiphan|y (E) ɪ'pɪf.ən|.i, ep'ɪf-, ə'pɪf- (US) ɪ'pɪf.ə.n|i **-ies** -iz
epiphyte 'ep.ɪ.faɪt (US) '-ə- -s -s
Epirus ep'aɪə.rəs, ɪ'paɪə- (US) ɪ'paɪ-
episcopac|y ɪ'pɪs.kə.pə.s|i, ep'ɪs- **-ies** -iz
episcopal ɪ'pɪs.kə.pəl, ep'ɪs- **-ly** -i
episcopalian (E) ɪˌpɪs.kə'peɪ.li.ən, epˌɪs- (US) -'peɪ.li.ən, -'peɪl.jən -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
episcopate ɪ'pɪs.kə.pət, ep'ɪs-, -pɪt, -peɪt -s -s
episcope 'ep.ɪ.skəʊp (US) -ə.skoʊp -s -s
episcopiz|e, -is|e ɪ'pɪs.kə.paɪz, ep'ɪs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
episiotom|y ɪˌpɪz.i'ɒt.ə.m|i, epˌɪz-, -ˌiː.zi'-; ˌep.ɪ.zi'- (US) ɪˌpiː.zi'ɑː.t̬ə-; ˌep.ɪ.saɪ'- **-ies** -iz
episode 'ep.ɪ.səʊd (US) -ə.soʊd -s -z
episodic ˌep.ɪ'sɒd.ɪk (US) -ə'sɑː.dɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
epistemic ˌep.ɪ'stiː.mɪk, -'stem.ɪk
epistemological ɪˌpɪs.tɪ.mə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl, epˌɪs-, -tə-, -tiː- (US) -'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ly** -li
epistemology ɪˌpɪs.tə'mɒl.ə.dʒi, epˌɪs-, -tɪ'- (US) -tə'mɑː.lə-
epistle (E) ɪ'pɪs.əl, ep'ɪs- (US) ɪ'pɪs- -s -z
epistler ɪ'pɪst.ləʳ, ep'ɪs- (US) ɪ'pɪst.lɚ -s -z
epistolary ɪ'pɪs.təl.ər.i, ep'ɪs- (US) ɪ'pɪs.təl.er-
epistoler ɪ'pɪs.təl.əʳ, ep'ɪs- (US) ɪ'pɪs.təl.ɚ -s -z
epistoliz|e, -is|e ɪ'pɪs.təl.aɪz, ep'ɪs- (US) ɪ'pɪs.tə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
epistyle 'ep.ɪ.staɪl -s -z
epitaph 'ep.ɪ.tɑːf, -tæf (US) -ə.tæf -s -s
Epithalamion ˌep.ɪ.θə'leɪ.mi.ən
epithalami|um ˌep.ɪ.θə'leɪ.mi|.əm **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
epitheli|um ˌep.ɪ'θiː.li|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
epithet 'ep.ɪ.θet (US) -θet, -θət -s -s
epithetic ˌep.ɪ'θet.ɪk (US) -ə'θet̬-
epitome ɪ'pɪt.ə.mi, ep'ɪt-, ə'pɪt- (US) ɪ'pɪt̬- -s -z
epitomic ˌep.ɪ'tɒm.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.mɪk **-al** -əl
epitomist ɪ'pɪt.ə.mɪst, ep'ɪt- (US) ɪ'pɪt̬- -s -s
epitomiz|e, -is|e ɪ'pɪt.ə.maɪz, ep'ɪt- (US) ɪ'pɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
epoch 'iː.pɒk, 'ep.ək (US) 'ep.ək, -ɑːk, ˌiː'pɑːk -s -s
epochal 'iː.pɒk.əl, 'ep.ɒk-, -ə.kəl; iː'pɒk.əl (US) 'ep.ə.kəl; -ɑː.kəl
epoch-making 'iː.pɒkˌmeɪ.kɪŋ (US) 'ep.əkˌ-, -ɑːkˌ-
epode 'ep.əʊd (US) -oʊd -s -z
eponym 'ep.ə.nɪm -s -z
eponymous ɪ'pɒn.ɪ.məs, ep'ɒn-, '-ə- (US) ɪ'pɑː.nə-
eponymy ɪ'pɒn.ɪ.mi, ep'ɒn-, '-ə- (US) ɪ'pɑː.nə-
epos 'ep.ɒs, 'iː.pɒs (US) 'ep.ɑːs **-es** -ɪz

Epos, EPOS 'iː.pɒs (US) -pɑːs
epox|y ɪ'pɒk.si, ep'ɒk- (US) ɪ'pɑːk- **-ies** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ied** -ɪd eˌpoxy 'resin
Epping 'ep.ɪŋ
Epps eps
EPROM 'iː.prɒm (US) -prɑːm -s -z
epsilon ep'saɪ.lən, -lɒn; 'ep.sɪ.lən, -sə-, -lɒn (US) 'ep.sə.lɑːn, -lən -s -z
Epsom 'ep.səm '**Epsom** ˌ**salts** ˌ**Epsom** '**salts**
Epstein 'ep.staɪn
Epstein-Barr ˌep.staɪn'bɑːʳ, -staɪm'- (US) -staɪn.'bɑːr
Epworth 'ep.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
epylli|on ep'ɪl.i|.ɒn, ɪ'pɪl-, -ən (US) -ɑːn, -ən **-a** -ə
equability ˌek.wə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌiː.kwə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
equab|le 'ek.wə.b|əl, 'iː.kwə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
equal 'iː.kwəl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d ˌ**Equal Oppor'tunities Com**ˌ**mission;** ˌ**Equal 'Rights A**ˌ**mendment;** ˌ**equal 'rights; 'equals** ˌ**sign**
equalit|y ɪ'kwɒl.ə.t|i, iː-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -'kwɑː.lə.t̬|i, -'kwɔː- **-ies** -iz
equalization, -isa- ˌiː.kwəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'- -s -z
equaliz|e, -is|e 'iː.kwəl.aɪz (US) -kwə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
equalizer, -iser 'iː.kwə.laɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z
equanimity ˌek.wə'nɪm.ə.ti, ˌiː.kwə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
equanimous ɪ'kwæn.ɪ.məs, iː-, ek'wæn-, -'wɒn-, -ə.məs (US) ɪ'kwæn-, iː-, ek'wæn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
e|quate ɪ'kweɪt, iː- **-quates** -kweɪts **-quating** -kweɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kweɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-quated** -kweɪ.tɪd (US) -kweɪ.t̬ɪd **-quatable** -kweɪ.tə.bəl (US) -kweɪ.t̬ə.bəl
equation ɪ'kweɪ.ʒən (US) ɪ'-, iː'- -s -z
equational ɪ'kweɪ.ʒən.əl, iː-
equative ɪ'kweɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
equator ɪ'kweɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
equatorial ˌek.wə'tɔː.ri.əl, ˌiː.kwə'- (US) -'tɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
equerr|y 'ek.wə.r|i; ɪ'kwer|.i (US) 'ek.wɚ|.i; ɪ'kwer- **-ies** -iz
Note: The pronunciation at court is /ɪ'kwer.i/.
equestrian ɪ'kwes.tri.ən, ek'wes- (US) ɪ'kwes- -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
equestrienne ɪˌkwes.tri'en, ekˌwes- (US) ɪˌkwes- -s -z
equi- iː.kwɪ, ek.wɪ, -wi, -wə; ɪ'kwɪ
Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **equinox** /'iː.kwɪ.nɒks (US) -nɑːks/, **equinoctial** /ˌiː.kwɪn'ɒk.ʃəl (US) -'nɑːk-/, or primary or secondary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **equivocate** /ɪ'kwɪv.ə.keɪt/, **equivocation** /ɪˌkwɪv.ə'keɪ.ʃən/.

equiangular ˌiː.kwiˈæŋ.gjʊ.ləʳ, -gjə- (US) -lɚ
equidistant ˌiː.kwɪˈdɪs.tᵊnt, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'- **-ly** -li
equilateral ˌiː.kwɪˈlæt.ᵊr.ᵊl, -kwə'- (US) -ˈlæţ-, ˌek.wə'-
equilib|rate ˌiː.kwɪˈlaɪ.b|reɪt, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'-, -ˈlɪb|.reɪt; iːˈkwɪl.ɪ.b|reɪt, ɪ- (US) ɪˈkwɪl-, iː- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.ţɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.ţɪd
equilibration ˌiː.kwɪ.laɪˈbreɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌek.wɪ-, -wə-, -lɪˈbreɪ-; iːˌkwɪl.ɪ'-, ɪ- (US) ɪˌkwɪl.ɪ'-, iːˌ-
equilibrist iːˈkwɪl.ɪ.brɪst, ɪ-; ˌiː.kwɪˈlɪb.rɪst, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'- (US) ɪˈkwɪl.ə.brɪst, iː-; ˌiː.kwəˈlɪb.rɪst **-s** -s
equilibrium ˌiː.kwɪˈlɪb.ri.əm, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'-
equimultiple ˌiː.kwɪˈmʌl.tɪ.pᵊl, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'-, -tə- (US) -ţə- **-s** -z
equine ˈek.waɪn, ˈiː.kwaɪn (US) ˈiː.kwaɪn, ˈek.waɪn
equinoctial ˌiː.kwɪˈnɒk.ʃᵊl, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'- (US) -ˈnɑːk- **-s** -z
equinox ˈiː.kwɪ.nɒks, ˈek.wɪ-, -wə- (US) -nɑːks **-es** -ɪz
equip ɪˈkwɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
equipag|e ˈek.wɪ.pɪdʒ, -wə- **-es** -ɪz
equipment ɪˈkwɪp.mənt
equipois|e ˈek.wɪ.pɔɪz, ˈiː.kwɪ-, -kwə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
equipollent ˌiː.kwɪˈpɒl.ənt, ˌek.wɪ'-, -wə'- (US) -ˈpɑː.lənt
equitab|le ˈek.wɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, -wə- (US) -ţə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
equitation ˌek.wɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -wə'-
equit|y (E) ˈek.wɪ.t|i, -wə- (US) -ţ|i **-ies** -iz
equivalen|ce ɪˈkwɪv.ᵊl.ən*t*|s **-cy** -si
equivalent ɪˈkwɪv.ᵊl.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
equivocal ɪˈkwɪv.ə.kᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
equivo|cate ɪˈkwɪv.ə|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.ţɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.ţɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.ţɚ/z
equivocation ɪˌkwɪv.əˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
equivoque, equivoke ˈek.wɪ.vəʊk, -wə- (US) -voʊk **-s** -s
Equuleus ekˈwʊl.i.əs
er ɜːʳ (US) ɝː
-er əʳ (US) ɚ
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **paint** /peɪnt/, **painter** /ˈpeɪn.təʳ (US) -tɚ/, **soon** /suːn/, **sooner** /ˈsuː.nəʳ (US) -nɚ/.
ER ˌiːˈɑːʳ (US) -ˈɑːr
era ˈɪə.rə (US) ˈɪr.ə, ˈer- **-s** -z
ERA ˌiː.ɑːʳˈeɪ (US) -ɑːr'-
eradi|ate ɪˈreɪ.di|.eɪt, iː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ţɪd
eradiation ɪˌreɪ.diˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, iː-
eradicable ɪˈræd.ɪ.kə.bᵊl
eradi|cate ɪˈræd.ɪ|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.ţɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.ţɪd
eradication ɪˌræd.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn
eradicative ɪˈræd.ɪ.kə.tɪv, -keɪ- (US) -kə.ţɪv
Érard ˈer.ɑːd (US) eɪˈrɑːrd, ˈer.ɑːrd **-s** -z
eras|e ɪˈreɪz (US) -ˈreɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
erasion ɪˈreɪ.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
Erasmian ɪˈræz.mi.ən, erˈæz- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Erasmus ɪˈræz.məs, erˈæz-
Erastian ɪˈræs.ti.ən, erˈæs- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Erastus ɪˈræs.təs, erˈæs-
erasure ɪˈreɪ.ʒəʳ (US) -ʃɚ **-s** -z
erbium ˈɜː.bi.əm (US) ˈɝː-
Erdington ˈɜː.dɪŋ.tən (US) ˈɝː-
ere eəʳ (US) er
Erebus ˈer.ɪ.bəs, ˈ-ə-
Erec ˈɪə.rek (US) ˈiː.rek, ˈer.ek
Erechtheum ˌer.ekˈθiː.əm, -ɪk'-, -ək'-
Erechtheus ɪˈrek.θjuːs, erˈek-, -θi.əs
erect ɪˈrekt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
erectile ɪˈrek.taɪl (US) -təl, -taɪl
erection ɪˈrek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
erector ɪˈrek.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
eremite ˈer.ɪ.maɪt, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
eremitic ˌer.ɪˈmɪt.ɪk, -ə'- (US) -əˈmɪţ- **-al** -ᵊl
erepsin ɪˈrep.sɪn
Eretri|a ɪˈret.ri|.ə, erˈet- **-an/s** -ən/z
Erewash ˈer.ɪ.wɒʃ (US) -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ
erewhile eəˈ*h*waɪl (US) er'-
Erewhon ˈer.ɪ.*h*wɒn (US) -*h*wɑːn, -*h*wʌn
Erfurt ˈeə.fɜːt *as if German:* -fʊət (US) ˈer.fʊrt, -fɝːt
erg ɜːg (US) ɝːg **-s** -z
ergative ˈɜː.gə.tɪv (US) ˈɝː.gə.ţɪv
ergativity ˌɜː.gəˈtɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɝː.gəˈtɪv.ə.ţi
ergo ˈɜː.gəʊ, ˈeə- (US) ˈer.goʊ, ˈɝː-
ergon ˈɜː.gɒn (US) ˈɝː.gɑːn **-s** -z
ergonic ɜːˈgɒn.ɪk (US) ɝːˈgɑː.nɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ergonomic ˌɜː.gəˈnɒm.ɪk (US) ˌɝː.gəˈnɑː.mɪk **-s** -s
ergonomical ˌɜː.gəˈnɒm.ɪ.kᵊl (US) ˌɝː.gəˈnɑː.mɪ- **-ly** -i
ergonomist ɜːˈgɒn.ə.mɪst (US) ɝːˈgɑː.nə- **-s** -s
ergosterol ɜːˈgɒs.tə.rɒl, -tɪᵊ- (US) ɝːˈgɑː.stə.rɑːl, -rɔːl, -roʊl
ergot ˈɜː.gət, -gɒt (US) ˈɝː.gət, -gɑːt **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Eric ˈer.ɪk
Erica, erica ˈer.ɪ.kə
ericaceous ˌer.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃəs
Ericht ˈer.ɪxt
Eric(k)son ˈer.ɪk.sᵊn
Ericsson® ˈer.ɪ.ksᵊn
Erie ˈɪə.ri (US) ˈɪr.i
Erik ˈer.ɪk
Erika ˈer.ɪ.kə
Eriksson ˈer.ɪk.sᵊn
Erin ˈɪə.rɪn, ˈer.ɪn, ˈeə.rɪn (US) ˈer.ɪn, ˈɪr-
Eris ˈer.ɪs (US) ˈɪr-, ˈer-
eristic erˈɪs.tɪk (US) ɪˈrɪs-, erˈɪs- **-s** -s
Erith ˈɪə.rɪθ (US) ˈɪr.ɪθ
Eritre|a ˌer.ɪˈtreɪ|.ə, -əˈtreɪ-, -ˈtriː- (US) -ˈtriː- **-an/s** -ən/z
Erle ɜːl (US) ɝːl
erl-king ˈɜːl.kɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈɝːl.kɪŋ, ˈerl- **-s** -z
ERM ˌiː.ɑːʳˈem (US) -ɑːr'-
ermine ˈɜː.mɪn (US) ˈɝː- **-s** -z **-d** -d
erne (E) ɜːn (US) ɝːn **-s** -z
Ernest ˈɜː.nɪst, -nəst (US) ˈɝː-
Ernie ˈɜː.ni (US) ˈɝː-
Ernle ˈɜːn.li (US) ˈɝːn-
Ernst ɜːn*t*st *as if German:* eən*t*st (US) ɝːn*t*st *as if German:* ernst
erod|e ɪˈrəʊd (US) -ˈroʊd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
erogenous ɪˈrɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs, erˈɒdʒ-, əˈrɒdʒ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ɪˈrɑː.dʒɪ-, -dʒə-
Eroica erˈəʊ.ɪ.kə, ɪˈrəʊ-, əˈrəʊ- (US) ɪˈroʊ-, erˈoʊ-
Eros ˈɪə.rɒs, ˈer.ɒs (US) ˈer.ɑːs, ˈɪr-, ˈer.oʊs
erosion ɪˈrəʊ.ʒᵊn (US) -ˈroʊ- **-s** -z
erosive ɪˈrəʊ.sɪv, -zɪv (US) -ˈroʊ-
erotic ɪˈrɒt.ɪk (US) -ˈrɑː.ţɪk **-s** -s **-a** -ə **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
eroticism ɪˈrɒt.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈrɑː.ţə-
eroticization, -isa- ɪˌrɒt.ɪ.saɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -sɪ'- (US) -ˌrɑː.ţə.sɪ'-
eroticiz|e, -is|e ɪˈrɒt.ɪ.saɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈrɑː.ţə- **-es** -ɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
erotogenic ɪˌrɒt.əˈdʒen.ɪk, -ˌrəʊ.tə'- (US) ɪˌrɑː.ţəˈdʒen-, -ˌroʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
erotomani|a ɪˌrɒt.əʊˈmeɪ.ni|.ə, -ˌrəʊ.təʊ'- (US) ɪˌrɑː.ţəˈmeɪ.ni|.ə, -ˌroʊ- **-ac/s** -æk/s
err ɜːʳ (US) ɝː, er **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
errand ˈer.ənd **-s** -z
errant ˈer.ənt **-ly** -li **-ry** -ri
errata (*plur. of* **erratum**) erˈɑː.tə, ɪˈrɑː-, -ˈreɪ- (US) -ţə
erratic ɪˈræt.ɪk, erˈæt- (US) ɪˈræţ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
errat|um erˈɑː.t|əm, ɪˈrɑː-, -ˈreɪ- (US) -ţ|əm **-a** -ə
Errol(l) ˈer.əl
erroneous ɪˈrəʊ.ni.əs, erˈəʊ- (US) əˈroʊ-, erˈoʊ-, ɪˈroʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
error ˈer.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
ersatz ˈeə.sæts *as if German:* ˈeə.zɑːts (US) ˈer.zɑːts, -ˈ-
Erse ɜːs (US) ɝːs
Erskine ˈɜː.skɪn (US) ˈɝː-
erst ɜːst (US) ɝːst
erstwhile ˈɜːst.*h*waɪl (US) ˈɝːst-
erubescen|ce ˌer.ʊˈbes.ᵊn|*t*s, -uː'- **-cy** -*t*si **-t** -t
eruct ɪˈrʌkt, iː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
eruc|tate ɪˈrʌk|.teɪt, iː- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ţɪd
eructation ˌiː.rʌkˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌer.ʌk-, -ək'-; ɪˌrʌk'- (US) ˌiː.rʌk'-, ɪˌrʌk'- **-s** -z

dite 'er.ʊ.daɪt, -jʊ- (US) -jə-, -ə-, uː-, -uː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
dition ˌer.ʊ'dɪʃ.ən, -jʊ'- (US) -juː'-, ː'-, -jə'-, -ə'-
pt ɪ'rʌpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ption ɪ'rʌp.ʃən **-s** -z
ptive ɪ'rʌp.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, ɪs
ine 'ɜː.vɪn (US) 'ɝː-
ing 'ɜː.vɪŋ (US) 'ɝː-
sipelas ˌer.ɪ'sɪp.əl.əs, -ə'-, -ɪ.ləs, s
thema ˌer.ɪ'θiː.mə, -ə'-
throcyte ɪ'rɪθ.rəʊ.saɪt er'ɪθ.roʊ- **-s** -s
throcytic ɪˌrɪθ.rəʊ'sɪt.ɪk erˌɪθ.roʊ'sɪt̬-
thromycin ɪˌrɪθ.rəʊ'maɪ.sɪn, rɪθ- (US) ɪ.rɪθ.roʊ'-, -rə'-
erum 'eə.zə.ruːm (US) 'er-
u 'iː.sɔː (US) -sɑː, -sɔː
jerg 'es.bjɜːg (US) -bjerg
alad|e ˌes.kə'leɪd, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** ŋ **-ed** -ɪd
a|late 'es.kə|.leɪt **-lates** -leɪts **ating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** eɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
alation ˌes.kə'leɪ.ʃən
alator 'es.kə.leɪ.tər (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
al(l)op ɪ'skɒl.əp, es'kɒl-, -'kæl-, p; 'es.kə.lɒp (US) es'kɑː.ləp, skɑː-, -'skæl- **-ed** -t
alope 'es.kə.lɒp, 'ɪs-, -ləp; 'kæl.əp, -ɒp (US) ˌes.kə'loʊp **-s** -s
apade ˌes.kə'peɪd, '--- **-s** -z
ap|e ɪ'skeɪp, es'keɪp, ə'skeɪp **-es** -s **ng** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement/s** -mənt/s
apee ɪˌskeɪ'piː, ˌes.keɪ'- **-s** -z
ap|ism ɪ'skeɪ.p|ɪ.zəm, es'keɪ- **st/s** -ɪst/s
apolog|y ˌes.kə'pɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -keɪ'- -keɪ'pɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
argot ɪ'skɑː.gəʊ, es'kɑː- *as if rench:* ˌes.kɑː'gəʊ (US) ˌes.kɑːr'goʊ -z
arole 'es.kə.rəʊl (US) -kə.roʊl
arp ɪ'skɑːp, es'kɑːp (US) es'kɑːrp -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
arpment ɪ'skɑːp.mənt, es'kɑːp- es'kɑːrp- **-s** -s
ce 'es
e: Suffix. Always carries primary ress, e.g. **convalesce** /ˌkɒn.və'les ˌkɑːn-/.
cen|ce 'es.ən|ts **-t** -t
e: Suffix. Always carries primary ress, e.g. **convalescence** kɒn.və'les.ənts (US) ˌkɑːn-/.
har 'es.kɑːr (US) -kɑːr, -kɚ **-s** -z
hatological ˌes.kə.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl, æt.ə'- (US) -kə.t̬ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-; sˌkæt̬.əl'ɑː-
hatolog|y ˌes.kə'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i -'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
cheat ɪs|'tʃiːt, es- **-cheats** -'tʃiːts **heating** -'tʃiː.tɪŋ (US) -'tʃiː.t̬ɪŋ **heated** -'tʃiː.tɪd (US) -'tʃiː.t̬ɪd
her 'eʃ.ər (US) -ɚ
hew ɪs'tʃuː, es- (US) es-, ɪs- **-s** -z

-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eschscholtzia ɪ'skɒl.ʃə, es'kɒl-, -tʃə; ɪʃ'ɒlt.si.ə, eʃ-, ə'ʃɒlt-, -'skɒlt- (US) eʃ'oʊlt.si.ə **-s** -z
Escoffier ɪ'skɒf.i.eɪ, es'kɒf- (US) ˌes.kɑː'fjeɪ
Escom 'es.kɒm, -kɑːm (US) -kɑːm
Escombe 'es.kəm
Escondido ˌes.kən'diː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
Escorial ˌes.kɒr.i'ɑːl, -'æl; es'kɔː.ri.æl, -ɑːl (US) es'kɔːr.i.əl; esˌkɔːr.i'æl
escort (E®) *(n.)* 'es.kɔːt (US) -kɔːrt **-s** -s
escor|t *(v.)* ɪ'skɔː|t, es'kɔː|t; 'es.kɔː|t (US) es'kɔːr|t, ɪ'skɔːr|t; 'es.kɔːr|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Escott 'es.kɒt (US) -kɑːt
Escow 'es.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
escritoire ˌes.kriː'twɑːr, '--- (US) ˌes.kriː'twɑːr **-s** -z
escrow 'es.krəʊ, -'- (US) 'es.kroʊ, -'-
escudo es'kuː.dəʊ, ɪ'skuː-, -'skjuː-; ɪʃ'kuː-, eʃ- (US) es'kuː.doʊ, ɪ'skuː- **-s** -z
esculent 'es.kjə.lənt, -kjʊ- **-s** -s
Escurial es'kjʊə.ri.əl (US) -'kjʊr.i-
escutcheon ɪ'skʌtʃ.ən, es'kʌtʃ- **-s** -z
Esda 'es.də, 'ez- **'Esda ˌtest**
Esdaile 'ez.deɪl
Esdras 'ez.dræs, -drəs
-ese 'iːz (US) 'iːz, 'iːs
Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **Japan** /dʒə'pæn/, **Japanese** /ˌdʒæp.ə'niːz/.
ESE ˌiːst.saʊθ'iːst *in nautical usage also:* -saʊ'-
Esfahan 'eʃ.fə.hɑːn, 'es- (US) ˌes.fə'hɑːn
Esher 'iː.ʃər (US) -ʃɚ
Esias ɪ'zaɪ.əs, ez'aɪ-, -æs
Esk esk
Eskimo 'es.kɪ.məʊ (US) -kə.moʊ **-s** -z
ESL ˌiː.es'el
Esmé 'ez.mi, -meɪ
Esmeralda ˌez.mə'ræl.də, -mɪ'-
Esmond(e) 'ez.mənd
ESN ˌiː.es'en
ESOL 'iː.sɒl (US) -sɑːl
ESOP 'iː.sɒp (US) -sɑːp
esophageal ɪˌsɒf.ə'dʒiː.əl, iː-, ə-; ˌiː.sɒf- (US) ɪˌsɑː.fə'-; ˌiː.sɑː-
esopha|gus iː'sɒf.ə|.gəs, ɪ-, ə- (US) ɪ'sɑː.fə-, iː- **-gi** -gaɪ, -dʒaɪ **-guses** -gə.sɪz
esoteric ˌes.əʊ'ter.ɪk, ˌiː.səʊ'- (US) ˌes.ə'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
ESP ˌiː.es'piː
Espace® es'pæs
espadrille ˌes.pə'drɪl, '--- (US) 'es.pə.drɪl **-s** -z
espalier ɪ'spæl.i.eɪ, es'pæl-, -i.ər (US) -'spæl.jɚ, -jeɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
esparto es'pɑː.təʊ, ɪ'spɑː- (US) es'pɑːr.t̬oʊ **-s** -z
especial ɪ'speʃ.əl, es'peʃ-, ə'speʃ- **-ly** -i
Esperant|o ˌes.pər'æn.t|əʊ (US) -pə'ræn.t|oʊ, -'rɑːn- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

espial ɪ'spaɪ.əl, es'paɪ-
espionage 'es.pi.ə.nɑːʒ, -nɑːdʒ, -nɪdʒ; ˌes.pi.ə'nɑːʒ, -'nɑːdʒ
esplanade ˌes.plə'neɪd, -'nɑːd, '--- (US) 'es.plə.nɑːd, -neɪd **-s** -z
Esplanade *in Western Australia:* 'es.plə.nɑːd
ESPN ˌiː.esˌpiː'en
Espoo 'es.pəʊ (US) -poʊ
espous|e ɪ'spaʊz, es'paʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-al/s** -əl/z
espressivo ˌes.pres'iː.vəʊ (US) -voʊ
espresso es'pres.əʊ, ɪ'spres- (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
esprit es'priː, ɪ'spriː, ə'spriː; 'es.priː (US) es'priː, ɪ'spriː
esprit de corps esˌpriː.də'kɔːr, ɪˌspriː-, əˌspriː-; ˌes.priː- (US) esˌpriː.də'kɔːr, ɪˌspriː-
esp|y ɪ'sp|aɪ, es'p|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
Espy 'es.pi
Esq. *(abbrev. for* **Esquire***)* ɪ'skwaɪər, es'kwaɪər (US) 'es.kwaɪɚ; ɪ'skwaɪɚ, es'kwaɪɚ
-esque 'esk
Note: Suffix. Always carries primary stress, e.g. **picturesque** /ˌpɪk.tʃər'esk/.
Esquiline 'es.kwɪ.laɪn, -kwəl.aɪn (US) -kwə.laɪn
Esquimalt es'kwaɪ.mɔːlt, ɪ'skwaɪ-, -mɒlt (US) -mɑːlt, -mɔːlt
esquire ɪ'skwaɪər, es'kwaɪər (US) 'es.kwaɪɚ; ɪ'skwaɪɚ, es'kwaɪɚ **-s** -z
ess es **-es** -ɪz
essay *(n.) piece of writing:* 'es.eɪ **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
essay *(n, v.) attempt:* es'eɪ, '-- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
esse 'es.i
Essen 'es.ən
essenc|e 'es.ənts **-es** -ɪz
Essene 'es.iːn, -'- **-s** -z
essential ɪ'sen.tʃəl (US) ɪ'sent.ʃəl, es'ent- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **esˌsential 'oil**
essentiality ɪˌsen.tʃi'æl.ə.ti, esˌen-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Essex 'es.ɪks
essive 'es.ɪv **-s** -z
Esso® 'es.əʊ (US) -oʊ
-est ɪst, əst
Note: Suffix. Does not affect the stress pattern of the word, e.g. **happy** /'hæp.i/, **happiest** /'hæp.i.ɪst/.
EST ˌiː.es'tiː
establish ɪ'stæb.lɪʃ, es'tæb- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s
estate ɪ'steɪt, es'teɪt **-s** -s **es'tate ˌagent; es'tate ˌcar**
Estcourt 'est.kɔːt (US) -kɔːrt
Este 'es.ti (US) -teɪ
Estée 'es.teɪ, -tiː (US) -teɪ
esteem ɪ'stiːm, es'tiːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Estelle ɪ'stel, es'tel
ester 'es.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
Esterhazy 'es.tə.hɑː.zi (US) -tɚ.hɑː.zi
Esther 'es.təʳ, -θəʳ (US) -tɚ
esthete 'iːs.θiːt (US) 'es- **-s** -s
esthetic es'θet.ɪk, ɪs-, iːs- (US) es'θeţ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
esthetic|ism es'θet.ɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm, ɪs-, iːs- (US) es'θeţ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
estimab|le 'es.tɪ.mə.b|ᵊl, -tə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
estimate (*n.*) 'es.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mɪt, -meɪt (US) -mɪt, -mət **-s** -s
esti|mate (*v.*) 'es.tɪ|.meɪt, -tə-, -mət (US) -meɪt **-mates** -meɪts, -məts (US) -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ, -mə- (US) -meɪ.ţɪŋ **-mated** -meɪ.tɪd, -mə- (US) -meɪ.ţɪd **-mator/s** -meɪ.təʳ/z, -mə- (US) -meɪ.ţɚ/z
estimation ˌes.tɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə'-
estival iː'staɪ.vᵊl, es'taɪ- (US) 'es.tə-, es'taɪ-
Eston 'es.tən
Estoni|a es'təʊ.ni|.ə, ɪ'stəʊ- (US) es'toʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
estop ɪ'stɒp, es'tɒp (US) es'tɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-page** -ɪdʒ **-pel/s** -ᵊl/z
Estoril ˌes.tᵊr'ɪl (US) ˌiː.stə'rɪl
estovers ɪ'stəʊ.vəz, es'təʊ- (US) es'toʊ.vɚz
estrade es'trɑːd, ɪ'strɑːd (US) es'trɑːd **-s** -z
Estragon 'es.trə.gɒn (US) -gɑːn
estrang|e ɪ'streɪndʒ, es'treɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
estrangement ɪ'streɪndʒ.mənt, es'treɪndʒ- **-s** -s
estrea|t ɪ'striː|t, es'triː|t (US) es'triː|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -ţɪd
Estremadura ˌes.trə.mə'dʊə.rə, -'dɔː- (US) -'dʊr.ə
estrogen 'iː.strə.dʒᵊn, 'es.trə- (US) 'es.trə.dʒᵊn, -dʒen
estr(o)us 'iː.strəs, 'es.trəs (US) 'es.trəs **-es** -ɪz
estuarine 'es.tju.ə.raɪn, -riːn, -rɪn (US) 'es.tʃuː.ə.raɪn, -ɚ.ɪn
estuar|y 'es.tjʊə.r|i, -tju.ə-, -tʃʊə-, -tʃu.ə-, -tjʊr|.i, -tʃʊr|.i (US) 'es.tʃuː.er|.i **-ies** -iz
esurien|ce ɪ'sjʊə.ri.ən|ts (US) iː'sʊr.i-, -'sjʊr- **-cy** -t.si **-t** -t
eta *Greek alphabet:* 'iː.tə (US) 'eɪ.ţə, 'iː-
ETA *estimated time of arrival:* ˌiː.tiː'eɪ
ETA *Basque separatist group:* 'et.ə (US) 'eţ-
étagère, etagere ˌeɪ.tə'ʒeəʳ, ˌet.ə-, -tæʒ'eəʳ, -tɑː'ʒeəʳ (US) -tɑː'ʒer **-s** -z
Etah 'iː.tə (US) -ţə
e-tail 'iː.teɪl **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚz
Etain 'et.eɪn
et al et'æl (US) et'ɑːl, -'æl, -'ɔːl
Etam® 'iː.tæm
etc. ɪt'set.ᵊr.ə, et-, ət- (US) -'seţ.ɚ-
etcetera ɪt'set.ᵊr.ə, et-, ət- (US) -'seţ.ɚ- **-s** -z
etch etʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
eternal ɪ'tɜː.nᵊl (US) -'tɝː- **-ly** -i
eternaliz|e, -is|e ɪ'tɜː.nᵊl.aɪz (US) -'tɝː.nə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eternit|y ɪ'tɜː.nə.t|i, -nɪ.t|i (US) -'tɝː.nə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
eterniz|e, -is|e ɪ'tɜː.naɪz (US) -'tɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Etesian ɪ'tiː.ʒi.ən, -zi-, -ʒᵊn
Ethan 'iː.θᵊn
ethane 'iː.θeɪn, 'eθ.eɪn (US) 'eθ.eɪn
ethanoic ˌeθ.ə'nəʊ.ɪk, 'iː.θə'- (US) ˌeθ.ə'noʊ-
ethanol 'eθ.ə.nɒl, 'iː.θə- (US) 'eθ.ə.nɑːl, -noʊl
Ethel 'eθ.ᵊl
Ethelbald 'eθ.ᵊl.bɔːld (US) -bɔːld, -bɑːld
Ethelbert 'eθ.ᵊl.bɜːt, -bət (US) -bɝːt, -bɚt
Ethelberta ˌeθ.ᵊl'bɜː.tə, 'eθ.ᵊlˌbɜː- (US) ˌeθ.ᵊl'bɝː.ţə
Ethelburga ˌeθ.ᵊl'bɜː.gə, 'eθ.ᵊlˌbɜː- (US) ˌeθ.ᵊl'bɝː-
Ethelred 'eθ.ᵊl.red
Ethelwulf 'eθ.ᵊl.wʊlf
ethene 'eθ.iːn
ether 'iː.θəʳ (US) -θɚ **-s** -z
ethereal ɪ'θɪə.ri.əl, iː-, ə- (US) -'θɪr.i- **-ly** -i
etherealiz|e, -is|e ɪ'θɪə.ri.ᵊl.aɪz, iː-, ə- (US) -'θɪr.i.ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Etherege 'eθ.ᵊr.ɪdʒ
etheric iː'θer.ɪk, ɪ- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Etherington 'eð.ᵊr.ɪŋ.tən
etheriz|e, -is|e 'iː.θᵊr.aɪz (US) -θə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ethic 'eθ.ɪk **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Ethiop 'iː.θi.ɒp (US) -ɑːp **-s** -s
Ethiopi|a ˌiː.θi'əʊ.pi|.ə (US) -'oʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
Ethiopic ˌiː.θi'ɒp.ɪk, -'əʊ.pɪk (US) -'ɑː.pɪk, -'oʊ.pɪk
ethnic 'eθ.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ethnicity eθ'nɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
ethno- eθ.nəʊ; eθ'nɒ (US) eθ.noʊ; eθ'nɑː

Note: Prefix. Either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ethnographic** /ˌeθ.nəʊ'græf.ɪk (US) -noʊ'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **ethnographer** /eθ'nɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) -'nɑː.grə.fɚ/.

ethnocentr|ic ˌeθ.nəʊ'sen.tr|ɪk (US) -noʊ'-, -nə'- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ically** -ɪ.kᵊl.i, -ɪ.kli
ethnocentricity ˌeθ.nəʊ.sen'trɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -noʊ.sen'trɪs.ə.ţi
ethnographer eθ'nɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) -'nɑː.grə.fɚ **-s** -z
ethnographic ˌeθ.nəʊ'græf.ɪk (US) -noʊ'-, -nə'- **-al** -ᵊl
ethnography eθ'nɒg.rə.fi (US) -'nɑː.grə-
ethnologic ˌeθ.nəʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -noʊ'lɑː.dʒɪk, -nə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ethnolog|y eθ'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ethologic ˌiː.θə'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl
etholog|y iː'θɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ɪ- (US) iː'θɑː.lə-, ɪ'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ethos 'iː.θɒs (US) -θɑːs, 'eθ.ɑːs, -oʊs
ethyl *commercial and general pronunciation:* 'eθ.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) -ᵊl *chemists' pronunciation:* 'iː.θaɪl
ethylene 'eθ.ɪ.liːn, -ᵊl.iːn (US) -ə.liːn
etio|late 'iː.ti.əʊ|.leɪt (US) -ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.ţɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.ţɪd
etiolog|y ˌiː.ti'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
etiquette 'et.ɪ.ket, -kət (US) 'eţ.ɪ.kɪt, -ket
Etna 'et.nə
Eton 'iː.tᵊn
Etonian iː'təʊ.ni.ən, ɪ- (US) -'toʊ- **-s** -z
Etruri|a ɪ'trʊə.ri|.ə (US) -'trʊr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
Etruscan ɪ'trʌs.kᵊn **-s** -z
-ette et

Note: Suffix. Normally takes primary stress, e.g. **majorette** /ˌmeɪ.dʒᵊr'et/; there are exceptions, however, e.g. **etiquette** /'et.ɪ.ket (US) 'eţ.ɪ.kɪt/. See individual entries.

Ettrick 'et.rɪk
Etty 'et.i (US) 'eţ-
étude 'eɪ.tjuːd, -'- (US) 'eɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
etui et'wiː (US) eɪ'twiː **-s** -z
etymologic ˌet.ɪ.mə'lɒdʒ.ɪk, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌeţ.ɪ.mə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
etymologist ˌet.ɪ'mɒl.ə.dʒɪst, -ə'- (US) ˌeţ.ɪ'mɑː.lə- **-s** -s
etymologiz|e, -is|e ˌet.ɪ'mɒl.ə.dʒaɪz, -ə'- (US) ˌeţ.ɪ'mɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
etymolog|y ˌet.ɪ'mɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ə'- (US) ˌeţ.ɪ'mɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
etymon 'et.ɪ.mɒn, '-ə- (US) 'eţ.ə.mɑːn **-s** -z
EU ˌiː'juː
Euan 'juː.ən
Eubank 'juː.bæŋk
Euboea juː'biː.ə
eucalyptus ˌjuː.kᵊl'ɪp.təs **-es** -ɪz
Eucharist 'juː.kᵊr.ɪst **-s** -s
eucharistic ˌjuː.kᵊr'ɪs.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
euchre 'juː.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
Euclid 'juː.klɪd **-s** -z
Euclidean juː'klɪd.i.ən
eud(a)emon|ism juː'diː.mə.n|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
eudiometer ˌjuː.di'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -'ɑː.mə.ţɚ **-s** -z
Eudocia juː'dəʊ.ʃi.ə, -ʃə, -si.ə (US) -'doʊ-
Eudora juː'dɔː.rə (US) -'dɔːr.ə
Eudoxia juː'dɒk.si.ə (US) -'dɑːk-

Pronouncing the letters EU, EW

he vowel digraphs eu and ew are similar in that their most
ommon pronunciation is one of /juː/ or /uː/, e.g.:

eud /fjuːd/
ew /fluː/

Many words in British English which have /juː/ are
ronounced without the /j/ in American English, e.g.:

ews /njuːz/ Ⓤⓢ /nuːz/

When the digraph eu is followed by an r in the spelling, the
trong pronunciation is usually /jʊə Ⓤⓢ jʊr/, although words
orrowed from French may have /ɜː Ⓤⓢ ɝː/ in stressed
yllables, and /əʳ Ⓤⓢ ɚ/ in unstressed syllables, e.g.:

uropean /ˌjʊə.rəˈpiː.ən/ Ⓤⓢ /ˌjʊr.ə-/
onnoisseur /ˌkɒn.əˈsɜːʳ/ Ⓤⓢ /ˌkɑː.nəˈsɝː/
mateur /ˈæm.ə.təʳ/ Ⓤⓢ /-tʃɚ/

In addition

Other sounds associated with the digraphs eu and ew are as follows:

/əʊ Ⓤⓢ oʊ/ sew /səʊ/ Ⓤⓢ /soʊ/
/i.ə/ museum /mjuːˈziː.əm/
/ɜː Ⓤⓢ ɜː,uː/ masseuse /mæsˈɜːz/ Ⓤⓢ /məˈsɜːz, -suːz/

In words borrowed from German, eu is pronounced /ɔɪ/, e.g.:

/ɔɪ/ schadenfreude /ˈʃɑː.dᵊnˌfrɔɪ.də/

oxus juːˈdɒk.səs Ⓤⓢ -ˈdɑːk-
en *English name:* ˈjuː.dʒen, ʒɪn, -dʒən *German name:* ˈɔɪ.gən
ene juːˈdʒiːn, -ˈdʒeɪn; ˈjuː.dʒiːn juːˈdʒiːn, ˈ--
ene Onegin ˌjuː.dʒiːn.ɒnˈjeɪ.gɪn -ɑːnˈ-, -oʊnˈ-
énia juːˈdʒiː.ni.ə, -ˈʒiː-, -ˈdʒeɪ-, eɪ-
enic juːˈdʒen.ɪk -s -s
enicist juːˈdʒen.ɪ.sɪst, ˈ-ə- -s -s
énie juːˈʒeɪ.ni, -ˈʒiː-, -ˈdʒiː-
enius juːˈdʒiː.ni.əs, -ˈʒiː-, -ˈdʒeɪ- -ˈʒeɪ-
alia juːˈleɪ.li.ə
enspiegel ˈɔɪ.lᵊnˌʃpiː.gᵊl
er *English name:* ˈjuː.ləʳ Ⓤⓢ -lɚ *rman name:* ˈɔɪ.ləʳ Ⓤⓢ -lɚ
ogist ˈjuː.lə.dʒɪst -s -s
ogistic ˌjuː.ləˈdʒɪs.tɪk -al -ᵊl **lly** -ᵊl.i, -li
ogi|um juːˈləʊ.dʒi|.əm Ⓤⓢ -ˈloʊ- **ms** -z -a -ə
ogiz|e, -is|e ˈjuː.lə.dʒaɪz -es -ɪz **ng** -ɪŋ -ed -d
og|y ˈjuː.lə.dʒ|i -ies -iz
nenides juːˈmen.ɪ.diːz, ˈ-ə-
ice *modern Christian name:* ː.nɪs *biblical name:* juːˈnaɪ.si
uch ˈjuː.nək -s -s -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
nymus juːˈɒn.ɪ.məs, ˈ-ə- -ˈɑː.nə- -es -ɪz
epsia juːˈpep.si.ə
eptic juːˈpep.tɪk
hemia juːˈfiː.mi.ə
hemism ˈjuː.fə.mɪ.zᵊm, -fɪ- -s -z
hemistic ˌjuː.fəˈmɪs.tɪk, -fɪˈ- l -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
hemiz|e, -is|e ˈjuː.fə.maɪz, -fɪ- s -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
honic juːˈfɒn.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɑː.nɪk l -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

euphonious juːˈfəʊ.ni.əs Ⓤⓢ -ˈfoʊ- **-ly** -li
euphonium juːˈfəʊ.ni.əm Ⓤⓢ -ˈfoʊ- **-s** -z
euphoniz|e, -is|e ˈjuː.fə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
euphony ˈjuː.fᵊn.i
euphorbia juːˈfɔː.bi.ə Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːr-
euphoria juːˈfɔː.ri.ə Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːr.i-
euphoric juːˈfɒr.ɪk Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːr.ɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
euphrasy ˈjuː.frə.si
Euphrates juːˈfreɪ.tiːz Ⓤⓢ -ţiːz
Euphronius juːˈfrəʊ.ni.əs Ⓤⓢ -ˈfroʊ-
Euphrosyne juːˈfrɒz.ɪ.niː, ˈ-ə- Ⓤⓢ -ˈfrɑː.zə-
Euphues ˈjuː.fju.iːz
euphu|ism ˈjuː.fju.|ɪ.zᵊm **-isms** -ɪ.zᵊmz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
euphuistic ˌjuː.fjuˈɪs.tɪk
eupnoea ˈjuːp.niː.ə Ⓤⓢ -ˈ--
Eurasi|a jʊəˈreɪ.ʒ|ə, jɔːˈ-, ˈ-ʒi|.ə, ˈ-ʃ|ə Ⓤⓢ jʊˈreɪ.ʒ|ə
Eurasian jʊəˈreɪ.ʒᵊn, jɔː- Ⓤⓢ jʊrˈeɪ-, jɝ- **-s** -z
Euratom jʊəˈræt.əm, jɔːˈ- Ⓤⓢ jʊˈræţ-
eureka (E) jʊəˈriː.kə, jɔːˈ- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-
eurhythm|ic jʊəˈrɪð.m|ɪk, jɔːˈ-, -ˈrɪθ- Ⓤⓢ jʊˈrɪð- **-ics** -ɪks **-y** -i
Euripides jʊəˈrɪp.ɪ.diːz, jɔːˈ-, ˈ-ə- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-
Euripus jʊəˈraɪ.pəs, jɔːˈ- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-
Euro- ˈjʊə.rəʊ, jɔː-; jʊəˈrɒ Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ, -ə; jʊˈrɒ
Note: Prefix. Usually takes primary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **Eurocrat** /ˈjʊə.rəʊ.kræt Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.ə-/.
euro ˈjʊə.rəʊ, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ **-s** -z
Eurobond ˈjʊə.rəʊ.bɒnd, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ.bɑːnd **-s** -z
eurocentric ˌjʊə.rəʊˈsen.trɪk, ˌjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.oʊˈ-
Eurocheque® ˈjʊə.rəʊ.tʃek, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ- **-s** -s
Eurocommun|ism ˌjʊə.rəʊˈkɒm.jə.n|ɪ.zᵊm, ˌjɔː-, -jʊ-; ˈjʊə.rəʊˌkɒm-, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.oʊˈkɑːm.jə-, -əˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Eurocrat ˈjʊə.rəʊ.kræt, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.ə- **-s** -s
Eurodisney® ˈjʊə.rəʊˌdɪz.ni, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ-
Eurodollar® ˈjʊə.rəʊˌdɒl.əʳ, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊˌdɑː.lɚ **-s** -z
Euroland ˈjʊə.rəʊ.lænd, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ.lænd, ˈjɝ-
Europa jʊəˈrəʊ.pə, jɔːˈ- Ⓤⓢ jʊˈroʊ-
Europe ˈjʊə.rəp, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.əp
European ˌjʊə.rəˈpiː.ən, ˌjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.əˈ- **-s** -z *stress shift:* **ˌEuropean Comˈmunity; ˌEuropean Ecoˈnomic Comˈmunity; ˌEuropean ˈMonetary System**
europeaniz|e, -is|e ˌjʊə.rəˈpiː.ə.naɪz, ˌjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.əˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
europium jʊəˈrəʊ.pi.əm, jɔːˈ- Ⓤⓢ jʊˈroʊ-
Eurosceptic ˈjʊə.rəʊˌskep.tɪk, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ-, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
Eurostar® ˈjʊə.rəʊ.stɑːʳ, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ.stɑːr, -ə-
Eurotunnel® ˈjʊə.rəʊˌtʌn.ᵊl, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ-, ˈ-ə-
Eurovision® ˈjʊə.rəʊ.vɪ.ʒᵊn, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.ə-, -oʊ- **ˌEurovision ˈSong ˌContest**
Eurozone ˈjʊə.rəʊ.zəʊn, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.oʊ.zoʊn, ˈjɝ-
Eurus ˈjʊə.rəs, ˈjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˈjʊr.əs
Eurydice jʊəˈrɪd.ɪ.si, jɔːˈ-, ˈ-ə- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-
eurythm|ic jʊəˈrɪð.m|ɪk, jɔːˈ-, -ˈrɪθ- Ⓤⓢ jʊˈrɪð- **-ics** -ɪks **-y** -i
Eusden ˈjuːz.dən
Eusebius juːˈsiː.bi.əs

Eustace 'juː.stəs, -stɪs
eustachian juː'steɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən, -ki.ən **eu,stachian 'tube** (US) **eu'stachian ,tube**
Eustachius juː'steɪ.ki.əs
Eustacia juː'steɪ.si.ə, -ʃə
Euston 'juː.stᵊn
Euterpe juː'tɜː.pi (US) -'tɝː-
euthanasia ,juː.θə'neɪ.zi.ə, '-ʒə (US) '-ʒə, '-zi.ə
Eutropius juː'trəʊ.pi.əs (US) -'troʊ-
Euxine 'juːk.saɪn
Euxton 'ek.stən
Eva 'iː.və (US) 'iː.və, 'eɪ-
evacu|ate ɪ'væk.ju|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
evacuation ɪ,væk.ju'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
evacuee ɪ,væk.ju'iː **-s** -z
evad|e ɪ'veɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Evadne ɪ'væd.ni
evalu|ate ɪ'væl.ju|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
evaluation ɪ,væl.ju'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
evaluative ɪ'væl.ju.ə.tɪv (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
Evan 'ev.ᵊn
Evander ɪ'væn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
evanesc|e ,iː.və'nes, ,ev.ə'- (US) ,ev.ə'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
evanescen|ce ,iː.və'nes.ᵊn|ts, ,ev.ə'- (US) ,ev.ə'- **-t/ly** -t/li
evangel ɪ'væn.dʒəl, -dʒel **-s** -z
evangelic ,iː.væn'dʒel.ɪk, ,ev.æn'-, -ən'- **-s** -s
evangelic|al ,iː.væn'dʒel.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ,ev.æn'-, -ən'- **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -li **-alism** -ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
Evangeline ɪ'væn.dʒɪ.liːn, -dʒᵊl.iːn, -aɪn (US) -dʒə.lɪn, -dʒɪ-, -liːn, -laɪn
evangel|ism ɪ'væn.dʒə.l|ɪ.zᵊm, -dʒɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
evangelistic ɪ,væn.dʒə'lɪs.tɪk, -dʒɪ'-
evangelization, -isa- ɪ,væn.dʒᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒɪ.laɪ'-, -lɪ'- (US) -dʒᵊl.ɪ'-
evangeliz|e, -is|e ɪ'væn.dʒᵊl.aɪz, -dʒɪ- (US) -dʒə.laɪz, -dʒɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Evans 'ev.ᵊnz
Evanson 'ev.ᵊn.sᵊn
Evanston 'ev.ᵊn.stən
Evansville 'ev.ᵊnz.vɪl
evaporable ɪ'væp.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl
evapor|ate ɪ'væp.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z **e,vaporated 'milk**
evaporation ɪ,væp.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
evasion ɪ'veɪ.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
evasive ɪ'veɪ.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
eve (E) iːv **-s** -z
Evele(i)gh 'iːv.li
Evelina ,ev.ɪ'liː.nə, -ə'-
Eveline 'iːv.lɪn, 'ev.lɪn, 'ev.ɪ.liːn
Evelyn 'iːv.lɪn, 'ev.lɪn, 'ev.ə- (US) 'ev.ə-, 'ev.lɪn, 'iːv-
Note: The pronunciation /'iːv.lɪn/ is used in the US only for British people of that name.
even 'iː.vᵊn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Evenden 'ev.ᵊn.dən
evenhanded ,iː.vᵊn'hæn.dɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ,evenhanded ad'ministrator
evening (*n.*) 'iːv.nɪŋ **-s** -z **'evening ,dress, ,evening 'dress; 'evening ,gown; ,evening 'gown; ,evening 'primrose; ,evening 'primrose ,oil**
Evens 'ev.ᵊnz
evensong 'iː.vᵊn.sɒŋ (US) -sɑːŋ, -sɔːŋ **-s** -z
even-steven ,iː.vᵊn'stiː.vᵊn **-s** -z
e|vent ɪ|'vent **-vents** -'vents **-venting** -'ven.tɪŋ (US) -'ven.t̬ɪŋ **-vented** -'ven.tɪd (US) -'ven.t̬ɪd **-venter/s** -'ven.təʳ/z (US) -'ven.t̬ɚ/z
even-tempered ,iː.vᵊn'tem.pəd (US) -pɚd *stress shift:* ,even-tempered de'bate
eventful ɪ'vent.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i
eventide 'iː.vᵊn.taɪd **-s** -z
eventive ɪ'ven.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
eventual ɪ'ven.tʃu.əl, -tju-, -tʃʊl, -tjʊl (US) -tʃu.əl **-ly** -i
eventualit|y ɪ,ven.tʃu'æl.ə.t|i, -tju'-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -tʃu'æl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
eventu|ate ɪ'ven.tʃu|.eɪt, -tju- (US) -tʃu- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
ever 'ev.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Everard 'ev.ᵊr.ɑːd (US) -ə.rɑːrd
Everest 'ev.ᵊr.est (US) -ə.rest, -ɚ.ɪst, '-rɪst
Everett 'ev.ᵊr.et (US) -ə.ret, 'ev.rɪt
Everglades 'ev.ə.gleɪdz (US) '-ɚ-
evergreen 'ev.ə.griːn (US) '-ɚ- **-s** -z
Everitt 'ev.ᵊr.ɪt
everlasting ,ev.ə'lɑː.stɪŋ (US) -ɚ'læs.tɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Everl(e)y 'ev.ə.li (US) '-ɚ-
evermore ,ev.ə'mɔːʳ (US) -ɚ'mɔːr
EverReady® 'ev.ə,red.i (US) -ɚ,-
Evers 'ev.əz (US) -ɚz
Evershed 'ev.ə.ʃed (US) '-ɚ-
eversion ɪ'vɜː.ʃᵊn, iː- (US) -'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn
Eversley 'ev.əz.li (US) -ɚz-
e|vert ɪ|'vɜːt, iː- (US) -'vɝːt **-verts** -'vɜːts (US) -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪd
Evert 'ev.ət (US) -ɚt
Everton 'ev.ə.tᵊn (US) '-ɚ-
every 'ev.ri **,every ,which 'way** (US) **,every 'which ,way, 'every ,which ,way**
Note: The meaning is slightly different in American English depending on the stress pattern. **,Every 'which ,way** means "akimbo". **'Every ,which ,way** means "in all possible ways".
everybody 'ev.ri,bɒd.i (US) -,bɑː.di
everyday 'ev.ri.deɪ, ,--'-
Everyman 'ev.ri.mæn
everyone 'ev.ri.wʌn, -wɒn (US) -wʌn
everyplace 'ev.ri.pleɪs
everything 'ev.ri.θɪŋ
everywhere 'ev.ri.*h*weəʳ (US) -*h*wer
Evesham 'iːv.ʃᵊm *locally also:* 'iː.vɪ-
Evett 'ev.ɪt
Evian® 'ev.i.*ɒ̃ːŋ* (US) ,ev.i'ɑːn, 'ev.i.ən
evict ɪ'vɪkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
eviction ɪ'vɪk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
evidenc|e 'ev.ɪ.dᵊnts, '-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
evident 'ev.ɪ.dᵊnt, '-ə- **-ly** -li
evidential ,ev.ɪ'den.*t*ʃᵊl, -ə'- (US) -ʃᵊl **-ly** -i
evidentiary ,ev.ɪ'den.*t*ʃᵊr.i, -ə'- (US) -'den*t*.ʃɚ.i
evil 'iː.vᵊl, -vɪl (US) -vᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i **,evil 'eye 'evil ,eye**
evildoer 'iː.vᵊl,duː.əʳ, -vɪl,-; ,iː.vᵊl'duː-, -vɪl'- (US) 'iː.vᵊl,duː.ɚ, ,iː.vᵊl'duː- **-s** -z
evil-minded ,iː.vᵊl'maɪn.dɪd, -vɪl'-, 'iː.vᵊl,maɪn-; -vɪl,- (US) ,iː.vᵊl'maɪn-, 'iː.vᵊl,maɪn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
evinc|e ɪ'vɪn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ive** -ɪv
evincib|le ɪ'vɪn*t*.sə.b|ᵊl, -sɪ- **-ly** -li
evi|rate 'iː.vɪ|.reɪt, 'ev.ɪ- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪd
evisce|rate ɪ'vɪs.ə|.reɪt, iː- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪd
evisceration ɪ,vɪs.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, iː,vɪs-
Evita ev'iː.tə, ɪ'viː- (US) -tə, -t̬ə
evo|cate 'ev.əʊ|.keɪt, 'iː.vəʊ- (US) 'ev.ə-, 'iː.voʊ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
evocation ,ev.əʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ,iː.vəʊ'- (US) ,ev.ə'-, ,iː.voʊ'- **-s** -z
evocative ɪ'vɒk.ə.tɪv (US) -'vɑː.kə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
evok|e ɪ'vəʊk (US) -'voʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
evolute ,iː.və'luːt, ,ev.ə'-, -'ljuːt (US) ,ev.ə'luːt, ,iː.və'- **-s** -s
evolution ,iː.və'luː.ʃᵊn, ,ev.ə'-, -'ljuː- (US) ,ev.ə'luː.ʃᵊn, ,iː.və'- **-s** -z
evolutional ,iː.və'luː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, ,ev.ə'-, -'ljuː- (US) ,ev.ə'luː-, ,iː.və'-
evolutionary ,iː.və'luː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, ,ev.ə'-, -'ljuː-, -ri (US) ,ev.ə'luː.ʃᵊn.er-, ,iː.və'-
evolution|ism ,iː.və'luː.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm, ,ev.ə'-, -'ljuː- (US) ,ev.ə'luː-, ,iː.və'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
evolutive ɪ'vɒl.jə.tɪv, iː-, -jʊ- (US) ,ev.ə'luː.t̬ɪv, ,iː.və'-; iː'vɑːl.jə-
evolv|e ɪ'vɒlv (US) -'vɑːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
Évora 'ev.ə.rə (US) ev'ʊr.ə
Evo-stik® 'iː.vəʊ.stɪk (US) -voʊ-
evulsion ɪ'vʌl.ʃᵊn, iː- **-s** -z

an 'juː.ən
art 'juː.ət, juət (US) 'juː.ɚt
bank 'juː.bæŋk
e juː **-s** -z
ell 'juː.əl, juəl (US) 'juː.əl
en 'juː.ən, -ɪn; juən (US) 'juː.ən
er 'juː.əʳ, juəʳ (US) 'juː.ɚ **-s** -z
ing 'juː.ɪŋ
eks, ɪks, egz, ɪgz
e: Prefix. Takes either primary or econdary stress, e.g. **excellent** ek.sᵊl.ᵊnt/, **excitation** ek.sɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -saɪ'-/ or may be nstressed, e.g. **excel** /ɪk'sel/.
eks
cer|bate ɪg'zæs.ə|.beɪt, eg-; 'sæs-, ek- (US) ɪg'zæs.ɚ-, eg'- **-bates** eɪts **-bating** -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ **bated** -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd
cerbation ɪg,zæs.ə'beɪ.ʃᵊn, eg,-; ,sæs-, ek,- (US) ɪg,zæs.ɚ'-, eg'- **-s** -z
ct ɪg'zækt, eg'-; ɪk'sækt, ek'- ɪg'zækt, eg'- **-ly** -li, -'zæk.li, sæk.li (US) -'zæk.li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z -ɚ/z **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ction ɪg'zæk.ʃᵊn, eg'-; ɪk'sæk-, '- (US) ɪg'zæk-, eg'- **-s** -z
ctitude ɪg'zæk.tɪ.tjuːd, eg'-, ə-; ɪk'sæk-, ek'- (US) ɪg'zæk.tə.tuːd, '-, -tjuːd
ctly ɪg'zækt.li, eg'-; ɪk'sækt-, '- (US) ɪg'zækt-, eg'-
gger|ate ɪg'zædʒ.ᵊr|.eɪt, eg'-; 'sædʒ-, ek'- (US) ɪg'zædʒ.ə.r|eɪt, '- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated/ly** -eɪ.tɪd/li -eɪ.t̬ɪd/li **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
ggeration ɪg,zædʒ.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ,-; ɪk,sædʒ-, ek,- (US) ɪg,zædʒ-, eg,- -z
ggerative ɪg'zædʒ.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, eg'-; 'sædʒ-, ek'- (US) ɪg'zædʒ.ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, '-
l|t ɪg'zɔːl|t, eg'-, -'zɒl|t; ɪk'sɔːl|t, '-, -'sɒl|t (US) ɪg'zɔːl|t, eg-, -'zɑːl|t s -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted/ly** ɪd/li (US) -t̬ɪd/li **-tedness** -tɪd.nəs -t̬ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
ltation ,eg.zɔːl'teɪ.ʃᵊn, k.sɔːl'-, -sɒl'- (US) ,eg.zɔːl'-, -zɑːl'-; k.sɔːl'-, -sɑːl'- **-s** -z
m ɪg'zæm, eg'-; ɪk'sæm, ek'- ɪg'zæm, eg'- **-s** -z
men eg'zeɪ.men, ɪg'- **-s** -z
mination ɪg,zæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, eg,-; ,sæm-, ek,-, -ə'- (US) ɪg,zæm-, eg,- -z **ex,ami'nation ,paper**
min|e ɪg'zæm.ɪn, eg'-; ɪk'sæm-, '- (US) ɪg'zæm-, eg'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ d -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
minee ɪg,zæm.ɪ'niː, eg,-; ,sæm-, ek,-, -ə'- (US) ɪg,zæm-, eg,- -z
mpl|e ɪg'zɑːm.pᵊl, eg'-; ɪk'sɑːm-, '- (US) ɪg'zæm-, eg'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, plɪŋ **-ed** -d
rch 'ek.sɑːk (US) -sɑːrk **-s** -s **-ate/s** eɪt/s

exasper|ate ɪg'zæs.pᵊr|.eɪt, eg'-; ɪk'sæs-, ek'-, -'zɑː.spᵊr- (US) ɪg'zæs.pə.r|eɪt, eg'- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ated/ly** -eɪ.tɪd/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd/li
exasperation ɪg,zæs.pə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, eg,-; ɪk,sæs-, ek,-, -,zɑː.spə'- (US) ɪg'zæs.pə'-, eg-
Excalibur ek'skæl.ɪ.bəʳ, ɪk'-, '-ə- (US) -bɚ
ex cathedra ,eks.kə'θiː.drə, -'θed.rə, -rɑː (US) -kə'θiː.drə; -'kæθ.ɪ-
exca|vate 'ek.skə|.veɪt **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd **-vator/s** -veɪ.təʳ/z (US) -veɪ.t̬ɚ/z
excavation ,eks.kə'veɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
exceed ɪk'siːd, ek- **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd
exceeding ɪk'siː.dɪŋ, ek- **-ly** -li
excel ɪk'sel, ek- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
excellenc|e 'ek.sᵊl.ᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
excellenc|y (E) 'ek.sᵊl.ᵊnt.s|i **-ies** -iz
excellent 'ek.sᵊl.ᵊnt **-ly** -li
excelsior ek'sel.si.ɔːʳ, ɪk-, -əʳ (US) -ɔːr, -ɚ
except ɪk'sept, ek- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
exception ɪk'sep.ʃᵊn, ek- **-s** -z
exceptionab|le ɪk'sep.ʃᵊn.ə.b|ᵊl, ek- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
exceptional ɪk'sep.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, ek- **-ly** -i
excerpt (*n.*) 'ek.sɜːpt, 'eg.zɜːpt (US) 'ek.sɝːpt, 'eg.zɝːpt **-s** -s
excerpt (*v.*) ek'sɜːpt, ɪk'- (US) ek'sɝːpt, eg'zɝːpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
excerption ek'sɜːp.ʃᵊn, ɪk- (US) ek'sɝːp-, eg'zɝːp- **-s** -z
excess ɪk'ses, ek'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t *stress shift:* ,excess 'baggage
excessive ɪk'ses.ɪv, ek'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
exchang|e ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ, eks'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-eable** -ə.bᵊl **ex'change ,rate; Ex'change ,Rate ,Mechanism**
exchangeability ɪks,tʃeɪn.dʒə'bɪl.ə.ti, eks,-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
exchangee ,eks.tʃeɪn'dʒiː; ɪks,tʃeɪn'- **-s** -z
exchequer (E) ɪks'tʃek.əʳ, eks'- (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **,Chancellor of the Ex'chequer**
excisable ek'saɪ.zə.bᵊl, ɪk'- (US) ek'saɪ-, 'ek.saɪ-
excise (*n.*) *tax:* 'ek.saɪz; ek'saɪz, ɪk'- (US) 'ek.saɪz, -saɪs **-man** -mæn **-men** -men
excis|e (*v.*) *cut out:* ek'saɪz, ɪk- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
excision ek'sɪʒ.ᵊn, ɪk'- **-s** -z
excitability ɪk,saɪ.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, ek,-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
excitab|le ɪk'saɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, ek'- (US) -t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
excitant 'ek.sɪ.tᵊnt; ɪk'saɪ-, ek'- (US) ɪk'saɪ.tᵊnt **-s** -s
excitation ,ek.sɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə'-, -saɪ'- (US) ,ek.saɪ'- **-s** -z
excita|tive ek'saɪ.tə|.tɪv, ɪk'- (US) -t̬ə|.tɪv **-tory** -tᵊr.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
ex|cite ɪk|'saɪt, ek|'- **-cites** -'saɪts **-citing/ly** -'saɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -'saɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-cited** -'saɪ.tɪd (US) -'saɪ.t̬ɪd **-citer/s** -'saɪ.təʳ/z (US) -'saɪ.t̬ɚ/z
excitement ɪk'saɪt.mənt, ek'- **-s** -s
exclaim ɪks'kleɪm, eks'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
exclamation ,eks.klə'meɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **excla'mation ,mark; excla'mation ,point**
exclamatory eks'klæm.ə.tᵊr.i, ɪks'-, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
exclave 'eks.kleɪv **-s** -z
exclud|e ɪks'kluːd, eks'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
exclusion ɪks'kluː.ʒᵊn, eks'- **-s** -z
exclusionary ɪks'kluː.ʒᵊn.ᵊr.i, eks'- (US) -er-
exclusionist ɪks'kluː.ʒᵊn.ɪst, eks'- **-s** -s
exclusive ɪks'kluː.sɪv, eks'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
exclusiv|ism ɪks'kluː.sɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm, eks'-, -sə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
exclusivistic ɪks,kluː.sɪ'vɪs.tɪk, eks,-, -sə'-
exclusivity ,eks.kluː'sɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
excogi|tate ek'skɒdʒ.ɪ|.teɪt, ɪk'- (US) -'skɑː.dʒɪ- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
excogitation ,ek.skɒdʒ.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn; ɪk,skɒdʒ.ɪ'-, ek,- (US) ɪk,skɑː.dʒɪ'-, ek,- **-s** -z
excommuni|cate ,ek.skə'mjuː.nɪ|.keɪt, -nə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
excommunication ,ek.skə,mjuː.nɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -nə'- **-s** -z
excori|ate ek'skɔː.ri|.eɪt, ɪk'-, -'skɒr.i- (US) -'skɔːr.i- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
excoriation ek,skɔː.ri'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪk,-, -,skɒr.i'- (US) -,skɔːr.i'- **-s** -z
excrement 'ek.skrə.mənt, -skrɪ- **-s** -s
excremental ,ek.skrə'men.tᵊl, -skrɪ'- (US) -t̬ᵊl
excrescen|ce ɪk'skres.ᵊn|ts, ek'- **-ces** -*t*.sɪz **-t** -t
excreta ɪk'skriː.tə, ek'- (US) -t̬ə
ex|crete ɪk's|kriːt, ek'- **-cretes** -kriːts **-creting** -kriː.tɪŋ (US) -kriː.t̬ɪŋ **-creted** -kriː.tɪd (US) -kriː.t̬ɪd **-cretive** -kriː.tɪv (US) -kriː.t̬ɪv **-cretory** -kriː.tᵊr.i (US) -kriː.t̬ɚ.i
excretion ɪk'skriː.ʃᵊn, ek'- **-s** -z
excret|um ɪk'skriː.t|əm, ek'- (US) -t̬|əm **-a** -ə
excruci|ate ɪk'skruː.ʃi|.eɪt, ek'-, -si- (US) -ʃi- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
excruciation ɪk,skruː.ʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ek,-, -si'- (US) -ʃi'-
excul|pate 'ek.skʌl|.peɪt; ɪk'skʌl-, ek'- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ

US -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd US -peɪ.t̬ɪd
exculpation ˌek.skʌlˈpeɪ.ʃᵊn
exculpatory ekˈskʌl.pə.tᵊr.i, -tri US -tɔːr.i
excurs|e ɪkˈskɜːs, ekˈ- US -ˈskɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
excursion ɪkˈskɜː.ʃᵊn, ekˈ-, -ʒᵊn US -ˈskɝː.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
excursionist ɪkˈskɜː.ʃᵊn.ɪst, ekˈ-, -ʒᵊn- US -ˈskɝː.ʒᵊn- **-s** -s
excursioniz|e, -is|e ɪkˈskɜː.ʃᵊn.aɪz, ekˈ-, -ʒᵊn- US -ˈskɝː.ʒᵊn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
excursive ɪkˈskɜː.sɪv, ekˈ- US -ˈskɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
excursus ekˈskɜː.səs, ɪkˈ- US -ˈskɝː- **-es** -ɪz
excusab|le ɪkˈskjuː.zə.b|ᵊl, ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
excusatory ɪkˈskjuː.zə.tᵊr.i, ekˈ-, -tri US -tɔːr.i
excus|e (*n.*) ɪkˈskjuːs, ekˈ- **-es** -ɪz
excus|e (*v.*) ɪkˈskjuːz, ekˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ex delicto ˌeks.delˈɪk.təʊ US -diːˈlɪk.toʊ, -dɪˈ-
ex-directory ˌeks.dəˈrek.tᵊr.i, -dɪˈ-, -daɪˈ-, ˈ-tri
Exe eks
exeat ˈek.si.æt, -seɪ- **-s** -s
exec ɪgˈzek, eg-, ɪkˈsek, ek- US ɪgˈzek, əg- **-s** -s
execrab|le ˈek.sɪ.krə.b|ᵊl, -sə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
exe|crate ˈek.sɪ|.kreɪt, -sə- **-crates** -kreɪts **-crating** -kreɪ.tɪŋ US -kreɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-crated** -kreɪ.tɪd US -kreɪ.t̬ɪd
execration ˌek.sɪˈkreɪ.ʃᵊn, -səˈ- **-s** -z
execra|tive ˈek.sɪ.kreɪ|.tɪv, -sə- US -t̬ɪv **-tively** -tɪv.li US -t̬ɪv.li **-tory** -tᵊr.i, -tri US -tɔːr.i
executant ɪgˈzek.jə.tᵊnt, eg-, -jʊ-; ɪkˈsek-, ek- US ɪgˈzek.jə-, eg- **-s** -s
exe|cute ˈek.sɪ|.kjuːt, -sə- **-cutes** -kjuːts **-cuting** -kjuː.tɪŋ US -kjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-cuted** -kjuː.tɪd US -kjuː.t̬ɪd **-cuter/s** -kjuː.tər/z US -kjuː.t̬ɚ/z **-cutable** -kjuː.tə.bᵊl US -kjuː.t̬ə.bᵊl
execution ˌek.sɪˈkjuː.ʃᵊn, -səˈ- **-s** -z
executioner ˌek.sɪˈkjuː.ʃᵊn.əʳ, -səˈ- US -ɚ **-s** -z
executive ɪgˈzek.jə.tɪv, eg-, -jʊ-; ɪkˈsek-, ek- US ɪgˈzek.jə.t̬ɪv, eg- **-s** -z **-ly** -li **exˌecutive ˈprivilege**
executor ɪgˈzek.jə.təʳ, eg-, -jʊ-; ɪkˈsek-, ek- US ɪgˈzek.jə.t̬ɚ, eg- **-s** -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
executory ɪgˈzek.jə.tᵊr.i, eg-, -jʊ-, -tri, ɪkˈsek-, ek- US ɪgˈzek.jə.tɔːr.i, eg-
executr|ix ɪgˈzek.jə.tr|ɪks, eg-, -jʊ-; ɪkˈsek-, ek- US ɪgˈzek.jə-, eg- **-ixes** -ɪk.sɪz **executrices** ɪgˌzek.jəˈtraɪ.siːz, eg-, -jʊ-; ɪkˌsek-, ek- US ɪgˌzek.jəˈ-, eg-
exeges|is ˌek.sɪˈdʒiː.s|ɪs, -səˈ- **-es** -iːz
exegetic ˌek.sɪˈdʒet.ɪk, -səˈ-, -ˈdʒiː.tɪk US -ˈdʒet̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
exemplar ɪgˈzem.pləʳ, eg-; ɪkˈsem-, ek-, -plɑːʳ US ɪgˈzem.plɚ, eg-, -plɑːr **-s** -z
exemplarity ˌeg.zemˈplær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ˈpler-, -ˈplær-, -ə.t̬i
exemplar|y ɪgˈzem.plᵊr|.i, eg-; ɪkˈsem-, ek- US ɪgˈzem-, eg- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
exemplification ɪgˌzem.plɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, eg-, -plə-; ɪkˌsem-, ek- US ɪgˌzem.plə-, eg- **-s** -z
exempli|fy ɪgˈzem.plɪ|.faɪ, eg-, -plə-; ɪkˈsem-, ek- US ɪgˈzem-, eg- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
exemplum ɪgˈzem.pləm, egˈ-; ɪkˈsem-, ekˈ-
exempt ɪgˈzempt, egˈ-; ɪkˈsempt, ekˈ- US ɪgˈzempt, egˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
exemption ɪgˈzemp.ʃᵊn, egˈ-; ɪkˈsemp-, ekˈ- US ɪgˈzemp-, egˈ **-s** -z
exequatur ˌek.sɪˈkweɪ.təʳ, -səˈ- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
exequies ˈek.sɪ.kwɪz, -sə- US -kwiːz
exercis|e ˈek.sə.saɪz US -sɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **ˈexercise ˌbook**
exercitation egˌzɜː.sɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪgˌ- US -ˌzɝː-
exergue ekˈsɜːg, ˈ-- US ˈek.sɝːg, ˈeg.zɝːg **-s** -z
exer|t ɪgˈzɜː|t, eg-; ɪkˈsɜː|t, ek- US ɪgˈzɝː|t, eg- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd **-tive** -tɪv US -t̬ɪv
exertion ɪgˈzɜː.ʃᵊn, eg-; ɪkˈsɜː-, ek- US ɪgˈzɝː-, eg- **-s** -z
Exeter ˈek.sɪ.təʳ, -sə- US -t̬ɚ
exeunt ˈek.si.ʌnt, -seɪ-, -ʊnt, -si.ənt US -si.ʌnt, -ənt
exfoliant eksˈfəʊ.li.ᵊnt US -ˈfoʊ- **-s** -s
exfoli|ate eksˈfəʊ.li|.eɪt US -ˈfoʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator** -eɪ.təʳ US -eɪ.t̬ɚ
exfoliation eksˌfəʊ.liˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌeks.fəʊ- US eksˌfoʊ- **-s** -z
ex gratia eksˈgreɪ.ʃə, -ʃi.ə
exhalant, exhalent eksˈheɪ.lənt, ɪks-; egˈzeɪ- US eksˈheɪ-
exhalation ˌeks.*h*əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
exhal|e eksˈheɪl, ɪks-; egˈzeɪl US eksˈheɪl, ˈ-- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
exhaust ɪgˈzɔːst, egˈ-; ɪkˈsɔːst, ekˈ- US ɪgˈzɑːst, egˈ-, -ˈzɔːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-ible** -ə.bᵊl, -ɪ.bᵊl **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **exˈhaust ˌpipe**
exhaustion ɪgˈzɔːs.tʃᵊn, eg-; ɪkˈsɔː-, ek- US ɪgˈzɑː-, eg-, -ˈzɔː-
exhaustive ɪgˈzɔː.stɪv, eg-; ɪkˈsɔː-, ek- US ɪgˈzɑː-, eg-, -ˈzɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
exhibit (*n.*) ɪgˈzɪb.ɪt, eg-; ɪkˈsɪb-, ek-; ˈeg.zɪb-, ˈek.sɪb- US ɪgˈzɪb-, eg- **-s** -s
exhib|it (*v.*) ɪgˈzɪb|.ɪt, eg-; ɪkˈsɪb-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪb-, eg- **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.t̬ɪd **-itor/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z US -ɪ.t̬ɚ/z **-itive** -ɪ.tɪv US -ɪ.t̬ɪv **-itory** -ɪ.tᵊr.i, -ɪ.tri US -ɪ.tɔːr.i
exhibition ˌek.sɪˈbɪʃ.ᵊn, -səˈ- **-s** -z
exhibitioner ˌek.sɪˈbɪʃ.ᵊn.əʳ, -səˈ- US -ɚ **-s** -z
exhibitionism ˌek.sɪˈbɪʃ.ᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm, -səˈ-
exhibitionist ˌek.sɪˈbɪʃ.ᵊn.ɪst, -səˈ- **-s** -s
exhibitionistic ˌek.sɪ.bɪ.ʃᵊnˈɪs.tɪk, -sə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
exhilarant ɪgˈzɪl.ᵊr.ᵊnt, eg-; ɪkˈsɪl-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪl-, eg- **-s** -s
exhilar|ate ɪgˈzɪl.ᵊr|.eɪt, eg-; ɪkˈsɪl-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪl-, eg- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
exhilaration ɪgˌzɪl.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, eg-; ɪkˌsɪl-, ek- US ɪgˌzɪl-, eg-
exhilarative ɪgˈzɪl.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, eg-, -eɪ-; ɪkˈsɪl-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪl.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, eg-
exhor|t ɪgˈzɔː|t, eg-; ɪkˈsɔː|t, ek- US ɪgˈzɔːr|t, eg- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
exhortation ˌeg.zɔːˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌek.sɔːˈ- US ˌeg.zɔːrˈ-, -zɚˈ-; ˌek.sɔːrˈ-, -sɚˈ- **-s** -z
exhorta|tive ɪgˈzɔː.tə|.tɪv, eg-; ɪkˈsɔː-, ek- US ɪgˈzɔːr.t̬ə|.t̬ɪv, eg- **-tory** -tᵊr.i, -tri US -tɔːr.i
exhumation ˌeks.*h*juːˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn US ˌeks.*h*juːˈ-, ˌeg.zjuːˈ- **-s** -z
exhum|e eksˈ*h*juːm, ɪksˈ-; ɪgˈzjuːm, egˈ- US egˈzuːm, ɪgˈ-, -ˈzjuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
exigen|ce ˈek.sɪ.dʒən*t*|s, -sə-; ˈeg.zɪ-, -zə- **-ces** -sɪz
exigenc|y ˈek.sɪ.dʒən*t*.s|i, -sə-; ˈeg.zɪ-, -zə-; ɪgˈzɪdʒ.ən*t*-, eg-; ɪkˈsɪdʒ-, ek- **-ies** -iz
exigent ˈek.sɪ.dʒənt, -sə-; ˈeg.zɪ-, -zə- **-ly** -li
exiguity ˌek.sɪˈgjuː.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌek.sɪˈgjuː.ə.t̬i, ˌeg.zɪˈ-
exiguous egˈzɪg.ju.əs, ɪg-; ekˈsɪg-, ɪk- US egˈzɪg-, ɪg- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
exil|e ˈek.saɪl, ˈeg.zaɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
exility egˈzɪl.ə.ti, ekˈsɪl-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
exist ɪgˈzɪst, eg-; ɪkˈsɪst, ek- US ɪgˈzɪst, eg- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
existen|ce ɪgˈzɪs.tᵊn|*t*s, eg-; ɪkˈsɪs-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪs-, eg- **-ces** -*t*.sɪz
existent ɪgˈzɪs.tᵊnt, eg-; ɪkˈsɪs-, ek- US ɪgˈzɪs-, eg-
existential ˌeg.zɪˈsten.*t*ʃᵊl, -zəˈ-; ˌek.sɪˈ-, -səˈ-
existential|ism ˌeg.zɪˈsten.*t*ʃᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -zəˈ-; ˌek.sɪˈ-, -səˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
exit ˈek.sɪt, ˈeg.zɪt **-s** -s **ˈexit ˌpoll** **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
ex libris ˌeksˈlɪb.riːs, -rɪs, -ˈlaɪ.brɪs US -ˈliː.brɪs
Exmoor ˈek.smɔːʳ, -smʊəʳ US -smʊr
Exmouth *in Devon:* ˈek.smaʊθ, -sməθ *in Australia:* ˈek.smaʊθ
exo- ek.səʊ; ɪkˈsɒ, ek- US ek.soʊ; ɪkˈsɑː, ek-

-: Prefix. Either carries primary
secondary stress on the first
llable, e.g. **exocrine**
k.səʊ.kraɪn (US) -sə.krən/,
ocentric /ˌek.səʊ'sen.trɪk
-soʊ'-/, or primary stress on the
cond syllable, e.g. **exogamy**
'sɒg.ə.mi (US) -'sɑː.gə-/.
centric ˌek.səʊ'sen.trɪk (US) -soʊ'-
lly -ᵊ.li, -li
cet 'ek.səʊ.set (US) -soʊ- **-s** -s
crine 'ek.səʊ.kraɪn, -krɪn
'ek.sə.krən, -soʊ-, -kraɪn, -kriːn
de 'ek.səʊd (US) -soʊd **-s** -z
dus (E) 'ek.sə.dəs **-es** -ɪz
fficio ˌeks.ə'fɪʃ.i.əʊ, -ɒf'ɪʃ-, -'ɪs-
-ə'fɪʃ.i.oʊ, -'fɪs-
gam|y ek'sɒg.ə.m|i (US) -'sɑː.gə-
us -əs
genous ɪk'sɒdʒ.ə.nəs, ek-,
nəs (US) -'sɑː.dʒə-
n 'ek.sɒn (US) -sɑːn **-s** -z
ner|ate ɪg'zɒn.ᵊr|.eɪt, eg-;
'sɒn-, ek- (US) ɪg'zɑː.nə.r|eɪt, eg-
tes -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ
ted -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
neration ɪgˌzɒn.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, eg-;
ˌsɒn-, ek- (US) ɪgˌzɑː.nə'-, eg-
nerative ɪg'zɒn.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, eg-,
-; ɪk'sɒn-, ek-, -eɪ.tɪv
ɪg'zɑː.nə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, eg-
phora ek'sɒf.ᵊr.ə (US) -'sɑː.fɚ-
phoric ˌek.səʊ'fɒr.ɪk (US) -sə'fɔːr-
rbitan|ce ɪg'zɔː.bɪ.tᵊnt|s, eg-,
ə-; ɪk'sɔː-, ek- (US) ɪg'zɔːr.bə.t̬ᵊnt|s,
-cy -si
rbitant ɪg'zɔː.bɪ.tᵊnt, eg-, -bə-;
'sɔː-, ek- (US) ɪg'zɔːr.bə.t̬ᵊnt, eg-
-li
rc|ism 'ek.sɔː.s|ɪ.zᵊm, -sə-;
.zɔː-, -zə- (US) 'ek.sɔːr-, -sɚ-
st/s -ɪst/s
rciz|e, -is|e 'ek.sɔː.saɪz, -sə-;
.zɔː-, -zə- (US) 'ek.sɔːr-, -sɚ-
s -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rdi|um ek'sɔː.di|.əm; eg'zɔː-
eg'zɔːr.di-, ɪg-; ek'sɔːr-, ɪk-
ms -əmz **-a** -ə
skelet|on ˌek.səʊ'skel.ɪ.t|ᵊn,
-, 'ek.səʊˌskel- (US) ˌek.soʊ'skel.ə-
ns -ənz **-al** -ᵊl
teric ˌek.səʊ'ter.ɪk (US) -sə'-,
oʊ'- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tic ɪg'zɒt.ɪk, eg-; ɪk'sɒt-, ek-
ɪg'zɑː.t̬ɪk, eg- **-s** -s **-a** -ə **-ally**
.i, -li
ticism ɪg'zɒt.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, eg-, '-ə-;
'sɒt-, ek-, ək- (US) ɪg'zɑː.t̬ə-, eg-
and ɪk'spænd, ek- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
d -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able**
.bᵊl
ans|e ɪk'spænts, ek- **-es** -ɪz
ansibility ɪkˌspænt.sə'bɪl.ə.ti,
-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
ansib|le ɪk'spænt.sə.b|ᵊl, ek-,
- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
ansile ɪk'spænt.saɪl, ek- (US) -sɪl
ansion ɪk'spæn.tʃᵊn, ek- **-s** -z
ansion|ism ɪk'spæn.tʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm,
-, ək- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

expansive ɪk'spænt.sɪv, ek- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ex parte ˌeks'pɑː.teɪ, -ti (US) -'pɑːr.ti
expat ˌek'spæt **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌexpat com'munity
expati|ate ek'speɪ.ʃi|.eɪt, ɪk- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
expatiation ekˌspeɪ.ʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪk- **-s** -z
expatia|tive ek'speɪ.ʃi.ə|.tɪv, ɪk-, -tɪv (US) -eɪ|.t̬ɪv **-tory** -tᵊr.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
expatriate (*n, adj.*) ɪk'spæt.ri.ət, ek'-, -'speɪ.tri-, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) ek'speɪt, ɪk'- **-s** -s
expatri|ate (*v.*) ɪk'spæt.ri|.eɪt, ek'-, -'speɪ.tri- (US) ek'speɪt, ɪk'- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
expatriation ekˌspæt.ri'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪk-, -ˌspeɪ.tri'-, ˌek.speɪ-, ˌek.spæt.ri'- (US) ekˌspeɪ.tri'eɪ-, ɪk-
expect ɪk'spekt, ek- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
expectan|cy ɪk'spek.tᵊnt|si, ek- **-ce** -s **-cies** -siz
expectant ɪk'spek.tᵊnt, ek- **-ly** -li
expectation ˌek.spek'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
expectorant ɪk'spek.tᵊr.ᵊnt, ek- **-s** -s
expector|ate ɪk'spek.tᵊr|.eɪt, ek- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
expectoration ɪkˌspek.tᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ek-
Expedia ɪk'spiː.di.ə, ek-
expedien|cy ɪk'spiː.di.ənt|si, ek- **-ce** -s
expedient ɪk'spiː.di.ənt, ek- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
expe|dite 'ek.spɪ|.daɪt, -spə- **-dites** -daɪts **-diting** -daɪ.tɪŋ (US) -daɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dited** -daɪ.tɪd (US) -daɪ.t̬ɪd
expediter 'ek.spɪ.daɪ.təʳ, -spə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
expedition ˌek.spɪ'dɪʃ.ᵊn, -spə'- **-s** -z
expeditionary ˌek.spɪ'dɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊr.i, -spɪ'-, -ri (US) -er-
expeditious ˌek.spɪ'dɪʃ.əs, -spə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
expeditor 'ek.spɪ.daɪ.təʳ, -spə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
expel ɪk'spel, ek- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-lable** -ə.bᵊl
expend ɪk'spend, ek- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
expendable ɪk'spen.də.bᵊl, ek- **-s** -z
expenditure ɪk'spen.dɪ.tʃəʳ, ek-, -də- (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
expens|e ɪk'spents, ek- **-es** -ɪz ex'pense acˌcount
expensive ɪk'spent.sɪv, ek- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
experienc|e ɪk'spɪə.ri.ənts, ek- (US) -'spɪr.i- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
experiential ɪkˌspɪə.ri'en.tʃᵊl, ek- (US) -ˌspɪr.i'- **-ly** -li
experiment (n.) ɪk'sper.ɪ.mənt, ek-, '-ə- **-s** -s
experiment (v.) ɪk'sper.ɪ.ment, ek-, '-ə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
experimental ɪkˌsper.ɪ'men.tᵊl, ek-, -ə'-; ˌek.sper- (US) ekˌsper-, ɪk- **-ly** -i
experimental|ism ɪkˌsper.ɪ'ment.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, ek-, -ə'-; ˌek.sper-, -ə'men- (US) ekˌsper-, ɪk- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
experimentaliz|e, -is|e ɪkˌsper.ɪ'men.tᵊl.aɪz, ek-, -ə'-; ˌek.sper- (US) ekˌsper.ɪ'men.t̬ᵊ.laɪz, ɪk- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
experimentation ɪkˌsper.ɪ.men'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ek-, ˌ-ə- **-s** -z
expert 'ek.spɜːt (US) -spɝːt **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
expertise ˌek.spɜː'tiːz, -spə'tiːz (US) -spɝː'-, -spɚ'-
expiable 'ek.spi.ə.bᵊl
expi|ate 'ek.spi|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
expiation ˌek.spi'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
expiatory 'ek.spi.ə.tᵊr.i, -eɪ-, -tri; ˌek.spi'eɪ- (US) 'ek.spi.ə.tɔːr.i
expiration ˌek.spɪ'reɪ.ʃᵊn, -spə'-, -spaɪə'- (US) -spə'- **-s** -z
expiratory ɪk'spɪr.ə.tᵊr.i, ek-, -'spaɪə.rə-, -tri (US) -'spaɪ.rə.tɔːr.i
expir|e ɪk'spaɪəʳ, ek'- (US) -'spaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
expiry ɪk'spaɪə.ri, ek- (US) -'spaɪ-; 'ek.spɚ.i ex'piry ˌdate
explain ɪk'spleɪn, ek'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
explanation ˌek.splə'neɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
explanator|y ɪk'splæn.ə.tᵊr|.i, ek'-, '-ɪ-, -tr|i (US) -ə.tɔːr|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
expletive ɪk'spliː.tɪv, ek'- (US) 'ek.splə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
expletory ɪk'spliː.tᵊr.i, ek'-, '-tri (US) -t̬ɚ.i
explicab|le ɪk'splɪk.ə.b|ᵊl, ek-; 'ek.splɪ.kə- **-ly** -li
expli|cate 'ek.splɪ|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
explication ˌek.splɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
explicative ek'splɪk.ə.tɪv, ɪk-; 'ek.splɪ.keɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
explicatory ek'splɪk.ə.tᵊr.i, ɪk-, -tri; 'ek.splɪ.keɪ-, ˌek.splɪ'keɪ- (US) 'ek.splɪ.kə.tɔːr.i; ɪk'splɪk.ə-, ek-
explicit ɪk'splɪs.ɪt, ek- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
explod|e ɪk'spləʊd, ek- (US) -'sploʊd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
exploit (*n.*) 'ek.splɔɪt **-s** -s
exploi|t (*v.*) ɪk'splɔɪ|t, ek- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z
exploitation ˌek.splɔɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn
exploitative ɪk'splɔɪ.tə.tɪv, ek- (US) -t̬ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
exploitive ɪk'splɔɪ.tɪv, ek- (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
exploration ˌek.splə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, -splɔː'-

eyebath 'aɪ.bɑːθ (US) -bæθ **-s** -s
eyebright 'aɪ.braɪt
eyebrow 'aɪ.braʊ **-s** -z **'eyebrow ˌpencil**
eye-catching 'aɪˌkætʃ.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
eyeful 'aɪ.fʊl **-s** -z
eyeglass 'aɪ.glɑːs (US) -glæs **-es** -ɪz
eyelash 'aɪ.læʃ **-es** -ɪz
eyelet 'aɪ.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
eyelid 'aɪ.lɪd **-s** -z
eyeliner 'aɪˌlaɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
Eyemouth 'aɪ.maʊθ
eye-open|er 'aɪˌəʊ.pᵊn|.əʳ, -ˌəʊp.n|əʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.pᵊn|.ɚ **-ers** -əz, -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
eyepatch 'aɪ.pætʃ **-es** -ɪz
eyepiec|e 'aɪ.piːs **-es** -ɪz
eyeshade 'aɪ.ʃeɪd **-s** -z
eyeshot 'aɪ.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt
eyesight 'aɪ.saɪt
eyesore 'aɪ.sɔːʳ (US) -sɔːr **-s** -z
eyestrain 'aɪ.streɪn
Eyetie 'aɪ.taɪ **-s** -z
eye|tooth 'aɪ|.tuːθ **-teeth** -tiːθ
eyewash 'aɪ.wɒʃ (US) -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ
eyewitness 'aɪ.wɪt.nɪs, -nəs, -'-- **-es** -ɪz
Eynon 'aɪ.nən (US) -nɑːn
Eynsford 'eɪnz.fəd, 'eɪnts- (US) -fɚd
Eynsham *in Oxfordshire:* 'eɪn.ʃᵊm *locally:* 'en.ʃᵊm
eyot eɪt, eɪət, aɪt **-s** -s
Note: The local pronunciation in the Thames valley is /eɪt/.
Eyre, eyre eəʳ (US) er
eyr|ie, eyr|y 'aɪə.r|i, 'ɪə-, 'eə- (US) 'er.i, 'ɪr- **-ies** -iz
Eysenck 'aɪ.zeŋk
Eyton *in Shropshire:* 'aɪ.tᵊn *in Hereford and Worcester:* 'eɪ.tᵊn *surname:* 'aɪ.tᵊn, 'iː-
Ezekiel ɪ'ziː.ki.əl, ez'iː-
Ezra 'ez.rə

Pronouncing the letter F

The consonant letter f is most often realised as /f/, and is given as a double consonant ff at the ends of many words, e.g.:

fit /fɪt/
cuff /kʌf/

However, in one of the most common words containing f it is pronounced /v/:

of /ɒv, əv/ (US) /ɑːv, əv/

(F) ef -'s -s
a fɑː *stress shift:* ˌFA 'cup
A ˌef'eɪ ˌsweet ˌF'A
ab fæb
aber *English name:* 'feɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ *German name:* 'fɑː.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
abergé 'fæb.ə.ʒeɪ, -dʒeɪ (US) ˌfæb.ɚ'ʒeɪ
abian 'feɪ.bi.ən -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm 'Fabian Soˌciety
abius 'feɪ.bi.əs
able 'feɪ.bᵊl -s -z -d -d
abliau 'fæb.li.əʊ (US) -oʊ -x -z
ablon® 'fæb.lɒn (US) -lɑːn
abric 'fæb.rɪk -s -s 'fabric ˌsoftener
abri|cate 'fæb.rɪ|.keɪt -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
abrication ˌfæb.rɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə'- -s -z
abricius fə'brɪʃ.i.əs, -ʃəs
abulist 'fæb.jə.lɪst, -jʊ- (US) -jə- -s -s
abulous 'fæb.jə.ləs, -jʊ- (US) -jə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
abyan 'feɪ.bi.ən
acade, façade fə'sɑːd, fæs'ɑːd (US) fə'sɑːd -s -z
ac|e *(n, v.)* feɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'face ˌpack; ˌface 'value; ˌcut off one's ˌnose to ˌspite one's 'face; put a ˌbrave 'face on; ˌfly in the 'face of; ˌlaugh on the other ˌside of one's 'face
ace|cloth 'feɪs|.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ -cloths -klɒθs, -klɒðz (US) -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
aceless 'feɪs.ləs, -lɪs -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ace-lift 'feɪs.lɪft -s -s
acemask 'feɪs.mɑːsk (US) -mæsk -s -s
ace-off 'feɪs.ɒf (US) -ɑːf -s -s
aceplate 'feɪs.pleɪt -s -s
acer 'feɪ.səʳ (US) -sɚ -s -z
ace-sav|er 'feɪsˌseɪ|.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -ers -z -ing -ɪŋ
ac|et 'fæs|.ɪt, -ət, -et (US) -ɪt -ets -ɪts -et(t)ed -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
acetiae fə'siː.ʃi.iː, -ʃiː (US) -ʃi.iː
acetious fə'siː.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ace-to-face ˌfeɪs.tə'feɪs (US) -t̬ə- *stress shift:* ˌface-to-face 'talk
acia 'feɪ.ʃə (US) -ʃi.ə, -ʃə -s -z
acial 'feɪ.ʃᵊl -ly -i -s -z
acies 'feɪ.ʃi.iːz, -ʃiːz
acile 'fæs.aɪl (US) -ɪl, -əl -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

facili|tate fə'sɪl.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd -tator/s -teɪ.təʳ/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z
facilitation fəˌsɪl.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
facilit|y fə'sɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
facing 'feɪ.sɪŋ -s -z
facsimile fæk'sɪm.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -s -z
fact fækt -s -s ˌfact of 'life
fact-find|ing 'fæktˌfaɪn.d|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
faction 'fæk.ʃᵊn -s -z
factional 'fæk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl
factional|ism 'fæk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
factionalization, -isa- ˌfæk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
factionaliz|e, -is|e 'fæk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
factious 'fæk.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
factitious fæk'tɪʃ.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
factitive 'fæk.tɪ.tɪv, -tə.tɪv (US) -tə.t̬ɪv
factive 'fæk.tɪv
factivity fæk'tɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
factoid 'fæk.tɔɪd -s -z
fact|or 'fæk.t|əʳ (US) -t|ɚ -ors -əz (US) -ɚz -oring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ored -ᵊrd -orage -ᵊr.ɪdʒ ˌFactor '5
factorial fæk'tɔː.ri.əl (US) -'tɔːr.i-
factorization, -isa- ˌfæk.tᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
factoriz|e, -is|e 'fæk.tᵊr.aɪz (US) -tə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
factor|y 'fæk.tᵊr|.i, '-tr|i -ies -iz 'factory ˌfarming, ˌfactory 'farming; ˌfactory 'floor
factory-farmed ˌfæk.tᵊr.i'fɑːmd (US) -fɑːrmd *stress shift:* ˌfactory-farmed 'food
factotum fæk'təʊ.təm (US) -'toʊ.t̬əm -s -z
factsheet 'fækt.ʃiːt -s -s
factual 'fæk.tʃʊəl, -tjʊəl (US) -tʃuː.əl -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
factum 'fæk.təm
factum probandum ˌfæk.təm.prəʊ'bæn.dəm (US) -proʊ'bɑːn-
facul|a 'fæk.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- (US) -jə-, -juː- -ae -iː
facultative 'fæk.ᵊl.tə.tɪv, -teɪ- (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪv -ly -li
facult|y 'fæk.ᵊl.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ies -iz

fad fæd -s -z
faddish 'fæd.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fadd|ism 'fæd|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
fadd|y 'fæd|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fad|e feɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
fadeout 'feɪd.aʊt -s -s
fado 'fɑː.duː (US) 'fɑː.ðuː, -ðoʊ, -doʊ -s -z
faecal 'fiː.kᵊl
faeces 'fiː.siːz
Faed feɪd
faerie, faery (F) 'feə.ri, 'feɪ.ᵊr.i (US) 'fer.i
Faeroe 'feə.rəʊ (US) 'fer.oʊ -s -z
Faeroese ˌfeə.rəʊ'iːz (US) ˌfer.oʊ'-
faff fæf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Fafner 'fɑːf.nəʳ, 'fæf- (US) -nɚ
Fafnir 'fæf.nɪəʳ, 'fæv- (US) -nɪr
fag fæg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d 'fag ˌend, ˌfag 'end; 'fag ˌhag
Fagan 'feɪ.gən
Fagg(e) fæg
faggot 'fæg.ət -s -s
Fagin 'feɪ.gɪn
fagot 'fæg.ət -s -s
fah fɑː
Fahd fɑːd
Fahey, Fahie 'feɪ.i; feɪ
Fahrenheit 'fær.ᵊn.haɪt, 'fɑː.rᵊn- (US) 'fer.ᵊn-, 'fær-
Fahy 'fɑː.i, -hi; feɪ (US) 'feɪ.i; feɪ
faience, faïence faɪ'ɑ̃ːns, feɪ-, -ɑːnts (US) faɪ'ɑːnts, feɪ'-; 'faɪ.ənts
fail feɪl -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
faille feɪəl (US) faɪl, feɪl
failsafe 'feɪl.seɪf, -'- (US) '--
Failsworth 'feɪlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
failure 'feɪ.ljəʳ (US) 'feɪl.jɚ -s -z
fain feɪn
Fainall 'feɪ.nɔːl (US) -nɔːl, -nɑːl
faint feɪnt -er -əʳ (US) 'feɪn.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst (US) 'feɪn.t̬ɪst, 'feɪn.t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'feɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'feɪn.t̬ɪd
fainthearted ˌfeɪnt'hɑː.tɪd (US) -'hɑːr.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌfainthearted 'hero
Fainwell 'feɪn.wel, -wəl
fair (F) feəʳ (US) fer -s -z -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌfair 'do's; ˌfair 'dinkum; ˌfair 'game; 'Fair ˌIsle; ˌfair 'play; ˌfair's 'fair;

ˌfair and ˈsquare
Fairbairn ˈfeə.beən (US) ˈfer.bern -s -z
Fairbank ˈfeə.bæŋk (US) ˈfer- -s -s
Fairbeard ˈfeə.bɪəd (US) ˈfer.bɪrd
Fairbrother ˈfeəˌbrʌð.əʳ (US) ˈferˌbrʌð.ɚ
Fairburn ˈfeə.bɜːn (US) ˈfer.bɝːn
Fairbury ˈfeə.bᵊr.i (US) ˈferˌber-, -bɚ-
Fairchild ˈfeə.tʃaɪld (US) ˈfer-
Fairclough ˈfeə.klʌf, -kləʊ (US) ˈfer.klʌf
fairfaced ˌfeəˈfeɪst (US) ˌfer- *stress shift:* ˌfairfaced ˈchild
Fairfax ˈfeə.fæks (US) ˈfer-
Fairfield ˈfeə.fiːld (US) ˈfer-
Fairford ˈfeə.fəd (US) ˈfer.fɚd
Fairgrieve ˈfeə.griːv (US) ˈfer-
fairground ˈfeə.graʊnd (US) ˈfer- -s -z
fair-haired ˌfeəˈheəd (US) ˌferˈherd *stress shift:* ˌfair-haired ˈchild
Fairhaven ˈfeəˌheɪ.vᵊn (US) ˈfer-
Fairholme ˈfeə.həʊm (US) ˈfer.hoʊm, -hoʊlm
Fairholt ˈfeə.həʊlt (US) ˈfer.hoʊlt
fairish ˈfeə.rɪʃ (US) ˈfer.ɪʃ
fairisle ˈfeə.raɪl (US) ˈfer-
Fairleigh ˈfeə.li, -liː (US) ˈfer-
Fairlight ˈfeə.laɪt (US) ˈfer-
fairly ˈfeə.li (US) ˈfer-
Fairman ˈfeə.mən (US) ˈfer-
fair-minded ˌfeəˈmaɪn.dɪd (US) ˌfer- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌfair-minded ˈjudge
Fairmont ˈfeə.mɒnt, -mənt (US) ˈfer.mɑːnt
Fairmount ˈfeə.maʊnt (US) ˈfer-
Fairport ˈfeə.pɔːt (US) ˈfer.pɔːrt
Fairscribe ˈfeə.skraɪb (US) ˈfer-
Fairview ˈfeə.vjuː (US) ˈfer-
fairway ˈfeə.weɪ (US) ˈfer- -s -z
Fairweather ˈfeəˌweð.əʳ (US) ˈferˌweð.ɚ
fair-weather ˈfeəˌweð.əʳ (US) ˈferˌweð.ɚ
fair|y ˈfeə.r|i (US) ˈfer|.i **-ies** -iz ˌ**fairy ˈgodmother; ˈfairy ˌlight; ˌfairy ˈring** (US) **ˈfairy ˌring; ˈfairy ˌstory; ˈfairy ˌtale**
fairyland ˈfeə.ri.lænd (US) ˈfer.i-
fairylike ˈfeə.ri.laɪk (US) ˈfer.i-
Faisal ˈfaɪ.sᵊl
Faisalabad ˈfaɪ.sᵊl.ə.bæd, -zᵊl- (US) ˌfaɪ.sɑː.ləˈbɑːd, -sæl.əˈbæd
fait accompli ˌfeɪt.əˈkɒm.pliː, ˌfet-, -ˈkʌm- *as if French:* -kɔ̃ːmˈpliː (US) ˌfeɪt.ə.kɑːmˈpliː, ˌfet- **faits accomplis** ˌfeɪz-, ˌfeɪts-, ˌfeɪt-, ˌfez-, -pliːz (US) ˌfeɪt.ə.kɑːmˈpliː, ˌfet-, -ˈpliːz
faith (F) feɪθ -s -s ˈ**faith ˌhealer**
faith-based ˈfeɪθ.beɪst
faithful (F) ˈfeɪθ.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Faithfull ˈfeɪθ.fᵊl, -fʊl
faithless ˈfeɪθ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Faithorne ˈfeɪ.θɔːn (US) -θɔːrn
fajita fæˈhiː.tə (US) fæ-, fə-, -t̬ə
fak|e feɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Fakenham ˈfeɪ.kᵊn.əm
fakir ˈfeɪ.kɪəʳ, ˈfɑː-, ˈfæk.ɪəʳ, fəˈkɪəʳ, fækˈɪəʳ (US) fɑːˈkɪr, fækˈɪr; ˈfeɪ.kɚ **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Fal fæl
falafel fəˈlɑː.fᵊl, -ˈlæf.ᵊl (US) -ˈlɑː.fᵊl
Falange fəˈlændʒ; ˈfæl.ændʒ (US) fəˈlændʒ, -ˈlɑːndʒ
Falangist fəˈlæn.dʒɪst **-s** -s
Falasha fəˈlæʃ.ə (US) -ˈlɑː.ʃə, fɑːˈ- **-s** -z
fal|cate ˈfæl|.keɪt **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
falchion ˈfɔːl.tʃᵊn (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl- **-s** -z
falcon (F) ˈfɔːl.kᵊn, ˈfɔː-, ˈfɒl-, ˈfæl- (US) ˈfæl-, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl-, ˈfɔː- **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Note: /ˈfɔː-/ is the usual British pronunciation among people who practise the sport of falconry, with /ˈfɔː-/ and /ˈfɔːl-/ most usual among them in the US.
Falconbridge ˈfɔːl.kᵊn.brɪdʒ, ˈfɔː-, ˈfɒl-, ˈfæl-, -kᵊm- (US) ˈfɔː.kᵊn-, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfæl-, ˈfɑːl-
Falconer ˈfɔːl.kᵊn.əʳ, ˈfɔː-, ˈfɒl-, ˈfæl- (US) ˈfɔː.kᵊn.ɚ, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfæl-, ˈfɑːl-
falconry ˈfɔːl.kᵊn.ri, ˈfɔː-, ˈfɒl-, ˈfæl- (US) ˈfæl-, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl-, ˈfɔː-
Note: See note at **falcon**.
Falder ˈfɔːl.dəʳ, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɑːl.dɚ, ˈfɔːl-
falderal ˈfæl.də.ræl, -dɪ-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈfɑːl.də.rɑːl, ˈfæl.də.ræl **-s** -z
Faldo ˈfæl.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
faldstool ˈfɔːld.stuːl **-s** -z
Falerii fəˈlɪə.ri.aɪ, fælˈɪə-, -iː (US) fəˈlɪr.i-
Falernian fəˈlɜː.ni.ən (US) -ˈlɝː-
Falk fɔːk, fɔːlk (US) fɔːk, fɔːlk, fɑːlk
Falkenbridge ˈfɔː.kᵊn.brɪdʒ, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɒl-, ˈfæl-, -kᵊm- (US) ˈfɔː.kᵊn-, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfæl-, ˈfɑːl-
Falkender ˈfɔːl.kən.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
Falkirk ˈfɔːl.kɜːk, ˈfɒl-, -kək (US) ˈfɔːl.kɝːk, -kɚk
Falkland *Viscount:* ˈfɔː.klənd, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔː- *place in Scotland:* ˈfɔːl.klənd, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔːl-
Falkland Islands ˈfɔː.kləndˌaɪ.ləndz, ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔː-, ˈfɔːl-
Falkner ˈfɔːk.nəʳ, ˈfɔːlk-, ˈfɒlk-, ˈfælk- (US) ˈfɔːk.nɚ, ˈfɔːlk-, ˈfɑːlk-, ˈfælk-
fall fɔːl (US) fɔːl, fɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **fell** fel **fallen** ˈfɔː.lən (US) ˈfɔː-, ˈfɑː- ˈ**fall ˌguy; ˌfalling ˈstar**
Falla ˈfaɪ.jə; ˈfɑː.ljə, ˈfæl.jə, -ə (US) ˈfaɪ.jə; ˈfɑːl.jɑː
fallacious fəˈleɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fallac|y ˈfæl.ə.s|i **-ies** -iz
fallal fælˈæl, -ˈlæl (US) fælˈæl, fɑːˈlɑːl **-s** -z
fallback ˈfɔːl.bæk (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl- **-s** -s
Faller ˈfæl.əʳ (US) -ɚ
fallibility ˌfæl.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
fallib|le ˈfæl.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
falling-off ˌfɔː.lɪŋˈɒf (US) ˌfɔː.lɪŋˈɑːf, ˌfɑː-
falling-out ˌfɔː.lɪŋˈaʊt (US) ˌfɔː-, ˌfɑː- **fallings-out** ˌfɔː.lɪŋzˈaʊt (US) ˌfɔː-, ˌfɑː- **falling-outs** ˌfɔː.lɪŋˈaʊts (US) ˌfɔː-, ˌfɑː-
fall-off ˈfɔːl.ɒf (US) -ɑːf, ˈfɑːl- **-s** -s
Fallon ˈfæl.ən
fallopian (F) fəˈləʊ.pi.ən, fælˈəʊ- (US) fəˈloʊ- **faˌllopian ˈtube**
fallout ˈfɔːl.aʊt (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl-
fallow (F) ˈfæl.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**fallow ˌdeer, ˌfallow ˈdeer**
Fallowfield ˈfæl.əʊ.fiːld (US) -oʊ-
Fallows ˈfæl.əʊz (US) -oʊz
Falls fɔːlz (US) fɔːlz, fɑːlz ˌ**Falls ˈRoad**
Falluja, Fallujah fəˈluː.dʒə, fælˈuː- (US) fəˈluː.dʒə
Falmer ˈfæl.məʳ, ˈfɔːl- (US) ˈfɑːl.mɚ, ˈfɔːl-
Falmouth ˈfæl.məθ
fals|e fɔːls, fɒls (US) fɔːls, fɑːls **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**false aˈlarm; ˌfalse preˈtences; ˌfalse ˈstart; ˌfalse ˈteeth**
falsehood ˈfɔːls.hʊd, ˈfɒls- (US) ˈfɔːls.hʊd, ˈfɑːls- **-s** -z
falsely ˈfɔːl.sli, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl-
falsetto fɒlˈset.əʊ, fɔːl- (US) fɔːlˈset̬.oʊ, fɑːl- **-s** -z
Falshaw ˈfɔːl.ʃɔː, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔːl.ʃɑː, ˈfɑːl-, -ʃɔː
falsies ˈfɒl.siz (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl-
falsification ˌfɔːl.sɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌfɒl-, -sə- (US) ˌfɔːl-, ˌfɑːl- **-s** -z
falsi|fy ˈfɔːl.sɪ|.faɪ, ˈfɒl-, -sə- (US) ˈfɔːl-, ˈfɑːl- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
falsit|y ˈfɔːl.sə.t|i, ˈfɒl-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˈfɔːl.sə.t̬|i, ˈfɑːl- **-ies** -iz
Falstaff ˈfɔːl.stɑːf, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔːl.stæf, ˈfɑːl-
Falstaffian fɔːlˈstɑː.fi.ən, fɒl- (US) fɔːlˈstæf.i-, fɑːl-
falt|er ˈfɔːl.t|əʳ, ˈfɒl- (US) ˈfɔːl.t̬|ɚ, ˈfɑːl- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Faludi fəˈluː.di, fælˈuː.di
Famagusta ˌfæm.əˈgʊs.tə, ˌfɑː.məˈ- (US) ˌfɑː.məˈguː.stə
fame feɪm **-d** -d
familial fəˈmɪl.i.əl
familiar fəˈmɪl.i.əʳ (US) ˈ-jɚ, -i.ɚ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
familiarit|y fəˌmɪl.iˈær.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈer.ə.t̬|i, -ˈær- **-ies** -iz
familiariz|e, -is|e fəˈmɪl.i.ᵊr.aɪz (US) ˈ-jə.raɪz, ˈ-i.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
famil|y ˈfæm.ᵊl|.i, -ɪ.l|i **-ies** -iz ˌ**family alˈlowance; ˌfamily ˈcredit; ˈfamily ˌman; ˌfamily ˈplanning; ˈfamily ˌroom; ˈfamily ˌstyle; ˌfamily ˈtree**
famine ˈfæm.ɪn **-s** -z
famish ˈfæm.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
famosus libellus fæmˌəʊ.səs.lɪˈbel.əs (US) -ˌoʊ-

amous 'feɪ.məs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
an fæn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
an *Welsh mountains:* væn
an-assisted ˌfæn.ə'sɪs.tɪd *stress shift:* ˌfan-assisted 'oven
anatic fə'næt.ɪk Ⓤ -'næṭ- -s -s -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
anaticism fə'næt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, '-ə- Ⓤ -'næṭ-
anaticiz|e, -is|e fə'næt.ɪ.saɪz Ⓤ -'næṭ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
anbelt 'fæn.belt -s -s
anciable 'fænt.si.ə.bəl
anciful 'fænt.sɪ.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ancourt 'fæn.kɔːt, 'fæŋ- Ⓤ -kɔːrt
anc|y 'fænt.s|i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id -ier/s -i.əʳ/z Ⓤ -i.ɚ/z ˌfancy 'dress
ancy-free ˌfænt.si'friː ˌfootloose and ˌfancy-'free Ⓤ 'footloose and ˌfancy ˌfree
ancywork 'fænt.si.wɜːk Ⓤ -wɝːk
andango fæn'dæŋ.gəʊ Ⓤ -goʊ -s -z
ane (F) feɪn -s -z
aneuil 'fæn.əl, -jəl, -jʊəl Ⓤ -jə.wəl
anfare 'fæn.feəʳ Ⓤ -fer -s -z
anfaronade ˌfæn.fær.ə'nɑːd, -fəʳ-, -'neɪd Ⓤ -fər.ə'neɪd, -'nɑːd -s -z
ang (F) fæŋ -s -z -ed -d
anjet 'fæn.dʒet -s -s
anlight 'fæn.laɪt -s -s
anner 'fæn.əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ -s -z
anning 'fæn.ɪŋ
ann|y (F) 'fæn|.i -ies -iz 'fanny ˌpack
anshawe 'fæn.ʃɔː Ⓤ -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
anta® 'fæn.tə Ⓤ -ṭə
antabulous fæn'tæb.jə.ləs, -jʊ-
antail 'fæn.teɪl -s -z
antasia fæn'teɪ.zi.ə, -'tɑː-, '-ʒə; ˌfæn.tə'ziː.ə, -'siː- Ⓤ fæn'teɪ.ʒə, -ʒi.ə; ˌfæn.ṭə'ziː.ə -s -z
antasist 'fæn.tə.sɪst Ⓤ -ṭə- -s -s
antasiz|e, -is|e 'fæn.tə.saɪz Ⓤ -ṭə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
antasm 'fæn.tæz.əm -s -z
antastic fæn'tæs.tɪk, fən- Ⓤ fæn- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li -alness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
antas|y 'fæn.tə.s|i, -z|i Ⓤ -ṭə- -ies -iz
anti, Fante 'fæn.ti Ⓤ 'fæn.ti, fɑːn- -s -z
anzine 'fæn.ziːn -s -z
AQ ˌef.eɪ'kjuː -s -z
r fɑːʳ Ⓤ fɑːr ˌFar 'East
rad 'fær.əd, -æd Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær- -s -z
raday (F) 'fær.ə.deɪ Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær- s -z
radic fə'ræd.ɪk
raway ˌfɑː.rə'weɪ Ⓤ ˌfɑːr.ə'- *stress shift:* ˌfaraway 'look
rc|e fɑːs Ⓤ fɑːrs -es -ɪz
rceur ˌfɑː'sɜːʳ Ⓤ ˌfɑːr'sɝː -s -z
rcical 'fɑː.sɪ.kəl, -sə- Ⓤ 'fɑːr- -ly -i
rci(e) ˌfɑː'siː Ⓤ ˌfɑːr-
rcy 'fɑː.si Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
r|e (n, v.) feəʳ Ⓤ fer -es -z -ing -ɪŋ ed -d

Far East ˌfɑːʳ'iːst Ⓤ ˌfɑːr-
Farebrother 'feə.brʌð.əʳ Ⓤ 'fer.brʌð.ɚ
Fareham 'feə.rəm Ⓤ 'fer.əm
farewell ˌfeə'wel Ⓤ ˌfer- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌfarewell 'kiss
Farewell 'feə.wel, -wəl Ⓤ 'fer-
farfalle fɑː'fæl.eɪ Ⓤ fɑːr-
far-fetched ˌfɑː'fetʃt Ⓤ ˌfɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌfar-fetched 'tale
far-flung ˌfɑː'flʌŋ Ⓤ ˌfɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌfar-flung 'places
Fargo 'fɑː.gəʊ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.goʊ
far-gone ˌfɑː'gɒn Ⓤ ˌfɑːr'gɑːn
Farhi 'fɑː.hi Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
Faribault 'fær.ɪ.bəʊ Ⓤ 'fer.ɪ.boʊ, 'fær-
farina fə'riː.nə, -'raɪ- Ⓤ -'riː-
Farina fə'riː.nə
farinaceous ˌfær.ɪ'neɪ.ʃəs, -ə'- Ⓤ ˌfer-, ˌfær-
Faringdon 'fær.ɪŋ.dən Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Faringford 'fær.ɪŋ.fəd Ⓤ 'fer.ɪŋ.fɚd, 'fær-
Farington 'fær.ɪŋ.tən Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
farinose 'fær.ɪ.nəʊs, -nəʊz Ⓤ 'fer.ə.noʊs, 'fær-
Farjeon 'fɑː.dʒən Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
Farleigh, Farley 'fɑː.li Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
farm fɑːm Ⓤ fɑːrm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Farman 'fɑː.mən Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
Farmaner 'fɑː.mə.nəʳ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.mə.nɚ
farmer (F) 'fɑː.məʳ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.mɚ -s -z
farmhand 'fɑːm.hænd Ⓤ 'fɑːrm- -s -z
farmhou|se 'fɑːm.haʊ|s Ⓤ 'fɑːrm- -ses -zɪz
Farmington 'fɑː.mɪŋ.tən Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
farmland 'fɑːm.lænd, -lənd Ⓤ 'fɑːrm.lænd
farmstead 'fɑːm.sted Ⓤ 'fɑːrm- -s -z
farmyard 'fɑːm.jɑːd Ⓤ 'fɑːrm.jɑːrd -s -z
Farnaby 'fɑː.nə.bi Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
Farnborough 'fɑːn.bər.ə, 'fɑːm- Ⓤ 'fɑːrn-, -oʊ
Farn(e) fɑːn Ⓤ fɑːrn
Farnham 'fɑː.nəm Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
Farnhamworth 'fɑː.nəm.wəθ, -wɜːθ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.nəm.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
faro *gambling game:* 'feə.rəʊ Ⓤ 'fer.oʊ, 'fær-
Faro *in Portugal:* 'fɑː.rəʊ, 'feə- Ⓤ 'fɑːr.oʊ, 'fer-
Faroe 'feə.rəʊ Ⓤ 'fer.oʊ
Faroese ˌfeə.rəʊ'iːz Ⓤ ˌfer.oʊ'-
far-off ˌfɑːʳ'ɒf Ⓤ ˌfɑːr'ɑːf *stress shift:* ˌfar-off 'town
farouche fə'ruːʃ, fɑː-
Farouk fə'ruːk, fær'uːk Ⓤ fə'ruːk
far-out ˌfɑːʳ'aʊt Ⓤ ˌfɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌfar-out 'music
Farquhar 'fɑː.kwəʳ, -kəʳ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.kwɚ, -kwɑːr, -kɚ
Farquharson 'fɑː.kwə.sən, -kə- Ⓤ 'fɑːr.kwɚ-, -kɚ-
Farr fɑːʳ Ⓤ fɑːr
farraginous fə'reɪ.dʒɪ.nəs, -'rædʒ.ɪ-, -ən.əs Ⓤ fə'rædʒ.ɪ.nəs, '-ə-
farrago fə'rɑː.gəʊ, -'reɪ- Ⓤ fə'rɑː.goʊ, -'reɪ- -(e)s -z
Farragut 'fær.ə.gət Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Farrah 'fær.ə Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Farrakhan 'fær.ə.kæn Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-, -kɑːn, 'fer.kɑːn
Farrant 'fær.ənt Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
far-reaching ˌfɑː'riː.tʃɪŋ Ⓤ ˌfɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌfar-reaching 'consequences
Farrell 'fær.əl Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Farren 'fær.ən Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Farrener 'fær.ə.nəʳ Ⓤ 'fer.ə.nɚ, 'fær-
farrier 'fær.i.əʳ Ⓤ 'fer.i.ɚ, 'fær- -s -z -y -i -ies -iz
Farringdon 'fær.ɪŋ.dən Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
Farringford 'fær.ɪŋ.fəd Ⓤ 'fer.ɪŋ.fɚd, 'fær-
Farrington 'fær.ɪŋ.tən Ⓤ 'fer-, 'fær-
farrow (F) 'fær.əʊ Ⓤ 'fer.oʊ, 'fær- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
farseeing ˌfɑː'siː.ɪŋ Ⓤ ˌfɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌfarseeing 'leader
Farsi 'fɑː.siː, ˌ-'- Ⓤ 'fɑːr- -s -z
farsighted fɑː'saɪ.tɪd Ⓤ fɑːr'saɪ.ṭɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Farsley 'fɑːz.li Ⓤ 'fɑːrz-
fart fɑːt Ⓤ fɑːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd Ⓤ 'fɑːr.ṭɪd
farth|er 'fɑː.ð|əʳ Ⓤ 'fɑːr.ð|ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst
farthing 'fɑː.ðɪŋ Ⓤ 'fɑːr- -s -z
farthingale 'fɑː.ðɪŋ.geɪl Ⓤ 'fɑːr- -s -z
fartlek 'fɑːt.lek Ⓤ 'fɑːrt- -s -s
Faruk fə'ruːk, fær'uːk Ⓤ fə'ruːk
Farwell 'fɑː.wel, -wəl Ⓤ 'fɑːr-
fasces 'fæs.iːz
fasci|a *medical term:* 'fæʃ.i|.ə, -ʃ|ə Ⓤ -i|.ə -as -əs -ae -iː *other senses:* 'feɪ.ʃ|ə, '-ʃi|.ə Ⓤ 'fæʃ.i|.ə, 'fæʃ|.ə *also when referring to classical architecture:* 'feɪ.si|.ə, -ʃi- -as -əz -ae -iː
fasciated 'fæʃ.i.eɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -ṭɪd
fascicle 'fæs.ɪ.kəl, '-ə- -s -z
fascicule 'fæs.ɪ.kjuːl, '-ə- -s -z
fascin|ate 'fæs.ɪ.n|eɪt, -ən|.eɪt Ⓤ -ən|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ated -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -eɪ.ṭɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z Ⓤ -eɪ.ṭɚ/z
fascinating 'fæs.ɪ.neɪ.tɪŋ, -ən.eɪ- Ⓤ -ən.eɪ.ṭɪŋ -ly -li
fascination ˌfæs.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -ən'eɪ- Ⓤ -ən'eɪ- -s -z
fascine fæs'iːn, fə'siːn -s -z
fascism (F) 'fæʃ.ɪ.zəm
fascist (F) 'fæʃ.ɪst -s -s
Fascisti fæʃ'ɪs.tiː, fə'ʃɪs-
fascistic (F) fæʃ'ɪs.tɪk, fə'ʃɪs- -ally -əl.i, -li
fash fæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
fashion 'fæʃ.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z 'fashion ˌplate
fashionab|le 'fæʃ.ən.ə.b|əl, 'fæʃ.nə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
fashionista ˌfæʃ.ən'iː.stə, -'ɪs.tə Ⓤ -'iː.stə -s -z

Faslane fæz'leɪn, fə'sleɪn
Fassbinder 'fæs.bɪn.dəʳ (US) 'fɑːs.bɪn.dɚ
fast (F) fɑːst (US) fæst -s -s -est -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌfast and 'loose; 'fast ˌday; ˌfast 'food; 'fast ˌlane; ˌfast re'actor; 'fast ˌtrack; ˌlife in the 'fast ˌlane; ˌpull a 'fast ˌone
fastball 'fɑːst.bɔːl (US) 'fæst-, -bɑːl -s -z
fasten 'fɑː.sᵊn (US) 'fæs.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'fɑːs.nɪŋ (US) 'fæs- -ed -d
fastener 'fɑːs.ᵊn.əʳ (US) 'fæs.ᵊn.ɚ -s -z
fastening 'fɑː.sᵊn.ɪŋ; 'fɑːs.nɪŋ (US) 'fæs.ᵊn.ɪŋ; 'fæs.nɪŋ -s -z
fast-forward ˌfɑːst'fɔː.wəd (US) ˌfæst'fɔːr.wɚd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
fasti (F) 'fæs.tiː, -taɪ
fastidious fæs'tɪd.i.əs, fə'stɪd- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fastness 'fɑːst.nəs, -nɪs (US) 'fæst- -es -ɪz
Fastnet 'fɑːst.net, -nɪt (US) 'fæst-
fast-talk ˌfɑːst'tɔːk (US) ˌfæst-, -'tɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fast-track 'fɑːst.træk (US) 'fæst- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
fat fæt -ter -əʳ (US) 'fæt̬.ɚ -test -ɪst, -əst (US) 'fæt̬.ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs 'fat ˌcat ˌfat 'city
fatal 'feɪ.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl -ly -i
fatal|ism 'feɪ.tᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm (US) -t̬ᵊl- -ist/s -ɪst/s
fatalistic ˌfeɪ.tᵊl'ɪs.tɪk (US) -t̬ᵊl'- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
fatalit|y fə'tæl.ə.t|i, feɪ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
fat|e (F) feɪt -es -s -ed -ɪd (US) 'feɪ.t̬ɪd
fateful 'feɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i
fat-free ˌfæt'friː *stress shift:* ˌfat-free 'diet
fathead 'fæt.hed -s -z
fath|er (F) 'fɑː.ð|əʳ (US) -ð|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd ˌFather 'Christmas; 'father ˌfigure
fatherhood 'fɑː.ðə.hʊd (US) -ðɚ-
father-in-law 'fɑː.ðᵊr.ɪn.lɔː (US) -ðɚ.ɪn.lɑː, -lɔː- fathers-in-law 'fɑː.ðəz- (US) -ðɚz-
fatherland 'fɑː.ðə.lænd (US) -ðɚ- -s -z
fatherless 'fɑː.ðə.ləs, -lɪs (US) -ðɚ-
fatherl|y 'fɑː.ðᵊl|.i (US) -ðɚ.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fathom 'fæð.əm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl -less -ləs, -lɪs
fatigu|e fə'tiːg -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d ˌchronic fa'tigue ˌsyndrome
Fatima 'fæt.ɪ.mə (US) 'fæt̬-, 'fɑː.t̬ɪ-; fə'tiː-
fatling 'fæt.lɪŋ -s -z
fatsia 'fæt.si.ə -s -z
fatso 'fæt.səʊ (US) -soʊ -es -z
fatted 'fæt.ɪd (US) 'fæt̬- ˌfatted 'calf
fatten 'fæt.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fattish 'fæt.ɪʃ (US) 'fæt̬-
fatt|y 'fæt|.i (US) 'fæt̬- -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌfatty 'acid
fatuity fə'tjuː.ə.ti, fæt'juː-, -ɪ.ti (US) fə'tuː.ə.t̬i, -'tjuː-
fatuous 'fæt.ju.əs (US) 'fætʃ.u- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fatwa 'fæt.wɑː, -wə (US) 'fæt.wɑː, 'fʌt- -s -z
fatwood 'fæt.wʊd
faubourg 'fəʊ.bʊəg, -bɜːg (US) 'foʊ.bʊr, -bʊrg -s -z
faucal 'fɔː.kᵊl (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː-
fauces 'fɔː.siːz (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː-
faucet 'fɔː.sɪt, -sət (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː- -s -s
Faucett, Faucit 'fɔː.sɪt, -ət (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː-
Faulconbridge 'fɔː.kᵊn.brɪdʒ, 'fɔːl-, -kᵊm- (US) 'fɑː.kᵊn-, 'fɑːl-, 'fɔː-, 'fɔːl-
Fauldhouse 'fɔːld.haʊs (US) 'fɑːld-, 'fɔːld-
Faulds fəʊldz, fɔːldz (US) foʊldz, fɑːldz, fɔːldz
Faulhorn 'faʊl.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn
Faulk fɔːk (US) fɑːk, fɔːk, fɑːlk
Faulkes fɔːks, fɔːlks (US) fɑːks, fɑːlks, fɔːks, fɔːlks
Faulkland 'fɔː.klənd, 'fɔːl- (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɑːl-, 'fɔː-, 'fɔːl-
Faulkner 'fɔːk.nəʳ (US) 'fɑːk.nɚ, 'fɔːk-, 'fɑːlk-
Faulks fəʊks (US) foʊks
faul|t fɔːl|t, fɒl|t (US) fɔːl|t, fɑːl|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
faultfind|er 'fɔːltˌfaɪn.d|əʳ, 'fɒlt- (US) 'fɔːltˌfaɪn.d|ɚ, 'fɑːlt- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
faultless 'fɔːlt.ləs, 'fɒlt-, -lɪs (US) 'fɔːlt-, 'fɑːlt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fault|y 'fɔːl.t|i, 'fɒl- (US) 'fɔːl.t̬|i, 'fɑːl- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
faun fɔːn (US) fɑːn, fɔːn -s -z
fauna 'fɔː.nə (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː-
Faunch fɔːntʃ (US) fɑːntʃ, fɔːntʃ
Fauntleroy 'fɔːnt.lə.rɔɪ, 'fɒnt- (US) 'fɑːnt-, 'fɔːnt-
Fauré 'fɔː.reɪ, 'fɒr.eɪ (US) foʊ'reɪ, fɔː-
Faust faʊst
Faustian 'faʊ.sti.ən
Faustina fɔː'stiː.nə, faʊ- (US) faʊ-, fɔː-
Faustus 'fɔː.stəs, 'faʊ- (US) 'faʊ-, 'fɔː-
fauteuil 'fəʊ.tɜː.i, fəʊ'tɜː.i, -'tɜːl (US) 'foʊ.tɪl; foʊ'tɜː.jə -s -z
fauve fəʊv (US) foʊv
fauv|ism (F) 'fəʊ.v|ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'foʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Faux fəʊ, fɔːks (US) foʊ
faux ami ˌfəʊz.æm'i (US) ˌfoʊz- -s -z
faux-naïf ˌfəʊ.naɪ'iːf (US) ˌfoʊ.nɑː'- -s -s
faux pas *singular:* ˌfəʊ'pɑː (US) ˌfoʊ-
faux pas *plural:* ˌfəʊ'pɑː, -'pɑːz (US) ˌfoʊ-
fave feɪv -s -z
Favel 'feɪ.vᵊl
Faversham 'fæv.ə.ʃəm (US) '-ɚ-
Favoni|an fə'vəʊ.ni|.ən, feɪ- (US) -'voʊ- -us -əs
Favorit® 'fæv.ᵊr.ɪt
fav|o(u)r 'feɪ.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ -o(u)rs -əz (US) -ɚz -o(u)ring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -o(u)red -əd (US) -ɚd -o(u)rer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
favo(u)rab|le 'feɪ.vᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
favo(u)rit|e 'feɪ.vᵊr.ɪt, -ət, 'feɪv.rɪt -es -s -ism -ɪ.zᵊm ˌfavo(u)rite 'son
favo(u)rless 'feɪ.və.ləs, -lɪs (US) -vɚ-
Fawcett 'fɔː.sɪt, -sət, 'fɒs.ɪt, -ət (US) 'fɑː.sɪt, 'fɔː-, -sət
Fawkes fɔːks (US) fɑːks, fɔːks
Fawkner 'fɔːk.nəʳ (US) 'fɑːk.nɚ, 'fɔːk-
Fawley 'fɔː.li (US) 'fɑː-, 'fɔː-
Fawlty 'fɔːl.ti (US) 'fɑːl-, 'fɔːl-
fawn fɔːn (US) fɑːn, fɔːn -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Fawssett 'fɔː.sɪt, -sət (US) 'fɑː.sɪt, 'fɔː-, -sət
fax fæks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'fax maˌchine
fay (F) feɪ -s -z
Faye feɪ
Fayette feɪ'et *stress shift, see compound:* ˌFayette 'City
Fayetteville 'feɪ.et.vɪl, -ɪt-, -ət- *locally also:* (US) 'feɪt.vəl
Faygate 'feɪ.geɪt
Faza(c)kerley fə'zæk.ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li
faz|e feɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
FBI ˌef.biː'aɪ
FC ˌef'siː
FCO ˌef.siː'əʊ (US) -'oʊ
FDA ˌef.diː'eɪ
fe *name of note in Tonic Sol-fa:* fiː
fe *syllable used in Tonic Sol-fa for counting a short note off the beat:* fi
FE (*abbrev. for* Further Education) ˌef'iː
fealty 'fiːl.ti
fear fɪəʳ (US) fɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
fearful 'fɪə.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'fɪr- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Fearghal 'fɜː.gᵊl (US) 'fɝː-
Feargus 'fɜː.gəs (US) 'fɝː-
Fearing 'fɪə.rɪŋ (US) 'fɪr.ɪŋ
fearless 'fɪə.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'fɪr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Fearn(e) fɜːn (US) fɝːn
Fearnside 'fɜːn.saɪd (US) 'fɝːn-
Fearon 'fɪə.rᵊn (US) 'fɪr.ᵊn
fearsome 'fɪə.səm (US) 'fɪr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
feasibility ˌfiː.zə'bɪl.ə.ti, -zɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
feasib|le 'fiː.zə.b|ᵊl, -zɪ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
feast (F) fiːst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
feat fiːt -s -s
feath|er 'feð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd ˌfeather 'bed
featherbed 'feð.ə.bed, ˌ--'- (US) -ɚ- -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd

eatherbrain 'feð.ə.breɪn US '-ɚ- -s -z -ed -d
eatheredg|e 'feð.əʳ.edʒ, ˌ--'- US -ɚ- -es -ɪz
eatherhead 'feð.ə.hed US '-ɚ- -s -z -ed -ɪd
eatherstitch 'feð.ə.stɪtʃ US '-ɚ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
eatherston 'feð.ə.stən US '-ɚ-
eatherstone 'feð.ə.stən, -stəʊn US -ɚ.stən, -stoʊn
eatherstonehaugh 'feð.ə.stᵊn.hɔː; 'fæn.ʃɔː; 'fes.tᵊn.hɔː, 'fɪə.stᵊn-; 'fiː.sᵊn.heɪ US 'feð.ɚ.stᵊn.θɑː, -hɔː; 'fæn.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː; 'fes.tᵊn.hɑː, 'fɪr.stᵊn-, -hɔː; 'fiː.sᵊn.heɪ
eatherweight 'feð.ə.weɪt US '-ɚ- -s -s
eather|y 'feð.ᵊr|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eatley 'fiːt.li
eatly 'fiːt.li
eat|ure 'fiː.tʃ|əʳ US -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz US -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd US -ɚd -ureless -ə.ləs, -lɪs US -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs
eature-length 'fiː.tʃə.leŋkθ US -tʃɚ-
eaver 'fiː.vəʳ US -vɚ
eb. (*abbrev. for* **February**) feb, 'feb.ru.ᵊr.i, '-jʊ.ᵊr.i, '-jʊ.ri, '-jᵊr.i US 'feb.ruː.er.i, '-juː-, '-jə.wer-
ebrifug|e 'feb.rɪ.fjuːdʒ, -rə- -es -ɪz
ebrile 'fiː.braɪl US -brɪl, 'feb.rɪl
ebruary 'feb.ru.ᵊr.i, '-ju.ᵊr.i, '-jʊ.ri, '-jᵊr.i US 'feb.ruː.er.i, '-juː-, '-jə.wer-
ecal 'fiː.kᵊl
eces 'fiː.siːz
ecit 'fiː.sɪt, 'feɪ.kɪt
eckenham 'fek.ᵊn.əm
eckless 'fek.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
eculen|t 'fek.jə.lən|t, -jʊ- US -jə-, -juː- -ce -*t*s
ecund 'fek.ənd, 'fiː.kənd, -kʌnd
ecun|date 'fek.ᵊn|.deɪt, 'fiː.kᵊn-, -kʌn- -dates -deɪts -dating -deɪ.tɪŋ US -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -deɪ.tɪd US -deɪ.t̬ɪd
ecundation ˌfek.ᵊn'deɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌfiː.kᵊn'-, -kʌn'-
ecundity fɪ'kʌn.də.ti, fiː'kʌn-, fek'ʌn-, -dɪ.ti US -də.t̬i
ed (*from* **feed**) fed ˌ**fed 'up**
Fed fed
ederal (F) 'fed.ᵊr.ᵊl, '-rəl -ly -i ˌ**Federal Re'serve**
ederal|ism 'fed.ᵊr.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, '-rᵊl- -ist/s -ɪst/s
ederalization, -isa- ˌfed.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-rᵊl-, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
ederaliz|e, -is|e 'fed.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪz, '-rᵊl- US '-ɚ.ə.laɪz, '-rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ederate (*n, adj.*) 'fed.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt -s -s
feder|ate (*v.*) 'fed.ᵊr|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

federation ˌfed.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn US -ə'reɪ- -s -z
federative 'fed.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- US -ɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -ə.reɪ- -ly -li
Federer 'fed.ᵊr.əʳ US -ɚ
fedora (F) fɪ'dɔː.rə, fə-, fed'ɔː- US fə'dɔːr.ə -s -z
fed up ˌfed'ʌp
fee fiː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d ˌ**fee 'simple** ˌ**fee 'tail**
feeb|le 'fiː.b|ᵊl -ler -ləʳ US -lɚ -lest -ᵊl.ɪst, -əst, -lɪst, -ləst -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
feebleminded ˌfiː.bᵊl'maɪn.dɪd US ˌfiː.bᵊl'maɪn.dɪd, 'fiː.bᵊlˌmaɪn.dɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌfeebleminded 'simpleton
feed fiːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ fed fed feeder/s 'fiː.dəʳ/z US -dɚ/z '**feeding ˌbottle**; '**feed ˌpipe**; '**feed ˌtank**
feedback 'fiːd.bæk
feedbag 'fiːd.bæg -s -z
feel fiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ felt felt
feeler 'fiː.ləʳ US -lɚ -s -z
feelgood 'fiːl.gʊd '**feelgood ˌfactor**
feeling 'fiː.lɪŋ -s -z -ly -li
Feeney 'fiː.ni
fee-paying 'fiːˌpeɪ.ɪŋ
feet (*plur. of* **foot**) fiːt ˌ**drag one's 'feet**; ˌ**fall on one's 'feet**; ˌ**find one's 'feet**; **have/keep ˌboth feet on the 'ground be ˌrushed off one's 'feet**; ˌ**sweep someone off their 'feet**
Fegan 'fiː.gən
Feiffer 'faɪ.fəʳ US -fɚ
feign feɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -edly -ɪd.li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
Feilden 'fiːl.dən
Feilding 'fiːl.dɪŋ
Feinstein 'faɪn.staɪn
feint feɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'feɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'feɪn.t̬ɪd
Feisal 'faɪ.sᵊl, 'feɪ-
Feist fiːst
feist|y 'faɪ.st|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i
felafel fə'lɑː.fᵊl, -'læf.ᵊl US -'lɑː.fᵊl -s -z
Feldman 'feld.mən
feldspar 'feld.spɑːʳ, 'fel- US 'feld.spɑːr
Felicia fə'lɪs.i.ə, fel'ɪs-, fɪ'lɪs-, -'lɪʃ- US fə'lɪʃ.ə, -i.ə, -'liː.ʃə, -'lɪs.i.ə
felicitat|e fɪ'lɪs.ɪ|.teɪt, fə-, fel'ɪs-, '-ə- US fə'lɪs- -es -teɪts -ing -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
felicitation fɪˌlɪs.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, fə-, felˌɪs-, -ə'- US fəˌlɪs- -s -z
felicitous fɪ'lɪs.ɪ.təs, fə-, fel'ɪs-, '-ə- US fə'lɪs.ɪ.t̬əs, '-ə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
felicity (F) fɪ'lɪs.ə.ti, fə-, fel'ɪs-, -ɪ.ti US fə'lɪs.ə.t̬i
feline 'fiː.laɪn -s -z
felinity fɪ'lɪn.ə.ti, fiː-, fə-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i, -ɪ.t̬i
Felix 'fiː.lɪks
Felixstowe 'fiː.lɪk.stəʊ US -stoʊ

Felkin 'fel.kɪn
fell (F) fel -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
fella 'fel.ə -s -z
fellah 'fel.ə US 'fel.ə; fə'lɑː -in -hiːn, ˌfel.ə'hiːn US -hiːn -een -hiːn, ˌfel.ə'hiːn US -hiːn
fella|te fel'eɪ|t, fə'leɪ|t, fɪ- US 'fel.eɪ|t, -'- -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -t̬ɪd -tor/s -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z -trix/es -trɪks/ɪz -trice/s -trɪs/ɪz
fellatio fə'leɪ.ʃi.əʊ, fel'eɪ-, fɪ'leɪ- US fə'leɪ.ʃi.oʊ, -ʃoʊ; -'lɑː.ti.oʊ
fellation fə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, fel'eɪ-, fɪ'leɪ- US fə-
feller 'fel.əʳ US -ɚ -z -z
Felling 'fel.ɪŋ
Fellini fel'iː.ni, fə'liː-, fɪ- US fə'liː-
felloe 'fel.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z
fellow 'fel.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z ˌ**fellow 'citizen**; ˌ**fellow 'feeling**; ˌ**fellow 'traveller**
Fellow(e)s 'fel.əʊz US -oʊz
fellowship 'fel.əʊ.ʃɪp US -oʊ- -s -s
Felltham 'fel.θəm
felo-de-se ˌfiː.ləʊ.diː'siː, ˌfel.əʊ-, -dɪ'-, -'seɪ US ˌfiː.loʊ.dɪ'siː, ˌfel.oʊ- **felos-de-se** ˌfiː.ləʊz-, ˌfel.əʊz- US ˌfiː.loʊz-, ˌfel.oʊz- **felones-de-se** ˌfiː.ləʊ.niːz-, ˌfel.əʊ.niːz- US ˌfel.oʊ.niː.dɪ'siː, ˌfiː.loʊ-
felon 'fel.ən -s -z
felonious fə'ləʊ.ni.əs, fel'əʊ-, fɪ'ləʊ- US fə'loʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
felon|y 'fel.ə.n|i -ies -iz
Felpham 'fel.pəm
felspar 'fel.spɑːʳ US -spɑːr
Felste(a)d 'fel.stɪd, -sted
felt felt -s -s
Feltham *place:* 'fel.təm *personal name:* 'fel.θəm
felting 'fel.tɪŋ -s -z
Felton 'fel.tᵊn
felt-tip ˌfelt'tɪp -s -s *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**felt-tip 'pen**
felucca fel'ʌk.ə, fə'lʌk-, fɪ- US fə'lʌk-, -'luː.kə -s -z
female 'fiː.meɪl -s -z -ness -nəs, -nɪs
feme fiːm, fem US fem -s -z
Femidom® 'fem.ɪ.dɒm US -dɑːm
feminine 'fem.ɪ.nɪn, '-ə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
femininit|y ˌfem.ɪ'nɪn.ə.t|i, -ə'-, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
femin|ism 'fem.ɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
feminiz|e, -is|e 'fem.ɪ.naɪz, '-ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
femme(s) fatale(s) ˌfæm.fə'tɑːl US ˌfem.fə'tæl
femora (*alternative plur. of* **femur**) 'fem.ᵊr.ə, 'fiː.mᵊr- US 'fem.ᵊr-
femoral 'fem.ᵊr.ᵊl, 'fiː.mᵊr- US 'fem.ᵊr-
femur 'fiː.məʳ US -mɚ -s -z **femora** 'fem.ᵊr.ə, 'fiː.mᵊr- US 'fem.ᵊr-
fen (F) fen -s -z
fenc|e fen*t*s -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -eless -ləs, -lɪs ˌ**sit on the 'fence**

fencesitt|er 'fents,sɪt|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -,sɪt̬- **-ers** -əʳz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Fenchurch 'fen.tʃɜːtʃ ⓤⓢ -tʃɝːtʃ
fend fend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
fender 'fen.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
fender-bender 'fen.də,ben.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ,ben.dɚ **-s** -z
Fendi 'fen.di
Fenella fɪ'nel.ə, fə-
fenestr|a fɪ'nes.tr|ə, fə- **-ae** -iː **-al** -ᵊl
fenes|trate fɪ'nes|.treɪt, fə'nes-; 'fen.ɪ.s|treɪt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'fen.ɪ.s|treɪt; fə'nes|.treɪt **-trates** -treɪts **-trating** -treɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-trated** -treɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -treɪ.t̬ɪd
fenestration ,fen.ɪ'streɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
feng shui ,feŋ'ʃuː.i, ,fʌŋ'ʃweɪ ⓤⓢ ,fʌŋ'ʃweɪ
Fenham 'fen.əm
Fenian 'fiː.ni.ən **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Fenimore 'fen.ɪ.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔːr
fenland (F) 'fen.lənd, -lænd
Fenn fen
fennec 'fen.ek, -ɪk **-s** -s
fennel 'fen.ᵊl
Fennell 'fen.ᵊl
Fennessy 'fen.ɪ.si, '-ə-
Fennimore 'fen.ɪ.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔːr
fenny (F) 'fen.i
Fenrir 'fen.rɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -rɪr
Fenton 'fen.tən ⓤⓢ -tᵊn
fenugreek 'fen.jʊ.griːk, -ʊ- ⓤⓢ -juː-, -jə-
Fenwick *English surname:* 'fen.ɪk, -wɪk *American surname:* 'fen.wɪk *places in UK:* 'fen.ɪk
Feodor 'fiː.əʊ.dɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.dɔːr
Feodora ,fiː.əʊ'dɔː.rə ⓤⓢ -ə'dɔːr.ə
feoff fiːf, fef **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s
feoffee fiː'fiː, fef'iː **-s** -z
feoffor fiː'fɔːʳ, fef'ɔːʳ ⓤⓢ fiː'fɔːr, fef'ɔːr **-s** -z
ferae naturae ,fer.aɪ,nɑː'tjʊə.raɪ, -'tjɔː- ⓤⓢ ,fiː.riː.nə'tuː.riː, -'tʊr.iː
feral 'fer.ᵊl, 'fɪə.rᵊl ⓤⓢ 'fer.ᵊl, 'fɪr-
Ferdinand 'fɜː.dɪ.nænd, -də-, -dᵊn.ænd, -nənd ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.dᵊn.ænd
feretor|y 'fer.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i ⓤⓢ -tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
Fergal 'fɜː.gᵊl ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
Fergie 'fɜː.gi ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
Fergus 'fɜː.gəs ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
Fergus(s)on 'fɜː.gə.sᵊn ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
feria 'fer.i.ə, 'fɪə.ri- ⓤⓢ 'fɪr-, 'fer- **-l** -l
Feringhee fə'rɪŋ.gi **-s** -z
Fermanagh fə'mæn.ə, fɜː- ⓤⓢ fɚ-, fɝː-
ferment (*n.*) 'fɜː.ment ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- **-s** -s
fer|ment (*v.*) fə|'ment, fɜː- ⓤⓢ fɚ- **-ments** -'ments **-menting** -'men.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -'men.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'men.t̬ɪd **-mentable** -'men.tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -'men.t̬ə.bᵊl
fermentation ,fɜː.men'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -mən'- ⓤⓢ ,fɝː- **-s** -z
fermentative fə'men.tə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Fermi 'feə.mi ⓤⓢ 'fer-
fermium 'fɜː.mi.əm ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
Fermor 'fɜː.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.mɔːr
Fermoy *near Cork:* fə'mɔɪ, fɜː- ⓤⓢ fɚ-, fɝː- *street in London:* 'fɜː.mɔɪ ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
fern (F) fɜːn ⓤⓢ fɝːn **-s** -z
Fernandez fɜː'næn.dez, fə- ⓤⓢ fɚ-
Fernando fə'næn.dəʊ ⓤⓢ fɚ'næn.doʊ
Ferndale 'fɜːn.deɪl ⓤⓢ 'fɝːn-
Ferndown 'fɜːn.daʊn ⓤⓢ 'fɝːn-
ferner|y 'fɜː.nᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- **-ies** -iz
Fernhough 'fɜːn.həʊ ⓤⓢ 'fɝːn.hoʊ
Fernihough, Fernyhough 'fɜː.ni.hʌf, -həʊ ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.ni.hʌf, -hoʊ
ferny 'fɜː.ni ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
ferocious fə'rəʊ.ʃəs, fɪ- ⓤⓢ fə'roʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ferocity fə'rɒs.ə.ti, fɪ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ fə'rɑː.sə.t̬i
-ferous fᵊr.əs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ferous** are normally stressed on the preceding syllable, e.g. **conifer** /'kɒn.ɪ.fəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɑː.nə.fɚ/, **coniferous** /kəʊ'nɪf.ᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ koʊ'nɪf-/.
Ferrand 'fer.ᵊnd
Ferranti fə'ræn.ti, fɪ-, fer'æn- ⓤⓢ fə'rɑːn.t̬i
Ferrar 'fer.əʳ; fə'rɑːʳ ⓤⓢ 'fer.ɚ; fə'rɑːr
Ferrara fə'rɑː.rə, fɪ'-, fer'ɑː- ⓤⓢ -'rɑːr.ə
Ferrari® fə'rɑː.ri, fɪ'-, fer'ɑː- ⓤⓢ fə'rɑːr.i
Ferraro fə'rɑː.rəʊ, fɪ'-, fer'ɑː- ⓤⓢ fə'rɑːr.oʊ
Ferraud fə'rəʊ, fer'əʊ ⓤⓢ fə'roʊ
ferrel (F) 'fer.ᵊl **-s** -z
ferreous 'fer.i.əs
Ferrer 'fer.əʳ; fə'reəʳ ⓤⓢ 'fer.ɚ; fə'rer **-s** -z
ferre|t (F) 'fer.ɪ|t, -ə|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
ferri- 'fer.i
ferric 'fer.ɪk
Ferrier 'fer.i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
ferris (F) 'fer.ɪs **'ferris ,wheel**
Ferrisburg 'fer.ɪs.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
ferrite 'fer.aɪt
ferritic fer'ɪt.ɪk, fə'rɪt- ⓤⓢ fə'rɪt̬-, fer'ɪt̬-
ferro- fer.əʊ ⓤⓢ fer.oʊ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ferrotype** /'fer.əʊ.taɪp ⓤⓢ -oʊ-/, **ferromagnetic** /,fer.əʊ.mæg'net.ɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊ.mæg'net̬-/.
ferroconcrete ,fer.əʊ'kɒŋ.kriːt ⓤⓢ -oʊ'kɑːn.kriːt
ferromagnetic ,fer.əʊ.mæg'net.ɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊ.mæg'net̬-
ferromagnetism ,fer.əʊ'mæg.nə.tɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
ferrotype 'fer.əʊ.taɪp ⓤⓢ -oʊ- **-s** -s
ferrous 'fer.əs
ferruginous fer'uː.dʒɪ.nəs, fə'ruː-, fɪ-, -dʒᵊn- ⓤⓢ fə'ruː.dʒɪ.nəs, fer'uː-
ferrule 'fer.uːl, -ᵊl, -juːl ⓤⓢ -ᵊl, -uːl **-s** -z
Note: /'fer.ᵊl/ is the pronunciation used by those connected with the umbrella trade.
ferr|y (F) 'fer|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
ferryboat 'fer.i.bəʊt ⓤⓢ -boʊt **-s** -s
Ferryhill 'fer.i.hɪl
ferry|man 'fer.i|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
fertile 'fɜː.taɪl ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -li
fertility fə'tɪl.ə.ti, fɜː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ fɚ'tɪl.ə.t̬i
fertilization, -isa- ,fɜː.tɪ.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tᵊl.aɪ'-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ,fɝː.t̬ᵊl.ɪ'-
fertiliz|e, -is|e 'fɜː.tɪ.laɪz, -tᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fertilizer, -ise- 'fɜː.tɪ.laɪ.zəʳ, -tᵊl.aɪ- ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.t̬ᵊl.aɪ- **-s** -z
ferule 'fer.uːl, -ᵊl, -juːl ⓤⓢ -ᵊl, -uːl **-s** -z
fervency 'fɜː.vᵊnt.si ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
fervent 'fɜː.vᵊnt ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fervid 'fɜː.vɪd ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fervo(u)r 'fɜː.vəʳ ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.vɚ
fescue 'fes.kjuː **-s** -z
fess fes **-es** -ɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
fess|e fes **-es** -ɪz
Fessenden 'fes.ᵊn.dən
fest fest **-s** -s
festal 'fes.tᵊl **-ly** -i
Feste 'fes.ti ⓤⓢ -teɪ
fest|er 'fes.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Festiniog fes'tɪn.i.ɒg ⓤⓢ -ɑːg, -ɔːg
festival 'fes.tɪ.vᵊl, -tə- **-s** -z
festive 'fes.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
festivit|y fes'tɪv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
festoon fes'tuːn ⓤⓢ fes'tuːn, fə'stuːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
festschrift 'fest.ʃrɪft, 'feʃ- **-en** -ən **-s** -s
Festus 'fes.təs
feta 'fet.ə ⓤⓢ 'fet̬- **,feta 'cheese**
fetal 'fiː.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl **'fetal po,sition**
fetch fetʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
fetching 'fetʃ.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
fet|e, fêt|e feɪt ⓤⓢ feɪt, fet **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'feɪ.t̬ɪŋ, 'fet̬.ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'feɪ.t̬ɪd, 'fet̬.ɪd **,garden 'fete** ⓤⓢ **'garden ,fete**
fête(s) champêtre(s) ,fet.ʃɑ̃ːm'pet.rə ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːm'-
fetich 'fet.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'fet̬- **-es** -ɪz
fetich|ism 'fet.ɪ.ʃ|ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'fet̬- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
fetichistic ,fet.ɪ'ʃɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ,fet̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
fetid 'fet.ɪd, 'fiː.tɪd ⓤⓢ 'fet̬.ɪd, 'fiː.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fetish 'fet.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'fet̬- **-es** -ɪz

tish|ism 'fet.ɪ.ʃɪ.zᵊm (US) 'feţ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tishistic ˌfet.ɪ'ʃɪs.tɪk (US) ˌfeţ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tlock 'fet.lɒk (US) -lɑːk **-s** -s **-ed** -t
tolog|y fiː'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tta 'fet.ə (US) 'feţ- ˌfetta 'cheese
tt|er(F) 'fet|.əʳ (US) 'feţ|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
ttes *place:* 'fet.ɪs (US) 'feţ- *surname:* 'fet.ɪs, -ɪz (US) 'feţ-
ttesian fet'iː.zi.ən, -ʒᵊn **-s** -z
ttl|e 'fet.ᵊl (US) 'feţ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) 'feţ.ᵊl.ɪŋ, 'fet.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
ttuccine ˌfet.ʊ'tʃiː.ni (US) ˌfeţ.ə'-
tus 'fiː.təs (US) -ţəs **-es** -ɪz
u fjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ud fjuːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
udal 'fjuː.dᵊl **-ly** -i
udal|ism 'fjuː.dᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
udality fjuː'dæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
udalization, -isa- ˌfjuː.dᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
udaliz|e, -is|e 'fjuː.dᵊl.aɪz (US) -də.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
udatory 'fjuː.də.tᵊr.i, -tri (US) -tɔːr.i
uilleton 'fɜː.ɪ.tɔ̃ːŋ, 'fɜːl.tɔ̃ːŋ (US) 'fɜː.jə.tɑːn, 'fɝː-, -tɔ̃ːn **-s** -z
ver 'fiː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d 'fever ˌblister; 'fever ˌpitch
verfew 'fiː.və.fjuː (US) -vɚ-
verish 'fiː.vᵊr.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
versham 'fev.ə.ʃᵊm (US) '-ɚ-
w (F) fjuː **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
y feɪ **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ydeau 'feɪ.dəʊ (US) feɪ'doʊ
ynman 'faɪn.mən
z (F) fez **-(z)es** -ɪz
zzan fez'ɑːn, -'æn (US) -'æn
festiniog fes'tɪn.i.ɒg (US) -ɑːg, -ɔːg
fion 'fiː.ɒn (US) -ɑːn
fitch fɪtʃ
foulkes fəʊks, fəʊlks, faʊks, fuːks (US) foʊks, foʊlks, faʊks, fuːks
frangcon 'fræŋ.kᵊn
fiable faɪ.ə.bᵊl
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **rectifiable** /'rek.tɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl (US) -tə-/, although some words containing **-fiable** may also be stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, especially in British English (e.g. **justifiable** /ˌdʒʌs.tɪ'faɪ.ə.bᵊl/); see also entry for **-fy**.
iacre fi'ɑː.krə (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
iancé(e) fi'ɑ̃ːn.seɪ, -'ɒnt- (US) ˌfiː.ɑːn'seɪ, -'-- **-s** -z
ianna Fail, Fianna Fáil ˌfiː.ə.nə'fɔɪl, ˌfiː.nə'-, -'fɔːl (US) -'fɔɪl, -'fiːl
iasco fi'æs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ **-(e)s** -z
iat *decree:* 'faɪ.æt (US) 'fiː.ət, -æt, -ɑːt **-s** -s
iat® fɪət, 'fiː.æt (US) 'fiː.ɑːt **-s** -s

fiat justicia ˌfiː.æt.jʊs'tɪs.i.ə (US) ˌfiː.ɑːt'jʊs.tɪ.ʃə
fib fɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fiber 'faɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ **-s** -z
fiberglass 'faɪ.bə.glɑːs (US) -bɚ.glæs
fiberlike 'faɪ.bə.laɪk (US) -bɚ-
Fibonacci ˌfɪb.ə'nɑː.tʃi, ˌfiː.bə'-
fibre 'faɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ **-s** -z **-d** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
fibreglass 'faɪ.bə.glɑːs (US) -bɚ.glæs
fibreoptic ˌfaɪ.bəʳ'ɒp.tɪk (US) -bɚ'ɑːp- **-s** -s
fibre optics ˌfaɪ.bəʳ'ɒp.tɪks (US) -bɚ'ɑːp-
fibriform 'faɪ.brɪ.fɔːm, 'fɪb.rɪ- (US) -fɔːrm
fibril 'faɪ.brɪl, -brəl (US) 'faɪ.brɪl, 'fɪb.rɪl **-s** -s **-lar** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-lose** -əʊs (US) -oʊs
fibril|late 'faɪ.brɪ|.leɪt, 'fɪb.rɪ-, -rə- (US) 'fɪb.rɪ-, 'faɪ.brɪ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.ţɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.ţɪd
fibrillation ˌfaɪ.brɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌfɪb.rɪ'-, -rə'- (US) ˌfɪb.rɪ'-, ˌfaɪ.brɪ'- **-s** -z
fibrilliform faɪ'brɪl.ɪ.fɔːm, fɪ- (US) fɪ'brɪl.ɪ.fɔːrm, faɪ'-
fibrin 'fɪb.rɪn, 'faɪ.brɪn (US) 'faɪ.brɪn **-ous** -əs
fibrinogen fɪ'brɪn.əʊ.dʒᵊn, faɪ-, -dʒen (US) faɪ'brɪn.ə-
fibro- faɪ.brəʊ; faɪ'brəʊ (US) faɪ.broʊ, -brə; faɪ'broʊ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **fibrositis** /ˌfaɪ.brəʊ'saɪ.tɪs (US) -broʊ'saɪ.ţɪs/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **fibrosis** /faɪ'brəʊ.sɪs (US) -'broʊ-/.
fibroid 'faɪ.brɔɪd **-s** -z
fibroma faɪ'brəʊ.mə (US) -'broʊ- **-s** -z **-ta** -tə (US) -ţə
fibrosis faɪ'brəʊ.sɪs (US) -'broʊ-
fibrositis ˌfaɪ.brəʊ'saɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) -broʊ'saɪ.ţɪs, -ţəs
fibrous 'faɪ.brəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fibul|a 'fɪb.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- (US) -jə- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː
FICA 'fiː.kə (US) 'faɪ-, 'fiː-
fich|e fiːʃ **-es** -ɪz
fichu 'fiː.ʃuː, 'fɪʃ.uː (US) 'fɪʃ.uː; fiː'ʃuː **-s** -z
fickl|e 'fɪk.ᵊl **-er** -əʳ, '-ləʳ (US) '-lɚ, -ᵊl.ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
fiction 'fɪk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
fictional 'fɪk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
fictionalization ˌfɪk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
fictionaliz|e, -is|e 'fɪk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fictionist 'fɪk.ʃᵊn.ɪst **-s** -s
fictitious fɪk'tɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fictive 'fɪk.tɪv
fid fɪd **-s** -z
fiddl|e 'fɪd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z, '-ᵊl.ɚ/z (US) '-lɚ/z **as ˌfit as a 'fiddle**

fiddlededee ˌfɪd.ᵊl.dɪ'diː (US) -diː'diː
fiddle-faddl|e 'fɪd.ᵊlˌfæd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˌ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
fiddlesticks 'fɪd.ᵊl.stɪks
fiddl|y 'fɪd.ᵊl|.i, 'fɪd.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Fidel fɪ'del, fiː-, 'fɪd.el
Fidelia fɪ'diː.li.ə, fə-, -'deɪ- (US) -'diː.li.ə, -'diːl.jə
Fidelio fɪ'deɪ.li.əʊ (US) -oʊ
fidelity fɪ'del.ə.ti, fə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
fidg|et 'fɪdʒ|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.ţɪd
fidget|y 'fɪdʒ.ɪ.t|i, '-ə- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Fido 'faɪ.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
fiducial fɪ'djuː.ʃi.əl, fə-, faɪ-, -si- (US) -'duː.ʃᵊl, -'djuː- **-ly** -i
fiduciar|y fɪ'djuː.ʃi.ə.r|i, fə-, faɪ-, -si-, -ʃᵊr|.i (US) fɪ'duː.ʃi.er.i, -ʃᵊr-, -'djuː- **-ies** -iz
fie faɪ
Fiedler 'fiːd.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
fief fiːf **-s** -s
fiefdom 'fiːf.dəm **-s** -z
field (F) 'fiːld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'field ˌglass; 'field ˌgoal; 'field ˌgun; ˌfield 'hospital** (US) **'field ˌhospital; ˌfield 'marshal** (US) **'field ˌmarshal; 'field ˌmouse; 'field ˌofficer; ˌfield of 'vision; 'field ˌtrip; have a 'field ˌday**
Fielden 'fiːl.dᵊn
Fieldener 'fiːl.dᵊn.əʳ (US) -ɚ
fielder (F) 'fiːl.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
fieldfare 'fiːld.feəʳ (US) -fer **-s** -z
Fielding 'fiːl.dɪŋ
Fields fiːldz
fields|man 'fiːldz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
field-test 'fiːld.test **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
fieldwork 'fiːld.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fiend (F) fiːnd **-s** -z
fiendish 'fiːn.dɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Fiennes faɪnz
fierc|e fɪəs (US) fɪrs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
fier|y 'faɪə.r|i (US) 'faɪ-, 'faɪɚ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fiesta (F®) fi'es.tə **-s** -z
FIFA, Fifa 'fiː.fə
fif|e (F) faɪf **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Fife faɪf **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ʃɪr
Fifi 'fiː.fiː
Fifield 'faɪ.fiːld
fifteen ˌfɪf'tiːn **-s** -z **-th/s** -θ/s *stress shift:* ˌfifteen 'years
fifth fɪfθ **-s** -s **-ly** -li ˌ**Fifth A'mendment; ˌFifth 'Avenue**
fifth-column ˌfɪfθ'kɒl.əm (US) -'kɑː.ləm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s, -nɪst/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm, -nɪ.zᵊm
fiftieth 'fɪf.ti.əθ **-s** -s
fift|y 'fɪf.t|i **-ies** -iz

fifty-fifty ˌfɪf.ti'fɪf.ti
fiftyfold 'fɪf.ti.fəʊld US -foʊld
fig fɪg -s -z 'fig ˌleaf; 'fig ˌtree
Figaro 'fɪg.ə.rəʊ US -roʊ
Figes 'fɪg.ɪs
Figg fɪg
Figgis 'fɪg.ɪs
fight faɪt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'faɪ.t̬ɪŋ fought fɔːt US fɑːt, fɔːt 'fighting ˌcock
fightback 'faɪt.bæk -s -s
fighter 'faɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z
figment 'fɪg.mənt -s -s
Figo 'fiː.gəʊ US -goʊ
Figueroa ˌfɪg.ə'rəʊ.ə US -'roʊ-
figurability ˌfɪg.jᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ᵊr-, -jʊ.rə'-, -ɪ.ti US -jɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -jʊ.rə'-
figurable 'fɪg.jᵊr.ə.bᵊl, -ᵊr-, -jʊ.rə- US -jɚ.ə-, -jʊ.rə-
figurative 'fɪg.jᵊr.ə.tɪv, -ᵊr-, -jʊ.rə- US -jɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -jʊ.rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
figur|e 'fɪg.əʳ US -jɚ, -jʊr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌfigure 'eight; ˌfigure of 'eight; ˌfigure of 'speech; 'figure ˌskating
figurehead 'fɪg.ə.hed US -jɚ- -s -z
figurine 'fɪg.jə.riːn, '-ə-, -jʊ-, ˌ--'- US ˌfɪg.juː'riːn, -jə'- -s -z
Fiji 'fiː.dʒiː, -'- US '--
Fijian fɪ'dʒiː.ən, fiː- US 'fiː.dʒiː-, -'-- -s -z
filament 'fɪl.ə.mənt -s -s
filamentous ˌfɪl.ə'men.təs
filari|a fɪ'leə.ri|.ə US -'ler.i- -ae -iː -al -əl
filarias|is ˌfɪl.ə'raɪə.s|ɪs; fɪˌleə.ri'eɪ-, fə- US ˌfɪl.ə'raɪ.ə.s|ɪs -es -iːz
filature 'fɪl.ə.tʃəʳ, -tjəʳ US -tʃɚ -s -z
filbert 'fɪl.bət US -bɚt -s -s
filch fɪltʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Fildes faɪldz
fil|e faɪl -es -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d 'filing ˌclerk
filemot 'fɪl.ɪ.mɒt US -mɑːt
filet 'fɪl.eɪ, 'fiː.leɪ US fɪ'leɪ, 'fɪl.eɪ -s -z -(t)ing -ɪŋ -(t)ed -d
filet(s) mignon(s) ˌfɪl.eɪ'miː.njɔ̃ːŋ, ˌfiː.leɪ-, -'mɪn.jɒn US ˌfɪl.eɪ.miː'njɑːn, -'njoʊn; fɪˌleɪ-
Filey 'faɪ.li
filial 'fɪl.i.əl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
filiation ˌfɪl.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn
filibeg 'fɪl.ɪ.beg, '-ə- -s -z
filibust|er 'fɪl.ɪ.bʌs.t|əʳ, '-ə- US -t|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd
filigree 'fɪl.ɪ.griː, '-ə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
filing 'faɪ.lɪŋ -s -z 'filing ˌcabinet
Filioque ˌfiː.li'əʊ.kwi, ˌfaɪ-, ˌfɪl.i'- US -'oʊ-
Filipino ˌfɪl.ɪ'piː.nəʊ, -ə'- US -noʊ -s -z
Filkin 'fɪl.kɪn -s -z
fill fɪl -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d 'filling ˌstation; ˌfill the 'bill
filler *thing or person that fills:* 'fɪl.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
filler, fillér *Hungarian currency:* 'fiː.leəʳ US 'fɪl.er, 'fiː.ler -s -z
fill|et 'fɪl|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.t̬ɪd
fillibeg 'fɪl.ɪ.beg, '-ə- -s -z
fillip 'fɪl.ɪp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Fillmore 'fɪl.mɔːʳ US -mɔːr
fill|y 'fɪl|.i -ies -iz
film fɪlm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'film ˌstar
filmgoer 'fɪlmˌgəʊ.əʳ US -ˌgoʊ.ɚ -s -z
filmgoing 'fɪlmˌgəʊ.ɪŋ US -ˌgoʊ-
filmic 'fɪl.mɪk
filmmaker 'fɪlmˌmeɪ.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
film(s) noir(s) ˌfɪlm'nwɑː, -'nwɑːr
film|set 'fɪlm|.set -sets -sets -setting -ˌset.ɪŋ US -ˌset̬.ɪŋ
filmstrip 'fɪlm.strɪp -s -s
film|y 'fɪl.m|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
filo 'faɪ.ləʊ, 'fiː-, 'fɪl.əʊ US 'fiː.loʊ, 'faɪ- ˌfilo 'pastry US 'filo ˌpastry
Filofax® 'faɪ.ləʊ.fæks US -loʊ-, -lə- -es -ɪz
Filon 'faɪ.lən, -lɒn US ˌfiː'lɑːn
fils *son:* fiːs
fils *monetary unit:* fɪls
filt|er (*n, v.*) 'fɪl.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd 'filter ˌcoffee; 'filter ˌpaper; 'filter ˌtip
filth fɪlθ
filth|y 'fɪl.θ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nəs
filtrate (*n.*) 'fɪl.treɪt -s -s
fil|trate (*v.*) fɪl|'treɪt US '-- -trates -'treɪts US -treɪts -trating -'treɪ.tɪŋ US -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ -trated -'treɪ.tɪd US -treɪ.t̬ɪd
filtration fɪl'treɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
FIMBRA 'fɪm.brə
fin fɪn -s -z
Fina® 'fiː.nə, 'faɪ-
finable 'faɪ.nə.bᵊl
finagl|e fɪ'neɪ.gᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, '-gləʳ/z US '-ɚ/z, '-glɚ/z
final 'faɪ.nᵊl -s -z -ly -i
finale fɪ'nɑː.li, fə-, -leɪ US -'næl.i, -'nɑː.leɪ, -li -s -z
finalist 'faɪ.nᵊl.ɪst -s -s
finality faɪ'næl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US faɪ'næl.ə.t̬i, fə-
finalization ˌfaɪ.nᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
finaliz|e, -is|e 'faɪ.nᵊl.aɪz US -nə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
financ|e 'faɪ.nænts; faɪ'nænts, fɪ-, fə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
financial faɪ'næn.*t*ʃᵊl, fɪ-, fə- US -'nænt.ʃᵊl -ly -i Fiˌnancial 'Times
financier faɪ'næn*t*.si.əʳ, fɪ-, fə- US fɪ'nænt.si.ɚ, fə-; ˌfɪn.ən'sɪr, ˌfaɪ.næn'-, -nən'- -s -z
Finbar 'fɪn.bɑːʳ, 'fɪm- US 'fɪn.bɑːr
finch (F) fɪn*t*ʃ -es -ɪz
Finchale 'fɪŋ.kᵊl
Fincham 'fɪn.*t*ʃəm
Finchampsted 'fɪn.*t*ʃəm.sted, -*t*ʃəmp-, -stɪd
Finchley 'fɪn*t*ʃ.li
find faɪnd -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z found faʊnd finder/s 'faɪn.dəʳ/z US -dɚ/z
fin de siècle ˌfæ̃n.də'sjek.ᵊl, ˌfæn-, -si'ek-, -lə US ˌfæ̃n.də.si'ek.lə, -'sjek-, -ᵊl
Findlater 'fɪn*d*.lə.təʳ, -leɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
Findlay 'fɪn*d*.leɪ, -li
Findley 'fɪn*d*.li
Findus 'fɪn.dəs
fin|e faɪn -es -z -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -eness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌfine 'art; 'fine ˌprint, ˌfine 'print
finely 'faɪn.li
finery 'faɪ.nᵊr.i
fines herbes ˌfiːn'eəb, -'ɜːb US ˌfiːn'zerb
finespun ˌfaɪn'spʌn US '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌfinespun 'yarn
finess|e (*n, v.*) fɪ'nes, fə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
fine-tooth ˌfaɪn'tuːθ -ed -t ˌfine-toothed 'comb
fine-tun|e ˌfaɪn'tjuːn, -'tʃuːn US -'tuːn, -'tjuːn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift:* ˌfine-tuned 'instrument
Fingal 'fɪŋ.gᵊl ˌFingal's 'Cave
Fingall 'fɪŋ.gɔːl US -gɔːl, -gɑːl
fing|er 'fɪŋ.g|əʳ US -g|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering/s -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z -ered -əd US -ɚd 'finger ˌbowl; 'Finger ˌLakes; ˌburn one's 'fingers; ˌall ˌfingers and 'thumbs; have a ˌfinger in every 'pie; keep one's 'fingers ˌcrossed; ˌtwist someone round one's ˌlittle 'finger; ˌwork one's ˌfingers to the 'bone
fingerboard 'fɪŋ.gə.bɔːd US -gɚ.bɔːrd -s -z
fingermark 'fɪŋ.gə.mɑːk US -gɚ.mɑːrk -s -s
fingernail 'fɪŋ.gə.neɪl US -gɚ- -s -z
fingerplate 'fɪŋ.gə.pleɪt US -gɚ- -s -s
fingerpost 'fɪŋ.gə.pəʊst US -gɚ.poʊst -s -s
fingerprint 'fɪŋ.gə.prɪnt US -gɚ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
fingerstall 'fɪŋ.gə.stɔːl US -gɚ.stɔːl, -stɑːl -s -z
fingertip 'fɪŋ.gə.tɪp US -gɚ- -s -s
Fingest 'fɪn.dʒɪst
finial 'fɪn.i.əl, 'faɪ.ni- US 'fɪn.i- -s -z
finical 'fɪn.ɪ.kᵊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nəs
finicking 'fɪn.ɪ.kɪŋ
finick|y 'fɪn.ɪ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
finis 'fɪn.ɪs, 'fiː.nɪs US 'fɪn.ɪs; fiː'niː; 'faɪ.nɪs
finish 'fɪn.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'finishing ˌschool
Finisterre ˌfɪn.ɪ'steəʳ, -ə'-, '--- US ˌfɪn.ɪ'ster
finite 'faɪ.naɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
finito fɪ'niː.təʊ, fə- US -toʊ
finitude 'faɪ.nɪ.tjuːd, 'fɪn.ɪ-, -tʃuːd

...'fɪn.ɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd
...k fɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
...laison 'fɪn.lɪ.sᵊn
...land 'fɪn.lənd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
...landization, -isa- ...ɪn.lən.daɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dɪ'- ⓤⓢ -dɪ'-
...landiz|e, -is|e 'fɪn.lən.daɪz -es -ɪz ...ng -ɪŋ -ed -d
...lay 'fɪn.leɪ, -li
...layson 'fɪn.lɪ.sᵊn
...ley 'fɪn.li
...n fɪn -s -z
...nan 'fɪn.ən
...negan 'fɪn.ɪ.gən, '-ə-
...ney 'fɪn.i
...nic 'fɪn.ɪk
...nie 'fɪn.i
...nish 'fɪn.ɪʃ
...non 'fɪn.ən
...no-Ugrian ˌfɪn.əʊ'juː.gri.ən ⓤⓢ -oʊ'uː-, -'juː-
...no-Ugric ˌfɪn.əʊ'juː.grɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊ'uː-, -'juː-
...o 'fiː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ -s -z
...sberg 'fɪnz.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
...sbury 'fɪnz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ˌber-, -bɚ- ˌFinsbury 'Park
...ucane fɪ'nuː.kᵊn, fə-, fɪn.ə'keɪn
...zi 'fɪn.zi
...na fi'əʊ.nə ⓤⓢ -'oʊ-
...rd fjɔːd; fi'ɔːd; 'fiː.ɔːd ⓤⓢ fjɔːrd; ...i'ɔːrd -s -z
...rin 'faɪə.rɪn ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.ɪn
...rino® ˌfiː.ɔː'riː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
...ritur|a ˌfjɔː.ri'tjʊə.r|ə, ˌfiː.ə.ri'- ⓤⓢ ˌfjɔː.riː'tuː.r|ɑː -e -eɪ
...r fɜːʳ ⓤⓢ fɝː -s -z 'fir ˌtree
...rbank 'fɜː.bæŋk ⓤⓢ 'fɝː-
...r|e faɪəʳ ⓤⓢ faɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'fire aˌlarm; 'fire ...briˌgade; 'fire conˌtrol; 'fire ...deˌpartment; 'fire ˌdrill; 'fire ˌengine; 'fire esˌcape; 'fire exˌtinguisher; 'fire ˌfighter; 'fire ˌhydrant; 'fire ˌiron; 'fire ˌscreen; ˌout of the ˌfrying pan ˌinto the 'fire
...rearm 'faɪəʳ.ɑːm ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.ɑːrm -s -z
...reball 'faɪə.bɔːl ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z
...rebomb 'faɪə.bɒm ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.bɑːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
...rebox 'faɪə.bɒks ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.bɑːks -es -ɪz
...rebrand 'faɪə.brænd ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -z
...rebreak 'faɪə.breɪk ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -s
...rebrick 'faɪə.brɪk ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -s
...rebug 'faɪə.bʌg ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -z
...reclay 'faɪə.kleɪ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ-
...recracker 'faɪəˌkræk.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚˌkræk.ɚ -s -z
...recrest 'faɪə.krest ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -s
...redamp 'faɪə.dæmp ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ-
...redog 'faɪə.dɒg ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z
...re-eat|er 'faɪəʳˌiː.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚˌiː.ṭ|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
...refigh|t 'faɪə.faɪ|t ⓤⓢ 'faɪr- -s -z

-ting -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ṭɪŋ -ter/s -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ/z
firefl|y 'faɪə.fl|aɪ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -ies -aɪz
fireguard 'faɪə.gɑːd ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.gɑːrd -s -z
firehou|se 'faɪə.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -ses -zɪz
fire|light 'faɪə|.laɪt ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -lighter/s -ˌlaɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˌlaɪ.ṭɚ/z
firelock 'faɪə.lɒk ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.lɑːk -s -s
fire|man 'faɪə|.mən ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -men -mən, -men
fireplac|e 'faɪə.pleɪs ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -es -ɪz
fireplug 'faɪə.plʌg ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -z
firepower 'faɪəˌpaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚˌpaʊɚ
fireproof 'faɪə.pruːf ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ-
fire-rais|ing 'faɪəˌreɪ.z|ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'faɪr- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
firescreen 'faɪə.skriːn ⓤⓢ 'faɪr- -s -z
fireship 'faɪə.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -s
fireside 'faɪə.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -z
firestone 'faɪə.stəʊn ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.stoʊn
firestorm 'faɪə.stɔːm ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.stɔːrm -s -z
firetrail 'faɪə.treɪl ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -z
firetrap 'faɪə.træp ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ- -s -s
firewall 'faɪə.wɔːl ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ-, -wɑːl -s -z
firewarden 'faɪəˌwɔː.dᵊn ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚˌwɔːr- -s -z
firewater 'faɪəˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚˌwɑː.ṭɚ, -ˌwɔː-
firewood 'faɪə.wʊd ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ-
firework 'faɪə.wɜːk ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.wɝːk -s -s
firing 'faɪə.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'faɪɚ.ɪŋ 'firing ˌline; 'firing ˌparty; 'firing ˌsquad
firkin 'fɜː.kɪn ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- -s -z
firm fɜːm ⓤⓢ fɝːm -s -z -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
firmament 'fɜː.mə.mənt ⓤⓢ 'fɝː- -s -s
firmware 'fɜːm.weəʳ ⓤⓢ 'fɝːm.wer
Firsby 'fɜːz.bi ⓤⓢ 'fɝːz-
first 'fɜːst ⓤⓢ 'fɝːst -s -s -ly -li ˌfirst 'aid; ˌfirst 'base; ˌfirst 'class; ˌfirst 'floor; ˌfirst 'lady; ˌFirst ˌWorld 'War
first base ˌfɜː*s*t'beɪs ⓤⓢ ˌfɝː*s*t-
firstborn 'fɜː*s*t.bɔːn ⓤⓢ 'fɝː*s*t.bɔːrn
first-degree ˌfɜː*s*t.dɪ'griː, -də'- ⓤⓢ ˌfɝː*s*t.dɪ'- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌfirst-degree 'murder
firstfruits 'fɜː*s*t.fruːts ⓤⓢ 'fɝː*s*t-
firsthand ˌfɜːst'hænd ⓤⓢ ˌfɝːst- *stress shift:* ˌfirsthand ac'count
firstling 'fɜː*s*t.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'fɝː*s*t- -s -z
firstly 'fɜː*s*t.li ⓤⓢ 'fɝː*s*t-
first-past-the-post ˌfɜː*s*tˌpɑː*s*t.ðə'pəʊst ⓤⓢ ˌfɝː*s*tˌpæ*s*t.ðə'poʊst *stress shift:* ˌfirst-past-the-post 'system
first-rate ˌfɜː*s*t'reɪt ⓤⓢ ˌfɝː*s*t- *stress shift:* ˌfirst-rate 'game
first-time ˌfɜː*s*t'taɪm ⓤⓢ ˌfɝː*s*t- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌfirst-time 'buyer
firth (F) fɜːθ ⓤⓢ fɝːθ -s -s

fisc fɪsk
fiscal 'fɪs.kᵊl -s -z
Fischer 'fɪʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Fischler 'fɪʃ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ
fish (F) fɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌfish and 'chips; ˌfish 'finger; 'fishing ˌrod; 'fishing ˌtackle; 'fish ˌknife; 'fish ˌslice; 'fish ˌstick; have ˌother 'fish to ˌfry; like a ˌfish out of 'water; a 'pretty ˌkettle of ˌfish
fishbone 'fɪʃ.bəʊn ⓤⓢ -boʊn -s -z
fishbowl 'fɪʃ.bəʊl ⓤⓢ -boʊl -s -z
fishcake 'fɪʃ.keɪk -s -s
fisher (F) 'fɪʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
fisher|man 'fɪʃ.ə|.mən ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- -men -mən, -men
fisher|y 'fɪʃ.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz
fisheye 'fɪʃ.aɪ ˌfisheye 'lens
Fishguard 'fɪʃ.gɑːd ⓤⓢ -gɑːrd
fishhook 'fɪʃ.*h*ʊk ⓤⓢ -hʊk -s -s
Fishkill 'fɪʃ.kɪl
fishmonger 'fɪʃˌmʌŋ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmʌŋ.gɚ, -ˌmɑːŋ- -s -z
fish 'n' chips ˌfɪʃ.ᵊn'tʃɪps
fishnet 'fɪʃ.net -s -s ˌfishnet 'stockings
fishplate 'fɪʃ.pleɪt -s -s
fishpond 'fɪʃ.pɒnd ⓤⓢ -pɑːnd -s -z
fishtail 'fɪʃ.teɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
fishtank 'fɪʃ.tæŋk -s -s
Fishwick 'fɪʃ.wɪk
fish|wife 'fɪʃ|.waɪf -wives -waɪvz
fish|y 'fɪʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Fisk(e) fɪsk
Fison 'faɪ.sᵊn
fissile 'fɪs.aɪl ⓤⓢ -ɪl
fission 'fɪʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ 'fɪʃ-, 'fɪʒ- -s -z -al -ᵊl
fissionable 'fɪʃ.ᵊn.ə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'fɪʃ-, 'fɪʒ-
fissiparous fɪ'sɪp.ᵊr.əs, fə-
fiss|ure 'fɪʃ|.əʳ, -ʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ures -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
fist fɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -ic -ɪk
fistfight 'fɪst.faɪt -s -s
fistful 'fɪst.fʊl -s -z
fisticuffs 'fɪs.tɪ.kʌfs
fistul|a 'fɪs.tjə.l|ə, -tjʊ-, -tʃə-, -tʃʊ- ⓤⓢ -tjə-, -tʃuː- -as -əz -ae -iː -ous -əs
fit fɪt -s -s -ting/ly -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ 'fɪṭ.ɪŋ/li -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'fɪṭ.ɪd -ter/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'fɪṭ.ɚ/z -test -ɪst ⓤⓢ 'fɪṭ.ɪst, -əst -ly -li ˌfitted 'kitchen; 'fitting ˌroom; as ˌfit as a 'fiddle
fitch (F) fɪtʃ -es -ɪz
Fitchburg 'fɪtʃ.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
fitchew 'fɪtʃ.uː -s -z
fitful 'fɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fitment 'fɪt.mənt -s -s
fitness 'fɪt.nəs, -nɪs
fitt fɪt -s -s
Fitzalan fɪts'æl.ən
Fitzcharles fɪts'tʃɑːlz ⓤⓢ -'tʃɑːrlz
Fitzclarence fɪts'klær.ən*t*s ⓤⓢ -'kler-, -'klær-
Fitzgeorge fɪts'dʒɔːdʒ ⓤⓢ -'dʒɔːrdʒ
Fitzgerald, FitzGerald fɪts'dʒer.əld

Flap

A type of consonant sound that is closely similar to the TAP. It is usually voiced, and is produced by slightly curling back the tip of the tongue, then throwing it forward and allowing it to strike the alveolar ridge as it descends. The phonetic symbol for the sound is [ɽ]

Examples in English

This sound, although occurring in some accents of English, is not a PHONEME, and is uncommon in British English. It appears, however, in US English, where it is sometimes heard in words like *party* and *birdie*, where the /r/ consonant causes retroflexion of the tongue and the stress pattern favours a flap-like articulation. In this dictionary we represent the former as /t̬/, e.g.:

party	/ˈpɑː.ti/	(US) /ˈpɑːr.t̬i/	[ˈpʰɑːɻ.ɽti]
birdie	/ˈbɜː.di/	(US) /ˈbɝː.di/	[ˈb̥ɝː.ɽi]

In other languages

A flap is most commonly heard in languages which have other RETROFLEX consonants, such as languages of the Indian sub-continent; it is also heard in the English of native speakers of such languages, often as a realisation of /r/.

Fitzgibbon fɪtsˈgɪb.ən
Fitzhardinge fɪtsˈhɑː.dɪŋ (US) -ˈhɑːr-
Fitzharris fɪtsˈhær.ɪs (US) -ˈher-, -ˈhær-
Fitzherbert fɪtsˈhɜː.bət (US) -ˈhɝː.bɚt
Fitzhugh fɪtsˈhjuː
Fitzjames fɪtsˈdʒeɪmz
Note: In **James Fitzjames** often /ˈfɪts.dʒeɪmz/.
Fitzjohn fɪtsˈdʒɒn (US) -ˈdʒɑːn
Fitzmaurice fɪtsˈmɒr.ɪs (US) -ˈmɑːr-, -ˈmɔːr-
Fitzpatrick fɪtsˈpæt.rɪk
Fitzroy *surname:* fɪtsˈrɔɪ, ˈ-- *square and street in London:* ˈfɪts.rɔɪ
Fitzsimmons fɪtsˈsɪm.ənz
Fitzstephen fɪtsˈstiː.vᵊn
Fitzwalter fɪtsˈwɔːl.təʳ, -ˈwɒl- (US) -ˈwɔːl.t̬ɚ, -ˈwɑːl-
Fitzwilliam fɪtsˈwɪl.jəm, ˈ-i.əm (US) ˈ-jəm
five faɪv **-s** -z **-fold** -fəʊld (US) -foʊld
five-and-dime ˌfaɪv.ᵊndˈdaɪm **-s** -z
fivepen|ce ˈfaɪf.pənt|s, ˈfaɪv- **-ces** -sɪz
fivepenny ˈfaɪv.pᵊn.i
fiver ˈfaɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z
fix fɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fixable ˈfɪk.sə.bᵊl
fixa|te fɪkˈseɪ|t (US) ˈ-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
fixation fɪkˈseɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
fixative ˈfɪk.sə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
fixedly ˈfɪk.sɪd.li, -səd-
fixit|y ˈfɪk.sə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
fixture ˈfɪks.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
fizz fɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fizzl|e ˈfɪz.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
fizz|y ˈfɪz|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fjord fjɔːd; fiˈɔːd; ˈfiː.ɔːd (US) fjɔːrd **-s** -z
Fla. (*abbrev. for* **Florida**) ˈflɒr.ɪ.də (US) ˈflɔːr-, ˈflɑːr-
flab flæb
flabbergast ˈflæb.ə.gɑːst (US) -ɚ.gæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
flabb|y ˈflæb|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flaccid ˈflæk.sɪd, ˈflæs.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flaccidity flækˈsɪd.ə.ti, flæsˈɪd-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
flack (F) flæk **-s** -s
Flackwell ˈflæk.wel, -wəl
flag flæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d ˈ**flag** ˌ**day**; ˈ**flag** ˌ**officer**
flagellant ˈflædʒ.ᵊl.ənt, -ɪ.lənt; fləˈdʒel.ənt, flædʒˈel- (US) ˈflædʒ.ᵊl.ənt, -ɪ.lənt; fləˈdʒel.ənt **-s** -s
flagellate (*n, adj.*) ˈflædʒ.ᵊl.ət, -ɪ.lət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) ˈflædʒ.ᵊl.eɪt, -ɪt; fləˈdʒel.ɪt **-s** -s
flagell|ate (*v.*) ˈflædʒ.ᵊl|.eɪt, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
flagellation ˌflædʒ.əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- **-s** -z
flagell|um fləˈdʒel|.əm, flædʒˈel- (US) fləˈdʒel- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
flageolet ˌflæd.ʒəʊˈlet, -ˈleɪ, ˈ--- (US) ˌflædʒ.əˈlet, -ˈleɪ **-s** -s
Flagg flæg
flag|man ˈflæg|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
flagon ˈflæg.ən **-s** -z
flagpole ˈflæg.pəʊl (US) -poʊl **-s** -z
flagrancy ˈfleɪ.grənt.si
flagrant ˈfleɪ.grənt **-ly** -li
flagrante delicto fləˌgræn.teɪ.dɪˈlɪk.təʊ, flægˌræn-, -ti-, -dəˈ-, -deɪˈ- (US) fləˌgræn.ti.diːˈlɪk.toʊ
flagship ˈflæg.ʃɪp **-s** -s
flagstaff ˈflæg.stɑːf (US) -stæf **-s** -s
flagstone ˈflæg.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn **-s** -z
flag-waving ˈflægˌweɪ.vɪŋ
Flaherty ˈfleə.ti, ˈflɑː.hə.ti, ˈflæ.hə.ti (US) ˈflæ.ɚ.t̬i, ˈflɑː-; ˈfler.ə-
flail fleɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flair fleəʳ (US) fler **-s** -z
flak flæk
flak|e fleɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**flake** ˈ**white**
flak|y ˈfleɪ.k|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**flaky** ˈ**pastry**
flam flæm **-s** -z
Flambard ˈflæm.bɑːd, -bəd (US) -bɑːrd, -bɚd
flambé, flambe ˈflɑ̃ːm.beɪ (US) flɑːmˈbeɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flambeau (F) ˈflæm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-s** -z
flambée, flambee ˈflɑ̃ːm.beɪ (US) flɑːmˈbeɪ **-d** -d
Flamborough ˈflæm.bᵊr.ə (US) -oʊ
flamboyance flæmˈbɔɪ.ənts
flamboyant flæmˈbɔɪ.ənt **-ly** -li
flam|e fleɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flamen ˈfleɪ.men **-s** -z
flamenco fləˈmeŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ **-s** -z
flameproof ˈfleɪm.pruːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flamethrower ˈfleɪmˌθrəʊ.əʳ (US) -ˌθroʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
flamingo fləˈmɪŋ.gəʊ, flæmˈɪŋ- (US) fləˈmɪŋ.goʊ **-(e)s** -z
Flaminius fləˈmɪn.i.əs, flæmˈɪn- (US) fləˈmɪn-
flammability ˌflæm.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
flammable ˈflæm.ə.bᵊl
Flamstead ˈflæm.stiːd, -stɪd
Flamsteed ˈflæm.stiːd
flan flæn **-s** -z
Flanagan ˈflæn.ə.gᵊn
Flanders ˈflɑːn.dəz (US) ˈflæn.dɚz
flang|e flændʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flank flæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Flann flæn
flannel ˈflæn.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
flannelette, flannelet ˌflæn.ᵊlˈet (US) ˌflæn.ᵊlˈet, -əˈlet
flannelly ˈflæn.ᵊl.i
flap flæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
flapdoodle ˈflæpˌduː.dᵊl
flapjack ˈflæp.dʒæk **-s** -s
flapper ˈflæp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

r|e fleəʳ (US) fler **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
repa|th 'fleə.pɑː|θ (US) 'fler.pæ|θ **-ths** -ðz
re-up 'fleəʳ.ʌp (US) 'fler- **-s** -s
sh (F) flæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **flash ˌcard; 'flash ˌpoint; ˌflash in the 'pan; ˌquick as a 'flash**
shback 'flæʃ.bæk **-s** -s
shbulb 'flæʃ.bʌlb **-s** -z
sher 'flæʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
sh-fr|y ˌflæʃ'fr|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd *stress shift:* flash-fried 'food
shgun 'flæʃ.gʌn **-s** -z
shlight 'flæʃ.laɪt **-s** -s
shman 'flæʃ.mən
sh-mob 'flæʃ.mɒb (US) -mɑːb **-bing** -ɪŋ **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
sh|y 'flæʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sk flɑːsk (US) flæsk **-s** -s
t flæt **-s** -s **-ter** -əʳ (US) 'flæţ.ɚ **-test** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'flæţ.ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
atbush 'flæt.bʊʃ
at-chested ˌflæt'tʃes.tɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌflat-chested 'waif
atfish 'flæt.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
atfoot 'flæt.fʊt
at-footed ˌflæt'fʊt.ɪd (US) -'fʊţ-, '--- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌflat-footed 'person
athead (F) 'flæt.hed **-s** -z
atiron 'flætˌaɪən (US) 'flætˌaɪɚn **-s** -z
atland 'flæt.lænd
atlet 'flæt.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
atmate 'flæt.meɪt **-s** -s
at-out ˌflæt'aʊt *stress shift:* ˌflat-out 'dash
atpack 'flæt.pæk **-s** -s
atten 'flæt.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
att|er 'flæt|.əʳ (US) 'flæţ|.ɚ **-ers** -əz, -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ər.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd, -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
atter|y 'flæt.ər|.i (US) 'flæţ- **-ies** -iz
atties 'flæt.iz (US) 'flæţ-
attish 'flæt.ɪʃ (US) 'flæţ-
attop 'flæt.tɒp (US) -tɑːp **-s** -s
atulen|ce 'flæt.jə.lənt|s, -jʊ-, 'flætʃ.ə- (US) 'flætʃ.ə- **-cy** -si
atulent 'flæt.jə.lənt, -jʊ-, 'flætʃ.ə-, '-ʊ- (US) 'flætʃ.ə- **-ly** -li
atus 'fleɪ.təs (US) -ţəs **-es** -ɪz
atware 'flæt.weəʳ (US) -wer
at|ways 'flæt|.weɪz **-wise** -waɪz
atworm 'flæt.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm **-s** -z
aubert 'fləʊ.beəʳ (US) 'floʊ.ber, -'-
aun|t flɔːn|t (US) flɑːn|t, flɔːn|t **-ts** -ts **-ting/ly** -tɪŋ/li (US) -ţɪŋ/li **-ted** -tɪd (US) -ţɪd
autist 'flɔː.tɪst (US) 'flɑː.ţɪst, 'flɔː-, 'flaʊ- **-s** -s
avel 'flæv.əl, 'fleɪ.vəl
avell flə'vel, 'fleɪ.vəl
avi|a 'fleɪ.vi|.ə **-an** -ən

flavin 'fleɪ.vɪn, 'flæv.ɪn (US) 'fleɪ.vɪn **-s** -z
flavin(e) 'fleɪ.viːn, 'flæv.iːn, -ɪn (US) 'fleɪ.viːn
Flavius 'fleɪ.vi.əs
flav|or 'fleɪ.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring/s** -ər.ɪŋ/z **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd **ˌflavor of the 'month**
flavorful 'fleɪ.və.fəl, -fʊl (US) -vɚ-
flavoring 'fleɪ.vər.ɪŋ
flavorless 'fleɪ.və.ləs, -lɪs (US) -vɚ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flavorous 'fleɪ.vər.əs
flavorsome 'fleɪ.və.səm (US) -vɚ-
flav|our (n, v.) 'fleɪ.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring/s** -ər.ɪŋ/z **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd **ˌflavour of the 'month**
flavourful 'fleɪ.və.fəl, -fʊl (US) -vɚ-
flavouring 'fleɪ.vər.ɪŋ **-s** -z
flavourless 'fleɪ.və.ləs, -lɪs (US) -vɚ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flavoursome 'fleɪ.və.səm (US) -vɚ-
flaw flɔː (US) flɑː, flɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flawless 'flɔː.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'flɑː-, 'flɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flax flæks **-en** -ən
Flaxman 'flæks.mən
flay fleɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
flea fliː **-s** -z **'flea ˌmarket**
fleabag 'fliː.bæg **-s** -z
fleabane 'fliː.beɪn
flea|bite 'fliː|.baɪt **-bites** -baɪts **-bitten** -bɪt.ən (US) -bɪţ-
fleadh flɑː
fleam fliːm **-s** -z
fleapit 'fliː.pɪt **-s** -s
flèch|e, flech|e fleɪʃ, fleʃ **-es** -ɪz
fleck flek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Flecker 'flek.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Flecknoe 'flek.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
flection 'flek.ʃən **-s** -z
flectional 'flek.ʃən.əl
fled (*from* **flee**) fled
fledg|e fledʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fledg(e)ling 'fledʒ.lɪŋ **-s** -z
flee fliː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **fled** fled
fleec|e fliːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
fleec|y 'fliː.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fleer flɪəʳ (US) flɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fleet (F) fliːt **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) 'fliː.ţɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'fliː.ţɪst, -ţəst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'fliː.ţɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'fliː.ţɪd **'Fleet ˌStreet**
fleeting 'fliː.tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ **-ly** -li
Fleetwood 'fliːt.wʊd
Fleming 'flem.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Flemings 'flem.ɪŋz
Flemington 'flem.ɪŋ.tən
Flemish 'flem.ɪʃ
Flemming 'flem.ɪŋ
flens|e flenz, flents (US) flents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flesh fleʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **ˌflesh and 'blood; 'flesh ˌwound; ˌmake someone's 'flesh ˌcreep**

fleshless 'fleʃ.ləs, -lɪs
fleshl|y 'fleʃ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fleshpot 'fleʃ.pɒt (US) -pɑːt **-s** -s
flesh|y 'fleʃ|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fletcher (F) 'fletʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Flete fliːt
fletton (F) 'flet.ən (US) 'fleţ-
Fleur flɜːʳ (US) flɝː
fleur-de-lis ˌflɜː.də'liː, -liːs (US) ˌflɝː-, ˌflʊr-
fleuron 'flʊə.rɒn, 'flɜː-, -rən (US) 'flɝː.ɑːn, 'flʊr- **-s** -z
flew (*from* **fly**) fluː
flex fleks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flexibility ˌflek.sɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -sə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
flexib|le 'flek.sɪ.b|əl, -sə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
flexion 'flek.ʃən **-s** -z
flexitime 'flek.si.taɪm
flexor 'flek.səʳ (US) -sɚ, -sɔːr **-s** -z
flextime 'fleks.taɪm
flexure 'flek.ʃəʳ (US) -ʃɚ **-s** -z
flibbertigibbet ˌflɪb.ə.ti'dʒɪb.ɪt, -ət (US) 'flɪb.ɚ.ţiˌdʒɪb- **-s** -s
flick flɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flick|er 'flɪk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
flick-kni|fe 'flɪk.naɪ|f **-ves** -vz
flier 'flaɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
flight (F) flaɪt **-s** -s **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **'flight atˌtendant; 'flight ˌdeck; 'flight ˌpath**
flight|y 'flaɪ.t|i (US) -ţ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flimflam 'flɪm.flæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
flims|y 'flɪm.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flinch flɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
flinders (F) 'flɪn.dəz (US) -dɚz
fling flɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **flung** flʌŋ
flint flɪnt **-s** -s **'flint ˌglass**
Flint flɪnt **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
flintlock 'flɪnt.lɒk (US) -lɑːk **-s** -s
Flintoff 'flɪn.tɒf (US) -tɑːf
Flintshire 'flɪnt.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
flintstone (F) 'flɪnt.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn **-s** -z
flint|y 'flɪn.t|i (US) -ţ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flip flɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **'flip ˌside**
flip-flap 'flɪp.flæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
flip-flop 'flɪp.flɒp (US) -flɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
flippancy 'flɪp.ənt.si
flippant 'flɪp.ənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flipper 'flɪp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
flipside 'flɪp.saɪd **-s** -z
flirt flɜːt (US) flɝːt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li (US) 'flɝː.ţɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'flɝː.ţɪd

flirtation flɜːˈteɪ.ʃᵊn US flɝː- **-s** -z
flirtatious flɜːˈteɪ.ʃəs US flɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
flirty ˈflɜː.ti US ˈflɝː.t̬i
flit flɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US ˈflɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd US ˈflɪt̬.ɪd
flitch (F) flɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz
flitt|er ˈflɪt|.əʳ US ˈflɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Flitwick ˈflɪt.ɪk US ˈflɪt-
flivver ˈflɪv.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
Flixton ˈflɪk.stᵊn
float fləʊt US floʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US ˈfloʊ.t̬ɚ/z **-age** -ɪdʒ US ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪdʒ ˌ**floating** ˈ**bridge;** ˌ**floating** ˈ**dock**
floatation fləʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn US floʊ-
floatplane ˈfləʊt.pleɪn US ˈfloʊt- **-s** -z
floaty ˈfləʊ.ti US ˈfloʊ.t̬i
floccu|late ˈflɒk.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- US ˈflɑː.kjuː-, -kjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
flocculent ˈflɒk.jə.lənt, -jʊ- US ˈflɑː.kjuː-, -kjə-
flock flɒk US flɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Flockhart ˈflɒk.hɑːt US ˈflɑːk.hɑːrt
Flockton ˈflɒk.tən US ˈflɑːk-
Flodden ˈflɒd.ᵊn US ˈflɑː.dᵊn
floe fləʊ US floʊ **-s** -z
Floella fləʊˈel.ə US floʊ-
flog flɒg US flɑːg, flɔːg **-s** -z **-ging/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ged** -d
Flo-Jo ˈfləʊ.dʒəʊ US ˈfloʊ.dʒoʊ
flood (F) flʌd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**flood** ˈ**tide**
floodgate ˈflʌd.geɪt **-s** -s
flood|light ˈflʌd|.laɪt **-lights** -laɪts **-lighting** -laɪ.tɪŋ US -laɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lit** -lɪt
floodwater ˈflʌdˌwɔː.təʳ US -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-s** -z
Flook flʊk, fluːk
floor flɔːʳ US flɔːr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**floor** ˌ**cloth;** ˈ**floor** ˌ**plan;** ˈ**floor** ˌ**show**
floorboard ˈflɔː.bɔːd US ˈflɔːr.bɔːrd **-s** -z
floorwalker ˈflɔːˌwɔː.kəʳ US ˈflɔːrˌwɔː.kɚ, -ˌwɑː- **-s** -z
floosie ˈfluː.zi **-s** -z
flooz|y, flooz|ie ˈfluː.z|i **-ys** -iz **-ies** -iz
flop flɒp US flɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
flophou|se ˈflɒp.haʊ|s US ˈflɑːp- **-ses** -zɪz
flopp|y ˈflɒp|.i US ˈflɑː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**floppy** ˈ**disk**
Flopsy ˈflɒp.si US ˈflɑːp-
floptical ˈflɒp.tɪ.kᵊl US ˈflɑːp- ˌ**floptical** ˈ**disk**
flor|a (F) ˈflɔː.r|ə US ˈflɔːr|.ə, ˈfloʊ.r|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː
floral ˈflɔː.rᵊl, ˈflɒr.ᵊl US ˈflɔːr.ᵊl, ˈfloʊ.rᵊl
Florence ˈflɒr.ᵊnts US ˈflɔːr-
florentine (F) ˈflɒr.ᵊn.taɪn, -tiːn US ˈflɔːr- **-s** -z
Flores ˈflɔː.rɪz US ˈflɔːr.es, -ɪz
florescen|ce flɔːˈres.ᵊn|ts, flɒrˈes-, fləˈres- US flɔːˈres-, flə-, floʊ- **-t** -t
floret ˈflɒr.ɪt, ˈflɔː.rɪt, -ret US ˈflɔːr.ɪt, ˈfloʊ.rɪt **-s** -s
Florian ˈflɔː.ri.ən US ˈflɔːr.i-
flori|ate ˈflɔː.ri|.eɪt US ˈflɔːr.i-, ˈfloʊ.ri- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
floribunda ˌflɒr.ɪˈbʌn.də, ˌflɔː.rɪˈ- US ˌflɔːr.ɪˈ-, ˌfloʊ.rɪˈ-
floricultur|al ˌflɔː.rɪˈkʌl.tʃᵊr|.ᵊl, ˌflɒr.ɪˈ-, -tʃʊ.r|ᵊl US ˌflɔːr.ɪˈkʌl.tʃɚ|.ᵊl, ˌfloʊ.rɪˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
floriculture ˈflɔː.rɪ.kʌl.tʃəʳ, ˈflɒr.ɪ- US ˈflɔːr.ɪ.kʌl.tʃɚ, ˈfloʊ.rɪ-
florid ˈflɒr.ɪd US ˈflɔːr- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Florida ˈflɒr.ɪ.də US ˈflɔːr-, ˈflɑːr- ˌ**Florida** ˈ**Keys**
Floridian flɒrˈɪd.i.ən, fləˈrɪd- US flɔːˈrɪd-, flɑːˈ- **-s** -z
floridity flɒrˈɪd.ə.ti, fləˈrɪd-, flɔː-, -ɪ.ti US flɔːˈrɪd.ə.t̬i
floriferous flɔːˈrɪf.ᵊr.əs, flɒrˈɪf-, fləˈrɪf- US flɔːˈrɪf-, floʊˈ-
florin ˈflɒr.ɪn US ˈflɔːr- **-s** -z
Florinda flɔːˈrɪn.də, flɒrˈɪn-, fləˈrɪn- US flɔːˈrɪn-, floʊ-
Florio ˈflɔː.ri.əʊ US ˈflɔːr.i.oʊ
florist ˈflɒr.ɪst, ˈflɔː.rɪst US ˈflɔːr.ɪst, ˈfloʊ.rɪst **-s** -s
floristry ˈflɒr.ɪ.stri, ˈflɔː.rɪ- US ˈflɔːr.ɪ-, ˈfloʊ.rɪ-
Florrie ˈflɒr.i US ˈflɔːr-
floruit ˈflɔː.ru.ɪt, ˈflɒr.u- US ˈflɔːr.ju-, ˈfloʊr-
floss (F) flɒs US flɑːs **-y** -i **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Flossie ˈflɒs.i US ˈflɑː.si
flotage ˈfləʊ.tɪdʒ US ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪdʒ
flotation fləʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn US floʊ- **-s** -z
flotilla fləʊˈtɪl.ə US floʊ- **-s** -z
flotsam ˈflɒt.səm US ˈflɑːt- ˌ**flotsam and** ˈ**jetsam**
Flotta ˈflɒt.ə US ˈflɑː.t̬ə
flounc|e flaʊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flouncy ˈflaʊnt.si
flound|er ˈflaʊn.d|əʳ US -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
flour flaʊəʳ US flaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
flourish ˈflʌr.ɪʃ US ˈflɝː.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
floury ˈflaʊə.ri US ˈflaʊə.ri
flout flaʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈflaʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈflaʊ.t̬ɪd
flow fləʊ US floʊ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ingness** -ɪŋ.nəs, -nɪs **-ed** -d ˈ**flow** ˌ**chart;** ˈ**flow** ˌ**diagram**
flower (F) flaʊəʳ US flaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**flower** ˌ**child;** ˈ**flower** ˌ**garden;** ˈ**flower** ˌ**girl;** ˈ**flower** ˌ**power**
flowerbed ˈflaʊə.bed US ˈflaʊɚ- **-s** -z
floweret ˈflaʊə.rɪt, -ret US ˈflaʊɚ.ɪt, -et **-s** -s
flowerless ˈflaʊə.ləs, -lɪs US ˈflaʊɚ-
flowerpot ˈflaʊə.pɒt US ˈflaʊɚ.pɑːt **-s** -s
flowery ˈflaʊə.ri
flown (*from* **fly**) fləʊn US floʊn
Floyd flɔɪd
Floyder ˈflɔɪ.dəʳ US -dɚ
fl oz (*abbrev. for* **fluid ounce**) *singular:* ˌfluː.ɪdˈaʊnts *plural:* -ˈaʊnt.sɪz
flu, ˈflu fluː
flub flʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
fluctuant ˈflʌk.tʃu.ənt, -tju- US -tʃu-, -tʃə.wənt
fluctu|ate ˈflʌk.tʃu|.eɪt, -tju- US -tʃu-, -tʃə.w|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
fluctuation ˌflʌk.tʃuˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tjuˈ- US -tʃu-, -tʃəˈweɪ- **-s** -z
Flud(d) flʌd
Fludyer ˈflʌd.jəʳ, -i.əʳ US ˈflʌd.jɚ
flue fluː **-s** -z ˈ**flue** ˌ**pipe**
Fluellen fluˈel.ɪn, -ən
fluency ˈfluː.ənt.si
fluent ˈfluː.ənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fluff flʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
fluff|y ˈflʌf|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flugelhorn, flügelhorn ˈfluː.gᵊl.hɔːn US -hɔːrn **-s** -z
fluid ˈfluː.ɪd **-s** -z ˌ**fluid** ˈ**ounce**
fluidity fluˈɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
fluidization, -isa- ˌfluː.ɪ.daɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dɪˈ- US -dɪˈ-
fluidiz|e, -is|e ˈfluː.ɪ.daɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
fluk|e fluːk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-ish** -ɪʃ
fluk|y, fluk|ey ˈfluː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
flume fluːm **-s** -z
flummery ˈflʌm.ᵊr.i
flummox ˈflʌm.əks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flung (*from* **fling**) flʌŋ
flunk flʌŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
flunkey ˈflʌŋ.ki **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
flunk|y ˈflʌŋ.k|i **-ys** -iz **-ies** -iz **-yism** -i.ɪ.zᵊm
fluor ˈfluː.ɔːʳ, -əʳ US -ɔːr, -ɚ
fluorescence flɔːˈres.ᵊnts, flʊə-, flə- US flɔː-, flʊ-, fluː-, floʊ-
fluorescent flɔːˈres.ᵊnt, flʊə-, flə- US flɔː-, flʊ-, fluː-, floʊ-
fluoric fluˈɒr.ɪk US -ˈɔːr-
fluori|date ˈflɔː.rɪ|.deɪt, ˈflʊə-, -rə- US ˈflɔːr.ə-, ˈflʊr- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ US -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd US -deɪ.t̬ɪd
fluoridation ˌflɔː.rɪˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌflʊə-, -raɪˈ-, -rəˈ- US ˌflɔːr.əˈ-, ˌflʊr.əˈ-
fluoride ˈflɔː.raɪd, ˈflʊə- US ˈflɔːr.aɪd, ˈflʊr- **-s** -z
fluoridization, -isa- ˌflɔː.rɪ.daɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌflʊə-, -raɪ-, -dɪˈ- US ˌflɔːr.ə.dɪˈ-, ˌflʊr-
fluoridiz|e, -is|e ˈflɔː.rɪ.daɪz, ˈflʊə-

(US) 'flɔːr.ə-, 'flʊr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
ed -d
ori|nate 'flɔː.rɪ.neɪt, 'flʊə-, flɒr.ɪ-, '-ə- (US) 'flɔːr.ə-, 'flʊr- -nates neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ
nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
orination ˌflɔː.rɪ'neɪ.ʃən, ˌflʊə-, flɒr.ɪ'-, -ə'- (US) ˌflɔːr.ə'-, ˌflʊr-
orine 'flɔː.riːn, 'flʊə- (US) 'flɔːr.iːn, flʊr-, -ɪn
orisis flɔː'raɪ.sɪs, flʊə-, flə- (US) flɔː-, flʊ-
orite 'flɔː.raɪt, 'flʊə- (US) 'flɔːr.aɪt, flʊr-
oro- flɔː.rəʊ, flʊə-; flɔː'rɒ, flʊə-, lə-, -'rəʊ (US) flɔːr.ə, flʊr-, '-oʊ; lɔː'rɑː, flʊ-, -'roʊ
te: Prefix. Either takes primary or econdary stress on the first yllable, e.g. **fluoroscope** 'flɔː.rəʊ.skəʊp (US) 'flɔːr.ə.skoʊp/, luoroscopic /ˌflɔː.rəʊ'skɒp.ɪk (US) ˌflɔːr.ə'skɑː.pɪk/, or primary tress on the second syllable, e.g. luoroscopy /flɔː'rɒs.kə.pi (US) -'rɑː.skə-/.
orocarbon ˌflɔː.rəʊ'kɑː.bən, flʊə- (US) ˌflɔːr.ə'kɑːr-, ˌflʊr-, -oʊ'- s -z *stress shift:* ˌfluorocarbon dating techˌnique
oroscop|e 'flɔː.rəʊ.skəʊp, 'flʊə- (US) 'flɔːr.ə.skoʊp, 'flʊr-, -oʊ- -es -s ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
oroscopic ˌflɔː.rəʊ'skɒp.ɪk, flʊə- (US) ˌflɔːr.ə'-, ˌflʊr-, -oʊ'- -ally əl.i, -li
oroscop|y flɔː'rɒs.kə.p|i, flʊə-, lə- (US) flɔː'rɑː.skə-, flʊ- -ies -iz ist/s -ɪst/s
orosis flɔː'rəʊ.sɪs, flʊə-, flə- (US) flɔː'roʊ-, flʊ-
orspar 'flɔː.spɑːʳ, 'flʊə- (US) 'flɔːr.spɑːr, 'fluː.ɔːr-
rr|y 'flʌr|.i (US) 'flɝː- -ies -iz -ying i.ɪŋ -ied -id
sh flʌʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
shing (F) 'flʌʃ.ɪŋ -s -z
st|er 'flʌs.t|əʳ (US) -t|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
t|e (F) fluːt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'fluː.t̬ɪŋ ed -ɪd (US) 'fluː.t̬ɪd -y -i (US) 'fluː.t̬i -ier i.əʳ (US) 'fluː.t̬i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst (US) 'fluː.t̬i.ɪst, -əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, ɪ.nɪs (US) 'fluː.t̬ɪ.nəs, -nɪs
tist 'fluː.tɪst (US) -t̬ɪst -s -s
tt|er (F) 'flʌt|.əʳ (US) 'flʌt̬|.ɚ -ers əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
vial 'fluː.vi.əl
x flʌks -es -ɪz
xion 'flʌk.ʃən -s -z
xional 'flʌk.ʃən.əl
y (F) fl|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ **flew** luː **flown** fləʊn (US) floʊn **flier/s** flaɪ.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'fly ˌball; ˌflying buttress; 'flying ˌfish; 'flying officer; ˌflying 'saucer; 'flying squad; ˌflying 'start; 'fly ˌsheet; he/she ˌwouldn't ˌharm a 'fly**
yable 'flaɪ.ə.bəl

flyaway 'flaɪ.ə.weɪ
flyb|y 'flaɪ.b|aɪ -ies -aɪz
fly-by-night 'flaɪ.baɪ.naɪt -s -s -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fly-by-wire 'flaɪ.baɪ.waɪəʳ, ˌ--'- (US) -waɪɚ
flycatcher 'flaɪˌkætʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
fly-drive 'flaɪ.draɪv, ˌ-'- -s -z
flyer 'flaɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
fly-fishing 'flaɪˌfɪʃ.ɪŋ
flyingsaucer ˌflaɪ.ɪŋ'sɔː.səʳ (US) -'sɑː.sɚ, -'sɔː- -s -z
flying squad 'flaɪ.ɪŋ.skwɒd (US) -skwɑːd -s -z
flylea|f 'flaɪ.liː|f -ves -vz
Flymo® 'flaɪ.məʊ (US) -moʊ
Flyn(n) flɪn
Flynt flɪnt
flyover 'flaɪˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
flypaper 'flaɪˌpeɪ.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z
flypast 'flaɪ.pɑːst (US) -pæst -s -s
flyposter 'flaɪˌpəʊ.stəʳ (US) -ˌpoʊ.stɚ -s -z
flyswatter 'flaɪˌswɒt.əʳ (US) -ˌswɑː.t̬ɚ -s -z
Flyte flaɪt
flyway 'flaɪ.weɪ -s -z
flyweight 'flaɪ.weɪt -s -s
flywheel 'flaɪ.*h*wiːl -s -z
FM ˌef'em
Fo fəʊ (US) foʊ
foal fəʊl (US) foʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
foam fəʊm (US) foʊm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Foard fɔːd (US) fɔːrd
fob fɒb (US) fɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
focal 'fəʊ.kəl (US) 'foʊ- **'focal ˌpoint, ˌfocal 'point**
Foch fɒʃ (US) fɑːʃ, fɔːʃ
Fochabers 'fɒk.ə.bəz, 'fɒx- (US) 'fɑːk.ə.bɚz
Focke fɒk (US) fɑːk
fo'c'sle 'fəʊk.səl (US) 'foʊk- -s -z
fo|cus (*n.*) 'fəʊ|.kəs (US) 'foʊ- -cuses -kə.sɪz -ci -saɪ, -kiː
focus (*v.*) 'fəʊ.kəs (US) 'foʊ- -(s)es -ɪz -(s)ing -ɪŋ -(s)ed -t
fodder 'fɒd.əʳ (US) 'fɑː.dɚ
foe fəʊ (US) foʊ -s -z
FoE (*abbrev. for* **Friends of the Earth**) ˌef.əʊ'iː (US) -oʊ'-
foehn fɜːn (US) feɪn, fɜːn
foe|man 'fəʊ|.mən, -mæn (US) 'foʊ- -men -mən, -men
foetal 'fiː.təl (US) -t̬əl **'foetal poˌsition**
foetid 'fiː.tɪd, 'fet.ɪd (US) 'fet̬.ɪd, 'fiː.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
foetus 'fiː.təs (US) -t̬əs -es -ɪz
fog fɒg (US) fɑːg, fɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d **'fog ˌlamp**
fogbound 'fɒg.baʊnd (US) 'fɑːg-, 'fɔːg-
Fogerty 'fəʊ.gə.ti, 'fɒg.ə.ti (US) 'foʊ.gɚ.t̬i
fogey 'fəʊ.gi (US) 'foʊ- -s -z -ish -ɪʃ -ism -ɪ.zəm
Fogg fɒg (US) fɑːg, fɔːg

fogg|y 'fɒg|.i (US) 'fɑː.g|i, 'fɔː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌFoggy 'Bottom**
foghorn 'fɒg.hɔːn (US) 'fɑːg.hɔːrn, 'fɔːg- -s -z
fog|y 'fəʊ.g|i (US) 'foʊ- -ies -iz -yish -i.ɪʃ -yism -i.ɪ.zəm
fohn, föhn fɜːn (US) feɪn, fɜːn
foible 'fɔɪ.bəl -s -z
foie gras ˌfwɑː'grɑː
foil fɔɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
foist fɔɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Fokker® 'fɒk.əʳ (US) 'fɑː.kɚ
fold fəʊld (US) foʊld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
foldaway 'fəʊld.ə.weɪ (US) 'foʊld-
folder 'fəʊl.dəʳ (US) 'foʊl.dɚ -s -z
folderol 'fɒl.dɪ.rɒl, -də- (US) 'fɑːl.də.rɑːl -s -z
foldout 'fəʊld.aʊt (US) 'foʊld- -s -s
Foley 'fəʊ.li (US) 'foʊ-
Folgate 'fɒl.gɪt, -geɪt (US) 'fɑːl.geɪt
Folger 'fəʊl.dʒəʳ, 'fɒl- (US) 'foʊl.dʒɚ
foliage 'fəʊ.li.ɪdʒ (US) 'foʊ- -d -d
foliar 'fəʊ.li.ə (US) 'foʊ.li.ɚ
foliate (*adj.*) 'fəʊ.li.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) 'foʊ-
foli|ate (*v.*) 'fəʊ.li|.eɪt (US) 'foʊ- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
foliation ˌfəʊ.li'eɪ.ʃən (US) ˌfoʊ- -s -z
folic 'fɒl.ɪk, 'fəʊ.lɪk (US) 'foʊ.lɪk **ˌfolic 'acid**
Folies Bergère ˌfɒl.i.bɜː'ʒeəʳ, -bə'-, -beə'- (US) ˌfoʊ.li.ber'ʒer
folio 'fəʊ.li.əʊ (US) 'foʊ.li.oʊ -s -z
Foliot 'fɒl.i.ət (US) 'fɑː.li-
folk fəʊk (US) foʊk -s -s **'folk ˌdance; 'folk ˌsong**
Folkes fəʊlks, fuːks (US) foʊlks
Folkestone 'fəʊk.stən (US) 'foʊk-
folklore 'fəʊk.lɔːʳ (US) 'foʊk.lɔːr
folklorist 'fəʊkˌlɔː.rɪst (US) 'foʊkˌlɔːr.ɪst -s -s
folksinger 'fəʊkˌsɪŋ.əʳ (US) 'foʊkˌsɪŋ.ɚ -s -z
folks|y 'fəʊk.s|i (US) 'foʊk- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
folktale 'fəʊk.teɪl (US) 'foʊk- -s -z
Follen 'fɒl.ɪn, -ən (US) 'fɑː.lɪn, -lən
Follett 'fɒl.ɪt, -ət (US) 'fɑː.lɪt, -lət
Follick 'fɒl.ɪk (US) 'fɑː.lɪk
follicle 'fɒl.ɪ.kəl (US) 'fɑː.lɪ- -s -z
follow 'fɒl.əʊ (US) 'fɑː.loʊ -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
follow-my-leader ˌfɒl.əʊ.mə'liː.dəʳ, -mɪ'-, -maɪ'- (US) ˌfɑː.loʊ.maɪ'liː.dɚ
follow-on 'fɒl.əʊ.ɒn (US) 'fɑː.loʊ.ɑːn -s -z
follow-the-leader ˌfɒl.əʊ.ðə'liː.dəʳ (US) ˌfɑː.loʊ.ðə'liː.dɚ
follow-through ˌfɒl.əʊ'θruː (US) '---, 'fɑː.loʊ.θruː -s -z
follow-up 'fɒl.əʊ.ʌp (US) 'fɑː.loʊ- -s -s
foll|y (F) 'fɒl|.i (US) 'fɑː.l|i -ies -iz
Fomalhaut 'fəʊ.mə.ləʊt, 'fɒm-,

-ᵊl.hɔːt (US) 'foʊ.mᵊl.hɑːt, -hɔːt, -mə.loʊ
fo|ment fəʊ'ment (US) foʊ- **-ments** -'ments **-menting** -'men.tɪŋ (US) -'men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -'men.tɪd (US) -'men.t̬ɪd **-menter/s** -'men.təʳ/z (US) -'men.t̬ɚ/z
fomentation ˌfəʊ.men'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -mən'- (US) ˌfoʊ- **-s** -z
fond fɒnd (US) fɑːnd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Fonda 'fɒn.də (US) 'fɑːn-
fondant 'fɒn.dənt (US) 'fɑːn- **-s** -s
fondl|e 'fɒn.dl|ᵊl (US) 'fɑːn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'fɒnd.lɪŋ (US) 'fɑːnd- **-ed** -d
fondly 'fɒnd.li (US) 'fɑːnd-
fondu(e) 'fɒn.djuː, -duː, -'- (US) fɑːn'duː, -'djuː, '-- **-s** -z
font fɒnt (US) fɑːnt **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl (US) 'fɑːn.t̬ᵊl
Fontainebleau 'fɒn.tɪn.bləʊ, -tɪm-, -təm- (US) 'fɑːn.tᵊn.bloʊ
Fontane 'fɒn.teɪn *as if German:* fɒn'tɑː.nə (US) 'fɑːn-
fontanelle, fontanel ˌfɒn.tə'nel (US) ˌfɑːn.tᵊn'el **-s** -z
Fontenoy 'fɒn.tə.nɔɪ, -tɪ.nɔɪ (US) 'fɑːn.tᵊn.ɔɪ
Fonteyn fɒn'teɪn, '-- (US) fɑːn'teɪn, '--
Fonthill 'fɒnt.hɪl (US) 'fɑːnt-
Foochow ˌfuː'tʃaʊ
food fuːd **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs '**food ˌpoisoning;** '**food ˌprocessor**
foodie 'fuː.di **-s** -z
foodstuff 'fuːd.stʌf **-s** -s
fool fuːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**fool's 'gold,** '**fool's ˌgold;** ˌ**make a 'fool of oneˌself**
fooler|y 'fuː.lᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
foolhard|y 'fuːlˌhɑː.d|i (US) -ˌhɑːr- **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
foolish 'fuː.lɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
foolproof 'fuːl.pruːf
foolscap, fool's cap *hat:* 'fuːlz.kæp **-s** -s
foolscap *paper size:* 'fuːl.skæp, 'fuːlz.kæp
foot (F) (*n.*) fʊt **feet** fiːt '**foot ˌfault** '**foot ˌpassenger;** '**foot ˌsoldier;** ˌ**one foot in the 'grave; put one's ˌbest foot 'forward;** ˌ**put one's 'foot down;** ˌ**put one's 'foot in it**
foot (*v.*) fʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'fʊt̬.ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'fʊt̬.ɪd
footage 'fʊt.ɪdʒ (US) 'fʊt̬-
foot-and-mouth ˌfʊt.ᵊnd'maʊθ, -ᵊm'- (US) -ᵊnd'- ˌ**foot-and-'mouth diˌsease**
football 'fʊt.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z '**football ˌmatch;** '**football ˌpools**
footba|th 'fʊt.bɑː|θ (US) -bæ|θ **-ths** -ðz
footboard 'fʊt.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
footbridg|e 'fʊt.brɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Foote fʊt
footer 'fʊt.əʳ (US) 'fʊt̬.ɚ
footfall 'fʊt.fɔːl (US) -fɔːl, -fɑːl **-s** -z
foothill 'fʊt.hɪl **-s** -z
foothold 'fʊt.həʊld (US) -hoʊld **-s** -z
footie 'fʊt.i (US) 'fʊt̬-
footing 'fʊt.ɪŋ (US) 'fʊt̬- **-s** -z
footl|e 'fuː.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'fuːt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
footlight 'fʊt.laɪt **-s** -s
footlocker 'fʊtˌlɒk.əʳ (US) -ˌlɑː.kɚ **-s** -z
footloose 'fʊt.luːs ˌ**footloose and ˌfancy-'free**
foot|man 'fʊt|.mən **-men** -mən
footmark 'fʊt.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk **-s** -s
footnote 'fʊt.nəʊt (US) -noʊt **-s** -s
footpad 'fʊt.pæd **-s** -z
footpa|th 'fʊt.pɑː|θ (US) -pæ|θ **-ths** -ðz
footplate 'fʊt.pleɪt **-s** -s
foot-pound 'fʊt.paʊnd **-s** -z
footprint 'fʊt.prɪnt **-s** -s
footrac|e 'fʊt.reɪs **-es** -ɪz
footrest 'fʊt.rest **-s** -s
footrule 'fʊt.ruːl **-s** -z
footsie (F) 'fʊt.si
footslog 'fʊt.slɒg (US) -slɑːg, -slɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
footsore 'fʊt.sɔːʳ (US) -sɔːr
footstep 'fʊt.step **-s** -s
footstool 'fʊt.stuːl **-s** -z
footsure 'fʊt.ʃʊəʳ, -ʃɔːʳ (US) -ʃʊr, -ʃɝː **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
footwear 'fʊt.weəʳ (US) -wer
footwork 'fʊt.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
footy 'fʊt.i (US) 'fʊt̬-
foozl|e (F) 'fuː.zᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'fuːz.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'fuːz.ləʳ/z (US) 'fuː.zᵊl.ɚ/z, 'fuːz.lɚ/z
fop fɒp (US) fɑːp **-s** -s
fopper|y 'fɒp.ᵊr|.i (US) 'fɑː.pɚ- **-ies** -iz
foppish 'fɒp.ɪʃ (US) 'fɑː.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
for (*prep, conj.*) *strong form:* fɔːʳ (US) fɔːr *weak form:* fəʳ, fɚ *alternative weak form before vowels:* fr̩
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /fɔːʳ (US) fɔːr/ is used contrastively (e.g. "**for** and **against**") and in sentence-final position (e.g. "That's what it's for"). The weak form is /fə (US) fɚ/ before consonants (e.g. "Thanks for coming" /ˌθæŋks.fə'kʌm.ɪŋ (US) -fɚ'-/); before vowels it is /fər (US) fɚ/ (e.g. "One for all" /ˌwʌn.fər'ɔːl (US) -fɚ'ɑːl/) or, in rapid speech, /fr̩/ (e.g. "Time for another" /ˌtaɪm.fr̩.ə'nʌð.əʳ (US) -ɚ/).
forag|e 'fɒr.ɪdʒ (US) 'fɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
foramen fə'reɪ.men, fɒr'eɪ-, -mən (US) fə'reɪ.mən, fɔː-, foʊ- **foramina** fə'ræm.ɪ.nə, fɒr'eɪ- (US) fə'ræm.ə-, fɔː-, foʊ-
forasmuch fᵊr.əz'mʌtʃ, ˌfɔː.rəz-, ˌfɒr.əz- (US) ˌfɔːr.æz'-, ˌfɚ-, -əz'-
foray 'fɒr.eɪ (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
forbad (*from* **forbid**) fə'bæd, fɔː- (US) fɚ-, fɔːr-
forbade (*from* **forbid**) fə'bæd, fɔː-, -beɪd (US) fɚ'bæd, fɔːr-
forbear (*n.*) 'fɔː.beəʳ (US) 'fɔːr.ber **-s** -z
for|bear (*v.*) fɔː|'beəʳ, fə- (US) fɔːr|'ber **-bears** -'beəz (US) -'berz **-bearing/ly** -'beə.rɪŋ/li (US) -'ber.ɪŋ/li **-bore** -'bɔːʳ (US) -'bɔːr **-borne** -'bɔːn (US) -'bɔːrn
forbearance fɔː'beə.rənts, fə- (US) fɔːr'ber.ənts
Forbes fɔːbz, 'fɔː.bɪs (US) fɔːrbz
for|bid fə|'bɪd, fɔː- (US) fɚ-, fɔːr- **-bids** -'bɪdz **-bidding/ly** -'bɪd.ɪŋ/li **-bad** -'bæd **-bade** -'bæd, -'beɪd (US) -'bæd **-bidden** -'bɪd.ᵊn
forbore (*from* **forbear**) fɔː'bɔːʳ (US) fɔːr'bɔːr
forc|e (F) fɔːs (US) fɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edly** -ɪd.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs '**force ˌpump** ˌ**forced 'march**
forcefeed ˌfɔːs'fiːd, '-- (US) 'fɔːrs.fiːd, ˌ-'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **forcefed** ˌfɔːs'fed, '-- (US) 'fɔːrs.fed, ˌ-'-
forceful 'fɔːs.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'fɔːrs- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
force majeure ˌfɔːs.mæʒ'ɜːʳ, -mædʒ'ʊəʳ (US) ˌfɔːrs.mɑː'ʒɝː
forcemeat 'fɔːs.miːt (US) 'fɔːrs-
forceps 'fɔː.seps, -sɪps, -səps (US) 'fɔːr-
forcer 'fɔː.səʳ (US) 'fɔːr.sɚ **-s** -z
forcib|le 'fɔː.sə.b|ᵊl, -sɪ- (US) 'fɔːr- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
ford (F) fɔːd (US) fɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
Fordcombe 'fɔːd.kəm (US) 'fɔːrd-
Forde fɔːd (US) fɔːrd
Forder 'fɔː.dəʳ (US) 'fɔːr.dɚ
Fordham 'fɔː.dəm (US) 'fɔːr-
Fordingbridge 'fɔː.dɪŋ.brɪdʒ (US) 'fɔːr-
Fordoun 'fɔː.dᵊn (US) 'fɔːr-
Fordyce 'fɔː.daɪs (US) 'fɔːr-
fore fɔːʳ (US) fɔːr
forearm (*n.*) 'fɔːʳ.ɑːm (US) 'fɔːr.ɑːrm **-s** -z
forearm (*v.*) fɔːʳ'ɑːm (US) fɔːr'ɑːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
forebear 'fɔː.beəʳ (US) 'fɔːr.ber **-s** -s
forebod|e fɔː'bəʊd, fə- (US) fɔːr'boʊd, fɚ- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
foreboding fɔː'bəʊ.dɪŋ, fə- (US) fɔːr'boʊ-, fɚ- **-s** -z
forecast (*n.*) 'fɔː.kɑːst (US) 'fɔːr.kæst **-s** -s
forecast (*v.*) 'fɔː.kɑːst (US) 'fɔːr.kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
forecastle 'fəʊk.sᵊl (US) 'foʊk- **-s** -z
foreclos|e fɔː'kləʊz (US) fɔːr'kloʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
foreclosure fɔː'kləʊ.ʒəʳ (US) fɔːr'kloʊ.ʒɚ **-s** -z
forecourt 'fɔː.kɔːt (US) 'fɔːr.kɔːrt **-s** -s
forefather 'fɔːˌfɑː.ðəʳ (US) 'fɔːrˌfɑː.ðɚ **-s** -z
forefinger 'fɔːˌfɪŋ.gəʳ (US) 'fɔːrˌfɪŋ.gɚ **-s** -z
fore|foot 'fɔː|.fʊt (US) 'fɔːr- **-feet** -fiːt
forefront 'fɔː.frʌnt (US) 'fɔːr-
fore|go fɔː|'gəʊ (US) fɔːr|'goʊ **-goes** -'gəʊz (US) -'goʊz **-going** -'gəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -'goʊ.ɪŋ **-went** -'went **-gone**

gɒn (US) -'gɑːn **-goer/s** -'gəʊ.əʳ/z
(US) -'goʊ.ɚ/z
egone (*from* **forego**) fɔː'gɒn
(US) fɔːr'gɑːn
egone (*adj.*) 'fɔː.gɒn
(US) 'fɔːr.gɑːn **,foregone con'clusion**
eground 'fɔː.graʊnd (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
egrounding 'fɔː,graʊn.dɪŋ
(US) 'fɔːr-
ehand 'fɔː.hænd (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
ehanded fɔː'hæn.dɪd (US) 'fɔːr,-,
'-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress*
hift, British only: ,forehanded
olley
ehead 'fɔː.hed, 'fɒr.ɪd, -ed
(US) 'fɔːr.ed, -hed **-s** -z
eign 'fɒr.ɪn, -ən (US) 'fɔːr- **,foreign**
ffairs; ,foreign corre'spondent;
oreign ex'change; ,foreign
egion; 'Foreign ,Office; ,foreign
olicy; ,foreign 'secretary;
Foreign 'Service
eigner 'fɒr.ɪ.nəʳ, '-ə- (US) 'fɔːr.ɪ.nɚ
-s -z
ejudg|e fɔː'dʒʌdʒ (US) fɔːr- **-es** -ɪz
ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
re|know fɔː|'nəʊ (US) fɔːr|'noʊ
knows -'nəʊz (US) -'noʊz **-knowing**
nəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -'noʊ.ɪŋ **-knew** -'njuː
(US) -'nuː, -'njuː **-known** -'nəʊn
(US) -'noʊn
eknowledge fɔː'nɒl.ɪdʒ
(US) fɔːr'nɑː.lɪdʒ
reland (F) 'fɔː.lənd (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
releg 'fɔː.leg (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
relock 'fɔː.lɒk (US) 'fɔːr.lɑːk **-s** -s
re|man (F) 'fɔː|.mən (US) 'fɔːr- **-men**
mən
remast 'fɔː.mɑːst (US) 'fɔːr.mæst
autical pronunciation: -məst **-s** -s
remost 'fɔː.məʊst, -məst
(US) 'fɔːr.moʊst
rename 'fɔː.neɪm (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
renoon 'fɔː.nuːn (US) 'fɔːr-, ,-'- **-s** -z
rensic fə'rent.sɪk, fɒr'ent-, -'en.zɪk
(US) fə'rent.sɪk, -'ren.zɪk **-s** -s
reordain ,fɔːʳ.ɔː'deɪn (US) ,fɔːr.ɔːr'-
s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
repart 'fɔː.pɑːt (US) 'fɔːr.pɑːrt **-s** -s
replay 'fɔː.pleɪ (US) 'fɔːr-
re|run fɔː|'rʌn (US) fɔːr- **-runs**
'rʌnz **-running** -'rʌn.ɪŋ **-ran** -'ræn
rerunner 'fɔː,rʌn.əʳ, ,-'--
(US) 'fɔːr,rʌn.ɚ, ,-'-- **-s** -z
resail 'fɔː.seɪl (US) 'fɔːr- *nautical*
pronunciation: -səl **-s** -z
re|see fɔː|'siː, fə- (US) fɔːr-, fɚ- **-sees**
'siːz **-seeing** -'siː.ɪŋ **-saw** -'sɔː
(US) -'sɑː, -'sɔː **-seen** -'siːn **-seeable**
'siː.ə.bəl
reseeability fɔː,siː.ə'bɪl.ə.ti,
fɔː.siː-; fə,siː- (US) fɔːr,siː.ə'bɪl.ə.ţi,
fɚ-
reshadow fɔː'ʃæd.əʊ
(US) fɔːr'ʃæd.oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
reshore 'fɔː.ʃɔːʳ (US) 'fɔːr.ʃɔːr **-s** -z
reshorten fɔː'ʃɔː.tən (US) fɔːr'ʃɔːr-
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
reshow fɔː'ʃəʊ (US) fɔːr'ʃoʊ **-s** -z

-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
foresight 'fɔː.saɪt (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -s
foreskin 'fɔː.skɪn (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -z
forest (F) 'fɒr.ɪst (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -s **,Forest**
'Hills; ,forest 'ranger (US) **'forest**
,ranger; not see the ,forest for the
'trees
forestall fɔː'stɔːl (US) fɔːr'stɔːl, -'stɑːl
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
forester (F) 'fɒr.ɪ.stəʳ, '-ə-
(US) 'fɔːr.ɪ.stɚ **-s** -z
forestry 'fɒr.ɪ.stri, '-ə- (US) 'fɔːr-
foretaste (n.) 'fɔː.teɪst (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -s
foretast|e (v.) fɔː'teɪst (US) fɔːr- **-es** -s
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
fore|tell fɔː|'tel (US) fɔːr- **-tells** -'telz
-telling -'tel.ɪŋ **-told** -'təʊld
(US) -'toʊld **-teller/s** -'tel.əʳ/z
(US) -'tel.ɚ/z
forethought 'fɔː.θɔːt (US) 'fɔːr.θɑːt,
-θɔːt
foretop, fore-top 'fɔː.tɒp
(US) 'fɔːr.tɑːp *nautical pronunciation:*
-təp **-s** -s
fore-topmast fɔː'tɒp.mɑːst
(US) fɔːr'tɑːp.mæst *nautical*
pronunciation: -məst **-s** -s
fore-topsail fɔː'tɒp.seɪl (US) fɔːr'tɑːp-
nautical pronunciation: -səl **-s** -z
forever fə're.vəʳ (US) fɔːr'ev.ɚ, fɚ-
forewarn fɔː'wɔːn (US) fɔːr'wɔːrn **-s** -z
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
forewent (*from* **forego**) fɔː'went
(US) fɔːr-
fore|woman 'fɔː|,wʊm.ən (US) 'fɔːr-
-women -,wɪm.ɪn
foreword 'fɔː.wɜːd (US) 'fɔːr.wɝːd **-s** -z
Forfar 'fɔː.fəʳ, -fɑːʳ (US) 'fɔːr.fɚ, -fɑːr
forfei|t 'fɔː.fɪ|t (US) 'fɔːr-, -fə|t **-ts** -ts
-ting -tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -ţɪd
-ter/s -təʳ/z (US) -ţɚ/z **-table** -tə.bəl
(US) -ţə.bəl
forfeiture 'fɔː.fɪ.tʃəʳ (US) 'fɔːr.fə.tʃɚ
-s -z
forfend fɔː'fend (US) fɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
forgath|er fɔː'gæð|.əʳ (US) fɔːr'gæð|.ɚ
-ers -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd
(US) -ɚd
forgave (*from* **forgive**) fə'geɪv
(US) fɚ-, fɔːr-
forg|e fɔːdʒ (US) fɔːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
forger|y 'fɔː.dʒər|.i (US) 'fɔːr- **-ies** -iz
for|get fə|'get (US) fɚ-, fɔːr- **-gets**
-'gets **-getting** -'get.ɪŋ (US) -'geţ.ɪŋ
-got -'gɒt (US) -'gɑːt **-gotten** -'gɒt.ən
(US) -'gɑː.tən
forgetful fə'get.fəl, -fʊl (US) fɚ-, fɔːr-
-ly -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
forget-me-not fə'get.mi.nɒt
(US) fɚ'get.mi.nɑːt, fɔːr- **-s** -s
forgettab|le fə'get.ə.b|əl
(US) fɚ'geţ-, fɔːr- **-ly** -li
for|give fə|'gɪv (US) fɚ-, fɔːr- **-gives**
-'gɪvz **-giving** -'gɪv.ɪŋ **-gave** -'geɪv
-given -'gɪv.ən **-givable** -'gɪv.ə.bəl
-giveness -'gɪv.nəs, -nɪs
for|go fɔː|'gəʊ (US) fɔːr|'goʊ **-goes**
-'gəʊz (US) -'goʊz **-going** -'gəʊ.ɪŋ

(US) -'goʊ.ɪŋ **-went** -'went **-gone**
-'gɒn (US) -'gɑːn
forgot (*from* **forget**) fə'gɒt (US) fɚ'gɑːt,
fɔːr-
forgotten (*from* **forget**) fə'gɒt.ən
(US) fɚ'gɑː.tən, fɔːr-
Forington 'fɒr.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'fɔːr-
forint 'fɒr.ɪnt (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -s
fork fɔːk (US) fɔːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-ful/s -fʊl/z, -fəl/z
forklift 'fɔːk.lɪft, ,-'- (US) 'fɔːrk.lɪft
-s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **,forklift 'truck**
forlorn fə'lɔːn, fɔː- (US) fɔːr'lɔːrn, fɚ-
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
form fɔːm (US) fɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
formal 'fɔː.məl (US) 'fɔːr- **-ly** -i
formaldehyde fɔː'mæl.dɪ.haɪd, -də-
(US) fɔːr-, fɚ-
formalin 'fɔː.məl.ɪn (US) 'fɔːr.mə.lɪn
formal|ism 'fɔː.məl|.ɪ.zəm (US) 'fɔːr-
-ist/s -ɪst/s
formalit|y fɔː'mæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
(US) -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
formalization, -isa-
,fɔː.məl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'-
(US) ,fɔːr.məl.ɪ'- **-s** -z
formaliz|e, -is|e 'fɔː.məl.aɪz
(US) 'fɔːr.mə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Forman 'fɔː.mən (US) 'fɔːr-
formant 'fɔː.mənt (US) 'fɔːr- **-s** -s
for|mat 'fɔː|.mæt (US) 'fɔːr- **-mats**
-mæts **-matting** -mæt.ɪŋ (US) -mæţ.ɪŋ
-matted -mæt.ɪd (US) -mæţ.ɪd
-matter/s -mæt.əʳ/z (US) -mæţ.ɚ/z
formation fɔː'meɪ.ʃən (US) fɔːr- **-s** -z
formative 'fɔː.mə.tɪv
(US) 'fɔːr.mə.ţɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Formby 'fɔːm.bi (US) 'fɔːrm-
forme fɔːm (US) fɔːrm **-s** -z
former 'fɔː.məʳ (US) 'fɔːr.mɚ **-ly** -li
formic 'fɔː.mɪk (US) 'fɔːr- **,formic 'acid**
Formica® fɔː'maɪ.kə, fə'maɪ-
(US) fɔːr-, fɚ-
formidab|le 'fɔː.mɪ.də.b|əl;
fɔː'mɪd.ə-, fə- (US) 'fɔːr.mə.də.b|əl;
fɔːr'mɪd.ə-, fɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness**
-əl.nəs, -nɪs
Formidable *name of ship:*
fɔː'mɪd.ə.bəl; 'fɔː.mɪ.də-
(US) 'fɔːr.mə.də-; fɔːr'mɪd.ə-
formless 'fɔːm.ləs (US) 'fɔːrm-, -lɪs
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
Formos|a fɔː'məʊ.s|ə, -z|ə
(US) fɔːr'moʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
formul|a 'fɔː.mjə.l|ə, -mjʊ-
(US) 'fɔːr.mjʊ-, -mjə- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
formulaic ,fɔː.mjə'leɪ.ɪk, -mjʊ'-
(US) ,fɔːr.mjʊ'-, -mjə'-
formular|y 'fɔː.mjə.lə.r|i, -mjʊ-
(US) 'fɔːr.mjʊ.ler|.i, -mjə- **-ies** -iz
formu|late 'fɔː.mjə|.leɪt, -mjʊ-
(US) 'fɔːr.mjʊ-, -mjə- **-lates** -leɪts
-lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.ţɪŋ **-lated**
-leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.ţɪd
formulation ,fɔː.mjə'leɪ.ʃən, -mjʊ'-
(US) ,fɔːr.mjʊ'-, -mjə'- **-s** -z
Fornax 'fɔː.næks (US) 'fɔːr-
Forney 'fɔː.ni (US) 'fɔːr-
forni|cate 'fɔː.nɪ|.keɪt, -nə- (US) 'fɔːr-

Fortis

Fortis sounds are said to be made with a relatively high degree of effort.

Examples for English

It is claimed that in some languages (including English) there are pairs of consonants whose members can be distinguished from each other in terms of whether they are 'strong' (fortis) or 'weak' (LENIS). These terms refer to the amount of energy used in their production, and are similar to the terms TENSE and LAX more usually used in relation to vowels. It is argued that English /b d g v ð z ʒ/ often have little or no voicing in normal speech, and it is therefore a misnomer to call them voiced. Since they seem to be more weakly articulated than /p t k f θ s ʃ/ it would be appropriate to use the term lenis instead, e.g.:

pin	/pɪn/	[pʰɪ̃n]
bin	/bɪn/	[b̥ɪ̃n]
fine	/faɪn/	[faɪ̃n]
vine	/vaɪn/	[v̥aɪ̃n]

-cates -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z US -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z

fornication ˌfɔː.nɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -nəˈ- US ˌfɔːr-

Forres ˈfɒr.ɪs US ˈfɔːr-

Forrest ˈfɒr.ɪst US ˈfɔːr-

Forrester ˈfɒr.ɪ.stəʳ US ˈfɔːr.ɪ.stɚ

for|sake fəˈseɪk, fɔː- US fɔːr-, fɚ- **-sakes** -ˈseɪks **-saking** -ˈseɪ.kɪŋ **-sook** -ˈsʊk **-saken** -ˈseɪ.kən

Forshaw ˈfɔː.ʃɔː US ˈfɔːr.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː

forsooth fəˈsuːθ, fɔː- US fɔːr-, fɚ-

Forster ˈfɔː.stəʳ US ˈfɔːr.stɚ

for|swear fɔːˈsweəʳ US fɔːrˈswer **-swears** -ˈsweəz US -ˈswerz **-swearing** -ˈsweə.rɪŋ US -ˈswer.ɪŋ **-swore** -ˈswɔːʳ US -ˈswɔːr **-sworn** -ˈswɔːn US -ˈswɔːrn

Forsyte ˈfɔː.saɪt US ˈfɔːr-

Forsyth ˈfɔː.saɪθ, -ˈ- US ˈfɔːr-, -ˈ-

forsythia fɔːˈsaɪ.θi.ə, fə-, -ˈsɪθ.i- US fɔːrˈsɪθ.i-, -ˈsaɪ.θi- **-s** -z

fort fɔːt US fɔːrt **-s** -s ˌ**Fort** ˈ**Knox**; ˌ**Fort** ˈ**Lauderdale**; ˌ**Fort** ˈ**Worth**; ˌ**hold the** ˈ**fort**

Fortaleza ˌfɔː.təˈleɪ.zə US ˌfɔːr.t̬əˈ-

forte *strong point:* ˈfɔː.teɪ, -ti US fɔːrt, ˈfɔːr.teɪ **-s** -z US fɔːrts; ˈfɔːr.teɪz

forte *in music:* ˈfɔː.teɪ, -ti US ˈfɔːr- **-s** -z

Fortescue ˈfɔː.tɪ.skjuː, -tə- US ˈfɔːr.t̬ə-

Forteviot fɔːˈtiː.vi.ət US fɔːr-

forth (F) fɔːθ US fɔːrθ

forthcoming ˌfɔːθˈkʌm.ɪŋ US ˌfɔːrθˈ-, ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌforthcoming ˈbook

forthright ˈfɔːθ.raɪt, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈfɔːrθ-, ˌ-ˈ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

forthwith ˌfɔːθˈwɪθ, -ˈwɪð US ˌfɔːrθˈ-

Forties *area in the North Sea:* ˈfɔː.tiz, -tɪz US ˈfɔːr.t̬iz

fortieth ˈfɔː.ti.əθ, -ɪθ US ˈfɔːr.t̬i- **-s** -s

fortification ˌfɔː.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -tə- US ˌfɔːr.t̬ə- **-s** -z

forti|fy ˈfɔː.tɪ.faɪ, -tə- US ˈfɔːr.t̬ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bəl

Fortinbras ˈfɔː.tɪn.bræs, -tɪm- US ˈfɔːr.tən-, -t̬ɪn-

fort|is ˈfɔː.t|ɪs US ˈfɔːr.t̬|ɪs **-es** -iːz, -eɪz

fortissimo fɔːˈtɪs.ɪ.məʊ, -ə- US fɔːrˈtɪs.ə.moʊ **-s** -z

fortition fɔːˈtɪʃ.ən US fɔːr-

fortitude ˈfɔː.tɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd US ˈfɔːr.t̬ə.tuːd, -tjuːd

fortnight ˈfɔːt.naɪt US ˈfɔːrt- **-s** -s

fortnightl|y (F) ˈfɔːt.naɪt.l|i US ˈfɔːrt- **-ies** -iz

Fortnum ˈfɔːt.nəm US ˈfɔːrt-

Fortran, FORTRAN ˈfɔː.træn US ˈfɔːr-

fortress ˈfɔː.trəs, -trɪs US ˈfɔːr- **-es** -ɪz

fortuitous fɔːˈtjuː.ɪ.təs, -ˈtʃuː-, -ˈə- US fɔːrˈtuː.ə.t̬əs, -ˈtjuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

fortuit|y fɔːˈtjuː.ɪ.t|i, -ˈtʃuː-, ˈ-ə- US fɔːrˈtuː.ə.t̬|i, -ˈtjuː- **-ies** -iz

Fortuna fɔːˈtjuː.nə US fɔːrˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-

fortunate ˈfɔː.tʃən.ət, -ɪt US ˈfɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Fortunatus ˌfɔː.tjuːˈneɪ.təs, -ˈnɑː- US ˌfɔːr.tuːˈnɑː.t̬əs, -ˈneɪ-

fortune (F) ˈfɔː.tʃuːn, -tjuːn, -tʃən US ˈfɔːr.tʃən **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs ˈ**fortune** ˌ**cookie**

fortune-teller ˈfɔː.tʃuːnˌtel.əʳ, -tjuːnˌ-, -tʃənˌ- US ˈfɔːr.tʃənˌtel.ɚ **-s** -z

fort|y ˈfɔː.t|i US ˈfɔːr.t̬|i **-ies** -iz ˌ**forty** ˈ**winks**

forty-five ˌfɔː.tiˈfaɪv US ˌfɔːr.t̬iˈ- **-s** -z

fortyfold ˈfɔː.ti.fəʊld US ˈfɔːr.t̬i.foʊld

forty-niner ˌfɔː.tiˈnaɪ.nəʳ US ˌfɔːr.t̬iˈnaɪ.nɚ **-s** -z

forum ˈfɔː.rəm US ˈfɔːr.əm **-s** -z

forward ˈfɔː.wəd US ˈfɔːr.wɚd *nautical pronunciation:* ˈfɒr.əd, ˈfɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**backwards and** ˈ**forwards**

forward-looking ˌfɔː.wədˈlʊk.ɪŋ US ˌfɔːr.wɚd- *stress shift:* ˌforward-looking ˈmove

forwards ˈfɔː.wədz US ˈfɔːr.wɚdz

forwent (*from* **forgo**) fɔːˈwent US fɔːr-

Fosbery ˈfɒz.bər.i US ˈfɑːzˌber-, -bɚ-

Fosbroke ˈfɒz.brʊk US ˈfɑːz-

Fosbury ˈfɒz.bər.i US ˈfɑːzˌber-, -bɚ-

Fosco ˈfɒs.kəʊ US ˈfɑː.skoʊ

Foss fɒs US fɑːs

foss|e fɒs US fɑːs **-es** -ɪz

fossick ˈfɒs.ɪk US ˈfɑː.sɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

fossil ˈfɒs.əl, -ɪl US ˈfɑː.səl **-s** -z

fossilization, -isa- ˌfɒs.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ.laɪˈ-, -lɪˈ- US ˌfɑː.səl.ɪˈ-

fossiliz|e, -is|e ˈfɒs.əl.aɪz, -ɪ.laɪz US ˈfɑː.sə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

fost|er (F) ˈfɒs.t|əʳ US ˈfɑː.st|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erage** -ər.ɪdʒ ˈ**foster** ˌ**brother**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**child**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**children**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**father**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**home**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**mother**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**parent**; ˈ**foster** ˌ**sister**

Fothergill ˈfɒð.ə.gɪl US ˈfɑː.ðɚ-

Fotheringay ˈfɒð.ər.ɪŋ.heɪ, -geɪ US ˈfɑː.ðɚ-

Fotheringham ˈfɒð.ər.ɪŋ.əm US ˈfɑː.ðɚ-

Foucault ˈfuː.kəʊ, -ˈ- US ˌfuːˈkoʊ

fouetté ˈfuː.ə.teɪ US fwetˈeɪ **-s** -z

fought (*from* **fight**) fɔːt US fɑːt, fɔːt

foul faʊl **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li, ˈfaʊ.li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**foul** ˈ**play**

foulard ˈfuː.lɑːʳ, -lɑːd, -ˈ- US fuːˈlɑːrd

Foulden ˈfəʊl.dən US ˈfoʊl-

Foulds fəʊldz US foʊldz

Foulerton ˈfʊl.ə.tən US ˈ-ɚ-

Foulger ˈfuːl.dʒəʳ, -gəʳ US ˈfuːl.dʒɚ, ˈfoʊl-, -gɚ

Foulis faʊlz

Foulkes fəʊks, faʊks US foʊks, faʊks

foulmouthed ˌfaʊlˈmaʊðd, -ˈmaʊθt US ˌ-ˈ-, ˈ-ˌ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌfoulmouthed ˈlanguage

foulness ˈfaʊl.nəs, -nɪs

Foulness ˌfaʊlˈnes *stress shift:* ˌFoulness ˈBeach

Foulsham ˈfəʊl.ʃəm US ˈfoʊl-

foul-up 'faʊl.ʌp -s -s
found faʊnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
found (*from* **find**) faʊnd
foundation faʊn'deɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z **foun'dation ˌcourse; foun'dation ˌstone**
foundationer faʊn'deɪ.ʃᵊn.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
found|er 'faʊn.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd **ˌfounder 'member**
foundling (F) 'faʊnd.lɪŋ -s -z
foundr|y 'faʊn.dr|i -ies -iz
fount *fountain, source:* faʊnt -s -s
fount *in printing:* faʊnt, fɒnt (US) faʊnt, fɑːnt -s -s
Note: Those connected with the printing trade generally pronounce /fɒnt (US) fɑːnt/.
fountain (F) 'faʊn.tɪn, -tən (US) -tᵊn -s -z **'fountain ˌpen**
fountainhead 'faʊn.tɪn.hed, -tən-, ˌ--'- (US) 'faʊn.tᵊn.hed -s -z
four fɔːʳ (US) fɔːr -s -z -th/s -θ/s -thly -θ.li **ˌFour 'Corners**
four-cornered ˌfɔː'kɔː.nəd (US) ˌfɔːr'kɔːr.nɚd *stress shift:* ˌfour-cornered 'hat
four-dimensional ˌfɔː.dɪ'men.*t*ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -daɪ'- (US) ˌfɔːr.də'ment.ʃᵊn- *stress shift:* ˌfour-dimensional 'model
fourfold 'fɔː.fəʊld (US) 'fɔːr.foʊld
four-footed ˌfɔː'fʊt.ɪd (US) ˌfɔːr'fʊt̬- *stress shift:* ˌfour-footed 'beast
Fourier 'fʊə.ri.əʳ, 'fʊr.i-, -eɪ (US) 'fʊr.i.eɪ
four-in-hand ˌfɔːʳ.ɪn'hænd (US) 'fɔːr.ɪnˌhænd -s -z
four-legged ˌfɔː'legd, -'leg.ɪd (US) ˌfɔːr-, 'fɔːrˌ- *stress shift:* ˌfour-legged 'friend
four-letter ˌfɔː'let.əʳ (US) ˌfɔːr'let̬.ɚ *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌfour-letter 'word**
fourpence 'fɔː.pᵊn*t*s (US) 'fɔːr-
fourpenny 'fɔː.pᵊn.i (US) 'fɔːr-
four-ply 'fɔː.plaɪ, ˌ-'- (US) 'fɔːr.plaɪ, ˌ-'-
four-poster ˌfɔː'pəʊ.stəʳ (US) ˌfɔːr'poʊ.stɚ -s -z *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌfour-poster 'bed**
fourscore ˌfɔː'skɔːʳ (US) ˌfɔːr'skɔːr *stress shift:* ˌfourscore 'years
foursome 'fɔː.səm (US) 'fɔːr- -s -z
foursquare ˌfɔː'skweəʳ, '-- (US) ˌfɔːr'skwer, '--
fourteen ˌfɔː'tiːn (US) ˌfɔːr- -s -z -th/s -θ/s *stress shift:* ˌfourteen 'years
fourteener fɔː'tiː.nəʳ (US) fɔːr'tiː.nɚ -s -z
fourth fɔːθ (US) fɔːrθ -s -s -ly -li **ˌFourth of Ju'ly**
four-wheel drive ˌfɔː.*h*wiːl'draɪv (US) ˌfɔːr- *stress shift, British only:* ˌfour-wheel drive 'car
four-wheeler ˌfɔː'*h*wiː.ləʳ (US) ˌfɔːr'*h*wiː.lɚ -s -z
fov|ea 'fɒv|.i.ə, 'fəʊ.v|i- (US) 'foʊ.v|i- -eae -i.iː
Fowey fɔɪ, 'fəʊ.i (US) fɔɪ, 'foʊ.i
Fowke faʊk, fəʊk (US) faʊk, foʊk
Fowkes fəʊks, faʊks (US) foʊks, faʊks
fowl faʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'fowling ˌpiece**
Fowler 'faʊ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Fowles faʊlz
fox (F) fɒks (US) fɑːks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **ˌfox 'terrier**
Foxboro' 'fɒks.bᵊr.ə (US) 'fɑːks.bɚ.oʊ
Foxcroft 'fɒks.krɒft (US) 'fɑːks.krɑːft
Foxe fɒks (US) fɑːks
Foxfield 'fɒks.fiːld (US) 'fɑːks-
foxglove 'fɒks.glʌv (US) 'fɑːks- -s -z
foxhole 'fɒks.həʊl (US) 'fɑːks.hoʊl -s -z
foxhound 'fɒks.haʊnd (US) 'fɑːks- -s -z
fox|hunt 'fɒks|.hʌnt (US) 'fɑːks- -hunts -hʌnts -hunting -ˌhʌn.tɪŋ (US) -ˌhʌn.t̬ɪŋ
foxtrot 'fɒks.trɒt (US) 'fɑːks.trɑːt -s -s
Foxwell 'fɒks.wəl, -wel (US) 'fɑːks-
fox|y 'fɒk.s|i (US) 'fɑːk- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ə.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Foy fɔɪ
foyer 'fɔɪ.eɪ, -əʳ; 'fwaɪ.eɪ (US) 'fɔɪ.ɚ, -eɪ; fɔɪ'eɪ, fwɑː'- -s -z
Foyers 'fɔɪ.əz (US) -ɚz
Foyle fɔɪl
Fr. (*abbrev. for* **Father**) 'fɑː.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ
frabjous 'fræb.dʒəs
fracas *singular:* 'fræk.ɑː (US) 'freɪ.kəs, 'fræk.əs -es *American usage only:* (US) -ɪz *plural:* 'fræk.ɑːz (US) 'freɪ.kəs, 'fræk.əs
fractal 'fræk.tᵊl -s -z
fraction 'fræk.ʃᵊn -s -z
fractional 'fræk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl -ly -i
fraction|ate 'fræk.ʃᵊn|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
fractious 'fræk.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
fract|ure 'fræk.*t*ʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz (US) -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd (US) -ɚd
fragile 'frædʒ.aɪl (US) 'frædʒ.ᵊl -ly -li
fragility frə'dʒɪl.ə.ti, frædʒ'ɪl-, -ɪ.ti (US) frə'dʒɪl.ə.t̬i
fragment (*n.*) 'fræg.mənt -s -s
fragmen|t (*v.*) fræg'men|t (US) 'fræg.men|t, -'- -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
fragmental fræg'men.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl
fragmentar|y 'fræg.mən.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i; fræg'men- (US) 'fræg.mən.ter|.i -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fragmentation ˌfræg.mən'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -men'-
Fragonard 'fræg.ɒn.ɑːʳ, -ən- (US) ˌfræg.ə'nɑːr, ˌfrɑː.goʊ'-
fragranc|e 'freɪ.grənts -es -ɪz -ed -t
fragrant 'freɪ.grənt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
frail freɪl -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
frailt|y 'freɪl.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ies -iz
frambesia, framboesia fræm'biː.zi.ə, -ʒə, -ʒi.ə (US) -ʒə, -ʒi.ə
fram|e (F) freɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
frame-up 'freɪm.ʌp -s -s
framework 'freɪm.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk -s -s
Framingham *in UK:* 'freɪ.mɪŋ.əm *in US:* 'fræm.ɪŋ.hæm
Framley 'fræm.li
Framlingham 'fræm.lɪŋ.əm
Framlington 'fræm.lɪŋ.tən
Frampton 'fræm*p*.tən
Fran fræn
franc fræŋk -s -s
France frɑːn*t*s (US) fræn*t*s
Frances 'frɑːn*t*.sɪs (US) 'frænt-
Francesca fræn'tʃes.kə (US) fræn-, frɑːn-
Franche-Comté ˌfrɑ̃ːnʃ.kɔ̃ːn'teɪ (US) -kõʊn'-
franchis|e 'fræn.*t*ʃaɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
franchisee ˌfræn.*t*ʃaɪ'ziː -s -z
Francie 'frɑːn*t*.si (US) 'frænt-
Francine frænt'siːn, '--
Francis 'frɑːn*t*.sɪs (US) 'frænt-
Franciscan fræn'sɪs.kən -s -z
Francisco fræn'sɪs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ *in San Francisco:* frən'sɪs.kəʊ, fræn- (US) -koʊ
francium 'frænt.si.əm
Franck frɑ̃ːŋk, frɑːŋk, fræŋk (US) frɑ̃ːŋk
Franco-, franco- fræŋ.kəʊ (US) fræŋ.koʊ, -kə
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **francophile** /'fræŋ.kəʊ.faɪl (US) -koʊ-/, **Franco-German** /ˌfræŋ.kəʊ'dʒɜː.mən (US) -koʊ'dʒɜːr-/.
Franco 'fræŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
Franco-German ˌfræŋ.kəʊ'dʒɜː.mən (US) -koʊ'dʒɝː-
Francois, François 'frɑ̃ːn.swɑː, -'- (US) frɑ̃ːnt'swɑː, frænt'-, 'ˌ-ˌ-
Francoise, Françoise 'frɑːnt.swɑːz, 'frɒnt-, 'frænt-, ˌ-'- (US) ˌfrɑːnt'swɑːz
francolin 'fræŋ.kəʊ.lɪn (US) -koʊ- -s -z
Franconi|a fræŋ'kəʊ.ni|.ə (US) fræŋ'koʊ-, fræn- -an -ən
francophile 'fræŋ.kəʊ.faɪl (US) -koʊ-, -kə- -s -z
francophobe 'fræŋ.kəʊ.fəʊb (US) -koʊ.foʊb, -kə- -s -z
francophone (F) 'fræŋ.kəʊ.fəʊn (US) -koʊ.foʊn, -kə- -s -z
francophonic (F) ˌfræŋ.kəʊ'fɒn.ɪk (US) -koʊ'fɑː.nɪk, -kə'-
frangibility ˌfræn.dʒɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -dʒə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
frangible 'fræn.dʒɪ.bᵊl, -dʒə- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
frangipani ˌfræn.dʒɪ'pɑː.ni, -'pæn.i -s -z
franglais 'frɑ̃ː*ŋ*.gleɪ, 'frɒŋ- (US) frɑ̃ːn'gleɪ
frank (F) fræŋk -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Frankau 'fræŋ.kəʊ, -kaʊ (US) -kaʊ

French words and phrases

French has provided a substantial proportion of English vocabulary since the Norman Conquest in 1066, with new words being incorporated all the time. The longest-established and the most commonly-used words are usually the most completely anglicised, and the most noticeable changes from the French original are found where English phonology does not easily accommodate them. Often there are many possible anglicised pronunciations: see for example the many listed for *restaurant*.

Examples

Word-final /r/: this is not usually pronounced in British English unless followed by a vowel in a following word. However, it is pronounced in US English, e.g.:

savoir faire	/ˌsæv.wɑːˈfeəʳ/	
	(US) /-wɑːrˈfer, -wɑːˈ-/	

Nasalized vowels: although some English speakers who have a good command of French may attempt to produce the French nasalized vowels /ɛ̃ ɑ̃ ɔ̃/ and even occasionally /œ̃/, these are pronounced by many people with a following /ŋ/. *Croissant* is given the pronunciation /ˈkwæs.ɑ̃ːŋ/ for British English, indicating that the vowel in the last syllable will be pronounced with a nasalised vowel but possibly also a velar nasal consonant. In US English, however, a velar nasal is not usually produced following a nasalised vowel, and *croissant* is pronounced /kwɑːˈsɑ̃ː/. (It should be noted that in both cases other pronunciations exist.) This example also shows the simplification of the initial consonant cluster /krw/, which occurs in French but not in English.

Word-final stress: many French words and names with final stress are modified by British English speakers to have the stress at the beginning of the word. In US English, this occurs in some words, but not in others, e.g.:

ballet	/ˈbæl.eɪ/	(US) /bælˈeɪ, ˈ--/
Paris	/ˈpær.ɪs/	(US) /ˈper-,ˈpær-/
restaurant	/ˈres.tᵊr.ɔ̃ːŋ/	(US) /-tə.rɑːnt/

The phoneme /ʒ/: while this phoneme occurs frequently in the middle of words, it is rare at the beginning and end. Many such cases are in words of French origin. English speakers sometimes substitute /dʒ/ for this sound, e.g.:

gigolo	/ˈdʒɪg.ə.ləʊ, ˈʒɪg-/
	(US) /-loʊ/
garage	/ˈgær.ɑːʒ, -ɪdʒ, -ɑːdʒ/
	(US) /gəˈrɑːʒ, -ˈrɑːdʒ/

Frankenstein ˈfræŋ.kᵊn.staɪn, -kɪn-
Frankfort *places in US:* ˈfræŋk.fət (US) -fɚt
Frankfurt *in Germany:* ˈfræŋk.fɜːt, -fət (US) -fɝːt, -fɚt
frankfurter (F) ˈfræŋk.fɜː.təʳ (US) -fɝː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Frankie ˈfræŋ.ki
frankincense ˈfræŋ.kɪn.sen*t*s, -kᵊn-
Frankish ˈfræŋ.kɪʃ
Frankland ˈfræŋk.lənd
franklin (F) ˈfræŋk.lɪn **-s** -z
Franklyn ˈfræŋk.lɪn
Franks fræŋks
frantic ˈfræn.tɪk (US) -t̬ɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Franz *German name:* fræn*t*s, frɑːn*t*s *US name:* frænz
frap fræp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
frappé ˈfræp.eɪ (US) -ˈ-
Frascati fræsˈkɑː.ti
Fraser ˈfreɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ
Fraserburgh ˈfreɪ.zə.bᵊr.ə, -bʌr- (US) -zɚ.bɚ-
Frasier ˈfreɪ.ʒəʳ, ˈfreɪ.zi.ə (US) -ʒɚ
frat fræt **-s** -s
fraternal frəˈtɜː.nᵊl (US) -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -i
fraternit|y frəˈtɜː.nə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈtɝː.nə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
fraternization, -isa- ˌfræt.ᵊn.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɚ.nɪˈ-
fraterniz|e, -is|e ˈfræt.ə.naɪz (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
fratricidal ˌfræt.rɪˈsaɪ.dᵊl, ˌfreɪ.trɪˈ-, -trəˈ- (US) ˌfræt.rəˈsaɪ-
fratricide ˈfræt.rɪ.saɪd, ˈfreɪ.trɪ-, -trə- (US) ˈfræt.rə- **-s** -z
Fratton ˈfræt.ᵊn
Frau fraʊ
fraud frɔːd (US) frɑːd, frɔːd **-s** -z
fraudster ˈfrɔːd.stəʳ (US) ˈfrɑːd.stɚ, ˈfrɔːd- **-s** -z
fraudulence ˈfrɔː.djə.lən*t*s, -djʊ-, -dʒə-, -dʒʊ- (US) ˈfrɑː.dʒə-, ˈfrɔː-, -djuː-, -djə-
fraudulent ˈfrɔː.djə.lənt, -djʊ-, -dʒə-, -dʒʊ- (US) ˈfrɑː.dʒə-, ˈfrɔː-, -djuː-, -djə- **-ly** -li
fraught frɔːt (US) frɑːt, frɔːt
fraülein ˈfrɔɪ.laɪn, ˈfraʊ- **-s** -z
fray freɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Fray Bentos® ˌfreɪˈben.tɒs (US) -toʊs
Frayn freɪn
Frazer ˈfreɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ
Frazier ˈfreɪ.zi.əʳ (US) -ʒɚ, -ʒi.ɚ
frazil ˈfreɪ.zɪl, ˈfræz.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) ˈfreɪ.zɪl; ˈfræz.ᵊl; frəˈzɪl, -ˈziːl
frazzl|e ˈfræz.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
freak friːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Freake friːk
freakish ˈfriː.kɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
freak|y ˈfriː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Frean friːn
Frears frɪəz, freəz (US) frɪrz, frerz
freckl|e ˈfrek.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Freckleton ˈfrek.ᵊl.tən
freckly ˈfrek.ᵊl.i, ˈfrek.li
Fred fred
Freda ˈfriː.də
Freddie, Freddy ˈfred.i
Frederica ˌfred.ᵊrˈiː.kə (US) -əˈriː-
Frederic(k) ˈfred.ᵊr.ɪk
Fredericksburg ˈfred.ᵊr.ɪks.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
free (F) friː **-r** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-st** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d **-r/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌfree ˈenterprise; ˈfree ˌhouse; ˌfree ˈkick; ˌfree ˈmarket; ˌfree ˈride; ˌfree ˈtrade; ˌfree ˈwill; give someone a ˌfree ˈhand**
freebas|e ˈfriː.beɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
freebie, freebee ˈfriː.bi **-s** -z
freeboard ˈfriː.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
freebooter ˈfriːˌbuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
freeborn ˌfriːˈbɔːn (US) -ˈbɔːrn *stress shift:* ˌfreeborn ˈcitizen
Freeborn ˈfriː.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Freeburn ˈfriː.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn
freed|man ˈfriːd|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
freedom ˈfriː.dəm **-s** -z **ˈfreedom ˌfighter**
free-fall (*v.*) ˈfriː.fɔːl, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈfriː.fɔːl, -fɑːl **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Freefone® ˈfriː.fəʊn (US) -foʊn
free-for-all ˈfriː.fəʳˌɔːl, ˌ--ˈ-

Fricative

A type of consonant made by forcing air through a narrow gap so that a hissing noise is generated. This may be accompanied by VOICING, in which case the sound is a voiced fricative, such as [z], or it may be voiceless, such as [s].

Examples for English

British and US English have nine fricative phonemes: /f θ s ʃ h/ (voiceless) and /v ð z ʒ/ (voiced).

All except /h/ are permitted to occur in all positions in English, but /ʒ/ as in 'measure' /ˈmeʒə/ is of rather low frequency compared to the other eight sounds. /h/ may not end a syllable.

The quality and intensity of fricative sounds varies greatly, but all are acoustically composed of energy at relatively high frequency – an indication of this is that much of the fricative sound is too high to be transmitted over a phone (which usually cuts out the highest and lowest frequencies in order to reduce the cost), giving rise to the confusions that often arise over sets of words like English *fin*, *thin*, *sin* and *shin*. In order for the sound quality to be produced accurately, the size and direction of the jet of air has to be very precisely controlled.

A distinction is sometimes made between 'sibilant' or 'strident' fricatives (such as [s] and [ʃ]) which are strong and clearly audible and others which are weak and less audible (such as [θ] and [f]).

Ⓤ ˈfriː.fɚ.ɔːl, -ɑːl
ree-form ˈfriː.fɔːm Ⓤ -fɔːrm
reehand ˈfriː.hænd
reehearted ˌfriːˈhɑː.tɪd Ⓤ -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd, ˈ-ˌ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌfreehearted ˈfriend
reehold ˈfriː.həʊld Ⓤ -hoʊld **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
reelanc|e ˈfriː.lɑːnts, ˌ-ˈ- Ⓤ ˈfriː.lænts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
reeling ˈfriː.lɪŋ
reeload ˈfriː.ləʊd Ⓤ -loʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
ree|man ˈfriː|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
reeman *surname:* ˈfriː.mən
ree-market *(adj.)* ˈfriːˌmɑː.kɪt Ⓤ -ˌmɑːr-
ree market *(n.)* ˌfriːˈmɑː.kɪt Ⓤ -ˈmɑːr-
reemason ˈfriːˌmeɪ.sᵊn **-s** -z
reemasonry ˈfriːˌmeɪ.sᵊn.ri, ˌfriːˈmeɪ-
reephone ˈfriː.fəʊn Ⓤ -foʊn
reeport ˈfriː.pɔːt Ⓤ -pɔːrt
reepost® ˈfriː.pəʊst Ⓤ -poʊst
ree-range ˌfriːˈreɪndʒ *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**free-range** ˈ**eggs**; ˌ**free-range** ˈ**chickens**
reeserve® ˈfriː.sɜːv Ⓤ -sɝːv
reesheet ˈfriː.ʃiːt **-s** -s
reesia ˈfriː.zi.ə, -ʒə, -ʒi.ə Ⓤ -ʒi.ə, -ʒə **-s** -z
ree-spoken ˌfriːˈspəʊ.kᵊn Ⓤ ˌfriːˈspoʊ-, ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌfree-spoken ˈperson
ree-standing ˌfriːˈstæn.dɪŋ Ⓤ ˌfriːˈstæn.dɪŋ, ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌfree-standing ˈcolumn
reestone (F) ˈfriː.stəʊn Ⓤ -stoʊn
reestyle ˈfriː.staɪl
reeth friːθ
freethinker ˌfriːˈθɪŋ.kəʳ Ⓤ -kɚ, ˈ-ˌ-- **-s** -z
Freetown ˈfriː.taʊn
freeware ˈfriː.weəʳ Ⓤ ˈfriː.wer
freeway ˈfriː.weɪ **-s** -z
freewheel ˌfriːˈ*h*wiːl Ⓤ ˈfriː.*h*wiːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift, British only:* ˌfreewheel ˈmechanism
freewill ˌfriːˈwɪl, ˈ--
freez|e friːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **froze** frəʊz Ⓤ froʊz **frozen** ˈfrəʊ.zᵊn Ⓤ ˈfroʊ- **freezer/s** ˈfriː.zəʳ/z Ⓤ -zɚ/z ˈ**freeze** ˌ**frame**, ˌ**freeze** ˈ**frame**
freeze|-dry ˈfriːz|.draɪ **-dries** -draɪz **-drying** -ˌdraɪ.ɪŋ **-dried** -draɪd
Freiburg ˈfraɪ.bɜːg Ⓤ -bɝːg
freight freɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ Ⓤ ˈfreɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd Ⓤ ˈfreɪ.t̬ɪd **-age** -ɪdʒ Ⓤ ˈfreɪ.t̬ɪdʒ ˈ**freight** ˌ**car**
freighter ˈfreɪ.təʳ Ⓤ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
freightliner ˈfreɪtˌlaɪ.nəʳ Ⓤ -nɚ **-s** -z
Fremantle ˈfriː.mæn.tᵊl Ⓤ -t̬ᵊl
fremitus ˈfrem.ɪ.təs Ⓤ -t̬əs
Fremont ˈfriː.mɒnt, frɪˈmɒnt Ⓤ ˈfriː.mɑːnt
French, french frentʃ ˌ**French** ˈ**bean**; ˌ**French** ˈ**bread**; ˌ**French** ˈ**dressing**; ˌ**french** ˈ**fry** Ⓤ ˈ**french** ˌ**fry**; ˌ**French** ˈ**loaf**; ˌ**French** **Revoˈlution**; ˌ**French** ˈ**stick**; ˌ**French** ˈ**windows**
frenchi|fy ˈfren.*t*ʃɪ|.faɪ Ⓤ ˈfren*t*.ʃɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
French|man ˈfren*t*ʃ|.mən **-men** -mən
french-polish ˌfren*t*ʃˈpɒl.ɪʃ Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.lɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
French|woman ˈfren*t*ʃˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
frenetic frəˈnet.ɪk, frɪ-, frenˈet- Ⓤ frəˈnet̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
frenz|y ˈfren.z|i **-ies** -iz **-ied/ly** -ɪd/li
frequen|ce ˈfriː.kwənt|s **-cy** -si **-cies** -siz
frequent *(adj.)* ˈfriː.kwənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
frequen|t *(v.)* frɪˈkwen|t, friː-, frə- Ⓤ friː-; ˈfriː.kwen|t, -kwən|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z Ⓤ -t̬ɚ/z
frequentative frɪˈkwen.tə.tɪv, friː-, frə- Ⓤ friːˈkwen.t̬ə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
Frere frɪəʳ Ⓤ frer
fresco ˈfres.kəʊ Ⓤ -koʊ **-(e)s** -z
fresh freʃ **-er** -əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
freshen ˈfreʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fresher ˈfreʃ.əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ **-s** -z
freshet ˈfreʃ.ɪt, -ət **-s** -s
fresh|man ˈfreʃ|.mən **-men** -mən
freshwater (F) ˈfreʃˌwɔː.təʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- Ⓤ ˈfreʃˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
Fresno ˈfrez.nəʊ Ⓤ -noʊ
fret fret **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ Ⓤ ˈfret̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd Ⓤ ˈfret̬.ɪd
fretboard ˈfret.bɔːd, ˈfrep- Ⓤ ˈfret.bɔːrd **-s** -z
fretful ˈfret.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fretsaw ˈfret.sɔː Ⓤ -sɑː, -sɔː **-s** -z
Fretwell ˈfret.wel, -wəl
fretwork ˈfret.wɜːk Ⓤ -wɝːk
Freud frɔɪd **-ian** -i.ən ˌ**Freudian** ˈ**slip**
Frew fruː
Frey freɪ
Freya freɪə
Freyberg ˈfraɪ.bɜːg Ⓤ -bɝːg
Freyer frɪəʳ; ˈfraɪ.əʳ Ⓤ ˈfraɪ.ɚ, -ɚ; frɪr
Freyja freɪə
Fri. *(abbrev. for* **Friday**) ˈfraɪ.deɪ, -di
friability ˌfraɪ.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
friable ˈfraɪ.ə.bᵊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
friar fraɪəʳ Ⓤ fraɪɚ **-s** -z
friar|y ˈfraɪə.r|i **-ies** -iz
fribbl|e ˈfrɪb.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
fricandeau ˈfrɪk.ən.dəʊ, -ɑ̃ːn- Ⓤ ˌfrɪk.ənˈdoʊ, ˈ--- **-s** -z

fricandeaux (*alternative plur. of* **fricandeau**) 'frɪk.ən.dəʊ, -ɑ̃ːn-, -dəʊz ⓤⓢ ˌfrɪk.ən'doʊ, -'doʊz, '---
fricassee ˌfrɪk.ə'siː, -'seɪ, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌfrɪk.ə'siː, '--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
fricative 'frɪk.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
friction 'frɪk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -les, -lɪs
frictional 'frɪk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl
Friday 'fraɪ.deɪ, -di **-s** -z
fridg|e frɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz ˌ**fridge-'freezer**
fried (*from* **fry**) fraɪd
Frieda 'friː.də
Friedan friː'dæn, frɪ-
Friedland 'friːd.lənd, -lænd
Friedman 'friːd.mən
Friel friːl
friend (F) frend **-s** -z
friendless 'frend.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
friendl|y (F) 'frend.l|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Friendl|y 'frend.l|i **-ies** -iz
friendship 'frend.ʃɪp **-s** -s
Friern 'fraɪ.ən, 'friː- ⓤⓢ -ɚn
fries (*from* **fry**) fraɪz
Fries friːs, friːz
Friesian 'friː.ʒən, '-zi.ən ⓤⓢ 'friː.ʒᵊn
Friesland 'friːz.lənd, -lænd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
friez|e (F) friːz **-es** -ɪz
frig frɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
frigate 'frɪg.ət, -ɪt **-s** -s
fright fraɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'fraɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'fraɪ.t̬ɪd
frighten 'fraɪ.tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
frightful 'fraɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
frigid 'frɪdʒ.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Frigidaire® ˌfrɪdʒ.ɪ'deəʳ, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'der, '--ˌ-
frigidity frɪ'dʒɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Friis friːs
frijole frɪ'həʊ.li, -eɪ ⓤⓢ friː'hoʊ.liː, -'hoʊ, -'hoʊl **-s** -z
frill frɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
frill|y 'frɪl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Frimley 'frɪm.li
fring|e frɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-eless** -ləs, -lɪs '**fringe** ˌ**benefit**, ˌ**fringe** '**benefit**; ˌ**fringe** '**theatre**/'**theater**
Frink frɪŋk
Frinton 'frɪn.tən
fripper|y 'frɪp.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
Frisbee® 'frɪz.bi **-s** -z
frisé(e) 'friː.zeɪ ⓤⓢ friː'zeɪ, frɪ- **-s** -z
frisette frɪ'zet, friː- **-s** -s
Frisian 'frɪz.i.ən, 'friː.zi-, -ʒi-, -ʒᵊn ⓤⓢ 'frɪʒ.ᵊn, 'friː.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
frisk frɪsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
frisket 'frɪs.kɪt **-s** -s
frisk|y 'frɪs.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
frisson 'friː.sɔ̃ːŋ, -'- ⓤⓢ friː'sõʊn **-s** -z
Friston 'frɪs.tᵊn
Friswell 'frɪz.wəl, -wel
frit frɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'frɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'frɪt̬.ɪd
frith (F) frɪθ **-s** -s
Frithsden 'friːz.dən, 'frɪz-, 'frɪθs.dən
fritillar|y frɪ'tɪl.ᵊr|.i, frə- ⓤⓢ 'frɪt̬.ᵊl.er|.i **-ies** -iz
Fritos® 'friː.təʊz ⓤⓢ -t̬oʊz, -toʊz
fritt|er 'frɪt|.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'frɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
fritz (F) frɪts
Friuli fri'uː.li
frivol 'frɪv.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
frivolit|y frɪ'vɒl.ə.t|i, frə-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'vɑː.lə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
frivolous 'frɪv.ᵊl.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Frizelle frɪ'zel
friz(z) frɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
frizzl|e 'frɪz.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
frizzl|y 'frɪz.ᵊl|.i, 'frɪz.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
frizz|y 'frɪz|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fro frəʊ ⓤⓢ froʊ
Frobisher 'frəʊ.bɪ.ʃəʳ ⓤⓢ 'froʊ.bɪ.ʃɚ
frock frɒk ⓤⓢ frɑːk **-s** -s ˌ**frock** '**coat**
Frodo 'frəʊ.dəʊ ⓤⓢ 'froʊ.doʊ
Frodsham 'frɒd.ʃᵊm ⓤⓢ 'frɑːd-
Froebel 'frəʊ.bᵊl, 'frɜː- ⓤⓢ 'frɜː-, 'froʊ-
frog frɒg ⓤⓢ frɑːg, frɔːg **-s** -z **have a** '**frog in one's** ˌ**throat**
Froggatt 'frɒg.ɪt, -ət ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.gɪt, -gət
frogg|y 'frɒg|.i ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.g|i **-ies** -iz
frog|man 'frɒg|.mən ⓤⓢ 'frɑːg-, 'frɔːg- **-men** -mən
frogmarch 'frɒg.mɑːtʃ ⓤⓢ 'frɑːg.mɑːrtʃ, 'frɔːg- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Frogmore 'frɒg.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ 'frɑːg.mɔːr, 'frɔːg-
frogspawn 'frɒg.spɔːn ⓤⓢ 'frɑːg.spɑːn, 'frɔːg-, -spɔːn
Froissart 'frɔɪ.sɑːt, 'frwæs.ɑː ⓤⓢ -sɑːrt *as if French:* ˌfrwɑː'sɑːr
frolic 'frɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.lɪk **-s** -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t
frolicsome 'frɒl.ɪk.səm ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.lɪk- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
from *strong form:* frɒm ⓤⓢ frɑːm *weak forms:* frəm, frm̩
Note: Weak form word. The strong from /frɒm ⓤⓢ frɑːm/ is used contrastively (e.g. "Travelling **to** and **from** London") and in sentence-final position (e.g. "Where is it from?"). The weak form is /frəm/ (e.g. "back from abroad" /ˌbæk.frəm.ə'brɔːd ⓤⓢ -'brɑːd/). In rapid speech this may be further weakened to /frm̩/ (e.g. "one from each" /ˌwʌn.frm̩'iːtʃ/).
fromage frais ˌfrɒm.ɑːʒ'freɪ ⓤⓢ frəˌmɑːʒ'-; ˌfrɑː.mɑːʒ'-
Frome *in Somerset:* fruːm *lake in Australia:* frəʊm ⓤⓢ froʊm
Note: /frəʊm ⓤⓢ froʊm/ is suitable in the Edith Wharton novel "Ethan Frome".
Fromm frɒm ⓤⓢ frɑːm
frond frɒnd ⓤⓢ frɑːnd **-s** -z
front frʌnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'frʌn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'frʌn.t̬ɪd ˌ**front** '**line**; '**front** ˌ**matter**; '**front** ˌ**money**
frontag|e 'frʌn.tɪdʒ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
frontal 'frʌn.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
frontbench ˌfrʌnt'bentʃ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌfrontbench 'spokesman
Frontera® frʌn'teə.rə, frɒn- ⓤⓢ frʌn'ter.ə, frɑːn-
frontier frʌn'tɪəʳ; '--, 'frɒn- ⓤⓢ frʌn'tɪr, frɑːn- **-s** -z
frontiers|man frʌn'tɪəz|.mən ⓤⓢ -'tɪrz- **-men** -mən
frontispiec|e 'frʌn.tɪs.piːs, -təs- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs- **-es** -ɪz
frontless 'frʌnt.ləs, -lɪs, -les
frontlet 'frʌnt.lɪt, -lət **-s** -s
front-load ˌfrʌnt'ləʊd ⓤⓢ -'loʊd, '-- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift, British only:* ˌfront-loading 'drier
front|man 'frʌnt|.mæn **-men** -men
front-of-house ˌfrʌnt.əv'haʊs
front-page ˌfrʌnt'peɪdʒ *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**front-page** '**news**
front-runner 'frʌntˌrʌn.əʳ, ˌ-'--' ⓤⓢ 'frʌntˌrʌn.ɚ **-s** -z
frosh frɒʃ ⓤⓢ frɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz
frost (F) frɒst ⓤⓢ frɑːst **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd
frost|bite 'frɒst|.baɪt ⓤⓢ 'frɑːst- **-bitten** -ˌbɪt.ᵊn ⓤⓢ -ˌbɪt̬.ᵊn
Frosties® 'frɒs.tiz ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.stiz
frostwork 'frɒst.wɜːk ⓤⓢ 'frɑːst.wɝːk
frost|y 'frɒs.t|i ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.st|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
froth (*n.*) frɒθ ⓤⓢ frɑːθ **-s** -s
fro|th (*v.*) frɒ|θ ⓤⓢ frɑː|θ, frɑː|ð **-ths** -θs ⓤⓢ -θs, -ðz **-thing** -θɪŋ ⓤⓢ -θɪŋ, -ðɪŋ **-thed** -θt ⓤⓢ -θt, -ðd
Frothingham 'frɒð.ɪŋ.əm ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.ðɪŋ-
froth|y 'frɒθ|.i ⓤⓢ 'frɑː.θ|i, -ð|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
frottage 'frɒt.ɑːʒ, -ɪdʒ; frɒt'ɑːʒ ⓤⓢ frə'tɑːʒ, frɑː-
Froud fraʊd, fruːd
Froude fruːd
froufrou 'fruː.fruː
froward 'frəʊ.əd ⓤⓢ 'froʊ.ɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
frown fraʊn **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
frowst fraʊst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

rowst|y 'frau.st|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rows|y, frowz|y 'frau.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
roz|e (*from* **freeze**) frəuz (US) frouz **-en** -ᵊn
ructiferous frʌk'tɪf.ᵊr.əs (US) frʌk-, frʊk-
ructification ˌfrʌk.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌfrʌk.tə-, ˌfrʊk-
ructi|fy 'frʌk.tɪ|.faɪ (US) 'frʌk.tə-, 'frʊk- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
ructose 'frʌk.təus, 'frʊk-, -təuz (US) -tous
rugal 'fruː.gᵊl **-ly** -i
rugality fruː'gæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
ruit fruːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'fruː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'fruː.t̬ɪd **'fruit maˌchine**
ruitarian fruː'teə.ri.ən (US) -'ter.i- **-s** -z
ruitcake 'fruːt.keɪk **-s** -s
ruiterer 'fruː.tᵊr.əʳ (US) -t̬ɚ.ɚ **-s** -z
ruitful 'fruːt.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ruition fru'ɪʃ.ᵊn
ruitless 'fruːt.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ruit|y 'fruː.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rumenty 'fruː.mən.ti (US) -t̬i
rump frʌmp **-s** -s **-ish** -ɪʃ
rump|y 'frʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rustra|te frʌs'treɪ|t, '-- (US) 'frʌs.treɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting/ly** -tɪŋ/li (US) -t̬ɪŋ/li **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
rustration frʌs'treɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
rust|um 'frʌs.t|əm **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
r|y (F) fr|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-yer** -aɪ.əʳ (US) -aɪ.ɚ **'frying ˌpan ˌout of the ˌfrying pan ˌinto the 'fire**
rye fraɪ
ry-up 'fraɪ.ʌp **-s** -s
t (*abbrev. for* **foot** *or* **feet**) *singular:* fʊt *plural:* fiːt
T ˌef'tiː
TSE, FT-SE 'fʊt.si **'FT-SE ˌIndex**
T-SE 100 ˌfʊt.si.wʌn'hʌn.drəd, -drɪd
uad fuː'ɑːd, -'æd (US) 'fuː.ɑːd
uchsia 'fjuː.ʃə **-s** -z
uchsine 'fuːk.siːn, -sɪn (US) 'fuːk.sɪn, 'fjuːk-, 'fʊk-, -siːn
uck fʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
uck-up 'fʌk.ʌp **-s** -s
uckwit 'fʌk.wɪt **-s** -s
u|cus 'fjuː|.kəs **-ci** -saɪ **-cuses** -kə.sɪz
uddl|e 'fʌd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d
uddy-duddl|y 'fʌd.iˌdʌd|.i **-ies** -iz
udg|e fʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
udge fʌdʒ, fjuːdʒ

fuehrer 'fjʊə.rə, 'fjɔː- (US) 'fjʊr.ɚ
fuel 'fjuː.əl, fjʊəl (US) 'fjuː.əl, fjuːl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **add ˌfuel to the 'fire**
fuel-injected 'fjuː.əl.ɪnˌdʒek.tɪd, 'fjʊəl.ɪn-; ˌfjuː.əl.ɪn'dʒek-, ˌfjʊəl.ɪn'- (US) 'fjuː.əl.ɪnˌdʒek.tɪd
Fuentes 'fwen.tes, -teɪz
fug fʌg **-s** -z
fugacious fjuː'geɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fugacity fjuː'gæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
fugal 'fjuː.gᵊl
Fugard 'fuː.gɑːd, 'fjuː- (US) -gɑːrd
fuggles 'fʌg.ᵊlz
fugg|y 'fʌg|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
fugitive 'fjuː.dʒə.tɪv, -dʒɪ- (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
fugle|man 'fjuː.gᵊl|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
fugue fjuːg **-s** -z
führer (F) 'fjʊə.rəʳ, 'fjɔː- (US) 'fjʊr.ɚ **-s** -z
Fujairah fuː'dʒaɪə.rə (US) -'dʒaɪ-
Fuji 'fuː.dʒi
Fujian fuː'dʒɑːn
Fujimori ˌfuː.dʒi'mɔːr.i
Fuji-san 'fuː.dʒi.sæn (US) -sɑːn
Fujitsu fʊ'dʒɪt.suː, fuː- (US) fuː-', fʊ-
Fujiyama ˌfuː.dʒi'jɑː.mə
Fukuoka ˌfʊk.uː'əu.kə, ˌfuː.kuː'- (US) ˌfuː.kuː'ou-, ˌfʊk.uː'-
-ful fᵊl, fʊl
Note: Two suffixes are covered by this entry, both of which are not stressed. The first forms an adjective, e.g. **beauty** /'bjuː.ti (US) -t̬i/, **beautiful** /'bjuː.tɪ.fᵊl (US) -t̬ɪ-/; in this the pronunciation /-fᵊl/ is preferred. The second forms a measuring noun, e.g. **bucket** /'bʌk.ɪt/, **bucketful** /'bʌk.ɪt.fʊl/, and is normally /-fʊl/.
Fulani fuː'lɑː.ni, '--- **-s** -z
Fulbright 'fʊl.braɪt **-s** -s
Fulcher 'fʊl.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ
fulcr|um 'fʊl.kr|əm, 'fʌl- **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
fulfil fʊl'fɪl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-ment** -mənt
fulfill fʊl'fɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt
Fulford 'fʊl.fəd (US) -fɚd
fulgent 'fʌl.dʒənt **-ly** -li
Fulham 'fʊl.əm
fuliginous fjuː'lɪdʒ.ɪ.nəs **-ly** -li
Fulke fʊlk
full fʊl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌfull 'board; ˌfull 'face; ˌfull 'moon; ˌfull 'stop**
fullback 'fʊl.bæk, ˌ-'- (US) '-- **-s** -s
full-blooded ˌfʊl'blʌd.ɪd *stress shift:* ˌfull-blooded 'male
full-blown ˌfʊl'bləun (US) -'bloun *stress shift:* ˌfull-blown 'argument
full-bodied ˌfʊl'bɒd.ɪd (US) -'bɑː.did *stress shift:* ˌfull-bodied 'wine
fuller (F) 'fʊl.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

Fullerton 'fʊl.ə.tᵊn (US) -ɚ-
full-face ˌfʊl'feɪs *stress shift:* ˌfull-face 'photograph
full-fledged ˌfʊl'fledʒd *stress shift:* ˌfull-fledged 'bird
full-frontal ˌfʊl'frʌn.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl
full-grown ˌfʊl'grəun (US) -'groun *stress shift:* ˌfull-grown 'man
full-length ˌfʊl'leŋkθ *stress shift:* ˌfull-length 'coat
full-on ˌfʊl'ɒn (US) -ɑːn, -ɔːn *stress shift:* ˌfull-on 'treatment
full-scale ˌfʊl'skeɪl *stress shift:* ˌfull-scale 'war
full-time ˌfʊl'taɪm *stress shift:* ˌfull-time 'mother
fully 'fʊl.i
-fully fᵊl.i, fʊl.i
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-fully** are stressed in a similar way to adjectives containing **-ful**; see above.
fully-fledged ˌfʊl.i'fledʒd *stress shift:* ˌfully-fledged 'bird
fulmar 'fʊl.məʳ, -mɑːʳ (US) -mɚ, -mɑːr **-s** -z
Fulmer 'fʊl.məʳ (US) -mɚ
fulmi|nate 'fʊl.mɪ|.neɪt, 'fʌl-, -mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
fulmination ˌfʊl.mɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌfʌl-, -mə'- **-s** -z
fulness 'fʊl.nəs, -nɪs
fulsome 'fʊl.səm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Fulton 'fʊl.tᵊn
Fulvia 'fʊl.vi.ə, 'fʌl-
fulvous 'fʌl.vəs, 'fʊl-
Fulwood 'fʊl.wʊd
Fu Manchu ˌfuː.mæn'tʃuː
fumbl|e 'fʌm.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-bləʳ/z (US) '-bᵊl.ɚ/z, '-blɚ/z
fum|e fjuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
fumi|gate 'fjuː.mɪ|.geɪt, -mə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
fumigation ˌfjuː.mɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -mə'- **-s** -z
fun fʌn
Funafuti ˌfuː.nə'fuː.ti
funambulist fjuː'næm.bjə.lɪst, fjʊ-, -bjʊ- (US) fjuː'næm.bjə-, -bjuː- **-s** -s
Funchal fʊn'ʃɑːl, -'tʃɑːl
function 'fʌŋk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
functional 'fʌŋk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
functional|ism 'fʌŋk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
functionality ˌfʌŋk.ʃᵊn'æl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
functionar|y 'fʌŋk.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -r|i (US) -er|.i **-ies** -iz
functor 'fʌŋk.təʳ, -tɔːʳ (US) -tɚ, -tɔːr **-s** -z
fund fʌnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
fundament 'fʌn.də.mənt **-s** -s

fundamental ˌfʌn.dəˈmen.təl (US) -t̬əl -s -z -ly -i

fundamental|ism (F) ˌfʌn.dəˈmen.təl|.ɪ.zəm (US) -t̬əl- -ist/s -ɪst/s

fundamentality ˌfʌn.də.menˈtæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

fundless ˈfʌnd.ləs, -lɪs, -les

fundrais|er ˈfʌndˌreɪ.z|əʳ (US) -z|ɚ -er/s -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

Fundy ˈfʌn.di

funeral ˈfjuː.nər.əl -s -z ˈ**funeral** ˌ**home**; ˈ**funeral** ˌ**parlo(u)r**

funerary ˈfjuː.nər.ə.ri (US) -er.i

funereal fjuːˈnɪə.ri.əl (US) -ˈnɪr.i- -ly -i

funfair ˈfʌn.feəʳ (US) -fer -s -z

fungal ˈfʌŋ.gəl

fungible ˈfʌn.dʒɪ.bəl, -dʒə- -s -z

fungicidal ˌfʌŋ.gɪˈsaɪ.dəl, ˌfʌn.dʒɪˈ- (US) ˌfʌn.dʒɪˈ-, ˌfʌŋ.gəˈ- -li -i

fungicide ˈfʌŋ.gɪ.saɪd, ˈfʌn.dʒɪ- (US) ˈfʌn.dʒɪ-, ˈfʌŋ.gə- -s -z

fungo ˈfʌŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ -es -z

fun|gus ˈfʌŋ.|gəs -gi -gaɪ, -giː, ˈfʌn.dʒiː, -dʒaɪ -guses -gə.sɪz -goid -gɔɪd -gous -gəs

funicle ˈfjuː.nɪ.kəl -s -z

funicular fjuːˈnɪk.jə.ləʳ, fə-, -jʊ- (US) -juː.lɚ -s -z

funicul|us fjuːˈnɪk.jə.l|əs, fə-, -jʊ- (US) -juː- -i -aɪ

funk (F) fʌŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

funk|y ˈfʌŋ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

funnel ˈfʌn.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d

funnel-web ˈfʌn.əl.web -s -z

funnies ˈfʌn.iz

funn|y ˈfʌn|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈ**funny** ˌ**bone**; ˈ**funny** ˌ**business**

funny|man ˈfʌn.i|.mæn -men -men

fur fɜːʳ (US) fɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d

fur (*abbrev. for* **furlong**) ˈfɜː.lɒŋ (US) ˈfɝː.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ

Furbear ˈfɜː.beəʳ (US) ˈfɝː.ber

furbelow ˈfɜː.bɪ.ləʊ, -bə- (US) ˈfɝː.bɪ.loʊ, -bə- -s -z

furbish ˈfɜː.bɪʃ (US) ˈfɝː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

furcate (*adj.*) ˈfɜː.keɪt, -kɪt, -kət (US) ˈfɝː-

fur|cate (*v.*) ˈfɜː|.keɪt, -|ˈ- (US) ˈfɝː|.keɪt -cates -keɪts, -ˈkeɪts (US) -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ, -ˈkeɪ- (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd, -ˈkeɪ- (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

furcation fɜːˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) fɝː- -s -z

furibund ˈfjʊə.rɪ.bʌnd, ˈfjɔː-, -bənd (US) ˈfjʊr.ɪ-

furioso ˌfjʊə.riˈəʊ.zəʊ, ˌfjɔː-, -səʊ (US) ˌfjʊr.iˈoʊ.soʊ, ˌfjɝː-, -zoʊ

furious ˈfjʊə.ri.əs, ˈfjɔː- (US) ˈfjʊr.i-, ˈfjɝː- -ly -li

furl fɜːl (US) fɝːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

furlong ˈfɜː.lɒŋ (US) ˈfɝː.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ -s -z

furlough ˈfɜː.ləʊ (US) ˈfɝː.loʊ -s -z

furnac|e ˈfɜː.nɪs, -nəs (US) ˈfɝː- -es -ɪz

Furneaux ˈfɜː.nəʊ (US) fɝːˈnoʊ

Furness ˈfɜː.nɪs, fɜːˈnes (US) ˈfɝː.nɪs, fɝːˈnes

Furneux ˈfɜː.nɪks, -nəʊ (US) ˈfɝː.nɪks, -nuː, -noʊ

Note: /ˈfɜː.nɪks/ is the more usual local pronunciation.

furnish ˈfɜː.nɪʃ (US) ˈfɝː- -es -ɪz -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

furniture ˈfɜː.nɪ.tʃəʳ (US) ˈfɝː.nɪ.tʃɚ

Furnival(l) ˈfɜː.nɪ.vəl (US) ˈfɝː-

furor ˈfjʊr.ɔː (US) ˈfjʊr.ɔːr, -ɚ

furore fjʊəˈrɔː.ri, -reɪ; ˈfjʊə.rɔːʳ, ˈfjɔː- (US) ˈfjʊr.ɔːr, -ɚ -s -z

furph|y (F) ˈfɜː.f|i (US) ˈfɝː- -ies -iz

furrier ˈfʌr.i.əʳ (US) ˈfɝː.i.ɚ -s -z

furrier|y ˈfʌr.i.ər|.i (US) ˈfɝː- -ies -iz

furrow ˈfʌr.əʊ (US) ˈfɝː.oʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

furr|y ˈfɜː.r|i (US) ˈfɝː|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

furth|er ˈfɜː.ð|əʳ (US) ˈfɝː.ð|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z ˌ**further** **eduˈcation**

furtherance ˈfɜː.ðər.ənts (US) ˈfɝː-

furthermore ˌfɜː.ðəˈmɔːʳ, ˈ--- (US) ˈfɝː.ðɚ.mɔːr

furthermost ˈfɜː.ðə.məʊst (US) ˈfɝː.ðɚ.moʊst

furthest ˈfɜː.ðɪst, -ðəst (US) ˈfɝː-

furtive ˈfɜː.tɪv (US) ˈfɝː.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

furuncle ˈfjʊə.rʌŋ.kəl, ˈfjɔː- (US) ˈfjʊr.ʌŋ- -s -z

fur|y (F) ˈfjʊə.r|i, ˈfjɔː- (US) ˈfjʊr|.i -ies -iz

furze fɜːz (US) fɝːz

fus|e fjuːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈ**fuse** ˌ**box**

fusee fjuːˈziː (US) fjuːˈziː, ˈ-- -s -z

fusel ˈfjuː.zəl (US) ˈfjuː.zəl, -səl ˈ**fusel** ˌ**oil**, ˌ**fusel** ˈ**oil**

fuselag|e ˈfjuː.zəl.ɑːʒ, -zɪ.lɑːʒ (US) -sə.lɑːʒ, -zə-, -lɑːdʒ -es -ɪz

fusibility ˌfjuː.zɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, -zəˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

fusible ˈfjuː.zɪ.bəl, -zə-

fusil ˈfjuː.zɪl (US) -zɪl, -sɪl -s -z

fusile ˈfjuː.saɪl, -zaɪl (US) -zəl, -zaɪl, -sɪl

fusilier ˌfjuː.zəlˈɪəʳ, -zɪˈlɪəʳ (US) -zɪˈlɪr -s -z

fusillade ˌfjuː.zəˈleɪd, -zɪˈ- (US) ˌfjuː.səˈlɑːd, -zəˈ-, -ˈleɪd, ˈ--- -s -z

fusilli fʊˈsiː.li, fjʊˈzɪl.i (US) ˈfjuː.siː.li, -zə-

fusion ˈfjuː.ʒən -s -z

fuss fʌs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

fussbudget ˈfʌsˌbʌdʒ.ɪt -s -s

fusspot ˈfʌs.pɒt (US) -pɑːt -s -s

fuss|y ˈfʌs|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

fustian ˈfʌs.ti.ən (US) -tʃən

fustic ˈfʌs.tɪk

fusti|gate ˈfʌs.tɪ|.geɪt, -tə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd

fustigation ˌfʌs.tɪˈgeɪ.ʃən, -təˈ- -s -z

fust|y ˈfʌs.t|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

futhark ˈfuː.θɑːk (US) -θɑːrk

futile ˈfjuː.taɪl (US) -t̬əl, -taɪl -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

futilit|y fjuːˈtɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

futon ˈfuː.tɒn, ˈfjuː-, ˈfʊt.ɒn, -ən; ˌfuːˈtɒn (US) ˈfuː.tɑːn -s -z

futtock ˈfʌt.ək (US) ˈfʌt̬- -s -s

future ˈfjuː.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z

futur|ism ˈfjuː.tʃər|.ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s

futuristic ˌfjuː.tʃəˈrɪs.tɪk -ally -əl.i, -li

futurit|y fjuːˈtjʊə.rə.t|i, -ˈtjɔː-, -ˈtʃʊə-, -ˈtʃɔː-, -ɪ.t|i (US) fjuːˈtʊr.ə.t̬|i, -ˈtjʊr-, -ˈtʃʊr-, -ˈtʃɝː- -ies -iz

futurolog|ist ˌfjuː.tʃəˈrɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪst (US) -ˈrɑː.lə- -ists -ɪsts -y -i

fuz|e fjuːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

fuzee fjuːˈziː (US) fjuːˈziː, ˈ-- -s -z

Fuzhou ˈfuː.dʒəʊ (US) -dʒoʊ

fuzz fʌz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

fuzz|y ˈfʌz|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

fuzzy-wuzz|y ˈfʌz.iˌwʌz|.i, ˌ--ˈ-- -ies -iz

f-word ˈefˌwɜːd (US) -ˌwɝːd

Fyf(f)e faɪf

Fyfield ˈfaɪ.fiːld

Fylingdales ˈfaɪ.lɪŋ.deɪlz

Fyne faɪn

ronouncing the letter G

e also GG, GH, GU, NG

ere are two main pronunciations for the consonant letter /dʒ/ and /g/, e.g.:

em	/dʒem/
ie	/eɪdʒ/
ese	/giːs/
g	/gɪg/

following vowel letter **e**, **i** or **y** may lead to the ronunciation /dʒ/. However, as can be seen in the above xamples, this is not reliable as an indicator of which pronunciation to use. More reliably, before vowel letters **a**, **o** or **u** the pronunciation is highly likely to be /g/, although there are exceptions, e.g.:

gaol	/dʒeɪl/

In addition

g is often silent before a consonant letter **m** or **n** at the beginning and end of words, e.g.:

gnat	/næt/
paradigm	/ˈpær.ə.daɪm/

) dʒiː -'s -z
bbrev. for **gram/s**) *singular:*
em *plural:* -z
(*abbrev. for* **Georgia**) ˈdʒɔː.dʒə
ˈdʒɔːr-
gæb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
ardine ˌgæb.əˈdiːn, ˈ---
ˈgæb.ɚ.diːn, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
batha ˈgæb.ə.θə
bl|e ˈgæb.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ
-d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈ-ləʳ/z (US) ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z,
ɚ/z
bro ˈgæb.rəʊ (US) -roʊ -s -z
b|y ˈgæb|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
ɪst, -i.əst
erdine ˌgæb.əˈdiːn, ˈ---
ˈgæb.ɚ.diːn, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
erlunzie ˌgæb.əˈlʌn.zi, -ˈluː.nji,
æb.ə.lʌn.zi, -luː.nji
ˌgæb.ɚˈlʌn.zi -s -z
fest ˈgæbˌfest -s -s
ii ˈgæb.i.iː, -bi.aɪ (US) ˈgæb.i.aɪ,
ɪ.bi-
ion ˈgeɪ.bi.ən -s -z
le (G) ˈgeɪ.bᵊl -s -z -d -d
let ˈgeɪ.blɪt, -blət (US) -blət -s -s
on gæbˈɒn, gəˈbɒn; ˈgæb.ɒn *as if*
ench: gæbˈɔ̃ːŋ (US) gæbˈoʊn,
ˈboʊn
onese ˌgæb.ɒnˈiːz, -əˈniːz
-əˈniːz
oon gəˈbuːn
or gəˈbɔːʳ; ˈgɑː.bɔːʳ (US) gəˈbɔːr;
ɑː.bɔːr
orone ˌgæb.əˈrəʊ.ni
ˌgɑː.bəˈroʊ.neɪ, -ni
riel ˈgeɪ.bri.əl
riella ˌgæb.riˈel.ə, ˌgeɪ.briˈ-
rielle ˌgæb.riˈel, ˌgeɪ.briˈ-
|y ˈgeɪ.b|i -ies -iz
y ˈgæb.i, ˈgɑː.bi
(G) gæd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
about ˈgæd.ə.baʊt -s -s
afy, Gadaffi gəˈdæf.i, -ˈdɑː.fi
-ˈdɑː.fi
ara ˈgæd.ᵊr.ə
arene ˌgæd.əˈriːn, ˈ--- (US) ˈ---
-z

Gaddafi gəˈdæf.i, -ˈdɑː.fi (US) -ˈdɑː.fi
Gaddesden ˈgædz.dᵊn
Gaddis ˈgæd.ɪs
Gade *English river:* geɪd *Danish composer:* ˈgɑː.də
Gades ˈgeɪ.diːz
gadfl|y ˈgæd.fl|aɪ -ies -aɪz
gadget ˈgædʒ.ɪt, -ət -s -s
gadgetry ˈgædʒ.ɪ.tri, ˈ-ə-
Gadhafi gəˈdæf.i, -ˈdɑː.fi (US) -ˈdɑː.fi
Gadhel ˈgæd.el (US) -əl -s -z
Gadhelic gædˈel.ɪk, gəˈdel-
gadolinium ˌgæd.əʊˈlɪn.i.əm, -ᵊlˈɪn- (US) -oʊˈlɪn-, gædˈlɪn-
gadroon gəˈdruːn -s -z
Gadsby ˈgædz.bi
Gadsden ˈgædz.dᵊn
Gadshill ˈgædz.hɪl
gadwall ˈgæd.wɔːl (US) -wɔːl -s -z
gadzooks ˌgædˈzuːks, gæd- (US) -ˈzuːks, -ˈzʊks
Gael geɪl -s -z
Gaelic ˈgeɪ.lɪk, ˈgæl.ɪk
Gaeltacht ˈgeɪl.tæxt, -təxt
Gaetulia *in Ireland:* giːˈtjuː.li.ə, gaɪ-, dʒi-, -ˈtuː- (US) dʒiˈtuː-, giː- *in Libya:* dʒɪˈtjuː.li.ə (US) -ˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-
gaff gæf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
gaffe gæf -s -s
gaffer ˈgæf.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
gag gæg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
gaga ˈgɑː.gɑː, ˈgæg.ɑː (US) ˈgɑː.gɑː -s -z
Gagarin gəˈgɑː.rɪn, gægˈɑː- (US) gəˈgɑːr.ɪn
gag|e (G) geɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
gaggle ˈgæg.ᵊl -s -z
Gaia ˈgaɪ.ə, ˈgeɪ-
gaiet|y (G) ˈgeɪ.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.ţ|i -ies -iz
Gail ˈgeɪl
gaily (*from* **gay**) ˈgeɪ.li
gain geɪn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Gaines geɪnz
Gainesville ˈgeɪnz.vɪl (US) -vɪl, -vəl

gainful ˈgeɪn.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
gain|say ˌgeɪn|ˈseɪ -says -ˈseɪz, -ˈsez -saying -ˈseɪ.ɪŋ -sayed -ˈseɪd -said -ˈsed, -ˈseɪd -sayer/s -ˈseɪ.əʳ/z (US) -ˈseɪ.ɚ/z
Gainsborough ˈgeɪnz.bᵊr.ə (US) -oʊ, -ə -s -z
Gairdner ˈgeəd.nəʳ, ˈgɑːd- (US) ˈgerd.nɚ, ˈgɑːrd-
Gairloch ˈgeə.lɒx, -lɒk (US) ˈger.lɑːk
Gaisford ˈgeɪs.fəd (US) -fɚd
gait geɪt -s -s
gaiter ˈgeɪ.təʳ (US) -ţɚ -s -z
Gaitskell ˈgeɪt.skᵊl, -skɪl
Gaius ˈgaɪ.əs (US) ˈgeɪ-, ˈgaɪ-
gal *girl:* gæl -s -z
gal (*abbrev. for* **gallon**) ˈgæl.ən
gala *special occasion:* ˈgɑː.lə, ˈgeɪ- (US) ˈgeɪ-, ˈgæl.ə, ˈgɑː.lə -s -z
Gala *river:* ˈgɑː.lə (US) ˈgɑː.lə, ˈgæl.ə
galactic gəˈlæk.tɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
galacto- gəˈlæk.təʊ (US) ˈ-tə, ˈ-toʊ
galactose gəˈlæk.təʊs, -təʊz (US) -toʊs
galah gəˈlɑː -s -z
Galahad ˈgæl.ə.hæd
galantine ˈgæl.ən.tiːn, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
Galapagos gəˈlæp.ə.gəs, -gɒs (US) gəˈlɑː.pə.goʊs, -gəz
Galashiels ˌgæl.əˈʃiːlz *stress shift:* ˌGalashiels ˈstreets
Galata ˈgæl.ə.tə (US) -ţə
Galatasaray ˌgæl.əˈtæs.ə.raɪ
Galatea ˌgæl.əˈti.ə
Galatia gəˈleɪ.ʃə, -ʃi.ə, ˌgæl.əˈti.ə
Galatian gəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən, ˌgæl.əˈti.ən -s -z
galax|y ˈgæl.ək.s|i -ies -iz
Galba ˈgæl.bə
galbanum ˈgæl.bə.nəm
Galbraith gælˈbreɪθ (US) ˈ--
gale (G) geɪl -s -z
Galen ˈgeɪ.lən, -lɪn
galena (G) gəˈliː.nə
Galenic gəˈlen.ɪk, geɪ-, -ˈliː.nɪk -al -əl
Galerius gəˈlɪə.ri.əs (US) -ˈlɪr.i-

Galesburg 'geɪlz.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
Galic|ia gə'lɪsl.i.ə, gæl'ɪs-, -'ɪʃl.ə, -'ɪʃl.i.ə ⓤⓢ gə'lɪʃl.ə **-ian/s** -i.ən/z ⓤⓢ -ən/z, -i.ən/z
Galilean ˌgæl.ɪ'liː.ən, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -z
Galilee 'gæl.ɪ.liː, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə-
Galileo ˌgæl.ɪ'leɪ.əʊ, -ə'-, -'liː.əʊ ⓤⓢ -ə'liː.oʊ, -'leɪ-
galingale 'gæl.ɪŋ.geɪl
Galion 'gæl.i.ən ⓤⓢ 'gæl.jən
galipot 'gæl.ɪ.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑːt
gall gɔːl ⓤⓢ gɔːl, gɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'gall ˌbladder**
Gallacher 'gæl.ə.həʳ, -xəʳ ⓤⓢ -hɚ
Gallagher 'gæl.ə.həʳ, -xəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ, -hɚ
Gallaher 'gæl.ə.həʳ, -xəʳ ⓤⓢ -hɚ
gallant (*n.*) 'gæl.ənt **-s** -s
gallant (*adj.*) *brave:* 'gæl.ənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
gallant (*adj.*) *attentive to women:* 'gæl.ənt; gə'lænt ⓤⓢ 'gæl.ənt; gə'lænt, -'lɑːnt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Gallant gə'lɔ̃ːŋ
gallantr|y 'gæl.ən.trli **-ies** -iz
Gallatin 'gæl.ə.tɪn
Gallaudet gæl.ə'det *stress shift:* ˌGallaudet 'College
Galle *port in Sri Lanka:* gɑːl ⓤⓢ gɑːl, gæl
Galle *German astronomer:* 'gæl.ə
galleon 'gæl.i.ən ⓤⓢ -i.ən, '-jən **-s** -z
galler|y 'gæl.ərl.i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id
galley 'gæl.i **-s** -z **'galley ˌproof 'galley ˌslave**
gallfl|y 'gɔːl.fllaɪ ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl- **-ies** -aɪz
Gallia 'gæl.i.ə
galliambic ˌgæl.i'æm.bɪk **-s** -s
galliard 'gæl.i.ɑːd, -əd ⓤⓢ '-jɚd **-s** -z
gallic (G) 'gæl.ɪk
Gallican 'gæl.ɪ.kən **-s** -z
gallice 'gæl.ɪ.siː, -si
gallicism 'gæl.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -z
galliciz|e, -is|e 'gæl.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gallimaufr|y ˌgæl.ɪ'mɔː.frli, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'mɑː-, -'mɔː- **-ies** -iz
gallinaceous ˌgæl.ɪ'neɪ.ʃəs, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'-
Gallio 'gæl.i.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
galliot 'gæl.i.ət **-s** -s
Gallipoli gə'lɪp.əl.i, gæ'lɪp-
Gallipolis *in US:* ˌgæl.ɪ.pə'liːs ⓤⓢ ˌ-ə-, -'lɪs
gallipot 'gæl.ɪ.pɒt ⓤⓢ -ə.pɑːt **-s** -s
gallium 'gæl.i.əm
gallivant 'gæl.ɪ.vænt, '-ə-, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'gæl.ə.vænt, ˌ--'- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
gallnut 'gɔːl.nʌt ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl- **-s** -s
gallon 'gæl.ən **-s** -z
galloon gə'luːn
gallop 'gæl.əp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/s
gallopade ˌgæl.ə'peɪd, -'pɑːd ⓤⓢ -'peɪd **-s** -z
Gallovidian ˌgæl.əʊ'vɪd.i.ən ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -z
galloway (G) 'gæl.ə.weɪ **-s** -z
gallows 'gæl.əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz
gallstone 'gɔːl.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn, 'gɑːl- **-s** -z
Gallup 'gæl.əp **'Gallup ˌpoll**
Gallus 'gæl.əs
galoot gə'luːt **-s** -s
galop 'gæl.əp; gæl'ɒp ⓤⓢ 'gæl.əp **-s** -s
galore gə'lɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -'lɔːr
galosh gə'lɒʃ ⓤⓢ -'lɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz
Galpin 'gæl.pɪn
Galsham 'gɔːl.səm, 'gɒl- ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl-
Galston 'gɔːl.stən, 'gɒl- ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl-
Galsworthy 'gɔːlz.wɜː.ði, 'gɒlz-, 'gælz- ⓤⓢ 'gɔːlz.wɝː-, 'gɑːlz-, 'gælz-
Note: John Galsworthy, the author, is commonly called /'gɔːlz.wɜː.ði ⓤⓢ -wɜːr-/.
Galt gɔːlt, gɒlt ⓤⓢ gɑːlt, gɔːlt
Galton 'gɔːl.tən, 'gɒl- ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl-
galumphing gə'lʌmp.fɪŋ
Galvani gæl'vɑː.ni
galvanic gæl'væn.ɪk
galvanism 'gæl.və.nɪ.zəm
galvaniz|e, -is|e 'gæl.və.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
galvanometer ˌgæl.və'nɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Galveston, Galvestone 'gæl.vɪ.stən, -və-
Galway 'gɔːl.weɪ ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl-
gam gæm **-s** -z
Gama 'gɑː.mə
Gamage 'gæm.ɪdʒ **-'s** -ɪz
Gamaliel gə'meɪ.li.əl *in Jewish usage also:* -'mɑː-; ˌgæm.ə'liː.əl
Gamay 'gæm.eɪ, -'- ⓤⓢ gæm'eɪ
gamba 'gæm.bə ⓤⓢ 'gɑːm-, 'gæm- **-s** -z
gambado *jump:* gæm'beɪ.dəʊ, -'bɑː- ⓤⓢ -'beɪ.doʊ **-(e)s** -z
gambadoes *leggings:* gæm'beɪ.dəʊz ⓤⓢ -doʊz
Gambetta gæm'bet.ə ⓤⓢ -'bet̬-
Gambia 'gæm.bi.ə **-n/s** -n/z
gambier *substance used in dyeing:* 'gæm.bɪəʳ ⓤⓢ 'gæm.bɪr
Gambier *surname:* 'gæm.bi.əʳ, -bɪəʳ, -bi.eɪ ⓤⓢ 'gæm.bɪr
gambit 'gæm.bɪt **-s** -s
gambl|e (G) 'gæm.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-bləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-bəl.ɚ/z, '-blɚ/z
gamboge gæm'bəʊʒ, -'bəʊdʒ, -'buːʒ ⓤⓢ -'boʊdʒ
gambol 'gæm.bəl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Gambon 'gæm.bən
gambrel 'gæm.brəl **-s** -z
gam|e geɪm **-es** -z **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'game ˌshow**
gamebag 'geɪm.bæg **-s** -z
Gameboy® 'geɪm.bɔɪ **-s** -z
gamecock 'geɪm.kɒk ⓤⓢ -'kɑːk **-s** -s
gamekeeper 'geɪmˌkiː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ **-s** -z
gamelan 'gæm.ə.læn, '-ɪ- **-s** -z
gameplay 'geɪm.pleɪ
gamesmanship 'geɪmz.mən.ʃɪp
games|-master 'geɪmzlˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ **-masters** -ˌmɑː.stəz ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚz **-mistress/es** -ˌmɪs.trəs/ɪz, -trɪs/ɪz
gamester 'geɪm.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z
gamete 'gæm.iːt, gə'miːt **-s** -s
gametic gə'met.ɪk, gæm'et- ⓤⓢ gə'met̬-
gamey 'geɪ.mi
gamin 'gæm.ɪn, gæ'mæ̃ŋ **-s** -z
gamine 'gæm.iːn, -'- **-s** -z
gamma 'gæm.ə **-s** -z **'gamma ˌray**
Gammell 'gæm.əl
gammer 'gæm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
gammon 'gæm.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gamm|y 'gæml.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
-gamous gə.məs
Note: Suffix. Usually unstressed, e.g. **monogamous** /mə'nɒg.ə.məs ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.gə-/.
gamp (G) gæmp **-s** -s
gamut 'gæm.ət, -ʌt **-s** -s
gam|y 'geɪ.mli **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
-gamy gə.mi
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **monogamy** /mə'nɒg.ə.mi ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.gə-/.
Gandalf 'gæn.dælf ⓤⓢ -dælf, -dɑːlf
gander (G) 'gæn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
Gandh|i 'gæn.dli, 'gɑːn- ⓤⓢ 'gɑːn-, 'gæn- **-ian** -i.ən
Ganes(h)a gæn'iː.sə, -'eɪ.sə ⓤⓢ -ʃə
gang gæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gang-bang 'gæŋˌbæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ganges 'gæn.dʒiːz
gangland 'gæŋ.lænd, -lənd
gangling 'gæŋ.glɪŋ
gangli|on 'gæŋ.glil.ən, -ɒn ⓤⓢ -ən **-a** -ə **-ons** -ənz, -ɒnz ⓤⓢ -ənz
gangl|y 'gæŋ.glli **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
gangmaster 'gæŋˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z
gangplank 'gæŋ.plæŋk **-s** -s
gangren|e 'gæŋ.griːn ⓤⓢ '--, ˌ-'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gangrenous 'gæŋ.grɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ -grə-
gangsta 'gæŋk.stə
gangster 'gæŋk.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
gangway 'gæŋ.weɪ **-s** -z
ganister 'gæn.ɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
ganja 'gæn.dʒə, 'gɑːn- ⓤⓢ 'gɑːn-
gannet 'gæn.ɪt, -ət **-s** -s
Gannett 'gæn.ɪt, -ət
gannister 'gæn.ɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
Gannon 'gæn.ən
gantr|y (G) 'gæn.trli **-ies** -iz
Gantt gænt **'Gantt ˌchart**
Ganymede 'gæn.ɪ.miːd ⓤⓢ '-ə-

aol dʒeɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
aolbird ˈdʒeɪl.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd **-s** -z
aolbreak ˈdʒeɪl.breɪk **-s** -s
aoler ˈdʒeɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
ap gæp **-s** -s
ap|e geɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
arag|e ˈgær.ɑːʒ, -ɪdʒ, -ɑːdʒ *occasionally:* gəˈrɑːdʒ, -rɑːʒ (US) gəˈrɑːʒ, -ˈrɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**garage** ˌ**sale** (US) **gaˈrage** ˌ**sale**
aram masala ˌgɑː.rəm.məˈsɑː.lə, -mɑːˈsɑː-
aramond ˈgær.ə.mɒnd (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-, -mɑːnd
arb gɑːb (US) gɑːrb **-s** -z **-ed** -d
arbage ˈgɑː.bɪdʒ (US) ˈgɑːr- ˈ**garbage** ˌ**can;** ˈ**garbage dis**ˌ**posal;** ˈ**garbage** ˌ**man**
arbanzo gɑːˈbæn.zəʊ (US) gɑːrˈbɑːn.zoʊ **-s** -z
arbl|e ˈgɑː.bəl (US) ˈgɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
arbo ˈgɑː.bəʊ (US) ˈgɑːr.boʊ
arcia *English surname:* ˈgɑː.si.ə, ˈgɑː.ʃi.ə (US) gɑːrˈsiː.ə, ˈgɑːr.si-
arcía, Garcia *Spanish surname:* gɑːˈsiː.ə (US) gɑːr-
arcía Lorca gɑːˌsiː.əˈlɔː.kə (US) gɑːrˌsiː.əˈlɔːr.kə
arcía Márquez gɑːˌsiː.əˈmɑː.kez, -kes (US) gɑːrˌsiː.ə.mɑːrˈkez, -ˈkes, -ˈkeθ
arçon, garcon ˈgɑː.sɒŋ, -sɒn; gɑːˈsɔ̃ː*ŋ* (US) gɑːrˈsoʊn, -ˈsɔ̃ː **-s** -z
arda *Irish police:* ˈgɑː.də (US) ˈgɑːr-
gardai gɑːˈdiː (US) gɑːr-
arda *Italian lake:* ˈgɑː.də (US) ˈgɑːr-
arden (G) ˈgɑː.dən (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**garden** ˌ**centre;** ˌ**garden** ˈ**city;** ˈ**garden** ˌ**party**
ardener ˈgɑː.dən.əʳ; ˈgɑːd.nəʳ (US) ˈgɑːr.dən.ɚ; ˈgɑːrd.nɚ **-s** -z
ardenia gɑːˈdiː.ni.ə (US) gɑːr-, ˈ-njə **-s** -z
ardiner ˈgɑː.dən.əʳ; ˈgɑːd.nəʳ (US) ˈgɑːr.dən.ɚ; ˈgɑːrd.nɚ
ardner ˈgɑːd.nəʳ (US) ˈgɑːrd.nɚ
are du Nord ˌgɑː.djuːˈnɔːʳ (US) ˌgɑːr.duːˈnɔːr, -djuːˈ-
arefowl ˈgeə.faʊl (US) ˈger- **-s** -z
areth ˈgær.əθ, -eθ, -ɪθ (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
arfield ˈgɑː.fiːld (US) ˈgɑːr-
arfish ˈgɑː.fɪʃ (US) ˈgɑːr-
arforth ˈgɑː.fəθ, -fɔːθ (US) ˈgɑːr.fɚθ, -fɔːrθ
arfunkel ˌgɑːˈfʌŋ.kəl, ˈ--- (US) ˈgɑːr.fʌŋ-
arganey ˈgɑː.gən.i (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -z
argantua gɑːˈgæn.tju.ə, -tʃu- (US) gɑːrˈgæn.tʃu-, -tju-
argantuan gɑːˈgæn.tju.ən, -tʃu- (US) gɑːrˈgæn.tʃu-, -tʃu-
argery ˈgɑː.dʒər.i (US) ˈgɑːr-
argl|e ˈgɑː.gəl (US) ˈgɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z, ˈ-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
argoyle ˈgɑː.gɔɪl (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -z
aribaldi (G) ˌgær.ɪˈbɔːl.di, -əˈ-, -ˈbæl-, -ˈbɒl- (US) ˌger-, ˌgær-, -ˈbɑːl- **-s** -z

Garioch ˈgær.i.ɒk, -ɒx (US) ˈger.i.ɑːk, ˈgær-
garish ˈgeə.rɪʃ, ˈgɑː- (US) ˈger.ɪʃ, ˈgær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
garland (G) ˈgɑː.lənd (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
garlic ˈgɑː.lɪk (US) ˈgɑːr- **-ky** -i
Garlick ˈgɑː.lɪk (US) ˈgɑːr-
Garman ˈgɑː.mən (US) ˈgɑːr-
gar|ment ˈgɑː|.mənt (US) ˈgɑːr- **-ments** -mənts **-mented** -mən.tɪd (US) -mən.t̬ɪd
garner (G) ˈgɑː.nəʳ (US) ˈgɑːr.nɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
garnet ˈgɑː.nɪt, -nət (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -s
Garnet(t) ˈgɑː.nɪt, -nət (US) ˈgɑːr-
Garnham ˈgɑː.nəm (US) ˈgɑːr-
garnish ˈgɑː.nɪʃ (US) ˈgɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
garnishee ˌgɑː.nɪˈʃiː (US) ˌgɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
garnishment ˈgɑː.nɪʃ.mənt (US) ˈgɑːr- **-s** -s
garniture ˈgɑː.nɪ.tʃəʳ (US) ˈgɑːr.nɪ.tʃɚ
Garonne gærˈɒn (US) -ˈɔːn, -ˈɑːn
Garrard ˈgær.əd, -ɑːd (US) ˈger.ɚd, ˈgær-; gəˈrɑːrd
Garratt ˈgær.ət (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
Garraway ˈgær.ə.weɪ (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
garret ˈgær.ət, -ɪt (US) ˈger-, ˈgær- **-s** -s
Garret(t) ˈgær.ət, -ɪt (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
Garrick ˈgær.ɪk (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
Garrioch (*district in Scotland:*) ˈgɪə.ri (US) ˈger.i (*surname:*) ˈgær.i.ək, -əx (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
garrison (G) ˈgær.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈger.ə-, ˈgær- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Garrod ˈgær.əd (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
Garrold ˈgær.əld (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
garrot ˈgær.ət (US) ˈger-, ˈgær- **-s** -s
garro|t(t)e gəˈrɒ|t (US) -ˈrɑː|t, -ˈroʊ|t; ˈger.ə|t **-t(t)es** -ts **-t(t)ing** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-t(t)ed** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-t(t)er/s** -təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z
garrulity gærˈuː.lə.ti, gəˈruː-, -ˈrjuː-, -lɪ- (US) gerˈuː.lə.t̬i, gær-
garrulous ˈgær.əl.əs, -ʊl-, -jʊl- (US) ˈger.əl-, -jəl- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Garston ˈgɑː.stən (US) ˈgɑːr-
gart|er ˈgɑː.t|əʳ (US) ˈgɑːr.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
garth (G) gɑːθ (US) gɑːrθ **-s** -s
Gartmore ˈgɑːt.mɔːʳ (US) ˈgɑːrt.mɔːr
Gartward ˈgɑːt.wəd, -wɔːd (US) ˈgɑːrt.wɚd
Garuda gærˈuː.də (US) ger-, gær-
Garvagh ˈgɑː.və (US) ˈgɑːr-
Garvaghy ˌgɑːˈvæ.hi (US) ˌgɑːr-
Garwood ˈgɑː.wʊd (US) ˈgɑːr-
Gary ˈgær.i (US) ˈger-, ˈgær-
Garza ˈgɑː.zə (US) ˈgɑːr-
gas (*n.*) gæs **-(s)es** -ɪz ˈ**gas** ˌ**chamber;** ˈ**gas** ˌ**mask;** ˈ**gas** ˌ**station**
gas (*v.*) gæs **-ses** -ɪz **-sing** -ɪŋ **-sed** -t
gasbag ˈgæs.bæg **-s** -z

Gascoigne ˈgæs.kɔɪn (US) gæsˈkɔɪn, ˈ--
Gascon ˈgæs.kən **-s** -z
gasconad|e ˌgæs.kəˈneɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Gascony ˈgæs.kə.ni
Gascoyne ˈgæs.kɔɪn (US) gæsˈkɔɪn, ˈ--
gaselier ˌgæs.əˈlɪəʳ (US) -ˈlɪr **-s** -z
gaseous ˈgæs.i.əs, ˈgeɪ.si-, ˈ-ʃəs; ˈgæʃ.əs (US) ˈgæs.i.əs, ˈgæʃ-; ˈgæʃ.əs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
gas-guzzler ˈgæsˌgʌz.ləʳ, -ˌgʌz.əl.əʳ (US) ˌ-əl.ɚ, ˌ-lɚ **-s** -z
gash gæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
gasholder ˈgæsˌhəʊl.dəʳ (US) -ˌhoʊl.dɚ **-s** -z
gasi|fy ˈgæs.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
Gaskell ˈgæs.kəl, -kel
gasket ˈgæs.kɪt **-s** -s
gaskin (G) ˈgæs.kɪn **-s** -z
gaslight ˈgæs.laɪt **-s** -s
gas|man ˈgæs|.mæn **-men** -men
gasohol ˈgæs.ə.hɒl (US) -hɔːl, -hɑːl
gasoline, gasolene ˈgæs.əl.iːn, ˌ--ˈ-
gasometer gæsˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, gəˈsɒm-, -ə.təʳ (US) gæsˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
gasp gɑːsp (US) gæsp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Gaspé gæsˈpeɪ
gasper ˈgɑː.spəʳ (US) ˈgæs.pɚ **-s** -z
gass|y ˈgæs|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gasteropod ˈgæs.tər.əʊ.pɒd (US) -ə.pɑːd **-s** -z
Gaston ˈgæs.tɒn, gæsˈtɔ̃ː*ŋ* (US) -tən, gæsˈtɑːn, -ɔ̃ːn
gastric ˈgæs.trɪk
gastrin ˈgæs.trɪn
gastritis gæsˈtraɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
gastro- gæs.trəʊ; gæsˈtrɒ (US) gæs.troʊ, -trə; gæsˈtrɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **gastronome** /ˈgæs.trə.nəʊm (US) -noʊm/, **gastronomic** /ˌgæs.trəˈnɒm.ɪk (US) -ˈnɑː.mɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **gastronomy** /gæsˈtrɒn.ə.mi (US) -ˈtrɑː.nə-/.
gastroenteritis ˌgæs.trəʊˌen.təˈraɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) -troʊˌen.t̬əˈraɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
gastroenterolog|ist ˌgæs.trəʊˌen.təˈrɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪst (US) -troʊˌen.t̬əˈrɑː.lə.dʒ|ɪst **-ists** -ɪsts **-y** -i
gastrointestinal ˌgæs.trəʊ.ɪn.tesˈtaɪ.nəl, -ɪnˈtes.tɪ.nəl, -tən.əl (US) -troʊ.ɪnˈtes.tən.əl
gastronome ˈgæs.trə.nəʊm (US) -noʊm **-s** -z
gastronomic ˌgæs.trəˈnɒm.ɪk (US) -ˈnɑː.mɪk **-al** -əl
gastronom|y gæsˈtrɒn.ə.m|i (US) -ˈtrɑː.nə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
gastropod ˈgæs.trəʊ.pɒd

ⓤⓢ -trə.pɑːd -s -z
gastropub 'gæs.trəʊ.pʌb ⓤⓢ -troʊ- -s -z
gasworks 'gæs.wɜːks ⓤⓢ -wɝːks
gat|e geɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'geɪ.t̬əd
gâteau, gateau 'gæt.əʊ ⓤⓢ gæt'oʊ -s -z
gâteaux, gateaux ˌgæt.əʊ ⓤⓢ gæt'oʊ, -z
gatecrash 'geɪt.kræʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
gatehou|se 'geɪt.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
gatekeeper 'geɪtˌkiː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z
gateleg 'geɪt.leg -s -z
gate-legged 'geɪtˌlegd
gateless 'geɪt.ləs, -lɪs
gatepost 'geɪt.pəʊst ⓤⓢ -poʊst -s -s
Gates geɪts
Gateshead 'geɪts.hed, ˌgeɪts'hed
gateway (G) 'geɪt.weɪ -s -z
Gath gæθ
gath|er 'gæð|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/s** -ər.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
Gatley 'gæt.li
Gatling 'gæt.lɪŋ
gator 'geɪ.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
Gatorade® ˌgeɪ.tər'eɪd ⓤⓢ 'geɪ.t̬əˌreɪd
Gatsby 'gæts.bi
Gatt, GATT gæt
Gatting 'gæt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'gæt̬-
Gatty 'gæt.i ⓤⓢ 'gæt̬-
Gatwick 'gæt.wɪk ˌ**Gatwick** '**Airport**
gauche gəʊʃ ⓤⓢ goʊʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
gaucherie 'gəʊ.ʃər.i; ˌgəʊ.ʃər'iː ⓤⓢ ˌgoʊ.ʃə'riː -s -z
gaucho 'gaʊ.tʃəʊ ⓤⓢ -tʃoʊ -s -z
gaud gɔːd ⓤⓢ gɑːd, gɔːd -s -z
Gauden 'gɔː.dən ⓤⓢ 'gɑː-, 'gɔː-
Gaudí 'gaʊ.di, -'-
gaud|y 'gɔː.d|i ⓤⓢ 'gɑː-, 'gɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gaug|e geɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-eable** -ə.bəl
gauger 'geɪ.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ -s -z
Gauguin 'gəʊ.gæ̃n, -gæn ⓤⓢ goʊ'gæ̃, -'gæn
Gaul gɔːl -s -z **-ish** -ɪʃ
gauleiter 'gaʊ.laɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
Gaull|ism 'gəʊ.l|ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'gɑː-, 'goʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Gauloise(s)® 'gəʊl.wɑːz, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ goʊl'wɑːz, gɑːl-
Gault gɔːlt, gɒlt ⓤⓢ gɔːlt, gɑːlt
Gaultier 'gɔːl.ti.eɪ ⓤⓢ 'gɔːl-, 'gɑːl-
Gaumont® 'gəʊ.mɒnt, -mənt ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.mɑːnt
gaun|t (G) gɔːn|t ⓤⓢ gɑːn|t, gɔːn|t **-ter** -təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-test** -tɪst, -təst ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-tly** -t.li **-tness** -t.nəs, -nɪs
gauntle|t (G) 'gɔːnt.lə|t, -lɪ|t ⓤⓢ 'gɑːnt-, 'gɔːnt- **-ts** -ts **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd

Gauntlett 'gɔːnt.lət, -lɪt ⓤⓢ 'gɑːnt-, 'gɔːnt
gauss (G) gaʊs -es -ɪz
gauz|e gɔːz ⓤⓢ gɑːz, gɔːz **-es** -ɪz **-y** -i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gave (*from* **give**) geɪv
gavel 'gæv.əl -s -z
gavelkind 'gæv.əl.kaɪnd, -kɪnd
gavel-to-gavel ˌgæv.əl.tə'gæv.əl
Gaveston 'gæv.ɪ.stən, '-ə-
Gavey 'geɪ.vi
Gavin 'gæv.ɪn
gavotte gə'vɒt, gæ- ⓤⓢ -'vɑːt -s -s
Gawain 'gɑː.weɪn, 'gæw.eɪn, -ɪn; gə'weɪn
gawd gɔːd ⓤⓢ gɔːd, gɑːd
Gawith 'geɪ.wɪθ, 'gaʊ.ɪθ
gawk gɔːk ⓤⓢ gɑːk, gɔːk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
gawk|y 'gɔː.k|i ⓤⓢ 'gɑː-, 'gɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gawp gɔːp ⓤⓢ gɑːp, gɔːp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Gawthrop 'gɔː.θrɒp, -θrəp ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θrɑːp, 'gɔː-, -θrəp
gay (G) geɪ **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst -s -z **gaily** 'geɪ.li **gayness** 'geɪ.nəs, -nɪs
gaydar 'geɪ.dɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -dɑːr -s -z
Gaye geɪ
Gayle geɪl
Gaylord 'geɪ.lɔːd ⓤⓢ -lɔːrd
Gay-Lussac ˌgeɪ'luː.sæk ⓤⓢ -lə'sæk
Gaynham 'geɪ.nəm
Gaynor 'geɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
Gaza *in the Middle East:* 'gɑː.zə *in biblical use also:* 'geɪ.zə ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.zə, 'gæz.ə, 'geɪ.zə ˌ**Gaza** '**Strip**
Gaza *Greek scholar:* 'gɑː.zə
gaz|e geɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
gazebo gə'ziː.bəʊ ⓤⓢ -'ziː.boʊ, -'zeɪ- -s -z
gazelle gə'zel -s -z
ga|zette gə|'zet **-zettes** -'zets **-zetting** -'zet.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'zet̬.ɪŋ **-zetted** -'zet.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'zet̬.əd
gazetteer ˌgæz.ə'tɪəʳ, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -'tɪr -s -z
Gaziantep ˌgɑː.zi.ɑːn'tep
gazogene 'gæz.əʊ.dʒiːn ⓤⓢ '-ə-
gazpacho gæs'pætʃ.əʊ ⓤⓢ gə'spɑː.tʃoʊ, gəz'pɑː-
gazump gə'zʌmp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t, -'zʌmt
gazunder gə'zʌn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gazza 'gæz.ə
GB ˌdʒiː'biː
GBH ˌdʒiː.biː'eɪtʃ
GCE ˌdʒiː.siː'iː -s -z
GCHQ ˌdʒiː.siː.eɪtʃ'kjuː
GCSE ˌdʒiː.siː.es'iː -s -z
Gdansk gə'dæntsk, -'daɪntsk ⓤⓢ -'dɑːntsk, -'dæntsk
g'day gə'deɪ
GDP ˌdʒiː.diː'piː
GDR ˌdʒiː.diː'ɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr

GE® ˌdʒiː'iː
gear gɪəʳ ⓤⓢ gɪr -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**gear** ˌ**lever**
gearbox 'gɪə.bɒks ⓤⓢ 'gɪr.bɑːks -es -ɪz
Geare gɪəʳ ⓤⓢ gɪr
gearshift 'gɪə.ʃɪft ⓤⓢ 'gɪr- -s -s
Geary 'gɪə.ri ⓤⓢ 'gɪr.i
Geat giːt -s -s
gecko 'gek.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ **-(e)s** -z
Ged ged, dʒed
GED ˌdʒiː.iː'diː
Geddes 'ged.ɪs ⓤⓢ -iːz
geddit 'ged.ɪt ⓤⓢ -ət
gee (G) dʒiː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d ˌ**gee** '**whiz**
geegaw 'giː.gɔː ⓤⓢ -gɑː, -gɔː -s -z
geegee 'dʒiː.dʒiː -s -z
geek giːk -s -s
geek|y 'giː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Geelong dʒɪ'lɒŋ, dʒə- ⓤⓢ -'lɑːŋ, -'lɔːŋ
Geering 'gɪə.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'gɪr.ɪŋ
geese (*plur. of* **goose**) giːs
Geeson 'dʒiː.sən, 'giː-
gee-up ˌdʒiː'ʌp, 'dʒiː.ʌp
geezer 'giː.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ -s -z
Geffen 'gef.ən
gefilte gə'fɪl.tə, gɪ- **ge'filte** ˌ**fish**, **ge**ˌ**filte** '**fish**
Gehazi gɪ'heɪ.zaɪ, ge-, gə-, -'hɑː-, -z
Gehenna gɪ'hen.ə, gə-
Gehrig 'ger.ɪg
Gehry 'geə.ri ⓤⓢ 'ger.i
Geierstein 'gaɪə.staɪn ⓤⓢ 'gaɪɚ-
Geiger 'gaɪ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ '**Geiger** ˌ**counter**
Geikie 'giː.ki
geisha 'geɪ.ʃə ⓤⓢ 'geɪ-, 'giː- -s -z
gel *girl:* gel -s -z
gel *jelly:* dʒel -s -s **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
gelatin 'dʒel.ə.tɪn
gelatine 'dʒel.ə.tiːn, -tɪn, ˌ--'-
gelatiniz|e, -is|e dʒə'læt.ɪ.naɪz, dʒel'æt-, dʒɪ'læt-, -ən.aɪz ⓤⓢ dʒə'læt.ən.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gelatinous dʒə'læt.ɪ.nəs, dʒel'æt-, dʒɪ'læt-, -ən.əs ⓤⓢ dʒə'læt.ən.əs **-ly** -li
geld geld -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Gelderland 'gel.də.lænd ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
gelding 'gel.dɪŋ -s -z
Geldof 'gel.dɒf ⓤⓢ -dɑːf
gelid 'dʒel.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
gelignite 'dʒel.ɪg.naɪt, -əg-
Gell gel, dʒel
Gellan 'gel.ən
Gellatl(e)y 'gel.ət.li, gel'æt-, gə'læt- ⓤⓢ gel'æt-, gə'læt-
Geller 'gel.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Gelligaer ˌgeθ.li'geəʳ, -'gaɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -'ger, -'gaɪɚ
gem (G) dʒem -s -z
Gemara gə'mɑː.rə, gem'ɑː-, gɪ'mɑː-
gemfish 'dʒem.fɪʃ -es -ɪz
gemi|nate (*v.*) 'dʒem.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə-

-nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬əd
geminate (*adj.*) ˈdʒem.ɪ.nət
gemination ˌdʒem.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-
Gemini *constellation:* ˈdʒem.ɪ.naɪ, ˈ-ə-, -niː *aircraft:* ˈdʒem.ɪ.ni, ˈ-ə-
Geminian ˌdʒem.ɪˈnaɪ.ən, -əˈ-, -ˈniː- -s -z
gem|ma (G) ˈdʒem|.ə -mae -iː
gemmiferous dʒəˈmɪf.ᵊr.əs, dʒemˈɪf-
gemmology dʒemˈɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə-
gemmule ˈdʒem.juːl -s -z
gemology dʒemˈɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə-
gemsbok ˈgemz.bɒk, -bʌk ⓤⓢ -bɑːk -s -s
gemshorn ˈgemz.hɔːn ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn -s -z
gemstone ˈdʒem.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn -s -z
gen dʒen -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ed -d
gendarme ˈʒɑ̃ːn.dɑːm, ˈʒɔ̃ːn-, ˈʒɑːn- ⓤⓢ ˈʒɑːn.dɑːrm -s -z
gender ˈdʒen.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
gender-bender ˈdʒen.dəˌben.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚˌben.dɚ -s -z
gene (G) dʒiːn -s -z
genealogical ˌdʒiː.ni.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌdʒiː.ni.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ-, ˌdʒen.i- -ly -i
genealogist ˌdʒiː.niˈæl.ə.dʒɪst ⓤⓢ ˌdʒiː.niˈ-, ˌdʒen.iˈ- -s -s
genealog|y ˌdʒiː.niˈæl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ ˌdʒiː.niˈ-, ˌdʒen.iˈ- -ies -iz
genera (*plur. of* **genus**) ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ə
general ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl -s -z ˌ**general asˈsembly;** ˌ**general eˈlection;** ˌ**general pracˈtitioner;** ˌ**general ˈstore**
generalissimo ˌdʒen.ᵊr.əˈlɪs.ɪ.məʊ, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.moʊ -s -z
generalist ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl.ɪst, ˈdʒen.rᵊl- -s -s
generalit|y ˌdʒen.əˈræl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
generalization, -isa- ˌdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- ⓤⓢ -ɪˈ- -s -z
generaliz|e, -is|e ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl
generally ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl.i
generalship ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl.ʃɪp -s -s
gener|ate ˈdʒen.ᵊr|.eɪt ⓤⓢ -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
generation ˌdʒen.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn -al -ᵊl -s -z **geneˈration** ˌ**gap**
generative ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪv, ˈ-ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv
generator ˈdʒen.ᵊ.reɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
generatri|x ˈdʒen.ᵊ.reɪ.trɪ|ks ⓤⓢ ˌdʒen.əˈreɪ- -ces -siːz
generic dʒəˈner.ɪk, dʒɪ-, dʒenˈer- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
generosity ˌdʒen.əˈrɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑː.sə.t̬i
generous ˈdʒen.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
gene|sis (G) ˈdʒen.ə|.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- -ses -siːz
Genesius dʒəˈniː.si.əs, dʒenˈiː-, dʒɪˈniː- ⓤⓢ -si-, -ʃi-, -zi-
Genesta dʒəˈnes.tə, dʒenˈes-, dʒɪˈnes-
genet *animal:* ˈdʒen.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.ɪt, dʒəˈnet -s -s
Genet *French writer:* ʒəˈneɪ
genetic dʒəˈnet.ɪk, dʒɪ- ⓤⓢ -ˈnet̬.ɪk -s -s -ally -ᵊl.i, -li **geˌnetic engiˈneering geˌnetic ˈfingerprint**
geneticist dʒəˈnet.ɪ.sɪst, dʒɪ-, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈnet̬.ə- -s -s
Geneva dʒəˈniː.və, dʒɪ- **Geˌneva Conˈvention**
Geneviève *French name:* ˌʒen.əˈvjev ⓤⓢ ˌʒen.əˈvjev, ˈdʒen.ə.viːv
Genevieve *English name:* ˈdʒen.ə.viːv, ˈ-ɪ-, ˌ--ˈ-
Genghis Khan ˌgeŋ.gɪsˈkɑːn, ˌdʒeŋ-, -gɪzˈ-
genial *amiable:* ˈdʒiː.ni.əl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
genial *of the chin:* dʒɪˈniː.əl, dʒə-, -ˈnaɪ-
geniality ˌdʒiː.niˈæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
-genic ˈdʒen.ɪk, ˈdʒiː.nɪk
Note: Suffix. Words ending **-genic** normally carry primary stress on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **photogenic** /ˌfəʊ.təʊˈdʒen.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈ-/.
genie (G) ˈdʒiː.ni -s -z
genii (*from* **genius**) ˈdʒiː.ni.aɪ
genista dʒəˈnɪs.tə, dʒɪ-, dʒenˈɪs- -s -z
genital ˈdʒen.ɪ.tᵊl, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ət̬.ᵊl -s -z -ly -li
genitalia ˌdʒen.ɪˈteɪ.li.ə, -əˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈteɪ.li.ə, -ˈteɪl.jə
genitival ˌdʒen.ɪˈtaɪ.vᵊl, -əˈ-
genitive ˈdʒen.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪv -s -z
genito-urinary ˌdʒen.ɪ.təʊˈjʊə.rɪ.nᵊr.i, ˌ-ə-, -ˈjɔː-, -rᵊn.ᵊr- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬oʊˈjʊr.ə.ner.i
geni|us ˈdʒiː.ni|.əs -i -aɪ -uses -ə.sɪz
genius loci ˌdʒiː.ni.əsˈləʊ.saɪ ⓤⓢ -ˈloʊ- **genii loci** ˌdʒiː.ni.aɪˈ-
Gennadi dʒəˈnɑː.di, ge-
Gennesare|t gəˈnez.ᵊr.ɪ|t, gɪ-, genˈez-, -e|t, -ə|t ⓤⓢ gəˈnes-, dʒə- -th -θ
Genoa ˈdʒen.əʊ.ə, dʒəˈnəʊ-, dʒɪ-, dʒenˈəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.ə.wə, dʒəˈnoʊ.ə
genocidal ˌdʒen.əˈsaɪ.dᵊl *stress shift:* ˌgenocidal ˈpolicies
genocide ˈdʒen.ə.saɪd
Genoese ˌdʒen.əʊˈiːz ⓤⓢ -oʊˈiːz *stress shift:* ˌGenoese ˈsailor
genome ˈdʒiː.nəʊm ⓤⓢ -noʊm -s -z
genotype ˈdʒen.əʊ.taɪp ⓤⓢ ˈ-oʊ-
-genous dʒə.nəs, dʒɪ.nəs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-genous** are normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **androgenous** /ænˈdrɒdʒ.ᵊn.əs ⓤⓢ -ˈdrɑː.dʒᵊn-/. Exceptions exist: see individual entries.
genre ˈʒɑ̃ːn.rə ⓤⓢ ˈʒɑːn.rə -s -z
gen|s dʒen|z **-tes** -tiːz
Genseric ˈgen.sᵊr.ɪk, ˈdʒen-
Gensing ˈgen.zɪŋ, ˈgent.sɪŋ
gent *gentleman:* dʒent -s -s
Gent *surname:* gent
Gent *place in Belgium:* gent, xent
genteel dʒenˈtiːl, dʒən- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
gentes (*plur. of* **gens**) ˈdʒen.tiːz
gentian ˈdʒen.tʃᵊn, -tʃi.ən -s -z
gentile (G) ˈdʒen.taɪl -s -z
gentility ˌdʒenˈtɪl.ə.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
gent|le (G) ˈdʒen.t|ᵊl **-ler** -ᵊl.əʳ, ˈdʒent.ləʳ ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl.ɚ, ˈdʒent.lɚ **-lest** -ᵊl.əst, -ɪst, ˈdʒent.lɪst, -ləst **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs ˈ**gentle** ˌ**sex**
gentlefolk ˈdʒen.tᵊl.fəʊk ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl.foʊk -s -s
gentle|man ˈdʒen.tᵊl|.mən ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl- **-men** -mən, -men ˌ**gentleman's** ˈ**gentleman**
gentle|man-at-arms ˌdʒen.tᵊl|.mən.ətˈɑːmz ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl|.mən.ətˈɑːrmz **-men-at-arms** -mən.ətˈɑːmz, -men- ⓤⓢ -ˈɑːrmz
gentlemanlike ˈdʒen.tᵊl.mən.laɪk ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl-
gentlemanl|y ˈdʒen.tᵊl.mən.l|i ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gentle|woman ˈdʒen.tᵊl|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ ˈdʒen.t̬ᵊl- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
gentrification ˌdʒen.trɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -trə- -s -z
gentrifier ˈdʒen.trɪ.faɪ.əʳ, -trə- ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
gentrif|y ˈdʒen.trɪ.f|aɪ, -trə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
gentry (G) ˈdʒen.tri
genuflect ˈdʒen.jʊ.flekt, -jə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
genuflection, genuflexion ˌdʒen.jʊˈflek.ʃᵊn, -jə- -s -z
genuine ˈdʒen.ju.ɪn -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
genus ˈdʒiː.nəs, ˈdʒen.əs **genera** ˈdʒen.ᵊr.ə
-geny dʒə.ni, dʒɪ.ni
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-geny** are stressed in a similar way to those containing **-genous**; see above.
geo- dʒiː.əʊ; dʒiˈɒ, ˈdʒɒ ⓤⓢ dʒiː.oʊ, -ə; dʒiˈɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **geomancy** /ˈdʒiː.əʊ.mænt.si ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə-/, **geocentric** /ˌdʒiː.əʊˈsen.trɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **geography** /dʒiˈɒg.rə.fi ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.grə-/.
geocentric ˌdʒiː.əʊˈsen.trɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
geochemical ˌdʒiː.əʊˈkem.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
geochemist ˌdʒiː.əʊˈkem.ɪst, ˈdʒiː.əʊˌkem- ⓤⓢ ˌdʒiː.oʊˈkem- -s -s
geochemistry ˌdʒiː.əʊˈkem.ɪ.stri ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
geode ˈdʒiː.əʊd ⓤⓢ -oʊd -s -z
geodesic ˌdʒiː.əʊˈdes.ɪk, -ˈdiː.sɪk ⓤⓢ -əˈ- -al -ᵊl
geodesy dʒiˈɒd.ɪ.si, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.də-

geodic dʒi'ɒd.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.dɪk
Geoff dʒef
Geoffr(e)y 'dʒef.ri
Geoghegan 'geɪ.gᵊn, 'gəʊ.gᵊn, gɪ'heɪ.gᵊn (US) 'goʊ.gᵊn
geographer dʒi'ɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) -'ɑː.grə.fɚ **-s** -z
geographic ˌdʒiː.əʊ'græf.ɪk (US) -ə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
geograph|y dʒi'ɒg.rə.f|i; 'dʒɒg- (US) dʒi'ɑː.grə- **-ies** -iz
geologic ˌdʒi.əʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -ə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
geologist dʒi'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-s** -s
geologiz|e, -is|e dʒi'ɒl.ə.dʒaɪz (US) -'ɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
geology dʒi'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'ɑː.lə-
geomagnetic ˌdʒiː.əʊ.mæg'net.ɪk, -məg'- (US) -oʊ.mæg'neṭ.ɪk
geomagnetism ˌdʒiː.əʊ'mæg.nɪ.tɪ.zᵊm, -nə- (US) -oʊ'mæg.nə-
geomancy 'dʒiː.əʊ.mænt.si (US) '-ə-
geometer dʒi'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -'ɑː.mə.ṭɚ **-s** -z
geometric ˌdʒiː.əʊ'met.rɪk (US) -ə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
geometrician ˌdʒiː.əʊ.mə'trɪʃ.ᵊn, dʒiˌɒm.ə'-, -ɪ'- (US) ˌdʒiː.ə.mə'-; dʒiˌɑː- **-s** -z
geometr|y dʒi'ɒm.ɪ.tr|i, '-ə-; 'dʒɒm- (US) dʒi'ɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz
geomorphologic ˌdʒiː.əʊˌmɔː.fə'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -oʊˌmɔːr.fə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
geomorpholog|y ˌdʒiː.əʊ.mɔː'fɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -oʊ.mɔːr'fɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
geophysical ˌdʒiː.əʊ'fɪz.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -oʊ'-
geophysicist ˌdʒi.əʊ'fɪz.ɪ.sɪst (US) -oʊ'- **-s** -s
geophysics ˌdʒiː.əʊ'fɪz.ɪks (US) -oʊ'-
geopolitical ˌdʒiː.əʊ.pə'lɪt.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -oʊ.pə'lɪṭ- **-ly** -i
geopolitics ˌdʒiː.əʊ'pɒl.ə.tɪks, '-ɪ- (US) -oʊ'pɑː.lə-
Geordie 'dʒɔː.di (US) 'dʒɔːr- **-s** -z
George dʒɔːdʒ (US) dʒɔːrdʒ
Georgetown 'dʒɔːdʒ.taʊn (US) 'dʒɔːrdʒ-
georgette dʒɔː'dʒet (US) dʒɔːr-
Georgi|a 'dʒɔː.dʒ|ə, -dʒi|.ə (US) 'dʒɔːr- **-an/s** -ən/z
Georgiana ˌdʒɔː.dʒi'ɑː.nə (US) ˌdʒɔːr'dʒæn.ə, -dʒi'æn-
georgic (G) 'dʒɔː.dʒɪk (US) 'dʒɔːr- **-s** -s
Georgina dʒɔː'dʒiː.nə (US) dʒɔːr'-
geoscience ˌdʒiː.əʊ'saɪ.ənts (US) -oʊ'-
geostationary ˌdʒiː.əʊ'steɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, -ri (US) -oʊ'steɪ.ʃᵊn.er-
geothermal ˌdʒiː.əʊ'θɜː.mᵊl (US) -oʊ'θɝː-
geotropic ˌdʒiː.əʊ'trɒp.ɪk (US) -ə'trɑː.pɪk
geotropism dʒi'ɒt.rə.pɪ.zᵊm (US) -'ɑː.trə- **-s** -z
Geraint 'ger.aɪnt, -'- (US) dʒə'reɪnt
Gerald 'dʒer.ᵊld
Geraldine 'dʒer.ᵊl.diːn, -daɪn
Note: /'dʒer.ᵊl.daɪn/ in Coleridge's 'Christabel'.
Geraldton 'dʒer.ᵊld.tᵊn
geranium dʒə'reɪ.ni.əm, dʒɪ- **-s** -z
Gerard 'dʒer.ɑːd, 'dʒer.əd, dʒer'ɑːd, dʒə'rɑːd (US) dʒə'rɑːrd
Gerbeau dʒeə'bəʊ, dʒɜː-, '-- (US) dʒer'boʊ, '--
gerbil 'dʒɜː.bᵊl, -bɪl (US) 'dʒɝː.bᵊl **-s** -z
gerfalcon 'dʒɜːˌfɔːl.kᵊn, -ˌfɔː.kᵊn (US) 'dʒɝːˌfɑːl-, -ˌfæl-, -ˌfɔː- **-s** -z
Note: In British English, those who practise the sport of falconry pronounce /-ˌfɔː-/.
Gergesene 'gɜː.gɪ.siːn, -gə-, -ges.iːn, ˌ-'-- (US) 'gɝː.gə- **-s** -z
Gerhardt 'geə.hɑːt (US) 'ger.hɑːrd, -hɑːrt
geriatric ˌdʒer.i'æt.rɪk **-s** -s
geriatrician ˌdʒer.i.ə'trɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
geriatry 'dʒer.i.ə.tri, -æt.ri
Geritol® 'dʒer.ɪ.tɒl (US) -tɑːl
Gerizim ger'aɪ.zɪm, gə'raɪ-, -'riː-; 'ger.ɪ.zɪm
germ dʒɜːm (US) dʒɝːm **-s** -z ˌ**germ 'warfare**
Germain 'dʒɜː.mən, -meɪn (US) 'dʒɝː-
Germaine dʒə'meɪn, dʒɜː- (US) dʒɚ-
German 'dʒɜː.mən (US) 'dʒɝː- **-s** -z ˌ**German 'measles**
germander dʒə'mæn.dəʳ, dʒɜː- (US) dʒɚ'mæn.dɚ
germane (G) dʒə'meɪn, dʒɜː-; 'dʒɜː.meɪn (US) dʒɚ'meɪn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Germanic dʒə'mæn.ɪk, dʒɜː- (US) dʒɚ-
German|ism 'dʒɜː.mə.n|ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'dʒɝː- **-isms** -ɪ.zᵊmz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
germanium dʒə'meɪ.ni.əm, dʒɜː- (US) dʒɚ-
germanization, -isa- ˌdʒɜː.mə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) ˌdʒɝː.mə.nɪ'-
germaniz|e, -is|e 'dʒɜː.mə.naɪz (US) 'dʒɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
German|y 'dʒɜː.mə.n|i (US) 'dʒɝː- **-ies** -iz
germicidal ˌdʒɜː.mɪ'saɪ.dᵊl, -mə'-, 'dʒɜː.mɪ.saɪ-, -mə- (US) ˌdʒɝː.mə'saɪ-
germicide 'dʒɜː.mɪ.saɪd, -mə- (US) 'dʒɝː.mə- **-s** -z
germinal 'dʒɜː.mɪ.nᵊl, -mə- (US) 'dʒɝː.mə-
germi|nate 'dʒɜː.mɪ|.neɪt, -mə- (US) 'dʒɝː.mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.ṭɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.ṭɪd
germination ˌdʒɜː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -mə'- (US) ˌdʒɝː.mə'- **-s** -z
Germiston 'dʒɜː.mɪ.stᵊn (US) 'dʒɝː.mɪ-, -mə-
Germolene® 'dʒɜː.mə.liːn (US) 'dʒɝː-
Geronimo dʒə'rɒn.ɪ.məʊ, dʒɪ-, dʒer'ɒn-, '-ə- (US) -'rɑː.nə.moʊ
Gerontius gə'rɒn.ti.əs, gɪ-, dʒə-, dʒɪ-, ger'ɒn-, -ʃi.əs, -ʃəs (US) dʒə'rɑːn-
gerontocrac|y ˌdʒer.ɒn'tɒk.rə.s|i, -ən'- (US) -ᵊn'tɑː.krə- **-cies** -iz
gerontocratic dʒəˌrɒn.tə'kræt.ɪk, ˌdʒer.ɒn-, dʒəˌrən.tə'- (US) dʒəˌrɑːn.ṭə'kræṭ.ɪk
gerontological ˌdʒer.ən.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -lɑː.dʒɪ-
gerontolog|y ˌdʒer.ɒn'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌger-, -ən'- (US) ˌdʒer.ᵊn'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Gerrard 'dʒer.əd, -ɑːd; dʒer'ɑːd, dʒə'rɑːd (US) 'dʒer.ɚd ˌ**Gerrard's 'Cross**
Gerry 'dʒer.i
gerrymand|er 'dʒer.i.mæn.d|əʳ, ˌdʒer.i'mæn- (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Gershwin 'gɜːʃ.wɪn (US) 'gɝːʃ-, -wəɪ
Gertie 'gɜː.ti (US) 'gɝː.ṭi
Gertrude 'gɜː.truːd (US) 'gɝː-
Gerty 'gɜː.ti (US) 'gɝː.ṭi
gerund 'dʒer.ᵊnd, -ʌnd **-s** -z
gerundival ˌdʒer.ᵊn'daɪ.vᵊl
gerundive dʒə'rʌn.dɪv, dʒɪ-, dʒer'ʌn- **-s** -z
Gervais ʒɜː'veɪs, -veɪz (US) ʒɝː-
Gerva(i)se 'dʒɜː.veɪz, -vɪz; dʒɜː'veɪz, -'veɪs (US) 'dʒɝː-
Geryon 'ger.i.ən (US) 'dʒɪr-, 'ger-
gesso 'dʒes.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-es** -z
gest dʒest **-s** -s
gestalt gə'ʃtælt, -ʃtɑːlt; 'geʃ.tælt (US) gə'ʃtɑːlt
Gestapo ges'tɑː.pəʊ, geʃ- (US) gə'stɑː.poʊ, gəʃ'tɑː-
Gesta Romanorum ˌdʒes.tə.rəʊ.mə'nɔː.rəm, -mɑː-, ˌges- (US) -roʊ.mə'nɔːr.əm, -mɑː-
ges|tate dʒes|'teɪt, '-- (US) 'dʒes|.teɪt **-tates** -'teɪts (US) -teɪts **-tating** -'teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ṭɪŋ **-tated** -'teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ṭɪd
gestation dʒes'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
gestatorial ˌdʒes.tə'tɔː.ri.əl
gestatory dʒes'teɪ.tᵊr.i; 'dʒes.tə- (US) 'dʒes.tə.tɔːr-
Gestetner® ges'tet.nəʳ, gɪ'stet-, gə- (US) -nɚ
gesticu|late dʒes'tɪk.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- (US) -jə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.ṭɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.ṭɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.ṭɚ/z
gesticulation dʒesˌtɪk.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- (US) -jə'- **-s** -z
gesticulatory dʒes'tɪk.jʊ.leɪ.tᵊr.i, -lə-, -je- (US) -jə.lə.tɔːr-
gestur|e 'dʒes.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gesundheit gə'zʊnd.haɪt
get get **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'geṭ.ɪŋ **got** gɒt (US) gɑːt **gotten** 'gɒt.ᵊn (US) 'gɑː.tᵊn ˌ**give as ˌgood as one 'gets**
Getae 'geɪ.taɪ, 'dʒiː.tiː
getatable get'æt.ə.bᵊl (US) geṭ'æṭ-
getaway 'get.ə.weɪ (US) 'geṭ- **-s** -z
Gethin 'geθ.ɪn
Gethsemane geθ'sem.ə.ni

Pronouncing the letters GG

The main pronunciation for the consonant digraph gg is /g/, e.g.:

rugged /ˈrʌg.ɪd/

In addition

gg may be pronounced as /dʒ/, e.g.:

exaggerate /ɪgˈzædʒ.^{ə}r.eɪt/ (US) /-ə.reɪt/

And in rare cases for American English as /gdʒ/:

suggest /səˈdʒest/ (US) /səgˈdʒest/

Pronouncing the letters GH

The consonant digraph gh can be pronounced as /g/, /f/ or may be silent.

In syllable-initial position, gh is always pronounced as /g/, e.g.:

ghost /gəʊst/ (US) /goʊst/
aghast /əˈgɑːst/ (US) /-ˈgæst/

Following a vowel letter, the pronunciation may be silent. This is always the case after i and ei, e.g.:

high /haɪ/
height /haɪt/
plough /plaʊ/
caught /kɔːt/ (US) /kɑːt/

Alternatively, the pronunciation may be /f/, e.g.:

rough /rʌf/
laugh /lɑːf/ (US) /læf/

In addition

A unique pronunciation of the consonant digraph gh is /p/, e.g.:

hiccough /ˈhɪk.ʌp/

t-rich-quick ˌget.rɪtʃˈkwɪk
t-together ˈget.tə.geð.ə
(US) -geð.ɚ -s -z
tty ˈget.i (US) ˈget̬.i
ttysburg ˈget.iz.bɜːg
(US) ˈget̬.iz.bɝːg **ˌGettysburg Ad'dress**
tup ˈget.ʌp (US) ˈget̬- -s -s
t-up-and-go ˌget.ʌp.^{ə}nˈgəʊ, -^{ə}ŋˈ-
(US) ˌget̬.ʌp.^{ə}nˈgoʊ
um ˈdʒiː.əm -s -z
wgaw ˈgjuː.gɔː (US) ˈguː.gɑː, gjuː-, -gɔː -s -z
ewürztraminer gəˈvʊət.strəˌmiː.nə, -ˈvɜːt-
(US) -ˈvɝːt.strəˌmiː.nɚ
yser *hot spring:* ˈgiː.zə^{r}, ˈgaɪ-
(US) ˈgaɪ.zɚ -s -z
te: In New Zealand the pronunciation is /ˈgaɪ.zə^{r}/. *apparatus for heating water:* ˈgiː.zə^{r} (US) -zɚ -s -z
ana ˈgɑː.nə
anaian gɑːˈneɪ.ən (US) -ˈniː-, -ˈneɪ- s -z
astl|y ˈgɑːst.l|i (US) ˈgæst.l|i **-ier** i.ə^{r} (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
at gɑːt, gɔːt -s -s
ee giː
ent gent
erkin ˈgɜː.kɪn (US) ˈgɝː- -s -z

ghetto ˈget.əʊ (US) ˈget̬.oʊ **-(e)s** -z **ˈghetto ˌblaster**
ghettoiz|e, -i|se ˈget.əʊ.aɪz (US) ˈget̬.oʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ghia ˈgiː.ə
Ghibelline ˈgɪb.ɪ.laɪn, ˈ-ə-, -liːn -s -z
ghillie ˈgɪl.i -s -z
ghost gəʊst (US) goʊst -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-like** -laɪk **ˈghost ˌtown; ˌgive up the ˈghost**
ghostl|y ˈgəʊst.l|i (US) ˈgoʊst- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ghost|write ˈgəʊst|.raɪt (US) ˈgoʊst- **-writes** -raɪts **-writing** -ˌraɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˌraɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-wrote** -rəʊt (US) -roʊt
ghostwriter ˈgəʊstˌraɪ.tə^{r} (US) ˈgoʊstˌraɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
ghoul guːl -s -z **-ish/ly** -ɪʃ/li
ghyll gɪl -s -z
GI ˌdʒiːˈaɪ *stress shift:* ˌGI ˈbride
giant dʒaɪənt -s -s **-like** -laɪk **ˌGiant's ˈCauseway**
giantess ˈdʒaɪən.tes, -tɪs, -təs; ˌdʒaɪənˈtes (US) ˈdʒaɪən.t̬əs **-es** -ɪz
Giaour ˈdʒaʊə^{r} (US) ˈdʒaʊɚ
Gibb gɪb
gibb|er ˈdʒɪb|.ə^{r} (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -^{ə}r.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
gibberish ˈdʒɪb.^{ə}.rɪʃ
gibbet ˈdʒɪb.ɪt, -ət -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈdʒɪb.ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈdʒɪb.ɪ.t̬ɪd

Gibbie ˈdʒɪb.i
Gibbins ˈgɪb.ɪnz
gibbon (G) ˈgɪb.^{ə}n -s -z
gibbosity gɪˈbɒs.ə.ti, dʒɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) gɪˈbɑː.sə.t̬i
gibbous ˈgɪb.əs, ˈdʒɪb- (US) ˈgɪb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Gibbs gɪbz
gib|e dʒaɪb **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z (US) -ɚ/z
Gibeon ˈgɪb.i.ən
giblet ˈdʒɪb.lət, -lɪt -s -s
Gibraltar dʒɪˈbrɔːl.tə^{r}, dʒə-, -ˈbrɒl- (US) -ˈbrɑːl.tɚ, -ˈbrɔːl-
Gibraltarian ˌdʒɪb.rɔːlˈteə.ri.ən, -rɒlˈ-; dʒɪˌbrɔːlˈ-, dʒə-, -ˌbrɒlˈ- (US) ˌdʒɪb.rɑːlˈter.i-, -rɔːlˈ- -s -z
Gibson ˈgɪb.s^{ə}n
Gidding ˈgɪd.ɪŋ -s -z
Giddis ˈgɪd.ɪs
gidd|y (G) ˈgɪd|.i **-ier** -i.ə^{r} (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -^{ə}l.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Gide ʒiːd
Gidea ˈgɪd.i.ə
Gideon ˈgɪd.i.ən
Gielgud ˈgiːl.gʊd
GIF gɪf, dʒɪf
Giffard ˈdʒɪf.əd, ˈgɪf- (US) -ɚd
Giffen ˈgɪf.ɪn, ˈdʒɪf.ɪn, -ən

Giffnock 'gɪf.nək
Gifford *place near Haddington:* 'gɪf.əd (US) -ɚd *surname:* 'gɪf.əd, 'dʒɪf.əd (US) -ɚd
gift gɪft **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd **'gift cer,tificate; 'gift ,token; ,gift of the 'gab; ,look a ,gift horse in the 'mouth**
gift-wrap 'gɪft.ræp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
gig gɪg **-s** -z
giga- 'gɪg.ə, 'gaɪ.gə, 'dʒɪg.ə
gigabyte 'gɪg.ə.baɪt, 'gaɪ.gə-, 'dʒɪg.ə- **-s** -s
gigahertz 'gɪg.ə.hɜːts, 'gaɪ.gə-, 'dʒɪg.ə- (US) -hɝːts
gigantesque ,dʒaɪ.gæn'tesk, -gən-
gigantic dʒaɪ'gæn.tɪk, ,dʒaɪ- (US) -t̬ɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
gigantism dʒaɪ'gæn.tɪ.zᵊm, 'dʒaɪ.gæn- (US) -t̬ɪ-
giggl|e *(n, v.)* 'gɪg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z (US) '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
giggleswick (G) 'gɪg.ᵊlz.wɪk
giggly 'gɪg.ᵊl.i, 'gɪg.li
Giggs gɪgz
Gight gɪkt, gɪxt
Gigi 'ʒiː.ʒiː
Gigli 'dʒiː.li, -lji (US) 'dʒiː.li, 'dʒiːl.ji
Giglio 'dʒiː.li.əʊ, '-ljəʊ (US) '-li.oʊ
GIGO 'gaɪ.gəʊ, 'dʒaɪ- (US) 'gɪg.oʊ, 'gaɪ.goʊ, 'giː-
gigolo 'dʒɪg.ə.ləʊ, 'ʒɪg- (US) -loʊ **-s** -z
gigot 'dʒɪg.ət, 'zɪg-, -əʊ, 'dʒiː.gəʊ (US) ʒiː'goʊ **-s** -s
gigue ʒiːg, ʒɪg **-s** -z
Gihon 'gaɪ.hɒn (US) -hɑːn *in Jewish usage sometimes:* 'giː.həʊn
gila (G) 'hiː.lə, 'giː- (US) 'hiː- **-s** -z
Gilbert 'gɪl.bət (US) -bɚt
Gilbertian gɪl'bɜː.ti.ən, -ʃᵊn (US) -'bɝː.t̬i.ən
Gilbey 'gɪl.bi
Gilboa gɪl'bəʊ.ə (US) -'boʊ-
Gilchrist 'gɪl.krɪst
gild gɪld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **gilt** gɪlt
Gildas 'gɪl.dæs
gilder (G) 'gɪl.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
Gildersleeve 'gɪl.də.sliːv (US) -dɚ-
Gildersome 'gɪl.də.səm (US) -dɚ-
Gilding 'gɪl.dɪŋ
Gildredge 'gɪl.drɪdʒ, -dredʒ
Gilead 'gɪl.i.æd (US) -əd
Giles dʒaɪlz
Gilfil 'gɪl.fɪl
Gilfillan gɪl'fɪl.ən
Gilford 'gɪl.fəd (US) -fɚd
Gilgal 'gɪl.gæl, -gɔːl
Gilgamesh 'gɪl.gə.meʃ
Gilham 'gɪl.əm
Gilkes dʒɪlks
gill *respiratory organ, ravine:* gɪl **-s** -z *measure:* dʒɪl **-s** -z
Gill *family name or male first name:* gɪl *female first name:* dʒɪl
Gillam 'gɪl.əm
Gillard 'gɪl.ɑːd, -əd; gɪ'lɑːd (US) 'gɪl.ɚd
Gillen 'gɪl.ən
Gilleney 'gɪl.ən.i
Gillespie gɪ'les.pi, gə-
Gillett 'gɪl.ɪt, 'gɪl.et, gɪ'let, dʒɪ'let, dʒə'let
Gillette® dʒɪ'let (US) dʒə'let, dʒɪ- **-s** -s
Gilley 'gɪl.i
Gilliam 'gɪl.i.əm
Gillian 'dʒɪl.i.ən, 'gɪl-
Gilliat 'gɪl.i.ət, -æt
Gillick 'gɪl.ɪk
gillie (G) 'gɪl.i **-s** -z
Gillies 'gɪl.ɪs
Gilligan 'gɪl.ɪ.gən
Gilliland 'gɪl.ɪ.lænd
Gilling 'gɪl.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Gillingham *in Kent:* 'dʒɪl.ɪŋ.əm *in Dorset & Norfolk:* 'gɪl- *surname:* 'gɪl-, 'dʒɪl-
Gillison 'gɪl.ɪ.sᵊn
Gillmore 'gɪl.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Gillon 'gɪl.ən
Gillott 'dʒɪl.ət, 'gɪl.ət
Gillow 'gɪl.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Gillray 'gɪl.reɪ
Gills gɪlz
Gillson 'dʒɪl.sᵊn
gilly 'gɪl.i **-s** -z
gillyflower 'dʒɪl.ɪ,flaʊəʳ (US) -,flaʊɚ **-s** -z
Gilman 'gɪl.mən
Gilmer 'gɪl.məʳ (US) -mɚ
Gilmore 'gɪl.mɔːʳ, -məʳ (US) -mɔːr
Gilmour 'gɪl.mɔːʳ, -məʳ (US) -mɔːr
Gilpatrick gɪl'pæt.rɪk
Gilpin 'gɪl.pɪn
Gilroy 'gɪl.rɔɪ
Gilson 'dʒɪl.sᵊn, 'gɪl.sᵊn
gilt gɪlt **-s** -s
gilt-edged ,gɪlt'edʒd *stress shift:* ,gilt-edged 'stocks
gimbal 'gɪm.bəl, 'dʒɪm- **-s** -z
gimbl|e 'gɪm.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gimblett 'gɪm.*b*lɪt, -ət
gimcrack 'dʒɪm.kræk **-s** -s
gimlet 'gɪm.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
gimme 'gɪm.i
gimmick 'gɪm.ɪk **-s** -s **-ry** -ri **-y** -i
gimp gɪmp
Gimson 'gɪm*p*.sᵊn, 'dʒɪm*p*.sᵊn
gin dʒɪn **-s** -z **'gin ,mill; ,gin 'rummy; ,gin 'sling**
Gina 'dʒiː.nə
Gingell 'gɪn.dʒᵊl
ginger *spice, colour:* 'dʒɪn.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ *person with red hair:* 'gɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **,ginger 'ale; ,ginger 'beer**
gingerbread (G) 'dʒɪn.dʒə.bred (US) -dʒɚ- **-s** -z **'gingerbread ,man**
gingerly 'dʒɪn.dʒᵊl.i (US) -dʒɚ.li
ginger|y 'dʒɪn.dʒᵊr|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gingham 'gɪŋ.əm **-s** -z
gingival dʒɪn'dʒaɪ.vᵊl, 'dʒɪn.dʒɪ.vᵊl
gingivitis ,dʒɪn.dʒɪ'vaɪ.tɪs, -dʒə'-, -təs (US) -dʒə'vaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
gingko 'gɪŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ **-s** -z
Gingold 'gɪŋ.gəʊld (US) -goʊld
Gingrich 'gɪŋ.grɪtʃ
Ginkel(l) 'gɪŋ.kᵊl
ginkgo 'gɪŋ.kəʊ, 'gɪŋk.gəʊ (US) 'gɪŋ.koʊ, 'gɪŋk.goʊ **-es** -z
Ginn gɪn
ginnel 'gɪn.ᵊl, 'dʒɪn- **-s** -z
Ginny 'dʒɪn.i
Ginola 'dʒɪ.nəʊ.lə, 'ʒɪn- (US) -nə-, -,noʊ-
ginormous dʒaɪ'nɔː.məs (US) -'nɔːr-
Ginsberg 'gɪnz.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
ginseng 'dʒɪn.seŋ
Gioconda ,dʒɪə'kɒn.də (US) -'kɑːn-
Giotto 'dʒɒt.əʊ, dʒi'ɒt- (US) 'dʒɑː.t̬oʊ
Giovanni ,dʒiː.əʊ'vɑː.ni, dʒəʊ'-, -'væn.i (US) dʒoʊ'vɑː-, dʒə-
gip gɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Gipp gɪp
Gippsland 'gɪps.lænd
gippy 'dʒɪp.i
gips|y 'dʒɪp.s|i **-ies** -iz
giraffe dʒɪ'rɑːf, dʒə-, -'ræf (US) dʒə'ræf **-s** -s
Giralda dʒɪ'ræl.də, hɪ-
girandole 'dʒɪr.ən.dəʊl (US) -doʊl **-s** -z
gird gɜːd (US) gɝːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **girt** gɜːt (US) gɝːt
girder 'gɜː.dəʳ (US) 'gɝː.dɚ **-s** -z
girdl|e 'gɜː.dᵊl (US) 'gɝː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'gɜːd.lɪŋ (US) 'gɝː.dᵊl.ɪŋ, 'gɝːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Girdlestone 'gɜː.dᵊl.stᵊn (US) 'gɝː-
girl gɜːl (US) gɝːl **-s** -z **-hood** -hʊd
girlfriend 'gɜːl.frend (US) 'gɝːl- **-s** -z
girlie 'gɜː.li (US) 'gɝː-
girlish 'gɜː.lɪʃ (US) 'gɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
girly 'gɜː.li (US) 'gɝː-
giro (G) 'dʒaɪə.rəʊ (US) 'dʒaɪ.roʊ **-s** -z
Girobank® 'dʒaɪə.rəʊ.bæŋk (US) 'dʒaɪ.roʊ-
Gironde dʒɪ'rɒnd, ʒɪ-; -'rɔː*n*d (US) dʒə'rɑːnd
Girondist dʒɪ'rɒn.dɪst, ʒɪ- (US) dʒə'rɑːn- **-s** -s
girt *(n.)* gɜːt (US) gɝːt **-s** -s
girt *(from* **gird)** gɜːt (US) gɝːt
girth gɜːθ (US) gɝːθ **-s** -s
Girtin 'gɜː.tɪn (US) 'gɝː.tɪn, -tᵊn
Girton 'gɜː.tᵊn (US) 'gɝː-
Girtonian gɜː'təʊ.ni.ən (US) gɚ'toʊ- **-s** -z
Girvan 'gɜː.vən (US) 'gɝː.vᵊn
Gisbourne 'gɪz.bɔːn, -bən (US) -bɔːrn
Giscard d'Estaing *d*ʒɪs.kɑː.des.'tæŋ, *d*ʒiː-, -'tæ̃ŋ (US) ʒiːs,kɑːr.des'tæ̃ŋ
Giselle ʒɪ'zel, dʒɪ-
Gish gɪʃ
gismo 'gɪz.məʊ (US) -moʊ **-s** -z
Gissing 'gɪs.ɪŋ
gist dʒɪst **-s** -s

git gɪt **-s** -s
Gita ˈgiː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
Gitane® ʒɪˈtɑːn ⓤⓢ -ˈtɑːn, -ˈtæn **-s** -z
gîte, gite ʒiːt **-s** -s
gittern ˈgɪt.ɜːn ⓤⓢ -ɚn **-s** -z
Gitty ˈgɪt.i ⓤⓢ ˈgɪt̬.i
Giuliani ˌdʒuː.liˈɑː.ni
Giuseppe dʒuˈsep.i
giv|e gɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **gave** geɪv **giv|en** ˈgɪv|.ən **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˈgiven ˌname; ˌgive as ˌgood as one ˈgets**
give-and-take ˌgɪv.ənd'teɪk
giveaway ˈgɪv.ə.weɪ **-s** -z
giveback ˈgɪv.bæk **-s** -s
Givenchy® ʒiːˈvɑ̃ːn.ʃi, gɪ- ⓤⓢ ʒiːˈvɑ̃ːn-, -ˈʃiː
Giza, Gîza ˈgiː.zə
Gizeh ˈgiː.zeɪ, -zə
gizmo ˈgɪz.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ **-s** -z
gizzard ˈgɪz.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-s** -z
glabrous ˈgleɪ.brəs
glacé, glace ˈglæs.eɪ ⓤⓢ glæsˈeɪ **-ed** -d
glacial ˈgleɪ.si.əl, -ʃəl; ˈglæs.i.əl ⓤⓢ ˈgleɪ.ʃəl **-ly** -i
glaciation ˌgleɪ.siˈeɪ.ʃən, ˌglæs- ⓤⓢ ˌgleɪ.ʃiˈ-
glacier ˈglæs.i.əʳ, ˈgleɪ.si- ⓤⓢ ˈgleɪ.ʃɚ **-s** -z
glacis ˈglæs.ɪs, -i ⓤⓢ ˈgleɪ.sɪs, ˈglæs.ɪs, glæsˈiː *(plur.)* ˈglæs.ɪz ⓤⓢ ˈgleɪ.siːz, ˈglæs.iːz, -ˈ-
glacises *(alternative plur. of* **glacis***)* ˈglæs.ɪ.sɪz ⓤⓢ ˈgleɪ.sɪ.ziːz, ˈglæs.ɪ-
glad glæd **-der** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-dest** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˈglad ˌrags**
gladden ˈglæd.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
glade gleɪd **-s** -z
glad-hand ˈglæd.hænd, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z
gladiator ˈglæd.i.eɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
gladiatorial ˌglæd.i.əˈtɔː.ri.əl ⓤⓢ -tɔːr.i.əl
gladiole ˈglæd.i.əʊl ⓤⓢ -oʊl **-s** -z
gladiol|us ˌglæd.iˈəʊ.l|əs ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ- **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz
gladly ˈglæd.li
gladsome ˈglæd.səm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Gladstone ˈglæd.stən ⓤⓢ -stoʊn, -stən
Gladstonian glædˈstəʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈstoʊ-
Gladwin ˈglæd.wɪn
Gladys ˈglæd.ɪs
glagolitic (G) ˌglæg.əʊˈlɪt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -əˈlɪt̬-
glair gleəʳ ⓤⓢ gler
Glaisdale ˈgleɪz.deɪl *locally:* -dəl
Glaisher ˈgleɪ.ʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ
glam glæm
Glam. *(abbrev. for* **Glamorgan***)* gləˈmɔː.gən ⓤⓢ -ˈmɔːr-
Glamis glɑːmz
Note: In Shakespeare /ˈglæm.ɪs/.
Glamorgan gləˈmɔː.gən ⓤⓢ -ˈmɔːr- **-shire** -ʃə, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
glamoriz|e, -is|e ˈglæm.ər.aɪz ⓤⓢ -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
glamorous ˈglæm.ər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glamour ˈglæm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
glamourous ˈglæm.ər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glamourpuss ˈglæm.ə.pʊs ⓤⓢ -ɚ- **-es** -ɪz
glanc|e glɑːnts ⓤⓢ glænts **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
gland glænd **-s** -z
glander|s ˈglæn.də|z, ˈglɑːn- ⓤⓢ ˈglæn.dɚ|z **-ed** -d
glandes *(plur. of* **glans***)* ˈglæn.diːz
glandular ˈglæn.djʊ.ləʳ, -dʒə.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒə.lɚ **ˌglandular ˈfever**
glandule ˈglæn.djuːl ⓤⓢ -dʒuːl **-s** -z
glans glænz **glandes** ˈglæn.diːz
Glanvill(e) ˈglæn.vɪl
Glapthorne ˈglæp.θɔːn ⓤⓢ -θɔːrn
glar|e gleəʳ ⓤⓢ gler **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ingness** -ɪŋ.nəs, -nɪs **-ed** -d
Glarus *place in US:* ˈglær.əs ⓤⓢ ˈgler-, ˈglær- *other senses:* ˈglɑː.rəs
Glasgow ˈglɑːz.gəʊ, ˈglɑːs-, ˈglɑːs.kəʊ, ˈglæz.gəʊ, ˈglæs-, ˈglæs.kəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.koʊ, ˈglæz.goʊ
glasier (G) ˈgleɪ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʒɚ **-s** -z
glasnost ˈglæs.nɒst, ˈglæz- ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.nɑːst, -noʊst
glass (G) glɑːs ⓤⓢ glæs **-es** -ɪz **ˌglass ˈceiling; ˈglass ˌcutter**
glassblow|er ˈglɑːsˌbləʊ|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈglæsˌbloʊ|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Glasscock ˈglɑːs.kɒk, -kəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.kɑːk, -koʊ
glassful ˈglɑːs.fʊl, -fəl ⓤⓢ ˈglæs- **-s** -z
glasshou|se ˈglɑːs.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈglæs- **-ses** -zɪz
glasspaper, glass-paper ˈglɑːsˌpeɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈglæsˌpeɪ.pɚ
glassware ˈglɑːs.weəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.wer
glasswork ˈglɑːs.wɜːk ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.wɝːk **-s** -s
glasswort ˈglɑːs.wɜːt ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.wɝːt, -wɔːrt
glass|y ˈglɑː.s|i ⓤⓢ ˈglæs|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Glastonbury ˈglæs.tən.bər.i, ˈglɑː.stən- ⓤⓢ ˈglæs.tən.ber.i, -bər.i
Glaswegian glæzˈwiː.dʒən, glɑːz-, glæs-, glɑːs-, -dʒi.ən ⓤⓢ glæs-, glæz- **-s** -z
glaucoma glɔːˈkəʊ.mə, glaʊ- ⓤⓢ glɑːˈkoʊ-, glɔː- **-tous** -təs
glaucous ˈglɔː.kəs ⓤⓢ ˈglɑː-, ˈglɔː-
Glaxo® ˈglæk.səʊ ⓤⓢ -soʊ
glaz|e gleɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Glazebrook ˈgleɪz.brʊk
glazier ˈgleɪ.zi.əʳ, ˈ-ʒəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈ-ʒɚ **-s** -z
Glazunov ˈglæz.u.nɒf ⓤⓢ ˈglæz.ə.nɑːf, ˈglɑː.zə-, -noʊf
gleam gliːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i
glean gliːn **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Gleason ˈgliː.sən
glebe gliːb **-s** -z
glee gliː ˈ**glee ˌclub**
gleeful ˈgliː.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glee|man ˈgliː|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Glegg gleg
Gleichen ˈglaɪ.kən
Glemsford ˈglems.fəd, ˈglemz- ⓤⓢ -fɚd
glen (G) glen **-s** -z
Glenallan glenˈæl.ən
Glenalmond glenˈɑː.mənd
Glenavon glenˈæv.ən
Glenavy glenˈeɪ.vi
Glencairn glenˈkeən, gleŋ- ⓤⓢ glenˈkern
Glencoe glenˈkəʊ, gleŋ- ⓤⓢ glenˈkoʊ
Glenda ˈglen.də
Glendale glenˈdeɪl, ˈglen.deɪl ⓤⓢ ˈglen-
Glendenning glenˈden.ɪŋ
Glendin(n)ing glenˈdɪn.ɪŋ
Glendower glenˈdaʊ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Gleneagles glenˈiː.gəlz
Glenelg glenˈelg
Glenfiddich glenˈfɪd.ɪk, -ɪx
Glenfinnan glenˈfɪn.ən
glengarr|y (G) glenˈgær|.i, gleŋ- ⓤⓢ glenˈger-, -ˈgær-, ˈ--- **-ies** -iz
Glenlivet glenˈlɪv.ɪt, -ət
Glenmorangie ˌglen.məˈræn.dʒi, ˌglem-, glenˈmɒr.ən.dʒi ⓤⓢ ˌglen-
Glenmore glenˈmɔːʳ, glem- ⓤⓢ ˈglen.mɔːr, -ˈ-
Glenn glen
Glenrothes glenˈrɒθ.ɪs ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑː.θəs
Glen Trool ˌglenˈtruːl
Glenwood ˈglen.wʊd
Glenys ˈglen.ɪs
glib glɪb **-ber** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-best** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glid|e glaɪd **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd
glider ˈglaɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
glimmer ˈglɪm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ingly** -ɪŋ.li **-ed** -d
glimps|e glɪmps **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
glinch glɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz
Glinka ˈglɪŋ.kə
glint glɪnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
gliom|a glaɪˈəʊ.m|ə ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ-, gli- **-as** -əz **-ata** -ə.tə ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ə
glissad|e *(n, v.)* glɪˈsɑːd, -ˈseɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
glissand|o glɪˈsæn.d|əʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑːn.d|oʊ **-i** -iː **-os** -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz
Glisson ˈglɪs.ən
glisten ˈglɪs.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
glist|er ˈglɪs.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
glitch glɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz
glitt|er ˈglɪt|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈglɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ər.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-ery** -ər.i
glitterati ˌglɪt.əˈrɑː.tiː, -ti ⓤⓢ ˌglɪt̬.əˈrɑː.t̬i
glitz glɪts
glitz|y ˈglɪt.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest**

Glottal stop

A consonant made by closure of the vocal folds. The phonetic symbol for a glottal stop is [ʔ].

Examples for English

In some British accents, a glottal stop can actually replace the voiceless alveolar plosive [t] as the realisation of the /t/ phoneme when it follows a stressed vowel, e.g.:

getting better /ˌget.ɪŋˈbet.əʳ/ → [ˌgeʔ.ɪŋˈbeʔ.ə]

This type of pronunciation is found in many urban accents, notably London (Cockney), Leeds, Glasgow, Edinburgh and others, and is increasingly accepted among educated young people.

Sometimes a glottal stop is pronounced in front of a /p t/ or /k/ if there is not a vowel immediately following (see GLOTTALISATION).

In a true glottal stop there is complete obstruction to the passage of air, and the result is a period of silence. In casual speech it often happens that a speaker aims to produce a complete glottal stop but instead makes a low-pitched creak-like sound.

Glottalisation

The addition of a glottal stop before a consonant.

Examples for English

Adding a glottal stop before certain consonants has the effect of making the preceding vowel somewhat shorter. In English this usually happens before a voiceless PLOSIVE or AFFRICATE consonant if there is not a vowel immediately following (e.g. in *captive, catkin, arctic*; a similar case is that of /tʃ/ when following a stressed vowel or when syllable-final, as in *butcher*). This addition of a glottal stop is sometimes called 'glottal reinforcement', e.g.:

back	/bæk/	[b̥æʔk]			
captive	/ˈkæp.tɪv/	[kʰæʔp̚tɪv̥]			
catkin	/ˈkæt.kɪn/	[kʰæʔk̚kĩn]			
arctic	/ˈɑːk.tɪk/	[ˈɑˑʔk̚.tɪk]	(US)	/ˈɑːrk.tɪk/	[ˈɑˑɹ̥ʔk̚.tɪk]
butcher	/ˈbʊtʃ.əʳ/	[ˈbʊʔ.t͡ʃə]	(US)	/ˈbʊtʃ.ɚ/	[ˈbʊʔ.t͡ʃɚ]

This feature of English is an important one for perception. As the difference in voicing between /p t k tʃ/ and /b d g dʒ/ in syllable-final position is negligible, it is the length of the vowel rather than the voicing of the final consonant which contributes strongly to a native speaker's decision of whether a speaker has produced e.g. *back* or *bag*.

-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Gloag gləʊg (US) gloʊg
gloaming ˈgləʊ.mɪŋ (US) ˈgloʊ-
gloat gləʊt (US) gloʊt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ (US) ˈgloʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈgloʊ.t̬əd
glob glɒb (US) glɑːb **-s** -z
global ˈgləʊ.bəl (US) ˈgloʊ- **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zəm ˌ**global** ˈ**village;** ˌ**global** ˈ**warming**
globalization, -isa- ˌgləʊ.bəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌgloʊ.bəl.ɪˈ-
globaliz|e, -is|e ˈgləʊ.bəl.aɪz (US) ˈgloʊ.bə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
globe gləʊb (US) gloʊb **-s** -z
globe-trott|er ˈgləʊbˌtrɒt|.əʳ (US) ˈgloʊbˌtrɑː.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
globose ˈgləʊ.bəʊs, gləʊˈbəʊs (US) ˈgloʊ.boʊs, -ˈ-
globosity gləʊˈbɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) gloʊˈbɑː.sə.t̬i
globous ˈgləʊ.bəs (US) ˈgloʊ-
globular ˈglɒb.jʊ.ləʳ, -jə- (US) ˈglɑː.bjə.lɚ **-ly** -li
globule ˈglɒb.juːl (US) ˈglɑː.bjuːl **-s** -z
globulin ˈglɒb.jʊ.lɪn, -jə- (US) ˈglɑː.bjə- **-s** -z
glockenspiel ˈglɒk.ən.ʃpiːl, -spiːl (US) ˈglɑː.kən.spiːl, -ʃpiːl **-s** -z
glom glɒm (US) glɑːm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
gloom gluːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gloom|y ˈgluː.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gloop gluːp **-y** -i
glop glɒp (US) glɑːp **-py** -i
Gloria ˈglɔː.ri.ə (US) ˈglɔːr.i- **-s** -z
Gloriana ˌglɔː.riˈɑː.nə (US) ˌglɔːr.iˈæn.ə, -ˈeɪ.nə
glorification ˌglɔː.rɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -rə- (US) ˌglɔːr.ə.fəˈ-
glori|fy ˈglɔː.rɪ|.faɪ, -rə- (US) ˈglɔːr.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
glorious ˈglɔː.ri.əs (US) ˈglɔːr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glor|y ˈglɔː.r|i (US) ˈglɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id ˈ**glory** ˌ**hole**
Glos. (*abbrev. for* **Gloucestershire**) ˈglɒs.tə.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) ˈglɑː.stɚ.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
gloss glɒs (US) glɑːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
glossal ˈglɒs.əl (US) ˈglɑː.səl
glossarial glɒsˈeə.ri.əl (US) glɑːˈser.i-
glossar|y ˈglɒs.ər|.i (US) ˈglɑː.sər- **-ies** -iz
glossectomy glɒsˈek.tə.mi (US) glɑːˈsek-
glossematics ˌglɒs.ɪˈmæt.ɪks, -əˈ- (US) ˌglɑː.səˈmæt̬.ɪks
glosseme ˈglɒs.iːm (US) ˈglɑː.siːm **-s** -z
glossitis glɒsˈaɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) glɑːˈsaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
glossolalia ˌglɒs.əʊˈleɪ.li.ə (US) ˌglɑː.səˈ-
Glossop ˈglɒs.əp (US) ˈglɑː.səp
glossopharyngeal ˌglɒs.əʊˌfær.ɪnˈdʒiː.əl, -fəˈrɪn.dʒi.ə (US) ˌglɑː.soʊˌfer.ənˈdʒiː.əl, -ˌfær-
gloss|y ˈglɒs|.i (US) ˈglɑː.s|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Gloster ˈglɒs.təʳ (US) ˈglɑː.stɚ
glottal ˈglɒt.əl (US) ˈglɑː.t̬əl ˌ**glottal** ˈ**stop**
glottalic glɒtˈæl.ɪk, gləˈtæl- (US) glɑːˈtæl-
glott|is ˈglɒt|.ɪs (US) ˈglɑː.t̬|əs **-ises** -ɪ.sɪz, -ə.sɪz **-ides** -ɪ.diːz

glottochronology ˌglɒt.əʊ.krəˈnɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ˌglɑː.t̬oʊ.krəˈnɑː.lə-
glottology glɒtˈɒl.ə.dʒi (US) glɑːˈtɑː.lə-
Gloucester *in the UK:* ˈglɒs.təʳ (US) ˈglɑː.stɚ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr *in the US:* ˈglaʊ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
glove glʌv **-s** -z **-d** -d ˈ**glove com**ˌ**partment;** ˈ**glove** ˌ**puppet**
glover (G) ˈglʌv.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
glow gləʊ (US) gloʊ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
glower glaʊəʳ (US) glaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
glowworm ˈgləʊ.wɜːm (US) ˈgloʊ.wɝːm **-s** -z
gloxinia glɒkˈsɪn.i.ə (US) glɑːkˈ- **-s** -z
gloz|e gləʊz (US) gloʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gluck glʊk, gluːk, glʌk
glucose ˈgluː.kəʊs, -kəʊz (US) -koʊs, -koʊz
glu|e gluː **-es** -z **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
gluesniff|ing ˈgluːˌsnɪf|.ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
gluey ˈgluː.i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glühwein ˈgluː.vaɪn
glum glʌm **-mer** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-mest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Glusburn ˈglʌz.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn
glut glʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈglʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈglʌt̬.əd
glutamate ˈgluː.tə.meɪt (US) -t̬ə- **-s** -s
gluteal ˈgluː.ti.əl (US) -t̬i-
gluten ˈgluː.tᵊn, -tɪn
glute|us ˈgluː.ti|.əs (US) -t̬i- **-i** -aɪ
gluteus maximus ˌgluː.ti.əsˈmæk.sɪm.əs (US) -t̬i-
glutinous ˈgluː.tɪ.nəs, -tᵊn.əs (US) -tᵊn.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
glutton ˈglʌt.ᵊn **-s** -z
gluttoniz|e, -is|e ˈglʌt.ᵊn.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gluttonous ˈglʌt.ᵊn.əs **-ly** -li
gluttony ˈglʌt.ᵊn.i
glycemic glaɪˈsiː.mɪk **gly**ˌ**cemic** ˈ**index**
glyceride ˈglɪs.ᵊ.raɪd **-s** -z
glycerin ˈglɪs.ᵊr.ɪn, -iːn; ˌglɪs.əˈriːn
glycerine ˈglɪs.ᵊr.iːn, -ɪn; ˌglɪs.əˈriːn
glycerol ˈglɪs.ᵊ.rɒl (US) -rɑːl, -roʊl
glycogen ˈglaɪ.kəʊ.dʒən, ˈglɪk.əʊ-, -dʒen (US) ˈglaɪ.koʊ-, -kə-
glycol ˈglaɪ.kɒl, ˈglɪk.ɒl (US) ˈglaɪ.kɑːl, -koʊl
Glyde glaɪd
Glyn glɪn
Glynde glaɪnd
Glyndebourne ˈglaɪnd.bɔːn, ˈglaɪm- (US) ˈglaɪnd.bɔːrn
Glyndwr glɪnˈdaʊəʳ, glen- (US) -ˈdaʊɚ
Glynis ˈglɪn.ɪs
Glynne glɪn
Glyn-Neath ˌglɪnˈniːθ
glyph glɪf **-s** -s
glyptic ˈglɪp.tɪk
gm (*abbrev. for* **gram/s**) *singular:* græm *plural:* -z
GM ˌdʒiːˈem *stress shift:* ˌGM ˈfood
G|-man ˈdʒiː|ˌmæn **-men** -ˌmen
GMO ˌdʒiː.emˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ **-s** -z
GMT ˌdʒiː.emˈtiː
gnarl nɑːl (US) nɑːrl **-s** -z **-ed** -d
gnash næʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
gnat næt **-s** -s
gnathic ˈnæθ.ɪk
gnaw nɔː (US) nɑː, nɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gneiss naɪs, gəˈnaɪs
gnocchi ˈnjɒk.i (US) ˈnjɑː.ki
gnome *goblin:* nəʊm (US) noʊm **-s** -z
gnome *maxim:* ˈnəʊ.miː (US) noʊm **-s** -z
gnomic ˈnəʊ.mɪk (US) ˈnoʊ-
gnomish ˈnəʊ.mɪʃ (US) ˈnoʊ-
gnomon ˈnəʊ.mɒn, -mən (US) ˈnoʊ.mɑːn, -mən **-s** -z
gnomonic nəʊˈmɒn.ɪk (US) noʊˈmɑː.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Gnosall ˈnəʊ.səl (US) ˈnoʊ-
gnostic (G) ˈnɒs.tɪk (US) ˈnɑː.stɪk **-s** -s
gnosticism (G) ˈnɒs.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm (US) ˈnɑː.stə-
gnu nuː, njuː **-s** -z
go gəʊ (US) goʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **went** went **gone** gɒn (US) gɑːn, gɔːn **goer/s** ˈgəʊ.əʳ/z (US) ˈgoʊ.ɚ/z
Goa gəʊə (US) goʊə
goad gəʊd (US) goʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
go-ahead (*adj.*) ˈgəʊ.ə.hed, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈgoʊ-
go-ahead (*n.*) ˈgəʊ.ə.hed (US) ˈgoʊ-
goal gəʊl (US) goʊl **-s** -z
goalie ˈgəʊ.li (US) ˈgoʊ.li **-s** -z
goalkeeper ˈgəʊlˌkiː.pəʳ (US) ˈgoʊlˌkiː.pɚ **-s** -z
goalless ˈgəʊl.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈgoʊl-
goalmouth ˈgəʊl.maʊθ (US) ˈgoʊl-
goalpost ˈgəʊl.pəʊst (US) ˈgoʊl.poʊst **-s** -s
goalscorer ˈgəʊlˌskɔː.rəʳ (US) ˈgoʊlˌskɔːr.ɚ **-s** -z
goaltender ˈgəʊlˌten.dəʳ (US) ˈgoʊlˌten.dɚ **-s** -z
Goan gəʊ.ən (US) goʊ.ən
Goanese ˌgəʊ.əˈniːz (US) ˌgoʊ.ə-
goanna gəʊˈæn.ə (US) goʊ- **-s** -z
goat gəʊt (US) goʊt **-s** -s ˌ**get someone's** ˈ**goat**
goatee gəʊˈtiː (US) goʊ- **-s** -z *stress shift, British only, see compounds:* ˌ**goatee** ˈ**beard** (US) **goa**ˈ**tee** ˌ**beard**
goatherd ˈgəʊt.hɜːd (US) ˈgoʊt.hɝːd **-s** -z
Goathland ˈgəʊθ.lənd (US) ˈgoʊθ-
goatish ˈgəʊ.tɪʃ (US) ˈgoʊ-
goatskin ˈgəʊt.skɪn (US) ˈgoʊt- **-s** -z
goatsucker ˈgəʊtˌsʌk.əʳ (US) ˈgoʊtˌsʌk.ɚ **-s** -z
gob gɒb (US) gɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
gobbet ˈgɒb.ɪt (US) ˈgɑː.bɪt **-s** -s
Gobbi ˈgɒb.i (US) ˈgɑː.bi
gobbl|e ˈgɒb.ᵊl (US) ˈgɑː.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈgɒb.lɪŋ (US) ˈgɑː.bᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈgɒb.ləʳ/z (US) ˈgɑː.bᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-blɚ/z
gobbledygook, gobbledegook ˈgɒb.ᵊl.di,guːk, -ˌgʊk (US) ˈgɑː.bᵊl-
Gobbo ˈgɒb.əʊ (US) ˈgɑː.boʊ
Gobelin ˈgəʊ.bᵊl.ɪn, ˈgɒb.ᵊl- (US) ˈgoʊ.bᵊl-
go-between ˈgəʊ.bɪˌtwiːn, -bə- (US) ˈgoʊ.bə- **-s** -z
Gobi ˈgəʊ.bi (US) ˈgoʊ-
goblet ˈgɒb.lət, -lɪt (US) ˈgɑː.blət **-s** -s
goblin ˈgɒb.lɪn (US) ˈgɑː.blɪn **-s** -z
gobsmack ˈgɒb.smæk (US) ˈgɑːb- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
gobstopper ˈgɒbˌstɒp.əʳ (US) ˈgɑːbˌstɑː.pɚ **-s** -z
gob|y ˈgəʊ.b|i (US) ˈgoʊ- **-ies** -iz
go-by ˈgəʊˌbaɪ (US) ˈgoʊ-
go-cart ˈgəʊ.kɑːt (US) ˈgoʊ.kɑːrt **-s** -s
god (G) gɒd (US) gɑːd **-s** -z
Godalming ˈgɒd.ᵊl.mɪŋ (US) ˈgɑː.dᵊl-
Godard ˈgɒd.ɑː (US) goʊˈdɑːr
god-awful ˌgɒdˈɔː.fᵊl (US) ˌgɑːdˈɑː-, -ˈɔː- *stress shift:* ˌgod-awful ˈnoise
god|child ˈgɒd|.tʃaɪld (US) ˈgɑːd- **-children** -ˌtʃɪl.drᵊn
goddam(n) ˈgɒd.æm, ˈgɒd.dæm (US) ˌgɑːdˈdæm, ˈgɑːd-
goddamned ˈgɒd.æmd, ˈgɒd.dæmd (US) ˈgɑːd.æmd
Goddard ˈgɒd.ɑːd, -əd (US) ˈgɑː.dɚd, -dɑːrd
goddaughter ˈgɒdˌdɔː.təʳs (US) ˈgɑːdˌdɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌdɔː- **-s** -z
Godden ˈgɒd.ᵊn (US) ˈgɑː.dᵊn
goddess ˈgɒd.es, -ɪs, -əs (US) ˈgɑː.dɪs, -dəs **-es** -ɪz
Goderich ˈgəʊ.drɪtʃ (US) ˈgoʊ-
godetia gəʊˈdiː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə (US) gə- **-s** -z
godfather (G) ˈgɒd.fɑː.ðəʳ (US) ˈgɑːdˌfɑː.ðɚ **-s** -z
god-fearing (G) ˈgɒdˌfɪə.rɪŋ (US) ˈgɑːd.fɪr.ɪŋ
godforsaken ˈgɒd.fəˌseɪ.kᵊn (US) ˈgɑːd.fɚ-
Godfrey ˈgɒd.fri (US) ˈgɑːd-
god-given ˈgɒdˌgɪv.ᵊn (US) ˈgɑːd-
godhead (G) ˈgɒd.hed (US) ˈgɑːd- **-s** -z
Godiva gəˈdaɪ.və
Godkin ˈgɒd.kɪn (US) ˈgɑːd-
godless ˈgɒd.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈgɑːd- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
godlike ˈgɒd.laɪk (US) ˈgɑːd-
godl|y ˈgɒd.l|i (US) ˈgɑːd- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Godman ˈgɒd.mən (US) ˈgɑːd-
Godmanchester ˈgɒd.mənˌtʃes.təʳ (US) ˈgɑːd.mənˌtʃes.tɚ
godmother ˈgɒdˌmʌð.əʳ (US) ˈgɑːdˌmʌð.ɚ **-s** -z
Godolphin gəˈdɒl.fɪn (US) -ˈdɑːl-
Godot ˈgɒd.əʊ (US) gəˈdoʊ, gɑː-
godown ˈgəʊ.daʊn (US) ˈgoʊ- **-s** -z
godparent ˈgɒdˌpeə.rᵊnt (US) ˈgɑːdˌper.ᵊnt, -ˌpær- **-s** -s
godsend ˈgɒd.send (US) ˈgɑːd- **-s** -z
God-slot ˈgɒdˌslɒt (US) ˈgɑːdˌslɑːt **-s** -s

godson 'gɒd.sʌn (US) 'gɑːd- -s -z
Godspeed ˌgɒd'spiːd (US) ˌgɑːd-
godsquad 'gɒd.skwɒd (US) 'gɑːd.skwɑːd
Godunov 'gɒd.ə.nɒf, 'gʊd-, -u- (US) 'gʊd.ə.nɑːf
Godward 'gɒd.wəd (US) 'gɑːd.wɚd
Godwin 'gɒd.wɪn (US) 'gɑːd-
godwit 'gɒd.wɪt (US) 'gɑːd- -s -s
Godzilla gɒd'zɪl.ə (US) gɑːd-
Goebbels 'gɜː.bəlz, -bəls
Goering 'gɜː.rɪŋ (US) 'gɝː-
Goethe 'gɜː.tə
gofer 'gəʊ.fər (US) 'goʊ.fɚ -s -z
Goff(e) gɒf (US) gɑːf
goff|er 'gəʊ.f|ər, 'gɒf|.ər (US) 'gɑː.f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Gog gɒg (US) gɑːg, gɔːg
Gogarty 'gəʊ.gə.ti (US) 'goʊ.gɚ.t̬i
go-getter 'gəʊˌget.ər, ˌ-'-- (US) 'goʊˌget̬.ɚ -s -z
go-getting 'gəʊˌget.ɪŋ (US) 'goʊˌget̬.ɪŋ
goggl|e 'gɒg.əl (US) 'gɑː.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ (US) '-gəl.ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
goggle-box 'gɒg.əl.bɒks (US) 'gɑː.gəl.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
goggle-eyed ˌgɒg.əl'aɪd (US) 'gɑː.gəlˌaɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌgoggle-eyed 'crowd
Gogmagog 'gɒg.mə.gɒg (US) 'gɑːg.mə.gɑːg, 'gɔːg-, -gɔːg
a go-go, à go-go ə'gəʊ.gəʊ (US) -'goʊ.goʊ
go-go 'gəʊ.gəʊ (US) 'goʊ.goʊ **'go-go ˌdancer**
Gogo 'gəʊ.gəʊ (US) 'goʊ.goʊ
Gogol 'gəʊ.gɒl (US) 'goʊ.gɑːl, -gəl
Goiânia gɔɪ'ɑː.ni.ə
Goidelic gɔɪ'del.ɪk
going-over ˌgəʊ.ɪŋ'əʊ.vər, '--ˌ-- (US) ˌgoʊ.ɪŋ'oʊ.vɚ, gɔː-, '--ˌ--
goings 'gəʊ.ɪŋz (US) 'goʊ- **ˌcomings and 'goings; ˌgoings-'on**
goiter 'gɔɪ.tər (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z **-ed** -d
goitre 'gɔɪ.tər (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z **-d** -d
goitrous 'gɔɪ.trəs
go-kart 'gəʊ.kɑːt (US) 'goʊ.kɑːrt -s -s
Golan 'gəʊ.læn, -lɑːn; gəʊ.lɑːn (US) 'goʊ.lɑːn **ˌGolan 'Heights**
Golborne 'gəʊl.bɔːn (US) 'goʊl.bɔːrn
Golby 'gəʊl.bi (US) 'goʊl-
Golconda gɒl'kɒn.də (US) gɑːl'kɑːn.də
gold (G) gəʊld (US) goʊld -s -z **'Gold ˌCoast; 'gold ˌdust; ˌgold 'leaf; ˌgold 'medal; 'gold ˌmine; 'gold ˌrush; as ˌgood as 'gold**
Golda 'gəʊl.də (US) 'goʊl-
Goldberg 'gəʊl*d*.bɜːg (US) 'goʊl*d*.bɝːg
goldbrick 'gəʊl*d*.brɪk (US) 'goʊl*d*- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
goldcrest 'gəʊl*d*.krest (US) 'goʊl*d*- -s -s
gold-digger 'gəʊl*d*ˌdɪg.ər (US) 'goʊl*d*ˌdɪg.ɚ -s -z
golden (G) 'gəʊl.dən (US) 'goʊl- **ˌgolden 'age** (US) **'golden ˌage; ˌgolden 'handshake; ˌgolden 'rule; ˌgolden 'syrup**
goldeneye 'gəʊl.dən.aɪ (US) 'goʊl- -s -z
goldfield 'gəʊl*d*.fiːld (US) 'goʊl*d*- -s -z
goldfinch 'gəʊl*d*.fɪntʃ (US) 'goʊl*d*- **-es** -ɪz
goldfish 'gəʊl*d*.fɪʃ (US) 'goʊl*d*- **-es** -ɪz **'goldfish ˌbowl**
Goldilocks 'gəʊl.dɪ.lɒks (US) 'goʊl.di.lɑːks
Golding 'gəʊl.dɪŋ (US) 'goʊl-
Goldman 'gəʊl*d*.mən (US) 'goʊl*d*-
Goldsborough 'gəʊldz.bər.ə (US) 'goʊldz.bɚ.oʊ
Goldschmidt 'gəʊld.ʃmɪt (US) 'goʊld-
goldsmith (G) 'gəʊld.smɪθ (US) 'goʊld- -s -s
Goldstein 'gəʊld.staɪn, -stiːn (US) 'goʊld-
Goldwyn 'gəʊl.dwɪn (US) 'goʊl-
golem 'gəʊ.lem (US) 'goʊ- -s -z
golf (*n, v.*) gɒlf *old-fashioned, sometimes used by players:* gɒf (US) gɑːlf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'golf ˌclub; 'golf ˌcourse; 'golf ˌlinks**
golfer 'gɒl.fər, 'gɒf.ər (US) 'gɑːl.fɚ -s -z
Golgotha 'gɒl.gə.θə (US) 'gɑːl-
Goliath gəʊ'laɪ.əθ (US) gə-
Golightly gəʊ'laɪt.li (US) goʊ-
Gollancz gə'lænts, -'læŋ*k*s, gɒl'ænts, -'æŋ*k*s, 'gɒl.ənts, -æŋ*k*s (US) gə'lænts, 'gɑː.lənts, -lænts
golliwog 'gɒl.ɪ.wɒg (US) 'gɑː.li.wɔːg, -wɑːg -s -z
golly 'gɒl.i (US) 'gɑː.li
gollywog 'gɒl.ɪ.wɒg (US) 'gɑː.lɪ.wɔːg, -wɑːg -s -z
golosh gə'lɒʃ (US) gə'lɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz
Gomar 'gəʊ.mər (US) 'goʊ.mɚ
Gomer 'gəʊ.mər (US) 'goʊ.mɚ
Gomersal 'gɒm.ə.səl (US) 'gɑː.mɚ.səl
Gomes 'gəʊ.mez (US) 'goʊ-
Gomez, Gómez 'gəʊ.mez (US) 'goʊ-
Gomme gɒm (US) gɑːm
Gomorrah gə'mɒr.ə (US) -'mɔːr.ə, -'mɑːr-
Gompers 'gɒm.pəz (US) 'gɑːm.pɚz
Gomshall 'gʌm.ʃəl, 'gɒm- (US) 'gɑːm-
gonad 'gəʊ.næd (US) 'goʊ- -s -z
Goncourt ˌgɒn'kʊər, ˌgɒŋ-, ˌgɔ̃ːŋ- (US) ˌgoʊn'kʊr
gondola 'gɒn.dəl.ə (US) 'gɑːn- -s -z
gondolier ˌgɒn.də'lɪər, -dəl'ɪər (US) ˌgɑːn.də'lɪr -s -z
Gondwana gɒnd'wɑː.nə (US) gɑːnd- **-land** -lænd
gone (*from* **go**) gɒn (US) gɑːn
goner 'gɒn.ər (US) 'gɑː.nɚ -s -z
Goneril 'gɒn.ər.ɪl, -əl (US) 'gɑː.nər.əl
gonfalon 'gɒn.fəl.ən (US) 'gɑːn- -s -z
gong gɒŋ (US) gɑːŋ, gɔːŋ -s -z
goniometer ˌgəʊ.ni'ɒm.ɪ.tər, '-ə- (US) ˌgoʊ.ni'ɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
goniometric ˌgəʊ.ni.ə'met.rɪk (US) ˌgoʊ-
gonk gɒŋk (US) gɑːŋk, gɔːŋk -s -s
gonna gən.ə, 'gɒn.ə (US) 'gɑː.nə, 'gɔː-, ˌgɑː.nə'- **-al** -əl
gonorrh(o)e|a ˌgɒn.ə'riː|.ə (US) ˌgɑː.nə'- **-al** -əl
Gonville 'gɒn.vɪl (US) 'gɑːn-
Gonzáles, Gonzalez gɒn'zɑː.lɪs, gən-, -lez (US) gən'zɑː.ləs, gɑːn-, -'sɑː-, -leɪs
gonzo 'gɒn.zəʊ (US) 'gɑːn.zoʊ
goo guː
goober 'guː.bər (US) -bɚ -s -z
Gooch guːtʃ
good (G) (*n, adj, interj.*) gʊd -s -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌgood 'day; ˌGood 'Friday; ˌgood 'grief!; ˌGood 'Heavens!; 'goods ˌtrain; as ˌgood as 'gold;**
Goodale 'gʊd.eɪl
Goodall 'gʊd.ɔːl (US) -ɔːl, -ɑːl
Goodbody 'gʊd.bɒd.i (US) -bɑː.di
goodbye (*n.*) gʊd'baɪ -s -z
goodbye (*interj.*) gʊd'baɪ
Goodchild 'gʊd.tʃaɪld
Goode gʊd
Goodell gʊ'del
Goodenough 'gʊd.ɪ.nʌf, '-ə-, -ən.ʌ
Goodfellow 'gʊdˌfel.əʊ (US) -oʊ
good-for-nothing 'gʊd.fəˌnʌθ.ɪŋ, -ˌnɒθ-; ˌgʊd.fə'nʌθ-, -'nɒθ- (US) 'gʊd.fɚˌnʌθ-, ˌgʊd.fɚ'nʌθ- -s -z
Goodge guːdʒ, gʊdʒ
Goodhart 'gʊd.hɑːt (US) -hɑːrt
good-hearted ˌgʊd'hɑː.tɪd (US) -'hɑːr.t̬əd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌgood-hearted 'person
good-humo(u)red ˌgʊd'hjuː.məd (US) -'hjuː.mɚd, -'juː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌgood-humo(u)red 'friend
goodie 'gʊd.i -s -z
goodish 'gʊd.ɪʃ
Goodison 'gʊd.ɪ.sən, -ə-
Goodliffe 'gʊd.lɪf
good-looking ˌgʊd'lʊk.ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌgood-looking 'guy
goodl|y 'gʊd.l|i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
good|man 'gʊd|.mæn **-men** -men
Goodman 'gʊd.mən
good morning gʊd'mɔː.nɪŋ (US) -'mɔːr-
good-natured ˌgʊd'neɪ.tʃəd (US) -tʃɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌgood-natured 'smile
goodness 'gʊd.nəs, -nɪs
good night ˌgʊd'naɪt
Goodrich 'gʊd.rɪtʃ
Goodson 'gʊd.sən
goods-train 'gʊdz.treɪn -s -z
good-tempered ˌgʊd'tem.pəd (US) -pɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌgood-tempered 'horse
goodwill gʊd'wɪl -s -z
Goodwin 'gʊd.wɪn
Goodwood 'gʊd.wʊd
good|y (G) 'gʊd|.i **-ies** -iz **ˌgoody-'two-shoes**
Goodyear® 'gʊd.jɪər, -jər, -jɜːr (US) -jɪr, -jɚ, 'gʊdʒ.ɪr
Goodyer 'gʊd.jər
goody-good|y 'gʊd.iˌgʊd|.i **-ies** -iz

goo|ey 'guː.i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
goof guːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
goofball 'guːf.bɔːl Ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z
goof|y (G) 'guː.f|i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Googe guːdʒ, gʊdʒ
Googie 'guː.gi
Google® 'guː.gᵊl
goog|ly 'guː.gl|i **-ies** -iz
googol 'guː.gɒl, -gᵊl Ⓤⓢ -gɑːl, -gəl **-s** -z
googolplex 'guː.gɒl.pleks, -gᵊl- Ⓤⓢ -gɑːl-, -gᵊl-
Goole guːl
gool|ie, gooll|y 'guː.l|i **-ies** -iz
goon guːn **-s** -z
Goonhilly ˌguːn'hɪl.i, ˌgʊn- *stress shift:* ˌGoonhilly 'Down
goop guːp
goop|y 'guː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
goosander guː'sæn.dəʳ Ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
goose *bird:* guːs **geese** giːs **'goose ˌbumps; 'goose ˌgrass; 'goose ˌpimples; ˌcook someone's 'goose; (kill) the ˌgoose that ˌlays the ˌgolden 'eggs; ˌcouldn't say ˌboo to a 'goose**
goos|e (*v.*) guːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
goos|e *tailor's iron:* guːs **-es** -ɪz
gooseberr|y 'gʊz.bᵊr|.i, 'guːz-, '-br|i Ⓤⓢ 'guːsˌber|.i, 'guːz-, -bɚ- **-ies** -iz **ˌgooseberry 'fool**
gooseflesh 'guːs.fleʃ
goose-step 'guːsˌstep **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
goosey 'guː.si **-s** -z
GOP ˌdʒiː.əʊ'piː Ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
gopher 'gəʊ.fəʳ Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.fɚ **-s** -z
Gorazde gɔː'ræʒ.deɪ, gə'-
Gorbachev 'gɔː.bə.tʃɒf, ˌ--'- Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr.bə.tʃɑːf, ˌ--'-
Gorbals 'gɔː.bᵊlz Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gorblimey ˌgɔː'blaɪ.mi Ⓤⓢ ˌgɔːr-
Gorboduc 'gɔː.bə.dʌk Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gordale 'gɔː.deɪl Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gordano gɔː'dɑː.nəʊ, -'deɪ- Ⓤⓢ gɔːr'dɑːn.oʊ
Gordian knot ˌgɔː.di.ən'nɒt Ⓤⓢ ˌgɔːr.di.ən'nɑːt
Gordimer 'gɔː.dɪ.məʳ Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gordon 'gɔː.dᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gordonstoun 'gɔː.dᵊn.stən Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gor|e (G) gɔːʳ Ⓤⓢ gɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gorebridge 'gɔː.brɪdʒ Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gorell 'gɒr.ᵊl Ⓤⓢ ˌgɔː'rel, 'gɑː.rᵊl
Gore-Tex® 'gɔː.teks Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gorg|e gɔːdʒ Ⓤⓢ gɔːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gorgeous 'gɔː.dʒəs Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Gorges 'gɔː.dʒɪz Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gorget 'gɔː.dʒɪt, -dʒət Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr.dʒət **-s** -s
Gorgie 'gɔː.gi Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gorgon (G) 'gɔː.gən Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr- **-s** -z
Gorgonzola ˌgɔː.gᵊn'zəʊ.lə Ⓤⓢ ˌgɔːr.gᵊn'zoʊ-
Gorham 'gɔː.rəm Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr.əm
gorilla gə'rɪl.ə **-s** -z
Goring 'gɔː.rɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr.ɪŋ 'gɜː.rɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'gɝː.ɪŋ, 'gɔːr-
Gorki, Gorky 'gɔː.ki Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
Gorleston 'gɔːl.stᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːrl-
Gorman 'gɔː.mən Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gormandiz|e, -is|e 'gɔː.mən.daɪz Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Gormenghast 'gɔː.mən.gɑːst, -məŋ- Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr.mən.gæst, -məŋ-
gormless 'gɔːm.ləs, -lɪs Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːrm- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Gormley 'gɔːm.li Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːrm-
Goronwy gə'rɒn.wi Ⓤⓢ -'rɑːn-
gorp gɔːp Ⓤⓢ gɔːrp
Gorringe 'gɒr.ɪndʒ, -əndʒ Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.rɪndʒ, 'gɔː-
gorse gɔːs Ⓤⓢ gɔːrs
Gorseinon gɔː'saɪ.nən Ⓤⓢ gɔːr-
Gorst gɔːst Ⓤⓢ gɔːrst
Gorton 'gɔː.tᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr-
gor|y 'gɔː.r|i Ⓤⓢ 'gɔːr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Goschen 'gəʊ.ʃᵊn, 'gɒʃ.ᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ-
gosh gɒʃ Ⓤⓢ gɑːʃ
goshawk 'gɒs.hɔːk Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːs.hɑːk, -hɔːk **-s** -s
Goshen 'gəʊ.ʃᵊn, 'gɒʃ.ᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ-
gosling (G) 'gɒz.lɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːz- **-s** -z
go-slow ˌgəʊ'sləʊ, '-- Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.sloʊ **-s** -z
gospel (G) 'gɒs.pᵊl, -pel Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːs- **-s** -z **'gospel ˌmusic**
gospel(l)er 'gɒs.pᵊl.əʳ Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.spᵊl.ɚ **-s** -z
Gosport 'gɒs.pɔːt Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːs.pɔːrt
gossamer 'gɒs.ə.məʳ Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.sə.mɚ
Goss(e) gɒs Ⓤⓢ gɑːs
gossip (*n, v.*) 'gɒs.ɪp Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.səp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i
got (*from* **get**) gɒt Ⓤⓢ gɑːt
gotcha 'gɒtʃ.ə Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.tʃə
Göteborg 'jɜː.tə.bɔː Ⓤⓢ -bɔːr
goth (G) gɒθ Ⓤⓢ gɑːθ **-s** -s
Gotha *in Germany:* 'gəʊ.θə, 'gəʊ.tə Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.t̬ə *old-fashioned English spelling of* **Göta** *in Sweden:* 'gəʊ.tə Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.t̬ə
Gotham *in Nottinghamshire:* 'gəʊ.təm Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.t̬əm *New York:* 'gɒθ.əm Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θəm
Gothenburg 'gɒθ.ᵊn.bɜːg, 'gɒt-, -ᵊm- Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θᵊn.bɝːg, -tᵊn-
gothic (G) 'gɒθ.ɪk Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θɪk
Gothicism 'gɒθ.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θə-
gothiciz|e, -is|e 'gɒθ.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.θə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gothland 'gɒθ.lənd Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːt-
Gotland 'gɒt.lənd Ⓤⓢ 'gɑːt-
gotta 'gɒt.ə Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.t̬ə
gotten (*from* **get**) 'gɒt.ᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.tᵊn
götterdämmerung (G) ˌgɜː.tə'dem.ə.rʊŋ, -'deɪ.mə- Ⓤⓢ ˌgɜː.t̬ɚ'dem-
Gotthard 'gɒt.ɑːd Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.tɑːrd
Gotti 'gɒt.i Ⓤⓢ 'gɑː.t̬i
Göttingen 'gɜː.tɪŋ.ən Ⓤⓢ 'gɝː-
gouache gu'ɑːʃ, -'æʃ, gwɑːʃ, gwæʃ
Gouda 'gaʊ.də Ⓤⓢ 'guː-
Goudie 'gaʊ.di
goug|e gaʊdʒ, guːdʒ Ⓤⓢ gaʊdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gough gɒf Ⓤⓢ gɑːf
goujon 'guː.dʒɒn, -ʒɒn, -ʒɔ̃ːŋ Ⓤⓢ guː'ʒoʊn **-s** -z
goulash 'guː.læʃ Ⓤⓢ -lɑːʃ, -læʃ **-es** -ɪz
Goulburn *place-name:* 'gəʊl.bɜːn Ⓤⓢ 'goʊl.bɝːn *surname:* 'guːl.bɜːn, 'gəʊl.bən Ⓤⓢ 'guːl.bɝːn, 'goʊl.bɚn
Gould guːld
Goulden 'guːl.dən
Goulding 'guːl.dɪŋ
Gouler 'guː.ləʳ Ⓤⓢ -lɚ
Gounod 'guː.nəʊ Ⓤⓢ -noʊ
gourd gʊəd, gɔːd Ⓤⓢ gɔːrd, gʊrd **-s** -z
gourde gʊəd, gɔːd Ⓤⓢ gɔːrd, gʊrd **-s** -z
Gourl|ay 'gʊə.l|eɪ, -l|i Ⓤⓢ 'gʊr.l|i **-ey** -i
gourmand 'gʊə.mənd, 'gɔː-, -mɑ̃ːŋ Ⓤⓢ 'gʊr.mɑːnd, -mənd; gʊr'mɑːnd **-s** -z
gourmet 'gʊə.meɪ, 'gɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'gʊr.meɪ, -'- **-s** -z
Gourock 'gʊə.rək Ⓤⓢ 'gʊr.ək
gout gaʊt **-y** -i Ⓤⓢ 'gaʊ.t̬i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i Ⓤⓢ 'gaʊ.t̬ɪ.li, -t̬ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs Ⓤⓢ 'gaʊ.t̬ɪ.nəs, -t̬ɪ-
Govan 'gʌv.ᵊn
Gover 'gəʊ.vəʳ Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.vɚ
govern 'gʌv.ᵊn Ⓤⓢ -ɚn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
governance 'gʌv.ᵊn.ənts Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nᵊnts
governess 'gʌv.ᵊn.əs, -ɪs, -es Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nəs **-es** -ɪz
government 'gʌv.ᵊn.mənt, -ᵊm.mənt, -və.mənt Ⓤⓢ -ɚn- **-s** -s
governmental ˌgʌv.ᵊn'men.tᵊl, -ᵊm'men-, -ə'men- Ⓤⓢ -ɚn'men.t̬ᵊl
governor 'gʌv.ᵊn.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nɚ **-s** -z
governor-general ˌgʌv.ᵊn.ə'dʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nɚ'- **-s** -z
governorship 'gʌv.ᵊn.ə.ʃɪp Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nɚ- **-s** -s
Govey 'gəʊ.vi Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ-
Govier 'gəʊ.vi.əʳ Ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.vi.ɚ
Gow gaʊ
Gowan gaʊən
Gowdy 'gaʊ.di
Gowen gaʊən, gaʊɪn
Gower gaʊəʳ, gɔːʳ Ⓤⓢ gaʊɚ
Note: /gaʊəʳ/ is used in **Gower Street** and for the place in Wales. /gɔːʳ/ is the family name of the Duke of Sutherland; this pronunciation is also used in **Leveson-Gower**.

Gowing 'gaʊ.ɪŋ
gowk gaʊk -s -s
Gowlett 'gaʊ.lət, -lɪt
gown gaʊn -s -z -ed -d
gowns|man 'gaʊnz|.mən -men -mən, -men
Gowrie 'gaʊ.ri
Gowther 'gaʊ.ðəʳ ⓤⓢ -ðɚ
Gowy 'gaʊ.i
goy gɔɪ -s -z -im -ɪm -ish -ɪʃ
Goya 'gɔɪ.ə
Gozo 'gəʊ.zəʊ ⓤⓢ 'goʊ.zoʊ
GP ˌdʒiː'piː -s -z
GPA ˌdʒiː.piː'eɪ
GPO ˌdʒiː.piː'əʊ ⓤⓢ -'oʊ
GPS ˌdʒiː.piː'es
grab græb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d -ber/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **'grab ˌbag; ˌup for 'grabs**
grabbl|e 'græb.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ -ed -d
grabb|y 'græb|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Grabham 'græb.əm
Gracch|us 'græk|.əs -i -iː, -aɪ
grac|e (G) greɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **'grace ˌnote; ˌfall from 'grace**
Gracechurch 'greɪs.tʃɜːtʃ ⓤⓢ -tʃɝːtʃ
graceful 'greɪs.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Graceland 'greɪs.lænd, -lənd
graceless 'greɪ.sləs, -slɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Gracie 'greɪ.si
gracious 'greɪ.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
grackle 'græk.əl -s -z
grad græd -s -z **'grad ˌschool**
gradability ˌgreɪ.də'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ţi
gradable 'greɪ.də.bəl
gra|date grə|'deɪt ⓤⓢ 'greɪ|.deɪt -dates -'deɪts ⓤⓢ -deɪts -dating -'deɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -deɪ.ţɪŋ -dated -'deɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -deɪ.ţəd
gradation grə'deɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ greɪ- -s -z
gradational grə'deɪ.ʃən.əl ⓤⓢ greɪ-
grad|e greɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **ˌgrade point 'average** ⓤⓢ **'grade point ˌaverage; 'grade ˌschool; ˌmake the 'grade**
gradeable 'greɪ.də.bəl
gradely 'greɪd.li
Gradgrind 'græd.graɪnd
gradient 'greɪ.di.ənt -s -s
gradin 'greɪ.dɪn -s -z
graditative 'greɪ.dɪ.tə.tɪv, -də- ⓤⓢ -də-
gradual 'grædʒ.u.əl, 'græd.ju.əl ⓤⓢ 'grædʒ.u.əl -s -z -ly -i
graduate (*n.*) 'grædʒ.u.ət, 'græd.ju-, -ɪt ⓤⓢ 'grædʒ.u.ət, -ɪt -s -s
gradu|ate (*v.*) 'græd.ju|.eɪt, 'grædʒ.u- ⓤⓢ 'grædʒ.u- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd
graduation ˌgrædʒ.u'eɪ.ʃən, ˌgræd.ju'- ⓤⓢ ˌgrædʒ.u'- -s -z
graduator 'grædʒ.u.eɪ.təʳ, 'græd.ju- ⓤⓢ 'grædʒ.u.eɪ.ţɚ -s -z
gradus 'græd.əs, 'greɪ.dəs -es -ɪz
Grady 'greɪ.di
Graecism 'griː.sɪ.zəm
Graeco- 'griː.kəʊ, 'grek.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'grek.oʊ, 'griː.koʊ
Graeme greɪəm, greɪm
Graf grɑːf, græf ⓤⓢ græf
Graf(f)ham 'græf.əm
graffiti grə'fiː.ti, græf'iː- ⓤⓢ grə'fiː.ţi
graft grɑːft ⓤⓢ græft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Grafton 'grɑːf.tən ⓤⓢ 'græf-
graham cracker 'greɪəmˌkræk.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ, 'græm- -s -z
Graham(e) 'greɪəm
graham flour 'greɪəmˌflaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌflaʊɚ
Grahamston 'greɪəm.stən
Grahamstown 'greɪəmz.taʊn
grail (G) greɪl -s -z
grain greɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˌgo aˌgainst the 'grain**
Grainger 'greɪn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
grain|y 'greɪ.n|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
gram græm -s -z
gramercy grə'mɜː.si ⓤⓢ -'mɝː-
graminaceous ˌgræm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃəs, ˌgreɪ.mɪ'-, -mə'- ⓤⓢ ˌgræm.ə'-
gramineous grə'mɪn.i.əs, græm'ɪn-
graminivorous ˌgræm.ɪ'nɪv.ər.əs, ˌgreɪ-
grammalogue 'græm.ə.lɒg ⓤⓢ -lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z
grammar 'græm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z **'grammar ˌschool**
grammarian grə'meə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -'mer.i- -s -z
grammatical grə'mæt.ɪ.kəl ⓤⓢ -'mæţ.ɪ- -ly -i
grammaticality grəˌmæt.ɪ'kæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌmæţ.ə'kæl.ə.ţi
grammaticiz|e, -is|e grə'mæt.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'mæţ.ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
gramme græm -s -z
Grammer 'græm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Gramm|y 'græm|.i -ys -iz -ies -iz
gramophone 'græm.ə.fəʊn ⓤⓢ -foʊn -s -z
Grampian 'græm.pi.ən -s -z
gramps græmps
grampus 'græm.pəs -es -ɪz
gran græn -s -z
Granada grə'nɑː.də
granar|y 'græn.ər|.i -ies -iz **'granary ˌbread**
Granbury 'græn.bər.i, 'græm- ⓤⓢ 'grænˌber-, -bɚ-
Granby 'græn.bi, 'græm- ⓤⓢ 'græn-
Gran Canaria ˌgræn.kə'neə.ri.ə, ˌgræŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːn.kə'nɑː-, -'ner-
Gran Chaco ˌgræn'tʃɑː.kəʊ, -'tʃæk.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːn'tʃɑː.koʊ
grand grænd -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs, 'græn.nəs, -nɪs **ˌGrand Ca'nary; ˌGrand 'Canyon; ˌgrand 'duchess; ˌgrand 'duke; ˌGrand 'Forks; ˌgrand 'jury; ˌGrand 'National; ˌgrand pi'ano**
grandad (G) 'græn.dæd -s -z
grandadd|y 'græn.dæd|.i -ies -iz
grandam 'græn.dæm, -dəm -s -z
grandaunt 'grændˌɑːnt ⓤⓢ -ˌænt, -ˌɑːnt -s -s
grand|child 'grænd|.tʃaɪld -children -ˌtʃɪl.drən
granddad (G) 'grænd.dæd -s -z
granddadd|y 'grænd.dæd|.i -ies -
granddaughter 'grændˌdɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌdɑː.ţɚ, -ˌdɔː- -s -z
grande dame ˌgrɑːnd'dɑːm, ˌgrɑ̃ːn-, -'dæm -s -z
grandee græn'diː -s -z
grandeur 'græn.djəʳ, -dʒəʳ, -djʊə ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ, -dʒʊr
grandfather 'grændˌfɑː.ðəʳ ⓤⓢ -ð -s -z **'grandfather ˌclause; ˌgrandfather 'clock** ⓤⓢ **'grandfather ˌcl**
Grand Guignol ˌgrɑ̃ːŋ.giː'njɒl ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑ̃ː.giː'njoʊl, ˌgrɑːn-, -'njɑːl
grandiloquen|ce græn'dɪl.ə.kwən|ts -t/ly -t/li
grandiose 'græn.di.əʊs, -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊs, -oʊz, ˌ--'- -ly -li
grandiosity ˌgræn.di'ɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.sə.ţi
Grandison 'græn.dɪ.sən
Grandissimes 'grænd.ɪ.siːmz
grandma 'grænd.mɑː, 'græm- -s - **ˌGrandma 'Moses**
grand mal ˌgrɑ̃ːnd'mæl ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːnd'mɑːl, ˌgrænd-, -'mæl
grandmamma 'grænd.məˌmɑː, 'græm- -s -z
Grand Marnier® ˌgrɑ̃ːnd'mɑː.ni.e ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːn.mɑːr'njeɪ -s -z
grandmaster 'grændˌmɑː.stəʳ, 'græm- ⓤⓢ 'grændˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
grandmother 'grændˌmʌð.əʳ, 'græm- ⓤⓢ 'grændˌmʌð.ɚ -s -z
grandnephew 'grændˌnev.juː, -ˌnef-, ˌ-'-- ⓤⓢ 'grændˌnef.juː -s -z
grandniec|e 'grænd.niːs, ˌ-'- -es -
grandpa 'grænd.pɑː, 'græm- -s -z
grandpapa 'grænd.pəˌpɑː, 'græm -s -z
grandparent 'grændˌpeə.rənt, 'græm- ⓤⓢ 'grændˌper.ənt, -ˌpær- -s
grand prix ˌgrɑ̃ːn'priː, ˌgrɒn-, ˌgrɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːn- **grands prix** ˌgrɑ̃ː'priː, ˌgrɒn-, ˌgrɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑː
grandsire 'grænd.saɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -saɪɚ -s
grandson 'grænd.sʌn -s -z
grands prix ˌgrɑ̃ː'priː, ˌgrɒn-, ˌgrɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌgrɑːn'-
grandstand 'grænd.stænd -s -z -i -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
granduncle 'grændˌʌŋ.kəl -s -z
grang|e (G) 'greɪndʒ -es -ɪz
Grangemouth 'greɪndʒ.məθ, -ma
Granger 'greɪn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
grangeriz|e, -is|e 'greɪn.dʒər.aɪz

US -dʒə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
angetown ˈgreɪndʒ.taʊn
angeville ˈgreɪndʒ.vɪl
anite (G) ˈgræn.ɪt, -ət -s -s
anitic græn'ɪt.ɪk, grə'nɪt-
US grə'nɪt̬-
ann|y ˈgrænl.i -ies -iz ˈgranny
flat; ˈgranny ˌknot; ˌGranny
Smith
anola grə'nəʊ.lə, græn'əʊ-
US grə'noʊ-
anolithic ˌgræn.əʊ'lɪθ.ɪk US -ə'-
ant (G) grɑːnt US grænt -s -s -ing
ɪŋ US 'græn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'græn.t̬ɪd
anta 'græn.tə, 'grɑːn- US 'græn-
antchester 'grɑːn.tʃɪ.stəʳ,
ræn-, -tʃə, -tʃes.təʳ
US 'græn,tʃes.tɚ
antee ˌgrɑːn'tiː US ˌgræn- -s -z
anth grʌnt
antham 'grænt.θəm
anton 'grɑːn.tən, 'græn-
US 'græn-
antor ˌgrɑːn'tɔːʳ; 'grɑːn.təʳ
US 'græn.t̬ɚ; ˌgræn'tɔːr -s -z
antown 'græn.taʊn
anular 'græn.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- US -jə.lɚ
y -li
anularity ˌgræn.jə'lær.ə.ti, -jʊ'-,
.ti US -jə'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
anu|late 'græn.jəl.leɪt, -jʊ- US -jə-
ates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ US
eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
anulation ˌgræn.jə'leɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'-
US -jə'- -s -z
anule 'græn.juːl -s -z
anulite 'græn.jə.laɪt, -jʊ- US -jə-
anulitic ˌgræn.jə'lɪt.ɪk, -jʊ'- US
ə'lɪt̬-
anville 'græn.vɪl
anville-Barker ˌgræn.vɪl'bɑː.kəʳ
US -'bɑːr.kɚ
pe (G) greɪp -s -s 'grape ˌsugar
pefruit 'greɪp.fruːt -s -s
peshot 'greɪp.ʃɒt US -ʃɑːt
pevine 'greɪp.vaɪn -s -z
ph grɑːf, græf US græf -s -s
raph ˌpaper
pheme 'græf.iːm -s -z
phemic græf'iː.mɪk, grə'fiː-
lly -əl.i, -li
apher grə.fəʳ US grə.fɚ
e: Suffix. Words containing
rapher are normally stressed on
he antepenultimate syllable, e.g.
hotographer /fə'tɒg.rə.fəʳ
US -'tɑː.grə.fɚ/.
phic (G) 'græf.ɪk -s -s -al -əl -ally
l.i, -li ˌgraphic de'sign
aphic 'græf.ɪk
e: Suffix. Normally carries pri-
ary stress, e.g. photographic
fəʊ.tə'græf.ɪk US ˌfoʊ.t̬ə'-/.
phite 'græf.aɪt
phitic græf'ɪt.ɪk, grə'fɪt-
US grə'fɪt̬-
phological ˌgræf.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl
US -'lɑː.dʒɪ- -ly -i
phology græf'ɒl.ə.dʒli, grə'fɒl-

US grə'fɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
graphometer græf'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ,
grə'fɒm-, '-ə- US grə'fɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
-graphy grə.fi
Note: Suffix. Words containing
-graphy are normally stressed on
the antepenultimate syllable, e.g.
photography /fə'tɒg.rə.fi
US -'tɑː.grə-/.
grapnel 'græp.nəl -s -z
grappa 'græp.ə US 'grɑː.pə -s -z
Grappelli græp'el.i, grəp'-
grappl|e 'græp.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ
-ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z US '-əl.ɚ/z,
'-lɚ/z 'grappling ˌiron
grapy 'greɪ.pi
Grasmere 'grɑːs.mɪəʳ US 'græs.mɪr
grasp grɑːsp US græsp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -able -ə.bəl
grass (G) grɑːs US græs -es -ɪz -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -t ˌgrass 'widow; let the
ˌgrass ˌgrow under one's 'feet
grasshopper 'grɑːsˌhɒp.əʳ
US 'græsˌhɑː.pɚ -s -z
grassland 'grɑːs.lænd, -lənd
US 'græs-
grass-roots (*adj.*) ˌgrɑːs'ruːts US
ˌgræs- *stress shift:* ˌgrass-roots 'feel-
ing
grass roots (*n.*) ˌgrɑːs'ruːts US ˌgræs-
grasstree 'grɑː.striː US 'græs.triː
-s -z
grass|y 'grɑː.sli US 'græsl.i -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
grat|e (*n, v.*) greɪt -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li
US 'greɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd US 'greɪ.t̬ɪd
-er/s -əʳ/z US 'greɪ.t̬ɚ/z
grateful 'greɪt.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness
-nəs, -nɪs
Gratian 'greɪ.ʃən, -ʃi.ən
graticule 'græt.ɪ.kjuːl, '-ə- US '-ə-
-s -z
gratification ˌgræt.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-
US ˌgræt̬.ə- -s -z
grati|fy 'græt.ɪl.faɪ, '-ə- US 'græt̬.ə-
-fies -faɪz -fying/ly -faɪ.ɪŋ/li -fied
-faɪd
gratin 'græ.tæ̃ŋ, -tæn US 'grɑː.tən
grating (*n.*) 'greɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -s -z
Gratiot 'græʃ.i.ət, 'græʃ.ət,
'greɪ.ʃi.ət, -ʃət US 'græʃ.ət
gratis 'grɑː.tɪs, 'greɪ-, 'græt.ɪs, -əs
US 'græt̬.əs, 'grɑː.t̬əs, 'greɪ-
gratitude 'græt.ɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd, '-ə-
US 'græt̬.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd
Grattan 'græt.ən
gratuitous grə'tjuː.ɪ.təs, -'tʃuː-
US -'tuː.ə.t̬əs, -'tjuː- -ly -li -ness
-nəs, -nɪs
gratuit|y grə'tjuː.ə.tli, -'tʃuː-, -ɪ.tli
US -'tuː.ə.t̬li, -'tjuː- -ies -iz
graupel 'graʊ.pəl
gravadlax 'græv.əd.læks
US 'grɑː.vəd.lɑːks
gravamen grə'veɪ.men, -'vɑː-, -mən
US -mən -s -z gravamina
grə'veɪ.mɪn.ə, -'vɑː- US -'væm.ɪn-
grave *accent above a letter:* grɑːv
US grɑːv, greɪv

grav|e *other senses:* greɪv -es -z -er
-əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness
-nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z
US -ɚ/z ˌturn in one's 'grave
graveclothes 'greɪv.kləʊðz
US -kloʊðz
gravedigger 'greɪvˌdɪg.əʳ US -ɚ
-s -z
gravel 'græv.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ
-(l)ed -d -ly -i
graven 'greɪ.vən ˌgraven 'image
Graves *surname:* greɪvz *wine:* grɑːv
Gravesend ˌgreɪvz'end
graveside 'greɪv.saɪd
gravestone 'greɪv.stəʊn US -stoʊn
-s -z
graveyard 'greɪv.jɑːd US -jɑːrd -s -z
'graveyard ˌshift, ˌgraveyard 'shift
gravid 'græv.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs,
-nɪs
gravid|a 'græv.ɪ.dlə -as -əz -ae -iː
gravidity græv'ɪd.ɪ.ti, grə'vɪd-
US grə'vɪd.ə.t̬i
gravitas 'græv.ɪ.tæs, '-ə-, -tɑːs
gravi|tate 'græv.ɪl.teɪt, '-ə- -tates
-teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-tated -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
gravitation ˌgræv.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, -ə'- -al
-əl -ally -əl.i
gravitative 'græv.ɪ.teɪ.tɪv, '-ə-,
-tə.tɪv US -teɪ.t̬ɪv
gravity 'græv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
gravlax 'græv.læks US 'grɑːv.lɑːks
gravure grə'vjʊəʳ, -'vjɔːʳ US -'vjʊr
grav|y 'greɪ.vli -ies -iz 'gravy ˌtrain
gray (G) greɪ -s -z -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est
-ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ
grayish 'greɪ.ɪʃ
grayling 'greɪ.lɪŋ -s -z
Grayson 'greɪ.sən
graystone (G) 'greɪ.stəʊn US -stoʊn
Graz grɑːts
graz|e greɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
grazier 'greɪ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ US -ʒɚ -s -z
GRE ˌdʒiː.ɑːr'iː -s -z
Greasby 'griːz.bi
greas|e griːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
greasepaint 'griːs.peɪnt
greaseproof 'griːs.pruːf ˌgrease-
proof 'paper
greaser 'griː.səʳ US -sɚ, -zɚ -s -z
Greasley 'griːz.li
greas|y 'griː.sli -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest
-i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
great greɪt -er -əʳ US 'greɪ.t̬ɚ -est
-ɪst, -əst US 'greɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -s -s
-ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌGreat ˌBarrier
'Reef; ˌGreat 'Britain; ˌGreat
'Falls; ˌGreat 'Lakes; ˌGreat
'Plains
great-aunt ˌgreɪt'ɑːnt US ˌgreɪt'ænt,
-'ɑːnt -s -s *stress shift:* ˌgreat-aunt
'Maud
greatcoat 'greɪt.kəʊt US -koʊt -s -s
great-grand|child
ˌgreɪt'grændl.tʃaɪld -children
-ˌtʃɪl.drən

great-granddaughter ˌgreɪtˈgrændˌdɔː.təʳ US -ˌdɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌdɔː- **-s** -z
great-grandfather ˌgreɪtˈgrændˌfɑː.ðəʳ US -ðɚ **-s** -z
great-grandmother ˌgreɪtˈgrændˌmʌð.əʳ, -ˈgræm- US -ˈgrændˌmʌð.ɚ **-s** -z
great-grandparent ˌgreɪtˈgrændˌpeə.rᵊnt US -ˌper.ᵊnt, -ˌpær- **-s** -s
great-grandson ˌgreɪtˈgrænd.sʌn **-s** -z
Greatham *in Durham:* ˈgriː.təm US ˈgriː.t̬əm *in Northamptonshire, Hampshire, and West Sussex:* ˈgret.əm US ˈgreɪ.t̬əm
Greathead ˈgreɪt.hed
Greatheart ˈgreɪt.hɑːt US -hɑːrt
greathearted ˌgreɪtˈhɑː.tɪd US -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌgreathearted ˈwarrior
greatly ˈgreɪt.li
Greatorex ˈgreɪ.tə.reks US -t̬ə-
Greats greɪts
great-uncle ˌgreɪtˈʌŋ.kᵊl, ˈ-ˌ-- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌgreat-uncle ˈJohn
Great Yarmouth ˌgreɪtˈjɑː.məθ US -ˈjɑːr-
greave griːv **-s** -z
Greaves griːvz, greɪvz
grebe griːb **-s** -z
Grecian ˈgriː.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
Grecism ˈgriː.sɪ.zᵊm
Greco- ˈgriː.kəʊ, ˈgrek.əʊ US ˈgrek.oʊ, ˈgriː.koʊ
Greece griːs
greed griːd
greed|y ˈgriː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˈgreedy ˌguts**
Greek griːk **-s** -s **ˌGreek ˌOrthodox ˈChurch**
Greel(e)y ˈgriː.li
green (G) griːn **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌgreen ˈbean** US **ˈgreen ˌbean; ˌGreen Beˈret; ˈgreen ˌcard; ˌgreen cross ˈcode; ˈGreen ˌParty**
Greenall ˈgriː.nɔːl **-s** -z
Greenaway ˈgriː.nə.weɪ
greenback ˈgriːn.bæk, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːn- **-s** -s
greenbelt (G) ˈgriːn.belt, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːn- **-s** -s
Green(e) griːn
greenery ˈgriː.nᵊr.i
green-eyed ˌgriːnˈaɪd US ˈgriːn.aɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌgreen-eyed ˈmonster
greenfield (G) ˈgriːn.fiːld
greenfinch ˈgriːn.fɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz
green|fly ˈgriːn|.flaɪ **-flies** -flaɪz
Greenford ˈgriːn.fəd US -fɚd
greengag|e ˈgriːn.geɪdʒ, ˈgriːŋ- US ˈgriːn- **-es** -ɪz
greengrocer ˈgriːnˌgrəʊ.səʳ, ˈgriːŋ- US ˈgriːnˌgroʊ.sɚ **-s** -z
Greenhalgh ˈgriːn.hælʃ, -hældʒ, -hɔː
Greenham ˈgriː.nəm **ˌGreenham ˈCommon**
Greenhaulgh ˈgriːn.hɔː
Greenhill ˈgriːn.hɪl
Greenhithe ˈgriːn.haɪð
greenhorn ˈgriːn.hɔːn US -hɔːrn **-s** -z
greenhou|se ˈgriːn.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz **ˈgreenhouse efˌfect; ˌgreenhouse ˈgas**
greenish (G) ˈgriː.nɪʃ
Greenland ˈgriːn.lənd, -lænd **-er/s** -əʳ/z
Greenleaf ˈgriːn.liːf
greenmarket ˈgriːnˌmɑː.kɪt, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːnˌmɑːr.kɪt **-s** -s
Greenock ˈgriː.nək, ˈgrɪn.ək, ˈgren-
Greenore ˈgriː.nɔːʳ US -nɔːr
Greenough ˈgriː.nəʊ US -noʊ
Greenpeace ˈgriːn.piːs, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːn-
Greenpoint ˈgriːn.pɔɪnt, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːn-
Greenport ˈgriːn.pɔːt, ˈgriːm- US ˈgriːn.pɔːrt
greenroom ˈgriːn.rʊm, -ruːm US -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
greensand ˈgriːn.sænd
greenshank ˈgriːn.ʃæŋk **-s** -s
Greenslade ˈgriːn.sleɪd
Greensleeves ˈgriːn.sliːvz
Greenspan ˈgriːn.spæn
greenstick ˈgriːn.stɪk **-s** -z **ˌgreenstick ˈfracture**
greenstone ˈgriːn.stəʊn US -stoʊn
greensward ˈgriːn.swɔːd US -swɔːrd
Greenville ˈgriːn.vɪl
greenwash ˈgriːn.wɒʃ US -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ **-ing** -ɪŋ
Greenway ˈgriːn.weɪ
Greenwell ˈgriːn.wᵊl, -wel
Greenwich ˈgren.ɪdʒ, ˈgrɪn-, -ɪtʃ US ˈgren.ɪdʒ, ˈgrɪn-, -nɪtʃ, -wɪtʃ **ˌGreenwich ˈMean Time, ˌGreenwich ˌMean ˈTime**
greenwood (G) ˈgriːn.wʊd **-s** -z
Greer grɪəʳ US grɪr
greet (G) griːt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z US ˈgriː.t̬ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd US ˈgriː.t̬ɪd **ˈgreetings ˌcard; ˈgreeting ˌcard**
Greetland ˈgriːt.lənd
gregarious grɪˈgeə.ri.əs, grə- US -ˈger.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Greg(g) greg
Gregor ˈgreg.əʳ US -ɚ
Gregorian grɪˈgɔː.ri.ən, grə-, gregˈɔː- **-s** -z **Greˌgorian ˈchant**
Gregory ˈgreg.ᵊr.i
Greig greg
greige greɪʒ
greisen ˈgraɪ.zᵊn
gremlin ˈgrem.lɪn **-s** -z
grenache grenˈæʃ
Grenada grəˈneɪ.də, grɪ-, grenˈeɪ-
grenade grəˈneɪd, grɪ-, grenˈeɪd **-s** -z
grenadier (G) ˌgren.əˈdɪəʳ US -ˈdɪr **-s** -z
grenadine ˈgren.ə.diːn, ˌgren.əˈdiːn
Grenadines ˌgren.əˈdiːnz
Grendel ˈgren.dᵊl
Grenfell ˈgren.fel, -fᵊl
Grenoble grəˈnəʊ.bᵊl, grɪˈnəʊ- US grəˈnoʊ-
Grenville ˈgren.vɪl, -vᵊl
Gresham ˈgreʃ.əm
Gresley ˈgrez.li
Greswell ˈgrez.wᵊl, -wel
Greta ˈgriː.tə, ˈgret.ə, ˈgreɪ.tə US ˈgret̬.ə, ˈgriː.t̬ə, ˈgreɪ.t̬ə
Gretchen ˈgretʃ.ᵊn
Gretel ˈgret.ᵊl
Gretna ˈgret.nə **ˌGretna ˈGreen**
Greuz|e grɜːz **-es** -ɪz
Greville ˈgrev.ɪl, -ᵊl
grew (G) (*from* **grow**) gruː
grey (G) greɪ **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ
greybeard ˈgreɪ.bɪəd US -bɪrd **-s** -z
greycoat (G) ˈgreɪ.kəʊt US -koʊt **-s** -s
grey-haired ˌgreɪˈheəd US -ˈherd *stress-shift:* **ˌgrey-haired ˈperson**
greyhound ˈgreɪ.haʊnd **-s** -z **ˌGreyhound ˈbus**
greyish ˈgreɪ.ɪʃ
greylag ˈgreɪ.læg **-s** -z
Greylock ˈgreɪ.lɒk US -lɑːk
Greyson ˈgreɪ.sᵊn
Greystoke ˈgreɪ.stəʊk US -stoʊk
Gribbin ˈgrɪb.ɪn
gribble (G) ˈgrɪb.ᵊl **-s** -z
Grice graɪs
grid grɪd **-s** -z
griddl|e ˈgrɪd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -
gridiron ˈgrɪd.aɪən US -aɪɚn **-s** -z
Gridley ˈgrɪd.li
gridlock ˈgrɪd.lɒk US -lɑːk **-s** -s **-ed**
grief griːf **-s** -z **ˈgrief-ˌstricken**
Grieg griːg
Grierson ˈgrɪə.sᵊn US ˈgrɪr-
grievanc|e ˈgriː.vᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
griev|e (G) griːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** - **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
grievous ˈgriː.vəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs -nɪs **ˌgrievous ˌbodily ˈharm**
griffin (G) ˈgrɪf.ɪn **-s** -z
Griffith ˈgrɪf.ɪθ **-s** -s
griffon ˈgrɪf.ᵊn **-s** -z
grift grɪft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
grifter ˈgrɪf.təʳ US -tɚ **-s** -z
grig grɪg **-s** -z
Grigg grɪg **-s** -z
Grigson ˈgrɪg.sᵊn
grill grɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
grillag|e ˈgrɪl.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
grille grɪl **-s** -z
grillroom ˈgrɪl.rʊm, -ruːm US -ruːm -rʊm **-s** -z
grilse grɪls
grim grɪm **-mer** -əʳ US -ɚ **-mest** -ɪst -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌGrim ˈReaper**
grimac|e ˈgrɪm.əs, -ɪs, grɪˈmeɪs US ˈgrɪm.əs; grɪˈmeɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

rimald 'grɪm.əld
rimaldi grɪ'mɔːl.di, grə-, -'mɒl-, -'mæl- ⓤⓢ -'mɑːl-, -'mɔːl-
rimalkin grɪ'mæl.kɪn, -'mɔːl- -s -z
rim|e graɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rimes graɪmz
rimethorpe 'graɪm.θɔːp ⓤⓢ -θɔːrp
rimké 'grɪm.ki
rimm grɪm
rimond 'grɪm.ənd
rimsby 'grɪmz.bi
rimshaw 'grɪm.ʃɔː ⓤⓢ -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
rimwood 'grɪm.wʊd
rim|y 'graɪ.m|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rin grɪn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
rinch grɪntʃ
rind graɪnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **ground** graʊnd **grinder/s** 'graɪn.dəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -dɚ/z
rindal 'grɪnd.əl
rindelwald 'grɪn.dəl.vɑːld, -væld ⓤⓢ -vɑːld, -væld, -wɔːld
rindon 'grɪn.dən
rindstone 'graɪnd.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn -s -z ˌ**keep one's ˌnose to the grindstone**
ringo 'grɪŋ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ -s -z
rinnell grɪ'nel
rinstead 'grɪn.stɪd, -sted ⓤⓢ -sted
rip grɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
rip|e graɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **gripe ˌwater**
ripes graɪps
rippe griːp, grɪp ⓤⓢ grɪp
risaille grɪ'zeɪl, grə-, griː-, -'zaɪ, -'zaɪl ⓤⓢ -'zaɪ, -'zeɪl
riselda grɪ'zel.də, grə-
risette grɪ'zet -s -s
risewood 'graɪz.wʊd
risham 'grɪʃ.əm
riskin 'grɪs.kɪn
risl|y 'grɪz.l|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
risons griː'zɔ̃ːŋ, -'zɔːŋ ⓤⓢ griː'zɔ̃ːŋ, -'zɔːŋ
rissel 'grɪs.əl
rist grɪst
ristle 'grɪs.əl
ristly 'grɪs.əl.i, 'grɪs.li
riswold 'grɪz.wəʊld, -wəld ⓤⓢ -wɔːld, -wəld
rit grɪt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'grɪṭ.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'grɪṭ.ɪd
ritter 'grɪt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'grɪṭ.ɚ -s -z
ritton 'grɪt.ən
ritt|y 'grɪt|.i ⓤⓢ 'grɪṭ|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rizedale 'graɪz.deɪl
rizel grɪ'zel
rizzl|e 'grɪz.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ -ed -d
rizzl|y 'grɪz.l|i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst 'grizzly bear

Gro grəʊ, gruː, grɔː ⓤⓢ groʊ, grɔː
groan grəʊn ⓤⓢ groʊn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
groat grəʊt ⓤⓢ groʊt -s -s
grocer 'grəʊ.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.sɚ -s -z
grocer|y 'grəʊ.sər|.i ⓤⓢ 'groʊ- -ies -iz
grockle 'grɒk.əl ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.kəl -s -z
Grocott 'grɒk.ət, 'grəʊ.kɒt ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.kət, 'groʊ-
Grocyn 'grəʊ.sɪn ⓤⓢ 'groʊ-
grog grɒg ⓤⓢ grɑːg, grɔːg
grogg|y 'grɒg|.i ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.g|i, 'grɔː- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
grogram 'grɒg.rəm ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.grəm
groin grɔɪn -s -z
grommet 'grɒm.ɪt, 'grʌm- ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.mɪt -s -s
gromwell 'grɒm.wəl, -wel ⓤⓢ 'grɑːm-
Gromyko grə'miː.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
Grongar 'grɒŋ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ 'grɑːŋ.gɚ, 'grɔːŋ
Groningen 'grəʊ.nɪŋ.ən, 'grɒn.ɪŋ- ⓤⓢ 'groʊ-
groom (G) gruːm, grʊm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
grooms|man 'gruːmz|.mən, 'grʊmz- -men -mən, -men
groov|e gruːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
groov|y 'gruː.v|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
grop|e grəʊp ⓤⓢ groʊp -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Gropius 'grəʊ.pi.əs ⓤⓢ 'groʊ-
Grosart 'grəʊ.zɑːt ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.zɑːrt
grosbeak 'grəʊs.biːk, 'grɒs-, 'grɒz- ⓤⓢ 'groʊs- -s -s
groschen 'grɒʃ.ən, 'grəʊʃ.ən ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.ʃən
Grose grəʊs, grəʊz ⓤⓢ groʊs, groʊz
grosgrain 'grəʊ.greɪn ⓤⓢ 'groʊ-
Grosmont *in North Yorkshire:* 'grəʊ.mənt, -mɒnt *locally also:* 'grəʊs.mənt ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.mɑːnt, 'groʊs- *in Gwent:* 'grɒs.mənt ⓤⓢ 'grɑːs-
gros point ˌgrəʊ'pɔɪnt ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.pɔɪnt
gross grəʊs ⓤⓢ groʊs -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌ**gross doˌmestic 'product; ˌgross ˌnational 'product**
Gross *surname:* grɒs, grəʊs ⓤⓢ grɑːs, groʊs
Grosseteste 'grəʊs.test ⓤⓢ 'groʊs-
Grossmith 'grəʊ.smɪθ ⓤⓢ 'groʊ-
grosso modo ˌgrɒs.əʊ'mɒd.əʊ, -'məʊ.dəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌgroʊ.soʊ'moʊ.doʊ
Grosvenor 'grəʊv.nəʳ ⓤⓢ 'groʊv.nɚ
grosz grɔːʃ ⓤⓢ grɑːʃ, grɔːʃ **groszy** 'grɔː.ʃi ⓤⓢ 'grɑː-, 'grɔː-
Grote grəʊt ⓤⓢ groʊt
grotesque grəʊ'tesk ⓤⓢ groʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Grotius 'grəʊ.ti.əs ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.ʃəs, -ʃi.əs
grotto 'grɒt.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.ṭoʊ -(e)s -z

grott|y 'grɒt|.i ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.ṭ|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
grouch graʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Groucho 'graʊ.tʃəʊ ⓤⓢ -tʃoʊ
grouch|y 'graʊ.tʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ground graʊnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **'ground ˌplan; 'ground ˌrule; 'ground ˌstroke; 'ground ˌswell; ˌsuit someone ˌdown to the 'ground**
groundbreaking 'graʊndˌbreɪ.kɪŋ
ground|cloth 'graʊnd|.klɒθ, 'graʊŋ- ⓤⓢ 'graʊnd|.klɑːθ -cloths -klɒθs, -klɒðz ⓤⓢ -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
groundcover 'graʊndˌkʌv.əʳ, 'graʊŋ- ⓤⓢ 'graʊndˌkʌv.ɚ
groundhog 'graʊnd.hɒg ⓤⓢ -hɑːg, -hɔːg -s -z **'Groundhog ˌDay**
groundless 'graʊnd.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
groundling 'graʊnd.lɪŋ -s -z
groundnut 'graʊnd.nʌt -s -s
groundout 'graʊnd.aʊt -s -s
groundsel 'graʊnd.səl
groundsheet 'graʊnd.ʃiːt -s -s
grounds|man 'graʊndz|.mən -men -mən, -men
groundspeed 'graʊnd.spiːd -s -z
groundstroke 'graʊnd.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk -s -s
groundswell 'graʊnd.swel
groundwater 'graʊndˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.ṭɚ, -ˌwɔː-
groundwork 'graʊnd.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
group gruːp -s -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t
grouper 'gruː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z
groupie 'gruː.pi -s -z
grous|e (G) graʊs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
grout graʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'graʊ.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'graʊ.ṭɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'graʊ.ṭɚ/z
grove (G) grəʊv ⓤⓢ groʊv -s -z
grovel 'grɒv.əl ⓤⓢ 'grɑː.vəl, 'grʌv.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Grover 'grəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.vɚ
grow grəʊ ⓤⓢ groʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **grew** gruː **grown** grəʊn ⓤⓢ groʊn **'grow ˌbag; 'growing ˌpains**
grow-bag 'grəʊ.bæg ⓤⓢ 'groʊ- -s -z
grower 'grəʊ.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'groʊ.ɚ -s -z
growl graʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
grown (*from* **grow**) grəʊn ⓤⓢ groʊn
grown-up (*n.*) 'grəʊn.ʌp ⓤⓢ 'groʊn- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌgrown-up 'language
grown-up (*adj.*) ˌgrəʊn'ʌp ⓤⓢ ˌgroʊn'-
growth grəʊθ ⓤⓢ groʊθ -s -s
groyne grɔɪn -s -z
Grozny 'grɒz.ni ⓤⓢ 'grɑːz-
grub grʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d -ber/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
grubb|y 'grʌb|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ

Pronouncing the letters G U

At the beginning of words, the consonant digraph **gu** is usually realised as /g/, e.g.:

guest /gest/

Word-finally, **gu** is usually followed by **e** in nouns and is pronounced /g/, e.g.:

fatigue /fəˈtiːg/

gu may also be pronounced as /gw/, e.g.:

language /ˈlæŋ.gwɪdʒ/

-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
grubstak|e ˈgrʌb.steɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
grudg|e grʌdʒ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
gruel grʊəl, ˈgruː.əl (US) ˈgruː.əl
gruel(l)ing ˈgrʊə.lɪŋ, ˈgruː.ᵊl.ɪŋ (US) ˈgruː.lɪŋ, -ᵊl.ɪŋ
Gruenther ˈgrʌn.θəʳ (US) -θɚ
gruesome ˈgruː.səm -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
gruff grʌf -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
grumbl|e ˈgrʌm.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈ-bləʳ/z (US) ˈ-bᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-blɚ/z
Grumman ˈgrʌm.ᵊn
grummet ˈgrʌm.ɪt, -ət -s -s
grump grʌmp -s -s
grump|y ˈgrʌm.p|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Grundig® ˈgrʌn.dɪg, ˈgrʊn-
Grundtvig ˈgrʊnt.vɪg
Grundy ˈgrʌn.di
grunge grʌndʒ
grung|y ˈgrʌn.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
grunt grʌnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈgrʌn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) ˈgrʌn.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) ˈgrʌn.t̬ɚz
Gruyère ˈgruː.jeəʳ, -jəʳ; gruˈjeəʳ (US) gruˈjer
Gryll grɪl
gryphon ˈgrɪf.ᵊn -s -z
G-seven ˌdʒiːˈsev.ᵊn
g-spot ˈdʒiː.spɒt (US) -spɑːt
Gstaad kʃtɑːd; gəˈʃtɑːd (US) gəˈʃtɑːt, -ˈʃtɑːd
G-string ˈdʒiː.strɪŋ -s -z
GTech® ˈdʒiː.tek
GTI ˌdʒiː.tiːˈaɪ -s -z
guacamole ˌgwɑː.kəˈməʊ.li, ˌgwæk-, -leɪ (US) ˌgwɑːk.əˈmoʊ.li
Guadalajara ˌgwɑː.dᵊl.əˈhɑː.rə, ˌgwæd.ᵊl- (US) ˌgwɑː.dᵊl.əˈhɑːr.ə
Guadalquivir ˌgwɑː.dᵊl.kwɪˈvɪəʳ, ˌgwæd.ᵊl-, -kɪˈ- (US) ˌgwɑː.dᵊlˈkwɪ.vɚ, -kɪˈvɪr
Guadeloupe ˌgwɑː.dəˈluːp, -dᵊlˈuːp, ˈ---
Guam gwɑːm
Guangdong ˌgwæŋˈdɒŋ, ˌgwɒŋ-, -ˈdʊŋ (US) ˌgwɑːŋˈdɑːŋ, -ˈdʊŋ
Guangzhou ˌgwæŋˈʒəʊ, ˌgwɒŋ- (US) ˌgwɑːŋˈdʒoʊ
guano ˈgwɑː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ -s -z
Guantánamo gwænˈtæn.ə.məʊ, gwɑːn- (US) gwɑːnˈtɑː.nə.moʊ
Guarani, Guaraní ˌgwɑː.rəˈniː, ˈgwɑː.rᵊn.i -s -z
guarantee ˌgær.ᵊnˈtiː (US) ˌger-, ˌgær-, ˈ--- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
guarantor ˌgær.ᵊnˈtɔːʳ (US) ˈger.ᵊn.tɔːr, ˈgær-, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
guarant|y ˈgær.ᵊn.t|i (US) ˈger.ᵊn.t̬|i, ˈgær- -ies -iz
guard (G) gɑːd (US) gɑːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed/ly -ɪd/li -edness -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs ˈguard's ˌvan
guardian (G) ˈgɑː.di.ən (US) ˈgɑːr- -s -z -ship -ʃɪp
guardrail ˈgɑːd.reɪl (US) ˈgɑːrd- -s -z
guardroom ˈgɑːd.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈgɑːrd.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
guards|man ˈgɑːdz|.mən, -mæn (US) ˈgɑːrdz- -men -mən, -men
Guarneri gwɑːˈneə.ri (US) gwɑːrˈner.i
Guatemal|a ˌgwæ.təˈmɑː.l|ə, ˌgwɑːt.əˈ-, -ɪmˈɑː- (US) ˌgwɑː.t̬əˈ- -an/s -ən/z
guava ˈgwɑː.və -s -z
Guayaquil ˌgwaɪ.əˈkiːl, -ˈkɪl
Guayra ˈgwaɪ.rə
gubbins (G) ˈgʌb.ɪnz
gubernatorial ˌguː.bᵊn.əˈtɔː.ri.əl, ˌgjuː- (US) ˌguː.bɚ.nəˈtɔːr.i-
Gucci® ˈguː.tʃi
gudgeon ˈgʌdʒ.ᵊn -s -z
Gudrun ˈgʊd.ruːn, gʊˈdruːn
Gue gjuː
guelder-ros|e ˈgel.də.rəʊz, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈgel.dɚ.roʊz, ˌ--ˈ- -es -ɪz
Guelph, Guelf gwelf -s -s
Guenevere ˈgwɪn.ɪ.vɪəʳ, ˈgwen-, ˈ-ə- (US) -vɪr
guerdon ˈgɜː.dᵊn (US) ˈgɝː- -s -z
guerilla gəˈrɪl.ə, gjə-, gɜː- (US) gə- -s -z
Guernica ˈgɜː.nɪk.ə, ˈgwɜː-; gɔːˈniː.kə (US) ˈgwer.nɪk.ə
guernsey (G) ˈgɜːn.zi (US) ˈgɝːn- -s -z
guerrilla gəˈrɪl.ə, gjə-, gɜː- (US) gə- -s -z
guess ges -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl ˈguessing ˌgame
guesstimate (*n.*) ˈges.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mɪt, -meɪt -s -s
guessti|mate (*v.*) ˈges.tɪ|.meɪt, -tə- (US) -tə- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
guesswork ˈges.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
guest (G) gest -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˈguest ˌnight; ˈguest ˌroom
guesthou|se ˈgest.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
Guevara gəˈvɑː.rə, gɪ-, gevˈɑː-
guff gʌf
guffaw gʌfˈɔː, gəˈfɔː (US) gʌfˈɑː, -ˈɔ gəˈfɑː, -ˈfɔː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Guggenheim ˈgʊg.ᵊn.haɪm, ˈguː.gᵊn-
Guggisberg ˈgʌg.ɪs.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
Guiana gaɪˈæn.ə, giˈɑː.nə (US) giˈæn.ə, gaɪ-, -ˈɑː.nə -s -z
Guianese ˌgaɪ.əˈniːz (US) ˌgiː.əˈniːz, ˌgaɪ-, -ˈniːs *stress shift:* ˌGuianese ˈpeople
guidance ˈgaɪ.dᵊnts
guid|e gaɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˈguide ˌdog
guidebook ˈgaɪd.bʊk -s -s
guideline ˈgaɪd.laɪn -s -z
guidepost ˈgaɪd.pəʊst (US) -poʊst -s
Guido ˈgwiː.dəʊ, ˈgiː- (US) -doʊ
guidon ˈgaɪ.dᵊn -s -z
guild gɪld -s -z
Guildenstern ˈgɪl.dᵊn.stɜːn (US) -stɜ
guilder ˈgɪl.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
Guildford ˈgɪl.fəd (US) -fɚd
guildhall (G) ˈgɪldˌhɔːl, ˌ-ˈ- (US) -hɔː -hɑːl -s -z
Guilding ˈgɪl.dɪŋ
guile gaɪl
guileful ˈgaɪl.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
guileless ˈgaɪl.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Guilford ˈgɪl.fəd (US) -fɚd
guillemot ˈgɪl.ɪ.mɒt, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.mɑ -s -s
Guillim ˈgwɪl.ɪm
guillotin|e ˈgɪl.ə.tiːn, ˌ--ˈ- -es -z -i -ɪŋ -ed -d
Note: Some people use /ˈgɪl.ə.tiːn/ fo the noun and /ˌgɪl.əˈtiːn/ for the verb.
guilt gɪlt
guiltless ˈgɪlt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
guilt-ridden ˈgɪltˌrɪd.ᵊn
guilt-trip ˈgɪlt.trɪp -s -s

uilt|y 'gɪl.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
uimpe gɪmp, gæmp **-s** -s
uinea (G) 'gɪn.i **-s** -z **'guinea ˌfowl; 'guinea ˌpig**
uinea-Bissau ˌgɪn.i.bɪ'saʊ
uiness 'gɪn.ɪs
uinevere 'gwɪn.ɪ.vɪəʳ, 'gɪn-, '-ə- (US) 'gwɪn.ɪ.vɪr, '-ə-
uinness 'gɪn.ɪs, -əs; gɪ'nes
ote: The beer (®) is called /'gɪn.ɪs/.
uipure gɪ'pjʊəʳ (US) -'pjʊr, -'pʊr
uisborough 'gɪz.bər.ə (US) -bɚ.oʊ, -bɚ.ə
uis|e gaɪz **-es** -ɪz
uise gi:z, gwi:z
uiseley 'gaɪz.li
uitar gɪ'tɑ:ʳ (US) -'tɑ:r **-s** -z
uitarist gɪ'tɑ:.rɪst, gə- (US) -'tɑ:r.ɪst **-s** -s
ujarat ˌgʊdʒ.ə'rɑ:t, ˌgu:.dʒə'-
ujarati ˌgʊdʒ.ə'rɑ:.ti, ˌgu:.dʒə'- (US) -t̬i
ujranwala gu:dʒ'rɑ:n.wʌl.ə (US) -rən'wɑ:.lə
ulag (G) 'gu:.læg, -lɑ:g (US) -lɑ:g **-s** -z
ulbenkian gʊl'beŋ.ki.ən
ulch gʌltʃ **-es** -ɪz
ulden 'gʊl.dən, 'gu:l- **-s** -z
ules gju:lz, dʒu:lz
ulf gʌlf **-s** -s **-y** -i **ˌGulf 'States; 'Gulf ˌStream; 'Gulf ˌWar, ˌGulf 'War**
ull (G) gʌl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ullet 'gʌl.ɪt, -ət **-s** -s
ulley 'gʌl.i **-s** -z
ullibility ˌgʌl.ɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
ullible 'gʌl.ɪ.bəl, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
ullit 'hʊl.ɪt *as if Dutch:* 'xʊl.ɪt
ulliver 'gʌl.ɪ.vəʳ, '-ə- (US) -ə.vɚ
ull|y (G) 'gʌl|.i **-ies** -iz
ulp gʌlp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
um gʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d **-mer/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
umball 'gʌm.bɔ:l (US) -bɔ:l, -bɑ:l **-s** -z
umbley 'gʌm.bli
umbo (G) 'gʌm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-s** -z
umboil 'gʌm.bɔɪl **-s** -z
umboot 'gʌm.bu:t **-s** -s
umdrop 'gʌm.drɒp (US) -drɑ:p **-s** -s
ummidge 'gʌm.ɪdʒ
umm|y 'gʌm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
umption 'gʌmp.ʃən
umshield 'gʌm.ʃi:ld **-s** -z
umshoe 'gʌm.ʃu: **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
umtree 'gʌm.tri: **-s** -z
un gʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **-ner/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'gun ˌcarriage; 'gun dog; 'gun ˌroom; ˌjump the 'gun**
unboat 'gʌn.bəʊt, 'gʌm- (US) 'gʌn.boʊt **-s** -s
unby Hadath ˌgʌn.bi'hæd.əθ, ˌgʌm- (US) ˌgʌn-
uncatcher 'gʌnˌkætʃ.əʳ, 'gʌŋ- (US) 'gʌnˌkætʃ.ɚ
guncotton 'gʌn.kɒt.ən, 'gʌŋ- (US) 'gʌn.kɑ:.tən
gunfight 'gʌn.faɪt **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
gunfire 'gʌn.faɪəʳ (US) -faɪɚ
Gunga Din ˌgʌŋ.gə'dɪn
gung|e gʌndʒ **-y** -i
gung ho ˌgʌŋ'həʊ (US) -'hoʊ
gunk gʌŋk **-y** -i
gun|man 'gʌn|.mən, 'gʌm-, -mæn (US) 'gʌn- **-men** -mən, -men
gunmetal 'gʌnˌmet.əl, 'gʌm- (US) 'gʌnˌmet̬.əl
Gunn gʌn
Gunnar 'gʊn.ɑ:ʳ (US) -ɑ:r
gunnel (G) 'gʌn.əl **-s** -z
Gunnell 'gʌn.əl
Gunner 'gʌn.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Gunnersbury 'gʌn.əz.bər.i (US) -ɚzˌber-, -bər-
gunnery 'gʌn.ər.i
Gunning 'gʌn.ɪŋ
Gunnison 'gʌn.ɪ.sən
gunny 'gʌn.i
gunnysack 'gʌn.i.sæk **-s** -s
gunpoint 'gʌn.pɔɪnt, 'gʌm- (US) 'gʌn-
gunpowder 'gʌnˌpaʊ.dəʳ, 'gʌm- (US) 'gʌnˌpaʊ.dɚ **ˌGunpowder 'Plot** (US) **'Gunpowder ˌPlot**
gunrunn|er 'gʌnˌrʌn|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
gunship 'gʌn.ʃɪp **-s** -s
gunshot 'gʌn.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑ:t **-s** -s
gunslinger 'gʌn.slɪŋ.əʳ **-s** -z
gunsmith 'gʌn.smɪθ **-s** -s
Gunter 'gʌn.təʳ (US) -tɚ
Guntram 'gʌn.trəm
gunwale 'gʌn.əl **-s** -z
gupp|y (G) 'gʌp|.i **-ies** -iz
Gupta 'gʊp.tə, 'gʌp.tə
gurgl|e 'gɜ:.gəl (US) 'gɝ:- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-glɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gurkha 'gɜ:.kə (US) 'gɝ:- **-s** -z
Gurkhali ˌgɜ:'kɑ:.li, ˌgʊə- (US) ˌgɝ:-
Gurley 'gɜ:.li (US) 'gɝ:-
Gurnall 'gɜ:.nəl (US) 'gɝ:-
gurnard (G) 'gɜ:.nəd (US) 'gɝ:.nɚd **-s** -z
gurnet 'gɜ:.nɪt, -nət (US) 'gɝ:- **-s** -s
gurney (G) 'gɜ:.ni (US) 'gɝ:-
Gurton 'gɜ:.tən (US) 'gɝ:-
guru 'gʊr.u:, 'gu:.ru:, 'gʊə- (US) 'gu:.ru: **-s** -z
Gus gʌs
gush gʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Gushington 'gʌʃ.ɪŋ.tən
gusset 'gʌs.ɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Gussie, Gussy 'gʌs.i
gust gʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Gustafson 'gʊs.tæf.sən (US) 'gʌs.təf-, -tɑ:f-
gustation gʌs'teɪ.ʃən
gustatory 'gʌs.tə.tər.i; gʌs'teɪ- (US) 'gʌs.tə.tɔ:r-
Gustav, Gustave 'gʊs.tɑ:v, 'gʌs- (US) 'gʌs-
Gustavus gʊs'tɑ:.vəs, gʌs-, gə'stɑ:- (US) gʌs'teɪ.vəs, -'tɑ:-
gusto 'gʌs.təʊ (US) -toʊ
gust|y 'gʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gut gʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'gʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'gʌt̬.ɪd
Gutenberg 'gu:.tən.bɜ:g (US) -bɝ:g
Guthrie 'gʌθ.ri
Gutierrez gu:'tjer.ez
gutless 'gʌt.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
guts|y 'gʌt.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
gutt|a 'gʌt|.ə (US) 'gʌt̬|.ə **-ae** -i:
gutta-percha ˌgʌt.ə'pɜ:.tʃə (US) ˌgʌt̬.ə'pɝ:-
gutt|er 'gʌt|.əʳ (US) 'gʌt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **ˌgutter 'press** (US) **'gutter ˌpress**
guttersnipe 'gʌt.ə.snaɪp (US) 'gʌt̬.ɚ- **-s** -s
guttural 'gʌt.ər.əl (US) 'gʌt̬- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
guv gʌv
guvnor 'gʌv.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
guy (G) gaɪ **-s** -z
Guyana gaɪ'ɑ:n.ə, gi'ɑ:.nə, -æn.ə (US) gi'æn.ə, gaɪ-, -'ɑ:.nə
Guyanese ˌgaɪ.ə'ni:z (US) ˌgi:.ə'ni:z, ˌgaɪ-, -'ni:s *stress shift:* **ˌGuyanese 'people**
Guy Fawkes ˌgaɪ'fɔ:ks, '-- (US) -'fɔ:ks, -'fɑ:ks *stress shift, see compound:* **'Guy Fawkes ˌnight**
Guylian 'gi:.li.ən
Guysborough 'gaɪz.bər.ə (US) -bɚ.oʊ
guzzl|e 'gʌz.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, '-ləʳ/z (US) '-əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
Gwalia 'gwɑ:.li.ə
Gwalior 'gwɑ:.li.ɔ:ʳ (US) -ɔ:r
Gwatkin 'gwɒt.kɪn (US) 'gwɑ:t-
Gwaun-Cae-Gurwen ˌgwaɪn.kə'gɜ:.wən, ˌgwaɪŋ- (US) -'gɝ:-
Gwen gwen
Gwenda 'gwen.də
Gwendol|en 'gwen.də.l|ɪn, -dəl.ɪn **-ine** -ɪn, -i:n **-yn** -ɪn
Gwent gwent
Gwersyllt ˌgweə'sɪlt (US) ˌgwer-
Gwinnett gwɪ'net
Gwladys 'glæd.ɪs
Gwrych gʊ'ri:k, -'ri:x
Gwydion 'gwɪd.i.ən
Gwydyr 'gwɪd.ɪəʳ, -əʳ; 'gwaɪ.dəʳ (US) 'gwɪd.ɪr
Gwynedd 'gwɪn.əð, -ɪð, -eð
Gwyneth 'gwɪn.əθ, -ɪθ, -eθ
gwyniad 'gwɪn.i.æd **-s** -z
Gwyn(ne) gwɪn
gyb|e dʒaɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Gye dʒaɪ, gaɪ
Gyges 'gaɪ.dʒi:z
Gyle gaɪl

Gyles gaɪlz
gym dʒɪm -s -z
gymkhana dʒɪm'kɑː.nə -s -z
gymnas|ium dʒɪm'neɪ.z|i.əm **-iums** -z **-ia** -i.ə
gymnast 'dʒɪm.næst ⓤⓢ -næst, -nəst -s -s
gymnastic dʒɪm'næs.tɪk **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
gymnosophist dʒɪm'nɒs.ə.fɪst ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.sə- **-s** -s
gymnosperm 'dʒɪm.nəʊ.spɜːm, 'gɪm- ⓤⓢ -nə.spɝːm **-s** -z
gymnospermous ˌdʒɪm.nəʊ'spɜː.məs, ˌgɪm- ⓤⓢ -nə'spɝː-
Gympie 'gɪm.pi
gymslip 'dʒɪm.slɪp -s -s
gyn(a)ecological ˌgaɪ.nə.kə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-li** -i
gyn(a)ecolog|y ˌgaɪ.nə'kɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
gyneci|um ˌdʒaɪ'niː.si|əm, ˌgaɪ- **-a** -ə
Gyngell 'gɪn.dʒᵊl
gynoeci|um ˌdʒaɪ'niː.si|.əm, ˌgaɪ- **-a** -ə
Györ djɜːʳ ⓤⓢ djɝː, djɔːr
gyp dʒɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Gyp *nickname:* dʒɪp *French novelist:* ʒiːp
gypsophila dʒɪp'sɒf.ɪ.lə, -ᵊl.ə ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.fɪ- **-s** -z
gypsum 'dʒɪp.səm
gyps|y 'dʒɪp.s|i **-ies** -iz
gyrate (*adj.*) 'dʒaɪə.rət, -reɪt, -rɪt ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.reɪt
gy|rate (*v.*) dʒaɪə|'reɪt ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ|.reɪt **-rates** -'reɪts ⓤⓢ -reɪts **-rating** -'reɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -'reɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -reɪ.t̬ɪd
gyration dʒaɪə'reɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ dʒaɪ- **-s** -z
gyratory 'dʒaɪə.rə.tᵊr.i; dʒaɪə'reɪ- ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.rə.tɔːr-
gyr|e dʒaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ dʒaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
gyrfalcon 'dʒɜːˌfɔːl.kᵊn, 'dʒɪə-, -ˌfɔː- ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː.fæl-, -fɔːl- **-s** -z
gyro- dʒaɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ dʒaɪ.roʊ, -rə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **gyroscope** /'dʒaɪə.rə.skəʊp ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.rə.skoʊp/, **gyroscopic** /ˌdʒaɪə.rə'skɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌdʒaɪ.rə'skɑː.pɪk/.
gyro 'dʒaɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.roʊ, 'gɪr.oʊ **-s** -z
gyrocompass 'dʒaɪə.rəʊˌkʌm.pəs ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.roʊ- **-es** -ɪz
gyromagnetic ˌdʒaɪə.rəʊ.mæg'net.ɪk, -məg'- ⓤⓢ ˌdʒaɪ.roʊ.mæg'net̬.ɪk
gyron 'dʒaɪə.rən, -rɒn ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.rən, -rɑːn **-s** -z
gyroscope 'dʒaɪə.rə.skəʊp ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.rə.skoʊp **-s** -s
gyroscopic ˌdʒaɪə.rə'skɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌdʒaɪ.rə'skɑː.pɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
gyrostat 'dʒaɪə.rəʊ.stæt ⓤⓢ 'dʒaɪ.rə-, -roʊ- **-s** -s
gyrostatic ˌdʒaɪə.rəʊ'stæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌdʒaɪ.rə'stæt̬- **-s** -s
gyv|e dʒaɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d

Pronouncing the letter H

There are two main pronunciations for the consonant letter **h**: /h/ and silent.

The usual pronunciation is /h/, e.g.:

head /hed/

h has a silent realisation at the end of a word, e.g.:

oh /əʊ/ (US) /oʊ/
loofah /ˈluː.fə/

There is a group of words in which it is also silent initially: *heir, honest, honour* and *hour*, and their derivatives, and *herb* for American English.

Following an initial **r**, **h** is silent, e.g.:

rhythm /ˈrɪð.ᵊm/

In weak forms, **h** is often not pronounced, e.g.:

him /ɪm/
have /əv/

(H) eɪtʃ -'s -ɪz
H2O ˌeɪtʃ.tuːˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ
ha *exclamation:* hɑː
ha (*abbrev. for* **hectare**) ˈhek.teəʳ, -tɑːʳ, -təʳ (US) -ter
Haagen Dazs® ˌhɑː.gənˈdɑːz (US) ˈhɑː.gənˌdæs
Haakon ˈhɔː.kɒn, ˈhɑː-, -kᵊn (US) ˈhɔː.kʊn, ˈhɑː-, -kɑːn, -kən
Haarlem ˈhɑː.ləm, -lem (US) ˈhɑːr-
Habacuc, Habakkuk ˈhæb.ə.kək, -kʌk; həˈbæk.ək
Habberton ˈhæb.ə.tən (US) -ɚ.tən
habeas corpus ˌheɪ.bi.əsˈkɔː.pəs, -æsˈ- (US) -ˈkɔːr-
haberdasher ˈhæb.ə.dæʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ.dæʃ.ɚ -s -z
haberdasher|y ˌhæb.əˈdæʃ.ᵊr|.i, ˈhæb.ə.dæʃ- (US) ˈhæb.ɚ.dæʃ- -ies -iz
Habgood ˈhæb.gʊd
Habibie həˈbiː.bi, hæbˈiː-
habiliment həˈbɪl.ɪ.mənt, hæbˈɪl-, ˈ-ə- (US) həˈbɪl.ə- -s -s
habili|tate həˈbɪl.ɪ|.teɪt, hæbˈɪl-, ˈ-əl- (US) həˈbɪl.əl- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
habilitation həˌbɪl.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, hæbˌɪl-, -əˈ- (US) həˌbɪl.əˈ-
Habington ˈhæb.ɪŋ.tən
habit ˈhæb.ɪt -s -s
habitab|le ˈhæb.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl (US) -t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
habitant *inhabitant:* ˈhæb.ɪ.tᵊnt (US) -t̬ᵊnt -s -s
habitant *in Canada and Louisiana:* ˈhæb.ɪ.tɔ̃ːŋ, ˈæb-, -tɒŋ (US) ˈhæb.ɪ.tɑːnt, -tənt; ˌæb.iˈtɑːn -s -z
habitat (H®) ˈhæb.ɪ.tæt, ˈ-ə- -s -s
habitation ˌhæb.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- -s -z
habit-forming ˈhæb.ɪtˌfɔː.mɪŋ (US) -ˌfɔːr-
habit|ual həˈbɪtʃ|.u.əl, hæbˈɪtʃ-, -ˈbɪt.j|u- (US) həˈbɪtʃ|.u.əl -ually -ʊ.li, -ə.li
habitu|ate həˈbɪtʃ.u|.eɪt, hæbˈɪtʃ-, -ˈbɪt.ju- (US) həˈbɪtʃ.u- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
habitude ˈhæb.ɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd -s -z
habitué həˈbɪt.ju.eɪ, hæbˈɪt-, -ˈbɪtʃ.u.eɪ (US) həˌbɪtʃ.uˈeɪ, həˈbɪtʃ.u.eɪ -s -z
Note: Also occasionally /əˈbɪt.ju.eɪ/ in British English, when not initial.
Habsburg ˈhæps.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
hacek ˈhɑː.tʃek, ˈhætʃ.ek
hachure hæʃˈjʊəʳ, -ˈʊəʳ (US) hæʃˈʊr, -ˈjʊr, ˈhæʃ.ʊr -s -z
hacienda ˌhæs.iˈen.də (US) ˌhɑː.siˈ- -s -z
hack (H) hæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
hackamore ˈhæk.ə.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr -s -z
hackberr|y ˈhæk.ber|.i, -bᵊr|.i (US) -ˌber- -ies -iz
hacker (H) ˈhæk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Hackett ˈhæk.ɪt
hackl|e ˈhæk.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈhæk.lɪŋ -ed -d
hackney (H) ˈhæk.ni -s -z -ed -d
hacksaw ˈhæk.sɔː (US) -sɑː, -sɔː -s -z
hackwork ˈhæk.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
had (*from* **have**) *strong form:* hæd *weak forms:* həd, əd, d
Note: The strong form is used when **had** is used as a full verb rather than an auxiliary, e.g. 'We had some tea.' The auxiliary verb is a weak form word: the strong form /hæd/ is used contrastively, e.g. 'I don't know if she had or she hadn't', in final position, e.g. 'I'd read as much as he had' and quite frequently in initial position, e.g. 'Had anyone seen it before?'. It is also used for emphasis, e.g. 'It had to break down when it was raining'. Elsewhere, the weak form is usually /həd/ or /əd/. The form /d/ is usually used only after vowels.
Hadar ˈheɪ.dɑːʳ (US) -dɑːr
hadarim (*plur. of* **heder**) ˌhæd.ɑːˈriːm (US) ˌhɑː.dɑːˈ- *as if Hebrew:* ˌxæd-, ˌxɑː-
Hadden ˈhæd.ᵊn
Haddington ˈhæd.ɪŋ.tən
haddock (H) ˈhæd.ək -s -s
Haddon ˈhæd.ᵊn
had|e heɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Haden ˈheɪ.dᵊn
Hades ˈheɪ.diːz
Hadfield ˈhæd.fiːld
hadj hædʒ, hɑːdʒ (US) hædʒ -es -ɪz
hadji ˈhædʒ.i, ˈhɑː.dʒi, -dʒiː (US) ˈhædʒ.iː -s -z
Hadleigh, Hadley ˈhæd.li
Hadlow ˈhæd.ləʊ (US) -loʊ
hadn't ˈhæd.ᵊnt
Hadrian ˈheɪ.dri.ən ˌ**Hadrian's** ˈ**Wall**
hadst *strong form:* hædst *weak form:* hədst
Note: Weak form word, rarely used. See the note for **had**.
haecceity hekˈsiː.ə.ti, hiːk-, haɪk-, -ɪ.ti (US) hekˈsiː.ə.t̬i, hiːk-
haem hiːm
haematite ˈhiː.mə.taɪt, ˈhem.ə- (US) ˈhiː.mə-
haematologic ˌhiː.mə.təˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -t̬əˈlɑːdʒ- -al -ᵊl
haematolog|y ˌhiː.məˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈtɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
haematoma ˌhiː.məˈtəʊ.mə, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.məˈtoʊ- -s -z -ta -tə
haemoglobin ˌhiː.məʊˈgləʊ.bɪn, ˌhem.əʊˈ- (US) ˈhiː.mə.gloʊ-, -mə-
haemophili|a ˌhiː.məˈfɪl.i|.ə, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.moʊˈ-, -məˈ-, -ˈfiːl.j|ə -ac/s -æk/s
haemorrhag|e ˈhem.ᵊr.ɪdʒ (US) -ɚ.ɪdʒ, ˈ-rɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
haemorrhoid ˈhem.ᵊr.ɔɪd (US) -ə.rɔɪd, ˈ-rɔɪd -s -z
haemosta|sis ˌhiː.məˈsteɪ|.sɪs, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.məˈ- -ses -siːz
hafnium ˈhæf.ni.əm
haft hɑːft (US) hæft -s -s
hag hæg -s -s
Hag® hɑːg
Hagan ˈheɪ.gᵊn (US) ˈheɪ-, ˈhɑː-
Hagar *biblical name:* ˈheɪ.gɑːʳ, -gəʳ (US) -gɑːr *modern personal name:* ˈheɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɑːr, -gɚ
Hagarene ˈhæg.ᵊr.iːn, ˈheɪ.gᵊr-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈhæg.ə.riːn, ˈheɪ.gə- -s -z
Hagerstown ˈheɪ.gəz.taʊn (US) -gɚz-
Haggada(h) hægˈʌd.ə, -ˈɒd- (US) həˈgɑː.dɑː, -də; ˌhɑː.gɑːˈdɑː
Haggai ˈhæg.eɪ.aɪ, -i.aɪ, ˈhæg.aɪ; hægˈeɪ.aɪ (US) ˈhæg.i.aɪ, ˈhæg.aɪ
Haggar ˈhæg.ɑːʳ, -əʳ (US) -ɑːr, -ɚ
haggard (H) ˈhæg.əd (US) -ɚd -ly -li

-ness -nəs, -nɪs

Hagger 'hæg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ

Haggerston 'hæg.ə.stᵊn ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-

haggis 'hæg.ɪs -es -ɪz

haggl|e 'hæg.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'hæg.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, 'hæg.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z

hagiograph|y ˌhæg.i'ɒg.rə.f|i, ˌheɪ.dʒi'- ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

hagiolatry ˌhæg.i'ɒl.ə.tri, ˌheɪ.dʒi'- ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.lə-

hagiolog|y ˌhæg.i'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌheɪ.dʒi'- ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s

hagioscope 'hæg.i.ə.skəʊp, 'heɪ.dʒi- ⓤⓢ -skoʊp -s -s

Hagley 'hæg.li

Hagman 'hæg.mən

hagridden 'hægˌrɪd.ᵊn

Hague heɪg

ha-ha (*interj.*) hɑː'hɑː, '--

ha-ha *sunken fence:* 'hɑː.hɑː -s -z

Hahn hɑːn

hahnium 'hɑː.ni.əm

Haider 'haɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ

Haifa 'haɪ.fə

Haig heɪg

Haigh heɪg, heɪ

Haight-Ashbury ˌheɪt'æʃ.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ˌber-

haiku 'haɪ.kuː

hail heɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌHail 'Mary

Hailes heɪlz

Haile Selassie ˌhaɪ.li.sə'læs.i, -sɪ'- ⓤⓢ -'læs.i, -'lɑː.si

Hailey 'heɪ.li

Haileybury 'heɪ.lɪ.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ˌber-

hail-fellow-well-met ˌheɪlˌfel.əʊˌwel'met ⓤⓢ ˌ-oʊˌ-

Hailsham 'heɪl.ʃəm

hailstone 'heɪl.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn -s -z

hailstorm 'heɪl.stɔːm ⓤⓢ -stɔːrm -s -z

Hain heɪn

Hainan ˌhaɪ'næn

Hainault 'heɪ.nɔːt, -nɔːlt, -nɒlt ⓤⓢ -nɑːlt, -nɔːlt

Haines heɪnz

Haiphong ˌhaɪ'fɒŋ ⓤⓢ -'fɑːŋ

hair heəʳ ⓤⓢ her -s -z 'hair ˌgel; 'hair's ˌbreadth; 'hair ˌpiece; ˌhair 'shirt; 'hair ˌslide; ˌhair 'trigger; let one's 'hair ˌdown; ˌmake someone's 'hair stand on ˌend

hairball 'heə.bɔːl ⓤⓢ 'her-, -bɑːl -s -z

hairband 'heə.bænd ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairbreadth 'heə.bretθ, -bredθ ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -s

hairbrush 'heə.brʌʃ ⓤⓢ 'her- -es -ɪz

haircloth 'heə.klɒθ ⓤⓢ 'her.klɑːθ

haircut 'heə.kʌt ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -s

haircutt|er 'heəˌkʌt|.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'herˌkʌt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

hairdo 'heə.duː ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairdress|er 'heəˌdres|.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'herˌdres|.ɚ -ers -ez ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

hairdryer, hairdrier 'heəˌdraɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'herˌdraɪ.ɚ -s -z

-haired 'heəd ⓤⓢ herd

Note: Suffix. Compounds ending **-haired** normally carry primary stress on the suffix in British English, but there is a stress shift when such words are used attributively, e.g., **goldenhaired** '**child**. In American English, compounds ending **-haired** are normally stressed on the first element, e.g. **goldenhaired** ⓤⓢ /'goʊl.dᵊn.herd/.

hairgrass 'heə.grɑːs ⓤⓢ 'her.græs

hairgrip 'heə.grɪp ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -s

hairless 'heə.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'her- -ness -nəs, -nɪs

hairline 'heə.laɪn ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairnet 'heə.net ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -s

hairpiec|e 'heə.piːs ⓤⓢ 'her- -es -ɪz

hairpin 'heə.pɪn ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z ˌhairpin 'bend; ˌhairpin 'turn

hair-raising 'heəˌreɪ.zɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'her-

hairsplitting 'heəˌsplɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'herˌsplɪt̬-

hairspray 'heə.spreɪ ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairspring 'heə.sprɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairstyle 'heə.staɪl ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -z

hairstylist 'heəˌstaɪ.lɪst ⓤⓢ 'her- -s -s

hair|y 'heə.r|i ⓤⓢ 'her|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Haiti 'heɪ.ti, 'haɪ-; haɪ'iː.ti, hɑː- ⓤⓢ 'heɪ.t̬i, -ti

Haitian 'heɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən, -ti-; haɪ'iː.ʃᵊn, hɑː-, -ʃi.ən ⓤⓢ 'heɪ.ʃᵊn, -ti.ən -s -z

Haitink 'haɪ.tɪŋk

hajj hædʒ, hɑːdʒ ⓤⓢ hædʒ

hajji 'hædʒ.i, 'hɑː.dʒi, -dʒiː ⓤⓢ 'hædʒ.iː -s -z

haka 'hɑː.kə -s -z

hake heɪk -s -s

hakim *doctor:* hɑː'kiːm, hə-, hæk'iːm ⓤⓢ hɑː'kiːm -s -z *ruler:* 'hɑː.kiːm, -'- ⓤⓢ 'hɑː.kiːm, -kɪm

Hakkinen 'hæk.ɪ.nən

Hakluyt 'hæk.luːt

Hakodate ˌhæk.əʊ'dɑː.ti ⓤⓢ ˌhɑː.koʊ'dɑː.teɪ

Hal hæl

Halakah hæl'ʌk.ə ⓤⓢ ˌhɑː.lɑː'kɑː, -'xɑː; hə'lɑː.kə, -xə

halal hæl'æl; hə'lɑːl

halala, halalah hə'læl.ə, hæl'æl.ə ⓤⓢ hə'lɑː.lə -s -z

halation hə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, hæl'eɪ- ⓤⓢ hə'leɪ- -s -z

halberd 'hæl.bəd, 'hɔːl-, -bɜːd ⓤⓢ 'hæl.bɚd, 'hɑːl- -s -z

halberdier ˌhæl.bə'dɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -bɚ'dɪr -s -z

halcyon 'hæl.si.ən -s -z

Halcyone hæl'saɪə.ni

Haldane 'hɔːl.deɪn, 'hɒl- ⓤⓢ 'hɔːl-, 'hɑːl-

Haldon 'hɔːl.dᵊn

hal|e (H) (*adj, v.*) heɪl -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

haler 'hɑː.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ, -ler -s -z -u -uː

Hales heɪlz

Halesowen ˌheɪlz'əʊ.ɪn, -ən ⓤⓢ -'oʊ-

Halesworth 'heɪlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɝːθ, -wɚθ

Halex® 'heɪ.leks

Haley 'heɪ.li

hal|f hɑː|f ⓤⓢ hæ|f -ves -vz ˌhalf a 'dozen; ˌhalf an 'hour; ˌhalf 'cock; ˌhalf 'measures; ˌhalf 'nelson; ˌhalf 'pay; ˌhalf 'term

Note: Compound words beginning with **half-** usually have secondary stress on this syllable and primary stress later in the compound word (e.g. **half-baked** has the stress pattern ˌ-'-); however, the word is liable to undergo stress shift when a strongly stressed syllable follows (e.g. **half-baked plan** often has the pattern ˌ--'-). Since there are many such words, notes about this stress shift for individual words are not given.

half-a-crown ˌhɑːf.ə'kraʊn ⓤⓢ ˌhæf-

half-assed ˌhɑːf'æst, -'ɑːst ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'æst

halfback 'hɑːf.bæk ⓤⓢ 'hæf- -s -s

half-baked ˌhɑːf'beɪkt ⓤⓢ ˌhæf-

half-blood 'hɑːf.blʌd ⓤⓢ 'hæf-

half-board ˌhɑːf'bɔːd ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'bɔːrd

half-bred 'hɑːf.bred ⓤⓢ 'hæf-

half-breed 'hɑːf.briːd ⓤⓢ 'hæf- -s -z

half-brother 'hɑːfˌbrʌð.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'hæfˌbrʌð.ɚ -s -z

half-caste 'hɑːf.kɑːst ⓤⓢ 'hæf.kæst -s -s

half-crown ˌhɑːf'kraʊn ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- -s -z

half-cut ˌhɑːf'kʌt ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- *stress shift:* ˌhalf-cut 'partygoers

half-dozen ˌhɑːf'dʌz.ᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- -s -z

half-hardy ˌhɑːf'hɑː.di ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'hɑːr-

half-hearted ˌhɑːf'hɑː.tɪd ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'hɑːr.t̬ɪd

half-hearted|ly ˌhɑːf'hɑː.tɪd|.li ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'hɑːr.t̬ɪd- -ness -nəs, -nɪs

half-holiday ˌhɑːf'hɒl.ə.deɪ, '-ɪ-, -di ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'hɑː.lə.deɪ -s -z

half-hour ˌhɑːf'aʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'aʊr, -'aʊɚ -s -z

half-hourly ˌhɑːf'aʊə.li ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'aʊr-, -'aʊɚ-

half-length ˌhɑːf'leŋθ, -'leŋkθ ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌhalf-length 'coat

half-li|fe 'hɑːf.laɪ|f ⓤⓢ 'hæf- -ves -vz

half-mast ˌhɑːf'mɑːst ⓤⓢ ˌhæf'mæst

half-moon ˌhɑːf'muːn ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- -s -z

Halford 'hæl.fəd, 'hɔːl-, 'hɒl- ⓤⓢ 'hæl.fɚd, 'hɔːl-, 'hɑːl-

halfpence 'heɪ.pᵊnts

halfpenn|y 'heɪp.n|i, 'heɪ.pᵊn|.i -ies -iz

Halfpenny 'hɑːf.pen.i, -pə.ni ⓤⓢ 'hæf-

halfpennyworth 'heɪp.ni.wəθ, 'heɪ.pᵊn.i-, -wɜːθ; ˌhɑːf'pen.əθ ⓤⓢ 'heɪ.pᵊn.i.wɝːθ -s -s

half-pint ˌhɑːf'paɪnt ⓤⓢ ˌhæf- -s -s

half-price ˌhɑːf'praɪs ⓤⓢ ˌhæf-

half-sister 'hɑːfˌsɪs.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'hæfˌsɪs.tɚ -s -z

half-size ˌhɑːf'saɪz US 'hæf.saɪz
half-time ˌhɑːf'taɪm US 'hæf.taɪm
halftone ˌhɑːf'təʊn US 'hæf.toʊn **-s** -z
half-tru|th ˌhɑːf'truː|θ US 'hæf.truː|θ **-ths** -ðz
half-volley ˌhɑːf'vɒl.i US 'hæfˌvɑː.li **-s** -z
halfway ˌhɑːf'weɪ US ˌhæf- ˌ**halfway 'house** US '**halfway ˌhouse**
half-wit 'hɑːf.wɪt US 'hæf- **-s** -s
half-witted ˌhɑːf'wɪt.ɪd US ˌhæf'wɪt̬-
half-year ˌhɑːf'jɪəʳ US ˌhæf'jɪr **-s** -z **-ly** -li
Haliburton ˌhæl.ɪ'bɜː.tᵊn US 'hæl.ɪ.bɝː-
halibut 'hæl.ɪ.bət, -bʌt **-s** -s
Halicarnassus ˌhæl.ɪ.kɑː'næs.əs US -kɑːr'-
halidom 'hæl.ɪ.dəm
Halidon 'hæl.ɪ.dᵊn
Halifax 'hæl.ɪ.fæks
halitosis ˌhæl.ɪ'təʊ.sɪs US -'toʊ-
Halkett 'hɔːl.kɪt, 'hæl.kɪt, 'hæk.ɪt
hall (H) hɔːl US hɔːl, hɑːl **-s** -z ˌ**Hall of 'Fame**; ˌ**hall of 'residence**; '**residence ˌhall**
hallal hæl'æl, hə'lɑːl
Hallam 'hæl.əm
Hallé 'hæl.eɪ, -i US 'hæl.eɪ
Halle 'hæl.ə US 'hɑː.lə
hallelujah (H) ˌhæl.ɪ'luː.jə, -ə'- **-s** -z
Haller 'hæl.əʳ US -ɚ
Hallett 'hæl.ɪt
Halley 'hæl.i, 'hɔː.li US 'hæl.i, 'heɪ.li ˌ**Halley's 'Comet**
Note: Halley's Comet is usually referred to as /'hæl.iz/, with the popular variant /'heɪ.liz/ in the US.
halliard 'hæl.jəd, -i.əd US -jɚd **-s** -z
Halliday 'hæl.ɪ.deɪ, '-ə-
Halliwell 'hæl.ɪ.wel
hallmark 'hɔːl.mɑːk US -mɑːrk, 'hɑːl- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hallo(a) hə'ləʊ, hæl'əʊ, hel'-, 'hʌl.əʊ US hə'loʊ
halloo hə'luː, hæl'uː US hə'luː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
hallow 'hæl.əʊ US -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Halloween, Hallowe'en ˌhæl.əʊ'iːn US ˌhæl.oʊ'-, ˌhɑː.loʊ'-, -lə'wiːn
Hallowmas 'hæl.əʊ.mæs, -məs US -oʊ- **-es** -ɪz
Hallows 'hæl.əʊz US -oʊz
hallstand 'hɔːl.stænd US 'hɔːl-, 'hɑːl- **-s** -z
halluci|nate hə'luː.sɪ|.neɪt, -'ljuː-, -sə- US -'luː- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd
hallucination həˌluː.sɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ˌljuː-, -sə'- US -ˌluː- **-s** -z
hallucinatory hə'luː.sɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, -'ljuː-, -sᵊn.ə-, -tri; həˌluː.sɪ'neɪ-, -ˌljuː-, -sᵊn'eɪ- US hə'luː.sɪ.nə.tɔːr.i
hallucinogen hə'luː.sɪ.nə.dʒen, -dʒᵊn; -'ljuː-, -sᵊn.ə-, ˌhæl.uː'sɪn- US hə'luː.sɪ.nə.dʒen; ˌhæl.juː'sɪn.ə-, -jə'- **-s** -z
hallucinogenic həˌluː.sɪ.nəʊ'dʒen.ɪk, -ˌljuː-, -sᵊn.ə'- US -ˌluː.sɪ.noʊ'-
hallway 'hɔːl.weɪ US 'hɔːl-, 'hɑːl- **-s** -z
halma 'hæl.mə
halo 'heɪ.ləʊ US -loʊ **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
halogen 'hæl.ə.dʒen, 'heɪ.lə-, -dʒən US 'hæl.oʊ-, '-ə- **-s** -z
halogenous hə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs, -ᵊn.əs US -'lɑː.dʒə.nəs
Halper 'hæl.pəʳ US -pɚ
Halpern 'hæl.pən US -pɚn
Hals hæls, hælz US hɑːls, hɑːlz
Halsbury 'hɔːlz.bᵊr.i, 'hɒlz- US 'hɔːlzˌber-, 'hɑːlz-
Halsey 'hɔːl.si, 'hæl-, -zi US 'hɔːl.zi, 'hɑːl-
Halstead 'hɔːl.sted, 'hɒl-, 'hæl-, -stɪd US 'hɔːl-, 'hɑːl-, 'hæl-
halt hɒlt, hɔːlt US hɔːlt, hɑːlt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li US 'hɔːl.t̬ɪŋ/li, 'hɑːl- **-ed** -ɪd US 'hɔːl.t̬ɪd, 'hɑːl-
halter 'hɔːl.təʳ, 'hɒl- US 'hɔːl.t̬ɚ, 'hɑːl- **-s** -z
halterneck 'hɒl.tə.nek, 'hɔːl- US 'hɔːl.t̬ɚ-, 'hɑːl- **-s** -s
halva(h) 'hæl.və, -vɑː US hɑːl'vɑː; '--, -və
halv|e hɑːv US hæv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Halvergate 'hæl.və.geɪt US -vɚ-
halves (*plur. of* **half**) hɑːvz US hævz
halyard 'hæl.jəd US -jɚd **-s** -z
ham (H) hæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
hamadryad ˌhæm.ə'draɪ.əd, -'draɪ.æd **-s** -z
Hamah 'hæm.ə US 'hɑː.mɑː
Haman *biblical name:* 'heɪ.mæn, -mən US -mən *modern surname:* 'heɪ.mən
Hamar 'heɪ.mɑːʳ US -mɑːr
hamartia ˌhɑː.mɑː'tiː.ə US -mɑːr'-
Hamas hæm'æs, '--
Hamble 'hæm.bᵊl
Hambleden 'hæm.bᵊl.dən
Hambledon 'hæm.bᵊl.dən
Hambleton 'hæm.bᵊl.tən
Hamblin 'hæmb.lɪn
Hambro 'hæm.brəʊ, -brə US 'hæm.brə, -broʊ
Hamburg 'hæm.bɜːg US -bɝːg, 'hɑːm.bʊrg
hamburger 'hæmˌbɜː.gəʳ US -ˌbɝː.gɚ **-s** -z
Hamed 'hæm.ed US 'hɑː.məd
Hamelin 'hæm.lɪn, -ᵊl.ɪn, -ɪ.lɪn
Hamer 'heɪ.məʳ US -mɚ
Hamerton 'hæm.ə.tᵊn US '-ɚ-
ham-fisted ˌhæm'fɪs.tɪd US '--- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌham-fisted 'effort
ham-handed ˌhæm'hæn.dɪd US 'hæmˌhæn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌham-handed 'gesture
Hamhung ˌhɑːm'hʊŋ
Hamilcar hæm'ɪl.kɑːʳ, hə'mɪl-; 'hæm.ɪl-, -ᵊl- US -kɑːr
Hamill 'hæm.ᵊl
Hamilton 'hæm.ᵊl.tən, -ɪl-
Hamiltonian ˌhæm.ᵊl'təʊ.ni.ən, -ɪl'- US -'toʊ-
Hamish 'heɪ.mɪʃ
Hamite 'hæm.aɪt **-s** -s
Hamitic hæm'ɪt.ɪk, hə'mɪt- US hæm'ɪt̬-, hə'mɪt̬-
hamlet (H) 'hæm.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
Hamley 'hæm.li
Hamlin, Hamlyn 'hæm.lɪn
hammam 'hæm.æm, -əm, 'hʌm.ʌm; hə'mɑːm US 'hæm.əm **-s** -z
Hammarskjöld 'hæm.ə.ʃəʊld US -ɚ.ʃoʊld, 'hɑː.mɚ-
hamm|er (H) 'hæm|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd ˌ**go at it ˌhammer and 'tongs**
Hammerfest 'hæm.ə.fest US '-ɚ-
hammerhead 'hæm.ə.hed US '-ɚ- **-s** -z
hammerlock 'hæm.ə.lɒk US -ɚ.lɑːk **-s** -s
Hammersmith 'hæm.ə.smɪθ US '-ɚ-
Hammerstein 'hæm.ə.staɪn, -stiːn US '-ɚ-
Hammett 'hæm.ɪt
hammock 'hæm.ək **-s** -s
Ham(m)ond 'hæm.ənd
Hammurabi ˌhæm.ʊ'rɑː.bi US ˌhɑː.mʊ'-, ˌhæm.ə'-
hamm|y 'hæm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Hamoaze 'hæm.əʊz US -oʊz
Hampden 'hæmp.dən
hamp|er 'hæm.p|əʳ US -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Hampshire 'hæmp.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Hampstead 'hæmp.sted, -stɪd ˌ**Hampstead 'Heath**
Hampton 'hæmp.tən **-s** -z ˌ**Hampton 'Court**
Hamshaw 'hæm.ʃɔː US -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
hamster 'hæmp.stəʳ US -stɚ **-s** -z
ham|string 'hæm|.strɪŋ **-strings** -strɪŋz **-stringing** -strɪŋ.ɪŋ **-strung** -strʌŋ
hamza 'hæm.zə **-s** -z
Han hæn US hɑːn
Hanan 'hæn.ən
Hananiah ˌhæn.ə'naɪ.ə
Hanbury 'hæn.bᵊr.i, 'hæm- US 'hænˌber-
Hancock 'hæn.kɒk, 'hæŋ- US 'hæn.kɑːk
Hancox 'hæn.kɒks, 'hæŋ- US 'hæn.kɑːks
hand (H) hænd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs '**hand ˌcream**; '**hand greˌnade**; ˌ**know somewhere like the ˌback of one's 'hand**; ˌ**bite the ˌhand that 'feeds ˌone**; ˌ**force someone's 'hand**; ˌ**hand in 'glove (with)**; ˌ**wait on someone ˌhand and 'foot**
handbag 'hænd.bæg, 'hæm- US 'hænd- **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
handball 'hænd.bɔːl, 'hæm-

ⓤⓢ 'hænd.bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z
handbarrow 'hænd,bær.əʊ, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd,ber.oʊ, -,bær- -s -z
handbasin 'hænd,beɪ.sᵊn, 'hæm-, -sɪn ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
handbell 'hænd.bel, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
handbill 'hænd.bɪl, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
handbook 'hænd.bʊk, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -s
handbrake 'hænd.breɪk, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -s
handcart 'hænd.kɑːt, 'hæŋ- ⓤⓢ 'hænd.kɑːrt -s -s
handclap 'hænd.klæp, 'hæŋ- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -s
Handcock 'hænd.kɒk ⓤⓢ -kɑːk
handcraft 'hænd.krɑːft, 'hæŋ- ⓤⓢ 'hænd.kræft -s -s
handcuff 'hænd.kʌf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Handel 'hæn.dᵊl
Handelian hæn'diː.li.ən ⓤⓢ -'del.i-, -'diː.li-
handful 'hænd.fʊl -s -z
handgrip 'hænd.ɡrɪp, 'hæŋ- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -s
handgun 'hænd.ɡʌn, 'hæŋ- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
hand-held ,hænd'held ⓤⓢ ,-'-, '-- *stress shift, British only:* ,hand-held 'camera
handhold 'hænd.həʊld ⓤⓢ -hoʊld -s -z
hand-holding 'hænd,həʊl.dɪŋ ⓤⓢ -,hoʊl-
handicap 'hæn.dɪ.kæp ⓤⓢ '-dɪ-, '-di- -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
handicraft 'hæn.dɪ.krɑːft ⓤⓢ '-dɪ.kræft, '-di- -s -s
handiwork 'hæn.dɪ.wɜːk ⓤⓢ '-dɪ.wɝːk, '-di-
handkerchie|f 'hæŋ.kə.tʃiː|f, -tʃɪ|f ⓤⓢ -kɚ.tʃɪ|f, -tʃiː|f **-fs** -fs **-ves** -vz
handknit ,hænd'nɪt -s -'nɪts **-ting** -'nɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'nɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -'nɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'nɪt̬.ɪd *stress shift:* ,handknit 'sweater
handl|e 'hæn.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'hænd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, 'hænd.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z
handlebar 'hæn.dᵊl.bɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -bɑːr -s -z
Handley 'hænd.li
handmade ,hænd'meɪd, ,hæm- ⓤⓢ ,hænd- *stress shift:* ,handmade 'sweets
handmaid 'hænd.meɪd, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
handmaiden 'hænd,meɪ.dᵊn, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
hand-me-down 'hænd.mi.daʊn, 'hæm- ⓤⓢ 'hænd- -s -z
handout 'hænd.aʊt -s -s
handover 'hæn,dəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -,doʊ.vɚ -s -z
hand-pick ,hænd'pɪk, ,hæm- ⓤⓢ ,hænd- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
handrail 'hænd.reɪl -s -z
Hands hændz
handsaw 'hænd.sɔː ⓤⓢ -sɑː, -sɔː -s -z
handsel 'hænd.sᵊl -s -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
handset 'hænd.set -s -s
handsful (*plur. of* **handful**) 'hændz.fʊl
handshak|e 'hænd.ʃeɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
hands-off ,hændz'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf, -'ɔːf *stress shift:* ,hands-off 'manner
handsom|e 'hænd.səm **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
hands-on ,hændz'ɒn ⓤⓢ -'ɑːn *stress shift:* ,hands-on 'practice
handspring 'hænd.sprɪŋ -s -z
handstand 'hænd.stænd -s -z
hand-to-hand ,hænd.tə'hænd *stress shift:* ,hand-to-hand 'fighting
hand-to-mouth ,hænd.tə'maʊθ *stress shift:* ,hand-to-mouth 'living
handwork 'hænd.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
handwriting 'hænd,raɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -s -z
handwritten ,hænd'rɪt.ᵊn *stress shift:* ,handwritten 'note
hand|y (H) 'hæn.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
handy|man 'hæn.di|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men
hang hæŋ -s -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **hung** hʌŋ
hangar 'hæŋ.ɡəʳ, -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
hangdog 'hæŋ.dɒɡ ⓤⓢ -dɑːɡ, -dɔːɡ -s -z
hanger (H) 'hæŋ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
hanger-on ,hæŋ.əʳ'ɒn ⓤⓢ -ɚ'ɑːn **hangers-on** ,hæŋ.əz'ɒn ⓤⓢ -ɚz'-
hang-glid|er 'hæŋ,ɡlaɪ.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
hang|man 'hæŋ|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən
hangnail 'hæŋ.neɪl -s -z
hangout 'hæŋ.aʊt -s -s
hangover 'hæŋ.əʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -oʊ.vɚ -s -z
hang-up 'hæŋ.ʌp -s -s
hank (H) hæŋk -s -s
hank|er 'hæŋ.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
hankie 'hæŋ.ki -s -z
Hankow ,hæn'kaʊ, ,hæŋ- ⓤⓢ ,hæn-, ,hɑːn-, -'koʊ
Hanks hæŋks
hank|y 'hæŋ.k|i **-ies** -iz
hanky-panky ,hæŋ.ki'pæŋ.ki ⓤⓢ ,hæŋ.ki'pæŋ-, 'hæŋ.ki,pæŋ-
Hanley 'hæn.li
Hanna(h) 'hæn.ə
Hannay 'hæn.eɪ
Hannen 'hæn.ən
Hannibal 'hæn.ɪ.bᵊl, '-ə-
Hannington 'hæn.ɪŋ.tən
Hanoi hæn'ɔɪ, hə'nɔɪ ⓤⓢ hæn'ɔɪ, hɑː'nɔɪ, hə- *stress shift:* ,Hanoi 'Rocks
Hanover 'hæn.əʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -oʊ.vɚ
Hanoverian ,hæn.əʊ'vɪə.ri.ən, -'veə- ⓤⓢ -ə'vɪr.i-, -'ver -s -z
Hans hænts ⓤⓢ hɑːnz, hænz
Hansa 'hænt.sə, 'hæn.zə
Hansard 'hænt.sɑːd, -səd ⓤⓢ -sɚd
Hansberry 'hænz.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -,ber-
Hans|e hænts **-es** -ɪz
Hanseatic ,hænt.si'æt.ɪk, ,hæn.zi'- ⓤⓢ -'æt̬-
hansel (H) 'hænt.sᵊl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Hänsel 'hænt.sᵊl, 'hent-
Hansell 'hænt.sᵊl
Hansen 'hænt.sen
hansom (H) 'hænt.səm -s -z **'hansom ,cab**
Hanson 'hænt.sᵊn
Hants. (*abbrev. for* **Hampshire**) hænts
Hanuk(k)ah 'hʌn.ʊ.kə, 'hæn- ⓤⓢ 'hɑː.nə.kə, 'xɑː-, -nuː-, -kɑː
Hanuman ,hʌn.ʊ'mɑːn ⓤⓢ ,hɑː.nʊ'mɑːn, '---
Hanway 'hæn.weɪ
Hanwell 'hæn.wəl, -wel
hào haʊ
hap hæp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
haphazard ,hæp'hæz.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hapless 'hæp.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
haploid 'hæp.lɔɪd -s -z
haplology hæp'lɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.lə-
haply 'hæp.li
hap'orth 'heɪ.pəθ ⓤⓢ -pɚθ -s -s
happ|en 'hæp|.ᵊn **-ens** -ᵊnz **-ening/s** -ᵊn.ɪŋ/z, 'hæp.nɪŋ/z **-ened** -ᵊnd
happenstance 'hæp.ᵊn.stænts, -ᵊm-, -stɑːnts ⓤⓢ -ᵊn.stænts
Happisburgh 'heɪz.bᵊr.ə
happ|y 'hæp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **'happy ,hour; ,happy 'medium**
happy-go-lucky ,hæp.i.ɡəʊ'lʌk.i ⓤⓢ -ɡoʊ'- *stress shift:* ,happy-go-lucky 'fellow
Hapsburg 'hæps.bɜːɡ ⓤⓢ -bɝːɡ
hara-kiri ,hær.ə'kɪr.i, -'kɪə.ri ⓤⓢ ,hɑːr.ə'kɪr.i, ,hær-
harangu|e hə'ræŋ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Harare hə'rɑː.ri, -reɪ ⓤⓢ hɑː'rɑːr.i, hə-, -eɪ
harass 'hær.əs; hə'ræs ⓤⓢ hə'ræs; 'her.əs, 'hær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ment** -mənt
Harben 'hɑː.bᵊn ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr-
Harberton 'hɑː.bə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.bɚ.t̬ᵊn
Harbin hɑː'biːn, -'bɪn ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.bɪn
harbinger 'hɑː.bɪn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.bɪn.dʒɚ -s -z
harb|or 'hɑː.b|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.b|ɚ **-ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-orage** -ᵊr.ɪdʒ **-orless** -ə.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs **'harbor ,master**
Harborough 'hɑː.bᵊr.ə ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.bə.roʊ
harb|our 'hɑː.b|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'hɑːr.b|ɚ **-ours** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ouring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-ourage** -ᵊr.ɪdʒ **-ourless**

-ə.ləs, -lɪs (US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs ˈ**harbour ˌmaster**

Harcourt ˈhɑː.kət, -kɔːt (US) ˈhɑːr.kɔːrt, -kɚt

hard(H) hɑːd (US) hɑːrd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**hard ˈcopy**, ˈ**hard ˌcopy**; ˌ**hard ˈcurrency**; ˌ**hard ˈdisk**; ˌ**no ˌhard ˈfeelings**; ˌ**hard ˈlabour**; ˌ**hard ˈluck**; ˌ**hard ˈluck ˌstory**; ˌ**hard of ˈhearing**; ˌ**hard ˈsell**; ˌ**hard ˈshoulder**

hardback ˈhɑːd.bæk (US) ˈhɑːrd- **-s** -s

hardbake ˈhɑːd.beɪk (US) ˈhɑːrd-

hard-baked ˌhɑːdˈbeɪkt (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-baked ˈcharacter

hardball ˈhɑːd.bɔːl (US) ˈhɑːrdbɑːl, -bɔːl

hard-bitten ˌhɑːdˈbɪt.ən (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-bitten ˈcynic

hardboard ˈhɑːd.bɔːd (US) ˈhɑːrd.bɔːrd

hard-boiled ˌhɑːdˈbɔɪld (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-boiled ˈegg

Hardcastle ˈhɑːdˌkɑː.səl (US) ˈhɑːrdˌkæs.əl

hard-core (*adj.*) ˌhɑːdˈkɔːʳ, ˈ-- (US) ˌhɑːrdˈkɔːr *stress shift:* ˌhard-core ˈporn

hard core (*n.*) *nucleus:* ˌhɑːdˈkɔː (US) ˌhɑːrdˈkɔːr

hardcore (*n.*) *rubble:* ˈhɑːd.kɔːʳ (US) ˈhɑːrd.kɔːr

hardcover ˈhɑːdˌkʌv.əʳ (US) ˈhɑːrdˌkʌv.ɚ **-s** -z

hard-earned ˌhɑːdˈɜːnd (US) ˌhɑːrdˈɝːnd *stress shift:* ˌhard-earned ˈcash

harden (H) ˈhɑː.dən (US) ˈhɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈhɑːd.nɪŋ (US) ˈhɑːrd- **-ed** -d

Hardern ˈhɑː.dən (US) ˈhɑːr.dɚn

hard-fought ˌhɑːdˈfɔːt (US) ˌhɑːrdˈfɑːt, -ˈfɔːt *stress shift:* ˌhard-fought ˈbattle

hardheaded ˌhɑːdˈhed.ɪd (US) ˌhɑːrd- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌhardheaded ˈbargaining

hardhearted ˌhɑːdˈhɑː.tɪd (US) ˌhɑːrdˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌhardhearted ˈvillain

hard-hit ˌhɑːdˈhɪt (US) ˌhɑːrd- **-ting** -ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌhard-hit ˈregion

Hardicanute ˈhɑː.dɪ.kəˌnjuːt, -də-; ˌhɑː.dɪ.kəˈnjuːt (US) ˌhɑːr.dɪ.kəˈnuːt, -ˈnjuːt

Hardie ˈhɑː.di (US) ˈhɑːr-

hardihood ˈhɑː.di.hʊd (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harding ˈhɑː.dɪŋ (US) ˈhɑːr-

Hardinge ˈhɑː.dɪŋ, -dɪndʒ (US) ˈhɑːr-

hardline ˌhɑːdˈlaɪn (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhardline ˈleader

hardliner ˌhɑːdˈlaɪ.nəʳ, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) ˌhɑːrdˈlaɪ.nɚ, ˈ-ˌ-- **-s** -z

hardly ˈhɑːd.li (US) ˈhɑːrd-

hard-nosed ˌhɑːdˈnəʊzd (US) ˌhɑːrdˈnoʊzd *stress shift:* ˌhard-nosed ˈpolicy

hard-on ˈhɑːd.ɒn (US) ˈhɑːrd.ɑːn

hard-pressed ˌhɑːdˈprest (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-pressed ˈleader

hardship ˈhɑːd.ʃɪp (US) ˈhɑːrd- **-s** -s

hardtop ˈhɑːd.tɒp (US) ˈhɑːrd.tɑːp **-s** -s

hard-up ˌhɑːdˈʌp (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-up ˈpensioner

hardware ˈhɑːd.weəʳ (US) ˈhɑːrd.wer

hard-wearing ˌhɑːdˈweə.rɪŋ (US) ˌhɑːrdˈwer.ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌhard-wearing ˈcarpet

Hardwick(e) ˈhɑːd.wɪk (US) ˈhɑːrd-

hard-won ˌhɑːdˈwʌn (US) ˌhɑːrd- *stress shift:* ˌhard-won ˈprofits

hardwood ˈhɑːd.wʊd (US) ˈhɑːrd- **-s** -z

hard-working ˌhɑːdˈwɜː.kɪŋ (US) ˌhɑːrdˈwɝː- *stress shift:* ˌhard-working ˈsecretary

hard|y (H) ˈhɑː.d|i (US) ˈhɑːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

har|e (H) heəʳ (US) her **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

harebell ˈheə.bel (US) ˈher- **-s** -z

harebrained ˈheə.breɪnd (US) ˈher-

Harefield ˈheə.fiːld (US) ˈher-

Hare Krishna ˌhær.iˈkrɪʃ.nə, ˌhɑː.riˈ- (US) ˌhɑː.riˈ- **-s** -z

harelip ˌheəˈlɪp (US) ˌher- **-s** -s **-ped** -t

harem ˈhɑː.riːm, ˈheə-, -rəm; həˈriːm, hɑː- (US) ˈher.əm, ˈhær- **-s** -z

Harewood ˈhɑː.wʊd, ˈheə.wʊd (US) ˈhɑːr-, ˈher-

Note: The Earl of Harewood pronounces /ˈhɑː.wʊd (US) ˈhɑːr-/, and his house is called /ˌhɑː.wʊdˈhaʊs (US) ˌhɑːr-/. The village in West Yorkshire is now generally pronounced /ˈheə.wʊd (US) ˈher-/, though /ˈhɑː.wʊd (US) ˈhɑːr-/ may sometimes be heard from old people there. Other people with the surname **Harewood** pronounce /ˈheə.wʊd (US) ˈher-/.

Harford ˈhɑː.fəd (US) ˈhɑːr.fɚd

Hargraves ˈhɑː.greɪvz (US) ˈhɑːr-

Hargreaves ˈhɑː.griːvz, -greɪvz (US) ˈhɑːr-

haricot ˈhær.ɪ.kəʊ (US) ˈher.ɪ.koʊ, ˈhær- **-s** -z ˌ**haricot ˈbean**, ˈ**haricot ˌbean**

Haringey ˈhær.ɪŋ.geɪ (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harington ˈhær.ɪŋ.tən (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Hariot ˈhær.i.ət (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-, -ɑːt

hark hɑːk (US) hɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Harker ˈhɑː.kəʳ (US) ˈhɑːr.kɚ

Harkin ˈhɑː.kɪn (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harkinson ˈhɑː.kɪnt.sən (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harkness ˈhɑːk.nəs, -nɪs (US) ˈhɑːrk-

Harland ˈhɑː.lənd (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harlech ˈhɑː.lek, -lex, -lək, -ləx (US) ˈhɑːr.lek

Harleian hɑːˈliː.ən; ˈhɑː.li- (US) ˈhɑːr.li-; hɑːrˈliː-

Harlem ˈhɑː.ləm, -lem (US) ˈhɑːr- ˌ**Harlem ˈGlobetrotters**

harlequin ˈhɑː.lɪ.kwɪn, -lə-, -kɪn (US) ˈhɑːr.lɪ- **-s** -z

harlequinade ˌhɑː.lɪ.kwɪˈneɪd, -lə-, -kɪˈ- (US) ˌhɑːr.lɪ- **-s** -z

Harlesden ˈhɑːlz.dən (US) ˈhɑːrlz-

Harley ˈhɑː.li (US) ˈhɑːr- ˈ**Harley ˌStreet**

Harley Davidson® ˌhɑː.liˈdeɪ.vɪd.sən (US) ˌhɑːr-

Harlock ˈhɑː.lɒk (US) ˈhɑːr.lɑːk

harlot ˈhɑː.lət (US) ˈhɑːr- **-s** -s **-ry** -ri

Harlow(e) ˈhɑː.ləʊ (US) ˈhɑːr.loʊ

harm hɑːm (US) hɑːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**out of ˌharm's ˈway**

Harman ˈhɑː.mən (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harmer ˈhɑː.məʳ (US) ˈhɑːr.mɚ

harmful ˈhɑːm.fəl, -fʊl (US) ˈhɑːrm- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

harmless ˈhɑːm.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈhɑːrm- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Harmon ˈhɑː.mən (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harmondsworth ˈhɑː.məndz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) ˈhɑːr.məndz.wɝːθ

Harmonia hɑːˈməʊ.ni.ə (US) hɑːrˈmoʊ-

harmonic hɑːˈmɒn.ɪk (US) hɑːrˈmɑː.nɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

harmonica hɑːˈmɒn.ɪ.kə (US) hɑːrˈmɑː.nɪ- **-s** -z

harmonious hɑːˈməʊ.ni.əs (US) hɑːrˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

harmonist ˈhɑː.mə.nɪst (US) ˈhɑːr- **-s** -s

harmonium hɑːˈməʊ.ni.əm (US) hɑːrˈmoʊ- **-s** -z

harmonization, -isa- ˌhɑː.mə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -nɪˈ- (US) ˌhɑːr.mə.nɪˈ- **-s** -z

harmoniz|e, -is|e ˈhɑː.mə.naɪz (US) ˈhɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

harmon|y ˈhɑː.mə.n|i (US) ˈhɑːr- **-ies** -iz

Harmsworth ˈhɑːmz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) ˈhɑːrmz.wɝːθ

Harnack ˈhɑː.næk (US) ˈhɑːr-

harness (H) ˈhɑː.nɪs, -nəs (US) ˈhɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Harold ˈhær.əld (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

harp hɑːp (US) hɑːrp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Harpenden ˈhɑː.pən.dən (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harper ˈhɑː.pəʳ (US) ˈhɑːr.pɚ

Harpham ˈhɑː.pəm (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harpic® ˈhɑː.pɪk (US) ˈhɑːr-

harpist ˈhɑː.pɪst (US) ˈhɑːr- **-s** -s

harpoon ˌhɑːˈpuːn (US) ˌhɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

harpsichord ˈhɑːp.sɪ.kɔːd (US) ˈhɑːrp.sɪ.kɔːrd **-s** -z

harp|y (H) ˈhɑː.p|i (US) ˈhɑːr- **-ies** -iz

harquebus ˈhɑː.kwɪ.bəs, -kwə- (US) ˈhɑːr.kwə- **-es** -ɪz

Harraden ˈhær.ə.dən, -den (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrap ˈhær.əp (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrell ˈhær.əl (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

harridan ˈhær.ɪ.dən, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈher-, ˈhær- **-s** -z

Harrie ˈhær.i (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

harrier ˈhær.i.əʳ (US) ˈher.i.ɚ, ˈhær- **-s** -z

Harries ˈhær.ɪs, -iz (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harriet ˈhær.i.ət (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harriman ˈhær.ɪ.mən (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrington ˈhær.ɪŋ.tən (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harriot ˈhær.i.ət (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harris ˈhær.ɪs (US) ˈher-, ˈhær- ˌ**Harris ˈTweed**

Harrisburg ˈhær.ɪs.bɜːg (US) ˈher.ɪs.bɝːg, ˈhær-

Harris(s)on ˈhær.ɪ.sᵊn (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrod ˈhær.əd (US) ˈher-, ˈhær- **-s** -z

Harrogate ˈhær.ə.gət, -geɪt, -gɪt (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrop ˈhær.əp (US) ˈher-, ˈhær-

Harrovian hærˈəʊ.vi.ən, həˈrəʊ- (US) həˈroʊ- **-s** -z

harrow (H) ˈhær.əʊ (US) ˈher.oʊ, ˈhær- **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

Harrowby ˈhær.əʊ.bi (US) ˈher.oʊ-, ˈhær-

harrumph həˈrʌmpf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

harr|y (H) ˈhær|.i (US) ˈher-, ˈhær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

harsh hɑːʃ (US) hɑːrʃ **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

hart (H) hɑːt (US) hɑːrt **-s** -s

Harte hɑːt (US) hɑːrt

hartebeest ˈhɑː.tɪ.biːst, -tə- (US) ˈhɑːr.t̬ə-, -tə- **-s** -s

Hartford ˈhɑːt.fəd (US) ˈhɑːrt.fɚd

Harthan ˈhɑː.ðᵊn, ˈhɑː.θᵊn (US) ˈhɑːr-

Hartington ˈhɑː.tɪŋ.tən (US) ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪŋ-

Hartland ˈhɑːt.lənd (US) ˈhɑːrt-

Hartlepool ˈhɑːt.lɪ.puːl, -lə- (US) ˈhɑːrt-

Hartley ˈhɑːt.li (US) ˈhɑːrt-

Hartman ˈhɑːt.mən (US) ˈhɑːrt-

Hartnell ˈhɑːt.nᵊl (US) ˈhɑːrt-

Hartshill ˈhɑːts.hɪl (US) ˈhɑːrts-

hartshorn (H) ˈhɑːts.hɔːn (US) ˈhɑːrts.hɔːrn

hart's-tongue ˈhɑːts.tʌŋ, -tɒŋ (US) ˈhɑːrts.tʌŋ **-s** -z

Hartz hɑːts (US) hɑːrts

harum-scarum ˌheə.rəmˈskeə.rəm (US) ˌher.əmˈsker.əm, ˌhær-, -ˈskær-

Harun-al-Rashid hærˌuːn.æl.ræʃˈiːd, hɑːˌruːn-; ˌhær.uːn.ælˈræʃ.iːd, ˌhɑː.ruːn-, -ɪd (US) hɑːˌruːn.ɑːl.rɑːˈʃiːd

haruspex həˈrʌs.peks, hærˈʌs-; ˈhær.ə.speks **haruspices** həˈrʌs.pɪ.siːz, hærˈʌs-

Harvard ˈhɑː.vəd (US) ˈhɑːr.vɚd

Harverson ˈhɑː.və.sᵊn (US) ˈhɑːr.vɚ-

harvest ˈhɑː.vɪst, -əst (US) ˈhɑːr- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌharvest ˈfestival; ˈharvest ˌmite; ˌharvest ˈmoon; ˈharvest ˌmouse**

Harvey ˈhɑː.vi (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harwich ˈhær.ɪtʃ, -ɪdʒ (US) ˈhær-, ˈher-

Harwood ˈhɑː.wʊd (US) ˈhɑːr-

Harworth ˈhɑː.wəθ (US) ˈhɑːr.wɚθ

Haryana ˌhær.iˈɑː.nə (US) ˌhɑːrˈjɑː-

Harz hɑːts (US) hɑːrts

has (*from* **have**) *strong form:* hæz *weak forms:* həz, əz, z, s

Note: The strong form is used when **has** is used as a full verb rather than as an auxiliary, e.g. 'He has some money'. The auxiliary verb is a weak form word: the strong form /hæz/ is used contrastively, e.g. 'I don't know if she has or she hasn't', in final position, e.g. 'I've read as much as he has' and quite frequently in initial position, e.g. 'Has anyone seen my glasses?'. It is also used for emphasis, e.g. 'She **has** to have one'. Elsewhere, the weak form is usually /həz/ or /əz/. The shortest weak forms are /s/ and /z/: the form /s/ is used only after voiceless consonants other than /s, ʃ, tʃ/, while the form /z/ is used only after a vowel or a voiced consonant other than /z, ʒ, dʒ/. After /s, z, ʃ, ʒ, tʃ, dʒ/, the weak form is usually /əz/.

has-been ˈhæz.biːn, -bɪn (US) -bɪn **-s** -z

Hasdrubal ˈhæz.drʊ.bᵊl, -druː-, -bæl

Haselden ˈhæz.ᵊl.dən, ˈheɪz-

hash hæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌhash ˈbrown**

Hashemite ˈhæʃ.ɪ.maɪt, -ə-

Hashimoto ˌhæʃ.ɪˈməʊ.təʊ (US) -ˈmoʊ.t̬oʊ, ˌhɑːʃ-, -toʊ

hashish ˈhæʃ.ɪʃ, -iːʃ; hæsˈiːʃ

Hasid hæsˈiːd, hɑːˈsiːd **-im** -ɪm

Hasidic hæsˈɪd.ɪk, hɑːˈsɪd- (US) hæsˈɪd-, həˈsɪd-, hɑː-

Hasidism hæsˈɪd.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈhæs- (US) ˈhæs.ɪ.dɪ-, ˈhɑː.sɪ-; hæsˈɪd.ɪ-, həˈsɪd-, hɑː-

Haslam ˈhæz.ləm

Haslemere ˈheɪ.zᵊl.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr

haslet ˈhæz.lət, ˈheɪz-, -lɪt (US) ˈhæs-, ˈheɪz-

Haslett ˈhæz.lət, ˈheɪz.lət, -lɪt

Haslingden ˈhæz.lɪŋ.dən

Hasluck ˈhæz.lʌk, -lək

hasn't ˈhæz.ᵊnt

hasp hɑːsp, hæsp (US) hæsp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Hassall ˈhæs.ᵊl

Hassan *district in India:* ˈhʌs.ᵊn, ˈhæs- *Arabic name:* həˈsɑːn, hæsˈɑːn; ˈhæs.ᵊn, ˈhʌs- (US) ˈhɑː.sɑːn; həˈsɑːn

Hasselhoff ˈhæs.ᵊl.hɒf (US) -hɑːf

hassl|e ˈhæs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈhæs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

hassock (H) ˈhæs.ək **-s** -s

hast (H) (*from* **have**) *strong form:* hæst *weak forms:* həst, əst, st

Note: This weak form word is little used. See the note for **have** for guidance on when to use the strong form.

hast|e heɪst **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

hasten ˈheɪ.sᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈheɪs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

Hastie ˈheɪ.sti

Hastings ˈheɪ.stɪŋz

hast|y ˈheɪ.st|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

hat hæt **-s** -s **ˈhat ˌrack; ˈhat ˌstand; ˈhat ˌtrick; at the ˌdrop of a ˈhat; ˌkeep something ˌunder one's ˈhat; I'll ˌeat my ˈhat**

hatband ˈhæt.bænd **-s** -z

hatbox ˈhæt.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

hatch (H) (*n, v.*) hætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

hatchback ˈhætʃ.bæk **-s** -s

hatcher|y ˈhætʃ.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz

hatchet ˈhætʃ.ɪt **-s** -s **ˈhatchet ˌjob; ˌbury the ˈhatchet**

hatchling ˈhætʃ.lɪŋ **-s** -z

hatchment ˈhætʃ.mənt **-s** -s

hatchway (H) ˈhætʃ.weɪ **-s** -z

hat|e heɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈheɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈheɪ.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈheɪ.t̬ɚ/z

hateful ˈheɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Hatfield ˈhæt.fiːld

hath (*from* **have**) *strong form:* hæθ *weak forms:* həθ, əθ

Note: This weak form word is little used. See the note for **has** for guidance on when to use the strong form.

hatha ˈhæθ.ə, ˈhʌθ-

Hathaway ˈhæθ.ə.weɪ

Hatherell ˈhæð.ᵊr.ᵊl

Hatherleigh ˈhæð.ə.li (US) ˈ-ɚ-

Hatherley ˈhæð.ə.li (US) ˈ-ɚ-

Hathersage ˈhæð.ə.seɪdʒ, -sɪdʒ, -sedʒ (US) ˈ-ɚ-

Hatherton ˈhæð.ə.tᵊn (US) -ɚ.t̬ᵊn

Hathorn(e) ˈhɔː.θɔːn (US) ˈhɑː.θɔːrn, ˈhɔː-

Hathway ˈhæθ.weɪ

hatless ˈhæt.ləs, -lɪs, -les

hatpin ˈhæt.pɪn **-s** -z

hatred ˈheɪ.trɪd, -trəd

hatstand ˈhæt.stænd **-s** -z

hatter ˈhæt.əʳ (US) ˈhæt̬.ɚ **-s** -z **as ˌmad as a ˈhatter**

Hatteras ˈhæt.ᵊr.əs (US) ˈhæt̬.ɚ-

Hattersley ˈhæt.əz.li (US) ˈhæt̬.ɚz-

Hattie ˈhæt.i (US) ˈhæt̬-

Hatton ˈhæt.ᵊn

hauberk ˈhɔː.bɜːk (US) ˈhɑː.bɝːk, ˈhɔː- **-s** -s

haugh hɔː (US) hɑː, hɔː **-s** -z

Haughey ˈhɔː.hi, ˈhɒ- (US) ˈhɑː-, ˈhɔː-

Haughton ˈhɔː.tᵊn (US) ˈhɑː-, ˈhɔː-

haught|y ˈhɔː.t|i (US) ˈhɑː.t̬|i, ˈhɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

haul hɔːl (US) hɑːl, hɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

haulage ˈhɔː.lɪdʒ (US) ˈhɑː-, ˈhɔː-

haulier ˈhɔː.li.əʳ (US) ˈhɑːl.jɚ, ˈhɔː- **-s** -

haulm hɔːm (US) hɔːm, hɑːm **-s** -z

haunch hɔːntʃ (US) hɑːntʃ, hɔːntʃ **-es** -ɪ

haunt hɔːnt (US) hɑːnt, hɔːnt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li (US) ˈhɑːn.t̬ɪŋ/li, ˈhɔːn- **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈhɑːn.t̬ɪd, ˈhɔːn-

Hausa ˈhaʊ.sə, -zə **-s** -z

hausfrau ˈhaʊs.fraʊ **-s** -z **-en** -ᵊn

Haussmann ˈhaʊs.mæn (US) -mæn, -mən

hautbois (*sing.*) ˈəʊ.bɔɪ, ˈhəʊ-, ˈhɔːt (US) ˈhoʊ-, ˈoʊ- (*plur.*) ˈəʊ.bɔɪz, ˈhəʊ- ˈhɔːt- (US) ˈhoʊ-, ˈoʊ-

hautboy ˈəʊ.bɔɪ, ˈhəʊ-, ˈhɔːt- (US) ˈhoʊ-, ˈoʊ- **-s** -z

haute couture ˌəʊt.kʊˈtjʊəʳ, -kuːˈ- -ˈtʊəʳ (US) ˌoʊt.kuːˈtʊr

haute cuisine ˌəʊt.kwɪˈziːn, -kwəˈ- (US) ˌoʊt-

hauteur əʊˈtɜːʳ, ˈ-- (US) hoʊˈtɝː, oʊˈ-

Havana həˈvæn.ə, hævˈæn-, -ˈvɑː.n (US) -ˈvæn.ə **-s** -z

Havant ˈhæv.ᵊnt

Havard 'hæv.ɑːd, -əd US -ɑːrd, -ɚd
Havarti hə'vɑː.ti US -'vɑːr-
have *one who has:* hæv **-s** -z
Note: This word usually occurs only in conjunction with **have-not**, in expressions such as 'There's a conflict between the haves and have-nots'.
have *(v.) strong form:* hæv *weak forms:* həv, əv, v **hast** *strong form:* hæst *weak forms:* həst, əst, st **has** *strong form:* hæz *weak forms:* həz, əz, z, s **having** 'hæv.ɪŋ **had** *strong form:* hæd *weak forms:* həd, əd, d
Note: When **have** occurs as a full verb, e.g. 'to have and to hold', the strong form is used. As an auxiliary verb, it is a weak form word: the strong form is used contrastively, e.g. 'I don't know if you have or haven't', for emphasis, e.g. 'You **have** to see it', and also in final position, e.g. 'I've got as much as you have'. It is also quite often used in initial position, e.g. 'Have you seen my book?'. Elsewhere the weak form is commonly used; the form /v/ is only found after vowels. For **hast**, **has**, **had** and **hadst**, see notes provided for those word entries.
Havel 'hɑː.vəl US -fəl
Havell 'hæv.əl
Havelo(c)k 'hæv.lɒk, -lək US -lɑːk, -lək
haven 'heɪ.vən **-s** -z
have-not 'hæv.nɒt, ,-'- US 'hæv.nɑːt, ,-'- **-s** -s
haven't 'hæv.ənt
hav|er 'heɪ.v|əʳ US -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Haverford 'hæv.ə.fəd US -ɚ.fɚd
Haverfordwest ,hæv.ə.fəd'west, ,hɑː.fəd'west US ,hæv.ɚ.fɚd'-, ,hɑː.fɚd'-
Havergal 'hæv.ə.gəl US '-ɚ-
Haverhill 'heɪ.vər.ɪl, -əl; 'heɪ.və.hɪl US -vɚ-
Havering 'heɪ.vər.ɪŋ
Havers 'heɪ.vəz US -vɚz
haversack 'hæv.ə.sæk US '-ɚ- **-s** -s
haversian canal (H) hə,vɜː.ʃən.kə'næl, hæv,ɜː-, -ʒən- US hə,vɝː.ʒən-
Haverstock 'hæv.ə.stɒk US -ɚ.stɑːk
Havilah 'hæv.ɪ.lə US -lə, -lɑː
Haviland 'hæv.ɪ.lænd, '-ə-, -lənd
Havisham 'hæv.ɪ.ʃəm
havoc 'hæv.ək
Havre *place in France:* 'hɑː.vrə, -vəʳ US -vrə, -vɚ *place in Maryland:* 'hɑː.vəʳ US -vɚ, 'hæv.ɚ *place in Montana:* 'hæv.əʳ US -ɚ
Havre de Grace ,hɑː.və.də'grɑːs, ,hæv.ə-, -'græs, -'greɪs US ,hɑː.vɚ-, ,hæv.ɚ-
haw hɔː US hɑː, hɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Hawaii hə'waɪ.iː, hɑː-, -i
Hawaiian hə'waɪ.ən, hɑː-, '-i.ən **-s** -z
Haward 'heɪ.wəd, 'hɔː.əd, hɑːd, hɔːd US 'heɪ.wɚd, 'hɔː.ɚd, hɑːrd, hɔːrd
Hawarden *in Clwyd:* 'hɑː.dən, 'hɔː- US 'hɑːr-, 'hɔːr *Viscount:* 'heɪ,wɔː.dən US -,wɔːr- *town in US:* 'heɪ,wɑː.dən US -,wɑːr-
Haweis 'hɔː.ɪs US 'hɔː.ɪs, hɔɪs
Hawes hɔːz US hɑːz, hɔːz
hawfinch 'hɔː.fɪntʃ US 'hɑː-, 'hɔː- **-es** -ɪz
haw-haw 'hɔː,hɔː, ,-'- US 'hɑː.hɑː, 'hɔː.hɔː, ,-'- **-s** -z
Hawick 'hɔː.ɪk, hɔɪk US 'hɑː.ɪk, 'hɔː-, hɔɪk
hawk hɔːk US hɑːk, hɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Hawke hɔːk US hɑːk, hɔːk **-s** -s
Hawker-Siddeley® ,hɔː.kə'sɪd.əl.i, '-li US ,hɑː.kɚ'-, ,hɔː-
Hawkeye 'hɔːk.aɪ US 'hɑːk-, 'hɔːk-
hawk-eyed 'hɔːk.aɪd US 'hɑːk-, 'hɔːk-
Hawking 'hɔː.kɪŋ US 'hɑː-, 'hɔː-
Hawkins 'hɔː.kɪnz US 'hɑː-, 'hɔː-
hawkish 'hɔː.kɪʃ US 'hɑː-, 'hɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hawkmoth 'hɔːk.mɒθ US 'hɑːk.mɑːθ, 'hɔːk- **-s** -s
Hawks hɔːks US hɑːks, hɔːks
hawksbill 'hɔːks.bɪl US 'hɑːks-, 'hɔːks- **-s** -z
Hawkshaw 'hɔːk.ʃɔː US 'hɑːk.ʃɑː, 'hɔːk-, -ʃɔː
Hawksley 'hɔːk.sli US 'hɑːk-, 'hɔːk-
Hawksmoor 'hɔːks.mɔːʳ US 'hɑːks.mɔːr, 'hɔːks-, -mʊr
hawkweed 'hɔːk.wiːd US 'hɑːk-, 'hɔːk-
Hawkwood 'hɔːk.wʊd US 'hɑːk-, 'hɔːk-
Hawley 'hɔː.li US 'hɑː-, 'hɔː-
Hawn hɔːn US hɑːn, hɔːn
Haworth *place in Yorkshire:* 'haʊ.əθ, 'hɔː.əθ US 'hɔː.wɚθ *surname:* 'haʊ.əθ US 'heɪ.wɚθ, 'haʊ.ɚθ, 'hoʊ-; hɑːrθ *place in New Jersey:* 'hɔː.wəθ US -wɚθ
haws|e hɔːz US hɑːz, hɔːz **-es** -ɪz
hawser 'hɔː.zəʳ US 'hɑː.zɚ, 'hɔː- **-s** -z
hawthorn 'hɔː.θɔːn US 'hɑː.θɔːrn, 'hɔː- **-s** -z
Hawthornden 'hɔː.θɔːn.dən US 'hɑː.θɔːrn-, 'hɔː-
Hawthorne 'hɔː.θɔːn US 'hɑː.θɔːrn, 'hɔː-
Haxby 'hæks.bi
hay (H) heɪ 'hay ,fever
haybox 'heɪ.bɒks US -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
haycart 'heɪ.kɑːt US -kɑːrt **-s** -s
haycock (H) 'heɪ.kɒk US -kɑːk **-s** -s
Hayden 'heɪ.dən
Haydn *English surname:* 'heɪ.dən *Austrian composer:* 'haɪ.dən
Haydock 'heɪ.dɒk US -dɑːk
Haydon 'heɪ.dən
Hayes heɪz
Hayesford 'heɪz.fəd US -fɚd
Hayhurst 'haɪ.əst, 'heɪ.hɜːst US 'haɪ.ɚst, 'heɪ.hɝːst
Hayle heɪl
Hayles heɪlz
Hayley 'heɪ.li
Hayling Island ,heɪ.lɪŋ'aɪ.lənd, 'heɪ.lɪŋ,aɪ-
hayloft 'heɪ.lɒft US -lɑːft **-s** -s
haymak|er 'heɪ,meɪ.k|əʳ US -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Haymarket 'heɪ,mɑː.kɪt US -,mɑːr-
Haynes heɪnz
hayrick 'heɪ.rɪk **-s** -s
Hays heɪz
hayseed 'heɪ.siːd **-s** -z
haystack 'heɪ.stæk **-s** -s
Hayter, Haytor 'heɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
hayward (H) 'heɪ.wəd US -wɚd **-s** -z
haywire 'heɪ.waɪəʳ US -waɪr
Haywood 'heɪ.wʊd
Hazara hə'zɑː.rə US -'zɑːr.ə
hazard (H) 'hæz.əd US -ɚd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
hazardous 'hæz.ə.dəs US '-ɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
haz|e heɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
hazel 'heɪ.zəl **-s** -z
Hazelhurst 'heɪ.zəl.hɜːst US -hɝːst
hazelnut 'heɪ.zəl.nʌt **-s** -s
Hazen 'heɪ.zən
Hazledean 'heɪ.zəl.diːn
Hazlemere 'heɪ.zəl.mɪəʳ US -mɪr
Hazlett 'heɪz.lɪt, 'hæz-, -lət
Hazlitt 'heɪz.lɪt, 'hæz-
Note: William Hazlitt, the essayist, called himself /'heɪz.lɪt/, and the present members of his family pronounce the name thus. He is, however, commonly referred to as /'hæz.lɪt/. In the **Hazlitt Gallery** in London the pronunciation is /'hæz.lɪt/.
Hazor 'heɪ.zɔːʳ US -zɔːr
haz|y 'heɪ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Hazzard 'hæz.əd US -ɚd
H-Block 'eɪtʃ.blɒk US -blɑːk
HBO ,eɪtʃ.biː'əʊ
H-bomb 'eɪtʃ.bɒm US -bɑːm **-s** -z
HDTV ,eɪtʃ.diː.tiː'viː
he *strong form:* hiː *weak forms:* hi, i
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /hiː/ is usually used contrastively, e.g. 'I'm not interested in what **he** says, it's **her** I'm listening to' or for emphasis, e.g. '**he**'s the one'. The weak form is /hi/ in careful speech, e.g. 'Does he live here?' /,dʌz.hi,lɪv'hɪə US -'hɪr/; in rapid speech it may be pronounced /i/ when following a consonant, e.g. 'What does he want?' /,wɒt.dəz.i'wɒnt US ,wɑːt.dəz.i'wɑːnt/.
head (H) hed **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **,head of 'state; ,head 'start; ,head 'teacher; ,bite someone's 'head off; have ,eyes in the ,back of one's 'head; ,bang one's ,head against a ,brick 'wall; ,bury one's ,head in the 'sand; ,have one's 'head screwed on; ,head over 'heels; keep one's ,head above**

'water; make ˌhead or 'tail of; ˌhold one's ˌhead 'high

head|ache 'hed|.eɪk -aches -eɪks -achy -ˌeɪ.ki

headband 'hed.bænd -s -z

headbang 'hed.bæŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

headboard 'hed.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd -s -z

headcas|e 'hed.keɪs, 'heg- (US) 'hed- -es -ɪz

headcheese 'hed.tʃiːz

headdress 'hed.dres -es -ɪz

header 'hed.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z

headfirst ˌhed'fɜːst (US) -'fɝːst *stress shift:* ˌheadfirst 'leap

headgear 'hed.gɪəʳ (US) -gɪr -s -z

headhun|t 'hed.hʌn|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

headhunt|er 'hedˌhʌn.t|əʳ (US) -t̬|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

heading (H) 'hed.ɪŋ -s -z

Headingl(e)y 'hed.ɪŋ.li

Headlam 'hed.ləm

headlamp 'hed.læmp -s -s

headland 'hed.lənd, -lænd -s -z

headless 'hed.ləs, -lɪs -ness -nəs, -nɪs

headlight 'hed.laɪt -s -s

headlin|e 'hed.laɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

headlock 'hed.lɒk (US) -lɑːk

headlong 'hed.lɒŋ (US) -lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ

headman *of group of workers:* ˌhed'mæn, '-- headmen ˌhed'men, '--head|man *of tribe:* 'hed|.mæn, -mən -men -men, -mən

headmaster ˌhed'mɑː.stəʳ, '-ˌ-- (US) 'hedˌmæs.tɚ -s -z

headmistress ˌhed'mɪs.trəs, -trɪs, '-ˌ-- (US) 'hedˌ- -es -ɪz

headnote 'hed.nəʊt (US) -noʊt -s -s

head-on ˌhed'ɒn (US) -'ɑːn *stress shift:* ˌhead-on 'impact

headphones 'hed.fəʊnz (US) -foʊnz

headpiec|e 'hed.piːs -es -ɪz

headquarters ˌhed'kwɔː.təz, '--- (US) 'hedˌkwɔːr.t̬ɚz

headrest 'hed.rest -s -s

headroom 'hed.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm

headscar|f 'hed.skɑː|f (US) -skɑːr|f -ves -vz

headset 'hed.set -s -s

headship 'hed.ʃɪp -s -s

heads|man 'hedz|.mən -men -mən

headstand 'hed.stænd -s -z

headstone (H) 'hed.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn -s -z

headstrong 'hed.strɒŋ (US) -strɑːŋ

headteacher ˌhed'tiː.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z

headwater 'hedˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- -s -z

headway 'hed.weɪ

headwind 'hed.wɪnd -s -z

headword 'hed.wɜːd (US) -wɝːd -s -z

headwork 'hed.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk

head|y 'hed|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Heagerty 'heg.ə.ti (US) -ɚ.t̬i

heal (H) hiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Healey 'hiː.li

health helθ ˌhealth and 'safety; 'health ˌfarm; 'health ˌfood; 'health ˌservice; 'health ˌvisitor

healthcare 'helθ.keəʳ (US) -ker

healthful 'helθ.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

health-giving 'helθˌgɪv.ɪŋ

health|y 'hel.θ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Healy 'hiː.li

Heaney 'hiː.ni

Heanor 'hiː.nəʳ (US) -nɚ

heap hiːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

hear hɪəʳ (US) hɪr -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z heard hɜːd (US) hɝːd hearer/s 'hɪə.rəʳ/z (US) 'hɪr.ɚ/z 'hearing ˌaid; ˌhard of 'hearing

heard (H) (*from* hear) hɜːd (US) hɝːd

hearing-impaired 'hɪə.rɪŋ.ɪmˌpeəd (US) 'hɪr.ɪŋ.ɪmˌperd

hearken 'hɑː.kən (US) 'hɑːr- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'hɑːk.nɪŋ (US) 'hɑːr.kən.ɪŋ, 'hɑːrk.nɪŋ -ed -d

Hearn(e) hɜːn (US) hɝːn

hearsay 'hɪə.seɪ (US) 'hɪr-

hears|e hɜːs (US) hɝːs -es -ɪz

Hearsey 'hɜː.si (US) 'hɝː-

Hearst hɜːst (US) hɝːst

heart hɑːt (US) hɑːrt -s -s 'heart atˌtack; 'heart ˌfailure; ˌeat one's 'heart out; have one's ˌheart in the ˌright 'place; in one's ˌheart of 'hearts; ˌset one's 'heart on something; ˌwear one's ˌheart on one's 'sleeve

heartache 'hɑːt.eɪk (US) 'hɑːrt-

heartbeat 'hɑːt.biːt (US) 'hɑːrt- -s -s

heartbreak 'hɑːt.breɪk (US) 'hɑːrt-

heartbreaking 'hɑːtˌbreɪ.kɪŋ (US) 'hɑːrt- -ly -li

heartbroken 'hɑːtˌbrəʊ.kən (US) 'hɑːrtˌbroʊ-

heartburn 'hɑːt.bɜːn (US) 'hɑːrt.bɝːn -ing -ɪŋ

-hearted 'hɑː.tɪd (US) 'hɑːr.t̬ɪd

Note: Suffix. Compounds containing **-hearted** are normally stressed on the suffix as shown, but a stress shift occurs when the word is used attributively, e.g. ˌ**brokenhearted** '**lover**.

hearten 'hɑː.tən (US) 'hɑːr- -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li, 'hɑːt.nɪŋ/li (US) 'hɑːrt- -ed -d

heartfelt 'hɑːt.felt (US) 'hɑːrt-

hear|th hɑː|θ (US) hɑːr|θ -ths -θs, -ðz 'hearth ˌrug

hearthstone 'hɑːθ.stəʊn (US) 'hɑːrθ.stoʊn -s -z

heartland 'hɑːt.lænd (US) 'hɑːrt- -s -z

heartless 'hɑːt.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'hɑːrt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

heart-rending 'hɑːtˌren.dɪŋ (US) 'hɑːrt- -ly -li

heart-searching 'hɑːtˌsɜː.tʃɪŋ (US) 'hɑːrtˌsɝː- -s -z

heart's-ease 'hɑːts.iːz (US) 'hɑːrts-

heart-shaped 'hɑːt.ʃeɪpt (US) 'hɑːrt-

heartsick 'hɑːt.sɪk (US) 'hɑːrt- -ness -nəs, -nɪs

heartsore 'hɑːt.sɔːʳ (US) 'hɑːrt.sɔːr

heartstrings 'hɑːt.strɪŋz (US) 'hɑːrt-

heart-throb 'hɑːt.θrɒb (US) 'hɑːrt.θrɑːb -s -z

heart-to-heart ˌhɑːt.tə'hɑːt (US) ˌhɑːrt.tuː'hɑːrt, -tə'- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌheart-to-heart 'talk

heart-warming 'hɑːtˌwɔː.mɪŋ (US) 'hɑːrtˌwɔːr- -ly -li

heartwood 'hɑːt.wʊd (US) 'hɑːrt-

heart|y 'hɑː.t|i (US) 'hɑːr.t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

heat hiːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'hiː.t̬ɪŋ -ed/ly -ɪd/li (US) 'hiː.t̬ɪd/li 'heat ˌrash; 'heat ˌspot; 'heat ˌwave

heater 'hiː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

heath (H) hiːθ -s -s ˌHeath 'Robinson

Heathcliff(e) 'hiːθ.klɪf

Heathcoat 'hiːθ.kəʊt (US) -koʊt

Heathcote 'heθ.kət, 'hiːθ.kət (US) 'hiːθ.koʊt, -kət

heathen 'hiː.ðən -s -z -ish -ɪʃ -dom -dəm

heathenism 'hiː.ðən.ɪ.zəm

heatheniz|e, -is|e 'hiː.ðən.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

heath|er (H) *shrub, female name:* 'heð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ery -ər.i

Heather *place in Leicestershire:* 'hiː.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ

Heathfield 'hiːθ.fiːld

heathland 'hiːθ.lənd, -lænd

Heathrow ˌhiːθ'rəʊ, '-- (US) -'roʊ ˌHeathrow 'Airport

Heath-Stubbs ˌhiːθ'stʌbz

heath|y 'hiː.θ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Heaton 'hiː.tən

heat-seeking 'hiːtˌsiː.kɪŋ

heatstroke 'hiːt.strəʊk (US) -stroʊk

heav|e hiːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d hove həʊv (US) hoʊv heaver/s 'hiː.vəʳ/z (US) -vɚ/z

heave-ho ˌhiːv'həʊ (US) -'hoʊ

heaven (H) 'hev.ən -s -z move ˌheaven and 'earth

heavenl|y 'hev.ən.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

heaven-sent ˌhev.ən'sent (US) '--- *stress shift, British only:* ˌheaven-sent 'chance

heavenward 'hev.ən.wəd (US) -wɚd -s -z

Heaviside 'hev.ɪ.saɪd

heav|y 'hev|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌheavy 'breather; ˌheavy 'cream; ˌheavy 'metal

heavy-duty ˌhev.i'djuː.ti (US) -'duː.t̬i, -'djuː- *stress shift:* ˌheavy-duty 'battery

heavy-handed ˌhev.iˈhæn.dɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌheavy-handed ˈcriticism
heavy-hearted ˌhev.iˈhɑː.tɪd (US) -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌheavy-hearted ˈlover
heavyweight ˈhev.i.weɪt -s -s
Heazell ˈhiː.zᵊl
Hebburn ˈheb.ɜːn, -ən (US) -ɝːn, -ɚn
Hebden ˈheb.dən
hebdomadal hebˈdɒm.ə.dᵊl (US) -ˈdɑː.mə- -ly -li
Hebe ˈhiː.bi
Heber ˈhiː.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
Heberden ˈheb.ə.dᵊn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Hebraic hiːˈbreɪ.ɪk, hɪˈbreɪ-, hebˈreɪ- (US) hiːˈbreɪ-, hɪ- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
Hebra|ism ˈhiː.breɪ|.ɪ.zᵊm, -bri- -isms -ɪ.zᵊmz -ist/s -ɪst/s
Hebraistic ˌhiː.breɪˈɪst.ɪk, -briˈ-
hebraiz|e, -is|e ˈhiː.breɪ.aɪz, -bri- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Hebrew ˈhiː.bruː -s -z
Hebridean ˌheb.rɪˈdiː.ən, -rəˈ- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌHebridean ˈcattle
Hebrides ˈheb.rɪ.diːz, -rə-
Hebron *biblical place-name:* ˈheb.rɒn, ˈhiː.brɒn, -brən (US) ˈhiː.brən, ˈheb- *modern surname:* ˈheb.rən, -rɒn (US) -rən, -rɑːn
Hecate ˈhek.ə.ti *in Shakespeare sometimes:* ˈhek.ət
hecatomb ˈhek.ə.tuːm, -təʊm, -təm (US) -toʊm, -tʊm -s -z
Hecht hekt
heck hek
heckl|e ˈhek.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈhek.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, ˈhek.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z
Heckmondwike ˈhek.mənd.waɪk
Hecla ˈhek.lə
hectare ˈhek.teəʳ, -tɑːʳ, -təʳ (US) -ter -s -z
hectic ˈhek.tɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
hectogram, hectogramme ˈhek.təʊ.græm (US) -toʊ-, -tə- -s -z
hectograph ˈhek.təʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -toʊ.græf, -tə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
hectographic ˌhek.təʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -toʊˈ-, -təˈ-
hectolitre, hectoliter ˈhek.təʊˌliː.təʳ (US) -toʊˌliː.t̬ɚ, -təˌ- -s -z
hectometre, hectometer ˈhek.təʊˌmiː.təʳ (US) -toʊˌmiː.t̬ɚ, -təˌ- -s -z
hector (H) ˈhek.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Hecuba ˈhek.jə.bə, -ju-
heder ˈheɪ.dəʳ (US) ˈheɪ.dɚ *as if Hebrew:* ˈxeɪ- -s -z **hadarim** ˌhæd.ɑːˈriːm (US) ˌhɑː- *as if Hebrew:* ˌxæd-, ˌxɑː-
Hedgcock ˈhedʒ.kɒk (US) -kɑːk
hedg|e hedʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈhedge ˌsparrow; ˌhedge one's ˈbets
hedgehog ˈhedʒ.hɒg (US) -hɑːg, -hɔːg -s -z
hedgehop ˈhedʒ.hɒp (US) -hɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
Hedgeley ˈhedʒ.li
Hedger ˈhedʒ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Hedgerley ˈhedʒ.ə.li (US) ˈ-ɚ-
hedgerow ˈhedʒ.rəʊ (US) -roʊ -s -z
Hedges ˈhedʒ.ɪz
Hedley ˈhed.li
hedon|ism ˈhiː.dᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈhed.ᵊn- (US) ˈhiː.dᵊn- -ist/s -ɪst/s
hedonistic ˌhiː.dᵊnˈɪs.tɪk, ˌhed.ᵊnˈ- (US) ˌhiː.dᵊnˈ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
heebie-jeebies ˌhiː.biˈdʒiː.biz
heed hiːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
heedful ˈhiːd.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
heedless ˈhiːd.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
heehaw ˈhiːˌhɔː, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈhiː.hɑː, -hɔː, ˌ-ˈ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
heel hiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌ**cool one's ˈheels; ˌdig one's ˈheels in; ˌdrag one's ˈheels; ˌhard on the ˈheels of; ˌkick one's ˈheels**
heeler ˈhiː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
Heeley ˈhiː.li
Heenan ˈhiː.nən
Heep hiːp
Heffer ˈhef.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Hefner ˈhef.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
heft heft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -tɪd
heft|y ˈhef.t|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Hegarty ˈheg.ə.ti (US) -ɚ.t̬i
Hegel ˈheɪ.gᵊl
Hegelian hɪˈgeɪ.li.ən, hegˈeɪ-; heɪˈgiː-, hegˈiː- -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
hegemonic ˌheg.ɪˈmɒn.ɪk, ˌhiː.gɪˈ-, ˌhedʒ.ɪˈ-, -əˈ- (US) ˌhedʒ.ɪˈmɑː.nɪk
hegemony hɪˈgem.ə.ni, hiːˈgem-, -ˈdʒem-; ˈheg.ɪ.mə-, ˈhedʒ- (US) hɪˈdʒem.ə-; ˈhedʒ.ə.moʊ-
hegira (H) ˈhedʒ.ɪ.rə, -ᵊr.ə, hɪˈdʒaɪᵊ.rə, hedʒˈaɪᵊ- (US) ˈhedʒ.ɪ.rə, -ɚ.ə, hɪˈdʒaɪ-, hedʒˈaɪ- -s -z
Hegley ˈheg.li
Heidegger ˈhaɪ.deg.əʳ, -dɪ.gəʳ (US) -dɪ.gɚ
Heidelberg ˈhaɪ.dᵊl.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
Heidi ˈhaɪ.di
heifer ˈhef.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
heigh heɪ
heigh-ho ˌheɪˈhəʊ (US) -ˈhoʊ
Heighington ˈheɪ.ɪŋ.tən, ˈhiː-
height haɪt -s -s
heighten ˈhaɪ.tᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈhaɪt.nɪŋ -ed -d
Heighton ˈheɪ.tᵊn
Heighway ˈhaɪ.weɪ, ˈheɪ-
Heimlich manoeuvre, Heimlich maneuver ˈhaɪm.lɪk.məˌnuː.vəʳ, -lɪx- (US) -vɚ
Heineken® ˈhaɪ.nɪ.kᵊn, -nə-
Heinekey ˈhaɪ.nɪ.ki
Heinemann ˈhaɪ.nə.mən, -mæn
Heinlein ˈhaɪn.laɪn
heinous ˈheɪ.nəs, ˈhiː- (US) ˈheɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Heinz haɪnts, haɪnz
Note: The trademark is always pronounced /haɪnz/.
heir eəʳ (US) er -s -z -dom -dəm -less -ləs, -lɪs, -les ˌ**heir apˈparent;** ˌ**heir preˈsumptive**
heiress ˈeə.res, -rɪs, -res; eəˈres (US) ˈer.ɪs -es -ɪz
heirloom ˈeə.luːm (US) ˈer- -s -z
heirship ˈeə.ʃɪp (US) ˈer-
Heisman ˈhaɪz.mən
heist haɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
heister ˈhaɪ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
hejira (H) ˈhedʒ.ɪ.rə, -ᵊr.ə; hɪˈdʒaɪᵊ.rə, hə- -s -z
Hekla ˈhek.lə
Hel hel
held (*from* **hold**) held
Helen ˈhel.ən, -ɪn
Helena ˈhel.ɪ.nə, ˈ-ə-; helˈiː.nə, hɪˈliː-, hə-
Note: /ˈhel.ɪ.nə, ˈhel.ə.nə/ are the more usual pronunciations, except in the name of the island **St. Helena**; the city in Montana is normally /ˈhel-/.
Helene helˈeɪn, hɪˈleɪn, hə-, -ˈliːn
Helensburgh ˈhel.ənz.bᵊr.ə, -ɪnzˌ-, -ˌbʌr- (US) -bɝːg
Helenus ˈhel.ɪ.nəs, ˈ-ə-
Helga ˈhel.gə
heliacal hɪˈlaɪə.kᵊl, hiː-, helˈaɪə- -ly -i
Heliades helˈaɪə.diːz, hɪˈlaɪə-
helianth|us ˌhiː.liˈænt.θ|əs, ˌhel.iˈ- -i -aɪ -uses -ə.sɪz
helical ˈhel.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈhiː.lɪ- -ly -i
helices (*plur. of* **helix**) ˈhiː.lɪ.siːz, ˈhel.ɪ-, -lə-
Helicon ˈhel.ɪ.kᵊn, ˈ-ə-, -ɪ.kɒn (US) -kɑːn, -kᵊn
helicopter ˈhel.ɪ.kɒp.təʳ, ˈ-əˌ- (US) -kɑːp.t̬ɚ -s -z
Heligoland ˈhel.ɪ.gəʊ.lænd, ˈ-ə- (US) -goʊ-
heliocentric ˌhiː.li.əʊˈsen.trɪk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌheliocentric ˈforce
Heliogabalus ˌhiː.li.əʊˈgæb.ᵊl.əs (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
heliogram ˈhiː.li.əʊ.græm (US) -oʊ-, -ə- -s -z
heliograph ˈhiː.li.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -oʊ.græf, -ə- -s -s
heliograph|er ˌhiː.liˈɒg.rə.f|əʳ (US) -ˈɑː.grə.f|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -y -i
heliographic ˌhiː.li.əʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- -al -ᵊl
heliometer ˌhiː.liˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
heliometric ˌhiː.li.əʊˈmet.rɪk (US) -oʊˈ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
Heliopolis ˌhiː.liˈɒp.ᵊl.ɪs (US) -ˈɑː.pᵊl-
Helios ˈhiː.li.ɒs (US) -ɑːs
helioscope ˈhiː.li.əʊ.skəʊp (US) -oʊ.skoʊp, -ə- -s -s
heliostat ˈhiː.li.əʊ.stæt (US) -oʊ-, -ə- -s -s
heliotrope ˈhiː.li.ə.trəʊp, ˈhel.i- (US) ˈhiː.li.ə.troʊp -s -s

heliotropic ˌhiː.li.əˈtrɒp.ɪk (US) -ˈtrɑː.pɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li

heliotropism ˌhiː.liˈɒt.rə.pɪ.zəm; ˈhiː.li.əˌtrəʊ-, ˌhiː.li.əˈtrəʊ- (US) ˌhiː.liˈɑː.trə-

helipad ˈhel.ɪ.pæd **-s** -z

heliport ˈhel.ɪ.pɔːt (US) -pɔːrt **-s** -s

helium ˈhiː.li.əm

helix ˈhiː.lɪks **-es** -ɪz **helices** ˈhiː.lɪ.siːz, ˈhel.ɪ-, -lə-

hell (H) hel **-s** -z ˌ**Hell's** ˈ**Angel; come** ˌ**hell or** ˌ**high** ˈ**water**

he'll (= **he will**) hiːl

hellacious helˈeɪ.ʃəs

Hellas ˈhel.æs (US) -æs, -əs

hellbent ˌhelˈbent (US) ˈ-,-

hellebore ˈhel.ɪ.bɔːr, ˈ-ə- (US) -bɔːr

helleborine ˈhel.ɪ.bə.raɪn, ˈ-ə-, -riːn; ˌhel.ɪˈbɔː.riːn, -əˈ- (US) ˌhel.əˈbɔːr.ɪn, -iːn

Hellene ˈhel.iːn **-s** -z

Hellenic helˈiː.nɪk, hɪˈliː-, hə-, -ˈlen- (US) həˈlen.ɪk

Hellen|ism ˈhel.ɪ.nl.ɪ.zəm, ˈ-ə- **-isms** -ɪ.zəmz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Hellenistic ˌhel.ɪˈnɪs.tɪk, -əˈ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

helleniz|e, -is|e ˈhel.ɪ.naɪz, ˈ-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Heller ˈhel.ər (US) -ɚ

Hellespont ˈhel.ɪ.spɒnt, ˈ-ə- (US) -spɑːnt

hellfire ˌhelˈfaɪər, ˈ-- (US) ˈhel.faɪr

hellhole ˈhel.həʊl (US) -hoʊl **-s** -z

hellhound ˈhel.haʊnd **-s** -z

Hellingly ˌhel.ɪŋˈlaɪ

hellish ˈhel.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Hellman ˈhel.mən

hello helˈəʊ, həˈləʊ (US) helˈoʊ, həˈloʊ, ˈhel.oʊ **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

helluva ˈhel.ə.və

hellward ˈhel.wəd (US) -wɚd

helm helm **-s** -z

helme|t ˈhel.məlt, -mɪlt **-ts** -ts **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

Helmholtz ˈhelm.həʊlts (US) -hoʊlts

helminth ˈhel.mɪntθ **-s** -s

helminthiasis ˌhel.mɪntˈθaɪə.sɪs

Helmsley ˈhelmz.li *locally:* ˈhemz-

helms|man ˈhelmzl.mən **-men** -mən, -men

Helmut ˈhel.mʊt

Héloïse ˌel.əʊˈiːz (US) -oʊˈ-; ˈel.ə.wiːz

hel|ot ˈhell.ət **-ots** -əts **-otage** -ə.tɪdʒ (US) -ə.t̬ɪdʒ **-otism** -ə.tɪ.zəm (US) -ə.t̬ɪ.zəm **-otry** -ət.ri

help help **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/s **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

helpful ˈhelp.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

helpless ˈhelp.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

helpline ˈhelp.laɪn **-s** -z

helpmate ˈhelp.meɪt **-s** -s

helpmeet ˈhelp.miːt **-s** -s

Helsingborg ˈhel.sɪŋ.bɔːg (US) -bɔːrg

Helsinki helˈsɪŋ.ki, ˈ--- (US) helˈsɪŋ.ki, ˈ---

Helston(e) ˈhel.stən

helter-skelter ˌhel.təˈskel.tər (US) -t̬ɚˈskel.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

helve helv **-s** -z

Helvellyn helˈvel.ɪn

Helveti|a helˈviː.ʃlə, -ʃil.ə **-an/s** -ən/z

Helvetic helˈvet.ɪk (US) -ˈvet̬-

Helvétius helˈviː.ʃəs, ˈ-ʃi.əs (US) -ˈviː-, -ˈveɪ-

Hely ˈhiː.li

hem (*n, v.*) hem **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d

hemal ˈhiː.məl

he|-man ˈhiːl.mæn **-men** -men

Hemans ˈhem.ənz

hematite ˈhiː.mə.taɪt, ˈhem.ə- (US) ˈhiː.mə-

hematologic ˌhiː.mə.təˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -əl

hematolog|y ˌhiː.məˈtɒl.ə.dʒli (US) -ˈtɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

hematoma ˌhiː.məˈtəʊ.mə, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.məˈtoʊ- **-s** -z **-ta** -tə

heme hiːm

Hemel Hempstead ˌhem.əlˈhemp.stɪd, -stəd, -sted

hemicycle ˈhem.iˌsaɪ.kəl **-s** -z

hemidemisemiquaver ˌhem.iˌdem.iˈsem.iˌkweɪ.vər (US) -vɚ **-s** -z

Heming ˈhem.ɪŋ

Hemingway ˈhem.ɪŋ.weɪ

hemipleg|ia ˌhem.iˈpliː.dʒli.ə, -dʒlə **-ic** -ɪk

hemisphere ˈhem.ɪ.sfɪər, ˈ-ə- (US) -sfɪr **-s** -z

hemispheric ˌhem.ɪˈsfer.ɪk, -əˈ- (US) -ˈsfɪr-, -ˈsfer- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

hemistich ˈhem.i.stɪk **-s** -s

hemline ˈhem.laɪn **-s** -z

hemlock ˈhem.lɒk (US) -lɑːk **-s** -s

Hemming ˈhem.ɪŋ

Hemmings ˈhem.ɪŋz

hemoglobin ˌhiː.məʊˈgləʊ.bɪn, ˌhem.əʊˈ- (US) ˈhiː.moʊ.gloʊ-, ˈ-ə-

hemophili|a ˌhiː.məˈfɪl.il.ə, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.moʊˈ-, -məˈ- **-ac/s** -æk/s

hemorrhag|e ˈhem.ər.ɪdʒ (US) -ɚ.ɪdʒ, ˈ-rɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hemorrhoid ˈhem.ər.ɔɪd (US) -ə.rɔɪd, ˈ-rɔɪd **-s** -z

hemosta|sis ˌhiː.məˈsteɪl.sɪs, ˌhem.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.məˈ- **-ses** -siːz

hemp hemp **-en** -ən

Hemp(e)l ˈhem.pəl

hemstitch ˈhem.stɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Hemy ˈhem.i

hen hen **-s** -z ˈ**hen** ˌ**party**

henbane ˈhen.beɪn, ˈhem- (US) ˈhen-

hence hen*t*s

henceforth ˌhen*t*sˈfɔːθ (US) ˈhen*t*s.fɔːrθ

henceforward ˌhen*t*sˈfɔː.wəd (US) -ˈfɔːr.wɚd

Henchard ˈhen.tʃɑːd, -tʃəd (US) -tʃɚd, -tʃɑːrd

hench|man ˈhen*t*ʃl.mən **-men** -mən

hencoop ˈhen.kuːp **-s** -s

hendecagon henˈdek.ə.gən (US) -gɑːn **-s** -z

hendecagonal ˌhen.dɪˈkæg.ən.əl, -dekˈæg-

hendecasyllabic henˌdek.ə.sɪˈlæb.ɪk, -səˈ- **-s** -s

hendecasyllable ˌhen.dek.əˈsɪl.ə.bəl **-s** -z

Henderson ˈhen.də.sən (US) -dɚ-

hendiadys henˈdaɪə.dɪs

Hendon ˈhen.dən

Hendricks ˈhen.drɪks

Hendrickson ˈhen.drɪk.sən

Hendrix ˈhen.drɪks

Hendry ˈhen.dri

Heneage ˈhen.ɪdʒ

heng|e hendʒ **-es** -ɪz

Hengist ˈheŋ.gɪst

Henley ˈhen.li

Henlow ˈhen.ləʊ (US) -loʊ

Henman ˈhen.mən

henna ˈhen.ə **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

henner|y ˈhen.ərl.i **-ies** -iz

Henness(e)y ˈhen.ə.si, ˈ-ɪ-

Henniker ˈhen.ɪ.kər (US) -kɚ

Henning ˈhen.ɪŋ

henpeck ˈhen.pek, ˈhem- (US) ˈhen- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Henri *French name:* ˈɑ̃ːn.riː, -ˈ- (US) ɑ̃ːnˈriː *US surname:* ˈhen.ri

Henrietta ˌhen.riˈet.ə (US) -ˈet̬-

Henriques henˈriː.kɪz

henr|y (H) ˈhen.rli **-ys** -iz **-ies** -iz

Henryson ˈhen.rɪ.sən

Hensen ˈhen*t*.sən

Hensley ˈhenz.li

Henslow(e) ˈhenz.ləʊ (US) -loʊ

Henson ˈhen*t*.sən

Henty ˈhen.ti (US) -t̬i

Hentzau ˈhent.zaʊ

hepatic hɪˈpæt.ɪk, hepˈæt- (US) hɪˈpæt̬-

hepatica hɪˈpæt.ɪ.kə, hepˈæt- (US) hɪˈpæt̬- **-s** -z

hepatite ˈhep.ə.taɪt

hepati|tis ˌhep.əˈtaɪl.tɪs, -təs (US) -t̬ɪs -t̬əs **-tides** -tɪ.diːz

Hepburn ˈheb.ɜːn, -bən; ˈhep.bɜːn (US) ˈhep.bɝːn, -bɚn

Note: The names of Katharine and Audrey Hepburn are usually pronounced /ˈhep.bɜːn (US) -bɜːrn/.

Hephaestus hɪˈfiː.stəs, hefˈiː-, həˈfiː- (US) hɪˈfes.təs

Hephzibah ˈhef.sɪ.bɑː, ˈhep-, -sə-

Hepplewhite ˈhep.əl.*h*waɪt

hepta- ˈhep.tə; hepˈtæ

Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **heptagon** /ˈhep.tə.gən (US) -gɑːn/, **heptahedron** /ˌhep.təˈhiː.drən/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **heptathlete** /hepˈtæθ.liːt/.

heptagon ˈhep.tə.gən, -gɒn (US) -gɑːn **-s** -z

heptagonal hepˈtæg.ən.əl

heptahedr|on ˌhep.təˈhiː.drlən,

-'hed.rl|ən, -rl|ɒn; 'hep.tə,hiː.drl|ən, -,hed.rl|ən, -rl|ɒn ⓤⓢ ,hep.tə'hiː.drl|ən **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə **-al** -ᵊl

heptameter hep'tæm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

heptarch 'hep.tɑːk ⓤⓢ -tɑːrk **-s** -s **-y** -i **-ies** -iz

Heptateuch 'hep.tə.tjuːk ⓤⓢ -tuːk, -tjuːk

heptathlete hep'tæθ.liːt **-s** -s

heptathlon hep'tæθ.lɒn, -lən ⓤⓢ -lɑːn **-s** -z

Hepworth 'hep.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɝːθ, -wɚθ

her *strong form:* hɜːʳ ⓤⓢ hɝː *weak forms:* həʳ, əʳ, hɚ, ɚ **-s** -z

Note: Weak form word. The strong form /hɜːʳ ⓤⓢ hɝːr/ is used for emphasis, e.g. 'it was **her** fault' or contrast, e.g. 'his or her bank'. There is a weak form /həʳ ⓤⓢ hɚ/ which is used at the beginning of sentences, e.g. 'Her train was late' /hə'treɪn.wəz,leɪt ⓤⓢ hɚ-/ and elsewhere in slow, careful speech, e.g. 'I admired her skill', /aɪ.əd,maɪəd.hə'skɪl ⓤⓢ -,maɪrd.hɚ'-/. In rapid speech the weak form is likely to be /əʳ ⓤⓢ ɚ/, e.g. 'Let her through', /,let.ə'θruː ⓤⓢ ,let̬.ɚ'-/.

Hera 'hɪə.rə ⓤⓢ 'hɪr.ə, 'hiː.rə

Heraclean ,her.ə'kliː.ən

Heracles 'her.ə.kliːz, 'hɪə.rə- ⓤⓢ 'her.ə-

Heraclitus ,her.ə'klaɪ.təs ⓤⓢ -t̬əs

Heraklion her'æk.li.ən

herald 'her.əld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

heraldic hɪ'ræl.dɪk, hə'ræl-, her'æl- ⓤⓢ hə'ræl-, her'æl- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

heraldr|y 'her.ᵊl.dr|i **-ies** -iz

Herat her'æt, hɪ'ræt, hə'ræt, -'rɑːt ⓤⓢ her'ɑːt

herb (H) hɜːb ⓤⓢ ɝːb, hɝːb **-s** -z **-age** -ɪdʒ **-y** -i

Note: The US pronunciation for the name **Herb** is always /hɝːrb/.

herbaceous hɜː'beɪ.ʃəs, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ'-, ɚ'- **her,baceous 'border**

herbal 'hɜː.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-, 'ɝː-

herbal|ism 'hɜː.bᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-, 'ɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

herbarium hɜː'beə.ri.əm ⓤⓢ hɝː'ber.i-, ɝː- **-s** -z

Herbert 'hɜː.bət ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.bɚt

herbicidal ,hɜː.bɪ'saɪ.dᵊl ⓤⓢ ,hɝː-, ,ɝː-

herbicide 'hɜː.bɪ.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-, 'ɝː- **-s** -z

Herbie 'hɜː.bi ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

herbivore 'hɜː.bɪ.vɔːʳ ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.bə.vɔːr, 'ɝː- **-s** -z

herbivorous hɜː'bɪv.ᵊr.əs, hə- ⓤⓢ hɝː-, hɚ-, ɝː-, ɚ-

herboriz|e, -is|e 'hɜː.bᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-, 'ɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Herbst hɜːbst ⓤⓢ hɝːpst

Herculaneum ,hɜː.kjə'leɪ.ni.əm, -kjʊ'- ⓤⓢ ,hɝː.kjə'-

Hercule 'eə.kjuːl, 'ɜː-, ,-'- ⓤⓢ er'kjuːl, ɝː- ,**Hercule 'Poirot, ,Hercule Poi'rot**

herculean (H) ,hɜː.kjə'liː.ən, -kjʊ'-; hɜː'kjuː.li- ⓤⓢ ,hɝː.kjuː'liː-; hɚ'kjuː.li-

Hercules 'hɜː.kjə.liːz, -kjʊ- ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.kjə-

herd (H) hɜːd ⓤⓢ hɝːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ,**herd 'instinct**

herds|man 'hɜːdz|.mən ⓤⓢ 'hɝːdz- **-men** -mən

here hɪəʳ ⓤⓢ hɪr ,**here, ,there, and 'everywhere; ,neither ,here nor 'there**

hereabouts ,hɪər.ə'baʊts, '--- ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.ə'baʊts, '---

hereafter ,hɪər'ɑːf.təʳ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'æf.tɚ

hereby ,hɪə'baɪ, '-- ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'baɪ, '--

hereditable hɪ'red.ɪ.tə.bᵊl, hə-, her'ed-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ hə'red.ɪ.t̬ə-

hereditament ,her.ɪ'dɪt.ə.mənt, -ə'-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ -ə'dɪt̬.ə- **-s** -s

hereditar|y hɪ'red.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, hə-, her'ed-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ hə'red.ɪ.ter- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

heredity hɪ'red.ə.ti, hə-, her'ed-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ hə'red.ɪ-

Hereford *place in UK:* 'her.ɪ.fəd, -ə.fəd ⓤⓢ -ə.fɚd **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -,ʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -,ʃɪr *in US:* 'hɜː.fəd ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.fɚd

herein ,hɪəʳ'ɪn ⓤⓢ ,hɪr-

hereinabove ,hɪəʳ.ɪn.ə'bʌv ⓤⓢ ,hɪr-

hereinafter ,hɪəʳ.ɪn'ɑːf.təʳ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.ɪn'æf.tɚ

hereinbefore ,hɪəʳ.ɪn.bɪ'fɔːʳ, -bə'fɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.ɪn.bɪ'fɔːr, -bə'-

hereinbelow ,hɪəʳ.ɪn.bɪ'ləʊ, -bə'- ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.ɪn.bɪ'loʊ, -bə'-

hereof ,hɪəʳ'ɒv ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'ɑːv

hereon ,hɪəʳ'ɒn ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'ɑːn

Herero hə'reə.rəʊ, her'eə-, -'ɪə-; 'hɪə.rə.rəʊ, 'her.ə- ⓤⓢ hə'rer.oʊ; 'her.ə.roʊ **-s** -z

heresiarch hə'riː.zi.ɑːk, hɪ-, her'iː-; -si-, 'her.ə.si- ⓤⓢ hə'riː.zi.ɑːrk; 'her.ə.si- **-s** -s

heres|y 'her.ə.s|i, '-ɪ- **-ies** -iz

heretic 'her.ə.tɪk, -ɪ.tɪk ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -s

heretic|al hə'ret.ɪ.k|ᵊl, hɪ'-, her'et- ⓤⓢ hə'ret̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

hereto ,hɪə'tuː ⓤⓢ ,hɪr-

heretofore ,hɪə.tuː'fɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.tuː'fɔːr, '---

hereunder ,hɪəʳ'ʌn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'ʌn.dɚ, '---

hereunto ,hɪəʳ.ʌn'tuː, -'ʌn.tuː ⓤⓢ ,hɪr-, '---

hereupon ,hɪəʳ.ə'pɒn ⓤⓢ ,hɪr.ə'pɑːn, '---

Hereward 'her.ɪ.wəd, -ə- ⓤⓢ -wɚd

herewith ,hɪə'wɪð, -'wɪθ ⓤⓢ ,hɪr'wɪð, '--

Herford 'hɜː.fəd, 'hɑː- ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.fɚd

Hergé eə'ʒeɪ ⓤⓢ er-

heriot (H) 'her.i.ət, -ɒt ⓤⓢ -ət **-s** -s

Heriot-Watt ,her.i.ət'wɒt ⓤⓢ -'wɑːt

heritable 'her.ɪ.tə.bᵊl, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ə-

heritag|e 'her.ɪ.tɪdʒ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

heritor 'her.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

Herkomer 'hɜː.kə.məʳ ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.kə.mɚ **-s** -z

Herman 'hɜː.mən ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

hermaphrodite hɜː'mæf.rə.daɪt, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ'mæf.roʊ-, -rə- **-s** -s

hermaphroditic hɜː,mæf.rə'dɪt.ɪk, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ,mæf.roʊ'dɪt̬-, -rə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

hermeneutic ,hɜː.mɪ'njuː.tɪk, -mə'- ⓤⓢ ,hɝː.mə'nuː.t̬ɪk, -'njuː- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

Hermes 'hɜː.miːz ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

Hermès® eə'mes ⓤⓢ er-

Hermesetas® ,hɜː.mɪ'siː.təz, -mə'-, -təs ⓤⓢ ,hɝː.mə'siː.t̬əz, -təs

hermetic hɜː'met.ɪk, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ'met̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

Hermia 'hɜː.mi.ə ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

Hermione hɜː'maɪə.ni, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ-

Hermiston 'hɜː.mɪ.stᵊn ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

hermit 'hɜː.mɪt ⓤⓢ 'hɝː- **-s** -s **'hermit ,crab**

hermitag|e (H) 'hɜː.mɪ.tɪdʒ, -mə- *as if French:* ,eə.mɪ'tɑːʒ ⓤⓢ 'hɝː.mɪ.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

hermitic hɜː'mɪt.ɪk, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ'mɪt̬-

Hermocrates hɜː'mɒk.rə.tiːz, hə- ⓤⓢ hɚ'mɑː.krə-

Hermogenes hɜː'mɒdʒ.ɪ.niːz, hə-, -ən.iːz ⓤⓢ hɚ'mɑː.dʒə.niːz

Hermon 'hɜː.mən ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

hern hɜːn ⓤⓢ hɝːn **-s** -z

Hernandez hɜː'næn.dez ⓤⓢ hɚ-; er'nɑːn.des

Herne hɜːn ⓤⓢ hɝːn

herni|a 'hɜː.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ 'hɝː- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-al** -əl

herni|ate 'hɜː.ni|.eɪt ⓤⓢ 'hɝː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd

herniation ,hɜː.ni'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ,hɝː- **-s** -z

hero (H) 'hɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'hɪr.oʊ, 'hiː.roʊ **-es** -z **'hero ,worship**

Herod 'her.əd ,**Herod 'Antipas**

Herodian her'əʊ.di.ən, hə'rəʊ-, hɪ- ⓤⓢ hə'roʊ- **-s** -z

Herodias her'əʊ.di.æs, hə'rəʊ-, hɪ-, -əs ⓤⓢ hə'roʊ-

Herodotus her'ɒd.ə.təs, hə'rɒd-, hɪ- ⓤⓢ hə'rɑː.də.t̬əs

heroic hɪ'rəʊ.ɪk, hə-, her'əʊ- ⓤⓢ hɪ'roʊ-, hiː- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **he,roic 'verse**

heroin 'her.əʊ.ɪn ⓤⓢ -oʊ-

heroine 'her.əʊ.ɪn ⓤⓢ -oʊ- **-s** -z

heroism 'her.əʊ.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ -oʊ-

heron (H) 'her.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ry** -ri **-ries** -riz

herpes 'hɜː.piːz ⓤⓢ 'hɝː-

herpetologic ,hɜː.pɪ.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪk, -pə- ⓤⓢ ,hɝː.pə.t̬ə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

herpetolog|y ,hɜː.pɪ'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -pə'- ⓤⓢ -pə'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Herr heəʳ ⓤⓢ her

Herrick 'her.ɪk

Herries 'her.ɪs, -ɪz

herring (H) 'her.ɪŋ **-s** -z

herringbone 'her.ɪŋ.bəʊn US -boʊn -s -z
Herriot 'her.i.ət
Herron 'her.ən
hers hɜːz US hɝːz
Herschel(l) 'hɜː.ʃəl US 'hɝː-
herself hə'self US hɚ- *when not initial:* ə-, ɚ-
Hershey 'hɜː.ʃi US 'hɝː-
Herstmonceux ˌhɜːs*t*.mən'zuː, -mɒn-, -'sjuː, -'suː US ˌhɝːst.mən'-, -mɑːn'-
Hertford *in England:* 'hɑːt.fəd, 'hɑː- US 'hɑːrt.fɚd, 'hɑːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ʃɪr
Hertford *in US:* 'hɜːt.fəd US 'hɝːt.fɚd
Herts. (*abbrev. for* **Hertfordshire**) hɑːts; 'hɑːt.fəd.ʃəʳ, 'hɑː-, -ˌʃɪəʳ US hɑːrts; 'hɑːrt.fɚd.ʃɚ, 'hɑːr-, -ˌʃɪr
Hertslet 'hɜːt.slɪt US 'hɝːt-
hertz hɜːts US hɝːts
Hertz hɜːts, heəts US hɝːts, herts **-ian** -i.ən
Note: The trademark is pronounced /hɜːts US hɝːrts/.
Hertzog 'hɜːt.sɒg US 'hɝːt.sɑːg, -sɔːg
Hervey 'hɑː.vi, 'hɜː.vi US 'hɝː-
Herzegovina ˌhɜːt.sə.gəʊ'viː.nə, ˌheət-, -sɪ.gəʊ'-; -sɪ'gɒv.ɪ.nə US ˌhɝːt.sə.goʊ'viː.nə
Herzog 'hɜːt.sɒg US 'hɝːt.sɑːg, -sɔːg
he's (**he is** *or* **he has**) *strong form:* hiːz *occasional weak forms:* hiz, iz
Note: See note for **he**.
Hesba 'hez.bə
Heseltine 'hes.əl.taɪn, 'hez-
Heshbon 'heʃ.bɒn US -bɑːn
Hesiod 'hiː.si.əd, 'hes.i-, -ɒd US -əd
hesitan|ce 'hez.ɪ.tənt|s, '-ə- **-cy** -si
hesitant 'hez.ɪ.tənt, '-ə- **-ly** -li
hesi|tate 'hez.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating/ly** -teɪ.tɪŋ/li US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
hesitation ˌhez.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, -ə'- **-s** -z
Hesketh 'hes.kəθ, -kɪθ
Heskey 'hes.ki
Hesperian hes'pɪə.ri.ən US -'pɪr.i-
Hesperides hes'per.ɪ.diːz, hɪ'sper-, hə-, '-ə- US hes'per.ɪ-
Hesperus 'hes.pər.əs
Hess hes
Hessayon 'hes.i.ən
Hesse 'hes.ə, hes
hessian (H) 'hes.i.ən US 'heʃ.ən **-s** -z
Hester 'hes.təʳ US -tɚ
Heston 'hes.tən
Heswall 'hez.wəl US 'hes.wɔːl
Hesychius hes'ɪk.i.əs
hetero 'het.ər.əʊ US 'het̬.ə.roʊ **-s** -z
heteroclite 'het.ər.əʊ.klaɪt US 'het.ɚ.ə- **-s** -s
heterodox 'het.ər.əʊ.dɒks US 'het̬.ɚ.ə.dɑːks **-y** -i
heterodyne 'het.ər.əʊ.daɪn US 'het̬.ɚ.ə-
heterogeneity ˌhet.ər.əʊ.dʒə'niː.ə.ti, -dʒɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ.dʒə'niː.ə.t̬i, '-ɚ.ə-
heterogeneous ˌhet.ər.əʊ'dʒiː.ni.əs US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ'-, -ɚ.ə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
heterogenesis ˌhet.ər.əʊ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ- US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, -ɚ.ə'-
heteronym 'het.ər.əʊ.nɪm US 'het̬.ə.roʊ-, -ɚ.ə- **-s** -z
heteronym|ous ˌhet.ə'rɒn.ɪ.m|əs, '-ə- US ˌhet̬.ə'rɑː.nɪ- **-y** -i
heterosex|ism ˌhet.ər.əʊ'sek.s|ɪ.zəm US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ'-, -ɚ.ə'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
heterosexual ˌhet.ər.əʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, '-sju-, -ʃəl US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, -ɚ.ə'- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
heterosexuality ˌhet.ər.əʊˌsek.ʃu'æl.ə.ti, -sju'- US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊˌsek.ʃu'æl.ə.t̬i, -ɚ.əˌ-
heterozygous ˌhet.ər.əʊ'zaɪ.gəs US ˌhet̬.ə.roʊ'-, -ɚ.ə'-
Hetherington 'heð.ər.ɪŋ.tən
Hetton-le-Hole ˌhet.ən.lə'həʊl, -lɪ'- US ˌhet̬.ən.lə'hoʊl
Hetty 'het.i US 'het̬-
het up ˌhet'ʌp US ˌhet̬- *stress shift:* ˌhet up 'teenager
Heugh *place:* hjuːf *surname:* hjuː
heuristic hjʊə'rɪs.tɪk US hjuː'- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
Hever 'hiː.vəʳ US -vɚ
hew hjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Heward 'hjuː.əd US -ɚd
Hewart 'hjuː.ət US -ɚt
Hewetson 'hjuː.ɪt.sən
Hewett, Hewitt 'hjuː.ɪt
Hewke hjuːk
Hewlett 'hjuː.lɪt, -lət
Hewlettson 'hjuː.lɪt.sən, -lət-
hewn (*from* **hew**) hjuːn
hex heks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hexa- 'hek.sə; hek'sæ
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **hexagon** /'hek.sə.gən US -gɑːn/, **hexahedron** /ˌhek.sə'hiː.drən/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **hexagonal** /hek'sæg.ən.əl/.
hexachord 'hek.sə.kɔːd US -kɔːrd **-s** -z
hexagon 'hek.sə.gən US -gɑːn **-s** -z
hexagonal hek'sæg.ən.əl **-ly** -i
hexagram 'hek.sə.græm **-s** -z
hexahedr|on ˌhek.sə'hiː.dr|ən, -'hed.r|ən US -'hiː.dr|ən **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə **-al** -əl
Hexam 'hek.səm
hexameter hek'sæm.ɪ.təʳ, hɪk'-, '-ə- US -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Hexateuch 'hek.sə.tjuːk US -tuːk, -tjuːk
Hexham 'hek.səm
Hextable 'hek.stə.bəl
hey heɪ
Heycock 'heɪ.kɒk US -kɑːk
heyday 'heɪ.deɪ
Heyer heɪəʳ US heɪɚ
Heyerdahl 'heɪə.dɑːl US 'heɪɚ-, 'haɪɚ-
hey presto ˌheɪ'pres.təʊ US -toʊ
Heysham 'hiː.ʃəm
Heyward 'heɪ.wəd US -wɚd
Heywood 'heɪ.wʊd
Hezbollah ˌhɪz.bɒl'ɑː, 'hez- US ˌhez.bə'lɑː
Hezekiah ˌhez.ɪ'kaɪə, -ə'-
Hezlewood 'hez.əl.wʊd
HGV ˌeɪtʃ.dʒiː'viː **-s** -z
hi haɪ
hiatus haɪ'eɪ.təs, hi- US haɪ'eɪ.t̬əs **-es** -ɪz
Hiawatha ˌhaɪ.ə'wɒθ.ə US -'wɑː.θə
hibachi hɪ'bɑː.tʃi, hiː- **-s** -z
Hibbert 'hɪb.ət, -ɜːt US -ɚt, -ɝːt
hibernal haɪ'bɜː.nəl US -'bɝː-
hiber|nate 'haɪ.bə|.neɪt US -bɚ- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd
hibernation ˌhaɪ.bə'neɪ.ʃən US -bɚ'- **-s** -z
Hibernia haɪ'bɜː.ni.ə, hɪ- US -'bɝː-
Hibernian (*n, adj.*) haɪ'bɜː.ni.ən US -'bɝː- **-s** -z *in name of football club:* hɪ'bɜː.ni.ən US -'bɝː- **-s** -z
Hibernicism haɪ'bɜː.nɪ.sɪ.zəm, -nə- US -'bɝː- **-s** -z
hibiscus hɪ'bɪs.kəs, haɪ- US haɪ-, hɪ-
Hibs hɪbz
hiccough 'hɪk.ʌp, -əp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hiccup 'hɪk.ʌp, -əp **-s** -s **-(p)ing** -ɪŋ **-(p)ed** -t
hick hɪk **-s** -s
hickey 'hɪk.i **-s** -z
Hickman 'hɪk.mən
Hickok 'hɪk.ɒk US -ɑːk
hickory (H) 'hɪk.ər.i US -ɚ.i, '-ri
Hicks hɪks
Hickson 'hɪk.sən
hicksville 'hɪks.vɪl
hid (*from* **hide**) hɪd
hidalgo (H) hɪ'dæl.gəʊ US -goʊ **-s** -z
hid|e haɪd **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **hid** hɪd **hidden** 'hɪd.ən ˌ**hide-and-'seek;** '**hiding** ˌ**place**
hideaway 'haɪd.ə.weɪ **-s** -z
hidebound 'haɪd.baʊnd
hideous 'hɪd.i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hideout 'haɪd.aʊt **-s** -s
hid(e)y-hole 'haɪ.di.həʊl US -hoʊl **-s** -z
hie haɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
Hierapolis ˌhaɪə'ræp.əl.ɪs US ˌhaɪ'ræp.ə.lɪs
hierarch 'haɪə.rɑːk US 'haɪ.rɑːrk **-s** -s
hierarchal ˌhaɪə'rɑː.kəl US ˌhaɪ'rɑːr-
hierarchic ˌhaɪə'rɑː.kɪk US ˌhaɪ'rɑːr- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
hierarch|y 'haɪə.rɑː.k|i US 'haɪ.rɑːr- **-ies** -iz
hieratic ˌhaɪə'ræt.ɪk US ˌhaɪ'ræt̬-
hieroglyph 'haɪə.rəʊ.glɪf US 'haɪ.roʊ- **-s** -s

hieroglyphic ˌhaɪə.rəʊˈglɪf.ɪk (US) ˌhaɪ.roʊˈ- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Hieronimo hɪəˈrɒn.ɪ.məʊ (US) hɪˈrɑː.nɪ.moʊ
Hieronymus hɪəˈrɒn.ɪ.məs, haɪəˈ- (US) haɪˈrɑː.nɪ-
hierophant ˈhɪə.rəʊ.fænt, ˈhaɪə- (US) ˈhaɪ.roʊ- **-s** -s
hifalutin ˌhaɪ.fəˈluː.tɪn, -tᵊn *stress shift:* ˌhifalutin ˈattitude
hi-fi ˈhaɪ.faɪ, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z
Higginbotham ˈhɪg.ɪnˌbɒt.əm, -ᵊnˌ-, -ᵊmˌ-, -ˌbɒθ.əm (US) -ˌbɑː.t̬əm, -θəm
Higginbottom ˈhɪg.ɪnˌbɒt.əm, -ᵊnˌ-, -ᵊmˌ- (US) -ˌbɑː.t̬əm
Higgins ˈhɪg.ɪnz
Higginson ˈhɪg.ɪn.sᵊn
higgl|e ˈhɪg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈhɪg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** ˈhɪg.ləʳ/z (US) -lɚ/z
higgledy-piggledy ˌhɪg.ᵊl.diˈpɪg.ᵊl.di
Higgs hɪgz
high haɪ **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**High ˈCourt** *stress shift, British only:* ˌHigh Court ˈjudge ˈ**high ˌchair**; ˌ**high ˈchurch**; ˌ**high ˈchurchman**; ˈ**high ˌday**; ˌ**high ˈfrequency**; ˌ**high ˈheels**; ˌ**high ˈhorse**; ˈ**high ˌjump**; ˌ**high ˈroller**; ˈ**high ˌschool**; ˈ**high ˌstreet**; ˌ**high ˈtide**; ˌ**high ˈwater**; ˌ**high ˈwater mark**; ˌ**high and ˈdry**; ˌ**high and ˈlow**; ˌ**higher eduˈcation**
Higham ˈhaɪ.əm **-s** -z
high-and-mighty ˌhaɪ.ənˈmaɪ.ti, -əmˈ- (US) -ənˈmaɪ.t̬i *stress shift:* ˌhigh-and-mighty ˈmanners
highball ˈhaɪ.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
highborn ˌhaɪˈbɔːn (US) ˈhaɪ.bɔːrn *stress shift, British only:* ˌhighborn ˈlady
highboy ˈhaɪ.bɔɪ **-s** -z
Highbridge ˈhaɪ.brɪdʒ
highbrow ˈhaɪ.braʊ **-s** -z
Highbury ˈhaɪ.bᵊr.i (US) -ber.i, -bɚ-
highchair ˈhaɪ.tʃeəʳ, ˌ-ˈ- (US) -tʃer **-s** -z
High Church ˌhaɪˈtʃɜːtʃ (US) -ˈtʃɝːtʃ **-man** -mən **-men** -mən, -men *stress shift:* ˌHigh Church ˈmannerism
high-class ˌhaɪˈklɑːs (US) -ˈklæs *stress shift:* ˌhigh-class ˈbutcher
Highclere ˈhaɪ.klɪəʳ (US) -klɪr
high-end ˈhaɪ.end
highfalut|in ˌhaɪ.fəˈluː.t|ɪn, -t|ᵊn **-ing** -ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌhighfalutin ˈattitude
Highfield ˈhaɪ.fiːld
highflier, highflyer ˌhaɪˈflaɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
highflown ˌhaɪˈfləʊn (US) -ˈfloʊn *stress shift:* ˌhigh-flown ˈrhetoric
Highgate ˈhaɪ.geɪt, -gɪt, -gət
Highgrove ˈhaɪ.grəʊv (US) -groʊv
high-handed ˌhaɪˈhæn.dɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌhigh-handed ˈruler
high-heeled ˌhaɪˈhiːld *stress shift:* ˌhigh-heeled ˈshoes
highjack ˈhaɪ.dʒæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
highjinks ˈhaɪ.dʒɪŋks
highland (H) ˈhaɪ.lənd **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**Highland ˈfling**
high-level ˌhaɪˈlev.ᵊl *stress shift:* ˌhigh-level ˈlanguage
high|light ˈhaɪ|.laɪt **-lights** -laɪts **-lighting** -ˌlaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lighted** -ˌlaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪd
highlighter ˈhaɪˌlaɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
highly ˈhaɪ.li
high-minded ˌhaɪˈmaɪn.dɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌhigh-minded ˈthinker
Highness ˈhaɪ.nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz
high-octane ˌhaɪˈɒk.teɪn (US) -ˈɑːk- *stress shift:* ˌhigh-octane ˈfuel
high-pitched ˌhaɪˈpɪtʃt *stress shift:* ˌhigh-pitched ˈvoice
high-powered ˌhaɪˈpaʊəd (US) -ˈpaʊ.ɚd *stress shift:* ˌhigh-powered ˈengine
high-pressure ˌhaɪˈpreʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ *stress shift:* ˌhigh-pressure ˈsalesman
high-priced ˌhaɪˈpraɪst *stress shift:* ˌhigh-priced ˈgoods
high-priest ˌhaɪˈpriːst **-s** -s **-hood/s** -hʊd/z
high-priestess ˌhaɪ.priːˈstes, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˌhaɪˈpriː- **-es** -ɪz
high-profile ˌhaɪˈprəʊ.faɪl (US) -ˈproʊ- *stress shift:* ˌhigh-profile ˈmission
high-ranking ˌhaɪˈræŋ.kɪŋ, ˈ--- *stress shift:* ˌhigh-ranking ˈofficer
high-ris|e ˌhaɪˈraɪz, ˈ-- (US) ˈ-- **-s** -ɪz *stress shift:* ˌhigh-rise ˈflats
high-risk ˌhaɪˈrɪsk *stress shift:* ˌhigh-risk ˈstrategy
highroad ˈhaɪ.rəʊd (US) -roʊd **-s** -z
high-speed ˌhaɪˈspiːd *stress shift:* ˌhigh-speed ˈchase
high-spirited ˌhaɪˈspɪr.ɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
highspot ˈhaɪ.spɒt (US) -spɑːt **-s** -s
high-strung ˌhaɪˈstrʌŋ *stress shift:* ˌhigh-strung ˈhorse
hightail ˈhaɪ.teɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
high-tech ˌhaɪˈtek *stress shift:* ˌhigh-tech ˈoffice
Highton ˈhaɪ.tᵊn
high-up ˌhaɪˈʌp **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌhigh-up ˈsource
highway ˈhaɪ.weɪ **-s** -z ˌ**Highway ˈCode**, ˈ**Highway ˌCode**; ˌ**highway ˈrobbery**
highway|man ˈhaɪ.weɪ|.mən **-men** -mən
Highworth ˈhaɪ.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ
High Wycombe ˌhaɪˈwɪk.əm
hijack ˈhaɪ.dʒæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hijinks ˈhaɪ.dʒɪŋks
hik|e haɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Hilaire hɪˈleəʳ; ˈhɪl.eəʳ (US) hɪˈler; ˈhɪl.er
hilarious hɪˈleə.ri.əs, hə- (US) hɪˈler.i-, -ˈlær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hilarity hɪˈlær.ə.ti, hə-, -ɪ.ti (US) hɪˈler.ə.t̬i, -ˈlær-
Hilary ˈhɪl.ᵊr.i
Hilda ˈhɪl.də
Hildebrand ˈhɪl.də.brænd, -dɪ-
Hildegard(e) ˈhɪl.də.gɑːd, -dɪ- (US) -gɑːrd
hill (H) hɪl **-s** -z ˌ**over the ˈhill; as ˌold as the ˈhills**
Hillary ˈhɪl.ᵊr.i
hillbill|y ˈhɪlˌbɪl|.i **-ies** -iz
Hillborn ˈhɪl.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Hillel ˈhɪl.el, -əl; hɪˈlel
Hillhead hɪlˈhed, ˈ--
Note: The pronunciation in Scotland is /-ˈ-/.
Hilliard ˈhɪl.i.əd, -ɑːd (US) ˈ-jɚd
Hillingdon ˈhɪl.ɪŋ.dən
hill|man ˈhɪl|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men
Hillman ˈhɪl.mən **-s** -z
hillock ˈhɪl.ək **-s** -s
Hillsboro ˈhɪlz.bᵊr.ə (US) -oʊ
Hillsborough ˈhɪlz.bᵊr.ə (US) -oʊ
hillside (H) ˈhɪl.saɪd, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z
hilltop ˈhɪl.tɒp (US) -tɑːp **-s** -s
hill|y ˈhɪl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Hillyard ˈhɪl.jəd, -jɑːd (US) -jɚd
Hillyer ˈhɪl.i.əʳ (US) ˈ-jɚ
hilt hɪlt **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈhɪl.t̬ɪd
Hilton ˈhɪl.tᵊn
hil|um ˈhaɪ.l|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə **-i** -aɪ **-us** -əs
Hilversum ˈhɪl.və.sʊm, -sᵊm (US) -vɚ-
him *strong form:* hɪm *weak form:* ɪm
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is mainly used for contrastive purposes, e.g. 'The gift is for **him**, not **her**'.
Himachal Pradesh hɪˌmɑː.tʃᵊl.prɑːˈdeʃ (US) -prəˈ-
Himalaya ˌhɪm.əˈleɪə, hɪˈmɑː.li.ə, -lə.jə **-s** -z **-n** -n
Himes haɪmz
Himmler ˈhɪm.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
himself hɪmˈself *when not initial:* ɪm-
Himyaritic ˌhɪm.jəˈrɪt.ɪk (US) -ˈrɪt̬-
Hinayana ˌhiː.nəˈjɑː.nə, ˌhɪn.əˈ- (US) ˌhiː.nəˈ-
Hinchcliffe ˈhɪntʃ.klɪf
Hinchingbrooke ˈhɪn.tʃɪŋ.brʊk
Hinchliffe ˈhɪntʃ.lɪf
Hinckley ˈhɪŋ.kli
hind (H) haɪnd **-s** -z
Hinde haɪnd
Hindemith ˈhɪnd.ə.mɪt, -mɪθ
Hindenburg ˈhɪn.dən.bɜːg, -dəm- (US) -bɝːg
hinder (*adj.*) ˈhaɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-most** -məʊst (US) -moʊst
hind|er (*v.*) ˈhɪn.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Hinderwell ˈhɪn.də.wel, -wəl (US) -dɚ-
Hindhead ˈhaɪnd.hed
Hindi ˈhɪn.diː, -di
Hindle ˈhɪn.dᵊl

Hindley *surname:* 'hɪnd.li, 'haɪnd- *town in Greater Manchester:* 'hɪnd.li
Hindlip 'hɪnd.lɪp
hindmost 'haɪnd.məʊst (US) -moʊst
hindquarters ˌhaɪnd'kwɔː.təz, ˌhaɪŋ-, '--- (US) 'haɪndˌkwɔːr.t̬ɚz
hindranc|e 'hɪn.drənts -es -ɪz
hindsight 'haɪnd.saɪt
Hindu 'hɪn.duː, -'- (US) 'hɪn.duː -s -z
Hinduism 'hɪn.duː.ɪ.zᵊm, ˌhɪn'duː- (US) 'hɪn.duː-
Hinduja hɪn'duː.dʒə
Hindu Kush ˌhɪn.duː'kuːʃ, -'kʊʃ
Hindustan ˌhɪn.dʊ'stɑːn, -'stæn -i -i
Hines haɪnz
hing|e 'hɪndʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Hingis 'hɪŋ.gɪs
Hingston 'hɪŋk.stən
Hinkley 'hɪŋ.kli
Hinkson 'hɪŋk.sən
hinn|y 'hɪn|.i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id
hint hɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'hɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'hɪn.t̬ɪd
hinterland 'hɪn.tə.lænd, -lənd (US) -t̬ɚ-
Hinton 'hɪn.tən
hip hɪp -s -s -ped -t -per -əʳ (US) -ɚ -pest -ɪst, -əst ˈ**hip** ˌ**bath**; ˈ**hip** ˌ**joint**
hipbone 'hɪp.bəʊn (US) -boʊn -s -z
hip-hop 'hɪp.hɒp (US) -hɑːp
Hipomenes haɪ'pɒm.ɪ.niːz (US) -'pɑː.mɪ-
Hipparchus hɪ'pɑː.kəs (US) -'pɑːr-
Hippias 'hɪp.i.æs (US) -æs, -əs
hippie 'hɪp.i -s -z
hippo 'hɪp.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z
hippocamp|us ˌhɪp.əʊ'kæm.p|əs (US) -oʊ'- -i -aɪ
Hippocrates hɪ'pɒk.rə.tiːz (US) -'pɑː.krə-
Hippocratic ˌhɪp.əʊ'kræt.ɪk (US) -ə'kræt̬- ˌ**Hippocratic** ˈ**oath**
Hippocrene ˌhɪp.əʊ'kriː.niː, -ni *also in poetry:* 'hɪp.əʊ.kriːn (US) 'hɪp.oʊ.kriːn, ˌhɪp.oʊ'kriː.ni
hippodrome (H) 'hɪp.ə.drəʊm (US) -droʊm -s -z
Hippolyta hɪ'pɒl.ɪ.tə, '-ə- (US) -'pɑː.lɪ.tə
Hippolyte hɪ'pɒl.ɪ.tiː, '-ə- (US) -'pɑː.lɪ.tiː
Hippolytus hɪ'pɒl.ɪ.təs, '-ə- (US) -'pɑː.lɪ.təs
hippopotam|us ˌhɪp.ə'pɒt.ə.m|əs (US) -'pɑː.t̬ə- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ
hipp|y 'hɪp|.i -ies -iz
hipster 'hɪp.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
Hiram *biblical name:* 'haɪə.rəm, -ræm (US) 'haɪ.rəm *modern names:* 'haɪə.rəm (US) 'haɪ-
hircine 'hɜː.saɪn (US) 'hɝː-, -sɪn
Hird hɜːd (US) hɝːd
hir|e haɪəʳ (US) haɪr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -eling/s -lɪŋ/z ˌ**hire** ˈ**purchase**; ˌ**hired** ˈ**hand**
hireling 'haɪə.lɪŋ (US) 'haɪr- -s -z
Hirohito ˌhɪr.əʊ'hiː.təʊ (US) -oʊ'hiː.toʊ
Hiroshima hɪ'rɒʃ.ɪ.mə, hə-, '-ə-; ˌhɪr.ɒʃ'iː-, -ə'ʃiː- (US) ˌhɪr.ə'ʃiː-, hɪ'roʊ.ʃɪ-
Hirst hɜːst (US) hɝːst
hirsute 'hɜː.sjuːt, -suːt, -'- (US) 'hɝː.suːt, 'hɪr-; hɚ'suːt -ness -nəs, -nɪs
hirsutism 'hɜː.sjuː.tɪ.zᵊm, -suː-; hɜː'sjuː-, -'suː- (US) 'hɝː.suː.t̬ɪ-, 'hɪr-; hɚ'suː-
his *strong form:* hɪz *weak form:* ɪz
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /hɪz/ is always used when the word occurs contrastively, e.g. 'It's **his**, not **hers**' and when it is in final position, e.g. 'He said it was **his**'. When the word is unstressed the weak pronuciation is usually /ɪz/, e.g. 'on his back', /ɒn.ɪz'bæk (US) ɑːn-/, though /hɪz/ occurs when it is the first word in a sentence, e.g. 'His shoes were wet', /hɪz'ʃuːz.wəˌwet (US) -wɚ-/, and when the style of speech is slow and careful.
Hislop 'hɪz.lɒp, -ləp (US) -lɑːp
his'n'hers ˌhɪz.ᵊn'hɜːz (US) -'hɝːz
Hispanic hɪ'spæn.ɪk -s -s
Hispanic|ism hɪ'spæn.ɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Hispaniola ˌhɪs.pæn.i'əʊ.lə; -pæn'jəʊ-; hɪˌspæn- (US) ˌhɪs.pən'joʊ-
hiss (H) hɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hist sːt, hɪst
Note: This spelling is used to represent the hissing sound made to attract someone's attention; it has a connotation of secrecy.
histamine 'hɪs.tə.miːn, -mɪn -s -z
histogram 'hɪs.tə.græm (US) -toʊ-, -tə- -s -z
histological ˌhɪs.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -toʊ'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -tə'- -ly -li
histolog|y hɪ'stɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'stɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Histon 'hɪs.tᵊn
historian hɪ'stɔː.ri.ən (US) -'stɔːr.i- -s -z
historic hɪ'stɒr.ɪk (US) hɪ'stɔːr.ɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
Note: In British English, the pronunciation /ɪs'tɒr.ɪk/ is sometimes used, though only after 'an' /ən/.
historicism hɪ'stɒr.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- (US) -'stɔːr.ə-
historicity ˌhɪs.tɒr'ɪs.ə.ti, -tə'rɪs-, -ɪ.ti (US) -tə'rɪs.ə.t̬i
historiograph|y hɪˌstɒr.i'ɒg.rə.f|i (US) -ˌstɔːr.i'ɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
histor|y 'hɪs.tᵊr|.i -ies -iz
histrionic ˌhɪs.tri'ɒn.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.nɪk -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
histrionism 'hɪs.tri.ə.nɪ.zᵊm
hit hɪt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) 'hɪt̬.ɪŋ -ter/s -əʳ/z (US) 'hɪt̬.ɚ/z ˈ**hit** ˌ**list**; ˈ**hit** **pa**ˌ**rade**
Hitachi® hɪ'tɑː.tʃi, -'tætʃ.i (US) -'tɑː.tʃi
hit-and-miss ˌhɪt.ᵊn'mɪs, -ᵊm'- (US) -ᵊn'-
hit-and-run ˌhɪt.ᵊn'rʌn, -ᵊm'- (US) -ᵊn'- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**hit-and-run** ˈ**driver**
hitch hɪtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Hitchcock 'hɪtʃ.kɒk (US) -kɑːk
Hitchens 'hɪtʃ.ɪnz
hitchhik|e 'hɪtʃ.haɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Hitchin 'hɪtʃ.ɪn -s -z
Hite haɪt
hi-tech ˌhaɪ'tek *stress shift:* ˌhi-tech 'product
hither (H) 'hɪð.əʳ (US) -ɚ
hithermost 'hɪð.ə.məʊst (US) -ɚ.moʊst
hitherto ˌhɪð.ə'tuː (US) -ɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌhitherto 'named
hitherwards 'hɪð.ə.wədz (US) -ɚ.wɚdz
Hitler 'hɪt.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Hitlerian hɪt'lɪə.ri.ən (US) -'lɪr.i-
Hitlerism 'hɪt.ləʳ.ɪ.zᵊm (US) -lɚ-
Hitlerite 'hɪt.ləʳ.aɪt (US) -lɚ.aɪt -s -s
hit|man 'hɪt|.mæn -men -men
Hittite 'hɪt.aɪt (US) 'hɪt̬- -s -s
HIV ˌeɪtʃ.aɪ'viː *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**HIV** ˈ**positive**
hiv|e (*n, v.*) haɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Hivite 'haɪ.vaɪt -s -s
Hizbollah ˌhɪz.bɒl'ɑː (US) ˌhez.bə'lɑː
Hizbullah ˌhɪz.bʊ'lɑː, -bə'-
HMO ˌeɪtʃ.em'əʊ (US) -'oʊ
HMS ˌeɪtʃ.em'es
HNC ˌeɪtʃ.en'siː
HND ˌeɪtʃ.en'diː
ho həʊ (US) hoʊ
Hoadl(e)y 'həʊd.li (US) 'hoʊd-
hoag|ie, hoag|y 'həʊ.gli (US) 'hoʊ- -ies -iz
hoar (H) hɔːʳ (US) hɔːr
hoard hɔːd (US) hɔːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hoarding 'hɔː.dɪŋ (US) 'hɔːr- -s -z
Hoare hɔːʳ (US) hɔːr
hoarfrost 'hɔː.frɒst, ˌ-'- (US) 'hɔːr.frɑːst -s -s
hoars|e hɔːs (US) hɔːrs -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
hoar|y 'hɔː.r|i (US) 'hɔːr|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
hoax həʊks (US) hoʊks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hob hɒb (US) hɑːb -s -z
Hoban 'həʊ.bən (US) 'hoʊ-
Hobart 'həʊ.bɑːt, -bət; 'hʌb.ət (US) 'hoʊ.bɑːrt, -bɚt; 'hʌb.ɚt
Hobbema 'hɒb.ɪ.mə (US) 'hɑː.bə.mɑː, -mə -s -z
Hobbes hɒbz (US) hɑːbz
hobbit (H) 'hɒb.ɪt (US) 'hɑː.bɪt -s -s
hobbl|e 'hɒb.ᵊl (US) 'hɑː.b|ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'hɒb.lɪŋ (US) 'hɑː.blɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, 'hɒb.ləʳ/z, 'hɑː.blɚ/z
hobbledehoy ˌhɒb.ᵊl.di'hɔɪ, 'hɒb.ᵊl.di.hɔɪ (US) 'hɑː.bᵊl.di.hɔɪ -s -z
Hobbs hɒbz (US) hɑːbz
hobb|y 'hɒb|.i (US) 'hɑː.b|i -ies -iz
hobbyhors|e 'hɒb.i.hɔːs (US) 'hɑː.bi.hɔːrs -es -ɪz

hobbyist ˈhɒb.i.ɪst ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.bi- -s -s
Hobday ˈhɒb.deɪ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːb-
hobgoblin ˌhɒbˈgɒb.lɪn, ˈ-ˌ-- ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːbˌgɑːb- -s -z
Hobhouse ˈhɒb.haʊs ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːb-
hobnail ˈhɒb.neɪl ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːb- -s -z -ed -d ˌhobnail ˈboots
hobnob ˈhɒb.nɒb, ˌ-ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːb.nɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
hobo ˈhəʊ.bəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.boʊ -(e)s -z
Hoboken ˈhəʊ.bəʊ.kᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.boʊ-
Hobsbaum ˈhɒbz.baʊm ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːbz-
Hobsbawm ˈhɒbz.bɔːm ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːbz.bɑːm, -bɔːm
Hobson ˈhɒb.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːb- ˌHobson's ˈchoice
Hobson-Jobson ˌhɒb.sᵊnˈdʒɒb.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌhɑːb.sᵊnˈdʒɑːb-
Hoby ˈhəʊ.bi ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ-
Hoccleve ˈhɒk.liːv ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːk-
Ho Chi Minh ˌhəʊ.tʃiːˈmɪn ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ-
Ho Chi Minh City ˌhəʊ.tʃiː.mɪnˈsɪt.i ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ.tʃiː.mɪnˈsɪţ-
hock hɒk ⓤⓢ hɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
hockey ˈhɒk.i ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.ki ˈhockey ˌstick
Hockin ˈhɒk.ɪn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.kɪn
Hocking ˈhɒk.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.kɪŋ
Hockley ˈhɒk.li ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːk-
Hockney ˈhɒk.ni ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːk-
hockshop ˈhɒk.ʃɒp ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːk.ʃɑːp -s -s
hocus ˈhəʊ.kəs ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ- -es -ɪz -(s)ing -ɪŋ -(s)ed -t
hocus-pocus ˌhəʊ.kəsˈpəʊ.kəs ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ.kəsˈpoʊ-
hod hɒd ⓤⓢ hɑːd -s -z
Hodder ˈhɒd.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dɚ
Hoddesdon ˈhɒdz.dən ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdz-
Hoddinott ˈhɒd.ɪ.nɒt, -ᵊn.ɒt ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dᵊn.ɑːt
Hoddle ˈhɒd.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dᵊl
Hodge hɒdʒ ⓤⓢ hɑːdʒ
hodgepodge ˈhɒdʒ.pɒdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ.pɑːdʒ
Hodges ˈhɒdʒ.ɪz ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dʒɪz
Hodgetts ˈhɒdʒ.ɪts ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dʒɪts
Hodgins ˈhɒdʒ.ɪnz ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.dʒɪnz
Hodgkin ˈhɒdʒ.kɪn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ- ˈHodgkin's diˌsease
Hodgkins ˈhɒdʒ.kɪnz ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ-
Hodgkinson ˈhɒdʒ.kɪn.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ-
Hodgkiss ˈhɒdʒ.kɪs ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ-
Hodgson ˈhɒdʒ.sᵊn *in the North of England also:* ˈhɒdʒ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːdʒ.sᵊn
hodometer hɒdˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ ⓤⓢ hɑːˈdɑː.mə.ţɚ -s -z
Hodson ˈhɒd.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːd-
hoe (H) həʊ ⓤⓢ hoʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
hoedown ˈhəʊ.daʊn ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ- -s -z
Hoey hɔɪ, ˈhəʊ.i ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.i
Hoffa ˈhɒf.ə ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.fə
Hoffman(n) ˈhɒf.mən ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːf-
Hofmannsthal ˈhɒf.mᵊn.stɑːl ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːf.mɑːn-, ˈhɔːf-
Hofmeister ˈhɒfˌmaɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːfˌmaɪ.stɚ
hog hɒg ⓤⓢ hɑːg, hɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Hogan ˈhəʊ.gᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ-
Hogarth ˈhəʊ.gɑːθ, ˈhɒg.ət ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.gɑːrθ
Hogarthian həʊˈgɑː.θi.ən ⓤⓢ hoʊˈgɑːr-
Hogben ˈhɒg.bᵊn, -ben ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːg-, ˈhɔːg
Hogg hɒg ⓤⓢ hɑːg, hɔːg
Hoggart ˈhɒg.ət ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.gɚt, ˈhɔː-
hogget (H) ˈhɒg.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.gɪt, ˈhɔː- -s -s
hoggish ˈhɒg.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.gɪʃ, ˈhɔː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
hogmanay (H) ˈhɒg.mə.neɪ, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːg.mə.neɪ, ˈhɔːg-
hogshead ˈhɒgz.hed ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːgz-, ˈhɔːgz- -s -z
Hogwarts ˈhɒg.wɔːts ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːg.wɔːrts
hogwash ˈhɒg.wɒʃ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːg.wɑːʃ, ˈhɔːg-, -wɔːʃ
hogweed ˈhɒg.wiːd ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːg-, ˈhɔːg- -s -z
Hohenlinden ˌhəʊ.ənˈlɪn.dən ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ.ənˈ-, ˈhoʊ.ənˌlɪn-
Hohenzollern ˌhəʊ.ənˈzɒl.ən ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.ənˌzɑː.lɚn -s -z
hoi(c)k hɔɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
hoi polloi ˌhɔɪ.pəˈlɔɪ, -pɒlˈɔɪ; -ˈpɒl.ɔɪ ⓤⓢ ˌhɔɪ.pəˈlɔɪ
hoisin ˈhɔɪ.sɪn, -ˈ- ˌhoisin ˈsauce
hoist hɔɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
hoity-toity ˌhɔɪ.tiˈtɔɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌhɔɪ.ţiˈtɔɪ.ţi
hokey ˈhəʊ.ki ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ- ˌhokey ˈcokey
hokey-pokey ˌhəʊ.kiˈpəʊ.ki ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ.kiˈpoʊ-
Hokkaido hɒkˈaɪ.dəʊ ⓤⓢ hɑːˈkaɪ.doʊ
hokum ˈhəʊ.kəm ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ-
Holbeach ˈhɒl.biːtʃ, ˈhəʊl- ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːl-, ˈhoʊl-
Holbech ˈhəʊl.biːtʃ, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
Holbeck ˈhɒl.bek, ˈhəʊl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
Holbein ˈhɒl.baɪn ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl- -s -z
Holborn ˈhəʊ.bən, ˈhəʊl-, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.bɚn, ˈhoʊ-
Holbrook(e) ˈhəʊl.brʊk, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
Holburn ˈhɒl.bɜːn, ˈhəʊl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.bɝːn
Holcroft ˈhəʊl.krɒft ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.krɑːft
hold həʊld ⓤⓢ hoʊld -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z **held** held ˌno ˌholds ˈbarred; ˈholding ˌcompany; ˌhold one's ˈown
holdall ˈhəʊld.ɔːl ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊld-, -ɑːl -s -z
Holden ˈhəʊl.dᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
holder (H) ˈhəʊl.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.dɚ -s -z
Holderness ˈhəʊl.də.nəs, -nɪs, -nes ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.dɚ-
holdout ˈhəʊld.aʊt ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊld- -s -s
holdover ˈhəʊldˌəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊldˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
Holdsworth ˈhəʊldz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊldz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
holdup ˈhəʊld.ʌp ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊld- -s -s
hol|e (H) həʊl ⓤⓢ hoʊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌhole in ˈone ⓤⓢ ˈhole in ˌone; ˌneed something like a ˌhole in the ˈhead ⓤⓢ ˌneed something like a ˈhole in the ˌhead
hole-and-corner ˌhəʊl.əndˈkɔː.nəʳ, -əŋˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊl.əndˈkɔːr.nɚ
hole-in-the-wall ˌhəʊl.ɪn.ðəˈwɔːl ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊl.ɪn.ðəˈwɔːl, -wɑːl
Holford ˈhəʊl.fəd, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl.fɚd
holiday (H) ˈhɒl.ə.deɪ, ˈ-ɪ-, -di ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lə.deɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈholiday ˌcamp
holidaymaker ˈhɒl.ə.diˌmeɪ.kəʳ, ˈ-ɪ-, -deɪˌ- ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lə.deɪˌmeɪ.kɚ -s -z
holier-than-thou ˌhəʊ.li.ə.ðᵊnˈðaʊ ⓤⓢ ˌhoʊ.li.ɚ- *stress shift:* ˌholier-than-thou ˈattitude
Holies ˈhəʊ.lɪz ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ-
Holifield ˈhɒl.ɪ.fiːld ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.lɪ-, ˈhɑː-
Holinshed ˈhɒl.ɪn.ʃed ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪn-
holism ˈhəʊ.lɪ.zᵊm, ˈhɒl.ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.lɪ-
holistic həʊˈlɪs.tɪk, hɒlˈɪs- ⓤⓢ hoʊlˈɪs- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
Holland, holland ˈhɒl.ənd ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lənd -s -z
hollandaise ˌhɒl.ənˈdeɪz ⓤⓢ ˌhɑː.lənˈ- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌhollandaise ˈsauce ⓤⓢ ˈhollandaise ˌsauce
Hollander ˈhɒl.ən.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lən.dɚ -s -z
holl|er ˈhɒl|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.l|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Holles ˈhɒl.ɪs ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪs
Hollick ˈhɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪk
Holliday ˈhɒl.ɪ.deɪ, ˈ-ə-, -di ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lə-
Hollings ˈhɒl.ɪŋz ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪŋz
Hollingsworth ˈhɒl.ɪŋz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪŋz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Hollingworth ˈhɒl.ɪŋ.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪŋ.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Hollins ˈhɒl.ɪnz ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪnz
Hollis ˈhɒl.ɪs ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lɪs
hollo ˈhɒl.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.loʊ; həˈloʊ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
hollo(a) ˈhɒl.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.loʊ; həˈloʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Hollom ˈhɒl.əm ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.ləm
hollow ˈhɒl.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.loʊ -s -z -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Holloway ˈhɒl.ə.weɪ ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.lə-
holl|y (H) ˈhɒl|.i ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.l|i -ies -iz
hollyhock ˈhɒl.i.hɒk ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.li.hɑːk -s -s
Hollywood ˈhɒl.i.wʊd ⓤⓢ ˈhɑː.li-
holm (H) həʊm ⓤⓢ hoʊ*l*m -s -z ˈholm ˌoak
Holman ˈhəʊl.mən, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
Holmby ˈhəʊm.bi ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ*l*m-
Holmer ˈhəʊl.məʳ, ˈhəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ*l*.mɚ
Holmes həʊmz ⓤⓢ hoʊ*l*mz
Holmesdale ˈhəʊmz.deɪl ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ*l*mz-
Holmfirth ˈhəʊm.fəθ, -fɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ*l*m.fɚθ, -fɝːθ
holmium ˈhəʊl.mi.əm, ˈhɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊl-
holo- hɒl.əʊ; hɒlˈɒ ⓤⓢ hɑː.loʊ, hoʊ-, -lə; hoʊˈlɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **holograph**

Homographs

When two lexical items have the same form in spelling, these are known as homographs. Homographs can be pronounced the same as or different to each other.

Examples

Here are some examples of homographs with the same pronunciation:

- bank /bæŋk/
  (*e.g. financial institution; area of ground by a river*)
- well /wel/
  (*e.g. source of water; healthy; adv.*)

Other homographs differ in their pronunciation, but usually only in the vowel sound used, e.g.:

- bow
  — (*e.g. a slip knot with a double loop; a device for shooting arrows*) /bəʊ/ (US) /boʊ/
  — (*e.g. incline the head or trunk; submit*) /baʊ/
- dove
  — (*pigeon*) /dʌv/
  — (*past tense of* dive) /dəʊv/ (US) /doʊv/

Homographs also appear in noun/verb, noun/adjective and verb/adjective pairs. The difference in pronunciation indicates which part of speech is being used, e.g.:

insert	(*n.*)	/ˈɪn.sɜːt/	(US) /-sɝːt/
	(*v.*)	/ɪnˈsɜːt/	(US) /-ˈsɝːt/
deliberate	(*adj.*)	/dɪˈlɪb.ər.ət/	
	(*v.*)	/dɪˈlɪb.ər.eɪt/	(US) /ˈ-ə.reɪt/
arithmetic	(*n.*)	/əˈrɪθ.mə.tɪk/	
	(*adj.*)	/ˌær.ɪθˈmet.ɪk/	(US) /ˌer.ɪθˈmet̬-/

Pronunciation tip

In most cases it is necessary to check the pronunciation of a word individually, as the correct realisation is not obvious from the form of the word. However, some rules are available. For example, the pronunciation of word pairs ending with *–ate* is predictable depending on the part of speech. In two-syllable words where the stress moves to show the difference between a noun and a verb (e.g. *insert, export*), the noun is almost always stressed on the first syllable and the verb on the second.

/ˈhɒl.ə.grɑːf (US) ˈhɑː.lə.græf/, **holographic** /ˌhɒl.əˈgræf.ɪk (US) ˌhɑː.ləˈ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **holography** /hɒlˈɒg.rə.fi (US) hoʊˈlɑː.grə-/.

holocaust (H) ˈhɒl.ə.kɔːst, -kɒst (US) ˈhɑː.lə.kɑːst, ˈhoʊ-, -kɔːst -s -s

Holofernes ˌhɒl.əʊˈfɜː.niːz, həˈlɒf.ə- (US) ˌhɑː.ləˈfɝː-

hologram ˈhɒl.ə.græm (US) ˈhɑː.lə-, ˈhoʊ- -s -z

holograph ˈhɒl.ə.grɑːf, -græf (US) ˈhɑː.lə.græf, ˈhoʊ- -s -s

holographic ˌhɒl.əˈgræf.ɪk (US) ˌhɑː.lə-, ˌhoʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

holography hɒlˈɒg.rə.fi (US) hoʊˈlɑː.grə-

Holon ˈhɒl.ən (US) ˈhɑː.lən; ˈhoʊ.lɑːn

holophras|e ˈhɒl.ə.freɪz (US) ˈhɑː.lə-, ˈhoʊ- **-es** -ɪz

holophrastic ˌhɒl.əˈfræs.tɪk (US) ˌhɑː.ləˈ-, ˌhoʊ-

Holroyd ˈhɒl.rɔɪd, ˈhəʊl- (US) ˈhɑːl-

Holst həʊlst (US) hoʊlst

holstein (H) ˈhɒl.staɪn, ˈhəʊl- (US) ˈhoʊl.staɪn, -stiːn

holster ˈhəʊl.stər (US) ˈhoʊl.stɚ -s -z -ed -d

holt (H) həʊlt (US) hoʊlt -s -s

Holtby ˈhəʊlt.bi (US) ˈhoʊlt-

Holtham ˈhəʊl.θəm, ˈhɒl-, ˈhəʊ- (US) ˈhoʊl-

holus-bolus ˌhəʊ.ləsˈbəʊ.ləs (US) ˌhoʊ.ləsˈboʊ-

hol|y (H) ˈhəʊ.l|i (US) ˈhoʊ- **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌHoly ˈBible; ˌHoly Comˈmunion; ˌHoly ˈGhost; ˌHoly ˈGrail; ˈHoly ˌLand; ˌHoly ˌRoman ˈEmpire; ˌHoly ˈSpirit; ˈHoly ˌWeek**

Holycross ˈhəʊ.li.krɒs (US) ˈhoʊl.i.krɑːs

Holyfield ˈhəʊl.ɪ.fiːld (US) ˈhɑː.lɪ-

Holyhead ˌhɒl.iˈhed, ˈ--- (US) ˈhɑː.li-

Holyoke *place in Massachusetts:* ˈhəʊl.jəʊk (US) ˈhoʊl.joʊk *all other senses:* ˈhəʊ.li.əʊk (US) ˈhoʊ.li.oʊk

Holyrood ˈhɒl.i.ruːd (US) ˈhɑː.li-

holyston|e ˈhəʊl.i.stəʊn (US) ˈhoʊl.i.stoʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Holywell ˈhɒl.i.wəl, -wel (US) ˈhɑː.li-

homage ˈhɒm.ɪdʒ (US) ˈhɑː.mɪdʒ, ˈɑː-

hombre ˈɒm.breɪ, -bri (US) ˈɑːm- -s -z

homburg (H) ˈhɒm.bɜːg (US) ˈhɑːm.bɝːg -s -z

home həʊm (US) hoʊm -s -z **ˌhome ˈbrew; ˌHome ˈCounties; ˌhome ecoˈnomics; ˌhome ˈfree; ˌhome ˈfront** (US) **ˈhome ˌfront; ˌhome ˈhelp; ˈHome ˌOffice; ˈhome ˌpage; ˌhome ˈrule; ˌHome ˈSecretary; ˌhome ˈtruth; ˌclose to ˈhome; ˌhome from ˈhome**

Home həʊm, hjuːm (US) hoʊm, hjuːm
Note: /hjuːm/ in **Milne-Home, Douglas-Home,** and **Baron Home of the Hirsel.**

Homebase® ˈhəʊm.beɪs (US) ˈhoʊm-

homeboy ˈhəʊm.bɔɪ (US) ˈhoʊm- -s -z

homebred ˌhəʊmˈbred (US) ˌhoʊm- *stress shift:* ˌhomebred ˈlivestock

homecoming ˈhəʊmˌkʌm.ɪŋ (US) ˈhoʊm- -s -z

homegrown ˌhəʊmˈgrəʊn (US) ˌhoʊmˈgroʊn *stress shift:* ˌhomegrown ˈfood

homeland (H) ˈhəʊm.lænd, -lənd (US) ˈhoʊm- -s -z

homeless ˈhəʊm.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈhoʊm- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

homelike ˈhəʊm.laɪk (US) ˈhoʊm-

homel|y ˈhəʊm.l|i (US) ˈhoʊm- **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

homemade ˌhəʊmˈmeɪd (US) ˌhoʊm- *stress shift:* ˌhomemade ˈjam

homemaker ˈhəʊmˌmeɪ.kər (US) ˈhoʊmˌmeɪ.kɚ -s -z

homeo- ˈhəʊ.mi.əʊ, ˈhɒm.i.əʊ; ˌhəʊ.miˈɒ, ˌhɒm.iˈɒ (US) ˈhoʊ.mi.oʊ, -ə; ˌhoʊ.miˈɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally ether takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **homeopath** /ˈhəʊ.mi.əʊ.pæθ (US) ˈhoʊ.mi.oʊ-/, **homeopathic** /ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊˈpæθ.ɪk (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊˈ-/, or primary stress on the third syllable with secondary stress on the first, e.g. **homeopathy** /ˌhəʊ.miˈɒp.ə.θi (US) ˌhoʊ.miˈɑː.pə-/.

homeopath ˈhəʊ.mi.əʊ.pæθ, ˈhɒm.i- (US) ˈhoʊ.mi.oʊ-, -ə- -s -s

homeopathic ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊˈpæθ.ɪk, ˌhɒm.i- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊˈ-, -ə- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

homeopathy ˌhəʊ.miˈɒp.ə.θi, ˌhɒm.iˈ- (US) ˌhoʊ.miˈɑː.pə-

homeostasis ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊˈsteɪ.sɪs, ˌhɒm.i-, ˌ--ˈɒs.tə- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊˈ-, -ˈstæs.ɪs

homeostatic ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊˈstæt.ɪk,

ˌhɒm.i- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊ'stæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

homeowner 'həʊmˌəʊ.nəʳ (US) 'hoʊmˌoʊ.nɚ **-s** -z

homepag|e 'həʊm.peɪdʒ (US) 'hoʊm- **-es** -ɪz

Homer 'həʊ.məʳ (US) 'hoʊ.mɚ

homer 'həʊ.məʳ (US) 'hoʊ.mɚ **-s** -z

Homeric *relating to Homer:* həʊ'mer.ɪk (US) hoʊ- *name of ship:* 'həʊ.mər.ɪk (US) 'hoʊ-

Homerton 'hɒm.ə.tən (US) 'hɑː.mɚ-

homesick 'həʊm.sɪk (US) 'hoʊm- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

homespun 'həʊm.spʌn (US) 'hoʊm- **-s** -z

homestead 'həʊm.sted, -stɪd (US) 'hoʊm- **-s** -z

homesteader 'həʊmˌsted.əʳ (US) 'hoʊmˌsted.ɚ **-s** -z

homestretch ˌhəʊm'stretʃ, '-- (US) ˌhoʊm'stretʃ, '-- **-es** -ɪz

homeward 'həʊm.wəd (US) 'hoʊm.wɚd **-s** -z

homework 'həʊm.wɜːk (US) 'hoʊm.wɝːk

homeworker 'həʊmˌwɜː.kəʳ (US) 'hoʊmˌwɝː.kɚ **-s** -z

homey 'həʊ.mi (US) 'hoʊ-

homicidal ˌhɒm.ɪ'saɪ.dəl, -ə'- (US) ˌhɑː.mə'-, ˌhoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌhomicidal 'maniac

homicide 'hɒm.ɪ.saɪd, '-ə- (US) 'hɑː.mə-, 'hoʊ- **-s** -z

homil|y 'hɒm.ɪ.l|i, '-ə- (US) 'hɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz

homing 'həʊ.mɪŋ (US) 'hoʊ- **'homing deˌvice; 'homing ˌpigeon**

hominid 'hɒm.ɪ.nɪd, '-ə- (US) 'hɑː.mɪ-, -mə- **-s** -z

hominoid 'hɒm.ɪ.nɔɪd, -ə- (US) 'hɑː.mɪ-, -mə- **-s** -z

hominy 'hɒm.ɪ.ni, '-ə- (US) 'hɑː.mɪ-, -mə-

homo 'həʊ.məʊ, 'hɒm.əʊ (US) 'hoʊ.moʊ **-s** -z

homo- həʊ.məʊ, hɒm.əʊ; hə'mɒ, hɒm'ɒ (US) hoʊ.moʊ, hɑː-, -mə; hə'mɑː, hoʊ-

Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **homonym** /'hɒm.ə.nɪm (US) 'hɑː.mə-/, **homophobia** /ˌhɒm.ə'fəʊ.bi.ə (US) ˌhoʊ.mə'foʊ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **homonymy** /hə'mɒn.ɪ.mi (US) hoʊ'mɑː.nə-/.

homoeopath 'həʊ.mi.əʊ.pæθ, 'hɒm.i- (US) 'hoʊ.mi.oʊ- **-s** -s

homoeopathic ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊ'pæθ.ɪk, ˌhɒm.i- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊ'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

homoeopathy ˌhəʊ.mi'ɒp.ə.θi, ˌhɒm.i'- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi'ɑː.pə-

homoeostasis ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊ'steɪ.sɪs, ˌ--'ɒs.tə- (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊ'-, -'stæs.ɪs

homoeostatic ˌhəʊ.mi.əʊ'stæt.ɪk (US) ˌhoʊ.mi.oʊ'stæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

homoerotic ˌhəʊ.məʊ.ɪ'rɒt.ɪk, ˌhɒm.əʊ-, -ə'- (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ.ɪ'rɑː.t̬ɪk, -ə'-

homoeroticism ˌhəʊ.məʊ.ɪ'rɒt.ɪ.sɪ.z.əm, ˌhɒm.əʊ-, -ə'-, '-ə- (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ.ɪ'rɑː.t̬ə-, -ə'-

homogeneity ˌhəʊ.məʊ.dʒə'neɪ.ə.ti, ˌhɒm.əʊ-, -dʒen'eɪ-, -dʒɪ'neɪ-, -iː.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ.dʒə'niː.ə.t̬i, ˌhɑː-, -mə-, -'neɪ-

homogeneous ˌhɒm.ə'dʒiː.ni.əs, ˌhəʊ.mə- (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ'dʒiː-, ˌhɑː-, -mə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

homogeniz|e, -is|e hə'mɒdʒ.ə.naɪz, hɒm'ɒdʒ-, '-ɪ- (US) hə'mɑː.dʒə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

homograph 'hɒm.ə.grɑːf, 'həʊ.mə-, -græf (US) 'hɑː.mə.græf, 'hoʊ- **-s** -s

homographic ˌhɒm.ə'græf.ɪk, ˌhəʊ.mə'- (US) ˌhɑː.mə'-, ˌhoʊ-

homoiotherm hə'mɔɪ.ə.θɜːm, hɒm'ɔɪ- (US) hoʊ'mɔɪ.oʊ.θɝːm, -ə.θɝːm **-s** -z

homoiothermic həˌmɔɪ.ə'θɜː.mɪk, hɒmˌɔɪ- (US) hoʊˌmɔɪ.oʊ'θɝː-, -ə'θɝː-

homolog 'hɒm.ə.lɒg (US) 'hɑː.mə.lɑːg, 'hoʊ-, -lɔːg **-s** -z

homologous hə'mɒl.ə.gəs, hɒm'ɒl- (US) hoʊ'mɑː.lə-, hə-

homologue 'hɒm.ə.lɒg (US) 'hɑː.mə.lɑːg, 'hoʊ-, -lɔːg **-s** -z

homolog|y hə'mɒl.ə.dʒ|i, hɒm'ɒl- (US) hoʊ'mɑː.lə-, hə- **-ies** -iz

homonym 'hɒm.ə.nɪm (US) 'hɑː.mə- **-s** -z

homonymous hə'mɒn.ɪ.məs, hɒm'ɒn-, -ə.məs (US) hoʊ'mɑː.nə-, hə- **-ly** -li

homonymy hə'mɒn.ɪ.mi, hɒm'ɒn-, -ə.mi (US) hoʊ'mɑː.nə-, hə-

homophobe 'həʊ.mə.fəʊb, 'hɒm.ə- (US) 'hoʊ.mə.foʊb **-s** -z

homophobia ˌhəʊ.mə'fəʊ.bi.ə, ˌhɒm.ə- (US) ˌhoʊ.mə'foʊ-

homophobic ˌhəʊ.mə'fəʊ.bɪk, ˌhɒm.ə- (US) ˌhoʊ.mə'foʊ-

homophone 'hɒm.ə.fəʊn, 'həʊ.mə- (US) 'hɑː.mə.foʊn, 'hoʊ- **-s** -z

homophonic ˌhɒm.ə'fɒn.ɪk, ˌhəʊ.mə'- (US) ˌhɑː.mə'fɑː.nɪk, ˌhoʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

homophon|ous hə'mɒf.ən|.əs, hɒm'ɒf- (US) hoʊ'mɑː.fən-, hə- **-y** -i

homorganic ˌhɒm.ɔː'gæn.ɪk (US) ˌhoʊ.mɔːr'-, ˌhɑː-

homo sapiens ˌhəʊ.məʊ'sæp.i.enz, -ənz (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ'-

homosexual ˌhəʊ.məʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, ˌhɒm.əʊ'-, '-sju-, -ʃəl (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, -mə'- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

homosexuality ˌhəʊ.məʊˌsek.ʃu'æl.ə.ti, ˌhɒm.əʊ-, -sju'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌhoʊ.moʊ.sek.ʃu'æl.ə.t̬i, -mə-

homozygous ˌhɒm.ə'zaɪ.gəs (US) ˌhoʊ.mə'-, ˌhɑː-

Homs hɒmz (US) hɔːmz

homuncul|us hɒm'ʌŋ.kjə.l|əs, hə'mʌŋ-, -kjʊ- (US) hoʊ'mʌŋ.kjə-, hə- **-i** -aɪ

hon. (H) (*abbrev. for* **honourable**) 'ɒn.ər.ə.bəl (US) 'ɑː.nɚ- (*abbrev. for* **honorary**) 'ɒn.ər.ə.ri, '-ər.i (US) 'ɑː.nɚ.er.i

honcho 'hɒn.tʃəʊ (US) 'hɑːn.tʃoʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Honda® 'hɒn.də (US) 'hɑːn.də

Hondur|as hɒn'djʊə.r|əs, -'dʊə-, -'djɔː-, -r|æs (US) hɑːn'dʊr|.əs, -'djʊr- **-an/s** -ən/z

hon|e (H) həʊn (US) hoʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Honecker 'hɒn.ɪ.kəʳ, -ek.əʳ (US) 'hɑː.nɪ.kɚ

Honegger 'hɒn.ɪ.gəʳ, -eg.əʳ (US) 'hɑː.nɪ.gɚ, 'hoʊ-

honest 'ɒn.ɪst, -əst (US) 'ɑː.nɪst **-ly** -li

honest-to-goodness ˌɒn.ɪst.tə'gʊd.nəs, -əst-, -nɪs (US) ˌɑː.nɪst.tə'-

honesty 'ɒn.ɪ.sti, '-ə- (US) 'ɑː.nɪ-

hon|ey 'hʌn|.i **-eyed** -id **-ied** -id

honeybee 'hʌn.i.biː **-s** -z

Honeybourne 'hʌn.i.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn

honeybun 'hʌn.i.bʌn **-s** -z

honeybunch 'hʌn.i.bʌntʃ **-es** -ɪz

Honeychurch 'hʌn.i.tʃɜːtʃ (US) -tʃɝːtʃ

honeycomb (H) 'hʌn.i.kəʊm (US) -koʊm **-s** -z **-ed** -d

honeydew 'hʌn.i.djuː (US) -duː, -djuː **ˌhoneydew 'melon**

honeyeater 'hʌn.iˌiː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z

honeymoon 'hʌn.i.muːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

honeysucker 'hʌn.iˌsʌk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

honeysuckle 'hʌn.iˌsʌk.əl **-s** -z

Honeywell 'hʌn.i.wel

hong hɒŋ (US) hɑːŋ **-s** -z

Hong Kong ˌhɒŋ'kɒŋ (US) 'hɑːŋˌkɑːŋ, 'hɔːŋ-, -ˌkɔːŋ, ˌ-'-

Honiara ˌhəʊ.ni'ɑː.rə (US) ˌhoʊ.ni'ɑːr.ə

Honi soit qui mal y pense ˌɒn.iˌswɑː.kiːˌmæl.i'pɑ̃ːnts (US) ˌɔː.ni-

Honiton 'hɒn.ɪ.tən *locally:* 'hʌn- (US) 'hɑː.nə.t̬ən

honk hɒŋk (US) hɑːŋk, hɔːŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

honk|ie, honk|y 'hɒŋ.k|i (US) 'hɑːŋ-, 'hɔːŋ- **-ies** -iz

honky-tonk 'hɒŋ.ki.tɒŋk, ˌ--'- (US) 'hɑːŋ.ki.tɑːŋk, 'hɔːŋ-, -tɔːŋk

Honolulu ˌhɒn.əl'uː.luː (US) ˌhɑː.nə'luː-

hon|or (H) 'ɒn|.əʳ (US) 'ɑː.n|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd

honorab|le 'hɒn.ər.ə.b|əl (US) 'ɑː.nɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

honorarium ˌɒn.ə'reə.ri.əm, -'rɑː- (US) ˌɑː.nə'rer.i- **-s** -z

honorary 'ɒn.ər.ə.ri, '-ər.i (US) 'ɑː.nə.rer.i

honorific ˌɒn.ər'ɪf.ɪk (US) ˌɑː.nə'rɪf- **-s** -s

Honorius hə'nɔː.ri.əs, hɒn'ɔː-

(US) hoʊˈnɔːr.i-, hə-
hon|our ˈɒn|.əʳ (US) ˈɑː.n|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**honours** ˌ**list**
honourab|le (H) ˈɒn.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈɑː.nɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Honshu ˈhɒn.ʃuː (US) ˈhɑːn-
Honyman ˈhʌn.i.mən
Hoo huː
hooch huːtʃ
hood (H) hʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
-hood hʊd
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **womanhood** /ˈwʊm.ən.hʊd/.
hoodlum ˈhuːd.ləm, ˈhʊd- **-s** -z
hoodwink ˈhʊd.wɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hood|y ˈhʊd|.i **-ies** -iz
hooey ˈhuː.i
hoo|f huː|f (US) hʊ|f, huː|f **-fs** -fs **-ves** -vz **-fing** -fɪŋ **-fed** -ft **-fer/s** -fəʳ/z (US) -fɚ/z
Hoog(h)ly ˈhuː.gli
hoo-ha ˈhuː.hɑː **-s** -z
hook (H) hʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**hook and** ˈ**eye**; ˌ**Hook of** ˈ**Holland**; **by** ˌ**hook or by** ˈ**crook**; ˌ**hook**, ˌ**line, and** ˈ**sinker**
hookah ˈhʊk.ə, -ɑː (US) ˈhʊk.ə, ˈhuː.kə, -kɑː **-s** -z
Hooke hʊk
hooker (H) ˈhʊk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
hookey ˈhʊk.i
hookshot ˈhʊk.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt **-s** -s
hookup ˈhʊk.ʌp **-s** -s
hookworm ˈhʊk.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm **-s** -z
hooky ˈhʊk.i
Hooley ˈhuː.li
hooligan (H) ˈhuː.lɪ.gᵊn, -lə- (US) -lɪ- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Hoon huːn
hoop huːp (US) huːp, hʊp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hooper (H) ˈhuː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
hoopla ˈhuːp.lɑː, ˈhʊp-
hoopoe ˈhuː.puː **-s** -z
hoorah hʊˈrɑː, hə-, ˌhuː- **-s** -z
hooray hʊˈreɪ, hə-, ˌhuː-
hooray Henr|y ˌhuː.reɪˈhen.r|i **-ies** -iz
hoot huːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈhuː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈhuː.t̬ɪd
hootch huːtʃ
hootenan|ny ˈhuː.tᵊn.æn|.i **-nies** -iz
hooter ˈhuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
hoov|er (H®) ˈhuː.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
hooves (*from* **hoof**) huːvz (US) hʊvz, huːvz
hop hɒp (US) hɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˌ**hopping** ˈ**mad**
Hopcraft ˈhɒp.krɑːft (US) ˈhɑːp.kræft
hop|e (H) həʊp (US) hoʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**hope** ˌ**chest**
hopeful (H) ˈhəʊp.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) ˈhoʊp- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hopeless ˈhəʊp.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈhoʊp- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Hopi ˈhəʊ.pi (US) ˈhoʊ-
Hopkins ˈhɒp.kɪnz (US) ˈhɑːp-
Hopkinson ˈhɒp.kɪn.sən (US) ˈhɑːp-
hoplite ˈhɒp.laɪt (US) ˈhɑː.plaɪt **-s** -s
hopper (H) ˈhɒp.əʳ (US) ˈhɑː.pɚ **-s** -z
hop-pick|er ˈhɒpˌpɪk|.əʳ (US) ˈhɑːpˌpɪk|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Hoppner ˈhɒp.nəʳ (US) ˈhɑːp.nɚ **-s** -z
hopscotch ˈhɒp.skɒtʃ (US) ˈhɑːp.skɑːtʃ
Hopton ˈhɒp.tən (US) ˈhɑːp-
Hor hɔːʳ (US) hɔːr
Horace ˈhɒr.ɪs, -əs (US) ˈhɔːr.ɪs
Horae ˈhɔː.riː (US) ˈhoʊ.riː, ˈhɔːr.iː
Horatian həˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, hɒrˈeɪ-, -ʃi.ən (US) hɔːˈreɪ-, hə-
Horatio həˈreɪ.ʃi.əʊ, hɒrˈeɪ- (US) hɔːˈreɪ.ʃi.oʊ, hə-
Horati|us həˈreɪ.ʃ|əs, hɒrˈeɪ-, -ʃi|.əs (US) hɔːˈreɪ-, hə-
Horbury ˈhɔː.bᵊr.i (US) ˈhɔːrˌber-
horde hɔːd (US) hɔːrd **-s** -z
Horeb ˈhɔː.reb (US) ˈhɔːr.eb
horehound ˈhɔː.haʊnd (US) ˈhɔːr- **-s** -z
horizon həˈraɪ.zᵊn **-s** -z
horizontal ˌhɒr.ɪˈzɒn.tᵊl, -əˈ- (US) ˌhɔːr.ɪˈzɑːn- **-ly** -i
Horley ˈhɔː.li (US) ˈhɔːr-
Horlick ˈhɔː.lɪk (US) ˈhɔːr-
Horlicks® ˈhɔː.lɪks (US) ˈhɔːr-
hormonal hɔːˈməʊ.nᵊl (US) hɔːrˈmoʊ-
hormone ˈhɔː.məʊn (US) ˈhɔːr.moʊn **-s** -z ˌ**hormone re**ˈ**placement** ˌ**therapy**
Hormuz ˌhɔːˈmuːz, ˈhɔː.məz (US) ˈhɔːr.mʌz, -muːz
horn (H) hɔːn (US) hɔːrn **-s** -z ˌ**Horn of** ˈ**Africa**; ˌ**horn of** ˈ**plenty**; **take the** ˌ**bull by the** ˈ**horns**
hornbeam ˈhɔːn.biːm, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn- **-s** -z
hornbill ˈhɔːn.bɪl, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn- **-s** -z
hornblende ˈhɔːn.blend, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn-
Hornblower ˈhɔːnˌbləʊ.əʳ, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrnˌbloʊ.ɚ
hornbook ˈhɔːn.bʊk, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn- **-s** -s
Hornby ˈhɔːn.bi, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn-
Horncastle ˈhɔːnˌkɑː.sᵊl, ˈhɔːŋ- (US) ˈhɔːrnˌkæs.ᵊl
Hornchurch ˈhɔːn.tʃɜːtʃ (US) ˈhɔːrn.tʃɝːtʃ
Horne hɔːn (US) hɔːrn
horned *of cattle, birds, etc.:* hɔːnd (US) hɔːrnd *poetic:* ˈhɔː.nɪd (US) ˈhɔːr-
Hornell hɔːˈnel (US) hɔːr-
Horner ˈhɔː.nəʳ (US) ˈhɔːr.nɚ
hornet ˈhɔː.nɪt, -nət (US) ˈhɔːr- **-s** -s ˈ**hornet's** ˌ**nest**, ˌ**hornet's** ˈ**nest**
Horniman ˈhɔː.nɪ.mən (US) ˈhɔːr-
hornpipe ˈhɔːn.paɪp, ˈhɔːm- (US) ˈhɔːrn- **-s** -s
horn-rimmed ˌhɔːnˈrɪmd (US) ˈhɔːrn.rɪmd *stress shift, British only:* ˌhorn-rimmed ˈspectacles
Hornsea ˈhɔːn.siː (US) ˈhɔːrn-
Hornsey ˈhɔːn.zi (US) ˈhɔːrn-
hornswoggl|e ˈhɔːnˌswɒg.ᵊl (US) ˈhɔːrnˌswɑː.gᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Hornung ˈhɔː.nəŋ (US) ˈhɔːr-
hornwork ˈhɔːn.wɜːk (US) ˈhɔːrn.wɝːk **-s** -s
horn|y ˈhɔː.n|i (US) ˈhɔːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
horography hɒrˈɒg.rə.fi, hɔːˈrɒg-, hə- (US) hɔːˈrɑːg-
horolog|e ˈhɒr.ə.lɒdʒ, ˈhɔː.rə-, -ləʊdʒ (US) ˈhɔːr.ə.loʊdʒ **-es** -ɪz
horologic ˌhɒr.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk, ˌhɔː.rəˈ- (US) ˌhɔːr.əˈlɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl
horological ˌhɒr.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌhɔː.rəˈ- (US) ˌhɔːr.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
horolog|y hɒrˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i, hɔːˈrɒl-, hə- (US) hɔːrˈɑː.lə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
horoscope ˈhɒr.ə.skəʊp (US) ˈhɔːr.ə.skoʊp **-s** -s
horoscopic ˌhɒr.əˈskɒp.ɪk (US) ˌhɔːr.əˈskɑː.pɪk
Horovitz ˈhɒr.ə.vɪts (US) ˈhɔːr-
Horowitz ˈhɒr.ə.vɪts, -wɪts (US) ˈhɔːr.ə.wɪts
horrendous hɒrˈen.dəs, həˈren- (US) hɔːˈren-, hə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
horrib|le ˈhɒr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈhɔːr- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
horrid ˈhɒr.ɪd (US) ˈhɔːr- **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
horrific hɒrˈɪf.ɪk, həˈrɪf- (US) hɔːˈrɪf-, hə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
horri|fy ˈhɒr.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈhɔːr- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying/ly** -faɪ.ɪŋ/li **-fied** -faɪd
horripilation hɒrˌɪp.ɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-; ˌhɒr.ɪ.pɪˈ-, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌhɔːr.ɪ.pəˈleɪ-
Horrocks ˈhɒr.əks (US) ˈhɔːr-
horror ˈhɒr.əʳ (US) ˈhɔːr.ɚ **-s** -z
horror|-stricken ˈhɒr.ə|ˌstrɪk.ᵊn (US) ˈhɔːr.ɚˌ- **-struck** -strʌk
Horsa ˈhɔː.sə (US) ˈhɔːr-
hors de combat ˌɔː.dəˈkɔ̃ːm.bɑː, -ˈkɔːm-, -ˈkɒm-, -bæt (US) ˌɔːr.dəˌkɔ̃ːmˈbɑː
hors d'oeuvre ˌɔːˈdɜːv, -ˈdɜːv.rə (US) ˌɔːrˈdɝːv, -ˈdɝːv.rə **-s** -z
hors|e hɔːs (US) hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**horse** ˈ**chestnut**; ˈ**horse** ˌ**opera**; ˈ**horse** ˌ**sense**; ˈ**horse** ˌ**show**; ˈ**horse** ˌ**trials**; ˌ**flog a** ˌ**dead** ˈ**horse**; ˌ**hold your** ˈ**horses**; (ˌ**straight**) **from the** ˌ**horse's** ˈ**mouth**
horse-and-buggy ˌhɔːs.ᵊndˈbʌg.i, -ᵊmˈ- (US) ˌhɔːrs-
horseback ˈhɔːs.bæk (US) ˈhɔːrs- ˈ**horseback** ˌ**riding**
horsebox ˈhɔːs.bɒks (US) ˈhɔːrs.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
horse-drawn ˌhɔːsˈdrɔːn (US) ˌhɔːrsˈdrɑːn, -ˈdrɔːn
horseflesh ˈhɔːs.fleʃ (US) ˈhɔːrs-
horsefl|y ˈhɔːs.fl|aɪ (US) ˈhɔːrs- **-ies** -aɪz
Horseguard ˈhɔːs.gɑːd (US) ˈhɔːrs.gɑːrd **-s** -z
horsehair ˈhɔːs.heəʳ (US) ˈhɔːrs.her **-s** -z
horselaugh ˈhɔːs.lɑːf (US) ˈhɔːrs.læf **-s** -s

horse|man (H) 'hɔːs|.mən (US) 'hɔːrs- **-men** -mən, -men **-manship** -mən.ʃɪp
horseplay 'hɔːs.pleɪ (US) 'hɔːrs-
horsepower 'hɔːsˌpaʊəʳ (US) 'hɔːrsˌpaʊr
horseradish 'hɔːsˌræd.ɪʃ (US) 'hɔːrs- **-es** -ɪz
horseshoe 'hɔːs.ʃuː, 'hɔːʃ- (US) 'hɔːrs-, 'hɔːrʃ- **-s** -z
horsetail 'hɔːs.teɪl (US) 'hɔːrs- **-s** -z
horsetrad|e 'hɔːs.treɪd (US) 'hɔːrs- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
horse-trading 'hɔːsˌtreɪ.dɪŋ (US) 'hɔːrs-
horsewhip 'hɔːs.*h*wɪp (US) 'hɔːrs- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
horse|woman 'hɔːs|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'hɔːrs- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
hors|ey 'hɔː.sli (US) 'hɔːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Horsfall 'hɔːs.fɔːl (US) 'hɔːrs.fɔːl, -fɑːl
Horsforth 'hɔːs.fəθ (US) 'hɔːrs.fɚθ
Horsham 'hɔː.ʃəm (US) 'hɔːr-
Horsley 'hɔːz.li, 'hɔːs- (US) 'hɔːrz-, 'hɔːrs-
Horsmonden *in Kent:* ˌhɔːz.mən'den *old-fashioned local pronunciation:* ˌhɔː.sən- (US) ˌhɔːrz.mən'-
hors|y 'hɔː.sli (US) 'hɔːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
horta|tive 'hɔː.təl.tɪv (US) 'hɔːr.t̬əl.t̬ɪv **-tory** -tər.i (US) -tɔːr.i
Hortensi|a hɔː'tent.sil.ə, -'ten.*t*ʃil.ə, -*t*ʃlə (US) hɔːr'ten.*t*ʃil- **-us** -əs
horticultural ˌhɔː.tɪ'kʌl.tʃər.əl, -tə'-, -tʃʊ.rəl (US) ˌhɔːr.t̬ə'kʌl.tʃɚ.əl **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
horticulture 'hɔː.tɪ.kʌl.tʃəʳ, -tə- (US) 'hɔːr.t̬ə.kʌl.tʃɚ
Horton 'hɔː.tən (US) 'hɔːr-
Horus 'hɔː.rəs (US) 'hɔːr.əs
Horwich 'hɒr.ɪtʃ (US) 'hɔːr.ɪtʃ
Hosack 'hɒs.ək (US) 'hɑː.sək
hosanna həʊ'zæn.ə (US) hoʊ- **-s** -z
hos|e həʊz (US) hoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Hosea həʊ'zɪə (US) hoʊ'zeɪ.ə, -'ziː-
hosepipe 'həʊz.paɪp (US) 'hoʊz- **-s** -s
hoser 'həʊ.zəʳ (US) 'hoʊ.zɚ **-s** -z
hosier (H) 'həʊ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ (US) 'hoʊ.ʒɚ **-s** -z
hosiery 'həʊ.zi.ə.ri, -ʒər.i (US) 'hoʊ.ʒɚ.i
Hoskins 'hɒs.kɪnz (US) 'hɑː.skɪnz
Hosmer 'hɒz.məʳ (US) 'hɑːz.mɚ
hospic|e 'hɒs.pɪs (US) 'hɑː.spɪs **-es** -ɪz
hospitab|le hɒs'pɪt.ə.bl|əl, hə'spɪt-; 'hɒs.pɪ.tə- (US) 'hɑː.spɪ.t̬ə-; hɑː'spɪt̬.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
hospital 'hɒs.pɪ.təl (US) 'hɑː.spɪ.t̬əl **-s** -z
Hospitaler 'hɒs.pɪ.təl.əʳ (US) 'hɑː.spɪ.t̬əl.ɚ **-s** -z
hospitalit|y ˌhɒs.pɪ'tæl.ə.tli, -pə'-, -ɪ.tli (US) ˌhɑː.spɪ'tæl.ə.t̬li **-ies** -iz
hospitalization, -isa- ˌhɒs.pɪ.təl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -pə-, -ɪ'- (US) ˌhɑː.spɪ.t̬əl.ɪ'-
hospitaliz|e, -is|e 'hɒs.pɪ.təl.aɪz, -pə- (US) 'hɑː.spɪ.t̬əl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Hospitaller 'hɒs.pɪ.təl.əʳ (US) 'hɑː.spɪ.t̬əl.ɚ **-s** -z
host (H) həʊst (US) hoʊst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
hosta 'hɒs.tə, 'həʊ.stə (US) 'hɑː.stə, 'hoʊ- **-s** -z
hostag|e 'hɒs.tɪdʒ (US) 'hɑː.stɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
hostel 'hɒs.təl (US) 'hɑː.stəl **-s** -z
hostell|er 'hɒs.təl|.əʳ (US) 'hɑː.stəl|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
hostelr|y 'hɒs.təl.rli (US) 'hɑː.stəl- **-ies** -iz
hostess 'həʊ.stɪs, -stes, -stəs; ˌhəʊ'stes (US) 'hoʊ.stɪs, -stəs **-es** -ɪz
hostile 'hɒs.taɪl (US) 'hɑː.stəl, -staɪl **-ly** -li
hostilit|y hɒs'tɪl.ə.tli, -ɪ.tli (US) hɑː'stɪl.ə.t̬li **-ies** -iz
hostler 'ɒs.ləʳ, 'hɒs- (US) 'hɑː.slɚ, 'ɑː- **-s** -z
hot hɒt (US) hɑːt **-ter** -əʳ (US) 'hɑː.t̬ɚ **-test** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'hɑː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'hɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'hɑː.t̬ɪd ˌ**hot 'air;** ˌ**hot cross 'bun; 'hot** ˌ**dog,** ˌ**hot 'dog; 'hot** ˌ**pants;** ˌ**hot po'tato; 'hot** ˌ**seat,** ˌ**hot 'seat;** ˌ**hot 'stuff;** ˌ**hot 'ticket;** ˌ**hot 'water;** ˌ**blow** ˌ**hot and 'cold;** ˌ**sell like** ˌ**hot 'cakes** (US) ˌ**sell like 'hot** ˌ**cakes**
hotbed 'hɒt.bed (US) 'hɑːt- **-s** -z
hot-blooded ˌhɒt'blʌd.ɪd (US) ˌhɑːt- *stress shift:* ˌhot-blooded 'youth
Hotchkiss 'hɒtʃ.kɪs (US) 'hɑːtʃ-
hotchpot 'hɒtʃ.pɒt (US) 'hɑːtʃ.pɑːt **-s** -s
hotchpotch 'hɒtʃ.pɒtʃ (US) 'hɑːtʃ.pɑːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
hotdesk 'hɒt.desk (US) 'hɑːt- **-ing** -ɪŋ
hotdog 'hɒt.dɒg (US) 'hɑːt.dɑːg, -dɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
hotel həʊ'tel, əʊ- (US) hoʊ- **-s** -z
Note: Some British speakers use the form /əʊ'tel/ always; others use it occasionally when the word is not initial, with 'an' as preceding indefinite article.
hotelier həʊ'tel.i.eɪ, əʊ-, -əʳ (US) ˌhoʊ.təl'jeɪ, ˌoʊ-; hoʊ'tel.jɚ **-s** -z
hoteling həʊ'tel.ɪŋ (US) hoʊ-
hotfoo|t ˌhɒt'fʊ|t, '-- (US) 'hɑːt.fʊ|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Hotham 'hʌð.əm
hothead 'hɒt.hed (US) 'hɑːt- **-s** -z
hotheaded ˌhɒt'hed.ɪd, '-ˌ-- (US) 'hɑːtˌhed.ɪd, ˌ-'-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hothou|se 'hɒt.haʊ|s (US) 'hɑːt- **-ses** -zɪz
hotline 'hɒt.laɪn (US) 'hɑːt- **-s** -z
Hotol 'hɒt.ɒl, 'hoʊ.tɒl (US) 'hɑː.tɑːl, 'hoʊ-
hotplate 'hɒt.pleɪt (US) 'hɑːt- **-s** -s
Hotpoint® 'hɒt.pɔɪnt (US) 'hɑːt-
hotpot 'hɒt.pɒt (US) 'hɑːt.pɑːt **-s** -s
hotrod 'hɒt.rɒd (US) 'hɑːt.rɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **-der/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hotshot 'hɒt.ʃɒt (US) 'hɑːt.ʃɑːt **-s** -s
hotspot 'hɒt.spɒt (US) 'hɑːt.spɑːt **-s** -s
hotspur (H) 'hɒt.spɜːʳ, -spəʳ (US) 'hɑːt.spɝː, -spɚ **-s** -z
hot-tempered ˌhɒt'tem.pəd (US) ˌhɑːt'tem.pɚd *stress shift:* ˌhot-tempered 'fighter
Hottentot 'hɒt.ən.tɒt (US) 'hɑː.tən.tɑːt **-s** -s
hot-water bottle ˌhɒt'wɔː.təˌbɒt.əl (US) ˌhɑːt'wɑː.t̬ɚˌbɑː.t̬əl, -'wɔː- **-s** -z
hot-wir|e 'hɒt.waɪəʳ (US) 'hɑːt.waɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Houdini huː'diː.ni
hough hɒk (US) hɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Hough hʌf, hɒf, haʊ (US) hʌf, hɔːf, hɑːf
Houghall 'hɒf.əl (US) 'hɑː.fəl
Hougham 'hʌf.əm
Houghton 'hɔː.tən, 'haʊ-, 'həʊ- (US) 'hoʊ-, 'hɔː-, 'hɑː-, 'haʊ-
Note: /'hɔː.tən, 'haʊ.tən/ are more usual in British English when the word is a surname. The city in Michigan is /'həʊ- (US) 'hoʊ-/.
Houghton-le-Spring ˌhəʊ.tən.lə'sprɪŋ, ˌhaʊ-, -li'- (US) ˌhoʊ-, ˌhaʊ-
Houllier '*h*uː.li.eɪ
Houltby 'həʊlt.bi (US) 'hoʊlt-
houm(o)us 'huː.mʊs, 'hʊm.ʊs, -əs (US) 'hʌm.əs, 'hʊm-
hound haʊnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Houndsditch 'haʊndz.dɪtʃ
houndstooth 'haʊndz.tuːθ, ˌ-'- (US) '--
Hounslow 'haʊnz.ləʊ (US) -loʊ
hour aʊəʳ (US) aʊr, aʊɚ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
hourglass 'aʊə.glɑːs (US) 'aʊr.glæs, 'aʊɚ- **-es** -ɪz
houri 'hʊə.ri (US) 'hʊr.i, 'huːr- **-s** -z
Housden 'haʊz.dən
hou|se (H) (*n.*) haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz ˌ**house ar'rest; 'house** ˌ**husband; 'house** ˌ**martin; 'house** ˌ**music;** ˌ**House of 'Commons;** ˌ**House of 'Lords;** ˌ**House of Repre'sentatives;** ˌ**Houses of 'Parliament; 'house** ˌ**party; 'house** ˌ**sparrow;** ˌ**eat one out of** ˌ**house and 'home;** ˌ**bring the 'house** ˌ**down; get** ˌ**on like a 'house on** ˌ**fire;** ˌ**set one's 'house in** ˌ**order**
hous|e (*v.*) haʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
houseboat 'haʊs.bəʊt (US) -boʊt **-s** -s
housebound 'haʊs.baʊnd
housebreak|er 'haʊsˌbreɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
house-broken 'haʊsˌbrəʊ.kən (US) -ˌbroʊ-
housebuy|er 'haʊsˌbaɪ|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
housecoat 'haʊs.kəʊt (US) -koʊt **-s** -s
housefather 'haʊsˌfɑː.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ **-s** -z
housefl|y 'haʊs.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
houseful 'haʊs.fʊl **-s** -z
houseguest 'haʊs.gest **-s** -s
household (H) 'haʊs.*h*əʊld (US) -*h*oʊld **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

housekeeper ˈhaʊsˌkiː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ -s -z
housekeeping ˈhaʊsˌkiː.pɪŋ
Housel ˈhaʊ.zəl
houseleek ˈhaʊs.liːk -s -s
housemaid ˈhaʊs.meɪd -s -z
house|man ˈhaʊs|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
housemaster ˈhaʊsˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
housemate ˈhaʊs.meɪt -s -s
housemistress ˈhaʊsˌmɪs.trəs, -trɪs -es -ɪz
housemother ˈhaʊsˌmʌð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
houseplant ˈhaʊs.plɑːnt ⓤⓢ -plænt -s -s
houseproud ˈhaʊs.praʊd
houseroom ˈhaʊs.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -ruːm, -rʊm
house|sit ˈhaʊs|.sɪt **-sits** -sɪts **-sitting** -ˌsɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌsɪt̬.ɪŋ **-sat** -sæt **-sitter/s** -ˌsɪt.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˌsɪt̬.ɚ/z
Housestead's Fort ˌhaʊs.stedzˈfɔːt ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːrt
house-to-house ˌhaʊs.təˈhaʊs *stress shift:* ˌhouse-to-house ˈsearch
housetop ˈhaʊs.tɒp ⓤⓢ -tɑːp -s -s
house-trained ˈhaʊs.treɪnd
housewares ˈhaʊs.weəz ⓤⓢ -werz
housewarming ˈhaʊsˌwɔː.mɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɔːr- -s -z
housewife *woman:* ˈhaʊs.waɪf *old-fashioned:* ˈhʌz.ɪf **housewives** ˈhaʊs.waɪvz *old-fashioned:* -ɪvz **housewifes** *old-fashioned:* ˈhʌz.ɪfs
housewi|fe *needle-case:* ˈhʌz.ɪ|f **-fes** -fs **-ves** -vz
housewifel|y ˈhaʊsˌwaɪf.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
housewifery ˈhaʊsˌwɪf.ər.i *old-fashioned:* ˈhʌz.ɪ.fri ⓤⓢ ˈhaʊsˌwaɪ.fɚ.i, ˌ-fri
housework ˈhaʊs.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
housey-housey, housie-housie ˌhaʊ.siˈhaʊ.si, -ziˈhaʊ.zi
housing ˈhaʊ.zɪŋ ˈ**housing as**ˌ**sociation;** ˈ**housing de**ˌ**velopment;** ˈ**housing e**ˌ**state;** ˈ**housing** ˌ**list**
Housman ˈhaʊs.mən
Houston *English surname:* ˈhuː.stən, ˈhaʊ- *Scottish surname:* ˈhuː.stən *in US:* ˈhjuː.stən
Houyhnhnm ˈhuː.ɪ.nəm ⓤⓢ ˈhwɪn.əm, huˈɪn- -s -z
hove (H) (*from* **heave**) həʊv ⓤⓢ hoʊv
hovel ˈhɒv.əl, ˈhʌv- ⓤⓢ ˈhʌv-, ˈhɑː.vəl -s -z
Hovell ˈhəʊ.vəl, ˈhɒv.əl, həʊˈvel ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.vəl, ˈhɑː-, hoʊˈvel
Hovenden ˈhɒv.ən.dən ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ.vən-
hov|er ˈhɒv|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈhʌv|.ɚ, ˈhɑː.v|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
hovercraft ˈhɒv.ə.krɑːft ⓤⓢ ˈhʌv.ɚ.kræft, ˈhɑː.vɚ- -s -s
hoverfl|y ˈhɒv.ə.fl|aɪ ⓤⓢ ˈhʌv.ɚ-, ˈhɑː.vɚ- **-ies** -aɪz
hoverport ˈhɒv.ə.pɔːt ⓤⓢ ˈhʌv.ɚ.pɔːrt, ˈhɑː.vɚ- -s -s
Hovis® ˈhəʊ.vɪs ⓤⓢ ˈhoʊ-
how (H) haʊ
Howard haʊəd ⓤⓢ haʊɚd
Howarth haʊəθ ⓤⓢ haʊɚθ
howdah ˈhaʊ.də -s -z
Howden ˈhaʊ.dən
how-do-you-do ˌhaʊ.djʊˈduː, -djəˈ-, -dʒʊˈ-, -dʒəˈ-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈhaʊ.də.juː.duː, ˈ-djə.duː
howdy ˈhaʊ.di
howdy-do ˌhaʊ.diˈduː -s -z
Howe haʊ
Howell haʊəl -s -z
Howerd haʊəd ⓤⓢ haʊɚd
Howers haʊəz ⓤⓢ haʊɚz
Howes haʊz
however haʊˈev.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Howick ˈhaʊ.ɪk
Howie ˈhaʊ.i
Howitt ˈhaʊ.ɪt
howitzer ˈhaʊ.ɪt.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ -s -z
howl haʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
howler ˈhaʊ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ -s -z
Howlett ˈhaʊ.lɪt
Howley ˈhaʊ.li
Howorth haʊəθ ⓤⓢ haʊɚθ
Howse haʊz
howsoever ˌhaʊ.səʊˈev.əʳ ⓤⓢ -soʊˈev.ɚ
Howson ˈhaʊ.sən
Howth həʊθ ⓤⓢ hoʊθ
how-to ˈhaʊ.tuː -s -z
Hoxha ˈhɒdʒ.ə ⓤⓢ ˈhɔː.ʒdɑː
Hoxton ˈhɒk.stən ⓤⓢ ˈhɑːk-
hoy (H) hɔɪ -s -z
hoyden (H) ˈhɔɪ.dən -s -z
Hoylake ˈhɔɪ.leɪk
Hoyland Nether ˌhɔɪ.lən*d*ˈneð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
HP ˌeɪtʃˈpiː
HQ ˌeɪtʃˈkjuː
HRH ˌeɪtʃ.ɑːʳˈeɪtʃ ⓤⓢ -ɑːrˈ-
HRT ˌeitʃ.ɑːˈtiː ⓤⓢ -ɑːrˈ-
HSBC ˌeɪtʃ.esˌbiːˈsiː
HTML ˌeɪtʃ.tiː.emˈel
http ˌeɪtʃ.tiː.tiːˈpiː
Huang Ho ˌhwæŋˈhəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌhwɑːŋˈhoʊ, ˌhwæŋ-
hub hʌb -s -z
Hubbard ˈhʌb.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Hubble ˈhʌb.əl
hubble-bubble ˈhʌb.əlˌbʌb.əl -s -z
hubbub ˈhʌb.ʌb, -əb ⓤⓢ -ʌb -s -z
hubb|y ˈhʌb|.i **-ies** -iz
hubcap ˈhʌb.kæp -s -s
Hubert ˈhjuː.bət ⓤⓢ -bɚt
hubris ˈhjuː.brɪs, ˈhuː- ⓤⓢ ˈhjuː-
hubristic hjuːˈbrɪs.tɪk, huː- ⓤⓢ hjuː-
huckaback ˈhʌk.ə.bæk -s -s
Huckle ˈhʌk.əl
huckleberr|y (H) ˈhʌk.əlˌbər|.i, -ˌber|.i ⓤⓢ -ˈber- **-ies** -iz
Hucknall, Hucknell ˈhʌk.nəl
huckster ˈhʌk.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ -s -z
Huddersfield ˈhʌd.əz.fiːld ⓤⓢ -ɚz-
huddl|e ˈhʌd.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈhʌd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Hudibras ˈhjuː.dɪ.bræs, -də-
Hud(d)leston(e) ˈhʌd.əl.stən
Hudnott ˈhʌd.nɒt, -nət ⓤⓢ -nɑːt
Hudson ˈhʌd.sən
hue hjuː -s -z ˌ**hue and** ˈ**cry**
Hueffer ˈhef.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Huelva ˈwel.və ⓤⓢ -və, -vɑː
huevos rancheros ˌweɪ.vɒs.rænˈtʃeə.rɒs ⓤⓢ -voʊs.rænˈtʃer.oʊs
huff (H) hʌf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
huffish ˈhʌf.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Huffman ˈhʌf.mən
huff|y ˈhʌf|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
hug hʌg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
Hugall ˈhjuː.gəl
hug|e hjuːdʒ **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
hugger-mugger ˈhʌg.əˌmʌg.əʳ, ˌhʌg.əˈmʌg- ⓤⓢ ˈhʌg.ɚˌmʌg.ɚ
Huggin ˈhʌg.ɪn -s -z
Hugh hjuː
Hughenden ˈhjuː.ən.dən
Hughes hjuːz
Hugo ˈhjuː.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ
Hugon ˈhjuː.gən, -gɒn ⓤⓢ -gɑːn
Huguenot ˈhjuː.gə.nəʊ, ˈhuː-, -nɒt ⓤⓢ ˈhjuː.gə.nɑːt -s -z
Huish ˈhjuː.ɪʃ
hula ˈhuː.lə -s -z
Hula-Hoop® ˈhuː.lə.huːp -s -s
Hulbert ˈhʌl.bət ⓤⓢ -bɚt
hulk hʌlk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
hull (H) hʌl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
hullabaloo ˌhʌl.ə.bəˈluː -s -z
Hullah ˈhʌl.ə
Hullbridge ˈhʌl.brɪdʒ
hullo həˈləʊ, hʌlˈəʊ ⓤⓢ həˈloʊ, hʌlˈoʊ -s -z
Hulme hjuːm, huːm
Hulse hʌls
Hulsean hʌlˈsiː.ən
hum (*n, v.*) hʌm -s -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d ˈ**humming** ˌ**top**
human (H) ˈhjuː.mən -s -z **-ly** -li ˌ**human** ˈ**being;** ˌ**human** ˈ**nature;** ˌ**human** ˈ**race;** ˌ**human** ˈ**rights**
human|e hjuːˈmeɪn **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
human|ism ˈhjuː.mə.n|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
humanistic ˌhjuː.məˈnɪs.tɪk
humanitarian hjuːˌmæn.ɪˈteə.ri.ən, -əˈ-; ˌhjuː.mæn- ⓤⓢ hjuːˌmæn.əˈter.i- -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
humanit|y hjuːˈmæn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
humanization, -isa- ˌhjuː.mə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -nɪˈ- ⓤⓢ -nɪˈ-
humaniz|e, -is|e ˈhjuː.mə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
humankind ˌhjuː.mənˈkaɪnd, -məŋˈ- ⓤⓢ -mənˈ-

humanoid 'hjuː.mə.nɔɪd -s -z
Humber 'hʌm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z **-side** -saɪd
Humberston 'hʌm.bə.stᵊn (US) -bɚ-
Humbert 'hʌm.bət (US) -bɚt
humb|le 'hʌm.b|ᵊl **-ler** -ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-lest** -lɪst, -ləst **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **-les** -ᵊlz **-ling** -ᵊl.ɪŋ (US) -lɪŋ **-led** -ᵊld **eat** ˌ**humble** ˈ**pie**
Humblethwaite 'hʌm.bᵊl.θweɪt
Humboldt 'hʌm.bəʊlt, 'hʊm- (US) -boʊlt
Humbrol® 'hʌm.brɒl (US) -brɑːl
humbug 'hʌm.bʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
humdinger ˌhʌm'dɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
humdrum 'hʌm.drʌm
Hume hjuːm
humectant hjuː'mek.tᵊnt **-s** -s
humer|us 'hjuː.mᵊr|.əs **-i** -aɪ **-al** -ᵊl
Humian 'hjuː.mi.ən
humid 'hjuː.mɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
humidification hjuːˌmɪd.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-
humidifier hjuː'mɪd.ɪ.faɪ.əʳ, '-ə- (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
humidif|y hjuː'mɪd.ɪ.f|aɪ, '-ə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z (US) -aɪ.ɚ/z
humidity hjuː'mɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
humili|ate hjuː'mɪl.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
humiliation hjuːˌmɪl.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌhjuː.mɪ.li'- (US) hjuːˌmɪl.i'- **-s** -z
humility hjuː'mɪl.ə.ti, -ɪt.i (US) -ə.t̬i
hummingbird 'hʌm.ɪŋ.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd **-s** -z
hummock 'hʌm.ək **-s** -s **-y** -i
hummus 'hʊm.ʊs, 'hʌm-, -əs, 'huː.məs (US) 'hʌm.əs, 'hʊm-
humongous hjuː'mʌŋ.gəs
hum|or 'hjuː.m|əʳ (US) -m|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd **-orless/ly** -ə.ləs/li, -ɚ.lɪs/li
humoral 'hjuː.mᵊr.ᵊl
humoresque ˌhjuː.mᵊr'esk (US) -mə'resk **-s** -s
humorist 'hjuː.mᵊr.ɪst **-s** -s
humoristic ˌhjuː.mᵊr'ɪs.tɪk
humorous 'hjuː.mᵊr.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hum|our 'hjuː.m|əʳ (US) -m|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-ourless/ly** -ə.ləs/li, -ɚ.lɪs/li
humoursome 'hjuː.mə.sᵊm (US) -mɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hump hʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
humpback 'hʌmp.bæk **-s** -s **-ed** -t ˌ**humpbacked** ˈ**bridge**
Humperdinck 'hʌm.pə.dɪŋk (US) -pɚ-
humph (*interj.*) m̥m, hə̃h, hʌmf
Note: Interjection indicating annoyance or disapproval, with rapid fall in pitch. The transcriptions reflect a wide range of possible pronunciations. The small circle under the /m/ symbol indicates a voiceless consonant.
Humphries 'hʌm*p*.friz
Humphr(e)y 'hʌm*p*.fri **-s** -z
Humpty Dumpty ˌhʌm*p*.ti'dʌm*p*.ti
hump|y 'hʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
humungous hjuː'mʌŋ.gəs
humus 'hjuː.məs
Hun hʌn **-s** -z
hunch hʌn*t*ʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
hunchback 'hʌn*t*ʃ.bæk **-s** -s **-ed** -t
hundred 'hʌn.drəd, -drɪd **-s** -z
hundredfold 'hʌn.drəd.fəʊld, -drɪd- (US) -foʊld
hundredth 'hʌn.drədθ, -drɪdθ, -drətθ, -drɪtθ **-s** -s
hundredweight 'hʌn.drəd.weɪt, -drɪd- **-s** -s
hung (*from* **hang**) hʌŋ ˌ**hung** ˈ**jury;** ˌ**hung** ˈ**parliament**
Hungarian hʌŋ'geə.ri.ən (US) -'ger.i- **-s** -z
Hungary 'hʌŋ.gᵊr.i
hung|er 'hʌŋ.g|əʳ (US) -g|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**hunger** ˌ**strike;** ˈ**hunger** ˌ**striker**
Hungerford 'hʌŋ.gə.fəd (US) -gɚ.fɚd
hungerstrik|e 'hʌŋ.gə.straɪk (US) -gɚ- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **hungerstruck** 'hʌŋ.gə.strʌk (US) -gɚ-
hungover ˌhʌŋ'əʊ.vəʳ (US) -'oʊ.vɚ
hungr|y 'hʌŋ.gr|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
hunk hʌŋk **-s** -s
hunk|y 'hʌŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
hunky-dory ˌhʌŋ.ki'dɔː.ri (US) -'dɔːr.i
hunnish (H) 'hʌn.ɪʃ
Hunslet 'hʌnz.lət, -lɪt, 'hʌn.slɪt, -slət
Hunstanton hʌn'stæn.tən *locally:* 'hʌn.stən-
Hunsworth 'hʌnz.wəθ (US) -wɚθ
hunt (H) hʌnt **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'hʌn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'hʌn.t̬ɪd ˈ**hunting** ˌ**ground;** ˈ**hunting** ˌ**horn;** ˈ**hunting** ˌ**knife**
hunter-gatherer ˌhʌn.tə'gæð.ᵊr.əʳ (US) -t̬ɚ'gæð.ɚ.ɚ **-s** -z
Hunterian hʌn'tɪə.ri.ən (US) -'tɪr.i-
Huntingdon 'hʌn.tɪŋ.dən **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Huntingdonian ˌhʌn.tɪŋ'dəʊ.ni.ən (US) -'doʊ- **-s** -z
Huntingford 'hʌn.tɪŋ.fəd (US) -fɚd
Huntington 'hʌn.tɪŋ.tən ˌ**Huntington's cho**ˈ**rea**
Huntl(e)y 'hʌnt.li
Hunton 'hʌn.tən (US) -tᵊn
huntress 'hʌn.trəs, -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
Hunts. (*abbrev. for* **Huntingdonshire**) hʌnts; 'hʌn.tɪŋ.dən.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) hʌnts; 'hʌn.tɪŋ.dən.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
hunts|man 'hʌnts|.mən **-men** -mən, -men **-manship** -mən.ʃɪp
Huntsville 'hʌnts.vɪl
Hunyadi 'hʊn.jɑː.di, 'hʌn-, -'-- (US) 'hʊn.jɑː.di
Hurd hɜːd (US) hɝːd
hurdl|e 'hɜː.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hɜːd.lɪŋ (US) 'hɝːd- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hurdy-gurd|y 'hɜː.diˌgɜː.d|i, ˌhɜː.di'gɜː- (US) ˌhɝː.di'gɝːr.d|i, 'hɝː.diˌgɝːr- **-ies** -iz
Hurford 'hɜː.fəd (US) 'hɝː.fɚd
hurl hɜːl (US) hɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
hurley (H) 'hɜː.li (US) 'hɝː- **-s** -z
hurling 'hɜː.lɪŋ (US) 'hɝː-
Hurlingham 'hɜː.lɪŋ.əm (US) 'hɝː-
Hurlstone 'hɜːl.stᵊn (US) 'hɝːl-
hurly-burly 'hɜː.liˌbɜː.li, ˌhɜː.li'bɜː- (US) 'hɝː.liˌbɝːr-, ˌhɝː.li'bɝːr-
Huron 'hjʊə.rᵊn, -rɒn (US) 'hjʊr.ɑːn, -ən
hurrah hə'rɑː, hʊ- (US) -'rɑː, -'rɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
hurray hə'reɪ, hʊ- **-s** -z
Hurrell 'hʌr.ᵊl, 'hʊə.rᵊl (US) 'hɝː.ᵊl
hurricane 'hʌr.ɪ.kən, '-ə-, -keɪn (US) 'hɝː.ɪ.keɪn, -kən **-s** -z ˈ**hurricane** ˌ**lamp**
hurried 'hʌr.id (US) 'hɝː- **-ly** -li
hurr|y (H) 'hʌr|.i (US) 'hɝː- **-ies** -i.z **-ying** -i.ɪŋ
hurry-scurry ˌhʌr.i'skʌr.i (US) ˌhɝː.i'skɝːr-
hurst (H) hɜːst (US) hɝːst **-s** -s
Hurstmonceux ˌhɜː*s*t.mən'zuː, -mɒn'-, -'sjuː, -'suː (US) 'hɝː*s*t.mən.suː, ˌ--'-
Hurston 'hɜː.stᵊn (US) 'hɝː-
Hurstpierpoint ˌhɜː*s*t.pɪə'pɔɪnt (US) ˌhɝː*s*t.pɪr'-
hurt (H) hɜːt (US) hɝːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'hɝː.t̬ɪŋ
hurtful 'hɜːt.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'hɝːt- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
hurtl|e 'hɜː.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hɜːt.lɪŋ (US) 'hɝːt- **-ed** -d
husband 'hʌz.bənd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ly** -li
husband|man 'hʌz.bənd|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
husbandry 'hʌz.bən.dri
hush hʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**hush** ˌ**money**
hushaby 'hʌʃ.ə.baɪ
hush-hush ˌhʌʃ'hʌʃ *stress shift:* ˌhush-hush 'service
Hush Puppies® 'hʌʃˌpʌp.iz
husk (H) hʌsk **-s** -s
Huskisson 'hʌs.kɪ.sᵊn, -kə-
husk|y 'hʌs.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Hussain hʊ'seɪn (US) huː-
hussar hʊ'zɑːʳ, hə- (US) -'zɑːr **-s** -z
Hussein hʊ'seɪn (US) huː-
Hussey 'hʌs.i
Hussite 'hʌs.aɪt, 'hʊs- (US) 'hʌs- **-s** -s
huss|y (H) 'hʌs|.i, 'hʌz- **-ies** -iz
hustings 'hʌs.tɪŋz
hustl|e 'hʌs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hʌs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, 'hʌs.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z

Huston 'hjuː.stᵊn
hut hʌt **-s** -s
hutch hʌtʃ **-es** -ɪz
Hutchence 'hʌtʃ.ənts, -ents
Hutcheson 'hʌtʃ.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-
Hutchings 'hʌtʃ.ɪŋz
Hutchinson 'hʌtʃ.ɪn.sən
Hutchinsonian ˌhʌtʃ.ɪn'səʊ.ni.ən Ⓤ -'soʊ- **-s** -z
Hutchison 'hʌtʃ.ɪ.sᵊn
Huth huːθ
Huthwaite 'huːθ.weɪt
hutment 'hʌt.mənt **-s** -s
Hutton 'hʌt.ᵊn
Hutu 'huː.tuː **-s** -z
hutzpah 'hʊt.spɑː, 'xʊt-, -spə
Huw hjuː
Huxley 'hʌk.sli
Huxtable 'hʌk.stə.bᵊl
Huygens 'haɪ.gᵊnz
Huyton 'haɪ.tᵊn
huzza(h) hʊ'zɑː, hʌz'ɑː-, hə'zɑː Ⓤ hə'zɑː, -'zɔː **-s** -z
Hwang-ho ˌhwæŋ'həʊ Ⓤ ˌhwɑːŋ'hoʊ
hwyl 'huː.ɪl, -əl
hyacinth (H) 'haɪə.sɪntθ **-s** -s
hyacinthine ˌhaɪə'sɪnt.θaɪn Ⓤ -θaɪn, -θɪn
Hyades 'haɪ.ə.diːz
hyaena haɪ'iː.nə **-s** -z
hyalin 'haɪ.ə.lɪn
hyaline 'haɪə.lɪn, -liːn, -laɪn
hyalite 'haɪə.laɪt
hyaloid 'haɪə.lɔɪd
Hyam haɪəm
Hyamson 'haɪəm.sən
Hyannis haɪ'æn.ɪs
hybrid 'haɪ.brɪd **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
hybridity haɪ'brɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
hybridization, -isa- ˌhaɪ.brɪ.daɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-brə-, -dɪ'- Ⓤ -dɪ'-
hybridiz|e, -is|e 'haɪ.brɪ.daɪz, -brə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
Hyde haɪd ˌ**Hyde** '**Park**; ˌ**Hyde** ˌ**Park** '**Corner**
Hyder® 'haɪ.dəʳ Ⓤ -dɚ
Hyderabad 'haɪ.dᵊr.ə.bæd, -bɑːd, ˌhaɪ.dᵊr.ə'bæd, -'bɑːd Ⓤ 'haɪ.dɚ.ə.bæd, -bɑːd, '-drə.bæd, -bɑːd
hydra (H) 'haɪ.drə **-s** -z
hydrangea haɪ'dreɪn.dʒə, '-dʒi.ə Ⓤ -'dreɪn-, -'dræn- **-s** -z
hydrant 'haɪ.drᵊnt **-s** -s
hydrate (*n.*) 'haɪ.dreɪt, -drɪt **-s** -s
hydra|te (*v.*) haɪ'dreɪ|t, '-- Ⓤ '-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd
hydration haɪ'dreɪ.ʃᵊn
hydraulic haɪ'drɔː.lɪk, -'drɒl.ɪk Ⓤ -'drɑː-, -'drɔː- **-s** -s
hydrazine 'haɪ.drə.ziːn, -zɪn
hydro- haɪ.drəʊ; haɪ'drɒ Ⓤ haɪ.droʊ, -drə; haɪ'drɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **hydrofoil** /'haɪ.drəʊ.fɔɪl Ⓤ -droʊ-/, **hydrochloric** /ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'klɒr.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'klɔːr-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **hydrogenate** /haɪ'drɒdʒ.ɪ.neɪt Ⓤ -'drɑː.dʒə-/.
hydro 'haɪ.drəʊ Ⓤ -droʊ **-s** -z
hydrocarbon ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'kɑː.bᵊn Ⓤ -droʊ'kɑːr-, -drə'- **-s** -z
hydrocephalus ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'sef.ᵊl.əs, -'kef- Ⓤ -droʊ'sef-
hydrochloric ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'klɒr.ɪk, -'klɔː.rɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'klɔːr.ɪk, -drə'- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**hydrochloric** '**acid**
hydrodynamic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ.daɪ'næm.ɪk, -dɪ'- Ⓤ -droʊ.daɪ'-, -drə- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
hydroelectric ˌhaɪ.drəʊ.ɪ'lek.trɪk, -ə'- Ⓤ -droʊ- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌhydroelectric 'power
hydroelectricity ˌhaɪ.drəʊ.ɪ.lek'trɪs.ɪ.ti, -ə- Ⓤ -droʊ.ɪ.lek'trɪs.ɪ.t̬i, -ə.t̬i
hydrofoil 'haɪ.drəʊ.fɔɪl Ⓤ -droʊ-, -drə- **-s** -z
hydrogen 'haɪ.drə.dʒən, -drɪ-, -dʒɪn Ⓤ -drə.dʒən '**hydrogen** ˌ**bomb**; ˌ**hydrogen** '**chloride**; ˌ**hydrogen** '**fluoride**; ˌ**hydrogen pe**'**roxide**
hydroge|nate haɪ'drɒdʒ.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə-; 'haɪ.drə.dʒɪ-, -dʒə- Ⓤ haɪ'drɑː.dʒə-; 'haɪ.drə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
hydrogenation ˌhaɪ.drə.dʒə'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒɪ'- Ⓤ haɪˌdrɑː.dʒə'-
hydrogenous haɪ'drɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs, '-ə- Ⓤ -'drɑː.dʒɪ-, -dʒə-
hydrographic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'græf.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'græf- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hydrograph|y haɪ'drɒg.rə.f|i Ⓤ -'drɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
hydrology haɪ'drɒl.ə.dʒi Ⓤ -'drɑː.lə-
hydrolysis haɪ'drɒl.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ- Ⓤ -'drɑː.lɪ-
hydrolytic ˌhaɪ.drə'lɪt.ɪk Ⓤ -'lɪt̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hydrolyz|e, -ys|e 'haɪ.drə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
hydromechanics ˌhaɪ.drəʊ.mɪ'kæn.ɪks, -mə'- Ⓤ -droʊ.mə'-
hydrometer haɪ'drɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- Ⓤ -'drɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
hydrometric ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'met.rɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'-, -drə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hydrometry haɪ'drɒm.ə.tri, '-ɪ- Ⓤ -'drɑː.mə-
hydropathic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'pæθ.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'-, -drə'- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hydropath|y haɪ'drɒp.ə.θ|i Ⓤ -'drɑː.pə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
hydrophilic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'fɪl.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'-, -drə'-
hydrophobia ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə Ⓤ -droʊ'foʊ-, -drə'-
hydrophobic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'fəʊ.bɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'foʊ-, -drə'-
hydrophyte 'haɪ.drəʊ.faɪt Ⓤ -droʊ-, -drə- **-s** -s
hydroplan|e 'haɪ.drəʊ.pleɪn Ⓤ -droʊ-, -drə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
hydroponic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'pɒn.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'pɑː.nɪk, -drə'- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hydropower 'haɪ.drəʊ.paʊəʳ Ⓤ -droʊ.paʊr
hydroscope 'haɪ.drəʊ.skəʊp Ⓤ -droʊ.skoʊp, -drə- **-s** -s
hydrostat 'haɪ.drəʊ.stæt Ⓤ -droʊ-, -drə- **-s** -s
hydrostatic ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'stæt.ɪk Ⓤ -droʊ'stæt̬-, -drə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
hydrotherapy ˌhaɪ.drəʊ'θer.ə.pi Ⓤ -droʊ'-, -drə'-
hydrotropism haɪ'drɒt.rə.pɪ.zᵊm Ⓤ -'drɑː.trə-
hydrous 'haɪ.drəs
hydroxide haɪ'drɒk.saɪd Ⓤ -'drɑːk- **-s** -z
hydroxyl haɪ'drɒk.sɪl Ⓤ -'drɑːk-
hyena haɪ'iː.nə **-s** -z
Hygeia haɪ'dʒiː.ə
hygiene 'haɪ.dʒiːn
hygienic haɪ'dʒiː.nɪk Ⓤ ˌhaɪ.dʒi'en.ɪk; haɪ'dʒen-, -'dʒiː.nɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hygienist 'haɪ.dʒiː.nɪst Ⓤ 'haɪ.dʒiː.nɪst; -'--, -'dʒen.ɪst **-s** -s
hygrometric ˌhaɪ.grəʊ'met.rɪk Ⓤ -groʊ'-, -grə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
hygromet|ry haɪ'grɒm.ə.t|ri Ⓤ -'grɑː.mə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
hygroscope 'haɪ.grəʊ.skəʊp Ⓤ -groʊ.skoʊp, -grə- **-s** -s
hygroscopic ˌhaɪ.grəʊ'skɒp.ɪk Ⓤ -groʊ'skɑː.pɪk, -grə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Hyksos 'hɪk.sɒs Ⓤ -sɑːs
Hylas 'haɪ.læs, -ləs
Hylton 'hɪl.tən
Hyman 'haɪ.mən
hymen (H) 'haɪ.men, -mən Ⓤ -mən **-s** -z
hymene|al ˌhaɪ.men'iː|.əl, -mə'niː-, -mɪ'- Ⓤ -mə'niː- **-an** -ən
Hymettus haɪ'met.əs Ⓤ -'met̬-
hymn hɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**hymn** ˌ**book**
hymnal 'hɪm.nᵊl **-s** -z
hymnar|y 'hɪm.nᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
hymnic 'hɪm.nɪk
hymnody 'hɪm.nə.di
hymnolog|y hɪm'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i Ⓤ -'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Hyndley 'haɪnd.li
Hyndman 'haɪnd.mən
Hynes haɪnz
hyoid 'haɪ.ɔɪd
hyoscine 'haɪ.əʊ.siːn Ⓤ -ə.siːn, -sɪn
hypallage haɪ'pæl.ə.gi, -dʒi Ⓤ haɪ-, hə-; ˌhaɪ.pə'lædʒ.i, ˌhɪp.ə'-
Hypatia haɪ'peɪ.ʃə, -ʃi.ə

hyp|e haɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**hyped 'up**

hyper- haɪ.pəʳ; haɪ'pɜː US haɪ.pɚ; haɪ'pɝː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **hypermarket** /'haɪ.pəˌmɑː.kɪt US -pɚˌmɑːr-/, **hyperactive** /ˌhaɪ.pəʳ'æk.tɪv US -pɚ'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **hyperbole** /haɪ'pɜː.bəl.i US -'pɝː-/. Note also that, although /r/ is normally assigned to a following strong syllable in US transcriptions, in **hyper-** it is perceived to be morphemically linked to that morpheme and is retained in the prefix as /ɚ/.

hyper 'haɪ.pəʳ US -pɚ

ˌhyperactive ˌhaɪ.pəʳ'æk.tɪv US -pɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌhyperactive 'child

hyperactivity ˌhaɪ.pəʳ.æk'tɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -pɚ.æk'tɪv.ə.t̬i

hyperacute ˌhaɪ.pəʳ.ə'kjuːt US -pɚ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

hyperbol|a haɪ'pɜː.bəl|.ə US -'pɝː- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz

hyperbole haɪ'pɜː.bəl.i US -'pɝː- **-s** -z

hyperbolic ˌhaɪ.pə'bɒl.ɪk US -pɚ'bɑː.lɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

hyperbol|ism haɪ'pɜː.bəl|.ɪ.zəm US -'pɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

hyperboliz|e, -is|e haɪ'pɜː.bəl.aɪz US -'pɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hyperboloid haɪ'pɜː.bəl.ɔɪd US -'pɝː- **-s** -z

hyperborean ˌhaɪ.pə'bɔː.ri.ən; -bɔː'riː.ən, -bɒr'iː.ən US -pɚ.bɔː'riː-, -bə'- **-s** -z

hypercorrect ˌhaɪ.pə.kə'rekt US -pɚ.kə'rekt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

hypercorrection ˌhaɪ.pə.kə'rek.ʃən US -pɚ.kə'rek- **-s** -z

hypercritic|al ˌhaɪ.pə'krɪt.ɪ.k|əl US -pɚ'krɪt̬- **-ally** -əl.i US -li

hypercriticism ˌhaɪ.pə'krɪt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm US -pɚ'krɪt̬.ɪ-

hypercriticiz|e, -is|e ˌhaɪ.pə'krɪt.ɪ.saɪz US -pɚ'krɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hyperglycaem|ia ˌhaɪ.pə.glaɪ'siː.m|i.ə US -pɚ- **-ic** -ɪk

hypericum haɪ'per.ɪ.kəm **-s** -z

Hyperides haɪ'per.ɪ.diːz; ˌhaɪ.pə'raɪ- US haɪ'per.ɪ-, hɪ-

hyperinflation ˌhaɪ.pər.ɪn'fleɪ.ʃən US -pɚ-

Hyperion haɪ'pɪə.ri.ən, -'per.i- US -'pɪr-

hyperlink 'haɪ.pə.lɪŋk US -pɚ- **-s** -s

hypermarket 'haɪ.pəˌmɑː.kɪt US -pɚˌmɑːr- **-s** -s

hypernym 'haɪ.pə.nɪm US -pɚ- **-s** -z

hypersensitive ˌhaɪ.pə'sent.sə.tɪv, -sɪ- US -pɚ'sent.sə.t̬ɪv

hypersensitivity ˌhaɪ.pəˌsent.sə'tɪv.ə.ti, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -pɚˌsent.sə'tɪv.ə.t̬i

hyperspace 'haɪ.pə.speɪs US -pɚ-

hypertension ˌhaɪ.pə'ten.tʃən, 'haɪ.pəˌten- US ˌhaɪ.pɚ'tent.ʃən

hypertext 'haɪ.pə.tekst US -pɚ-

hyperthyroid ˌhaɪ.pə'θaɪ.rɔɪd US -pɚ'- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

hypertroph|y haɪ'pɜː.trə.f|i US -'pɝː- **-ied** -id

hyperventi|late ˌhaɪ.pə'ven.tɪ|.leɪt, -tə- US -pɚ'ven.t̬ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd

hyperventilation ˌhaɪ.pəˌven.tɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -tə'- US -pɚˌven.t̬ə'-

hyph|a 'haɪ.f|ə **-ae** -iː

hyphal 'haɪ.fəl

hyphen 'haɪ.fən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hyphen|ate 'haɪ.fən|.eɪt, -fɪ.n|eɪt US -fə.neɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

hyphenation ˌhaɪ.fən'eɪ.ʃən

hypno- 'hɪp.nəʊ; hɪp'nɒ, -'nəʊ US 'hɪp.noʊ, -nə; hɪp'nɑː, -'noʊ
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **hypnotism** /'hɪp.nə.tɪ.zəm/, **hypnotherapy** /ˌhɪp.nəʊ'θer.ə.pi US -noʊ'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **hypnotic** /hɪp'nɒt.ɪk US -'nɑː.t̬ɪk/.

hypnosis hɪp'nəʊ.sɪs US -'noʊ-

hypnotherapist ˌhɪp.nəʊ'θer.ə.pɪst US -noʊ'- **-s** -s

hypnotherapy ˌhɪp.nəʊ'θer.ə.pi US -noʊ'-

hypnotic hɪp'nɒt.ɪk US -'nɑː.t̬ɪk

hypnot|ism 'hɪp.nə.t|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

hypnotization, -isa- ˌhɪp.nə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -tɪ'- US -tɪ'-

hypnotiz|e, -is|e 'hɪp.nə.taɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

hypo- 'haɪ.pəʊ; haɪ'pɒ US 'haɪ.poʊ, -pə; haɪ'pɑː, hɪ-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **hypocaust** /'haɪ.pəʊ.kɔːst US -poʊ-/, **hypothetic** /ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θet.ɪk US -poʊ'θet̬-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **hypotenuse** /haɪ'pɒt.ən.juːz US -'pɑː.tən.uːs/.

hypo 'haɪ.pəʊ US -poʊ **-s** -z

hypoallergenic ˌhaɪ.pəʊˌæl.ə'dʒen.ɪk, -ɜː'- US -poʊˌæl.ɚ'-

hypocaust 'haɪ.pəʊ.kɔːst, -kɒst US -poʊ.kɔːst, -pə-, -kɑːst **-s** -s

hypochondri|a ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'kɒn.dri|.ə US -poʊ'kɑːn-, -pə'- **-ac/s** -æk/s

hypochondriacal ˌhaɪ.pəʊ.kɒn'draɪ.ə.kəl, -kən'- US -poʊ.kɑːn'-, -pə-

hypochondriasis ˌhaɪ.pəʊ.kɒn'draɪ.ə.sɪs, -kən'- US -poʊ.kɑːn'-, -pə-

hypocotyl ˌhaɪ.pə'kɒt.ɪl US -poʊ'kɑː.t̬əl

hypocris|y hɪ'pɒk.rə.s|i, -rɪ- US -'pɑː.krə- **-ies** -iz

hypocrite 'hɪp.ə.krɪt **-s** -s

hypocritic|al ˌhɪp.əʊ'krɪt.ɪ.k|əl US -ə'krɪt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

hypocycloid ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'saɪ.klɔɪd US -poʊ'-, -pə'- **-s** -z

hypodermic ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'dɜː.mɪk US -poʊ'dɝː-, -pə'- *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**hypodermic 'needle;** ˌ**hypodermic sy'ringe**

hypodermis ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'dɜː.mɪs US -poʊ'dɝː-, -pə'-

hypogeal ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'dʒiː.əl US -poʊ'-

hypoglyc(a)em|ia ˌhaɪ.pəʊ.glaɪ'siː.m|i.ə US -poʊ- **-ic** -ɪk

hypophosphate ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'fɒs.feɪt, -fɪt US -poʊ'fɑːs-, -pə'- **-s** -s

hyposta|sis haɪ'pɒs.tə|.sɪs US -'pɑː.stə-, hɪ- **-ses** -siːz

hypostatiz|e, -is|e haɪ'pɒs.tə.taɪz US -'pɑː.stə-, hɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hypostyle 'haɪ.pəʊ.staɪl US -poʊ-

hyposulphite ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'sʌl.faɪt US -poʊ'-, -pə'- **-s** -s

hypotactic ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'tæk.tɪk US -poʊ'-, -pə'-

hypotax|is ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'tæk.s|ɪs, 'haɪ.pəʊ.tæk- US ˌhaɪ.poʊ'tæk-, -pə'- **-es** -iːz

hypotension ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'ten.tʃən US 'haɪ.poʊˌten-, -pəˌ-

hypotenus|e haɪ'pɒt.ən.juːz, -ɪ.njuːz, -juːs US -'pɑː.tən.uːs, -tɪ.nuːs, -njuːs **-es** -ɪz

hypothalamus ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θæl.ə.məs US -poʊ'-, -pə'-

hypothe|cate haɪ'pɒθ.ə|.keɪt, '-ɪ- US -'pɑː.θə-, hɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd

hypothecation haɪˌpɒθ.ə'keɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- US -pɑː.θə'-, hɪ- **-s** -z

hypothermal ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θɜː.məl US -poʊ'θɝː-, -pə'-

hypothermia ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θɜː.mi.ə US -poʊ'θɝː-, -pə'-

hypothes|is haɪ'pɒθ.ə.s|ɪs, '-ɪ- US -'pɑː.θə-, hɪ- **-es** -iːz

hypothesiz|e, -is|e haɪ'pɒθ.ə.saɪz US -'pɑː.θə-, hɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

hypothetic ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θet.ɪk US -poʊ'θet̬-, -pə'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

hypothyroid ˌhaɪ.pəʊ'θaɪ.rɔɪd US -poʊ'- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

hypoxia haɪ'pɒk.si.ə US -'pɑːk-, hɪ-

hypoxic haɪ'pɒk.sɪk US -'pɑːk-, hɪ-

hypsome|try hɪp'sɒm.ə|.tri US -'sɑː.mə- **-ter/s** -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z

hyrax 'haɪ.ræks **-es** -ɪz

Hyslop 'hɪz.ləp, -lɒp US -lɑːp, -ləp

hyson (H) 'haɪ.sən

hyssop 'hɪs.əp

hysterectom|y ˌhɪs.təʳ'ek.tə.m|i US -tə'rek- **-ies** -iz

hysteria hɪ'stɪə.ri.ə US -'ster.i-, -'stɪr-

hysteric hɪ'ster.ɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

hysteron proteron ˌhɪs.tə.rɒnˈprɒt.ə.rɒn, -rɒmˈ-, -ˈprəʊ.tə- (US) -rɑːnˈprɑː.t̬ə.rɑːn

hythe (H) haɪð -s -z

Hytner ˈhaɪt.nəʳ (US) -nɚ

Hyundai® ˈhaɪ.ʌn.daɪ, -ən-, ˈhjʊn-, ˈhjʊn.deɪ (US) ˈhjʌn.deɪ, ˈhʌn-

Hywel haʊəl

Hz (*abbrev. for* **Hertz**) hɜːts, heəts (US) hɝːts, herts

Pronouncing the letter I

See also IE, IEU, IO

The vowel letter i has two main strong pronunciations linked to spelling: a 'short' pronunciation /ɪ/ and a 'long' pronunciation /aɪ/. In the 'short' pronunciation, the i is generally followed by a consonant which closes the syllable, or a double consonant before another vowel, e.g.:

ship /ʃɪp/
shipping /ˈʃɪp.ɪŋ/

The 'long' pronunciation is usually found when the **i** is followed by a single consonant and then a vowel, although it should be noted that this spelling does not regularly predict a 'long' pronunciation, e.g.:

pipe /paɪp/
piping /ˈpaɪ.pɪŋ/

In many cases, the 'short' pronunciation results from the above kind of spelling, e.g.:

give /gɪv/
living /ˈlɪv.ɪŋ/

Also, the 'long' pronunciation appears in some words where the vowel is followed by two consonants, e.g.:

mind /maɪnd/
wild /waɪld/

Preceding the letters **gh**, **i** is pronounced /aɪ/, except in some names such as *Brigham* and *Brighouse*, e.g.:

high /haɪ/
light /laɪt/
Brigham /ˈbrɪg.əm/

When i is followed by **r**, the strong pronunciation is one of two possibilities: /aɪə ⓤⓢ aɪɚ/ or /ɜː ⓤⓢ ɝː/, e.g.:

fire /faɪəʳ/ ⓤⓢ /faɪɚ/
fir /fɜːʳ/ ⓤⓢ /fɝː/

Another vowel sound associated with the letter i is /iː/, e.g.:

/iː/ machine /məˈʃiːn/

In weak syllables

The vowel letter i is realised with the vowels /ɪ/ and /ə/ in weak syllables, and may also be elided in British English, e.g.:

divide /dɪˈvaɪd, də-/
medicine /ˈmed.sᵊn/ ⓤⓢ /ˈ-ɪ.sən/

i (I) aɪ -'s -z
Ia. (*abbrev. for* **Iowa**) ˈaɪ.əʊə; ˈaɪə.wə ⓤⓢ ˈaɪə.wə; ˈaɪ.oʊ-
-iac i.æk, iː-, -ək
Note: Suffix. Does not normally affect stress patterning, e.g. **mania** /ˈmeɪ.ni.ə/, **maniac** /ˈmeɪ.ni.æk/.
Iachimo iˈæk.ɪ.məʊ, aɪ- ⓤⓢ -moʊ
Iago iˈɑː.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ
Iain ˈiː.ən
-ial i.əl, əl
Note: Suffix. Normally stressed on the syllable before the prefix, e.g. **facial** /ˈfeɪ.ʃᵊl/.
iamb ˈaɪ.æmb -s -z
iamb|ic aɪˈæm.b|ɪk **-us/es** -əs/ɪz
Ian ˈiː.ən
-ian i.ən
Note: Suffix. Words ending **-ian** are stressed in a similar way to those ending **-ial**; see above.
I'Anson aɪˈænt.sən
Ianthe aɪˈænt.θi
IATA aɪˈɑː.tə, iː- ⓤⓢ ˌaɪˌeɪˌtiːˈeɪ, aɪˈɑː.t̬ə
iatrogenic aɪˌæt.rəʊˈdʒen.ɪk, ˌaɪ.æt- ⓤⓢ aɪˌæt.roʊˈ-, iː-, -rəˈ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Ibadan ɪˈbæd.ᵊn ⓤⓢ iːˈbɑː.dɑːn, -dᵊn
Ibbertson ˈɪb.ət.sᵊn ⓤⓢ -ɚt-
Ibbetson ˈɪb.ɪt.sᵊn, -ət-
I-beam ˈaɪ.biːm -s -z
Iberi|a aɪˈbɪə.ri|.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈbɪr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
iberis aɪˈbɪə.rɪs ⓤⓢ -ˈbɪr.ɪs
Iberus aɪˈbɪə.rəs ⓤⓢ -ˈbɪr.əs
ibex ˈaɪ.beks **-es** -ɪz
ibid ɪˈbɪd, ˈɪb.ɪd
ibidem ˈɪb.ɪ.dem, ˈ-ə-; ɪˈbaɪ.dem ⓤⓢ ˈɪb.ɪ.dem, ˈ-ə-; ɪˈbiː.dem, -ˈbaɪ-
-ibility ɪˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, əˈ-, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ibility** always exhibit primary stress as shown above, e.g. **eligibility** /ˌel.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i/.
ibis ˈaɪ.bɪs **-es** -ɪz
Ibiza ɪˈbiː.θə, iː- ⓤⓢ ɪˈbiː.zə, -sə; -ˈviː.θə, -θɑː
-ible ə.bᵊl, ɪ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ible** are normally stressed either on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **susceptible** /səˈsep.tə.bᵊl/, or two syllables preceding the suffix, e.g. **eligible** /ˈel.ɪ.dʒə.bᵊl/.
IBM® ˌaɪ.biːˈem
Ibo ˈiː.bəʊ ⓤⓢ -boʊ -s -z
iBook® ˈaɪ.bʊk
Ibrahim ˈɪb.rə.hiːm, -hɪm, ˌ--ˈ-
Ibrox ˈaɪ.brɒks ⓤⓢ -brɑːks
Ibsen ˈɪb.sᵊn
Ibstock ˈɪb.stɒk ⓤⓢ -stɑːk
ibuprofen ˌaɪ.bjuːˈprəʊ.fen, -fᵊn; aɪˈbjuː.prəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌaɪ.bjuːˈproʊ.fᵊn
IC ˌaɪˈsiː -s -z
-ic ɪk
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ic** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **music** /ˈmjuː.zɪk/.
-ic|al ɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ical** are normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **musical** /ˈmjuː.zɪ.kᵊl/.
Icari|a ɪˈkeə.ri|.ə, aɪ- ⓤⓢ -ˈker.i- **-an** -ən
Icarus ˈɪk.ᵊr.əs, ˈaɪ.kᵊr- ⓤⓢ ˈɪk.ɚ-
ICBM ˌaɪ.siː.biːˈem
ic|e aɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˈice ˌage; ˈice ˌaxe; ˈice ˌbucket; ˈice ˌcap; ˈice ˌfield; ˈice ˌfloe; ˈice ˌhockey, ˌice ˈhockey; ˈice ˌlolly, ˌice ˈlolly; ˈice ˌpack; ˈice ˌrink; ˌbreak the ˈice; ˌskate on ˌthin ˈice**
iceberg ˈaɪs.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg -s -z **ˌiceberg ˈlettuce**
icebound ˈaɪs.baʊnd
icebox ˈaɪs.bɒks ⓤⓢ -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
icebreaker ˈaɪsˌbreɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ -s -z
ice cream ˌaɪsˈkriːm, ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˈ-- -s -z **ˌice ˈcream ˌparlo(u)r; ˌice cream ˈsoda**
icefall ˈaɪs.fɔːl ⓤⓢ -fɔːl, -fɑːl -s -z
icehou|se ˈaɪs.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
Iceland ˈaɪs.lənd
Icelander ˈaɪs.lən.dəʳ, -læn- ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
Icelandic aɪsˈlæn.dɪk
icemaker ˈaɪsˌmeɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ -s -z
ice|man ˈaɪs|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
Iceni aɪˈsiː.naɪ, -ni

icepick 'aɪs.pɪk -s -s
ice|skate 'aɪsl.skeɪt **-skates** -skeɪts **-skating** -ˌskeɪ.tɪŋ US -ˌskeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-skated** -ˌskeɪ.tɪd US -ˌskeɪ.t̬ɪd **-skater/s** -ˌskeɪ.təʳ/z US -ˌskeɪ.t̬ɚ/z
Ichabod 'ɪk.ə.bɒd, 'ɪx- US 'ɪk.ə.bɑːd
ich dien ˌɪx'diːn
I Ching ˌiː'tʃɪŋ, ˌaɪ-, -'dʒɪŋ US ˌiː-
ich-laut 'ɪx.laʊt, 'ɪk-
ichneumon ɪk'njuː.mən US -'nuː-, -'njuː- -s -z
ichnographic ˌɪk.nəʊ'græf.ɪk US -noʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ichnography ɪk'nɒg.rə.fi US -'nɑː.grə-
ichnological ˌɪk.nəʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl US -noʊ'lɑː.dʒɪ-
ichnology ɪk'nɒl.ə.dʒi US -'nɑː.lə-
ichor 'aɪ.kɔːʳ US -kɔːr, -kɚ
ichthyologic|al ˌɪk.θi.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl US -'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ichthyolog|y ˌɪk.θi'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i US -'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ichthyosaur 'ɪk.θi.ə.sɔːʳ US -sɔːr -s -z
ichthyosaur|us ˌɪk.θi.əʊ'sɔː.r|əs US -oʊ'sɔːr|.əs, -ə'- **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz
ICI® ˌaɪ.siː'aɪ
-ician 'ɪʃ.ᵊn
Note: Suffix. Normally carries primary stress as shown above, e.g. **musician** /mjuː'zɪʃ.ᵊn/, **technician** /tek'nɪʃ.ᵊn/.
icicle 'aɪ.sɪ.kᵊl, -sə- -s -z
icing 'aɪ.sɪŋ '**icing** ˌ**sugar**
ick ɪk
Icke aɪk, ɪk
Icknield 'ɪk.niːld
ick|y 'ɪk|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
icon 'aɪ.kɒn, -kən US -kɑːn, -kən -s -z
iconic aɪ'kɒn.ɪk US -'kɑː.nɪk
Iconium aɪ'kəʊ.ni.əm, ɪ- US aɪ'koʊ-
iconoclasm aɪ'kɒn.əʊˌklæz.ᵊm US -'kɑː.nə-
iconoclast aɪ'kɒn.əʊ.klæst, -klɑːst US -'kɑː.nə.klæst -s -s
iconoclastic aɪˌkɒn.əʊ'klæs.tɪk, ˌaɪ.kɒn- US aɪˌkɑː.nə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
iconographic ˌaɪ.kə.nəʊ'græf.ɪk US -noʊ-
iconograph|y ˌaɪ.kə'nɒg.rə.f|i, -kɒn'ɒg- US -kə'nɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
iconoscope aɪ'kɒn.ə.skəʊp US -'kɑː.nə.skoʊp -s -s
icosahedr|on ˌaɪ.kɒs.ə'hiː.dr|ən, -kə.sə'-; aɪˌkɒs- US ˌaɪ.koʊ.sə'-; aɪˌkɑː- **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə **-al** -əl
ICT ˌaɪ.siː'tiː
ictus 'ɪk.təs **-es** -ɪz
ICU ˌaɪ.siː'juː
ic|y 'aɪ.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
id ɪd
'Id iːd
ID ˌaɪ'diː ˌ**I'D** ˌ**card**
I'd (= **I would, I should** *or* **I had**) aɪd
Ida 'aɪ.də
Ida. (*abbrev. for* **Idaho**) 'aɪ.də.həʊ US -hoʊ
Idaho 'aɪ.də.həʊ US -hoʊ
Iddesleigh 'ɪdz.li
Ide iːd
-ide aɪd
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ide** are normally stressed on the penultimate or antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **hydroxide** /haɪ'drɒk.saɪd US -'drɑːk-/.
idea aɪ'dɪə US -'diː.ə -s -z
Note: In British English, the pronunciation /'aɪ.dɪə/ is also sometimes heard, especially when a stress immediately follows, e.g. "I thought of the ˌidea 'first".
ideal (*n*.) aɪ'dɪəl; -'diː.əl US -'diː- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌideal 'home
ideal (*adj*.) aɪ'dɪəl, -'diː.əl, '-- US -'diː-
ideal|ism aɪ'dɪə.l|ɪ.zᵊm; 'aɪ.dɪə- US aɪ'diː.ə.l|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
idealistic aɪˌdɪə'lɪs.tɪk; ˌaɪ.dɪə- US ˌaɪ.di.ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ideality ˌaɪ.di'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
idealization, -isa- aɪˌdɪə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -lɪ'-; ˌaɪ.dɪə- US aɪˌdiː.ə.lə'- -s -z
idealiz|e, -is|e aɪ'dɪə.laɪz US -'diː.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ideally aɪ'dɪə.li, -'dɪəl.li US -'diː.li, -ə.li
ide|ate 'aɪ.di|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -t̬ɪd
ideational ˌaɪ.di'eɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -'eɪʃ.nᵊl
idée fixe ˌiː.deɪ'fiːks **idées fixes** ˌiː.deɪ'fiːks, -deɪz'-
idée reçue ˌiː.deɪ.rə'suː **idées reçues** ˌiː.deɪ.rə'suː, -deɪz-
idem 'ɪd.em, 'iː.dem, 'aɪ- US 'aɪ.dem, 'iː-, 'ɪd.em
idempotent ˌɪd.əm'pəʊ.tənt, ˌiː.dəm-, ˌaɪ-, -dem'- US ˌaɪ.dem'poʊ-, ˌiː-, ˌɪd.em'-
identic|al aɪ'den.tɪ.k|ᵊl, ɪ- US -t̬ə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
identifiable aɪ'den.tɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl, -tə-, aɪˌden.tɪ'faɪ-, -tə'- US aɪˌden.t̬ə'-
identification aɪˌden.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- US -t̬ə- -s -z
identi|fy aɪ'den.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- US -t̬ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
identikit (I) aɪ'den.tɪ.kɪt US -t̬ə- -s -s
identit|y aɪ'den.tə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -t̬ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz i'**dentity** ˌ**card**; i'**dentity** ˌ**crisis**; i'**dentity** paˌ**rade**; i'**dentity** ˌ**lineup**
ideogram 'ɪd.i.əʊ.græm, 'aɪ.di- US -oʊ-, -ə- -s -z
ideograph 'ɪd.i.əʊ.grɑːf, 'aɪ.di-, -græf US -oʊ.græf, -ə- -s -s
ideographic ˌɪd.i.əʊ'græf.ɪk, ˌaɪ.di- US -oʊ'-, -ə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ideography ˌɪd.i'ɒg.rə.fi, ˌaɪ.di'- US -'ɑː.grə-
ideologic|al ˌaɪ.di.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ˌɪd.i- US -'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ideologue 'aɪ.di.əʊ.lɒg, 'ɪd.i- US -ə.lɑːg -s -z
ideolog|y ˌaɪ.di'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌɪd.i'- US -'ɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ides (I) aɪdz ˌ**Ides of** '**March**
Idi Amin ˌiː.di,ɑː'miːn
idio- ɪd.i.əʊ; ˌɪd.i'ɒ US ɪd.i.oʊ, -ə; ˌɪd.i'ɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **idiolect** /'ɪd.i.əʊ.lekt US -oʊ-/, **idiomatic** /ˌɪd.i.əʊ'mæt.ɪk US -ə'mæt̬-/, or secondary stress on the first syllable and primary stress on the third, e.g. **idiotic** /ˌɪd.i'ɒt.ɪk US -'ɑː.t̬ɪk/.
idioc|y 'ɪd.i.ə.s|i **-ies** -iz
idiolect 'ɪd.i.əʊ.lekt US -oʊ-, -ə- -s -s **-al** -ᵊl
idiom 'ɪd.i.əm -s -z
idiomatic ˌɪd.i.əʊ'mæt.ɪk US -ə'mæt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
idiophone 'ɪd.i.əʊ.fəʊn US -oʊ.foʊn, -ə- -s -z
idiosyncras|y ˌɪd.i.əʊ'sɪŋ.krə.s|i US -oʊ'sɪn-, -ə'-, -'sɪŋ- **-ies** -iz
idiosyncratic ˌɪd.i.əʊ.sɪŋ'kræt.ɪk US -oʊ.sɪn'kræt̬-, -ə-, -sɪŋ'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
idiot 'ɪd.i.ət -s -s '**idiot** ˌ**box**
idiotic ˌɪd.i'ɒt.ɪk US -'ɑː.t̬ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
idiotism 'ɪd.i.ə.tɪ.zᵊm US -t̬ɪ- -s -z
idiot-proof 'ɪd.i.ət,pruːf
idiot(s) savant(s) ˌiː.di.əʊ.sæv'ɑ̃ːŋ, ˌɪd.i.ət'sæv.ᵊnt US ˌiː.diː.oʊ.sæv'ɑːnt, -'ænt
Idist 'iː.dɪst -s -s
id|le (I) 'aɪ.d|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-lest** -lɪst, -ləst **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **-les** -ᵊlz **-ling** -lɪŋ **-led** -ᵊld **-ler/s** -ləʳ/z US -lɚ/z
Ido 'iː.dəʊ US -doʊ
idol 'aɪ.dᵊl -s -z
idolater aɪ'dɒl.ə.təʳ US -'dɑː.lə.t̬ɚ -s -z
idolatrous aɪ'dɒl.ə.trəs US -'dɑː.lə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
idolatr|y aɪ'dɒl.ə.tr|i US -'dɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
idolization, -isa- ˌaɪ.dᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
idoliz|e, -is|e 'aɪ.dᵊl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Idomeneus aɪ'dɒm.ɪ.njuːs, ɪ'-, -ə-; ɪˌdɒm.ɪ'niː.əs, aɪˌ-, -ə'- US -'dɑː.mə.nuːs, -njuːs
Idris 'ɪd.rɪs, 'aɪ.drɪs
Idumea ˌaɪ.djʊ'miː.ə, ˌɪd.jʊ'- US ˌɪd.juː'miː.ə, ˌiː.djuː'-, ˌiː.dʒuː'-
idyll 'ɪd.ᵊl, 'aɪ.dᵊl, -dɪl US 'aɪ.dᵊl -s -z
idyllic ɪ'dɪl.ɪk, aɪ- US aɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
idyllist 'ɪd.ᵊl.ɪst, 'aɪ.dᵊl-, -dɪl- US 'aɪ.dᵊl- -s -s
i.e. ˌaɪ'iː
if ɪf
Ife *surname:* aɪf *town in Nigeria:* 'iː.feɪ
Iffley 'ɪf.li
iffy 'ɪf.i
Ifor 'aɪ.vəʳ, -fəʳ, 'iː.vɔːʳ US 'aɪ.vɚ, 'iː-
-ify ɪ.faɪ, ə-

Pronouncing the letters IE

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the vowel digraph ie. One of the most common is /iː/:

achieve	/ə'tʃiːv/
piece	/piːs/

Another common pronunciation is /aɪ/, e.g.:

pie	/paɪ/
magnifies	/ˈmæg.nɪ.faɪz/

When followed by an r in the spelling, ie is pronounced as /ɪə, (US) ɪr/, e.g.:

pier	/pɪəʳ/	(US) /pɪr/
fierce	/fɪəs/	(US) /fɪrs/

In addition

Other vowel sounds are associated with the digraph ie, e.g.:

/ɪ/	handkerchief	/ˈhæŋ.kə.tʃɪf/ (US) /-kɚ-/
/aɪə/	diet	/daɪət/
/e/	friend	/frend/
/i.e/	conscientious	/ˌkɒn.tʃi'en.tʃəs/ (US) /ˌkɑːn.tʃi'ent.ʃəs/
/i.iː/	medieval	/ˌmed.i'iː.vᵊl/ (US) /ˌmiː.di'-/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph **ie** is realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables, or can cause the following consonant to be realised as syllabic, e.g.:

patient	/ˈpeɪ.ʃᵊnt/

Pronouncing the letters IEU

The vowel letter combination ieu has a number of possible pronunciations, but most are associated with particular words, e.g.:

lieutenant	/lef'ten.ənt/	(US) /luː-/
lieu	/ljuː, luː/	(US) /luː/

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ify** normally carry stress on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **person** /'pɜː.sᵊn (US) 'pɜːr-/, **personify** /pə'sɒn.ɪ.faɪ (US) pɚ'sɑː.nɪ-/. Exceptions exist; see individual entries.

Igbo 'iː.bəʊ (US) -boʊ -s -z
Ightham 'aɪ.təm (US) -t̬əm
Iglesias ɪ'gleɪ.si.æs, -əs, -zi- (US) -əs
igloo 'ɪg.luː -s -z
Ignatieff ɪg'næt.i.ef (US) -'næt̬-
Ignatius ɪg'neɪ.ʃəs
igneous 'ɪg.ni.əs
ignis fatu|us ˌɪg.nɪs'fæt.ju|.əs (US) -'fætʃ.uː- **-i** -iː
ig|nite ɪg|'naɪt **-nites** -'naɪts **-niting** -'naɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'naɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nited** -'naɪ.tɪd (US) -'naɪ.t̬ɪd **-nitable** -'naɪ.tə.bᵊl (US) -'naɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl
ignition ɪg'nɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
ignobility ˌɪg.nəʊ'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -noʊ'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -nə'-
ignob|le ɪg'nəʊ.b|ᵊl (US) -'noʊ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
ignominious ˌɪg.nəʊ'mɪn.i.əs (US) -nə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ignominy 'ɪg.nə.mɪ.ni, -mə.ni (US) -nə.mɪ-
ignoramus ˌɪg.nə'reɪ.məs -es -ɪz
ignorance 'ɪg.nᵊr.ᵊnts
ignorant 'ɪg.nᵊr.ᵊnt **-ly** -li
ignor|e ɪg'nɔːʳ (US) -'nɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
Igoe 'aɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
Igor 'iː.gɔːʳ (US) -gɔːr
Igorot ˌiː.gə'rəʊt, ˌɪg.ə'- (US) ˌiː.goʊ'roʊt, ˌɪg.oʊ'- -s -s
Igraine ɪ'greɪn, iː-
Iguaçú ˌiː.gwɑː'suː
iguana ɪ'gwɑː.nə, ˌɪg.ju'ɑː- (US) ɪ'gwɑː-, iː- -s -z
iguanodon ɪ'gwɑː.nə.dɒn, ˌɪg.ju'ɑː-, -'æn.ə-, -dən (US) ɪ'gwɑː.nə.dɑːn, iː- -s -z
Iguazú ˌiː.gwɑː'suː
ikat 'iː.kɑːt
IKBS ˌaɪ.keɪ.biː'es
Ike aɪk
Ikea® aɪ'kiː.ə *as if Swedish:* ɪ'keɪ.ə
ikon 'aɪ.kɒn, -kən (US) -kɑːn, -kən -s -z
Ilchester 'ɪl.tʃɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
ILEA 'ɪl.i.ə, ˌaɪ.el.iː'eɪ
ilea (*plur. of* **ileum**) 'ɪl.i.ə
ileostom|y ˌɪl.i'ɒs.tə.m|i (US) -'ɑː.stə- **-ies** -iz
ile|um 'ɪl.i|.əm **-a** -ə **-al** -əl
ilex 'aɪ.leks -es -ɪz
Ilford 'ɪl.fəd (US) -fɚd
Ilfracombe 'ɪl.frə.kuːm
ilia (*plur. of* **ilium**) 'ɪl.i.ə
iliac 'ɪl.i.æk
Iliad 'ɪl.i.æd, -əd (US) -əd, -æd
Iliffe 'aɪ.lɪf
ili|um 'ɪl.i|.əm **-a** -ə
Ilium 'ɪl.i.əm, 'aɪ.li-
ilk ɪlk
Ilkeston(e) 'ɪl.kɪ.stᵊn, -kə-
Ilkley 'ɪl.kli
ill ɪl -s -z ˌ**ill at** 'ease; ˌ**ill** '**will**
I'll (= **I will** *or* **I shall**) aɪl
Ill. (*abbrev. for* **Illinois**) ˌɪl.ɪ'nɔɪ, -ə'-
ill-advised ˌɪl.əd'vaɪzd *stress shift:* ˌill-advised 'plan
ill-advisedly ˌɪl.əd'vaɪ.zɪd.li
ill-assorted ˌɪl.ə'sɔː.tɪd (US) -'sɔːr.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌill-assorted 'candidates
illative ɪ'leɪ.tɪv, 'ɪl.ə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
ill-bred ˌɪl'bred *stress shift:* ˌill-bred 'lout
ill-breeding ˌɪl'briː.dɪŋ
ill-conceived ˌɪl.kən'siːvd *stress shift:* ˌill-conceived 'plan
ill-conditioned ˌɪl.kən'dɪʃ.ᵊnd *stress shift:* ˌill-conditioned 'crew
ill-considered ˌɪl.kən'sɪd.əd (US) -ɚd *stress shift:* ˌill-considered 'action
ill-disposed ˌɪl.dɪ'spəʊzd (US) -'spoʊzd *stress shift:* ˌill-disposed 'patient

illegal ɪˈliː.gəl (US) ɪˈliː-, ˌɪl- -ly -i **il,legal ˈalien; il,legal ˈimmigrant**

illegalit|y ˌɪl.iːˈgæl.ə.t|i, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

illegibility ɪˌledʒ.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪl.ledʒ-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

illegib|le ɪˈledʒ.ə.b|əl, ˌɪlˈledʒ-, ˈ-ɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

illegitimacy ˌɪl.ɪˈdʒɪt.ə.mə.si, -əˈ-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ˈdʒɪt̬.ə-

illegitimate ˌɪl.ɪˈdʒɪt.ə.mət, -əˈ-, ˈ-ɪ-, -mɪt (US) -ˈdʒɪt̬.ə- -ly -li

ill-equipped ˌɪl.ɪˈkwɪpt *stress shift:* ˌill-equipped ˈproject

ill-fated ˌɪlˈfeɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌill-fated ˈlovers

ill-favoured ˌɪlˈfeɪ.vəd (US) -vɚd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌill-favoured ˈcouple

ill-feeling ˌɪlˈfiː.lɪŋ

ill-fitting ˌɪlˈfɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈfɪt̬- *stress shift:* ˌill-fitting ˈsuit

ill-founded ˌɪlˈfaʊn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌill-founded ˈrumo(u)r

ill-gotten ˌɪlˈgɒt.ən (US) -ˈgɑː.tən *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌill-gotten ˈgains**

illiberal ɪˈlɪb.ər.əl, ˌɪl- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

illiberalism ɪˈlɪb.ər.əl.ɪ.zəm, ˌɪl-

illiberality ɪˌlɪb.əˈræl.ə.ti, ˌɪl-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

illicit ɪˈlɪs.ɪt, ˌɪl- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

illimitab|le ɪˈlɪm.ɪ.tə.b|əl, ˌɪl- (US) -t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

Illingworth ˈɪl.ɪŋ.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɜːθ

Illinois ˌɪl.ɪˈnɔɪ, -əˈ-

illiteracy ɪˈlɪt.ər.ə.si, ˌɪl- (US) -ˈlɪt̬-

illiterate ɪˈlɪt.ər.ət, ˌɪl-, -ɪt (US) -ˈlɪt̬- -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

ill-judged ˌɪlˈdʒʌdʒd *stress shift:* ˌill-judged ˈmove

ill-mannered ˌɪlˈmæn.əd (US) -ɚd *stress shift:* ˌill-mannered ˈman

ill-natured ˌɪlˈneɪ.tʃəd (US) -tʃɚd -ly -li *stress shift:* ˌill-natured ˈdog

illness ˈɪl.nəs, -nɪs -es -ɪz

illocution ˌɪl.əˈkjuː.ʃən -s -z -ary -ər.i (US) -er-

Illogan ɪˈlʌg.ən

illogic|al ɪˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl, ˌɪl- (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ- -ally -əl.i, -li -alness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

illogicalit|y ɪˌlɒdʒ.ɪˈkæl.ə.t|i, ˌɪl-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˌlɑː.dʒɪˈkæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

ill-omened ˌɪlˈəʊ.mend, -mənd, -mɪnd (US) -ˈoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌill-omened ˈvoyage

ill-starred ˌɪlˈstɑːd (US) -ˈstɑːrd *stress shift:* ˌill-starred ˈlove

ill-tempered ˌɪlˈtem.pəd (US) -pɚd *stress shift:* ˌill-tempered ˈcustomer

ill-timed ˌɪlˈtaɪmd *stress shift:* ˌill-timed ˈentrance

ill|-treat ˌɪl|ˈtriːt, ɪl- -treats -ˈtriːts -treating -ˈtriː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈtriː.t̬ɪŋ -treated -ˈtriː.tɪd (US) -ˈtriː.t̬ɪd -treatment -ˈtriːt.mənt

illum|e ɪˈljuːm, -ˈluːm (US) -ˈluːm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

illuminant ɪˈluː.mɪ.nənt, -ˈljuː-, -mə- (US) -ˈluː.mə- -s -s

illumi|nate ɪˈluː.mɪ|.neɪt, -ˈljuː-, -mə- (US) -ˈluː.mə- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd -nator/s -neɪ.tər/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

illuminati (I) ɪˌluː.mɪˈnɑː.tiː, -məˈ- (US) -ˈnɑː.t̬i

illumination ɪˌluː.mɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -ˌljuː-, -məˈ- (US) -ˌluː- -s -z

illuminative ɪˈluː.mɪ.nə.təv, -ˈljuː-, -mə-, -neɪ- (US) -ˈluː.mɪ.neɪ.t̬ɪv, -mə-

illumin|e ɪˈljuː.mɪn, -ˈluː- (US) -ˈluː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

ill-usage ˌɪlˈjuː.zɪdʒ, -sɪdʒ (US) -sɪdʒ, -zɪdʒ -s -ɪz

ill-used ˌɪlˈjuːzd *stress shift:* ˌill-used ˈservant

illusion ɪˈluː.ʒən, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- -s -z

illusion|ism ɪˈluː.ʒən|.ɪ.zəm, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- -ist/s -ɪst/s

illusive ɪˈluː.sɪv, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

illusor|y ɪˈluː.sər|.i, -ˈljuː-, -zər- (US) -ˈluː- -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

illu|strate ˈɪl.ə|.streɪt -strates -streɪts -strating -streɪ.tɪŋ (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪŋ -strated -streɪ.tɪd (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪd -strator/s -streɪ.tər/z (US) -streɪ.t̬ɚ/z

illustration ˌɪl.əˈstreɪ.ʃən -s -z

illustrative ˈɪl.ə.strə.tɪv, -streɪ-; ɪˈlʌs.trə.tɪv (US) ɪˈlʌs.trə.t̬ɪv; ˈɪl.ə.streɪ- -ly -li

illustrious ɪˈlʌs.tri.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

illuvi|um ɪˈluː.vi|.əm -ums -əmz -a -ə -al -əl

Illyri|a ɪˈlɪr.i|.ə -an/s -ən/z

Illyricum ɪˈlɪr.ɪ.kəm

Ilminster ˈɪl.mɪn.stər (US) -stɚ

Ilorin ɪˈlɒr.ɪn (US) -ˈlɔːr-

Ilyushin ɪˈljuː.ʃɪn, -ʃən (US) ɪlˈjuː-, ɪˈluː-

im- ɪm

Note: Prefix. The form of **in-** where the stem begins with /p/, /b/, or /m/. When a negative prefix, **im-** does not affect the stress pattern of the stem, e.g. **balance** /ˈbæl.ənts/, **imbalance** /ɪmˈbæl.ənts/. In other cases, the prefix is normally stressed in nouns but not in verbs, e.g. **imprint**, *noun* /ˈɪm.prɪnt/, *verb* /ɪmˈprɪnt/.

I'm (= **I am**) aɪm

imag|e ˈɪm.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

imager|y ˈɪm.ɪ.dʒər|.i, ˈ-ə- -ies -iz

imaginab|le ɪˈmædʒ.ɪ.nə.b|əl, -ən.ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

imaginar|y ɪˈmædʒ.ɪ.nər|.i, -ən.ər-, -nər|.i (US) -ə.ner- -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

imagination ɪˌmædʒ.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- -s -z

imaginative ɪˈmædʒ.ɪ.nə.tɪv, ˈ-ə- (US) -nə.t̬ɪv, -neɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

imagin|e ɪˈmædʒ.ɪn, -ən -es -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d

imagines (*plur. of* **imago**) ɪˈmeɪ.dʒɪ.niːz, ɪˈmɑː-, -neɪz (US) -niːz

imagism ˈɪm.ɪ.dʒɪ.zəm

ima|go ɪˈmeɪ|.gəʊ, ɪˈmɑː- (US) -goʊ -goes -gəʊz (US) -goʊz -gines -dʒɪ.niːz, -neɪz (US) -niːz

imam ɪˈmɑːm, ˈiː.mɑːm (US) ɪˈmɑːm -s -z

IMAX® ˈaɪ.mæks

imbalanc|e ˌɪmˈbæl.ənts -es -ɪz

imbecile ˈɪm.bə.siːl, -bɪ-, -saɪl (US) -sɪl, -səl -s -z

imbecilic ˌɪm.bəˈsɪl.ɪk, -bɪˈ-

imbecilit|y ˌɪm.bəˈsɪl.ə.t|i, -bɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

imbed ɪmˈbed -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd

Imbert ˈɪm.bət (US) -bɚt

imbib|e ɪmˈbaɪb -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

imbroglio ɪmˈbrəʊ.li.əʊ (US) -ˈbroʊ.li.oʊ -s -z

imbru|e ɪmˈbruː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

imbu|e ɪmˈbjuː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Imelda ɪˈmel.də

Imeson ˈaɪ.mɪ.sən

IMF ˌaɪ.emˈef

imitability ˌɪm.ɪ.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

imitable ˈɪm.ɪ.tə.bəl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.t̬ə-

imi|tate ˈɪm.ɪ|.teɪt, ˈ-ə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd -tator/s -teɪ.tər/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z

imitation ˌɪm.ɪˈteɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- -s -z -al -əl

imitative ˈɪm.ɪ.tə.tɪv, ˈ-ə-, -teɪ- (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Imlay ˈɪm.leɪ

immaculate ɪˈmæk.jə.lət, -jʊ-, -lɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **Im,maculate Conˈception**

immanen|ce ˈɪm.ə.nən|ts -t -t

Immanuel ɪˈmæn.ju.əl (US) -el, -əl

immaterial ˌɪm.əˈtɪə.ri.əl (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

immaterial|ism ˌɪm.əˈtɪə.ri.əl|.ɪ.zəm (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -ist/s -ɪst/s

immateriality ˌɪm.əˌtɪə.riˈæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌtɪr.iˈæl.ə.t̬i

immaterializ|e, -is|e ˌɪm.əˈtɪə.ri.əl.aɪz (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

immature ˌɪm.əˈtjʊər, -ˈtʃʊər, -ˈtjɔːr, -ˈtʃɔːr (US) -ˈtʊr, -ˈtjʊr, -ˈtʃʊr -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

immaturit|y ˌɪm.əˈtjʊə.rə.t|i, -ˈtʃʊə-, -ˈtjɔː-, -ˈtʃɔː-, -rɪ- (US) -ˈtʊr.ə.t̬|i, -ˈtjʊr-, -ˈtʃʊr- -ies -iz

immeasurab|le ɪˈmeʒ.ər.ə.b|əl, ˌɪm- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

immediacy ɪˈmiː.di.ə.si

immediate ɪˈmiː.di.ət, -ɪt, -dʒət (US) -di.ɪt -ly -li

immemorial ˌɪm.ɪˈmɔː.ri.əl, -əˈ- (US) -ˈmɔːr.i- -ly -li

immense ɪˈments -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

immensit|y ɪˈment.sə.t|i, -sɪ- (US) -sə.t̬|i -ies -iz

immers|e ɪ'mɜːs US -'mɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
immersion ɪ'mɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn US -'mɝː- **-s** -z **im'mersion ˌheater**
immigrant 'ɪm.ɪ.grᵊnt, '-ə- **-s** -s
immi|grate 'ɪm.ɪ|.greɪt, '-ə- **-grates** -greɪts **-grating** -greɪ.tɪŋ US -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-grated** -greɪ.tɪd US -greɪ.t̬ɪd
immigration ˌɪm.ɪ'greɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
imminence 'ɪm.ɪ.nənts, '-ə-
imminent 'ɪm.ɪ.nənt, '-ə- **-ly** -li
Immingham 'ɪm.ɪŋ.əm US -hæm, -həm, -əm
immiscibility ɪˌmɪs.ɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
immiscib|le ɪ'mɪs.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm-, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li
immobile ɪ'məʊ.baɪl, ɪm- US -'moʊ.bᵊl, -bɪl, -baɪl
immobility ˌɪm.əʊ'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -moʊ'bɪl.ə.t̬i
immobilization, -isa- ɪˌməʊ.bᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪm-, -bɪ.laɪ'-, -lɪ'- US -ˌmoʊ.bə.lɪ'-
immobiliz|e, -is|e ɪ'məʊ.bᵊl.aɪz, ˌɪm-, -bɪ.laɪz US -'moʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
immobilizer, -ise- ɪ'məʊ.bᵊl.aɪ.zəʳ US -zɚ **-s** -z
immoderate ɪ'mɒd.ᵊr.ət, ˌɪm-, -ɪt US -'mɑː.dɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
immoderation ɪˌmɒd.ə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪm- US -ˌmɑː.də'-
immodest ɪ'mɒd.ɪst, ˌɪm- US -'mɑː.dɪst **-ly** -li
immodesty ɪ'mɒd.ə.sti, ˌɪm-, '-ɪ- US -'mɑː.də-
immo|late 'ɪm.əʊ|.leɪt US '-ə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
immolation ˌɪm.əʊ'leɪ.ʃᵊn US -ə'- **-s** -z
immoral ɪ'mɒr.ᵊl, ˌɪm- US 'mɔːr- **-ly** -i
immoralit|y ˌɪm.ə'ræl.ə.t|i, -ɒr'æl-, -ɪ.t|i US ɪ.mɔːr'æl.ə.t̬|i, -mə'- **-ies** -iz
immortal ɪ'mɔː.tᵊl, ˌɪm- US -'mɔːr.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
immortality ˌɪm.ɔː'tæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ɔːr'tæl.ə.t̬i
immortaliz|e, -is|e ɪ'mɔː.tᵊl.aɪz, ˌɪm- US -'mɔːr.t̬ᵊl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
immortelle ˌɪm.ɔː'tel US -ɔːr'- **-s** -z
immovability ɪˌmuː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
immovab|le ɪ'muː.və.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
immune ɪ'mjuːn **im'mune ˌsystem**
immunit|y ɪ'mjuː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- US -nə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
immunization, -isa- ˌɪm.jə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ-, -nɪ'- US -nɪ'- **-s** -z
immuniz|e, -is|e 'ɪm.jə.naɪz, -jʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
immuno- ˌɪm.jə.nəʊ, -jʊ-; ɪˌmjuː.nəʊ US -noʊ
immunodeficiency ˌɪm.jə.nəʊ.dɪ'fɪʃ.ᵊnt.si, -jʊ-; ɪˌmjuː- US -noʊ-
immunologic|al ˌɪm.jə.nəʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, -jʊ-; ɪˌmjuː.nəʊ'- US ˌɪm.jə.noʊ'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -jʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
immunolog|y ˌɪm.jə'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -jʊ'- US -'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
immunosuppress|ant ˌɪm.jə.nəʊ.sə'pres|.ᵊnt, -jʊ-; ɪˌmjuː- US -noʊ- **-ive** -ɪv
immunosuppression ˌɪm.jə.nəʊ.sə'preʃ.ᵊn, -jʊ-; ɪˌmjuː- US -noʊ-
immur|e ɪ'mjʊəʳ, -'mjɔːʳ US -'mjʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt
immutability ɪˌmjuː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti; ˌɪm.jə-, -jʊ- US ɪˌmjuː.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
immutab|le ɪ'mjuː.tə.b|ᵊl US -t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Imogen 'ɪm.ə.dʒᵊn, -dʒen, -dʒɪn US -dʒen, -dʒᵊn
Imogene 'ɪm.ə.dʒiːn
Imola 'ɪm.əʊ.lə US -ə-, -ˌoʊ-
imp ɪmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
impact (*n.*) 'ɪm.pækt **-s** -s
impact (*v.*) ɪm'pækt, '-- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
impair ɪm'peəʳ US -'per **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
impairment ɪm'peə.mənt US -'per- **-s** -s
impala ɪm'pɑː.lə US -'pɑː.lə, -'pæl.ə **-s** -z
impal|e ɪm'peɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt
impalpab|le ɪm'pæl.pə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- **-ly** -li
impanel ɪm'pæn.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
imparisyllabic ɪmˌpær.ɪ.sɪ'læb.ɪk, ˌɪm.pær-, ˌ-ə- US ɪmˌper-, -ˌpær-
im|part ɪm|'pɑːt US -'pɑːrt **-parts** -'pɑːts US -'pɑːrts **-parting** -'pɑː.tɪŋ US -'pɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-parted** -'pɑː.tɪd US -'pɑːr.t̬ɪd
impartation ˌɪm.pɑː'teɪ.ʃᵊn US -pɑːr'-
impartial ɪm'pɑː.ʃᵊl, ˌɪm- US -'pɑːr- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
impartiality ɪmˌpɑː.ʃi'æl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pɑː-, ˌɪmˌpɑː-, -ɪ.ti US ɪmˌpɑːr-, ˌɪm-
impassability ɪmˌpɑː.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pɑː-, ˌɪmˌpɑː-, -ɪ.ti US ɪmˌpæs.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪm-
impassable ɪm'pɑː.sə.bᵊl, ˌɪm- US -'pæs.ə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
impasse 'æ̃m.pɑːs, 'æm-, 'ɪm-, -pæs, -'- US 'ɪm.pæs, -'- **-es** -ɪz
impassibility ɪmˌpæs.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pæs-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US ɪmˌpæs.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
impassible ɪm'pæs.ə.bᵊl, '-ɪ-
impassioned ɪm'pæʃ.ᵊnd
impassive ɪm'pæs.ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
impassivity ˌɪm.pæs'ɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
impasto ɪm'pæs.təʊ US -toʊ, -'pɑː.stoʊ **-ed** -d
impatience ɪm'peɪ.ʃᵊnts
impatiens ɪm'peɪ.ʃi.enz, -'pæt.i-
impatient ɪm'peɪ.ʃᵊnt **-ly** -li
impeach ɪm'piːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s **-able** -ə.bᵊl
impeccability ɪmˌpek.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pek-, -ɪ.ti US ɪmˌpek.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
impeccab|le ɪm'pek.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
impecunious ˌɪm.pɪ'kjuː.ni.əs, -pə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
impedanc|e ɪm'piː.dᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
imped|e ɪm'piːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
impediment ɪm'ped.ɪ.mənt, '-ə- **-s** -s
impedimenta ɪmˌped.ɪ'men.tə, ˌɪm.ped-
impel ɪm'pel **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-ler/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-lent** -ənt
impend ɪm'pend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
impenetrability ɪmˌpen.ɪ.trə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pen-, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti US ɪmˌpen.ɪ.trə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌ-ə-
impenetrab|le ɪm'pen.ɪ.trə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm-, '-ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impenitence ɪm'pen.ɪ.tᵊnts, ˌɪm- US '-ə-
impenitent ɪm'pen.ɪ.tᵊnt, ˌɪm- US '-ə- **-ly** -li
imperative ɪm'per.ə.tɪv US -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
imperator ˌɪm.pə'rɑː.tɔːʳ, -'reɪ-, -təʳ US -'reɪ.tɔːr, -'rɑː-, -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
imperatorial ɪmˌper.ə'tɔː.ri.əl; ˌɪm.per-, -pᵊr- US ˌɪm.pɚ.ə'tɔːr.i.əl
imperceptibility ˌɪm.pəˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -pɚˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
imperceptib|le ˌɪm.pə'sep.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- US -pɚ'sep.tə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
imperceptive ˌɪm.pə'sep.tɪv US -pɚ'- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
imperfect ɪm'pɜː.fɪkt, ˌɪm-, -fekt US -'pɝː- **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
imperfection ˌɪm.pə'fek.ʃᵊn US -pɚ'- **-s** -z
imperfective ˌɪm.pə'fek.tɪv US -pɚ'-
imperforat|e ɪm'pɜː.fᵊr.ət, ˌɪm-, -ɪt US -'pɝː- **-ed** -ɪd **-s** -s
imperial ɪm'pɪə.ri.əl US -'pɪr.i- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
imperial|ism ɪm'pɪə.ri.ə.l|ɪ.zᵊm US -'pɪr.i- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
imperialist ɪm'pɪə.ri.ə.lɪst US -'pɪr.i-
imperialistic ɪmˌpɪə.ri.ə'lɪs.tɪk US -'pɪr.i-
imperil ɪm'per.ᵊl, -ɪl US -ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
imperious ɪm'pɪə.ri.əs US -'pɪr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
imperishab|le ɪm'per.ɪ.ʃə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impermanence ɪm'pɜː.mə.nənts, ˌɪm- US -'pɝː-
impermanent ɪm'pɜː.mə.nənt, ˌɪm- US -'pɝː- **-ly** -li
impermeability ɪmˌpɜː.mi.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.ti US -ˌpɝː.mi.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
impermeable ɪm'pɜː.mi.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm-

Ⓤ -ˈpɝː- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impermissibility ˌɪm.pəˌmɪs.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -pɚˌmɪs.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ɪˈ-
impermissib|le ˌɪm.pəˈmɪs.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- Ⓤ -pɚˈ- -ly -li
impers|onal ɪmˈpɜː.s|ᵊn.ᵊl, ˌɪm- Ⓤ -ˈpɝː- -onally -nə.li, -ᵊn.ᵊl.i
impersonality ɪmˌpɜː.sᵊnˈæl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ˌpɝː.sᵊnˈæl.ə.t̬i
imperson|ate ɪmˈpɜː.sᵊn|.eɪt Ⓤ -ˈpɝː- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z Ⓤ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
impersonation ɪmˌpɜː.sᵊnˈeɪ.ʃᵊn Ⓤ -ˌpɝː- -s -z
impertinence ɪmˈpɜː.tɪ.nənts, ˌɪm-, -tᵊn.ənts Ⓤ -ˈpɝː.t̬ᵊn.ənts
impertinent ɪmˈpɜː.tɪ.nənt, ˌɪm-, -tᵊn.ənt Ⓤ -ˈpɝː.t̬ᵊn- -ly -li
imperturbability ˌɪm.pəˌtɜː.bəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -pɚˌtɝː.bəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
imperturbab|le ˌɪm.pəˈtɜː.bə.b|ᵊl Ⓤ -pɚˈtɝː- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impervious ɪmˈpɜː.vi.əs, ˌɪm- Ⓤ -ˈpɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
impetigo ˌɪm.pɪˈtaɪ.gəʊ, -pəˈ-, -petˈaɪ- Ⓤ -pəˈtaɪ.goʊ
impetuosity ɪmˌpet.juˈɒs.ə.ti Ⓤ ˌɪm-, -ˌpetʃ.uˈɑː-, -ɪ.ti, ɪmˌpetʃ.uˈɑː.sə.t̬i
impetuous ɪmˈpetʃ.u.əs, ˌɪm-, -ˈpet.ju- Ⓤ -ˈpetʃ.u- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
impetus ˈɪm.pɪ.təs, -pə- Ⓤ -t̬əs
Impey ˈɪm.pi
impiet|y ɪmˈpaɪ.ə.t|i, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.t|i Ⓤ -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
imping|e ɪmˈpɪndʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ement/s -mənt/s
impious ˈɪm.piː.əs; ɪmˈpaɪ-, ˌɪm- Ⓤ ˈɪm.pi-; ɪmˈpaɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
impish ˈɪm.pɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
implacability ɪmˌplæk.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
implacab|le ɪmˈplæk.ə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
implant (*n.*) ˈɪm.plɑːnt Ⓤ -plænt -s -s
implan|t (*v.*) ɪmˈplɑːn|t Ⓤ -ˈplæn|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd -ter/s -təʳ/z Ⓤ -t̬ɚ/z
implantation ˌɪm.plɑːnˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -plænˈ- Ⓤ -plænˈ-
implausibilit|y ɪmˌplɔː.zəˈbɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪm.plɔː-, ˌɪmˌplɔː-, -zɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i Ⓤ ɪmˌplɑː.zəˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i, ˌɪm-, -ˌplɔː- -ies -iz
implausib|le ɪmˈplɔː.zə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm-, -zɪ- Ⓤ -ˈplɑː-, -ˈplɔː- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impleader ɪmˈpliː.dəʳ Ⓤ -dɚ -s -z
implement (*n.*) ˈɪm.plɪ.mənt, -plə- -s -s
implemen|t (*v.*) ˈɪm.plɪ.men|t, -plə-, -mən|t Ⓤ -men|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd
implementation ˌɪm.plɪ.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -plə-, -mənˈ- -s -z
impli|cate ˈɪm.plɪ|.keɪt, -plə- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
implication ˌɪm.plɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -pləˈ- -s -z
implicative ɪmˈplɪk.ə.tɪv; ˈɪm.plɪ.keɪ.tɪv, -plə- Ⓤ ˈɪm.plɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪv; ɪmˈplɪk.ə- -ly -li
implicature ɪmˈplɪk.ə.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ Ⓤ -tʃɚ -s -z
implicit ɪmˈplɪs.ɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
implod|e ɪmˈpləʊd Ⓤ -ˈploʊd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
implor|e ɪmˈplɔːʳ Ⓤ -ˈplɔːr -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
implosion ɪmˈpləʊ.ʒᵊn Ⓤ -ˈploʊ- -s -z
implosive ɪmˈpləʊ.sɪv, ˌɪm-, -zɪv Ⓤ -ˈploʊ.sɪv -s -z
impl|y ɪmˈpl|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
impolic|y ɪmˈpɒl.ə.s|i, ˌɪm-, ˈ-ɪ- Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.lə- -ies -iz
impolite ˌɪm.pᵊlˈaɪt Ⓤ -pəˈlaɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
impolitic ɪmˈpɒl.ə.tɪk, ˌɪm-, ˈ-ɪ- Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.lə-
imponderab|le ɪmˈpɒn.dᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- Ⓤ -ˈpɑːn- -les -ᵊlz -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
import (*n.*) ˈɪm.pɔːt Ⓤ -pɔːrt -s -s
impor|t (*v.*) ɪmˈpɔː|t, ˌɪm-, ˈ-- Ⓤ ɪmˈpɔːr|t, ˈ-- -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd -ter/s -təʳ/z Ⓤ -t̬ɚ/z
importable ɪmˈpɔː.tə.bᵊl, ˌɪm- Ⓤ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ə-
importance ɪmˈpɔː.tᵊnts Ⓤ -ˈpɔːr-
important ɪmˈpɔː.tᵊnt Ⓤ -ˈpɔːr- -ly -li
importation ˌɪm.pɔːˈteɪ.ʃᵊn Ⓤ -pɔːrˈ- -s -z
importunate ɪmˈpɔː.tjʊ.nət, -tʃʊ-, -tʃə-, -ɪt Ⓤ -ˈpɔːr.tʃə.nɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
importun|e ˌɪm.pəˈtjuːn, -ˈtʃuːn; ɪmˈpɔː.tjuːn, -tʃuːn Ⓤ ˌɪm.pɔːrˈtuːn, -ˈtjuːn, ɪmˈpɔːr.tʃən -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
importunit|y ˌɪm.pɔːˈtjuː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- Ⓤ -pɔːrˈtuː.nə.t̬|i, -ˈtjuː- -ies -iz
impos|e ɪmˈpəʊz Ⓤ -ˈpoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
imposing ɪmˈpəʊ.zɪŋ Ⓤ -ˈpoʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
imposition ˌɪm.pəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
impossibilit|y ɪmˌpɒs.əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪm.pɒs-, ˌɪmˌpɒs-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i Ⓤ ɪmˌpɑː.səˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i, ˌɪm- -ies -iz
impossib|le ɪmˈpɒs.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm-, ˈ-ɪ- Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.sə- -ly -li
impost ˈɪm.pəʊst, -pɒst Ⓤ -poʊst -s -s
impostor, imposter ɪmˈpɒs.təʳ Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.stɚ -s -z
imposture ɪmˈpɒs.tjəʳ, -tʃəʳ Ⓤ -ˈpɑːs.tʃɚ -s -z
impoten|ce ˈɪm.pə.tənt|s Ⓤ -t̬ənt|s -cy -si
impotent ˈɪm.pə.tənt Ⓤ -t̬ənt -ly -li
impound ɪmˈpaʊnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
impoverish ɪmˈpɒv.ᵊr.ɪʃ Ⓤ -ˈpɑː.vɚ-, -ˈpɑːv.rɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ment -mənt
impracticabilit|y ɪmˌpræk.tɪ.kəˈbɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.t|i Ⓤ -ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
impracticab|le ɪmˈpræk.tɪ.kə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impractic|al ɪmˈpræk.tɪ.k|ᵊl, ˌɪm- -ally -ᵊl.i Ⓤ -li -alness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impracticalit|y ɪmˌpræk.tɪˈkæl.ə.t|i, ˌɪm.præk-, ˌɪmˌpræk-, -ɪ.t|i Ⓤ ɪmˌpræk.tɪˈkæl.ə.t̬|i, ˌɪm- -ies -iz
impre|cate ˈɪm.prɪ|.keɪt, -prə- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd Ⓤ -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z Ⓤ -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
imprecation ˌɪm.prɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -prəˈ-, -prekˈeɪ- Ⓤ -prɪˈkeɪ- -s -z
imprecatory ˈɪm.prɪ.keɪ.tᵊr.i, ˌɪm.prɪˈkeɪ-; ɪmˈprek.ə- Ⓤ ˈɪm.prɪ.kə.tɔːr.i
imprecise ˌɪm.prɪˈsaɪs, -prəˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
imprecision ˌɪm.prɪˈsɪʒ.ᵊn, -prəˈ-
impregnability ɪmˌpreg.nəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
impregnab|le ɪmˈpreg.nə.b|ᵊl -ly -li
impregnate (*adj.*) ɪmˈpreg.nɪt, -nət, -neɪt
impregna|te (*v.*) ˈɪm.preg.neɪ|t, -ˈ-- Ⓤ ɪmˈpreg.neɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd
impregnation ˌɪm.pregˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -prɪgˈ- Ⓤ -pregˈ- -s -z
impresario ˌɪm.prɪˈsɑː.ri.əʊ, -prəˈ-, -presˈɑː-, -ˈɑː- Ⓤ ˌɪm.prəˈsɑːr.i.oʊ, -ˈser- -s -z
imprescriptible ˌɪm.prɪˈskrɪp.tə.bᵊl
impress (*n.*) ˈɪm.pres -es -ɪz
impress (*v.*) ɪmˈpres -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
impressibility ɪmˌpres.ɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, -əˈ-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
impressib|le ɪmˈpres.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
impression ɪmˈpreʃ.ᵊn -s -z
impressionability ɪmˌpreʃ.ᵊn.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ˌpreʃ.nəˈ-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
impressionab|le ɪmˈpreʃ.ᵊn.ə.b|ᵊl, -ˈpreʃ.nə- -ly -li
impression|ism (I) ɪmˈpreʃ.ᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
impressionistic ɪmˌpreʃ.ᵊnˈɪs.tɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
impressive ɪmˈpres.ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
impressment ɪmˈpres.mənt -s -s
imprest ˈɪm.prest, -ˈ- -s -s
imprimatur ˌɪm.prɪˈmeɪ.təʳ, -praɪˈ-, -ˈmɑː-, -tʊəʳ, -tɜːʳ Ⓤ -prɪˈmɑː.tɚ, -ˈmeɪ-, -tʊr -s -z
imprint (*n.*) ˈɪm.prɪnt -s -s
im|print (*v.*) ɪm|ˈprɪnt, ˌɪm- -prints

-'prɪnts **-printing** -'prɪn.tɪŋ (US) -'prɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-printed** -'prɪn.tɪd (US) -'prɪn.t̬ɪd

imprison ɪm'prɪz.ᵊn, ˌɪm- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'prɪz.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

imprisonment ɪm'prɪz.ᵊn.mənt, -ᵊm- (US) -ᵊn-

improbabilit|y ɪmˌprɒb.ə'bɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪm.prɒb-, ˌɪmˌprɒb-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌɪm.prɑː.bə'bɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

improbab|le ɪm'prɒb.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪm- (US) -'prɑː.bə- **-ly** -li

improbity ɪm'prəʊ.bə.ti, ˌɪm-, -bɪ- (US) -'proʊ.bə.t̬i

impromptu ɪm'prɒmp.tjuː, -tʃuː (US) -'prɑːmp.tuː, -tjuː **-s** -z

improper ɪm'prɒp.əʳ, ˌɪm- (US) -'prɑː.pɚ **-ly** -li ˌ**improper 'fraction, imˌproper 'fraction**

impropri|ate ɪm'prəʊ.pri|.eɪt (US) -'proʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

impropriation ɪmˌprəʊ.pri'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪm.prəʊ-, ˌɪmˌprəʊ- (US) ɪmˌproʊ-, ˌɪm- **-s** -z

impropriet|y ˌɪm.prə'praɪ.ə.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz

improvability ɪmˌpruː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

improvab|le ɪm'pruː.və.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

improv|e ɪm'pruːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

improvement ɪm'pruːv.mənt **-s** -s

improvidence ɪm'prɒv.ɪ.dᵊnts, ˌɪm-, '-ə- (US) -'prɑː.və-

improvident ɪm'prɒv.ɪ.dᵊnt, ˌɪm- (US) -'prɑː.və- **-ly** -li

improvisation ˌɪm.prə.vaɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ɪmˌprɑː.vɪ'-; ˌɪm.prə- **-s** -z

improvisatory ˌɪm.prə.vaɪ'zeɪ.tᵊr.i; -'vaɪ.zə- (US) ɪm'prɑː.və.zə.tɔːr-; ˌɪm.prə'vaɪ-

improvis|e 'ɪm.prə.vaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

imprudence ɪm'pruː.dᵊnts, ˌɪm-

imprudent ɪm'pruː.dᵊnt, ˌɪm- **-ly** -li

impudence 'ɪm.pjə.dᵊnts, -pjʊ-

impudent 'ɪm.pjə.dᵊnt, -pjʊ- **-ly** -li

impugn ɪm'pjuːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ə/ʳz (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-ment** -mənt

impuissan|ce ɪm'pjuː.ɪ.sᵊn|ts (US) -'pjuː.ɪ-, -'pwɪ.sᵊn|ts; ˌɪm.pjuː'ɪs.ᵊn|ts **-t** -t

impuls|e 'ɪm.pʌls **-es** -ɪz '**impulse ˌbuying**

impulsion ɪm'pʌl.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

impulsive ɪm'pʌl.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

impunit|y ɪm'pjuː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz

impure ɪm'pjʊəʳ, ˌɪm-, -'pjɔːʳ (US) -'pjʊr **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

impurit|y ɪm'pjʊə.rə.t|i, ˌɪm-, -'pjɔː-, -rɪ- (US) -'pjʊr.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

imputability ɪmˌpjuː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪm.pjuː-, ˌɪmˌpjuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪmˌpjuː.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪm-

imputation ˌɪm.pjʊ'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

im|pute ɪm|'pjuːt **-putes** -'pjuːts **-puting** -'pjuː.tɪŋ (US) -'pjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-puted** -'pjuː.tɪd (US) -'pjuː.t̬ɪd **-putable** -'pjuː.tə.bᵊl (US) -'pjuː.t̬ə.bᵊl

Imray 'ɪm.reɪ

Imrie 'ɪm.ri

IMRO 'ɪm.rəʊ (US) -roʊ

in- ɪn

Note: Prefix. When the meaning of the prefix is "in", it often carries secondary stress, e.g. **inbuilt** /ˌɪn'bɪlt/. The resulting compounds may undergo stress-shift (see entry for **inbuilt**). As a negative prefix, **in-** does not normally affect the stress pattern of the stem to which it is added, e.g. **active** /'æk.tɪv/, **inactive** /ɪn'æk.tɪv/. In other cases, the prefix is normally stressed in nouns but not in verbs, e.g. **increase** *noun* /'ɪn.kriːs/, *verb* /ɪn'kriːs/.

in ɪn ˌ**ins and** '**outs**

in. (*abbrev. for* **inch/es**) *singular:* ɪntʃ *plural:* -ɪz

Ina 'iː.nə, 'aɪ- (US) 'aɪ-

inabilit|y ˌɪn.ə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

in absentia ˌɪn.æb'sen.ti.ə, -*t*ʃi-, -ɑː (US) -'sen.*t*ʃə, -*t*ʃi.ə

inaccessibility ˌɪn.əkˌses.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ækˌ-, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inaccessib|le ˌɪn.ək'ses.ə.b|ᵊl, -æk'-, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inaccurac|y ɪn'æk.jə.rə.s|i, ˌɪn-, -jʊ-, -rɪ.s|i (US) -jɚ.ə- **-ies** -iz

inaccurate ɪn'æk.jə.rət, ˌɪn-, -jʊ-, -rɪt (US) -jɚ.ət **-ly** -li

inaction ɪn'æk.ʃᵊn, ˌɪn-

inacti|vate ɪn'æk.tɪ|.veɪt, ˌɪn-, -tə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd

inactive ɪn'æk.tɪv, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li

inactivity ˌɪn.æk'tɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inadequac|y ɪ'næd.ɪ.kwə.s|i, ˌɪn'æd-, '-ə- **-ies** -iz

inadequate ɪ'næd.ɪ.kwət, ˌɪn'æd-, -kwɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inadmissibility ˌɪn.ədˌmɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inadmissib|le ˌɪn.əd'mɪs.ə.b|ᵊl, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li

inadverten|ce ˌɪn.əd'vɜː.tᵊn*t*|s (US) -'vɝː- **-cy** -si

inadvertent ˌɪn.əd'vɜː.tᵊnt (US) -'vɝː- **-ly** -li

inadvisability ˌɪn.ədˌvaɪ.zə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inadvisable ˌɪn.əd'vaɪ.zə.bᵊl

inalienability ɪˌneɪ.li.ə.nə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪnˌeɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inalienab|le ɪ'neɪ.li.ə.nə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn'eɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inamora|ta ɪˌnæm.ə'rɑː|.tə, ˌɪn.æm- (US) -'rɑː|.t̬ə, -ˌnæm- **-as** -təz (US) -t̬əz **-o/s** -təʊ/z (US) -toʊ/z

inane ɪ'neɪn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inanimate ɪ'næn.ɪ.mət, ˌɪn'æn-, -mɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inanition ˌɪn.ə'nɪʃ.ᵊn, -æn'ɪʃ-

inanit|y ɪ'næn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

inappeasable ˌɪn.ə'piː.zə.bᵊl

inapplicability ɪˌnæp.lɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪnˌæp-, -ɪ.ti; ˌɪn.əˌplɪk.ə'- (US) ɪˌnæp.lɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪnˌæp-; ˌɪn.ə.plɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti

inapplicable ˌɪn.ə'plɪk.ə.bᵊl; ɪ'næp.lɪ.kə-, ˌɪn'æp- (US) ɪ'næp-, ˌɪn'æp-; ˌɪn.ə'plɪk.ə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inapposite ɪ'næp.ə.zɪt, ˌɪn'æp- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inappreciab|le ˌɪn.ə'priː.ʃi.ə.b|ᵊl, -ʃə- **-ly** -li

inapprehensible ɪnˌæp.rɪ'hen*t*.sə.bᵊl, '-sɪ-

inapproachab|le ˌɪn.ə'prəʊ.tʃə.b|ᵊl (US) -'proʊ- **-ly** -li

inappropriate ˌɪn.ə'prəʊ.pri.ət, -ɪt (US) -'proʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inapt ɪ'næpt, ˌɪn'æpt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inaptitude ɪ'næp.tɪ.tjuːd, ˌɪn'æp- (US) -tə.tuːd, -tjuːd

inarguab|le ɪ'nɑː.gju.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn'ɑː- (US) ˌɪn'ɑːr- **-ly** -li

inarticulate ˌɪn.ɑː'tɪk.jə.lət, -jʊ-, -lɪt (US) -ɑːr'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inartistic ˌɪn.ɑː'tɪs.tɪk (US) -ɑːr'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

inasmuch ˌɪn.əz'mʌtʃ

inattention ˌɪn.ə'ten.*t*ʃᵊn

inattentive ˌɪn.ə'ten.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inaudibility ɪˌnɔː.də'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn.ɔː-, -dɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪˌnɑː.dɪ'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪnˌɑː-, ɪˌnɔː-, ˌɪnˌɔː-

inaudib|le ɪ'nɔː.də.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn.ɔː-, -dɪ- (US) ɪ'nɑː-, ˌɪn'ɑː-, ɪ'nɔː-, ˌɪn'ɔː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inaugural ɪ'nɔː.gjə.rᵊl, -jʊ- (US) ɪ'nɑː.gjʊr.ᵊl, -'nɔː.g-, -jɚ-, '-ɚ-

inaugu|rate ɪ'nɔː.gjə|.reɪt, -jʊ- (US) ɪ'nɑː.gjʊ|.reɪt, ɪ'nɔː.g-, -jə-, '-ə- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪd **-rator/s** -reɪ.təʳ/z (US) -reɪ.t̬ɚ/z

inauguration ɪˌnɔː.gjə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- (US) ɪˌnɑː.gjʊ'-, -ˌnɔː.g-, -jə'-, -ə'- **-s** -z

inauspicious ˌɪn.ɔː'spɪʃ.əs, -ɒs'pɪʃ- (US) -ɑː'spɪʃ-, -ɔː'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inboard ˌɪn'bɔːd, ˌɪm- (US) 'ɪn.bɔːrd *stress shift, British only:* ˌinboard 'motor

inborn ˌɪn'bɔːn, ˌɪm- (US) 'ɪn.bɔːrn *stress shift, British only:* ˌinborn 'talent

inbound 'ɪn.baʊnd

inbox 'ɪn.bɒks, 'ɪm- (US) 'ɪn.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

inbreath|e ˌɪn'briːð, ˌɪm- (US) ˌɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

inbreed ˌɪn'briːd, ˌɪm- (US) 'ɪn.briːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **inbred** ˌɪn'bred, ˌɪm- (US) 'ɪn.bred *stress shift, British only:* ˌinbred 'trait

inbuilt ˌɪn'bɪlt, ˌɪm-, '-- (US) 'ɪn.bɪlt *stress shift, British only:* ˌinbuilt 'hazard

inc. (*abbrev. for* **incorporated**) ɪŋˈkɔː.pər.eɪ.tɪd, ɪŋk (US) ɪnˈkɔːr.pə.reɪ.t̬ɪd, ɪŋk

Inca ˈɪŋ.kə **-s** -z

incalculability ɪnˌkæl.kjə.ləˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -kjʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪnˌkæl.kjə.ləˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪn-, -kjʊ-

incalculab|le ɪnˈkæl.kjə.lə.b|əl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -kjʊ- (US) ɪnˈkæl-, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

in camera ˌɪnˈkæm.ər.ə, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-rə (US) ˌɪn-

incandescence ˌɪn.kænˈdes.ənts, ˌɪŋ-, -kənˈ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈ-

incandescent ˌɪn.kænˈdes.ənt, ˌɪŋ-, -kənˈ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈ- **-ly** -li

incantation ˌɪn.kænˈteɪ.ʃən, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-s** -z

incapabilit|y ɪnˌkeɪ.pəˈbɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ɪnˌkeɪ.pəˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i, ˌɪn- **-ies** -iz

incapab|le ɪnˈkeɪ.pə.b|əl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkeɪ-, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incapaci|tate ˌɪn.kəˈpæs.ɪ|.teɪt, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌɪn- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd

incapacitation ˌɪn.kəˌpæs.ɪˈteɪ.ʃən, ˌɪŋ-, -əˈ- (US) ˌɪn- **-s** -z

incapacit|y ˌɪn.kəˈpæs.ə.t|i, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌɪn.kəˈpæs.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

in capite ˌɪnˈkæp.ɪ.teɪ (US) -teɪ, -ti

incarcer|ate ɪnˈkɑː.sər|.eɪt, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːr.sə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

incarceration ɪnˌkɑː.sərˈeɪ.ʃən, ˌɪn.kɑː-, ˌɪnˌkɑː-, ɪŋˌkɑː-, ˌɪŋ.kɑː- (US) ɪnˌkɑːr.səˈreɪ-, ˌɪn- **-s** -z

incarnadine ɪnˈkɑː.nə.daɪn, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːr-, -diːn, -dɪn

incarnate (*adj.*) ɪnˈkɑː.nət, ɪŋ-, -neɪt, -nɪt (US) ɪnˈkɑːr-

incar|nate (*v.*) ˈɪn.kɑː|.neɪt, ˈɪŋ-, -ˈ-- (US) ɪnˈkɑːr- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd

incarnation (I) ˌɪn.kɑːˈneɪ.ʃən, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kɑːrˈ- **-s** -z

incautious ɪnˈkɔː.ʃəs, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑː-, ˌɪn-, -ˈkɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Ince ɪnts

Ince-in-Makerfield ˌɪnts.ɪnˈmeɪ.kə.fiːld (US) -kɚ-

incendiar|y ɪnˈsen.di.ər|.i, -djər- (US) -di.er|.i, -ɚ|.i **-ies** -iz **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

incense (*n.*) ˈɪn.sents

incens|e (*v.*) *enrage:* ɪnˈsents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

incens|e (*v.*) *burn incense:* ˈɪn.sents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

incentive ɪnˈsen.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z

incentiviz|e ɪnˈsen.tɪ.vaɪz (US) -t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

incept ɪnˈsept **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ive** -ɪv

inception ɪnˈsep.ʃən **-s** -z

incertitude ɪnˈsɜː.tɪ.tjuːd, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈsɝː.t̬ɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z

incessant ɪnˈses.ənt **-ly** -li

incest ˈɪn.sest

incestuous ɪnˈses.tju.əs, -tʃu- (US) -tʃu- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inch (I) ɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌgive him an ˌinch and he'll ˌtake a ˈmile; not ˌbudge an ˈinch**

Inchcape ˈɪntʃ.keɪp, ˌ-ˈ-

Inchinnan ɪnˈʃɪn.ən

inchoate (*adj.*) ɪnˈkəʊ.eɪt, ɪŋ-, -ɪt, ˈ--- (US) ɪnˈkoʊ- **-ly** -li

incho|ate (*v.*) ˈɪn.kəʊ|.eɪt, ˈɪŋ- (US) ˈɪn.koʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

inchoation ˌɪn.kəʊˈeɪ.ʃən, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.koʊˈ-

inchoative ˈɪn.kəʊ.eɪ.tɪv, ˈɪŋ-; ɪnˈkəʊ.ə.tɪv, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkoʊ.ə.t̬ɪv

Inchon ˌɪnˈtʃɒn (US) ˈɪn.tʃɑːn

inchworm ˈɪntʃ.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm **-s** -z

incidence ˈɪnt.sɪ.dənts

incident ˈɪnt.sɪ.dənt **-s** -s

incident|al ˌɪnt.sɪˈden.t|əl (US) -t̬|əl **-ly** -əl.i, -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌincidental ˈmusic

inciner|ate ɪnˈsɪn.ər|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

incineration ɪnˌsɪn.ərˈeɪ.ʃən (US) -əˈreɪ-

incinerator ɪnˈsɪn.ər.eɪ.təʳ (US) -ə.reɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

incipien|ce ɪnˈsɪp.i.ənt|s **-cy** -si

incipient ɪnˈsɪp.i.ənt **-ly** -li

incis|e ɪnˈsaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

incision ɪnˈsɪʒ.ən **-s** -z

incisive ɪnˈsaɪ.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

incisor ɪnˈsaɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ **-s** -z

incitation ˌɪnt.saɪˈteɪ.ʃən, -sɪˈ- (US) -səˈ- **-s** -z

in|cite ɪn|ˈsaɪt **-cites** -ˈsaɪts **-citing** -ˈsaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cited** -ˈsaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪd

incitement ɪnˈsaɪt.mənt **-s** -s

incivilit|y ˌɪn.sɪˈvɪl.ə.t|i, -səˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

incl. (*abbrev. for* **including**) ɪnˈkluː.dɪŋ, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- (*abbrev. for* **inclusive**) ɪnˈkluː.sɪv, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn-

Incledon ˈɪŋ.kəl.dən

inclemency ɪnˈklem.ənt.si, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈklem-, ˌɪn-

inclement ɪnˈklem.ənt, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈklem-, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li

inclination ˌɪn.klɪˈneɪ.ʃən, ˌɪŋ-, -kləˈ- (US) ˌɪn- **-s** -z

incline (*n.*) ˈɪn.klaɪn, ˈɪŋ-, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.klaɪn, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z

inclin|e (*v.*) ɪnˈklaɪn, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl

inclos|e ɪnˈkləʊz, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkloʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

inclosure ɪnˈkləʊ.ʒəʳ, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkloʊ.ʒɚ **-s** -z

includ|e ɪnˈkluːd, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

inclusion ɪnˈkluː.ʒən, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-s** -z

inclusive ɪnˈkluː.sɪv, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

incognito ˌɪn.kɒgˈniː.təʊ, ˌɪŋ-; ɪnˈkɒg.nɪ.təʊ, ɪŋ-, -nə- (US) ˌɪn.kɑːgˈniː.toʊ; ɪnˈkɑːg.nɪ-, -t̬oʊ **-s** -z

incognizan|ce ɪnˈkɒg.nɪ.zən|ts, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːg- **-t** -t

incoherence ˌɪn.kəʊˈhɪə.rənts, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.koʊˈhɪr.ənts, -ˈher-

incoherent ˌɪn.kəʊˈhɪə.rənt, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.koʊˈhɪr.ənt, -ˈher- **-ly** -li

incombustibility ˌɪn.kəmˌbʌs.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kəmˌbʌs.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -tɪˈ-

incombustible ˌɪn.kəmˈbʌs.tə.bəl, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

income ˈɪŋ.kʌm, ˈɪn-, -kəm (US) ˈɪn- **-s** -z **ˌincome supˈport, ˈincome supˌport; ˈincome ˌtax**

incomer ˈɪnˌkʌm.əʳ, ˈɪŋ- (US) ˈɪnˌkʌm.ɚ **-s** -z

incoming ˈɪnˌkʌm.ɪŋ, ˈɪŋ- (US) ˈɪnˌkʌm- **-s** -z

incommensurability ˌɪn.kəˌmen.tʃər.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -tʃʊr-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kəˌment.sɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ʃɚ-

incommensurab|le ˌɪn.kəˈmen.tʃər.ə.b|əl, ˌɪŋ-, -tʃʊr- (US) ˌɪn.kəˈment.sɚ-, -ʃɚ- **-les** -əlz **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incommensurate ˌɪn.kəˈmen.tʃər.ət, ˌɪŋ-, -tʃʊr-, -ɪt (US) ˌɪn.kəˈment.sɚ-, -ʃɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

incommod|e ˌɪn.kəˈməʊd, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kəˈmoʊd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

incommodious ˌɪn.kəˈməʊ.di.əs, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kəˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

incommunicab|le ˌɪn.kəˈmjuː.nɪ.kə.b|əl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incommunicado ˌɪn.kəˌmjuː.nɪˈkɑː.dəʊ, ˌɪŋ-, -nəˈ- (US) ˌɪn.kəˌmjuː.nɪˈkɑː.doʊ, -nəˈ-

incommutab|le ˌɪn.kəˈmjuː.tə.b|əl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kəˈmjuː.t̬ə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incomparability ɪnˌkɒm.pər.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ɪŋ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪnˌkɑːm.pɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

incomparab|le ɪnˈkɒm.pər.ə.b|əl, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːm- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incompatibilit|y ˌɪn.kəmˌpæt.əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌɪn.kəmˌpæt̬.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

incompatib|le ˌɪn.kəmˈpæt.ə.b|əl, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˌɪn.kəmˈpæt̬- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

incompeten|ce ɪnˈkɒm.pɪ.tən|ts, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -pə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːm.pə.t̬ən|ts, ˌɪn- **-cy** -si

incompetent ɪnˈkɒm.pɪ.tənt, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -pə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːm.pə.t̬ənt, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li

incomplete ˌɪn.kəmˈpliːt, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

incompletion ˌɪn.kəmˈpliː.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn-
incomprehensibility ɪnˌkɒm.prɪˌhent.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -prəˌ-, -sɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kɑːm.prɪ.hent.səˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incomprehensib|le ɪnˌkɒm.prɪˈhent.sə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -sɪ- (US) ˌɪn.kɑːm- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
incomprehension ɪnˌkɒm.prɪˈhen.tʃᵊn, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -prəˈ- (US) ˌɪn.kɑːm-
incompressibility ˌɪn.kəmˌpres.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kəmˌpres.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incompressible ˌɪn.kəmˈpres.ə.bᵊl, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
incomputab|le ˌɪn.kəmˈpjuː.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ-; ɪnˈkɒm.pjə.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -pjʊ- (US) ˌɪn.kəmˈpjuː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
inconceivability ˌɪn.kənˌsiː.vəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kənˌsiː.vəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
inconceivab|le ˌɪn.kənˈsiː.və.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
inconclusive ˌɪn.kənˈkluː.sɪv, ˌɪŋ-, -kəŋˈ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
incondite ɪnˈkɒn.dɪt, ɪŋ-, -daɪt (US) ɪnˈkɑːn-
incongruent ɪnˈkɒŋ.gru.ənt, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːŋ-; ˌɪn.kənˈgruː- **-ly** -li
incongruit|y ˌɪn.kɒŋˈgruː.ə.t|i, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌɪn.kənˈgruː.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
incongruous ɪnˈkɒŋ.gru.əs, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːŋ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
inconsequenc|e ɪnˈkɒnt.sɪ.kwənts, ɪŋ-, -sə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːnt- **-es** -ɪz
inconsequent ɪnˈkɒnt.sɪ.kwənt, ɪŋ-, -sə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːnt- **-ly** -li
inconsequential ɪnˌkɒnt.sɪˈkwen.tʃᵊl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -səˈ- (US) ɪnˌkɑːnt- **-ly** -i
inconsiderab|le ˌɪn.kənˈsɪd.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
inconsiderate ˌɪn.kənˈsɪd.ᵊr.ət, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪt (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
inconsideration ˌɪn.kənˌsɪd.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn-
inconsistenc|y ˌɪn.kənˈsɪs.tᵊnt.s|i, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ies** -iz
inconsistent ˌɪn.kənˈsɪs.tənt, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
inconsolab|le ˌɪn.kənˈsəʊ.lə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈsoʊ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
inconsonant ɪnˈkɒnt.sə.nənt, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːnt-
inconspicuous ˌɪn.kənˈspɪk.ju.əs, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
inconstanc|y ɪnˈkɒnt.stᵊnt.s|i, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːnt-, ˌɪn- **-ies** -iz
inconstant ɪnˈkɒnt.stənt, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɑːnt-, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
incontestability ˌɪn.kənˌtes.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kənˌtes.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incontestab|le ˌɪn.kənˈtes.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
incontinence ɪnˈkɒn.tɪ.nənts, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -tə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːn.tᵊn.ᵊnts, ˌɪn-
incontinent ɪnˈkɒn.tɪ.nənt, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -tə- (US) ɪnˈkɑːn.tᵊn.ᵊnt, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
incontrollab|le ˌɪn.kənˈtrəʊ.lə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈtroʊ- **-ly** -li
incontrovertibility ˌɪnˌkɒn.trəˌvɜː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kɑːn.trəˌvɝː.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incontrovertib|le ˌɪnˌkɒn.trəˈvɜː.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪ- (US) ˌɪnˌkɑːn.trəˈvɝː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
inconvenienc|e ˌɪn.kənˈviː.ni.ənts, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn-, ˈ-njənts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
inconvenient ˌɪn.kənˈviː.ni.ənt, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn-, ˈ-njənt **-ly** -li
inconvertibility ˌɪn.kənˌvɜː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kənˌvɝː.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
inconvertib|le ˌɪn.kənˈvɜː.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪ- (US) ˌɪn.kənˈvɝː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
incorporate (*adj.*) ɪnˈkɔː.pᵊr.ət, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -ɪt (US) ɪnˈkɔːr-, ˌɪn-
incorpor|ate (*v.*) ɪnˈkɔː.pᵊr|.eɪt, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɔːr.pə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
incorporation ɪnˌkɔː.pᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˌkɔːr.pəˈreɪ- **-s** -z
incorporeal ˌɪn.kɔːˈpɔː.ri.əl, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kɔːrˈpɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
incorrect ˌɪn.kᵊrˈekt, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kəˈrekt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
incorrigibility ɪnˌkɒr.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ɪŋ-, -dʒɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪnˌkɔːr.ə.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incorrigib|le ɪnˈkɒr.ɪ.dʒə.b|ᵊl, ɪŋ-, -dʒɪ- (US) ɪnˈkɔːr.ə.dʒə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
incorruptibility ˌɪn.kəˌrʌp.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.kəˌrʌp.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incorruptib|le ˌɪn.kəˈrʌp.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪŋ-, -tɪ- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
incorruption ˌɪn.kəˈrʌp.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn-
increas|e (*n.*) ˈɪn.kriːs, ˈɪŋ-, -ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.kriːs, -ˈ- **-es** -ɪz
increas|e (*v.*) ɪnˈkriːs, ɪŋ-, ˈ-- (US) ɪnˈkriːs, ˈ-- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
incredibility ɪnˌkred.ɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, ɪŋ-, -əˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪnˌkred.ɪˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -əˈ-
incredib|le ɪnˈkred.ɪ.b|ᵊl, ɪŋ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
incredulity ˌɪn.krəˈdjuː.lə.ti, ˌɪŋ-, -krɪˈ-, -kredˈjuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.krəˈduː.lə.t̬i, -ˈdjuː-
incredulous ɪnˈkred.jə.ləs, ɪŋ-, -jʊ-, -ˈkredʒ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- (US) ɪnˈkredʒ.ʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
increment ˈɪn.krə.mənt, ˈɪŋ-, -krɪ- (US) ˈɪn- **-s** -s
incremental ˌɪn.krəˈmen.tᵊl, ˌɪŋ-, -krɪˈ- (US) ˌɪn.krəˈmen.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i
incrimi|nate ɪnˈkrɪm.ɪ|.neɪt, ɪŋ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ɪn- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
incrimination ɪnˌkrɪm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪŋ-, -əˈ- (US) ɪn-
incriminatory ɪnˈkrɪm.ɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, ɪŋ-, -ᵊn.ə-, -neɪ.tᵊr-; ɪnˌkrɪm.ɪˈneɪ-, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkrɪm.ɪ.nə.tɔːr.i
incrust ɪnˈkrʌst, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
incrustation ˌɪn.krʌsˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn- **-s** -z
incu|bate ˈɪŋ.kjʊ|.beɪt, ˈɪn-, -kjə- **-bates** -beɪts **-bating** -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-bated** -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd **-bative** -beɪ.tɪv (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪv
incubation ˌɪŋ.kjʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪn-, -kjəˈ- **-s** -z
incubator ˈɪŋ.kjʊ.beɪ.təʳ, ˈɪn-, -kjə- (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
incubatory ˈɪŋ.kjʊ.beɪ.tᵊr.i, ˈɪn-, -kjə- (US) -bə.tɔːr-, ˌɪŋ.kjʊˈbeɪ.tɚ-, ˌɪn-, -kjəˈ-
incub|us ˈɪŋ.kjʊ.b|əs, ˈɪn-, -kjə- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
incul|cate ˈɪn.kʌl|.keɪt, ˈɪŋ-, -kəl-; ɪnˈkʌl-, ɪŋ- (US) ˈɪn.kʌl-, -kəl-; ɪnˈkʌl- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
inculcation ˌɪn.kʌlˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ-, -kəlˈ- (US) ˌɪn-
incul|pate ˈɪn.kʌl|.peɪt, ˈɪŋ-, -kəl-; ɪnˈkʌl-, ɪŋ- (US) ˈɪn.kʌl-, -kəl-; ɪnˈkʌl- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪd
inculpation ˌɪn.kʌlˈpeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ-, -kəlˈ- (US) ˌɪn-
inculpatory ɪnˈkʌl.pə.tᵊr.i, ɪŋ-; ˈɪn.kʌl.peɪ-, ˈɪŋ-, -kəl-, ˌɪn.kʌlˈpeɪ-, ˌɪŋ-, -kəlˈ- (US) ɪnˈkʌl.pə.tɔːr.i
incumbenc|y ɪnˈkʌm.bənt.s|i, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-ies** -iz
incumbent ɪnˈkʌm.bənt, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
incumbranc|e ɪnˈkʌm.brənts, ɪŋ- (US) ɪn- **-es** -ɪz
incunabul|um ˌɪn.kjuːˈnæb.jə.l|əm, ˌɪŋ-, -jʊ- (US) -kjəˈ-, -kjʊˈ- **-a** -ə
incur ɪnˈkɜːʳ, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **-rable** -ə.bᵊl
incurability ɪnˌkjʊə.rəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -ˌkjɔː-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɪnˌkjʊr.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
incurab|le ɪnˈkjʊə.rə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -ˈkjɔː- (US) ɪnˈkjʊr.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
incurious ɪnˈkjʊə.ri.əs, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, -ˈkjɔː- (US) ɪnˈkjʊr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
incursion ɪnˈkɜː.ʃᵊn, ɪŋ-, -ʒᵊn (US) ɪnˈkɝː- **-s** -z
incursive ɪnˈkɜː.sɪv, ɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɝː-
incurvate (*adj.*) ɪnˈkɜː.veɪt, ɪŋ-, -vət, -vɪt (US) ɪnˈkɝː-
incur|vate (*v.*) ˈɪn.kɜː|.veɪt, ˈɪŋ- (US) ɪnˈkɝː-, ˈɪn.kɝː- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd
incurvation ˌɪn.kɜːˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪŋ- (US) ˌɪn.kɝːˈ-

incurv|e ˌɪnˈkɜːv, ˌɪŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌɪnˈkɝːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌincurved ˈsurface
incus|e ɪnˈkjuːz, ɪŋ- ⓤⓢ ɪnˈkjuːz, -ˈkjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ind *surname:* ɪnd *India:* ɪnd, aɪnd
Ind. (*abbrev. for* **Indiana**) ˌɪn.diˈæn.ə, -ˈɑː.nə ⓤⓢ -ˈæn.ə
ind. (*abbrev. for* **independent**) ˌɪn.dɪˈpen.dənt, -dəˈ- (*abbrev. for* **indicative**) ɪnˈdɪk.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv (*abbrev. for* **industrial**) ɪnˈdʌs.tri.əl
Indaur ɪnˈdɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈdɔːr
Ind Coope® ˌɪndˈkuːp
indebted ɪnˈdet.ɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈdet̬- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indecenc|y ɪnˈdiː.sᵊnt.s|i, ˌɪn- **-ies** -iz
indecent ɪnˈdiː.sᵊnt, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **inˌdecent asˈsault; inˌdecent exˈposure**
indecipherable ˌɪn.dɪˈsaɪ.fᵊr.ə.bᵊl, -dəˈ-
indecision ˌɪn.dɪˈsɪʒ.ᵊn, -dəˈ-
indecisive ˌɪn.dɪˈsaɪ.sɪv, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indeclinable ˌɪn.dɪˈklaɪ.nə.bᵊl, -dəˈ- **-s** -z
indecomposable ɪnˌdiː.kəmˈpəʊ.zə.bᵊl, ˌɪn- ⓤⓢ -ˈpoʊ-
indecorous ɪnˈdek.ᵊr.əs, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nəs
indecorum ˌɪn.dɪˈkɔː.rəm, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈkɔːr.əm
indeed (*adv.*) ɪnˈdiːd (*interj.*) ɪnˈdiːd, ˌɪn.diːd
indefatigab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈfæt.ɪ.gə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈfæt̬- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
indefeasibility ˌɪn.dɪˌfiː.zəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -dəˌ-, -zɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
indefeasib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈfiː.zə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ-, -zɪ- **-ly** -li
indefensibility ˌɪn.dɪˌfent.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, -dəˌ-, -sɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
indefensib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈfent.sə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ-, -sɪ- **-ly** -li
indefinab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈfaɪ.nə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
indefinite ɪnˈdef.ɪ.nət, ˌɪn-, -ᵊn.ət, ˈ-nət, -nɪt ⓤⓢ -ə.nət, ˈ-nət **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **inˌdefinite ˈarticle**
indelibility ɪnˌdel.ɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -əˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
indelib|le ɪnˈdel.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li
indelicac|y ɪnˈdel.ɪ.kə.s|i, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ə- **-ies** -iz
indelicate ɪnˈdel.ɪ.kət, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ə-, -kɪt **-ly** -li
in delicto ˌɪn.delˈɪk.təʊ, -dɪˈlɪk- ⓤⓢ -dəˈlɪk.toʊ
indemnification ɪnˌdem.nɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nə- **-s** -z
indemni|fy ɪnˈdem.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
indemnit|y ɪnˈdem.nə.t|i, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
indemonstrab|le ɪnˈdem.ənt.strə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-; ˌɪn.dɪˈmɒnt.strə-, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌɪn.dɪˈmɑːnt.strə-; ɪnˈdem.ənt-, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
indent (*n.*) ˈɪn.dent, -ˈ- **-s** -s
in|dent (*v.*) ɪn|ˈdent, ˌɪn- **-dents** -ˈdents **-denting** -ˈden.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈden.t̬ɪŋ **-dented** -ˈden.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈden.t̬ɪd
indentation ˌɪn.denˈteɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
indenture ɪnˈden.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ **-s** -z **-d** -d
independen|ce ˌɪn.dɪˈpen.dənt|s, -dəˈ- **-cy** -si **Indeˈpendence ˌDay**
independent (I) ˌɪn.dɪˈpen.dənt, -dəˈ- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
in-depth ˌɪnˈdepθ *stress shift:* ˌin-depth ˈtreatment
indescribab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈskraɪ.bə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
indestructibility ˌɪn.dɪˌstrʌk.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
indestructib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈstrʌk.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
indetectab|le, -ib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈtek.tə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
indeterminab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
indeterminacy ˌɪn.dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nə.si, -dəˈ-, -mᵊn.ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈtɝː-
indeterminate ˌɪn.dɪˈtɜː.mɪ.nət, -dəˈ-, -nɪt ⓤⓢ -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indetermination ˌɪn.dɪˌtɜː.mɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -dəˌ-, -məˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˌtɝː-
ind|ex ˈɪn.d|eks **-exes** -ek.sɪz **-exing** -eks.ɪŋ **-exed** -ekst **-ices** -ɪ.siːz, -ə- ˈ**index ˌcard; ˌindex ˈfinger, ˈindex ˌfinger; ˈindex ˌnumber**
indexation ˌɪn.dekˈseɪ.ʃᵊn
indexer ˈɪn.dek.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ **-s** -z
index-linked ˌɪn.deksˈlɪŋkt
Indi|a ˈɪn.di|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z **ˌIndian ˈOcean; ˌIndia ˈrubber; ˌIndian ˈsummer**
Indiana ˌɪn.diˈæn.ə, -ˈɑː.nə ⓤⓢ -ˈæn.ə
Indianapolis ˌɪn.di.əˈnæp.ᵊl.ɪs ⓤⓢ -ə.lɪs
Indic ˈɪn.dɪk
indi|cate ˈɪn.dɪ|.keɪt, -də- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
indication ˌɪn.dɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dəˈ- **-s** -z
indicative (*n, adj.*) *in grammar:* ɪnˈdɪk.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li
indicative (*adj.*) *indicating:* ɪnˈdɪk.ə.tɪv; ˈɪn.dɪ.keɪ- ⓤⓢ ɪnˈdɪk.ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
indicator ˈɪn.dɪ.keɪ.təʳ, -də- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
indicatory ɪnˈdɪk.ə.tᵊr.i; ˈɪn.dɪ.keɪ-, ˌɪn.dɪˈkeɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈɪn.dɪ.kə.tɔːr-; ɪnˈdɪk.ə-
indices (*plur. of* **index**) ˈɪn.dɪ.siːz, -də-
indicia ɪnˈdɪʃ.i.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈdɪʃ.ə, -i.ə
in|dict ɪn|ˈdaɪt **-dicts** -ˈdaɪts **-dicting** -ˈdaɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dicted** -ˈdaɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɪd **-dicter/s** -ˈdaɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɚ/z **-dictable** -ˈdaɪ.tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˈdaɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl
indiction ɪnˈdɪk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
indictment ɪnˈdaɪt.mənt **-s** -s
indie ˈɪn.di **-s** -z
Indies ˈɪn.diz
indifference ɪnˈdɪf.ᵊr.ᵊnts, ˈ-rᵊnts
indifferent ɪnˈdɪf.ᵊr.ᵊnt, ˈ-rᵊnt **-ly** -li
indigen ˈɪn.dɪ.dʒən, -də- **-s** -z
indigence ˈɪn.dɪ.dʒənts
indigene ˈɪn.dɪ.dʒiːn **-s** -z
indigenous ɪnˈdɪdʒ.ɪ.nəs, -ᵊn.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indigent ˈɪn.dɪ.dʒənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
indigestibility ˌɪn.dɪˌdʒes.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -dɪˌdʒes.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -daɪˌ-
indigestib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈdʒes.tə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ-, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ -dɪˈ-, -daɪˈ- **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **-ly** -li
indigestion ˌɪn.dɪˈdʒes.tʃᵊn, -dəˈ-, -ˈdʒeʃ- ⓤⓢ -dɪˈdʒes-, -daɪˈ-
indignant ɪnˈdɪg.nənt **-ly** -li
indignation ˌɪn.dɪgˈneɪ.ʃᵊn
indignit|y ɪnˈdɪg.nə.t|i, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ -nə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
indigo ˈɪn.dɪ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ **-(e)s** -z
Indira ˈɪn.dɪ.rə, -dᵊr.ə; ɪnˈdɪə.rə ⓤⓢ ɪnˈdɪr.ə
indirect ˌɪn.dɪˈrekt, -daɪˈ-, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌindirect ˈobject; ˌindirect ˈspeech**
indiscernib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈsɜː.nə.b|ᵊl, -ˈzɜː-, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ -ˈsɝː-, -ˈzɝː- **-ly** -li
indisciplin|e ɪnˈdɪs.ə.plɪn, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ɪ- **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
indiscreet ˌɪn.dɪˈskriːt, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indiscrete ˌɪn.dɪˈskriːt, -dəˈ-
indiscretion ˌɪn.dɪˈskreʃ.ᵊn, -dəˈ- **-s** -z
indiscriminate ˌɪn.dɪˈskrɪm.ɪ.nət, -dəˈ-, ˈ-ə-, -nɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
indiscrimination ˌɪn.dɪˌskrɪm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -dəˌ-, -əˈ-
indispensability ˌɪn.dɪˌspent.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, -dəˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
indispensab|le, -ib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈspent.sə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -nəs, -nɪs
indispos|e ˌɪn.dɪˈspəʊz, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈspoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
indisposition ˌɪn.dɪ.spəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn; ɪnˌdɪs.pəˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌɪn.dɪ.spəˈ- **-s** -z
indisputability ˌɪn.dɪˌspjuː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti; ɪnˌdɪs.pjuː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌɪn.dɪˌspjuː.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
indisputab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈspjuː.tə.b|ᵊl; ɪnˈdɪs.pjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌɪn.dɪˈspjuː.t̬ə-; ɪnˈdɪs.pjuː-, -pjə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
indissociable ˌɪn.dɪˈsəʊ.ʃi.ə.bᵊl, -ʃə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˈsoʊ-
indissolubility ˌɪn.dɪˌsɒl.jəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -dəˌ-, -jʊˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌsɑːl.jəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
indissolub|le ˌɪn.dɪˈsɒl.jə.b|ᵊl, -dəˈ-, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑːl- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
indistinct ˌɪn.dɪˈstɪŋkt, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li

-ness -nəs, -nɪs
indistinctive ˌɪn.dɪˈstɪŋk.tɪv, -dəˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
indistinguishab|le ˌɪn.dɪˈstɪŋ.gwɪ.ʃə.b|əl, -dəˈ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
in|dite ɪnˈdaɪt -dites -ˈdaɪts -diting -ˈdaɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dited -ˈdaɪ.tɪd US -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɪd -diter/s -ˈdaɪ.təʳ/z US -ˈdaɪ.t̬ɚ/z
indium ˈɪn.di.əm
individual ˌɪn.dɪˈvɪdʒ.u.əl, -dəˈ-, -ˈvɪd.ju- US -ˈvɪdʒ.u-, -ˈvɪdʒ.əl -s -z -ly -i
individual|ism ˌɪn.dɪˈvɪdʒ.u.ə.l|ɪ.zəm, -dəˈ-, -ˈvɪd.ju.ə.l|ɪz- US -ˈvɪdʒ.u-, -ˈvɪdʒ.əl|.ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
individualistic ˌɪn.dɪˌvɪdʒ.u.əˈlɪs.tɪk, -dəˌ-, -ˌvɪd.ju- US -ˌvɪdʒ.u-, -ˌvɪdʒ.əlˈɪs- -ally -əl.i, -li
individualit|y ˌɪn.dɪˌvɪdʒ.uˈæl.ə.t|i, -dəˌ-, -ˌvɪd.juˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -ˌvɪdʒ.uˈæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
individualization, -isa- ˌɪn.dɪˌvɪdʒ.u.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -dəˌ-, -ˌvɪd.ju-, -ɪˈ- US -ˌvɪdʒ.u.əl.ɪˈ-, -ˌvɪdʒ.əl-
individualiz|e, -is|e ˌɪn.dɪˈvɪdʒ.u.ə.laɪz, -dəˈ-, -ˈvɪd.ju- US -ˈvɪdʒ.u-, -ˈvɪdʒ.əl.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
individu|ate ˌɪn.dɪˈvɪdʒ.u|.eɪt, -dəˈ-, -ˈvɪd.ju- US -ˈvɪdʒ.u- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
individuation ˌɪn.dɪˌvɪdʒ.uˈeɪ.ʃən, -dəˌ-, -ˌvɪd.juˈ- US -ˌvɪdʒ.uˈ- -s -s
indivisibility ˌɪn.dɪˌvɪz.ɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, -əˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
indivisib|le ˌɪn.dɪˈvɪz.ə.b|əl, ˈ-ɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
Indo-China ˌɪn.dəʊˈtʃaɪ.nə US -doʊˈ-
Indo-Chinese ˌɪn.dəʊ.tʃaɪˈniːz US -doʊ-
indocile ɪnˈdəʊ.saɪl, ˌɪn- US -ˈdɑː.səl
indocility ˌɪn.dəʊˈsɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -dɑːˈsɪl.ə.t̬i, -doʊˈ-
indoctri|nate ɪnˈdɒk.trɪ|.neɪt, -trə- US -ˈdɑːk- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd -nator/s -neɪ.təʳ/z US -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
indoctrination ɪnˌdɒk.trɪˈneɪ.ʃən, ˌɪn-, -trəˈ- US -ˌdɑːk- -s -z
Indo-European ˌɪn.dəʊˌjʊə.rəˈpiː.ən, -ˌjɔː- US -doʊ.jʊr.əˈ- -s -z
Indo-Germanic ˌɪn.dəʊ.dʒɜːˈmæn.ɪk, -dʒəˈ- US -doʊ.dʒɝːˈ-
indolence ˈɪn.dəl.ənts
indolent ˈɪn.dəl.ənt -ly -li
indomitab|le ɪnˈdɒm.ɪ.tə.b|əl, ˈ-ə- US -ˈdɑː.mə.t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
Indonesi|a ˌɪn.dəʊˈniː.ʒ|ə, -zi|.ə, -si|.ə, -ˈniː.ʃ|ə US -dəˈniː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə -an/s -ən/z
indoor ˌɪnˈdɔːʳ US -ˈdɔːr *stress shift:* ˌindoor ˈgames
indoors ˌɪnˈdɔːz US -ˈdɔːrz
Indore ˌɪnˈdɔːʳ US -ˈdɔːr
indors|e ɪnˈdɔːs US -ˈdɔːrs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
indorsement ɪnˈdɔːs.mənt US -ˈdɔːrs- -s -s
Indra ˈɪn.drə
indrawn ˌɪnˈdrɔːn US ˈɪn.drɑːn, -drɔːn *stress shift, British only:* ˌindrawn ˈbreath
indubitab|le ɪnˈdjuː.bɪ.tə.b|əl, ˌɪn- US -ˈduː.bɪ.t̬ə-, -ˈdjuː- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
induc|e ɪnˈdjuːs US -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
inducement ɪnˈdjuːs.mənt US -ˈduːs-, -ˈdjuːs- -s -s
induct ɪnˈdʌkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
inductanc|e ɪnˈdʌk.tənts -es -ɪz
inductee ˌɪn.dʌkˈtiː -s -z
inductile ɪnˈdʌk.taɪl, ˌɪn- US -tɪl
inductility ˌɪn.dʌkˈtɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
induction ɪnˈdʌk.ʃən -s -z inˈduction ˌcoil
inductive ɪnˈdʌk.tɪv -ly -li
indulg|e ɪnˈdʌldʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
indulgenc|e ɪnˈdʌl.dʒənts -es -ɪz
indulgent ɪnˈdʌl.dʒənt -ly -li
indur|ate ˈɪn.djʊə.r|eɪt, -djʊr|.eɪt US -dʊ.r|eɪt, -djʊ-, -də-, -djə- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ative -ə.tɪv US -t̬ɪv
induration ɪn.djʊəˈreɪ.ʃən, -djʊˈ- US -dʊˈ-, -djʊˈ-, -dəˈ-, -djəˈ-
Indus ˈɪn.dəs
industrial ɪnˈdʌs.tri.əl -ly -i inˌdustrial ˈaction; inˌdustrial disˈpute, inˌdustrial ˈdispute; inˌdustrial ˈespionage; inˌdustrial esˈtate; inˈdustrial ˌpark; inˌdustrial reˈlations; Inˌdustrial Revoˈlution; inˌdustrial triˈbunal
industrial|ism ɪnˈdʌs.tri.əl|.ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
industrialization, -isa- ɪnˌdʌs.tri.ə.laɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -lɪˈ- US -lɪˈ-
industrializ|e, -is|e ɪnˈdʌs.tri.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
industrious ɪnˈdʌs.tri.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
industr|y ˈɪn.də.str|i -ies -iz
industrywide ˌɪn.də.striˈwaɪd *stress shift:* ˌindustrywide ˈslump
indwel|l ˌɪnˈdwel, ˈ--- -ls -z -ling -ɪŋ -t -t
indweller ˈɪnˌdwel.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
-ine aɪn, iːn, ɪn
inebriate (*n, adj.*) ɪˈniː.bri.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt -s -s
inebri|ate (*v.*) ɪˈniː.bri|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
inebriation ɪˌniː.briˈeɪ.ʃən
inebriety ˌɪn.iːˈbraɪ.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
inedible ɪˈned.ɪ.bəl, ˌɪnˈed-, ˈ-ə- US ˌɪnˈed-, ɪˈned-
inedited ɪˈned.ɪ.tɪd, ˌɪnˈed-, ˈ-ə- US ˌɪnˈed.ɪ.t̬ɪd, ɪˈned-, ˈ-ə-
ineducable ɪˈned.jə.kə.bəl, ˌɪnˈed-, -ˈedʒ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- US ˌɪnˈedʒ.ʊ-, ɪˈnedʒ-, ˈ-ə-
ineffab|le ɪˈnef.ə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈef- US ˌɪnˈef-, ɪˈnef- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
ineffaceab|le ˌɪn.ɪˈfeɪ.sə.b|əl, -efˈeɪ-, -əˈfeɪ- -ly -li
ineffective ˌɪn.ɪˈfek.tɪv, -əˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ineffectual ˌɪn.ɪˈfek.tʃu.əl, -əˈ-, -tju- US -tʃu- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
inefficacious ˌɪn.ef.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃəs, ɪˌnef- -ly -li
inefficacy ɪˈnef.ɪ.kə.si, ˌɪnˈef- US ˌɪnˈef-, ɪˈnef-
inefficiency ˌɪn.ɪˈfɪʃ.ənt.si, -əˈ-
inefficient ˌɪn.ɪˈfɪʃ.ənt, -əˈ- -ly -li
inelastic ˌɪn.ɪˈlæs.tɪk, -əˈ-, -ˈlɑː.stɪk US -iːˈlæs-, -ɪˈ-
inelasticity ˌɪn.ɪ.læsˈtɪs.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ˌiː.læsˈ-, -lɑːˈstɪs-, -ɪ.ti US -iː.læsˈtɪs.ə.t̬i, ˌ-ɪ-
inelegance ɪˈnel.ɪ.gənts, ˌɪnˈel-, ˈ-ə- US ˌɪnˈel-, ɪˈnel-
inelegant ɪˈnel.ɪ.gənt, ˌɪnˈel-, ˈ-ə- US ˌɪnˈel-, ɪˈnel- -ly -li
ineligibility ɪˌnel.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn.el-, -dʒɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti US ˌɪn.el.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ɪˌnel-, -dʒɪˈ-
ineligib|le ɪˈnel.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈel-, -dʒɪ- US ˌɪnˈel-, ɪˈnel- -ly -li
ineluctab|le ˌɪn.ɪˈlʌk.tə.b|əl, -əˈ- -ly -li
inept ɪˈnept, ˌɪnˈept US ˌɪnˈept, ɪˈnept -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ineptitude ɪˈnep.tɪ.tjuːd, ˌɪnˈep-, -tə- US ˌɪnˈep.tɪ.tuːd, ɪˈnep-, -tə-, -tjuːd
inequab|le ɪˈnek.wə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈek- US ˌɪnˈek-, ɪˈnek- -ly -li
inequalit|y ˌɪn.ɪˈkwɒl.ə.t|i, -iːˈ-, -əˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -ˈkwɑː.lə.t̬|i -ies -iz
inequitab|le ɪˈnek.wɪ.tə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈek- US ˌɪnˈek.wə.t̬ə-, ɪˈnek- -ly -li
inequit|y ɪˈnek.wə.t|i, ˌɪnˈek-, -wɪ- US ˌɪnˈek.wə.t̬|i, ɪˈnek- -ies -iz
ineradicab|le ˌɪn.ɪˈræd.ɪ.kə.b|əl, -əˈ- -ly -li
inert ɪˈnɜːt US ˌɪnˈɝːt, ɪˈnɝːt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
inertia ɪˈnɜː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə US ˌɪnˈɝː-, ɪˈnɝː-
inescapab|le ˌɪn.ɪˈskeɪ.pə.b|əl, -əˈ- -ly -li
inessential ˌɪn.ɪˈsen.tʃəl, -əˈ-
inessive ɪˈnes.ɪv, ˌɪnˈes- US ˌɪnˈes-, ɪˈnes-
inestimab|le ɪˈnes.tɪ.mə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈes-, -tə- US ˌɪnˈes-, ɪˈnes- -ly -li
inevitability ɪˌnev.ɪ.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪnˌev-, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti US ˌɪnˌev.ɪ.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ɪˌnev-, ˌ-ə-
inevitab|le ɪˈnev.ɪ.tə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈev-, ˈ-ə- US ˌɪnˈev.ɪ.t̬ə-, ɪˈnev-, ˈ-ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
inexact ˌɪn.ɪgˈzækt, -egˈ-; -ɪkˈsækt, -ekˈ- US -ɪgˈzækt, -egˈ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
inexactitude ˌɪn.ɪgˈzæk.tɪ.tjuːd,

-egˈ-, -tə-; -ɪkˈsæk-, -ekˈ- (US) -ɪgˈzæk.tə.tuːd, -egˈ- **-s** -z

inexcusab|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈskjuː.zə.b|əl, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inexhaustibility ˌɪn.ɪgˌzɔː.stəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -egˌ-, -stɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti; -ɪkˌsɔː-, -ekˌ- (US) -ɪgˌzɑː.stəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -egˌ-, -ˌzɔː-

inexhaustib|le ˌɪn.ɪgˈzɔː.stə.b|əl, -egˈ-, -stɪ-; -ɪkˈsɔː-, -ekˈ- (US) -ɪgˈzɑː.stə-, -egˈ-, -ˈzɔː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inexisten|t ˌɪn.ɪgˈzɪs.tən|t, -ekˈ-; -ɪkˈsɪs-, -ekˈ- (US) -ɪgˈzɪs-, -egˈ- **-ce** -*t*s

inexorability ɪˌnek.sər.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪnˌek-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪnˌek.sɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ɪˌnek-

inexorab|le ɪˈnek.sər.ə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈek- (US) ˌɪnˈek-, ɪˈnek- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inexpedien|ce ˌɪn.ɪkˈspiː.di.ən|*t*s, -ekˈ- **-cy** -si

inexpedient ˌɪn.ɪkˈspiː.di.ənt, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li

inexpensive ˌɪn.ɪkˈspen*t*.sɪv, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inexperience ˌɪn.ɪkˈspɪə.ri.ən*t*s, -ekˈ- (US) -ˈspɪr.i- **-d** -t

inexpert ɪˈnek.spɜːt, ˌɪnˈek- (US) ˌɪnˈek.spɝːt, ɪˈnek-; ˌɪn.ɪkˈspɝːt, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inexpiab|le ɪˈnek.spi.ə.b|əl, ˌɪnˈek- (US) ˌɪnˈek-, ɪˈnek- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inexplicability ˌɪn.ɪkˌsplɪk.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ekˌ-, -ɪ.ti; ɪnˌek.splɪk.əˈ-, ˌɪn- (US) ɪˌnek.splɪ.kəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪn.ek-

inexplicab|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈsplɪk.ə.b|əl, -ekˈ-; ɪˈnek.splɪ.kə-, ˌɪnˈek-, -splə- (US) ˌɪnˈek.splɪ.kə-, ɪˈnek-, -splə-; ˌɪn.ɪkˈsplɪk.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inexplicit ˌɪn.ɪkˈsplɪs.ɪt, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inexplorable ˌɪn.ɪkˈsplɔː.rə.bəl, -ekˈ- (US) -ˈsplɔːr.ə-

inexpressib|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈspres.ə.b|əl, -ekˈ-, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li

inexpressive ˌɪn.ɪkˈspres.ɪv, -ekˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inexpugnab|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈspʌg.nə.b|əl, -ekˈ- (US) -ˈspʌg-, -ˈspjuː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inextensible ˌɪn.ɪkˈsten*t*.sə.bəl, -ekˈ-, -sɪ-

inextinguishab|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈstɪŋ.gwɪ.ʃə.b|əl, -ekˈ-, -wɪ- **-ly** -li

in extremis ˌɪn.ɪkˈstriː.mɪs (US) -ɪkˈ-, -ekˈ-

inextricab|le ˌɪn.ɪkˈstrɪk.ə.b|əl, -ekˈ-; ɪˈnek.strɪ.kə-, ˌɪnˈek- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

Inez ˈiː.nez, ˈaɪ- (US) iːˈnez, ɪ-, aɪ-, ˈiː.nez, ˈaɪ-, -nes

infallibility ɪnˌfæl.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

infallib|le ɪnˈfæl.ə.b|əl, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li

infamous ˈɪn.fə.məs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

infam|y ˈɪn.fə.m|i **-ies** -iz

infanc|y ˈɪn.fən*t*.s|i **-ies** -iz

infant ˈɪn.fənt **-s** -s ˈ**infant** ˌ**school**; ˌ**infant mor**ˈ**tality** ˌ**rate**

infanta ɪnˈfæn.tə (US) -t̬ə, -ˈfɑːn- **-s** -z

infante ɪnˈfæn.ti (US) -teɪ, -ˈfɑːn- **-s** -z

infanticide ɪnˈfæn.tɪ.saɪd, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- **-s** -z

infant|ile ˈɪn.fən.t|aɪl (US) -t|aɪl, -t|ɪl **-ine** -aɪn ˌ**infantile pa**ˈ**ralysis**

infantilism ɪnˈfæn.tɪ.lɪ.zəm, -tə- (US) ˈɪn.fən.t̬ə-, -taɪ-; ɪnˈfæn.t̬ə-

infantry ˈɪn.fən.tri **-man** -mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men

infarct ˈɪn.fɑːkt, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.fɑːrkt, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -s

infarction ɪnˈfɑːk.ʃən (US) -ˈfɑːrk- **-s** -z

infatu|ate ɪnˈfæt.ju|.eɪt, -ˈfætʃ.u- (US) -ˈfætʃ.u- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

infatuation ɪnˌfæt.juˈeɪ.ʃən, -ˌfætʃ.uˈ- (US) -ˌfætʃ.uˈ- **-s** -z

infect ɪnˈfekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

infection ɪnˈfek.ʃən **-s** -z

infectious ɪnˈfek.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

infecundity ˌɪn.fɪˈkʌn.də.ti, -fiːˈ-, -fekˈʌn-, -dɪ- (US) -fiːˈkʌn.də.t̬i, -fɪˈ-

infelicitous ˌɪn.fəˈlɪs.ɪ.təs, -fɪˈ-, -felˈɪs-, ˈ-ə- (US) -fəˈlɪs.ə.t̬əs **-ly** -li

infelicit|y ˌɪn.fəˈlɪs.ə.t|i, -fɪˈ-, -felˈɪs-, -ɪ- (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

infer ɪnˈfɜːʳ (US) -ˈfɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **-able** -ə.bəl

inferenc|e ˈɪn.fər.ən*t*s, ˈ-frən*t*s **-es** -ɪz

inferential ˌɪn.fərˈen.*t*ʃəl (US) -fəˈren- **-ly** -i

inferior ɪnˈfɪə.ri.əʳ, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈfɪr.i.ɚ **-s** -z

inferiority ɪnˌfɪə.riˈɒr.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌfɪr.iˈɔːr.ə.t̬i **inferi**ˈ**ority** ˌ**complex**

infernal ɪnˈfɜː.nəl (US) -ˈfɝː- **-ly** -i

inferno (I) ɪnˈfɜː.nəʊ (US) -ˈfɝː.noʊ **-s** -z

infertile ɪnˈfɜː.taɪl, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈfɝː.t̬əl

infertility ˌɪn.fəˈtɪl.ə.ti, -fɜːˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -fɚˈtɪl.ə.t̬i

infest ɪnˈfest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

infestation ˌɪn.fesˈteɪ.ʃən **-s** -z

infibu|late ɪnˈfɪb.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

infibulation ɪnˌfɪb.jəˈleɪ.ʃən, -jʊˈ-

infidel ˈɪn.fɪ.dəl, -fə-, -del (US) -fə.del, -dəl **-s** -z

infidelit|y ˌɪn.fɪˈdel.ə.t|i, -fəˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -fəˈdel.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

infield ˈɪn.fiːld **-s** -z

infielder ˈɪnˌfiːl.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z

infighting ˈɪnˌfaɪ.tɪŋ

infill ˈɪn.fɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

infilling ˈɪnˌfɪl.ɪŋ

infil|trate ˈɪn.fɪl|.treɪt, -fəl- (US) ɪnˈfɪl|.treɪt, ˈɪn.fɪl- **-trates** -treɪts **-trating** -treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-trated** -treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd **-trator/s** -treɪ.təʳ/z (US) -treɪ.t̬ɚ/z

infiltration ˌɪn.fɪlˈtreɪ.ʃən, -fəlˈ- **-s** -z

in fine ˌɪnˈfaɪ.ni, -ˈfiː-, -neɪ

infinite *in non-technical sense:* ˈɪn.fɪ.nət, -fən.ət, -ɪt *in church music:* ˈɪn.fɪ.naɪt, -faɪ- (US) ˈɪn.fə.nɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *in grammar:* ˌɪnˈfaɪ.naɪt *in mathematics:* ˈɪn.fɪ.nət, -fən.ət, -ɪt, -ˌfaɪ.naɪt

infinitesimal ˌɪn.fɪ.nɪˈtes.ɪ.məl, -fən.ɪˈ-, -əˈ-, -əm.əl (US) -ˈtes-, -ˈtez- **-ly** -i

infinitival ɪnˌfɪn.ɪˈtaɪ.vəl, -əˈ-; ˌɪn.fɪ.nɪˈ-, -nəˈ- (US) ɪnˌfɪn.ɪˈtaɪ-

infinitive ɪnˈfɪn.ə.tɪv, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li

infinitude ɪnˈfɪn.ɪ.tjuːd, ˈ-ə- (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z

infinit|y ɪnˈfɪn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

infirm ɪnˈfɜːm, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈfɝːm **-ly** -li

infirmar|y ɪnˈfɜː.mər|.i (US) -ˈfɝː- **-ies** -iz

infirmit|y ɪnˈfɜː.mə.t|i, -mɪ- (US) -ˈfɝː.mə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

infix (*n.*) ˈɪn.fɪks **-es** -ɪz

infix (*v.*) ˈɪn.fɪks, ˌ-ˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

in flagrante delicto ɪn.fləˌgræn.teɪ.dɪˈlɪk.təʊ, -ti-, -dəˈ-, -diːˈ-, -deɪˈ- (US) -ˌgrɑːn.teɪ.dɪˈlɪk.toʊ, -ˌgræn-, -ti-, -dəˈ-, -diːˈ-, -deɪˈ-

inflam|e ɪnˈfleɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

inflammability ɪnˌflæm.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inflammable ɪnˈflæm.ə.bəl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inflammation ˌɪn.fləˈmeɪ.ʃən **-s** -z

inflammatory ɪnˈflæm.ə.tər.i (US) -tɔːr-

inflatable ɪnˈfleɪ.tə.bəl (US) -t̬ə- **-s** -z

in|flate ɪnˈ|fleɪt **-flates** -ˈfleɪts **-flating** -ˈfleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-flated** -ˈfleɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈfleɪ.t̬ɪd **-flator/s** -ˈfleɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ˈfleɪ.t̬ɚ/z

inflation ɪnˈfleɪ.ʃən **-s** -z **-ary** -ər.i

inflationism ɪnˈfleɪ.ʃən.ɪ.zəm

inflect ɪnˈflekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

inflection ɪnˈflek.ʃən **-s** -z

inflectional ɪnˈflek.ʃən.əl

inflective ɪnˈflek.tɪv

inflexibility ɪnˌflek.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -sɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inflexib|le ɪnˈflek.sə.b|əl, -sɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

inflexion ɪnˈflek.ʃən **-s** -z

inflexional ɪnˈflek.ʃən.əl

inflict ɪnˈflɪkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

infliction ɪnˈflɪk.ʃən **-s** -z

in-flight ˌɪnˈflaɪt (US) ˈ--, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌin-flight ˈservice

inflorescence ˌɪn.flɔːˈres.ən*t*s, -flɒrˈes-, -fləˈres- (US) -fləˈres-, -flɔː-, -floʊ-

inflow ˈɪn.fləʊ (US) -floʊ **-s** -z

influenc|e ˈɪn.flu.ən*t*s, -fluən*t*s (US) -flu.ən*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

influent ˈɪn.flu.ənt, -fluənt (US) -flu.ənt **-s** -s

influential ˌɪn.fluˈen.*t*ʃəl **-ly** -i

influenza ˌɪn.fluˈen.zə
influx ˈɪn.flʌks **-es** -ɪz
influxion ɪnˈflʌk.ʃᵊn
info ˈɪn.fəʊ US -foʊ
infomercial ˌɪn.fəʊˈmɜː.ʃᵊl US ˈɪn.foʊ.mɝː- **-s** -z
inform ɪnˈfɔːm US -ˈfɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **inˌformed oˈpinion**
informal ɪnˈfɔː.mᵊl, ˌɪn- US -ˈfɔːr- **-ly** -i
informalit|y ˌɪn.fɔːˈmæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -fɔːrˈmæl.ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
informant ɪnˈfɔː.mənt US -ˈfɔːr- **-s** -s
in forma pauperis ɪnˌfɔː.məˈpaʊ.pᵊr.ɪs US ɪnˌfɔːr.məˈpɑː.pɚ-, -ˈpɔː-
informatics ˌɪn.fəˈmæt.ɪks, -fɔːˈ- US -fɚˈmæţ-
information ˌɪn.fəˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn, -fɔːˈ- US -fɚˈ- **-s** -z **inforˌmation techˈnology** US **inforˌmation techˈnology, inforˈmation techˌnology**
informa|tive ɪnˈfɔː.mə|.tɪv US -ˈfɔːr.mə|.ţɪv **-tory** -tᵊr.i US -tɔːr.i
informer ɪnˈfɔː.məʳ US -ˈfɔːr.mɚ **-s** -z
infotainment ˌɪn.fəʊˈteɪn.mənt US ˈɪn.foʊ.teɪn-, ˌɪn.foʊˈteɪn-
infra ˈɪn.frə ˌ**infra ˈdig**
infract ɪnˈfrækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
infraction ɪnˈfræk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
infralapsarian ˌɪn.frə.læpˈseə.ri.ən US -ˈser.i- **-s** -z
infrangibility ɪnˌfræn.dʒɪˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -dʒəˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ţi
infrangib|le ɪnˈfræn.dʒɪ.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, -dʒə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
infrared ˌɪn.frəˈred *stress shift:* ˌ**infrared ˈcamera**
infrastructure ˈɪn.frəˌstrʌk.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ **-s** -z
infrequency ɪnˈfriː.kwənt.si, ˌɪn-
infrequent ɪnˈfriː.kwənt, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
infring|e ɪnˈfrɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
infringement ɪnˈfrɪndʒ.mənt **-s** -s
infuri|ate ɪnˈfjʊə.ri|.eɪt, -ˈfjɔː- US -ˈfjʊr.i- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li US -eɪ.ţɪŋ/li **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.ţɪd
infus|e ɪnˈfjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
infusible *capable of being infused:* ɪnˈfjuː.zə.bᵊl, -zɪ- *not fusible:* ɪnˈfjuː.zə.bᵊl, ˌɪn-, -zɪ-
infusion ɪnˈfjuː.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
infusori|an ˌɪn.fjʊˈzɔː.ri|.ən, -ˈsɔː- US -ˈsɔːr.i- **-al** -əl
infusory ɪnˈfjuː.zᵊr.i, -sᵊr- US -sɚ-, -zɚ-
in futuro ˌɪn.fjuːˈtjʊə.rəʊ US -ˈtʊr.oʊ, -ˈtjʊr-
-ing ɪŋ
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **shopping** /ˈʃɒp.ɪŋ US ˈʃɑː.pɪŋ/.
Inga ˈɪŋ.ə, -gə US -gə
Ingall ˈɪŋ.gɔːl US -gəl
Ingalls ˈɪŋ.gɔːlz US -gəlz
Ingatestone ˈɪn.gət.stəʊn, ˈɪŋ- US -stoʊn
ingathering ˈɪnˌgæð.ᵊr.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Inge *surname:* ɪŋ, ɪndʒ
Note: The American playwright is pronounced /ɪndʒ/. *girl's name:* ˈɪŋ.ə, -gə US -gə
Ingelow ˈɪn.dʒɪ.ləʊ US -loʊ
in genere ˌɪnˈdʒen.ᵊr.eɪ US -ɚ.i
ingenious ɪnˈdʒiː.ni.əs, ˌɪn- US ˈ-njəs, -ni.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ingénue, ingenue ˈæ̃n.ʒeɪ.njuː, ˈæn-, -ʒə-, -ʒen.juː, ˌ--ˈ- US ˈæn.ʒə.nuː, ˈɑːn-, -dʒə-, -njuː **-s** -z
ingenuit|y ˌɪn.dʒɪˈnjuː.ə.t|i, -dʒəˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
ingenuous ɪnˈdʒen.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ingersoll® ˈɪŋ.gə.sɒl US -gɚ.sɑːl, -sɔːl **-s** -z
ingest ɪnˈdʒest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ible** -ə.bᵊl, -ɪ-
inges|tion ɪnˈdʒes|.tʃᵊn **-tive** -tɪv
Ingham ˈɪŋ.əm
ingle (I) ˈɪŋ.gᵊl **-s** -z
Ingleborough ˈɪŋ.gᵊl.bᵊr.ə US -oʊ
Ingleby ˈɪŋ.gᵊl.bi
inglenook ˈɪŋ.gᵊl.nʊk **-s** -s
Inglewood ˈɪŋ.gᵊl.wʊd
Inglis ˈɪŋ.gᵊlz, -glɪs
inglorious ɪnˈglɔː.ri.əs, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- US -ˈglɔːr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ingmar ˈɪŋ.mɑːʳ US -mɑːr
ingoing ˈɪnˌgəʊ.ɪŋ, ˈɪŋ- US ˈɪnˌgoʊ-
Ingold ˈɪŋ.gəʊld US -goʊld
Ingoldsby ˈɪn.gᵊldz.bi
ingot ˈɪŋ.gət, -gɒt US -gət **-s** -s
Ingraham ˈɪŋ.grə.həm, -grɪəm US ˈɪŋ.grəm
ingrain ɪnˈgreɪn, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- US ɪn-, ˌɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌ**ingrained ˈhabits**
Ingram ˈɪŋ.grəm
Ingrams ˈɪŋ.grəmz
ingrate ˈɪn.greɪt, ˈɪŋ-, -ˈ- US ˈɪn.greɪt, -ˈ- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
ingrati|ate ɪnˈgreɪ.ʃi|.eɪt, ɪŋ- US ɪn- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.ţɪd
ingratitude ɪnˈgræt.ɪ.tjuːd, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-ə- US ɪnˈgræţ.ə.tuːd, ˌɪn-, -tjuːd
Ingrebourne ˈɪŋ.grɪ.bɔːn US -bɔːrn
ingredient ɪnˈgriː.di.ənt, ɪŋ- US ɪn- **-s** -s
Ingres ˈæŋ.grə, ˈæ̃ŋ- US ˈæŋ-, ˈæ̃ŋ-, ˈæn-
ingress ˈɪn.gres, ˈɪŋ- US ˈɪn-
ingressive ɪnˈgres.ɪv, ɪŋ- US ɪn-
Ingrey ˈɪŋ.gri
Ingrid ˈɪŋ.grɪd
in-group ˈɪn.gruːp, ˈɪŋ- US ˈɪn- **-s** -s
ingrow|ing ɪnˈgrəʊ|.ɪŋ, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ-, ˈ-ˌ-- US ˈɪn.groʊ- ˌ**ingrowing ˈtoenail**
ingrown ɪnˈgrəʊn, ˌɪn-, ɪŋ-, ˌɪŋ- US ˈɪn.groʊn *stress shift, British only:* ˌ**ingrown ˈtoenail**
ingrowth ˈɪn.grəʊθ, ˈɪŋ- US -groʊθ **-s** -s
inguinal ˈɪŋ.gwɪ.nᵊl, -gwə-
Ingushetia ˌɪŋ.gʊˈʃet.i.ə
inhab|it ɪnˈhæb|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.ţɪd **-iter/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z US -ɪ.ţɚ/z **-itable** -ɪ.tə.bᵊl US -ɪ.ţə.bᵊl
inhabitant ɪnˈhæb.ɪ.tᵊnt **-s** -s
inhabitation ɪnˌhæb.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn
inhalation ˌɪn.*h*əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
inhal|e ɪnˈheɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ant/s** -ənt/s **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
inharmonious ˌɪn.hɑːˈməʊ.ni.əs US -hɑːrˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
inher|e ɪnˈhɪəʳ US -ˈhɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
inheren|ce ɪnˈher.ᵊn*t*|s, -ˈhɪə.rᵊn*t*|s US -ˈhɪr.ᵊn*t*|s, -ˈher- **-cy** -si
inherent ɪnˈher.ᵊnt, -ˈhɪə.rᵊnt US -ˈhɪr.ᵊnt, -ˈher- **-ly** -li
inher|it ɪnˈher|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.ţɪd **-itor/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z US -ɪ.ţɚ/z **-itable** -ɪ.tə.bᵊl US -ɪ.ţə.bᵊl
inheritanc|e ɪnˈher.ɪ.tᵊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz
inheritrix ɪnˈher.ɪ.trɪks **-es** -ɪz
inhib|it ɪnˈhɪb|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.ţɪd **-itor/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z US -ɪ.ţɚ/z **-itory** -ɪ.tᵊr.i US -ɪ.tɔːr.i
inhibition ˌɪn.*h*ɪˈbɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
inhospitab|le ˌɪn.hɒsˈpɪt.ə.b|ᵊl; ɪnˈhɒs.pɪ.tə-, ˌɪn-, -pə- US ɪnˈhɑː.spɪ.ţə-, ˌɪn-; ˌɪn.hɑːˈspɪţ.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
inhospitality ɪnˌhɒs.pɪˈtæl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti US -ˌhɑː.spəˈtæl.ə.ţi
in-house ˌɪnˈhaʊs *stress shift:* ˌ**in-house proˈduction**
inhuman ɪnˈhjuː.mən, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li
inhumane ˌɪn.hjuːˈmeɪn, -hjʊˈ- **-ly** -li
inhumanit|y ˌɪn.hjuːˈmæn.ə.t|i, -hjʊˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
inhumation ˌɪn.hjuːˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn, -hjʊˈ- **-s** -z
inhum|e ɪnˈhjuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Inigo ˈɪn.ɪ.gəʊ US -goʊ
inimic|al ɪˈnɪm.ɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
inimitability ɪˌnɪm.ɪ.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti US -ţəˈbɪl.ə.ţi
inimitab|le ɪˈnɪm.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ə- US -ţə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
iniquitous ɪˈnɪk.wɪ.təs, -wə- US -ţəs **-ly** -li
iniquit|y ɪˈnɪk.wə.t|i, -wɪ- US -ţ|i **-ies** -iz
initial ɪˈnɪʃ.ᵊl **-s** -ᵊlz **-ly** -ᵊl.i, -li **-(l)ing** -ᵊl.ɪŋ, -lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -ᵊld
initialization, -isa- ɪˌnɪʃ.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- US -ɪˈ-
initializ|e, -is|e ɪˈnɪʃ.ᵊl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
initiate *(n.)* ɪˈnɪʃ.i.ət, -eɪt, -ɪt **-s** -s
initi|ate *(v.)* ɪˈnɪʃ.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.ţɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.ţɚ/z
initiation ɪˌnɪʃ.iˈeɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
initiative ɪˈnɪʃ.ə.tɪv, -i.ə- US -ţɪv **-s** -z

initiatory ɪˈnɪʃ.ə.tᵊr.i, -i.ə-, -eɪ- US -ə.tɔːr.i

initio ɪˈnɪʃ.i.əʊ, -ˈnɪt-, -ˈnɪs- US -oʊ

inject ɪnˈdʒekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl

injection ɪnˈdʒek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

injudicious ˌɪn.dʒuːˈdɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Injun ˈɪn.dʒən **-s** -z

injunction ɪnˈdʒʌŋ*k*.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

injurant ˈɪn.dʒʊ.rənt, -dʒə.rənt **-s** -s

inj|ure ˈɪn.dʒ|əʳ US -dʒ|ɚ **-ures** -əz US -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd US -ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z

injuria absque damno ɪnˌdʒʊə.ri.əˌæb.skweɪˈdæm.nəʊ US -ˌdʒʊr.i.əˌæb.skweɪˈdæm.noʊ

injurious ɪnˈdʒʊə.ri.əs, -ˈdʒɔː- US -ˈdʒʊr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

injur|y ˈɪn.dʒᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz ˈ**injury** ˌ**time**

injustic|e ɪnˈdʒʌs.tɪs, ˌɪn- **-es** -ɪz

ink ɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

Inkatha ɪnˈkɑː.tə, ɪŋˈ-

inkblot ˈɪŋk.blɒt US -blɑːt **-s** -s

Inkerman ˈɪŋ.kə.mən US -kɚ-

inkhorn ˈɪŋk.hɔːn US -hɔːrn **-s** -z

inkjet ˈɪŋk.dʒet **-s** -s

inkling ˈɪŋk.lɪŋ **-s** -z

Inkpen ˈɪŋk.pen

inkpot ˈɪŋk.pɒt US -pɑːt **-s** -s

ink-stain ˈɪŋk.steɪn **-s** -z

inkstand ˈɪŋk.stænd **-s** -z

inkwell ˈɪŋk.wel **-s** -z

ink|y ˈɪŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

INLA ˌaɪ.en.elˈeɪ

inlaid (*from* **inlay**) ɪnˈleɪd US ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌinlaid ˈgold

inland (*n, adj.*) ˈɪn.lənd, -lænd **-s** -z ˌ**Inland** ˈ**Revenue**

inland (*adv.*) ˈɪn.lænd, -ˈ-

inlander ˈɪn.lən.dəʳ US -dɚ, -læn- **-s** -z

in-law ˈɪn.lɔː US -lɑː, -lɔː **-s** -z

inlay (*n.*) ˈɪn.leɪ

in|lay (*v.*) ɪn|ˈleɪ, ˌɪn- US ɪn|ˈleɪ, ˌɪn-, ˈɪn|.leɪ **-lays** -ˈleɪz US -ˈleɪz, -leɪz **-laying** -ˈleɪ.ɪŋ US -ˈleɪ-, -ˌleɪ-

inlet ˈɪn.let, -lət, -lɪt **-s** -s

in loco parentis ɪnˌləʊ.kəʊ.pəˈren.tɪs, -ˌlɒk.əʊ- US -ˌloʊ.koʊ.pəˈren.t̬ɪs

inly ˈɪn.li

Inman ˈɪn.mən, ˈɪm- US ˈɪn-

inmate ˈɪn.meɪt, ˈɪm- US ˈɪn- **-s** -s

in medias res ɪnˌmiː.di.æsˈreɪs, ɪm-, -ˌmeɪ-, -ˌmed.i-, -ɑːsˈ-, -əsˈ-, -ˈreɪz US ɪnˌmiː.di.əsˈreɪs, -ˌmed.i-, -ˈreɪz

in memoriam ˌɪn.mɪˈmɔː.ri.əm, ˌɪm-, -məˈ-, -æm US ˌɪn.mɪˈmɔːr.i-, -məˈ-

inmost ˈɪn.məʊst, ˈɪm- US ˈɪn.moʊst

inn ɪn **-s** -z

innards ˈɪn.ədz US -ɚdz

innate ɪˈneɪt, ˌɪnˈeɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

innavigable *ɪn*ˈnæv.ɪ.gə.bᵊl, ˌɪnˈ*n*æv-, ˈ-ə-

inner ˈɪn.əʳ US -ɚ ˌ**inner** ˈ**city**; ˈ**inner** ˌ**tube**

inner-city ˈɪn.əˌsɪt.i US -ɚˌsɪt̬-

innermost ˈɪn.ə.məʊst US -ɚ.moʊst

inner|vate ˈɪn.ə|.veɪt; ɪˈnɜː-, ˌɪnˈɜː- US ɪˈnɝː-, ˌɪnˈɝː-; ˈɪn.ɚ- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd

innervation ˌɪn.əˈveɪ.ʃᵊn US -ɚˈ-

Innes(s) ˈɪn.ɪs

inning ˈɪn.ɪŋ **-s** -z **-ses** -zɪz

innings ˈɪn.ɪŋz **-es** -ɪz

Innisfail ˌɪn.ɪsˈfeɪl, -əsˈ-

Innisfree ˌɪn.ɪsˈfriː, -əsˈ-

innit ˈɪn.ɪt

innkeeper ˈɪnˌkiː.pəʳ, ˈɪŋ- US -pɚ **-s** -z

innocen|ce ˈɪn.ə.sᵊn*t*|s **-cy** -si

innocent (I) ˈɪn.ə.sᵊnt **-s** -s **-ly** -li

innocuous ɪˈnɒk.ju.əs US -ˈnɑːk- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

innominate ɪˈnɒm.ɪ.nət, ˈ-ə-, -nɪt, -neɪt US -ˈnɑːm.ə-

inno|vate ˈɪn.əʊ|.veɪt US ˈ-ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd **-vator/s** -veɪ.təʳ/z US -veɪ.t̬ɚ/z

innovation ˌɪn.əʊˈveɪ.ʃᵊn US -əˈ- **-s** -z

innovative ˈɪn.ə.və.tɪv, -veɪ-; ɪˈnəʊ.və.tɪv US ˈɪn.ə.veɪ.t̬ɪv

innovatory ˈɪn.əʊ.veɪ.tᵊr.i, -və- US ˈɪn.ə.və.tɔːr.i

innoxious ɪˈnɒk.ʃəs US -ˈnɑːk- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Innsbruck ˈɪnz.brʊk

Innsworth ˈɪnz.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, -wɝːθ

innuendo ˌɪn.juˈen.dəʊ US -doʊ **-(e)s** -z

Innuit ˈɪn.u.ɪt, -ju- US ˈ-u- **-s** -s

innumerability ɪˌnjuː.mᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪnˌjuː-, -ɪ.ti US ɪˌnuː.mɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɪnˌuː-, -ˌjuː-

innumerab|le ɪˈnjuː.mᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪnˈjuː- US ɪˈnuː-, ˌɪnˈuː-, -ˈjuː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

innumeracy ɪˈnjuː.mᵊr.ə.si, ˌɪnˈjuː- US ɪˈnuː-, ˌɪnˈuː-, -ˈjuː-

innumerate ɪˈnjuː.mᵊr.ət, ˌɪnˈjuː- US ɪˈnuː.mɚ-, ˌɪnˈuː-, -ˈjuː- **-s** -s

innutriti|on ˌɪn.*n*juːˈtrɪʃ|.ᵊn US -*n*uːˈ-, -*n*juːˈ- **-ous** -əs

inobservan|ce ˌɪn.əbˈzɜː.vᵊn|*t*s US -ˈzɝː- **-t** -t

inoccupation ɪˌnɒk.jʊˈpeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪnˌɒk- US ɪˌnɑː.kjəˈ-, ˌɪnˌɑː-

inocu|late ɪˈnɒk.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- US -ˈnɑː.kjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z

inoculation ɪˌnɒk.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- US -ˌnɑː.kjəˈ- **-s** -z

inodorous ɪˈnəʊ.dᵊr.əs, ˌɪnˈəʊ- US ˌɪnˈoʊ-, ɪˈnoʊ-

inoffensive ˌɪn.əˈfen*t*.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inofficious ˌɪn.əˈfɪʃ.əs

in omnibus ˌɪnˈɒm.nɪ.bəs, -bʊs US -ˈɑːm.nɪ-, -niː-

inoperable ɪˈnɒp.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl, ˌɪnˈɒp- US ˌɪnˈɑː.pɚ-, ɪˈnɑː-

inoperative ɪˈnɒp.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, ˌɪnˈɒp- US ˌɪnˈɑː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, ɪˈnɑː-

inopportune ɪˈnɒp.ə.tjuːn, ˌɪnˈɒp-, -tʃuːn; ˌɪn.ɒp.əˈtjuːn, -ˈtʃuːn US ˌɪnˌɑː.pɚˈtuːn, ɪˌnɑː-, -ˈtjuːn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inordinate ɪˈnɔː.dɪ.nət, ˌɪnˈɔː-, -dᵊn.ət, -ɪt US ˌɪnˈɔːr.dᵊn.ɪt, ɪˈnɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inorganic ˌɪn.ɔːˈgæn.ɪk US -ɔːrˈ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

inoscu|late ɪˈnɒs.kjə|.leɪt, -kjʊ- US -ˈnɑː.skjuː-, ˌɪnˈɑː- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd

inosculation ɪˌnɒs.kjəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn US -ˌnɑː.skjuːˈ-, ˌɪnˌɑː-

in pais ˌɪnˈpeɪs US ˌɪnˈpeɪ

in pari delicto ɪnˌpær.i.dɪˈlɪk.təʊ US -dəˈlɪk.toʊ, -ˌpɑːr-

in pari materia ɪnˌpær.i.məˈtɪə.ri.ə US -ˈtɪr.i.ə, -ˌpɑːr-

inpatient ˈɪnˌpeɪ.ʃᵊnt **-s** -s

in personam ˌɪn.pɜːˈsəʊ.næm, ˌɪm-, -pəˈ-, -nəm US ˌɪn.pɚˈsoʊ.næm

in praesenti ˌɪn.praɪˈsen.tiː US -prɪˈzen.tiː

in|put ˈɪn|.pʊt, ˈɪm- **-puts** -pʊts **-putting** -ˌpʊt.ɪŋ US -ˌpʊt̬.ɪŋ **-putted** -ˌpʊt.ɪd US -ˌpʊt̬.ɪd **-putter/s** -ˌpʊt.əʳ/z US -ˌpʊt̬.ɚ/z

input-output ˌɪn.pʊtˈaʊt.pʊt, ˌɪm-

inquest ˈɪŋ.kwest, ˈɪn- US ˈɪn- **-s** -s

inquietude ɪnˈkwaɪə.tjuːd, ɪŋ-, -ˈkwaɪ.ɪ- US ɪnˈkwaɪə.tuːd, -ˈkwaɪ.ɪ-, -tjuːd

inquiline ˈɪŋ.kwɪ.laɪn, ˈɪn- US ˈɪn.kwɪ.laɪn, -lɪn **-s** -z

inquir|e ɪnˈkwaɪəʳ, ɪŋ- US ɪnˈkwaɪr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

inquir|y ɪnˈkwaɪə.r|i, ɪŋ- US ɪnˈkwaɪ-; ˈɪn.kwɚ|.i **-ies** -iz

inquisition (I) ˌɪŋ.kwɪˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌɪn- US ˌɪn- **-s** -z

inquisitional ˌɪŋ.kwɪˈzɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˌɪn- US ˌɪn-

inquisitive ɪnˈkwɪz.ə.tɪv, ɪŋ-, ˈ-ɪ- US ɪnˈkwɪz.ə.t̬ɪv, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inquisitor ɪnˈkwɪz.ɪ.təʳ, ɪŋ- US ɪnˈkwɪz.ɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

inquisitorial ɪnˌkwɪz.ɪˈtɔː.ri.əl, ɪŋ-; ˌɪn.kwɪ.zɪˈ-, ˌɪŋ- US ɪnˌkwɪz.ɪˈtɔːr.i- **-ly** -i

inquorate ˌɪnˈkwɔː.reɪt, ˌɪŋ-, -rət, -rɪt US ɪnˈkwɔːr.eɪt, -ət, -ɪt

in re ˌɪnˈreɪ

in rem ˌɪnˈrem

inroad ˈɪn.rəʊd US -roʊd **-s** -z

inrush ˈɪn.rʌʃ **-es** -ɪz

INS ˌaɪ.enˈes

insalubr|ious ˌɪn.səˈluː.br|i.əs, -ˈljuː- US -ˈluː- **-ity** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

insane ɪnˈseɪn, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

insanitar|y ɪnˈsæn.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ə-, -tr|i US -ter|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -nɪs

insanity ɪn'sæn.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
insatiability ɪnˌseɪ.ʃə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ʃi.ə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
insatiab|le ɪn'seɪ.ʃə.b|ᵊl, -ʃi.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
insatiate ɪn'seɪ.ʃi.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt
nscape 'ɪn.skeɪp
nscrib|e ɪn'skraɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
nscription ɪn'skrɪp.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
nscrutability ɪnˌskruː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌskruː.ţə'bɪl.ə.ţi
nscrutab|le ɪn'skruː.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn- (US) -ţə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
nseam 'ɪn.siːm
nsect 'ɪn.sekt **-s** -s
nsectari|um ˌɪn.sek'teə.ri|.əm (US) -'ter.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
nsecticidal ɪnˌsek.tɪ'saɪ.dᵊl, -tə'- **-ly** -i
nsecticide ɪn'sek.tɪ.saɪd, -tə- **-s** -z
nsectivore ɪn'sek.tɪ.vɔːʳ, -tə- (US) -vɔːr **-s** -z
nsectivorous ˌɪn.sek'tɪv.ᵊr.əs
nsecure ˌɪn.sɪ'kjʊəʳ, -sə'-, -'kjɔːʳ (US) -'kjʊr **-ly** -li
nsecurit|y ˌɪn.sɪ'kjʊə.rə.t|i, -sə'-, -'kjɔː-, -rɪ- (US) -'kjʊr.ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
nsemi|nate ɪn'sem.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.ţɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.ţɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.ţɚ/z
nsemination ɪnˌsem.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪn-, -ə'-
nsensate ɪn'sent.seɪt, ˌɪn-, -sət, -sɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nsensibility ɪnˌsent.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
nsensib|le ɪn'sent.sə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, -sɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
nsensitive ɪn'sent.sə.tɪv, ˌɪn-, -sɪ- (US) -ţɪv **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nsensitivity ɪnˌsent.sə'tɪv.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
nsentien|t ˌɪn'sen.tʃᵊn|t, -tʃi.ən|t **-ce** -ts
nseparability ɪnˌsep.ᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, ˌ-rə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
nseparab|le ɪn'sep.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, '-rə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
nsert (*n.*) 'ɪn.sɜːt (US) -sɝːt **-s** -s
n|sert (*v.*) ɪn|'sɜːt (US) -'sɝːt **-serts** -'sɜːts (US) -'sɝːts **-serting** -'sɜː.tɪŋ (US) -'sɝː.ţɪŋ **-serted** -'sɜː.tɪd (US) -'sɝː.ţɪd
nsertion ɪn'sɜː.ʃᵊn (US) -'sɝː- **-s** -z
n-service ˌɪn'sɜː.vɪs (US) 'ɪnˌsɝː- *stress shift, British only:* ˌin-service 'training
nset (*n.*) 'ɪn.set **-s** -s
nse|t (*v.*) ˌɪn'se|t (US) ɪn'se|t, '-- **-ts** -ts **-tting** -tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ
nseverable ɪn'sev.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl, ˌɪn-
nshore ˌɪn'ʃɔːʳ (US) -'ʃɔːr *stress shift:* ˌinshore 'rescue
nside ˌɪn'saɪd, '-- **-s** -z ˌinside 'job (US) 'inside ˌjob; ˌinside 'out
nsider ɪn'saɪ.dəʳ, ˌɪn- (US) 'ɪnˌsaɪ.dɚ, '--- **-s** -z inˌsider 'dealing (US) ˌinsider 'dealing; inˌsider 'trading (US) ˌinsider 'trading
insidious ɪn'sɪd.i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
insight 'ɪn.saɪt **-s** -s
insightful 'ɪn.saɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'ɪn.saɪt.fᵊl, -'-- **-ly** -li
insignia ɪn'sɪg.ni.ə **-s** -z
insignifican|ce ˌɪn.sɪg'nɪf.ɪ.kᵊnt|s **-cy** -si
insignificant ˌɪn.sɪg'nɪf.ɪ.kᵊnt **-ly** -li
insincere ˌɪn.sɪn'sɪəʳ, -sᵊn'- (US) -'sɪr **-ly** -li
insincerit|y ˌɪn.sɪn'ser.ə.t|i, -sᵊn'-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
insinu|ate ɪn'sɪn.ju|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.ţɪŋ/li **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ţɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.ţɚ/z
insinuation ɪnˌsɪn.ju'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪn- **-s** -z
insipid ɪn'sɪp.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
insipidity ˌɪn.sɪ'pɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ɪ.ţi
insipien|ce ɪn'sɪp.i.ən|ts **-t** -t
insist ɪn'sɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
insisten|ce ɪn'sɪs.tᵊnt|s **-cy** -si
insistent ɪn'sɪs.tᵊnt **-ly** -li
in situ ˌɪn'sɪt.juː, -'sɪtʃ.uː, -'saɪ.tjuː, -tʃuː (US) -'saɪ.tuː, -'siː-, -'sɪt.uː, -juː
Inskip 'ɪn.skɪp
insobriety ˌɪn.səʊ'braɪ.ə.ti, -'braɪ.ɪ- (US) -soʊ'braɪ.ə.ţi
insofar ˌɪn.səʊ'fɑːʳ (US) -soʊ'fɑːr
insolation ˌɪn.səʊ'leɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -soʊ'-
insole 'ɪn.səʊl (US) -soʊl **-s** -z
insolence 'ɪnt.sᵊl.ənts
insolent 'ɪnt.sᵊl.ənt **-ly** -li
insolubility ɪnˌsɒl.jə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌsɑːl.jə'bɪl.ə.ţi
insolub|le ɪn'sɒl.jə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, -jʊ- (US) -'sɑːl.jə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
insolvable ɪn'sɒl.və.bᵊl, ˌɪn- (US) -'sɑːl-
insolven|cy ɪn'sɒl.vᵊn|t.si, ˌɪn- (US) -'sɑːl- **-t** -t
insomnia ɪn'sɒm.ni.ə (US) -'sɑːm-
insomniac ɪn'sɒm.ni.æk (US) -'sɑːm- **-s** -s
insomuch ˌɪn.səʊ'mʌtʃ (US) -soʊ'-
insouciance ɪn'suː.si.ənts (US) -si.ənts, -ʃənts
insouciant ɪn'suː.si.ənt (US) -si.ənt, -ʃənt **-ly** -li
inspecie ˌɪn'spes.i.eɪ (US) ˌɪn'spiː.ʃi, -si
inspect ɪn'spekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
inspection ɪn'spek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
inspector ɪn'spek.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
inspectorate ɪn'spek.tᵊr.ət, -ɪt **-s** -s
inspectorship ɪn'spek.tə.ʃɪp (US) -tɚ- **-s** -s
inspiration ˌɪnt.spᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -spɪ'reɪ- (US) -spə'reɪ- **-s** -z
inspirational ˌɪnt.spᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn.əl, -spɪ'reɪ- (US) -spə'reɪ- **-ly** -i
inspirator 'ɪnt.spᵊr.eɪ.təʳ, -spɪ.reɪ- (US) -spə.reɪ.ţɚ **-s** -z
inspiratory ɪn'spaɪə.rə.tᵊr.i, -'spɪr.ə- (US) -'spaɪ.rə.tɔːr-
inspir|e ɪn'spaɪəʳ (US) -'spaɪr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
inspir|it ɪn'spɪr|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.ţɪd
inspiss|ate ɪn'spɪs|.eɪt; 'ɪn.spɪ.s|eɪt (US) ɪn'spɪs|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ţɪd
inst. (*abbrev. for* **instant**) ɪntst, 'ɪnt.stᵊnt
inst. **(I)** (*abbrev. for* **institute**) ɪntst, 'ɪnt.stɪ.tjuːt, -stə-, -tʃuːt (US) -tuːt, -tjuːt
instabilit|y ˌɪn.stə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
instal ɪn'stɔːl (US) -'stɔːl, -'stɑːl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
install ɪn'stɔːl (US) -'stɔːl, -'stɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
installation ˌɪn.stə'leɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
installer ɪn'stɔː.ləʳ (US) -'stɔː.lɚ, -'stɑː- **-s** -z
instal(l)ment ɪn'stɔːl.mənt (US) -'stɔːl-, -'stɑːl- **-s** -s in'stallment ˌplan
instanc|e 'ɪnt.stənts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
instant 'ɪnt.stənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
instantaneous ˌɪnt.stən'teɪ.ni.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
instanter ɪn'stæn.təʳ (US) -ţɚ
in statu quo ɪnˌstæt.juː'kwəʊ (US) -ˌsteɪ.tuː'kwoʊ, -ˌstɑː-
instead ɪn'sted
instep 'ɪn.step **-s** -s
insti|gate 'ɪnt.stɪ|.geɪt, -stə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.ţɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.ţɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.ţɚ/z
instigation ˌɪnt.stɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -stə'- **-s** -z
instil ɪn'stɪl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-ment** -mənt
instill ɪn'stɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt
instillation ˌɪnt.stɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -stə'-
instinct 'ɪnt.stɪŋkt **-s** -s
instinctive ɪn'stɪŋk.tɪv **-ly** -li
institu|te 'ɪnt.stɪ.tjuː|t, -stə-, -tʃuː|t (US) -tuː|t, -tjuː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -ţɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -ţɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z (US) -ţɚ/z
institution ˌɪnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) -'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-s** -z
institutional ˌɪnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) -'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-ly** -li
institutionalization, -isa- ˌɪnt.stɪˌtjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -stəˌ-, -ˌtʃuː-, -ɪ'- (US) -ˌtuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.ɪ'-, -ˌtjuː-
institutionaliz|e, -is|e ˌɪnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn.ə.laɪz, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- (US) -'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
in-store ˌɪn'stɔːʳ (US) -'stɔːr *stress shift:* ˌin-store 'restaurant
instress ˌɪn'stres
instruct ɪn'strʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
instruction ɪn'strʌk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
instructional ɪn'strʌk.ʃᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
instructive ɪn'strʌk.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
instructor ɪn'strʌk.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
instrument 'ɪnt.strə.mənt, -strʊ-

US -strə- -s -s
instrumental ˌɪnt.strə'men.təl, -strʊ'- US -strə'men.t̬əl -s -z -ly -i -ist/s -ɪst/s
instrumentality ˌɪnt.strə.men'tæl.ə.ti, -strʊ-, -mən'-, -ɪ.ti US -strə.men'tæl.ə.t̬i, -mən'-
instrumentation ˌɪnt.strə.men'teɪ.ʃən, -strʊ-, -mən'- US -strə-
insubordinate ˌɪn.sə'bɔː.dən.ət, -dɪ.nət, -nɪt US -'bɔːr.dən.ɪt -s -s
insubordination ˌɪn.səˌbɔː.dɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -də'- US -ˌbɔːr-
insubstantial ˌɪn.səb'stæn.tʃəl, -'stɑːn- US -'stæn- -ly -i
insufferab|le ɪn'sʌf.ər.ə.b|əl -ly -li
insufficien|ce ˌɪn.sə'fɪʃ.ənt|s -cy -si
insufficient ˌɪn.sə'fɪʃ.ənt -ly -li
insular 'ɪnt.sjə.lər, -sjʊ- US -sə.lɚ, -sjə- -ly -li -ism -ɪ.zəm
insularity ˌɪnt.sjə'lær.ə.ti, -sjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti US -sə'ler.ə.t̬i, -sjə'-, -'lær-
insu|late 'ɪnt.sjə|.leɪt, -sjʊ- US -sə-, -sjə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.tər/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z 'insulating ˌtape
insulation ˌɪnt.sjə'leɪ.ʃən, -sjʊ'- US -sə'-, -sjə'-
insulin 'ɪnt.sjə.lɪn, -sjʊ- US -sə-
insult (*n.*) 'ɪn.sʌlt -s -s add ˌinsult to 'injury
in|sult (*v.*) ɪn|'sʌlt -sults -'sʌlts -sulting/ly -'sʌl.tɪŋ/li US -'sʌl.t̬ɪŋ/li -sulted -'sʌl.tɪd US -'sʌl.t̬ɪd -sulter/s -'sʌl.tər/z US -'sʌl.t̬ɚ/z
insuperability ɪnˌsuː.pər.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.ti US -ˌsuː.pɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
insuperab|le ɪn'suː.pər.ə.b|əl, ˌɪn-, -'sjuː- US -'suː- -ly -li
insupportab|le ˌɪn.sə'pɔː.tə.b|əl US -'pɔːr.t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
insuppressib|le ˌɪn.sə'pres.ə.b|əl, '-ɪ- -ly -li
insuranc|e ɪn'ʃʊə.rənts, -'ʃɔː- US -'ʃʊr.ənts -es -ɪz in'surance ˌbroker; in'surance ˌpolicy
insur|e ɪn'ʃʊər, -ʃɔːr US -'ʃʊr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z -able -ə.bəl
insurgen|ce ɪn'sɜː.dʒənt|s US -'sɝː- -cy -si
insurgent ɪn'sɜː.dʒənt US -'sɝː- -s -s
insurmountability ˌɪn.səˌmaʊn.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -sɚˌmaʊn.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
insurmountab|le ˌɪn.sə'maʊn.tə.b|əl US -sɚ'maʊn.t̬ə- -ly -li
insurrection ˌɪn.sər'ek.ʃən US -sə'rek- -s -z
insurrectional ˌɪn.sər'ek.ʃən.əl US -sə'rek-
insurrectionar|y ˌɪn.sər'ek.ʃən.ər|.i US -sə'rek.ʃən.er- -ies -iz
insurrection|ism ˌɪn.sər'ek.ʃən|.ɪ.zəm US -sə'rek- -ist/s -ɪst/s
insusceptibility ˌɪn.səˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
insusceptib|le ˌɪn.sə'sep.tə.b|əl, -tɪ- -ly -li
intact ɪn'tækt, ˌɪn- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
intaglio ɪn'tɑː.li.əʊ, -'tæl.i- US -'tæl.joʊ, -'tɑːl- -s -z
intake 'ɪn.teɪk -s -s
intangibility ɪnˌtæn.dʒə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -dʒɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
intangib|le ɪn'tæn.dʒə.b|əl, ˌɪn-, -dʒɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
integer 'ɪn.tɪ.dʒər, -tə- US -dʒɚ, -t̬ə- -s -z
integral (*n.*) 'ɪn.tɪ.grəl, -tə- US -t̬ə- -s -z
integral (*adj.*) 'ɪn.tɪ.grəl, -tə-; ɪn'teg.rəl US 'ɪn.t̬ə.grəl; ɪn'teg.rəl -ly -i
Note: As a mathematical term always /'ɪn.tɪ.grəl US -t̬ə-/.
inte|grate 'ɪn.tɪ|.greɪt, -tə- US -t̬ə- -grates -greɪts -grating -greɪ.tɪŋ US -greɪ.t̬ɪŋ -grated -greɪ.tɪd US -greɪ.t̬ɪd -grator/s -greɪ.tər/z US -greɪ.t̬ɚ/z ˌintegrated 'circuit
integration ˌɪn.tɪ'greɪ.ʃən, -tə'- US -t̬ə'- -s -z
integrity ɪn'teg.rə.ti, -rɪ- US -t̬i
integument ɪn'teg.jə.mənt, -jʊ- -s -s
Intel® 'ɪn.tel
intellect 'ɪn.təl.ekt, -tɪ.lekt US -t̬ə.lekt -s -s
intellection ˌɪn.təl'ek.ʃən, -tɪ'lek- US -t̬ə'lek-
intellective ˌɪn.təl'ek.tɪv, -tɪ'lek- US -t̬ə'lek-
intellectual ˌɪn.təl'ek.tju.əl, -tɪ'lek-, -tʃu- US -t̬əl'ek.tʃu- -s -z -ly -i
intellectual|ism ˌɪn.təl'ek.tju.ə.l|ɪ.zəm, -tɪ'lek-, -tʃu- US -t̬əl'ek.tʃu- -ist/s -ɪst/s
intellectuality ˌɪn.təlˌek.tju'æl.ə.ti, -tɪˌlek-, -tʃu'-, -ɪ.ti US -tʃu'æl.ə.t̬i
intellectualiz|e, -is|e ˌɪn.təl'ek.tju.ə.laɪz, -tɪ'lek-, -tʃu- US -t̬əl'ek.tʃu- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
intelligence ɪn'tel.ɪ.dʒənts, '-ə- -es -ɪz -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z in'telligence ˌtest
intelligent ɪn'tel.ɪ.dʒənt, '-ə- -ly -li
intelligentsia ɪnˌtel.ɪ'dʒent.si.ə, ˌɪn- US -'dʒent-, -'gent-
intelligibility ɪnˌtel.ɪ.dʒə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -dʒɪ'-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
intelligib|le ɪn'tel.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl, '-ə-, -dʒɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
intemperance ɪn'tem.pər.ənts, ˌɪn-, '-prənts
intemperate ɪn'tem.pər.ət, ˌɪn-, -ɪt, '-prət US -prɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
intend ɪn'tend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
intendan|ce ɪn'ten.dən|ts -cy -tsi -t/s -t/s
intens|e ɪn'tents -er -ər -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
intensification ɪnˌtent.sɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -sə- -s -z
intensi|fy ɪn'tent.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.ər/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
intension ɪn'ten.tʃən
intensit|y ɪn'tent.sə.t|i, -sɪ- US -sə.t̬|i -ies -iz
intensive ɪn'tent.sɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs inˌtensive 'care
in|tent ɪn|'tent -tents -'tents -tenter -'ten.tər US -'ten.t̬ɚ -tentest -'ten.tɪst, -'ten.təst US -'ten.t̬ɪst, -'ten.t̬əst -tently -'tent.li -tentness -'tent.nəs, -'tent.nɪs
intention ɪn'ten.tʃən -s -z -ed -d
intentional ɪn'ten.tʃən.əl -ly -i
inter- ɪn.tər US ɪn.t̬ɚ
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary stress or secondary stress on the first syllable, with nouns often receiving front stress, e.g. **intercom** (*noun*) /'ɪn.tə.kɒm US -t̬ɚ.kɑːm/, **interact** (*verb*) /ˌɪn.tər'ækt US -t̬ɚ'ækt/. Exceptions exist; see individual entries. Note also that, although /r/ is normally assigned to a following strong syllable in US transcriptions, in **inter-** it is perceived to be morphemically linked to that morpheme and is retained in the prefix as /ɚ/.
inter (*v.*) ɪn'tɜːr US -'tɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
inter (*Latin prep., in such phrases as* **inter alia, inter se**) 'ɪn.tər US -t̬ɚ
interact (*n.*) 'ɪn.tər.ækt US -t̬ɚ'ækt -s -s
interact (*v.*) ˌɪn.tər'ækt US -t̬ɚ'ækt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
interaction ˌɪn.tər'æk.ʃən US -t̬ɚ'æk- -s -z
interactive ˌɪn.tər'æk.tɪv US -t̬ɚ'æk- -ly -li
interactivity ˌɪn.tər.æk'tɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -t̬ɚ.æk'tɪv.ə.t̬i
Interahamwe ˌɪn.tər.ə'hæm.weɪ US -t̬ɚ-
inter alia ˌɪn.tər'eɪ.li.ə, -'æl.i- US -t̬ɚ'ɑː-, -'eɪ-, -ɑː
interblend ˌɪn.tə'blend US -t̬ɚ'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
inter|breed ˌɪn.tə|'briːd US -t̬ɚ'- -breeds -'briːdz -breeding -'briː.dɪŋ -bred -'bred
intercalary ɪn'tɜː.kəl.ər.i; ˌɪn.tə'kæl.ər.i US ɪn'tɝː.kə.ler-, ˌɪn.t̬ɚ'kæl.ɚ.i
interca|late ɪn'tɜː.kə|l.eɪt, 'ɪn.tə.kə- US -'tɝː- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
intercalation ɪnˌtɜː.kə'leɪ.ʃən US -ˌtɝː- -s -z
interced|e ˌɪn.tə'siːd US -t̬ɚ'- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z
intercept (*n.*) 'ɪn.tə.sept US -t̬ɚ- -s -s
intercept (*v.*) ˌɪn.tə'sept US -t̬ɚ'- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z -or/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z
interception ˌɪn.tə'sep.ʃən US -t̬ɚ'- -s -z
interceptive ˌɪn.tə'sep.tɪv US -t̬ɚ'-

tercession ˌɪn.təˈseʃ.ən (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -z

tercessional ˌɪn.təˈseʃ.ən.əl (US) -t̬ɚˈ-

tercessor ˌɪn.təˈses.əʳ, ˈɪn.tə.ses- (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚˈses.ɚ, ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.ses- **-s** -z

tercessory ˌɪn.təˈses.ər.i (US) -t̬ɚˈ-

terchang|e (*n.*) ˈɪn.tə.tʃeɪndʒ (US) -t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz

terchang|e (*v.*) ˌɪn.təˈtʃeɪndʒ (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

terchangeability ɪn.təˌtʃeɪn.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -t̬ɚˌtʃeɪn.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

terchangeab|le ɪn.təˈtʃeɪn.dʒə.b|əl (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-ly** -li **leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

tercity (I) ˌɪn.təˈsɪt.i (US) -t̬ɚˈsɪt̬- *stress shift:* ˌintercity ˈtrain

tercollegiate ˌɪn.tə.kəˈliː.dʒət, kɒlˈiː-, -dʒi.ət, -ɪt (US) -t̬ɚ.kəˈliː.dʒɪt

tercolonial ˌɪn.tə.kəˈləʊ.ni.əl (US) -t̬ɚ.kəˈloʊ-

tercom ˈɪn.tə.kɒm (US) -t̬ɚ.kɑːm **-s** -z

tercommuni|cate ɪn.tə.kəˈmjuː.nɪ|.keɪt, -nə- (US) -t̬ɚ- **cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd **cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z

tercommunication ɪn.tə.kəˌmjuː.nɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -nəˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ-

tercommunion ɪn.tə.kəˈmjuː.ni.ən (US) -t̬ɚ.kəˈmjuː.njən

tercommunity ɪn.tə.kəˈmjuː.nə.ti, -nɪ- (US) -t̬ɚ.kəˈmjuː.nə.t̬i

terconnect ˌɪn.tə.kəˈnekt (US) -t̬ɚ- **s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

terconnection ˌɪn.tə.kəˈnek.ʃən (US) -t̬ɚ- **-s** -z

tercontinental ɪn.təˌkɒn.tɪˈnen.təl, -təˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˌkɑːn.təˈnen.t̬əl

tercostal ˌɪn.təˈkɒs.təl (US) -t̬ɚˈkɑː.stəl

tercourse ˈɪn.tə.kɔːs (US) -t̬ɚ.kɔːrs

tercurrent ˌɪn.təˈkʌr.ənt (US) -t̬ɚˈkɝː- **-ly** -li

terdenominational ˌɪn.tə.dɪˌnɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən.əl, -dəˌ-, -əˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ.dɪˌnɑː.məˈ-, -dɪˌ- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **ly** -i

terdental ˌɪn.təˈden.təl (US) -t̬ɚˈden.t̬əl

terdepartmental ˌɪn.təˌdiː.pɑːtˈmen.təl; ˌɪn.tə.dɪˌpɑːtˈ-, -dəˌ- (US) -t̬ɚˌdiː.pɑːrtˈmen.t̬əl, -dɪ-

terdependence ˌɪn.tə.dɪˈpen.dənts, -dəˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ.diːˈ-, -dɪˈ-

terdependent ˌɪn.tə.dɪˈpen.dənt, -dəˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ.diːˈ-, -dɪˈ- **-ly** -li

terdict (*n.*) ˈɪn.tə.dɪkt, -daɪt (US) -t̬ɚ.dɪkt **-s** -s

terdict (*v.*) ˌɪn.təˈdɪkt, -ˈdaɪt (US) -t̬ɚˈdɪkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

interdiction ˌɪn.təˈdɪk.ʃən (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -z

interdigi|tate ˌɪn.təˈdɪdʒ.ɪ|.teɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd

interdisciplinary ˌɪn.təˈdɪs.ɪ.plɪ.nər.i, ˈ-ə-; ˌɪn.təˌdɪs.ɪˈplɪn.ər-, -əˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˈdɪs.ə.plɪ.ner-

interest ˈɪn.trəst, -trest, -trɪst; -tər.əst, -est, -ɪst (US) ˈɪn.trɪst, -trəst, -trest; -t̬ɚ.ɪst, -əst, -est **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li ˈ**interest** ˌ**rate**

interesting ˈɪn.trə.stɪŋ, -tres.tɪŋ, -trɪ.stɪŋ, -tər.ə-, -es.tɪŋ, -ɪ.stɪŋ (US) ˈɪn.trɪ.stɪŋ, -trə-, -tres.tɪŋ, -t̬ɚ.ɪ.stɪŋ, -es.tɪŋ **-ly** -li

interfac|e (*n.*) ˈɪn.tə.feɪs (US) -t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz

interfac|e (*v.*) ˌɪn.təˈfeɪs, ˈ--- (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.feɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Note: The computer world uses first-syllable stress for both noun and verb.

interfaith ˌɪn.təˈfeɪθ (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.feɪθ *stress shift, British only:* ˌinterfaith ˈservice

interfer|e ˌɪn.təˈfɪəʳ (US) -t̬ɚˈfɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

interferenc|e ˌɪn.təˈfɪə.rənts (US) -t̬ɚˈfɪr.ənts **-es** -ɪz

interferon ˌɪn.təˈfɪə.rɒn (US) -t̬ɚˈfɪr.ɑːn **-s** -z

Interflora® ˌɪn.təˈflɔː.rə (US) -t̬ɚˈflɔːr.ə

interfus|e ˌɪn.təˈfjuːz (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

interfusion ˌɪn.təˈfjuː.ʒən (US) -t̬ɚˈ-

intergalactic ˌɪn.tə.gəˈlæk.tɪk (US) -t̬ɚ-

interglacial ˌɪn.təˈgleɪ.si.əl, -ʃi-, -ʃəl (US) -t̬ɚˈgleɪ.ʃəl

intergovernmental ˌɪn.tə.gʌv.ənˈmen.təl, -əmˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˌgʌv.ɚnˈmen.t̬əl

interim ˈɪn.tər.ɪm (US) -t̬ɚ-

interior ɪnˈtɪə.ri.əʳ (US) -ˈtɪr.i.ɚ **-s** -z **inˌterior ˈdecorator; inˌterior deˈsigner**

interioriz|e, -is|e ɪnˈtɪə.ri.ə.raɪz (US) -ˈtɪr.i- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

interject ˌɪn.təˈdʒekt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

interjection ˌɪn.təˈdʒek.ʃən (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -z **-al/ly** -əl/i

inter|knit ˌɪn.tə|ˈnɪt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-knits** -ˈnɪts **-knitting** -ˈnɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈnɪt̬.ɪŋ **-knitted** -ˈnɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈnɪt̬.ɪd

interlac|e ˌɪn.təˈleɪs (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement** -mənt

Interlaken ˈɪn.tə.lɑː.kən, ˌɪn.təˈlɑː- (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.lɑː-, ˌɪn.t̬ɚˈlɑː, -t̬ɚ-

interlanguage ˈɪn.təˌlæŋ.gwɪdʒ (US) -t̬ɚ-

interlard ˌɪn.təˈlɑːd (US) -t̬ɚˈlɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

interlea|f ˈɪn.tə.liː|f (US) -t̬ɚ- **-ves** -vz

interleav|e ˌɪn.təˈliːv (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

interlin|e ˌɪn.təˈlaɪn (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

interlinear ˌɪn.təˈlɪn.i.əʳ (US) -t̬ɚˈlɪn.i.ɚ

interlineation ˌɪn.təˌlɪn.iˈeɪ.ʃən (US) -t̬ɚ- **-s** -z

interlink ˌɪn.təˈlɪŋk (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

interlock ˌɪn.təˈlɒk (US) -t̬ɚˈlɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

interlocution ˌɪn.tə.ləˈkjuː.ʃən, -lɒkˈjuː- (US) -t̬ɚ.loʊˈkjuː- **-s** -z

interlocutor ˌɪn.təˈlɒk.jə.təʳ, -jʊ- (US) -t̬ɚˈlɑː.kjə.t̬ɚ, -kjʊ- **-s** -z **-y** -i

interlocu|tress ˌɪn.təˈlɒk.jə|.trəs, -jʊ-, -trɪs (US) -t̬ɚˈlɑː.kjʊ|.trɪs, -kjə- **-trice** -trɪs **-trix** -trɪks

interlop|e ˌɪn.təˈləʊp (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.loʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

interloper ˈɪn.təˌləʊ.pəʳ, ˌɪn.təˈləʊ.pəʳ (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚˌloʊ.pɚ **-s** -z

interlude ˈɪn.tə.luːd, -ljuːd (US) -t̬ɚ.luːd **-s** -z

intermarriag|e ˌɪn.təˈmær.ɪdʒ (US) -t̬ɚˈmer-, -ˈmær- **-es** -ɪz

intermarr|y ˌɪn.təˈmær|.i (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚˌmer-, -ˈmær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

intermeddl|e ˌɪn.təˈmed.əl (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈmed.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, -ˈmed.ləʳ/z (US) -lɚ/z

intermediar|y ˌɪn.təˈmiː.di.ə.r|i (US) -t̬ɚˈmiː.di.er.i, -ɚ- **-ies** -iz

intermediate ˌɪn.təˈmiː.di.ət, -ɪt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ly** -li

interment ɪnˈtɜː.mənt (US) -ˈtɝː- **-s** -s

intermezz|o ˌɪn.təˈmet.sl|əʊ, -ˈmed.zl|əʊ (US) -t̬ɚˈmet.sl|oʊ, -ˈmed.zl|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -i, -iː

interminab|le ɪnˈtɜː.mɪ.nə.b|əl, ˌɪn-, -mən.ə- (US) -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

interming|le ˌɪn.təˈmɪŋ.gəl (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈmɪŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d

intermission ˌɪn.təˈmɪʃ.ən (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-s** -z

inter|mit ˌɪn.tə|ˈmɪt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-mits** -ˈmɪts **-mitting/ly** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ/li (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ/li **-mitted** -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd

intermittent ˌɪn.təˈmɪt.ənt (US) -t̬ɚˈmɪt- **-ly** -li

intermix ˌɪn.təˈmɪks (US) -t̬ɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

intermixture ˌɪn.təˈmɪks.tʃəʳ (US) -t̬ɚˈmɪks.tʃɚ **-s** -z

intermodal ˌɪn.təˈməʊ.dəl (US) -t̬ɚˈmoʊ-

intern (*n.*) ˈɪn.tɜːn, -ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.tɝːn **-s** -z

intern (*v.*) ɪnˈtɜːn (US) ɪnˈtɝːn, ˈ-- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

internal ɪnˈtɜː.nəl, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -i **inˌternal comˈbustion; inˌternal comˈbustion ˌengine** (US) **inˌternal comˌbustion ˈengine; Inˌternal ˈRevenue ˌService**

internalization ɪnˌtɜː.nəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌɪn-, -ɪˈ- (US) -ˌtɝː.nəl.ɪˈ-

internaliz|e, -is|e ɪnˈtɜː.nəl.aɪz (US) -ˈtɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

international ˌɪn.təˈnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, -təˈnæʃ.nᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -z -ly -i
Internationale ˌɪn.təˌnæʃ.əˈnɑːl, -ˌnæʃ.i.əˈnɑːl (US) -t̬ɚˌnæʃ.əˈnæl, -ˈnɑːl
internationalism ˌɪn.təˈnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -ˈnæʃ.nᵊl- (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
internationalization, -isa- ˌɪn.təˌnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-nᵊl-, -ɪˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˌnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl.ɪˈ-, ˌ-nᵊl-
internationaliz|e, -is|e ˌɪn.təˈnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz, -ˈnæʃ.nᵊl- (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
interne ˈɪn.tɜːn (US) -tɝːn -s -z
internecine ˌɪn.təˈniː.saɪn, -tɜːˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˈniː.sɪn, -siːn, -ˈnes.ɪn, -iːn
internee ˌɪn.tɜːˈniː (US) -tɝːˈ- -s -z
Internet ˈɪn.tə.net (US) -t̬ɚ-
internist ˈɪn.tɜː.nɪst, -ˈ-- (US) ˈɪn.tɝː-, -ˈ-- -s -s
internment ɪnˈtɜːn.mənt, -ˈtɜːm- (US) -ˈtɝːn- -s -s
internodal ˌɪn.təˈnəʊ.dᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈnoʊ-
internode ˈɪn.tə.nəʊd (US) -t̬ɚ.noʊd -s -z
internship ˈɪn.tɜːn.ʃɪp, -ˈ-- (US) ˈɪn.tɝːn-, -ˈ-- -s -s
interoceanic ˌɪn.təʳˌəʊ.ʃiˈæn.ɪk (US) -t̬ɚˌoʊ-
inter pares ˌɪn.təˈpɑː.riːz, -ˈpeə-, -reɪs (US) -t̬ɚˈpɑː.res
inter partes ˌɪn.təˈpɑː.tiːz, -teɪs (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚˈpɑːr.tes
interpellant ˌɪn.təˈpel.ənt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -s
interpell|ate ɪnˈtɜː.pə.l|eɪt, -pɪ-, -pel|.eɪt; ˌɪn.təˈpel|.eɪt (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚˈpel-; ɪnˈtɜː.pə.l|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
interpellation ɪnˌtɜː.pəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -pɪˈ-, -pelˈeɪ-; ˌɪn.tə.pəˈleɪ- (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚ.pəˈleɪ-; ɪnˌtɝː- -s -z
interpene|trate ˌɪn.təˈpen.ɪ|.treɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -trates -treɪts -trating -treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ -trated -treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd
interpenetration ˌɪn.təˌpen.ɪˈtreɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- (US) -t̬ɚˌ-
interpersonal ˌɪn.təˈpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈpɝː- -ly -i
interplanetary ˌɪn.təˈplæn.ɪ.tᵊr.i, ˈ-ə- (US) -t̬ɚˈplæn.ə.ter-
interplay ˈɪn.tə.pleɪ (US) -t̬ɚ-
interpleader ˌɪn.təˈpliː.dəʳ (US) -t̬ɚˈpliː.dɚ -s -z
Interpol ˈɪn.tə.pɒl (US) -t̬ɚ.pɑːl, -poʊl
interpo|late ɪnˈtɜː.pə|.leɪt (US) -ˈtɝː- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
interpolation ɪnˌtɜː.pəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌtɝː- -s -z
interposal ˌɪn.təˈpəʊ.zᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈpoʊ- -s -z
interpos|e ˌɪn.təˈpəʊz (US) -t̬ɚˈpoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
interposition ˌɪn.tə.pəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn; ɪnˌtɜː- (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚ.pəˈ- -s -z
interpre|t ɪnˈtɜː.prɪ|t, -prə|t (US) -ˈtɝː.prə|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd -table -tə.bᵊl (US) -t̬ə.bᵊl
interpretation ɪnˌtɜː.prɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -prəˈ- (US) -ˌtɝː.prəˈ- -s -z -al -ᵊl
interpretative ɪnˈtɜː.prɪ.tə.tɪv, -prə-, -teɪ- (US) -ˈtɝː.prə.teɪ.t̬ɪv, -t̬ə- -ly -li
interpreter ɪnˈtɜː.prɪ.təʳ, -prə- (US) -ˈtɝː.prə.t̬ɚ -s -z
interpretive ɪnˈtɜː.prɪ.tɪv, -prə- (US) -ˈtɝː.prə.t̬ɪv -ly -li
interquartile ˌɪn.təˈkwɔː.taɪl (US) -t̬ɚˈkwɔːr-, -tɪl, -tᵊl
interracial ˌɪn.təˈreɪ.ʃᵊl, -ʃi.əl (US) -t̬ɚˈreɪ.ʃᵊl
interregn|um ˌɪn.təˈreg.n|əm (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -ums -əmz -a -ə
interre|late ˌɪn.tə.rɪ|ˈleɪt, -rəˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ.rɪˈ-, -rɪˈ- -lates -ˈleɪts -lating -ˈleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈleɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -ˈleɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈleɪ.t̬ɪd
interrelation ˌɪn.tə.rɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -rəˈ- (US) -t̬ɚ.rɪˈ-, -rɪˈ- -s -z
interrelationship ˌɪn.tə.rɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn.ʃɪp
interro|gate ɪnˈter.ə|.geɪt -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd -gator/s -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
interrogation ɪnˌter.əˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
interrogative ˌɪn.təˈrɒg.ə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɚˈrɑː.gə.t̬ɪv -s -z -ly -li
interrogatory ˌɪn.təˈrɒg.ə.tᵊr|.i (US) -t̬ɚˈrɑː.gə.tɔːr- -ies -iz
interrupt (*v.*) ˌɪn.təˈrʌpt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
interrupt (*n.*) ˈɪn.tə.rʌpt (US) -t̬ɚ-
interruption ˌɪn.təˈrʌp.ʃᵊn (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -z
interscholastic ˌɪn.tə.skəˈlæs.tɪk (US) -t̬ɚ.skəˈ-
intersect ˌɪn.təˈsekt (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
intersection ˌɪn.təˈsek.ʃᵊn, ˈɪn.təˌsek- (US) ˌɪn.t̬ɚˈsek-, ˈɪn.t̬ɚˌsek- -s -z
Note: /ˈɪn.t̬ɚˌsek.ʃᵊn/ is the common US pronunciation for a place where streets meet.
interspac|e (*n.*) ˈɪn.tə.speɪs, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.speɪs -es -ɪz
interspac|e (*v.*) ˌɪn.təˈspeɪs (US) -t̬ɚˈ-, ˈ--- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
interspers|e ˌɪn.təˈspɜːs (US) -t̬ɚˈspɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
interspersion ˌɪn.təˈspɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn (US) -t̬ɚˈspɝː-
interstate (I) ˌɪn.təˈsteɪt (US) ˈɪn.t̬ɚ.steɪt *stress shift, British only:* ˌinterstate ˈhighway
interstellar ˌɪn.təˈstel.əʳ (US) -t̬ɚˈstel.ɚ *stress shift:* ˌinterstellar ˈtravel
interstic|e ɪnˈtɜː.stɪs (US) -ˈtɝː- -es -ɪz, -iːz
interstitial ˌɪn.təˈstɪʃ.ᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈ-
intertribal ˌɪn.təˈtraɪ.bᵊl (US) -t̬ɚˈ-
intertwin|e ˌɪn.təˈtwaɪn (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
intertwist ˌɪn.təˈtwɪst (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
interurban ˌɪn.təʳˈɜː.bᵊn (US) -t̬ɚˈɝː-
interval ˈɪn.tə.vᵊl (US) -t̬ɚ- -s -z
interven|e ˌɪn.təˈviːn (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
intervention ˌɪn.təˈven.tʃᵊn (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -s -z
intervention|ism ˌɪn.təˈven.tʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm (US) -t̬ɚˈ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
interventionist ˌɪn.təˈven.tʃᵊn.ɪst (US) -t̬ɚˈ-
interview ˈɪn.tə.vjuː (US) -t̬ɚ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
interviewee ˌɪn.tə.vjuˈiː (US) -t̬ɚ- -s -z
inter vivos ˌɪn.təˈviː.vəʊs (US) -t̬ɚˈviː.voʊs, -ˈvaɪ-
intervocalic ˌɪn.tə.vəʊˈkæl.ɪk (US) -t̬ɚ.voʊˈ-
interweav|e ˌɪn.təˈwiːv (US) -t̬ɚˈ-, ˈ--- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **interwove** ˌɪn.təˈwəʊv (US) -t̬ɚˈwoʊv, ˈ--- **interwoven** ˌɪn.təˈwəʊ.vᵊn (US) -t̬ɚˈwoʊ.vᵊn, ˈɪn.t̬ɚˌwoʊ-
intestac|y ɪnˈtes.tə.s|i -ies -iz
intestate ɪnˈtes.teɪt, -tɪt, -tət -s -s
intestinal ɪnˈtes.tɪ.nᵊl, -tᵊn.ᵊl, ˌɪn.tesˈtaɪ.nᵊl (US) ɪnˈtes.tɪ-
intestine ɪnˈtes.tɪn, -tiːn (US) -tɪn, -tən -s -z
inthral(l) ɪnˈθrɔːl (US) -ˈθrɑːl, -ˈθrɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
intifada ˌɪn.tɪˈfɑː.də -s -z
intimac|y ˈɪn.tɪ.mə.s|i, -tə- (US) -t̬ə-, -t̬ɪ- -ies -iz
intimate (*n, adj.*) ˈɪn.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mɪt (US) -t̬ə.mət, -t̬ɪ- -s -s -ly -li
inti|mate (*v.*) ˈɪn.tɪ|.meɪt, -tə- (US) -t̬ə-, -t̬ɪ- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd -mater/s -meɪ.təʳ/z (US) -meɪ.t̬ɚ/z
intimation ˌɪn.tɪˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn, -təˈ- (US) -t̬əˈ-, -t̬ɪˈ- -s -z
intimi|date ɪnˈtɪm.ɪ|.deɪt, ˈ-ə- -dates -deɪts -dating -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd -dator/s -deɪ.təʳ/z (US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z
intimidation ɪnˌtɪm.ɪˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-
intituled ɪnˈtɪt.juːld
into ˈɪn.tə, -tu, -tuː (US) -tə, -tu
Note: In British English, the pronunciation /ˈɪn.tuː/ is sometimes used in final position (e.g. 'That's the wall he walked into'), though the /u/ vowel is more usual. Elsewhere, the pronunciation /ˈɪn.tə/ is used before consonants (e.g. 'into debt' /ˌɪn.təˈdet/) and /ˈɪn.tu/ before vowels (e.g. 'into each' /ɪn.tuˈiːtʃ/). In American English the schwa form is usual before consonants and also vowels (e.g. 'into each' /ˌɪn.təˈiːtʃ/).
intolerab|le ɪnˈtɒl.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈtɑː.lɚ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

Intonation

The use of the pitch of the voice to convey linguistic information. The word is used with two rather different meanings. In a restricted sense, it is the variations in the pitch of a speaker's voice used to convey or alter meaning. In a broader and more popular sense, intonation is equivalent to 'prosody', where variations in such things as voice quality, tempo and loudness are included.

Examples for English

Intonation is said to convey emotions and attitudes. Other linguistic functions have also been claimed: interesting relationships exist in English between intonation and grammar, for example. In a few extreme cases a perceived difference in grammatical meaning may depend on the pitch movement, e.g.:

- she didn't go because of her ˇtimetable
  (meaning 'she did go, but it was not because of her timetable')
- she didn't go because of her ˋtimetable
  (meaning 'she didn't go, the reason being her timetable').

Other 'meanings' of intonation include things like the difference between statement and question, e.g.:

- it was ˋcold
  (meaning "it was cold")
- it was ˊcold
  (meaning "was it cold?)

the contrast between 'open' and 'closed' lists, e.g.:

- would you like ˊwine, ˊsherry or ˊbeer
  ('open', implying other things are also on offer)
- would you like ˊwine, ˊsherry or ˋbeer
  ('closed', implying no further choices are available)

and the indication of whether a relative clause is restrictive or non-restrictive, e.g.:

- the students who were ˇnervous ˋfailed
  (restrictive relative clause: only students who were nervous failed)
- the ˇstudents, who were ˇnervous, ˋfailed
  (non-restrictive relative clause: all students were nervous and all failed)

Another approach to intonation is to concentrate on its role in conversational discourse: this involves such aspects as indicating whether the particular thing being said constitutes new information or old, the regulation of turn-taking in conversation, the establishment of dominance and the elicitation of co-operative responses. As with the signalling of attitudes, it seems that though analysts concentrate on pitch movements there are many other prosodic factors being used to create these effects.

ntolerance ɪnˈtɒl.ᵊr.ᵊnts, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈtɑː.lɚ-
ntolerant ɪnˈtɒl.ᵊr.ᵊnt, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈtɑː.lɚ- **-ly** -li
nto|nate ˈɪn.təʊ|.neɪt (US) -toʊ-, -tə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
ntonation ˌɪn.təʊˈneɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -toʊˈ-, -təˈ- **-s** -z
ntonational ˌɪn.təʊˈneɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl (US) -toʊˈ-, -təˈ-
nton|e ɪnˈtəʊn (US) -ˈtoʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
n toto ɪnˈtəʊ.təʊ (US) -ˈtoʊ.toʊ
ntourist® ˈɪnˌtʊə.rɪst, -ˌtɔː- (US) -ˌtʊr.ɪst
ntoxicant ɪnˈtɒk.sɪ.kᵊnt, -sə- (US) -ˈtɑːk.sɪ- **-s** -s
ntoxi|cate ɪnˈtɒk.sɪ|.keɪt, -sə- (US) -ˈtɑːk.sɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s** -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
ntoxication ɪnˌtɒk.sɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -səˈ- (US) -ˌtɑːk.sɪˈ-
ntra- ˌɪn.trə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **intravenous** /ˌɪn.trəˈviː.nəs/.
ntractability ɪnˌtræk.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
intractab|le ɪnˈtræk.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
intradepartmental ˌɪn.trəˌdiː.pɑːtˈmen.tᵊl (US) -pɑːrtˈmen.t̬ᵊl
intrados ɪnˈtreɪ.dɒs (US) -dɑːs; ˈɪn.trə.dɑːs, -doʊs **-es** -ɪz
intramural ˌɪn.trəˈmjʊə.rᵊl, -ˈmjɔː- (US) -ˈmjʊr.ᵊl
intramuscular ˌɪn.trəˈmʌs.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- (US) -lɚ **-ly** -li
intranet ˈɪn.trə.net **-s** -s
intransigence ɪnˈtrænt.sɪ.dʒᵊnts, -ˈtrɑːnt-, -sə-; -ˈtræn.zɪ-, -ˈtrɑːn-, -zə- (US) -ˈtrænt.sə-
intransigent ɪnˈtrænt.sɪ.dʒᵊnt, -ˈtrɑːnt-, -sə-; -ˈtræn.zɪ-, -ˈtrɑːn-, -zə- (US) -ˈtrænt.sə- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
intransitive ɪnˈtrænt.sə.tɪv, ˌɪn-, -ˈtrɑːnt-, -sɪ-; -ˈtræn.zə-, -ˈtrɑːn-, -zɪ- (US) -ˈtrænt.sə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li
intransitivity ɪnˌtrænt.səˈtɪv.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ˌtrɑːnt-, -sɪˈ-; -ˌtræn.zəˈ-, -ˌtrɑːn-, -zɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌtrænt.səˈtɪv.ə.t̬i
intrapersonal ˌɪn.trəˈpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl (US) -ˈpɝː-
intrauterine ˌɪn.trəˈjuː.tᵊr.aɪn (US) -t̬ɚ.ɪn, -t̬ə.raɪn **ˌintraˌuterine deˈvice**
intravenous ˌɪn.trəˈviː.nəs **-ly** -li
in-tray ˈɪn.treɪ **-s** -z
intrench ɪnˈtrentʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
intrepid ɪnˈtrep.ɪd **-ly** -li
intrepidity ˌɪn.trəˈpɪd.ə.ti, -trɪˈ-, -trepˈɪd-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɪn.trəˈpɪd.ə.t̬i, -trɪˈ-
intricac|y ˈɪn.trɪ.kə.s|i, -trə- **-ies** -iz
intricate ˈɪn.trɪ.kət, -trə-, -kɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
intrigue (*n.*) ˈɪn.triːg, ˌ-ˈ-
intrigu|e (*v.*) ɪnˈtriːg **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
intrinsic ɪnˈtrɪnt.sɪk; -ˈtrɪn.zɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
intro- ɪn.trəʊ (US) ɪn.troʊ, -trə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **introvert** (noun), /ˈɪn.trəʊ.vɜːt (US) -troʊ.vɝːt/, **introspect** /ˌɪn.trəʊˈspekt (US) -troʊˈ-/.
intro ˈɪn.trəʊ (US) -troʊ **-s** -z
introduc|e ˌɪn.trəˈdjuːs, -ˈdʒuːs (US) -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
introduction ˌɪn.trəˈdʌk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
introductor|y ˌɪn.trəˈdʌk.tᵊr|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -nɪs
introit ˈɪn.trɔɪt, -trəʊ.ɪt; ɪnˈtrəʊ.ɪt (US) ɪnˈtroʊ.ɪt; ˈɪn.trɔɪt **-s** -s
intromission ˌɪn.trəʊˈmɪʃ.ᵊn (US) -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- **-s** -z

intro|mit ˌɪn.trəʊˈmɪt (US) -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- **-mits** -ˈmɪts **-mitting** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ **-mitted** -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd

introspect ˌɪn.trəʊˈspekt (US) -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

introspection ˌɪn.trəʊˈspek.ʃᵊn (US) -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪsts/s **-al** -ᵊl

introspective ˌɪn.trəʊˈspek.tɪv (US) -troʊˈ-, -trəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

introversion ˌɪn.trəʊˈvɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn (US) -troʊˈvɝː-, -trəˈ-

introvert (*n.*) ˈɪn.trəʊ.vɜːt (US) -troʊ.vɝːt, -trə- **-s** -s

introver|t (*v.*) ˌɪn.trəʊˈvɜː|t (US) -troʊˈvɝː|t, -trəˈ-, ˈ--- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

intrud|e ɪnˈtruːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

intrusion ɪnˈtruː.ʒᵊn **-s** -z

intrusive ɪnˈtruː.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

intu|it ɪnˈtjuː|.ɪt (US) ɪnˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-, ˈɪn.tu|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd **-itable** -ɪ.tə.bᵊl

intuition ˌɪn.tjuˈɪʃ.ᵊn (US) -tuˈ-, -tjuˈ- **-s** -z **-al** -ᵊl

intuitive ɪnˈtjuː.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈtuː.ɪ.t̬ɪv, -ˈtjuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

intumescen|ce ˌɪn.tjuːˈmes.ᵊn|ts (US) -tuːˈ-, -tjuːˈ- **-t** -t

Inuit ˈɪn.u.ɪt, -ju- (US) ˈ-u- **-s** -s

inun|date ˈɪn.ʌn|.deɪt, -ən- (US) -ən- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd

inundation ˌɪn.ʌnˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ənˈ- (US) -ənˈ- **-s** -z

inur|e ɪˈnjʊəʳ, -ˈnjɔːʳ (US) -ˈnjʊr, -ˈnʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt

in utero ɪnˈjuː.tᵊr.əʊ (US) -t̬ɚ.oʊ

inutility ˌɪn.juːˈtɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

invad|e ɪnˈveɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

invalid (*n, v, adj.*) *infirm through illness, etc.:* ˈɪn.və.lɪd, -liːd (US) -lɪd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

invalid (*adj.*) *not valid:* ɪnˈvæl.ɪd, ˌɪn-

invali|date ɪnˈvæl.ɪ|.deɪt, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ə- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd

invalidation ɪnˌvæl.ɪˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌɪn-, -əˈ-

invalidity ˌɪn.vəˈlɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i **invaˈlidity ˌbenefit**

invaluab|le ɪnˈvæl.ju.ə.b|ᵊl, -jə.b|ᵊl, -jʊ- (US) -ju.ə- **-ly** -li

Invar® ɪnˈvɑːʳ, ˈ--, ˈɪn.vəʳ (US) ˈɪn.vɑːr

invariability ɪnˌveə.ri.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌver.i.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

invariab|le ɪnˈveə.ri.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈver.i- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

invariance ɪnˈveə.ri.ənts, ˌɪn- (US) -ˈver.i-

invasion ɪnˈveɪ.ʒᵊn **-s** -z

invasive ɪnˈveɪ.sɪv, -zɪv (US) -zɪv, -sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

invective ɪnˈvek.tɪv **-s** -z

inveigh ɪnˈveɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

inveigl|e ɪnˈveɪ.gᵊl, -ˈviː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈveɪ.glɪŋ, -ˈviː- **-ed** -əd **-ement/s** -mənt/s

in|vent ɪn|ˈvent **-vents** -ˈvents **-venting** -ˈven.tɪŋ (US) -ˈven.t̬ɪŋ **-vented** -ˈven.tɪd (US) -ˈven.t̬ɪd

invention ɪnˈven.tʃᵊn **-s** -z

inventive ɪnˈven.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

inventor ɪnˈven.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z

inventor|y ˈɪn.vᵊn.tr|i, -tᵊr|.i, ɪnˈven.tᵊr|.i (US) -tɔːr.i **-ies** -iz

Inverary ˌɪn.vᵊrˈeə.ri, -rə (US) -vəˈrer.i

Invercargill *in Scotland:* ˌɪn.vəˈkɑː.gɪl, -gᵊl; -kɑːˈgɪl (US) -vɚˈkɑːr.gɪl *in New Zealand:* ˌɪn.vəˈkɑː.gɪl (US) -vɚˈkɑːr-

Invergordon ˌɪn.vəˈgɔː.dᵊn (US) -vɚˈgɔːr-

Inverkeithing ˌɪn.vəˈkiː.ðɪŋ (US) -vɚˈ-

Inverness, inverness ˌɪn.vəˈnes (US) -vɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz *stress shift:* ˌInverness ˈtrain

Inverness-shire ˌɪn.vəˈnes.ʃəʳ, -ˈneʃ-, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -vɚˈnes.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

inverse ɪnˈvɜːs, ˈ-- (US) -ˈvɝːs, ˈ-- **-s** -ɪz **-ly** -li

inversion ɪnˈvɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn (US) -ˈvɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z

invert (*n, adj.*) ˈɪn.vɜːt (US) -vɝːt **-s** -s

in|vert (*v.*) ɪn|ˈvɜːt (US) -ˈvɝːt **-verts** -ˈvɜːts (US) -ˈvɝːts **-verting** -ˈvɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -ˈvɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪd **inˌverted ˈcomma; inˌverted ˈsnob; inˌverted ˈsnobbery**

invertase ɪnˈvɜː.teɪz (US) -ˈvɝː.teɪs, -teɪz, ˈ---

invertebrate ɪnˈvɜː.tɪ.breɪt, ˌɪn-, ˈ-tə-, -brət, -brɪt (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ə.brɪt, -breɪt **-s** -s

Inverurie ˌɪn.vᵊrˈʊə.ri (US) -vəˈrʊr.i

invest ɪnˈvest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

investi|gate ɪnˈves.tɪ|.geɪt, -tə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z

investigation ɪnˌves.tɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -təˈ- **-s** -z

investigative ɪnˈves.tɪ.gə.tɪv, -tə-, -geɪ- (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪv

investigatory ɪnˈves.tɪ.gə.tᵊr.i, -tə-, -geɪ-; ɪnˌves.tɪˈgeɪ-, -təˈ- (US) ɪnˈves.tɪ.gə.tɔːr-, -tə-

investiture ɪnˈves.tɪ.tʃəʳ, -tə-, -tjʊəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z

investment ɪnˈvest.mənt **-s** -s **inˈvestment ˌbond**

investor ɪnˈves.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z

inveteracy ɪnˈvet.ᵊr.ə.si (US) -ˈvet̬-

inveterate ɪnˈvet.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt (US) -ˈvet̬- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

invidious ɪnˈvɪd.i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

invigi|late ɪnˈvɪdʒ.ə|.leɪt, ˈ-ɪ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z

invigilation ɪnˌvɪdʒ.əˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- **-s** -z

invigor|ate ɪnˈvɪg.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

invigoration ɪnˌvɪg.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -əˈreɪ-

invincibility ɪnˌvɪnt.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, -sɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

invincib|le ɪnˈvɪnt.sə.b|ᵊl, -sɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inviolability ɪnˌvaɪə.ləˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

inviolab|le ɪnˈvaɪə.lə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inviolate ɪnˈvaɪə.lət, -lɪt, -leɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

invisibility ɪnˌvɪz.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

invisib|le ɪnˈvɪz.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

invitation ˌɪn.vɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -vəˈ- **-s** -z **-al/s** -ᵊl/z

in|vite (*v.*) ɪn|ˈvaɪt **-vites** -ˈvaɪts **-viting/ly** -ˈvaɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -ˈvaɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-vited** -ˈvaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈvaɪ.t̬ɪd **-viter/s** -ˈvaɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ˈvaɪ.t̬ɚ/z

invite (*n.*) ˈɪn.vaɪt **-s** -s

invitee ˌɪn.vaɪˈtiː, -vɪˈ- (US) -vaɪˈ-, -vəˈ-

in vitro ˌɪnˈviː.trəʊ, -ˈvɪt.rəʊ (US) -ˈviː.troʊ, -ˈvɪt.roʊ **in ˌvitro fertiliˈzation**

in vivo ˌɪnˈviː.vəʊ (US) -voʊ

invo|cate ˈɪn.vəʊ|.keɪt (US) -və- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

invocation ˌɪn.vəʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -vəˈ- **-s** -z **-al** -ᵊl

invoic|e ˈɪn.vɔɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

invok|e ɪnˈvəʊk (US) -ˈvoʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

involucre ˈɪn.və.luː.kəʳ, -ljuː-, ˌɪn.vəˈluː.kəʳ, -ˈljuː- (US) ˌɪn.voʊˈluː.kɚ, -vəˈ- **-s** -z

involuntar|y ɪnˈvɒl.ən.tᵊr|.i, ˌɪn-, -ᵊn-, -tr|i (US) -ˈvɑː.lən.ter|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

involu|te ˈɪn.və.luː|t, -ljuː|t, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈɪn.və.luː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

involution ˌɪn.vəˈluː.ʃᵊn, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- **-s** -z

involv|e ɪnˈvɒlv (US) -ˈvɑːlv, -ˈvɔːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

involvement ɪnˈvɒlv.mənt (US) -ˈvɑːlv-, -ˈvɔːlv- **-s** -s

invulnerability ɪnˌvʌl.nᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪn-, -ˌvʌn.ᵊr-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌvʌl.nɚ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

invulnerab|le ɪnˈvʌl.nᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌɪn-, -ˈvʌn.ᵊr- (US) -ˈvʌl.nɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

inward ˈɪn.wəd (US) -wɚd **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Inwards ˈɪn.wədz (US) -wɚds

inweav|e ɪnˈwiːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **inwove** ɪnˈwəʊv (US) -ˈwoʊv **inwoven** ɪnˈwəʊ.vᵊn (US) -ˈwoʊ-

Inwood ˈɪn.wʊd

Pronouncing the letters IO

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the vowel digraph io, e.g.:

/aɪə/	lion	/laɪən/
/i.əʊ (US) i.oʊ/	radio	/ˈreɪ.di.əʊ/ (US) /-oʊ/
/aɪ.ɒ (US) aɪ.ɑː, aɪ.ɔː/	priority	/praɪˈɒr.ə.ti/ (US) /-ˈɔːr.ə.t̬i/
/i.ɒ (US) i.ɑː/	curiosity	/ˌkjʊə.riˈɒs.ə.ti/ (US) /ˌkjʊr.iˈɑː.sə.t̬i/

In weak syllables

In weak syllables where it is preceded by the letters s and t, the vowel digraph io is realised with the vowel /ə/, and may be reduced to a syllabic consonant, e.g.:

station	/ˈsteɪ.ʃᵊn/
invasion	/ɪnˈveɪ.ʒᵊn/

In other weak syllable contexts, io is realised with /i.ə/ or /jə/, e.g.:

million	/ˈmɪl.jən, -i.ən/	(US) /-jən/
patriot	/ˈpæt.ri.ət/	(US) /ˈpeɪ.tri-/

nwov|e (*from* **inweave**) ɪnˈwəʊv (US) -ˈwoʊv **-en** -ᵊn
nwrought ɪnˈrɔːt (US) -ˈrɑːt, -ˈrɔːt
o (I) ˈaɪ.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
o|date ˈaɪ.əʊ.deɪt (US) ˈ-ə- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd
odic aɪˈɒd.ɪk (US) -ˈɑː.dɪk
odide ˈaɪ.əʊ.daɪd (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
odine ˈaɪ.ə.diːn, -daɪn (US) -daɪn, -dɪn, -diːn
odiz|e, -is|e ˈaɪ.ə.daɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
odoform aɪˈɒd.ə.fɔːm (US) -ˈoʊ.də.fɔːrm, -ˈɑː-
olanthe ˌaɪ.əʊˈlænt.θi (US) ˌaɪəˈ-, ˌaɪ.oʊˈ-
olite ˈaɪ.əʊ.laɪt (US) ˈ-oʊ-
olo ˈjəʊ.ləʊ (US) ˈjoʊ.loʊ
on ˈaɪ.ən, -ɒn (US) -ən, -ɑːn **-s** -z
ona aɪˈəʊ.nə (US) -ˈoʊ-
one aɪˈəʊ.ni (US) -ˈoʊ-
onesco jɒnˈes.kəʊ, ˌiː.ɒnˈ-, ˌiː.əˈnes-, -kuː (US) jəˈnes.koʊ, ˌiː.əˈ-
oni|a aɪˈəʊ.ni|.ə (US) -ˈoʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
onic (I) aɪˈɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈɑː.nɪk **-s** -s
onica® aɪˈɒn.ɪ.kə (US) -ˈɑːn.ɪ-
onization, -isa- ˌaɪə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪˈ- (US) -nɪˈ- **-s** -z
oniz|e, -is|e ˈaɪə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
onosphere aɪˈɒn.ə.sfɪəʳ (US) -ˈɑː.nə.sfɪr **-s** -z
ota aɪˈəʊ.tə (US) -ˈoʊ.t̬ə **-s** -z
otacism aɪˈəʊ.tə.sɪ.zᵊm (US) -ˈoʊ.t̬ə- **-s** -z
OU ˌaɪ.əʊˈjuː (US) -oʊˈ- **-s** -z
owa ˈaɪ.əʊə, ˈaɪə.wə (US) ˈaɪə.wə ˌ**Iowa** ˈ**City**
PA ˌaɪ.piːˈeɪ
pecac ˈɪp.ɪ.kæk, ˈ-ə-
pecacuanha ˌɪp.ɪˌkæk.juˈæn.ə, -əˌ-, -ˈɑː.nə (US) -juˈæn.ə
phicrates ɪˈfɪk.rə.tiːz
phigenia ˌɪf.ɪ.dʒɪˈnaɪə, ˌaɪ.fɪ-, -dʒəˈ-; ɪˌfɪdʒ.ɪˈ-, -əˈ- (US) ˌɪf.ə.dʒəˈ-
Pod® ˈaɪ.pɒd (US) -pɑːd **-s** -z

Ipoh ˈiː.pəʊ (US) -poʊ
ipse dixit ˌɪp.siˈdɪk.sɪt, -seɪˈ- (US) -siˈ-
ipso facto ˌɪp.səʊˈfæk.təʊ (US) -soʊˈfæk.toʊ
ipso jure ˌɪp.səʊˈjʊə.reɪ, -ri (US) -soʊˈdʒʊr.i
Ipswich ˈɪp.swɪtʃ
IQ ˌaɪˈkjuː **I'Q** ˌ**test**
Iqbal ˈɪk.bæl, ˈɪg-, -bɑːl (US) ɪkˈbɑːl
Iquique ɪˈkiː.ki, -keɪ (US) iːˈkiː.keɪ
Iquitos ɪˈkiː.tɒs (US) iːˈkiː.toʊs, -tɔːs
Ira ˈaɪə.rə (US) ˈaɪ-
IRA ˌaɪ.ɑːˈʳeɪ (US) -ɑːrˈ-
Irabu ɪˈrɑː.buː, ˈɪr.ə.buː
Irak ɪˈrɑːk, -ˈræk (US) ɪ-, iː- **-i/s** -i/z
Iran ɪˈrɑːn, -ˈræn (US) -ˈræn
Iranian ɪˈreɪ.ni.ən, -ˈrɑː- (US) ɪ- **-s** -z
Iraq ɪˈrɑːk, -ˈræk (US) ɪ- **-i/s** -i/z
irascibility ɪˌræs.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
irascib|le ɪˈræs.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
irate aɪˈreɪt, ˌaɪ- (US) aɪˈreɪt, ˈ-- **-ly** -li
Irbid ˈɪə.bɪd (US) ˈɪr-
ire aɪəʳ (US) aɪr
Iredell ˈaɪə.del (US) ˈaɪr-
ireful ˈaɪə.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) ˈaɪr- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ireland ˈaɪə.lənd (US) ˈaɪr-
Iremonger ˈaɪəˌmʌŋ.gəʳ (US) ˈaɪrˌmʌŋ.gɚ, -ˌmɑːŋ-
Irene ˈaɪ.riːn, -ˈ-; -ˈriː.ni (US) aɪˈriːn; -ˈriː.ni
irenic aɪˈriː.nɪk, -ˈren.ɪk (US) -ˈren-, -ˈriː.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl
Ireton ˈaɪə.tᵊn (US) ˈaɪr-
Irian ˈɪr.i.ən, -ɑːn (US) -ɑːn, -ən
Irian Jaya ˌɪr.i.ɑːnˈdʒɑː.jə, -ənˈ-, -jɑː
irides (*plur. of* **iris**) ˈaɪə.rɪ.diːz, ˈɪr.ɪ- (US) ˈaɪ.rɪ-, ˈɪr.ɪ-
iridescence ˌɪr.ɪˈdes.ᵊnts, -əˈ-
iridescent ˌɪr.ɪˈdes.ᵊnt, -əˈ- **-ly** -li
iridium ɪˈrɪd.i.əm, aɪ-
iridolog|y ˌɪr.ɪˈdɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈdɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Irion ˈɪr.i.ən, -ɒn (US) -ɑːn, -ən

iris (I) ˈaɪə.rɪs (US) ˈaɪ- **irises** ˈaɪə.rɪ.sɪz (US) ˈaɪ- **irides** ˈaɪə.rɪ.diːz, ˈɪr.ɪ- (US) ˈaɪ.rɪ-, ˈɪr.ɪ-
Irish ˈaɪə.rɪʃ (US) ˈaɪ- **-ism/s** -ɪ.zᵊm/z ˌ**Irish** ˈ**coffee**; ˌ**Irish Re**ˈ**public**; ˌ**Irish Re**ˌ**publican** ˈ**Army**; ˌ**Irish** ˈ**Sea**; ˌ**Irish** ˈ**stew**
Irish|man ˈaɪə.rɪʃ|.mən (US) ˈaɪ- **-men** -mən, -men
Irishry ˈaɪə.rɪʃ.ri (US) ˈaɪ-
Irish|woman ˈaɪə.rɪʃ|ˌwʊm.ən (US) ˈaɪ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
irk ɜːk (US) ɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
irksome ˈɜːk.səm (US) ˈɝːk- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Irkutsk ɜːˈkʊtsk, ɪə- (US) ɪr-
Irlam ˈɜː.ləm (US) ˈɝː-
Irma ˈɜː.mə (US) ˈɝː-
iron (I) aɪən (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn, aɪrn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**Iron** ˌ**Age**; ˈ**ironing** ˌ**board**; ˌ**Iron** ˈ**Curtain**; ˌ**iron** ˈ**lung**; ˈ**iron** ˌ**mould**; ˌ**strike while the** ˌ**iron's** ˈ**hot**
ironbark ˈaɪən.bɑːk (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn.bɑːrk, ˈaɪrn- **-s** -s
ironbound ˈaɪən.baʊnd (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn-, ˈaɪrn-
Ironbridge ˈaɪən.brɪdʒ, -ˈ- (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn-, ˈaɪrn-
ironclad ˈaɪən.klæd (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn-, ˈaɪrn- **-s** -z
irongray, irongrey ˌaɪənˈgreɪ, ˌaɪəŋ- (US) ˌaɪ.ɚnˈ-, ˌaɪrn- *stress shift:* ˌ**irongray** ˈ**battleship**
ironic aɪəˈrɒn.ɪk (US) aɪˈrɑː.nɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ironmonger ˈaɪənˌmʌŋ.gəʳ, ˈaɪəm- (US) ˈaɪ.ɚnˌmʌŋ.gɚ, ˈaɪrn-, -ˌmɑːŋ- **-s** -z
ironmongery ˈaɪənˌmʌŋ.gᵊr.i, ˈaɪəm- (US) ˈaɪ.ɚnˌ-, ˈaɪrn-, -ˌmɑːŋ-
ironside (I) ˈaɪən.saɪd (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn-, ˈaɪrn- **-s** -z
ironstone ˈaɪən.stəʊn (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn.stoʊn, ˈaɪrn-
Ironton ˈaɪən.tən (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn-, ˈaɪrn-
ironware ˈaɪən.weəʳ (US) ˈaɪ.ɚn.wer, ˈaɪrn-

ironwood (I) 'aɪən.wʊd ⓤⓢ 'aɪ.ɚn-, 'aɪrn-
ironwork 'aɪən.wɜːk ⓤⓢ 'aɪ.ɚn.wɝːk, 'aɪrn- -s -s
iron|y *(n.) sarcasm, etc.:* 'aɪə.rən|.i ⓤⓢ 'aɪ- -ies -iz
irony *(adj.) like iron:* 'aɪə.ni ⓤⓢ 'aɪ.ɚ-, 'aɪr-
Iroquoian ˌɪr.əʊ'kwɔɪ.ən ⓤⓢ -ə'-
Iroquois *(sing.)* 'ɪr.ə.kwɔɪ, -kwɔɪ *(plur.)* 'ɪr.ə.kwɔɪz, -kwɔɪ
irradian|ce ɪ'reɪ.di.ənt|s ⓤⓢ ɪr'- -cy -si
irradi|ate ɪ'reɪ.di|.eɪt ⓤⓢ ɪr'- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
irradiation ɪˌreɪ.di'eɪ.ʃən, ˌɪr.eɪ- ⓤⓢ ɪr'-, ɪˌreɪ- -s -z
irradicab|le ɪ'ræd.ɪ.kə.b|əl ⓤⓢ ɪr'- -ly -li
irrational ɪ'ræʃ.ən.əl, ˌɪr'æʃ-, -'ræʃ.nəl -ly -i
irrationality ɪˌræʃ.ən'æl.ə.ti, ˌɪrˌæʃ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Irrawaddy ˌɪr.ə'wɒd.i ⓤⓢ -'wɑː.di, -'wɔː-
irrebuttable ˌɪr.ɪ'bʌt.ə.bəl ⓤⓢ -'bʌt̬-
irreceptive ˌɪr.ɪ'sep.tɪv
irreclaimab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'kleɪ.mə.b|əl -ly -li
irrecognizable, -isa- ɪˌrek.əg'naɪ.zə.bəl, ˌɪrˌek-
irreconcilability ɪˌrek.ənˌsaɪ.lə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪrˌek-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irreconcilab|le ˌɪr.ek.ən'saɪ.lə.b|əl, ɪˌrek- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irrecoverab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'kʌv.ər.ə.b|əl, -ə'- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irredeemab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'diː.mə.b|əl, -ə'- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irredent|ism ˌɪr.ɪ'den.t|ɪ.zəm, -ə'- -ist/s -ɪst/s
irreducib|le ˌɪr.ɪ'djuː.sə.b|əl, -ə'-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ -'duː-, -'djuː- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irrefutability ɪˌref.jə.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -jʊ-, -ɪ.ti; ˌɪr.ɪˌfjuː.tə'-, -əˌ- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
irrefutab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'fjuː.tə.b|əl, -ə'-; ɪ'ref.jə-, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ɪ'ref.jə.t̬ə-; ˌɪr.ɪ'fjuː-, -ə'- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irregardless ˌɪr.ɪ'gɑːd.ləs, -ə'-, -lɪs ⓤⓢ -ɪ'gɑːrd-
irregular ɪ'reg.jə.lər, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -lɚ -ly -li
irregularit|y ɪˌreg.jə'lær.ə.t|i, ˌɪrˌeg-, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ɪˌreg.jə'ler.ə.t̬|i, -'lær- -ies -iz
irrelevan|ce ɪ'rel.ə.vənt|s, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ɪr'- -cy -si -cies -siz
irrelevant ɪ'rel.ə.vənt, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ɪr'- -ly -li
irreligion ˌɪr.ɪ'lɪdʒ.ən, -ə'-
irreligious ˌɪr.ɪ'lɪdʒ.əs, -ə'- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
irremediab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'miː.di.ə.b|əl -ly -li
irremovability ˌɪr.ɪˌmuː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irremovab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'muː.və.b|əl, -ə'- -ly -li
irreparability ɪˌrep.ər.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌɪrˌep-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irreparab|le ɪ'rep.ər.ə.b|əl -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irreplaceable ˌɪr.ɪ'pleɪ.sə.bəl
irrepressib|le ˌɪr.ɪ'pres.ə.b|əl, -ə'-, '-ɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irreproachability ˌɪr.ɪˌprəʊ.tʃə'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌproʊ.tʃə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
irreproachab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'prəʊ.tʃə.b|əl, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'proʊ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irresistibility ˌɪr.ɪˌzɪs.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irresistib|le ˌɪr.ɪ'zɪs.tə.b|əl, -ə'-, -tɪ- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irresoluble ɪ'rez.əl.jə.bəl, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌɪr.ɪ'zɑːl.jə-
irresolute ɪ'rez.əl.uːt, ˌɪr'ez-, -juːt ⓤⓢ -uːt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
irresolution ɪˌrez.əl'uː.ʃən, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'uː-
irresolvability ˌɪr.ɪˌzɒl.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌzɑːl.və'bɪl.ə.t̬i
irresolvab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'zɒl.və.b|əl ⓤⓢ -'zɑːl.və- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irrespective ˌɪr.ɪ'spek.tɪv, -ə'- -ly -li
irresponsibility ˌɪr.ɪˌspɒnt.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌspɑːnt.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
irresponsib|le ˌɪr.ɪ'spɒnt.sə.b|əl, -ə'-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ -'spɑːnt- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irresponsive ˌɪr.ɪ'spɒnt.sɪv, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'spɑːnt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
irretentive ˌɪr.ɪ'ten.tɪv, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv
irretrievability ˌɪr.ɪˌtriː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irretrievab|le ˌɪr.ɪ'triː.və.b|əl, -ə'- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irreverence ɪ'rev.ər.ənts, ˌɪr'ev-
irreverent ɪ'rev.ər.ənt, ˌɪr'ev- -ly -li
irreversibility ˌɪr.ɪˌvɜː.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌvɝː.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -sɪ'-
irreversib|le ˌɪr.ɪ'vɜː.sə.b|əl, -ə'-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
irrevocability ɪˌrev.ə.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
irrevocab|le ɪ'rev.ə.kə.b|əl -ly -li *when applied to letters of credit:* ˌɪr.ɪ'vəʊ.kə.bəl, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ɪ'rev.ə.kə-; ˌɪr.ɪ'voʊ-
irrigable 'ɪr.ɪ.gə.bəl, '-ə-
irri|gate 'ɪr.ɪ|.geɪt, '-ə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪd -gator/s -geɪ.tər/z ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
irrigation ˌɪr.ɪ'geɪ.ʃən, -ə'- -s -z
irritability ˌɪr.ɪ.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, '-ə-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
irritab|le 'ɪr.ɪ.tə.b|əl, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs ˌ**irritable 'bowel ˌsyndrome**
irritant 'ɪr.ɪ.tənt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ənt -s -s
irri|tate 'ɪr.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- -tates -teɪts -tating/ly -teɪ.tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -tated -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪd -tative -teɪ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɪv -tator/s -teɪ.tər/z ⓤⓢ -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z
irritation ˌɪr.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, -ə'- -s -z
irrupt ɪ'rʌpt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -ive/ly -ɪv/li
irruption ɪ'rʌp.ʃən -s -z
IRS ˌaɪ.ɑːr'es
Irvine *name:* 'ɜː.vɪn, -vaɪn ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- *US city:* 'ɜː.vaɪn ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
Irvinestown 'ɜː.vɪnz.taʊn ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
Irving 'ɜː.vɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
Irwin 'ɜː.wɪn ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
is *(from* **be***) strong form:* ɪz *weak forms:* z, s
Note: /z/ is used only when the preceding word ends in a vowel or a voiced consonant other than /z/ or /ʒ/. /s/ is used only when the preceding word ends in a voiceless consonant other than /s/ or /ʃ/.
ISA, Isa 'aɪ.sə -s -z
Isaac 'aɪ.zək -s -s
Isaacson 'aɪ.zək.sən
Isabel 'ɪz.ə.bel
Isabella ˌɪz.ə'bel.ə
Isabelle 'ɪz.ə.bel
Isaiah aɪ'zaɪə ⓤⓢ aɪ'zeɪə, -'zaɪə
Isambard 'ɪz.əm.bɑːd ⓤⓢ -bɑːrd
Isard 'ɪz.ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd
-isation aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ɪ'-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-isation** alway carry primary stress as shown above, e.g. **decimalisation** /ˌdes.ɪ.məl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-/.
ISBN ˌaɪ.es.biː'en
Iscariot ɪs'kær.i.ət ⓤⓢ -'ker-, -'kær-
Ischia 'ɪs.ki.ə
-ise aɪz, iːz
Note: Suffix. Where **-ise** forms a verb, the pronunciation is /-aɪz/. See note for **-ize**. Where **-ise** forms a noun, it usually carries primary stress (e.g. **exper'tise**) and is pronounced /-iːz/.
Iseult ɪ'zuːlt, -'suːlt ⓤⓢ -'suːlt
-ish ɪʃ
Note: Suffix. When forming an adjective, **-ish** does not affect the stress pattern of the word, e.g. **yellowish** /'jel.əʊ.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ -oʊ-/. When forming a verb, the penultimate syllable is stressed, e.g. **demolish** /dɪ'mɒl.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.lɪʃ/.
Isham 'aɪ.ʃəm
Isherwood 'ɪʃ.ə.wʊd ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
Ishiguro ˌɪʃ.ɪ'gʊər.əʊ ⓤⓢ -'gʊr.oʊ
Ishmael 'ɪʃ.meɪəl, -mi.əl
Ishmae|lite 'ɪʃ.mi.ə|.laɪt, -meɪə|.laɪt, -mə|.laɪt -lites -laɪts -litish -laɪ.tɪʃ ⓤⓢ -laɪ.t̬ɪʃ
Ishtar 'ɪʃ.tɑːr ⓤⓢ -tɑːr
Isidore 'ɪz.ɪ.dɔːr, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.dɔːr
Isidorian ˌɪz.ɪ'dɔː.ri.ən, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'dɔːr.i-
isinglass 'aɪ.zɪŋ.glɑːs ⓤⓢ -zɪn.glæs, -zɪŋ-
Isis 'aɪ.sɪs
Isla 'aɪ.lə
Islam 'ɪz.lɑːm, 'ɪs-, -læm, -ləm; ɪz'lɑːm, ɪs-
Islamabad ɪz'lɑː.mə.bæd, ɪs-, -'læm.ə-, -bɑːd ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.mə.bɑːd

amic ɪz'læm.ɪk, ɪs-, -'lɑː.mɪk
(US) -'lɑː.mɪk, -'læm.ɪk **-s** -s
am|ism 'ɪz.lə.m|ɪ.zᵊm, 'ɪs- **-ist/s**
ɪst/s
and 'aɪ.lənd **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ay 'aɪ.leɪ *locally:* 'aɪ.lə
e aɪl **-s** -z
e of Dogs ˌaɪl.əv'dɒgz (US) -'dɑːgz,
'dɔːgz
e of Man ˌaɪl.əv'mæn
e of Wight ˌaɪl.əv'waɪt
et 'aɪ.lət, -lɪt, -let (US) -lɪt **-s** -s
eworth 'aɪ.zᵊl.wəθ, -wɜːθ
(US) -wɝːθ, -wɚθ
ington 'ɪz.lɪŋ.tən
ip *archbishop:* 'ɪz.lɪp *in Oxford-*
hire: 'aɪ.slɪp
wyn 'ɪs.lu.ɪn; ɪz'luː.ɪn, ɪs-
m ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
te: Suffix. When added to a free
tem, **-ism** does not normally affect
he stress pattern of the word, e.g.
bsentee /ˌæb.sᵊn'tiː/, **absenteeism**
æb.sᵊn'tiː.ɪ.zᵊm/. When added to a
ound stem, the word is normally
tressed two syllables before the
uffix, e.g. **exorcism** /'ek.sɔː.sɪ.zᵊm
(US) -sɔːr-/. Exceptions exist; see
ndividual entries.
nail ˌɪz.mɑː'iːl, ˌɪs-; 'ɪz.maɪl, -meɪl
nailiya ˌɪz.maɪ'liː.ə, ˌɪs-
(US) ˌɪs.meɪ.ə'-, ˌɪz-
nay 'ɪz.meɪ
't 'ɪz.ᵊnt
- aɪ.səʊ; aɪ'sɒ (US) aɪ.soʊ, -sə; aɪ'sɑː
te: Prefix. Normally takes either
rimary or secondary stress on the
rst syllable, e.g. **isotope**
aɪ.sə.təʊp (US) -toʊp/, **isotopic**
aɪ.sə'tɒp.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.pɪk/, or pri-
nary stress on the second syllable,
.g. **isotropy** /aɪ'sɒt.rə.pi
(US) -'sɑː.trə-/.
) ˌaɪ.es'əʊ (US) -'oʊ
bar 'aɪ.səʊ.bɑːʳ (US) -soʊ.bɑːr, -sə-
s -z
bel 'ɪz.ə.bel
chromatic ˌaɪ.səʊ.krəʊ'mæt.ɪk
(US) -soʊ.kroʊ'mæt̬.ɪk, -sə-
chronal aɪ'sɒk.rə.nᵊl (US) -'sɑː.krə-
y -i
chronous aɪ'sɒk.rə.nəs
(US) -'sɑː.krə- **-ly** -li
crates aɪ'sɒk.rə.tiːz (US) -'sɑː.krə-
gloss 'aɪ.səʊ.glɒs (US) -soʊ.glɑːs,
sə- **-es** -ɪz
late (*n.*) 'aɪ.sᵊl.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt
(US) -sə.lɪt **-s** -s
|late (*v.*) 'aɪ.sə|.leɪt **-lates** -leɪts
ating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated**
eɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z
(US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
lation ˌaɪ.sᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn
lation|ism ˌaɪ.sᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm
st/s -ɪst/s
lative 'aɪ.sᵊl.ə.tɪv, -eɪ.tɪv
(US) -sə.leɪ.t̬ɪv, -soʊ- **-ly** -li
lda ɪ'zɒl.də (US) -'soʊl-, -'zoʊl-
lde ɪ'zɒl.də (US) -'soʊl-, -'zoʊl-;
soʊld, -'zoʊld

isomer 'aɪ.sə.məʳ (US) -soʊ.mɚ, -sə-
-s -z
isomeric ˌaɪ.səʊ'mer.ɪk (US) -soʊ'-,
-sə'-
isomer|ism aɪ'sɒm.ᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm
(US) -'sɑː.mɚ- **-ous** -əs
isometric ˌaɪ.səʊ'met.rɪk (US) -soʊ'-,
-sə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
isomorph 'aɪ.səʊ.mɔːf (US) -soʊ.mɔːrf,
-sə- **-s** -s
isomorph|ism ˌaɪ.səʊ'mɔː.f|ɪ.zᵊm
(US) -soʊ'mɔːr- **-ic** -ɪk **-ous** -əs
Ison 'aɪ.sᵊn
isophone 'aɪ.səʊ.fəʊn (US) -soʊ.foʊn,
-sə- **-s** -z
isosceles aɪ'sɒs.ᵊl.iːz, -ɪ.liːz
(US) -'sɑː.sᵊl.iːz
isotherm 'aɪ.səʊ.θɜːm
(US) -soʊ.θɝːm, -sə- **-s** -z
isothermal ˌaɪ.sə'θɜː.mᵊl (US) -'θɝː-
-ly -i
isotonic ˌaɪ.sə'tɒn.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.nɪk
isotope 'aɪ.sə.təʊp (US) -toʊp **-s** -s
isotopic ˌaɪ.sə'tɒp.ɪk (US) -'tɑː.pɪk
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li
isotropic ˌaɪ.sə'trɒp.ɪk (US) -'trɑː.pɪk
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li
isotropy aɪ'sɒt.rə.pi (US) -'sɑː.trə-
ISP ˌaɪ.es'piː
I-spy ˌaɪ'spaɪ
Israel 'ɪz.reɪəl, -ri.əl, -reɪ.el (US) -ri.əl,
-reɪ-, -rᵊl
Israeli ɪz'reɪ.li **-s** -z
Israelite 'ɪz.ri.ə.laɪt, -reɪ-, -rə.laɪt,
-rɪ- (US) -ri.ə-, -reɪ- **-s** -s
Issachar 'ɪs.ə.kəʳ, -kɑːʳ (US) -kɑːr
iss|ue 'ɪʃ|.uː, 'ɪs.j|uː (US) 'ɪʃ|.uː **-ues**
-uːz **-uing** -uː.ɪŋ **-ued** -uːd **-uer/s**
-uː.əʳ/z (US) -uː.ɚ/z **-uable** -u.ə.bᵊl
-uance -u.ᵊnts
-ist ɪst
Note: Suffix. When attached to a free
stem, **-ist** does not normally affect
the stress pattern of the stem, e.g.
modern /'mɒd.ᵊn (US) 'mɑː.dɚn/,
modernist /'mɒd.ᵊn.ɪst
(US) 'mɑː.dɚ.nɪst/. When attached to
a bound stem, the word is normally
stressed on the penultimate syllable,
e.g. **Baptist** /'bæp.tɪst/. Exceptions
exist; see individual entries.
Istanbul ˌɪs.tæn'bʊl, -tɑːn'-, -tæm'-,
-tɑːm'- (US) -tɑːn'-, -tæn'-, -'buːl
isthmi (*plur. of* **isthmus**) 'ɪs.maɪ,
'ɪsθ-, 'ɪst- (US) 'ɪs-
isthmian (I) 'ɪsθ.mi.ən, 'ɪst-, 'ɪs-
(US) 'ɪs-
isthmus 'ɪs.məs, 'ɪsθ-, 'ɪst- (US) 'ɪs-
-es -ɪz
-istic 'ɪs.tɪk
Note: Suffix. Normally takes primary
stress as shown, e.g. **impressionistic**
/ɪmˌpreʃ.ᵊn'ɪs.tɪk/.
istle 'ɪst.li
Istria 'ɪs.tri.ə
it ɪt
IT ˌaɪ'tiː
Italian ɪ'tæl.i.ən (US) '-jən **-s** -z
italianate ɪ'tæl.i.ə.neɪt, -nət, -nɪt
(US) '-jə.nɪt

italianism ɪ'tæl.i.ə.nɪ.zᵊm (US) '-jə-
-s -z
italianiz|e, -is|e ɪ'tæl.i.ə.naɪz
(US) '-jə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
italic (I) ɪ'tæl.ɪk **-s** -s
italicization, -isa-
ɪˌtæl.ɪ.saɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -sɪ'- (US) -sɪ'-
italiciz|e, -is|e ɪ'tæl.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- **-es**
-ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Italy 'ɪt.ᵊl.i (US) 'ɪt̬-
itch ɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Itchen 'ɪtʃ.ɪn, -ᵊn
itch|y 'ɪtʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
it'd 'ɪt.əd (US) 'ɪt̬-
item 'aɪ.təm, -tɪm, -tem (US) -t̬əm
-s -z
itemiz|e, -is|e 'aɪ.tə.maɪz, -tɪ- (US) -t̬ə-
-es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
iter|ate 'ɪt.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) 'ɪt̬.ə.r|eɪt **-ates**
-eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated**
-eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
iteration ˌɪt.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌɪt̬.ə'reɪ-
-s -z
iterative 'ɪt.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ-
(US) 'ɪt̬.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, -ɚ.ə- **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs
Ithaca 'ɪθ.ə.kə
itinerancy aɪ'tɪn.ᵊr.ᵊnt.si, ɪ-
itinerant aɪ'tɪn.ᵊr.ᵊnt, ɪ- **-s** -s
itinerar|y aɪ'tɪn.ᵊr.ᵊr|.i, ɪ- (US) -ə.rer-
-ies -iz
itiner|ate aɪ'tɪn.ᵊr|.eɪt, ɪ- (US) -ə.r|eɪt
-ates -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
-ition 'ɪʃ.ᵊn
Note: Suffix. Always stressed as
shown, e.g. **edition** /ɪ'dɪʃ.ᵊn/.
-itious 'ɪʃ.əs
Note: Suffix. Always stressed as
shown, e.g. **surreptitious**
/ˌsʌr.əp'tɪʃ.əs (US) ˌsɜːr.əp'-/.
-itis 'aɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) 'aɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
Note: Suffix. Always stressed as
shown, e.g. **tonsilitis**
/ˌtɒnt.sᵊl'aɪ.tɪs (US) ˌtɑːnt.sə'laɪ.t̬ɪs/.
-itive ɪ.tɪv, ə- (US) ə.t̬ɪv, ɪ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-itive**
are normally stressed on the ante-
penultimate syllable, e.g. **competi-**
tive /kəm'pet.ɪ.tɪv (US) -ə.t̬ɪv/.
Exceptions exist; see individual
entries.
it'll (= *it will, it shall*) 'ɪt.ᵊl (US) 'ɪt̬-
ITN ˌaɪ.tiː'en
-itory ə.tᵊr.i, ɪ-, tri (US) ə.tɔːr.i, ɪ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-itory**
are normally stressed on the
syllable preceding the prefix, e.g.
territory /'ter.ɪ.tᵊr.i (US) 'ter.ɪ.tɔːr.i/.
Exceptions exist; see individual en-
tries.
its ɪts
it's (= *it is, it has*) ɪts
itself ɪt'self
itsy-bitsy ˌɪt.si'bɪt.si
itty-bitty ˌɪt.i'bɪt.i (US) ˌɪt̬.i'bɪt̬-
ITV ˌaɪ.tiː'viː
-ity ə.ti, ɪ.ti (US) ə.t̬i
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ity**

are normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **conformity** /kən'fɔː.mə.ti ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr.mə.t̬i/.

IUD ˌaɪ.juː'diː

Ivan 'aɪ.vᵊn ⓤⓢ 'aɪ.vən *foreign name:* iː'væn, ɪ-, -'vɑːn ⓤⓢ -'vɑːn

Ivanhoe 'aɪ.vᵊn.həʊ ⓤⓢ -hoʊ

Ivanoff ɪ'vɑː.nəf, iː-, -nɒf ⓤⓢ 'iː.və.nɑːf; iː'vɑː-

Ivanov 'aɪ.və.nɒf, ɪ'vɑː.nɒf ⓤⓢ iː.və'nɑːf, aɪ-

Ivatt 'aɪ.vət, -væt **-s** -s

I've (= *I have*) aɪv

-ive ɪv

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ive** are either stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **expensive** /ɪk'spent.sɪv/, or on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **executive** /ɪg'zek.jətɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv/.

Iveagh 'aɪ.və, -veɪ

Iveco® ɪ'veɪ.kəʊ, aɪ'-, -'viː- ⓤⓢ -'veɪ.koʊ

Ivens 'aɪ.vᵊnz

Iver 'aɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ

Ives *surname, and towns* **St. Ives** *in Cornwall and Cambridgeshire:* aɪvz *in Stevenson's 'St. Ives':* iːvz

Ivey 'aɪ.vi

IVF ˌaɪ.viː'ef

Ivor 'aɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ, 'iː-

ivor|y (I) 'aɪ.vᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz ˌ**Ivory** '**Coast;** ˌ**ivory** '**tower**

ivory-black ˌaɪ.vᵊr.i'blæk

iv|y (I) 'aɪ.v|i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id '**Ivy** ˌ**League**

Ivybridge 'aɪ.vi.brɪdʒ

ixia 'ɪk.si.ə **-s** -z

Ixion ɪk'saɪən ⓤⓢ -'saɪən, -'saɪ.ɑːn

Iza 'aɪ.zə

Izaby 'ɪz.ə.bi

Izal® 'aɪ.zᵊl

izard 'ɪz.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-s** -z

Izard 'aɪ.zɑːd, -zəd; 'ɪz.əd ⓤⓢ 'aɪ.zɑːrd, -zɚd; 'ɪz.ɚd

-ization aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ɪ'-

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-ization** always carry primary stress as shown above, e.g. **decimalization** /ˌdes.ɪ.mᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-/.

-ize, -ise aɪz

Note: Suffix. When attached to a free stem, **-ize** does not normally affect the stress pattern of the stem, e.g. **decimal** /'des.ɪ.mᵊl/, **decimalize** /'des.ɪ.mᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -mə.laɪz/. When attached to a bound stem, the word is normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **recognize** /'rek.əg.naɪz/. Exceptions exist; see individual entries.

Izmir 'ɪz.mɪəʳ, -'- ⓤⓢ ɪz'mɪr

Izzard 'ɪz.əd, -ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɚd, -ɑːrd

Pronouncing the letter J

In general, the consonant letter j is pronounced /dʒ/, e.g.:

jam /dʒæm/
raj /rɑːdʒ/

(The latter can also be pronounced /rɑːʒ/ in British English.)

In some exceptional cases, j is pronounced /j/, e.g.:
hallelujah /ˌhæl.ɪˈluː.jə/

(J) dʒeɪ -'s -z
ab dʒæb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
abb|er ˈdʒæb|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
abberwock ˈdʒæb.ə.wɒk (US) -ɚ.wɑːk -y -i
abberwocky (J) ˈdʒæb.ə.wɒk.i (US) -ɚ.wɑː.ki, -wɔːk.i
abez ˈdʒeɪ.bez, -bɪz
abiru ˌdʒæb.əˈruː, -ɪˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˈdʒæb.ə.ruː, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z
aborandi ˌdʒæb.əˈræn.di, ˌʒæb-, -ɔːˈ-; -rænˈdiː (US) ˌdʒæb.əˈræn.di; -rænˈdiː
abot ˈʒæb.əʊ (US) ʒæbˈoʊ -s -z
acamar ˈdʒæk.ə.mɑːʳ, ˈʒæk- (US) ˈdʒæk.ə.mɑːr -s -z
acaranda ˌdʒæk.əˈræn.də -s -z
acinta dʒəˈsɪn.tə, hə-
acinth (J) ˈdʒæs.ɪntθ, ˈdʒeɪ.sɪntθ -s -s
acintha dʒəˈsɪnt.θə, dʒæsˈɪnt-
ack (J) dʒæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌJack ˈFrost; ˌJack ˈRobinson; ˌJack ˈRussell; ˌjack ˈtar; ˌJack the ˈlad
ackal ˈdʒæk.ɔːl, -ᵊl (US) -ᵊl -s -z
ackanapes ˈdʒæk.ə.neɪps -es -ɪz
ackaroo ˌdʒæk.ᵊrˈuː (US) -əˈruː -s -z
ackass ˈdʒæk.æs -es -ɪz
ackboot ˈdʒæk.buːt -s -s -ed -ɪd
ackdaw ˈdʒæk.dɔː (US) -dɑː, -dɔː -s -z
ackeroo ˌdʒæk.ᵊrˈuː (US) -əˈruː -s -z
ack|et ˈdʒæk|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
ackhammer ˈdʒækˌhæm.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
ackie ˈdʒæk.i
ack-in-office ˈdʒæk.ɪnˌɒf.ɪs (US) -ˌɑː.fɪs jacks-in-office ˈdʒæks-
ack-in-the-box ˈdʒæk.ɪn.ðə.bɒks (US) -bɑːks -es -ɪz
ack-kni|fe (n.) ˈdʒæk.naɪ|f -ves -vz
ackknif|e (v.) ˈdʒæk.naɪf -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
acklin ˈdʒæk.lɪn
acklyn ˈdʒæk.lɪn
ackman ˈdʒæk.mən
ack-of-all-trades ˌdʒæk.əvˈɔːl.treɪdz, -ɔːlˈtreɪdz (US) -ˈɔːl-, -ˈɑːl- jacks-of-all-trades ˌdʒæks-
ack-o'-lantern ˌdʒæk.əʊˈlæn.tən, ˈdʒæk.əʊˌlæn.tən (US) ˈdʒæk.əˌlæn.tɚn -s -z
ackpot ˈdʒæk.pɒt (US) -pɑːt -s -s ˌhit the ˈjackpot
ackrabbit ˈdʒækˌræb.ɪt -s -s

Jackson ˈdʒæk.sᵊn
Jacksonian ˌdʒækˈsəʊ.ni.ən (US) -ˈsoʊ-
Jacksonville ˈdʒæk.sᵊn.vɪl
jack-tar ˌdʒækˈtɑːʳ, ˈ-- (US) ˌdʒækˈtɑːr, ˈ-- -s -z
Jacob ˈdʒeɪ.kəb ˌ**Jacob's ˈladder**
jacobean (J) ˌdʒæk.əʊˈbiː.ən (US) -əˈ-, -oʊˈ- -s -z
Jacobi ˈdʒæk.ə.bi; dʒəˈkəʊ- (US) -ˈkoʊ-
jacobian (J) dʒəˈkəʊ.bi.ən (US) -ˈkoʊ- -s -z
Jacobin ˈdʒæk.əʊ.bɪn (US) ˈ-ə- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
Jacobit|e ˈdʒæk.əʊ.baɪt (US) ˈ-ə- -es -s -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
Jacobs ˈdʒeɪ.kəbz
Jacobson ˈdʒæk.əb.sᵊn, ˈjæk- (US) ˈdʒeɪ.kəb-
jacobus (J) dʒəˈkəʊ.bəs (US) -ˈkoʊ- -es -ɪz
Jacoby dʒəˈkəʊ.bi; ˈdʒæk.ə- (US) dʒəˈkoʊ-; ˈdʒæk.ə-
Jacquard ˈdʒæk.ɑːd, dʒəˈkɑːd (US) dʒəˈkɑːrd
Jacqueline ˈdʒæk.ə.liːn, ˈʒæk-, -lɪn; ˈdʒæk.liːn, -lɪn (US) ˈdʒæk.ə.lɪn, -liːn; ˈ-wə.lɪn
Jacques *English surname:* dʒeɪks, dʒæks *French name:* ʒæk (US) ʒɑːk
Jacqui ˈdʒæk.i
jactitation ˌdʒæk.tɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
jacuzzi (J®) dʒəˈkuː.zi, dʒækˈuː- (US) dʒəˈkuː- -s -z
jad|e (J) dʒeɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
jaeger (J®) ˈjeɪ.gəʳ, ˈdʒeɪ- (US) -gɚ -s -z
Jael dʒeɪəl, dʒeɪl, ˈdʒeɪ.el (US) dʒeɪəl
Jaffa ˈdʒæf.ə (US) ˈdʒæf-, ˈdʒɑː.fə, ˈjɑː- -s -z
Jaffna ˈdʒæf.nə
Jaffrey ˈdʒæf.ri
jag dʒæg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Jaggard ˈdʒæg.əd (US) -ɚd
jagged ˈdʒæg.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
jagger (J) ˈdʒæg.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
jagg|y ˈdʒæg|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Jago ˈdʒeɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
jaguar (J) ˈdʒæg.ju.əʳ (US) ˈdʒæg.wɑːr, ˈ-ju.ɑːr -s -z
Jah dʒɑː, jɑː
Jahveh ˈjɑː.veɪ, ˌjɑːˈveɪ, ˈdʒɑː.veɪ, ˈjɑː.və (US) ˈjɑː.veɪ
jai alai ˌhaɪ.əˈlaɪ, ˈ---; ˌhaɪˈlaɪ, ˈ-- (US) ˈhaɪˌlaɪ, -əˌlaɪ; ˌhaɪ.əˈlaɪ
jail dʒeɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
jailbait ˈdʒeɪl.beɪt
jailbird ˈdʒeɪl.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd -s -z

jailbreak ˈdʒeɪl.breɪk -s -s
jailer, jailor ˈdʒeɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
jailhou|se ˈdʒeɪl.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
Jaime *English name:* ˈdʒeɪ.mi *Spanish name:* ˈhaɪ.mi
Jain dʒaɪn, dʒeɪn (US) dʒaɪn -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
Jaipur ˌdʒaɪˈpʊəʳ, -ˈpɔːʳ (US) -ˈpʊr
Jairus ˈdʒaɪə.rəs, dʒeɪˈaɪə- (US) ˈdʒaɪ-, dʒeɪˈaɪ-
Jaish-e-Mohamed dʒɑːˌiːʃ.ɪ.məʊˈhæm.ɪd, ˌ-eɪ-, -əd, -ɪd (US) dʒaɪ.iːʃ.ə.moʊˈhɑː.mɪd, -ˈhæm-
Jakarta dʒəˈkɑː.tə (US) -ˈkɑːr.t̬ə
Jake dʒeɪk
Jakes dʒeɪks
Jalalabad dʒəˈlɑː.lə.bɑːd, -ˈlæl.ə-, -bæd; dʒəˌlɑː.ləˈbɑːd, -ˌlæl.əˈ-, -ˈbæd
jalap ˈdʒæl.əp
jalapeño ˌhæl.əˈpeɪ.njəʊ (US) ˌhɑː.ləˈpeɪ.njoʊ, ˌhæl.əˈ- -s -z
Jalisco hɑːˈles.kəʊ (US) -ˈliːs.koʊ
jalop|y dʒəˈlɒp|.i (US) -ˈlɑː.p|i -ies -iz
jalousie ˈʒæl.u.ziː, ˌ--ˈ-, dʒəˈluː.si (US) ˈdʒæl.ə.si -s -z
jam dʒæm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d ˈ**jam ˌjar; jam ˈtart; ˈjam ˌsession**
Jam *Indian title:* dʒɑːm -s -z
Jamaic|a dʒəˈmeɪ.k|ə -an/s -ən/z
Jamal dʒəˈmɑːl
jamb dʒæm*b* -s -z
jambalaya ˌdʒæm.bəˈlaɪ.ə, ˌdʒʌm- -s -z
jamboree ˌdʒæm.bᵊrˈiː, ˈ--- (US) ˌdʒæm.bəˈriː -s -z
James dʒeɪmz
Jameson ˈdʒeɪm.sᵊn, ˈdʒɪm-, ˈdʒem-, ˈdʒæm-; ˈdʒeɪ.mɪ.sᵊn, ˈdʒɪm.ɪ-, ˈdʒem-, ˈdʒæm-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈdʒeɪm.sᵊn; ˈdʒeɪ.mɪ-
James's ˈdʒeɪm.zɪz
Jamestown ˈdʒeɪmz.taʊn
Jamia ˈdʒʌm.i.ə, ˈdʒæm-
Jamie ˈdʒeɪ.mi
Jamieson ˈdʒeɪ.mɪ.sᵊn, ˈdʒæm.ɪ-, ˈdʒem-, ˈdʒɪm-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈdʒeɪ.mɪ-
jam-jar ˈdʒæm.dʒɑːʳ (US) -dʒɑːr
Jammu ˈdʒæm.uː, ˈdʒʌm- (US) ˈdʒʌm-
jamm|y ˈdʒæm|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
jam-packed ˌdʒæmˈpækt *stress shift:* ˌjam-packed ˈtrain
jam-pot ˈdʒæm.pɒt (US) -pɑːt -s -s
Jamy ˈdʒeɪ.mi
Jan *female first name:* dʒæn *male first name:* jæn

Jan. (*abbrev. for* **January**) dʒæn, ˈdʒæn.ju.ᵊr.i, -juə.ri, -ju- (US) -ju.er.i
Jana ˈdʒæn.ə, ˈdʒeɪ.nə *as if Czech or Polish:* ˈjɑː.nə (US) ˈdʒæn.ə
Janácek ˈjæn.ə.tʃek, ˈ-ɑː- (US) ˈjɑː.nə-
Jane dʒeɪn ˌ**Jane** ˈ**Doe**
Janeiro dʒəˈnɪə.rəu, -ˈneə- (US) ʒəˈner.ou, dʒə-, -ˈnɪr-
Janet ˈdʒæn.ɪt, -ət
Jan(n)ette dʒəˈnet, dʒænˈet
jangl|e ˈdʒæŋ.gᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈdʒæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, ˈdʒæŋ.gləʳ/z, -glɚ/z
Janice ˈdʒæn.ɪs
Janine dʒəˈniːn
janissar|y ˈdʒæn.ɪ.sᵊr|.i (US) -ə.ser- **-ies** -iz
janitor ˈdʒæn.ɪ.təʳ (US) -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Janjaweed ˈdʒæn.dʒə.wiːd (US) ˈdʒɑːn-, -dʒɑː-
Jansen ˈdʒænt.sᵊn
Jansen|ism ˈdʒænt.sᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Jantzen® ˈjænt.sᵊn, ˈdʒænt- (US) ˈdʒænt-
Januarius ˌdʒæn.juˈeə.ri.əs (US) -ˈer.i-
Januar|y ˈdʒæn.ju.ᵊr|.i, -juə.r|i, -ju- (US) -ju.er|.i **-ies** -iz
Janus ˈdʒeɪ.nəs
Jap dʒæp **-s** -s
Japan, japan dʒəˈpæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **-ner/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Japanese ˌdʒæp.ᵊnˈiːz (US) -ˈiːz, -ˈiːs
jap|e dʒeɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Japhet ˈdʒeɪ.fet, -fɪt
Japheth ˈdʒeɪ.feθ, -fɪθ
japhetic dʒeɪˈfet.ɪk, dʒə- (US) dʒəˈfet̬-
japonica dʒəˈpɒn.ɪ.kə (US) -ˈpɑː.nɪ- **-s** -z
Jaques *name:* dʒeɪks, dʒæks *Shakespearian character:* ˈdʒeɪ.kwɪz (US) -kwɪz, -kiːz; dʒeɪks, dʒæks
jar dʒɑːʳ (US) dʒɑːr **-s** -z **-ring/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-red** -d
Jardine ˈdʒɑː.diːn, -ˈ- (US) ˈdʒɑːr.diːn, -ˈ-
jardinière ˌʒɑː.dɪ.niˈeəʳ, ˌdʒɑː-, -dɪˈnjeəʳ (US) ˌdʒɑːr.dᵊnˈɪr, ˌʒɑːr-, -ˈjer **-s** -z
Jared ˈdʒær.əd (US) ˈdʒer-, ˈdʒær-
jarful ˈdʒɑː.fʊl (US) ˈdʒɑːr- **-s** -z
jargon ˈdʒɑː.gən (US) ˈdʒɑːr- **-s** -z
jargonelle ˌdʒɑː.gəˈnel (US) ˌdʒɑːr- **-s** -z
Jarley ˈdʒɑː.li (US) ˈdʒɑːr-
Jarlsberg® ˈjɑː.lz.bɜːg (US) ˈjɑːrlz.bɝːg
Jarlshof ˈjɑː.lz.hɒf (US) ˈjɑːrlz.hɑːf
Jarmaine dʒɑːˈmeɪn (US) dʒɑːr-
Jarman ˈdʒɑː.mən (US) ˈdʒɑːr-
Jarndyce ˈdʒɑːn.daɪs (US) ˈdʒɑːrn-
Jarratt ˈdʒær.ət (US) ˈdʒer-, ˈdʒær-
Jarrell dʒəˈrel (US) dʒəˈrel; ˈdʒer.ᵊl, ˈdʒær-
Jarrett ˈdʒær.ət (US) ˈdʒer-, ˈdʒær-
Jarrod ˈdʒær.əd (US) ˈdʒer-, ˈdʒær-
Jarrold ˈdʒær.ᵊld (US) ˈdʒer-, ˈdʒær-
Jarrow ˈdʒær.əu (US) ˈdʒer.ou, ˈdʒær-
Jarry ˈʒær.i (US) ʒɑːˈriː

Jaruzelski ˌjær.uˈzel.ski (US) ˌjɑː.ruːˈ-
jarvey ˈdʒɑː.vi (US) ˈdʒɑːr- **-s** -z
Jarvie ˈdʒɑː.vi (US) ˈdʒɑːr-
Jarvis ˈdʒɑː.vɪs (US) ˈdʒɑːr-
Jas. (*abbrev. for* **James**) dʒeɪmz, dʒæs (US) dʒeɪmz
jasey ˈdʒeɪ.zi **-s** -z
Jasher ˈdʒæʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
jasmine (J) ˈdʒæz.mɪn, ˈdʒæs-
Jason ˈdʒeɪ.sᵊn
jasper (J) ˈdʒæs.pəʳ (US) ˈdʒæs.pɚ **-s** -z
Jaspers ˈjæs.pəz (US) ˈjɑː.spɚz
Jassy ˈdʒæs.i
jaundice ˈdʒɔːn.dɪs (US) ˈdʒɑːn-, ˈdʒɔːn- **-d** -t
jaun|t dʒɔːn|t (US) dʒɑːn|t, dʒɔːn|t **-ts** -ts **-ting/ly** -tɪŋ/li (US) -t̬ɪŋ/li **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
jaunt|y ˈdʒɔːn.t|i (US) ˈdʒɑːn.t̬|i, ˈdʒɔːn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Java ˈdʒɑː.və (US) ˈdʒɑː-, ˈdʒæv.ə
Note: **Java coffee** is more likely to be /ˈdʒæv.ə/ in the US.
Javan *of Java:* ˈdʒɑː.vᵊn (US) ˈdʒɑː-, ˈdʒæv.ᵊn *biblical name:* ˈdʒeɪ.væn
Javanese ˌdʒɑː.vᵊnˈiːz (US) -ˈiːz, -ˈiːs *stress shift:* ˌJavanese ˈpeople
javelin (J) ˈdʒæv.ᵊl.ɪn, -lɪn **-s** -z
jaw dʒɔː (US) dʒɑː, dʒɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jawbone ˈdʒɔː.bəun (US) ˈdʒɑː.boun, ˈdʒɔː- **-s** -z
jawboning ˈdʒɔːˌbəu.nɪŋ (US) ˈdʒɑːˌbou-, ˈdʒɔː-
jawbreak|er ˈdʒɔːˌbreɪ.k|ə (US) ˈdʒɑːˌbreɪ.k|ɚ, ˈdʒɔː- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
jay (J) dʒeɪ **-s** -z
Jayne dʒeɪn
jaywalk ˈdʒeɪ.wɔːk (US) -wɑːk, -wɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
jazz dʒæz ˈ**jazz** ˌ**band**
jazz|y ˈdʒæz|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
JCB ˌdʒeɪ.siːˈbiː
J-cloth® ˈdʒeɪ.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ **-s** -s
JD ˌdʒeɪˈdiː
Jeakes dʒeɪks
jealous ˈdʒel.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
jealous|y ˈdʒel.ə.s|i **-ies** -iz
Jean *female name:* dʒiːn *French name:* ʒɑ̃ːn (US) ʒɑ̃ːn
jean *cotton fabric:* dʒeɪn (US) dʒiːn
Jeanette dʒəˈnet, dʒɪ-
Jeanne *English name:* dʒiːn *French name:* ʒæn (US) ʒɑ̃ːn
Jeannie ˈdʒiː.ni
jeans dʒiːnz
Jeavons ˈdʒev.ᵊnz
Jebb dʒeb
Jebusite ˈdʒeb.ju.zaɪt (US) -jə.saɪt **-s** -s
Jed dʒed
Jedburgh ˈdʒed.bᵊr.ə (US) -bɝːg
Jeddah ˈdʒed.ə
Jedediah ˌdʒed.ɪˈdaɪ.ə
Jeep® dʒiːp **-s** -s

jeepers ˈdʒiː.pəz (US) -pɚz
jeer dʒɪəʳ (US) dʒɪr **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Jeeves dʒiːvz
jeez dʒiːz
Jeff dʒef
Jefferies ˈdʒef.riz
Jeffers ˈdʒef.əz (US) -ɚz
Jefferson ˈdʒef.ə.sᵊn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Jeffersonian ˌdʒef.əˈsəu.ni.ən (US) -ɚˈsou-
Jeffery ˈdʒef.ri **-s** -z
Jeffrey ˈdʒef.ri **-s** -z
Jeffries ˈdʒef.riz
Jehoiachin dʒɪˈhɔɪ.ə.kɪn, dʒə-
Jehoiakim dʒɪˈhɔɪ.ə.kɪm, dʒə-
Jehoram dʒɪˈhɔː.rəm, dʒə-, -ræm (US) -ˈhɔːr.əm, -æm
Jehoshaphat dʒɪˈhɒʃ.ə.fæt, dʒə-, -ˈhɒs- (US) -ˈhɑː.ʃə-, -sə-
Jehovah dʒɪˈhəu.və, dʒə- (US) -ˈhou- **Je**ˌ**hovah's** ˈ**witness**
jehu (J) ˈdʒiː.hjuː (US) -hjuː, -huː **-s** -z
jejune dʒɪˈdʒuːn, dʒə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
jejunum dʒɪˈdʒuː.nəm, dʒə- **-s** -z
Jekyll ˈdʒek.ᵊl, -ɪl, ˈdʒiː.kɪl
jell dʒel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jellaba(h) ˈdʒel.ə.bə **-s** -z
Jellicoe ˈdʒel.ɪ.kəu (US) -kou
jello ˈdʒel.əu (US) -ou **-s** -z
Jell-O® ˈdʒel.əu (US) -ou
jell|y ˈdʒel|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id ˈ**jelly** ˌ**bag;** ˈ**jelly** ˌ**baby,** ˌ**jelly** ˈ**baby;** ˈ**jelly** ˌ**bean**
jellyfish ˈdʒel.i.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
jellygraph ˈdʒel.i.grɑːf, -græf (US) -græf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
jellyroll ˈdʒel.i.rəul (US) -roul **-s** -z
Jemima dʒɪˈmaɪ.mə, dʒə-
Jemma ˈdʒem.ə
jemm|y ˈdʒem|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Jena ˈjeɪ.nə (US) -nɑː
je ne sais quoi ˌʒə.nə.seɪˈkwɑː (US) -seɪˈ-, -seˈ-
Jenkin ˈdʒeŋ.kɪn **-s** -z
Jenkinson ˈdʒeŋ.kɪn.sᵊn
Jenna ˈdʒen.ə
Jenner ˈdʒen.əʳ (US) -ɚ
jennet ˈdʒen.ɪt **-s** -s
Jennifer ˈdʒen.ɪ.fəʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -fɚ
Jennings ˈdʒen.ɪŋz
Jenny *female name:* ˈdʒen.i, ˈdʒɪn- (US) ˈdʒen-
jenn|y *in machinery:* ˈdʒen|.i *in billiards:* ˈdʒɪn|.i, ˈdʒen- **-ies** -iz
Jensen ˈdʒent.sᵊn **-s** -z
jeopardiz|e, -is|e ˈdʒep.ə.daɪz (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jeopardy ˈdʒep.ə.di (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Jephthah ˈdʒef.θə
jerboa dʒɜːˈbəu.ə, dʒə- (US) dʒɚˈbou- **-s** -z
jeremiad ˌdʒer.ɪˈmaɪ.əd, -əˈ-, -æd (US) -əˈ- **-s** -z
Jeremiah ˌdʒer.ɪˈmaɪ.ə, -əˈ- (US) -əˈ-

eremy 'dʒer.ə.mi, '-ɪ-
erez hə'rez *as if Spanish:* her'eθ Ⓤⓢ -'res, -'reθ
ericho 'dʒer.ɪ.kəʊ Ⓤⓢ -koʊ
erk dʒɜːk Ⓤⓢ dʒɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
erkin 'dʒɜː.kɪn Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-s** -z
erkwater 'dʒɜːk,wɔː.tə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝːk,wɑː.t̬ɚ, -,wɔː- **'jerkwater ,town**
erk|y 'dʒɜː.k|i Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-ier** -i.ə^r Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ermaine dʒɜː'meɪn, dʒə-, dʒɜːr- Ⓤⓢ dʒɚ-
ermyn 'dʒɜː.mɪn Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː-
eroboam (J) ,dʒer.ə'bəʊ.əm Ⓤⓢ -'boʊ- **-s** -z
erome *Saint:* dʒə'rəʊm, dʒer'əʊm, dʒɪ'rəʊm Ⓤⓢ dʒə'roʊm, dʒer'oʊm, dʒɪ'roʊm *surname:* dʒə'rəʊm, dʒer'əʊm, dʒɪ'rəʊm, 'dʒer.əm Ⓤⓢ dʒə'roʊm, dʒer'oʊm, dʒɪ'roʊm, 'dʒer.əm
Note: Jerome K. Jerome, the author, is pronounced /dʒə'rəʊm Ⓤⓢ -'roʊm/.
erram 'dʒer.əm
errold 'dʒer.ᵊld
err|y (J) 'dʒer|.i **-ies** -iz **'jerry ,can**
erry-build 'dʒer.i.bɪld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **jerry-built** 'dʒer.i.bɪlt **jerry-builder/s** 'dʒer.i,bɪl.də^r/z Ⓤⓢ -dɚ/z
ersey (J) 'dʒɜː.zi Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-s** -z
erusalem dʒə'ruː.sᵊl.əm, dʒɪ-, -lem **Je,rusalem 'artichoke**
ervaulx 'dʒɜː.vəʊ, 'dʒɑː-, -vɪs, -vəs Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː.voʊ, -vɪs, -vəs
ervis 'dʒɑː.vɪs, 'dʒɜː.vɪs Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː-
ervois 'dʒɜː.vɪs Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː-
espersen 'jes.pə.sᵊn Ⓤⓢ -pɚ-
ess (J) dʒes **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
essamine (J) 'dʒes.ə.mɪn
esse 'dʒes.i
essel 'dʒes.ᵊl
essica 'dʒes.ɪ.kə
essie 'dʒes.i
essop 'dʒes.əp
est dʒest **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd
ester 'dʒes.tə^r Ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-s** -z
esu 'dʒiː.zjuː Ⓤⓢ 'dʒiː.zjuː, 'dʒeɪ-, 'jeɪ-, -suː, -zuː
esu|it 'dʒez.ju|.ɪt, '-u-, 'dʒeʒ.u|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-itism** -ɪ.tɪ.zᵊm Ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪ-
esuitic ,dʒez.ju'ɪt.ɪk, -u'-, ,dʒeʒ.u'ɪt- Ⓤⓢ -'ɪt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
esus 'dʒiː.zəs **,Jesus 'Christ**
et dʒet **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'dʒet̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd Ⓤⓢ 'dʒet̬.ɪd **,jet 'engine; 'jet ,lag; 'jet ,set; 'jet ,setter; 'jet ,stream**
eté ʒə'teɪ **-s** -z
etfoil 'dʒet.fɔɪl **-s** -z
ethro 'dʒeθ.rəʊ Ⓤⓢ -roʊ
etliner 'dʒet,laɪ.nə^r Ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
etsam 'dʒet.səm, -sæm Ⓤⓢ -səm
ettison 'dʒet.ɪ.sᵊn, -zᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'dʒet̬.ə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ett|y 'dʒet|.i Ⓤⓢ 'dʒet̬- **-ies** -iz
etway® 'dʒet.weɪ
eu ʒɜː **-s** -z

jeunesse dorée ,ʒɜː.nes.dɔː'reɪ Ⓤⓢ ʒɜː,nes.dɔː'-
Jevons 'dʒev.ᵊnz
Jew dʒuː **-s** -z **,Jew's 'harp** Ⓤⓢ **'Jew's ,harp**
jewel (J) 'dʒuː.əl, dʒʊəl Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.əl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
jewel(l)er 'dʒuː.ə.lə^r, 'dʒʊə.lə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.ə.lɚ, 'dʒuː.lɚ **-s** -z
Jewell 'dʒuː.əl, dʒʊəl Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.əl
jewellery, jewelry 'dʒuː.əl.ri, 'dʒʊəl- Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.əl-
Jewess 'dʒuː.es, -ɪs, -əs; dʒuː'es Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
Jewett 'dʒuː.ɪt
jewfish 'dʒuː.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
Jewish 'dʒuː.ɪʃ **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Jewry 'dʒʊə.ri, 'dʒuː- Ⓤⓢ 'dʒuː.ri
Jewsbury 'dʒuːz.bᵊr.i Ⓤⓢ -,ber-
Jeyes dʒeɪz
Jezebel 'dʒez.ə.bel, '-ɪ-, -bᵊl
Jezreel 'dʒez.ri.əl, ,dʒez'riːl
JFK ,dʒeɪ.ef'keɪ
Jhabvala ,dʒɑːb'vɑː.lə
Jiang Qing ,dʒæŋ'tʃɪŋ
jiao dʒaʊ
jib dʒɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
jib-boom dʒɪb'buːm, '-- **-s** -z
jib|e dʒaɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ə^r/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Jif® dʒɪf
jiff dʒɪf
jiff|y 'dʒɪf|.i **-ies** -iz **'Jiffy ,bag®**
jig dʒɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
jigger 'dʒɪg.ə^r Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jiggered 'dʒɪg.əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
jiggery-pokery ,dʒɪg.ᵊr.i'pəʊ.kᵊr.i Ⓤⓢ -'poʊ-
jiggl|e 'dʒɪg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dʒɪg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
jigsaw 'dʒɪg.sɔː Ⓤⓢ -sɑː, -sɔː **-s** -z **'jigsaw ,puzzle**
jihad dʒɪ'hæd, dʒə-, -'hɑːd Ⓤⓢ dʒɪ'hɑːd, dʒiː-
Jill dʒɪl
jillaroo ,dʒɪl.ə'ruː **-s** -z
Jillian 'dʒɪl.i.ən
jilt dʒɪlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪl.t̬ɪd
Jim dʒɪm **-my** -i
jim-dandy ,dʒɪm'dæn.di
jimjams 'dʒɪm.dʒæmz
jimm|y (J) 'dʒɪm.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
jimsonweed 'dʒɪm*p*.sᵊn.wiːd
jingl|e (J) 'dʒɪŋ.gᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dʒɪŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-er/s** -ə^r/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
jingo (J) 'dʒɪŋ.gəʊ Ⓤⓢ -goʊ **-es** -z
jingo|ism 'dʒɪŋ.gəʊ|.ɪ.zᵊm Ⓤⓢ -goʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
jingoistic ,dʒɪŋ.gəʊ'ɪs.tɪk Ⓤⓢ -goʊ'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
jink dʒɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
jinks (J) dʒɪŋks
jinn dʒɪn **-s** -z
Jinnah 'dʒɪn.ə

jinrick|sha ,dʒɪn'rɪk|.ʃə Ⓤⓢ -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː **-shas** -ʃəz Ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːz, -ʃɔːz **-shaw/s** -ʃɔː/z Ⓤⓢ -ʃɑː/z, -ʃɔː/z
jinx dʒɪŋks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
jitney 'dʒɪt.ni **-s** -z
jitter 'dʒɪt.ə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jitterbug 'dʒɪt.ə.bʌg Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪt̬.ɚ- **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
jitters 'dʒɪt.əz Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪt̬.ɚz
jitter|y 'dʒɪt.ᵊr|.i Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɪt̬- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
jiujitsu ,dʒjuː'dʒɪt.suː
jiv|e dʒaɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
jnr (J) (*abbrev. for* **junior**) 'dʒuː.ni.ə^r Ⓤⓢ '-njɚ
jo (J) dʒəʊ Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ **-es** -z
Joab 'dʒəʊ.æb Ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Joachim 'jəʊ.ə.kɪm Ⓤⓢ 'joʊ-
Joan dʒəʊn Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊn
Joanna dʒəʊ'æn.ə Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
Joanne dʒəʊ'æn Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
Joash 'dʒəʊ.æʃ Ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
job dʒɒb Ⓤⓢ dʒɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **'Job ,Centre; 'job des,cription, ,job des'cription; ,job 'lot** Ⓤⓢ **'job ,lot; 'job ,share; ,give something ,up as a ,bad 'job**
Job dʒəʊb Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊb
jobber 'dʒɒb.ə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.bɚ **-s** -z
jobbery 'dʒɒb.ᵊr.i Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.bɚ-
job-hop 'dʒɒb.hɒp Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb.hɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -ə^r/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
jobhunting 'dʒɒb,hʌn.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb,hʌn.t̬ɪŋ
jobless 'dʒɒb.ləs, -lɪs Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
jobmaster 'dʒɒb,mɑː.stə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb,mæs.tɚ **-s** -z
jobseeker 'dʒɒb,siː.kə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb,siː.kɚ **-s** -z
jobshar|e 'dʒɒb.ʃeə^r Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb.ʃer **-ing** -ɪŋ
jobsharing 'dʒɒb,ʃeə.rɪŋ Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb,ʃer.ɪŋ
Jobson 'dʒɒb.sᵊn, 'dʒəʊb- Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːb-, 'dʒoʊb-
Jocasta dʒəʊ'kæs.tə Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
Jocelyn 'dʒɒs.lɪn, '-ᵊl.ɪn Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.sᵊl.ɪn, '-slɪn
jock (J) dʒɒk Ⓤⓢ dʒɑːk
jockey 'dʒɒk.i Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.ki **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ship** -ʃɪp **'Jockey ,Club**
jockstrap 'dʒɒk.stræp Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːk- **-s** -s
jocose dʒəʊ'kəʊs Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'koʊs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
jocosity dʒəʊ'kɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'kɑː.sə.t̬i
jocular 'dʒɒk.jə.lə^r, -jʊ- Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.kjə.lɚ **-ly** -li
jocularity ,dʒɒk.jə'lær.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ ,dʒɑː.kjə'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
jocund 'dʒɒk.ənd, 'dʒəʊ.kənd, -kʌnd Ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.kənd, 'dʒoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
jocundity dʒəʊ'kʌn.də.ti, dʒɒk'ʌn-, -dɪ- Ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'kʌn.də.t̬i
jod jɒd Ⓤⓢ jɑːd *as if Hebrew:* jʊd **-s** -z

jodhpurs 'dʒɒd.pəz, -pɜːz ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːd.pɚz
Jodi 'dʒəʊ.di ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Jodie 'dʒəʊ.di ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Jodrell 'dʒɒd.rəl ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.drəl ˌ**Jodrell 'Bank**
Jody 'dʒəʊ.di ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Joe dʒəʊ ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ ˌ**Joe 'Bloggs**; ˌ**Joe 'Blow**; ˌ**Joe 'Public**
Joel 'dʒəʊ.əl, -el ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Joely 'dʒəʊ.li, 'dʒəʊ.ə.li ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
joey (J) 'dʒəʊ.i ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ- **-s** -z
Joffe 'dʒɒf.i ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.fi
jog dʒɒg ⓤⓢ dʒɑːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **-ger/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'jog ˌtrot
joggl|e 'dʒɒg.əl ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dʒɒg.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
johannes *coin:* dʒəʊ'æn.ɪs ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'hæn.iːz **-es** -ɪz
Johannes *personal name:* jəʊ'hæn.ɪs ⓤⓢ joʊ'hɑː.nɪs
Johannesburg dʒəʊ'hæn.ɪs.bɜːg, -ɪz-, -əs-, -əz- ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'hæn.ɪs.bɝːg, joʊ'hɑː.nɪs-
Note: There exists also a local pronunciation /dʒə'hɒn.ɪs.bɜːg/, which is used by many English-speaking South Africans.
Johannine dʒəʊ'hæn.aɪn ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'hæn.ɪn, -aɪn
Johannisburger jəʊ'hæn.ɪsˌbɜː.gəʳ, -ɪz-, -əs-, -əz- ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ'hæn.ɪsˌbɝː.gɚ, joʊ'hɑː.nɪs-
john (J) dʒɒn ⓤⓢ dʒɑːn **-s** -z ˌ**John 'Bull**; ˌ**John 'Doe**; ˌ**John 'Dory**
Johnes dʒəʊnz, dʒɒnz ⓤⓢ dʒoʊnz, dʒɑːnz
Johnian 'dʒəʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ- **-s** -z
johnn|y (J) 'dʒɒn|.i ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.n|i **-ies** -iz
Johnny-come-latel|y ˌdʒɒn.i.kʌm'leɪt.l|i ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɑː.ni- **-ies** -z
John o' Groat's ˌdʒɒn.ə'grəʊts ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɑːn.ə'groʊts
Johns dʒɒnz ⓤⓢ dʒɑːnz
Johnson 'dʒɒnt.sən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːnt-
Johnsonese ˌdʒɒnt.sən'iːz ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɑːnt-
Johnsonian dʒɒn'səʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ dʒɑːn'soʊ-
Johnston(e) 'dʒɒnt.stən, -sən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːnt-
Johor(e) Baharu ˌdʒəʊ.hɔː'bɑː.ruː ⓤⓢ dʒəˌhɔːr'bɑːr.uː
Johore dʒəʊ'hɔːʳ ⓤⓢ dʒə'hɔːr
joie de vivre ˌʒwɑː.də'viː.vrə, -'viːv
join dʒɔɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
joinder 'dʒɔɪn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ
joined-up ˌdʒɔɪnd'ʌp *stress shift:* ˌjoined-up 'thinking
joiner 'dʒɔɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
joinery 'dʒɔɪ.nər.i
joint dʒɔɪnt **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔɪn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔɪn.t̬ɚ/z
joint-stock ˌdʒɔɪnt'stɒk ⓤⓢ -'stɑːk *stress shift:* ˌjoint-stock 'bank
jointure 'dʒɔɪn.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ **-s** -z
Joinville 'ʒwæ̃n.viːl ⓤⓢ -'-
joist dʒɔɪst **-s** -s
jojoba həʊ'həʊ.bə ⓤⓢ hoʊ'hoʊ-, hə-
jok|e dʒəʊk ⓤⓢ dʒoʊk **-es** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-(e)y** -i
joker 'dʒəʊ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ.kɚ **-s** -z
Jolie 'dʒəʊ.li; dʒəʊ'liː, ʒəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ.li
Jolley 'dʒɒl.i ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.li
Jolliffe 'dʒɒl.ɪf ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.lɪf
jollification ˌdʒɒl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɑː.lə- **-s** -z
jolli|fy 'dʒɒl.ɪ|.faɪ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.lɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
jollit|y 'dʒɒl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.lə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
joll|y (J) 'dʒɒl|.i ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -ɪz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -ɪd ˌ**Jolly 'Roger**
jollyboat 'dʒɒl.i.bəʊt ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.li.boʊt **-s** -s
Jolson 'dʒɒl.sən, 'dʒəʊl- ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊl-
jolt dʒəʊlt ⓤⓢ dʒoʊlt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊl.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊl.t̬ɪd
jolt|y 'dʒəʊl.t|i ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊl.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Jolyon 'dʒəʊ.li.ən, 'dʒɒl.i- ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ.li-, 'dʒɑː-
Jon dʒɒn ⓤⓢ dʒɑːn
Jonah 'dʒəʊ.nə ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Jonas 'dʒəʊ.nəs, -næs ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ.nəs
Jonathan, Jonathon 'dʒɒn.ə.θən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.nə-
Jones dʒəʊnz ⓤⓢ dʒoʊnz
jones dʒəʊnz ⓤⓢ dʒoʊnz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
Jonesboro 'dʒəʊnz.bər.ə ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊnz.bɚ.oʊ
jongleur ʒɔ̃ːŋ'glɜːʳ, ʒɔːŋ-, ʒɒŋ- ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːŋ.glɚ **-s** -z
jonquil 'dʒɒŋ.kwɪl, -kwəl ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːŋ.kwɪl, 'dʒɑːn- **-s** -z
Jonson 'dʒɒnt.sən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːnt-
Jonty 'dʒɒn.ti ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːn-
Joplin 'dʒɒp.lɪn ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːp-
Joppa 'dʒɒp.ə ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.pə
Jopson 'dʒɒp.sən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːp-
Joram 'dʒɔː.rəm, -ræm ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔːr.əm
Jordan 'dʒɔː.dən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔːr- **-s** -z
Jordanian dʒɔː'deɪ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ dʒɔːr- **-s** -z
Jorge dʒɔːdʒ *as if Spanish:* 'hɔː.heɪ, 'xɔː.xeɪ ⓤⓢ 'hɔːr.heɪ
jorum 'dʒɔː.rəm ⓤⓢ 'dʒɔːr.əm, 'dʒoʊ.rəm **-s** -z
Josceline 'dʒɒs.lɪn, '-əl.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.səl.ɪn, '-slɪn
José, Jose həʊ'zeɪ, -'seɪ ⓤⓢ hoʊ-
joseph (J) 'dʒəʊ.zɪf, -zəf ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ- **-s** -s
Josephine 'dʒəʊ.zə.fiːn, -zɪ- ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Josephus dʒəʊ'siː.fəs ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
josh (J) dʒɒʃ ⓤⓢ dʒɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Joshua 'dʒɒʃ.ju.ə, '-u- ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑːʃ-
Josiah dʒəʊ'saɪ.ə, -'zaɪ- ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
Josias dʒəʊ'saɪ.əs, -'zaɪ- ⓤⓢ dʒoʊ-
Josie 'dʒəʊ.zi, -si ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ-
Jospin 'ʒɒs.pæ̃, -'-, dʒɑːs'pæ̃n
joss dʒɒs ⓤⓢ dʒɑːs **-es** -ɪz '**joss** ˌ**house**; '**joss** ˌ**stick**
Jost jəʊst ⓤⓢ joʊst
jostl|e 'dʒɒs.əl ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.səl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'dʒɒs.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.slɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
jot dʒɒt ⓤⓢ dʒɑːt **-s** -s **-ting/s** -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.t̬ɪŋ/z **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.t̬ɪd
jotter 'dʒɒt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɑː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
joule *unit of energy:* dʒuːl, dʒaʊl **-s** -z
Joule *English surname:* dʒuːl, dʒəʊl, dʒaʊl ⓤⓢ dʒuːl, dʒoʊl, dʒaʊl
jounc|e dʒaʊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
journal 'dʒɜː.nəl ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-s** -z
journalese ˌdʒɜː.nəl'iːz ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɝː-
journal|ism 'dʒɜː.nəl|.ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
journalistic ˌdʒɜː.nəl'ɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˌdʒɝː- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
journaliz|e, -is|e 'dʒɜː.nəl.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
journey 'dʒɜː.ni ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d
journey|man 'dʒɜː.ni|.mən ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː- **-men** -mən
journo 'dʒɜː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ 'dʒɝː.noʊ **-s** -z
joust dʒaʊst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Jove dʒəʊv ⓤⓢ dʒoʊv
jovial 'dʒəʊ.vi.əl ⓤⓢ 'dʒoʊ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
joviality ˌdʒəʊ.vi'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌdʒoʊ.vi'æl.ə.t̬i
Jowell dʒaʊəl, dʒəʊəl ⓤⓢ dʒaʊəl, dʒoʊəl
Jowett, Jowitt 'dʒaʊ.ɪt, 'dʒəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'dʒaʊ-, 'dʒoʊ-
jowl dʒaʊl **-s** -z
jowly 'dʒaʊ.li
joy (J) dʒɔɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Joyce dʒɔɪs
joyful 'dʒɔɪ.fəl, -fʊl **-lest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
joyless 'dʒɔɪ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
joyous 'dʒɔɪ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
joy|ride 'dʒɔɪ|.raɪd **-rides** -raɪdz **-riding** -ˌraɪ.dɪŋ **-rode** -rəʊd ⓤⓢ -roʊd **-ridden** -rɪd.ən **-rider/s** -ˌraɪ.dəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -dɚ/z
joystick 'dʒɔɪ.stɪk **-s** -s
JPEG 'dʒeɪ.peg
jr (J) (*abbrev. for* **junior**) 'dʒuː.ni.əʳ ⓤⓢ '-njɚ
Juan hwɑːn; 'dʒuː.ən *as if Spanish:* xwɑːn, xwæn ⓤⓢ hwɑːn
Note: In Byron's Don Juan, the pronunciation is /'dʒuː.ən/ in both British and American English.
Juan Carlos ˌhwɑːn'kɑː.lɒs, ˌhwɑːŋ- *as if Spanish:* ˌxwɑːn-, ˌxwæn- ⓤⓢ ˌhwɑːn'kɑːr.loʊs
Juan Fernandez ˌhwɑːn.fə'næn.dez -des *as if Spanish:* ˌxwɑːn.fə'næn.dez, ˌxwæn-

(US) ˌhwɑːn.fɚˈnɑːn.des
uanita ˌdʒuː.əˈniː.tə; hwɑːˈniː.tə, hwænˈiː (US) hwɑːˈniː.t̬ə, hwə-
ubilant ˈdʒuː.bɪ.lənt, -bəl.ənt **-ly** -li
ubi|late (*v.*) ˈdʒuː.bɪ|.leɪt, -bə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ubilate (*n.*) ˌdʒuː.bɪˈlɑː.teɪ, ˌjuː-, -bəˈ-, -ti (US) ˌjuː.biːˈlɑː.teɪ **-s** -z
ubilation ˌdʒuː.bɪˈleɪ.ʃən, -bəˈ- **-s** -z
ubilee ˈdʒuː.bɪ.liː, -bə-, ˌ--ˈ- **-s** -z
uda(h) ˈdʒuː.də
udae|a dʒuːˈdiː|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
udaic dʒuːˈdeɪ.ɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
uda|ism ˈdʒuː.deɪ|.ɪ.zəm, -di- (US) -deɪ-, -di-, -də- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
udaiz|e, -is|e ˈdʒuː.deɪ.aɪz (US) -deɪ-, -di-, -də- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
udas ˈdʒuː.dəs **-es** -ɪz ˈ**Judas** ˌ**tree**
udd dʒʌd
udder ˈdʒʌd.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ude dʒuːd
ude|a dʒuːˈdiː|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
udg|e (J) dʒʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
udgeship ˈdʒʌdʒ.ʃɪp, ˈdʒʌd- **-s** -s
udg(e)ment ˈdʒʌdʒ.mənt **-s** -s ˈ**Judgement** ˌ**Day**
udgmental dʒʌdʒˈmen.təl (US) -t̬əl **-ly** -i
udicator|y ˈdʒuː.dɪ.kə.təʳ|.i (US) -tɔːr- **-ies** -iz
udicature ˈdʒuː.dɪ.kə.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ (US) -tʃɚ
udicial dʒuːˈdɪʃ.əl **-ly** -i **juˌdicial reˈview**
udiciar|y dʒuːˈdɪʃ.ər|.i, -i.ər- (US) -i.er-, -ˈdɪʃ.ɚ-, -i.ɚ- **-ies** -iz
udicious dʒuːˈdɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
udith ˈdʒuː.dɪθ
udo ˈdʒuː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
udson ˈdʒʌd.sən
udy ˈdʒuː.di
ug dʒʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
ugful ˈdʒʌg.fʊl **-s** -z
uggernaut (J) ˈdʒʌg.ə.nɔːt (US) -ɚ.nɑːt, -nɔːt **-s** -s
uggins (J) ˈdʒʌg.ɪnz **-es** -ɪz
uggl|e ˈdʒʌg.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈdʒʌg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈdʒʌg.ləʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, ˈdʒʌg.lɚ/z
igglery ˈdʒʌg.lər.i
ugoslav ˈjuː.gəʊ.slɑːv, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈjuː.goʊ.slɑːv **-s** -z
ugoslavi|a ˌjuː.gəʊˈslɑː.vi|.ə (US) -goʊˈ- **-an** -ən
ugular ˈdʒʌg.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ ˌ**jugular** ˈ**vein**, ˈ**jugular** ˌ**vein** (US) ˈ**jugular** ˌ**vein**
ugurtha dʒʊˈgɜː.θə, jʊ- (US) dʒuːˈgɝː-
uic|e dʒuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
uic|y ˈdʒuː.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Juilliard ˈdʒuː.li.ɑːd (US) -ɑːrd
jujitsu dʒuːˈdʒɪt.suː
jujube ˈdʒuː.dʒuːb **-s** -z
jukebox ˈdʒuːk.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
Jukes dʒuːks
Jul. (*abbrev. for* **July**) dʒʊˈlaɪ, dʒə-, dʒuː-
julep ˈdʒuː.lɪp, -lep, -ləp (US) -ləp **-s** -s
Julia ˈdʒuː.li.ə (US) ˈdʒuːl.jə
Julian ˈdʒuː.li.ən (US) ˈdʒuːl.jən
Juliana ˌdʒuː.liˈɑː.nə (US) -ˈæn.ə, -ˈɑː.nə
Julie ˈdʒuː.li
julienne ˌdʒuː.liˈen, ˌʒuː- (US) ˌdʒuː-
Juliet ˈdʒuː.li.ət; ˌdʒuː.liˈet (US) ˈdʒuː.li.et, -ɪt; ˌdʒuː.liˈet; ˈdʒuːl.jɪt
Juliette ˌdʒuː.liˈet, ˈ---
Julius ˈdʒuː.li.əs (US) ˈdʒuːl.jəs
Julius Caesar ˌdʒuː.li.əsˈsiː.zəʳ (US) ˌdʒuːl.jəsˈsiː.zɚ
Jul|y dʒʊˈl|aɪ, dʒə-, ˌdʒuː- **-ies** -aɪz
Julyan ˈdʒuː.li.ən (US) ˈdʒuːl.jən
jumbl|e ˈdʒʌm.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈdʒʌm.blɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**jumble** ˌ**sale**
Jumbl|y ˈdʒʌm.bl|i **-ies** -iz
jumbo (J) ˈdʒʌm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-s** -z ˌ**jumbo** ˈ**jet**, ˈ**jumbo** ˌ**jet**
Jumna ˈdʒʌm.nə
jump dʒʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**jumper** ˌ**cables**; ˌ**jumping** ˈ**jack** (US) ˈ**jumping** ˌ**jack**; ˈ**jump** ˌ**leads**; ˈ**jump** ˌ**rope**; ˌ**jump the** ˈ**gun**
jumped-up ˌdʒʌmptˈʌp *stress shift:* ˌjumped-up ˈtyrant
jumper ˈdʒʌm.pəʳ (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
jump-jet ˈdʒʌmp.dʒet **-s** -s
jump-off ˈdʒʌmp.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
jump|-start ˈdʒʌmp|.stɑːt (US) -stɑːrt **-starts** -stɑːts (US) -stɑːrts **-starting** -ˌstɑː.tɪŋ (US) -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-started** -ˌstɑː.tɪd (US) -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪd
jumpsuit ˈdʒʌmp.suːt, -sjuːt (US) -suːt **-s** -s
jump|y ˈdʒʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
jun. (*abbrev. for* **junior**) ˈdʒuː.ni.əʳ (US) ˈ-njɚ
Jun. (*abbrev. for* **June**) dʒuːn
junction ˈdʒʌŋk.ʃən **-s** -z ˈ**junction** ˌ**box**
juncture ˈdʒʌŋk.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
June dʒuːn **-s** -z
Juneau ˈdʒuː.nəʊ, -ˈ- (US) ˈdʒuː.noʊ
Jung jʊŋ
Jungfrau ˈjʊŋ.fraʊ
Jungian ˈjʊŋ.i.ən **-s** -z
jungl|e ˈdʒʌŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-y** -i ˈ**jungle** ˌ**fowl**; ˈ**jungle** ˌ**gym**, ˌ**jungle** ˈ**gym**
junior ˈdʒuː.ni.əʳ (US) ˈ-njɚ **-s** -z
juniority ˌdʒuː.niˈɒr.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˈɔːr.ə.t̬i
juniper ˈdʒuː.nɪ.pəʳ, -nə- (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
Junius ˈdʒuː.ni.əs (US) -njəs
junk dʒʌŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**junk** ˌ**bond**; ˈ**junk** ˌ**food**, ˌ**junk** ˈ**food**; ˈ**junk** ˌ**mail**, ˌ**junk** ˈ**mail**; ˈ**junk** ˌ**shop**
junker (J) ˈjʊŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ *old car:* ˈdʒʌŋ.kəʳ, -kɚ **-s** -z
jun|ket ˈdʒʌŋ|.kɪt **-kets** -kɪts **-keting** -kɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-keted** -kɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
junkie ˈdʒʌŋ.ki **-s** -z
junkyard ˈdʒʌŋk.jɑːd (US) -jɑːrd **-s** -z
Juno ˈdʒuː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
Junoesque ˌdʒuː.nəʊˈesk (US) -noʊˈ-
junta ˈdʒʌn.tə, ˈdʒʊn-, ˈhʊn- (US) ˈhʊn-, ˈdʒʊn-, ˈdʒʌn-, ˈhʌn- **-s** -z
junto ˈdʒʌn.təʊ, ˈdʒʊn-, ˈhʊn- (US) -toʊ **-s** -z
jupe ʒuːp (US) dʒuːp **-s** -s
Jupiter ˈdʒuː.pɪ.təʳ, -pə- (US) -t̬ɚ
jupon ˈʒuː.pɒn, ˈdʒuː-, -pɔ̃ːŋ, -pɒŋ (US) ˈdʒuː.pɑːn, -ˈ- **-s** -z
Jura ˈdʒʊə.rə (US) ˈdʒʊr.ə
Jurassic dʒʊəˈræs.ɪk (US) dʒʊ-, dʒə-
jurat ˈdʒʊə.ræt (US) ˈdʒʊr.æt **-s** -s
Jürgen ˈjɜː.gən, ˈjʊə- (US) ˈjɝː-
juridic|al dʒʊəˈrɪd.ɪ.k|əl (US) dʒʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
jurisdiction ˌdʒʊə.rɪsˈdɪk.ʃən, -rəsˈ-, -rɪzˈ-, -rəzˈ- (US) ˌdʒʊr.ɪsˈ- **-s** -z **-al** -əl
jurisprudence ˌdʒʊə.rɪsˈpruː.dənts, -rəs-; ˈdʒʊə.rɪsˌpruː-, -rəs- (US) ˌdʒʊr.ɪsˈpruː-
jurist ˈdʒʊə.rɪst (US) ˈdʒʊr.ɪst **-s** -s
juror ˈdʒʊə.rəʳ (US) ˈdʒʊr.ɚ, -ɔːr **-s** -z
jur|y ˈdʒʊə.r|i (US) ˈdʒʊr.|i **-ies** -iz ˈ**jury** ˌ**box**; ˈ**jury** ˌ**service**
jury|man ˈdʒʊə.ri|.mən (US) ˈdʒʊr.i- **-men** -mən, -men
jury-mast ˈdʒʊə.ri.mɑːst (US) ˈdʒʊr.i.mæst *nautical pronunciation:* -məst **-s** -s
jus ʒuː (US) ʒuː, dʒuːs
just (J) (*adj.*) dʒʌst **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
just (*adv.*) *strong form:* dʒʌst *weak form:* dʒəst
jus tertii ˌjʊsˈtɜː.ti.iː (US) ˌdʒʌsˈterti:, ˌjuːs-
justic|e ˈdʒʌs.tɪs **-es** -ɪz ˌ**justice of the** ˈ**peace**
justiciable dʒʌsˈtɪʃ.i.ə.bəl, -ˈtɪʃ.ə- (US) -i.ə-
justiciar dʒʌsˈtɪʃ.i.ɑːʳ, -ˈtɪs- (US) -ˈtɪʃ.i.ɚ **-s** -z
justiciar|y dʒʌsˈtɪʃ.i.ər|.i, -ˈtɪʃ.ər-, -ˈtɪs.i- (US) -ˈtɪʃ.i.er- **-ies** -iz
justifiab|le ˈdʒʌs.tɪ.faɪ.ə.b|əl, -təˈ-; ˌdʒʌs.tɪˈfaɪ-, -təˈ- (US) ˈdʒʌs.tə.faɪ-, -tɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
justification ˌdʒʌs.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -tə- (US) -tə-, -tɪ- **-s** -z
justificatory ˈdʒʌs.tɪ.fɪ.keɪ.tər.i, -tə-; ˌdʒʌs.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ-; ˌdʒʌs.tɪˈfɪk.ə- (US) dʒəˈstɪf.ɪ.kə.tɔːr-; ˈdʒʌs.tə.fɪ.keɪ.tɚ-
justi|fy ˈdʒʌs.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
Justin ˈdʒʌs.tɪn
Justine dʒʌsˈtiːn, ˈ--
Justinian dʒʌsˈtɪn.i.ən

Justus ˈdʒʌs.təs

jut dʒʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈdʒʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈdʒʌt̬.ɪd

Juta ˈdʒuː.tə

jute (J) dʒuːt **-s** -s

Jutland ˈdʒʌt.lənd

Juvenal ˈdʒuː.vən.əl, -vɪ.nəl

juvenescen|ce ˌdʒuː.vəˈnes.ən|ts, -vɪˈnes- **-t** -t

juvenile ˈdʒuː.vən.aɪl, -vɪ.naɪl ⓤⓢ -və.nəl, -naɪl **-s** -z ˌ**juvenile deˈlinquent**

juvenilia ˌdʒuː.vəˈnɪl.i.ə, -vɪˈ-, -ˈniː.li- ⓤⓢ -vəˈnɪl.i-, ˈ-jə

juvenility ˌdʒuː.vəˈnɪl.ə.ti, -vɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i

Juventus juːˈven.təs

juxtapos|e ˌdʒʌk.stəˈpəʊz, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈdʒʌk.stə.poʊz, ˌ--ˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

juxtaposition ˌdʒʌk.stə.pəˈzɪʃ.ən **-s** -z **-al** -əl

Pronouncing the letter K

In general, the consonant letter **k** is pronounced /k/, e.g.:

Kate /keɪt/

This is also the case in the digraph **kh**, e.g.:

khaki /ˈkɑː.ki/ US /ˈkæk.i/

In words beginning **kn**, **k** is usually silent, e.g.:

knack /næk/

However, where the **k** appears before an **n** at a morpheme boundary, it is pronounced, e.g.:

sickness /ˈsɪk.nəs/

(K) keɪ -ˈs -z
2 ˌkeɪˈtuː
aaba ˈkɑː.bə, ˈkɑː.ə.bɑː US -bə
abaka (K) kəˈbɑː.kə -s -z
ab(b)ala kəˈbɑː.lə, kæbˈɑː- US ˈkæb.ə-; kəˈbɑː-
abbadi kɑːˈbɑː.di
abila kəˈbiː.lə, kæbˈiː- US kɑːˈbiː.lə
abob kəˈbɒb US -ˈbɑːb
abuki kəˈbuː.ki, kæbˈuː- US kə-, kɑː-
abul ˈkɑː.bəl, ˈkɔː-, -bʊl; kəˈbʊl US ˈkɑː.bʊl; kəˈbʊl
abwe ˈkæb.weɪ US ˈkɑːb-
abyle kəˈbaɪl, kæbˈaɪl, -iːl -s -z
achina (K) kəˈtʃiː.nə -s -z
aczynski kəˈzɪnt.ski
addish ˈkæd.ɪʃ US ˈkɑː.dɪʃ **-im** -ɪm, -iːm
af(f)ir (K) ˈkæf.əʳ -s -z
afka ˈkæf.kə US ˈkɑːf-
afkaesque ˌkæf.kəˈesk US ˌkɑːf-
aftan ˈkæf.tæn US -tən, -tæn -s -z
agoule kəˈguːl -s -z
ahn kɑːn
ailyard ˈkeɪl.jɑːd US -jɑːrd -s -z
aiser ˈkaɪ.zəʳ US -zɚ -s -z
aiserslautern ˈkaɪ.zəzˌlaʊ.tɜːn, -tən US ˌkaɪ.zɚzˈlaʊ.tɚn
aitlin, Kaitlyn ˈkeɪt.lɪn
aizen ˈkaɪ.zen
akadu ˈkæk.ə.duː, --ˈ-
akemono ˌkæk.iˈməʊ.nəʊ US ˌkɑː.kəˈmoʊ.noʊ -s -z
alahari ˌkæl.əˈhɑː.ri US ˌkɑː.lɑːˈhɑːr.i, ˌkæl-
alamazoo ˌkæl.ə.məˈzuː
alashnikov® kəˈlæʃ.nɪ.kɒf, -nə- US -ˈlɑːʃ.nɪ.kɑːf -s -s
alat kəˈlɑːt
ale keɪl
aleidoscope kəˈlaɪ.də.skəʊp US -skoʊp -s -s
aleidoscopic kəˌlaɪ.dəˈskɒp.ɪk US -ˈskɑː.pɪk
alends ˈkæl.endz, -ɪndz, -əndz US -əndz, ˈkeɪ.ləndz
alevala ˌkɑː.ləˈvɑː.lə US -lə, -lɑː
algoorlie kælˈgʊə.li US -ˈgʊr-
ali ˈkɑː.li
alif ˈkeɪ.lɪf, ˈkæl.ɪf, ˈkɑː.lɪf; kəˈlɪf US ˈkeɪ.lɪf, ˈkæl.ɪf -s -s
alimantan ˌkæl.ɪˈmæn.tən US ˌkɑː.liːˈmɑːn.tɑːn
Kam|a *Hindu god:* ˈkɑː.m|ə **-ic** -ɪk *Russian river:* ˈkɑː.mə
Kamasutra ˌkɑː.məˈsuː.trə
Kamchatka kæmˈtʃæt.kə US kæmˈtʃæt-, kɑːmˈtʃɑːt-
kamikaze ˌkæm.ɪˈkɑː.zi US ˌkɑː.məˈkɑː.zi -s -z
Kampala kæmˈpɑː.lə US kɑːm-
kampong ˈkæm.pɒŋ, -ˈ- US ˈkɑːm.pɔːŋ, -pɑːŋ
Kampuche|a ˌkæm.pʊˈtʃiː|.ə US -puːˈ- **-an/s** -ən/z
kana ˈkɑː.nə US -nə, -nɑː
Kananga kəˈnæŋ.gə US -ˈnɑːŋ-
Kanarese ˌkæn.əˈriːz US ˌkɑː.nəˈriːz, -ˈriːs
Kanchenjunga ˌkæn.tʃənˈdʒʊŋ.gə, -ˈdʒʌŋ- US ˌkɑːn.tʃənˈdʒʊŋ-
Kandahar ˌkæn.dəˈhɑːʳ US ˌkɑːn.dəˈhɑːr
Kandinsky kænˈdɪnt.ski
Kandy ˈkæn.di US ˈkæn-, ˈkɑːn-
Kane keɪn
Kanga ˈkæŋ.gə
kangaroo ˌkæŋ.gəˈruː *sometimes in Australia:* ˈ--- US ˌkæŋ.gəˈruː -s -z *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**kangaroo ˈcourt**
Kangchenjunga ˌkæn.tʃənˈdʒʊŋ.gə, -ˈdʒʌŋ- US ˌkɑːn.tʃənˈdʒʊŋ-
kanji ˈkæn.dʒi, ˈkɑːn- US ˈkɑːn.dʒi -s -z
Kano ˈkɑː.nəʊ, ˈkeɪ- US ˈkɑː.noʊ
Kanpur kɑːnˈpʊəʳ US ˈkɑːn.pʊr
Kans. (*abbrev. for* **Kansas**) ˈkæn.zəs
Kansas ˈkæn.zəs ˌ**Kansas ˈCity;** ˌ**Kansas ˌCity ˈsteak**
Kant kænt US kænt, kɑːnt
Kantian ˈkæn.ti.ən US ˈkæn.t̬i-, ˈkɑːn-
Kant|ism ˈkæn.t|ɪ.zəm US ˈkæn.t|ɪ-, ˈkɑːn- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Kaohsiung ˌkaʊ.ʃiˈʊŋ US -ˈʃʊŋ
Kaolak ˈkɑː.əʊ.læk, ˈkaʊ.læk US ˈkɑː.oʊ-, ˈkaʊ.læk
kaolin ˈkeɪ.ə.lɪn
kapellmeister kəˈpel.maɪ.stəʳ, kæpˈel- US kɑːˈpel.maɪ.stɚ, kə- -s -z
Kaplan ˈkæp.lən
kapok ˈkeɪ.pɒk US -pɑːk
Kaposi kəˈpəʊ.zi, kæpˈəʊ-, -si; ˈkɑː.pə.ʃi, ˈkæp.ə- US kəˈpoʊ.zi, -si; ˈkæp.ə- **Kaˌposi's sarˈcoma**
kappa ˈkæp.ə
kaput(t) kəˈpʊt, kæpˈʊt US kəˈpʊt, -ˈpuːt
Kara ˈkɑː.rə US ˈkɑːr.ə
Karachi kəˈrɑː.tʃi
Karadzic ˈkær.ə.dʒɪtʃ, -dɪtʃ US kəˈrɑː.dʒɪtʃ
Karaganda ˌkær.əˈgæn.də US ˌkɑːr.əˈgɑːn-
Karajan ˈkær.ə.jɑːn US ˈkɑːr-, -jən
karaoke ˌkær.iˈəʊ.ki US ˌker.iˈoʊ.ki, ˌkær- -s -z
karat ˈkær.ət US ˈker-, ˈkær- -s -z
karate kəˈrɑː.ti, kærˈɑː- US kəˈrɑː.t̬i
Kareli|a kəˈreɪ.li|.ə, -ˈriː- US -li|.ə, -lj|ə **-ans** -ənz
Karen *female name:* ˈkær.ən US ˈker-, ˈkær- *of Burma:* kəˈren -s -z
Karenina kəˈren.ɪ.nə
Karl kɑːl US kɑːrl
Karla ˈkɑː.lə US ˈkɑːr-
Karl-Marx-Stadt ˌkɑːlˈmɑːksˌʃtæt US ˌkɑːrlˈmɑːrksˌʃtɑːt
Karloff ˈkɑː.lɒf US ˈkɑːr.lɑːf
Karlsbad ˈkɑːlz.bæd US ˈkɑːrlz-
Karlsruhe ˈkɑːlz.ruː.ə US ˈkɑːrlz-
karm|a ˈkɑː.m|ə, ˈkɜː- US ˈkɑːr-, ˈkɝː- **-ik** -ɪk
Karnak ˈkɑː.næk US ˈkɑːr-
Karnataka kəˈnɑː.tə.kə US kɑːrˈnɑː.t̬ə-
Karpov ˈkɑː.pɒf US ˈkɑːr.pɑːf
karroo kəˈruː -s -z
Kars kɑːz US kɑːrz
Karsh kɑːʃ US kɑːrʃ
kart kɑːt US kɑːrt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈkɑːr.t̬ɪŋ
Karzai ˈkɑː.zaɪ US ˈkɑːr-
Kasakhstan ˌkæz.ækˈstɑːn, ˌkɑː.zækˈ-, -zɑːkˈ-, -ˈstæn US ˌkɑː.zɑːkˈstɑːn
kasbah (K) ˈkæz.bɑː, -bə US -bɑː, ˈkɑːz- -s -z
Kasey ˈkeɪ.si
kasha ˈkæʃ.ə, ˈkɑː.ʃə US ˈkɑː.ʃə
Kashgar ˈkæʃ.gɑːʳ US ˈkɑːʃ.gɑːr
Kashmir ˌkæʃˈmɪəʳ US ˈkæʃ.mɪr, -ˈ- **-i/s** -i/z *stress shift, British only:* ˌKashmir ˈborder
Kaspar ˈkæs.pəʳ, -pɑːʳ US -pɚ, -pɑːr
Kasparov kæsˈpɑː.rɒf; ˈkæs.pə- US kæsˈpɑːr.ɔːf, kəˈspɑːr-; ˈkæs.pə.rɔːf
Kassala kəˈsɑː.lə US kə-, kɑː-
Kassel ˈkæs.əl US ˈkɑː.səl, ˈkæs.əl

Kasur kʌsˈɔːʳ (US) -ˈʊr
katakana ˌkæt.əˈkɑː.nə (US) ˌkɑː.t̬əˈ-
Kate keɪt
Katelyn ˈkeɪt.lɪn
Kater ˈkeɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
Katerina ˌkæt.ᵊrˈiː.nə (US) ˌkæt̬.əˈriː-
Kath kæθ
Katharina ˌkæθ.ᵊrˈiː.nə (US) -əˈriː-
Katharine, Katherine ˈkæθ.rɪn, -ᵊr.ɪn
Kathie ˈkæθ.i
Kathleen ˈkæθ.liːn, ˌ-ˈ-
Kathmandu ˌkæt.mænˈduː, ˌkɑːt-, -mənˈ-, -mɑːnˈ- (US) ˌkɑːt.mænˈ-, ˌkæt-
Kathryn ˈkæθ.rɪn
Kathy ˈkæθ.i
Katie ˈkeɪ.ti (US) -t̬i
Katin ˈkeɪ.tɪn (US) -t̬ɪn
Katmandu ˌkæt.mænˈduː, ˌkɑːt-, -mənˈ-, -mɑːnˈ- (US) ˌkɑːt.mænˈ-, ˌkæt-
Katowice ˌkæt.əʊˈvɪt.seɪ, -ˈviːt- (US) -əˈviːt.sə, -ɔːˈviːt.seɪ
Katrina kəˈtriː.nə
Katrine ˈkæt.rɪn
Kattegat ˌkæt.iˈgæt, ˈ--- (US) ˈkæt̬-
Katty ˈkæt.i (US) ˈkæt̬-
Katy ˈkeɪ.ti (US) -t̬i
katydid ˈkeɪ.ti.dɪd (US) -t̬i- -s -z
Katz kæts, keɪts
katzenjammer ˈkæt.sᵊnˌdʒæm.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Kaufman ˈkɔːf.mən, ˈkaʊf- (US) ˈkɑːf-, ˈkɔːf-
Kaunas ˈkaʊ.nəs (US) -nɑːs
Kaunda kɑːˈʊn.də, -ˈuːn-
Kaur kaʊəʳ (US) kaʊr
Kavanagh ˈkæv.ᵊn.ə; kəˈvæn.ə (US) ˈkæv.ə.nɑː, -nɔː
Note: In Ireland always /ˈkæv.ᵊn.ə/.
Kawasaki® ˌkaʊ.əˈsɑː.ki, ˌkɑː.wəˈ-, -ˈsæk.i (US) ˌkɑː.wəˈsɑː.ki
Kay keɪ
kayak ˈkaɪ.æk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Kaye keɪ -s -z
Kayla ˈkeɪ.lə
Kayleigh ˈkeɪ.li
Kayseri ˈkeɪ.sᵊr.i
Kazakh ˈkæ.zæk, -ˈzɑːk (US) kəˈzɑːk, kɑː-, -ˈzæk -s -s
Kazakhstan, Kazakstan ˌkæz.ækˈstɑːn, ˌkɑː.zækˈ-, -zɑːkˈ-, -ˈstæn (US) kəˈzɑːk.stɑːn, kɑː-, -ˈzæk-, -stæn
Kazan kəˈzæn, -ˈzɑːn (US) kəˈzæn, kɑː-, -ˈzɑːn
kazi ˈkɑː.zi -s -z
kazoo kəˈzuː -s -z
kcal (*abbrev. for* **kilocalorie**) ˈkɪl.əʊˌkæl.ᵊr.i (US) ˈ-oʊ-, ˈ-ə-
kea ˈkeɪ.ə, ˈkiː- -s -z
Keady ˈkiː.di (US) ˈkeɪ-
Kean(e) kiːn
Kearn(e)y ˈkɜː.ni, ˈkɑː- (US) ˈkɑːr-, ˈkɝː-
Kearsley ˈkɪəz.li *locally:* ˈkɜːz- (US) ˈkɪrz-
Kearsney ˈkɜːz.ni (US) ˈkɝːz-
Kearton ˈkɪə.tᵊn, ˈkɜː- (US) ˈkɪr-, ˈkɝː-
Keary ˈkɪə.ri (US) ˈkɪr.i
Keating(e) ˈkiː.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ
Keaton ˈkiː.tᵊn
Keats kiːts
kebab kɪˈbæb, kə- (US) -ˈbɑːb -s -z
Keble ˈkiː.bᵊl
kebob kəˈbɒb (US) -ˈbɑːb -s -z
kedg|e kedʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
kedgeree ˌkedʒ.ᵊrˈiː; ˈkedʒ.ᵊr.i (US) ˈkedʒ.ᵊr-; ˌkedʒ.əˈriː -s -z
Kedleston ˈked.ᵊl.stᵊn
Kedron ˈked.rɒn, ˈkiː.drɒn (US) ˈkiː.drɑːn, -drən
Keeble ˈkiː.bᵊl
Keegan ˈkiː.gən
keel kiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **on an ˌeven ˈkeel**
Keele kiːl
Keeler ˈkiː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
keelhaul ˈkiːl.hɔːl (US) -hɑːl, -hɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Keeling ˈkiː.lɪŋ
keelson ˈkel.sᵊn, ˈkiːl- -s -z
keen kiːn -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **as ˌkeen as ˈmustard**
Keen(e) kiːn
Keenan ˈkiː.nən
keep kiːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ **kept** kept **keeper/s** ˈkiː.pəʳ/z (US) -pɚ/z
keepnet ˈkiːp.net -s -s
keepsake ˈkiːp.seɪk -s -s
Kefauver ˈkiːˌfɔː.vəʳ, -ˌfəʊ- (US) -ˌfɑː.vɚ, -ˌfɔː-
Keflavik ˈkef.lə.vɪk
keg keg -s -z
Kegan ˈkiː.gən
Keig kiːg
Keighley *in West Yorkshire:* ˈkiːθ.li *surname:* ˈkiːθ.li, ˈkiː-, ˈkaɪ-
Keightley ˈkiːt.li, ˈkaɪt-
Keigwin ˈkeg.wɪn
Keiller, Keillor ˈkiː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Keir kɪəʳ (US) kɪr
Keisha ˈkiː.ʃə
Keitel ˌkaɪˈtel
Keith kiːθ
Kelland ˈkel.ənd
Kellas ˈkel.æs
Keller ˈkel.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Kelley, Kellie ˈkel.i
Kellogg ˈkel.ɒg (US) -ɑːg, -ɔːg
Kelly ˈkel.i
kelly-green ˌkel.iˈgriːn *stress shift:* ˌkelly-green ˈfabric
Kelman ˈkel.mən
kelp kelp
kelpie ˈkel.pi -s -z
Kelsey ˈkel.si, -zi
Kelso ˈkel.səʊ (US) -soʊ
kelson ˈkel.sᵊn -s -z
Kelt kelt -s -s -ic -ɪk
Kelty ˈkel.ti (US) -t̬i
kelvin (K) ˈkel.vɪn
Kelway ˈkel.wi, -weɪ
Kemal kemˈɑːl, kəˈmɑːl (US) kəˈmɑːl
Kemble ˈkem.bᵊl
kemp kemp -y -i
Kemp(e) kemp
Kempenfelt ˈkem.pən.felt
Kempis ˈkem.pɪs
Kempson ˈkemp.sᵊn
Kempston ˈkemp.stᵊn
kempt kem*p*t
Kempton ˈkem*p*.tən
Kemsing ˈkem.zɪŋ
ken (K) ken -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
Ken. (*abbrev. for* **Kentucky**) kenˈtʌk.i, kən- (US) kən-
Kendal(l) ˈken.dᵊl
kendo ˈken.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
Kendra ˈken.drə
Kendrick ˈken.drɪk
Keneal(l)y kɪˈniː.li, kə-, kenˈiː-
Kenelm ˈken.elm
Kenilworth ˈken.ᵊl.wəθ, -ɪl-, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Kenite ˈkiː.naɪt -s -s
Kénitra ˈkeɪ.niː.trə; kenˈiː-
Kenmare kenˈmeəʳ (US) -ˈmer
Kenmore ˈken.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Kennaird kəˈneəd, kenˈeəd (US) kenˈerd, kəˈnerd
Kennan ˈken.ən
Kennard ˈken.ɑːd, kɪˈnɑːd (US) ˈken.ɑːrd, kɪˈnɑːrd
Kennedy ˈken.ə.di, ˈ-ɪ-
kennel (K) ˈken.ᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
Kennerley ˈken.ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li
Kennet ˈken.ɪt, -ət
Kenneth ˈken.ɪθ, -əθ
Kenney ˈken.i
Kennicot ˈken.ɪ.kət (US) -kət, -kɑːt
Kennington ˈken.ɪŋ.tən
Kennish ˈken.ɪʃ
Kennoway ˈken.ə.weɪ
Kenny ˈken.i
keno ˈkiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
Kenosha kiːˈnəʊ.ʃə, kə- (US) kəˈnoʊ-
Kenrick ˈken.rɪk
Kensal ˈken.sᵊl
Kensington ˈken.zɪŋ.tən
Kensit ˈken.zɪt, -sɪt
Kent kent -s -s -ish -ɪʃ
Kentucky kenˈtʌk.i, kən- (US) kən- **KenˌtuckyˈDerby**
Kenwood® ˈken.wʊd
Kenya ˈken.jə, ˈkiː.njə -n/s -n/z
Note: Both pronunciations are heard locally.
Kenyatta kenˈjæt.ə (US) -ˈjɑː.t̬ə
Kenyon ˈken.jən
Keogh kjəʊ; ˈkiː.əʊ (US) ˈkiː.oʊ
Keown kjəʊn; kiˈəʊn; ˈkiː.əʊn (US) kjoʊn; kiˈoʊn; ˈkiː.oʊn
kepi ˈkeɪ.pi (US) ˈkeɪ-, ˈkep.i -s -z
Kepler ˈkep.ləʳ (US) -lɚ

Keppel ˈkep.əl
kept (*from* **keep**) kept
Ker kɑːr, keər, kɜːr *in Scotland:* ker ⓤⓢ kɝː
Kerala ˈker.əl.ə, kəˈrɑː.lə ⓤⓢ ˈker.ə.lə
Kerans ˈker.ənz
keratin ˈker.ə.tɪn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪn
keratitis ˌker.əˈtaɪ.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
kerb kɜːb ⓤⓢ kɝːb -s -z
kerbside ˈkɜːb.saɪd ⓤⓢ ˈkɝːb-
kerbstone ˈkɜːb.stəʊn ⓤⓢ ˈkɝːb.stoʊn -s -z
ker|chief ˈkɜː|.tʃɪf, -tʃiːf, -tʃəf ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː|.tʃɪf, -tʃiːf **-chiefs** -tʃɪfs, -tʃiːfs **-chieves** -tʃɪvz, -tʃiːvz **-chiefed** -tʃɪft **-chieft** -tʃiːft
Kerensky kəˈrent.ski
kerfuffl|e kəˈfʌf.əl ⓤⓢ kɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Kerguelen ˈkɜː.gɪ.lɪn, -gəl.ɪn, -ən ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː.gəl.ən
Keri ˈker.i
Kerith ˈkɪə.rɪθ, ˈker.ɪθ ⓤⓢ ˈkɪr.ɪθ, ˈker-
kermes ˈkɜː.mɪz, -miːz ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː.miːz
Kermit ˈkɜː.mɪt ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː-
Kermode ˈkɜː.məʊd, -ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː.moʊd, -ˈ-
kern (K) kɜːn ⓤⓢ kɝːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Kernahan ˈkɜː.nə.hən, -ni.ən ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː-, -nə.hæn
kernel ˈkɜː.nəl ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː- -s -z
Kernohan ˈkɜː.nə.hən ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː-, -hæn
kerosene ˈker.ə.siːn, ˌ--ˈ-
Kerouac ˈker.u.æk ⓤⓢ ˈker.u.æk, ˈ-ə-
Kerr kɜːr, keər, kɑːr ⓤⓢ kɝː, kɑːr
Kerri ˈker.i
kerria ˈker.i.ə -s -z
Kerridge ˈker.ɪdʒ
Kerry ˈker.i
Kerse kɜːs ⓤⓢ kɝːs
kersey (K) ˈkɜː.zi ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː- -s -z
kerseymere (K) ˈkɜː.zi.mɪər ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː.zi.mɪr
Kershaw ˈkɜː.ʃɔː ⓤⓢ ˈkɝː.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
Kes kes, kez
Kesey ˈkes.i, ˈkiː.si, -zi ⓤⓢ ˈkiː.si, -zi
Kesteven *Barony:* ˈkes.tɪ.vən *Lincolnshire:* kesˈtiː.vən, kəˈstiː-
Keston ˈkes.tən
kestrel ˈkes.trəl -s -z
Keswick ˈkez.ɪk
ketch (K) ketʃ -es -ɪz
ketchup ˈketʃ.ʌp, -əp ⓤⓢ -əp -s -s
Ketteridge ˈket.ər.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈket̬-
Kettering ˈket.ər.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈket̬-
kettle (K) ˈket.əl ⓤⓢ ˈket̬- -s -z **a ˈpretty ˌkettle of ˌfish**
kettledrum ˈket.əl.drʌm ⓤⓢ ˈket̬- -s -z
Kevin ˈkev.ɪn
Kevlar® ˈkev.lɑːr ⓤⓢ -lɑːr
Kevorkian kəˈvɔː.ki.ən, kevˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈvɔːr-
Kew kjuː **ˌKew ˈGardens**
kewpie ˈkjuː.pi -s -z
key (K) kiː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈkey ˌring; ˈkey ˌsignature; ˌKey ˈWest**
keyboard ˈkiː.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -bɔːrd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
keycard ˈkiː.kɑːd ⓤⓢ -kɑːrd -s -z
Keyes kiːz, kaɪz
keyhole ˈkiː.həʊl ⓤⓢ -hoʊl -s -z **ˌkeyhole ˈsurgery**
Key Largo ˌkiːˈlɑː.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑːr.goʊ
Keymer ˈkiː.mər, ˈkaɪ- ⓤⓢ -mɚ
Keymour ˈkiː.mər ⓤⓢ -mɚ
Keyne kiːn
Keynes *in Milton Keynes:* kiːnz *surname, other places:* keɪnz
Keynesian ˈkeɪn.zi.ən **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
keynote ˈkiː.nəʊt, ˌ-ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈkiː.noʊt -s -s
Keynsham ˈkeɪn.ʃəm
keypad ˈkiː.pæd -s -z
keypunch ˈkiː.pʌntʃ -es -ɪz
Keyser ˈkiː.zər, ˈkaɪ.zər ⓤⓢ ˈkaɪ.zɚ
keystone (K) ˈkiː.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn -s -z
keystroke ˈkiː.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk -s -s
keyword ˈkiː.wɜːd ⓤⓢ -wɝːd -s -z
Keyworth ˈkiː.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
kg (*abbrev. for* **kilogram/s**) *singular:* ˈkɪl.ə.græm *plural:* ˈkɪl.ə.græmz
KGB ˌkeɪ.dʒiːˈbiː
Khabarovsk kɑːˈbɑː.rɒfsk ⓤⓢ -rɔːfsk
Khachaturian ˌkætʃ.əˈtʊə.ri.ən, ˌkɑː.tʃə'-, -ˈtjʊə- ⓤⓢ -ˈtʊr.i-
khaki ˈkɑː.ki ⓤⓢ ˈkæk.i, ˈkɑː.ki -s -z
khalif ˈkeɪ.lɪf ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː-, ˈkæl.ɪf, ˈkɑː.lɪf; kælˈɪf, ˈkeɪ.lɪf, ˈkæl.ɪf -s -s
Khalifa kɑːˈliː.fə, kəˈliː- -s -z
khalifate ˈkæl.ɪ.feɪt, ˈkeɪ.lɪ-, -lə- ⓤⓢ ˈkæl.ɪ-, ˈ-ə- -s -s
Khan kɑːn ⓤⓢ kɑːn, kæn
Khanpur ˌkɑːnˈpʊər, ˌkɑːmˈ-, ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˌkɑːnˈpʊr
Kharkov ˈkɑː.kɒf ⓤⓢ ˈkɑːr.kɔːf
Khartoum ˌkɑːˈtuːm, kɑː- ⓤⓢ kɑːr-
Khatami kəˈtɑː.mi, kætˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈkɑː.tɑː.mi, kəˈ-, hɑː.tɑːˈmiː
Khayyam kaɪˈæm, -ˈɑːm ⓤⓢ -ˈjɑːm, -ˈjæm
khazi ˈkɑː.zi -s -z
khedival kɪˈdiː.vəl, kedˈiː-, kəˈdiː- ⓤⓢ kəˈdiː-
khedive kɪˈdiːv, kedˈiːv, kəˈdiːv ⓤⓢ kəˈdiːv -s -z
khedivial kɪˈdiː.vi.əl, kedˈiː-, kəˈdiː- ⓤⓢ kəˈdiː-
Khmer kmeər, kəˈmeər ⓤⓢ kəˈmer **Khˌmer ˈRouge**
Khomeini kɒmˈeɪ.ni, kəʊˈmeɪ- ⓤⓢ koʊˈmeɪ-, kə-
khoums kuːmz
Khrus(h)chev ˈkrʊs.tʃɒf, ˈkrʊʃ-, ˌ-ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈkruː.tʃef, -tʃɔːf; kruːʃˈtʃɔːf
Khyber ˈkaɪ.bər ⓤⓢ -bɚ **ˌKhyber ˈPass**
kHz (*abbrev. for* **kilohertz**) ˈkɪl.əʊ.hɜːts ⓤⓢ -ə.hɝːts
Kia Ora® ˌkɪəˈɔː.rə, ˌkiː.əˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌkiː.əˈɔːr.ə
kibbl|e ˈkɪb.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈkɪb.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
kibbutz kɪˈbʊts ⓤⓢ -ˈbʊts, -ˈbuːts **-nik/s** -nɪk **-es** -ɪz **kibbutzim** ˌkɪb.ʊtˈsiːm; kɪˈbʊt.siːm ⓤⓢ ˌkiː.buːtˈsiːm
kibe kaɪb -s -z
kibitz ˈkɪb.ɪts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
kibosh ˈkaɪ.bɒʃ ⓤⓢ ˈkaɪ.bɑːʃ; kɪˈbɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
kick kɪk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
kickabout ˈkɪk.ə.baʊt -s -s
kickback ˈkɪk.bæk -s -s
kickbox|ing ˈkɪkˌbɒk|.sɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌbɑː- **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Kickham ˈkɪk.əm
kick-off ˈkɪk.ɒf ⓤⓢ -ɑːf -s -s
kickshaw ˈkɪk.ʃɔː ⓤⓢ -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː -s -z
kick|-start ˈkɪk|.stɑːt ⓤⓢ -stɑːrt **-starts** -stɑːts ⓤⓢ -stɑːrts **-starting** -ˌstɑː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-started** -ˌstɑː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪd **-starter/s** -ˌstɑː.tər/z ⓤⓢ -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɚ/z
kid kɪd -s -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **ˌkid ˈglove**
Kidd kɪd
Kidderminster ˈkɪd.ə.mɪnt.stər ⓤⓢ -ɚ.mɪnt.stɚ
kiddie ˈkɪd.i -s -z
kiddle (K) ˈkɪd.əl -s -z
kidd|y ˈkɪd|.i **-ies** -iz
Kidlington ˈkɪd.lɪŋ.tən
Kidman ˈkɪd.mən
kidnap ˈkɪd.næp -s -s **-(p)ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-(p)ed** -t **-(p)er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
kidney ˈkɪd.ni -s -z **ˈkidney ˌbean; ˈkidney maˌchine**
Kidsgrove ˈkɪdz.grəʊv ⓤⓢ -groʊv
Kiel kiːl
kielbas(s)a kiːlˈbæs.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈbɑː.sə, kɪl-
Kielder ˈkiːl.dər ⓤⓢ -dɚ
kier (K) kɪər ⓤⓢ kɪr -s -z
Kieran ˈkɪə.rən ⓤⓢ ˈkɪr.ən
Kierkegaard ˈkɪə.kə.gɑːd, -gɔːd ⓤⓢ ˈkɪr.kə.gɑːrd, -gɔːrd
Kiev ˈkiː.ev, -ef, ˌ-ˈ-
Kigali kɪˈgɑː.li ⓤⓢ kə-
kike kaɪk -s -s
Kikuyu kɪˈkuː.juː ⓤⓢ kiː-
Kilbirnie kɪlˈbɜː.ni ⓤⓢ -ˈbɝː-
Kilbride kɪlˈbraɪd ⓤⓢ ˈkɪl.braɪd, -ˈ-
Kilburn ˈkɪl.bən, -bɜːn ⓤⓢ -bɚn, -bɝːn
Kilby ˈkɪl.bi
Kildale ˈkɪl.deɪl
Kildare kɪlˈdeər ⓤⓢ -ˈder
kilderkin ˈkɪl.də.kɪn ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -s -z
Kilen ˈkaɪ.lən
Kiley ˈkaɪ.li
Kilfoyle kɪlˈfɔɪl
Kilham ˈkɪl.əm
kilim (K) kɪˈliːm -s -z
Kilimanjaro ˌkɪl.ɪ.mənˈdʒɑː.rəʊ, ˌ-ə-, -mænˈ- ⓤⓢ -ə.mənˈdʒɑːr.oʊ
Kilkeel kɪlˈkiːl
Kilkenny kɪlˈken.i
kill kɪl -s -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **ˌdressed to ˈkill**
Killaloe ˌkɪl.əˈluː ⓤⓢ kɪˈlæl.oʊ

Killamarsh 'kɪl.ə.mɑːʃ ⓤⓢ -mɑːrʃ
Killarney kɪ'lɑː.ni ⓤⓢ -'lɑːr-
Killearn kɪ'lɜːn ⓤⓢ -'lɜːn
killer 'kɪl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z **'killer ˌinstinct; 'killer ˌwhale**
Killick 'kɪl.ɪk
Killiecrankie ˌkɪl.ɪ'kræŋ.ki
Killigrew 'kɪl.ɪ.gruː
Killin 'kɪl.ɪn
Killingworth 'kɪl.ɪŋ.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
killjoy 'kɪl.dʒɔɪ -s -z
Killwick 'kɪl.wɪk
Kilmainham kɪl'meɪ.nəm
Kilmarnock kɪl'mɑː.nək, -nɒk ⓤⓢ -'mɑːr.nək, -nɑːk
kiln kɪln, kɪl -s -z
Note: The pronunciation /kɪl/ appears to be used only by those concerned with the working of kilns.
Kilnsey 'kɪln.zi
kilo- kɪl.əʊ; kɪ'lɒ ⓤⓢ kɪl.oʊ, -ə; kɪ'lɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **kilometre** /'kɪl.əʊˌmiː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -əˌmiː.t̬ɚ-/.
kilo 'kiː.ləʊ ⓤⓢ -loʊ -s -z
kilobyte 'kɪl.əʊ.baɪt ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- -s -s
kilocalorie 'kɪl.əʊˌkæl.ər.i ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- -s -z
kilocycle 'kɪl.əʊˌsaɪ.kəl ⓤⓢ -oʊˌ-, -əˌ- -s -z
kilogram, kilogramme 'kɪl.əʊ.græm ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- -s -z
kilohertz 'kɪl.əʊ.hɜːts, -heəts ⓤⓢ -oʊ.herts, '-ə-, -hɝːts
kilojoule 'kɪl.əʊ.dʒuːl ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- -s -z
kilolitre, kiloliter 'kɪl.əʊˌliː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -oʊˌliː.t̬ɚ, -əˌ- -s -z
kilometre, kilometer kɪ'lɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə-; 'kɪl.əʊˌmiː- ⓤⓢ kɪ'lɑː.mə.t̬ɚ; 'kɪl.əˌmiː- -s -z
kiloton 'kɪl.əʊ.tʌn ⓤⓢ '-oʊ-, '-ə- -s -z
kilovolt 'kɪl.əʊ.vəʊlt ⓤⓢ -oʊ.voʊlt, '-ə- -s -s
kilowatt 'kɪl.əʊ.wɒt ⓤⓢ -oʊ.wɑːt, '-ə- -s -s
Kilpatrick kɪl'pæt.rɪk
Kilroy 'kɪl.rɔɪ
Kilrush kɪl'rʌʃ
Kilsyth kɪl'saɪθ
kilt kɪlt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'kɪl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'kɪl.t̬ɪd
kilter 'kɪl.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
Kilvert 'kɪl.vət ⓤⓢ -vɚt
Kilwarden kɪl'wɔː.dən ⓤⓢ -'wɔːr-
Kilwinning kɪl'wɪn.ɪŋ
Kim kɪm
Kimball 'kɪm.bəl
Kimberl(e)y 'kɪm.bəl.i ⓤⓢ -bɚ.li
Kimbolton kɪm'bəʊl.tən ⓤⓢ -'boʊl-
Kimmeridge 'kɪm.ər.ɪdʒ
Kimmins 'kɪm.ɪnz
kimono kɪ'məʊ.nəʊ ⓤⓢ kə'moʊ.nə, -noʊ -s -z
kin kɪn
kina 'kiː.nə
kinaesthesia ˌkɪn.ɪs'θiː.zi.ə, -əs'-, -ʒə
kinaesthetic ˌkɪn.iːs'θet.ɪk, ˌkaɪ.niːs'-, -nɪs'- ⓤⓢ ˌkɪn.es'θet̬.ɪk
Kincardine kɪn'kɑː.dɪn, kɪŋ-, -dən ⓤⓢ kɪn'kɑːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Kinchinjunga ˌkɪn.tʃɪn'dʒʌŋ.gə ⓤⓢ -tʃɪn'dʒʊŋ-
kind kaɪnd -s -z **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness/es** -nəs/ɪz, -nɪs/ɪz
kinda 'kaɪn.də
kindergarten 'kɪn.dəˌgɑː.tən ⓤⓢ -dɚˌgɑːr- -s -z
Kinder Scout ˌkɪn.də'skaʊt ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
Kindersley 'kɪn.dəz.li ⓤⓢ -dɚz-
kind-hearted ˌkaɪnd'hɑː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'hɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌkindhearted 'person
kindl|e 'kɪn.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'kɪnd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'kɪnd.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, 'kɪnd.lɚ/z
kindling 'kɪnd.lɪŋ, 'kɪn.dəl.ɪŋ
kindl|y 'kaɪnd.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
kindred 'kɪn.drəd, -drɪd ˌ**kindred 'spirit**
kine kaɪn
kinema 'kɪn.ɪ.mə, '-ə- -s -z
kinematic ˌkɪn.ɪ'mæt.ɪk, ˌkaɪ.nɪ'-, -nə'- ⓤⓢ ˌkɪn.ə'mæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li -s -s
kinematograph ˌkɪn.ɪ'mæt.ə.grɑːf, ˌkaɪ.nɪ'-, -nə'-, -græf ⓤⓢ ˌkɪn.ə'mæt̬.ə.græf -s -s
kinesics kɪ'niː.sɪks, kaɪ- ⓤⓢ -sɪks, -zɪks
kinesiology kɪˌniː.si'ɒl.ə.dʒi, kaɪ-, -zi'- ⓤⓢ kɪˌniː.si'ɑː.lə-, -zi'-
kinesis kɪ'niː.sɪs, kaɪ- ⓤⓢ -sɪs, -zɪs
kinesthetic ˌkɪn.iːs'θet.ɪk, ˌkaɪ.niːs'-, -nɪs'- ⓤⓢ ˌkɪn.ɪs'θet̬-
kinetic kɪ'net.ɪk, kaɪ- ⓤⓢ kɪ'net̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li -s -s
kinfolk 'kɪn.fəʊk ⓤⓢ -foʊk -s -s
king (K) kɪŋ -s -z ˌ**King's 'Bench;** ˌ**King Charles 'spaniel;** ˌ**King's 'Counsel;** ˌ**King's 'English;** ˌ**king's 'evidence;** ˌ**King's 'Lynn;** ˌ**king 'prawn; 'king-ˌsize**
king-at-arms ˌkɪŋ.ət'ɑːmz ⓤⓢ -'ɑːrms **kings-at-arms** ˌkɪŋz-
kingcraft 'kɪŋ.krɑːft ⓤⓢ -kræft
kingcup 'kɪŋ.kʌp -s -s
kingdom (K) 'kɪŋ.dəm -s -z ˌ**kingdom 'come;** ˌ**Kingdom 'Hall**
Kingdon 'kɪŋ.dən
kingfisher 'kɪŋˌfɪʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
Kinghorn 'kɪŋ.hɔːn ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn
Kinglake 'kɪŋ.leɪk
kingless 'kɪŋ.ləs, -lɪs
kinglet 'kɪŋ.lət, -lɪt -s -s
kinglike 'kɪŋ.laɪk
kingl|y 'kɪŋ.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
kingmaker (K) 'kɪŋˌmeɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ -s -z
kingpin 'kɪŋ.pɪn, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'kɪŋ.pɪn -s -z
Kingsborough 'kɪŋz.bər.ə ⓤⓢ -oʊ
Kingsbury 'kɪŋz.bər.i ⓤⓢ -ˌber-
Kingscote 'kɪŋz.kəʊt ⓤⓢ -kət, -koʊt
Kings Cross ˌkɪŋz'krɒs ⓤⓢ -'krɑːs *stress shift:* ˌKings Cross 'Station
kingship 'kɪŋ.ʃɪp
king-size 'kɪŋ.saɪz **-d** -d
Kingsley 'kɪŋz.li
Kings|man 'kɪŋz|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
Kingsteignton kɪŋ'steɪn.tən ⓤⓢ -tən
Kingston(e) 'kɪŋ.stən, 'kɪŋk-, 'kɪŋz.tən
Kingstown 'kɪŋz.taʊn, 'kɪŋ.stən, 'kɪŋk-
Kingsway 'kɪŋz.weɪ
Kingswinford kɪŋ'swɪn.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
Kingswood 'kɪŋz.wʊd
Kington 'kɪŋ.tən, 'kɪŋk-
Kingussie kɪŋ'juː.si
kink kɪŋk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
kinkajou 'kɪŋ.kə.dʒuː -s -z
Kinkel 'kɪŋ.kəl
kink|y 'kɪŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
kinless 'kɪn.ləs, -lɪs
Kinnaird kɪ'neəd ⓤⓢ -'nerd
Kinnear kɪ'nɪəʳ, -'neəʳ ⓤⓢ -'nɪr, -'ner
Kinnock 'kɪn.ək
Kinnoull kɪ'nuːl
kino 'kiː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
Kinros|s kɪn'rɒs ⓤⓢ -'rɑːs **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Kinsale kɪn'seɪl
Kinsella kɪn'sel.ə, 'kɪnt.sel.ə
Kinsey 'kɪn.zi
kinsfolk 'kɪnz.fəʊk ⓤⓢ -foʊk
Kinshasa kɪn'ʃɑː.sə, -'ʃæs.ə ⓤⓢ -'ʃɑː.sə, -sɑː
kinship 'kɪn.ʃɪp
Kinski 'kɪnt.ski
kins|man 'kɪnz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
kins|woman 'kɪnz|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Kintore kɪn'tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr
Kintyre kɪn'taɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'taɪr
kiosk 'kiː.ɒsk ⓤⓢ -ɑːsk, ki'ɑːsk -s -s
kip kɪp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Kipling 'kɪp.lɪŋ
Kippax 'kɪp.æks, -əks
kipp|er 'kɪp|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Kipps kɪps
kir kɪəʳ ⓤⓢ kɪr -s -z
Kirby 'kɜː.bi ⓤⓢ 'kɝː-
Kircaldie kɜː'kɔːl.di, kə- ⓤⓢ kɝː-, kɚ-
Kirchner 'kɜːk.nəʳ ⓤⓢ 'kɪrk.nɚ *US family name:* 'kɜːtʃ.nəʳ, 'kɜːʃ- ⓤⓢ 'kɝːtʃ.nɚ, 'kɝːʃ-
Kirghiz 'kɜː.gɪz, 'kɪə- ⓤⓢ kɪr'giːz
Kirghizia kɜː'gɪz.i.ə, kɪə- ⓤⓢ kɪr'giː.ʒə, -ʒi.ə
Kiribati ˌkɪr.ə'bæs, ˌkɪə.rə'-, -rɪ'-; ˌkɪr.i'bɑː.ti ⓤⓢ ˌkɪr.i'bɑː.ti; 'kɪr.ə.bæs
Kiri Te Kanawa ˌkɪr.i.tɪ'kæn.ə.wə, ˌkɪə.ri-, -'kɑː.nə-, -teɪ-

(US) ˌkɪr.i.təˈkɑː.nə.wɑː
riyenko ˌkɪr.iˈjeŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
rk kɜːk (US) kɝːk **-s** -s
rk(e) kɜːk (US) kɝːk
rkby *surname:* ˈkɜː.bi, ˈkɜːk.bi (US) kɝː-, ˈkɝːk- *place:* ˈkɜː.bi (US) ˈkɝː-
rkcaldy *place:* kɜːˈkɔː.di, kəˈkɒd.i, -ˈkɔː.di (US) kɝː-, kɚ- *surname:* kɜːˈkɔː.di, kə- (US) kɝː-, kɚ-
rkcudbright kɜːˈkuː.bri, kə- (US) kɝː-, kɚ- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
rkdale ˈkɜːk.deɪl (US) ˈkɝːk-
rkham ˈkɜː.kəm (US) ˈkɝː-
rkintilloch ˌkɜː.kɪnˈtɪl.ək *as if Scots:* -əx (US) ˌkɝː.kɪnˈtɪl.ək
rkland ˈkɜːk.lənd (US) ˈkɝːk-
rklees ˌkɜːkˈliːz (US) ˌkɝːk-
rkman ˈkɜːk.mən (US) ˈkɝːk-
rkness ˌkɜːkˈnes (US) ˌkɝːk-
rkpatrick ˌkɜːkˈpæt.rɪk (US) ˌkɝːk-
rkstall ˈkɜːk.stɔːl *locally also:* -stəl (US) ˈkɝːk-
rkuk kɜːˈkʊk, ˈ-- (US) kɪrˈkuːk
rkwall ˈkɜːk.wɔːl (US) ˈkɝːk-
rkwood ˈkɜːk.wʊd (US) ˈkɝːk-
rov ˈkɪə.rɒf, -rɒv (US) ˈkiː.rɔːf
rovabad kɪəˈrɒv.ə.bæd, kɪ- (US) kiːˈroʊ.və-, kɪ-
rriemuir ˌkɪr.iˈmjʊəʳ, -ˈmjɔːʳ (US) -ˈmjʊɚ
rsch kɪəʃ, kɜːʃ (US) kɪrʃ
rschwasser ˈkɪəʃˌvæs.əʳ, -ˌvɑː.səʳ (US) ˈkɪrʃˌvɑː.sɚ
rsten ˈkɜː.stɪn, ˈkɪə-, -stən (US) ˈkɝː-, ˈkɪr-
rstie, Kirsty ˈkɜː.sti (US) ˈkɝː-
rtle ˈkɜː.təl (US) ˈkɝː.t̬əl **-s** -z
sangani ˌkɪs.æŋˈgɑː.ni (US) ˌkiː.sɑːnˈgɑː-
sh kɪʃ
shinev ˈkɪʃ.ɪ.nɒf, -nef (US) -nev, -nef, -nɔːf
shon ˈkaɪ.ʃɒn *with some Jews:* ˈkiː.ʃɒn (US) ˈkaɪ.ʃɑːn, -ʃən
smet ˈkɪz.met, ˈkɪs-, -mɪt, -mət (US) -met, -mɪt
ss kɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌkiss of ˈdeath; ˌkiss of ˈlife**
ssagram, kiss-a-gram, kisso-gram ˈkɪs.ə.græm **-s** -z
ss-and-tell ˌkɪs.əndˈtel
issinger ˈkɪs.ɪn.dʒəʳ, -ɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ən.dʒɚ, -ɪn-
ss-off ˈkɪs.ɒf (US) -ɑːf
isumu kɪˈsuː.muː (US) kiː-
t (K) kɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈkɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈkɪt̬.ɪd **ˌkit and caˈboodle; ˈkit ˌbag; ˈkit ˌcar**
tbag ˈkɪt.bæg **-s** -z
t-cat (K) ˈkɪt.kæt **-s** -s
itchen (K) ˈkɪtʃ.ɪn, -ən **-s** -z **ˌkitchen ˈcabinet; ˌkitchen ˈgarden; ˌkitchen ˈsink; ˌkitchen ˈunit**
itchener (K) ˈkɪtʃ.ɪ.nəʳ, -ən.əʳ (US) -ə.nɚ **-s** -z
itchenette ˌkɪtʃ.ɪˈnet, -əˈ- **-s** -s
itchenmaid ˈkɪtʃ.ɪn.meɪd, -ən- **-s** -z
kitchenware ˈkɪtʃ.ɪn.weəʳ, -ən- (US) -wer
Kitchin ˈkɪtʃ.ɪn
Kitching ˈkɪtʃ.ɪŋ
kit|e kaɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -əd
Kit-E-Kat® ˈkɪt.i.kæt (US) ˈkɪt̬-
kitemark ˈkaɪt.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk
kith kɪθ
Kithnos ˈkɪθ.nɒs (US) -nɑːs
Kit-Kat® ˈkɪt.kæt
kitsch kɪtʃ **-y** -i
Kitson ˈkɪt.sən
kitten ˈkɪt.ən **-s** -z
kittenish ˈkɪt.ən.ɪʃ **-ly** -li
kittiwake ˈkɪt.ɪ.weɪk (US) ˈkɪt̬- **-s** -s
Kitto ˈkɪt.əʊ (US) ˈkɪt̬.oʊ
Kittredge ˈkɪt.rɪdʒ
Kitts kɪts
Kittson ˈkɪt.sən
kitt|y (K) ˈkɪt|.i (US) ˈkɪt̬- **-ies** -iz **ˈKitty ˌHawk**
Kitwe ˈkɪt.weɪ
Kitzbuhel, Kitzbühel ˈkɪts.bjuː.əl, -buː-, -bjuːl, -buːl
kiwi (K®) ˈkiː.wiː, -wi **-s** -z **ˈkiwi ˌfruit**
kJ (*abbrev. for* **kilojoule**) ˈkɪl.əʊˌdʒuːl (US) ˈ-oʊ-, ˈ-ə-
KKK (*abbrev. for* **Ku Klux Klan**) ˌkeɪ.keɪˈkeɪ
kl (*abbrev. for* **kilolitre/s**) *singular:* ˈkɪl.əʊˌliː.təʳ (US) -oʊˌliː.t̬ɚ, ˈ-ə- *plural:* ˈkɪl.əʊˌliː.təz, -oʊˌliː.t̬ɚz, ˈ-ə-
Klagenfurt ˈklɑː.gən.fɜːt (US) -fɝːt
Klan klæn
Klans|man ˈklænz|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
klatch klætʃ (US) klætʃ, klɑːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
klaxon ˈklæk.sən **-s** -z
Klee kleɪ
Kleenex® ˈkliː.neks
Klein klaɪn
Kleinwort ˈklaɪn.wɔːt (US) -wɔːrt
Kleist klaɪst
Klemperer ˈklem.pər.əʳ (US) -ɚ
kleptomani|a ˌklep.təʊˈmeɪ.ni|.ə (US) -toʊˈ-, -təˈ- **-ac/s** -æk/s
Kline klaɪn
Klondike ˈklɒn.daɪk (US) ˈklɑːn-
Kluge *English name:* kluːdʒ *German name:* ˈkluː.gə
klutz klʌts **-es** -ɪz
klutz|y ˈklʌt.s|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
km (*abbrev. for* **kilometre/s**) *singular:* kɪˈlɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ˈə-; ˈkɪl.əʊˌmiː- (US) kɪˈlɑː.mə.t̬ɚ; ˈkɪl.əˌmiː- *plural:* kɪˈlɒm.ɪ.təz, ˈ-ə-; ˈkɪl.əʊˌmiː.təz, kɪˈlɑː.mɪ.t̬ɚz; ˈkɪl.əˌmiː.t̬ɚz
K Mart® ˈkeɪˌmɑːt (US) -ˌmɑːrt
knack næk **-s** -s
knack|er ˈnæk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
knacker|y ˈnæk.ər|.i **-ies** -iz
knag næg **-s** -z **-gy** -i
knap næp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Knapp næp
knapsack ˈnæp.sæk **-s** -s
knar nɑːʳ (US) nɑːr **-s** -z
Knaresborough ˈneəz.bər.ə, ˈ-brə (US) ˈnerz.bɚ.oʊ, ˈ-brə
knave neɪv **-s** -z
knaver|y ˈneɪ.vər|.i **-ies** -iz
knavish ˈneɪ.vɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
knead niːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Knebworth ˈneb.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
knee niː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d **ˌknee-ˈdeep; ˌweak at the ˈknees**
knee-breeches ˈniːˌbrɪtʃ.ɪz
kneecap ˈniː.kæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
knee-high (*adj.*) ˌniːˈhaɪ *stress shift:* ˌknee-high ˈsocks
kneehigh (*n.*) ˈniː.haɪ **-s** -z
knee-jerk ˈniː.dʒɜːk (US) -dʒɝːk
knee-joint ˈniː.dʒɔɪnt **-s** -s
kneel niːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **knelt** nelt
knees-up ˈniːz.ʌp
knell nel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Kneller ˈnel.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
knelt (*from* **kneel**) nelt
Knesset ˈknes.et, kəˈnes-, -ɪt
knew (*from* **know**) njuː, nuː (US) nuː, njuː
knicker ˈnɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
knickerbocker (K) ˈnɪk.əˌbɒk.əʳ (US) -ɚˌbɑː.kɚ **-s** -z **ˌknickerbocker ˈglory**
knick-knack ˈnɪk.næk **-s** -s **-ery** -ər.i
Knicks nɪks
kni|fe (*n.*) naɪ|f **-ves** -vz
knif|e (*v.*) naɪf **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
knight (K) naɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈnaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈnaɪ.t̬ɪd
knight-errant ˌnaɪtˈer.ənt **knights-errant** ˌnaɪtsˈer.ənt
knighthood ˈnaɪt.hʊd **-s** -z
Knightley ˈnaɪt.li
knightl|y ˈnaɪt.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Knighton ˈnaɪ.tən
Knightsbridge ˈnaɪts.brɪdʒ
knish kəˈnɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
knit nɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈnɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈnɪt̬.ɪd **-ter/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈnɪt̬.ɚ/z **ˈknitting maˌchine; ˈknitting ˌneedle**
knitwear ˈnɪt.weəʳ (US) -wer
knob nɒb (US) nɑːb **-s** -z
knobbly ˈnɒb.əl.i, ˈ-li (US) ˈnɑː.bəl.i, ˈ-bli
knobb|y ˈnɒb|.i (US) ˈnɑː.b|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
knock nɒk (US) nɑːk **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
knockabout ˈnɒk.əˌbaʊt (US) ˈnɑːk- **-s** -s
Knockbreda nɒkˈbreɪ.də (US) nɑːk-
knock-down ˈnɒk.daʊn (US) ˈnɑːk.daʊn
knock-down-drag-out ˌnɒk.daʊnˈdræg.aʊt (US) ˌnɑːk- *stress shift:* ˌknock-down-ˌdrag-out ˈfight

knock-kneed ˌnɒkˈniːd (US) ˈnɑːk.niːd *stress shift:* ˌknock-kneed ˈchild
knockoff ˈnɒk.ɒf (US) ˈnɑːk.ɑːf -s -s
knock-on *(adj.)* ˌnɒkˈɒn (US) ˌnɑːkˈɑːn *stress shift, see compound:* ˈ**knock-on ef**ˌ**fect**
knock-on *(n.) in rugby* ˌnɒkˈɒn, ˈ-- (US) ˌnɑːkˈɑːn, ˈ--
knock-out ˈnɒk.aʊt (US) ˈnɑːk- -s -s ˈ**knockout** ˌ**drops**
knock-up ˈnɒk.ʌp (US) ˈnɑːk- -s -s
knockwurst ˈnɒk.wɜːst (US) ˈnɑːk.wɝːst, -wʊrst
Knole nəʊl (US) noʊl
knoll nəʊl (US) noʊl -s -z
Knolles, Knollys nəʊlz (US) noʊlz
knop nɒp (US) nɑːp -s -s
Knopf nɒpf (US) nɑːpf
Knopfler ˈnɒp.fləʳ (US) ˈnɑːp.flɚ
Knossos ˈknɒs.ɒs, ˈknəʊ.sɒs, -səs (US) ˈnɑː.səs
knot nɒt (US) nɑːt -s -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈnɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈnɑː.t̬ɪd **at a** ˌ**rate of** ˈ**knots**
knotgrass ˈnɒt.grɑːs (US) ˈnɑːt.græs
knothole ˈnɒt.həʊl (US) ˈnɑːt.hoʊl -s -z
Knott nɒt (US) nɑːt
Knottingley ˈnɒt.ɪŋ.li (US) ˈnɑː.t̬ɪŋ-
knott|y ˈnɒt|.i (US) ˈnɑː.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Knotty Ash ˌnɒt.iˈæʃ (US) ˌnɑː.t̬i-
knout naʊt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈnaʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈnaʊ.t̬ɪd
know nəʊ (US) noʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **knew** njuː (US) nuː **known** nəʊn (US) noʊn **knower/s** ˈnəʊ.əʳ/z (US) ˈnoʊ.ɚ/z **knowable** ˈnəʊ.ə.bəl (US) ˈnoʊ-
know-all ˈnəʊ.ɔːl (US) ˈnoʊ-, -ɑːl -s -z
know-how ˈnəʊ.haʊ (US) ˈnoʊ-
knowing ˈnəʊ.ɪŋ (US) ˈnoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
know-it-all ˈnəʊ.ɪt.ɔːl (US) ˈnoʊ.ɪt̬-, -ɑːl -s -z
Knowle nəʊl (US) noʊl
knowledg|e ˈnɒl.ɪdʒ (US) ˈnɑː.lɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
knowledgeab|le ˈnɒl.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl (US) ˈnɑː.lɪ- **-ly** -li
Knowles nəʊlz (US) noʊlz
known (*from* **know**) nəʊn (US) noʊn
know-nothing ˈnəʊˌnʌθ.ɪŋ, -ˌnɒθ- (US) ˈnoʊˌnʌθ.ɪŋ -s -z
Knox nɒks (US) nɑːks
Knoxville ˈnɒks.vɪl (US) ˈnɑːks-, -vəl
knuckl|e ˈnʌk.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i, ˈ-li ˌ**knuckle** ˈ**sandwich**
knuckleball ˈnʌk.əl.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl
knucklebone ˈnʌk.əl.bəʊn (US) -boʊn -s -z
knuckle-duster ˈnʌk.əlˌdʌs.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
knucklehead ˈnʌk.əl.hed **-ed** -ɪd
knurled nɜːld (US) nɝːld
Knutsford ˈnʌts.fəd (US) -fɚd
KO, k.o. ˌkeɪˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ **-'s** -z **-'ing** -ɪŋ **-'d** -d

koala kəʊˈɑː.lə (US) koʊ- -s -z
Kobe ˈkəʊ.beɪ, -bi (US) ˌkoʊˈbeɪ, ˈkoʊ.bi
Koblenz kəʊˈblents (US) ˈkoʊ.blents
kobo ˈkɒb.əʊ (US) ˈkɑː.boʊ, ˈkoʊ-; ˈkɔː.bɔː
kobold ˈkɒb.əʊld, ˈkəʊ.bəʊld, -bəld (US) ˈkoʊ.bɔːld, -bɑːld -s -z
Koch kəʊk, kɒtʃ *as if German:* kɒx (US) koʊk, kɑːk, kɑːtʃ *as if German:* kɔːx, koʊx
Köchel ˈkɜː.kəl *as if German:* -xəl (US) ˈkɝː- **Köchel** ˌ**number**
Kodak® ˈkəʊ.dæk (US) ˈkoʊ- -s -s
Kodály ˈkəʊ.daɪ, -dɑː.i (US) ˈkoʊ-; koʊˈdɑː.i
Kodiak ˈkəʊ.di.æk (US) ˈkoʊ-
Koestler ˈkɜːst.ləʳ (US) ˈkest.lɚ
Koh-i-noor ˌkəʊ.iˈnʊəʳ, -ˈnɔːəʳ, -ˈnɔːʳ, ˈ--- (US) ˈkoʊ.ɪ.nʊr
kohl kəʊl (US) koʊl
Kohl kəʊl (US) koʊl
kohlrab|i ˌkəʊlˈrɑː.b|i (US) ˌkoʊl-, ˈ--- **-ies** -iz
koine (K) ˈkɔɪ.neɪ, -niː, -ni (US) kɔɪˈneɪ; ˈkɔɪ.neɪ, -niː
Kojak ˈkəʊ.dʒæk (US) ˈkoʊ-
kola (K) ˈkəʊ.lə (US) ˈkoʊ-
kolkhoz ˌkɒlˈkɒz, -ˈkɔːz, -ˈhɔːz (US) ˌkɑːlˈkɔːz **-es** -ɪz
Kolnai ˈkɒl.naɪ (US) ˈkɑːl-
Komodo kəˈməʊ.dəʊ (US) -ˈmoʊ.doʊ
Kongo ˈkɒŋ.gəʊ (US) ˈkɑːŋ.goʊ
Konica® ˈkɒn.ɪ.kə, ˈkəʊ.nɪ- (US) ˈkɑː.nɪ-
Königsberg ˈkɜː.nɪgz.bɜːg, -beəg (US) ˈkɝː.nɪgz.bɝːg, -berg
Konrad ˈkɒn.ræd (US) ˈkɑːn-
Konya ˈkɔː.njɑː
koodoo ˈkuː.duː -s -z
kook kuːk -s -s
kookaburra ˈkʊk.əˌbʌr.ə (US) -ˌbɝː-, -ˌbʌr- -s -z
kook|y ˈkuː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Kool-Aide® ˈkuːl.eɪd
Koori(e) ˈkʊə.ri, ˈkɔː- (US) ˈkʊr.i
Kop kɒp (US) kɑːp
kope(c)k ˈkəʊ.pek, ˈkɒp.ek (US) ˈkoʊ.pek -s -s
kopje ˈkɒp.i (US) ˈkɑː.pi -s -z
Kops kɒps (US) kɑːps
Korah ˈkɔː.rə (US) ˈkɔːr.ə
Koran kɒrˈɑːn, kɔːˈrɑːn, kʊ-, kə- (US) kəˈræn, -ˈrɑːn; ˈkɔːr.æn, -ɑːn
Koranic kɒrˈæn.ɪk, kɔːˈræn-, kʊ-, kə- (US) kəˈræn.ɪk, -ˈrɑː.nɪk; ˈkɔːr.æn.ɪk, -ɑː.nɪk
Kore|a kəˈriː|.ə, kɒrˈiː- (US) kəˈriː-, kɔː- **-an/s** -ən/z
korma ˈkɔː.mə (US) ˈkɔːr-
koruna kɒrˈuː.nə, kəˈruː- (US) ˈkɔːr.uː- -s -z
koruny (*plur. of* **koruna**) kɒrˈuː.ni, kəˈruː- (US) ˈkɔːr.uː-
kosher ˈkəʊ.ʃəʳ *occasionally, by non-Jews:* ˈkɒʃ.əʳ (US) ˈkoʊ.ʃɚ
Kosice kɒʃˈɪt.sə (US) ˈkɔː.ʃiːt.seɪ, -ʃɪt-
Kosov|o ˈkɒs.ə.v|əʊ (US) ˈkoʊ.sə.v|oʊ, ˈkɑː-, ˈkɔː- **-an** -ən **-ar/s** -ɑːʳ/z (US) -ɑːr/z
Kostunica kɒsˈtuː.nɪt.sə (US) kɑːs.tuː.ˈnɪt.sə
Kosygin kəˈsiː.gɪn (US) kə-, koʊ-
Kotex® ˈkəʊ.teks (US) ˈkoʊ-
kotow ˌkəʊˈtaʊ (US) ˌkoʊ- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Kough kjəʊ, kəʊ (US) kjoʊ, koʊ
koumiss ˈkuː.mɪs, -məs
Kournikova ˌkɔː.nɪˈkəʊ.və, -nəˈ- (US) ˌkɔːr.nɪˈkoʊ-, -nəˈ-
Kowasaki kəʊ.əˈsɑː.ki, -ˈsæk.i (US) koʊ-
Kowloon ˌkaʊˈluːn
kowtow ˌkaʊˈtaʊ (US) ˌkaʊˈtaʊ, ˈ-- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
kraal krɑːl, krɔːl -s -z
Note: Usually pronounced /krɑːl/ in England, but /krɔːl/ in South Africa.
Kraft® krɑːft (US) kræft
Kragujevac krægˈuː.jə.væts (US) ˈkrɑː.guː.jə.vɑːts
krait kraɪt -s -s
Krajicek ˈkraɪ.tʃek, ˈkrɑː.jɪ.tʃek, ˈkraɪ.ə.tʃek
Krakatoa ˌkræk.əˈtəʊ.ə (US) -ˈtoʊ-
kraken ˈkrɑː.kən, ˈkreɪ- (US) ˈkrɑː- -s -z
Krakow ˈkræk.ɒv, -ɒf, -aʊ (US) ˈkrɑː.kaʊ, ˈkræk.aʊ, ˈkreɪ.kaʊ; ˈkrɑː.kʊf
Kramer ˈkreɪ.məʳ (US) -mɚ
krantz (K) krænts
Krasnodar ˌkrɑːs.nəʊˈdɑːʳ (US) -noʊˈdɑːr
Krasnoyarsk ˌkrɑːs.nəʊˈjɑːsk (US) -noʊˈjɑːrsk
Kravchuk krævˈtʃʊk
Kray kreɪ
kremlin (K) ˈkrem.lɪn -s -z
Kremlinolog|y ˌkrem.lɪˈnɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈnɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
kreu(t)zer (K) ˈkrɔɪt.səʳ (US) -sɚ -s -z
krill krɪl
kris kriːs **-es** -ɪz
Krishna ˈkrɪʃ.nə
Kris Kringle, Kriss Kringle ˌkrɪsˈkrɪŋ.gəl
Krista ˈkrɪs.tə
Kristen ˈkrɪs.tən, -tɪn
Kristi ˈkrɪs.ti
Kristiansand ˈkrɪs.tʃən.sænd
Kristie ˈkrɪs.ti
Kristin ˈkrɪs.tɪn
Kristina krɪˈstiː.nə
Kristine krɪˈstiːn
Kristopher ˈkrɪs.tə.fəʳ (US) -fɚ
kro|na ˈkrəʊ|.nə (US) ˈkroʊ- **-nor** -nɔːʳ (US) -nɔːr
kró|na ˈkrəʊ|.nə (US) ˈkroʊ- **-nur** -nʊəʳ (US) -nɚ
kro|ne ˈkrəʊ|.nə (US) ˈkroʊ- **-nes** -nəz **-ner** -nəʳ **-nen** -nən
Kronin ˈkrəʊ.nɪn (US) ˈkroʊ-
Krons(h)tadt ˈkrɒnt.ʃtæt (US) ˈkrɔːnt.ʃtɑːt
kroon kruːn

rug kruːg
ruger 'kruː.gəʳ US -gɚ
rugerrand (K) 'kruː.gᵊr.ænd US -gɚ- -s -z
rupp krʊp, krʌp
rushchev 'krʊs.tʃɒf, 'krʊʃ-, ˌ-'- US 'kruː.tʃef, -tʃɔːf, -tʃev, kruːʃ'tʃɔːf
rypton 'krɪp.tɒn, -tən US -tɑːn
ryptonite 'krɪp.tᵊn.aɪt US -tə.naɪt
rystal 'krɪs.tᵊl
rystle 'krɪs.tᵊl
uala Lumpur ˌkwɑː.lə'lʊm.pʊəʳ, ˌkwɒl-, -'lʌm-, -pəʳ US ˌkwɑː.lə'lʊm.pʊr
ubla Khan ˌkuː.blə'kɑːn, ˌkʊb.lə'- US ˌkuː.blə'-
ubrick 'kjuː.brɪk, 'kuː-
udos 'kjuː.dɒs US 'kuː.doʊz, 'kjuː-, -doʊs, -dɑːs
udrow 'kʊd.rəʊ US 'kuː.droʊ
udu 'kuː.duː -s -z
u Klux Klan ˌkuː.klʌks'klæn, ˌkjuː-
ulak 'kuː.læk US kuː'lɑːk, '-- -s -s
ultur (K) kʊl'tʊəʳ US -'tʊr
umanovo ˌkuː.mə'nəʊ.vəʊ US 'kʊm.əˌnoʊ.voʊ
umar kuː'mɑːʳ US 'kuː.mɑːr
umasi kʊ'mæs.i, -'mɑː.si US -'mɑː.si
umin 'kjuː.mɪn, 'kuː- US 'kuː-
ümmel 'kʊm.ᵊl, 'kɪm- US 'kɪm-
umquat 'kʌm.kwɒt US -kwɑːt -s -s
undera 'kʊn.də.rə US -dɚ.ə
ung fu ˌkʊŋ'fuː, ˌkʌŋ- US ˌkʌŋ-, ˌkʊŋ-, ˌgʊn-
unitz 'kjuː.nɪts, 'kuː- US 'kuː-
uomintang ˌkwəʊ.mɪn'tæŋ, ˌgwəʊ- US ˌkwoʊ-
Kuoni® kʊ'əʊ.ni US -'oʊ-
Kurath 'kjʊə.ræθ US 'kʊr.ɑːt, 'kjʊr-, -ɑːθ
Kurd kɜːd US kɝːd, kʊrd -s -z -ish -ɪʃ
Kurdistan ˌkɜː.dɪ'stɑːn, -də'-, -'stæn US ˌkɝː.dɪ'stæn, ˌkʊr-, -də'-, -'stɑːn
Kureishi kʊ'reʃ.i, -'reɪ.ʃi, -'riː-
Kuril(e) kʊ'riːl, kjuː- US 'kuː.rɪl; kuː'riːl -s -z
Kurosawa ˌkʊə.rəʊ'sɑː.wə US ˌkʊr.ə'-
kursaal 'kʊə.zɑːl, 'kɜː-, -sɑːl, -sᵊl US 'kʊr-, 'kɝː- -s -z
Kursk kɜːsk, kʊəsk US kɝːsk
Kurt kɜːt US kɝːt
Kurtis 'kɜː.tɪs US 'kɝː.t̬ɪs
Kurtz kɜːts US kɝːts
kurus kʊ'rʊʃ, -'ruːʃ US -'ruːʃ
Kutaisi kʊ'taɪ.si US kʊ'taɪ.si, ˌkuː.tə'jiː.si
Ku|wait kuː'weɪt, kjuː-, kə- US kuː'weɪt, -'waɪt -waiti/s -'weɪ.ti/z US -'weɪ.t̬i/z, -'waɪ.t̬i/z
Kuyper 'kaɪ.pəʳ US -pɚ
kvas(s) kvɑːs, kvæs US kvɑːs, kə'vɑːs
kvetch kvetʃ, kə'vetʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
kW (*abbrev. for* **kilowatt**) 'kɪl.əʊ.wɒt US -oʊ.wɑːt, '-ə-
kwacha 'kwɑː.tʃɑː
Kwangtung ˌkwæn'tʌŋ, ˌkwæŋ- US ˌkwɑːŋ'tʊŋ, ˌgwɑːŋ-
Kwantung ˌkwæn'tʌŋ US ˌkwɑːŋ'tʊŋ, ˌgwɑːŋ-
kwanza 'kwæn.zə US 'kwɑːn.zɑː, -zə -s -z
Kwanzaa 'kwɑːn.zə, 'kwæn-, -zɑː US 'kwɑːn- -s -z
kwashiorcor ˌkwæʃ.i'ɔː.kɔːʳ, -kəʳ US ˌkwɑː.ʃiː'ɔːr.kɔːr
KwaZulu kwɑː'zuː.luː
KwaZulu-Natal kwɑːˌzuː.luː.nə'tæl, -'tɑːl
kwela 'kweɪ.lə
KWIC kwɪk
Ky. (*abbrev. for* **Kentucky**) ken'tʌk.i, kən- US kən-
kyat ki'ɑːt US tʃɑːt, kjɑːt
Kyd kɪd
Kyla 'kaɪ.lə
kyle (K) kaɪl -s -z
Kylie 'kaɪ.li
kylin 'kaɪ.lɪn -s -z
Kyllachy 'kaɪ.lə.ki, -xi US -ki
kyloe 'kaɪ.ləʊ US -loʊ -s -z
kymogram 'kaɪ.məʊ.græm US -moʊ-, -mə-
kymograph 'kaɪ.məʊ.grɑːf, -græf US -moʊ.græf, -mə- -s -s
kymographic ˌkaɪ.məʊ'græf.ɪk US -moʊ'-, -mə'-
Kynance 'kaɪ.nænts
Kynaston 'kɪn.ə.stᵊn
Kyoto 'kjəʊ.təʊ, ki'əʊ.təʊ US kiː'oʊ.toʊ, 'kjoʊ-
Kyrgyzstan ˌkɜː.gɪ'stɑːn US 'kɪr.gɪ.stɑːn, -stæn, ˌ--'-
kyrie 'kɪr.i.eɪ, 'kɪə.ri-, -iː US 'kɪr.i.eɪ -s -z
Kyrle kɜːl US kɝːl
Kythe 'kaɪ.θi
Kyushu 'kjuː.ʃuː, ki'uː-
Kyzyl-Kum kəˌzɪl'kuːm, -'kʊm

Pronouncing the letter L

See also LL

In general, the consonant letter l is pronounced /l/, e.g.:

like /laɪk/
wool /wʊl/

However, l is frequently silent, particularly when preceded by an a, e.g.:

calf /kɑːf/ (US) /kæf/
calm /kɑːm/ (US) /kɑːlm/

In the past tense form of modal verbs spelt **ould**, l is also silent, e.g.:

could /kʊd/
would /wʊd/

Labiodental

A consonant articulated with contact between the lips and the teeth.

Examples for English

By far the most common type of labiodental articulation is one where the inner surface of the lower lip touches the upper front teeth, as in the fricatives [f] (voiceless) and [v] (voiced); these two occur in English, e.g.:

fine /faɪn/ safe /seɪf/
vine /vaɪn/ save /seɪv/

The fricative noise made by /f/ and /v/ is very weak. In final position, as /f/ is FORTIS and /v/ is LENIS, 'pre-fortis clipping' of the vowel occurs. This has the effect of shortening the vowel in *safe*, making it much shorter than the one in *save*.

l (L) el -'s -z
l (*abbrev. for* **litre/s**) *singular:* 'liː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ *plural:* 'liː.təz, -t̬ɚz
la lɑː -s -z
La. (*abbrev. for* **Louisiana**) luˌiː.zi'æn.ə, -'ɑː.nə; ˌluː.i.zi'- (US) luˌiː.zi'æn.ə; ˌluː.zi'-
LA ˌel'eɪ ˌ**LA** '**law**
laager 'lɑː.gəʳ (US) -gɚ -s -z
laari 'lɑː.ri (US) 'lɑːr.i -s -z
lab læb -s -z
Laban *biblical character:* 'leɪ.bən, -bæn (US) -bən *US family name:* lə'bæn
label 'leɪ.bəl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ, 'leɪ.blɪŋ -(l)ed -d
labia (*from* **labium**) 'leɪ.bi.ə
labial 'leɪ.bi.əl -s -z -ly -i
labialization, -isa- ˌleɪ.bi.əl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
labializ|e, -is|e 'leɪ.bi.əl.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
labia majora ˌleɪ.bi.ə.mə'dʒɔː.rə, -maɪ'ɔː- (US) -mə'dʒɔːr.ə
labia minora ˌleɪ.bi.ə.mɪ'nɔː.rə (US) -'nɔːr.ə
labiate 'leɪ.bi.eɪt, -ət, -ɪt -s -s
Labienus ˌlæb.i'iː.nəs, -'eɪ-
labile 'leɪ.baɪl (US) -baɪl, -bəl
labiodental ˌleɪ.bi.əʊ'den.təl (US) -oʊ'den.t̬əl -s -z
labiopalatal ˌleɪ.bi.əʊ'pæl.ə.təl (US) -oʊ'pæl.ə.t̬əl -s -z -ly -li
labiovelar ˌleɪ.bi.əʊ'viː.ləʳ (US) -oʊ'viː.lɚ -s -z
labiovelariz|e, -is|e ˌleɪ.bi.əʊ'viː.lər.aɪz (US) -oʊ'viː.lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
labi|um 'leɪ.bi|.əm -a -ə
La Bohème ˌlɑː.bəʊ'em, ˌlæ-, -'eɪm (US) ˌlɑː.boʊ'-
lab|or (L) 'leɪ.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ -ors -əz (US) -ɚz -oring -ər.ɪŋ -ored -əd (US) -ɚd -orer/s -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z ˌ**labor of** '**love;** '**labor** ˌ**union**
laborator|y lə'bɒr.ə.tər|.i, -tr|i (US) 'læb.rə.tɔːr|.i, 'læb.ɚ.ə- -ies -iz
labor-intensive ˌleɪ.bər.ɪn'tent.sɪv (US) -bɚ- *stress shift:* ˌlabor-intensive 'work
laborious lə'bɔː.ri.əs (US) -'bɔːr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
laborite (L) 'leɪ.bər.aɪt (US) -bə.raɪt -s -s
labor-saving 'leɪ.bəˌseɪ.vɪŋ (US) -bɚˌ- *stress shift:* ˌlabor-saving 'gadget
Labouchere ˌlæb.uː'ʃeəʳ, -ʊ'-, '--- (US) ˌlæb.uː'ʃer
lab|our (L) 'leɪ.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ -ours -əz (US) -ɚz -ouring -ər.ɪŋ -oured -əd (US) -ɚd -ourer/s -ər.əʳ/z '**labour** **ex**ˌ**change;** ˌ**labour of** '**love;** '**Labour** ˌ**Party**
labour-intensive ˌleɪ.bər.ɪn'tent.sɪv (US) -bɚ- *stress shift:* ˌlabour-intensive 'work
labourite (L) 'leɪ.bər.aɪt (US) -bə.raɪt -s -s
labour-saving 'leɪ.bəˌseɪ.vɪŋ (US) -bɚˌ- *stress shift:* ˌlabour-saving 'gadget
Labrador 'læb.rə.dɔːʳ (US) -dɔːr -s -z
Labuan lə'buː.ən (US) ˌlɑː.buː'ɑːn, lə'buː.ən
laburnum lə'bɜː.nəm (US) -'bɝː- -s -z
labyrinth 'læb.ər.ɪntθ, -ɪ.rɪntθ (US) -ɚ.ɪntθ, '-rəntθ -s -s
labyrinth|ian ˌlæb.ə'rɪnt.θ|i.ən, -ɪ'- (US) -ə'rɪnt- -ine -aɪn (US) -ɪn, -iːn, -aɪn
lac læk -s -s
Laccadive 'læk.ə.dɪv, 'lɑː.kə-, -diːv, -daɪv (US) 'læk.ə.daɪv; 'lɑː.kə.diːv -s -z
laccolith 'læk.ə.lɪθ
lac|e leɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Lacedaemon ˌlæs.ə'diː.mən, -ɪ'- (US) -ə'-
Lacedaemonian ˌlæs.ə.dɪ'məʊ.ni.ən, ˌ-ɪ-, -də'- (US) -ə.dɪ'moʊ.ni- -s -z
lacer|ate 'læs.ər|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
laceration ˌlæs.ər'eɪ.ʃən (US) -ə'reɪ- -s -z
Lacert|a lə'sɜː.t|ə (US) -'sɝː.t̬|ə -ae -iː
Lacey 'leɪ.si
laches 'lætʃ.ɪz, 'leɪ.tʃɪz, -tʃəz (US) 'lætʃ.ɪz, 'leɪ.tʃɪz
Lachesis 'læk.ə.sɪs, -ɪ- (US) 'læk-, 'lætʃ-
Lachish 'leɪ.kɪʃ
Lachlan 'læk.lən, 'lɒk.lən (US) 'lɑːk-
lachrymal 'læk.rɪ.məl
lachrymatory ˌlæk.rɪ'meɪ.tər.i; 'læk.rɪ.mə-, -meɪ- (US) 'læk.rɪ.mə.tɔːr-
lachrymose 'læk.rɪ.məʊs, -rə-, -məʊz (US) -rɪ.moʊs -ly -li

ck læk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ckadaisic|al ˌlæk.ə'deɪ.zɪ.k|ᵊl
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li -alness -nəs, -nɪs
ckaday 'læk.ə.deɪ, ˌ--'-
ckey 'læk.i -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
cklustre, lackluster 'lækˌlʌs.təʳ,
ˌ-'-- (US) 'lækˌlʌs.tɚ
icon 'leɪ.kən
aconi|a lə'kəʊ.ni|.ə (US) -'koʊ- -an/s
-ən/z
conic (L) lə'kɒn.ɪk (US) -'kɑː.nɪk -al
-ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
cqu|er 'læk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz
(US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd
(US) -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
cquey 'læk.i -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
acroix læk'rwɑː (US) lə'kwɑː, -'krɔɪ
crosse lə'krɒs (US) -'krɑːs
ctase 'læk.teɪs, -teɪz (US) -teɪs
ctate (*n.*) 'læk.teɪt
cta|te (*v.*) læk'teɪ|t (US) '-- -tes -ts
-ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
ctation læk'teɪ.ʃᵊn
cteal 'læk.ti.əl
ctic 'læk.tɪk ˌlactic 'acid
ctometer læk'tɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ
(US) -'tɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
ctose 'læk.təʊs, -təʊz (US) -toʊs
cun|a lə'kjuː.n|ə, læk'juː-
(US) lə'kjuː- -ae -iː -as -əz
cy (L) 'leɪ.si
d læd -s -z
ada® 'lɑː.də -s -z
adakh lə'dɑːk, -'dɔːk (US) -'dɑːk
adbroke 'læd.brʊk, -brəʊk
(US) -brʊk, -broʊk
adbrokes 'læd.brəʊks, -brʊks
(US) -broʊks, -brʊks
add|er 'læd|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz
-ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
adderback 'læd.ə.bæk (US) '-ɚ-
addie 'læd.i -s -z
addish 'læd.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ad|e leɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -en -ᵊn
adefoged 'læd.ɪ.fəʊ.gɪd, '-ə-, -gəd
(US) -ə.foʊ.gəd
aden (*from* **lade**) 'leɪ.dᵊn
a-di-da, lah-di-dah ˌlɑː.dɪ'dɑː
(US) -diː'- *stress shift:* ˌla-di-da 'voice
adies 'leɪ.diz **'ladies' ˌman; 'ladies'
ˌroom**
adieswear 'leɪ.diz.weəʳ (US) -wer
adislaus 'læd.ɪ.slɔːs (US) -slɔːs, -slɑːs
adislaw 'læd.ɪ.slɔː (US) -slɔː, -slɑː
adl|e 'leɪ.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'leɪd.lɪŋ
-ed -d
adleful 'leɪ.dᵊl.fʊl -s -z
adoga 'læd.əʊ.gə, 'lɑː.dəʊ-; lə'dəʊ-
(US) 'lɑː.dɔː.gɑː, -də.gə
a dolce vita lɑːˌdɒl.tʃeɪ'viː.tə
(US) -ˌdoʊl.tʃeɪ'-, -tʃə'-, -t̬ə
adrone lə'drəʊn (US) -'droʊn
ad|y (L) 'leɪ.d|i -ies -iz ˌ**Lady
'Bountiful; 'lady ˌchapel; 'Lady
ˌDay; 'lady ˌfriend**
adybird (L®) 'leɪ.di.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd -s -z
adybug 'leɪ.di.bʌg -s -z
adyfinger 'leɪ.diˌfɪŋ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ -s -z

lady-in-waiting ˌleɪ.di.ɪn'weɪ.tɪŋ
(US) -t̬ɪŋ **ladies-in-waiting** ˌleɪ.diz-
lady-killer 'leɪ.diˌkɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
ladylike 'leɪ.di.laɪk
ladylove 'leɪ.di.lʌv -s -z
ladyship 'leɪ.di.ʃɪp -s -s
Ladysmith 'leɪ.di.smɪθ
Laertes leɪ'ɜː.tiːz (US) -'ɝː-, -'er-
Laestrygones liː'straɪ.gə.niːz
(US) les'trɪg.ə-
Laetitia lɪ'tɪʃ.i.ə, liː-, lə-, -'tiː.ʃi-,
'-ʃə (US) lə'tɪʃ.ə, -'tiː.ʃə
Lafarge lə'fɑːʒ (US) -'fɑːrʒ
Lafayette *French name:* ˌlɑː.faɪ'et,
ˌlæf-, -feɪ'- (US) ˌlæf.iː'-, ˌlɑː.fiː'-,
-faɪ'- *in Louisiana:* ˌlɑː'feɪt, lə-
Lafcadio læf'kɑː.di.əʊ (US)
lɑːf'kɑː.di.oʊ
Laffan 'læf.ən; lə'fæn
Laf(f)itte læf'iːt, lɑː'fiːt, lə-
(US) lɑː'fiːt, lə-
Lafontaine ˌlæf.ɒn'ten, ˌlɑː.fɒn-,
-'teɪn (US) ˌlɑː.fɔːn-, -foʊn'-
lag læg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d -ger/s
-əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Lagan 'læg.ᵊn
lager *beer:* 'lɑː.gəʳ (US) -gɚ -s -z **'lager
ˌlout**
Lager *English surname:* 'leɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
Lagerfeld 'lɑː.gə.felt (US) -gɚ-
laggard 'læg.əd (US) -ɚd -s -z -ly -li
lagn(i)appe 'læn.jæp, ˌ-'-
lagoon lə'guːn -s -z
Lagos 'leɪ.gɒs (US) -gɑːs; 'lɑː.goʊs
Lagrange læg'rɑ̃ːnʒ, lə'-, -'greɪndʒ
(US) lɑː'grɑ̃ːndʒ, lə-
La Guardia lə'gwɑː.di.ə (US) -'gwɑːr-
Laguna Beach ləˌguː.nə'biːtʃ
lah lɑː -s -z
lah-di-dah ˌlɑː.di'dɑː (US) -diː'- *stress
shift:* ˌlah-di-dah 'accent
Lahore lə'hɔːʳ, lɑː- (US) -'hɔːr
laic 'leɪ.ɪk -al -ᵊl
laid (*from* **lay**) leɪd
laid-back ˌleɪd'bæk *stress shift:* ˌlaid-
back 'attitude
Laidlaw 'leɪd.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː
lain (*from* **lie**) leɪn
Laindon 'leɪn.dən
Laing læŋ, leɪŋ
lair leəʳ (US) ler -s -z
laird (L) leəd (US) lerd -s -z -ship -ʃɪp
lairy 'leə.ri (US) 'ler.i
laissez-faire, laisser-faire
ˌleɪ.seɪ'feəʳ, ˌles.eɪ'- (US) ˌles.eɪ'fer,
ˌleɪ.seɪ'- *stress shift:* ˌlaissez-faire
'attitude
laity 'leɪ.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ti, -t̬i
Laius 'laɪ.əs, 'leɪ- (US) 'leɪ-, 'laɪ-
lake (L) leɪk -s -s
Lakeland 'leɪk.lənd, -lænd
Lakenheath 'leɪ.kᵊn.hiːθ
Lake Placid ˌleɪk'plæs.ɪd
Laker 'leɪ.kəʳ -s -z (US) -kɚ
lakeside (L) 'leɪk.saɪd -s -z
lakh lɑːk, læk -s -s
Lakin 'leɪ.kɪn

Lalage 'læl.ə.gi, -dʒi
Lalique® læl'iːk, lə'liːk (US) lɑː'liːk, lə-
lam læm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d
lama (L) 'lɑː.mə -s -z
Lamarr lə'mɑːʳ (US) -'mɑːr
lamaser|y 'lɑː.mə.sᵊr|.i, 'læm.ə-
(US) 'lɑː.mə.ser- -ies -iz
Lamaze lə'mɑːz **La'maze ˌmethod**
lamb (L) læm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
**ˌlamb's 'lettuce; 'lamb's ˌwool;
ˌmutton dressed as 'lamb**
lambada læm'bɑː.də (US) lɑːm- -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
lambast læm'bæst (US) -'beɪst, -'bæst
-s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
lambast|e læm'beɪst (US) -'beɪst,
-'bæst -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
lambda 'læm.də -s -z
lambdacism 'læm.də.sɪ.zᵊm -s -z
Lambe læm
lamben|cy 'læm.bən|*t*.si -t -t
Lambert 'læm.bət (US) -bɚt
Lambeth 'læm.bəθ
lambkin 'læm.kɪn -s -z
lamblike 'læm.laɪk
Lamborghini® ˌlæm.bɔː'giː.ni, -bə'-
(US) ˌlɑːm.bɔːr'-, ˌlæm-, -bɚ'-
Lambretta® læm'bret.ə (US) -'bret̬-
lambrusco (L) læm'brʊs.kəʊ
(US) -'bruː.skoʊ, lɑːm-, -'brʊs.koʊ
lambskin 'læm.skɪn -s -z
Lambton 'læm*p*.tən
lam|e leɪm -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst
-ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs -es -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d ˌ**lame 'duck**
lamé 'lɑː.meɪ (US) læm'eɪ, lɑː'meɪ
lamebrain 'leɪm.breɪn -s -z
Lamech 'leɪ.mek, 'lɑː-, -mex
(US) 'leɪ.mek
lamell|a lə'mel|.ə -ae -iː -as -əz -ar
-əʳ (US) -ɚ
la|ment lə|'ment -ments -'ments
-menting -'men.tɪŋ (US) -'men.t̬ɪŋ
-mented -'men.tɪd (US) -'men.t̬ɪd
lamentab|le 'læm.ən.tə.b|ᵊl, -ɪn-;
lə'men- (US) lə'men.t̬ə-; 'læm.ən.t̬ə-
-ly -li
lamentation (L) ˌlæm.en'teɪ.ʃᵊn,
-ən'-, -ɪn'- (US) -ən'- -s -z
Lamia *Greek town:* læm'iː.ə (US) lə'miː-
literary title, Keats: 'lɑː.mi.ə, 'leɪ-
(US) 'leɪ-
lamin|a 'læm.ɪ.n|ə, '-ə- -al -ᵊl -ae -iː
-as -əz -ar -əʳ (US) -ɚ
lami|nate (*v.*) 'læm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə-
-nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US)
-neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
laminate (*n.*) 'læm.ɪ.nət, '-ə-, -nɪt,
-neɪt (US) -nɪt
lamination ˌlæm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
lamington (L) 'læm.ɪŋ.tən
Lammas 'læm.əs -tide -taɪd
lammergeier, lammergeyer
'læm.ə.gaɪəʳ (US) -ɚ.gaɪɚ -s -z
Lammermoor 'læm.ə.mʊəʳ, -mɔːʳ,
ˌ--'- (US) 'læm.ɚ.mʊr, -mɔːr, ˌ--'-
Lammermuir 'læm.ə.mjʊəʳ, -mjɔːʳ
(US) -ɚ.mjʊr, -mjʊɚ

Lamond 'læm.ənd
Lamont *surname:* lə'mɒnt; 'læm.ənt (US) lə'mɑːnt *in US:* lə'mɒnt (US) -'mɑːnt
lamp læmp -s -s
lampas *silk material:* 'læm.pəs *swelling in horse's mouth:* 'læm.pəz
lampblack 'læmp.blæk
Lampedusa ˌlæm.pɪ'djuː.zə (US) -pə'duː.sə, -zə
Lampet 'læm.pɪt
Lampeter 'læm.pɪ.təʳ, -pə- (US) -t̬ɚ
lampion 'læm.pi.ən -s -z
lamp|light 'læmp|.laɪt **-lighter/s** -ˌlaɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɚ/s
Lamplough 'læm.pluː, -plʌf
Lamplugh 'læm.pluː, -plə
lampoon læm'puːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
lamp-post 'læmp.pəʊst (US) -poʊst -s -s
lamprey 'læm.pri -s -z
lampshade 'læmp.ʃeɪd -s -z
Lampson 'læm*p*.sᵊn
lampstand 'læmp.stænd -s -z
LAN læn -s -z
Lana 'lɑː.nə (US) 'læn.ə, 'lɑː.nə
Lanagan 'læn.ə.gᵊn
Lanark 'læn.ək (US) -ɚk **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Lancashire 'læŋ.kə.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Lancaster 'læŋ.kə.stəʳ, -kæs.təʳ (US) 'læŋ.kə.stɚ, 'læn-, -kæs.tɚ
Lancasterian ˌlæŋ.kæs'tɪə.ri.ən, -kə'stɪə- (US) ˌlæŋ.kæs'tɪr.i-, ˌlæn-, -kə'stɪr- -s -z
Lancastrian læŋ'kæs.tri.ən (US) læŋ-, læn- -s -z
lanc|e (L) lɑːn*t*s (US) læn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**lance** '**corporal**
Lancelot 'lɑːn*t*.sə.lɒt, -sᵊl.ɒt, -lət (US) 'læn*t*.sə.lɑːt, 'lɑːn*t*-, -lət
lancer 'lɑːn*t*.səʳ (US) 'læn*t*.sɚ -s -z
lancet (L) 'lɑːn*t*.sɪt (US) 'læn*t*- -s -s
Lancia® 'lɑːn*t*.si.ə, 'læn*t*- -s -z
Lancing 'lɑːn*t*.sɪŋ (US) 'læn*t*-
Lancôme®, Lancome 'lɑ̃ː*ŋ*.kəʊm, -'- (US) 'læn.koʊm, -kəm, ˌlæn'koʊm
Lancs. (*abbrev. for* **Lancashire**) læŋks
land (L) lænd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
landau 'læn.dɔː, -daʊ -s -z
Lander 'læn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
landfall 'læn*d*.fɔːl (US) -fɔːl, -fɑːl -s -z
landfill 'læn*d*.fɪl -s -z
landforc|e 'læn*d*.fɔːs (US) -fɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
landgrabb|er 'læn*d*ˌgræb|.əʳ, 'læŋ- (US) 'læn*d*ˌgræb|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
landgrave 'læn*d*.greɪv, 'læŋ- (US) 'lænd- -s -z
landholder 'lændˌhəʊl.dəʳ (US) -ˌhoʊl.dɚ -s -z
landholding 'lændˌhəʊl.dɪŋ (US) -ˌhoʊl-
landing 'læn.dɪŋ -s -z '**landing** ˌ**gear**; '**landing** ˌ**net**; '**landing** ˌ**stage**; '**landing** ˌ**strip**
landlad|y 'læn*d*ˌleɪ.d|i **-ies** -iz
landline 'lænd.laɪn -s -z
landlocked 'læn*d*.lɒkt (US) -lɑːkt
landlord 'læn*d*.lɔːd (US) -lɔːrd -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
landlubber 'læn*d*ˌlʌb.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
landmark 'læn*d*.mɑːk, 'læm- (US) 'læn*d*.mɑːrk -s -s
landmass 'læn*d*.mæs, 'læm- (US) 'læn*d*- **-es** -ɪz
landmine 'læn*d*.maɪn, 'læm- (US) 'læn*d*- -s -z
Landon 'læn.dən
Landor 'læn.dɔːʳ, -dəʳ (US) -dɚ, -dɔːr
land-own|er 'lændˌəʊ.n|əʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.n|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
landrail 'lænd.reɪl -s -z
Land Rover® 'lændˌrəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌroʊ.vɚ -s -z
landscap|e 'læn*d*.skeɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**landscape** '**gardener** (US) '**landscape** ˌ**gardener**; '**landscape** ˌ**mode**
Landseer 'læn*d*ˌsiː.əʳ, -sɪəʳ (US) -ˌsiː.ɚ, -ˌsɪr
Land's End ˌlændz'end
landslide 'læn*d*.slaɪd -s -z
landslip 'læn*d*.slɪp -s -s
lands|man 'læn*d*z|.mən **-men** -mən
landward 'lænd.wəd (US) -wɚd
landwehr 'lænd.veəʳ (US) -veɪr
landwind 'lænd.wɪnd -s -z
lane (L) leɪn -s -z **in the** '**fast** ˌ**lane**
Lanfranc 'læn.fræŋk
Lang læŋ
Langbaine 'læŋ.beɪn
Langbourne 'læŋ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Langdale 'læŋ.deɪl
Langer 'læŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Langerhans 'læŋ.ə.hænz, -hæn*t*s (US) 'læŋ.ɚ.hænz, 'lɑːŋ.ɚ.hɑːnz
Langford 'læŋ.fəd (US) -fɚd
Langham, Langholm(e) 'læŋ.əm
Langhorne 'læŋ.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn
Langland 'læŋ.lənd
langlauf 'lɑːŋ.laʊf -s -s
Langley 'læŋ.li
Langmere 'læŋ.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
langoustine ˌlɑ̃ː*ŋ*.gʊ'stiːn, ˌlæn- (US) ˌlæŋ.gə'- -s -z
Langridge 'læŋ.grɪdʒ
Langside 'læŋ.saɪd, ˌ-'-
lang syne ˌlæŋ'saɪn (US) -'zaɪn, -'saɪn
Langton 'læŋ*k*.tən
Langtry 'læŋ*k*.tri
languag|e 'læŋ.gwɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
langue lɑ̃ː*ŋ*g (US) lɑ̃ːŋg, lɑːŋ
langue de chat ˌlɑ̃ː*ŋ*.də'ʃɑː (US) ˌlɑ̃ːŋg-, ˌlɑːŋ-
Languedoc 'lɑ̃ː*ŋ*.gə.dɒk, ˌ--'- (US) lɑ̃ːŋg'dɔːk, lɑːŋ-
languid 'læŋ.gwɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
languish (L) 'læŋ.gwɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt
languor 'læŋ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ **-ous/ly** -əs/li
langur 'læŋ.gəʳ, 'lʌŋ-, -gʊəʳ (US) lɑːŋ'gʊr -s -z
Lanier 'læn.jəʳ; lə'nɪəʳ (US) lə'nɪr
Lanigan 'læn.ɪ.gᵊn, '-ə-
lank læŋk **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Lankester 'læŋ.kɪ.stəʳ, -kə- (US) -stɚ
lank|y 'læŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lanolin(e) 'læn.ᵊl.ɪn, -ə.liːn (US) -ə.lɪn
Lansbury 'lænz.bᵊr.i (US) -ber.i
Lansdown(e) 'lænz.daʊn
Lansing 'lɑːn*t*.sɪŋ, 'læn*t*- (US) 'læn*t*-
Lansley 'lændz.li
Lantau 'læn.taʊ
lantern 'læn.tən (US) -t̬ɚn -s -z
lanthanum 'læn*t*.θə.nəm
lanyard 'læn.jəd, -jɑːd (US) -jɚd, -jɑːrd -s -z
Lanzarote ˌlæn.zə'rɒt.i (US) ˌlɑːn*t*.sə'roʊ.t̬i, -teɪ
Laocoön leɪ'ɒk.əʊ.ɒn, -ən (US) -'ɑː.koʊ.ɑːn
Laodamia ˌleɪ.əʊ.də'maɪə, -'miː.ə (US) leɪˌɑː.də'maɪ.ə
Laodice|a ˌleɪ.əʊ.dɪ'siː|.ə, -də'- (US) leɪˌɑː.dɪ'-; ˌleɪ.ə.də'- **-an/s** -ən/z
Laois liːʃ
Laomedon leɪ'ɒm.ɪ.dən, '-ə- (US) -'ɑː.mə.dɑːn
Laos 'leɪ.ɒs, 'lɑː-; laʊs, laʊz (US) laʊs; 'leɪ.ɑːs, -oʊs
Laotian leɪ'əʊ.ʃᵊn; 'laʊ.ʃi.ən, -ʃᵊn; lɑː'ɒʃ.ᵊn (US) leɪ'oʊ.ʃᵊn; 'laʊ.ʃᵊn
Lao-tsze ˌlɑː.əʊ'tseɪ, ˌlaʊ'tseɪ, -'tsiː (US) ˌlaʊ'dzuː, -'tseɪ
lap læp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **in the** ˌ**lap of** '**luxury**
laparoscop|y ˌlæp.ᵊr'ɒs.kə.p|i (US) -'ɑːs- **-ies** -iz
laparotom|y ˌlæp.ᵊr'ɒt.ə.m|i (US) -ə'rɑː.t̬ə- **-ies** -iz
La Paz lɑː'pæz, læ- (US) lə'pɑːz, lɑː-, -'pɑːs
lapdog 'læp.dɒg (US) -dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z
lapel lə'pel -s -z
lapful 'læp.fʊl -s -z
lapidar|y 'læp.ɪ.dᵊr|.i, '-ə- (US) -ə.der- **-ies** -iz
lapis lazuli ˌlæp.ɪs'læz.jʊ.li, -jə-, -laɪ (US) -'læz.ə.li, -'læʒ-, -jʊ-
Lapithae 'læp.ɪ.θiː
Lapland 'læp.lænd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
La Porte lə'pɔːt (US) -'pɔːrt
Lapp læp -s -s **-ish** -ɪʃ
lapp|et 'læp|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
Lappin 'læp.ɪn
Lapsang 'læp.sæŋ
Lapsang Souchong ˌlæp.sæŋ.suː'ʃɒŋ, -'tʃɒŋ (US) -'tʃɔːŋ, -'ʃɔːŋ
laps|e læps **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
lapsus linguae ˌlæp.səs'lɪŋ.gwaɪ, -sʊs'-, -gweɪ (US) -səs'lɪŋ.gwiː, -gwaɪ
laptop 'læp.tɒp (US) -tɑːp -s -s
Laput|a lə'pjuː.t|ə (US) -t̬|ə **-an/s** -ᵊn/z
lapwing 'læp.wɪŋ -s -z
lar (L) lɑːʳ (US) lɑːr **lares** 'leə.riːz,

Larynx

The larynx is located in the throat and its main biological function is to act as a valve that can stop air entering or escaping from the lungs and also (usually) prevents food and other solids from entering the lungs. It consists of a rigid framework or box made of cartilage and, inside, the vocal folds, which are two small lumps of muscular tissue like a very small pair of lips with the division between them (the 'glottis') running from front to back of the throat. There is a complex set of muscles inside the larynx that can open and close the vocal folds as well as changing their length and tension.

In speech the larynx has many important functions including the following:

i) the distinction between voiced and voiceless sounds
ii) the control of pitch
iii) the production of the glottal fricative [h] and the glottal stop [ʔ]
iv) producing variation in voice quality.

'lɑː.reɪz (US) 'ler.iːz, 'lɑːr.iːz
.ara 'lɑː.rə (US) 'lɑːr.ə, 'ler.ə
.aramie 'lær.ə.mi (US) 'ler-, 'lær-
.arbert 'lɑː.bət, -bɜːt (US) 'lɑːr.bɚt, -bɝːt
arboard 'lɑː.bəd, -bɔːd (US) -bɚd, -bɔːrd
arcenous 'lɑː.sᵊn.əs, -sɪ.nəs (US) 'lɑːr.sən- **-ly** -li
arcen|y 'lɑː.sᵊn|.i, -sɪ.n|i (US) 'lɑːr.sə.ni **-ies** -iz
arch lɑːtʃ (US) lɑːrtʃ **-es** -ɪz
ard lɑːd (US) lɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
arder 'lɑː.də[r] (US) 'lɑːr.dɚ **-s** -z
.ardner 'lɑːd.nə[r] (US) 'lɑːrd.nɚ
ardon 'lɑː.dᵊn (US) 'lɑːr- **-s** -z
.aredo lə'reɪ.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
ares (*plur. of* **lar**) 'leə.riːz, 'lɑː.reɪz (US) 'ler.iːz, 'lɑːr.iːz
.argactil® lɑː'gæk.tɪl, -tᵊl (US) lɑːr-
arg|e lɑːdʒ (US) lɑːrdʒ **-er** -ə[r] (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **as ˌlarge as 'life**
argehearted ˌlɑːdʒ'hɑː.tɪd (US) ˌlɑːrʒ'hɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌlargehearted 'person
arge-scale ˌlɑːdʒ'skeɪl (US) ˌlɑːrdʒ- *stress shift:* ˌlarge-scale 'changes
argess|(e) lɑː'ʒes, -'dʒes; '-- (US) lɑːr'dʒes, -'ʒes; 'lɑːr.dʒəs **-es** -ɪz
arghetto lɑː'get.əʊ (US) lɑːr'get̬.oʊ **-s** -z
argish 'lɑː.dʒɪʃ (US) 'lɑːr-
argo 'lɑː.gəʊ (US) 'lɑːr.goʊ **-s** -z
.args lɑːgz (US) lɑːrgz
.arham 'lɑː.rəm (US) 'lɑː-
ari|at 'lær.i|.ət (US) 'ler-, 'lær- **-ats** -əts **-ating** -ə.tɪŋ (US) -ə.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -ə.tɪd (US) -ə.t̬ɪd
.arisa, Larissa lə'rɪs.ə
ark lɑːk (US) lɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
.arkhall 'lɑːk.hɔːl (US) 'lɑːrk-, -hɑːl
.arkin 'lɑː.kɪn (US) 'lɑːr-
arkspur 'lɑːk.spɜː[r], -spə[r] (US) 'lɑːrk.spɝː, -spɚ **-s** -z
ark|y 'lɑː.k|i (US) 'lɑːr- **-ier** -i.ə[r] (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
.armor, Larmour 'lɑː.mə[r] (US) 'lɑːr.mɚ, -mɔːr
.arne lɑːn (US) lɑːrn

Larousse lær'uːs (US) lɑː'ruːs
larrikin 'lær.ɪ.kɪn, '-ə- (US) 'ler-, 'lær- **-s** -z
larrup 'lær.əp (US) 'ler-, 'lær- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Larry 'lær.i (US) 'ler-, 'lær-
Larsen, Larson 'lɑː.sᵊn (US) 'lɑːr-
Lars Porsena ˌlɑːz'pɔː.sɪ.nə, -sə- (US) ˌlɑːrz'pɔːr-
larum 'lær.əm (US) 'ler-, 'lær-; 'lɑːr.ʊm **-s** -z
larv|a 'lɑː.v|ə (US) 'lɑːr- **-ae** -iː **-al** -ᵊl
laryngal lə'rɪŋ.gᵊl, lær'ɪŋ- (US) lə'rɪŋ-, ler'ɪŋ-, lær-
laryngeal lə'rɪn.dʒi.əl, lær'ɪn-, -dʒᵊl; ˌlær.ɪn'dʒiː.əl, -ən'- (US) lə'rɪn.dʒi.əl, -dʒᵊl
laryngectom|y ˌlær.ɪn'dʒek.tə.m|i, -ən'- (US) ˌler-, ˌlær- **-ies** -iz
larynges (*plur. of* **larynx**) lær'ɪn.dʒiːz, lə'rɪn- (US) lə-, ler'ɪn-, lær-
laryngitis ˌlær.ɪn'dʒaɪ.tɪs, -ən'-, -təs (US) ˌler.ɪn'dʒaɪ.t̬ɪs, ˌlær-, -t̬əs
laryngolog|y ˌlær.ɪŋ'gɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -əŋ'- (US) ˌler.ɪŋ'gɑː.lə-, ˌlær-, -ɪn'dʒɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
laryngoscope lə'rɪŋ.gə.skəʊp, lær'ɪŋ-; 'lær.ɪŋ- (US) lə'rɪŋ.goʊ.skoʊp, -gə-, -'rɪn.dʒə- **-s** -s
laryngoscopic ləˌrɪŋ.gə'skɒp.ɪk, lærˌɪŋ-; ˌlær.ɪŋ- (US) ləˌrɪŋ.goʊ'skɑː.pɪk, -gə'-, -ˌrɪn.dʒə'-
laryngoscop|y ˌlær.ɪŋ'gɒs.kə.p|i, -əŋ'- (US) ˌler.ɪŋ'gɑː.skə-, ˌlær-, -ɪn'dʒɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
larynx 'lær.ɪŋks (US) 'ler-, 'lær- **-es** -ɪz **larynges** lær'ɪn.dʒiːz, lə'rɪn- (US) lə-, ler'ɪn-, lær-
lasagne, lasagna lə'zæn.jə, -'sæn-, -'zɑː.njə, -'sɑː- (US) -'zɑː.njə, -'sɑː-
Lascar 'læs.kə[r] (US) -kɚ **-s** -z
Lascaux 'læs.kəʊ, -'- (US) læs'koʊ
Lascelles 'læs.ᵊlz, lə'selz
lascivious lə'sɪv.i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
laser 'leɪ.zə[r] (US) -zɚ **-s** -z **'laser ˌdisk; 'laser ˌprinter**
laserjet 'leɪ.zə.dʒet (US) -zɚ- **-s** -s
lash læʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ə[r]/z (US) -ɚ/z

Lasham 'læʃ.əm *locally also:* 'læs.əm
Las Palmas ˌlæs'pæl.məs, -'pɑːl- (US) ˌlɑːs'pɑːl-, -mɑːs
lass læs **-es** -ɪz
Lassa 'læs.ə, 'lɑː.sə (US) 'lɑː.sə, 'læs.ə **ˌLassa 'fever**
Lassalle lə'sæl
Lassell læs'el, lə'sel
lassie (L) 'læs.i **-s** -z
lassitude 'læs.ɪ.tjuːd, '-ə- (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd
lasso (*n.*) læs'uː; 'læs.əʊ (US) 'læs.oʊ, -uː **-(e)s** -z
lasso (*v.*) læs'uː, lə'suː (US) 'læs.oʊ, -uː **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
last (L) lɑːst (US) læst **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **-ly** 'lɑːst.li (US) 'læst.li **ˌLast 'Judgment; ˌlast 'straw; ˌLast 'Supper; ˌlast 'word; at the ˌlast 'minute**
last-ditch ˌlɑːst'dɪtʃ (US) ˌlæst- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌlast-ditch at'tempt**
last-minute ˌlɑːst'mɪn.ɪt (US) ˌlæst- *stress shift:* ˌlast-minute 'plans
Las Vegas ˌlæs'veɪ.gəs, ˌlɑːs- (US) ˌlɑːs-
lat læt **-s** -s
Latakia ˌlæt.ə'kiː.ə (US) ˌlɑː.t̬ə'-, ˌlæt̬.ə'-
latch lætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
latchet 'lætʃ.ɪt, -ət **-s** -s
latchkey 'lætʃ.kiː **-s** -z **'latchkey ˌchild, ˌlatchkey 'child**
lat|e leɪt **-er** -ə[r] (US) 'leɪ.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'leɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
latecomer 'leɪtˌkʌm.ə[r] (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
lateen lə'tiːn (US) læt'iːn, lə'tiːn **-s** -z
latency 'leɪ.tᵊnt.si
late-night 'leɪtˌnaɪt **ˌlate-ˌnight 'shopping**
latent 'leɪ.tᵊnt **-ly** -li
lateral 'læt.ᵊr.ᵊl, '-rᵊl (US) 'læt̬.ɚ.ᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i **ˌlateral 'thinking**
Lateran 'læt.ᵊr.ᵊn (US) 'læt̬-
laterite 'læt.ᵊr.aɪt (US) 'læt̬.ə.raɪt
latex 'leɪ.teks **-es** -ɪz **latices** 'læt.ɪ.siːz, 'leɪ.tɪ- (US) 'læt̬.ɪ-, 'leɪ.t̬ɪ-
lath læθ, lɑːθ (US) læθ **-s** -s, lɑːðz (US) -s, læðz

Lateral

A lateral consonant is one where there is obstruction to the passage of air in the centre (mid-line) of the air-passage and the air flows to the side of the obstruction.

Examples for English

In English the /l/ phoneme is lateral both in its "clear" and its "dark" allophones (see CLEAR L and DARK L): the blade of the tongue is in contact with the alveolar ridge as for /t d n/ but the sides of the tongue are lowered to allow the passage of air, e.g.:

lip	/lɪp/	pill	/pɪl/

When an alveolar plosive precedes a lateral consonant in English it is usual for it to have a 'lateral release'. This means that to go from /t/ or /d/ to /l/ we simply lower the sides of the tongue to release the compressed air, rather than lowering and then raising the tongue blade. A syllabic /l/ is the usual result of this in word final position (see SYLLABIC CONSONANT), e.g.:

bottle	/ˈbɒt.l̩/	puddle	/ˈpʌd.l̩/

Most laterals are produced with the air passage to both sides of the obstruction (they are 'bilateral'), but sometimes we find air passing to one side only ('unilateral').

In other languages

Other lateral consonants are found in other languages: the Welsh *ll* sound is a voiceless lateral fricative [ɬ], and Xhosa and Zulu have a voiced lateral fricative [ɮ]. Several Southern African languages have lateral clicks (where the plosive occlusion is released laterally) and at least one language (of Papua New Guinea) has a contrast between alveolar and velar lateral.

Latin words and phrases

Words, names and phrases from Latin have entered the English language at many different times. Some words and names are in relatively common use and have been completely anglicised, while others are used in particular types of discourse which to some extent determine their pronunciation. The pronunciation used by academic scholars of Latin has tended to be based on a reconstruction of what was supposed to be the pronunciation in Roman times. Ecclesiastical Latin, previously used in the Roman Catholic church and closely similar to the pronunciation of Italian, has largely disappeared, but phrases such as *Gloria in excelsis* or *Humanae Vitae* are still heard. Legal Latin is also now much less widely used than it used to be, but some phrases survive, such as *habeas corpus, ultra vires* (usual pronunciation /ˌheɪ.bi.əsˈkɔː.pəs, (US) -ˈkɔːr-/ and /ˌʌl.trəˈvaɪə.riːz, ˌʊl.trɑːˈvɪə.reɪz, (US) ˌʌl.trəˈvaɪ.riːz/). Most of the Latin words, phrases and names in this dictionary are ones that have been fully anglicized, but there is no set of rules to determine exactly how this is done.

Examples

Words, e.g.:

accidia	/ækˈsɪd.i.ə/
flamen	/ˈfleɪ.men/
vale	/ˈvɑː.leɪ, ˈveɪ.li, ˈvæl.eɪ/
	(US) /ˈveɪ.li, ˈvɑː.leɪ/

Names, e.g.:

Aeneas	/ˈiː.ni.əs, iːˈniː-, -æs/
Flaminius	/fləˈmɪn.i.əs, flæmˈɪn-/
	(US) /fləˈmɪn-/

Phrases, e.g.:

ad hoc	/ˌædˈhɒk, -ˈhəʊk/
	(US) /-ˈhɑːk, -ˈhoʊk/
ex voto	/ˌeksˈvəʊ.təʊ/
	(US) /-ˈvoʊ.t̬oʊ/
flagrante delicto	/fləˌgræn.teɪ.dɪˈlɪk.təʊ/, /flægˌræn-, -ti-, -dəˈ-, -deɪˈ-/
	(US) /fləˌgræn.tɪ.diːˈlɪk.toʊ/

Latham ˈleɪ.θəm, -ðəm
Note: Generally /ˈleɪ.θəm/ in S. of England; always /ˈleɪ.ðəm/ in N.

Lathbury ˈlæθ.bᵊr.i (US) -ber-

lath|e leɪð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

lath|er ˈlɑː.ð|əʳ, ˈlæð|.əʳ (US) ˈlæð|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

lathi ˈlɑː.ti **-s** -z

Lathom ˈleɪ.θəm, -ðəm

Lathrop ˈleɪ.θrəp

latices (*plur. of* **latex**) ˈlæt.ɪ.siːz, ˈleɪ.tɪ- (US) ˈlæt̬.ɪ-, ˈleɪ.t̬ɪ-

Latimer ˈlæt.ɪ.məʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈlæt̬.ə.mɚ

Latin ˈlæt.ɪn (US) -ᵊn **-ate** -eɪt **ˌLatin Aˈmerica**

latin|ism ˈlæt.ɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm (US) -ᵊn|.ɪ- **-isms** -ɪ.zᵊmz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

latinity ləˈtɪn.ə.ti, lætˈɪn-, -ɪ.ti (US) lætˈɪn.ə.t̬i

latiniz|e, -is|e ˈlæt.ɪ.naɪz (US) -ᵊn.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

latin|o (L) ləˈtiː.n|əʊ, lætˈiː- (US) -n|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-a/s** -ə/z (US) -ɑː/z

Latinus ləˈtaɪ.nəs

latish ˈleɪ.tɪʃ (US) -t̬ɪʃ

latitude ˈlæt.ɪ.tjuːd, ˈ-ə-, -tʃuːd (US) ˈlæt̬.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z

latitudinal ˌlæt.ɪˈtjuː.dɪ.nᵊl, -əˈ-, -ˈtʃuː-, -dᵊn.ᵊl (US) ˌlæt̬.əˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-

latitudinarian ˌlæt.ɪˌtjuː.dɪˈneə.ri.ən, -əˌ-, -ˌtʃuː- (US) ˌlæt̬.əˌtuː.dɪˈner.i-, -ˌtjuː- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

Latium ˈleɪ.ʃi.əm, ˈlæt.i- (US) ˈleɪ.ʃᵊm, -ʃi.əm

latke ˈlɑːt.kə **-s** -z
Latoya ləˈtɔɪ.ə
latria ləˈtraɪə
latrine ləˈtriːn **-s** -z
Lattakia ˌlæt.əˈkiː.ə (US) ˌlɑː.t̬əˈ-, ˌlæt̬.əˈ-
latte ˈlæt.eɪ (US) ˈlɑː.teɪ
latter ˈlæt.əʳ (US) ˈlæt̬.ɚ **-ly** -li
latter-day ˈlæt.ə.deɪ (US) ˈlæt̬.ɚ- ˌ**Latter-Day** ˈ**Saint**
lattic|e ˈlæt.ɪs (US) ˈlæt̬- **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
latticework ˈlæt.ɪs.wɜːk (US) ˈlæt̬.ɪs.wɝːk
Latvi|a ˈlæt.vi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
laud (L) lɔːd (US) lɑːd, lɔːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Lauda ˈlaʊ.də
laudab|le ˈlɔː.də.b|ᵊl (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
laudanum ˈlɔː.dᵊn.əm (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
laudatory ˈlɔː.də.tᵊr.i (US) ˈlɑː.də.tɔːr-, ˈlɔː-
Lauder ˈlɔː.dəʳ (US) ˈlɑː.dɚ, ˈlɔː-
Lauderdale ˈlɔː.də.deɪl (US) ˈlɑː.dɚ-, ˈlɔː-
laugh lɑːf (US) læf **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**laughing** ˌ**gas;** ˌ**laughing** ˈ**jackass; no** ˌ**laughing** ˈ**matter, no** ˈ**laughing** ˌ**matter; have the** ˌ**last** ˈ**laugh**
laughab|le ˈlɑː.fə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈlæf.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Laugharne lɑːn (US) lɑːrn
laughingstock ˈlɑː.fɪŋ.stɒk (US) ˈlæf.ɪŋ.stɑːk **-s** -s
Laughland ˈlɒk.lənd (US) ˈlɑːk-
Laughlin ˈlɒk.lɪn, ˈlɒx-, ˈlɒf-, ˈlɑː.flɪn (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
laughter ˈlɑːf.təʳ (US) ˈlæf.tɚ
Laughton ˈlɔː.tᵊn (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
launc|e lɑːnts (US) lænts, lɑːnts, lɔːnts **-es** -ɪz
Launce lɑːnts, lɔːnts (US) lænts, lɑːnts, lɔːnts
Launcelot ˈlɑːnt.sᵊl.ɒt, ˈlɔːnt-, -ət (US) ˈlænt.sə.lɑːt, ˈlɑːnt-, ˈlɔːnt-, -lət
Launceston *in Cornwall:* ˈlɔːnt.stən, -sᵊn *locally:* ˈlɑːnt- *in Tasmania:* ˈlɔːnt.səs.tᵊn *locally:* ˈlɒnt- (US) ˈlɑːnt-, ˈlɔːnt-
launch lɔːntʃ (US) lɑːntʃ, lɔːntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
launchpad ˈlɔːntʃ.pæd (US) ˈlɑːntʃ-, ˈlɔːntʃ- **-s** -z
laund|er ˈlɔːn.d|əʳ (US) ˈlɑːn.d|ɚ, ˈlɔːn- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
launderette ˌlɔːn.dᵊrˈet, ˌ-ˈdret (US) ˌlɑːn.dəˈret, ˌlɔːn-, ˌ-ˈdret **-s** -s
laundress ˈlɔːn.dres, -drəs, -drɪs (US) ˈlɑːn.drɪs, ˈlɔːn- **-es** -ɪz
laundrette ˌlɔːnˈdret (US) ˌlɑːn-, ˌlɔːn- **-s** -s
Laundromat® ˈlɔːn.drə.mæt (US) ˈlɔːn.droʊ-, ˈlɑːn-, -drə- **-s** -s
laundr|y ˈlɔːn.dr|i (US) ˈlɑːn-, ˈlɔːn- **-ies** -iz ˈ**laundry** ˌ**basket;** ˈ**laundry** ˌ**list**
laundry|man ˈlɔːn.dri|.mæn, -mən (US) ˈlɑːn-, ˈlɔːn- **-men** -mən, -men
-woman -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Laundy ˈlɔːn.di (US) ˈlɑːn-, ˈlɔːn-
Laura ˈlɔː.rə (US) ˈlɔːr.ə
laureate *(n, adj.)* ˈlɔː.ri.ət, ˈlɒr.i-, -ɪt (US) ˈlɔːr.i.ɪt, ˈlɑːr- **-s** -s **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
laure|ate *(v.)* ˈlɔː.ri|.eɪt, ˈlɒr.i- (US) ˈlɔːr.i-, ˈlɑːr- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
laurel (L) ˈlɒr.ᵊl (US) ˈlɔːr-, ˈlɑːr- **-s** -z
Lauren ˈlɔː.rən, ˈlɒr.ən (US) ˈlɔːr.ən, ˈlɑːr-
Laurence ˈlɒr.ᵊnts (US) ˈlɔːr-, ˈlɑːr-
Laurent lɔːˈrɑ̃ːŋ, lə- (US) lɑːˈrɑːnt, lə-
Laurie ˈlɒr.i, ˈlɔː.ri (US) ˈlɔːr.i, ˈlɑːr-
Laurier *English name:* ˈlɒr.i.əʳ (US) ˈlɔːr.i.ɚ, ˈlɑːr- *Canadian name:* ˈlɒr.i.eɪ (US) ˈlɔːr.i.eɪ
Lauriston ˈlɒr.ɪ.stᵊn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈlɔːr-, ˈlɑːr-
laurustinus ˌlɒr.əˈstaɪ.nəs, ˌlɔː.rəˈ- (US) ˌlɑːr-, ˌlɔːr- **-es** -ɪz
Lausanne ləʊˈzæn (US) loʊ-, -ˈzɑːn
Lauterbrunnen ˈlaʊ.tə.brʊn.ən (US) -t̬ɚ-
Lautrec ləʊˈtrek (US) loʊ-, lə-
lav læv **-s** -z
lava ˈlɑː.və (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlæv.ə
lavabo *ritual:* ləˈvɑː.bəʊ, lævˈɑː-, -ˈeɪ- (US) ləˈvɑː.boʊ, -ˈveɪ- **-s** -z *basin:* ləˈveɪ.bəʊ; ˈlæv.ə.bəʊ (US) ləˈvɑː.boʊ, -ˈveɪ- **-s** -z
lavage lævˈɑːʒ, ləˈvɑːʒ, -ˈvɑːdʒ; ˈlæv.ɪdʒ, -ɑːʒ (US) ləˈvɑːʒ; ˈlæv.ɪdʒ
Lavater lɑːˈvɑː.təʳ, ˈ--- (US) -t̬ɚ
lavatorial ˌlæv.əˈtɔː.ri.əl (US) -ˈtɔːr.i-
lavator|y ˈlæv.ə.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i (US) -tɔːr.i **-ies** -iz
lav|e leɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
lavender (L) ˈlæv.ᵊn.dəʳ, -ɪn- (US) -dɚ ˈ**lavender** ˌ**water**
Lavengro ləˈveŋ.grəʊ, lævˈeŋ- (US) -groʊ
Lavenham ˈlæv.ᵊn.əm
laver *seaweed:* ˈlɑː.vəʳ (US) ˈleɪ.vɚ, ˈlɑː- **-s** -z **(L)** *all other senses:* ˈleɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ **-s** -z
Laver *name:* ˈleɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ
Laverty ˈlæv.ə.ti (US) -ɚ.t̬i
Lavery ˈleɪ.vᵊr.i, ˈlæv.ᵊr-
Lavin ˈlæv.ɪn
Lavington ˈlæv.ɪŋ.tən
Lavini|a ləˈvɪn.i|.ə **-an** -ən
lavish ˈlæv.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Lavoisier ləˈvwɑː.zi.eɪ, lævˈwɑː-, -ˈwæz.i- (US) ləˈvwɑː.zi-
law (L) lɔː (US) lɑː, lɔː **-s** -z ˈ**law** ˌ**lord; be a** ˌ**law unto one**ˈ**self; take the** ˌ**law into one's** ˌ**own** ˈ**hands**
law-abiding ˈlɔː.əˌbaɪ.dɪŋ (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
lawbreak|er ˈlɔːˌbreɪ.k|əʳ (US) ˈlɑːˌbreɪ.k|ɚ, ˈlɔː- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Lawes lɔːz (US) lɑːz, lɔːz
Lawesford ˈlɔːz.fəd (US) ˈlɑːz.fɚd, ˈlɔːz-
lawful ˈlɔː.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
lawgiv|er ˈlɔːˌgɪv|.əʳ (US) ˈlɑːˌgɪv|.ɚ, ˈlɔː- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
lawks lɔːks (US) lɑːks, lɔːks
lawless (L) ˈlɔː.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Lawley, Lawly ˈlɔː.li (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
lawmak|er ˈlɔːˌmeɪ.k|əʳ (US) ˈlɑːˌmeɪ.k|ɚ, ˈlɔː- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
lawn lɔːn (US) lɑːn, lɔːn **-s** -z ˈ**lawn** ˌ**mower;** ˌ**lawn** ˈ**tennis** (US) ˈ**lawn** ˌ**tennis**
Lawrence, Lawrance ˈlɒr.ᵊnts (US) ˈlɔːr-, ˈlɑːr-
lawrencium ləˈrent.si.əm, lɔː-, lɒrˈent- (US) lɔːˈrent-, lɑː-
Lawrenson ˈlɒr.ᵊnt.sᵊn (US) ˈlɔːr.ᵊnt-, ˈlɑːr-
Lawrentian ləˈren.ʃi.ən, lɒrˈen-, -ʃᵊn (US) ləˈrent-, lɔː-, lɑː-
Lawson ˈlɔː.sᵊn (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
lawsuit ˈlɔː.suːt, -sjuːt (US) ˈlɑː.suːt, ˈlɔː- **-s** -s
Lawton ˈlɔː.tᵊn (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈlɔː-
lawyer ˈlɔɪ.əʳ, ˈlɔː.jəʳ (US) ˈlɑː.jɚ, ˈlɔː-, ˈlɔɪ- **-s** -z
lax læks **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
laxative ˈlæk.sə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
laxity ˈlæk.sə.ti, -sɪ- (US) -sə.t̬i
lay (L) leɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **laid** leɪd ˌ**lay** ˈ**reader** (US) ˈ**lay** ˌ**reader;** ˌ**lay of the** ˈ**land**
layabout ˈleɪ.əˌbaʊt **-s** -s
Layamon ˈlaɪ.ə.mən, -mɒn (US) ˈleɪ.ə.mən, ˈlaɪ-
Layard ˈleɪ.ɑːd, leəd (US) ˈleɪ.ɑːrd, lerd
layaway ˈleɪ.ə.weɪ
lay-by ˈleɪ.baɪ **-s** -z
Laycock ˈleɪ.kɒk (US) -kɑːk
layer leɪəʳ, leəʳ (US) ˈleɪ.ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
layette leɪˈet **-s** -s
lay|man ˈleɪ|.mən **-men** -mən
layoff ˈleɪ.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
layout ˈleɪ.aʊt **-s** -s
layover ˈleɪˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.vɚ
lay|person ˈleɪˌpɜː.sᵊn (US) -ˌpɝː- **-people** -ˌpiː.pᵊl
Layton ˈleɪ.tᵊn
layup ˈleɪ.ʌp **-s** -s
lay|woman ˈleɪ|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
lazar ˈlæz.əʳ (US) ˈleɪ.zɚ, ˈlæz.ɚ **-s** -z
lazaretto ˌlæz.əˈret.əʊ, -ᵊrˈet- (US) -ˈret̬.oʊ **-s** -z
Lazarus ˈlæz.ᵊr.əs
laz|e leɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Lazenby ˈleɪ.zᵊn.bi, -zᵊm- (US) -zᵊn-
Lazio ˈlæt.si.əʊ (US) ˈlɑːt.si.oʊ
lazuli ˈlæz.jə.liː, -jʊ-, ˈlæʒ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ-, -laɪ (US) ˈlæʒ.juː-, ˈlæz-, ˈ-ə-
lazulite ˈlæz.jə.laɪt, -jʊ-, ˈlæʒ.ə-, -ˈʊ- (US) ˈlæʒ.juː-, ˈlæz-, ˈ-ə-
laz|y ˈleɪ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**

Lax

A lax sound is produced with relatively little articulatory energy. Since there is no established standard for measuring articulatory energy, this concept only has meaning if it is used relative to some other sounds that are felt to be articulated with a comparatively greater amount of energy (i.e. TENSE).

Examples for English

It is mainly American phonologists who use the terms lax and tense in describing English vowels; the short vowels /ɪ e æ ʌ ɒ ʊ ə/ are classed as lax, while what are referred to in our description of BBC pronunciation as the long vowels and the diphthongs are tense. The terms can also be used of consonants as equivalent to FORTIS (tense) and LENIS (lax), though this is not commonly done in present-day descriptions.

-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lazybones ˈleɪ.zi,bəʊnz ⓤⓢ -ˌboʊnz
lb (*abbrev. for* **pound/s**) *singular:* paʊnd *plural:* paʊndz
lbw ˌel.biːˈdʌb.əl.juː
LCD ˌel.siːˈdiː
L-dopa ˌelˈdəʊ.pə ⓤⓢ -ˈdoʊ-
lea (L) liː **-s** -z
LEA ˌel.iːˈeɪ
leach (L) liːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Leachman ˈliːtʃ.mən
Leacock ˈliː.kɒk, ˈleɪ- ⓤⓢ -kɑːk
lead *metal:* led **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**lead** ˈ**pencil** ⓤⓢ ˈ**lead** ˌ**pencil;** ˌ**lead** ˈ**poisoning**
lead *cable, flex:* liːd **-s** -z
lead *guide:* liːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **led** led ˌ**leading** ˈ**light;** ˈ**leading** ˌ**rein;** ˈ**lead** ˌ**time**
Lead *surname:* liːd
Leadbetter ˈled,bet.əʳ, -ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˈled,bet̬.ɚ, -ˈ--
leaden ˈled.ən **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Leadenhall ˈled.ən.hɔːl ⓤⓢ -hɔːl, -hɑːl
leader (L) ˈliː.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z ˌ**leader of the** ˌ**oppoˈsition**
leaderboard ˈliː.də.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -dɚ.bɔːrd **-s** -z
leaderette ˌliː.dərˈet **-s** -s
leadership ˈliː.də.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-s** -s
lead-in ˈliːd.ɪn **-s** -z
lead-off ˈliːd.ɒf ⓤⓢ -ɑːf **-s** -s
leads (*n.*) *roofing:* ledz
lea|f (*n.*) liː|f **-ves** -vz ˈ**leaf** ˌ**mould;** **take a** ˌ**leaf out of** ˌ**someone's** ˈ**book;** ˌ**turn over a** ˌ**new** ˈ**leaf**
leaf (*v.*) liːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
leafless ˈliːf.ləs, -lɪs
leafle|t ˈliː.flə|t, -flɪ|t **-ts** -ts **-(t)ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-(t)ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
leaf|y ˈliː.f|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
leagu|e liːg **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**league** ˌ**table**
leaguer (L) ˈliː.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ **-s** -z
Leah ˈliː.ə; lɪə ⓤⓢ ˈliː.ə
Leahy ˈliː.hi ⓤⓢ ˈleɪ-
leak liːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
leakag|e ˈliː.kɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Leake liːk
Leakey ˈliː.ki
leak|y ˈliː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Leamington ˈlem.ɪŋ.tən ˌ**Leamington** ˈ**Spa**
lean liːn **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nəs **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **leaned** -d, lent **leant** lent
Leander liˈæn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ
Leanne liˈæn
lean-to ˈliːn.tuː **-s** -z
leap liːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** lept, liːpt **-t** lept **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**leap** ˌ**year;** **by** ˌ**leaps and** ˈ**bounds**
leapfrog ˈliːp.frɒg ⓤⓢ -frɑːg, -frɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
Lear lɪəʳ ⓤⓢ lɪr
learn lɜːn ⓤⓢ lɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d, -t **-t** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**learning** ˌ**curve;** ˈ**learning disa**ˌ**bility**
learned *scholarly:* ˈlɜː.nɪd ⓤⓢ ˈlɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Learney ˈleə.ni ⓤⓢ ˈler-
leas|e liːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **a** ˌ**new** ˌ**lease of** ˈ**life; a** ˌ**new** ˌ**lease on** ˈ**life**
leaseback ˈliːs.bæk
leasehold ˈliːs.həʊld ⓤⓢ -hoʊld **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
lease-|lend ˌliːsˈlend **-lends** -ˈlendz **-lending** -ˈlen.dɪŋ **-lent** -ˈlent
leash liːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
least liːst
leastways ˈliːst.weɪz
leastwise ˈliːst.waɪz
leat liːt **-s** -s
Leatham ˈliː.θəm, -ðəm
Leathart ˈliː.θɑːt ⓤⓢ -θɑːrt
leath|er ˈleð|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
leatherback ˈleð.ə.bæk ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ-
Leatherette® ˌleð.ərˈet
Leatherhead ˈleð.ə.hed ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ-
leatherjacket ˈleð.ə,dʒæk.ɪt ⓤⓢ -ɚ,- **-s** -s
leathern ˈleð.ən ⓤⓢ -ɚn
leatherneck ˈleð.ə.nek ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -s
leather|y ˈleð.ər|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Leathes liːðz
leave (*n.*) liːv **-s** -z
Note: Formerly, the pronunciation /liːf/ was used in the British army (plural: /liːfs/).
leav|e (*v.*) liːv **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **left** left **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
leaved liːvd
leaven ˈlev.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈlev.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
Leavenworth ˈlev.ən.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
leaves (*plur. of* **leaf**) liːvz
leave-taking ˈliːv,teɪ.kɪŋ
Leavis ˈliː.vɪs
Leavisite ˈliː.vɪ.saɪt **-s** -s
Leavitt ˈlev.ɪt
Lebanese ˌleb.əˈniːz *stress shift:* ˌLebanese ˈcapital
Lebanon ˈleb.ə.nən, -nɒn ⓤⓢ -nɑːn, -nən
Le Beau ləˈbəʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈboʊ
Lebed ˈleb.jed, -ed, -ˈ- ⓤⓢ -ed
lebensraum (L) ˈleɪ.bənz.raʊm, -bəmz- ⓤⓢ -bənz-
Le Bon ləˈbɒn ⓤⓢ -ˈbɔːn
Lebowa ləˈbəʊ.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈboʊ-
Lebrun ləˈbrɜ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈbrɜ̃ːn
Leburn ˈliː.bɜːn ⓤⓢ -bɝːn
Lec® lek
Le Carré, le Carré ləˈkær.eɪ ⓤⓢ -ˈkær.eɪ; -kɑːˈreɪ
lech letʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Lech lek *as if Polish:* lex
lecher ˈletʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
lecherous ˈletʃ.ər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
lechery ˈletʃ.ər.i
Lechlade ˈletʃ.leɪd
Lechmere ˈleʃ.mɪəʳ, ˈletʃ- ⓤⓢ -mɪr
lecithin ˈles.ɪ.θɪn, ˈ-ə-, -θən ⓤⓢ -ɪ.θɪn
Leckhampton ˈlek,hæmp.tən
Leckie ˈlek.i
Lecky ˈlek.i
Leclanché ləˈklɑ̃ːn.ʃeɪ
Leconfield ˈlek.ən.fiːld
Leconte ləˈkɒnt, ləˈkɔ̃ːt ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːnt
Le Corbusier lə.kɔːˈbuː.zi.eɪ, -ˈbjuː- ⓤⓢ -kɔːr.buːˈzjeɪ, -ziˈeɪ
lect lekt **-al** -əl
lectern ˈlek.tən, -tɜːn ⓤⓢ -tɚn, -tɝːn **-s** -z

lection 'lek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
lectionar|y 'lek.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ -er- **-ies** -iz
lector 'lek.tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ, -tɔːr **-s** -z
lect|ure 'lek.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
lecturer 'lek.tʃᵊr.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
lectureship 'lek.tʃə.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ- **-s** -s
led (*from* **lead**) led
LED ˌel.iː'diː
Leda 'liː.də
Ledbury 'led.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'led.ber-
lederhosen 'leɪ.dəˌhəʊ.zᵊn ⓤⓢ -dɚˌhoʊ-
ledg|e ledʒ **-es** -ɪz
ledger 'ledʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **'ledger ˌline**
Ledi 'led.i
Lediard 'led.i.əd, -ɑːd, '-jəd ⓤⓢ 'led.jɚd, '-i.ɚd, -ɑːrd
Ledward 'led.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd
Ledyard 'led.jəd ⓤⓢ -jɚd
lee (L) liː **-s** -z
leech (L) liːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
Leeds liːdz
Lee-Enfield ˌliː'en.fiːld
leek (L) liːk **-s** -s
leer lɪəʳ ⓤⓢ lɪr **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
leer|y 'lɪə.r|i ⓤⓢ 'lɪr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lees (L) liːz
leeson (L) 'liː.sᵊn
leet liːt **-s** -s
leeward 'liː.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd *nautical pronunciation:* 'luː.əd, 'ljuː.əd, 'luː.ɚd
Leeward *islands:* 'liː.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd
leeway 'liː.weɪ
Lefanu, Le Fanu 'lef.ə.njuː, -nuː; lə'fɑː.nuː ⓤⓢ 'lef.ə.nuː, lə'fɑː-
Lefevre lə'fiː.vəʳ, -'feɪ-, -'fɛːv.rə ⓤⓢ -'fiː.vɚ
Note: /lə'fiː.vəʳ/ ⓤⓢ /-vɚ/ in Sterne's 'Sentimental Journey'.
Lefroy lə'frɔɪ
left left ˌ**Left 'Bank** *stress shift:* ˌLeft Bank 'artist
left-hand ˌleft'hænd, '--
left-hand|ed ˌleft'hæn.d|ɪd **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌleft-handed 'scissors
left|ie 'lef.t|i **-ies** -iz
leftist 'lef.tɪst **-s** -s
left-luggage office ˌleft'lʌg.ɪdʒˌɒf.ɪs ⓤⓢ -ˌɑː.fɪs
leftover 'leftˌəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
leftward 'left.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd **-s** -z
left-wing ˌleft'wɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌleft-wing 'tendencies
left|y 'lef.t|i **-ies** -iz
leg leg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d ˌ**leg before 'wicket;** ˌ**leg 'bye; on one's ˌlast 'legs; not have a ˌleg to 'stand on**
legac|y 'leg.ə.s|i **-ies** -iz
legal 'liː.gᵊl **-ly** -i ˌ**legal 'aid;** ˌ**legal 'tender**
legalese ˌliː.gᵊl'iːz
legal|ism 'liː.gᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
legalistic ˌliː.gᵊl'ɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
legalit|y liː'gæl.ə.t|i, lɪ-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
legalization, -isa- ˌliː.gᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-
legaliz|e, -is|e 'liː.gᵊl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
legal-size 'liː.gᵊlˌsaɪz
legate 'leg.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt ⓤⓢ -ɪt **-s** -s
legatee ˌleg.ə'tiː **-s** -z
legation lɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, lə-, leg'eɪ- ⓤⓢ lɪ'geɪ- **-s** -z
legatissimo ˌleg.ɑː'tɪs.ɪ.məʊ, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.moʊ
legato lɪ'gɑː.təʊ, lə-, leg'ɑː- ⓤⓢ -toʊ **-s** -z
legend 'ledʒ.ənd **-s** -z
legendary 'ledʒ.ən.dᵊr.i, -ɪn- ⓤⓢ -der-
Leger 'ledʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Léger leɪ'ʒeɪ
legerdemain ˌledʒ.ə.də'meɪn *as if French:* ˌleʒ.ə.də'mæ̃ŋ ⓤⓢ ˌ-ɚ-
Leggatt 'leg.ət
Legge leg
-legged 'leg.ɪd, 'legd
Note: Suffix. Normally carries primary stress on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **three-legged** /ˌθriː'leg.ɪd/, but when a strong stress follows closely it undergoes stress shift, e.g. ˌ**three-legged 'stool**. However, the phrase "three-legged race" is usually ˌ**three-'legged ˌrace**.
Leggett 'leg.ɪt, -ət
Leggetter 'leg.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
legging 'leg.ɪŋ **-s** -z
leggy 'leg.i
Legh liː
leghorn *fowl:* leg'ɔːn, lɪ'gɔːn; 'leg.ɔːn, 'lɪg- ⓤⓢ 'leg.hɔːrn, -ɚn **-s** -z
leghorn *straw hat:* 'leg.hɔːn; leg'ɔːn, lɪ'gɔːn, lə- ⓤⓢ 'leg.hɔːrn, -ɚn **-s** -z
Leghorn *place:* 'leg.hɔːn, -'- ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn, ˌ-'-
legibility ˌledʒ.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
legib|le 'ledʒ.ə.b|ᵊl, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
legion (L) 'liː.dʒən **-s** -z ˌ**Legion of 'Honour**
legionar|y 'liː.dʒə.nᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ -ner- **-ies** -iz
legionnaire (L) ˌliː.dʒə'neəʳ ⓤⓢ -'ner **-s** -z **Legion'naire's diˌsease**
legi|slate 'ledʒ.ɪ|.sleɪt, '-ə- **-slates** -sleɪts **-slating** -sleɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -sleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-slated** -sleɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -sleɪ.t̬ɪd
legislation ˌledʒ.ɪ'sleɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
legislative 'ledʒ.ɪ.slə.tɪv, '-ə-, -sleɪ- ⓤⓢ -sleɪ.t̬ɪv
legislator 'ledʒ.ɪ.sleɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
legislature 'ledʒ.ɪ.slə.tʃəʳ, -sleɪ-, -tjʊəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -sleɪ.tʃɚ **-s** -z
legit lə'dʒɪt, lɪ-
legitimacy lɪ'dʒɪt.ə.mə.si, lə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə-
legitimate (*adj.*) lɪ'dʒɪt.ə.mət, lə-, '-ɪ-, -mɪt ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
legiti|mate (*v.*) lɪ'dʒɪt.ə|.meɪt, lə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə- **-mates** -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-mated** -meɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -meɪ.t̬ɪd
legitimation lɪˌdʒɪt.ə'meɪ.ʃᵊn, lə-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ləˌdʒɪt̬.ə'-
legitimatiz|e, -is|e lɪ'dʒɪt.ə.mə.taɪz, lə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
legitimist lɪ'dʒɪt.ə.mɪst, lə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə- **-s** -s
legitimiz|e, -is|e lɪ'dʒɪt.ə.maɪz, lə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ lə'dʒɪt̬.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
legless 'leg.ləs, -lɪs
Lego® 'leg.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
Legoland® 'leg.əʊ.lænd ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
leg-pull 'leg.pʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Legree lɪ'griː, lə-
legroom 'leg.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -ruːm, -rʊm
Legros lə'grəʊ ⓤⓢ -'groʊ
legume 'leg.juːm; lɪ'gjuːm, lə- **-s** -z
leguminous lɪ'gjuː.mɪ.nəs, lə-, leg'juː-, -mə- ⓤⓢ lə'gjuː-
leg-warmer 'legˌwɔː.məʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɔːr.mɚ **-s** -z
legwork 'leg.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
Lehar, Lehàr leɪ'hɑːʳ, lɪ-, lə-; 'leɪ.hɑːʳ ⓤⓢ 'leɪ.hɑːr
Le Havre lə'hɑː.vrə, -vəʳ ⓤⓢ -'hɑː.vrə, -vɚ
Lehigh 'liː.haɪ
Lehman(n) 'leɪ.mən, 'liː-
lehr lɪəʳ, leəʳ ⓤⓢ lɪr, ler **-s** -z
lei 'leɪ.iː **-s** -z
lei (*plur. of* **leu**) leɪ
Leibni(t)z 'laɪb.nɪts, 'liːb-
Leica® 'laɪ.kə
Leicester 'les.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Leics. (*abbrev. for* **Leicestershire**) 'les.tə.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Leiden 'laɪ.dᵊn, 'leɪ- ⓤⓢ 'laɪ-
Leigh *surname:* liː *place name:* liː, laɪ
Note: The places in Essex and Greater Manchester are /liː/; those in Surrey, Kent and Dorset are /laɪ/.
Leighton 'leɪ.tᵊn
Leila 'liː.lə, 'leɪ-
Leinster *Irish province:* 'lent.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ *Duke of:* 'lɪnt.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ *square in London:* 'lent.stəʳ, 'lɪnt- ⓤⓢ -stɚ
Leipzig 'laɪp.sɪg, -sɪk
Leishman 'liːʃ.mən, 'lɪʃ-
leishmania ˌliːʃ'meɪ.ni.ə
leishmaniasis ˌliːʃ.mə'naɪ.ə.sɪs
leishmaniosis ˌleɪʃ.mə.ni'əʊ.sɪs, -meɪ- ⓤⓢ -meɪ.ni'oʊ-
leister 'liː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z
Leister 'les.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ
Leiston 'leɪ.stᵊn
leisure 'leʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'liː.ʒɚ, 'leʒ.ɚ **-d** -d **-ly** -li **-liness** -lɪ.nəs, -nɪs
Leith liːθ
leitmotif, leitmotiv 'laɪt.məʊˌtiːf,

Length

A term used in phonetics to refer to a subjective impression of how much time a sound takes; it is distinct from physically measurable 'duration'. Usually, however, the term is used as synonymous with duration.

Examples for English

Length is important in many ways in speech: in English and most other languages, stressed syllables tend to be longer than unstressed (see RHYTHM, STRESS and WEAK FORM). Some languages have phonemic differences between long and short sounds, and BBC English is claimed by some writers to be of this type, contrasting short vowels /ɪ e æ ʌ ɒ ʊ ə/ with long vowels /iː ɜː ɑː ɔː uː/ (though other, equally valid analyses have been put forward). However, the context in which these sounds occur must be taken into account. For example, the vowel /iː/ is said to be longer than /ɪ/ as well as having a different quality, but the vowel in *beat* is unlikely to be longer than the vowel in *bid* as the phonetic environment in *beat* causes the vowel to be shorter.

In other languages

When languages have long/short consonant differences, as does Arabic, for example, it is usual to treat the long consonants as geminate; it is odd that this is not done equally regularly in the case of vowels. Perhaps the most interesting example of length differences comes from Estonian, which has traditionally been said to have a three-way distinction between short, long and extra-long consonants and vowels.

Lenis

A lenis sound is weakly articulated (the word comes from Latin, where it means 'smooth, gentle'). The opposite term is FORTIS.

Examples for English

In general, the term lenis is used of voiced consonants (which are supposed to be less strongly articulated than their corresponding voiceless ones), and is resorted to for languages such as German, Russian and English where voiced PHONEMES like /b d g/ are not always voiced. (See the entry at FORTIS for examples.) However, it is claimed that the language which most clearly shows a distinction between fortis and lenis consonants is Korean.

-ˌməʊ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -moʊˌtiːf **-s** -s, -z ⓤⓢ -s
Leitrim 'liː.trɪm
Leix liːʃ
lek lek **-s** -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t
lekker 'lek.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Leland 'liː.lənd
Lelean lə'liːn
Lely 'liː.li, 'lɪl.i
leman 'lem.ən, 'liː.mən **-s** -z
Leman *lake:* 'lem.ən, 'liː.mən; lɪ'mæn, lə'mæn, lə'mɑ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ 'liː.mən; lə'mæn *surname:* 'le.mən, 'liː.mən *street in London:* 'lem.ən *formerly:* 'lɪm.æn
Le Mans lə'mɑ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ -'mɑːn, -'mɑ̃ːn
Le Marchant lə'mɑː.tʃᵊnt ⓤⓢ -'mɑːr-
Lemare lə'meəʳ ⓤⓢ -'mer
Lemberg 'lem.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
Lemesurier, Le Mesurier lə'meʒ.ᵊr.əʳ; lə.mə'ʒʊə.ri.eɪ ⓤⓢ lə'meʒ.ɚ.ɚ; lə.mə'ʒʊr.i.eɪ
lemma 'lem.ə **-s** -z
lemmatization, -isa- ˌlem.ə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪ'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪ'-
lemmatiz|e, -is|e 'lem.ə.taɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
lemme 'lem.i
lemming 'lem.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Lemmon 'lem.ən
lemnis|cus lem'nɪs|.kəs **-ci** -aɪ, -kaɪ, -iː, -kiː ⓤⓢ -aɪ, -kaɪ
Lemnos 'lem.nɒs ⓤⓢ -nɑːs, -noʊs
Lemoine lə'mɔɪn
lemon(L) 'lem.ən **-s** -z 'lemon ˌgrass; 'lemon ˌjuice; ˌlemon 'sole; ˌlemon 'squash; ˌlemon meˌringue 'pie
lemonade ˌlem.ə'neɪd **-s** -z
Le Morte D'Arthur ləˌmɔːt'dɑː.θəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmɔːrt'dɑːr.θɚ
lempira lem'pɪə.rə ⓤⓢ -'pɪr.ə **-s** -z
Lempriere 'lem.pri.eəʳ ⓤⓢ -er
Lemsip® 'lem.sɪp
Lemuel 'lem.juəl, -ju.əl ⓤⓢ -ju.əl, -jʊl
lemur 'liː.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ **-s** -z
Len len
Lena *first name:* 'liː.nə *Siberian river:* 'leɪ.nə
lend lend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **lent** lent **lender/s** 'len.dəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -dɚ/z 'lending ˌlibrary
lenes (*plur. of* **lenis**) 'liː.neɪz, 'leɪ- ⓤⓢ 'liː.niːz, 'leɪ-
length leŋkθ **-s** -s
lengthen 'leŋk.θən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'leŋkθ.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
length|man 'leŋkθ|.mən **-men** -mən
lengthways 'leŋkθ.weɪz
lengthwise 'leŋkθ.waɪz
length|y 'leŋk.θ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lenien|ce 'liː.ni.ənt|s **-cy** -si
lenient 'liː.ni.ənt **-ly** -li
Lenin 'len.ɪn **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
Leningrad 'len.ɪn.græd, -ɪŋ-, -grɑːd ⓤⓢ -græd
lenis 'liː.nɪs, 'leɪ- ⓤⓢ 'liː.nɪs, 'leɪ- **lenes** 'liː.niːz, 'leɪ-, -neɪz
lenition lɪ'nɪʃ.ᵊn, lə-
lenitive 'len.ɪ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
lenity 'len.ə.ti, 'liː.nə-, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ 'len.ə.t̬i
Lennie 'len.i
Lennon 'len.ən
Lennox 'len.əks
Lenny 'len.i
leno 'liː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ 'len.oʊ, 'liː.noʊ
Note: The US television personality Jay Leno pronounces /'len.oʊ/.
Lenoir *surname:* lə'nwɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'nwɑːr *town in US:* lə'nɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -'nɔːr
Lenor® lɪ'nɔːʳ, lə- ⓤⓢ -'nɔːr
Lenore lɪ'nɔːʳ, lə- ⓤⓢ -'nɔːr
Lenox 'len.əks
lens lenz **-es** -ɪz
lent (*from* **lend**) lent
Lent lent **-en** -ən
Lenthall *surname:* 'len.tɔːl *place in Yorkshire:* 'len.θɔːl, -θᵊl
Lenthéric®, Lentheric 'lɒnt.θᵊr.ɪk, 'lɑ̃ːn- ⓤⓢ 'lɑːnt-

lenticel 'len.tɪ.sel (US) -t̬ɪ- **-s** -z
lenticular len'tɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -jə.lɚ
lentil 'len.tᵊl, -tɪl (US) -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
lentivirus 'len.tɪ.vaɪə.rəs (US) -t̬ɪ.vaɪ- **-es** -ɪz
lento 'len.təʊ (US) -toʊ
Lenton 'len.tən
Lentulus 'len.tjə.ləs, -tjʊ- (US) -tuː-, -tə-
Lenz lents
Leo 'liː.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Leofric 'leɪ.əʊ.frɪk, 'lef.rɪk (US) leɪ'ɑː.frɪk, -'oʊ-
Leominster *place in Britain:* 'lemp.stəʳ (US) -stɚ *place in US:* 'lem.ɪnt.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
Leon 'liː.ɒn, 'leɪ-, -ən (US) -ɑːn
León leɪ'ɒn (US) -'oʊn
Leonard 'len.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z
Leonardo ˌliː.ə'nɑː.dəʊ, ˌleɪ- (US) ˌliː.ə'nɑːr.doʊ **-s** -z
leone (L) li'əʊ.ni (US) -'oʊ- **-s** -z
Leonid 'liː.əʊ.nɪd, 'leɪ- (US) '-ə- **-s** -z
Leonidas li'ɒn.ɪ.dæs, '-ə- (US) -'ɑː.nə.dəs
Leonie li'əʊ.ni (US) -'oʊ-
leonine 'liː.əʊ.naɪn (US) '-ə-
Leonora ˌliː.ə'nɔː.rə (US) -'nɔːr.ə
Leontes li'ɒn.tiːz, leɪ- (US) li'ɑːn-
leopard 'lep.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z **-ess/es** -es/ɪz, -ɪs/ɪz, -əs/ɪz
Leopardstown 'lep.ədz.taʊn (US) -ɚdz-
Leopold 'liː.ə.pəʊld, 'lɪə.pəʊld (US) 'liː.ə.poʊld
leotard 'liː.ə.tɑːd (US) -tɑːrd **-s** -z
Lepanto lɪ'pæn.təʊ, lə- (US) lɪ'pæn.toʊ, -'pɑːn-
leper 'lep.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
lepidopter|an ˌlep.ɪ'dɒp.tᵊr|.ən (US) -'dɑːp- **-ans** -ənz **-a** -ə
lepidopterist ˌlep.ɪ'dɒp.tᵊr.ɪst (US) -'dɑːp- **-s** -s
lepidopterology ˌlep.ɪˌdɒp.tᵊr'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -ˌdɑːp.tə'rɑː.lə-
lepidopter|on ˌlep.ɪ'dɒp.tᵊr|.ən (US) -'dɑːp- **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə
Lepidus 'lep.ɪ.dəs
Le Play lə'pleɪ
leprechaun 'lep.rə.kɔːn, -rɪ-, -hɔːn (US) -rə.kɑːn, -kɔːn **-s** -z
leprosy 'lep.rə.si
leprous 'lep.rəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Lepsius 'lep.si.əs
lept|on 'lep.t|ɒn, -t|ən (US) -t|ɑːn **-a** -ə
Lepus 'liː.pəs, 'lep.əs (US) 'liː.pəs
Lermontov 'leə.mɒn.tɒf, -mən-, -təf (US) 'ler.mɑːn.tɔːf
Lerner 'lɜː.nəʳ (US) 'lɝː.nɚ
Leroy 'liː.rɔɪ, lə'rɔɪ
Lerwick 'lɜː.wɪk (US) 'lɝː-
les *in French phrases:* leɪ, leɪz
Note: The form /leɪz/ only occurs when the following word begins with a vowel.
Les *first name:* lez (US) les
Lesbi|a 'lez.bi|.ə **-an** -ən
lesbian 'lez.bi.ən **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Lesbos 'lez.bɒs (US) -bɑːs, -boʊs
lèse-majesté, lese-majesty ˌleɪz'mædʒ.ə.steɪ, ˌliːz-, '-ɪ-, -sti (US) ˌliːzˌmæʒ.es'teɪ; -'mædʒ.ɪ.sti
lesion 'liː.ʒᵊn **-s** -z
Leskovac 'les.kəʊ.vɑːts, -væts (US) -kɔː-
Leslie, Lesley 'lez.li (US) 'les-, 'lez-
Lesmahagow ˌles.mə'heɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
Lesotho lə'suː.tuː, lɪ-, leɪ-, -'səʊ-, -təʊ (US) lə'soʊ.toʊ, -'suː.tuː
less les **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
lessee les'iː **-s** -z
lessen 'les.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'les.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
Lesseps 'les.əps, -eps; les'eps (US) 'les.əps
Lessing 'les.ɪŋ
lesson 'les.ᵊn **-s** -z ˌ**learn one's 'lesson**
lessor les'ɔːʳ, '-- (US) 'les.ɔːr, -'- **-s** -z
lest lest
Lester 'les.təʳ (US) -tɚ
L'Estrange lə'streɪndʒ, lɪ-
Le Sueur lə'suː.əʳ (US) -'sʊr
let let **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'let̬.ɪŋ
letch letʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Letchworth 'letʃ.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
letdown 'let.daʊn **-s** -z
lethal 'liː.θᵊl **-ly** -i
lethargic lə'θɑː.dʒɪk, lɪ-, leθ'ɑː- (US) lɪ'θɑːr-, lə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
lethargy 'leθ.ə.dʒi (US) '-ɚ-
Lethe 'liː.θi, -θiː
Letheby 'leθ.ə.bi
Lethem 'leθ.ᵊm
Letitia lɪ'tɪʃ.i.ə, liː-, lə-, -'tiː.ʃi-, '-ʃə (US) lə'tɪʃ.ə, -'tiː.ʃə
Letraset® 'let.rə.set
Lett let **-s** -s
lett|er 'let|.əʳ (US) 'let̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **'letter ˌbomb; 'letter ˌbox; 'letter ˌcarrier; 'letter ˌopener**
letterhead 'let.ə.hed (US) 'let̬.ɚ- **-s** -z
Letterman 'let.ə.mən (US) 'let̬.ɚ-
letter-perfect ˌlet.ə'pɜː.fɪkt, -fekt (US) ˌlet̬.ɚ'pɝː.fɪkt
letterpress 'let.ə.pres (US) 'let̬.ɚ-
letter-quality 'let.əˌkwɒl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) 'let̬.ɚˌkwɑː.lə.t̬i
letter-size 'let.ə.saɪz (US) 'let̬.ɚ-
Lettice 'let.ɪs (US) 'let̬-
Lettish 'let.ɪʃ (US) 'let̬-
lettuc|e 'let.ɪs, -əs (US) 'let̬- **-es** -ɪz
Letty 'let.i (US) 'let̬-
letup 'let.ʌp (US) 'let̬- **-s** -s
Letwin 'let.wɪn
leu 'leɪ.uː **lei** leɪ
Leuchars *place in Scotland:* 'luː.kəz, 'ljuː-, -xəz (US) 'luː.kɚz *surname:* 'luː.kəs, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.kɚs
leucine 'ljuː.siːn, 'luː-, -saɪn (US) 'luː-
leucite 'ljuː.saɪt, 'luː- (US) 'luː-
leucocyte 'ljuː.kəʊ.saɪt, 'luː- (US) 'luː.koʊ-, -kə- **-s** -s
leucotom|y ljuː'kɒt.ə.m|i, luː- (US) luː'kɑː.t̬ə- **-ies** -iz
Leuctra 'ljuːk.trə (US) 'luːk-
leuk(a)emia ljuː'kiː.mi.ə, luː- (US) luː-
lev lev (US) lef **leva** 'lev.ə
le|vant (L) *(n, v.)* lə|'vænt, lɪ- (US) lə- **-vants** -'vænts **-vanting** -'væn.tɪŋ (US) -'væn.t̬ɪŋ **-vanted** -'væn.tɪd (US) -'væn.t̬ɪd
levant *(adj.)* 'lev.ənt
levanter (L) lə'væn.təʳ, lɪ- (US) lə'væn.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Levantine 'lev.ᵊn.taɪn, -tiːn (US) 'lev.ᵊn.tiːn, -taɪn; lɪ'væn-
levee *royal reception:* 'lev.i, -eɪ (US) 'lev.i; lə'viː, -'veɪ **-s** -z
levee *embankment:* 'lev.i **-s** -z
level 'lev.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, 'lev.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ly** -li ˌ**level 'crossing**
level-headed ˌlev.ᵊl'hed.ɪd (US) 'lev.ᵊlˌhed.ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌlevel-headed 'person
Leven *loch:* 'liː.vᵊn *surname:* 'lev.ᵊn, 'liː.vᵊn
Note: The Earl pronounces /'liː.vᵊn/.
lev|er *(n, v.) on machine:* 'liː.v|əʳ (US) 'lev.|ɚ, 'liː.v|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Lever *surname:* 'liː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ
leverag|e 'liː.vᵊr.ɪdʒ (US) 'lev.ɚ-, 'liː.vɚ- **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
leveret 'lev.ᵊr.ɪt, -ət **-s** -s
Leverett 'lev.ᵊr.ɪt
Leverhulme 'liː.və.hjuːm (US) -vɚ-
Levertov 'lev.ə.tɒf (US) -ɚ.tɑːf
Leveson 'lev.ɪ.sᵊn
Leveson-Gower ˌluː.sᵊn'gɔːʳ, ˌljuː-, -sᵊŋ'- (US) ˌluː.sᵊn'gɔːr
Levett 'lev.ɪt
Levey 'liː.vi, 'lev.i
Levi 'liː.vaɪ, 'lev.i, 'liː.vi
leviable 'lev.i.ə.bᵊl
leviathan (L) lɪ'vaɪə.θᵊn, lə- **-s** -z
Levin 'lev.ɪn
Levine lə'viːn, -'vaɪn
levirate 'liː.vɪ.rət, 'lev.ɪ-, -rɪt (US) 'lev.ə.rɪt, 'liː.və-, -reɪt
Levis *in Quebec:* 'lev.i
Levis *trademark, jeans brand:* 'liː.vaɪz
Lévi-Strauss ˌlev.i'straʊs (US) ˌleɪ.vi-, ˌlev.i'-
levi|tate 'lev.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
levitation ˌlev.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
Levite 'liː.vaɪt **-s** -s
levitic lə'vɪt.ɪk, lɪ- (US) lə'vɪt̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Leviticus lə'vɪt.ɪ.kəs, lɪ- (US) lə'vɪt̬-
Levitt 'lev.ɪt
levit|y 'lev.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
lev|y *(n, v.)* 'lev|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z (US) -i.ɚ/z
Levy *surname:* 'liː.vi, 'lev.i
lewd ljuːd, luːd (US) luːd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Liaison

The linking or joining together of sounds.

Examples for English

In English the best-known case of liaison is the 'linking r': there are many words in English (e.g. *car, here, tyre*) which in a RHOTIC accent such as US English or Scots would be pronounced with a final /r/, but which in BBC pronunciation end in a vowel when they are pronounced before a pause or before a consonant. When they are followed by a vowel, British English speakers pronounce /r/ at the end, e.g.:

the car stopped	/ðə kɑː stɒpt/
	(US) /ðə kɑːr stɑːpt/
the car is blue	/ðə kɑːr ɪz bluː/
	(US) /ðə kɑːr ɪz bluː/

In BBC English there is also 'intrusive r' – an /r/ inserted between two vowels at word boundaries where there is none in the spelling. This does not occur after close vowels (/iː uː/), or diphthongs which end with a close element (/eɪ aɪ ɔɪ aʊ əʊ/), e.g.:

China and Japan	tʃaɪnə r ən dʒəˈpæn
	(US) tʃaɪnə ən dʒəˈpæn
law and order	lɔː r ən ˈɔː.də
	(US) lɑː ən ˈɔːr.dɚ

It is said that liaison is done to link the words without sliding the two vowels together though many languages do run vowels together.

Another aspect of liaison in English is the movement of a single consonant at the end of an unstressed word to the beginning of the next if that is strongly stressed. A well-known example in British English is *none at all*, where the /t/ of *at* becomes initial (and therefore strongly aspirated) in the final syllable for many speakers.

Lewes ˈluː.ɪs
Lewin ˈluː.ɪn
Lewinsky ləˈwɪn*t*.ski (US) luːˈwɪn.ski
lewis (L) ˈluː.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
Lewisham ˈluː.ɪ.ʃəm
Lewison ˈluː.ɪ.sᵊn
Lewsey ˈljuː.si (US) ˈluː-
lexeme ˈlek.siːm **-s** -z
lexic|al ˈlek.sɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
lexicographic ˌlek.sɪ.kəʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -koʊˈ-, -kəˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
lexicograph|y ˌlek.sɪˈkɒg.rə.f|i (US) -ˈkɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
lexicological ˌlek.sɪ.kəˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
lexicolog|y ˌlek.sɪˈkɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈkɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
lexicon ˈlek.sɪ.kən, -kɒn (US) -kɑːn, -kən **-s** -z
Lexington ˈlek.sɪŋ.tən
lexis ˈlek.sɪs
lex loci contractus ˌleks,ləʊ.saɪ.kɒnˈtræk.təs, -ˌləʊ.kiː- (US) -ˌloʊ.saɪ.kɑːnˈ-, -kiː-, -siː-
lex loci delicti ˌleks,ləʊ.saɪ.delˈɪk.tiː, -ˌləʊ.kiː-, -taɪ (US) -ˌloʊ.saɪ.dəˈlɪk-, -kiː-, -siː-
ley (L) leɪ, liː ˈ**ley** ˌ**line**
Leybourne ˈleɪ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
Leyburn ˈleɪ.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn
Leyden jar ˌleɪ.dᵊnˈdʒɑːʳ (US) ˈlaɪ.dᵊnˌdʒɑːr **-s** -z
Leyland ˈleɪ.lənd
Leys liːz
Leyton ˈleɪ.tᵊn
Lhasa ˈlɑː.sə, ˈlæs.ə
li liː **-s** -z
liabilit|y ˌlaɪ.əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
liable ˈlaɪ.ə.bᵊl
liais|e liˈeɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
liaison liˈeɪ.zᵊn, -zɒn *as if French:* -zɔ̃ːŋ (US) ˈliː.ə.zɑːn; liˈeɪ-, -zᵊn **-s** -z
Note: In military use always /liˈeɪ.zᵊn/ (US) /-zɑːn, (US) -zᵊn/.
Liam ˈliː.əm
liana liˈɑː.nə, -ˈæn.ə
liar ˈlaɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Lias ˈlaɪ.əs
Liassic laɪˈæs.ɪk, li-
lib lɪb ˌ**women's** ˈ**lib**
Libanus ˈlɪb.ə.nəs
libation laɪˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn, lɪ- (US) laɪ- **-s** -z
libber ˈlɪb.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z ˌ**women's** ˈ**libber**
Libby ˈlɪb.i
Libdem ˌlɪbˈdem **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌLibdem ˈvote
libel ˈlaɪ.bᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
libel(l)ous ˈlaɪ.bᵊl.əs **-ly** -li
Liber ˈlaɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
Liberace ˌlɪb.ᵊrˈɑː.tʃi (US) -əˈrɑː-
liberal (L) ˈlɪb.ᵊr.ᵊl, ˈ-rᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
Liberal Democrat ˌlɪb.ᵊr.ᵊlˈdem.ə.kræt, -rᵊlˈ- **-s** -s
liberalism (L) ˈlɪb.ᵊr.ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-rᵊl-
liberality ˌlɪb.ᵊrˈæl.ə.ti, lɪˈbræl- (US) ˌlɪb.əˈræl-, -ɪ.ti, -ə.t̬i
liberalization, -isa- ˌlɪb.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-rᵊl-, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɪˈ-
liberaliz|e, -is|e ˈlɪb.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪz, ˈ-rᵊl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
liber|ate ˈlɪb.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
liberation ˌlɪb.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -əˈreɪ-
Liberi|a laɪˈbɪə.ri|.ə (US) -ˈbɪr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
libertarian ˌlɪb.əˈteə.ri.ən (US) -ɚˈter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
libertine ˈlɪb.ə.tiːn, -taɪn (US) -ɚ.tiːn, -tɪn **-s** -z
Liberton ˈlɪb.ə.tᵊn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
libert|y (L) ˈlɪb.ə.t|i (US) -ɚ.t̬|i **-ies** -iz ˌ**Liberty** ˈ**Island**
libidinous lɪˈbɪd.ɪ.nəs, lə-, -ᵊn.əs (US) ləˈbɪd.ᵊn.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
libido lɪˈbiː.dəʊ, lə- (US) -doʊ **-s** -z
libr|a *pound:* ˈliː.br|ə, ˈlaɪ- (US) ˈliː- **-ae** -iː, -eɪ, -aɪ
Libr|a *constellation:* ˈliː.br|ə, ˈlɪb.r|ə, ˈlaɪ.br|ə (US) ˈliː-, ˈlaɪ- **-an/s** -ən/z
librarian laɪˈbreə.ri.ən (US) -ˈbrer.i- **-s** -z **-ship** -ʃɪp
librar|y ˈlaɪ.brᵊr|.i, -br|i (US) -brer|.i **-ies** -iz
libration laɪˈbreɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
librettist lɪˈbret.ɪst, lə- (US) lɪˈbret̬- **-s** -s
librett|o lɪˈbret|.əʊ, lə- (US) lɪˈbret̬|.oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -iː
Libreville ˈliː.brə.vɪl (US) -viːl, -vɪl
Librium® ˈlɪb.ri.əm
Liby|a ˈlɪb.i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
lice (*plur. of* **louse**) laɪs
licenc|e ˈlaɪ.sᵊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
licens|e ˈlaɪ.sᵊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**license** ˌ**plate**
licensee ˌlaɪ.sᵊn*t*ˈsiː **-s** -z
licentiate laɪˈsen.*t*ʃi.ət, lɪ-, -*t*ʃət, -*t*ʃi.ɪt (US) -ʃi.ɪt, -ʃi.eɪt, -ʃət **-s** -s
licentious laɪˈsen.*t*ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
lichee ˌlaɪˈtʃiː; ˈlaɪ.tʃiː, ˈliː- (US) ˈliː.tʃiː **-s** -z
lichen ˈlaɪ.kən, -kɪn, ˈlɪtʃ.ən, -ɪn (US) ˈlaɪ.kən **-s** -z **-ed** -d
lichenous ˈlaɪ.kə.nəs, -kɪ-, ˈlɪtʃ.ə-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈlaɪ.kə-
Lichfield ˈlɪtʃ.fiːld
lichgate ˈlɪtʃ.geɪt **-s** -s

Lichtenstein 'lɪx.tən.staɪn, 'lɪk- US lɪk-
Licinilan laɪ'sɪn.i|.ən, lɪ- -us -əs
licit 'lɪs.ɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lick lɪk -s -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t
lickety-split ˌlɪk.ə.ti'splɪt, ˌ-ɪ- US -ə.t̬i'-
licorice 'lɪk.ᵊr.ɪs, -ɪʃ, 'lɪk.rɪs, -rɪʃ US 'lɪk.ɚ.ɪʃ, '-rɪʃ, 'lɪk.ɚ.ɪs
lictor 'lɪk.təʳ, -tɔːʳ US -tɚ -s -z
lid lɪd -s -z -ded -ɪd
Liddell 'lɪd.ᵊl, lɪ'del
Liddesdale 'lɪdz.deɪl
liddiment 'lɪd.ɪ.mənt
Liddle 'lɪd.ᵊl
Liddon 'lɪd.ᵊn
Lidell lɪ'del
Lidgate 'lɪd.geɪt, -gɪt
lido (L) 'liː.dəʊ, 'laɪ- US 'liː.doʊ -s -z
lie *(n, v.) falsehood:* laɪ -s -z **lying/ly** 'laɪ.ɪŋ/li **lied** laɪd ˌ**lie through one's 'teeth**
lie *(v.) recline:* laɪ -s -z **lying** 'laɪ.ɪŋ **lay** leɪ **lain** leɪn
lie-abed 'laɪ.ə.bed -s -z
Lieberman 'liː.bə.mən US -bɚ-
liebfraumilch (L) 'liːb.fraʊ.mɪltʃ *as if German:* -mɪlx US -mɪlk, 'liːp-
Liebig 'liː.bɪg *as if German:* -bɪx US -bɪg *as if German:* -bɪx
Liebknecht 'liːb.knekt *as if German:* -knext
Liechtenstein 'lɪk.tᵊn.staɪn *as if German:* 'lɪx-
lied *German song:* liːd *as if German:* liːt **lieder** 'liː.dəʳ US -dɚ
lief liːf -er -əʳ US -ɚ
lieg|e liːdʒ -es -ɪz
Liège li'eɪʒ, -'eʒ
lie-in ˌlaɪ'ɪn, '-- -s -z
lien 'liː.ən, liːn US liːn, 'liː.ən -s -z
Liepaja lɪ'pɑː.jə US li'ep.ə-, lɪ'pɑː-
lieu ljuː, luː US luː
lieutenanc|y lef'ten.ənt.s|i, ləf- US luː- -ies -iz
lieutenant lef'ten.ənt, ləf- US luː- -s -s **lieuˌtenant 'colonel; lieuˌtenant com'mander; lieuˌtenant 'general; lieuˌtenant 'governor**
lif|e laɪ|f -ves -vz **'life ˌcycle; 'life exˌpectancy; 'life inˌsurance; ˌlife 'savings; ˌlife 'sentence**
life-and-death ˌlaɪf.ən'deθ *stress shift:* ˌlife-and-death 'issue
lifebelt 'laɪf.belt -s -s
lifeblood 'laɪf.blʌd
lifeboat 'laɪf.bəʊt US -boʊt -s -s
life-buoy 'laɪf.bɔɪ US -bɔɪ, -ˌbuː.i -s -z
life-giving 'laɪfˌgɪv.ɪŋ
lifeguard 'laɪf.gɑːd US -gɑːrd -s -z
lifejacket 'laɪfˌdʒæk.ɪt -s -s
lifeless 'laɪf.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lifelike 'laɪf.laɪk
lifeline 'laɪf.laɪn -s -z
lifelong ˌlaɪf'lɒŋ US ˌlaɪf'lɑːŋ, -'lɔːŋ *stress shift:* ˌlifelong 'dream
life of Riley ˌlaɪf.əv'raɪ.li
life-or-death ˌlaɪf.ɔː'deθ US -ɔːr'- *stress shift:* ˌlife-or-death 'issue
life-preserver 'laɪf.prɪˌzɜː.vəʳ, -prəˌ- US -priːˌzɝː.vɚ, -prɪˌ- -s -z
lifer 'laɪ.fəʳ US -fɚ -s -z
lifesaver 'laɪfˌseɪ.vəʳ US -vɚ -s -z
life-saving 'laɪfˌseɪ.vɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌlife-saving 'medicine
life-size 'laɪf.saɪz, ˌ-'-
lifespan 'laɪf.spæn -s -z
lifestyle 'laɪf.staɪl -s -z
life-support 'laɪf.səˌpɔːt, ˌ--'- US 'laɪf.səˌpɔːrt **ˌlife-sup'port ˌsystem, 'life-supˌport ˌsystem** US **'life-supˌport ˌsystem**
life-threatening 'laɪfˌθret.ᵊn.ɪŋ
lifetime 'laɪf.taɪm -s -z
lifework ˌlaɪf'wɜːk, '-- US ˌlaɪf'wɝːk, '-- -s -s
Liffe laɪf
Liffey 'lɪf.i
Lifford 'lɪf.əd US -ɚd
lift lɪft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
lift-off 'lɪft.ɒf US -ɑːf
ligament 'lɪg.ə.mənt -s -s
ligament|al ˌlɪg.ə'men.t|ᵊl US -t̬|ᵊl -ous -əs
ligature 'lɪg.ə.tʃəʳ, -tjʊəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ US -tʃɚ -s -z -d -d
liger 'laɪ.gəʳ US -gɚ -s -z
Ligeti 'lɪg.et.i
Liggett 'lɪg.ɪt, -ət
light laɪt -s -s -er -əʳ US 'laɪ.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst US 'laɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ US 'laɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'laɪ.t̬ɪd **lit** lɪt **ˌlight 'aircraft; 'light ˌbulb; 'light ˌmeter**
lighten 'laɪ.tᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'laɪt.nɪŋ -ed -d
lighter 'laɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z
lighterage 'laɪ.tᵊr.ɪdʒ US -t̬ɚ-
light-fingered ˌlaɪt'fɪŋ.gəd US -gɚd *stress shift:* ˌlight-fingered 'thief
lightfoot (L) 'laɪt.fʊt
light-headed ˌlaɪt'hed.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌlight-headed 'daze
light-hearted ˌlaɪt'hɑː.tɪd US -'hɑːr.t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌlight-hearted 'comment
lighthou|se 'laɪt.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
lighthousekeeper 'laɪt.haʊsˌkiː.pəʳ US -pɚ -s -z
lighting-up time ˌlaɪ.tɪŋ'ʌpˌtaɪm US -t̬ɪŋ'-
lightning 'laɪt.nɪŋ -s -z
lightning-conductor 'laɪt.nɪŋ.kənˌdʌk.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z
lightship 'laɪt.ʃɪp -s -s
lightweight 'laɪt.weɪt -s -s
light-year 'laɪt.jɪəʳ US -jɪr -s -z
ligneous 'lɪg.ni.əs
lignite 'lɪg.naɪt
lignum 'lɪg.nəm
Liguri|a lɪg'jʊə.ri|.ə, -'jɔː- US -'jʊr.i- -an/s -ən/z
likable 'laɪ.kə.bᵊl -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lik|e laɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
likeable 'laɪ.kə.bᵊl -ness -nəs, -nɪs
likelihood 'laɪ.kli.hʊd
likel|y 'laɪ.kl|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
likeminded ˌlaɪk'maɪn.dɪd US '-ˌ--, ˌ-'-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌlikeminded 'friend
liken 'laɪ.kᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
likeness 'laɪk.nəs, -nɪs -es -ɪz
likewise 'laɪk.waɪz
liking 'laɪ.kɪŋ -s -z
Likud lɪ'kʊd, -'kuːd US -'kuːd
likuta liː'kuː.tɑː
lilac 'laɪ.lək US -lək, -læk, -lɑːk -s -s
liliaceous ˌlɪl.i'eɪ.ʃəs
Lilian 'lɪl.i.ən
Lilias 'lɪl.i.əs
Liliburlero ˌlɪl.i.bə'leə.rəʊ US -bɚ'ler.oʊ
Lilith 'lɪl.ɪθ
Lilla 'lɪl.ə
Lille liːl
Lillehammer 'lɪl.ɪ.hæm.əʳ, -əˌ- US -ə.hɑː.mɚ, -hæm.ɚ
Lil-lets® lɪ'lets
Lilley 'lɪl.i
Lillian 'lɪl.i.ən
Lilliput 'lɪl.ɪ.pʌt, '-ə-, -pʊt, -pət US -ə.pʌt, -pət, -pʊt
lilliputian (L) ˌlɪl.ɪ'pjuː.ʃᵊn, -ə'-, -ʃi.ən US -ə'pjuː.ʃᵊn -s -z
Lilly 'lɪl.i
Lillywhite 'lɪl.i.*h*waɪt
Lilo® 'laɪ.ləʊ US -loʊ -s -z
Lilongwe lɪ'lɒŋ.weɪ US -'lɔːŋ-, -'lɑːŋ-
lilt lɪlt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'lɪl.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'lɪl.t̬ɪd
lil|y (L) 'lɪl|.i -ies -iz **ˌlily of the 'valley**
lily-livered ˌlɪl.i'lɪv.əd US -ɚd *stress shift:* ˌlily-livered 'scoundrel
lily-white ˌlɪl.i'*h*waɪt *stress shift:* ˌlily-white 'hands
Lima *in Peru:* 'liː.mə *in US:* 'laɪ.mə
lima *bean:* 'liː.mə US 'laɪ-
Limavady ˌlɪm.ə'væd.i
limb lɪm -s -z -ed -d **ˌout on a 'limb**
limber *(n, adj.)* 'lɪm.bəʳ US -bɚ -s -z
limbo (L) 'lɪm.bəʊ US -boʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Limburg 'lɪm.bɜːg US -bɝːg
lim|e *(n, v.)* laɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **ˌlime 'green**
limeade ˌlaɪ'meɪd US ˌ-'-, 'laɪ.meɪd
Limehouse 'laɪm.haʊs
limekiln 'laɪm.kɪln, -kɪl -s -z
limelight 'laɪm.laɪt -s -s
limen 'laɪ.men, -mən US -mən
limerick (L) 'lɪm.ᵊr.ɪk US -ɚ.ɪk, '-rɪk -s -s
limescale 'laɪm.skeɪl
limestone 'laɪm.stəʊn US -stoʊn
limewash 'laɪm.wɒʃ US -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
limewater 'laɪmˌwɔː.təʳ US -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
limey 'laɪ.mi -s -z

liminal 'lɪm.ɪ.nᵊl
lim|it (*n, v.*) 'lɪm|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited/ness** -ɪ.tɪd/nəs, -nɪs (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd/nəs, -nɪs **-itable** -ɪ.tə.bᵊl (US) -ɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl
limitation ˌlɪm.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- **-s** -z
limitless 'lɪm.ɪt.ləs, -lɪs
limn lɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -nɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -nəʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, -nɚ/z
limo 'lɪm.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
Limoges lɪ'məʊʒ (US) liː'moʊʒ
Limousin ˌlɪm.uː'zæn *as if French:* -'zæ̃ŋ (US) ˌliː.muː'zæn
limousine ˌlɪm.ə'ziːn, -ʊ'-, '--- (US) 'lɪm.ə.ziːn, ˌ--'- **-s** -z
limp lɪmp **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
limpet 'lɪm.pɪt **-s** -s
limpid 'lɪm.pɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
limpidity lɪm'pɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Limpopo lɪm'pəʊ.pəʊ (US) -'poʊ.poʊ
limp-wristed ˌlɪmp'rɪs.tɪd (US) ˌ-'--, 'lɪmpˌrɪs-
limy 'laɪ.mi
Linacre 'lɪn.ə.kəʳ, '-ɪ- (US) -kɚ
linag|e 'laɪ.nɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Linares lɪ'nɑː.rɪs (US) lɪ'ner.ɪs
linchpin 'lɪntʃ.pɪn **-s** -z
Lincoln 'lɪŋ.kən **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Lincs. (*abbrev. for* **Lincolnshire**) lɪŋks, lɪŋ.kən.ʃəʳ, -ʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
linctus 'lɪŋk.təs **-es** -ɪz
Lind lɪnd
Linda 'lɪn.də
Lindbergh 'lɪnd.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
linden (L) 'lɪn.dən **-s** -z
Lindisfarne 'lɪn.dɪs.fɑːn, -dəs- (US) -fɑːrn
Lindley 'lɪnd.li
Lindon 'lɪn.dən
Lindsay, Lindsey 'lɪnd.zi
lin|e (L) laɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d 'line ˌdrawing; ˌread beˌtween the 'lines
lineag|e *family:* 'lɪn.i.ɪdʒ (US) '-ɪdʒ, -i.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
lineag|e *alternative spelling of* **linage:** 'laɪ.nɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
lineal 'lɪn.i.əl **-ly** -i
lineament 'lɪn.i.ə.mənt **-s** -s
linear 'lɪn.i.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ly** -li
lineation ˌlɪn.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
linebacker 'laɪnˌbæk.əʳ, 'laɪm- (US) 'laɪnˌbæk.ɚ **-s** -z
line-engraving 'laɪn.ɪnˌgreɪ.vɪŋ, -ɪŋˌ- (US) -ɪnˌ- **-s** -z
Lineker 'lɪn.ɪ.kəʳ, '-ə- (US) -kɚ
line|man 'laɪn|.mən, 'laɪm- (US) 'laɪn- **-men** -mən, -men
linen 'lɪn.ɪn, -ən **-s** -z
lineout 'laɪn.aʊt **-s** -s
liner 'laɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
lines|man 'laɪnz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
lineup 'laɪn.ʌp **-s** -s
Linford 'lɪn.fəd (US) -fɚd

ling (L) lɪŋ **-s** -z
lingam 'lɪŋ.gəm, -æm
Lingay 'lɪŋ.gi
Lingen 'lɪŋ.ən
ling|er 'lɪŋ.g|əʳ (US) -g|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
lingerie 'læ̃n.ʒᵊr.i, 'lɒn-, -dʒᵊr-, -ri, -reɪ (US) ˌlɑːn.ʒə'reɪ; ˌlæn.ʒə'riː, -dʒə'-
Lingfield 'lɪŋ.fiːld
lingo 'lɪŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ **-s** -z
lingua franca ˌlɪŋ.gwə'fræŋ.kə
lingual 'lɪŋ.gwəl **-ly** -i
Linguaphone® 'lɪŋ.gwə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn
Linguarama® ˌlɪŋ.gwə'rɑː.mə (US) -'ræm.ə, -'rɑː.mə
linguine, linguini lɪŋ'gwiː.ni
linguist 'lɪŋ.gwɪst **-s** -s
linguistic lɪŋ'gwɪs.tɪk **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
linguistician ˌlɪŋ.gwɪ'stɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
liniment 'lɪn.ɪ.mənt, '-ə- **-s** -s
lining 'laɪ.nɪŋ **-s** -z
link (*n, v.*) lɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
linkag|e 'lɪŋ.kɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Linklater 'lɪŋkˌleɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
links lɪŋks
linkup 'lɪŋk.ʌp
Linley 'lɪn.li
Linlithgow lɪn'lɪθ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Linnaean lɪ'niː.ən, -'neɪ-
Linnaeus lɪ'niː.əs, -'neɪ-
Linnean lɪ'niː.ən, -'neɪ-
linnet (L) 'lɪn.ɪt **-s** -s
lino 'laɪ.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
linocut 'laɪ.nəʊ.kʌt (US) -noʊ-, -nə- **-s** -s
linoleum lɪ'nəʊ.li.əm (US) -'noʊ- **-s** -z
Linotype® 'laɪ.nəʊ.taɪp (US) -nə- **-s** -s
linseed 'lɪn.siːd 'linseed ˌoil, ˌlinseed 'oil
linsey (L) 'lɪn.zi
linsey-woolsey (L) ˌlɪn.zi'wʊl.zi
lint lɪnt
lintel 'lɪn.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
Linthwaite 'lɪn.θweɪt
Linton 'lɪn.tən
Lintot(t) 'lɪn.tɒt (US) -tɑːt
Linus 'laɪ.nəs
Linux 'lɪn.əks, 'laɪ.nəks, -nʌks (US) 'lɪn.əks
Linz lɪnts
lion laɪən **-s** -z 'lion ˌtamer
Lionel 'laɪə.nᵊl
lioness 'laɪə.nes, -nɪs; ˌlaɪə'nes (US) 'laɪə.nes, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz
Lionheart 'laɪən.hɑːt (US) -hɑːrt
lion-hearted ˌlaɪən'hɑː.tɪd (US) 'laɪənˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌlion-hearted 'warrior
lionization, -isa- ˌlaɪə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- (US) -nɪ'-
lioniz|e, -is|e 'laɪə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
lip lɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t 'lip ˌservice

Lipari 'lɪp.ᵊr.i, 'liː.pær-
lipas|e 'laɪ.peɪz, 'lɪp.eɪz, -eɪs (US) 'lɪp.eɪs, 'laɪ.peɪs **-es** -ɪz
lipbrush 'lɪp.brʌʃ **-es** -ɪz
lipid(e) 'lɪp.ɪd, 'laɪ.pɪd (US) 'lɪp.ɪd **-s** -z
Lipman 'lɪp.mən
lipoid 'lɪp.ɔɪd, 'laɪ.pɔɪd
lipoprotein ˌlɪp.əʊ'prəʊ.tiːn, ˌlaɪ.pəʊ'- (US) ˌlɪp.oʊ'proʊ.tiːn, ˌlaɪ.poʊ'-, -pə'-, -tiː.ɪn **-s** -z
liposome 'lɪp.əʊ.səʊm (US) -ə.soʊm, 'laɪ.pə- **-s** -z
liposuction 'lɪp.əʊˌsʌk.ʃᵊn (US) 'lɪp.oʊˌ-, 'laɪ.poʊˌ-, -pəˌ-
Lippi 'lɪp.i
Lippincott 'lɪp.ɪŋ.kət, -kɒt (US) -ɪn.kɑːt, -kət
Lippizaner ˌlɪp.ɪt'sɑː.nəʳ, -ət'- (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
Lippmann 'lɪp.mən
lipp|y 'lɪp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lip|-read 'lɪp|.riːd **-reads** -riːdz **-reading** -ˌriː.dɪŋ **-read** *past tense:* -red **-reader/s** -ˌriː.dəʳ/z (US) -ˌriː.dɚ/z
lip-salve 'lɪp.sælv, -sɑːlv (US) -sæv, -sɑːv **-s** -z
Lipscomb(e) 'lɪp.skəm
Lipstadt 'lɪp.stæt
lipstick 'lɪp.stɪk **-s** -s
lip-synch 'lɪp.sɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Lipton 'lɪp.tən
liquefaction ˌlɪk.wɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -wə'-
lique|fy 'lɪk.wɪ|.faɪ, -wə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl
liqueur lɪ'kjʊəʳ, lə-, -'kjɔːʳ, -'kjɜːʳ (US) lɪ'kɝː, -'kʊr, -'kjʊr **-s** -z
liquid 'lɪk.wɪd **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
liqui|date 'lɪk.wɪ|.deɪt, -wə- **-dates** -deɪts **-dating** -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-dated** -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd **-dator/s** -deɪ.təʳ/z (US) -deɪ.t̬ɚ/z
liquidation ˌlɪk.wɪ'deɪ.ʃᵊn, -wə'- **-s** -z
liquidity lɪ'kwɪd.ə.ti, lə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
liquidiz|e, -is|e 'lɪk.wɪ.daɪz, -wə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
liquidizer, -iser 'lɪk.wɪ.daɪ.zəʳ, -wə- (US) -zɚ **-s** -z
liquif|y 'lɪk.wɪ.f|aɪ, -wə- **-ies** aɪz **-ying** aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
liqu|or 'lɪk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
liquorice 'lɪk.ᵊr.ɪs, -ɪʃ, 'lɪk.rɪs, -rɪʃ (US) 'lɪk.ɚ.ɪʃ, '-rɪʃ, 'lɪk.ɚ.ɪs
lir|a 'lɪə.r|ə (US) 'lɪr|.ə **-as** -əz **-e** -i, -eɪ
Lisa 'liː.sə, -zə
Lisbet 'lɪz.bət, -bet, -bɪt
Lisbeth 'lɪz.bəθ, -beθ, -bɪθ
Lisbon 'lɪz.bən
Lisburn 'lɪz.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn
lisente lɪ'sen.teɪ (US) -ti
Lisette lɪ'zet, 'liː.zet
Liskeard 'lɪs.kɑːd (US) -kɑːrd
lisle *thread:* laɪl
Lisle laɪl, liːl
Note: Baron Lisle pronounces /laɪl/.

Pronouncing the letters LL

In general, the consonant digraph **ll** is pronounced /l/, e.g.:

fall /fɔːl/ US /fɑːl/
illustrate /ˈɪl.ə.streɪt/

Where the **ll** is produced by adding the suffix *–ly* or *–less* to a word ending in a single **l**, the pronunciation reflects this, e.g.:

coolly /ˈkuːl.li/
soulless /ˈsəʊl.ləs/ US /ˈsoʊl-/

In addition

In Welsh words, **ll** may be pronounced by English speakers in a variety of different ways. In this dictionary, we suggest /*h*l/, which stands both for the phonetic [ɬ] used in Welsh and for the English approximation of either a voiceless or voiced [l], and also the variant /θl/ for British English speakers, e.g.:

Llanberis /*h*lænˈber.ɪs, θlæn-/ US /*h*læn-/

Lismore *in Scotland and Ireland:* lɪzˈmɔːʳ US -ˈmɔːr *in Australia:* ˈlɪz.mɔːʳ US -mɔːr
isp, LISP lɪsp **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
is pendens ˌlɪsˈpen.denz
Liss lɪs
issom(e) ˈlɪs.əm **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Lisson ˈlɪs.ᵊn
ist lɪst **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd
isten ˈlɪs.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈlɪs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈlɪs.nəʳ/z US -ɚ/z, ˈlɪs.nɚ/z
Lister ˈlɪs.təʳ US -tɚ
isteria lɪˈstɪə.ri.ə US -ˈstɪr.i-
isteriasis ˌlɪs.təˈriː.ə.sɪs
Listerine® ˈlɪs.tᵊr.iːn US ˌlɪs.təˈriːn
isteriosis lɪˌstɪə.riˈəʊ.sɪs, ˌlɪs.tɪə- US lɪˌstɪr.iˈoʊ-
istless ˈlɪst.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Liston ˈlɪs.tᵊn
Listowel lɪˈstəʊəl US -ˈstoʊəl, -ˈstaʊl
Liszt lɪst
it (*from* **light**) lɪt
itan|y ˈlɪt.ᵊn|.i **-ies** -iz
Litchfield ˈlɪtʃ.fiːld
itchi ˌlaɪˈtʃiː; ˈlaɪ.tʃiː, ˈliː- US ˈliː.tʃiː **-s** -z
ite laɪt
iter ˈliː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
iteracy ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ə.si, ˈ-rə.si US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.ə-
iteral ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ᵊl, ˈ-rᵊl US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.ᵊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
iteral|ism ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-rᵊl- US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.ᵊl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
iterality ˌlɪt.ᵊrˈæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -əˈræl.ə.t̬i
iterar|y ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ᵊr|.i, ˈ-ᵊr|.i US ˈlɪt̬.ə.rer- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
iterate ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt, ˈ-rət, -rɪt US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.ət **-s** -s
iterati ˌlɪt.ᵊrˈɑː.tiː US ˌlɪt̬.əˈrɑː.t̬iː
iteratim ˌlɪt.ᵊrˈɑː.tɪm US ˌlɪt̬.əˈreɪ.t̬ɪm, -ˈrɑː-
iterature ˈlɪt.rə.tʃəʳ, -rɪ-, ˈ-ᵊr.ə-, -ɪ- US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.ə.tʃɚ, -tʃʊr **-s** -z
itharge ˈlɪθ.ɑːdʒ US -ɑːrdʒ; lɪˈθɑːrdʒ
ith|e laɪð **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Litheby ˈlɪð.ɪ.bi, ˈ-ə-
Litherland ˈlɪð.ə.lænd US ˈ-ɚ-
lithesome ˈlaɪð.səm **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Lithgow ˈlɪθ.gəʊ US -goʊ
lithia ˈlɪθ.i.ə
lithic ˈlɪθ.ɪk
lithium ˈlɪθ.i.əm
litho ˈlɪθ.əʊ, ˈlaɪ.θəʊ US ˈlɪθ.oʊ **-s** -z
lithograph ˈlɪθ.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf US -ə.græf, ˈ-oʊ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Note: In British printers' usage /ˈlaɪ.θəʊ-/. So also with derived words (**lithographer**, etc.).
lithographer lɪˈθɒg.rə.fəʳ US -ˈθɑː.grə.fɚ **-s** -z
lithographic ˌlɪθ.əʊˈgræf.ɪk US -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
lithography lɪˈθɒg.rə.fi US -ˈθɑː.grə-
lithosphere ˈlɪθ.əʊˌsfɪəʳ US -oʊˌsfɪr, -əˌ- **-s** -z
Lithuani|a ˌlɪθ.juˈeɪ.ni|.ə, -uˈ- US -uˈeɪ-, -əˈweɪ- **-an/s** -ən/z
litigant ˈlɪt.ɪ.gənt, ˈ-ə- US ˈlɪt̬- **-s** -s
liti|gate ˈlɪt.ɪ|.geɪt, ˈ-ə- US ˈlɪt̬- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ US -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd US -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z US -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
litigation ˌlɪt.ɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- US ˌlɪt̬- **-s** -z
litigious lɪˈtɪdʒ.əs, lə- US lɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
litmus ˈlɪt.məs ˈ**litmus** ˌ**paper**; ˈ**litmus** ˌ**test**
litotes laɪˈtəʊ.tiːz; ˈlaɪ.təʊ- US ˈlaɪ.tə.tiːz; laɪˈtoʊ-; ˈlɪt.oʊ-
litre ˈliː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Littel lɪˈtel
litt|er ˈlɪt|.əʳ US ˈlɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
litterbug ˈlɪt.ə.bʌg US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ- **-s** -z
littl|e (L) ˈlɪt.ᵊl US ˈlɪt̬.ᵊl **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Littleborough ˈlɪt.ᵊl.bᵊr.ə, -ˌbʌr.ə US ˈlɪt̬.ᵊl.bɚ.oʊ
Littlechild ˈlɪt.ᵊl.tʃaɪld
little-englander ˌlɪt.ᵊlˈɪŋ.glən.dəʳ US ˌlɪt̬.ᵊlˈɪŋ.glən.dɚ **-s** -z
little-go ˈlɪt.ᵊl.gəʊ US ˈlɪt̬.ᵊl.goʊ **-es** -z
Littlehampton ˈlɪt.ᵊlˌhæmp.tən, ˌlɪt.ᵊlˈhæmp- US ˌlɪt̬.ᵊlˈ-, ˈlɪt̬.ᵊlˌ-
Littlejohn ˈlɪt.ᵊl.dʒɒn US ˈlɪt̬.ᵊl.dʒɑːn
littleneck ˈlɪt.ᵊl.nek US ˈlɪt̬- **-s** -s
Littler ˈlɪt.ᵊl.əʳ, ˈ-ləʳ US ˈlɪt.lɚ, ˈlɪt̬.ᵊl.ɚ
Littleton ˈlɪt.ᵊl.tᵊn US ˈlɪt̬-
Littlewoods ˈlɪt.ᵊl.wʊdz
Litton ˈlɪt.ᵊn
littoral ˈlɪt.ᵊr.ᵊl US ˈlɪt̬- **-s** -z
liturgic lɪˈtɜː.dʒɪk, lə- US lɪˈtɝː- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
liturgist ˈlɪt.ə.dʒɪst, ˈ-ɜː- US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ- **-s** -s
liturg|y ˈlɪt.ə.dʒ|i, ˈ-ɜː- US ˈlɪt̬.ɚ- **-ies** -iz
livable ˈlɪv.ə.bᵊl
live (*adj.*) laɪv
liv|e (*v.*) lɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**living** ˈ**will**
live-circuit ˌlaɪvˈsɜː.kɪt US -ˈsɝː- **-s** -s
live-in ˌlɪvˈɪn, ˈ-- ˌ**live-in** ˈ**lover**
livelihood ˈlaɪv.li.hʊd **-s** -z
livelong ˈlɪv.lɒŋ, ˈlaɪv- US ˈlɪv.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ
livel|y (L) ˈlaɪv.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
liven ˈlaɪ.vᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈlaɪv.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
Livens ˈlɪv.ᵊnz
liv|er ˈlɪv|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-erish** -ᵊr.ɪʃ
Livermore ˈlɪv.ə.mɔːʳ US -ɚ.mɔːr
Liverpool ˈlɪv.ə.puːl US ˈ-ɚ-
Liverpudlian ˌlɪv.əˈpʌd.li.ən US -ɚˈ- **-s** -z
Liversedge ˈlɪv.ə.sedʒ US ˈ-ɚ-
liverwort ˈlɪv.ə.wɜːt US -ɚ.wɝːt, -wɔːrt **-s** -s
liverwurst ˈlɪv.ə.wɜːst US -ɚ.wɝːst
liver|y ˈlɪv.ᵊr|.i, ˈ-r|i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id
livery|man ˈlɪv.ᵊr.i|.mən, -mæn US ˈlɪv.ri.mən **-men** -mən, -men
livery-stable ˈlɪv.ᵊr.iˌsteɪ.bᵊl US ˈlɪv.riˌ- **-s** -z
lives (*plur. of* **life**) laɪvz (*from* **live** *v.*) lɪvz
Livesey ˈlɪv.si, -zi
livestock ˈlaɪv.stɒk US -stɑːk
live wire ˌlaɪvˈwaɪəʳ US -ˈwaɪr, ˈ--- **-s** -z
Livia ˈlɪv.i.ə
livid ˈlɪv.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
lividity lɪˈvɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
living ˈlɪv.ɪŋ **-s** -z
living-room ˈlɪv.ɪŋ.rʊm, -ruːm US -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

Livingston(e) ˈlɪv.ɪŋ.stən
Livoni|a lɪˈvəʊ.ni|.ə (US) -ˈvoʊ-, ˈ-nj|ə -an/s -ən/z
Livorno lɪˈvɔː.nəʊ (US) ləˈvɔːr.noʊ
Livy ˈlɪv.i
lixivi|ate lɪkˈsɪv.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
Liz lɪz
Liza ˈlaɪ.zə, ˈliː- (US) ˈlaɪ-
lizard (L) ˈlɪz.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z
Lizzie ˈlɪz.i
Ljubljana ˌlʊb.liˈɑː.nə *as if Slovene:* ˌljuːbˈljɑː.nə (US) ˌluː.bliˈɑː.nə
llama (L) ˈlɑː.mə (US) ˈlɑː-, ˈjɑː- **-s** -z
Llanberis *h*lænˈber.ɪs, θlæn- (US) *h*læn-
Llandaff ˈ*h*læn.dəf, ˈθlæn-; lænˈdæf, θlæn- (US) *h*lænˈdɑːf
Llandeilo *h*lænˈdaɪ.ləʊ, θlæn- (US) *h*lænˈdaɪ.loʊ
Llandovery *h*lænˈdʌv.ər.i, θlæn- (US) *h*læn-
Llandrindod Wells *h*lænˌdrɪn.dɒdˈwelz, θlæn- (US) *h*lænˌdrɪn.dɑːdˈ-
Llandudno *h*lænˈdɪd.nəʊ, θlæn-, -ˈdʌd- (US) *h*lænˈdɪd.noʊ, -ˈdʌd-
Llanelli *h*lænˈeθ.li, ləˈneθ-, θlænˈeθ-, θləˈneθ- (US) *h*lænˈel.i
Llanfair *h*lænˈfeəʳ, θlæn-, -ˈvaɪəʳ (US) *h*lænˈfer
Llanfairfechan ˌ*h*læn.feəˈfek.ən, ˌθlæn-, -vaɪəˈ-, -ˈvek-, -ˈvex- (US) ˌ*h*læn.ferˈfek-
Llangattock *h*lænˈgæt.ək, θlæn-, læŋ-, θlæŋ- (US) *h*lænˈgæt̬.ək
Llangollen *h*lænˈgɒθ.lən, θlæn-, læŋ-, θlæŋ-, -len (US) *h*lænˈgɑː.lən
Llanharan *h*lænˈhær.ən, θlæn- (US) *h*lænˈhɑːr.ən
Llanrwst *h*lænˈruːst, θlæn- (US) *h*læn-
Llantrisant *h*lænˈtrɪs.ənt
Llantwit Major ˌ*h*læn.twɪtˈmeɪ.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ
Llanuwchllyn *h*lænˈjuː.klɪn, θlæn-, -ˈjuːx.lɪn (US) *h*lænˈjuː.klɪn
Llanwern *h*lænˈweən (US) -ˈwern
Llechwedd *h*lekˈwed
Llewel(l)yn *English name:* luːˈel.ɪn, ləˈwel- *Welsh name:* *h*luːˈel.ɪn, θluː- (US) *h*luː-
Lleyn *h*liːn, θliːn, *h*leɪn, θleɪn (US) *h*liːn, *h*leɪn
Lliw *h*luː
Lloyd lɔɪd **'s** -z
Lloyd Webber ˌlɔɪdˈweb.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Llyn Tegid ˌ*h*lɪnˈteg.ɪd, ˌθlɪn- (US) ˌ*h*lɪn-
Llywelyn *h*ləˈwel.ɪn, θlə- (US) *h*lə-
lo ləʊ (US) loʊ
Loach ləʊtʃ (US) loʊtʃ
load ləʊd (US) loʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
loadstone ˈləʊd.stəʊn (US) ˈloʊd.stoʊn **-s** -z
loa|f *(n.)* ləʊ|f (US) loʊ|f **-ves** -vz
loaf *(v.)* ləʊf (US) loʊf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
loafer ˈləʊ.fəʳ (US) ˈloʊ.fɚ **-s** -z
loam ləʊm (US) loʊm
loam|y ˈləʊ.m|i (US) ˈloʊ.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
loan ləʊn (US) loʊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˈloan ˌshark**
Loanhead ˌləʊnˈhed (US) ˌloʊn-
loanword ˈləʊn.wɜːd (US) ˈloʊn.wɝːd **-s** -z
loath ləʊθ, ləʊð (US) loʊð **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
loath|e ləʊð (US) loʊð **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
loathsome ˈləʊð.səm, ˈləʊθ- (US) ˈloʊð-, ˈloʊθ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
loaves *(plur. of* **loaf)** ləʊvz (US) loʊvz
lob (L) lɒb (US) lɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
lobb|y ˈlɒb|.i (US) ˈlɑː.b|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
lobbyist ˈlɒb.i.ɪst (US) ˈlɑː.bi- **-s** -s
lobe ləʊb (US) loʊb **-s** -z **-d** -d
lobelia ləʊˈbiː.li.ə (US) loʊˈbiːl.jə, -ˈbiː.li.ə **-s** -z
lobotomiz|e, -is|e ləʊˈbɒt.ə.maɪz (US) loʊˈbɑː.t̬ə-, lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
lobotom|y ləʊˈbɒt.ə.m|i (US) loʊˈbɑː.t̬ə-, lə- **-ies** -iz
lobster ˈlɒb.stəʳ (US) ˈlɑːb.stɚ **-s** -z
lobular ˈlɒb.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) ˈlɑː.bjə.lɚ
lobule ˈlɒb.juːl (US) ˈlɑː.bjuːl **-s** -z
local ˈləʊ.kəl (US) ˈloʊ- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **ˌlocal ˈcolo(u)r; ˈlocal ˌtime, ˌlocal ˈtime**
locale ləʊˈkɑːl (US) loʊˈkæl **-s** -z
localism ˈləʊ.kəl.ɪ.zəm (US) ˈloʊ-
localit|y ləʊˈkæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) loʊˈkæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
localization, -isa- ˌləʊ.kəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌloʊ.kəl.ɪˈ-
localiz|e, -is|e ˈləʊ.kəl.aɪz (US) ˈloʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Locarno ləʊˈkɑː.nəʊ, lɒkˈɑː- (US) loʊˈkɑːr.noʊ
loca|te ləʊˈkeɪ|t (US) ˈloʊ.keɪ|t, -ˈ- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
location ləʊˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) loʊ- **-s** -z
locative ˈlɒk.ə.tɪv (US) ˈlɑː.kə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
loc. cit. ˌlɒkˈsɪt, ˌlɒk.əʊ.sɪˈtɑː.təʊ *old-fashioned:* ˌləʊ.kəʊ.sɪˈteɪ.təʊ (US) ˌlɑːkˈsɪt
loch (L) lɒk *as if Scots:* lɒx (US) lɑːk *as if Scots:* lɑːx **-s** -s
Lochaber lɒkˈɑː.bəʳ, -ˈæb.əʳ *as if Scots:* lɒx- (US) lɑːˈkɑː.bɚ *as if Scots:* -ˈxɑː-
Lochgelly lɒkˈgel.i *as if Scots:* lɒx- (US) lɑːk- *as if Scots:* lɑːx-
Lochhead ˈlɒk.hed *as if Scots:* ˈlɒx- (US) ˈlɑːk- *as if Scots:* ˈlɑːx-
Lochiel lɒkˈiːl *as if Scots:* lɒx- (US) lɑːˈkiːl *as if Scots:* -ˈxiːl
Lochinvar ˌlɒk.ɪnˈvɑːʳ *as if Scots:* ˌlɒx- (US) ˌlɑː.kɪnˈvɑːr *as if Scots:* -xɪnˈ-
Lochleven lɒkˈliː.vən *as if Scots:* lɒx- (US) lɑːk- *as if Scots:* lɑːx-
Lochnagar ˌlɒk.nəˈgɑːʳ *as if Scots:* ˌlɒx- (US) ˌlɑːk.nəˈgɑːr *as if Scots:* ˌlɑːx-
loci *(plur. of* **locus)** ˈləʊ.saɪ, -kaɪ, -kiː; ˈlɒk.aɪ, ˈlɒs- (US) ˈloʊ.saɪ, -kaɪ, -ki
lock (L) lɒk (US) lɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌlock, ˌstock, and ˈbarrel; under ˌlock and ˈkey**
Locke lɒk (US) lɑːk
locker (L) ˈlɒk.əʳ (US) ˈlɑː.kɚ **-s** -z **ˈlocker ˌroom**
Lockerbie ˈlɒk.ə.bi (US) ˈlɑː.kɚ-
locket ˈlɒk.ɪt (US) ˈlɑː.kɪt **-s** -s
Lockhart ˈlɒk.ət, -hɑːt (US) ˈlɑːk.hɑːrt, ˈlɑː.kɚt
Note: The Bruce-Lockhart family pronounce /ˈlɒk.ət/ (or in the Scottish manner /ˈlɒk.ərt/).
Lockheed ˈlɒk.hiːd (US) ˈlɑːk-
Lockie ˈlɒk.i (US) ˈlɑː.ki
lockjaw ˈlɒk.dʒɔː (US) ˈlɑːk.dʒɑː, -dʒɔː
lock-keeper ˈlɒkˌkiː.pəʳ (US) ˈlɑːkˌkiː.pɚ **-s** -z
locknut ˈlɒk.nʌt (US) ˈlɑːk- **-s** -s
lockout ˈlɒk.aʊt (US) ˈlɑːk- **-s** -s
Locksley ˈlɒk.sli (US) ˈlɑːk-
locksmith ˈlɒk.smɪθ (US) ˈlɑːk- **-s** -s
lockstep ˈlɒk.step (US) ˈlɑːk-
lockstitch ˈlɒk.stɪtʃ (US) ˈlɑːk- **-es** -ɪz
lockup ˈlɒk.ʌp (US) ˈlɑːk- **-s** -s
Lockwood ˈlɒk.wʊd (US) ˈlɑːk-
Lockyer ˈlɒk.jəʳ (US) ˈlɑː.kjɚ
loco ˈləʊ.kəʊ (US) ˈloʊ.koʊ **-s** -z
locomotion ˌləʊ.kəˈməʊ.ʃən (US) ˌloʊ.kəˈmoʊ-
locomotive ˌləʊ.kəˈməʊ.tɪv, ˈləʊ.kəˌməʊ- (US) ˌloʊ.kəˈmoʊ.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
locomotor ˌləʊ.kəˈməʊ.təʳ, ˈləʊ.kəˌməʊ- (US) ˌloʊ.kəˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌloco motor aˈtaxia**
Locri|a ˈləʊ.kri|.ə (US) ˈloʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
Locrine ˈlɒk.raɪn (US) ˈlɑː.kraɪn
Locris ˈləʊ.krɪs (US) ˈloʊ-
Loctite® ˈlɒk.taɪt (US) ˈlɑːk-
locum ˈləʊ.kəm (US) ˈloʊ- **-s** -z
locum-tenens ˌləʊ.kəmˈten.enz, -ˈtiː.nenz (US) ˌloʊ.kəmˈtiː.nenz, -ˈten.enz
locus ˈləʊ.kəs, ˈlɒk.əs (US) ˈloʊ.kəs **-es** -ɪz **loci** ˈləʊ.saɪ, -kaɪ, -kiː; ˈlɒk.aɪ, ˈlɒs- (US) ˈloʊ.saɪ
locus delicti ˌləʊ.kəs.delˈɪk.taɪ (US) ˌloʊ.kəs.dəˈlɪk.ti, -taɪ
locus in quo ˌləʊ.kəsˌɪnˈkwəʊ, -ˌɪŋˈ- (US) ˌloʊ.kəs.ɪnˈkwoʊ
locust ˈləʊ.kəst (US) ˈloʊ- **-s** -s
locution ləʊˈkjuː.ʃən, lɒkˈjuː- (US) loʊˈkjuː- **-s** -z
locutionary ləʊˈkjuː.ʃən.ər.i, lɒkˈjuː- (US) loʊˈkjuː.ʃən.er.i
locutor|y ˈlɒk.jə.tər|.i, -jʊ- (US) ˈlɑː.kjə.tɔːr- **-ies** -iz
lode ləʊd (US) loʊd **-s** -z
loden ˈləʊ.dən (US) ˈloʊ-
lodestar ˈləʊd.stɑːʳ (US) ˈloʊd.stɑːr **-s** -z
lodestone ˈləʊd.stəʊn (US) ˈloʊd.stoʊn **-s** -z
lodg|e (L) lɒdʒ (US) lɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d
lodger ˈlɒdʒ.əʳ (US) ˈlɑː.dʒɚ **-s** -z
lodging-hou|se ˈlɒdʒ.ɪŋ.haʊ|s

(US) 'lɑː.dʒɪŋ- **-ses** -zɪz
odg(e)ment 'lɒdʒ.mənt (US) 'lɑːdʒ- **-s** -s
odore ləʊ'dɔːʳ (US) loʊ'dɔːr
ódz wʊdʒ, wuːdʒ (US) luːdʒ, lɑːdʒ, loʊdz, wuːdʒ
oe luː
oeb lɜːb, ləʊb (US) loʊb
oess 'ləʊ.es, -ɪs, -əs; lɜːs (US) 'loʊ.es, less, lɜːs
oewe 'ləʊ.i (US) loʊ
ofoten ləʊ'fəʊ.tᵊn; 'ləʊ.fəʊ- (US) 'loʊ.foʊ-, -foʊ-
oft lɒft (US) lɑːft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
ofthouse 'lɒf.təs, 'lɒft.haʊs (US) 'lɑːf.təs, 'lɑːft.haʊs
ofting 'lɒf.tɪŋ (US) 'lɑːf-
oftus 'lɒf.təs (US) 'lɑːf-
oft|y 'lɒf.t|i (US) 'lɑːf- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
og lɒg (US) lɑːg, lɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **-ger/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**log 'cabin;** ˌ**sleep like a 'log**
og lɒg (US) lɑːg, lɔːg
ogan 'ləʊ.gən (US) 'loʊ-
oganberr|y 'ləʊ.gᵊn.bᵊr.|i, -gəm-, -ˌber- (US) 'loʊ.gənˌber- **-ies** -iz
ogarithm 'lɒg.ᵊr.ɪ.ðᵊm, -θᵊm (US) 'lɑː.gɚ.ɪ.ðᵊm, 'lɔː- **-s** -z
ogarithmic ˌlɒg.ᵊr'ɪð.mɪk, -'rɪθ- (US) ˌlɑː.gə'rɪθ-, ˌlɔː- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ogbook 'lɒg.bʊk (US) 'lɑːg-, 'lɔːg- **-s** -s
ogger 'lɒg.əʳ (US) 'lɑː.gɚ, 'lɔː- **-s** -z
oggerhead 'lɒg.ə.hed (US) 'lɑː.gɚ-, 'lɔː- **-s** -z
oggia 'ləʊ.dʒə, 'lɒdʒ.ə, -i.ə (US) 'lɑː.dʒə, -dʒi.ə **-s** -z
ogia 'lɒg.i.ə (US) 'loʊ.gi-, 'lɑː-
ogic 'lɒdʒ.ɪk (US) 'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ogica® 'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kə (US) 'lɑː.dʒɪ-
ogician lɒdʒ'ɪʃ.ᵊn (US) loʊ'dʒɪ.ʃᵊn- **-s** -z
ogie 'ləʊ.gi (US) 'loʊ-
ogin 'lɒg.ɪn (US) 'lɑːg-, 'lɔːg- **-s** -z
logist lə.dʒɪst
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-logist** are normally stressed on the syllable preceding the suffix, e.g. **sociologist** /ˌsəʊ.ʃi'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) ˌsoʊ.si'ɑː.lə-/.
ogistic lə'dʒɪs.tɪk, lɒdʒ'ɪs- (US) loʊ'dʒɪs- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ogjam 'lɒg.dʒæm (US) 'lɑːg-, 'lɔːg- **-s** -z
ogo 'ləʊ.gəʊ, 'lɒg.əʊ (US) 'loʊ.goʊ **-s** -z
ogogram 'lɒg.əʊ.græm (US) 'lɑː.goʊ-, 'lɔː-, 'loʊ-, -gə- **-s** -z
ogograph 'lɒg.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) 'lɑː.goʊ.græf, 'lɔː-, 'loʊ-, -gə- **-s** -s
ogographic ˌlɒg.əʊ'græf.ɪk (US) ˌlɑː.goʊ-, ˌlɔː-, ˌloʊ-, -gə- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
ogos 'lɒg.ɒs, 'ləʊ.gɒs (US) 'loʊ.goʊs, 'lɔː-, 'lɑː-, -gɔːs, -gɑːs
ogotype 'lɒg.əʊ.taɪp (US) 'lɑː.gə-, 'lɔː- **-s** -s
ogroll 'lɒg.rəʊl (US) 'lɑːg.roʊl, 'lɔːg- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Logue ləʊg (US) loʊg
-logue lɒg (US) lɑːg, lɔːg
-logy lə.dʒi
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-logy** are normally stressed on the syllable preceding the suffix, e.g. **biology** /baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'ɑː.lə-/.
Lohengrin 'ləʊ.ən.grɪn, -ɪn-, -əŋ-, -ɪŋ- (US) 'loʊ.ən-
loin lɔɪn **-s** -z
loin|cloth 'lɔɪn|.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs (US) -klɑːθs
Loire lwɑːʳ (US) lwɑːr
Lois 'ləʊ.ɪs (US) 'loʊ-
loit|er 'lɔɪ.t|əʳ (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Loki 'ləʊ.ki (US) 'loʊ-
Lola 'ləʊ.lə (US) 'loʊ-
Lolita lɒl'iː.tə, ləʊ'liː- (US) loʊ'liː.t̬ə
loll lɒl (US) lɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Lollard 'lɒl.əd, -ɑːd (US) 'lɑː.lɚd **-s** -z
lollipop 'lɒl.i.pɒp (US) 'lɑː.li.pɑːp **-s** -s
lollop 'lɒl.əp (US) 'lɑː.ləp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
lollo rosso ˌlɒl.əʊ'rɒs.əʊ (US) ˌlɑː.loʊ'rɑː.soʊ, ˌloʊ-, '-roʊ-
loll|y 'lɒl|.i (US) 'lɑː.l|i **-ies** -iz
lollypop 'lɒl.i.pɒp (US) 'lɑː.li.pɑːp **-s** -s
Loman 'ləʊ.mən (US) 'loʊ-
Lomas 'ləʊ.mæs, -məs (US) 'loʊ.mæs
Lomax 'ləʊ.mæks, -məks (US) 'loʊ.mæks
Lombard 'lɒm.bəd, -bɑːd (US) 'lɑːm.bɑːrd, -bɚd, 'lʌm- **-s** -z
Lombardy 'lɒm.bə.di (US) 'lɑːm.bɚ-, 'lʌm-
Lombok 'lɒm.bɒk (US) 'lɑːm.bɑːk
Lomé 'ləʊ.meɪ (US) loʊ'meɪ
Lomond 'ləʊ.mənd (US) 'loʊ-
Londesborough 'lɒnz.bᵊr.ə (US) 'lɑːndz.bɚ.oʊ
London 'lʌn.dən **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**London 'Bridge;** ˌ**London 'pride;** ˌ**London 'weighting**
Londonderry *place:* 'lʌn.dən.der.i, ˌlʌn.dən'der- (US) 'lʌn.dən.der- *Lord:* 'lʌn.dən.dᵊr.i (US) -der-
lone ləʊn (US) loʊn
lonel|y 'ləʊn.l|i (US) 'loʊn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**lonely 'hearts**
loner 'ləʊ.nəʳ (US) 'loʊ.nɚ **-s** -z
lonesome 'ləʊn.səm (US) 'loʊn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
long (L) *(n, adj.)* lɒŋ (US) lɑːŋ, lɔːŋ **-er** -gəʳ (US) -gɚ **-est** -gɪst, -gəst ˌ**Long 'Island;** '**long ˌjump;** '**long ˌshot;** '**long ˌwave;** ˌ**long week'end** (US) ˌ**long 'weekend; the** ˌ**long and the 'short of it; in the 'long ˌrun**
long *(v.)* lɒŋ (US) lɑːŋ, lɔːŋ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Longannet lɒŋ'æn.ɪt, -ət (US) lɑːŋ-, lɔːŋ-
long-awaited ˌlɒŋ.ə'weɪ.tɪd (US) ˌlɑːŋ.ə'weɪ.t̬ɪd, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-awaited 'moment
longboat 'lɒŋ.bəʊt (US) 'lɑːŋ.boʊt, 'lɔːŋ- **-s** -s
longbow (L) 'lɒŋ.bəʊ (US) 'lɑːŋ.boʊ, 'lɔːŋ- **-s** -z
Longbridge 'lɒŋ.brɪdʒ (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
Longdendale 'lɒŋ.ən.deɪl (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-distance ˌlɒŋ'dɪs.tᵊnts (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-distance 'driver
long-drawn-out ˌlɒŋ.drɔːn'aʊt (US) ˌlɑːŋ.drɑːn'-, ˌlɔːŋ-, -drɔːn'- *stress shift:* ˌlong-drawn-out 'sigh
longeron 'lɒn.dʒᵊr.ᵊn (US) 'lɑːn.dʒə.rɑːn, -dʒɚ.ən **-s** -z
longevity lɒn'dʒev.ə.ti, 'lɒŋ-, -ɪ.ti (US) lɑːn'dʒev.ə.t̬i, lɑːŋ-, lɔːŋ-
Longfellow 'lɒŋˌfel.əʊ (US) 'lɑːŋˌfel.oʊ, 'lɔːŋ-
Longfield 'lɒŋ.fiːld (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
Longford 'lɒŋ.fəd (US) 'lɑːŋ.fɚd, 'lɔːŋ-
longhand 'lɒŋ.hænd (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-haul ˌlɒŋ'hɔːl, '-- (US) ˌlɑːŋ'hɑːl, ˌlɔːŋ-, -hɔːl, '-- *stress shift:* ˌlong-haul 'jet
longheaded ˌlɒŋ'hed.ɪd (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlongheaded 'elder
longhorn 'lɒŋ.hɔːn (US) 'lɑːŋ.hɔːrn, 'lɔːŋ- **-s** -z
Longines® 'lɒn.dʒiːn, -'- (US) ˌlɑːn'dʒiːn
longing 'lɒŋ.ɪŋ (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ- **-s** -z
Longinus lɒn'dʒaɪ.nəs, lɒŋ'giː- (US) lɑːn'dʒaɪ-
longish 'lɒŋ.ɪʃ (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
longitude 'lɒn.dʒɪ.tjuːd, 'lɒŋ.gɪ- (US) 'lɑːn.dʒə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
longitudinal ˌlɒn.dʒɪ'tjuː.dɪ.nᵊl, -dʒə'-, ˌlɒŋ.gɪ'-, -gə'-, -də- (US) ˌlɑːn.dʒə'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-ly** -i
long johns 'lɒŋ.dʒɒnz, ˌ-'- (US) 'lɑːŋ.dʒɑːnz, 'lɔːŋ-, ˌ-'-
Longland 'lɒŋ.lənd (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-lasting ˌlɒŋ'lɑː.stɪŋ (US) ˌlɑːŋ'læs.tɪŋ, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-lasting 'friendship
Longleat 'lɒŋ.liːt (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-life 'lɒŋ.laɪf (US) 'lɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ-
long-lived ˌlɒŋ'lɪvd (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ-, -laɪvd *stress shift:* ˌlong-lived 'person
long-lost ˌlɒŋ'lɒst (US) ˌlɑːŋ'lɑːst, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-lost 'son
Longman 'lɒŋ.mən (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-range ˌlɒŋ'reɪndʒ (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-range 'missile
Longridge 'lɒŋ.rɪdʒ (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-running ˌlɒŋ'rʌn.ɪŋ (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-running 'problems
longshore|man 'lɒŋ.ʃɔː|.mən (US) 'lɑːŋ.ʃɔːr-, 'lɔːŋ- **-men** -mən, -men
long-sighted ˌlɒŋ'saɪ.tɪd (US) ˌlɑːŋ'saɪ.t̬ɪd, ˌlɔːŋ-, '-ˌ-- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌlong-sighted 'person
Longstaff 'lɒŋ.stɑːf (US) 'lɑːŋ.stæf, 'lɔːŋ-
long-standing ˌlɒŋ'stæn.dɪŋ (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-

standing 'feud
Longstreet 'lɒŋ.striːt (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-suffering ˌlɒŋ'sʌf.ᵊr.ɪŋ (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-suffering 'family
long-term ˌlɒŋ'tɜːm (US) ˌlɑːŋ'tɝːm, ˌlɔːŋ- *stress shift:* ˌlong-term 'goal
long-time 'lɒŋˌtaɪm (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
Longton 'lɒŋ*k*.tən (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
Longtown 'lɒŋ.taʊn (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
longueur lɔ̃ːŋ'gɜːʳ, lɔːŋ-, lɒŋ- (US) lɔːŋ'gɝː **-s** -z
Longus 'lɒŋ.gəs (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
longways 'lɒŋ.weɪz (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
long-winded ˌlɒŋ'wɪn.dɪd (US) ˌlɑːŋ-, ˌlɔːŋ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌlong-winded 'story
longwise 'lɒŋ.waɪz (US) 'lɑːŋ-, 'lɔːŋ-
lonicera lɒn'ɪs.ᵊr.ə, lə'nɪs- (US) loʊ.nɪs-; ˌlɑː.nɪ'sɪr.ə **-s** -z
Lonrho® 'lɒn.rəʊ, 'lʌn- (US) 'lɑːn.roʊ
Lonsdale 'lɒnz.deɪl (US) 'lɑːnz-
loo luː **-s** -z
loob|y 'luː.b|i **-ies** -iz
Looe luː
loofah 'luː.fə **-s** -z
look lʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
lookalike 'lʊk.ə.laɪk **-s** -s
looker-on ˌlʊk.əʳ'ɒn (US) -kɚ'ɑːn **lookers-on** ˌlʊk.əz'ɒn (US) -kɚz'ɑːn
look-in 'lʊk.ɪn
looking-glass 'lʊk.ɪŋ.glɑːs (US) -glæs **-es** -ɪz
lookout 'lʊk.aʊt **-s** -s
look-see 'lʊk.siː
loom luːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
loon luːn **-s** -z
loonie 'luː.ni **-s** -z
loon|y 'luː.n|i **-ies** -iz **'loony ˌbin; ˌloony 'left**
loop luːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
loophol|e 'luːp.həʊl (US) -hoʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
loop|y 'luː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Loos ləʊs, luːs (US) luːs
loos|e luːs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**let someone 'loose on**
looseleaf ˌluːs'liːf *stress shift:* ˌlooseleaf 'folder
loosely 'luː.sli
loosen 'luː.sᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'luːs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
loosestrife 'luːs.straɪf
loot luːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'luː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'luː.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) 'luː.t̬ɚ/z
lop lɒp (US) lɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
lop|e ləʊp (US) loʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
lop-eared ˌlɒp'ɪəd (US) 'lɑːp.ɪrd *stress shift, British only:* ˌlop-eared 'rabbit
Lopez 'ləʊ.pez (US) 'loʊ-
lopping 'lɒp.ɪŋ (US) 'lɑː.pɪŋ **-s** -z
lop-sided ˌlɒp'saɪ.dɪd (US) ˌlɑːp- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌlop-sided 'smile
loquacious lə*ʊ*'kweɪ.ʃəs, lɒk'weɪ- (US) loʊ'kweɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
loquacity lə*ʊ*'kwæs.ə.ti, lɒk'wæs-, -ɪ.ti (US) loʊ'kwæs.ə.t̬i
loquat 'ləʊ.kwɒt, 'lɒk.wɒt, -wæt (US) 'loʊ.kwɑːt, -kwæt **-s** -s
lor lɔːʳ (US) lɔːr
Loraine lə'reɪn, lɒr'eɪn (US) lə'reɪn
Loral 'lɔː.ræl, 'lɒr.æl (US) 'lɔːr.æl
Loram 'lɔː.rəm (US) 'lɔːr.əm
Lorca 'lɔː.kə (US) 'lɔːr-
lord (L) lɔːd (US) lɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**Lord's 'Prayer**
Note: British lawyers addressing a judge in court sometimes pronounce **my lord** as /mɪ'lʌd/ instead of the normal /mɪ'lɔːd/.
lordling 'lɔːd.lɪŋ (US) 'lɔːrd- **-s** -z
lordl|y 'lɔːd.l|i (US) 'lɔːrd- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lordship (L) 'lɔːd.ʃɪp (US) 'lɔːrd- **-s** -s
lore lɔːʳ (US) lɔːr
L'Oréal® 'lɒr.i.æl (US) ˌlɔːr.i'æl
Lorelei 'lɔː.rə.laɪ, 'lɒr.ə- (US) 'lɔː-
Loren 'lɔː.ren, -rᵊn; lɔː'ren (US) 'lɔːr.ən
Lorenzo lə'ren.zəʊ, lɒr'en- (US) lə'ren.zoʊ, lɔː-
Loretto lə'ret.əʊ, lɔː- (US) lə'ret̬.oʊ, lɔː-
lorgnette lɔː'njet (US) lɔːr- **-s** -s
Lori(e) 'lɒr.i (US) 'lɔːr-
lorikeet 'lɒr.ɪ.kiːt, '-ə- (US) 'lɔːr.ɪ- **-s** -s
lorimer (L) 'lɒr.ɪ.məʳ (US) 'lɔːr.ɪ.mɚ **-s** -z
loris 'lɔː.rɪs (US) 'lɔːr.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
lorn lɔːn (US) lɔːrn
Lorna 'lɔː.nə (US) 'lɔːr-
Lorne lɔːn (US) lɔːrn
Lorraine lə'reɪn, lɒr'eɪn (US) lə'reɪn, lɔː-
lorr|y 'lɒr|.i (US) 'lɔːr- **-ies** -iz
lor|y 'lɔː.r|i (US) 'lɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
losable 'luː.zə.bᵊl
Los Alamos ˌlɒs'æl.ə.mɒs, -məʊs (US) ˌlɑːs'æl.ə.moʊs, ˌlɔːs-
Los Angeles lɒs'æn.*d*ʒɪ.liːz, -*d*ʒə-, -lɪz, -lɪs (US) lɑːs'æn.dʒə.ləs, lɔːs-, -gə-, -liːz
los|e luːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **lost** lɒst (US) lɑːst
loser 'luː.zəʳ (US) -zɚ **-s** -z
Losey 'ləʊ.zi (US) 'loʊ-
loss lɒs (US) lɑːs **-es** -ɪz **'loss ˌleader**
Lossiemouth ˌlɒs.i'maʊθ, 'lɒs.i.maʊθ (US) ˌlɑː.si'-
lost (*from* **lose**) lɒst (US) lɑːst ˌ**lost 'property**
Lostwithiel lɒs*t*'wɪθ.i.əl, -'wɪð- (US) lɑːs*t*-
lot (L) lɒt (US) lɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'lɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'lɑː.t̬ɪd
loth ləʊθ (US) loʊθ, loʊð
Lothair lə*ʊ*'θeəʳ (US) loʊ'θer
Lothario lə*ʊ*'θɑː.ri.əʊ, lɒθ'ɑː-, -'eə- (US) loʊ'θer.i.oʊ, -'θɑːr-
Lothbury 'ləʊθ.bᵊr.i, 'lɒθ- (US) 'loʊθ.ber-, 'lɑːθ-, -bɚ-
Lothian 'ləʊ.ði.ən (US) 'loʊ-
loti 'ləʊ.ti (US) 'loʊ-
lotion 'ləʊ.ʃᵊn (US) 'loʊ- **-s** -z
lotta 'lɒt.ə (US) 'lɑː.t̬ə
lotter|y 'lɒt.ᵊr|.i (US) 'lɑː.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz
Lottie 'lɒt.i (US) 'lɑː.t̬i
lotto (L) 'lɒt.əʊ (US) 'lɑː.t̬oʊ
lotus 'ləʊ.təs (US) 'loʊ.t̬əs **-es** -ɪz **'lotus poˌsition**
Lou luː
louche luːʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
loud laʊd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
loud-hailer ˌlaʊd'heɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
loud|mouth 'laʊd|.maʊθ **-mouths** -maʊðz **-mouthed** -maʊθt
Loudo(u)n 'laʊ.dᵊn
loudspeaker ˌlaʊd'spiː.kəʳ (US) 'laʊdˌspiː.kɚ **-s** -z
Loudwater 'laʊdˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
lough *lake:* lɒk *as if Irish:* lɒx (US) lɑːk *as if Irish:* lɑːx **-s** -s
Lough *surname:* lʌf, ləʊ (US) lʌf, loʊ
Loughborough 'lʌf.bᵊr.ə (US) -bɚ.oʊ, -ə
Loughlin 'lɒk.lɪn, -lən *as if Irish:* 'lɒx- (US) 'lɑːk- *as if Irish:* 'lɑːx- **loughlin** 'lɑːf
Loughman 'lʌf.mən
Loughran *as if Irish:* 'lɒx.rən *as if Irish:* (US) 'lɑːx-
Loughrea lɒk'reɪ *as if Irish:* lɒx- (US) lɑːk- *as if Irish:* lɑːx-
Loughrey *as if Irish:* 'lɒx.ri (US) 'lɑːk-, 'lɑːf- *as if Irish:* 'lɑːx-
Loughton 'laʊ.tᵊn
Louie 'luː.i
Louis *English name:* 'luː.i, -ɪs *French name:* 'luː.i, -iː, lu'i
Louisa lu'iː.zə
Louisburg 'luː.ɪs.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg
louis-d'or ˌluː.i'dɔːʳ (US) -'dɔːr **-s** -z
Louise lu'iːz
Louisiana luˌiː.zi'æn.ə, -'ɑː.nə; ˌluː.ɪ.zi'- (US) luˌiː.zi'æn.ə; ˌluː.zi'-
Louis Quatorze ˌluː.i.kæt'ɔːz (US) -'ɔːrz
Louis Quinze ˌluː.i'kæ̃nz
Louisville 'luː.i.vɪl (US) -ɪ.vɪl *locally:* 'luː.ə.vəl
loung|e laʊndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'lounge ˌbar; 'lounge ˌlizard; 'lounge ˌsuit**
Lounsbury 'laʊnz.bᵊr.i (US) -ber-, -bɚ-
lour laʊəʳ (US) laʊr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Lourdes lʊəd, lʊədz, lɔːdz (US) lʊrd, lʊrdz
Lourenço Marques ləˌren*t*.səʊ'mɑː.kez, -kes (US) -soʊ'mɑːr.kes
louse (*n.*) laʊs **lice** laɪs
lous|e (*v.*) laʊz, laʊs (US) laʊs, laʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d, laʊst
lous|y 'laʊ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lout laʊt **-s** -s
Louth *in Ireland:* laʊð *in Lincolnshire:* laʊθ
loutish 'laʊ.tɪʃ (US) -t̬ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

ouvain 'luː.væ̃ŋ, -veɪn; lʊ'væ̃ŋ, -'væn (US) luː'væn, -'væ̃n
ouver, louvre 'luː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -s -z
ouvre 'luː.vrə (US) -vrə, luːv
ovab|le 'lʌv.ə.b|əl -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
ovage 'lʌv.ɪdʒ
ovat 'lʌv.ət
ov|e (L) lʌv -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d 'love af,fair; 'love ,letter; ,make 'love; 'love song; 'love ,story; not for ,love nor 'money
oveab|le 'lʌv.ə.b|əl -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
ovebird 'lʌv.bɜːd (US) -bɝːd -s -z
ovebite 'lʌv.baɪt -s -s
ove|-child 'lʌv|.tʃaɪld -children -ˌtʃɪl.drən
oveday 'lʌv.deɪ
oved-up ,lʌvd'ʌp *stress shift:* ,loved-up 'kids
ovejoy 'lʌv.dʒɔɪ
ovel 'lʌv.əl
ovelace 'lʌv.leɪs
oveless 'lʌv.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ovell 'lʌv.əl
ovelorn 'lʌv.lɔːn (US) -lɔːrn
ovel|y 'lʌv.l|i -ies -i.z -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ovemaking 'lʌv,meɪ.kɪŋ
ove-match 'lʌv.mætʃ -es -ɪz
ove-potion 'lʌv,pəʊ.ʃən (US) -,poʊ- -s -z
over 'lʌv.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
overidge 'lʌv.rɪdʒ, -ər.ɪdʒ
ovesick 'lʌv.sɪk -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ove-stor|y 'lʌv,stɔː.r|i (US) -,stɔːr|.i -ies -ɪz
ovett 'lʌv.ɪt
ovey-dovey ,lʌv.i'dʌv.i, 'lʌv.i,dʌv-
oveys 'lʌv.ɪs
ovibond 'lʌv.ɪ.bɒnd (US) -bɑːnd
ovick 'lʌv.ɪk
oving-cup 'lʌv.ɪŋ.kʌp -s -s
ow (L) ləʊ (US) loʊ -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ,Low 'Church; ,low 'profile; 'low ,season
owborn ,ləʊ'bɔːn (US) 'loʊ.bɔːrn *stress shift, British only:* ,lowborn 'person
owbred ,ləʊ'bred (US) 'loʊ.bred *stress shift, British only:* ,lowbred 'person
owbrow 'ləʊ.braʊ (US) 'loʊ-
ow-cost ,ləʊ'kɒst (US) ,loʊ'kɑːst *stress shift:* ,low-cost 'airline
owdown (*n.*) 'ləʊ.daʊn (US) 'loʊ- *stress shift:* ,low-down 'scoundrel
ow-down (*adj.*) ,ləʊ'daʊn (US) ,loʊ-
owe ləʊ (US) loʊ
owell 'ləʊ.əl (US) 'loʊ-
ow|er (*v, adj.*) *cause to descend:* 'ləʊ|.əʳ (US) 'loʊ|.ɚ -ers -əz, -ɚs -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
ower (*v.*) *look threatening:* laʊəʳ (US) laʊr, laʊɚ -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
ower-case ,ləʊ.ə'keɪs (US) ,loʊ.ɚ'- *stress shift:* ,lower-case 'letter

lowermost 'ləʊ.ə.məʊst, -məst (US) 'loʊ.ɚ.moʊst
Lowery 'laʊə.ri (US) 'laʊ.ri
Lowes ləʊz (US) loʊz
Lowestoft 'ləʊ.stɒft, 'ləʊ.ɪ-, -stəft (US) 'loʊ.stɑːft, 'loʊ.ɪ- *locally:* 'ləʊ.stəf (US) 'loʊ-
low-fat ,ləʊ'fæt (US) ,loʊ- *stress shift:* ,low-fat 'cheese
Lowick 'ləʊ.ɪk (US) 'loʊ-
Lowis 'laʊ.ɪs
lowkey ,ləʊ'kiː (US) ,loʊ-
low-key ,ləʊ'kiː (US) ,loʊ- *stress shift:* ,low-key e'vent
lowland (L) 'ləʊ.lənd (US) 'loʊ- -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
low-life 'ləʊ.laɪf, ,-'- (US) 'loʊ-, ,-'- -s -s
low-loader ,ləʊ'ləʊ.dəʳ (US) 'loʊ,loʊ.dɚ -s -z
lowl|y 'ləʊ.l|i (US) 'loʊ- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
low-lying ,ləʊ'laɪ.ɪŋ (US) ,loʊ- *stress shift:* ,low-lying 'cloud
Lowndes laʊndz
low-necked ,ləʊ'nekt (US) ,loʊ- *stress shift:* ,low-necked 'sweater
Lowood 'ləʊ.wʊd (US) 'loʊ-
Lowries 'laʊə.rɪz, 'laʊ- (US) 'laʊ-
Lowry 'laʊə.ri, 'laʊ- (US) 'laʊ-
Lowsley 'ləʊz.li (US) 'loʊz-
Lowson 'ləʊ.sən, 'laʊ- (US) 'loʊ-, 'laʊ-
Lowth laʊθ
Lowther 'laʊ.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ
Lowton 'ləʊ.tən (US) 'loʊ-
Lowville 'laʊ.vɪl
lox lɒks (US) lɑːks
Loxley 'lɒk.sli (US) 'lɑːk-
loyal lɔɪəl (US) 'lɔɪ.əl -ly -i
loyalist 'lɔɪə.lɪst (US) 'lɔɪ.ə.lɪst -s -s
loyalt|y 'lɔɪəl.t|i (US) 'lɔɪ.əl.ţ|i -ies -iz
Loyd lɔɪd
Loyola 'lɔɪ.əʊ.lə; lɔɪ'əʊ- (US) lɔɪ'oʊ-
lozeng|e 'lɒz.ɪndʒ, -əndʒ (US) 'lɑː.zəndʒ -es -ɪz
LP ,el'piː
L-plate 'el.pleɪt -s -s
LPN ,el.piː'en
LSD ,el.es'diː
LSE ,el.es'iː
Ltd. 'lɪm.ɪ.tɪd, '-ə- (US) -ə.ţɪd
Luanda lu'æn.də (US) -'æn-, -'ɑːn-
luau 'luː.aʊ
Lubavitcher 'luː.bə.vɪ.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z
lubber 'lʌb.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Lubbock 'lʌb.ək
lube luːb -s -z
Lübeck 'luː.bek, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-
Lubin 'luː.bɪn
Lublin 'luː.blɪn
lubricant 'luː.brɪ.kənt, 'ljuː-, -brə- (US) 'luː- -s -s
lubri|cate 'luː.brɪ|.keɪt, 'ljuː-, -brə- (US) 'luː- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.ţɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.ţɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.ţɚ/z

lubrication ,luː.brɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ,ljuː-, -brə'- (US) ,luː- -s -z
lubricious luː'brɪʃ.əs, ljuː- (US) luː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lubricity luː'brɪs.ə.ti, ljuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) luː'brɪs.ə.ţi
Lubumbashi ,luː.bʊm'bæʃ.i (US) -'bɑː.ʃi
Luca 'luː.kə
Lucan 'luː.kən, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-
Lucania luː'keɪ.ni.ə, ljuː- (US) luː-
lucarne luː'kɑːn, ljuː- (US) luː'kɑːrn -s -z
Lucas 'luː.kəs
Luce luːs
lucen|t 'luː.sən|t, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- -cy -t.si
lucern(e) luː'sɜːn, ljuː-, '-- (US) luː'sɝːn
Lucerne luː'sɜːn, ljuː- (US) luː'sɝːn
luces (*plur. of* **lux**) 'luː.siːz
Lucia 'luː.si.ə, '-ʃə; luː'tʃiː.ə
Lucian 'luː.si.ən, '-ʃən, -ʃi.ən (US) 'luː.ʃən
Luciana ,luː.si'ɑː.nə, ,ljuː- (US) ,luː-, -'æn.ə
Lucianus ,luː.si'ɑː.nəs, ,ljuː-, -'eɪ- (US) ,luː.si'ɑː-
lucid 'luː.sɪd, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lucidity luː'sɪd.ə.ti, ljuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) luː'sɪd.ə.ţi
Lucie 'luː.si, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-
Lucien 'luː.si.ən, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-
Lucie-Smith ,luː.si'smɪθ, ,ljuː- (US) ,luː-
lucifer (L) 'luː.sɪ.fəʳ, 'ljuː-, -sə- (US) 'luː.sə.fɚ -s -z
Lucilius luː'sɪl.i.əs, ljuː- (US) luː-
Lucille luː'siːl
Lucina luː'siː.nə, ljuː-, -'saɪ-, -'tʃiː- (US) luː'saɪ-, -'siː-
Lucinda luː'sɪn.də, ljuː- (US) luː-
Lucite® 'luː.saɪt, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-
Lucius 'luː.si.əs, 'ljuː-, '-ʃəs, -ʃi.əs (US) 'luː.ʃəs
luck (L) lʌk to be ,down on one's 'luck
luckless 'lʌk.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Lucknow 'lʌk.naʊ, ,-'- (US) 'lʌk.naʊ
luck|y 'lʌk|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Lucock 'luː.kɒk, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.kɑːk
Lucozade® 'luː.kə.zeɪd
lucrative 'luː.krə.tɪv, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.krə.ţɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lucre 'luː.kəʳ, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.kɚ
Lucrece luː'kriːs, ljuː- (US) luː-
Lucretia luː'kriː.ʃə, ljuː-, -ʃi.ə (US) luː'kriː.ʃə
Lucretius luː'kriː.ʃəs, ljuː-, -ʃi.əs (US) luː'kriː.ʃəs
lucu|brate 'luː.kjə|.breɪt, -kjʊ-, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- -brates -breɪts -brating -breɪ.tɪŋ (US) -breɪ.ţɪŋ -brated -breɪ.tɪd (US) -breɪ.ţɪd
lucubration ,luː.kjə'breɪ.ʃən, -kjʊ'-, ,ljuː- (US) ,luː- -s -z
Lucullus luː'kʌl.əs, ljuː-, -'sʌl- (US) luː'kʌl-

Lucy 'luː.si

Lud lʌd

Luddite 'lʌd.aɪt -s -s

Ludgate 'lʌd.gət, -gɪt, -geɪt

ludicrous 'luː.dɪ.krəs, 'ljuː-, -də- (US) 'luː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Ludlow 'lʌd.ləʊ (US) -loʊ

Ludmilla lʊd'mɪl.ə, lʌd-

ludo 'luː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ

Ludovic 'luː.də.vɪk

Ludwig 'lʊd.vɪg, 'luːd- (US) 'lʊd-, 'luːd-, 'lʌd-, -wɪg

luff (L) lʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Lufthansa® 'lʊft,hænt.sə, -,hæn.zə (US) lʊf'tɑːn.zə

Luftwaffe 'lʊft,wæf.ə, -,væf-, -,wɑː.fə, -,vɑː- (US) -,vɑː-, -,wɑː.fə

lug lʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

Lugano luː'gɑː.nəʊ, lə- (US) luː'gɑː.noʊ

Lugard 'luː.gɑːd, -'- (US) 'luː.gɑːrd, -'-

lug|e luːʒ, luːdʒ (US) luːʒ **-es** -ɪz **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Luger® 'luː.gəʳ (US) -gɚ

luggable 'lʌg.ə.bəl

luggage 'lʌg.ɪdʒ **'luggage ,label; 'luggage ,rack**

lugger 'lʌg.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

lughole 'lʌg.həʊl, -əʊl (US) -hoʊl **-s** -z

Lugosi luː'gəʊ.si (US) -'goʊ-

lugsail 'lʌg.seɪl *nautical pronunciation:* -səl **-s** -z

lugubrious luː'guː.bri.əs, ljuː-, lə- (US) lə'guː-, luː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lugworm 'lʌg.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm **-s** -z

Luis 'luː.ɪs

Luka 'luː.kə

Lukacs, Lukács 'luː.kætʃ (US) -kɑːtʃ

Luke luːk

lukewarm ,luːk'wɔːm, '-- (US) 'luːk.wɔːrm, ,-'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lull lʌl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

lullab|y 'lʌl.ə.b|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz

Lully 'lʊl.i *as if French:* luː'liː (US) luː'liː

lulu (L) 'luː.luː

lumbago lʌm'beɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ

lumbar 'lʌm.bəʳ, -bɑːʳ (US) -bɑːr, -bɚ

lumb|er 'lʌm.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erman** -ə.mən (US) -ɚ.mən **-ermen** -ə.mən, -ə.men (US) -ɚ.mən, -ɚ.men

lumberjack 'lʌm.bə.dʒæk (US) -bɚ- **-s** -s

lumberyard 'lʌm.bə.jɑːd (US) -bɚ.jɑːrd **-s** -z

lumiere, lumière 'luː.mi.eəʳ, ,--'- (US) ,luː.mi'er

luminar|y 'luː.mɪ.nər|.i, 'ljuː-, -mə- (US) 'luː.mə.ner- **-ies** -iz

luminesc|e ,luː.mɪ'nes, ,ljuː-, -mə'- (US) ,luː.mə'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

luminescen|ce ,luː.mɪ'nes.ən|ts, ,ljuː-, -mə'- (US) ,luː.mə'- **-t** -t

luminiferous ,luː.mɪ'nɪf.ər.əs, ,ljuː-, -mə'- (US) ,luː.mə'-

luminosity ,luː.mɪ'nɒs.ə.ti, ,ljuː-, -mə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ,luː.mə'nɑː.sə.t̬i

luminous 'luː.mɪ.nəs, 'ljuː-, -mə- (US) 'luː.mə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Lumley 'lʌm.li

lumme 'lʌm.i

lummox 'lʌm.əks **-es** -ɪz

lump lʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

lumpectom|y lʌm'pek.tə.m|i **-ies** -iz

lumpen 'lʌm.pən, 'lʊm-

lumpenproletariat ,lʌm.pən,prəʊ.lə'teə.ri.ət, ,lʊm-, -pəm,-, -lɪ'-, -æt (US) -pən,proʊ.lə'ter.i.ət

lumpfish 'lʌmp.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz

lumpish 'lʌm.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Lumpkin 'lʌmp.kɪn

lump|y 'lʌm.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Lumsden 'lʌmz.dən

Luna 'luː.nə, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-

lunacy 'luː.nə.si, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-

lunar 'luː.nəʳ, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.nɚ

lunate 'luː.neɪt, 'ljuː-, -nət, -nɪt (US) 'luː.neɪt, -nɪt

lunatic 'luː.nə.tɪk, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- **-s** -s **'lunatic a,sylum; ,lunatic 'fringe**

lunation luː'neɪ.ʃən, ljuː- (US) luː- **-s** -z

Luncarty 'lʌŋ.kə.ti (US) -kɚ.t̬i

lunch lʌntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

lunchbox 'lʌntʃ.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

luncheon 'lʌn.tʃən **-s** -z **'luncheon ,meat; 'luncheon ,voucher**

luncheonette ,lʌn.tʃə'net **-s** -s

lunchroom 'lʌntʃ.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

lunchtime 'lʌntʃ.taɪm **-s** -z

Lund *place in Sweden:* lʊnd (US) lʊnd, lʌnd *family name:* lʌnd

Lundy 'lʌn.di

lune (L) luːn, ljuːn (US) luːn **-s** -z

Lüneburg 'luː.nə.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg

lunette luː'net, ljuː- (US) luː- **-s** -s

lung lʌŋ **-s** -z

lung|e lʌndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

lungfish 'lʌŋ.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz

lunkhead 'lʌŋk.hed **-s** -z

Lunn lʌn

lunul|a 'luː.njə.l|ə, 'ljuː- (US) -njʊ-, 'luː.njə- **-ae** -iː

lunule 'luː.njuːl, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- **-s** -z

Lupercal 'luː.pə.kæl, 'ljuː-, -pɜː- (US) 'luː.pɚ.kæl

Lupercalia ,luː.pə'keɪ.li.ə, ,ljuː-, -pɜː'- (US) ,luː.pɚ'keɪl.jə

lupin(e) *flower:* 'luː.pɪn **-s** -z

lupine *(adj.) wolfish:* 'luː.paɪn, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-

lupus (L) 'luː.pəs, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-

lurch lɜːtʃ (US) lɝːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **,leave someone in the 'lurch**

lur|e lʊəʳ, ljʊəʳ, ljɔːʳ (US) lʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Lurex® 'ljʊə.reks, 'lʊə-, 'ljɔː- (US) 'lʊr.eks

Lurgan 'lɜː.gən (US) 'lɝː-

lurg|y 'lɜː.g|i (US) 'lɝː- **-ies** -iz

lurid 'lʊə.rɪd, 'ljʊə-, 'ljɔː- (US) 'lʊr.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lurk lɜːk (US) lɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Lurpak® 'lɜː.pæk (US) 'lɝː-

lurve lɜːv (US) lɝːv

Lusaka luː'sɑː.kə, lʊ-, -'zɑː- (US) luː'sɑː.kɑː

Lusardi luː'sɑː.di (US) -'sɑːr-

Lusati|a luː'seɪ.ʃ|ə, -ʃi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z

luscious 'lʌʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lush (L) lʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Lushington 'lʌʃ.ɪŋ.tən

Lusiad 'luː.si.æd, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- **-s** -z

Lusitania ,luː.sɪ'teɪ.ni.ə, ,ljuː-, -sə'- (US) ,luː-

lust lʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

luster 'lʌs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs

lustful 'lʌst.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lustral 'lʌs.trəl

lustration lʌs'treɪ.ʃən **-s** -z

lustre 'lʌs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs

lustrous 'lʌs.trəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lustr|um 'lʌs.tr|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

lust|y 'lʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

lutanist 'luː.tən.ɪst, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː-

lute luːt, ljuːt (US) luːt **-s** -s

lutein 'luː.ti.ɪn, 'ljuː-, -tiːn, 'luː.ti.ɪn

luteiniz|e, -is|e 'luː.ti.ɪ.naɪz, 'ljuː-, -ə-; -tɪ.naɪz, -tə-, -tiː-, -tən.aɪz (US) 'luː.ti.ə.naɪz, -ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

lutenist 'luː.tən.ɪst, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː- **-s** -s

lutetium luː'tiː.ʃəm, ljuː-, -ʃi.əm (US) luː'tiː.ʃi.əm

Luth|er 'luː.θ|əʳ (US) 'luː.θ|ɚ **-eran/s** -ər.ən/z **-eranism** -ər.ən.ɪ.zəm **-erism** -ər.ɪ.zəm

Lutine luː'tiːn, '--

lutist 'luː.tɪst, 'ljuː- (US) 'luː.t̬ɪst **-s** -s

Luton 'luː.tən

Lutterworth 'lʌt.ə.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) 'lʌt̬.ɚ.wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Lutton 'lʌt.ən

Luttrell 'lʌt.rəl

Lutyens 'lʌt.jənz, 'lʌtʃ.ənz

luv lʌv **-s** -z

luvv|ie, luvv|y 'lʌv|.i **-ies** -ɪz

lux lʌks **luxes** 'lʌk.sɪz

Lux® lʌks

luxe lʌks, luːks, lʊks

Luxemb(o)urg 'lʌk.səm.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg

Luxor 'lʌk.sɔːʳ (US) -sɔːr, 'lʊk-

luxuriance lʌg'ʒʊə.ri.ənts, ləg-, -'ʒɔː-, -'zjʊə-, -'zjɔː-; lʌk'sjʊə-, lək-, -'sjɔː- (US) lʌg'ʒʊr.i-, -'zjʊr-; lʌk'ʃʊr-, -'sjʊr-

luxuriant lʌg'ʒʊə.ri.ənt, ləg-, -'ʒɔː-, -'zjʊə-, -'zjɔː-; lʌk'sjʊə-, lək-, -'sjɔː- (US) lʌg'ʒʊr.i-, -'zjʊr-; lʌk'ʃʊr-, -'sjʊr- **-ly** -li

luxuri|ate lʌg'ʒʊə.ri|.eɪt, ləg-, -'ʒɔː-,

-'zjʊə-, -'zjɔː-; lʌk'sjʊə-, lək-, -'sjɔː- ⓤⓢ lʌg'ʒʊr.i-, -'ʒjʊr-; lʌk'ʃʊr-, -'sjʊr- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
uxurious lʌg'ʒʊə.ri.əs, ləg-, -'ʒɔː-, -'zjʊə-, -'zjɔː-; lʌk'sjʊə-, lək-, -'sjɔː- ⓤⓢ lʌg'ʒʊr.i-, -'zjʊr-; lʌk'ʃʊr-, -'sjʊr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uxur|y 'lʌk.ʃər|.i ⓤⓢ 'lʌk.ʃɚ|.i, -ʃʊr-; 'lʌg.ʒɚ-, -ʒʊr- **-ies** -iz **in the ˌlap of 'luxury**
uzon luː'zɒn ⓤⓢ -'zɑːn
vov lə'vɒf ⓤⓢ -'vɑːf
wei lə'weɪ **-s** -z
y li
ote: Suffix. Does not alter the stress pattern of the stem to which it is added, e.g. **rapid** /'ræp.ɪd/, **rapidly** /'ræp.ɪd.li/.
yall 'laɪ.əl, laɪəl
ycanthrope 'laɪ.kən.θrəʊp; laɪ'kænt.θrəʊp ⓤⓢ -θroʊp **-s** -s
ycanthropic ˌlaɪ.kən'θrɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'θrɑː.pɪk
ycanthropy laɪ'kænt.θrə.pi
ycée 'liː.seɪ ⓤⓢ liː'seɪ **-s** -z
ycett 'laɪ.sɪt, -set
yceum (L) laɪ'siː.əm, 'laɪ- **-s** -z
ychee ˌlaɪ'tʃiː; 'laɪ.tʃiː, 'liː- ⓤⓢ 'liː.tʃiː **-s** -z
ychgate 'lɪtʃ.geɪt **-s** -s
ychnis 'lɪk.nɪs
yci|a 'lɪs.i|.ə, 'lɪʃ-, 'lɪʃ|.ə ⓤⓢ 'lɪʃ|.ə, -i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
ycidas 'lɪs.ɪ.dæs ⓤⓢ -dæs, -dəs
ycoming laɪ'kɒm.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'kʌm-
ycopene 'laɪ.kəʊ.piːn ⓤⓢ -koʊ-
ycopodium ˌlaɪ.kəʊ'pəʊ.di.əm ⓤⓢ -koʊ'poʊ- **-s** -z
ycra® 'laɪ.krə
ycurgus laɪ'kɜː.gəs ⓤⓢ -'kɝː-
ydall 'laɪ.dəl

Lydd lɪd
lyddite 'lɪd.aɪt
Lydekker laɪ'dek.ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Lydgate *fifteenth century poet, place in Greater Manchester:* 'lɪd.geɪt, -gɪt *place in Yorkshire:* 'lɪd.gɪt, 'lɪ.gɪt *lane in Sheffield:* 'lɪdʒ.ɪt
Lydi|a 'lɪd.i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Lydiate 'lɪd.i.ət
Lydney 'lɪd.ni
Lydon 'laɪ.dən
lye (L) laɪ
Lyell laɪəl
Lygon 'lɪg.ən
lying (*from* **lie**) 'laɪ.ɪŋ **ˌtake something ˌlying 'down**
Lyle laɪl
Lyly 'lɪl.i
Lyme laɪm **'Lyme diˌsease**
Lyme Regis ˌlaɪm'riː.dʒɪs
Lymeswold® 'laɪmz.wəʊld ⓤⓢ -woʊld
Lymington 'lɪm.ɪŋ.tən
Lymm lɪm
Lympany 'lɪm.pə.ni
lymph lɪm*p*f **-s** -s
lymphatic lɪm'fæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'fæt̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
lymphocyte 'lɪm*p*.fəʊ.saɪt ⓤⓢ -foʊ-, -fə- **-s** -s
lymphoid 'lɪm*p*.fɔɪd
lymphoma lɪm'fəʊ.mə ⓤⓢ -'foʊ- **-s** -z
Lympne lɪm
Lyn lɪn
Lynam 'laɪ.nəm
Lynas 'laɪ.nəs
lynch (L) lɪn*t*ʃ ⓤⓢ lɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Lynchburg 'lɪn*t*ʃ.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
lynchpin 'lɪntʃ.pɪn **-s** -z
Lynda 'lɪn.də
Lyndhurst 'lɪnd.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst

Lyndon 'lɪn.dən
Lyndsay, Lyndsey 'lɪn*d*.zi
Lyness 'laɪ.nɪs, -nəs, -nes
Lynette lɪ'net
Lynmouth 'lɪn.məθ
Lynn(e) lɪn
Lynton 'lɪn.tən
lynx lɪŋks **-es** -ɪz
Lyon laɪən
lyonnaise ˌlaɪə'neɪz, ˌliː.ə'-
Lyons laɪənz *French city:* 'liː.ɔ̃ːŋ, -ɒn; laɪənz *as if French:* li'ɔ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ li'õʊn
Lyr|a 'laɪə.r|ə ⓤⓢ 'laɪ- **-ae** -iː
lyrate 'laɪə.rɪt, -reɪt, -rət ⓤⓢ 'laɪ.reɪt
lyre laɪər ⓤⓢ laɪr **-s** -z
lyrebird 'laɪə.bɜːd ⓤⓢ 'laɪr.bɝːd **-s** -z
lyric (L) 'lɪr.ɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
lyricism 'lɪr.ɪ.sɪ.zəm, '-ə-
lyricist 'lɪr.ɪ.sɪst, '-ə- **-s** -s
lyrist *player on the lyre:* 'laɪə.rɪst, 'lɪr.ɪst ⓤⓢ 'laɪr.ɪst **-s** -s
lyrist *lyric poet:* 'lɪr.ɪst **-s** -s
Lysander laɪ'sæn.dər ⓤⓢ -dɚ
lysergic laɪ'sɜː.dʒɪk, lɪ- ⓤⓢ laɪ'sɝː-
Lysias 'lɪs.i.æs
Lysicrates laɪ'sɪk.rə.tiːz
Lysippus laɪ'sɪp.əs
-lysis lə.sɪs, lɪ-
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-lysis** are normally stressed on the syllable preceding the suffix, e.g. **paralysis** /pə'ræl.ə.sɪs/.
Lysistrata laɪ'sɪs.trə.tə ⓤⓢ ˌlɪs.ɪ'strɑː-; laɪ'sɪs.trə-
Lysol® 'laɪ.sɒl ⓤⓢ -sɑːl
Lystra 'lɪs.trə
Lyte laɪt
Lytham 'lɪð.əm
Lythe laɪð
Lyttelton 'lɪt.əl.tən ⓤⓢ 'lɪt̬-
Lyttle 'lɪt.əl ⓤⓢ 'lɪt̬-
Lytton 'lɪt.ən

Pronouncing the letter M

See also MN

The consonant letter **m** is always realised as /m/.

m (M) em -'s -z
m (*abbrev. for* **metre/s**) *singular:* 'miː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ *plural:* -z
ma (*mother*) mɑː -s -z
MA ˌemˈeɪ
ma'am (*abbrev. for* **madam**) mæm, mɑːm, məm, m ⓤⓢ mæm
Note: /mɑːm/, or alternatively /mæm/, is used in addressing members of the royal family.
Maas mɑːs
Maastricht 'mɑː.strɪkt, -strɪxt *as if Dutch:* mɑː'strɪxt ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.strɪkt, -strɪxt
Mab mæb
Mabel 'meɪ.bᵊl
Mabinogion ˌmæb.ɪ'nɒg.i.ɒn, -ə'-, -ən ⓤⓢ -'noʊ.gi.ɑːn, -'nɑː-, -ən
Mablethorpe 'meɪ.bᵊl.θɔːp ⓤⓢ -θɔːrp
Mabley 'mæb.li ⓤⓢ 'mæb-, 'meɪb-
Mabs mæbz
Mac mæk
mac, mack mæk -s -s
macabre mə'kɑː.brə, mæk'ɑː-, -bəʳ ⓤⓢ mə'kɑː.brə, -'kɑːb, -'kɑː.bɚ
macadam mə'kæd.əm
MacAdam mə'kæd.əm
macadamia ˌmæk.ə'deɪ.mi.ə -s -z ˌmaca'damia ˌnut
macadamization, -isa- məˌkæd.ə.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -mɪ'- ⓤⓢ -mə'-
macadamiz|e, -is|e mə'kæd.ə.maɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Macalister mə'kæl.ɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
Macan mə'kæn
Macao mə'kaʊ, mæk'aʊ ⓤⓢ mə'kaʊ
macaque mə'kɑːk, -'kæk; 'mæk.æk ⓤⓢ mə'kɑːk -s -s
macaroni ˌmæk.ᵊr'əʊ.ni ⓤⓢ -ə'roʊ- -(e)s -z *stress shift, see compound:* ˌmacaroni 'cheese
macaroon ˌmæk.ᵊr'uːn ⓤⓢ -ə'ruːn -s -z
MacArthur mə'kɑː.θəʳ ⓤⓢ -'kɑːr.θɚ
macassar (M) mə'kæs.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ ma'cassar ˌoil
Macau mə'kaʊ, mæk'aʊ ⓤⓢ mə'kaʊ
Macaulay mə'kɔː.li ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.li, -'kɔː-
Macavity mə'kæv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
MacAvoy 'mæk.ə.vɔɪ
macaw mə'kɔː ⓤⓢ -'kɑː, -'kɔː -s -z
MacBain mək'beɪn
Macbeth mək'beθ, mæk-
Note: In Scotland always /mək-/.
Maccabaeus ˌmæk.ə'biː.əs, -'beɪ- ⓤⓢ -'biː-
Maccabean ˌmæk.ə'biː.ən, -'beɪ- ⓤⓢ -'biː-
Maccabees 'mæk.ə.biːz
Maccabeus ˌmæk.ə'biː.əs, -'beɪ- ⓤⓢ -'biː-
MacCaig mə'keɪg
MacCall mə'kɔːl ⓤⓢ -'kɔːl, -'kɑːl
MacCallum mə'kæl.əm
MacCarthy mə'kɑː.θi ⓤⓢ -'kɑːr-
macchiato ˌmæk.i'ɑː.təʊ ⓤⓢ mɑː.ki.'ɑː.t̬oʊ -s -z
Macclesfield 'mæk.ᵊlz.fiːld, -ᵊls-
MacCunn mə'kʌn
MacDaire mək'dɑː.rə ⓤⓢ mək'der
MacDiarmid mək'dɜː.mɪd, -'deə- ⓤⓢ -'dɝː-
Macdonald, MacDonald mək'dɒn.ᵊld, mæk- ⓤⓢ -'dɑː.nᵊld
MacDonaugh mək'dɒn.ə ⓤⓢ -'dɑː.nə
MacDon(n)ell mək'dɒn.ᵊl ⓤⓢ -'dɑː.nᵊl
MacDougal mək'duː.gᵊl
MacDuff mək'dʌf, mæk-
Note: In Scotland always /mək-/.
mace® meɪs -s -ɪz
macedoine, macédoine ˌmæs.ɪ'dwɑːn, -ə'-, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌmæs.ɪ'dwɑːn -s -z
Macedon 'mæs.ɪ.dᵊn, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.dɑːn, -dən
Macedoni|a ˌmæs.ɪ'dəʊ.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ -ə'doʊ.ni-, '-nj|ə -an/s -ən/z
MacElder(r)y ˌmæk.ᵊl'der.i, mə'kel.dᵊr- ⓤⓢ mə'kel.dɚ-
MacElwain 'mæk.ᵊl.weɪn, mə'kel.weɪn
MacElwin 'mæk.ᵊl.wɪn
macer|ate 'mæs.ᵊr|.eɪt ⓤⓢ -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
maceration ˌmæs.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ə'reɪ- -s -z
macerator 'mæs.ᵊr.eɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.reɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
MacFarlane mək'fɑː.lən ⓤⓢ -'fɑːr-
Macfarren mək'fær.ᵊn ⓤⓢ -'fer-, -'fær-
Macgillicuddy, MacGillicuddy mə'gɪl.i.kʌd.i; 'mæg.li-, 'mæk.ɪl- ⓤⓢ mə'gɪl.i-
Note: **Macgillicuddy's Reeks** is pronounced /məˌgɪl.i.kʌd.iz'riːks/.
Macgregor, MacGregor mə'greg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Mach mæk, mɑːk ⓤⓢ mɑːk, mæk
Machakos mə'tʃɑː.kɒs ⓤⓢ -kɑːs
Macheath mək'hiːθ ⓤⓢ mæk-, mək-
Machen 'meɪ.tʃɪn, -tʃən; 'mæk.ɪn *as if Welsh:* 'mæx- ⓤⓢ 'mæk.ɪn
machete mə'tʃet.i, mæt'ʃet-, -'eɪ.ti ⓤⓢ mə'tʃet̬.i -s -z
Machiavelli ˌmæk.i.ə'vel.i, ˌ-jə'-
Machiavellian ˌmæk.i.ə'vel.i.ən, ˌmæk.jə- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
machico|late mə'tʃɪk.əʊ|.leɪt, mætʃ'ɪk- ⓤⓢ mə'tʃɪk.oʊ-, '-ə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
machicolation məˌtʃɪk.əʊ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, mætʃˌɪk- ⓤⓢ məˌtʃɪk.oʊ'-, -ə'- -s -z
Machin 'meɪ.tʃɪn
machi|nate 'mæk.ɪ|.neɪt, 'mæʃ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə|.neɪt -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd -nator/s -neɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɚ/s
machination ˌmæk.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌmæʃ-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- -s -z
machin|e mə'ʃiːn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ma'chine ˌcode; ma'chine ˌtool
machine-gun mə'ʃiːn.gʌn, -'ʃiːŋ,- ⓤⓢ -'ʃiːn,- -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d -ner/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
machine-made mə'ʃiːn.meɪd
machine-readable məˌʃiːn'riː.də.bᵊl *stress shift:* maˌchine-readable 'dictionary
machiner|y mə'ʃiː.nᵊr.i -ies -ɪz
machine-washable məˌʃiːn'wɒʃ.ə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -'wɑː.ʃə- *stress shift:* maˌchine-washable 'wool
machinist mə'ʃiː.nɪst -s -s
machismo mætʃ'ɪz.məʊ, mə'tʃɪz-, -'kɪz- ⓤⓢ mɑː'tʃiːz.moʊ, mə'kɪz-
macho 'mætʃ.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.tʃoʊ -s -z
macho-|man 'mætʃ.əʊ|ˌmæn ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.tʃoʊ- -men -men
Machu Picchu ˌmɑː.tʃuː'piːk.tʃuː
Machynlleth mə'kʌn.*h*ləθ
MacIlwain 'mæk.ᵊl.weɪn, -ɪl-
MacIlwraith 'mæk.ɪl.reɪθ
Macindoe, MacIndoe 'mæk.ɪn.dəʊ, -ᵊn- ⓤⓢ -doʊ
MacInnes, MacInnis mə'kɪn.ɪs
macintosh® 'mæk.ɪn.tɒʃ ⓤⓢ -tɑːʃ -es -ɪz
MacIntyre 'mæk.ɪn.taɪəʳ, -ᵊn- ⓤⓢ -taɪɚ
MacIver mə'kaɪ.vəʳ, -'kɪv.əʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ
MacIvor mə'kaɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ
Mack mæk
Mackay(e), MacKay(e) mə'kaɪ, mə'keɪ
Note: /mə'keɪ/ mainly in U.S.A.
Mackenzie mə'ken.zi
mackerel 'mæk.rᵊl, 'mæk.ᵊr.ᵊl -s -z
Mackerras mə'ker.əs
Mackeson 'mæk.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-
Mackie 'mæk.i
Mackin 'mæk.ɪn
mackinaw 'mæk.ɪ.nɔː ⓤⓢ -nɑː, -nɔː -s -z
Mackinlay, Mackinley mə'kɪn.li
mackintosh (M) 'mæk.ɪn.tɒʃ ⓤⓢ -tɑːʃ -es -ɪz
Mackowie, MacKowie mə'kaʊ.i
MacLachlan mə'klɒk.lən, -'klɒx-, -'klæk-, -'klæx- ⓤⓢ -'klɑː.klən
MacLagan mə'klæg.ᵊn ⓤⓢ mək'lɑː.ken, -'glɑː.kən

MacLaglan məˈklæɡ.lən (US) -ˈklæɡ-, -ˈklɑːɡ-
Maclaren məˈklær.ən (US) -ˈkler-, -ˈklær-
MacLaverty məˈklæv.ə.ti (US) -ɚ.t̬i
Maclean məˈkleɪn, -ˈkliːn (US) -ˈkliːn
Macleans® məˈkliːnz
MacLeish məˈkliːʃ
MacLeod məˈklaʊd
Maclise məˈkliːs
MacManus məkˈmæn.əs, -ˈmeɪ.nəs
Macmillan məkˈmɪl.ən, mæk-
Macmorran məkˈmɒr.ən, mæk- (US) -ˈmɔːr-
MacNab məkˈnæb
Macnamara ˌmæk.nəˈmɑː.rə (US) ˈmæk.nə.mer.ə, -mær-
MacNaught məkˈnɔːt (US) -ˈnɑːt, -ˈnɔːt
MacNeice məkˈniːs
Mâcon ˈmɑː.kɔ̃ːŋ, ˈmæk.ɔ̃ːŋ, -ɒn, -ən (US) mɑːˈkoʊn
Macon ˈmeɪ.kən
Maconchy məˈkɒŋ.ki (US) -ˈkɑːŋ-, -ˈkɔːŋ-
Maconochie məˈkɒn.ə.ki, -xi (US) -ˈkɑː.nə-
MacPhee məkˈfiː
MacPherson, Macpherson məkˈfɜː.sən, mæk-, -ˈfɪə- (US) -ˈfɝː-, -ˈfɪr-
Macquarie məˈkwɒr.i (US) -ˈkwɑːr-, -ˈkwɔːr-
macrame, macramé məˈkrɑː.meɪ, -mi (US) ˈmæk.rə.meɪ
Macready məˈkriː.di
macro- ˈmæk.rəʊ (US) ˈmæk.roʊ, -rə
macro ˈmæk.rəʊ (US) -roʊ -s -z
macrobiotic ˌmæk.rəʊ.baɪˈɒt.ɪk (US) -roʊ.baɪˈɑː.t̬ɪk, -rə- -s -s
macroclimate ˈmæk.rəʊˌklaɪ.mɪt, -mət (US) -roʊ,- -s -s
macroclimatic ˌmæk.rəʊ.klaɪˈmæt.ɪk (US) -roʊ.klaɪˈmæt̬-, -rə-
macrocosm ˈmæk.rəʊˌkɒz.əm (US) -roʊˌkɑː.zəm, -rə- -s -z
macroeconomic ˌmæk.rəʊ.iː.kəˈnɒm.ɪk, -ek.əˈ- (US) -roʊˌek.əˈnɑː.mɪk, -ˌiː.kəˈ- -s -s
macron ˈmæk.rɒn (US) ˈmeɪ.krɑːn, ˈmæk.rɑːn, -rən -s -z
macrophag|e ˈmæk.rəʊ.feɪdʒ (US) -roʊ- -es -ɪz
macrophagic ˌmæk.rəʊˈfeɪ.dʒɪk (US) -roʊˈfædʒ.ɪk
macroscopic ˌmæk.rəʊˈskɒp.ɪk (US) -roʊˈskɑː.pɪk -al -əl
Macrow məˈkrəʊ (US) -ˈkroʊ
MacSwiney məkˈswiː.ni, -ˈswɪn-
MacTavish məkˈtæv.ɪʃ
macul|a ˈmæk.jʊ.l|ə, -jə- (US) -jə-, -juː- -as -əz -ae -iː
Macy ˈmeɪ.si **Macy's®** ˈmeɪ.siz
mad mæd -**der** -əʳ (US) -ɚ -**dest** -ɪst, -əst -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs **as ˌmad as a ˈhatter; ˌmad ˈcow diˌsease**
Madagasc|ar ˌmæd.əˈɡæs.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ -**an/s** -ən/z

madam ˈmæd.əm -**s** -z
madame (M) ˈmæd.əm, məˈdæm, -ˈdɑːm -**s** -z
Madan ˈmæd.ən, ˈmeɪ.dən
madcap ˈmæd.kæp -**s** -s
Maddalo ˈmæd.əl.əʊ (US) -oʊ
madden (M) ˈmæd.ən -**s** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
madder ˈmæd.əʳ (US) -ɚ -**s** -z
Maddie ˈmæd.i
madding ˈmæd.ɪŋ
Maddison ˈmæd.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə-
Maddox ˈmæd.əks
made (*from* **make**) meɪd
Madeira məˈdɪə.rə (US) -ˈdɪr.ə -**s** -z **Maˈdeira ˌcake**
Madejski məˈdeɪ.ski, mædˈeɪ-
Madeleine ˈmæd.əl.ɪn, -eɪn
Madeley ˈmeɪd.li
Madeline ˈmæd.əl.ɪn, -eɪn
mademoiselle (M) ˌmæd.ə.mwəˈzel, ˌmæm.wəˈ-, ˌmæmˈzel (US) ˌmæd.ə.məˈ-, ˌmæmˈ- -**s** -z
made-to-measure ˌmeɪd.təˈmeʒ.əʳ (US) -ɚ *stress shift:* ˌmade-to-measure ˈsuit
made-to-order ˌmeɪd.tuˈɔː.dəʳ (US) -ˈɔːr.dɚ *stress-shift:* ˌmade-to-order ˈsuit
Madge mædʒ
madhou|se ˈmæd.haʊ|s -**ses** -zɪz
Madhya Pradesh ˌmʌd.jə.prɑːˈdeʃ, ˌmɑːd- (US) -ˈprɑː.deʃ
Madingley ˈmæd.ɪŋ.li
Madison ˈmæd.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə- **ˌMadison ˈAvenue**
mad|man ˈmæd|.mən (US) -mən, -mæn -**men** -mən, -men -**woman** -ˌwʊm.ən -**women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Madoc ˈmæd.ək
madonna (M) məˈdɒn.ə (US) -ˈdɑː.nə -**s** -z
Madras *in India:* məˈdrɑːs, -dræs
madras *fabric:* ˈmæd.rəs (US) ˈmæd.rəs, məˈdræs, -ˈdrɑːs
madrepore ˌmæd.rɪˈpɔːʳ, -rəˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˈmæd.rə.pɔːr -**s** -z
Madrid məˈdrɪd
madrigal ˈmæd.rɪ.ɡəl, -rə- -**s** -z
madrigalist ˈmæd.rɪ.ɡəl.ɪst, -rə- -**s** -s
Madura məˈdjʊə.rə, -ˈdʒʊə-, -ˈdʊə- (US) mɑːˈdʊr.ə
madwort ˈmæd.wɜːt (US) -wɝːt, -wɔːrt
Mae meɪ
Maecenas maɪˈsiː.næs, miːˈ-, -nəs (US) miːˈ-, mɪ-
maelstrom (M) ˈmeɪl.strɒm, -strəʊm (US) -strəm -**s** -z
maenad ˈmiː.næd -**s** -z
Maerdy ˈmɑː.di, ˈmeə- (US) ˈmɑːr-, ˈmer-
Maesteg ˌmaɪˈsteɪɡ
maestoso ˌmɑː.esˈtəʊ.zəʊ, maɪˈstəʊ-, -səʊ (US) maɪˈstoʊ.zoʊ
maestr|o (M®) ˈmaɪ.str|əʊ (US) -str|oʊ -**os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz -**i** -i
Maeterlinck ˈmeɪ.tə.lɪŋk (US) ˈmeɪ.tɚ-, ˈmet.ɚ-

Maev(e) meɪv
Mae West ˌmeɪˈwest -**s** -s
Mafeking ˈmæf.ɪ.kɪŋ, ˈ-ə-
MAFF, Maff mæf
maffick ˈmæf.ɪk -**s** -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t -**er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
mafia (M) ˈmæf.i.ə, ˈmɑː.fi- (US) ˈmɑː.fi-
Mafikeng ˈmæf.ɪ.keŋ, ˈ-ə-
mafios|o (M) ˌmæf.iˈəʊ.s|əʊ, ˌmɑː.fiˈ-, -z|əʊ (US) ˌmɑː.fiˈoʊ.s|oʊ -**os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz -**i** -iː
mag (M) mæɡ -**s** -z
magalog ˈmæɡ.ə.lɒɡ (US) -lɑːɡ -**s** -z
Magan ˈmeɪ.ɡən, məˈɡæn
magazine ˌmæɡ.əˈziːn, ˈ--- (US) ˈmæɡ.ə.ziːn, ˌ--ˈ- -**s** -z
Note: The stressing /ˈ---/ is usual in the north of England, but uncommon in the south.
Magdala ˈmæɡ.dəl.ə, ˌmæɡˈdɑː.lə (US) ˈmæɡ.dəl.ə
Magdalen *biblical name, modern first name, Canadian islands:* ˈmæɡ.dəl.ɪn, -ən (US) -ən, -ɪn *Oxford college and bridge:* ˈmɔːd.lɪn (US) ˈmɑːd-, ˈmɔːd- *Oxford street:* ˈmæɡ.dəl.ɪn, -ən (US) -ən, -ɪn
Magdalene *biblical name:* ˌmæɡ.dəˈliː.ni; ˈmæɡ.dəl.iːn, -ɪn (US) ˈmæɡ.dəl.iːn, -ən, -ɪn; ˌmæɡ.dəˈliː.nə *modern first name:* ˈmæɡ.dəl.iːn, -ɪn (US) -iːn, -ən, -ɪn *Cambridge college and street:* ˈmɔːd.lɪn (US) ˈmɑːd-, ˈmɔːd-
Magdalenian ˌmæɡ.dəlˈiː.ni.ən
Magdeburg ˈmæɡ.də.bɜːɡ, ˈ-dɪ- (US) ˈmæɡ.də.bɝːɡ, ˈmɑːɡ.də.bʊrɡ
mag|e meɪdʒ -**es** -ɪz
Magee məˈɡiː
Magellan məˈɡel.ən (US) -ˈdʒel-
magenta (M) məˈdʒen.tə (US) -t̬ə
Maggie ˈmæɡ.i
Maggiore ˌmædʒˈɔː.reɪ, -ri; ˌ-iˈ-, məˈdʒɔː- (US) məˈdʒɔːr.i
magg|ot ˈmæɡ|.ət -**ots** -əts -**oty** -ə.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Maghera ˌmæk.əˈrɑː, ˌmæ.həˈ-
Magherafelt ˌmæk.ər.əˈfelt, ˌmæ.hər-
Maghreb, Maghrib ˈmɑː.ɡreb, ˈmʌɡ.reb, ˈmæɡ.reb, -rɪb, -rəb; məˈɡreb, mɑː- (US) ˈmʌɡ.rəb
Maghull məˈɡʌl
Magi (*plur. of* **Magus**) ˈmeɪ.dʒaɪ, -ɡaɪ (US) -dʒaɪ
magic ˈmædʒ.ɪk -**al** -əl -**ally** -əl.i, -li **ˌmagic ˈcarpet; ˌmagic ˈeye; ˌmagic ˈlantern; ˌmagic ˈmushroom; ˌmagic ˈwand**
magician məˈdʒɪʃ.ən -**s** -z
Maginot ˈmæʒ.ɪ.nəʊ, ˈmædʒ-, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.noʊ **ˈMaginot ˌLine**
magisterial ˌmædʒ.ɪˈstɪə.ri.əl, -əˈ- (US) -ɪˈstɪr.i- -**ly** -i
magistrac|y ˈmædʒ.ɪ.strə.s|i, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- -**ies** -iz
magistral məˈdʒɪs.trəl, mædʒˈɪs-; ˈmædʒ.ɪ.strəl, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈmædʒ.ɪ.strəl

magistrate 'mædʒ.ɪ.streɪt, '-ə-, -strɪt, -strət (US) -ɪ.streɪt, -strɪt **-s** -s
magistrature 'mædʒ.ɪ.strə.tʃəʳ, '-ə-, -ˌtjʊəʳ, -ˌtʃʊəʳ (US) -ɪ.streɪ.tʃɚ, -strə.tʃʊr **-s** -z
magma 'mæg.mə
magmatic mæg'mæt.ɪk (US) -'mæṭ-
Magna Carta ˌmæg.nə'kɑː.tə (US) -'kɑːr.ṭə
magna cum laude ˌmæg.nɑː.kʊm'laʊ.deɪ
magnanimity ˌmæg.nə'nɪm.ə.ti, -næn'ɪm-, -ɪ.ti (US) -nə'nɪm.ə.ṭi
magnanimous mæg'næn.ɪ.məs, məg- (US) mæg'næn.ə- **-ly** -li
magnate 'mæg.neɪt, -nɪt **-s** -s
magnesia *substance:* mæg'niː.zi.ə, məg-, '-si.ə, -ʒi.ə, -ʒə (US) mæg'niː.ʒə, -ʃə
Magnesia *city:* mæg'niː.zi.ə, -ʒi.ə, -ʒə (US) -zi.ə, -ʒi.ə, -ʒə, -ʃə
magnesium mæg'niː.zi.əm, məg-, -si-, -ʒi- (US) mæg'niː.zi-, -ʒi-, '-ʒᵊm
magnet 'mæg.nət, -nɪt **-s** -s
magnetic mæg'net.ɪk, məg- (US) mæg'neṭ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **magˌnetic 'field; magˌnetic 'north; magˌnetic 'storm; magˌnetic 'tape**
magnetism 'mæg.nə.tɪ.zᵊm, -nɪ- (US) -ṭɪ-
magnetiz|e, -is|e 'mæg.nə.taɪz, -nɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
magneto mæg'niː.təʊ, məg- (US) mæg'niː.ṭoʊ **-s** -z
magnetron 'mæg.nə.trɒn, -nɪ- (US) -trɑːn **-s** -z
Magnificat mæg'nɪf.ɪ.kæt, məg-, '-ə- (US) mæg'nɪf-; mɑː'njɪ.fɪ.kɑːt **-s** -s
magnification ˌmæg.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -nə- **-s** -z
magnificence mæg'nɪf.ɪ.sᵊnts, məg-, '-ə- (US) mæg-
magnificent mæg'nɪf.ɪ.sᵊnt, məg-, '-ə- (US) mæg- **-ly** -li
magnifico mæg'nɪf.ɪ.kəʊ, '-ə- (US) -koʊ **-(e)s** -z
magni|fy 'mæg.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl **'magnifying ˌglass**
magniloquen|ce mæg'nɪl.ə.kwən|ts **-t** -t
magnitude 'mæg.nɪ.tjuːd, -nə-, -tʃuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
magnolia mæg'nəʊ.li.ə, məg- (US) mæg'noʊl.jə, -'noʊ.li.ə **-s** -z
Magnox 'mæg.nɒks (US) -nɑːks
magnum 'mæg.nəm **-s** -z
magnum bonum ˌmæg.nəm'bəʊ.nəm, -'bɒn.əm (US) -'boʊ.nəm **-s** -z
magnum opus ˌmæg.nəm'əʊ.pəs, -'ɒp.əs (US) -'oʊ.pəs
Magnus 'mæg.nəs
Magnyficence mæg'nɪf.ɪ.sᵊnts, '-ə-
Magog 'meɪ.gɒg (US) -gɑːg, -gɔːg
magpie 'mæg.paɪ **-s** -z
Magrath mə'grɑː, -'grɑːθ, -'græθ (US) -'græθ
Magritte mæg'riːt, mə'griːt (US) mɑː'griːt
Magruder mə'gruː.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
Maguiness mə'gɪn.ɪs, -əs
Maguire mə'gwaɪəʳ (US) -'gwaɪɚ
ma|gus (M) 'meɪ|.gəs **-gi** -dʒaɪ, -gaɪ (US) -dʒaɪ
Magwitch 'mæg.wɪtʃ
Magyar 'mæg.jɑːʳ (US) -jɑːr **-s** -z
Mahabharata məˌhɑː'bɑː.rə.tə, ˌmɑː.hə'- (US) məˌhɑː'bɑːr.ə-, ˌmɑː-, -'rɑː.tɑː
Mahaffy mə'hæf.i
Mahan mə'hæn; mɑːn (US) mə'hæn
Mahany 'mɑː.ni
maharaja(h) ˌmɑː.*h*ə'rɑː.dʒə (US) -hə'- **-s** -z
maharani, maharanee ˌmɑː.*h*ə'rɑː.ni (US) -hə'- **-s** -z
Maharashtra ˌmɑː.*h*ə'ræʃ.trə, -'rɑːʃ- (US) -hɑː'rɑːʃ-
maharishi (M) ˌmɑː.*h*ə'riː.ʃi (US) -hə'- **-s** -z
mahatma (M) mə'hɑːt.mə, -'hæt- **-s** -z
Mahayana məˌhɑː'jɑː.nə, ˌmɑː.hə'- (US) ˌmɑː.hə'-
Mahdi 'mɑː.diː, -di **-s** -z
Mahé 'mɑː.*h*eɪ (US) mɑː'heɪ
Mahican mə'*h*iː.kᵊn, mɑː- **-s** -z
mah-jong(g) ˌmɑː'dʒɒŋ (US) -'dʒɔːŋ, -'dʒɑːŋ, -'ʒɔːŋ, -'ʒɑːŋ
Mahler 'mɑː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
mahlstick 'mɔːl.stɪk (US) 'mɑːl-, 'mɔːl- **-s** -s
Mahmud mɑː'muːd
mahogany mə'hɒg.ᵊn.i (US) -'hɑː.gᵊn-
Mahomet, Mahomed mə'hɒm.ɪt, -et (US) mə'hɑː.mɪt
Mahometan mə'hɒm.ɪ.tᵊn, '-ə- (US) -'hɑː.mə.ṭən **-s** -z
Mahommed mə'hɒm.ɪd, -ed (US) -'hɑː.mɪd
Mahommedan mə'hɒm.ɪ.dᵊn (US) -'hɑː.mə- **-s** -z
Mahon mɑːn; 'mæ.hən; mə'huːn, -'həʊn (US) mæn; mə'hoʊn, -'huːn
mahonia mə'həʊ.ni.ə, mɑː- (US) mə'hoʊ- **-s** -z
Mahon(e)y 'mɑː.ə.nɪ, 'mɑː.ni, mə'həʊ.ni (US) mə'hoʊ.ni
mahout mə'haʊt, mɑː-, -'huːt (US) mə'hoʊt **-s** -s
Mahratta mə'ræt.ə (US) -'rɑː.ṭə **-s** -z
Maia 'maɪ.ə, 'meɪ-
maid meɪd **-s** -z
Maida 'meɪ.də
maidan (M) maɪ'dɑːn, mæd'ɑːn **-s** -z
maiden 'meɪ.dᵊn **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**maiden 'name**
maidenhair 'meɪ.dᵊn.heəʳ (US) -her **-s** -z
maidenhead (M) 'meɪ.dᵊn.hed
maidenhood 'meɪ.dᵊn.hʊd
Maidens 'meɪ.dᵊnz
maid-servant 'meɪdˌsɜː.vᵊnt (US) -ˌsɝː- **-s** -s
Maidstone 'meɪd.stᵊn, -stəʊn (US) -stoʊn, -stᵊn
maieutic meɪ'uː.tɪk, maɪ- (US) -'juː.ṭɪk
Maigret 'meɪ.greɪ (US) ˌ-'-
mail meɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'mail ˌdrop; 'mailing ˌlist**
mailbag 'meɪl.bæg **-s** -z
mailbox 'meɪl.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
Mailer 'meɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
Mailgram® 'meɪl.græm
Maillard 'meɪ.ləd (US) -lɚd
mail|man 'meɪl|.mæn **-men** -men, -mən
mail-order ˌmeɪl'ɔː.dəʳ (US) 'meɪlˌɔːr.dɚ *stress shift, British English:* ˌmail-order 'catalogue
mailroom 'meɪl.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
mailshot 'meɪl.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt **-s** -s
maim meɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
main meɪn **-s** -z ˌ**main 'drag;** ˌ**main 'line; 'Main ˌStreet**
Main *German river:* maɪn, meɪn
mainbrac|e 'meɪn.breɪs, 'meɪm- (US) 'meɪn- **-es** -ɪz
Maine meɪn
mainframe 'meɪn.freɪm **-s** -z
mainland 'meɪn.lənd, -lænd
Mainland 'meɪn.lænd
mainlin|e 'meɪn.laɪn, ˌ-'- (US) '-- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
mainly 'meɪn.li
mainmast 'meɪn.mɑːst, 'meɪm- (US) 'meɪn.mæst *nautical pronunciation:* -məst **-s** -s
mainsail 'meɪn.seɪl *nautical pronunciation:* -sᵊl **-s** -z
mainspring 'meɪn.sprɪŋ **-s** -z
mainstay 'meɪn.steɪ **-s** -z
mainstream 'meɪn.striːm, ˌ-'- (US) '--
mainstreaming 'meɪnˌstriː.mɪŋ
maintain meɪn'teɪn, mən-, men- (US) meɪn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
maintenance 'meɪn.tᵊn.ənts, -tɪ.nənts (US) -tᵊn.ənts
Mainwaring *surname:* 'mæn.ᵊr.ɪŋ *in Wales:* 'meɪn.wə.rɪŋ, -weə-; ˌmeɪn'weə- (US) 'meɪn.wɚ.ɪŋ, -wer-; ˌmeɪn'wer-
Mainz maɪnts
Maisie 'meɪ.zi
maisonette ˌmeɪ.zᵊn'et, -sᵊn'- **-s** -s
Maitland 'meɪt.lənd
maître d', maitre d' ˌmeɪ.trə'diː, ˌmet.rə'- (US) ˌmeɪ.trə'-, -ṭɚ'- **-s** -z
maître(s) d'hôtel ˌmeɪ.trə.dəʊ'tel, ˌmet.rə- (US) ˌmeɪ.trə.doʊ'-, -ṭɚ-
maize meɪz
majestic (M) mə'dʒes.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
majest|y (M) 'mædʒ.ə.st|i, '-ɪ- **-ies** -iz
majolica mə'jɒl.ɪ.kə, -'dʒɒl- (US) -'dʒɑː.lɪ-
maj|or (M) 'meɪ.dʒ|əʳ (US) -dʒ|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
Majorca mə'jɔː.kə, maɪ'ɔː-, -'dʒɔː- (US) -'jɔːr-, -'dʒɔːr-

ajordomo ˌmeɪ.dʒəˈdəʊ.məʊ US -dʒɚˈdoʊ.moʊ -s -z
ajorette ˌmeɪ.dʒəˈret -s -s
ajor-general ˌmeɪ.dʒəˈdʒen.ər.əl, ˈ-rəl US -dʒɚˈ- -s -z
ajorit|y məˈdʒɒr.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -ˈdʒɔːr.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
ajor-league ˌmeɪ.dʒəˈliːg US ˌmeɪ.dʒɚˈliːg *stress shift:* ˌmajor-league ˈplayer
ajuscule ˈmædʒ.ə.skjuːl US məˈdʒʌs.kjuːl; ˈmædʒ.ə.skjuːl -s -z
akarios məˈkɑː.ri.ɒs, -ˈkær.i- US məˈkɑːr.i.oʊs, -ˈkær.i-, -ɑːs, -əs
ak|e meɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ made meɪd maker/s ˈmeɪ.kər/z US -kɚ/z
akeba məˈkeɪ.bə
ake-believe ˈmeɪk.bɪˌliːv, -bəˌ-, ˌ--ˈ-
akeham ˈmeɪ.kəm
ake-or-break ˌmeɪk.ɔːˈbreɪk US -ɔːrˈ-, -ɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌmake-or-break ˈdeal
akeover ˈmeɪkˌəʊ.vər US -ˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
akepeace ˈmeɪk.piːs
akerere məˈker.ər.i
akeshift ˈmeɪk.ʃɪft
ake-up ˈmeɪk.ʌp -s -s
akeweight ˈmeɪk.weɪt -s -s
akings ˈmeɪ.kɪŋz
akins ˈmeɪ.kɪnz
akower məˈkaʊər US -ˈkaʊɚ
akuta (*plur.*) mɑːˈkuː.tɑː
akuta (*plur. of* **likuta**) mɑːˈkuː.tɑː
al- mæl
ote: Prefix. In verbs or adjectives, **mal-** usually carries secondary stress, e.g. **malfunction** /ˌmælˈfʌŋk.ʃən/, **maladjusted** /ˌmæl.əˈdʒʌs.tɪd/. Nouns containing **mal-** normally carry stress on the first syllable, e.g. **malcontent** /ˈmæl.kən.tent/. Exceptions exist: see individual entries.
alabar ˈmæl.ə.bɑːr, ˌ--ˈ- US ˈmæl.ə.bɑːr
alabo məˈlɑː.bəʊ US -boʊ; ˈmæl.ə-
alabsorption ˌmæl.əbˈzɔːp.ʃən, -ˈsɔːp- US -ˈsɔːrp-, -ˈzɔːrp-
alacca məˈlæk.ə US -ˈlæk-, -ˈlɑː.kə
alachi ˈmæl.ə.kaɪ
alachite ˈmæl.ə.kaɪt
aladjusted ˌmæl.əˈdʒʌs.tɪd *stress shift:* ˌmaladjusted ˈperson
aladjustment ˌmæl.əˈdʒʌst.mənt -s -s
aladministration ˌmæl.ədˌmɪn.ɪˈstreɪ.ʃən US -əˈ-
aladroit ˌmæl.əˈdrɔɪt, ˈ--- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌmaladroit ˈtactics
alad|y ˈmæl.ə.d|i -ies -iz
ala fide ˌmeɪ.ləˈfaɪ.di, ˌmæl.əˈfɪd.i, -eɪ US ˌmeɪ.ləˈfiː.di, ˌmæl.əˈfiː.deɪ
alaga, Málaga ˈmæl.ə.gə US ˈmɑː.lɑː.gɑː, ˈmæl.ə.gə

Malagasy ˌmæl.əˈgæs.i, -ˈgɑː.zi US -ˈgæs.i
Malahide ˈmæl.ə.haɪd
malaise məˈleɪz, mælˈeɪz
Malamud ˈmæl.ə.mʊd US -məd, -mʊd
Malan *English surname:* ˈmæl.ən *South African name:* məˈlæn, -ˈlɑːn
malaprop (M) ˈmæl.ə.prɒp US -prɑːp -s -s
malapropism ˈmæl.ə.prɒp.ɪ.zəm US -prɑː.pɪ- -s -z
malapropos ˌmælˌæp.rəˈpəʊ, ˌ-ˈ--- US ˌmæl.æp.rəˈpoʊ
malari|a məˈleə.ri|.ə US -ˈler.i- -al -əl -an -ən
malark(e)y məˈlɑː.ki US -ˈlɑːr-
Malawi məˈlɑː.wi US mɑː-, mə- -an/s -ən/z
Malay məˈleɪ US ˈmeɪ.leɪ, məˈleɪ -s -z
Malay|a məˈleɪ|.ə -an/s -ən/z
Malayalam ˌmæl.iˈɑː.ləm, -eɪˈ-; -əˈjɑː- US ˌmæl.əˈjɑː.ləm
Malaysi|a məˈleɪ.zi|.ə, -ʒi-, ˈ-ʒ|ə US -ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə -an/s -ən/z
Malchus ˈmæl.kəs
Malcolm ˈmæl.kəm
malcontent ˈmæl.kənˌtent -s -s
Malden ˈmɔːl.dən, ˈmɒl- US ˈmɔːl-, ˈmɑːl-
Maldive ˈmɔːl.diːv, ˈmɒl-, -dɪv, -daɪv US ˈmæl.daɪv, ˈmɑːl-, -diːv -s -z
Maldivian mɔːlˈdɪv.i.ən, mɒl-, mɑːl- US mælˈdaɪ.vi-, mɑːl-, -ˈdiː- -s -z
Maldon ˈmɔːl.dən, ˈmɒl- US ˈmɔːl-, ˈmɑːl-
male meɪl -s -z -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**male ˈchauvinist**; ˌ**male ˌchauvinist ˈpig**
Malé ˈmɑː.liː, -leɪ US -liː
malediction ˌmæl.ɪˈdɪk.ʃən, -əˈ- US -əˈ- -s -z
maledictory ˌmæl.ɪˈdɪk.tər.i, -əˈ- US -əˈ-
malefaction ˌmæl.ɪˈfæk.ʃən, -əˈ- US -əˈ- -s -z
malefactor ˈmæl.ɪ.fæk.tər, ˈ-ə- US -ə.fæk.tɚ -s -z
malefic məˈlef.ɪk
maleficen|ce məˈlef.ɪ.sən|ts, mælˈef- US məˈlef.ə- -t -t
Malet ˈmæl.ɪt
malevolence məˈlev.əl.ənts, mælˈev- US məˈlev-
malevolent məˈlev.əl.ənt, mælˈev- US məˈlev- -ly -li
malfeasance mælˈfiː.zənts
Malfi ˈmæl.fi
malformation ˌmæl.fɔːˈmeɪ.ʃən, -fəˈ- US -fɔːrˈ- -s -z
malformed ˌmælˈfɔːmd US -ˈfɔːrmd
malfunction ˌmælˈfʌŋk.ʃən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Malham ˈmæl.əm
Mali ˈmɑː.li
Malibu ˈmæl.ɪ.buː, ˈ-ə-
malic ˈmæl.ɪk, ˈmeɪ-
malice ˈmæl.ɪs

malicious məˈlɪʃ.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Malick ˈmæl.ɪk
malign məˈlaɪn -ly -li -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z US -ɚ/z
malignancy məˈlɪg.nənt.si
malignant məˈlɪg.nənt -ly -li
malignity məˈlɪg.nə.ti, -nɪ- US -nə.t̬i
Malik ˈmæl.ɪk
Malin ˈmæl.ɪn, ˈmeɪ.lɪn
Malines mælˈiːn
maling|er məˈlɪŋ.g|ər US -g|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ər.ər/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
Malins ˈmeɪ.lɪnz, ˈmæl.ɪnz
malkin ˈmɔː.kɪn, ˈmɔːl-, ˈmɒl- US ˈmɔː-, ˈmɔːl- -s -z
Malkin ˈmæl.kɪn
Malkovich ˈmæl.kə.vɪtʃ
mall mɔːl, mæl US mɔːl, mɑːl -s -z
Mall (*in* **The Mall, Chiswick Mall, Pall Mall**) mæl
mallard (M) ˈmæl.ɑːd, -ləd US -ɚd -s -z
Mallarmé ˈmæl.ɑː.meɪ US ˌmæl.ɑːrˈmeɪ
Malle mæl, mɑːl US mɑːl
malleability ˌmæl.i.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌmæl.əˈbɪl-, -ɪ.ti US ˌmæl.i.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
malleable ˈmæl.i.ə.bəl, ˈ-ə.bəl US ˈ-i.ə- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mallee ˈmæl.i
malleolar məˈliː.ə.lər US -lɚ
malleo|lus məˈliː.ə|.ləs -li -laɪ
mallet (M) ˈmæl.ɪt, -ət -s -s
Mallett ˈmæl.ɪt, -ət
malle|us ˈmæl.i|.əs -i -aɪ
Malling ˈmɔː.lɪŋ US ˈmɔː-, ˈmɑː-
Mallon ˈmæl.ən
Mallorca məˈjɔː.kə, -ˈljɔː-, -ˈlɔː- US mɑːˈjɔːr.kɑː, mɑːl-, mə-, -kə
Mallory ˈmæl.ər.i
mallow (M) ˈmæl.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z
Malmaison ˌmælˈmeɪ.zɔ̃ːŋ, -zɒn, ˌ--ˈ- US -ˈzɑːn, -ˈzɔ̃ːn -s -z
Malmesbury ˈmɑːmz.bər.i US -ber-, -bɚ-
Malmö ˈmæl.məʊ, -mɜː US -moʊ
malmsey (M) ˈmɑːm.zi
malnourished ˌmælˈnʌr.ɪʃt US -ˈnɝː-
malnutrition ˌmæl.njuːˈtrɪ.ʃən US -nuːˈ-
malodor ˌmælˈəʊ.dər US -ˈoʊ.dɚ -s -z
malodorous ˌmælˈəʊ.dər.əs US -ˈoʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Malone məˈləʊn US -ˈloʊn
Maloney məˈləʊ.ni US -ˈloʊ-
Malory ˈmæl.ər.i
Malpas *near Truro:* ˈməʊ.pəs US ˈmoʊ- *in Gwent:* ˈmæl.pəs *in Cheshire:* ˈmɔːl.pəs, ˈmɔː-, ˈmæl-
Note: Viscount Malpas pronounces /ˈmɔːl.pəs/.
Malpighi mælˈpiː.gi US mɑːl-, mæl-
Malpighian mælˈpɪg.i.ən, -ˈpiː.gi- US mɑːlˈpɪg.i-, mæl- **Malˌpighian ˈlayer**
Malplaquet ˈmæl.plə.keɪ, ˌ--ˈ- US ˌmæl.plækˈeɪ, -pləˈkeɪ

malpractic|e ˌmælˈpræk.tɪs **-es** -ɪz
Malraux ˈmæl.rəʊ Ⓤⓢ ˈmæl.roʊ, mɑːlˈroʊ
mal|t mɔːl|t, mɒl|t Ⓤⓢ mɔːl|t, mɑːl|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd ˌ**malted ˈmilk**
Malta ˈmɔːl.tə, ˈmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl.t̬ə, ˈmɑːl-
maltase ˈmɔːl.teɪz, ˈmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl.teɪs, ˈmɑːl-
Maltby ˈmɔːlt.bi, ˈmɒlt- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːlt-, ˈmɑːlt-
Maltese ˌmɔːlˈtiːz, ˌmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˌmɔːlˈtiːz, ˌmɑːl-, -ˈtiːs *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**Maltese ˈcross;** ˌ**Maltese ˈfalcon**
Maltesers® mɔːlˈtiː.zəz, mɒl- Ⓤⓢ mɔːlˈtiː.zɚz, mɑːl-
Malthus ˈmæl.θəs
Malthusian mælˈθjuː.zi.ən, mɔːl-, mɒl-, -ˈθuː- Ⓤⓢ mælˈθuː.ʒən, -zi.ən **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
maltings ˈmɔːl.tɪŋz, ˈmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl.t̬ɪŋz, ˈmɑːl-
Malton ˈmɔːl.tən, ˈmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl-, ˈmɑːl-
maltose ˈmɔːl.təʊz, ˈmɒl- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl.toʊz, ˈmɑːl-, -toʊs
Maltravers mælˈtræv.əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz
mal|treat ˌmæl|ˈtriːt **-treats** -ˈtriːts **-treating** -ˈtriː.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ˈtriː.t̬ɪŋ **-treated** -ˈtriː.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -ˈtriː.t̬ɪd **-treatment** -ˈtriːt.mənt **-treater/s** -ˈtriː.təʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ˈtriː.t̬ɚ/z
maltster ˈmɔːlt.stəʳ, ˈmɒlt- Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːlt.stɚ, ˈmɑːlt- **-s** -z
Maltz mɔːlts, mɒlts Ⓤⓢ mɔːlts, mɑːlts
malum in se ˌmɑː.lʊm.ɪnˈseɪ Ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.ləm.ɪnˈseɪ
malum prohibitum ˌmɑː.lʊm.prəʊˈhɪb.ɪ.tʊm Ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.ləm.proʊˈhɪb.ɪ.təm
Malvasia ˌmæl.vəˈsiː.ə
Malvern *in UK:* ˈmɔːl.vən, ˈmɒl-, -vɜːn *locally also:* ˈmɔː.vən Ⓤⓢ ˈmɔːl.vɚn *in US:* ˈmæl.vən Ⓤⓢ -vɚn
malversation ˌmæl.vɜːˈseɪ.ʃən, -vəˈ- Ⓤⓢ -vɚˈ-
Malvinas mælˈviː.nəs
Malvolio mælˈvəʊ.li.əʊ Ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊ.li.oʊ, -ˈvoʊl.joʊ
Malyon ˈmæl.jən
mam mæm **-s** -z
mama məˈmɑː; ˈmæm.ə Ⓤⓢ ˈmɑː.mə; məˈmɑː **-s** -z
mamba ˈmæm.bə Ⓤⓢ ˈmɑːm- **-s** -z
mambo ˈmæm.bəʊ Ⓤⓢ ˈmɑːm.boʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Mameluke ˈmæm.ɪ.luːk, ˈ-ə-, -ljuːk Ⓤⓢ -ə.luːk **-s** -s
Mamet ˈmæm.ɪt Ⓤⓢ -ət
Mamie ˈmeɪ mi
Mamilius məˈmɪl.i.əs, mæmˈɪl-
mamma *mother:* məˈmɑː Ⓤⓢ ˈmɑː.mə, məˈmɑː **-s** -z
mamm|a *milk-secreting organ:* ˈmæm|.ə **-ae** -iː
mammal ˈmæm.əl **-s** -z
mammalian mæmˈeɪ.li.ən, məˈmeɪ-
mammary ˈmæm.ər.i ˈ**mammary** ˌ**gland**
mammogram ˈmæm.ə.græm **-s** -z
mammograph ˈmæm.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.græf, -ə-, -oʊ- **-s** -s
mammography mæmˈɒg.rə.fi, məˈmɒg- Ⓤⓢ məˈmɑː.grə-, mæmˈɑːg-
mammon (M) ˈmæm.ən
mammoth ˈmæm.əθ **-s** -s
mamm|y ˈmæm|.i **-ies** -iz
man (M) (*n.*) mæn **men** men ˌ**man ˈFriday;** ˌ**man of the ˈworld**
man (*v.*) mæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
man-about-town ˌmæn.ə.baʊtˈtaʊn
manacl|e ˈmæn.ə.kəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈmæn.ə.klɪŋ **-ed** -d
manag|e ˈmæn.ɪdʒ, -ədʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**managing diˈrector**
manageability ˌmæn.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
manageab|le ˈmæn.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
management ˈmæn.ɪdʒ.mənt, -ədʒ- **-s** -s
manager ˈmæn.ɪ.dʒəʳ, ˈ-ə- Ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
manageress ˌmæn.ɪ.dʒərˈes, ˌ-ə-; ˈmæn.ɪ.dʒər.es, ˈ-ə- Ⓤⓢ ˈmæn- **-es** -ɪz
managerial ˌmæn.əˈdʒɪə.ri.əl Ⓤⓢ -ˈdʒɪr.i- **-ly** -i
Managua məˈnæg.wə, mænˈæg-, -ˈɑː.gwə Ⓤⓢ məˈnɑː.gwɑː, mɑː-, -gwə
Manama məˈnɑː.mə Ⓤⓢ -ˈnæm.ə
mañana mænˈjɑː.nə, məˈnjɑː- Ⓤⓢ məˈnjɑː-, mɑː-
Manassas məˈnæs.əs
Manasseh məˈnæs.i, -ə Ⓤⓢ -ə
Manasses məˈnæs.ɪz, -iːz
manatee (M) ˌmæn.əˈtiː Ⓤⓢ ˈmæn.ə.ti, ˌmæn.əˈtiː **-s** -z
Manáus məˈnaʊs Ⓤⓢ mə-, mɑː-
Manchester ˈmæn.tʃɪs.təʳ, -tʃes-, -tʃəs- Ⓤⓢ -tʃes.tɚ, -tʃɪ.stɚ
Manchu ˌmænˈtʃuː **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌManchu ˈdynasty
Manchukuo ˌmænˌtʃuːˈkwəʊ Ⓤⓢ -ˈkwoʊ
Manchuri|a mænˈtʃʊə.ri|.ə, -ˈtʃɔː- Ⓤⓢ -ˈtʃʊr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z
Mancini mænˈsiː.ni
manciple ˈmænt.sɪ.pəl, -sə- **-s** -z
Mancunian mæŋˈkjuː.ni.ən, mæn- Ⓤⓢ mæn- **-s** -z
mandala ˈmæn.dəl.ə, ˈmʌn-; mənˈdɑː.lə, mæn- Ⓤⓢ ˈmʌn.də- **-s** -z
Mandalay ˌmæn.dəlˈeɪ, ˈ---
mandamus mænˈdeɪ.məs **-es** -ɪz
mandarin (M) ˈmæn.dər.ɪn, ˌ--ˈ- Ⓤⓢ ˈmæn.dɚ.ɪn **-s** -z
mandate (*n.*) ˈmæn.deɪt, -dɪt, -dət Ⓤⓢ -deɪt **-s** -s
manda|te (*v.*) mænˈdeɪ|t, ˈ-- Ⓤⓢ ˈ-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z
mandator|y ˈmæn.də.tər|.i, -tr|i; mænˈdeɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˈmæn.də.tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
Mandela mænˈdel.ə, -ˈdeɪ.lə Ⓤⓢ -ˈdel.ə
Mandelson ˈmæn.dəl.sən Ⓤⓢ -sən, -soʊn
Mandelstam ˈmæn.dəl.stæm, -stəm
Mander ˈmɑːn.dəʳ, ˈmæn- Ⓤⓢ -dɚ
Mandeville ˈmæn.də.vɪl, -dɪ-
mandible ˈmæn.dɪ.bəl, -də- **-s** -z
Mandingo mænˈdɪŋ.gəʊ Ⓤⓢ -goʊ **-(e)s** -z
mandolin ˌmæn.dəlˈɪn, ˈ--- **-s** -z
mandoline ˌmæn.dəlˈiːn **-s** -z
mandragora mænˈdræg.ər.ə, mən- Ⓤⓢ mæn-
mandrake ˈmæn.dreɪk **-s** -s
mandrax (M®) ˈmæn.dræks **-es** -ɪz
mandrill ˈmæn.drɪl, -drəl Ⓤⓢ -drɪl **-s** -z
Mandy ˈmæn.di
mane meɪn **-s** -z **-d** -d
man-eater ˈmænˌiː.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
man-eating ˈmænˌiː.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ
manège, manege mænˈeɪʒ, -ˈeʒ, ˈ-- Ⓤⓢ mænˈeʒ, məˈneʒ, -ˈneɪʒ **-s** -ɪz
manes (M) ˈmɑː.neɪz, -neɪs, ˈmeɪ.niːz Ⓤⓢ ˈmeɪ.niːz, ˈmɑː.neɪs
Manet ˈmæn.eɪ Ⓤⓢ mænˈeɪ, məˈneɪ
Manette mænˈet
maneuv|er məˈnuː.v|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/s** -ər.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
maneuverability məˌnuː.vər.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
maneuverable məˈnuː.vər.ə.bəl
Manfred ˈmæn.fred, -frɪd
manful ˈmæn.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
manga ˈmæŋ.gə **-s** -z
Mangan ˈmæŋ.gən
manganate ˈmæŋ.gə.neɪt **-s** -s
manganese ˈmæŋ.gə.niːz, ˌ--ˈ- Ⓤⓢ ˈ---, -niːs
manganic mæŋˈgæn.ɪk, mæn- Ⓤⓢ mæn-
mange meɪndʒ
mangel-wurzel ˈmæŋ.gəlˌwɜː.zəl, ˌmæŋ.gəlˈwɜː- Ⓤⓢ ˈmæŋ.gəlˌwɝː-, -ˌwɝːt.səl **-s** -z
manger ˈmeɪn.dʒəʳ Ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
mangetout ˌmɑ̃ːnʒˈtuː Ⓤⓢ ˌmɑ̃ːndʒ- **-s** -z
mangl|e ˈmæŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈmæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
mango ˈmæŋ.gəʊ Ⓤⓢ -goʊ **-(e)s** -z
mangold (M) ˈmæŋ.gəʊld Ⓤⓢ -goʊld **-s** -z
mangosteen ˈmæŋ.gəʊ.stiːn Ⓤⓢ -gə- **-s** -z
Mangotsfield ˈmæŋ.gəts.fiːld
mangrove ˈmæŋ.grəʊv Ⓤⓢ ˈmæn.groʊv, ˈmæŋ- **-s** -z
mang|y ˈmeɪn.dʒ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
manhandl|e ˈmænˌhæn.dəl, ˌ-ˈ-- Ⓤⓢ ˈ--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˌhænd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
manhattan (M) mænˈhæt.ən Ⓤⓢ mæn-, mən-

nanhole ˈmæn.həʊl (US) -hoʊl **-s** -z
nanhood (M) ˈmæn.hʊd
nanhour ˈmæn.aʊəʳ (US) -aʊr, -aʊɚ **-s** -z
nanhunt ˈmæn.hʌnt **-s** -s
nania ˈmeɪ.ni.ə (US) -ni.ə, ˈ-njə **-s** -z
naniac ˈmeɪ.ni.æk **-s** -s
naniac|al məˈnaɪə.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i (US) -li
nanic ˈmæn.ɪk **-s** -s ˌ**manic deˈpression**
nanic-depressive ˌmæn.ɪk.dɪˈpres.ɪv, -dəˈ- **-s** -z
Aanich(a)ean ˌmæn.ɪˈkiː.ən, -əˈ- **-s** -z
nanicur|e ˈmæn.ɪ.kjʊəʳ, ˈ-ə-, -kjɔːʳ (US) -kjʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
nanifest ˈmæn.ɪ.fest, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nanifestation ˌmæn.ɪ.fesˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -fəˈsteɪ- **-s** -z
nanifesto ˌmæn.ɪˈfes.təʊ, -əˈ- (US) -toʊ **-(e)s** -z
nanifold ˈmæn.ɪ.fəʊld, ˈ-ə- (US) -foʊld **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nanikin ˈmæn.ɪ.kɪn, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
nanila (M) məˈnɪl.ə **-s** -z
nanilla məˈnɪl.ə **-s** -z
Aanilow ˈmæn.ɪ.ləʊ, ˈ-ə- (US) -loʊ
nanioc ˈmæn.i.ɒk (US) -ɑːk
naniple ˈmæn.ɪ.pᵊl, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
nanipu|late məˈnɪp.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- (US) -jə-, -juː- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
nanipulation məˌnɪp.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- (US) -jəˈ-, -juːˈ- **-s** -z
nanipulative məˈnɪp.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ- (US) -jə.leɪ.t̬ɪv, -juː-, -lə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Aanitoba ˌmæn.ɪˈtəʊ.bə, -əˈ- (US) -əˈtoʊ-
nanit(o)u ˈmæn.ɪ.tuː (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
nankind *general use:* mænˈkaɪnd, mæŋ- (US) mæn-
nank|y ˈmæŋ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Aanley ˈmæn.li
nanlike ˈmæn.laɪk
Aanlius ˈmæn.li.əs
nanl|y (M) ˈmæn.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
nan-made ˌmænˈmeɪd, ˌmæm- (US) ˌmæn- *stress shift:* ˌman-made ˈfibre
Aann mæn
nanna ˈmæn.ə
nannequin ˈmæn.ɪ.kɪn, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
nanner ˈmæn.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
nannerism (M) ˈmæn.ᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
nannerist (M) ˈmæn.ᵊr.ɪst
nannerl|y ˈmæn.ᵊl|.i (US) -ɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Aanners ˈmæn.əz (US) -ɚz
Aannesmann ˈmæn.ə.smæn, -smən
Aannheim ˈmæn.haɪm
nannikin ˈmæn.ɪ.kɪn, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
Aanning ˈmæn.ɪŋ

mannish ˈmæn.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Manns mænz
Manny ˈmæn.i
Mannyng of Brunne ˌmæn.ɪŋ.əvˈbrʊn
manoeuvrability məˌnuː.vᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.tɪ, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
manoeuvrable məˈnuː.vᵊr.ə.bᵊl
manoeuv|re məˈnuː.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-res** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ring/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-red** -əd (US) -ɚd **-rer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
man-of-war ˌmæn.əvˈwɔːʳ (US) -ˈwɔːr **men-of-war** ˌmen-
manometer məˈnɒm.ɪ.təʳ, mænˈɒm-, ˈ-ə- (US) məˈnɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
manometric ˌmæn.əʊˈmet.rɪk (US) -əˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
manor ˈmæn.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
manor-hou|se ˈmæn.ə.haʊ|s (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-ses** -zɪz
manorial məˈnɔː.ri.əl, mænˈɔː- (US) məˈnɔːr.i-
manpower ˈmænˌpaʊəʳ, ˈmæm- (US) ˈmænˌpaʊɚ
manqué ˈmɑ̃ːŋ.keɪ (US) mɑ̃ːŋˈkeɪ
Manresa mænˈreɪ.sə, -zə (US) mɑːnˈreɪ.sə, mæn-
Mansa ˈmænt.sə
mansard ˈmænt.sɑːd (US) -sɑːrd **-s** -z
mans|e mænts **-es** -ɪz
Mansel(l) ˈmænt.sᵊl
Mansergh *surname:* ˈmæn.zəʳ, ˈmænt.səʳ, -sɜːdʒ (US) ˈmæn.zɚ, ˈmænt.sɚ, -sɝːdʒ *place in Cumbria:* ˈmæn.zəʳ (US) -zɚ
manservant ˈmænˌsɜː.vᵊnt (US) -ˌsɝː- **menservants** ˈmenˌsɜː.vᵊnts (US) -ˌsɝː-
Mansfield ˈmænts.fiːld (US) ˈmænz-
-manship mən.ʃɪp
mansion (M) ˈmæn.tʃᵊn **-s** -z
mansion-hou|se (M) ˈmæn.tʃᵊn.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
man-sized ˈmæn.saɪzd
manslaughter ˈmænˌslɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌslɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌslɔː-
Manson ˈmænt.sᵊn
Manston ˈmænt.stᵊn
mansuetude ˈmæn.swɪ.tjuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd
Manta ˈmæn.tə
Mantegna mænˈten.jə (US) mɑːnˈten.jɑː, -jə
mantel ˈmæn.tᵊl **-s** -z
mantelpiec|e ˈmæn.tᵊl.piːs **-es** -ɪz
mantelshel|f ˈmæn.tᵊl.ʃel|f **-ves** -vz
-mantic ˈmæn.tɪk
mantilla mænˈtɪl.ə (US) -ˈtɪl-, -ˈtiː.jə **-s** -z
mantis ˈmæn.tɪs (US) -t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz
mantissa mænˈtɪs.ə **-s** -z
mantl|e ˈmæn.tᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈmænt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Mantovani ˌmæn.təˈvɑː.ni (US) ˌmɑːn-
mantra ˈmæn.trə, ˈmʌn- (US) ˈmæn-, ˈmɑːn-, ˈmʌn- **-s** -z
mantrap ˈmæn.træp **-s** -s

Mantu|a (M) ˈmæn.tju|.ə, -tu-, -tʃu- (US) -tʃu.w|ə, -tu- **-an/s** -ənz
manual ˈmæn.ju.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
Manuel *surname:* ˈmæn.ju.el, -əl
Manuel *first name:* mænˈwel; ˌmæn.uˈel, -juˈ- (US) mænˈwel, mɑːn-
manufact|ure ˌmæn.jəˈfæk.tʃ|əʳ, -jʊˈ-, -əˈ- (US) -jəˈfæk.tʃ|ɚ, -juːˈ- **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
manumission ˌmæn.jəˈmɪʃ.ᵊn, -jʊˈ- (US) -jəˈ-, -juːˈ- **-s** -z
manu|mit ˌmæn.jə|ˈmɪt, -jʊˈ- (US) -jəˈ-, -juːˈ- **-mits** -ˈmɪts **-mitting** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ **-mitted** -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd
manur|e məˈnjʊəʳ, -njɔːʳ (US) -ˈnʊr, -ˈnjʊr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
manuscript ˈmæn.jə.skrɪpt, -jʊ- **-s** -s
Manutius məˈnjuː.ʃi.əs, ˈ-ʃəs (US) -ˈnuː.ʃi.əs, -ˈnjuː-
Manwaring ˈmæn.ᵊr.ɪŋ
Manx mæŋks ˌ**Manx ˈcat**
Manx|man ˈmæŋks|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
many ˈmen.i
manyfold ˈmen.i.fəʊld (US) -foʊld
many-sided ˌmen.iˈsaɪ.dɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌmany-sided ˈshape
manzanilla (M) ˌmæn.zəˈnɪl.ə, -jə (US) -ˈniːl.jə, -ˈniː-, -ˈnɪl.ə
Manzoni mænˈzəʊ.ni (US) mɑːnˈzoʊ-
Mao maʊ
Mao|ism ˈmaʊ|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Maori ˈmaʊə.ri (US) ˈmaʊ.ri; ˈmɑː.oʊ.ri **-s** -z
Mao Tse-tung ˌmaʊ.tseɪˈtʊŋ, ˌmaʊ.dzeɪˈdʊŋ (US) -tsəˈdʊŋ
Mao Zedong ˌmaʊ.dʒeɪˈdʊŋ, ˌmaʊ.tseɪˈtʊŋ (US) -dʒəˈ-, -ˈdɑːŋ
map mæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
maple (M) ˈmeɪ.pᵊl **-s** -z ˈ**Maple** ˌ**Leaf**; ˌ**maple** ˈ**syrup**
Maplin Sands ˌmæp.lɪnˈsændz, -lənˈ-
mapmak|er ˈmæp.meɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz
Mappin ˈmæp.ɪn
Mapplethorpe ˈmæp.ᵊl.θɔːp (US) ˈmeɪ.pᵊl.θɔːrp
Maputo məˈpuː.təʊ (US) -toʊ
maquillage ˌmæk.iːˈɑːʒ, -ˈjɑːʒ (US) ˌmɑː.kiˈɑːʒ
maquis mækˈiː, ˈ-- (US) mɑːˈkiː, mækˈiː
mar (M) mɑːʳ (US) mɑːr **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
Mar. (*abbrev. for* **March**) mɑːtʃ (US) mɑːrtʃ
marabou ˈmær.ə.buː (US) ˈmer-, ˈmær- **-s** -z
maraca məˈræk.ə (US) -ˈrɑː.kə **-s** -z
Maracaibo ˌmær.əˈkaɪ.bəʊ (US) ˌmer.əˈkaɪ.boʊ, ˌmær-
Maradona ˌmær.əˈdɒn.ə (US) ˌmer.əˈdɑː.nə, ˌmær-
maraschino (M) ˌmær.əˈʃiː.nəʊ, -ˈskiː- (US) ˌmer.əˈʃiː.noʊ, ˌmær-,

-'skiː- -s -z ˌ**maraˌschino 'cherry**
Marat 'mær.ɑː (US) mɑː'rɑː, mə-
Marathi mə'rɑː.ti -s -z
marathon (M) 'mær.ə.θᵊn (US) 'mer.ə.θɑːn, 'mær- -s -z
maraud mə'rɔːd (US) -'rɑːd, -'rɔːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Marazion ˌmær.ə'zaɪən (US) ˌmer-, ˌmær-
Marbella mɑː'beɪ.ə, -jə (US) mɑːr-
marbl|e 'mɑː.bᵊl (US) 'mɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'mɑː.blɪŋ (US) 'mɑːr- **-ed** -d
Marburg 'mɑː.bʊəg, -bɜːg (US) 'mɑːr.bɝːg, -bʊrg
Marc mɑːk (US) mɑːrk
marcasite 'mɑː.kə.saɪt (US) 'mɑːr-
Marceau ˌmɑː'səʊ, '-- (US) mɑːr'soʊ
Marcel mɑː'sel (US) mɑːr-
Marcella mɑː'sel.ə (US) mɑːr-
Marcelle mɑː'sel (US) mɑːr-
Marcellus mɑː'sel.əs (US) mɑːr-
march (M) mɑːtʃ (US) mɑːrtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Marchant 'mɑː.tʃᵊnt (US) 'mɑːr-
Marchbank 'mɑːtʃ.bæŋk (US) 'mɑːrtʃ- **-s** -s
marchioness ˌmɑː.ʃᵊn'es, -'ɪs; 'mɑː.ʃᵊn.əs (US) 'mɑːr.ʃᵊn.ɪs; ˌmɑːr.ʃᵊn'es **-es** -ɪz
Marchmain 'mɑːtʃ.meɪn (US) 'mɑːrtʃ-
Marchmont 'mɑːtʃ.mənt (US) 'mɑːrtʃ-
march-past 'mɑːtʃ.pɑːst (US) 'mɑːrtʃ.pæst
Marcia 'mɑː.si.ə, '-ʃə (US) 'mɑːr.ʃə
Marciano ˌmɑː.si'ɑː.nəʊ, -ʃi'- (US) ˌmɑːr.si'æn.oʊ, -ʃi'-, -'ɑː.noʊ
Marco 'mɑː.kəʊ (US) 'mɑːr.koʊ
Marconi mɑː'kəʊ.ni (US) mɑːr'koʊ-
marconigram mɑː'kəʊ.ni.græm (US) mɑːr'koʊ- **-s** -z
Marcos 'mɑː.kɒs (US) 'mɑːr.koʊs
Marcus 'mɑː.kəs (US) 'mɑːr-
Marcuse mɑː'kuː.zə; mɑː'kjuːz (US) mɑːr'kuː.zə
Mar del Plata ˌmɑː.del'plɑː.tə (US) ˌmɑːr.del'plɑː.tə
Marden *in Kent:* 'mɑː.dᵊn; mɑː'den (US) 'mɑːr.dᵊn; mɑːr'den *other places:* 'mɑː.dᵊn (US) 'mɑːr-
Mardi Gras ˌmɑː.di'grɑː (US) 'mɑːr.diˌgrɑː, ˌ--'-
Marduk 'mɑː.dʊk (US) 'mɑːr-
mare *female horse:* meəʳ (US) mer **-s** -z
mare *lunar plain:* 'mɑː.reɪ (US) 'mɑːr.eɪ **maria** 'mɑː.ri.ə (US) 'mɑːr.i-
Marengo mə'reŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
mare's-nest 'meəz.nest, ˌ-'- (US) 'merz.nest **-s** -s
mare's-tail 'meəz.teɪl, ˌ-'- (US) 'merz- **-s** -z
Margaret 'mɑː.gᵊr.ət, -ɪt, '-grət, -grɪt (US) 'mɑːr.grət
margarine ˌmɑː.dʒə'riːn, -gə'-, '--- (US) 'mɑːr.dʒɚ.ɪn
margarita (M) ˌmɑː.gᵊr'iː.tə (US) -gə'riː.t̬ə **-s** -z
Margate 'mɑː.geɪt, -gɪt (US) 'mɑːr-
marge mɑːdʒ (US) mɑːrdʒ
Margerison mɑː'dʒer.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-; 'mɑː.dʒᵊr- (US) mɑːr'dʒer-; 'mɑːr.dʒə.rɪ-, -rə-
Margery 'mɑː.dʒᵊr.i (US) 'mɑːr-
Margetts 'mɑː.gɪts (US) 'mɑːr-
margin 'mɑː.dʒɪn (US) 'mɑːr- **-s** -z
marginal 'mɑː.dʒɪ.nᵊl, -dʒᵊn.ᵊl (US) 'mɑːr- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
marginalia ˌmɑː.dʒɪ'neɪ.li.ə, -dʒə'- (US) ˌmɑːr-, -'neɪl.jə
marginalization, -isa- ˌmɑː.dʒɪ.nᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒᵊn.ᵊl-, -ɪ'- (US) ˌmɑːr.dʒɪ.nᵊl.ɪ'-, -dʒᵊn.ᵊl-
marginaliz|e, -is|e 'mɑː.dʒɪ.nᵊl.aɪz, -dʒᵊn.ᵊl- (US) 'mɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Margolis mɑː'gəʊ.lɪs (US) mɑːr'goʊ-
Margot 'mɑː.gəʊ (US) 'mɑːr.goʊ
margrave (M) 'mɑː.greɪv (US) 'mɑːr- **-s** -z
margravine 'mɑː.grə.viːn (US) 'mɑːr- **-s** -z
marguerite (M) ˌmɑː.gᵊr'iːt (US) ˌmɑːr.gə'riːt **-s** -s
Margulies 'mɑː.gʊ.lɪs (US) mɑːr'guː.lɪz
Marham *in Norfolk:* 'mær.əm, 'mɑː.rəm (US) 'mær.əm, 'mɑːr-
Note: The pronunciation of the local residents is /'mær.əm/.
Marhamchurch 'mær.əm.tʃɜːtʃ (US) -tʃɝːtʃ
Maria *first name:* mə'riː.ə, mə'raɪ.ə
maria (*plur. of* **mare**) 'mɑː.ri.ə (US) 'mɑːr.i-
Marian *first name:* 'mær.i.ən (US) 'mer-, 'mær-
Marian (*n, adj.*) *of Mary, or person devoted to Mary:* 'meə.ri.ən (US) 'mer.i-, 'mær-
Mariana *English name:* ˌmær.i'æn.ə, ˌmeə.ri'-, -'ɑː.nə (US) ˌmer.i'æn.ə, ˌmær- *Spanish historian:* ˌmɑː.ri'ɑː.nə (US) ˌmɑːr.i'ɑː-
Marianne ˌmær.i'æn (US) ˌmer.i'æn, ˌmær-
Maribor 'mær.i.bɔːʳ (US) 'mɑːr.i.bɔːr
Marie mə'riː, 'mɑː.ri, 'mær.i (US) mə'riː
Marie Antoinette ˌmær.iˌæn.twə'net, -ˌɑ̃ːn- (US) məˌriː.æn-
Marienbad 'mær.i.ən.bæd, -əm-; mə'riː- (US) 'mer.i.ən-, 'mær-
marigold (M) 'mær.ɪ.gəʊld (US) 'mer.ɪ.goʊld, 'mær- **-s** -z
marijuana, marihuana ˌmær.ɪ'wɑː.nə, -ə'- (US) ˌmer.ɪ'-, ˌmær-
Marilla mə'rɪl.ə
Marilyn 'mær.ɪ.lɪn, '-ə- (US) 'mer-, 'mær-
marimba mə'rɪm.bə **-s** -z
Marin mə'rɪn
marina (M) mə'riː.nə **-s** -z
marinad|e ˌmær.ɪ'neɪd, '--- (US) ˌmer.ɪ'neɪd, ˌmær-, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
marinara ˌmær.ɪ'nɑː.rə, -ə'- (US) ˌmer.ɪ'ner.ə, -nær.ə, -nɑː.rə
marinat|e 'mær.ɪ.neɪt, '-ə- (US) 'mer-, 'mær- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
marination ˌmær.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- (US) ˌmer-, ˌmær-
marine mə'riːn **-s** -z
mariner 'mær.ɪ.nəʳ, '-ə- (US) 'mer.ɪ.nɚ, 'mær-, '-ə- **-s** -z
Marino Faliero məˌriː.nəʊ.fə'lɪə.r… (US) -noʊ.fə'lɪr.oʊ
Mario 'mær.i.əʊ, 'mɑː.ri- (US) 'mɑːr.i.oʊ, 'mer-, 'mær-
Marion 'mær.i.ən, 'meə.ri- (US) 'mer.i-, 'mær-
marionette ˌmær.i.ə'net (US) ˌmer-, ˌmær- **-s** -s
Marisa mə'rɪs.ə
Marischal 'mɑː.ʃᵊl (US) 'mɑːr.ɪ.ʃɑːl, '-ʃɑːl, '-ʃəl
Marissa mə'rɪs.ə
marital 'mær.ɪ.tᵊl, '-ə- (US) 'mer.ɪ.t̬… 'mær- **-ly** -i
maritime (M) 'mær.ɪ.taɪm, '-ə- (US) 'mer-, 'mær-
Marius 'mær.i.əs, 'meə.ri-, 'mɑː- (US) 'mer.i-, 'mær-
Marivaux 'mær.i.vəʊ, --'- (US) mær.i'voʊ
marjoram 'mɑː.dʒᵊr.əm (US) 'mɑːr.dʒɚ.əm
Marjoribanks 'mɑː*t*ʃ.bæŋks (US) 'mɑːr*t*ʃ-
Marjorie, Marjory 'mɑː.dʒᵊr.i (US) 'mɑːr-
mark (M) mɑːk (US) mɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing/…** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-edly** -ɪd.li **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**Mark 'Antony**
Markby 'mɑːk.bi (US) 'mɑːrk-
markdown 'mɑːk.daʊn (US) 'mɑːrk-
mar|ket (M) 'mɑː|.kɪt (US) 'mɑːr- **-kets** -kɪts **-keting** -kɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kɪ.t̬… **-keted** -kɪ.tɪd **-keter/s** -kɪ.təʳ/z (US) -kɪ.t̬ɚ/z **-keted** (US) -kɪ.t̬ɪd **-ketable** -kɪ.tə.bᵊl (US) -kɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl ˌ**market e'conomy;** ˌ**market 'gardening;** ˌ**market re'search** (US) '**market** ˌ**re…search** (US) '**market reˌsearch;** '**market** ˌ**town,** ˌ**market 'town**
marketability ˌmɑː.kɪ.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌmɑːr.kɪ.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
Market Deeping ˌmɑː.kɪt'diː.pɪŋ (US) ˌmɑːr-
marketeer ˌmɑː.kɪ'tɪəʳ, -kə'- (US) ˌmɑːr.kə'tɪr **-s** -z
market-plac|e 'mɑː.kɪt.pleɪs (US) 'mɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
Market Rasen ˌmɑː.kɪt'reɪ.zᵊn (US) ˌmɑːr-
Markham 'mɑː.kəm (US) 'mɑːr-
markk|a 'mɑː.k|ɑː, -k|ə (US) 'mɑːr- **-aa** -ɑː
Markov 'mɑː.kɒf, -kɒv (US) 'mɑːr.k…
Markova mɑː'kəʊ.və (US) mɑːr'koʊ-
Marks mɑːks (US) mɑːrks
Marks and Spencer® ˌmɑːks.ᵊ*nd*'spent.səʳ (US) ˌmɑːrks.ᵊ*nd*'spent.sɚ
marks|man 'mɑːks|.mən (US) 'mɑːrk… **-men** -mən, -men **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
marksmanship 'mɑːks.mən.ʃɪp (US) 'mɑːrks-
markup 'mɑːk.ʌp (US) 'mɑːrk- **-s** -s

maːl (US) maːrl
oro® 'maːl.bᵊr.ə, 'mɔːl-
aːrl-
orough *town in Wiltshire,*
ly name: 'mɔːl.bᵊr.ə
aːrl.bə.roʊ *London streets,*
in US, New Zealand district:
l.bᵊr.ə (US) 'maːrl.bɚ-
ne *English name:* 'maː.liːn, -'-
aːr'liːn *German name:*
leɪ.nə (US) maːr-
r 'maː.ləʳ (US) 'maːr.lɚ
y 'maː.li (US) 'maːr-
n 'maː.lɪn (US) 'maːr- **-s** -z
ng 'maː.lɪŋ (US) 'maːr-
vian maː'ləʊ.vi.ən (US) maːr'loʊ-
w(e) 'maː.ləʊ (US) 'maːr.loʊ
naduke 'maː.mə.djuːk
aːr.mə.duːk, -djuːk
alade 'maː.mᵊl.eɪd (US) 'maːr-

ion 'maː.mi.ən (US) 'maːr-
ite (M®) 'maː.maɪt (US) 'maːr-
ora 'maː.mᵊr.ə (US) 'maːr-
oreal maː'mɔː.ri.əl
aːr'mɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
oset 'maː.mə.set, -zet, ˌ--'-
aːr.mə- **-s** -s
ot 'maː.mət (US) 'maːr- **-s** -s
e maːn (US) maːrn
er 'maː.nəʳ (US) 'maːr.nɚ
cain 'mær.ə.keɪn, ˌ--'-
ner-, 'mær-
on mə'ruːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
le 'maː.pᵊl (US) 'maːr-
relate 'maː.prel.ət, -ɪt (US) 'maːr-
uand 'maː.kwənd (US) 'maːr-
ue maːk (US) maːrk **-s** -s
uee maː'kiː (US) maːr- **-s** -z
uesas maː'keɪ.səs, -zəs, -sæs,
s (US) maːr'keɪ.zəs, -səs
uess 'maː.kwɪs, -kwəs
aːr- **-es** -ɪz
uetr|y 'maː.kɪ.tr|i, -kə-
aːr- **-ies** -iz
uis (M) 'maː.kwɪs, -kwəs;
'kiː (US) 'maːr.kwɪs, -kwəs;
r'kiː **marquises** 'maː.kwɪ.sɪz,
ə- (US) 'maːr.kwɪ- (*alternative*
. of **marquis**) maː'kiːz (US) maːr-
uis|e maː'kiːz (US) maːr- **-es** -ɪz
maːʳ (US) maːr
akesh, Marrakech
er.ə'keʃ, mə'ræk.eʃ
mer.ə.keʃ, 'mær-; ˌmə'raː.keʃ
am grass 'mær.əmˌgraːs
mer.əm.græs, 'mær-
iag|e 'mær.ɪdʒ (US) 'mer-, 'mær-
-ɪz **-eable** -ə.bᵊl
iner 'mær.ɪ.nəʳ (US) 'mer.ɪ.nɚ,
er-
iott 'mær.i.ət (US) 'mer-, 'mær-,
t
ron 'mær.ᵊn, -ɔ̃ːŋ (US) 'mer.ᵊn,
er-; mə'roʊn **-s** -z
rons glacés ˌmær.ᵊn'glæs.eɪ,
'-, -ɔ̃ːŋ'- (US) məˌroʊn.glaː'seɪ
row 'mær.əʊ (US) 'mer.oʊ, 'mær-
z **-y** -i

marrowbone 'mær.əʊ.bəʊn (US) 'mer.oʊ.boʊn, 'mær- **-s** -z
marrowfat 'mær.əʊ.fæt (US) 'mer.oʊ-, 'mær- **-s** -s
marr|y 'mær|.i (US) 'mer-, 'mær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z (US) -i.ɚ/z
Marryat 'mær.i.ət (US) 'mer-, 'mær-
Mars maːz (US) maːrz '**Mars** ˌ**bar**®
Marsala maː'saː.lə (US) maːr'saː.laː
Marsalis maː'saː.lɪs (US) maːr'sæ-
Marsden 'maːz.dᵊn (US) 'maːrz-
Marseillaise ˌmaː.seɪ'jeɪz, -'eɪz, -sᵊl'eɪz (US) ˌmaːr.sᵊl'eɪz, -seɪ'ez
Marseilles, Marseille ˌmaː'seɪ (US) ˌmaːr-
marsh (M) maːʃ (US) maːrʃ **-es** -ɪz
Marsha 'maː.ʃə (US) 'maːr-
marshal 'maː.ʃᵊl (US) 'maːr- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Marshall 'maː.ʃᵊl (US) 'maːr-
marshland 'maːʃ.lænd, -lənd (US) 'maːrʃ-
marshmallow ˌmaːʃ'mæl.əʊ (US) 'maːrʃ.mel.oʊ, -mæl- **-s** -z
marsh|y 'maː.ʃ|i (US) 'maːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Marske maːsk (US) maːrsk
Marsland 'maːz.lənd (US) 'maːrz-
Marston 'maː.stᵊn (US) 'maːr-
marsupial maː'suː.pi.əl, -'sjuː- (US) maːr'suː- **-s** -z
mart maːt (US) maːrt **-s** -s
Martel(l) maː'tel (US) maːr-
Martello tower maːˌtel.əʊ'taʊəʳ (US) maːrˌtel.oʊ'taʊɚ **-s** -z
marten 'maː.tɪn (US) 'maːr.tᵊn **-s** -z
Martens 'maː.tɪnz; maː'tenz (US) 'maːr.tᵊnz; maːr'tenz
Martha 'maː.θə (US) 'maːr- ˌ**Martha's** '**Vineyard**
martial (M) 'maː.ʃᵊl (US) 'maːr- **-ly** -i ˌ**martial** '**law**
Martian 'maː.ʃᵊn (US) 'maːr- **-s** -z
martin (M) 'maː.tɪn (US) 'maːr.tᵊn **-s** -z
Martina maː'tiː.nə (US) maːr-
Martine maː'tiːn (US) maːr-
Martineau 'maː.tɪ.nəʊ, -tə- (US) 'maːr.tə.noʊ
martinet (M) ˌmaː.tɪ'net, -tə'-, -'neɪ (US) ˌmaːr.tᵊn'et, -'eɪ, '--- **-s** -s
Martinez maː'tiː.nez (US) maːr-, -nəs
martingale 'maː.tɪŋ.geɪl (US) 'maːr.tᵊn- **-s** -z
martini (M®) maː'tiː.ni (US) maːr- **-s** -z
Martinique ˌmaː.tɪ'niːk, -tə'- (US) ˌmaːr.tᵊn'iːk
Martinmas 'maː.tɪn.məs, -tɪm-, -mæs (US) 'maːr.tᵊn.məs
Martyn 'maː.tɪn (US) 'maːr.tᵊn
mart|yr (M) 'maː.t|əʳ (US) 'maːr.t̬|ɚ **-yrs** -əz (US) -ɚz **-yring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-yred** -əd (US) -ɚd
martyrdom 'maː.tə.dəm (US) 'maːr.t̬ɚ- **-s** -z
martyriz|e, -is|e 'maː.tᵊr.aɪz, -tɪ.raɪz (US) 'maːr.t̬ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

marvel 'maː.vᵊl (US) 'maːr- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, 'maːv.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Marvell 'maː.vᵊl (US) 'maːr-
marvel(l)ous 'maː.vᵊl.əs; 'maːv.ləs (US) 'maːr.vᵊl.əs; 'maːrv.ləs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Marvin 'maː.vɪn (US) 'maːr-
Marx maːks (US) maːrks '**Marx** ˌ**Brothers**
Marxian 'maːk.si.ən (US) 'maːrk-
Marx|ism 'maːk.s|ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'maːrk- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Marxism-Leninism ˌmaːk.sɪ.zᵊm'len.ɪ.nɪ.zᵊm (US) ˌmaːrk-
Marxist-Leninist ˌmaːk.sɪst'len.ɪ.nɪst (US) ˌmaːrk- **-s** -s
Mary 'meə.ri (US) 'mer.i
Maryborough 'meə.ri.bᵊr.ə, -ˌbʌr.ə (US) 'mer.i.bə.roʊ
Maryland 'meə.ri.lænd, 'mer.ɪ-, -lənd (US) 'mer.ə.lənd
Marylebone *road, district:* 'mær.ᵊl.ə.bən, -bəʊn; '-ə.bən, '-ɪ-; 'maː.lɪ- (US) 'mer.ᵊl.ə.bən, -boʊn; '-ə.bən, '-ɪ-; 'maːr.lɪ-
Mary-le-Bone *preceded by 'St.':* 'mær.ɪ.lə.bən, -ᵊl.ə- (US) 'mer-
Maryport 'meə.ri.pɔːt (US) 'mer.i.pɔːrt
marzipan 'maː.zɪ.pæn, -zə-, ˌ--'- (US) 'maːr.zɪ.pæn, 'maːrt.sɪ-, -paːn
Masaccio mə'zaː.tʃəʊ, -'zætʃ.əʊ, -tʃi.əʊ (US) -'saː.tʃi.oʊ
Masada mə'saː.də, mæs'aː- (US) mə'saː.də; ˌmaː.saː'daː
Masai 'maː.saɪ; -'-, mə'- (US) maː'saɪ, mə'-
masala mə'saː.lə, maː-
Masaryk 'mæs.ə.rɪk, 'mæz- (US) 'mæs.ɚ.ɪk
Mascagni mæs'kaː.nji, -'kæn.ji (US) maːs-
mascara mə'skaː.rə, mæs'kaː- (US) mæs'ker.ə, -'kær- **-s** -z
mascarpone ˌmæs.kaː'pəʊ.neɪ (US) ˌmaːs.kaːr'poʊ-, ˌmæs-
mascot 'mæs.kɒt, -kət (US) -kaːt, -kət **-s** -s
masculine 'mæs.kjə.lɪn, -kjʊ- (US) 'mæs.kjə-, -kjuː- **-s** -z
masculinity ˌmæs.kjə'lɪn.ə.ti, -kjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌmæs.kjə'lɪn.ə.t̬i, -kjuː'-
Masefield 'meɪs.fiːld
Masekela ˌmæs.ə'keɪ.lə
maser 'meɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ **-s** -z
Maserati® ˌmæz.ᵊr'aː.ti (US) ˌmaː.sə'raː.t̬i, ˌmæz.ə'- **-s** -z
Maseru mə'sɪə.ruː, -'seə- (US) 'mæz.ə.ruː, ˌmaː.sə'ruː
mash (M) mæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
MASH mæʃ
Masham *in North Yorkshire:* 'mæs.əm *surname:* 'mæs.əm, 'mæʃ-
masher 'mæʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
mashie 'mæʃ.i **-s** -z
Mashona mə'ʃɒn.ə, -'ʃəʊ.nə (US) -'ʃaː.nə, -'ʃoʊ- **-s** -z **-land** -lænd
mash|y 'mæʃ|.i **-ies** -iz

Masie ˈmeɪ.zi
mask mɑːsk (US) mæsk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈmasking ˌtape
Maskell ˈmæs.kəl
Maskelyne ˈmæs.kɪ.lɪn, -kəl.ɪn (US) -ɪn, -aɪn
masoch|ism ˈmæs.ə.k|ɪ.zəm, ˈmæz- -ist/s -ɪst/s
masochistic ˌmæs.əˈkɪs.tɪk, ˌmæz- -ally -əl.i, -li
mason (M) ˈmeɪ.sən -s -z ˈmason ˌjar
Mason-Dixon ˌmeɪ.sənˈdɪk.sən ˌMason-ˈDixon ˌline
masonic (M) məˈsɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈsɑː.nɪk
Masonite® ˈmeɪ.sən.aɪt
masonr|y (M) ˈmeɪ.sən.r|i -ies -iz
masque mɑːsk, mæsk (US) mæsk -s -s
masquerad|e ˌmæs.kərˈeɪd, ˌmɑː.skərˈ- (US) ˌmæs.kəˈreɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
mass mæs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌmass ˈmedia; ˌmass proˈduction
mass (M) (*n.*) *religious service:* mæs, mɑːs (US) mæs -es -ɪz
Mass. (*abbrev. for* Massachusetts) mæs
Massachusetts ˌmæs.əˈtʃuː.sɪts, -səts (US) -sɪts
massac|re ˈmæs.ə.k|əʳ, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -k|ɚ -res -əz (US) -ɚz -ring -ər.ɪŋ -red -əd (US) -ɚd
massag|e ˈmæs.ɑːʒ (US) məˈsɑːʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ist/s -ɪst/s ˈmassage ˌparlour (US) masˈsage ˌparlor
Massawa məˈsɑː.wə (US) mɑːˈsɑː.wɑː, məˈsɑː.wə
Massenet ˈmæs.ən.eɪ (US) ˌ--ˈ-
masseur mæsˈɜːʳ, məˈsɜːʳ (US) -ˈsɝː, -ˈsuːr, -ˈsʊr -s -z
masseus|e mæsˈɜːz, məˈsɜːz (US) -ˈɜːz, -ˈuːz, -ˈʊz -es -ɪz
Massey ˈmæs.i
massif mæsˈiːf, ˈ-- (US) mæsˈiːf -s -s
Massif Central ˌmæs.iːf.sɑ̃ːnˈtrɑːl
Massinger ˈmæs.ɪn.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ
massive ˈmæs.ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mass-market ˌmæsˈmɑː.kɪt (US) -ˈmɑːr- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
mass-meeting ˌmæsˈmiː.tɪŋ, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) -t̬ɪŋ -s -z
Masson ˈmæs.ən (US) ˈmæs.ɑːn, -ˈ-
Massow ˈmæs.əʊ (US) -oʊ
mass-produc|e ˌmæs.prəˈdjuːs, -ˈdʒuːs (US) ˌmæs.prəˈduːs, -proʊˈ-, -ˈdjuːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌmass-produced ˈgoods
mass-production ˌmæs.prəˈdʌk.ʃən, ˈmæs.prəˌ- (US) ˌmæs.prəˈdʌk-, -proʊˈ-
mass|y ˈmæs|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
mast mɑːst (US) mæst -s -s
mastectom|y mæsˈtek.tə.m|i (US) məˈstek-, mæsˈtek- -ies -iz
mast|er ˈmɑː.st|əʳ (US) ˈmæs.t|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd ˌmaster ˈbedroom; ˈmaster ˌclass; ˌmaster of ˈceremonies; ˈmaster ˌkey; ˈmaster ˌrace
master-at-arms ˌmɑː.stər.ətˈɑːmz (US) ˌmæs.tɚ.ətˈɑːrmz masters-at-arms ˌmɑː.stəz- (US) ˌmæs.tɚz-
Mastercard® ˈmɑː.stə.kɑːd (US) ˈmæs.tɚ.kɑːrd
masterclass ˈmɑː.stə.klɑːs (US) ˈmæs.tɚ.klæs -es -ɪz
masterful ˈmɑː.stə.fəl, -fʊl (US) ˈmæs.tɚ- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
masterl|y ˈmɑː.stə.l|i (US) ˈmæs.tɚ- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Masterman ˈmɑː.stə.mən (US) ˈmæs.tɚ-
mastermind ˈmɑː.stə.maɪnd (US) ˈmæs.tɚ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
masterpiec|e ˈmɑː.stə.piːs (US) ˈmæs.tɚ- -es -ɪz
Masters ˈmɑː.stəz (US) ˈmæs.tɚz
mastership ˈmɑː.stə.ʃɪp (US) ˈmæs.tɚ-
master-stroke ˈmɑː.stə.strəʊk (US) ˈmæs.tɚ.stroʊk -s -s
masterwork ˈmɑː.stə.wɜːk (US) ˈmæs.tɚ.wɝːk -s -s
master|y ˈmɑː.stər|.i (US) ˈmæs.tɚ- -ies -iz
masthead ˈmɑːst.hed (US) ˈmæst- -s -z
mastic ˈmæs.tɪk
masti|cate ˈmæs.tɪ|.keɪt, -tə- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
mastication ˌmæs.tɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -təˈ-
masticatory ˈmæs.tɪ.kə.tər.i, -keɪ-; ˌmæs.tɪˈkeɪ-, -təˈ- (US) ˈmæs.tɪ.kə.tɔːr-, -tə-
mastiff ˈmæs.tɪf, ˈmɑː.stɪf (US) ˈmæs.tɪf -s -s
mastitis mæsˈtaɪ.tɪs, məˈstaɪ-, -təs (US) mæsˈtaɪ.t̬ɪs, məˈstaɪ-, -t̬əs mastitides mæsˈtɪt.ə.diːz, məˈstɪt- (US) mæsˈtɪt̬.ə-, məˈstɪt̬-
mastodon ˈmæs.tə.dɒn, -dən (US) -dɑːn -s -z
mastoid ˈmæs.tɔɪd -s -z
Mastroianni ˌmæs.trəʊˈjɑː.ni, ˌmɑːs.trəʊ-, -ˈjæn.i (US) -troʊˈ-
mastur|bate ˈmæs.tə|.beɪt (US) -tɚ- -bates -beɪts -bating -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ -bated -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd -bator/s -beɪ.təʳ/z (US) -beɪ.t̬ɚ/z
masturbation ˌmæs.təˈbeɪ.ʃən (US) -tɚˈ- -s -z
masturbatory ˌmæs.təˈbeɪ.tər.i, ˈmæs.tə.beɪ- (US) ˈmæs.tɚ.bə.tɔːr-
Masur məˈzʊəʳ (US) -ˈzʊr
mat mæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) ˈmæt̬.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd (US) ˈmæt̬.ɪd
Matabel|e ˌmæt.əˈbiː.li (US) ˌmæt̬- -ies -iz -ie -i
Matabeleland ˌmæt.əˈbiː.li.lænd (US) ˌmæt̬-
matador ˈmæt.ə.dɔːʳ (US) ˈmæt̬.ə.dɔːr -s -z
Mata Hari ˌmɑː.təˈhɑː.ri (US) ˌmɑː.t̬əˈhɑːr.i, ˌmæt̬.əˈher-, -ˈhær-
Matalan® ˈmæt.əl.æn (US) ˈmæt̬-
match mætʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌmatch ˈpoint
matchboard ˈmætʃ.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
matchbook ˈmætʃ.bʊk -s -s
matchbox ˈmætʃ.bɒks (US) -bɑːks -es -ɪz
matchless ˈmætʃ.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
matchlock ˈmætʃ.lɒk (US) -lɑːk -s -s
matchmaker ˈmætʃˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
matchmaking ˈmætʃˌmeɪ.kɪŋ
matchplay ˈmætʃ.pleɪ
matchstick ˈmætʃ.stɪk -s -s
matchwood ˈmætʃ.wʊd
mat|e meɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈmeɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) ˈmeɪ.t̬ɪd
maté ˈmɑː.teɪ, ˈmæt.eɪ
matelot ˈmæt.ləʊ, ˈ-əl.əʊ (US) -əl.oʊ -s -z
mater ˈmeɪ.təʳ, ˈmɑː- (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
materfamilias ˌmæt.ə.fəˈmɪl.i.æs (US) ˌmeɪ.t̬ɚ.fəˈmɪl.i.əs, ˌmɑː-
material məˈtɪə.ri.əl (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -s -z -ly -i
material|ism məˈtɪə.ri.ə.l|ɪ.zəm (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -ist/s -ɪst/s
materialistic məˌtɪə.ri.əˈlɪs.tɪk (US) -ˌtɪr.i-
materialization, -isa- məˌtɪə.ri.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) -ˌtɪr.i.əl.ɪˈ- -s -z
materializ|e, -is|e məˈtɪə.ri.ə.laɪz (US) -ˈtɪr.i- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
matériel, materiel məˌtɪə.riˈel, mætˌɪə-; məˈtɪə.ri.əl (US) məˌtɪr.iˈel, məˈtɪr.i.əl
maternal məˈtɜː.nəl (US) -ˈtɝː- -ly -i
maternit|y məˈtɜː.nə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈtɝː.nə.t̬|i -ies -iz maˈternity ˌleave; maˈternity ˌward
matey ˈmeɪ.ti (US) -t̬i -ness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
math mæθ
mathematic ˌmæθ.əmˈæt.ɪk, -ɪˈmæt-, mæθˈmæt- (US) ˌmæθ.əˈmæt̬-, mæθˈmæt̬-
mathematic|al ˌmæθ.əmˈæt.ɪ.k|əl, -ɪˈmæt-, mæθˈmæt- (US) ˌmæθ.əˈmæt̬-, mæθˈmæt̬- -ally -əl.i, -li
mathematician ˌmæθ.əm.əˈtɪʃ.ən, -ɪ.məˈ-, ˌmæθ.məˈ- (US) ˌmæθ.ə.məˈ-, ˌmæθ.məˈ- -s -z
mathematics mæθ.əmˈæt.ɪks, -ɪˈmæt-, mæθˈmæt- (US) ˌmæθ.əˈmæt̬-, mæθˈmæt̬-
Mather ˈmeɪ.ðəʳ, -θəʳ; ˈmæð.əʳ (US) ˈmæð.ɚ -s -z
Matheson ˈmæθ.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə-
Mathew ˈmæθ.juː, ˈmeɪ.θjuː
Mathews ˈmæθ.juːz, ˈmeɪ.θjuːz
Mathias məˈθaɪəs
Mathilda məˈtɪl.də
Mathis ˈmæθ.ɪs
maths mæθs
Matilda məˈtɪl.də
matinée, matinee ˈmæt.ɪ.neɪ, -ən.eɪ (US) ˌmæt.ənˈeɪ -s -z ˈmatinée ˌidol, matinˈée ˌidol
matins ˈmæt.ɪnz (US) -ənz
Matisse məˈtiːs (US) mə-, mɑː-

tlock 'mæt.lɒk US -lɑːk
to Grosso ˌmæt.əʊ'grəʊ.səʊ, mɑː.təʊ'- US ˌmæt̬.ə'groʊ.soʊ, mɑː.tuː'groʊ.suː, -'grɔː-
ton 'meɪ.tᵊn
travers mə'træv.əz US -ɚz
triarch 'meɪ.tri.ɑːk, 'mæt.ri- US 'meɪ.tri.ɑːrk **-y** -i
triarchal ˌmeɪ.tri'ɑː.kᵊl, mæt.ri'- US ˌmeɪ.tri'ɑːr-
tric mə'trɪk
trices (*plur. of* **matrix**) meɪ.trɪ.siːz, -trə, 'mæt.rɪ-, -rə- US 'meɪ.trɪ-
tricidal ˌmæt.rɪ'saɪ.dᵊl, meɪ.trɪ'-, -trə'-
tricide 'mæt.rɪ.saɪd, 'meɪ.trɪ-, rə- **-s** -z
tricu|late mə'trɪk.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- US -jə-, -juː- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** eɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
triculation məˌtrɪk.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, ʊ'- US -jə'-, -juː'- **-s** -z
trilineal ˌmæt.rɪ'lɪn.i.əl, meɪ.trɪ'-, -trə'- US -trə'- **-ly** -i
trimonial ˌmæt.rɪ'məʊ.ni.əl, ə'- US -rə'moʊ- **-ly** -i
trimon|y 'mæt.rɪ.mə.n|i, -rə- US -rə.moʊ- **-ies** -iz
t|rix 'meɪ.t|rɪks, 'mæt|.rɪks US 'meɪ.t|rɪks **-rixes** -rɪk.sɪz **-rices** ɪ.siːz, -rə-
te: British doctors generally pronounce /'meɪ.trɪks/ when talking about the cell type. Those connected with the printing trade pronounce /mæt.rɪks/.
tron 'meɪ.trᵊn **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**matron** **of 'honour**
trûh mæt'ruː
tsui® mæt'suː.i
tsushita® ˌmæt.su'ʃiː.tə US -t̬ə
tt(e) mæt
tt|er 'mæt|.əʳ US 'mæt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **s a ˌmatter of 'fact**
tterhorn 'mæt.ə.hɔːn US 'mæt̬.ɚ.hɔːrn
tter-of-fact ˌmæt.əʳ.əv'fækt US ˌmæt̬.ɚ-
tthau 'mæθ.aʊ, 'mæt-
tthes 'mæθ.əs
tthew 'mæθ.juː
tthews 'mæθ.juːz
tthias mə'θaɪəs
tthiessen 'mæθ.ɪ.sᵊn
tting 'mæt.ɪŋ US 'mæt̬-
ttins 'mæt.ɪnz US -ᵊnz
ttock 'mæt.ək US 'mæt̬- **-s** -s
ttress 'mæt.rəs, -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
tur|ate 'mæt.jᵊr|.eɪt, -jʊ.r|eɪt; mætʃ.ᵊr|.eɪt US 'mætʃ.ə.r|eɪt, -ʊ- **ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
turation ˌmæt.jᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'reɪ-; mætʃ.ᵊr'eɪ- US ˌmætʃ.ə'reɪ-, -ʊ'-
tur|e (M) mə'tjʊəʳ, -'tjɔːʳ, -'tʃʊəʳ, -'tʃɔːʳ US -'tʊr, -'tjʊr, -'tʃʊr **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Maturin *surname:* 'mæt.jʊə.rɪn, -jə'- US ˌmɑː.tuː'riːn, -tə'-
Maturín *in Venezuela:* ˌmæt.jʊə'rɪn, -jə'- US ˌmɑː.tuː'riːn, -t̬ə'-
maturity mə'tjʊə.rə.ti, -'tjɔː-, -'tʃʊə-, -'tʃɔː-, -rɪ- US -'tʊr.ə.t̬i, -'tjʊr-, -'tʃʊr-
matutinal ˌmæt.jʊ'taɪ.nᵊl; mə'tjuː.tɪ-, -tə- US mə'tuː.tᵊn.ᵊl, -'tjuː-
matzo(h) 'mɒt.sə, 'mæt-, 'mɑːt-, -səʊ US 'mɑːt.sə, -soʊ **-s** -z **matzoth** 'mɒt.sət, 'mæt-, 'mɑːt-, -səʊθ US -soʊt
maud (M) mɔːd US mɑːd, mɔːd **-s** -z
Maude mɔːd US mɑːd, mɔːd
maudlin 'mɔːd.lɪn US 'mɑːd-, 'mɔːd-
Maudsley 'mɔːdz.li US 'mɑːdz-, 'mɔːdz-
Mauger 'meɪ.dʒəʳ, 'mɔː.gəʳ US 'mɑː.gɚ, 'mɔː-, 'meɪ.dʒɚ
Maugham mɔːm; 'mɒf.əm US mɑːm, mɔːm
Note: The author Somerset Maugham is pronounced /mɔːm/.
Maughan mɔːn US mɑːn, mɔːn
maugre 'mɔː.gəʳ US 'mɑː.gɚ, 'mɔː-
Maui 'maʊ.i
maul mɔːl US mɑːl, mɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Mauleverer mɔː'lev.ᵊr.əʳ, mə- US mɑː'lev.ɚ.ɚ, mɔː-, mə-
maulstick 'mɔːl.stɪk US 'mɑːl-, 'mɔːl- **-s** -s
Mau Mau 'maʊˌmaʊ, ˌ-'-
Mauna Kea ˌmaʊ.nə'keɪ.ə US ˌmaʊ-, ˌmɑː-, ˌmɔː-
Mauna Loa ˌmaʊ.nə'ləʊ.ə US -'loʊ-, ˌmɑː-, ˌmɔː-
maunder 'mɔːn.dəʳ US 'mɑːn.dɚ, 'mɔːn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
maundy (M) 'mɔːn.di US 'mɑːn-, 'mɔːn- ˌ**Maundy 'Thursday**
Maunsell 'mænt.sᵊl
Maupassant 'məʊ.pæs.ɑ̃ːŋ US 'moʊ.pə.sɑːnt
Maupin 'mɔː.pɪn, -pæ̃ US 'mɑː-
Maureen 'mɔː.riːn, -'- US mɔː'riːn, mə-
Mauretani|a ˌmɒr.ɪ'teɪ.ni|.ə, ˌmɔː.rɪ'- US ˌmɔːr.ɪ'-, ˌmɑːr-, '-nj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Mauriac 'mɒr.i.æk, 'mɔː.ri- US 'mɔːr-, 'mɑːr-
Maurice 'mɒr.ɪs, mɒr'iːs US mɔː'riːs, mɑː-, mə-; 'mɑːr.ɪs, 'mɔːr-
Mauritani|a ˌmɒr.ɪ'teɪ.ni|.ə, ˌmɔː.rɪ'- US ˌmɔːr.ɪ'-, ˌmɑːr-, -'nj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Maurit|ius mə'rɪʃ|.əs, mɔː-, mɒr'ɪʃ|- US mɔː'rɪʃ.i|.əs, mɑː-, '-əs **-ian/s** -ən/z
Mauser 'maʊ.zəʳ US -zɚ **-s** -z
mausoleum ˌmɔː.sə'liː.əm, ˌmaʊ-, -zə'-, -'leɪ- US ˌmɑː.sə'liː-, ˌmɔː-, -zə'- **-s** -z
mauve məʊv US moʊv, mɑːv, mɔːv **-s** -z
maven 'meɪ.vən **-s** -z
maverick 'mæv.ᵊr.ɪk US 'mæv.ɚ-, '-rɪk **-s** -s
mavis (M) 'meɪ.vɪs
maw (M) mɔː US mɑː, mɔː **-s** -z
Mawer 'mɔː.əʳ, mɔːʳ US 'mɔː.ɚ
Mawhinney, Mawhinny mə'*h*wɪn.i
mawkish 'mɔː.kɪʃ US 'mɑː-, 'mɔː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
max (M) mæks
Maxey 'mæk.si
Max Factor® ˌmæks'fæk.təʳ US -tɚ
maxi 'mæk.si **-s** -z
maxill|a mæk'sɪl|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz **-ary** -ᵊr.i
maxim (M) 'mæk.sɪm **-s** -z
maximal 'mæk.sɪ.mᵊl, -sə- **-ly** -i
maximalist 'mæk.sɪ.mᵊl.ɪst, -sə- **-s** -s
Maximilian ˌmæk.sɪ'mɪl.i.ən, -sə'- US '-jən, '-i.ən
maximization, -isa- ˌmæk.sɪ.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə- US -mɪ'- **-s** -z
maximiz|e, -is|e 'mæk.sɪ.maɪz, -sə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
maxim|um 'mæk.sɪ.m|əm, -sə- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
Maximus 'mæk.sɪ.məs, -sə-
Maxine mæk'siːn, '-- US mæk'siːn
Maxse 'mæk.si
Maxwell 'mæk.swəl, -swel
may (*auxil. v.*) meɪ
May meɪ '**May** ˌ**Day**
May|a 'maɪ|.ə US 'mɑː.j|ə, 'maɪ|.ə **-as** -əz **-an/s** -ən/z
Mayall 'meɪ.ɔːl, -əl US -ɔːl, -ɑːl, -əl
mayapple 'meɪˌæp.ᵊl **-s** -z
maybe 'meɪ.bi, -biː, ˌ-'-
maybug 'meɪ.bʌg **-s** -z
mayday (M) 'meɪ.deɪ **-s** -z
Mayer 'meɪ.əʳ US -ɚ
mayest 'meɪ.ɪst, -əst; meɪst
Mayfair 'meɪ.feəʳ US -fer
Mayfield 'meɪ.fiːld
mayflower (M) 'meɪ.flaʊəʳ US -flaʊɚ **-s** -z
mayfl|y 'meɪ.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
mayhap 'meɪ.hæp
mayhem 'meɪ.hem
Mayhew 'meɪ.hjuː
maying 'meɪ.ɪŋ
Maynard 'meɪ.nɑːd, -nəd US -nɚd
Maynooth mə'nuːθ, meɪ-
mayn't meɪnt; 'meɪ.ᵊnt
Maynwaring 'mæn.ᵊr.ɪŋ
Mayo *in Ireland, surname:* 'meɪ.əʊ, -'- US -oʊ, -'- **-s** -z *American Indian:* 'maɪ.əʊ US -oʊ **-s** -z
mayo (*abbrev. for* **mayonnaise**) 'meɪ.əʊ US -oʊ
mayonnaise ˌmeɪ.ə'neɪz US 'meɪ.ə.neɪz, ˌ--'-
mayor (M) meəʳ US meɪɚ, mer **-s** -z
mayoral 'meə.rᵊl US 'meɪ.ɔːr.ᵊl
mayoralt|y 'meə.rᵊl.t|i US 'meɪɚ.ᵊl.t̬|i, 'mer- **-ies** -iz

mayoress(M) ˌmeəˈres; ˈmeə.res, -rɪs, -rəs US ˈmeɪɚ.ɪs, ˈmer-, -əs **-es** -ɪz
mayorship ˈmeə.ʃɪp US ˈmeɪɚ-, ˈmer- **-s** -s
Mayotte maɪˈjɒt US mɑːˈjɑːt
Mayou ˈmeɪ.uː
maypole ˈmeɪ.pəʊl US -poʊl **-s** -z
mayst meɪst
may've ˈmeɪ.əv
Mazda® ˈmæz.də US ˈmɑːz- **-s** -z
maz|e meɪz **-es** -ɪz
Mazeppa məˈzep.ə
Mazo de la Roche ˌmæz.əʊ.də.lɑːˈrɒʃ, ˌmeɪ.zəʊ- US ˌmɑː.zoʊ.də.lɑːˈroʊʃ
mazourka məˈzɜː.kə US -ˈzɝː-, -ˈzʊr- **-s** -z
mazuma məˈzuː.mə
mazurka məˈzɜː.kə US -ˈzɝː-, -ˈzʊr- **-s** -z
mazuzah məˈzuː.zə
maz|y ˈmeɪ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
MBA ˌem.biːˈeɪ
Mbabane əm.bɑːˈbɑː.neɪ US ˌem-
MBE ˌem.biːˈiː
Mbeki əmˈbek.i
Mbuji-Mayi əmˈbuː.dʒi.maɪ.i US emˌbuː.dʒiˈmaɪ.ji, -ˈmɑː-
Mc mək, mæk
MC ˌemˈsiː
McAdam məˈkæd.əm
McAfee məˈkæf.i; ˌmæk.əˈfiː US ˈmæk.ə.fiː; məˈkæf.i
McAiley məˈkeɪ.li
McAleer ˌmæk.əˈlɪəʳ US -ˈlɪr
McAleese ˌmæk.əˈliːs
McAlinden ˌmæk.əˈlɪn.dən
McAlister məˈkæl.ɪ.stəʳ US -stɚ
McAl(l)ister məˈkæl.ɪ.stəʳ, ˈ-ə- US -stɚ
McAll məˈkɔːl US -ˈkɔːl, -ˈkɑːl
McAlpine məˈkæl.pɪn, -paɪn
McAnally ˌmæk.əˈnæl.i US ˈmæk.ən.æl.i
McArdle məˈkɑː.dəl US -ˈkɑːr-
McArthur məˈkɑː.θəʳ US -ˈkɑːr.θɚ
McAteer ˌmæk.əˈtɪəʳ, ˈ--- US ˌmæk.əˈtɪr, ˈ---
McAulay məˈkɔː.li US -ˈkɔː-, -ˈkɑː-
McAvoy ˈmæk.ə.vɔɪ
McBain məkˈbeɪn
McBeal məkˈbiːl
McBean məkˈbeɪn, -ˈbiːn
McBeth məkˈbeθ
McBrain məkˈbreɪn
McBride məkˈbraɪd
MCC ˌem.siːˈsiː
McCabe məˈkeɪb
McCaffrey məˈkæf.ri
McCain® məˈkeɪn
McCall məˈkɔːl US -ˈkɔːl, -ˈkɑːl
McCallie məˈkɔː.li US -ˈkɑː.li, -ˈkɔː-
McCallion məˈkæl.i.ən
McCallum məˈkæl.əm
McCann məˈkæn
McCartan, McCarten məˈkɑː.tən US -ˈkɑːr-
McCarthy məˈkɑː.θi US -ˈkɑːr- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
McCartney məˈkɑːt.ni US -ˈkɑːrt-
McCaughey məˈkæx.i, -ˈkæ.hi, -ˈkɒf.i US -ˈkæ.hi, -ˈkɑː.fi
McCausland məˈkɔːz.lənd US -ˈkɑːz-, -ˈkɔːz-
McClain məˈkleɪn
McClean məˈkleɪn, -ˈkliːn
McClear məˈklɪəʳ US -ˈklɪr
McClellan məˈklel.ən
McClelland məˈklel.ənd
McClintock məˈklɪn.tək, -tɒk US -t̬ək, -tɑːk
McCloskey məˈklɒs.ki US -ˈklɑː.ski, -ˈklʌs.ki
McClure məˈklʊəʳ, -ˈklɔːʳ US -ˈklʊr
McColl məˈkɒl US -ˈkɑːl, -ˈkɔːl
McCollum məˈkɒl.əm US -ˈkɑː.ləm
McComb məˈkəʊm US -ˈkoʊm
McConnell məˈkɒn.əl US -ˈkɑː.nəl
McConochie məˈkɒn.ə.ki, -xi US -ˈkɑː.nə-
McConville məˈkɒn.vɪl US -ˈkɑːn-
McCormack məˈkɔː.mək US -ˈkɔːr-
McCormick məˈkɔː.mɪk US -ˈkɔːr-
McCorquodale məˈkɔː.kə.deɪl US -ˈkɔːr-
McCorry məˈkɒr.i US -ˈkɔːr-
McCourt məˈkɔːt US -ˈkɔːrt
McCoy məˈkɔɪ
McCrae, McCrea məˈkreɪ
McCready məˈkriː.di
McCrory məˈkrɔː.ri US -ˈkrɔːr.i
McCullagh məˈkʌl.ə
McCullam məˈkʌl.əm
McCullers məˈkʌl.əz US -ɚz
McCulloch məˈkʌl.ək, -əx
McCusker məˈkʌs.kəʳ US -kɚ
McDade məkˈdeɪd
McDaniels məkˈdæn.jəlz
McDermot(t) məkˈdɜː.mət US -ˈdɝː-
McDiarmid məkˈdɜː.mɪd, -ˈdeə- US -ˈdɝː-
McDonald məkˈdɒn.əld, mæk- US -ˈdɑː.nəld
McDonaugh məkˈdɒn.ə US -ˈdɑː.nə
McDon(n)ell məkˈdɒn.əl, ˌmæk.dəˈnel US -ˈdɑː.nəl
McDono(u)gh məkˈdʌn.ə, -ˈdɒn- US -ˈdɑː.nə, -ˈdʌn-
McDougal məkˈduː.gəl
McDougall məkˈduː.gəl
McDougall's® məkˈduː.gəlz, mæk-
McDowell, McDowall məkˈdaʊəl, -ˈdəʊəl US -ˈdaʊəl, -ˈdoʊəl
McDuff məkˈdʌf, mæk-
Note: In Scotland always /mək-/.
McElder(r)y ˈmæk.əlˌder.i, ˌmæk.əlˈder-
McEldowney ˌmæk.əlˈdaʊ.ni, ˈmæk.əlˌdaʊ-
McElroy ˈmæk.əl.rɔɪ
McElwain məˈkel.weɪn; ˈmæk.əl.weɪn
McElwin məˈkel.wɪn
McEnroe ˈmæk.ɪn.rəʊ, -ən- US -roʊ
McEwen, McEwan məˈkjuː.ən, -ɪn
McFadzean məkˈfæd.i.ən
McFarland məkˈfɑː.lənd US -ˈfɑːr-
McFarlane məkˈfɑː.lɪn, -lən US -ˈfɑːr-
McGahey məˈgæx.i, -ˈgæ.hi US -ˈgeɪ.hi
McGee məˈgiː
McGillicuddy ˈmæg.li.kʌd.i, ˈmæk.ɪl-; məˈgɪl.i.kʌd.i US məˈgɪl.i-
McGillivray məˈgɪl.ɪ.vri, -ˈgɪl.vri, -ˈglɪv.ri, -reɪ
McGoldrick məˈgəʊl.drɪk US -ˈgoʊl-
McGough məˈgɒf US -ˈgɑːf
McGovern məˈgʌv.ən US -ɚn
McGowan məˈgaʊən
McGrath məˈgrɑː, -ˈgrɑːθ, -ˈgræθ US -ˈgræθ
McGraw məˈgrɔː US -ˈgrɑː, -ˈgrɔː
McGregor məˈgreg.əʳ US -ɚ
McGuane məˈgweɪn
McGuigan məˈgwɪg.ən
McGuinness məˈgɪn.ɪs, -əs
McGuire məˈgwaɪəʳ US -ˈgwaɪɚ
McIlrath ˈmæk.əl.rɑːθ, -ɪl- US -ræθ
McIlroy ˈmæk.əl.rɔɪ, -ɪl-, ˌ--ˈ-
McIlvanney ˌmæk.əlˈvæn.i, -ɪlˈ-
McIlwraith ˈmæk.əl.reɪθ, -ɪl-
McInlay, McInley məˈkɪn.li US məkˈɪn.li
McInroy ˈmæk.ɪn.rɔɪ, -ən-
McIntosh ˈmæk.ɪn.tɒʃ, -ən- US -tɑːʃ
McIntyre ˈmæk.ɪn.taɪəʳ, -ən- US -taɪɚ
McIver məˈkaɪ.vəʳ, -ˈkɪv.əʳ US -vɚ
McIvor məˈkiː.vəʳ, -ˈkaɪ.vəʳ US -vɚ
McKee məˈkiː
McKellen məˈkel.ən
McKenna məˈken.ə
McKenzie məˈken.zi
McKeown məˈkjəʊn, -ˈkjʊən US -ˈkjoʊn
McKerras məˈker.əs
McKie məˈkaɪ, -ˈkiː
McKinlay, McKinley məˈkɪn.li
McKinley məˈkɪn.li
McKinnon məˈkɪn.ən
McKinny məˈkɪn.i
McKnight məkˈnaɪt
McLachlan məˈklɒk.lən, -ˈklɒx-, -ˈklæk-, -ˈklæx- US -ˈklɑː.klən
McLagan məˈklæg.ən
McLaine məˈkleɪn
McLaren məˈklær.ən US -ˈkler-, -ˈklær-, -ən
McLaughlin məˈklɒk.lɪn, -ˈklɒx- US -ˈklɑː.klɪn, -ˈklɑːf-, -ˈklɔːf-
McLay məˈkleɪ
McLean məˈkleɪn, -ˈkliːn US -ˈkliːn
McLeish məˈkliːʃ
McLeod məˈklaʊd
McMahon məkˈmɑːn US -ˈmæn, -ˈmeɪən, -ˈmɑːn
McManaman məkˈmæn.ə.mən
McManus məkˈmæn.əs, -ˈmeɪ.nəs
McMaster məkˈmɑː.stəʳ US -ˈmæs.t

McMenem(e)y mək'men.ə.mi
McMichael mək'maɪ.kᵊl
McMillan mək'mɪl.ən
McMullen mək'mʌl.ən
McMurdo mək'mɜː.dəʊ Ⓤⓢ -'mɝː.doʊ
McNab mək'næb
McNaghten, McNachton mək'nɔː.tᵊn Ⓤⓢ -'nɑː-, -'nɔː-
McNally mək'næl.i
McNamara ˌmæk.nə'mɑː.rə Ⓤⓢ 'mæk.nə.mer.ə, -mær-
McNaught mək'nɔːt Ⓤⓢ -'nɑːt, -'nɔːt **-on** -ᵊn **-en** -ᵊn
McNeice mək'niːs
McNeil mək'niːl
McPhee mək'fiː
McQuarie mə'kwɒr.i, -'kwɑːr-, -'kwɔːr- Ⓤⓢ mə'kwɑː.ri
McQueen mə'kwiːn
McRae mə'kreɪ
McReady mə'kriː.di
McShane mək'ʃeɪn
McShea mək'ʃeɪ
McSwiney mək'swiː.ni, -'swɪn-
McTaggart mək'tæg.ət Ⓤⓢ -ɚt
McTavish mək'tæv.ɪʃ
McTeague mək'tiːg
McVay mək'veɪ
McVeagh mək'veɪ
McVean mək'veɪn, -viːn
McVeigh mək'veɪ
McVey mək'veɪ
McVicar mək'vɪk.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ
McVit(t)ie mək'vɪt.i Ⓤⓢ -'vɪţ-
McVitie's® mək'vɪt.iz Ⓤⓢ -'vɪţ-
McWhirter mək'hwɜː.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -'hwɝː.ţɚ
McWilliams mək'wɪl.jəmz, -i.əmz Ⓤⓢ '-jəmz
MD ˌem'di
Md. (*abbrev. for* **Maryland**) 'meə.rɪ.lænd, 'mer.ɪ-, -lənd Ⓤⓢ 'mer.ɪ.lənd
me *note in Tonic Sol-fa:* miː **-s** -z
me (*pron.*) *normal form:* miː *freq. weak form:* mi
Me. (*abbrev. for* **Maine**) meɪn
ME ˌem'iː
Meacher 'miː.tʃəʳ Ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
mea culpa ˌmeɪ.ə'kʊl.pə, -ɑː'-, -'kʌl-, -pɑː Ⓤⓢ -ɑː'kʊl.pɑː, miː-, -ə'kʌl.pə
mead (M) miːd **-s** -z
Meaden 'miː.dᵊn
meadow 'med.əʊ Ⓤⓢ -oʊ **-s** -z **-y** -i
meadowlark 'med.əʊ.lɑːk Ⓤⓢ -oʊ.lɑːrk **-s** -s
Meadows 'med.əʊz Ⓤⓢ -oʊz
meadowsweet 'med.əʊ.swiːt Ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
Meagan 'miː.gᵊn
meag|er 'miː.g|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -g|ɚ **-erer** -ᵊr.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ **-erest** -ᵊr.ɪst, -əst **-erly** -ᵊl.i Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.li **-erness** -ə.nəs, -nɪs Ⓤⓢ -ɚ-
Meagher mɑːʳ Ⓤⓢ mɑːr
meag|re 'miː.g|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -g|ɚ **-rer** -ᵊr.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ **-rest** -ᵊr.ɪst, -əst **-rely** -ᵊl.i Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.li **-reness** -ə.nəs, -nɪs Ⓤⓢ -ɚ-
Meaker 'miː.kəʳ Ⓤⓢ -kɚ
meal miːl **-s** -z ˌ**meals on** '**wheels;** '**meal** ˌ**ticket**
mealie 'miː.li **-s** -z
mealtime 'miːl.taɪm **-s** -z
meal|y 'miː.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
mealybug 'miː.li.bʌg
mealy-mouthed ˌmiː.li'maʊðd Ⓤⓢ 'miː.li.maʊðd, -maʊθt, ˌ--'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌmealy-mouthed 'person
mean miːn **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **meant** ment '**means** ˌ**test**
meand|er (M) mi'æn.d|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
meanie 'miː.ni **-s** -z
meaning 'miː.nɪŋ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
meaningful 'miː.nɪŋ.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
meaningless 'miː.nɪŋ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
means-test 'miːnz.test **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
meant (*from* **mean**) ment
meantime ˌmiːn'taɪm, '-- Ⓤⓢ 'miːn-
meanwhile ˌmiːn'hwaɪl, '-- Ⓤⓢ 'miːn-
mean|y 'miː.n|i **-ies** -iz
Meany 'miː.ni
Mearns mɜːnz, meənz, mɪənz Ⓤⓢ mɝːnz, mernz, mɪrnz
Mears mɪəz Ⓤⓢ mɪrz
measles 'miː.zᵊlz
measly 'miːz.li
measurab|le 'meʒ.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
meas|ure 'meʒ|.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ures** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
measureless 'meʒ.ə.ləs, -lɪs Ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
measurement 'meʒ.ə.mənt Ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- **-s** -s
meat miːt **-s** -s
meat-and-potatoes ˌmiːt.ᵊnd.pə'teɪ.təʊz, -ᵊm- Ⓤⓢ -ᵊnd.pə'teɪ.ţoʊz
meatball 'miːt.bɔːl Ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z
Meates miːts
Meath *Irish county:* miːð
Note: Often pronounced /miːθ/ by English people.
meathead 'miːt.hed **-s** -z
meatless 'miːt.ləs, -lɪs
meatloa|f 'miːt.ləʊ|f Ⓤⓢ -loʊ|f **-ves** -vz
meatpacking 'miːtˌpæk.ɪŋ
meatus mi'eɪ.təs Ⓤⓢ -ţəs **-es** -ɪz
meat|y 'miː.t|i Ⓤⓢ -ţ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
mecca (M) 'mek.ə
Meccano® mɪ'kɑː.nəʊ, mek'ɑː-, mə'kɑː- Ⓤⓢ -noʊ
mechanic mɪ'kæn.ɪk, mə- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
mechanician ˌmek.ə'nɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
mechanism 'mek.ə.nɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
mechanistic ˌmek.ə'nɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
mechanization, -isa- ˌmek.ə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- Ⓤⓢ -nɪ'-
mechaniz|e, -is|e 'mek.ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Mecklenburg 'mek.lɪn.bɜːg, -lən-, -lɪm-, -ləm- Ⓤⓢ -lɪn.bɝːg, -lən-
MEd ˌem'ed
Med med
medal 'med.ᵊl **-s** -z
medalist 'med.ᵊl.ɪst **-s** -s
medallion mɪ'dæl.i.ən, med'æl-, mə'dæl- Ⓤⓢ mə'dæl.jən **-s** -z
medallist 'med.ᵊl.ɪst **-s** -s
Medan 'med.ɑːn, 'meɪ.dɑːn, -'- Ⓤⓢ meɪ'dɑːn, '--
Medawar 'med.ə.wəʳ Ⓤⓢ -wɚ
meddl|e 'med.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, '-ləʳ/z, '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
meddlesome 'med.ᵊl.səm **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Mede miːd **-s** -z
Medea mɪ'dɪə, mə-, -'diː.ə Ⓤⓢ mɪ'diː.ə, mə-
Medellín ˌmed.ᵊl'ɪn, -'iːn *as if Spanish:* ˌmed.eɪ'jin Ⓤⓢ -'iːn
medfl|y 'med.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
media (*plur. of* **medium**) 'miː.di.ə
mediaeval (M) ˌmed.i'iː.vᵊl, med'iː- Ⓤⓢ ˌmiː.di'-, ˌmed.i'-; mə'diː- **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
medial 'miː.di.əl
median 'miː.di.ən **-s** -z '**median** ˌ**strip**
mediant 'miː.di.ənt **-s** -s
mediastin|um ˌmiː.di.ə'staɪ.n|əm Ⓤⓢ -æs'taɪ- **-a** -ə
mediate (*adj.*) 'miː.di.ət, -ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
medi|ate (*v.*) 'miː.di|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd
mediation ˌmiː.di'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
mediative 'miː.di.ə.tɪv Ⓤⓢ -ţɪv
mediator 'miː.di.eɪ.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -ţɚ **-s** -z
mediatorial ˌmiː.di.ə'tɔː.ri.əl Ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
mediatory 'miː.di.ə.tᵊr.i, -tri Ⓤⓢ -tɔːr.i
medic 'med.ɪk **-s** -s
Medicaid 'med.ɪ.keɪd
medic|al 'med.ɪ.k|ᵊl **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
medicament mə'dɪk.ə.mənt, mɪ-, med'ɪk-; 'med.ɪ.kə- Ⓤⓢ mə'dɪk.ə-; 'med.ɪ.kə- **-s** -s
Medicare 'med.ɪ.keəʳ Ⓤⓢ -ker
medi|cate 'med.ɪ|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -keɪ.ţɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -keɪ.ţɪd
medication ˌmed.ɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
Medici 'med.ɪ.tʃiː, -tʃi; med'iː.tʃi, mə'diː-, mɪ- Ⓤⓢ 'med.ə.tʃiː
medicinal mə'dɪs.ɪ.nᵊl, mɪ-, med'ɪs-, -ᵊn.ᵊl Ⓤⓢ mə'dɪs- **-ly** -i
medicine 'med.sᵊn, -sɪn, '-ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-, -sɪn Ⓤⓢ 'med.ɪ.sən **-s** -z '**medicine** ˌ**ball;** '**medicine** ˌ**chest;** ˌ**give**

someone a ˌtaste of their ˌown ˈmedicine

medico ˈmed.ɪ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ -s -z

medico- ˌmed.ɪ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ

medieval (M) ˌmed.iˈiː.vəl, medˈiː- (US) ˌmiː.diˈ-, ˌmed.iˈ-; məˈdiː- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Medill məˈdɪl

Medina *in Saudi Arabia:* medˈiː.nə, mɪˈdiː-, məˈdiː- (US) məˈdiː- *in US:* medˈaɪ.nə, mɪˈdaɪ-, mə- (US) mə-

mediocre ˌmiː.diˈəʊ.kər, ˈmiː.di.əʊ- (US) ˌmiː.diˈoʊ.kɚ, ˈmiː.di.oʊ-

mediocrit|y ˌmiː.diˈɒk.rə.t|i, ˌmed.iˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌmiː.diˈɑː.krə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

medi|tate ˈmed.ɪ|.teɪt, ˈ-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.tər/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z

meditation ˌmed.ɪˈteɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- **-s** -z

meditative ˈmed.ɪ.tə.tɪv, ˈ-ə-, -teɪ- (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Mediterranean ˌmed.ɪ.tərˈeɪ.ni.ən, ˌ-ə- (US) -təˈreɪ-

medi|um ˈmiː.di|.əm **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz ˈ**medium** ˌ**wave**

Medjugorje ˈmet.jʊ.gɔː.tʃə (US) -gɔːr-

medlar ˈmed.lər (US) -lɚ **-s** -z

medley (M) ˈmed.li **-s** -z

Medlock ˈmed.lɒk (US) -lɑːk

Médoc ˈmeɪ.dɒk, ˈmed.ɒk, -ˈ- (US) ˈmeɪ.dɑːk, -ˈ- **-s** -s

medulla medˈʌl.ə, mɪˈdʌl-, məˈdʌl- (US) mɪˈdʌl- **-s** -z

medus|a (M) mɪˈdjuː.z|ə, mə-, medˈjuː-, -s|ə (US) məˈduː-, -ˈdjuː- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː

Medway ˈmed.weɪ

Mee miː

meed miːd **-s** -z

meek (M) miːk **-er** -ər (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

meerkat ˈmɪə.kæt (US) ˈmɪr- **-s** -s

meerschaum ˈmɪə.ʃəm, -ʃaʊm (US) ˈmɪr-, -ʃɑːm, -ʃɔːm **-s** -z

Meerut ˈmɪə.rət (US) ˈmiː-

meet miːt **-s** -s **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈmiː.t̬ɪŋ **met** met

meeting ˈmiː.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z

Meg meg

mega- ˈmeg.ə, ˌmeg.əˈ

Note: Prefix. May carry primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **megalith** /ˈmeg.ə.lɪθ/, **megalithic** /ˌmeg.əˈlɪθ.ɪk/.

megabit ˈmeg.ə.bɪt **-s** -s

megabucks ˈmeg.ə.bʌks

megabyte ˈmeg.ə.baɪt **-s** -s

megacycle ˈmeg.əˌsaɪ.kəl **-s** -z

megadeath ˈmeg.ə.deθ **-s** -s

megahertz ˈmeg.ə.hɜːts (US) -hɝːts, -herts

megalith ˈmeg.ə.lɪθ **-s** -s

megalithic ˌmeg.əˈlɪθ.ɪk

megalomania ˌmeg.əl.əʊˈmeɪ.ni.ə (US) -oʊˈmeɪ-, -əˈ-, ˈ-njə

megalomaniac ˌmeg.əl.əʊˈmeɪ.ni.æk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- **-s** -s

megalomaniacal ˌmeg.əl.əʊ.məˈnaɪ.ə.kəl (US) -oʊ-

megalopolis ˌmeg.əlˈɒp.ə.lɪs (US) -ˈɑː.pə-

Megan ˈmeg.ən (US) ˈmeg-, ˈmiː.gən

megaphone ˈmeg.ə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z

megaplex ˈmeg.ə.pleks **-es** -ɪz

megastar ˈmeg.ə.stɑːr (US) -stɑːr **-s** -z

megastore ˈmeg.ə.stɔːr (US) -stɔːr **-s** -z

megatheri|um ˌmeg.əˈθɪə.ri|.əm (US) -ˈθɪr.i- **-a** -ə

megaton ˈmeg.ə.tʌn **-s** -z

megavolt ˈmeg.ə.vəʊlt, -vɒlt (US) -voʊlt **-s** -s

megawatt ˈmeg.ə.wɒt (US) -wɑːt **-s** -s

Meghan ˈmeg.ən (US) ˈmeg-, ˈmiː.gən

megilp məˈgɪlp, mɪ- (US) mə-

megrim ˈmiː.grɪm, -grəm (US) -grɪm **-s** -z

Mehta ˈmeɪ.tə

Meier ˈmaɪ.ər (US) -ɚ

Meikle ˈmiː.kəl

Meiklejohn ˈmɪk.əl.dʒɒn, ˈmiː.kəl- (US) -dʒɑːn

meios|is maɪˈəʊ.s|ɪs (US) -ˈoʊ- **-es** -iːz

Meir *English surname:* mɪər (US) mɪr *Israeli surname:* meɪˈɪər (US) meɪˈɪr, maɪ.ɚ

Meirionnydd mer.iˈɒn.ɪð (US) -ˈɑː.nɪθ

Meissen ˈmaɪ.sən

Meistersinger ˈmaɪ.stəˌsɪŋ.ər, -ˌzɪŋ- (US) -stɚˌsɪŋ.ɚ, -ˌzɪŋ- **-s** -z

Mekka ˈmek.ə

Meknès mekˈnes

Mekong ˌmiːˈkɒŋ, ˌmeɪ- (US) ˌmeɪˈkɑːŋ, -kɔːŋ *stress shift:* ˌMekong ˈRiver

Mel mel

melamine ˈmel.ə.miːn, -mɪn (US) -miːn

melancholia ˌmel.ənˈkəʊ.li.ə, -əŋˈ- (US) -ənˈkoʊ-

melancholic ˌmel.ənˈkɒl.ɪk, -əŋˈ- (US) -ənˈkɑː.lɪk *stress shift:* ˌmelancholic ˈmood

melancholy ˈmel.ən.kəl.i, -əŋ-, -kɒl- (US) -ən.kɑː.li

Melanchthon məˈlæŋk.θɒn, mɪ-, melˈæŋk-, -θən (US) məˈlæŋk.θən

Melanesi|a ˌmel.əˈniː.zi|.ə, -ʒi-, ˈ-ʒ|ə (US) -ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

mélang|e meɪˈlɑ̃ːnʒ, ˈ-- (US) meɪˈlɑ̃ːʒ, -ˈlɔ̃ːʒ, -ˈlɑːndʒ, -ˈlɔːndʒ **-es** -ɪz

Melanie ˈmel.ə.ni

mela|nin ˈmel.ə|.nɪn **-nism** -nɪ.zəm

melanom|a ˌmel.əˈnəʊ.m|ə (US) -ˈnoʊ- **-as** -əz **-ata** -ə.tə (US) -t̬ə

Melanthius məˈlænt.θi.əs, mɪ-, melˈænt-, -ɒs (US) məˈlænt.θi.əs

Melba ˈmel.bə ˌ**Melba** ˈ**toast**

Melbourne ˈmel.bən, -bɔːn (US) -bɚn, -bɔːrn

Note: In Australia always /ˈmel.bən/.

Melchett ˈmel.tʃɪt

Melchior ˈmel.ki.ɔːr (US) -ɔːr

Melchizedek melˈkɪz.ə.dek

Melcombe ˈmel.kəm

meld meld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Meldrew ˈmel.druː

Meleager ˌmel.iˈeɪ.gər (US) -dʒɚ

mêlée, melee ˈmel.eɪ, ˈmeɪ.leɪ, -ˈ- (US) ˈmeɪ.leɪ, -ˈ- **-s** -z

Melhuish ˈmel.ɪʃ, ˈmel.ju.ɪʃ, -hju-, melˈjuː.ɪʃ, -ˈhjuː-

Melibeus ˌmel.ɪˈbiː.əs, -əˈ- (US) -əˈ-

Melincourt ˈmel.ɪn.kɔːt, -ɪŋ- (US) -ɪn.kɔːrt

Melinda məˈlɪn.də, mɪ-, melˈɪn- (US) məˈlɪn-

melinite ˈmel.ɪ.naɪt

meliorable ˈmiː.li.ər.ə.bəl (US) ˈmiːl.jɚ.ə-

melior|ate ˈmiː.li.ər|.eɪt (US) ˈmiːl.jə.r|eɪt, ˈmiː.li.ə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

melioration ˌmiː.li.ərˈeɪ.ʃən (US) ˌmiːl.jəˈreɪ.ʃən, ˌmiː.li.əˈ- **-s** -z

meliorative ˈmiː.li.ər.ə.tɪv (US) ˈmiːl.jɚ.ə.t̬ɪv

meliorator ˈmiː.li.ər.eɪ.tər (US) ˈmiːl.jə.reɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

Melissa məˈlɪs.ə, mɪ-, melˈɪs- (US) məˈlɪs-

Melita məˈliː.tə; ˈmel.ɪ- (US) ˈmel.ɪ.t̬ə, məˈliː-, -ˈlɪt̬.ə

Melksham ˈmelk.ʃəm

mellifluen|t mɪˈlɪf.lu.ən|t, mə-, melˈɪf- (US) məˈlɪf- **-ce** -*t*s

mellifluous mɪˈlɪf.lu.əs, mə-, melˈɪ- (US) məˈlɪf- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Mellin ˈmel.ɪn

Mellor ˈmel.ər, -ɔːr (US) -ɚ, -ɔːr

Mellors ˈmel.əz, -ɔːz (US) -ɚz, -ɔːrz

mellow ˈmel.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-er** -ər (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Melmoth ˈmel.məθ

Melmotte ˈmel.mɒt, -ˈ- (US) ˈmel.mɑː-

melodic məˈlɒd.ɪk, mɪ-, melˈɒd- (US) məˈlɑː.dɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li

melodious məˈləʊ.di.əs, mɪ-, melˈə- (US) məˈloʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

melodist ˈmel.ə.dɪst **-s** -s

melodrama ˈmel.əʊˌdrɑː.mə (US) -oʊˌdrɑː.mə, -əˌ-, -ˌdræm.ə **-s** -z

melodramatic ˌmel.əʊ.drəˈmæt.ɪk (US) -oʊ.drəˈmæt̬-, ˌ-ə- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li

melodramatist ˌmel.əʊˈdræm.ə.tɪ... (US) -oʊˈdrɑː.mə.t̬ɪst, -əˈ-, -ˈdræm.ə- **-s** -s

melod|y (M) ˈmel.ə.d|i **-ies** -iz

Meloids® ˈmel.ɔɪdz

melon ˈmel.ən **-s** -z

Melos ˈmiː.lɒs, ˈmel.ɒs (US) ˈmiː.lɑːs

Melpomene melˈpɒm.ə.ni, ˈ-ɪ-, -ni... (US) -ˈpɑː.mə-

Melrose ˈmel.rəʊz (US) -roʊz

melt melt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li (US) ˈmel.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈmel.t̬ɪd ˈ**melting** ˌ**pot**

meltdown ˈmelt.daʊn **-s** -z

Meltham ˈmel.θəm

elton 'mel.tᵊn
eltonian mel'təʊ.ni.ən US -'toʊ-
elton Mowbray
nel.tən'məʊ.breɪ, -təm'-, -bri
US -tən'moʊ-
eltwater 'melt,wɔː.təʳ
US -,wɑː.ṭɚ, -,wɔː- **-s** -z
elville 'mel.vɪl
elvin, Melvyn 'mel.vɪn
ember 'mem.bəʳ US -bɚ **-s** -z **-ship/s**
ɪp/s ,**Member of 'Parliament**
embrane 'mem.breɪn **-s** -z
embraneous mem'breɪ.ni.əs
embranous 'mem.brə.nəs
emel 'meɪ.mᵊl
emento mɪ'men.təʊ, mem'en-,
ə'men- US mə'men.toʊ **-(e)s** -z
emento mori mɪ,men.təʊ'mɒr.i,
nem,en-, mə,men-, -'mɔː.raɪ
US mə,men.toʊ'mɔːr.iː, -aɪ
emnon 'mem.nɒn, -nən US -nɑːn
emo 'mem.əʊ US -oʊ **-s** -z
emoir 'mem.wɑːʳ US -wɑːr, -wɔːr
-s -z
emorabilia ,mem.ᵊr.ə'bɪl.i.ə,
biː.li- US -'bɪl.i-, '-jə, -'biː.li-,
biːl.jə
emorab|le 'mem.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
emorand|um ,mem.ᵊr'æn.d|əm
US -ə'ræn- **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
emorial mə'mɔː.ri.əl, mɪ'-,
nem'ɔː- US mə'mɔːr.i- **-s** -z
emorializ|e, -is|e
ə'mɔː.ri.ə.laɪz, mɪ'-, mem'ɔː-
US mə'mɔːr.i- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emoriz|e, -is|e 'mem.ᵊr.aɪz
US -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
emor|y 'mem.ᵊr|.i, '-r|i **-ies** -iz
emphis 'memp.fɪs
emsahib 'mem,sɑː.hɪb, '-sɑːb
US 'mem,sɑː.hɪb, '-sɑːb;
nem.sɑː'hiːb, -'ɪb **-s** -z
en (*plur. of* **man**) men '**men's** ,**room**
enac|e 'men.ɪs, -əs US -əs **-es** -ɪz
ng/ly -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t
enag|e men'ɑːʒ, meɪ'nɑːʒ, mə-,
ɪ-, -'næʒ, '-- US meɪ'nɑːʒ, mə- **-es** -ɪz
enage à trois men,ɑːʒ.ɑː'trwɑː,
neɪ,nɑːz-, mə-, mɪ-, -,næʒ,
nen.ɑːz-, ,meɪ.nɑːʒ-, -,næʒ
US meɪ,nɑːʒ-, mə-
enagerie mə'nædʒ.ᵊr.i, mɪ-,
nen'ædʒ-, -'æʒ- US mə'nædʒ-,
næʒ- **-s** -z
enai 'men.aɪ
enander mə'næn.dəʳ, mɪ-,
nen'æn- US mə'næn.dɚ
enarche men'ɑː.ki, mɪ'nɑː-, mə-;
nen.ɑːk US mə'nɑːr.ki, men-
encap 'men.kæp, 'meŋ- US 'men-
encken 'meŋ.kən
end mend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
endacious men'deɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li
ness -nəs, -nɪs
endacity men'dæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ṭi
endel 'men.dᵊl
endeleev ,men.dᵊl'eɪ.ev, -dɪ'leɪ-,
ef, -əf US -də'leɪ.əf

mendelevium ,men.dᵊl'iː.vi.əm,
-dɪ'liː- US -də'liː-
Mendeleyev ,men.dᵊl'eɪ.ev, -dɪ'leɪ-,
-ef, -əf US -də'leɪ.əf
Mendelian men'diː.li.ən
Mendelssohn *English surname:*
'men.dᵊl.sᵊn *German composer:*
'men.dᵊl.sᵊn, -səʊn US -sᵊn, -soʊn,
-zoʊn
Mendes 'men.dez, -des US -'-
mendican|cy 'men.dɪ.kən|t.si
-t/s -t/s
mendicity men'dɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ṭi
Mendip 'men.dɪp **-s** -s
Mendoza men'dəʊ.zə US -'doʊ-, -sɑː
mene 'miː.ni
Menelaus ,men.ɪ'leɪ.əs, -ᵊl'eɪ-
Menem 'men.em US 'meɪn-
menfolk 'men.fəʊk US -foʊk **-s** -s
menhir 'men.hɪəʳ US -hɪr **-s** -z
menial 'miː.ni.əl, '-njəl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
Ménière 'men.i.eəʳ, 'meɪ.ni-, ,--'-;
'meɪ.njeəʳ, -'- US meɪ'njer
meningeal men'ɪn.dʒi.əl, mə'nɪn-,
mɪ-; ,men.ɪn'dʒiː.əl, -ən'-
US mə'nɪn.dʒi-
meninges (*plur. of* **meninx**)
mə'nɪn.dʒiːz, mɪ-, men'ɪn-
US mə'nɪn-
meningitis ,men.ɪn'dʒaɪ.tɪs, -ən'-,
-təs US -ṭɪs, -ṭəs
meningococcal mə,nɪn.dʒəʊ'kɒk.ᵊl,
-,nɪŋ.gəʊ'- US -,nɪŋ.goʊ'kɑː.kᵊl
meningo|coccus
mə,nɪn.dʒəʊ|'kɒk.əs, -,nɪŋ.gəʊ'- US
-,nɪŋ.goʊ|'kɑː.kəs **-cocci** -'kɒk.saɪ,
-aɪ, -iː US -'kɑːk.saɪ, -'kɑː.kaɪ, -kiː
meninx 'men.ɪŋks US 'miː.nɪŋks,
'men.ɪŋks **meninges** mə'nɪn.dʒiːz,
mɪ-, men'ɪn- US mə'nɪn-
menisc|us mə'nɪs.k|əs, mɪ-, men'ɪs-
US mə'nɪs- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ, -iː
Menlo Park ,men.ləʊ'pɑːk
US -loʊ'pɑːrk
Mennonite 'men.ə.naɪt **-s** -s
Meno 'miː.nəʊ US -noʊ
men-of-war (*plur. of* **man-of-war**)
,men.əv'wɔːʳ US -'wɔːr
menopausal ,men.əʊ'pɔː.zᵊl,
,miː.nəʊ'- US 'men.ə.pɑː.zᵊl, -pɔː-
menopause 'men.əʊ.pɔːz, 'miː.nəʊ-
US 'men.ə.pɑːz, -pɔːz
menorah mɪ'nɔː.rə, mə- US -'nɔːr.ə
-s -z
Menorca men'ɔː.kə, mə'nɔː-, mɪ-
US mə'nɔːr.kə
Mensa 'ment.sə
menservants (*plur. of* **manservant**)
'men,sɜː.vᵊnts US -,sɝː-
menses 'ment.siːz
Menshevik 'men.ʃə.vɪk, -ʃɪ-
US -ʃə.vɪk **-s** -s
mens rea ,menz'reɪ.ə US -'riː.ə
menstrual 'ment.strʊəl, -stru.əl
US -strəl, -stru.əl
menstru|ate 'ment.stru|.eɪt
US -stru-, -str|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating**
-eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.ṭɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
US -eɪ.ṭɪd

menstruation ,ment.stru'eɪ.ʃᵊn
US -stru'eɪ-, -,streɪ-
mensual 'ment.sju.əl, -sjʊəl US
-ʃu.əl
mensurability ,ment.ʃᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti,
-ʃʊ.rə'-, -sjᵊr.ə'-, -sjʊ.rə'-, -ɪ.ti
US -ʃɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.ṭi, -sɚ-
mensurable 'ment.ʃᵊr.ə.bᵊl, -ʃʊ.rə-,
-sjᵊr.ə-, -sjʊ.rə- US -ʃɚ.ə-, -sɚ-
mensuration ,ment.ʃᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn,
-ʃʊ'reɪ-, -sjᵊr'eɪ-, -sjʊ'reɪ-
US -ʃə'reɪ-, -sə'-
menswear 'menz.weəʳ US -wer
-ment mənt
mental 'men.tᵊl US -ṭᵊl **-ly** -i ,**mental**
'**age**; '**mental** ,**hospital**
mentalism 'men.tᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm US -ṭᵊl-
mentalistic ,men.tᵊl'ɪs.tɪk US -ṭᵊl'-
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li
mentalit|y men'tæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
US -ə.ṭ|i **-ies** -iz
Menteith men'tiːθ, mən-
menthol 'ment.θɒl, -θᵊl US -θɔːl,
-θɑːl, -θᵊl, -θoʊl
mentholated 'ment.θᵊl.eɪ.tɪd
US -ṭɪd
mention 'men.tʃᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed**
-d **-able** -ə.bᵊl, 'mentʃ.nə-
Mentone men'təʊ.neɪ, -ni US -'toʊ.ni
mentor 'men.tɔːʳ, -təʳ US -tɚ, -tɔːr
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
menu 'men.juː **-s** -z
menu-driven 'men.juː,drɪv.ᵊn,
,men.juː'drɪv- US 'men.juː,drɪv-
Menuhin 'men.ju.ɪn, -hɪn US -ɪn
Menzies 'men.zɪz, 'meŋ.ɪs, 'mɪŋ-
US 'men.ziːz
Meopham 'mep.əm
meow miː'aʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
MEP ,em.iː'piː **-s** -z
Mepham 'mef.əm
Mephisto mə'fɪs.təʊ, mɪ-, mef'ɪs-
US mə'fɪs.toʊ
Mephistophelean, -lian
,mef.ɪ.stə'fiː.li.ən, ,-ə-, -stɒf'ɪl-;
mə,fɪs.tə'-, mɪ-, mef,ɪs-;
,mef.ɪ,stɒf.ə'liː- US ,mef.ɪ.stə'fiː.li-;
mə,fɪs.tə'-; ,mef.ə,stɑː.fə'liː-,
-,stoʊ-
Mephistopheles ,mef.ɪ'stɒf.ɪ.liːz,
-ᵊl.iːz US -ə'stɑː.fə.liːz
mephitic mɪ'fɪt.ɪk, mef'ɪt- US mə'fɪṭ-
mephitis mɪ'faɪ.tɪs, mef'aɪ-, -təs
US mə'faɪ.ṭɪs, -ṭəs
Merc mɜːk US mɝːk **-s** -s
mercantile 'mɜː.kᵊn.taɪl US 'mɝː-,
-tiːl, -taɪl, -tɪl
mercantilism 'mɜː.kᵊn.tɪ.lɪ.zᵊm,
-taɪ-, -tᵊl.ɪ- US 'mɝː.kən.tiː-, -tɪ-,
-taɪ-
Mercator mɜː'keɪ.təʳ, -tɔːʳ
US mɚ'keɪ.ṭɚ
Mercedes *English female name:*
'mɜː.sɪ.diːz US 'mɝː-; mɚ'seɪ.diːz
trademark: mə'seɪ.diːz, mɜː-
US mɚ-, mɝː-
Mercedes-Benz mə,seɪ.diːz'bents,
mɜː-, -'benz US mɚ,seɪ.diːz'benz,
mɝː-, -'bents

mercenar|y 'mɜː.sᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -sɪ.nᵊr-, -sᵊn.r|i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.sə.ner.i **-ies** -iz
mercer (M) 'mɜː.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.sɚ **-s** -z
merceriz|e, -is|e 'mɜː.sᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
merchandise (*n.*) 'mɜː.tʃᵊn.daɪs, -daɪs ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
merchandiz|e, -ise (*v.*) 'mɜː.tʃᵊn.daɪz ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
merchant 'mɜː.tʃᵊnt ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-s** -s **-able** -ə.bᵊl ˌ**merchant** '**bank**; ˌ**merchant** '**navy**
merchant|man 'mɜː.tʃᵊnt|.mən ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-men** -mən, -men
Merchison 'mɜː.kɪ.sᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Merchiston 'mɜː.tʃɪ.stᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Merci|a 'mɜː.si|.ə, -ʃi|.ə ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.ʃ|ə, '-ʃi|.ə, -si|- **-an** -ən
merciful 'mɜː.sɪ.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
merciless 'mɜː.sɪ.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Merck® mɜːk ⓤⓢ mɝːk
mercurial mɜː'kjʊə.ri.əl, -'kjɔː- ⓤⓢ mɝː'kjʊr.i- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
mercuric mɜː'kjʊə.rɪk, -'kjɔː- ⓤⓢ mɝː'kjʊr.ɪk
Mercurochrome® mɜː'kjʊə.rə.krəʊm, -'kjɔː- ⓤⓢ mɝː'kjʊr.ə.kroʊm
mercurous 'mɜː.kjᵊr.əs, -kjʊ.rəs ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.kjʊr.əs, -kjɚ-
mercury (M) 'mɜː.kjᵊr.i, -kjʊ.ri ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.kjə.ri, -kjɚ-
Mercutio mɜː'kjuː.ʃi.əʊ ⓤⓢ mɝː'kjuː.ʃi.oʊ
merc|y (M) 'mɜː.s|i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ies** -iz '**mercy** ˌ**killing**
mere mɪəʳ ⓤⓢ mɪr **-s** -z
Meredith 'mer.ə.dɪθ, '-ɪ- *as if Welsh:* mer'ed.ɪθ
merely 'mɪə.li ⓤⓢ 'mɪr-
merest 'mɪə.rɪst, -rəst ⓤⓢ 'mɪr.ɪst, -əst
meretricious ˌmer.ɪ'trɪʃ.əs, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
merganser mɜː'gænt.səʳ, -'gæn.zəʳ ⓤⓢ mɝː'gænt.sɚ **-s** -z
merg|e mɜːdʒ ⓤⓢ mɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
merger 'mɜː.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.dʒɚ **-s** -z
Meribel 'mer.i.bel
Mérida 'mer.ɪ.də ⓤⓢ -iː.dɑː
meridian mə'rɪd.i.ən, mɪ- ⓤⓢ mə'rɪd- **-s** -z
meridional mə'rɪd.i.ə.nᵊl, mɪ- ⓤⓢ mə'rɪd- **-ly** -i
Mérimée 'mer.ɪ.meɪ ⓤⓢ ˌmeɪ.riː'meɪ
meringue mə'ræŋ **-s** -z
merino mə'riː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ **-s** -z
Merioneth ˌmer.i'ɒn.ɪθ, -neθ, -nəθ ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.nɪθ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
meristem 'mer.ɪ.stem, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -z
meristematic ˌmer.ɪ.stɪ'mæt.ɪk, ˌ-ə-, -stə'- ⓤⓢ -ə.stə'mæţ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
mer|it 'mer|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ţɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ţɪd
meritocrac|y ˌmer.ɪ'tɒk.rə.s|i, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'tɑː.krə- **-ies** -iz
meritocratic ˌmer.ɪ.tə'kræt.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'kræţ-
meritorious ˌmer.ɪ'tɔː.ri.əs, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'tɔːr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Merivale 'mer.ɪ.veɪl
merl mɜːl ⓤⓢ mɝːl **-s** -z
merle (M) mɜːl ⓤⓢ mɝːl **-s** -z
merlin (M) 'mɜː.lɪn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-s** -z
merlot (M) 'meə.ləʊ, -'- ⓤⓢ mɝː'loʊ, mer- **-s** -z
mermaid 'mɜː.meɪd ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-s** -z
mer|man (M) 'mɜː|.mæn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-men** -men
Meroe 'mer.əʊ.i ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
Merope 'mer.ə.pi
Merovingian ˌmer.əʊ'vɪn.dʒi.ən, '-dʒᵊn ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-, -ə'-
Merrick 'mer.ɪk
Merrilies 'mer.ɪ.liz, -ᵊl.iz
Merrill 'mer.ᵊl, -ɪl
Merrimac 'mer.ɪ.mæk, '-ə-
Merriman 'mer.i.mən
merriment 'mer.i.mənt
Merritt 'mer.ɪt
Merrivale 'mer.i.veɪl
merr|y (M) 'mer|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
merry-andrew ˌmer.i'æn.druː **-s** -z
Merrydown® 'mer.i.daʊn
merry-go-round 'mer.i.gəʊˌraʊnd ⓤⓢ -goʊˌ- **-s** -z
merrymak|er 'mer.iˌmeɪ.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Merryweather 'mer.iˌweð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Mersey 'mɜː.zi ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-side** -saɪd **-sider/s** -ˌsaɪ.dəʳ/z
Merson 'mɜː.sᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Merthyr 'mɜː.θəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.θɚ
Merthyr Tydfil ˌmɜː.θə'tɪd.vɪl ⓤⓢ ˌmɝː.θɚ'-
Merton 'mɜː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Mervyn 'mɜː.vɪn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Meryl 'mer.ᵊl, -ɪl
mesa 'meɪ.sə **-s** -z
mésallianc|e mez'æl.i.ənts, meɪ'zæl-, -ɑ̃ːns *as if French:* ˌmez.æl.i.'ɑ̃ːns ⓤⓢ meɪ'zæl.i.ᵊnts; ˌmeɪ.zə'liː- **-es** -ɪz
mescal 'mes.kæl, -'- ⓤⓢ -'- **-s** -z
mescalin(e) 'mes.kᵊl.ɪn, -iːn
mesdames (M) (*plur. of* **madame**) meɪ'dæm, -dæmz, '-- ⓤⓢ -'dɑːm, -'dæm
mesdemoiselles (M) (*plur. of* **mademoiselle**) ˌmeɪ.dᵊm.wə'zel, -'zelz ⓤⓢ ˌmeɪd.mwɑː'zel
meseems mɪ'siːmz
mesembryanthemum məˌzem.bri'ænt.θɪ.məm, mɪ-, -θᵊm.əm ⓤⓢ mesˌem-, mez- **-s** -z
mesh meʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Meshach, Meschak 'miː.ʃæk
Meshed 'meʃ.ed
mesial 'miː.zi.əl ⓤⓢ 'miː-, 'mez.i-, 'mes-
Mesmer 'mez.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
mesmeric mez'mer.ɪk
mesmer|ism 'mez.mᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
mesmeriz|e, -is|e 'mez.mᵊr.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
mesne miːn
meso- mes.əʊ, mez-, miː.səʊ, -zəʊ ⓤⓢ mez.oʊ, mes-, -ə, miː.soʊ, -sə
Note: Prefix. May carry either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **mesoderm** /'mes.əʊ.dɜːm ⓤⓢ 'mez.oʊ.dɝːm/, **mesodermal** /ˌmes.əʊ'dɜː.mᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌmez.oʊ'dɝː-/.
mesoderm 'mes.əʊ.dɜːm, 'mez-, 'miː.səʊ-, -zəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'mez.oʊ.dɝːm, 'mes-, '-ə-
mesodermal ˌmes.əʊ'dɜː.mᵊl, ˌmez-, ˌmiː.səʊ'-, -zəʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmez.oʊ'dɝː-, ˌmes-, -ə'-
mesodermic ˌmes.əʊ'dɜː.mɪk, ˌmez-, ˌmiː.səʊ'-, -zəʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmez.oʊ'dɝː-, ˌmes-, -ə'-
mesolect 'mes.əʊ.lekt, 'mez-, 'miː.səʊ-, -zəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'mez.oʊ-, 'mes-, -ə- **-s** -s
mesolectal ˌmes.əʊ'lek.tᵊl, ˌmez-, ˌmiː.səʊ'-, -zəʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmez.oʊ'-, ˌmes-, -ə-
mesomorph 'mes.əʊ.mɔːf, 'mez-, 'miː.səʊ-, -zəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'mez.oʊ.mɔːrf, 'mes-, '-ə- **-s** -s
meson 'miː.zɒn, 'meɪ-, -sɒn, 'mes.ɒn, 'mez- ⓤⓢ 'mez.ɑːn, 'mes-, 'meɪ.sɑːn, 'miː-, -zɑːn **-s** -z
Mesopotami|a ˌmes.ə.pə'teɪ.mi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
mesotron 'mes.əʊ.trɒn, 'mez-, 'miː.səʊ-, -zəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'mez.oʊ.trɑːn, 'mes-, '-ə- **-s** -z
Mesozoic ˌmes.əʊ'zəʊ.ɪk, ˌmiː.səʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmez.oʊ'zoʊ-, ˌmes-, -ə'-
mesquite (M) mes'kiːt, mə'skiːt, mɪ-; 'mes.kɪt ⓤⓢ mə'skiːt, mes'kiːt
mess mes **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
messag|e 'mes.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
messeigneurs (*plur. of* **monseigneur**) ˌmes.eɪ'njɜː
messenger 'mes.ɪn.dʒəʳ, -ᵊn- ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
Messerschmitt® 'mes.ə.ʃmɪt ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
Messiaen 'mes.jɑ̃ːŋ, -i.ɑ̃ːŋ *as if French:* mes'jɑ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ mes'jɑ̃ːn
messiah (M) mə'saɪ.ə, mɪ-, mes'aɪ- ⓤⓢ mə'saɪ- **-s** -z
messianic ˌmes.i'æn.ɪk
messieurs meɪ'sjɜːz, mes'jɜːz, 'mes.əz *as if French:* mes'jɜː ⓤⓢ -ɚz
Messina mes'iː.nə, mə'siː-, mɪ- ⓤⓢ mə'siː-, mes'iː-
messmate 'mes.meɪt **-s** -s
Messrs. (*plur. of* **Mr**) 'mes.əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
messuag|e 'mes.wɪdʒ, -ju.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ '-wɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
mess-up 'mes.ʌp **-s** -s
mess|y 'mes|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

mestiz|o mes'tiː.zl əʊ, mə'stiː-, mɪ- US mes'tiː.zl oʊ **-a** -ə **-os** -əʊz US -oʊz **-as** -əz
Mestre 'mes.treɪ
met (*from* **meet**) met
meta- met.ə; mə'tæ, met'æ, mɪ'tæ US meţ.ə; mə'tæ, met'æ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **metaplasm** /'met.ə,plæz.ᵊm US 'meţ-/, **metabolic** /,met.ə'bɒl.ɪk US ,meţ.ə'bɑː.lɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **metabolism** /mə'tæb.ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm/.
metabolic ,met.ə'bɒl.ɪk US ,meţ.ə'bɑː.lɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
metabolism mə'tæb.ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm, mɪ-, met'æb- US mə'tæb- **-s** -z
metaboliz|e, -is|e mə'tæb.ᵊl.aɪz, mɪ-, met'æb- US mə'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
metacarp|al ,met.ə'kɑː.plᵊl US ,meţ.ə'kɑːr- **-us** -əs
metacentre, -center 'met.ə,sen.təʳ US 'meţ.ə,sen.ţɚ **-s** -z
metagalax|y 'met.ə,gæl.ək.sli US 'meţ- **-ies** -iz
metal 'met.ᵊl US 'meţ- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **'metal de,tector**
metalanguage 'met.ᵊl,æŋ.gwɪdʒ US 'meţ-
metallic mə'tæl.ɪk, mɪ-, met'æl- US mə'tæl- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Metallica met'æl.ɪ.kə, mə'tæl-, mɪ-, -lə-
metalliferous ,met.ᵊl'ɪf.ᵊr.əs US ,meţ-
metallography ,met.ᵊl'ɒg.rə.fi US ,meţ.ᵊl'ɑː.grə-
metalloid 'met.ᵊl.ɔɪd US 'meţ-
metallurgic|al ,met.ᵊl'ɜː.dʒɪ.klᵊl US ,meţ.ᵊl'ɝː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
metallurgist met'æl.ə.dʒɪst, mə'tæl-, mɪ-; 'met.ᵊl.ɜː- US 'meţ.ᵊl.ɝː- **-s** -s
metallurgy met'æl.ə.dʒi, mə'tæl, mɪ-; 'met.ᵊl.ɜː- US 'meţ.ᵊl.ɝː-
metalwork 'met.ᵊl.wɜːk US 'meţ.ᵊl.wɝːk **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
metamorphic ,met.ə'mɔː.fɪk US ,meţ.ə'mɔːr-
metamorphism ,met.ə'mɔː.fɪ.zᵊm US ,meţ.ə'mɔːr- **-s** -z
metamorphos|e ,met.ə'mɔː.fəʊz US ,meţ.ə'mɔːr.foʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
metamorphos|is ,met.ə'mɔː.fə.slɪs; -mɔː'fəʊ- US ,meţ.ə'mɔːr.fə-; -mɔːr'foʊ- **-es** -iːz
metaphor 'met.ə.fəʳ, -fɔːʳ US 'meţ.ə.fɔːr, -fɚ **-s** -z
metaphoric ,met.ə'fɒr.ɪk US ,meţ.ə'fɔːr.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
metaphysic|al ,met.ə'fɪz.ɪ.klᵊl US ,meţ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
metaphysician ,met.ə.fɪ'zɪʃ.ᵊn US ,meţ- **-s** -z
metaphysics ,met.ə'fɪz.ɪks US ,meţ-, 'meţ.ə,fɪz-
metaplasm 'met.ə,plæz.ᵊm US 'meţ-
metastas|is met'æs.tə.slɪs, mɪ'tæs-, mə'tæs- US mə'tæs- **-es** -iːz
metatarsal ,met.ə'tɑː.sᵊl US ,meţ.ə'tɑːr- **-s** -z
metatars|us ,met.ə'tɑː.sləs US ,meţ.ə'tɑːr- **-i** -aɪ
metathes|is met'æθ.ə.slɪs, mɪ'tæθ-, mə-, '-ɪ- US mə'tæθ.ə- **-es** -iːz
Metaxa® met'æk.sə, mɪ'tæk-, mə- US mə'tæk-
Metayers mɪ'teɪəz, mə- US -'teɪɚz
Metcalfe 'met.kɑːf, -kəf US -kæf
met|e miːt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'miː.ţɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'miː.ţɪd
Metellus mɪ'tel.əs, met'el- US mɪ'tel-
metempsychosis ,met.emp.saɪ'kəʊ.sɪs, -əmp-, -sɪ'-; met,emp- US mɪ,temp.sɪ'koʊ-; ,met.əmp.saɪ'-
meteor 'miː.ti.əʳ, -ɔːʳ US -ţi.ɚ, -ɔːr **-s** -z
meteoric ,miː.ti'ɒr.ɪk US -ţi'ɔːr- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
meteorite 'miː.ti.ᵊr.aɪt US -ţi.ə.raɪt **-s** -s
meteorologic ,miː.ti.ᵊr.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪk US -ţi.ɚ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
meteorologist ,miː.ti.ᵊr'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst US -ţi.ə'rɑːl- **-s** -s
meteorology ,miː.ti.ᵊr'ɒl.ə.dʒi US -ə'rɑː.lə-
met|er 'miː.tləʳ US -ţlɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
methadone 'meθ.ə.dəʊn US -doʊn
methane 'miː.θeɪn US 'meθ.eɪn
methanol 'meθ.ə.nɒl, 'miː.θə- US 'meθ.ə.nɑːl, -noʊl
metheglin meθ'eg.lɪn, mɪ'θeg-, mə- US mə'θeg-
Metheny mə'θiː.ni
methinks mɪ'θɪŋks
method 'meθ.əd **-s** -z
méthode champenoise meɪ,tɒd.ʃɑ̃ːm.pᵊn'wɑːz US -toʊd.ʃɑːm-
methodic mə'θɒd.ɪk, mɪ-, meθ'ɒd- US mə'θɑː.dɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Method|ism 'meθ.ə.dlɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
methodologi|cal ,meθ.ə.dᵊl'ɒdʒ.ɪlkᵊl US -dᵊl'ɑː.dʒɪ.kᵊl **-ally** -kᵊl.i, -kli
methodolog|y ,meθ.ə'dɒl.ə.dʒli US -'dɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
methought mɪ'θɔːt US -'θɑːt, -'θɔːt
meths meθs
Methuen *surname:* 'meθ.ju.ən, -ɪn US mɪ'θjuː.ɪn, mə-, -'θuː-, -ən; 'meθ.juː-, -uː- *US town:* mɪ'θjuː.ɪn, mə-, -'θuː-, -ən
Methuselah mə'θjuː.zᵊl.ə, mɪ-, -'θuː- US mə'θuː-, -'θjuː-
Methven 'meθ.vən, -ven
methyl *commercial and general pronunciation:* 'meθ.ᵊl, -ɪl US -aɪl *chemists' pronunciation:* 'miː.θaɪl US 'meθ.aɪl
methylated 'meθ.ᵊl.eɪ.tɪd, -ɪ.leɪ- US -ɪ.leɪ.ţɪd ,**methylated 'spirits**
methylene 'meθ.ᵊl.iːn, -ɪ.liːn US '-ɪ.liːn
meti|cal ,met.ɪ'kæl US ,meţ- **-cais** -'kaɪʃ
meticulous mə'tɪk.jə.ləs, mɪ-, met'ɪk-, -jʊ- US mə'tɪk.jə-, -juː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
métier 'met.i.eɪ, 'meɪ.ti- US meɪ'tjeɪ **-s** -z
metonym 'met.ə.nɪm US 'meţ- **-s** -z
metonymy met'ɒn.ə.mi, mɪ'tɒn-, mə-, '-ɪ- US mə'tɑː.nə-
me-too ,miː'tuː **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
metope 'met.əʊp; -əʊ.pi US 'meţ.ə.pi; '-oʊp **-s** -s
metre 'miː.təʳ US -ţɚ **-s** -z
metric 'met.rɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
metrication ,met.rɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə'-
metrics 'met.rɪks
metro (M) 'met.rəʊ US -roʊ **-s** -z
metro- 'met.rəʊ, met'rɒ US 'met.roʊ, -rə; mə'trɑː
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer ,met.rəʊ,gəʊld.wɪn'meɪ.əʳ US -roʊ,goʊld.wɪn'meɪ.ɚ
Metroland 'met.rəʊ.lænd US -roʊ-
metronome 'met.rə.nəʊm US -noʊm **-s** -z
metronomic ,met.rə'nɒm.ɪk US -'nɑː.mɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Metropole 'met.rə.pəʊl US -poʊl
metropolis mə'trɒp.ə.lɪs, mɪ-, met'rɒp-, -ᵊl.ɪs US mə'trɑː.pᵊl.ɪs **-es** -ɪz
metropolitan ,met.rə'pɒl.ɪ.tᵊn, '-ə- US -'pɑː.lə- **-s** -z
metrosexual ,met.rəʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, '-sju-, '-ʃᵊl US -roʊ'sek.ʃu.əl, -rə'- **-s** -z
-metry mə.tri
Mets mets
mettle 'met.ᵊl US 'meţ- **-some** -səm
Metz mets *as if French:* mes
meunière, meuniere ,mɜː.ni'eəʳ, -'njeəʳ, mə'-, '--- US mə'njer
Meursault 'mɜː.səʊ US mɚ'soʊ
Meuse mɜːz US mjuːz, mɜːz
Meux mjuːz, mjuːks, mjuː
Mevagissey ,mev.ə'gɪs.i
mew (M) mjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mewl mjuːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mews mjuːz
Mexborough 'meks.bᵊr.ə US -oʊ
Mexicali ,mek.sɪ'kɑː.li, -'kæl.i US -'kæl.i
Mexican 'mek.sɪ.kᵊn ,**Mexican 'wave**
Mexico 'mek.sɪ.kəʊ US -koʊ ,**Mexico 'City**
Mey meɪ
Meyer 'maɪ.əʳ, 'meɪ-, meəʳ US 'maɪ.ɚ
Meyerbeer 'maɪ.ə.bɪəʳ, -beəʳ US -ɚ.bɪr, -ber
Meyers 'maɪ.əz, 'meɪ.əz, meəz US 'maɪ.ɚz
Meynell 'men.ᵊl, 'meɪ.nᵊl; meɪ'nel
Meyrick 'mer.ɪk, 'meɪ.rɪk

mezzanine 'met.sə.niːn, 'mez.ə- (US) 'mez.ə-, ˌ--'- -s -z
mezzo 'met.səʊ, 'med.zəʊ (US) 'met.soʊ, 'med.zoʊ, 'mez.oʊ -s -z
mezzo-soprano ˌmet.səʊ.sə'prɑː.nəʊ, ˌmed.zəʊ- (US) ˌmet.soʊ.sə'præn.oʊ, -'prɑː.noʊ, ˌmed.zoʊ-, ˌmez.oʊ- -s -z
mezzotint 'met.səʊ.tɪnt, 'med.zəʊ- (US) 'met.soʊ-, 'med.zoʊ-, 'mez.oʊ- -s -s
mg (*abbrev. for* **milligram/s**) *singular:* 'mɪl.ɪ.græm *plural:* 'mɪl.ɪ.græmz
MGM® ˌem.dʒiː'em
Mgr. (*abbrev. for* **Monseigneur, Monsignor**) mɒn'siː.njəʳ, -njɔːʳ (US) mɑːn'siː.njɚ -s. -z
MHz (*abbrev. for* **megahertz**) 'meg.ə.hɜːts (US) -hɝːts
mi miː -s -z
MI5 ˌem.aɪ'faɪv
MI6 ˌem.aɪ'sɪks
Mia 'miː.ə
MIA ˌem.aɪ'eɪ
Miami maɪ'æm.i (US) -i, -ə
miaow ˌmiː'aʊ, mi'aʊ (US) mi'aʊ, mjaʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
miasm|a mi'æz.m|ə, maɪ- (US) maɪ-, mi- -as -əz -ata -ə.tə (US) -ə.t̬ə -al -ᵊl
mic maɪk -s -s
mica 'maɪ.kə
micaceous maɪ'keɪ.ʃəs
Micah 'maɪ.kə
Micawber mɪ'kɔː.bəʳ, mə- (US) -'kɑː.bɚ, -'kɔː-
mice (*plur. of* **mouse**) maɪs
Mich. (*abbrev. for* **Michigan**) 'mɪʃ.ɪ.gən, '-ə- (US) '-ɪ-
Michael 'maɪ.kᵊl
Michaela mɪ'kaɪ.lə
Michaelmas 'mɪk.ᵊl.məs
Michelangelo ˌmaɪ.kᵊl'æn.dʒə.ləʊ, -dʒɪ- (US) -loʊ, ˌmɪk.ᵊl-
Micheldever 'mɪtʃ.ᵊl.dev.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Michele, Michèle mɪ'ʃel, miː-
Michelin® 'mɪtʃ.ᵊl.ɪn, 'mɪʃ- *as if French:* miːʃ'læ̃ŋ (US) 'mɪʃ.ə.lɪn, 'mɪtʃ- -s -z
Note: In the UK, /miːʃ'læ̃ŋ/ is used for the Guide, but not the tyres.
Michelle mɪ'ʃel, miː-
Michelmore 'mɪtʃ.ᵊl.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Michelson 'mɪtʃ.ᵊl.sᵊn, 'mɪk.ᵊl-, 'maɪ.kᵊl- (US) 'maɪ.kᵊl-, 'mɪk.ᵊl-
Michie 'mɪx.i, 'miː.xi, 'mɪk.i (US) 'mɪk.i
Michigan 'mɪʃ.ɪ.gən, '-ə- (US) '-ɪ-
Michmash 'mɪk.mæʃ
Michoacán ˌmɪtʃ.əʊ.ə'kæn (US) -ə.wɑː'kɑːn
mick (M) mɪk
mickey (M) 'mɪk.i ˌ**Mickey 'Finn;** ˌ**Mickey 'Mouse** (US) '**Mickey ˌMouse**
mickey-mouse (*adj.*) ˌmɪk.i'maʊs (US) '--ˌ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌmickey-mouse 'job
micra (*plur. of* **micron**) 'maɪ.krə
Micra® 'maɪ.krə
micro- maɪ.krəʊ (US) maɪ.kroʊ, maɪ.krə
Note: Prefix. May carry primary or secondary stress, e.g. **microfiche** /'maɪ.krəʊ.fiːʃ (US) -kroʊ-/, **microbiology** /ˌmaɪ.krəʊ.baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -kroʊ.baɪ'ɑː.lə-/.
micro 'maɪ.krəʊ (US) -kroʊ -s -z
microbe 'maɪ.krəʊb (US) -kroʊb -s -z
microbiologic|al ˌmaɪ.krəʊˌbaɪ.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl (US) -kroʊˌbaɪ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ- -ally -ᵊl.i (US) -li
microbiologist ˌmaɪ.krəʊ.baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒɪst (US) -kroʊ.baɪ'ɑː.lə- -s -s
microbiolog|y ˌmaɪ.krəʊ.baɪ'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -kroʊ.baɪ'ɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
microbrewer|y 'maɪ.krəʊˌbruː.ᵊr|.i (US) -kroʊ-, ˌ-r|i -ies -iz
microcephalic ˌmaɪ.krəʊ.sef'æl.ɪk, -sɪ'fæl-, -kef'æl-, -kɪ'fæl- (US) -kroʊ.sə'fæl-
microcephalous ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'sef.ᵊl.əs, -'kef- (US) -kroʊ'sef-
microchip 'maɪ.krəʊ.tʃɪp (US) -kroʊ-, -krə- -s -s
microcircuit 'maɪ.krəʊˌsɜː.kɪt (US) -kroʊˌsɝː- -s -s
microclimate 'maɪ.krəʊˌklaɪ.mɪt, -mət (US) kroʊˌklaɪ.mɪt -s -s
microcomputer 'maɪ.krəʊ.kəmˌpjuː.təʳ (US) -kroʊ.kəmˌpjuː.t̬ɚ -s -z
microcop|y 'maɪ.krəʊˌkɒp|.i (US) -kroʊˌkɑː.p|i -ies -iz
microcosm 'maɪ.krəʊˌkɒz.ᵊm (US) -kroʊˌkɑː.zᵊm, -krəˌ- -s -z
microdot 'maɪ.krəʊ.dɒt (US) -kroʊ.dɑːt, -krə- -s -s
microeconomic ˌmaɪ.krəʊ.iː.kə'nɒm.ɪk, -ek.ə'- (US) -kroʊˌek.ə'nɑː.mɪk, -krəˌ-, -ˌiː.kə'- -s -s
microelectronics ˌmaɪ.krəʊˌɪl.ek'trɒn.ɪks, -ˌel-, -ˌel.ɪk'-, -ˌiː.lek'- (US) -kroʊ.ɪˌlek'trɑː.nɪks, -ˌiː.lek'-
microfich|e 'maɪ.krəʊ.fiːʃ (US) -kroʊ-, -krə- -es -ɪz
microfilm 'maɪ.krəʊ.fɪlm (US) -kroʊ-, -krə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
microgram, microgramme 'maɪ.krəʊ.græm (US) -kroʊ- -s -z
microgroove 'maɪ.krəʊ.gruːv (US) -kroʊ- -s -z
microlight, microlite 'maɪ.krəʊ.laɪt (US) -kroʊ- -s -s
micromesh 'maɪ.krəʊ.meʃ (US) -kroʊ-
micrometer *measuring device:* maɪ'krɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -'krɑː.mə.t̬ɚ
micrometre, micrometer *unit of measurement:* 'maɪ.krəʊˌmiː.təʳ (US) -kroʊˌmiː.t̬ɚ -s -z
micr|on 'maɪ.kr|ɒn, -kr|ᵊn (US) -kr|ɑːn -ons -ɒnz, -ᵊnz (US) -ɑːnz -a -ə
Micronesi|a ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'niː.zi|.ə, -ʒi|.ə, -ʒ|ə, -si|.ə, -ʃi|.ə, -ʃ|ə (US) -kroʊ'niː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə -an/s -ən/z
microorganism ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'ɔː.gᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm, 'maɪ.krəʊˌɔː- (US) ˌmaɪ.kroʊ'ɔːr- -s -z
microphone 'maɪ.krə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn -s -z
microprocessor ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'prəʊ.ses.əʳ, 'maɪ.krəʊˌprəʊ- (US) 'maɪ.kroʊˌprɑː.ses.ɚ -s -z
micropyle 'maɪ.krəʊ.paɪl (US) -kroʊ-
microscope 'maɪ.krə.skəʊp (US) -skoʊp -s -s
microscopic ˌmaɪ.krə'skɒp.ɪk (US) -'skɑː.pɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i (US) -li
microscopy maɪ'krɒs.kə.pi (US) -'krɑː.skə-
microsecond 'maɪ.krəʊˌsek.ᵊnd (US) -kroʊˌ-, -krəˌ- -s -z
Microsoft® 'maɪ.krəʊ.sɒft (US) -kroʊ.sɑːft, -krə-
microsurgery ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'sɜː.dʒᵊr.i (US) -kroʊ'sɝː-, 'maɪ.kroʊˌsɝː-
microsurgical ˌmaɪ.krəʊ'sɜː.dʒɪ.kᵊl (US) -kroʊ'sɝː- *stress shift:* ˌmicrosurgical 'graft
microwav|e 'maɪ.krəʊ.weɪv (US) -kroʊ-, -krə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -eable -ə.bᵊl ˌ**microwave 'oven**
mictur|ate 'mɪk.tjᵊr|.eɪt, -tjʊ.reɪt (US) -tʃuː.reɪt, -tʃə-, -tə- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
micturation ˌmɪk.tjᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -tjʊ'reɪ- (US) -tʃuː'reɪ-, -tʃə'-, -tə'- -s -z
micturition ˌmɪk.tjᵊr'ɪʃ.ᵊn, -tjʊ'rɪʃ- (US) -tʃuː'-, -tʃə'-, -tə'-
mid mɪd
midair ˌmɪd'eəʳ, mɪ'deəʳ (US) ˌmɪd'er *stress shift:* ˌmidair 'crash
Midas 'maɪ.dəs, -dæs (US) -dəs
midday ˌmɪd'deɪ -s -z *stress shift:* ˌmidday 'sun
midden 'mɪd.ᵊn -s -z
middle 'mɪd.ᵊl -s -z ˌ**middle 'age;** ˌ**Middle 'Ages;** ˌ**middle 'class;** ˌ**Middle 'East;** ˌ**middle 'management;** ˌ**middle 'name;** ˌ**middle of 'nowhere;** '**middle ˌschool**
middle-aged ˌmɪd.ᵊl'eɪdʒd *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**middle-aged 'spread**
middlebrow 'mɪd.ᵊl.braʊ -s -z
middle-class ˌmɪd.ᵊl'klɑːs (US) -'klæs *stress shift:* ˌmiddle-class 'values
middle distance (*n.*) ˌmɪd.ᵊl'dɪs.tᵊnts
middle-distance (*adj.*) 'mɪd.ᵊlˌdɪs.tᵊnts
Middle-Earth ˌmɪd.ᵊl'ɜːθ (US) -'ɝːθ
Middle East ˌmɪd.ᵊl'iːst -ern -ən *stress shift:* ˌMiddle Eastern 'customs
Middleham 'mɪd.ᵊl.əm
middle|man 'mɪd.ᵊl|.mæn -men -men
Middlemarch 'mɪd.ᵊl.mɑːtʃ (US) -mɑːrtʃ
Middlemast 'mɪd.ᵊl.mɑːst, -mæst (US) -mæst
middlemost 'mɪd.ᵊl.məʊst (US) -moʊst

middle-of-the-road ˌmɪd.ᵊl.əʊ.ðəˈrəʊd (US) -ˈroʊd
Middlesbro(ugh) ˈmɪd.ᵊlz.brə
Middlesex ˈmɪd.ᵊl.seks
Middleton ˈmɪd.ᵊl.tən
middleweight ˈmɪd.ᵊl.weɪt -s -s
Middlewich ˈmɪd.ᵊl.wɪtʃ
middling ˈmɪd.ᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈmɪd.lɪŋ
Middx. (*abbrev. for* **Middlesex**) ˈmɪd.ᵊl.seks
middl|y ˈmɪdl|.i **-ies** -iz
Mideast ˌmɪdˈiːst *stress shift:* ˌMideast ˈtown
midfield ˈmɪd.fiːld, -ˈ-
midfielder ˈmɪdˌfiːl.dəʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈmɪdˌfiːl.dɚ, ˌ-ˈ-- **-s** -z
Midgard ˈmɪd.gɑːd (US) -gɑːrd
midg|e mɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
midget ˈmɪdʒ.ɪt -s -s
Midhurst ˈmɪd.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
MIDI *computer interface:* ˈmɪd.i
midi *style of clothes:* ˈmɪd.i -s -z
Midi *in France:* miːˈdiː, mɪdˈiː (US) miːˈdi
Midian ˈmɪd.i.ən **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
midland (M) ˈmɪd.lənd -s -z
Midler ˈmɪd.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
mid-life ˌmɪdˈlaɪf *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**mid-life** ˈ**crisis**
Midlothian ˌmɪdˈləʊ.ði.ən (US) -ˈloʊ-
midmorning ˌmɪdˈmɔː.nɪŋ (US) -ˈmɔːr-
midnight ˈmɪd.naɪt
mid-off ˌmɪdˈɒf (US) -ˈɑːf -s -s
mid-on ˌmɪdˈɒn (US) -ˈɑːn -s -z
midpoint ˈmɪd.pɔɪnt -s -s
midriff ˈmɪd.rɪf -s -s
midsection ˈmɪd.sek.ʃᵊn
midship|man ˈmɪdˌʃɪp|.mən (US) ˈmɪdˌ-, ˌmɪdˈʃɪp- **-men** -mən
midships ˈmɪd.ʃɪps
midsized ˌmɪdˈsaɪzd *stress shift:* ˌmidsized ˈcity
midst mɪdst, mɪtst
midstream ˌmɪdˈstriːm
midsummer (M) ˌmɪdˈsʌm.əʳ, ˈ--- (US) -ɚ **-'s** -z *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**Midsummer** ˈ**Day**; ˌ**midsummer** ˈ**madness**; ˌ**Midsummer** ˌ**Night's** ˈ**Dream**
midterm (*n.*) ˈmɪd.tɜːm (US) -tɝːm *stress shift:* ˌmid-term ˈcrisis
mid-term (*adj.*) ˌmɪdˈtɜːm (US) -ˈtɝːm
midtown ˈmɪd.taʊn
midway ˌmɪdˈweɪ, ˈ--
Midway *island:* ˈmɪd.weɪ
midweek ˌmɪdˈwiːk *stress shift:* ˌmidweek ˈnews
Midwest ˌmɪdˈwest *stress shift:* ˌMidwest ˈtown
Midwestern ˌmɪdˈwes.tən (US) -tɚn
midwi|fe ˈmɪd.waɪ|f **-ves** -vz
midwifery mɪdˈwɪf.ᵊr.i, ˈmɪdˌwɪf.ᵊr- (US) ˌmɪdˈwɪf.ɚ-; ˈmɪdˌwaɪf.ɚ-
midwinter ˌmɪdˈwɪn.təʳ (US) -tɚ *stress shift:* ˌmidwinter ˈholiday
mien miːn -s -z
Miers maɪəz (US) maɪɚz
Mies van der Rohe ˌmiːz.væn.dəˈrəʊ.ə, ˌmiːs- (US) -dɚˈroʊ.ə
miff mɪf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
MiG, MIG mɪg -s -z
might maɪt
mightn't ˈmaɪ.tᵊnt
might've ˈmaɪ.təv (US) -t̬əv
might|y ˈmaɪ.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
mignon ˈmiː.njɒn, ˌ-ˈ- *as if French:* mɪˈnjɔ̃ːŋ (US) ˌmiːˈnjɑːn, -ˈnjɔ̃ːn
mignonette (M) ˌmɪn.jəˈnet, ˈ--- (US) ˌ--ˈ- -s -s
mignonne ˈmiː.njɒn, ˌ-ˈ- *as if French:* mɪˈnjɔːn (US) ˌmiːˈnjɑːn, -ˈnjɔːn
migraine ˈmiː.greɪn, ˈmaɪ-, ˈmɪg.reɪn (US) ˈmaɪ.greɪn -s -z
migrant ˈmaɪ.grᵊnt -s -s
migra|te maɪˈgreɪ|t, ˈ-- (US) ˈmaɪ.greɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z
migration maɪˈgreɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
migratory ˈmaɪ.grə.tᵊr.i; maɪˈgreɪ- (US) ˈmaɪ.grə.tɔːr-
Miguel mɪˈgel, miː-
mikado (M) mɪˈkɑː.dəʊ, mə- (US) mɪˈkɑː.doʊ -s -z
Mikardo mɪˈkɑː.dəʊ, mə- (US) mɪˈkɑːr.doʊ
mike (M) maɪk -s -s
Mikonos ˈmɪk.ə.nɒs, -ɒn.ɒs (US) ˈmiː.kɑː.nɑːs
mil mɪl -s -z
milady mɪˈleɪ.di, mə-
Milan *in Italy:* mɪˈlæn, mə-, -ˈlɑːn, ˈmɪl.ən (US) mɪˈlæn, -ˈlɑːn *in US:* ˈmaɪ.lən *Serbian king:* ˈmiː.lən, -læn
Note: /ˈmɪl.ən/ is used for rhythm in Shakespeare's 'The Tempest'.
Milanese *from Milan:* ˌmɪl.əˈniːz, -ˈneɪz (US) -ˈniːz, -ˈniːs
Milanese *cookery term: as if Italian:* ˌmɪl.əˈneɪ.zeɪ, -ænˈeɪ-, -zi (US) -əˈneɪz
Milburn ˈmɪl.bɜːn, -bən (US) -bɚn
milch mɪltʃ (US) mɪltʃ
mild maɪld **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Mildenhall ˈmɪl.dᵊn.hɔːl (US) ˈmɪl.dᵊn.hɔːl, -hɑːl
mildew ˈmɪl.djuː (US) -duː, -djuː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mild-mannered ˌmaɪldˈmæn.əd (US) -ɚd *stress shift:* ˌmild-mannered reˈporter
Mildmay ˈmaɪld.meɪ
Mildred ˈmɪl.drəd, -drɪd, -dred
mile maɪl -s -z
mileag|e ˈmaɪ.lɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
mileometer maɪˈlɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈlɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
Miles maɪlz
Milesian maɪˈliː.zi.ən, mɪ-, -ʒi.ən, -ʒᵊn (US) -ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z
milestone ˈmaɪl.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn -s -z
Miletus maɪˈliː.təs, mɪ- (US) maɪ-
milfoil ˈmɪl.fɔɪl -s -z
Milford ˈmɪl.fəd (US) -fɚd
Milhaud ˈmiː.jəʊ, -əʊ *as if French:* miːˈjəʊ (US) miːˈjoʊ
milieu ˈmiː.ljɜː, -ˈ- (US) miːlˈjɜː, mɪl-, -ˈjuː, ˈ-- -s -z
milieux (*alternative plur. of* **milieu**) ˈmiː.ljɜː, -ljɜːz, -ˈ- (US) miːlˈjɜː, mɪl-, -ˈjuː, -ˈjɜːz, -ˈjuːz, ˈ--
militancy ˈmɪl.ɪ.tᵊnt.si, ˈ-ə- (US) -tənt-
militant ˈmɪl.ɪ.tᵊnt, ˈ-ə- (US) -tənt -s -s **-ly** -li
militarily ˈmɪl.ɪ.tᵊr.ᵊl.i, -ə-, ˌmɪl.ɪˈter-, ˌmɪl.ɪˈtær-, -əˈ- (US) ˌmɪl.əˈter-
militar|ism ˈmɪl.ɪ.tᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- (US) -tɚ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
militaristic ˌmɪl.ɪ.tᵊrˈɪs.tɪk, ˌ-ə- (US) -təˈrɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
militarization, -isa- ˌmɪl.ɪ.tᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -ɪˈ- (US) -tɚ.ɪˈ-
militariz|e, -is|e ˈmɪl.ɪ.tᵊr.aɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) -tə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
military ˈmɪl.ɪ.tri, ˈ-ə-, -tᵊr.i (US) -ter- ˌ**military poˈlice**
mili|tate ˈmɪl.ɪ|.teɪt, ˈ-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
militia mɪˈlɪʃ.ə, mə- -s -z **-man** -mən **-men** -mən, -men
milk mɪlk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**milk** ˈ**chocolate** (US) ˈ**milk** ˌ**chocolate**; ˈ**milk** ˌ**float**; ˌ**milk of magˈnesia**; ˈ**milk** ˌ**round**; ˈ**milk** ˌ**run**; ˈ**milk** ˌ**shake**; ˈ**milk** ˌ**tooth**; ˈ**milking maˌchine**; **it's** ˌ**no good** ˌ**crying over** ˌ**spilt** ˈ**milk**
milkfish ˈmɪlk.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
milkmaid ˈmɪlk.meɪd -s -z
milk|man ˈmɪlk|.mən (US) -mæn, -mən **-men** -mən, -men
milksop ˈmɪlk.sɒp (US) -sɑːp -s -s
milkwort ˈmɪlk.wɜːt (US) -wɝːt, -wɔːrt -s -s
milk|y ˈmɪl.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**Milky** ˈ**Way**
mill (M) mɪl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Millais ˈmɪl.eɪ, -ˈ- (US) mɪˈleɪ
Millar ˈmɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Millard ˈmɪl.əd, -ɑːd (US) -ɚd
Millay mɪˈleɪ
Millbank ˈmɪl.bæŋk
millboard ˈmɪl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
millefeuille(s) ˌmiːlˈfɔɪ, -ˈfɜː.jə (US) -ˈfɜː.jə
millenarian ˌmɪl.əˈneə.ri.ən, -ɪˈ- (US) -əˈner.i- -s -z
millenarianism ˌmɪl.əˈneə.ri.ə.nɪ.zᵊm, -ɪˈ- (US) -əˈner.i-
millenary mɪˈlen.ᵊr.i, mə- (US) ˈmɪl.ə.ner-
millenni|um mɪˈlen.i|.əm, mə- (US) mɪ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə **-al** -əl
millepede ˈmɪl.ɪ.piːd, ˈ-ə- -s -z
miller (M) ˈmɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
millesimal mɪˈles.ɪ.mᵊl, mə-, ˈ-ə-

US mɪˈles.ə- -ly -i
millet (M) ˈmɪl.ɪt
milliard ˌmɪl.iˈɑːd; mɪlˈjɑːd US ˈmɪl.jɚd, -jɑːrd -s -z
millibar ˈmɪl.ɪ.bɑːʳ US -bɑːr -s -z
Millicent ˈmɪl.ɪ.sᵊnt, ˈ-ə-
milligram(me) ˈmɪl.ɪ.græm -s -z
millilitre, milliliter ˈmɪl.ɪˌliː.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -t̬ɚ -s -z
millimetre, millimeter ˈmɪl.ɪˌmiː.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -t̬ɚ -s -z
milliner ˈmɪl.ɪ.nəʳ, ˈ-ə- US -nɚ -s -z
millinery ˈmɪl.ɪ.nᵊr.i, ˈ-ə- US -ner-
Millington ˈmɪl.ɪŋ.tən
million ˈmɪl.jən, -i.ən US ˈ-jən -s -z **a ˌchance in a ˈmillion**
millionaire ˌmɪl.jəˈneəʳ, -i.əˈ- US ˌ-jəˈner, ˈmɪl.jə.ner -s -z
millionairess ˌmɪl.jə.neəˈres, ˌ-i.ə-; -ˈneə.rɪs, -res US -jəˈner.ɪs -es -ɪz
millionfold ˈmɪl.jən.fəʊld, -i.ən- US -jən.foʊld
millionth ˈmɪl.jəntθ, -i.əntθ US ˈ-jəntθ -s -s
millipede ˈmɪl.ɪ.piːd, ˈ-ə- -s -z
millisecond ˈmɪl.ɪˌsek.ənd, ˈ-ə- -s -z
Millom ˈmɪl.əm
millpond ˈmɪl.pɒnd US -pɑːnd -s -z
millrac|e ˈmɪl.reɪs -es -ɪz
Mills mɪlz
millstone ˈmɪl.stəʊn US -stoʊn -s -z
Millwall ˈmɪl.wɔːl, -wəl; mɪlˈwɔːl
Millward ˈmɪl.wɔːd, -wəd US -wɚd
Milman ˈmɪl.mən
Milne mɪln, mɪl
Milner ˈmɪl.nəʳ US -nɚ
Milnes mɪlz, mɪlnz
Milngavie mɪlˈgaɪ, mʌl-
Milnrow ˈmɪln.rəʊ US -roʊ
Milo ˈmaɪ.ləʊ, ˈmiː- US ˈmaɪ.loʊ
milometer maɪˈlɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -ˈlɑː.mə.t̬ɚ -s -z
milord mɪˈlɔːd, mə- US -ˈlɔːrd -s -z
Milos ˈmiː.lɒs US -lɑːs
Milosevic mɪˈlɒʃ.ə.vɪtʃ, ˈlɒs- US -ˈlɑː.sə-
Milosz ˈmiː.lɒʃ US -lɑːʃ
milquetoast ˈmɪlk.təʊst US -toʊst -s -s
Milton ˈmɪl.tᵊn
Miltonic mɪlˈtɒn.ɪk US -ˈtɑː.nɪk
Milton Keynes ˌmɪl.tᵊnˈkiːnz
Milwaukee mɪlˈwɔː.ki, -iː US -ˈwɑː-, -ˈwɔː-
mim|e maɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
mimeo ˈmɪm.i.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mimeograph ˈmɪm.i.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf US -ə.græf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
mimesis mɪˈmiː.sɪs, maɪ-
mimetic mɪˈmet.ɪk, maɪ-
mimic ˈmɪm.ɪk -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t -ker/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
mimicry ˈmɪm.ɪ.kri
mimosa mɪˈməʊ.zə, -sə US -ˈmoʊ.sə, -zə -s -z
mimulus ˈmɪm.jə.ləs, -jʊ- US -jə-, -juː- -es -ɪz
mina ˈmaɪ.nə -s -z
minaret ˌmɪn.əˈret, ˈ--- -s -s
minatory ˈmɪn.ə.tᵊr.i, ˈmaɪ- US ˈmɪn.ə.tɔːr-
minc|e mɪnts -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**mince ˈpie**
mincemeat ˈmɪnts.miːt **make ˈmincemeat of ˌsomeone**
Minch mɪntʃ -es -ɪz
mind maɪnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˈ**mind ˌreader; ˌmind's ˈeye; ˌgive someone a ˌpiece of one's ˈmind**
Mindanao ˌmɪn.dəˈnaʊ US -ˈnaʊ, -ˈnɑː.oʊ
mind-blowing ˈmaɪndˌbləʊ.ɪŋ US -ˌbloʊ- -ly -li
mind-boggling ˈmaɪndˌbɒg.ᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈmaɪm-, -ˌbɒg.lɪŋ US ˈmaɪndˌbɑː.glɪŋ, -ˌbɑː.gᵊl.ɪŋ -ly -li
minder ˈmaɪn.dəʳ US -dɚ -s -z
mind-expanding ˈmaɪnd.ɪkˌspæn.dɪŋ, -ekˌ- US -ekˌ-, -ɪkˌ-
mindful ˈmaɪnd.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mindless ˈmaɪnd.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mind-numbing ˈmaɪndˌnʌm.ɪŋ -ly -li
mind-set ˈmaɪnd.set
Mindy ˈmɪn.di
min|e maɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
minefield ˈmaɪn.fiːld -s -z
Minehead ˈmaɪn.hed, ˌ-ˈ-
Minelli mɪˈnel.i, mə-
miner ˈmaɪ.nəʳ US -nɚ -s -z
mineral ˈmɪn.ᵊr.ᵊl -s -z ˈ**mineral ˌwater**
mineraliz|e, -is|e ˈmɪn.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mineralogical ˌmɪn.ᵊr.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl US -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ- -ly -i
mineralog|y ˌmɪn.ᵊrˈæl.ə.dʒ|i US -əˈrɑː.lə-, -ˈræl.ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Minerva mɪˈnɜː.və US məˈnɝː-
minestrone ˌmɪn.ɪˈstrəʊ.ni, -əˈ- US -əˈstroʊ-
minesweep|er ˈmaɪnˌswiː.p|əʳ US -p|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
Ming mɪŋ
Minghella mɪŋˈgel.ə
minging ˈmɪŋ.ɪŋ
mingl|e ˈmɪŋ.gᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈmɪŋ.glɪŋ -ed -d
mingogram ˈmɪŋ.gəʊ.græm, -əʊ- US -gə- -s -z
mingograph® ˈmɪŋ.gəʊ.grɑːf, -əʊ-, -græf US -gə.græf -s -s
Mingus ˈmɪŋ.gəs
ming|y ˈmɪn.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
mini (M®) ˈmɪn.i -s -z
miniature ˈmɪn.ə.tʃəʳ, ˈ-ɪ- US ˈ-i.ə.tʃɚ, ˈ-ə.tʃɚ -s -z
miniaturist ˈmɪn.ə.tʃᵊr.ɪst, ˈ-ɪ-, -tjʊə.rɪst US ˈ-i.ə.tʃɚ.ɪst, ˈ-ə.tʃɚ- -s -s
miniaturization, -isa- ˌmɪn.ə.tʃᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ɪ-, -ɪˈ- US -i.ə.tʃɚ.ɪˈ-, -ə.tʃɚ- -s -z
miniaturiz|e, -is|e ˈmɪn.ə.tʃᵊr.aɪz, ˈ-ɪ- US ˈ-i.ə.tʃɚ-, ˈ-ə.tʃɚ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
minibus ˈmɪn.i.bʌs -es -ɪz
minicab ˈmɪn.i.kæb -s -z
minicam ˈmɪn.i.kæm -s -z
minicomputer ˈmɪn.i.kəmˌpjuː.təʳ, ˌmɪn.i.kəmˈpjuː- US -ˈpjuː.t̬ɚ -s -z
MiniDisc® ˈmɪn.i.dɪsk -s -s
minim (M) ˈmɪn.ɪm -s -z
minimal ˈmɪn.ɪ.mᵊl, ˈ-ə- -ly -i
minimal|ism ˈmɪn.ɪ.mᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
minimization ˌmɪn.ɪ.maɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -mɪˈ- US -mɪˈ-
minimiz|e, -is|e ˈmɪn.ɪ.maɪz, ˈ-ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
minim|um ˈmɪn.ɪ.m|əm -a -ə -ums -əmz ˌ**minimum ˈwage**
mining ˈmaɪ.nɪŋ
minion ˈmɪn.jən -s -z
minipill ˈmɪn.i.pɪl
miniseries ˈmɪn.iˌsɪə.rɪz, -riːz US -ˌsɪr.iːz
minish ˈmɪn.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
miniskirt ˈmɪn.i.skɜːt US -skɝːt -s -s -ed -ɪd
minist|er ˈmɪn.ɪ.st|əʳ, ˈ-ə- US -st|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd
ministerial ˌmɪn.ɪˈstɪə.ri.əl, -əˈ- US -ˈstɪr.i- -ly -i
ministration ˌmɪn.ɪˈstreɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- -s -z
ministr|y ˈmɪn.ɪ.str|i, ˈ-ə- -ies -iz
mini-system ˈmɪn.iˌsɪs.təm -s -z
minivan ˈmɪn.i.væn US -i- -s -z
miniver (M) ˈmɪn.ɪ.vəʳ, ˈ-ə- US -vɚ
mink mɪŋk -s -s
minke ˈmɪŋ.ki, -kə US -kə -s -z
Minn. (*abbrev. for* **Minnesota**) ˌmɪn.ɪˈsəʊ.tə, -əˈ- US -ˈsoʊ.t̬ə
Minneapolis ˌmɪn.iˈæp.ᵊl.ɪs
Minnehaha ˌmɪn.iˈhɑː.hɑː
Minnelli mɪˈnel.i, mə-
minneola ˌmɪn.iˈəʊ.lə US -ˈoʊ- -s -z
minnesinger ˈmɪn.ɪˌsɪŋ.əʳ, -əˌ-, -gəʳ US -sɪŋ.ɚ -s -z
Minnesot|a ˌmɪn.ɪˈsəʊ.t|ə, -əˈ- US -ˈsoʊ.t̬|ə -an/s -ən/z
Minnie ˈmɪn.i
minnow ˈmɪn.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z
Minoan mɪˈnəʊ.ən, mə-, maɪ- US mɪˈnoʊ-
Minogue mɪˈnəʊg, mə- US -ˈnoʊg
Minolta® mɪˈnɒl.tə, mə-, -ˈnəʊl- US -ˈnoʊl-, -ˈnɑːl-
minor ˈmaɪ.nəʳ US -nɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Minorca mɪˈnɔː.kə, mə- US -ˈnɔːr-
Minories ˈmɪn.ᵊr.iz
minorit|y maɪˈnɒr.ə.t|i, mɪ-, mə-, -ɪ.t|i US maɪˈnɔːr.ə.t̬|i, mɪ- -ies -iz
Minos ˈmaɪ.nɒs US -nɑːs, -nəs

Minotaur 'maɪ.nə.tɔːʳ (US) 'mɪn.ə.tɔːr -s -z
Minsk mɪntsk
Minsmere 'mɪnz.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
ninster (M) 'mɪn.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
ninstrel 'mɪnt.strəl -s -z
ninstrel|sy 'mɪnt.strəl|.si -sies -siz
nint mɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'mɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'mɪn.t̬ɪd -age -ɪdʒ (US) 'mɪn.t̬ɪdʒ ˌmint con'dition; ˌmint 'julep; ˌmint 'sauce (US) 'mint ˌsauce
Mintel 'mɪn.tel
Minto 'mɪn.təʊ (US) -toʊ
Mintoff 'mɪn.tɒf (US) -tɑːf
ninuet ˌmɪn.ju'et -s -s
ninus 'maɪ.nəs -es -ɪz
ninuscule 'mɪn.ə.skjuːl, '-ɪ- (US) '-ɪ-; mɪ'nʌs.kjuːl -s -z
ninu|te *very small:* maɪ'njuː|t (US) -'nuː|t, -'njuː|t -test -tɪst, -təst (US) -t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -tely -t.li -teness -t.nəs, -t.nɪs
ninute (*n.*) *division of time, angle, memorandum:* 'mɪn.ɪt -s -s
nin|ute (*v.*) 'mɪn|.ɪt -utes -ɪts -uting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -uted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
ninute-gun 'mɪn.ɪt.gʌn -s -z
ninute-hand 'mɪn.ɪt.hænd -s -z
ninute|man (M) 'mɪn.ɪt|.mæn -men -men
ninuti|a maɪ'njuː.ʃi|.ə, mɪ-, mə-, -'nuː-, -ti- (US) mɪ'nuː.ʃi-, -'njuː-, '-ʃ|ə -ae -iː, -aɪ
ninx mɪŋks -es -ɪz
liocene 'maɪ.əʊ.siːn (US) '-oʊ-, '-ə-
ios|is maɪ'əʊ.s|ɪs (US) -'oʊ- -es -iːz
iotic maɪ'ɒt.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.t̬ɪk -s -s
ips, MIPS mɪps
ir mɪəʳ (US) mɪr
ira 'maɪə.rə, 'mɪr.ə (US) 'maɪ.rə
irabell 'mɪr.ə.bel
iracle 'mɪr.ə.kəl, '-ɪ- -s -z
iraculous mɪ'ræk.jə.ləs, mə-, -jʊ- (US) mɪ'ræk.jə.ləs, -juː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
irag|e 'mɪr.ɑːʒ, mə'rɑːʒ, mɪ'- (US) mɪ'rɑːʒ, mə- -es -ɪz
iramax 'mɪr.ə.mæks
iranda mɪ'ræn.də (US) mə-, mɪ-
IRAS 'maɪə.rəs, -ræs (US) 'maɪ-
ir|e maɪəʳ (US) maɪr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
irfield 'mɜː.fiːld (US) 'mɝː-
iriam 'mɪr.i.əm
irk|y 'mɜː.k|i (US) 'mɝː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
iró mɪ'rəʊ (US) miː'roʊ
irren 'mɪr.ən
irr|or 'mɪr|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ors -əz (US) -ɚz -oring -ər.ɪŋ -ored -əd (US) -ɚd mirror 'image
irth mɜːθ (US) mɝːθ
irthful 'mɜːθ.fəl, -fʊl (US) 'mɝːθ- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
irthless 'mɜːθ.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'mɝːθ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
IRV mɜːv (US) mɝːv -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ir|y 'maɪə.r|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

mis- mɪs
Note: Prefix. In words containing **mis-**, the prefix may either be unstressed, e.g. **misdeal** /mɪs'diːl/, or receive secondary stress, especially if the stem is stressed on its second syllable, e.g. **align** /ə'laɪn/, **misalign** /ˌmɪs.ə'laɪn/. There is sometimes a difference between nouns and verbs, e.g. **miscount**, *noun* /'mɪs.kaʊnt/, *verb* /mɪ'skaʊnt/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
misadventure ˌmɪs.əd'ven.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z
misalign ˌmɪs.ə'laɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
misalignment ˌmɪs.ə'laɪn.mənt, -'laɪm- (US) -'laɪn- -s -s
mismallianc|e ˌmɪs.ə'laɪ.ənts -es -ɪz
misandry mɪ'sæn.dri; 'mɪs.ən- (US) 'mɪs.æn-
misanthrope 'mɪs.ən.θrəʊp, 'mɪz-, -æn- (US) -ən.θroʊp -s -s
misanthropic ˌmɪs.ən'θrɒp.ɪk, ˌmɪz-, -æn'- (US) -ən'θrɑː.pɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
misanthrop|y mɪ'sæn.θrə.p|i, -'zæn- -ist/s -ɪst/s
misapplication ˌmɪs.æp.lɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -lə'- -s -z
misappl|y ˌmɪs.ə'pl|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
misapprehend ˌmɪs.æp.rɪ'hend, -rə'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
misapprehension ˌmɪs.æp.rɪ'hen.tʃən, -rə'- -s -z
misappropri|ate ˌmɪs.ə'prəʊ.pri|.eɪt (US) -'proʊ- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
misappropriation ˌmɪs.əˌprəʊ.pri'eɪ.ʃən (US) -ˌproʊ- -s -z
misbecoming ˌmɪs.bɪ'kʌm.ɪŋ, -bə'-
misbegotten ˌmɪs.bɪ'gɒt.ən, -bə'-, 'mɪs.bɪˌgɒt-, -bəˌ- (US) ˌmɪs.bɪ'gɑː.t̬ən
misbehav|e ˌmɪs.bɪ'heɪv, -bə'- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
misbehavio(u)r ˌmɪs.bɪ'heɪ.vjəʳ, -bə'- (US) -vjɚ -s -z
misbelief ˌmɪs.bɪ'liːf, -bə'-, '---(US) ˌ--'-
misbeliev|e ˌmɪs.bɪ'liːv, -bə'-, '--- (US) ˌ--'- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
misc. (*abbrev. for* **miscellaneous**) ˌmɪs.əl'eɪ.ni.əs
miscalcu|late mɪs'kæl.kjə|.leɪt, -kjʊ-; ˌmɪs'kæl- (US) -kjə-, -kjuː- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
miscalculation ˌmɪs.kæl.kjə'leɪ.ʃən, -kjʊ'- (US) -kjə'-, -kjuː'- -s -z
miscall mɪ'skɔːl; ˌmɪs'kɔːl (US) mɪs'kɔːl, -'kɑːl; ˌmɪs'kɔːl, -'kɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
miscarriag|e 'mɪsˌkær.ɪdʒ; -'-- (US) 'mɪsˌker-, -ˌkær-; mɪ'sker-, -'skær-; ˌmɪs'ker-, -'kær- -es -ɪz
miscarr|y mɪ'skær|.i; ˌmɪs'kær- (US) 'mɪsˌker-, -ˌkær-; mɪ'sker-, -'skær-; ˌmɪs'ker-, -'kær- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

miscast mɪ'skɑːst; ˌmɪs'kɑːst (US) mɪ'skæst; ˌmɪs'kæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
miscegenation ˌmɪs.ɪ.dʒɪ'neɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, ˌ-e-, -dʒə'- (US) -edʒ.ə'-; -ɪ.dʒə'- -al -əl
miscellanea ˌmɪs.əl'eɪ.ni.ə
miscellaneous ˌmɪs.əl'eɪ.ni.əs, -ɪ'leɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
miscellan|y mɪ'sel.ə.n|i (US) 'mɪs.ə.leɪ- -ies -iz
mischanc|e mɪs'tʃɑːnts, ˌmɪs-, '-- (US) mɪs'tʃænts, ˌmɪs-, '-- -es -ɪz
mischief 'mɪs.tʃɪf, -tʃiːf (US) -tʃɪf -s -s
mischief-mak|er 'mɪs.tʃɪfˌmeɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
mischievous 'mɪs.tʃɪ.vəs, -tʃə- (US) -tʃə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
miscibility ˌmɪs.ɪ'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə'-, '-ə- (US) -ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
miscible 'mɪs.ɪ.bəl, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
misconceiv|e ˌmɪs.kən'siːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
misconception ˌmɪs.kən'sep.ʃən -s -z
misconduct (*n.*) mɪ'skɒn.dʌkt; ˌmɪs'kɒn-, -dəkt (US) mɪ'skɑːn.dʌkt; ˌmɪs'kɑːn-
misconduct (*v.*) ˌmɪs.kən'dʌkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
misconstruction ˌmɪs.kən'strʌk.ʃən -s -z
misconstru|e ˌmɪs.kən'struː, -kɒn'- (US) -kən'- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
miscount (*n.*) 'mɪs.kaʊnt -s -s
miscoun|t (*v.*) mɪ'skaʊn|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
miscreant 'mɪs.kri.ənt -s -s
miscu|e mɪ'skjuː; ˌmɪs'kjuː (US) mɪ'skjuː; ˌmɪs'kjuː, '-- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
misdeal mɪs'diːl, ˌ-'- (US) mɪs'diːl, ˌ-'-, '-- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ misdealt -'delt, ˌ-'- (US) -'-, ˌ-'-, '--
misdeed mɪs'diːd, ˌ-'-, '-- -s -z
misdemeano(u)r ˌmɪs.dɪ'miː.nəʳ, -də'- (US) -nɚ, '-ˌ--- -s -z
misdiagnos|e mɪs'daɪəg.nəʊz, ˌ-'--- (US) ˌmɪs.daɪ.əg'noʊs, -'noʊz; -'---, ˌ-'---, -noʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
misdiagnos|is ˌmɪs.daɪəg'nəʊ.s|ɪs (US) -'noʊ-
misdirect ˌmɪs.dɪ'rekt, -də'-, -daɪə'- (US) -də'-, -daɪ'- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
misdirection ˌmɪs.dɪ'rek.ʃən, -də'-, -daɪə'- (US) -də'-, -daɪ'-
misdoing mɪs'duː.ɪŋ, ˌmɪs- -s -z
mise-en-scène ˌmiːz.ɑ̃ːn'seɪn, -'sen (US) -ɑ̃ːn'sen **mise-en-scènes** ˌmiːz.ɑ̃ːn'seɪn, -'sen, -z (US) -ɑ̃ːn'sen, -z
miser 'maɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z
miserab|le 'mɪz.ər.ə.b|əl, 'mɪz.rə- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
miserere ˌmɪz.ər'eə.ri, -'ɪə-, -reɪ (US) -'rer.eɪ -s -z
misericord mɪ'zer.ɪ.kɔːd, mə-, '-ə-; 'mɪz.ər.ɪ- (US) -kɔːrd -s -z
miserl|y 'maɪ.zəl|.i (US) -zɚ.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

miser|y ˈmɪz.ər|.i (US) ˈ-r|i, ˈ-ɚ|.i **-ies** -iz
misfeasance mɪsˈfiː.zənts (US) ˌmɪs-
misfire (*n.*) mɪsˈfaɪər, ˌmɪs-, ˈ-- (US) ˈmɪs.faɪɚ
misfir|e (*v.*) mɪsˈfaɪər, ˌmɪs- (US) -ˈfaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
misfit (*n.*) ˈmɪs.fɪt **-s** -s
misfortune mɪsˈfɔː.tʃuːn, ˌmɪs-, -tʃən, -tjuːn (US) -ˈfɔːr.tʃən **-s** -z
misgiving mɪsˈɡɪv.ɪŋ, ˌmɪs- **-s** -z
misgovern mɪsˈɡʌv.ən, ˌmɪs- (US) -ɚn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment** -mənt
misguided mɪsˈɡaɪ.dɪd, ˌmɪs- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
mishandl|e mɪsˈhæn.dəl, ˌmɪs- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈhænd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
mishap ˈmɪs.hæp, -ˈ-, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈmɪs.hæp **-s** -s
mis|hear mɪs|ˈhɪər, ˌmɪs- (US) -ˈhɪr **-hears** -ˈhɪəz (US) -ˈhɪrz **-hearing** -ˈhɪə.rɪŋ (US) -ˈhɪr.ɪŋ **-heard** -ˈhɜːd (US) -ˈhɝːd
Mishima ˈmɪʃ.ɪ.mə; mɪˈʃiː- (US) ˈmɪʃ.ɪ-, ˈmiː.ʃɪ-
mis|hit mɪs|ˈhɪt, ˌmɪs- **-hits** -ˈhɪts **-hitting** -ˈhɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈhɪt̬.ɪŋ
mishmash ˈmɪʃ.mæʃ
misinform ˌmɪs.ɪnˈfɔːm (US) -ˈfɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ant/s** -ənt/s **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
misinformation ˌmɪs.ɪn.fəˈmeɪ.ʃən (US) -fɚˈ-
misinter|pret ˌmɪs.ɪnˈtɜː|.prɪt (US) -ˈtɝː- **-prets** -prɪts **-preting** -prɪ.tɪŋ (US) -prɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-preted** -prɪ.tɪd (US) -prɪ.t̬ɪd
misinterpretation ˌmɪs.ɪnˌtɜː.prɪˈteɪ.ʃən, -prəˈ- (US) -ˌtɝː.prɪˈ- **-s** -z
misjoinder mɪsˈdʒɔɪn.dər, ˌmɪs- (US) -dɚ
misjudg|e mɪsˈdʒʌdʒ, ˌmɪs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
misjudg(e)ment mɪsˈdʒʌdʒ.mənt, ˌmɪs- **-s** -s
Miskolc ˈmɪʃ.kəʊlts (US) -koːlts
mislay mɪˈsleɪ, ˌmɪsˈleɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **mislaid** mɪˈsleɪd, ˌmɪsˈleɪd
mislead mɪˈsliːd, ˌmɪsˈliːd **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **misled** mɪˈsled, ˌmɪsˈled
mismanag|e ˌmɪsˈmæn.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement** -mənt
mismatch (*n.*) ˈmɪs.mætʃ; -ˈ-, ˌ-ˈ- **-es** -ɪz
mismatch (*v.*) mɪˈsmætʃ; ˌmɪsˈmætʃ, ˈ-- (US) mɪˈsmætʃ; ˌmɪsˈmætʃ **-es** -ɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
misnomer mɪˈsnəʊ.mər; ˌmɪsˈnəʊ- (US) mɪˈsnoʊ.mɚ, ˌmɪsˈnoʊ- **-s** -z
miso ˈmiː.səʊ (US) -soʊ
misogynist mɪˈsɒdʒ.ən.ɪst, maɪ-, mə- (US) -ˈsɑː.dʒ- **-s** -s
misogynistic mɪˌsɒdʒ.ənˈɪs.tɪk, maɪ-, mə-, -dʒɪˈnɪs- (US) -ˌɑː.dʒɪˈnɪs-
misogyn|y mɪˈsɒdʒ.ɪ.n|i, maɪ-, mə- (US) -sɑːdʒ-
misplac|e mɪˈspleɪs, ˌmɪsˈpleɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ement** -mənt *stress shift:* ˌmisplaced ˈtrust
misprint (*n.*) ˈmɪs.prɪnt **-s** -s
misprin|t (*v.*) mɪˈsprɪn|t; ˌmɪsˈprɪn|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
misprision mɪˈsprɪʒ.ən
mispronounc|e ˌmɪs.prəˈnaʊnts (US) -prəˈ-, -proʊˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
mispronunciation ˌmɪs.prəˌnʌnt.siˈeɪ.ʃən (US) -prəˌ-, -proʊˌ- **-s** -z
misquotation ˌmɪs.kwəʊˈteɪ.ʃən (US) -kwoʊˈ- **-s** -z
misquo|te mɪˈskwəʊ|t; ˌmɪsˈkwəʊ|t (US) mɪˈskwoʊ|t; ˌmɪsˈkwoʊ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Misratah ˈmɪs.ræt.ɑː
misread mɪsˈriːd, ˌmɪs- *past tense:* mɪsˈred, ˌmɪs- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
misrememb|er ˌmɪs.rɪˈmem.b|ər, -rəˈ- (US) -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
misre|port ˌmɪs.rɪ|ˈpɔːt (US) -ˈpɔːrt **-ports** -ˈpɔːts (US) -ˈpɔːrts **-porting** -ˈpɔː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ported** -ˈpɔː.tɪd (US) -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd
misrepre|sent ˌmɪs.rep.rɪ|ˈzent **-sents** -ˈzents **-senting** -ˈzen.tɪŋ (US) -ˈzen.t̬ɪŋ **-sented** -ˈzen.tɪd (US) -ˈzen.t̬ɪd
misrepresentation ˌmɪs.rep.rɪ.zenˈteɪ.ʃən, -zənˈ- (US) -zenˈ- **-s** -z
misrule mɪsˈruːl, ˌmɪs-
miss (M) mɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Miss. (*abbrev. for* **Mississippi**) ˌmɪs.ɪˈsɪp.i (US) -əˈ-, -ɪˈ-
missal ˈmɪs.əl **-s** -z
missel thrush ˈmɪz.əlˌθrʌʃ, ˈmɪs-
Missenden ˈmɪs.ən.dən
misshapen mɪsˈʃeɪ.pən, ˌmɪs-, mɪʃ-, ˌmɪʃ- **-ly** -li
missile ˈmɪs.aɪl (US) -əl **-s** -z
missing ˈmɪs.ɪŋ
mission ˈmɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
missionar|y ˈmɪʃ.ən.ər|.i, ˈmɪʃ.nər- (US) ˈ-ən.er- **-ies** -iz ˈ**missionary** **poˌsition**
missioner ˈmɪʃ.ən.ər (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
missis ˈmɪs.ɪz
Mississippi ˌmɪs.ɪˈsɪp.i (US) -əˈ-, -ɪˈ- **-an/s** -ən/z
missive ˈmɪs.ɪv **-s** -z
Missoula mɪˈzuː.lə
Missouri mɪˈzʊə.ri, -ˈsʊə- (US) -ˈzʊr.i *locally:* -ə
misspell mɪsˈspel, ˌmɪs- **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t, -d **misspelt** mɪsˈspelt (US) ˌmɪs-
misspend mɪsˈspend, ˌmɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **misspent** mɪsˈspent, ˌmɪs- ˌ**misspent** ˈ**youth**
mis|state mɪs|ˈsteɪt, ˌmɪs- **-states** -ˈsteɪts **-stating** -ˈsteɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-stated** -ˈsteɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪd **-statement/s** -ˈsteɪt.mənt/s
missus ˈmɪs.ɪz, -ɪs
miss|y ˈmɪs|.i **-ies** -iz
mist mɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z, -ɚ/z
mistak(e)able mɪˈsteɪ.kə.bəl
mistak|e mɪˈsteɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **mistook** mɪˈstʊk
mistaken mɪˈsteɪ.kən **-ly** -li
mister (M) ˈmɪs.tər (US) -tɚ
mistim|e mɪsˈtaɪm; ˌmɪs- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mistle thrush ˈmɪs.əlˌθrʌʃ, ˈmɪz- (US) ˈmɪs-
mistletoe ˈmɪs.əl.təʊ, ˈmɪz- (US) ˈmɪs.əl.toʊ
mistook (*from* **mistake**) mɪˈstʊk
mistral (M) ˈmɪs.trəl, -trɑːl; mɪˈstrɑːl (US) mɪˈstrɑːl; ˈmɪs.trəl **-s** -z
mistransla|te ˌmɪs.trænˈsleɪ|t, -trɑːn-, -trən-; -trænzˈleɪ|t, -trɑːnz'-, -trənzˈ- (US) ˌmɪsˈtræn.sleɪ|t, -ˈtrænz.leɪ|t; mɪs.trænˈsleɪ|t; -trænzˈleɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
mistranslation ˌmɪs.trænˈsleɪ.ʃən, -trɑːnˈ-, -trənˈ-; -trænzˈleɪ-, -trænzˈ-, -trənzˈ- (US) -trænˈsleɪ-; -trænzˈleɪ- **-s** -z
mistrea|t mɪsˈtriː|t; ˌmɪs- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
mistreatment mɪsˈtriːt.mənt; ˌmɪs-
mistress ˈmɪs.trəs, -trɪs (US) -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
mistrial mɪˈstraɪəl; ˌmɪsˈtraɪ- (US) ˈmɪsˌtraɪəl; mɪˈstraɪəl; ˌmɪsˈtraɪəl **-s** -z
mistrust mɪˈstrʌst; ˌmɪsˈtrʌst (US) ˌmɪsˈtrʌst; mɪˈstrʌst; ˈmɪs.trʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
mistrustful mɪˈstrʌst.fəl, ˌmɪsˈtrʌst- **-ly** -li
mist|y (M) ˈmɪs.t|i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
misty-eyed ˌmɪs.tiˈaɪd (US) -t̬iˈ- *stress shift:* ˌmisty-eyed ˈsentiment
misunder|stand ˌmɪs.ʌn.dəˈstænd (US) -dɚˈ- **-stands** -ˈstændz **-standing/s** -ˈstæn.dɪŋ/z **-stood** -ˈstʊd
misuse (*n.*) ˌmɪsˈjuːs
misus|e (*v.*) ˌmɪsˈjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
MIT ˌem.aɪˈtiː *stress shift:* ˌMIT ˈgraduate
Mitcham ˈmɪtʃ.əm
Mitchel(l) ˈmɪtʃ.əl
Mitchison ˈmɪtʃ.ɪ.sən
Mitchum ˈmɪtʃ.əm
mite maɪt **-s** -s
mit|er ˈmaɪ.t|ər (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**miter** ˌ**box**; ˈ**miter** ˌ**joint**
Mitford ˈmɪt.fəd (US) -fɚd
Mithr|a ˈmɪθ.r|ə **-as** -æs (US) -əs, -æs
Mithraic mɪˈθreɪ.ɪk
Mithra|ism ˈmɪθ.reɪ|.ɪ.zəm; mɪˈθreɪ- (US) ˈmɪθ.reɪ-, -rə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Mithridates ˌmɪθ.rɪˈdeɪ.tiːz (US) -rəˈ-
mitigable ˈmɪt.ɪ.ɡə.bəl (US) ˈmɪt̬-
miti|gate ˈmɪt.ɪ|.ɡeɪt (US) ˈmɪt̬- **-gates** -ɡeɪts **-gating** -ɡeɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɡeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -ɡeɪ.tɪd (US) -ɡeɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -ɡeɪ.tər/z (US) -ɡeɪ.t̬ɚ/z

Pronouncing the letters MN

The consonant digraph mn is word or morpheme final and usually realised as /m/, that is, the n is silent, e.g.:

hymn /hɪm/
condemning /kən'dem.ɪŋ/

However, in some cases the n is pronounced, particularly (as in the case of *condemnation*) where the vowel following the n is in a stressed syllable, e.g.:

hymnal /'hɪm.nəl/
condemnation /ˌkɒn.dem'neɪ.ʃən/ ⓤⓢ /ˌkɑːn-/

mitigation ˌmɪt.ɪ'geɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ ˌmɪţ-
mitigatory 'mɪt.ɪ.geɪ.tər.i ⓤⓢ 'mɪţ.ɪ.gə.tɔːr-
mitochondrial ˌmaɪ.təʊ'kɒn.dri.əl ⓤⓢ -toʊ'kɑːn-, -ţə'-
mitochondri|on ˌmaɪ.təʊ'kɒn.dri|.ən ⓤⓢ -toʊ'kɑːn-, -ţə'- -a -ə
mitosis maɪ'təʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ -'toʊ-
mitrailleus|e ˌmɪt.raɪ'ɜːz ⓤⓢ ˌmiː.treɪ'jɜːz -es -ɪz
mitral 'maɪ.trəl
mit|re 'maɪ.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ţ|ɚ -res -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ring -ər.ɪŋ -red -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **'mitre ˌbox; 'mitre ˌjoint**
Mitrovice ˌmɪt.rəʊ'vɪt.sə, 'mɪt.rəʊ.vɪt.sə ⓤⓢ mɪt.rə'viːt.sə, -roʊ'-
Mitsubishi® ˌmɪt.sʊ'bɪʃ.i, -suː'- ⓤⓢ -suː'-
mitt mɪt -s -s
mitten 'mɪt.ən -s -z
Mitterand, Mitterrand 'miː.tə.rɑ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ 'miːt.ə.rɑːnd, 'mɪt-
Mitylene ˌmɪt.əl'iː.ni, -ɪ'liː- ⓤⓢ ˌmɪţ.ə'liː-
mitz|vah 'mɪts|.və ⓤⓢ 'mɪts-; mɪts'vɑː -vahs -əz ⓤⓢ 'mɪts.vəs; mɪts'vɑːz -voth -vɒt ⓤⓢ 'mɪts.voʊt, -voʊs
Mivart 'maɪ.vət, -vɑːt ⓤⓢ -vɚt, -vɑːrt
mix (*n, v.*) mɪks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **ˌmixed 'bag; ˌmixed 'blessing; ˌmixed 'doubles; ˌmixed 'farming; ˌmixed 'grill; ˌmixed 'marriage; ˌmixed 'metaphor**
mix-and-match ˌmɪks.ənd'mætʃ, -əm'- ⓤⓢ -ənd'- *stress shift:* ˌmix-and-match 'clothes
mixed-ability ˌmɪkst.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ţi *stress shift:* ˌmixed-ability 'students
mixed blessing ˌmɪkst'bles.ɪŋ
mixed-up ˌmɪkst'ʌp *stress shift:* ˌmixed-up 'kid
mixer 'mɪk.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ -s -z
mixture 'mɪks.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ -s -z
mix-up 'mɪks.ʌp -s -s
Mizpah 'mɪz.pə
mizzen 'mɪz.ən -s -z
mizzen-mast 'mɪz.ənˌmɑːst, -əmˌ-, -ənˌmæst *nautical pronunciation:* -məst ⓤⓢ -ən.mæst -s -s
mizzl|e 'mɪz.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'mɪz.lɪŋ -ed -d -y -i

ml (*abbrev. for* **millilitre/s**) *singular:* 'mɪl.ɪˌliː.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ţɚ *plural:* -z
Mladic 'mlæd.ɪtʃ ⓤⓢ mə'læd.ɪtʃ
mm (*abbrev. for* **millimetre/s**) *singular:* 'mɪl.ɪˌmiː.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ţɚ *plural:* -z
MMR ˌem.em'ɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr
mnemonic nɪ'mɒn.ɪk, nə-, niː-, mnɪ-, mnə-, mniː- ⓤⓢ nɪ'mɑː.nɪk, niː- -s -s -ally -əl.i, -li
Mnemosyne nɪ'mɒz.ɪ.ni, nə-, niː-, mnɪ-, mnə-, mniː-, -'mɒs-, -ən.i ⓤⓢ nɪ'mɑː.sɪ-, niː-, -zɪ-
mo, mo' məʊ ⓤⓢ moʊ
Mo. (*abbrev. for* **Missouri**) mɪ'zʊə.ri, -'sʊə- ⓤⓢ -'zʊr.i *locally:* -ə
Mo məʊ ⓤⓢ moʊ
moa məʊə ⓤⓢ moʊə -s -z
Moab 'məʊ.æb ⓤⓢ 'moʊ-
Moabite 'məʊ.ə.baɪt ⓤⓢ 'moʊ- -s -s
moan məʊn ⓤⓢ moʊn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
moat (M) məʊt ⓤⓢ moʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.ţɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.ţɪd
mob mɒb ⓤⓢ mɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
mobcap 'mɒb.kæp ⓤⓢ 'mɑːb- -s -s
Moberly 'məʊ.bəl.i ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.bɚ.li
Mobil® 'məʊ.bɪl, -bəl ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.bəl, -bɪl
mobile (*adj.*) 'məʊ.baɪl ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.bəl, -bɪl, -baɪl **ˌmobile 'phone; ˌmobile 'home**
mobile (*n.*) 'məʊ.baɪl ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.biːl -s -z
mobility məʊ'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ moʊ'bɪl.ə.ţi
mobilization, -isa- ˌməʊ.bɪ.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -bəl.aɪ'-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmoʊbəl.ɪ'- -s -z
mobiliz|e, -is|e 'məʊ.bɪ.laɪz, -bəl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -bə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mobius, möbius (M) 'məʊ.bi.əs *as if German:* 'mɜː- ⓤⓢ 'meɪ.bi.əs, 'moʊ-, 'miː- *as if German:* 'mɜː- **ˌMobius 'strip**
mobster 'mɒb.stəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɑːb.stɚ -s -z
Mobutu mə'buː.tuː
Moby Dick ˌməʊ.bi'dɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmoʊ-
moccasin 'mɒk.ə.sɪn ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.kə.sən, -sɪn -s -z
mocha *coffee, leather, etc.:* 'mɒk.ə, 'məʊ.kə ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.kə
Mocha *Arabian seaport:* 'məʊ.kə, 'mɒk.ə ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.kə
mock mɒk ⓤⓢ mɑːk -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
mockers 'mɒk.əz ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.kɚz **put the 'mockers on ˌsomething**
mocker|y 'mɒk.ər|.i ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.kɚ- -ies -iz
Mockett 'mɒk.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.kɪt
mockingbird 'mɒk.ɪŋˌbɜːd ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.kɪŋˌbɝːd -s -z
mockney 'mɒk.ni ⓤⓢ 'mɑːk.ni
mock-turtle ˌmɒk'tɜː.təl ⓤⓢ ˌmɑːk'tɝː.ţəl *stress shift:* ˌmock-turtle 'soup
mock-up 'mɒk.ʌp ⓤⓢ 'mɑːk- -s -s
mod (M) mɒd ⓤⓢ mɑːd -s -z *stress shift:* ˌMoD 'cuts
MoD ˌem.əʊ'diː ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
modal 'məʊ.dəl ⓤⓢ 'moʊ- -s -z -ly -i **ˌmodal 'verb**
modality məʊ'dæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ moʊ'dæl.ə.ţi
mod con ˌmɒd'kɒn ⓤⓢ ˌmɑːd'kɑːn, '-- -s -z
mode məʊd ⓤⓢ moʊd -s -z
model 'mɒd.əl ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.dəl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ, 'mɒd.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'mɑːd- -(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, 'mɒd.ləʳ/z, 'mɑːd.lɚ/z
modem 'məʊ.dem, -dəm ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.dəm, -dem -s -z
Modena 'mɒd.ɪ.nə; mɒd'eɪ.nə, mə'deɪ- ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.dən.ə, 'mɔː-, -ɑː
moderate (*n, adj.*) 'mɒd.ər.ət, -ɪt ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.dɚ- -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
moder|ate (*v.*) 'mɒd.ər|.eɪt ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.də.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɚ/z
moderation ˌmɒd.ər'eɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.də'reɪ- -s -z
moderato ˌmɒd.ər'ɑː.təʊ ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.də'rɑː.toʊ -s -z
modern 'mɒd.ən ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.dɚn -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **ˌmodern 'languages**
modern|ism (M) 'mɒd.ən|.ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'mɑːd.ɚ.n|ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
modernistic ˌmɒd.ən'ɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.dɚ'nɪs- -ally -əl.i, -li
modernity mɒd'ɜː.nə.ti, mə'dɜː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ mɑː'dɝː.nə.ţi, mə-, moʊ-
modernization, -isa- ˌmɒd.ən.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.dɚ.nɪ'- -s -z
moderniz|e, -is|e 'mɒd.ən.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.dɚ.naɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
modest 'mɒd.ɪst ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.dɪst -ly -li -y -i

modicum 'mɒd.ɪ.kəm, '-ə- (US) 'mɑː.dɪ- **-s** -z

modification ˌmɒd.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌmɑː.dɪ- **-s** -z

modi|fy 'mɒd.ɪ|.faɪ (US) 'mɑː.dɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bəl

Modigliani ˌmɒd.ɪ'ljɑː.ni (US) ˌmoʊ.diːl'jɑː-

modish 'məʊ.dɪʃ (US) 'moʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

modiste məʊ'diːst (US) moʊ- **-s** -s

Modred 'məʊ.drɪd (US) 'moʊ-

modular 'mɒd.jə.ləʳ, 'mɒdʒ-, -jʊ- (US) 'mɑː.dʒə.lɚ

modularity ˌmɒd.jə'lær.ə.ti, ˌmɒdʒ-, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌmɑː.dʒə'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-

modu|late 'mɒd.jə|.leɪt, 'mɒdʒ-, -jʊ- (US) 'mɑː.dʒə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z

modulation ˌmɒd.jə'leɪ.ʃən, ˌmɒdʒ-, -jʊ'- (US) ˌmɑː.dʒə'- **-s** -z

module 'mɒd.juːl, 'mɒdʒ- (US) 'mɑː.dʒuːl **-s** -z

modul|us 'mɒd.jə.l|əs, -jʊ- (US) 'mɑː.dʒə- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ

modus 'məʊ.dəs (US) 'moʊ-

modus operandi ˌməʊ.dəsˌɒp.ə'ræn.diː, ˌmɒd.əs-, -daɪ (US) ˌmoʊ.dəsˌoʊ.pə'rɑːn.di, -ˌɑː-, -'ræn-

modus vivendi ˌməʊ.dəs.vɪ'ven.diː, ˌmɒd.əs-, -viː'-, -daɪ (US) ˌmoʊ.dəs.viː'ven.di

Moesia 'miː.si.ə, -ʃə, -zi.ə, -ʒə (US) -ʃi.ə, -ʃə

Moffat 'mɒf.ət (US) 'mɑː.fət

Moffett 'mɒf.ət, -ɪt (US) 'mɑː.fət

Mogadishu ˌmɒg.ə'dɪʃ.uː (US) ˌmoʊ.gɑː'diː.ʃuː, ˌmɑː-, -gə'-, -'dɪʃ.uː

Mogadon® 'mɒg.ə.dɒn (US) 'mɑː.gə.dɑːn

Mogador ˌmɒg.ə'dɔːʳ, '--- (US) 'mɑː.gə.dɔːr, ˌ--'-

Moggach 'mɒg.ək, -əx (US) 'mɑː.gək

mogg|y, mogg|ie 'mɒg|.i (US) 'mɑː.g|i **-ies** -iz

mogul (M) 'məʊ.gəl, -gʊl, -gʌl (US) 'moʊ.gʌl, -gəl; moʊ'gʌl **-s** -z

mohair 'məʊ.heəʳ (US) 'moʊ.her

Moham(m)ed məʊ'hæm.ɪd, -əd, -ed (US) moʊ-

Mohammedan məʊ'hæm.ɪ.dən, '-ə- (US) moʊ- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

Mohave məʊ'hɑː.vi (US) moʊ-

Mohawk 'məʊ.hɔːk (US) 'moʊ.hɑːk, -hɔːk **-s** -s

Mohegan məʊ'hiː.gən, mə- (US) moʊ- **-s** -z

Mohican məʊ'hiː.kən; 'məʊ.ɪ- (US) moʊ'hiː- **-s** -z

Mohun məʊən; 'məʊ.hən; muːn (US) muːn, 'moʊ.hən

moi mwɑː

moidore ˌmɔɪ'dɔːʳ, ˌməʊ.ɪ'-; 'mɔɪ.dɔːʳ (US) 'mɔɪ.dɔːr **-s** -z

Note: In John Masefield's poem 'Cargoes' the stress is on the last syllable.

moiet|y 'mɔɪ.ə.t|i, '-ɪ- (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

moil mɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Moir mɔɪəʳ (US) mɔɪɚ

Moira 'mɔɪə.rə (US) 'mɔɪ-

moire mwɑːʳ, mwɔːʳ (US) mwɑːr, mɔːr **-s** -z

moiré 'mwɑː.reɪ, 'mwɔː- (US) mwɑː'reɪ, mɔː-; 'mɔː.reɪ

moist mɔɪst **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

moisten 'mɔɪ.sən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'mɔɪs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

moisture 'mɔɪs.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ

moisturiz|e, -is|e 'mɔɪs.tʃər.aɪz (US) -tʃə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Moivre 'mɔɪ.vəʳ (US) -vɚ

Mojave məʊ'hɑː.vi (US) moʊ-

moke məʊk (US) moʊk **-s** -s

molar 'məʊ.ləʳ (US) 'moʊ.lɚ **-s** -z

molasses məʊ'læs.ɪz, -əz (US) mə-

molassine 'mɒl.ə.siːn, 'məʊ.lə- (US) 'mɑː.lə-, 'moʊ-

Mold məʊld (US) moʊld

mold məʊld (US) moʊld **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Moldavi|a mɒl'deɪ.vi|.ə (US) mɑːl-, '-vj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

mold|er 'məʊl.d|əʳ (US) 'moʊl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

Moldov|a mɒl'dəʊ.v|ə (US) mɑːl'doʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z

mold|y 'məʊl.d|i (US) 'moʊl- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

mole (M) məʊl (US) moʊl **-s** -z

Molech 'məʊ.lek (US) 'moʊ-

molecular məʊ'lek.jə.ləʳ, mɒl'ek-, -jʊ- (US) mə'lek.jə.lɚ, moʊ-, -juː-

molecule 'mɒl.ɪ.kjuːl, 'məʊ.lɪ-, -lə- (US) 'mɑː.lɪ.kjuːl **-s** -z

molehill 'məʊl.hɪl (US) 'moʊl- **-s** -z **make a ˌmountain out of a 'mole-hill**

Molesey 'məʊl.zi (US) 'moʊl-

moleskin 'məʊl.skɪn (US) 'moʊl- **-s** -z

molest məʊ'lest (US) mə-, moʊ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

molestation ˌmɒl.es'teɪ.ʃən, ˌməʊ.les'- (US) ˌmoʊ.les'-, ˌmɑː- **-s** -z

molester məʊ'les.təʳ (US) mə'les.tɚ, moʊ- **-s** -z

Molesworth 'məʊlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) 'moʊlz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Molière 'mɒl.i.eəʳ, 'məʊ.li- (US) ˌmoʊl'jer

Moline məʊ'liːn (US) moʊ-

moll (M) mɒl (US) mɑːl

mollification ˌmɒl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌmɑː.lə-

molli|fy 'mɒl.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- (US) 'mɑː.lə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

mollusc 'mɒl.əsk, -ʌsk (US) 'mɑː.ləsk **-s** -s

molluscan mɒl'ʌs.kən, mə'lʌs- (US) mə'lʌs-

molluscoid mɒl'ʌs.kɔɪd, mə'lʌs- (US) mə'lʌs-

moll|y (M) 'mɒl|.i (US) 'mɑː.l|i **-ies** -iz

mollycoddl|e 'mɒl.iˌkɒd.əl (US) 'mɑː.liˌkɑː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˌkɒd.lɪŋ (US) -ˌkɑːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

Moloch 'məʊ.lɒk (US) 'moʊ.lɑːk, 'mɑː.lək

Molony mə'ləʊ.ni (US) -'loʊ-

Molotov 'mɒl.ə.tɒf (US) 'mɑː.lə.tɔːf, 'moʊ-, -tɔːv **ˌMolotov 'cocktail**

molt məʊlt (US) moʊlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'moʊl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'moʊl.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) 'moʊl.t̬ɚ/z

molten 'məʊl.tən (US) 'moʊl-

molto 'mɒl.təʊ (US) 'moʊl.toʊ

Molton 'məʊl.tən (US) 'moʊl-

Moluccas məʊ'lʌk.əz (US) moʊ-, mə-

moly 'məʊ.li (US) 'moʊ-

molybdenum mə'lɪb.də.nəm, -dɪ-, mɒl'ɪb-, məʊ'lɪb-; ˌmɒl.ɪb'diː.nəm (US) mə'lɪb.də-

Molyneux 'mɒl.ɪ.njuːks, 'mʌl-, '-ə-, -njuː (US) 'mʌl.ɪ.nuːks, -njuː, -nuː

mom (M) mɒm (US) mɑːm **-s** -z

Mombasa mɒm'bæs.ə, -'bɑː.sə (US) mɑːm'bɑː.sə, -'bæs.ə

moment 'məʊ.mənt (US) 'moʊ- **-s** -s **ˌmoment of 'truth**

momenta (*plur. of* **momentum**) məʊ'men.tə (US) moʊ'men.t̬ə, mə-

momentarily 'məʊ.mən.tər.əl.i, -ɪ.li; ˌməʊ.mən'ter- (US) ˌmoʊ.mən'ter-, 'moʊ.mən.ter-

momentar|y 'məʊ.mən.tər|.i (US) 'moʊ.mən.ter- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

momentous məʊ'men.təs (US) moʊ'men.t̬əs, mə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

moment|um məʊ'men.t|əm (US) moʊ'men.t̬|əm, mə- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

momma (M) 'mɒm.ə (US) 'mɑː.mə **-s** -z

momm|y 'mɒm|.i (US) 'mɑː.m|i **-ies** -iz

Mon *language:* məʊn, mɒn (US) moʊn

Mon. (*abbrev. for* **Monday**) 'mʌn.deɪ, -di

Note: Can be pronounced /mʌn/ in British English.

mona (M) 'məʊ.nə (US) 'moʊ- **-s** -z **ˌMona 'Lisa**

Monaco 'mɒn.ə.kəʊ, mə'nɑː- (US) 'mɑː.nə.koʊ, mə'nɑː-

monad 'mɒn.æd, 'məʊ.næd (US) 'moʊ.næd, 'mɑː.næd **-s** -z

Monadhliath ˌməʊ.nə'liː.ə (US) ˌmoʊ-

monadic mɒn'æd.ɪk, məʊ'næd- (US) mə'næd-, moʊ-

Monaghan 'mɒn.ə.hən, -kən *as if Irish:* -xən (US) 'mɑː.nə.gən

monarch 'mɒn.ək (US) 'mɑː.nɚk, -nɑːrk **-s** -s

monarch|al mɒn'ɑː.k|əl, mə'nɑː- (US) mə'nɑːr-, moʊ- **-ic** -ɪk **-ical** -ɪ.kəl

monarch|ism 'mɒn.ə.k|ɪ.zəm (US) 'mɑː.nɚ-, -nɑːr- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

monarchiz|e, -is|e 'mɒn.ə.kaɪz

Monophthong

A single vowel. The term is used only in contrast with the word DIPHTHONG, which originally meant a 'double sound'.

Examples for English

British English has 12 vowel monophthongs /ɪ e æ ʌ ɒ ʊ ə iː ɑː ɔː ɜː uː/, and US English has 11, or 12 if r-coloured SCHWA /ɚ/ is taken into account. In British English these are traditionally divided into short and long, with a length mark [ː] used to show that there is a difference in length as well as vowel quality. This convention is extended in this dictionary to US English vowels. Long vowels are permitted to appear in a stressed syllable without a CODA, whereas short vowels are not. It should be noted that the schwa vowel, /ə/, never appears in stressed syllables and has a different distribution to the other short vowels.

ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɚ-, -nɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

monarch|y 'mɒn.ə.k|i ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɚ-, -nɑːr- **-ies** -iz

Monash 'mɒn.æʃ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.næʃ

monaster|y 'mɒn.ə.stᵊr|.i, -str|i ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.ster|.i **-ies** -iz

monastic mə'næs.tɪk, mɒn'æs- ⓤⓢ mə-, moʊ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

monasticism mə'næs.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, mɒn'æs- ⓤⓢ mə'næs-, moʊ-

monatomic ˌmɒn.ə'tɒm.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'tɑː.mɪk

monaural mɒn'ɔː.rᵊl ⓤⓢ mɑː'nɔːr.ᵊl

Monbiot 'mɒn.bi.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ, 'mɑːn.bi.oʊ

Monchen-Gladbach, Mönchen-Gladbach ˌmɜːn.ʃən'glæd.bæk, ˌmʊn-, -kəŋ'- ⓤⓢ -kən'glɑːt.bɑːk

Monck mʌŋk

Monckton 'mʌŋk.tən

Moncrieff mən'kriːf, məŋ-, mɒn-, mɒŋ- ⓤⓢ mɑːn-, mən-; 'mɑːn.kriːf

Mond mɒnd ⓤⓢ mɑːnd

Mondale 'mɒn.deɪl ⓤⓢ 'mɑːn-

Monday 'mʌn.deɪ, -di **-s** -z

Mondeo® ˌmɒn'deɪ.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌmɑːn'deɪ.oʊ

Mondrian 'mɒn.dri.æn, -ən ⓤⓢ 'mɑːn.dri.ɑːn, -ən

Monegasque ˌmɒn.ɪ'gæsk, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.neɪ'-

Monet 'mɒn.eɪ *as if French:* -'- ⓤⓢ moʊ'neɪ, mə-

monetar|ism 'mʌn.ɪ.tᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə-, 'mʌn.ə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

monetary 'mʌn.ɪ.tᵊr.i, '-ə-, -tri ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.ter.i, 'mʌn.ə-

monetiz|e, -is|e 'mʌn.ɪ.taɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə-, 'mʌn.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

mon|ey (M) 'mʌn|.i **-eys** -z **-ies** -iz **-eyed** -id **-ied** -id **'money ˌbox; 'money ˌchanger; 'money ˌmarket; 'money ˌorder; 'money ˌsupply; ˌthrow good ˌmoney after 'bad**

moneybag 'mʌn.i.bæg **-s** -z

moneygrabb|ing 'mʌn.iˌgræb|.ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

money-grubb|er 'mʌn.iˌgrʌb|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

moneylend|er 'mʌn.iˌlen.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

money-market 'mʌn.iˌmɑː.kɪt ⓤⓢ -ˌmɑːr- **-s** -s

money-off ˌmʌn.i'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf

Moneypenny 'mʌn.iˌpen.i

money-spinner 'mʌn.iˌspɪn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z

monger 'mʌŋ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ, 'mɑːŋ- **-s** -z

mongo 'mɒŋ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ 'mɑːŋ.goʊ **-s** -z

mongol (M) 'mɒŋ.gəl, -gɒl ⓤⓢ 'mɑːŋ-, 'mɑːn-, -gəl, -goʊl **-s** -z **-oid** -ɔɪd

Mongoli|a mɒŋ'gəʊ.li|.ə ⓤⓢ mɑːŋ'goʊ-, mɑːn-, -'goʊl.j|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

mongolism (M) 'mɒŋ.gᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm, -gɒl- ⓤⓢ 'mɑːŋ.gᵊl-, 'mɑːn-

mongoos|e 'mɒŋ.guːs, 'mʌŋ- ⓤⓢ 'mɑːŋ-, 'mɑːn- **-es** -ɪz

mongrel 'mʌŋ.grᵊl, 'mɒŋ- ⓤⓢ 'mɑːŋ-, 'mʌŋ- **-s** -z

Monica 'mɒn.ɪ.kə ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɪ-

monicker 'mɒn.ɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɪ.kɚ **-s** -z

Monier 'mʌn.i.əʳ, 'mɒn- ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.ni.ɚ, 'mʌn.i-

moniker 'mɒn.ɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɪ.kɚ **-s** -z

Monique mɒn'iːk ⓤⓢ moʊ'niːk, mə-

mon|ism 'mɒn|.ɪ.zᵊm, 'məʊ.n|ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'moʊ.n|ɪ-, 'mɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

monistic mɒn'ɪs.tɪk, mə'nɪs- ⓤⓢ moʊ'nɪs-, mə- **-al** -ᵊl

monition məʊ'nɪʃ.ᵊn, mɒn'ɪʃ- ⓤⓢ moʊ'nɪʃ-, mə- **-s** -z

monit|or 'mɒn.ɪ.t|əʳ, -ə- ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.t̬|ɚ **-ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd

monitorial ˌmɒn.ɪ'tɔː.ri.əl, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nɪ'tɔːr.i-

monitory 'mɒn.ɪ.tᵊr.i, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nɪ.tɔːr-

monk (M) mʌŋk **-s** -s **-ish** -ɪʃ

monkey 'mʌŋ.ki **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'monkey ˌbars; 'monkey ˌbusiness; 'monkey ˌwrench**

monkey-puzzle 'mʌŋ.kiˌpʌz.ᵊl **-s** -z

monkfish 'mʌŋk.fɪʃ **-es** -ɪz

Monkhouse 'mʌŋk.haʊs

Monkton 'mʌŋk.tən

Monmouth 'mɒn.məθ ⓤⓢ 'mɑːn- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

mono- mɒn.əʊ; mə'nɒ ⓤⓢ mɑː.noʊ, -nə; mə'nɑː

Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **monotone** /'mɒn.ə.təʊn ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.toʊn/, **monotonic** /ˌmɒn.ə'tɒ.nɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'tɑː.nɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **monotony** /mə'nɒt.ᵊn.i ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.tᵊn-/.

mono *monotype:* 'məʊ.nəʊ, 'mɒn.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.noʊ **-s** -z *in sound recording:* 'mɒn.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.noʊ **-s** -z

monobasic ˌmɒn.əʊ'beɪ.sɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'-

monoceros mə'nɒs.ᵊr.ɒs, mɒn'ɒs- ⓤⓢ mə'nɑː.sɚ.ɑːs

monochloride ˌmɒn.əʊ'klɔː.raɪd ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.noʊ'klɔːr.aɪd, -ə'- **-s** -z

monochord 'mɒn.əʊ.kɔːd ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.kɔːrd **-s** -z

monochromatic ˌmɒn.ə.krəʊ'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə.kroʊ'mæt̬-, -krə-

monochrome 'mɒn.ə.krəʊm ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.kroʊm **-s** -z

monocle 'mɒn.ə.kᵊl ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə- **-s** -z

monoclonal ˌmɒn.əʊ'kləʊ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'kloʊ-, -noʊ'-

monocotyledon ˌmɒn.əʊˌkɒt.ɪ'liː.dᵊn, -ᵊl'iː- ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nəˌkɑː.t̬ᵊl'iː-, -noʊˌ- **-s** -z

monoculture 'mɒn.əʊˌkʌl.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nəˌkʌl.tʃɚ, -noʊˌ-

monod|y 'mɒn.ə.d|i ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə- **-ies** -iz

monogamist mə'nɒg.ə.mɪst, mɒn'ɒg- ⓤⓢ mə'nɑː.gə- **-s** -s

monogamous mə'nɒg.ə.məs, mɒn'ɒg- ⓤⓢ mə'nɑː.gə-

monogamy mə'nɒg.ə.mi, mɒn'ɒg- ⓤⓢ mə'nɑː.gə-

monoglot 'mɒn.ə.glɒt ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.glɑːt **-s** -s

monogram 'mɒn.ə.græm ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə- **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d

monograph 'mɒn.ə.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ 'mɑː.nə.græf **-s** -s

monographic ˌmɒn.əʊ'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'-

monolingual ˌmɒn.əʊ'lɪŋ.gwᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌmɑː.nə'-, -noʊ'- **-s** -z **-ly** -i

monolinguist ˌmɒn.əʊ'lɪŋ.gwɪst

(US) ˌmɑː.nə'-, -noʊ'- -s -s
monolith 'mɒn.əʊ.lɪθ (US) 'mɑː.nə- -s -s
monolithic ˌmɒn.əʊ'lɪθ.ɪk (US) ˌmɑː.nə'-
monolog(u)ist 'mɒn.ᵊl.ɒg.ɪst, -ɒdʒ-; mə'nɒl.ə.gɪst, -dʒɪst (US) 'mɑː.nə.lɑːg.ɪst, -lɔːg.ɪst, mə'nɑː.lə.dʒɪst -s -s
monologue, monolog 'mɒn.ᵊl.ɒg (US) 'mɑː.nə.lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z
monomani|a ˌmɒn.əʊ'meɪ.ni|.ə (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ'-, -nə'- **-ac/s** -æk/s
monomaniacal ˌmɒn.əʊ.mə'naɪə.kᵊl (US) ˌmɑː.nə-
mononuclear ˌmɒn.əʊ'njuː.kli.əʳ (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ'nuː.kli.ɚ, -'njuː-
mononucleosis ˌmɒn.əʊˌnjuː.kli'əʊ.sɪs (US) ˌmɑː.noʊˌnuː.kli'oʊ-, -ˌnjuː-
monophonic ˌmɒn.əʊ'fɒn.ɪk (US) ˌmɑː.nə'fɑː.nɪk, -noʊ'-
monophthong 'mɒn.əf.θɒŋ, '-ə- (US) 'mɑː.nəf.θɑːŋ, -θɔːŋ -s -z
monophthong|al ˌmɒn.əf'θɒŋ.g|ᵊl, -ə'- (US) ˌmɑː.nəf'θɑːŋ|.ᵊl, -'θɔːŋ-, -g|ᵊl **-ic** -ɪk
monophthongiz|e, -is|e 'mɒn.əf.θɒŋ.gaɪz, '-ə-, -aɪz (US) 'mɑː.nəf.θɑːŋ-, -θɔːŋ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
monoplane 'mɒn.əʊ.pleɪn (US) 'mɑː.nə- -s -z
monopole 'mɒn.ə.pəʊl (US) 'mɑː.nə.poʊl
monopolism mə'nɒp.ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm (US) mə'nɑː.pə.lɪ-
monopolist mə'nɒp.ᵊl.ɪst (US) -'nɑː.pə.lɪst -s -s
monopolistic məˌnɒp.ᵊl'ɪs.tɪk (US) -ˌnɑː.pə'lɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
monopoliz|e, -is|e mə'nɒp.ᵊl.aɪz (US) -'nɑː.pə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z
monopol|y mə'nɒp.ᵊl|.i (US) -'nɑː.pᵊl- **-ies** -iz
monorail 'mɒn.əʊ.reɪl (US) 'mɑː.nə-, -noʊ- -s -z
monosaccharide ˌmɒn.əʊ'sæk.ᵊr.aɪd (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ'sæk.ə.raɪd, -nə'- -s -z
monosodium ˌmɒn.əʊ'səʊ.di.əm (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ'soʊ-, -nə'- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌmonosodium 'glutamate**
monosyllabic ˌmɒn.əʊ.sɪ'læb.ɪk (US) ˌmɑː.nə-, -noʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌmonosyllabic 'word
monosyllable 'mɒn.əʊˌsɪl.ə.bᵊl (US) 'mɑː.nəˌ-, -noʊˌ- -s -z
monothe|ism 'mɒn.əʊ.θi|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˌmɒn.əʊ'θiː- (US) 'mɑː.noʊˌθiː-, -nəˌ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
monotheistic ˌmɒn.əʊ.θi'ɪs.tɪk (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ- *stress shift:* ˌmonotheistic 'culture
monoton|e 'mɒn.ə.təʊn (US) 'mɑː.nə.toʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
monotonic ˌmɒn.ə'tɒn.ɪk (US) ˌmɑː.nə'tɑː.nɪk *stress shift:* ˌmonotonic 'function
monotonous mə'nɒt.ᵊn.əs (US) -'nɑː.tᵊn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
monotony mə'nɒt.ᵊn.i (US) -'nɑː.tᵊn-
monotype (M®) 'mɒn.əʊ.taɪp, 'məʊ.nəʊ- (US) 'mɑː.noʊ-, -nə- -s -s
monovalen|ce ˌmɒn.əʊ'veɪ.lən|ts, 'mɒn.əʊˌveɪ- (US) ˌmɑː.noʊ'veɪ-, 'mɑː.noʊˌveɪ-, -nə'- **-t** -t
monoxide mə'nɒk.saɪd, mɒn'ɒk- (US) mə'nɑːk- -s -z
Monro(e) mən'rəʊ, mʌn'rəʊ, 'mʌn.rəʊ (US) mən'roʊ
Monrovia mɒn'rəʊ.vi.ə, mən- (US) mən'roʊ-
Mons mɒnz *as if French:* mɔ̃ːns (US) mõʊns
Monsanto® mɒn'sæn.təʊ (US) mɑːn'-
Monsarrat 'mɒnt.sᵊr.æt, ˌ--'- (US) ˌmɑːnt.sə'rɑːt, -'ræt
monseigneur ˌmɒn.sen'jɜːʳ (US) ˌmɑːn.sən'jɝː -s -z **messeigneurs** ˌmes.eɪ'njɜː (US) -'jɝː
monsieur (M) mə'sjɜːʳ, -'sjəʳ (US) -'sjɝː, -'sjɜː
Note: /mə'sjɜːʳ/ is the form of address in isolation. When attached to the surname /mə'sjəʳ/ is unstressed.
monsignor (M) mɒn'siː.njəʳ (US) mɑːn'siː.njɚ
Monson 'mʌnt.sᵊn
monsoon mɒn'suːn, mən- (US) mɑːn- -s -z
monster 'mɒnt.stəʳ (US) 'mɑːnt.stɚ -s -z
monstranc|e 'mɒnt.strənts (US) 'mɑːnt- **-es** -ɪz
monstrosit|y mɒn'strɒs.ə.t|i, mən-, -ɪ.t|i (US) mɑːn'strɑː.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
monstrous 'mɒnt.strəs (US) 'mɑːnt- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Mont. (*abbrev. for* **Montana**) mɒn'tæn.ə, -'tɑː.nə (US) mɑːn'tæn.ə
montag|e mɒn'tɑːʒ; '--, -tɪdʒ (US) 'mɑːn.tɑːʒ; moʊn'tɑːʒ **-es** -ɪz
Montagu(e) 'mɒn.tə.gjuː, -tɪ-, 'mʌn- (US) 'mɑːn-
Montaigne mɒn'teɪn (US) mɑːn-
Montana mɒn'tæn.ə, -'tɑː.nə (US) mɑːn'tæn.ə
Mont Blanc *as if French:* ˌmɔ̃ːm'blɑ̃ːŋ *as if French:* (US) mõʊm'blɑ̃ːŋ
montbretia mɒn'briː.ʃə, mɒm-, -ʃi.ə (US) mɑːnt'- -s -z
Mont Cenis ˌmɔ̃ːn.sə'niː (US) ˌmõʊn-
monte (M) 'mɒn.teɪ, -ti (US) 'mɑːn.t̬i
Monte Carlo ˌmɒnt.i'kɑː.ləʊ (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬i'kɑːr.loʊ
Montefiore ˌmɒn.ti.fi'ɔː.reɪ, -ri, -tə-, -'fjɔː- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬i.fi'ɔːr.i
Montego® mɒn'tiː.gəʊ (US) mɑːn'tiː.goʊ
Montego Bay mɒnˌtiː.gəʊ'beɪ (US) mɑːnˌtiː.goʊ'-
monteith mɒn'tiːθ (US) mɑːn- -s -s
Monteith mən'tiːθ, mɒn- (US) mɑːn-
Montenegr|o ˌmɒn.tɪ'niː.gr|əʊ, -tə'-, -'neɪ- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'niː.gr|oʊ, -'neg.r|oʊ **-an/s** -ən/z
Monterey ˌmɒn.tə'reɪ (US) mɑːn.t̬ɚ.eɪ
Monte Rosa ˌmɒn.tɪ'rəʊ.zə, -tə'- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'roʊ-
Monterrey ˌmɒn.tᵊr.eɪ, -tɪ'reɪ (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'reɪ
Montesquieu ˌmɒn.tes'kjuː, -'kjɜː, '--- (US) 'mɑːn.t̬ə.skjuː
Montessori ˌmɒn.tes'ɔː.ri, -tɪ'sɔː- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'sɔːr.i
Monteverdi ˌmɒn.tɪ'vɜː.di, -tə'-, -'veə- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'ver-
Montevideo ˌmɒn.tɪ.vɪ'deɪ.əʊ, -tə- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə.və'deɪ.oʊ, -'vɪd.i.oʊ
Montezuma ˌmɒn.tɪ'zuː.mə, -tə'-, -'zjuː- (US) ˌmɑːn.t̬ə'zuː-
Montfort 'mɒnt.fət, -fɔːt (US) 'mɑːnt.fɚt, -fɔːrt
Montgomerie mənt'gʌm.ᵊr.i, mɒnt-, -'gɒm-, '-ri (US) mɑːnt'gʌm.ri, mənt-, '-ɚ.i
Montgomery mənt'gʌm.ᵊr.i, mɒnt-, -'gɒm-, -'ri (US) mɑːnt'gʌm.ri, mənt-, '-ɚ.i **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
month mʌntθ -s -s **-ly** -li **in a ˌmonth of 'Sundays**
Monticello ˌmɒn.tɪ'tʃel.əʊ (US) ˌmɑːn.tɪ'tʃel.oʊ, -'sel-
Montmorency ˌmɒnt.mᵊr'ent.si (US) ˌmɑːnt-
Montpelier *in US, London street:* mɒnt'piː.li.əʳ (US) mɑːnt'piːl.jɚ
Montpellier *in France:* mɔ̃ːm'pel.i.eɪ (US) ˌmõʊn.pəl'jeɪ *in names of streets, etc.:* mɒnt'pel.i.əʳ, mənt- (US) mɑːnt'pel.i.ɚ
Montreal ˌmɒn.tri'ɔːl (US) ˌmɑːn.tri'ɔːl, ˌmʌn-, -'ɑːl
Montreux mɒn'trɜː *as if French:* mɔ̃ːn- (US) mɑːn-
Montrose mɒn'trəʊz, mən- (US) mɑːn'troʊz
Mont-Saint-Michel ˌmɒntˌsæn.mɪ'ʃel, -ˌsæm- *as if French:* ˌmɔ̃ːn- *as if French:* (US) ˌmõʊnˌsæn.miː'ʃel
Montserrat *island in West Indies:* ˌmɒnt.sə'ræt, -ser'æt (US) ˌmɑːnt.sə'ræt *monastery in Spain:* ˌmɒnt.sə'rɑːt, -ser'ɑːt (US) ˌmɑːnt.sə'rɑːt
Monty 'mɒn.ti (US) 'mɑːn.t̬i, -ti
monument 'mɒn.jə.mənt, -jʊ- (US) 'mɑːn.jə-, -juː- -s -s
monumental ˌmɒn.jə'men.tᵊl, -jʊ'- (US) ˌmɑːn.jə'men.t̬ᵊl, -juː'- **-ly** -i
Monza 'mɒn.zə (US) 'mɔːnt.sɑː, 'moʊnt-, 'mɑː-
Monzie mə'niː, mɒn'iː (US) mɔːn'ziː, mɑːn-, '--
moo muː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mooch muːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
moo-cow 'muː.kaʊ -s -z
mood muːd -s -z
mood|y (M) 'muː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Moog® məʊg, muːg (US) moʊg, muːg
moola(h) 'muː.lə
mooli 'muː.li

moon (M) muːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌover the ˈmoon
moonbeam ˈmuːn.biːm, ˈmuːm- (US) ˈmuːn- -s -z
mooncal|f ˈmuːn.kɑː|f, ˈmuːŋ- (US) ˈmuːn.kæ|f -ves -vz
Mooney ˈmuː.ni
moonie (M) ˈmuː.ni -s -z
moon|light ˈmuːn|.laɪt -lit -lɪt -lights -laɪts -lighting -ˌlaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lighted -ˌlaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˌlaɪ.t̬ɪd
moonscape ˈmuːn.skeɪp -s -s
moonshine ˈmuːn.ʃaɪn
moonstone ˈmuːn.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn -s -z
moonstruck ˈmuːn.strʌk
moony ˈmuː.ni
moor (M) mɔːʳ, mʊəʳ (US) mʊr -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
Moorall ˈmɔː.rɔːl (US) ˈmɔːr.ɔːl, -ᵊl
moorcock (M) ˈmɔː.kɒk, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr.kɑːk -s -z
Moorcroft ˈmɔː.krɒft, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr.krɑːft
Moore mɔːʳ, mʊəʳ (US) mʊr, mɔːr
Moorends ˈmɔː.rendz, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr.endz
Moorfoot ˈmɔː.fʊt, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr-
Moorgate ˈmɔː.geɪt, ˈmʊə-, -gɪt (US) ˈmʊr-
Moorhead ˈmɔː.hed, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr-, ˈmɔːr-
moorhen ˈmɔː.hen, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr- -s -z
Moorhouse ˈmɔː.haʊs, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr-, ˈmɔːr-
mooring ˈmɔː.rɪŋ, ˈmʊə- (US) ˈmʊr.ɪŋ -s -z
Moorish ˈmʊə.rɪʃ, ˈmɔː- (US) ˈmʊr.ɪʃ
moorland ˈmɔː.lənd, ˈmʊə-, -lænd (US) ˈmʊr- -s -z
Note: The variant /-lænd/ is not used when the word is attributive.
moos|e muːs -es -ɪz
moot muːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈmuː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) ˈmuː.t̬ɪd
mop mɒp (US) mɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
mop|e məʊp (US) moʊp -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
moped (*n.*) ˈməʊ.ped (US) ˈmoʊ- -s -z
mopoke ˈməʊ.pəʊk (US) ˈmoʊ.poʊk -s -s
moppet (M) ˈmɒp.ɪt (US) ˈmɑː.pɪt -s -s
Mopsy ˈmɒp.si (US) ˈmɑːp-
moquette mɒkˈet, məʊˈket (US) moʊˈket
mor|a ˈmɔː.r|ə (US) ˈmɔːr|.ə, ˈmoʊ.r|ə -ae -iː, -aɪ -as -əz
Morag ˈmɔː.ræg (US) ˈmɔːr.æg
moraine mɒrˈeɪn, məˈreɪn (US) məˈreɪn, mɔː- -s -z
moral ˈmɒr.ᵊl (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -z -ly -i
morale məˈrɑːl, mɒrˈɑːl (US) məˈræl, mɔː-
Morales mɒrˈɑː.lez, -les (US) məˈræl.ɪs, mɔːˈrɑː.lɪs
moralist ˈmɒr.ᵊl.ɪst (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -s
moralistic ˌmɒr.ᵊlˈɪs.tɪk (US) ˌmɔːr- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
morality məˈræl.ə.ti, mɒrˈæl-, -ɪ.ti (US) mɔːˈræl.ə.t̬i, mə- **moˈrality ˌplay**
moraliz|e, -is|e ˈmɒr.ᵊl.aɪz (US) ˈmɔːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Moran ˈmɔː.rən, ˈmɒr.ən; məˈræn, mɒrˈæn (US) mɔːˈræn, mə-; ˈmɔːr.ən
Morant məˈrænt, mɒrˈænt (US) mɔːˈrænt, mə-
Morar ˈmɔː.rəʳ (US) ˈmɔːr.ɚ
morass məˈræs, mɒrˈæs (US) məˈræs, mɔː- -es -ɪz
moratori|um ˌmɒr.əˈtɔː.ri|.əm, ˌmɔː.rə- (US) ˌmɔːr.əˈtɔːr.i- -ums -əmz -a -ə
Moravi|a məˈreɪ.vi|.ə, mɒrˈeɪ- (US) mɔːˈreɪ-, mə- -an/s -ən/z
moray *eel:* ˈmɒr.eɪ, ˈmɔː.reɪ; məˈreɪ (US) ˈmɔːr.eɪ; mɔːˈreɪ, mə- -s -z
Moray ˈmʌr.i (US) ˈmɝː-
morbid ˈmɔː.bɪd (US) ˈmɔːr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
morbidity mɔːˈbɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) mɔːrˈbɪd.ə.t̬i
mordant ˈmɔː.dᵊnt (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -s -ly -li
Mordaunt ˈmɔː.dᵊnt, -daʊnt (US) ˈmɔːr-
Mordecai ˌmɔː.dɪˈkeɪ.aɪ, -dəˈ-, -ˈkaɪ.iː; ˈmɔː.dɪ.kaɪ, -də- (US) ˈmɔːr.də.kaɪ, ˈkeɪ.aɪ
Morden ˈmɔː.dᵊn (US) ˈmɔːr-
mordent ˈmɔː.dᵊnt (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -s
Mordor ˈmɔː.dɔːʳ (US) ˈmɔːr.dɔːr
Mordred ˈmɔː.drɪd, -drəd, -dred (US) ˈmɔːr.dred, -drəd
more (M) mɔːʳ (US) mɔːr
Morea mɒrˈiː.ə, məˈriː.ə, mɔː- (US) mɔːˈriː.ə
Moreau mɒrˈəʊ, məˈrəʊ (US) mɑːˈroʊ, mə-
Morecambe ˈmɔː.kəm (US) ˈmɔːr-
moreish ˈmɔː.rɪʃ (US) ˈmɔːr.ɪʃ
morel (M) mɒrˈel, məˈrel (US) mɔːˈrel, mə- -s -z
morello məˈrel.əʊ, mɒrˈel- (US) məˈrel.oʊ -s -z
Morelos məˈrel.ɒs, mɔː- (US) mɔːˈrel.ɑːs
Moreno məˈriː.nəʊ, mɒrˈiː- (US) məˈriː.noʊ, mɔː-, -ˈren.oʊ
moreover mɔːˈrəʊ.vəʳ, məʳ- (US) mɔːrˈoʊ.vɚ, ˈ-ˌ--
mores ˈmɔː.reɪz, -riːz (US) ˈmɔːr.eɪz, -iːz
Moresby *surname:* ˈmɔːz.bi (US) ˈmɔːrz- *in Cumbria:* ˈmɒr.ɪs.bi (US) ˈmɔːr.ɪs-
Moreton ˈmɔː.tᵊn (US) ˈmɔːr-
Morgan ˈmɔː.gᵊn (US) ˈmɔːr-
morganatic ˌmɔː.gəˈnæt.ɪk (US) ˌmɔːr.gəˈnæt̬- -ally -ᵊl.i (US) -li
Morgan le Fay ˌmɔː.gᵊn.ləˈfeɪ (US) ˌmɔːr-
morgue mɔːg (US) mɔːrg -s -z
MORI ˈmɔː.ri, ˈmɒr.i (US) ˈmɔːr.i
Moriah mɒrˈaɪ.ə, mɔːˈraɪ.ə, mə- (US) mə-, mɔːˈraɪ-, moʊ-
Moriarty ˌmɒr.iˈɑː.ti (US) ˌmɔːr.iˈɑːr.t̬i
moribund ˈmɒr.ɪ.bʌnd, ˈmɔː.rɪ-, -bənd (US) ˈmɔːr.ɪ.bʌnd
Morison ˈmɒr.ɪ.sᵊn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈmɔːr.ɪ-
Morley ˈmɔː.li (US) ˈmɔːr-
Morlock ˈmɔː.lɒk (US) ˈmɔːr.lɑːk -s -s
Mormon ˈmɔː.mən (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
morn mɔːn (US) mɔːrn -s -z
mornay ˈmɔː.neɪ (US) mɔːrˈneɪ
morning ˈmɔː.nɪŋ (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -z **ˈmorning ˌcoat; ˈmorning ˌdress, ˌmorning ˈdress; ˈmorning ˌroom; ˈmorning ˌsickness; ˌmorning ˈstar**
morning-after ˌmɔː.nɪŋˈɑːf.təʳ (US) ˌmɔːr.nɪŋˈæf.tɚ **ˌmorning-ˈafter ˌpill**
Mornington ˈmɔː.nɪŋ.tən (US) ˈmɔːr-
Moroccan məˈrɒk.ən (US) -ˈrɑː.kən -s -z
Morocco, morocco məˈrɒk.əʊ (US) -ˈrɑː.koʊ -s -z
moron ˈmɔː.rɒn (US) ˈmɔːr.ɑːn -s -z
Moroni məˈrəʊ.ni (US) -ˈroʊ-, mɔː-
moronic mɔːˈrɒn.ɪk, mə-, mɒrˈɒn- (US) mɔːˈrɑː.nɪk, mə- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
morose məˈrəʊs, mɒrˈəʊs (US) məˈroʊs, mɔː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Morpeth ˈmɔː.peθ, -pəθ (US) ˈmɔːr-
-morph mɔːf (US) mɔːrf
Note: Suffix. Normally not stressed, e.g. **ectomorph** /ˈek.təʊ.mɔːf (US) -tə.mɔːrf/.
morph mɔːf (US) mɔːrf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
morpheme ˈmɔː.fiːm (US) ˈmɔːr- -s -z
morphemic mɔːˈfiː.mɪk (US) mɔːr- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
morphemics mɔːˈfiː.mɪks (US) mɔːr-
Morpheus ˈmɔː.fi.əs, ˈ-fjəs (US) ˈmɔːr.fi.əs, ˈ-fjuːs
morphia ˈmɔː.fi.ə (US) ˈmɔːr-
morphine ˈmɔː.fiːn (US) ˈmɔːr-
morpho- mɔː.fəʊ; mɔːˈfɒ (US) mɔːr.foʊ, -fə; mɔːrˈfɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally takes secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **morphologic** /ˌmɔː.fəˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) ˌmɔːr.fəˈlɑː.dʒɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g **morphology** /mɔːˈfɒl.ə.dʒi (US) mɔːrˈfɑː.lə-/.
morphologic ˌmɔː.fəˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) ˌmɔːr.fəˈlɑː.dʒɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
morpholog|y mɔːˈfɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) mɔːrˈfɑː.lə- -ies -iz -ist/s -ɪst/s
morphophoneme ˌmɔː.fəʊˈfəʊ.niːm (US) ˌmɔːr.foʊˈfoʊ- -s -z
morphophonemic ˌmɔː.fəʊ.fəˈniː.mɪk (US) ˌmɔːr.foʊ- -s -s
morphophonology ˌmɔː.fəʊ.fəˈnɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ˌmɔːr.foʊ.fəˈnɑː.lə-
morphosyntactic ˌmɔː.fəʊ.sɪnˈtæk.tɪk (US) ˌmɔːr.foʊ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
morphosyntax ˌmɔː.fəʊˈsɪn.tæks (US) ˌmɔːr.foʊ-
Morphy ˈmɔː.fi (US) ˈmɔːr-
Morrell ˈmʌr.ᵊl, məˈrel

Morrill ˈmɒr.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) ˈmɔːr-

morris (M) ˈmɒr.ɪs (US) ˈmɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **ˈmorris ˌdancing; ˈmorris ˌman**

Morrison ˈmɒr.ɪ.sᵊn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈmɔːr-

Morrissey ˈmɒr.ɪ.si, -ə- (US) ˈmɔːr-, ˈmɑːr-

Morristown ˈmɒr.ɪs.taʊn (US) ˈmɔːr-

morrow (M) ˈmɒr.əʊ (US) ˈmɑːr.oʊ, ˈmɔːr- **-s** -z

mors|e (M) mɔːs (US) mɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **ˌMorse ˈcode, ˈMorse ˌcode**

morsel ˈmɔː.sᵊl (US) ˈmɔːr- **-s** -z

Morshead ˈmɔːz.hed (US) ˈmɔːrz-

mort (M) mɔːt (US) mɔːrt **-s** -s

mortadella ˌmɔː.təˈdel.ə (US) ˌmɔːr-

mortal ˈmɔː.tᵊl (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z **-ly** -i **ˌmortal ˈsin**

mortalit|y (M) mɔːˈtæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) mɔːrˈtæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

mort|ar ˈmɔː.t|əʳ (US) ˈmɔːr.t|ɚ **-ars** -əz (US) -ɚz **-aring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ared** -əd (US) -ɚd

mortarboard ˈmɔː.tə.bɔːd (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ɚ.bɔːrd **-s** -z

Morte d'Arthur(e) ˌmɔːtˈdɑː.θəʳ (US) ˌmɔːrtˈdɑːr.θɚ

mortgag|e ˈmɔː.gɪdʒ (US) ˈmɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

mortgagee ˌmɔː.gɪˈdʒiː, -gəˈ- (US) ˌmɔːr- **-s** -z

mortgagor ˌmɔː.gɪˈdʒɔːʳ, -gəˈ-; ˈmɔː.gɪ.dʒəʳ, -gə- (US) ˈmɔːr.gɪ.dʒɚ **-s** -z

mortic|e ˈmɔː.tɪs (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

mortician mɔːˈtɪʃ.ᵊn (US) mɔːr- **-s** -z

mortification ˌmɔː.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- (US) ˌmɔːr.t̬ə.fɪˈ-

morti|fy ˈmɔː.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

Mortimer ˈmɔː.tɪ.məʳ, -tə- (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ə.mɚ

mortis|e ˈmɔː.tɪs (US) ˈmɔːr.t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˈmortise ˌlock**

Mortlake ˈmɔːt.leɪk (US) ˈmɔːrt-

Mortlock ˈmɔːt.lɒk (US) ˈmɔːrt.lɑːk

mortmain ˈmɔːt.meɪn (US) ˈmɔːrt-

Morton ˈmɔː.tᵊn (US) ˈmɔːr-

mortuar|y ˈmɔː.tʃu.ᵊr|.i, -tjʊ-, -tjʊ.r|i, -tʃᵊr|.i (US) ˈmɔːr.tʃu.er|.i **-ies** -iz

Morwenna mɔːˈwen.ə (US) mɔːr-

mosaic (M) məʊˈzeɪ.ɪk (US) moʊ- **-s** -s

Mosborough ˈmɒz.brə, -bᵊr.ə (US) ˈmɑːz.bɚ.oʊ, -bᵊr.ə

Mosby ˈmɒz.bi (US) ˈmoʊz-

Mosca ˈmɒs.kə (US) ˈmɑːs-

Moscow ˈmɒs.kəʊ (US) ˈmɑː.skaʊ, -skoʊ

Moseley ˈməʊz.li (US) ˈmoʊz-

moselle (M) məʊˈzel (US) moʊ- **-s** -z

Moses ˈməʊ.zɪz (US) ˈmoʊ- **ˈMoses ˌbasket**

mosey ˈməʊ.zi (US) ˈmoʊ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

mosh mɒʃ (US) mɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Mosimann ˈmɒs.ɪ.mən (US) ˈmɑː.sɪ-

Moslem ˈmɒz.ləm, ˈmʊz-, -lem, -lɪm (US) ˈmɑːz.lem, ˈmɑːs- **-s** -z

Mosley ˈməʊz.li, ˈmɒz- (US) ˈmoʊz-

mosque mɒsk (US) mɑːsk **-s** -s

mosquito (M) mɒsˈkiː.təʊ, məˈskiː- (US) məˈskiː.t̬oʊ **-(e)s** -z **mosˈquito ˌnet**

moss (M) mɒs (US) mɑːs **-es** -ɪz

Mossad ˈmɒs.æd (US) moʊˈsɑːd

moss-grown ˈmɒs.grəʊn (US) ˈmɑːs.groʊn

Mossley ˈmɒs.li (US) ˈmɑːs-

Mossman *area of Sydney:* ˈmɒz.mən (US) ˈmɑːz- *other senses:* ˈmɒs.mən (US) ˈmɑːs-

Mossmorran mɒsˈmɒr.ən (US) mɑːsˈmɔːr-

moss|y ˈmɒs|.i (US) ˈmɑː.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

mos|t məʊs|t (US) moʊs|t **-tly** -*t*li

Mostar ˈmɒs.tɑːʳ (US) ˈmɑː.stɑːr

Mostyn ˈmɒs.tɪn (US) ˈmɑː.stɪn

Mosul ˈməʊ.sᵊl (US) moʊˈsuːl; ˈmoʊ.səl

mot məʊ (US) moʊ **-s** -z

MoT, MOT ˌem.əʊˈtiː (US) -oʊˈ- **-s** -z **-'s** -z **-'d** -d **-'ing** -ɪŋ **ˌMoT cerˈtificate, ˌMoˈT cerˌtificate; ˌMoT ˈtest, ˌMoˈT ˌtest**

mote məʊt (US) moʊt **-s** -s

motel məʊˈtel (US) moʊ- **-s** -z

motet məʊˈtet (US) moʊ- **-s** -s

moth mɒθ (US) mɑːθ **-s** -s

Mothaks® ˈmɒθ.æks (US) ˈmɑː.θæks

mothball ˈmɒθ.bɔːl (US) ˈmɑːθ-, -bɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

moth-eaten ˈmɒθˌiː.tᵊn (US) ˈmɑːθˌiː-

moth|er (M) ˈmʌð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erless** -ə.ləs, -les, -lɪs (US) -ɚ- **ˈmother ˌcountry; ˌmother ˈhen; ˌmother ˈnature; ˌmother suˈperior; ˈMother's ˌDay; ˌmother ˈtongue**

motherboard ˈmʌð.ə.bɔːd (US) -ɚ.bɔːrd **-s** -z

Mothercare® ˈmʌð.ə.keəʳ (US) -ɚ.ker

motherfucker ˈmʌð.əˌfʌk.əʳ (US) -ɚˌfʌk.ɚ **-s** -z

mother-fucking ˈmʌð.əˌfʌk.ɪŋ (US) -ɚˌ-

motherhood ˈmʌð.ə.hʊd (US) ˈ-ɚ-

mother-in-law ˈmʌð.ᵊr.ɪnˌlɔː (US) -ɚ.ɪnˌlɑː, -ˌlɔː **mothers-in-law** ˈmʌð.əz- (US) -ɚz-

motherland ˈmʌð.ə.lænd (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -z

motherl|y ˈmʌð.ᵊl|.i (US) -ɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

mother-of-pearl ˌmʌð.əʳ.əʊˈpɜːl (US) -ɚ.əʊˈpɝːl

mothersill ˈmʌð.ə.sɪl (US) ˈ-ɚ-

Motherwell ˈmʌð.ə.wel (US) ˈ-ɚ-

motif məʊˈtiːf (US) moʊ- **-s** -s

motile ˈməʊ.taɪl (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ᵊl, -taɪl

motion (M) ˈməʊ.ʃᵊn (US) ˈmoʊ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈməʊʃ.nɪŋ (US) ˈmoʊʃ- **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **ˌmotion ˈpicture; ˈmotion ˌsickness**

moti|vate ˈməʊ.tɪ|.veɪt, -tə- (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd **-vator/s** -veɪ.təʳ/z (US) -veɪ.t̬ɚ/z

motivation ˌməʊ.tɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, -təˈ- (US) ˌmoʊ.t̬əˈ- **-al** -ᵊl

motive ˈməʊ.tɪv (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs

mot juste ˌməʊˈʒuːst (US) ˌmoʊ-

motley (M) ˈmɒt.li (US) ˈmɑːt-

motocross ˈməʊ.təʊ.krɒs (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬oʊ.krɑːs

mot|or ˈməʊ.t|əʳ (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd **ˈmotor ˌcar; ˈmotor ˌhome; ˈmotor ˌlodge; ˈmotor ˌscooter; ˈmotor ˌvehicle**

Motorail® ˈməʊ.tᵊr.eɪl (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ə.reɪl

motorbike ˈməʊ.tə.baɪk (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -s

motorboat ˈməʊ.tə.bəʊt (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ.boʊt **-s** -s

motorcade ˈməʊ.tə.keɪd (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -z

motorcycle ˈməʊ.təˌsaɪ.kᵊl (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -z

motorcyclist ˈməʊ.təˌsaɪ.klɪst, -kᵊl.ɪst (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -s

motorhome ˈməʊ.tə.həʊm (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ.hoʊm **-s** -z

motorist ˈməʊ.tᵊr.ɪst (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -s

motoriz|e, -is|e ˈməʊ.tᵊr.aɪz (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

motor|man ˈməʊ.tə|.mæn (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ-, -mən **-men** -men

motormou|th ˈməʊ.tə.maʊ|θ (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-ths** -ðz

Motorola ˌməʊ.təˈrəʊ.lə (US) ˌmoʊ.t̬əˈroʊ.lə

motor-scooter ˈməʊ.təˌskuː.təʳ (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚˌskuː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

motorway ˈməʊ.tə.weɪ (US) ˈmoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-s** -z

Motown® ˈməʊ.taʊn (US) ˈmoʊ-

Mott mɒt (US) mɑːt

motte mɒt (US) mɑːt **-s** -s

Mottistone ˈmɒt.ɪ.stᵊn, -stəʊn (US) ˈmɑː.t̬ɪ.stᵊn, -stoʊn

mottl|e ˈmɒt.ᵊl (US) ˈmɑː.t̬ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

motto ˈmɒt.əʊ (US) ˈmɑː.t̬oʊ **-(e)s** -z

Mottram ˈmɒt.rəm (US) ˈmɑː.trəm

moue muː **-s** -z

mouf(f)lon ˈmuː.flɒn (US) -flɑːn **-s** -z

Moughton ˈməʊ.tᵊn (US) ˈmoʊ-

Mouland ˈmuː.lænd, mʊˈlænd

mould məʊld (US) moʊld **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd

mould|er ˈməʊl.d|əʳ (US) ˈmoʊl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

mould|y ˈməʊl.d|i (US) ˈmoʊl- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Moule məʊl, muːl (US) moʊl, muːl

Moulinex® ˈmuː.lɪ.neks, -lə-

Moulin Rouge ˌmuː.læ̃*n*ˈruːʒ

Moulmein ˈmaʊl.meɪn (US) mʊlˈmeɪn, moʊl-

loulsford 'məuls.fəd, 'məulz- (US) 'mouls.fɚd, 'moulz-
oult məult (US) moult -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'moul.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'moul.t̬ɪd
loulton 'məul.tᵊn (US) 'moul-
loultrie 'mɔːl.tri, 'muː-
ound (M) maʊnd -s -z
lounsey 'maʊn.zi
ount (M) maʊnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'maʊn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'maʊn.t̬ɪd
ountain 'maʊn.tɪn, -tən (US) -tᵊn -s -z **'mountain ˌbike; 'mountain ˌlion; make a ˌmountain out of a 'mole-hill**
ountain-ash ˌmaʊn.tɪn'æʃ, -tən'- (US) -tᵊn'- -es -ɪz
ountaineer ˌmaʊn.tɪ'nɪəʳ, -tə'- (US) -tᵊn'ɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
òuntainous 'maʊn.tɪ.nəs, -tə- (US) -tᵊn.əs
ountainside 'maʊn.tɪn.saɪd, -tən- (US) -tᵊn- -s -z
ountaintop 'maʊn.tɪn.tɒp, -tən- (US) -tᵊn.tɑːp -s -s
ountant 'maʊn.tənt -s -s
lountbatten maʊnt'bæt.ᵊn
ountebank 'maʊn.tɪ.bæŋk, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -s -s
lount Everest ˌmaʊnt'ev.ᵊr.ɪst, -est
lountford 'maʊnt.fəd (US) -fɚd
lountie 'maʊn.ti (US) -t̬i -s -z
lountjoy ˌmaʊnt'dʒɔɪ, '--
lountsorrel ˌmaʊnt'sɒr.əl (US) -'sɔːr-
lount Vernon ˌmaʊnt'vɜː.nən (US) -'vɝː-
lount|y 'maʊn.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ies -iz
loura 'mʊə.rə (US) 'mʊr.ə
ourn mɔːn (US) mɔːrn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
lourne mɔːn (US) mɔːrn
ournful 'mɔːn.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'mɔːrn- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
lousa 'muː.zə
ouse (*n.*) maʊs **mice** maɪs
ous|e (*v.*) maʊs, maʊz (US) maʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
lousehole 'maʊ.zᵊl
ouser 'maʊ.səʳ, -zəʳ (US) -zɚ -s -z
ouse-trap 'maʊs.træp -s -s
ous|ey 'maʊ.s|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
oussaka mu'sɑː.kə, 'muː.sæk.ə (US) ˌmu'sɑː.kə; ˌmuː.sɑː'kɑː
ousse muːs
loussec® ˌmuː'sek
ousseline 'muː.slɪn, ˌmuː'sliːn (US) ˌmuː'sliːn
loussorgsky mʊ'sɔːg.ski, muː- (US) muː'sɔːrg-, mə-, -'zɔːrg-, -'sɔːrk-, -'zɔːrk-
oustach|e mə'stɑːʃ, mʊ- (US) 'mʌs.tæʃ; mə'stæʃ -es -ɪz
ous|y 'maʊ.s|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
ou|th (*n.*) maʊ|θ -ths -ðz **'mouth ˌorgan; from the ˌhorse's 'mouth; ˌdown in the 'mouth**
mouth (*v.*) maʊð -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mouthful 'maʊθ.fʊl -s -z
mouthpiec|e 'maʊθ.piːs -es -ɪz
mouth-to-mouth ˌmaʊθ.tə'maʊθ *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌmouth-to-mouth reˌsusci'tation**
mouthwash 'maʊθ.wɒʃ (US) -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ -es -ɪz
mouthwatering 'maʊθˌwɔː.tᵊr.ɪŋ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ-, -ˌwɔː- -ly -li
mouth|y 'maʊ.ð|i, -θ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
movability ˌmuː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
movable 'muː.və.bᵊl -s -z -ness -nəs, -nɪs
movant 'muː.vənt -s -s
mov|e muːv -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -eable -ə.bᵊl
movement 'muːv.mənt -s -s
movie 'muː.vi -s -z
moviegoer 'muː.viˌgəʊ.əʳ (US) -ˌgoʊ.ɚ -s -z
moviegoing 'muː.viˌgəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -ˌgoʊ-
moviemak|er 'muː.viˌmeɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
mow (*v.*) *cut down and stack:* məʊ (US) moʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -n -n -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
mow (*n.*) *stack:* maʊ -s -z
mow (*n.*) *grimace:* maʊ (US) moʊ, maʊ -s -z
Mowat, Mowatt maʊət, məʊət (US) maʊət, moʊət
Mowbray 'məʊ.breɪ, -bri (US) 'moʊ-
Mowgli 'maʊ.gli
Mowlam 'məʊ.ləm (US) 'moʊ-
mown (*from* **mow** *v.*) məʊn (US) moʊn
Moxon 'mɒk.sᵊn (US) 'mɑːk-
moya (M) 'mɔɪ.ə -s -z
Moyes mɔɪz
Moygashel *place:* mɔɪ'gæʃ.ᵊl *linen:* 'mɔɪ.gə.ʃᵊl
Moynahan 'mɔɪ.nə.hæn, -hən (US) 'mɔɪ.nə.hæn
Moynihan 'mɔɪ.ni.ən, -hæn; -nə.hæn (US) 'mɔɪ.nɪ.hæn, -nə-
Mozambique ˌməʊ.zæm'biːk, -zəm'- (US) ˌmoʊ-
Mozart 'məʊt.sɑːt (US) 'moʊt.sɑːrt
Mozartian ˌməʊt'sɑː.ti.ən (US) ˌmoʊt'sɑːr.t̬i- -s -z
mozzarella ˌmɒt.sə'rel.ə (US) ˌmɑːt-, ˌmoʊt-
MP ˌem'piː
MP3® ˌem.piː'θriː
mph ˌem.piː'eɪtʃ
MPhil ˌem'fɪl
Mr 'mɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
Mrs 'mɪs.ɪz
MRSA ˌem.ɑːʳ.es'eɪ (US) -ɑːr-
ms, MS (*abbrev. for* **manuscript**) ˌem'es, 'mæn.jə.skrɪpt, -jʊ-
MS (*abbrev. for* **multiple sclerosis**) ˌem'es
Ms mɪz, məz (US) mɪz
Note: Used to avoid indicating a woman's marital status. The pronunciation is unstable in Britain.
MSc ˌem.es'siː
MS-DOS® ˌem.es'dɒs (US) -'dɑːs
MSS (*abbrev. for* **manuscripts**) ˌem.es'es, 'mæn.jə.skrɪpts, -jʊ-
MTV ˌem.tiː'viː
mu mjuː (US) mjuː, muː
Mubarak mʊ'bɑː.rək, -'bær.æk, -ək (US) muː'bɑːr.ək
much mʌtʃ -ly -li
Muchalls 'mʌk.ᵊlz, 'mʌx-
muchness 'mʌtʃ.nəs, -nɪs
mucilag|e 'mjuː.sɪ.lɪdʒ, -sᵊl.ɪdʒ (US) -sə.lɪdʒ -es -ɪz
mucilaginous ˌmjuː.sɪ'lædʒ.ɪ.nəs, -sᵊl'ædʒ-, '-ə- (US) -sɪ'lædʒ.ə-
muck mʌk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
muck|er 'mʌk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
Muckle Flugga ˌmʌk.ᵊl'flʌg.ə
muckrak|e 'mʌk.reɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
muck|y 'mʌk|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
muc(o)us 'mjuː.kəs **ˌmucous 'membrane**
mud mʌd -s -z
mudba|th 'mʌd.bɑː|θ (US) -bæ|θ -ths -ðz
muddl|e 'mʌd.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'mʌd.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, 'mʌd.ləʳ/z (US) -lɚ/z
muddleheaded ˌmʌd.ᵊl'hed.ɪd, 'mʌd.ᵊlˌhed- (US) 'mʌd.ᵊlˌhed- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mudd|y 'mʌd|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id
Mud(d)eford 'mʌd.ɪ.fəd (US) -fɚd
mudflap 'mʌd.flæp -s -s
mudflat 'mʌd.flæt -s -s
mudguard 'mʌd.gɑːd (US) -gɑːrd -s -z
Mudie 'mjuː.di
mudlark 'mʌd.lɑːk (US) -lɑːrk -s -s
mudpack 'mʌd.pæk -s -s
mudslide 'mʌd.slaɪd -s -z
Mueller 'mjuː.ləʳ, 'mʊl.əʳ (US) -lɚ
muesli 'mjuːz.li, 'muːz- (US) 'mjuːz-, 'mjuːs- -s -z
muezzin mu'ez.ɪn, mju- (US) mju-, mu- -s -z
muff mʌf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
muffin 'mʌf.ɪn -s -z
muffl|e 'mʌf.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'mʌf.lɪŋ -ed -d
muffler 'mʌf.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
mufti 'mʌf.ti
mug mʌg -s -z -ging/s -ɪŋ/z -ged -d **'mug ˌshot**
Mugabe mʊ'gɑː.beɪ, -bi
mugger 'mʌg.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
muggins (M) 'mʌg.ɪnz -es -ɪz
Muggins 'mʌg.ɪnz, 'mjuː.gɪnz
Muggleton 'mʌg.ᵊl.tᵊn (US) -tən
Muggletonian ˌmʌg.ᵊl'təʊ.ni.ən (US) -'toʊ- -s -z
mugg|y 'mʌg|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest

-i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
mugwump ˈmʌg.wʌmp -s -s
Muhhamad mʊˈhæm.əd, mə-, -ɪd, -ed
Muir mjʊəʳ, mjɔːʳ (US) mjʊr
Muirhead ˈmjʊə.hed, ˈmjɔː- (US) ˈmjʊr-
mujahideen (M) ˌmuː.dʒə.hedˈiːn, ˈmʊdʒ.ə-, ˈmuː.ʒə-, -ʒɑː-, -həˈdiːn (US) muːˌdʒɑː.həˈdiːn
Muji ˈmuː.dʒi
Mukden ˈmʊk.dən
Mukle ˈmjuː.kli
mukluk ˈmʌk.lʌk -s -s
mulatto mjuːˈlæt.əʊ, mjə-, mjʊ-, mə- (US) məˈlæt̬.oʊ, mjuː-, -ˈlɑː.t̬oʊ -(e)s -z
mulberr|y ˈmʌl.bᵊr|.i (US) -ˌber- -ies -iz
Mulcaster ˈmʌl.kæs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
mulch mʌltʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Mulciber ˈmʌl.sɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
mulct mʌlkt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
mulder ˈmʌl.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
Muldoon mʌlˈduːn
mule mjuːl -s -z
muleteer ˌmjuː.lɪˈtɪəʳ, -ləˈ- (US) -ləˈtɪr -s -z
mulga ˈmʊl.gə -s -z
Mulgrave ˈmʌl.greɪv
Mulholland mʌlˈhɒl.ənd (US) -ˈhɑː.lənd
mulish ˈmjuː.lɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mull (M) mʌl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mullah (M) ˈmʊl.ə, ˈmʌl.ə -s -z
Mullan, Mullen ˈmʌl.ən
mullein ˈmʌl.ɪn, -eɪn (US) -ɪn
mullered ˈmʌl.əd (US) -ɚd
mullet (M) ˈmʌl.ɪt, -ət -s -s
Mulligan ˈmʌl.ɪ.gən, ˈ-ə-
mulligatawny ˌmʌl.ɪ.gəˈtɔː.ni, ˌ-ə- (US) -ˈtɑː.ni, -ˈtɔː-
Mullinar, Mulliner ˈmʌl.ɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Mullinger ˈmʌl.ɪn.dʒəʳ, -ᵊn- (US) -dʒɚ
Mullins ˈmʌl.ɪnz
mullion (M) ˈmʌl.jən, ˈ-i.ən (US) ˈ-jən -s -z -ed -d
mullock ˈmʌl.ək
Mulready mʌlˈred.i
Mulroney mʌlˈrəʊ.ni (US) -ˈroʊ-
Multan ˌmʌlˈtɑːn (US) ˌmʊl-
multi- mʌl.ti, -tɪ, -tə (US) mʌl.t̬i, -t̬ə, -taɪ
Note: Prefix. Normally carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **multiform** /ˈmʌl.ti.fɔːm (US) -t̬i.fɔːrm/, **multilingual** /ˌmʌl.tiˈlɪŋ.gwᵊl (US) -t̬iˈ-/.
multicolo(u)red ˌmʌl.tiˈkʌl.əd, ˈmʌl.tiˌkʌl- (US) ˌmʌl.t̬ɪˈkʌl.ɚd, ˈmʌl.t̬iˌkʌl-
multicultural ˌmʌl.tiˈkʌl.tʃᵊr.ᵊl (US) -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- -ly -i -ism -ɪ.zᵊm *stress shift:* ˌmulticultural ˈfestival
multi-disciplinary ˌmʌl.ti.dɪs.əˈplɪn.ᵊr.i, -ɪˈ-, -ˈdɪs.ə.plɪ.nᵊr-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -t̬i.ˈdɪs.ə.plɪ.ner-
multiethnic ˌmʌl.tiˈeθ.nɪk (US) -t̬iˈ- *stress shift:* ˌmultiethnic ˈbackground
multi-faceted ˌmʌl.tiˈfæs.ɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬iˈfæs.ɪ.t̬ɪd
multifarious ˌmʌl.tɪˈfeə.ri.əs (US) -t̬əˈfer.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌmultifarious ˈinfluences
multiform ˈmʌl.ti.fɔːm (US) -t̬i.fɔːrm
multigym ˈmʌl.ti.dʒɪm (US) -t̬i- -s -z
multilateral ˌmʌl.tiˈlæt.ᵊr.ᵊl (US) -t̬iˈlæt̬-, -taɪˈ- -ly -i *stress shift:* ˌmultilateral ˈtalks
multilingual ˌmʌl.tiˈlɪŋ.gwəl (US) -t̬iˈ- -ly -i *stress shift:* ˌmultilingual ˈpeople
multimedia ˌmʌl.tiˈmiː.di.ə (US) -t̬iˈ-
multimillionaire ˌmʌl.tiˌmɪl.jəˈneəʳ, -i.əˈ- (US) -t̬iˌmɪl.jəˈner, -taɪˌ-, ˌmʌl.t̬iˈmɪl.jə.ner, -taɪˈ- -s -z
multinational ˌmʌl.tiˈnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, -ˈnæʃ.nᵊl (US) -t̬iˈ-, -taɪˈ- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌmultinational ˈcompany
multipartite ˌmʌl.tiˈpɑː.taɪt (US) -t̬iˈpɑːr- *stress shift:* ˌmultipartite ˈtreaty
multiplayer ˈmʌl.tɪˌpleɪ.əʳ, -tə- (US) -t̬iˌpleɪ.ɚ -s -z
multiple ˈmʌl.tɪ.pᵊl, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -s -z ˌ**multiple scleˈrosis**
multiple-choice ˌmʌl.tɪ.pᵊlˈtʃɔɪs, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- *stress shift:* ˌmultiple-choice ˈpaper
multiplex ˈmʌl.tɪ.pleks, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -es -ɪz
multiplicand ˌmʌl.tɪ.plɪˈkænd, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -s -z
multiplication ˌmʌl.tɪ.plɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -s -z
multiplicative ˌmʌl.tɪˈplɪk.ə.tɪv, -təˈ-; ˈmʌl.tɪ.plɪ.keɪ.tɪv (US) ˈmʌl.t̬ə.plɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪv; ˌmʌl.təˈplɪk.ə-
multiplicator ˈmʌl.tɪ.plɪ.keɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
multiplicit|y ˌmʌl.tɪˈplɪs.ə.t|i, -təˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -t̬əˈplɪs.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
multipl|y ˈmʌl.tɪ.pl|aɪ, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd -ier/s -aɪ.əʳ/z (US) -aɪ.ɚ/z
multiprocessing ˌmʌl.tiˈprəʊ.ses.ɪŋ (US) -t̬iˈprɑː-
multiprocessor ˌmʌl.tiˈprəʊ.ses.əʳ (US) -t̬iˈprɑː.ses.ɚ -s -z
multipurpose ˌmʌl.tiˈpɜː.pəs (US) -t̬iˈpɝː- *stress shift:* ˌmultipurpose ˈtool
multiracial ˌmʌl.tiˈreɪ.ʃᵊl, -ʃi.əl (US) -t̬iˈreɪ.ʃᵊl, -taɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌmultiracial ˈarea
multiscreen ˌmʌl.tiˈskriːn *stress shift:* ˌmultiscreen ˈcinema
multi-storey ˌmʌl.tiˈstɔː.ri (US) -t̬iˈstɔːr.i *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**multi-storey ˈcar park**
multi-tasking ˌmʌl.tiˈtɑː.skɪŋ, ˈmʌl.tiˌtɑː- (US) ˈmʌl.t̬iˌtæs.kɪŋ
multitude ˈmʌl.tɪ.tjuːd, -tə-, -tʃuːd (US) -t̬ə.tuːd, -tjuːd -s -z
multitudinous ˌmʌl.tɪˈtjuː.dɪ.nəs, -təˈ-, -ˈtʃuː-, -dᵊn.əs (US) -t̬əˈtuː.dᵊn-, -ˈtjuː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
multivalen|t ˌmʌl.tiˈveɪ.lən|t (US) -t̬iˈ- -ce -*t*s
multivitamin ˌmʌl.tiˈvɪt.ə.mɪn, -ˈvaɪ.tə- (US) -ˈvaɪ.t̬ə- -s -z
multum in parvo ˌmʊl.təm.ɪnˈpɑː.vəʊ, ˌmʌl- (US) -ˈpɑːr.voʊ
mum (M) mʌm -s -z
Mum and the Sothsegger ˌmʌm.ənd.ðəˈsɒθ.seg.əʳ, -ˈsəʊθ- (US) -ænd.ðəˈsɑːθ.seg.ɚ
mumbl|e ˈmʌm.bᵊl -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li, ˈ-blɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) ˈ-bləʳ/z, ˈ-bᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-blɚ/z
Mumbles ˈmʌm.bᵊlz
mumbo-jumbo ˌmʌm.bəʊˈdʒʌm.bəʊ (US) -boʊˈdʒʌm.boʊ
Mumm mʌm *as if French:* mʊm
mumm|er ˈmʌm|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz, -ɚz -ery -ᵊr.i
mummification ˌmʌm.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-
mummi|fy ˈmʌm.ɪ|.faɪ (US) ˈ-ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
mumm|y (M) ˈmʌm|.i -ies -iz
mump mʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
mumpish ˈmʌm.pɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mumps mʌmps
mums|y ˈmʌm.z|i -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Munby ˈmʌn.bi, ˈmʌm- (US) ˈmʌn-
munch mʌntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Munch mʊŋk -s -s
Munchausen, Münchausen, Münchhausen ˈmʌn.*t*ʃaʊ.zᵊn, ˈmʊntʃ-, -haʊ-; mʌnˈtʃɔː.zᵊn (US) ˈmʌn.tʃaʊ.zᵊn, ˈmʊn-, -tʃɔː-
munchies (M®) ˈmʌn.*t*ʃiz
munchkin ˈmʌn*t*ʃ.kɪn -s -z
Muncie ˈmʌn.*t*si
mundane mʌnˈdeɪn, ˈ-- -ly -li
Munera Pulveris ˌmjuː.nᵊr.əˈpʊl.vᵊr.ɪs
mung mʌŋ ˈ**mung ˌbean**
mungo (M) ˈmʌŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ -s -z
Munich ˈmjuː.nɪk
municipal mjuːˈnɪs.ɪ.pᵊl, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə-
municipalit|y mjuːˌnɪs.ɪˈpæl.ə.t|i, -əˈ-, -ɪ.t|i; ˌmjuː.nɪ.sɪˈ-, -səˈ- (US) mjuːˌnɪs.əˈpæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
municipaliz|e, -is|e mjuːˈnɪs.ɪ.pᵊl.aɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə.pə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
munificen|ce mjuːˈnɪf.ɪ.sᵊn|*t*s, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -t/ly -t/li
muniment ˈmjuː.nɪ.mənt, -nə- (US) -nə- -s -s
munition mjuːˈnɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
Munro mʌnˈrəʊ, mənˈ-; ˈmʌn.rəʊ (US) mənˈroʊ
Munsey ˈmʌn.zi
Munster *in Ireland:* ˈmʌnt.stəʳ (US) -stɚ
Münster *in Germany:* ˈmʊnt.stəʳ (US) -stɚ, ˈmʌnt-
muntjak, muntjac ˈmʌnt.dʒæk,

'mʌnt.ʃæk ⓤⓢ 'mʌnt.dʒæk **-s** -s
Muppet 'mʌp.ɪt **-s** -s
mural 'mjʊə.rᵊl, 'mjɔː- ⓤⓢ 'mjʊr.ᵊl **-s** -z
Murchie 'mɜː.ki *in S. England also:* -tʃi ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Murchison 'mɜː.tʃɪ.sᵊn, -kɪ- ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.tʃɪ-
Murcia 'mɜː.ʃi.ə *as if Spanish:* 'mʊə.θi.ə ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə
Murcott 'mɜː.kət ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
murd|er 'mɜː.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
murderer 'mɜː.dᵊr.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.dɚ.ɚ **-s** -z
murderess 'mɜː.dᵊr.ɪs, -es, -əs; ˌmɜː.də'res ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.dɚ.əs; ˌmɝː.dɚ'es **-es** -ɪz
murderous 'mɜː.dᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ly** -li
Murdo 'mɜː.dəʊ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.doʊ
Murdoch, Murdock 'mɜː.dɒk ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.dɑːk
Murdstone 'mɜːd.stᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝːd-
Mure mjʊəʳ, mjɔːʳ ⓤⓢ mjʊr
muriate 'mjʊə.ri.ət, 'mjɔː-, -ɪt, -eɪt ⓤⓢ 'mjʊr.i.eɪt, -ɪt
muriatic ˌmjʊə.ri'æt.ɪk, ˌmjɔː-, 'mjʊə.ri.æt-, 'mjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌmjʊr.i'æţ-
Muriel 'mjʊə.ri.əl, 'mjɔː- ⓤⓢ 'mjʊr.i-
Murillo mjʊ'rɪl.əʊ, mjʊə-, -jəʊ *as if Spanish:* mʊ'riː.jəʊ ⓤⓢ mjʊ'rɪl.oʊ, mə- **-s** -z
Murison 'mjʊə.rɪ.sᵊn, 'mjɔː- ⓤⓢ 'mjʊr.ɪ-
murk mɜːk ⓤⓢ mɝːk
murk|y 'mɜː.k|i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Murmansk mɜː'mæntsk, mə- ⓤⓢ mʊr'mɑːntsk; 'mɝː.mæntsk
murm|ur 'mɜː.m|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.m|ɚ **-urs** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
murph|y (M) 'mɜː.f|i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː- **-ies** -iz **'Murphy's ˌlaw**
murrain 'mʌr.ɪn, -eɪn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.ɪn
Murray 'mʌr.i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-, 'mʌr-
Murrayfield 'mʌr.i.fiːld
Murree 'mʌr.i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Murrell 'mʌr.ᵊl; mʌr'el, mə'rel ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.ᵊl; mə'rel
Murrie 'mjʊə.ri ⓤⓢ 'mjʊr.i
Murrumbidgee ˌmʌr.əm'bɪdʒ.i ⓤⓢ ˌmɝː-
Murry 'mʌr.i ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Murtagh 'mɜː.tə ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.tɑː
Murtle 'mɜː.tᵊl ⓤⓢ 'mɝː.ţᵊl
Murton 'mɜː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ 'mɝː-
Mururoa mʊ.rʊ'rəʊ.ə ⓤⓢ ˌmuː.ruː'roʊ-
muscadet (M) 'mʌs.kə.deɪ, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'mʌs.kə.deɪ **-s** -z
muscat (M) 'mʌs.kət, -kæt **-s** -s
muscatel ˌmʌs.kə'tel **-s** -z
muscl|e 'mʌs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'mʌs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
muscle-bound 'mʌs.ᵊlˌbaʊnd
muscle|man 'mʌs.ᵊl|.mæn **-men** -men
muscl|y 'mʌs.l|i, 'mʌs.ᵊl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
muscovado ˌmʌs.kə'vɑː.dəʊ, -'veɪ- ⓤⓢ -doʊ
Muscovite 'mʌs.kə.vaɪt **-s** -s
Muscovy 'mʌs.kə.vi
muscular 'mʌs.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- ⓤⓢ -kjə.lɚ, -kjuː- **-ly** -li ˌ**muscular 'dystrophy**
muscularity ˌmʌs.kjə'lær.ə.ti, -kjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -kjə'ler.ə.ţi, -kjuː'-, -'lær-
musculature 'mʌs.kjə.lə.tʃəʳ, -kjʊ-, -tjʊəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -kjə.lə.tʃɚ, -kjuː- **-s** -z
mus|e (M) mjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ingly** -ɪŋ.li **-ed** -d
musette mjuː'zet **-s** -s
museum mjuː'ziː.əm, mjʊ- **-s** -z
Museveni ˌmuː.sə'veɪ.ni
Musgrave 'mʌz.greɪv
mush mʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Musharraf mʊ'ʃær.æf ⓤⓢ -'ʃɑːr.əf
mushroom 'mʌʃ.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
mush|y 'mʌʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
music 'mjuː.zɪk **'music ˌcentre; 'music ˌhall; 'music ˌstand; 'music ˌstool; 'music ˌvideo; ˌface the 'music**
music|al 'mjuː.zɪ.k|ᵊl, -zə- **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **'musical ˌbox; ˌmusical 'chairs**
musicale ˌmjuː.zɪ'kɑːl, -'kæl ⓤⓢ -'kæl **-s** -z
musicality ˌmjuː.zɪ'kæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ţi
musician mjuː'zɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ship** -ʃɪp
musicolog|y ˌmjuː.zɪ'kɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Musil 'muː.zɪl, -sɪl
musk mʌsk **-y** -i **'musk ˌdeer; 'musk ˌrose**
musket 'mʌs.kɪt **-s** -s **-ry** -ri
musketeer ˌmʌs.kɪ'tɪəʳ, -kə'- ⓤⓢ -kə'tɪr **-s** -z
Muskett 'mʌs.kɪt
Muskie 'mʌs.ki
musk-ox 'mʌsk.ɒks, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'mʌsk.ɑːks **-en** -ᵊn
muskrat 'mʌsk.ræt, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ '-- **-s** -s
Muslim 'mʊz.lɪm, 'mʊs-, -ləm ⓤⓢ 'mʌz.ləm, 'mʌs-, 'mʊz-, 'mʊs-, 'muːz-, 'muːz-, -lɪm **-s** -z
muslin 'mʌz.lɪn **-s** -z
muso 'mjuː.zəʊ ⓤⓢ -zoʊ **-s** -z
musquash 'mʌs.kwɒʃ ⓤⓢ -kwɑːʃ
muss mʌs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
mussel 'mʌs.ᵊl **-s** -z
Musselburgh 'mʌs.l.bᵊr.ə, -ˌbʌr.ə
Mussolini ˌmʊs.ə'liː.ni, ˌmʌs- ⓤⓢ ˌmuː.sə'-
Mussorgsky mʊ'sɔːg.ski, mə-, -'zɔːg- ⓤⓢ mə'sɔːrg-, -'sɔːrk-, -'zɔːrg-, -'zɔːrk-
Mussulman 'mʌs.ᵊl.mən, -mæn **-s** -z
must (*n, adj.*) mʌst
must (*v.*) *strong form:* mʌst *weak forms:* məst, məs

Note: Weak form word. There are two senses of **must**: one is concerned with supposition, or making deductions, and in this sense it is usual for the strong form to be used (e.g. 'If he's late, he must be ill') The other sense is related to obligation: the word may be stressed, in which case it has the strong form (e.g. 'You must try harder'), or unstressed, in which case the pronunciation is either /məs/ before a consonant, or /məst/ before a vowel (e.g. 'Each of us must buy some' /'iːtʃ.əv.əs.məsˌbaɪ.sʌm/; 'You must always look first' /jʊ.məstˌɔːl.wɪz.lʊk'fɜːst ⓤⓢ -ɑːl.weɪz.lʊk'fɝːst/).

mustach|e mə'stɑːʃ, mʊ- ⓤⓢ 'mʌs.tæʃ; mə'stæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
mustachio mə'stɑː.ʃi.əʊ, -'stæʃ.i- ⓤⓢ -'stæʃ.i.oʊ, -'stɑː.ʃi- **-s** -z **-ed** -d
mustang 'mʌs.tæŋ **-s** -z
Mustapha 'mʊs.tə.fə, 'mʌs-, -fɑː, mʊ'stɑː.fə, mə- ⓤⓢ 'mʊs.tɑː.fɑː *Egyptian:* mʊ'stɑː.fə, mə- ⓤⓢ 'mʊs.tɑː.fɑː
Mustapha Kemal ˌmʊs.tə.fə.kem'ɑːl, -kɪ'mɑːl ⓤⓢ ˌmʊs.tɑː.fɑː.kem'ɑːl
mustard (M) 'mʌs.təd ⓤⓢ -tɚd **'mustard ˌgas; 'mustard ˌplaster; as ˌkeen as 'mustard**
Mustel 'mʌs.tᵊl
must|er 'mʌs.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
musth mʌst
Mustique muː'stiːk
mustn't 'mʌs.ᵊnt
must|y 'mʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Mut muːt
mutability ˌmjuː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ţə'bɪl.ə.ţi
mutable 'mjuː.tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ţə-
mutant 'mjuː.tᵊnt **-s** -s
muta|te mjuː'teɪ|t ⓤⓢ '-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ţɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -ţɪd
mutation mjuː'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
mutatis mutandis muːˌtɑː.tiːs.mʊ'tæn.diːs, mjuːˌteɪ.tiːs.mjʊ'- ⓤⓢ muːˌtɑː.ţɪs.muː'tɑːn.dɪs, mjuːˌteɪ.ţɪs.mjuː'tæn.dɪs
mut|e mjuːt **-es** -s **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'mjuː.ţɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'mjuː.ţɪd
mutil|ate 'mjuː.tɪ.l|eɪt, -tᵊl|.eɪt ⓤⓢ -ţᵊl- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɚ/z
mutilation ˌmjuː.tɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -tᵊl'eɪ- ⓤⓢ -ţᵊl'eɪ- **-s** -z
mutineer ˌmjuː.tɪ'nɪəʳ, -tᵊn.ɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -tᵊn'ɪr **-s** -z

mutinous 'mjuː.tɪ.nəs, -tᵊn.əs (US) -tᵊn.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
mutin|y 'mjuː.tɪ.n|i, -tᵊ|n.i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id
mutism 'mjuː.tɪ.zᵊm
mutt mʌt -s -s
mutt|er 'mʌt|.əʳ (US) 'mʌt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z -erings -ᵊr.ɪŋz (US) -ɚ.ɪŋz
mutton (M) 'mʌt.ᵊn ˌ**mutton** ˌ**dressed as** '**lamb**
muttonchops 'mʌt.ᵊn.tʃɒps (US) -tʃɑːps
muttonhead 'mʌt.ᵊn.hed -s -z
mutual 'mjuː.tʃu.əl, -tʃəl, -tju.əl (US) -tʃu.əl -s -z -ly -i '**mutual** ˌ**fund**
mutuality ˌmjuː.tju'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -tʃu'æl.ə.t̬i
Muzak® 'mjuː.zæk
muzzl|e 'mʌz.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'mʌz.l.ɪŋ -ed -d
muzzle-load|er 'mʌz.ᵊlˌləʊ.d|əʳ (US) -ˌloʊ.d|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
muzz|y 'mʌz|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
MVP ˌem.viː'piː -s -z
Mwanza mə'wæn.zə (US) 'mwɑːn.zɑː
my *normal form:* maɪ *occasional weak form:* mɪ
Note: Occasional weak form word. The strong form is used contrastively (e.g. 'My friends and your friends') or for emphasis (e.g. 'It's my turn'). Many speakers do not have a special weak form, and simply produce a brief, weakened pronunciation of /maɪ/. However, some speakers do use a weak form of **my** in common phrases. British English speakers may have the pronunciation /mi/ before a vowel (e.g. 'On my own' /ˌɒn.mi'əʊn/) and /mə/ before a consonant (e.g. 'On my back' /ˌɒn.mə'bæk/). For American English, the variant /mə/ may be used before a consonant, but /mi/ is not acceptable. In British English, there is also a special form of **my** used by lawyers in court, in phrases such as 'my Lord' or 'my learned friend', pronounced /mɪ/ or /mə/.
myalg|ia maɪ'æl.dʒ|ə, '-dʒ|i.ə -ic -ɪk
Myanmar 'mjæn.mɑːʳ (US) mjɑːn'mɑːr
Myatt maɪət
myceli|um maɪ'siː.li|.əm -a -ə
Mycenae maɪ'siː.ni, -niː
Mycenaean ˌmaɪ.sɪ'niː.ən, -sᵊn'iː- (US) -sə'niː-
mycolog|ist maɪ'kɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪst (US) -'kɑː.lə- -ists -ɪsts -y -i
mycolog|y maɪ'kɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'kɑː.lə-
myelitis ˌmaɪə'laɪ.tɪs, ˌmaɪ.ɪ'-, maɪ'-, -təs (US) ˌmaɪ.ə'laɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
Myers maɪəz (US) maɪɚz
Myerscough 'maɪə.skəʊ (US) 'maɪɚ.skoʊ
Myfanwy mə'væn.wi, mɪ-, -'fæn-
Myingyan mjɪŋ'jɑːn
Mylar® 'maɪ.lɑːʳ (US) -lɑːr
myna(h) 'maɪ.nə -s -z '**myna(h)** ˌ**bird**
mynheer maɪn'hɪəʳ, -'heəʳ (US) mɪ'ner, -'nɪr; maɪn'her, -hɪr -s -z
Mynheer *form of address in S Africa:* mə'nɪəʳ (US) -'ner, -'nɪr
Mynott 'maɪ.nət
myoelastic ˌmaɪ.əʊ.ɪ'læs.tɪk, -'lɑː.stɪk (US) -oʊ.ɪ'læs.tɪk
myope 'maɪ.əʊp (US) -oʊp -s -s
myopia maɪ'əʊ.pi.ə (US) -'oʊ-
myopic maɪ'ɒp.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.pɪk
myosin 'maɪ.əʊ.sɪn (US) -oʊ-
myosis maɪ'əʊ.sɪs (US) -'oʊ-
myosotis ˌmaɪ.əʊ'səʊ.tɪs (US) -oʊ'soʊ.t̬ɪs
Myra 'maɪə.rə (US) 'maɪ-
myriad 'mɪr.i.əd -s -z
myrmidon (M) 'mɜː.mɪ.dᵊn, -dɒn (US) 'mɝː.mə.dɑːn, -dᵊn -s -z
myrrh mɜːʳ (US) mɝː
Myrrha 'mɪr.ə
myrrhic 'mɜː.rɪk, 'mɪr.ɪk (US) 'mɝː-
myrrhine 'mɜː.raɪn, 'mɪr.aɪn (US) 'mɝː.iːn, -ɪn
myrtle (M) 'mɜː.tᵊl (US) 'mɝː.t̬ᵊl -s -z
myself maɪ'self, mɪ- (US) maɪ-, mə-
Mysia 'mɪs.i.ə, 'mɪʃ.ə
Mysore 'maɪ.sɔːʳ (US) -sɔːr
mysterious mɪ'stɪə.ri.əs (US) -'stɪr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
myster|y 'mɪs.tᵊr|.i, '-tr|i -ies -iz '**mystery** ˌ**play**
mystic 'mɪs.tɪk -s -s
mystic|al 'mɪs.tɪ.k|ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li -alness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
mysticism 'mɪs.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, -tə-
mystification ˌmɪs.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-
mysti|fy 'mɪs.tɪ|.faɪ -fies -faɪz -fying/ly -faɪ.ɪŋ/li -fied -faɪd
mystique mɪ'stiːk
myth mɪθ -s -s
mythic 'mɪθ.ɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
Mytholmroyd ˌmaɪ.ðᵊm'rɔɪd
mythologic ˌmɪθ.ᵊl'ɒdʒ.ɪk, ˌmaɪ.θᵊl'- (US) ˌmɪθ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
mythologist mɪ'θɒl.ə.dʒɪst, maɪ- (US) mɪ'θɑː.lə- -s -s
mythologiz|e, -is|e mɪ'θɒl.ə.dʒaɪz, maɪ- (US) mɪ'θɑː.lə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
mytholog|y mɪ'θɒl.ə.dʒ|i, maɪ- (US) -'θɑː.lə- -ies -iz
Mytilene ˌmɪt.ɪ'liː.ni, ˌmaɪ.tɪ'-, -tᵊl'iː-, -niː (US) ˌmɪt.ᵊl'iː-
myxomatosis ˌmɪk.sə.mə'təʊ.sɪs (US) -'toʊ-

Pronouncing the letter N

See also NG

The consonant letter n has two pronunciations: /n/ and /ŋ/.

In most contexts, it is realised as /n/, e.g.:

nail /neɪl/
mine /maɪn/

Preceding the letters **k**, **qu**, **x** and **c** realised as /k/, **n** is pronounced /ŋ/, e.g.:

bank /bæŋk/
anxious /ˈæŋ*k*.ʃəs/

However, when **k** is silent, **n** is pronounced as /n/, e.g.:

unknown /ʌnˈnəʊn/ (US) /-ˈnoʊn/

Names of people and places

It can be difficult to work out the pronunciation of some English words, and something like between ten to thirty percent of words in any text will have irregular spellings. Proper nouns for people and places can have really unexpected pronunciations. Here, we look at a few of the most interesting ones.

Examples

Family names are well known for having interesting realisations. This can be because some letters are not pronounced, but, in some cases, the way a word is written looks almost entirely different to the pronunciation, e.g.:

Cholmondeley /ˈtʃʌm.li/
Colquhoun /kəˈhuːn/
Dalziel /diːˈel; ˈdæl.ziːl/
Featherstonehawe /ˈfeð.ə.stᵊn.hɔː; ˈfæn.ʃɔː/ (US) /ˈfeð.ɚ.stᵊn.hɑː; ˈfæn.ʃɑː/
Quesnel /ˈkeɪ.nᵊl/

It is a similar situation for place names, e.g.:

Alnwick /ˈæn.ɪk/
Cirencester /ˈsaɪə.rᵊn.ses.təʳ; ˈsɪs.ɪ.təʳ/ (US) /ˈsaɪ.rᵊn.ses.tɚ/
Lympne /lɪm/
Woolfardisworthy /ˈwʊl.zᵊr.i; wʊlˈfɑː.dɪˌswɜː.ði/ (US) /ˈwʊl.zɚ.i; wʊlˈfɑːr.dɪˌswɝː.ði/
Worcester /ˈwʊs.təʳ/ (US) /-ɚ/

Welsh place names can be very difficult to decipher for people who do not know the rules that govern the spelling of Welsh. Although Welsh is written using the same alphabet as English, the values of the letters are frequently different, e.g.:

Llanrwst /*h*lænˈruːst/
Penmaenmawr /ˌpen.mənˈmaʊəʳ, -ˈmɔːʳ/ (US) /-ˈmaʊɚ, -ˈmɔːr/

There is some regularity amongst suffixes in some place names. The suffix *–ham* in British place names, for example, is usually pronounced /-əm/, as in *Birmingham*. However, in the North American place name *Birmingham*, *-ham* is pronounced /-hæm/. Another common suffix in British place names, *–cester*, is usually pronounced /-stəʳ (US) -stɚ/, e.g. as in *Worcester* above (although note also *Cirencester*, in which one possible realisation is /-ses.təʳ (US) –ses.tɚ/). Finally, the suffix *–wick* in e.g. *Warwick* is usually pronounced /-ɪk/ in British place names, although there are exceptions.

(N) en -'s -z
(*abbrev. for* **North**) nɔːθ (US) nɔːrθ
(*abbrev. for* **Northerly**) ˈnɔː.ðᵊl.i (US) ˈnɔːr.ðɚ.li (*abbrev. for* **Northern**) ˈnɔː.ðᵊn (US) ˈnɔːr.ðɚn
', 'n ᵊn ˌ**fish 'n' ˈchips**; ˌ**rock 'n' ˈroll**
AACP ˌen.dʌb.ᵊlˌeɪ.siːˈpiː
AAFI, Naafi ˈnæf.i
aaman ˈneɪə.mən
aan nɑːn, næn (US) nɑːn -s -z
aas neɪs (US) neɪs, nɑːs
ab næb -s -z -**bing** -ɪŋ -**bed** -d
abe neɪb -s -z
abisco® nəˈbɪs.kəʊ, næbˈɪs- (US) -koʊ
ablab ˈnæb.læb -s -z
ablus ˈnɑː.bləs, ˈnæb.ləs (US) ˈnɑː.bləs, ˈnæb.ləs, -lʊs
nabob ˈneɪ.bɒb (US) -bɑːb -s -z
nabobess ˌneɪ.bɒbˈes (US) -bɑːˈbes -**es** -ɪz
Nabokov ˈnæb.ə.kɒf; nəˈbəʊ- (US) nəˈbɑː.kɑːf; ˈnɑː.bə-, ˈnæb.ə-
Naboth ˈneɪ.bɒθ (US) -bɑːθ
nacelle nəˈsel, næsˈel (US) nəˈsel -s -z
nacho ˈnɑː.tʃəʊ, ˈnætʃ.əʊ (US) ˈnɑː.tʃoʊ -s -z
NACNE ˈnæk.niː
NACODS ˈneɪ.kɒdz (US) -kɑːdz
nacre ˈneɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ
nacreous ˈneɪ.kri.əs
nacrite ˈneɪ.kraɪt
NACRO, Nacro ˈnæk.rəʊ (US) -roʊ
Nader ˈneɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
Nadia ˈnɑː.di.ə, ˈneɪ- (US) ˈnɑː-, ˈ-djə
Nadine neɪˈdiːn, nə-; ˈneɪ.diːn (US) nəˈdiːn, neɪ-
nadir ˈneɪ.dɪəʳ, -dəʳ; ˈnæd.ɪəʳ (US) ˈneɪ.dɚ, -dɪr -s -z
Nadir nædˈɪəʳ (US) -ɪr
nads nædz
nae neɪ
naev|us ˈniː.v|əs -**uses** -ə.sɪz -**i** -aɪ
naff næf
NAFTA, Nafta ˈnæf.tə
nag næg -s -z -**ging** -ɪŋ -**ged** -d -**ger/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Naga ˈnɑː.gə -s -z
Nagano ˈnæg.ə.nəʊ, ˈnɑː.gə-

Ⓤ ˈnɑː.gə.noʊ
Nagasaki ˌnæg.əˈsɑː.ki, -ˈsæk.i Ⓤ ˌnɑː.gəˈsɑː.ki
Nagorno-Karabakh nəˌgɔː.nəʊˌkær.əˈbæk Ⓤ -ˌgɔːr.noʊ.kɑː.rɑːˈbɑːk
Nagoya nəˈgɔɪ.ə Ⓤ nɑːˈgɔː.jɑː, -ˈgɔɪ.ə
Nagpur ˌnægˈpʊəʳ Ⓤ ˌnɑːgˈpʊr
nah næː Ⓤ næː, nɑː
Note: This is an informal pronunciation of **no**; in the British accent described, its usage is often semi-comical.
Nahuatl ˈnɑː.wɑː.tᵊl, -ˈ-- Ⓤ ˈnɑː.wɑː.t̬ᵊl -s -z
Nahuatlan ˈnɑː.wɑː.tlən, nɑːˈwɑː- Ⓤ ˈnɑː.wɑː.t̬lən -s -z
Nahum ˈneɪ.həm, -hʌm Ⓤ -həm, -əm
naiad ˈnaɪ.æd Ⓤ ˈneɪ-, ˈnaɪ-, -əd -s -z
naif, naïf naɪˈiːf, nɑː- Ⓤ nɑː- -s -s
nail neɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈ**nail** ˌ**file**; ˈ**nail** ˌ**polish**; ˈ**nail** ˌ**scissors**; ˈ**nail** ˌ**varnish**; ˌ**hit the** ˌ**nail on the** ˈ**head**
nailbiting ˈneɪlˌbaɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ly -li
nailbrush ˈneɪl.brʌʃ -es -ɪz
nailclipper ˈneɪlˌklɪp.əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ -s -z
Nailsea ˈneɪl.siː
Nailsworth ˈneɪlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ Ⓤ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Nain ˈneɪ.ɪn; neɪn
Naipaul ˈnaɪ.pɔːl Ⓤ -pɑːl, -pɔːl
naira ˈnaɪ.rə -s -z
Nairn(e) neən Ⓤ nern
Nairnshire ˈneən.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ Ⓤ ˈnern.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Nairobi naɪˈrəʊ.bi Ⓤ -ˈroʊ-
Naish næʃ, neɪʃ
naiv|e, naïv|e naɪˈiːv, nɑː- Ⓤ nɑː-, naɪ- -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
naiveté, naïveté nɑːˈiː.və.teɪ, naɪ-, -ˈiːv.teɪ Ⓤ ˌnɑː.iːvˈteɪ, ˌnaɪ-, -ˈ--
naivety, naïvety naɪˈiː.və.ti, nɑː- Ⓤ nɑːˈiː.və.t̬i, naɪ-
Nakasone ˌnæk.əˈsəʊ.neɪ, -ni Ⓤ ˌnɑːk.əˈsoʊ-
naked ˈneɪ.kɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs the ˌ**naked** ˈ**eye**
naker ˈneɪ.kəʳ, ˈnæk.əʳ Ⓤ ˈneɪ.kɚ -s -z
Nakhon Ratchasima nəˌkɒn.rɑː.tʃɑːˈsiː.mə Ⓤ -ˌkɑːn-
NALGO ˈnæl.gəʊ Ⓤ -goʊ
Nam, 'Nam (*abbrev. for* **Vietnam**) nɑːm, næm
Namangan ˌnæm.æŋˈgɑːn Ⓤ ˌnɑː.mən-, nə-
namby-pamby ˌnæm.biˈpæm.bi -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
nam|e neɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -eless -ləs, -lɪs
name-brand ˈneɪm.brænd -s -z
namedrop ˈneɪm.drɒp Ⓤ -drɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
namely ˈneɪm.li
nameplate ˈneɪm.pleɪt -s -s
namesake ˈneɪm.seɪk -s -s
nametag ˈneɪm.tæg -s -z
Namibi|a nəˈmɪb.i|.ə, næmˈɪb- Ⓤ nəˈmɪb- -an/s -ən/z
Namier ˈneɪ.mɪəʳ, -mi.əʳ Ⓤ -mi.ɚ
Nampula næmˈpuː.lə
Namur næmˈʊəʳ Ⓤ -ˈʊr, nɑːˈmʊr
nan *bread:* nɑːn, næn Ⓤ næn, nɑːn -s -z
Nan *name:* næn
nana ˈnæn.ə Ⓤ ˈnæn.ə, ˈnɑː.nə, -nɑː -s -z
Nanaimo nəˈnaɪ.məʊ, nænˈaɪ- Ⓤ nəˈnaɪ.moʊ
Nanak ˈnɑː.nək
nance (N) næn*t*s
nancy (N) *female name or effeminate man:* ˈnænt.si ˈ**nancy** ˌ**boy**
Nancy *in France:* ˈnɑ̃ːn.si *as if French:* nɑ̃ːnˈsiː Ⓤ ˈnɑ̃ːn.si, ˈnænt-
NAND nænd
nandrolone ˈnæn.drə.ləʊn
Nanette nænˈet, nəˈnet
Nanjing nænˈdʒɪŋ
nankeen næŋˈkiːn, næn- Ⓤ næn-
Nank|in ˌnænˈk|ɪn, ˌnæŋ- Ⓤ ˌnæn-, ˌnɑːn- -ing -ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌNankin ˈhighway
Nannie ˈnæn.i
nann|y (N) ˈnæn|.i -ies -iz ˈ**nanny** ˌ**goat**
nanometre, nanometer ˈnæn.əʊˌmiː.təʳ; nænˈɒm.ɪ- Ⓤ ˈnæn.oʊˌmiː.t̬ɚ; nænˈɑː.mɪ-
Nanook ˈnæn.uːk Ⓤ -ʊk
nanosecond ˈnæn.əʊˌsek.ᵊnd Ⓤ -oʊˌ-, -əˌ- -s -z
nanotechnology ˌnæn.əʊ.tekˈnɒl.ə.dʒi Ⓤ -oʊ.tekˈnɑː.lə-
Nansen ˈnænt.sᵊn
Nantes nɑ̃ːnt Ⓤ nɑ̃ːnt, nænts
Nantucket nænˈtʌk.ɪt
Nantwich ˈnænt.wɪtʃ *locally also:* -waɪtʃ
Naoise ˈniː.ʃə Ⓤ -si, ˈneɪ-
Naomi ˈneɪ.ə.mi; neɪˈəʊ- Ⓤ -ˈoʊ-; ˈneɪ.oʊ-
nap næp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
napalm ˈneɪ.pɑːm, ˈnæp.ɑːm Ⓤ ˈneɪ.pɑːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Napa Valley ˌnæp.əˈvæl.i
nape neɪp -s -s
napery ˈneɪ.pᵊr.i
Naphtali ˈnæf.tə.laɪ
naphtha ˈnæf.θə, ˈnæp-
naphthalene ˈnæf.θə.liːn, ˈnæp-
naphthol ˈnæf.θɒl, ˈnæp- Ⓤ -θɑːl
Napier ˈneɪ.pi.əʳ, nəˈpɪəʳ Ⓤ ˈneɪ.pi.ɚ, nəˈpɪr
Napierian nəˈpɪə.ri.ən, neɪ- Ⓤ -ˈpɪr.i-
napkin ˈnæp.kɪn -s -z ˈ**napkin** ˌ**ring**
Naples ˈneɪ.pᵊlz
napoleon (N) nəˈpəʊ.li.ən Ⓤ -ˈpoʊ- -s -z
Napoleonic nəˌpəʊ.liˈɒn.ɪk Ⓤ -ˌpoʊ.liˈɑː.nɪk
napp|y ˈnæp|.i -ies -iz ˈ**nappy** ˌ**rash**
Napster ˈnæp.stəʳ Ⓤ -stɚ
Narayan nəˈraɪ.ən Ⓤ nɑːˈrɑː.jən
Narbonne nɑːˈbɒn Ⓤ nɑːrˈbɑːn
Narborough ˈnɑː.bᵊr.ə Ⓤ ˈnɑːr.bə.roʊ
narc nɑːk Ⓤ nɑːrk -s -s
narcissi (*plur. of* **narcissus**) nɑːˈsɪs.aɪ Ⓤ nɑːr-
narcissism ˈnɑː.sɪ.sɪ.zᵊm; nɑːˈsɪs.ɪ- Ⓤ ˈnɑːr.sə.sɪ-
narcissist ˈnɑː.sɪ.sɪst; nɑːˈsɪs.ɪst Ⓤ ˈnɑːr.sɪ- -s -s
narcissistic ˌnɑː.sɪˈsɪs.tɪk Ⓤ ˌnɑːr-
narciss|us (N) nɑːˈsɪs|.əs Ⓤ nɑːr- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ
narcolepsy ˈnɑː.kəʊ.lep.si Ⓤ ˈnɑːr.kə-, -koʊ-
narcoleptic ˌnɑː.kəʊˈlep.tɪk Ⓤ ˌnɑːr.kəˈ-, -koʊ- -s -s
narcos|is nɑːˈkəʊ.s|ɪs Ⓤ nɑːrˈkoʊ- -es -iːz
narcotic nɑːˈkɒt.ɪk Ⓤ nɑːrˈkɑːt̬- -s -s
nard nɑːd Ⓤ nɑːrd
nares ˈneə.riːz Ⓤ ˈner.iːz
Nares neəz Ⓤ nerz
narghile, nargileh ˈnɑː.gɪ.leɪ, -gə-, -li Ⓤ ˈnɑːr.gə- -s -z
nark nɑːk Ⓤ nɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
nark|y ˈnɑː.k|i Ⓤ ˈnɑːr- -ier -i.əʳ Ⓤ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Narnia ˈnɑː.ni.ə Ⓤ ˈnɑːr-
Narragansett ˌnær.əˈgæn.sɪt Ⓤ ˌnær-, ˌner-
narra|te nəˈreɪ|t, nærˈeɪ|t Ⓤ ˈner.eɪ|t, ˈnær-; nəˈreɪ|t, nærˈeɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ Ⓤ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd Ⓤ -t̬ɪd
narration nəˈreɪ.ʃᵊn, nærˈeɪ- Ⓤ nerˈeɪ-, nær- -s -z
narrative ˈnær.ə.tɪv Ⓤ ˈner.ə.t̬ɪv, ˈnær- -s -z
narrator nəˈreɪ.təʳ, nærˈeɪ- Ⓤ ˈner.eɪ.t̬ɚ, ˈnær-; nəˈreɪ-, nærˈeɪ- -s -z
narrow ˈnær.əʊ Ⓤ ˈner.oʊ, ˈnær- -s -z -er -əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈ**narrow** ˌ**boat**; ˌ**narrow** ˈ**gauge** *stress shift:* ˌnarrow gauge ˈrailway
narrowcast ˈnær.əʊˌkɑːst Ⓤ ˈner.oʊˌkæst, ˈnær- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
narrow-minded ˌnær.əʊˈmaɪn.dɪd Ⓤ ˌner.oʊˈ-, ˌnær- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌnarrow-minded ˈperson
narw(h)al ˈnɑː.wəl Ⓤ ˈnɑːr- -s -z
nary ˈneə.ri Ⓤ ˈner.i
NASA ˈnæs.ə
nasal ˈneɪ.zᵊl -s -z -ly -i
nasalism ˈneɪ.zᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
nasality neɪˈzæl.ə.ti, nə-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ neɪˈzæl.ə.t̬i
nasalization, -isa- ˌneɪ.zᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- Ⓤ -ɪˈ- -s -z
nasaliz|e, -is|e ˈneɪ.zᵊl.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Nasby ˈnæz.bi
NASCAR ˈnæs.kɑːʳ Ⓤ -kɑːr
nascen|t ˈnæs.ᵊn|t, ˈneɪ.sᵊn|t -ce -*t*s -cy -*t*.si
Nasdaq ˈnæz.dæk

Nasal consonant

A consonant in which the air escapes only through the nose. For this to happen, two articulatory actions are necessary: firstly, the 'soft palate' (or 'velum') must be lowered to allow air to escape past it and, secondly, a closure must be made in the oral cavity to prevent air from escaping through it. The closure may be at any place of articulation from BILABIAL at the front of the oral cavity to 'uvular' at the back (in the latter case there is contact between the tip of the lowered soft palate and the raised back of the tongue).

Examples for English

English has three commonly found nasal consonants: bilabial, alveolar and velar, for which the symbols /m n ŋ/ are used. /ŋ/ cannot occur at the beginning of a syllable, e.g.:

map /mæp/
nap /næp/
sang /sæŋ/

There is disagreement over the phonemic status of the velar nasal: some claim that it must be a phoneme since it can be placed in contrastive contexts like *sum/sun/sung*, while others state that the velar nasal is an ALLOPHONE of /n/ which occurs before /k/ and /g/.

In English we find 'nasal release' of PLOSIVE consonants: when a plosive is followed by a nasal consonant the usual articulation is to release the compressed air by lowering the soft palate. This is particularly noticeable when the plosive and the nasal are 'homorganic' (share the same place of articulation), as for example in *topmost*, *Putney*. The result is that no plosive release is heard from the speaker's mouth before the nasal consonant, e.g.:

topmost ˈtɒp.məʊst (US) ˈtɑːp.moʊst
Putney ˈpʌt.ni

Nasal release can also result in a SYLLABIC CONSONANT, e.g.:

button ˈbʌt.n̩

Nasalisation

The addition of nasal escape of air to a sound which would not normally have it.

Examples for English

The best known examples of nasalisation in English are nasalised vowels. In most vowels the airflow escapes entirely through the mouth, but often, in a vowel preceding or following a nasal consonant, we find air escaping also through the nose.

This is a kind of coarticulation, e.g.:

pin /pɪn/ [pʰĩn]
man /mæn/ [mæ̃n]
sing /sɪŋ/ [sĩŋ]

Nasalised vowels are not phonemically contrastive in English.

In other languages

Nasalised vowels are phonemically contrastive in a number of languages, such as French, which has pairs of words such as *beau – bon* /bo – bõ/ and *mais – main* /mɛ – mɛ̃/.

aseby ˈneɪz.bi
sh(e) næʃ
shville ˈnæʃ.vɪl *locally:* -vəl
si goreng ˌnɑː.si.gəˈreŋ, -zi-, næs.i-
smyth *name:* ˈneɪz.mɪθ, ˈneɪ.smɪθ, næz.mɪθ, ˈnæs- *in US:* ˈneɪ.smɪθ
sopharyngeal neɪ.zəʊ.fær.ɪnˈdʒiː.əl, -ən-; fəˈrɪn.dʒi.əl, -færˈ- (US) -zoʊ.fəˈrɪn- *tress shift:* ˌnasopharyngeal ˈport
sopharynx ˌneɪ.zəʊˈfær.ɪŋks (US) -zoʊˈfer-, -ˈfær-
ssau *in Bahamas and US:* ˈnæs.ɔː (US) -ɔː, -ɑː *German province:* ˈnæs.aʊ (US) ˈnɑː.saʊ *princely family:* ˈnæs.ɔː, aʊ (US) ˈnɑː.saʊ
sser ˈnæs.əʳ, ˈnɑː.səʳ (US) ˈnæs.ɚ, nɑː.sɚ
stase næsˈtɑː.zi, nəˈstɑː-, -zeɪ
sturtium nəˈstɜː.ʃəm (US) -ˈstɝː-, næsˈtɝː- -s -z
nast|y ˈnɑː.st|i (US) ˈnæs.t|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
natal (*adj.*) ˈneɪ.təl (US) -t̬əl
Natal nəˈtæl, -ˈtɑːl
Natalie ˈnæt.əl.i (US) ˈnæt̬-
Natasha nəˈtæʃ.ə
natation nəˈteɪ.ʃən, neɪ- (US) neɪ-, nætˈeɪ-
natch nætʃ
NATFHE, Natfhe ˈnæt.fiː
Nathan ˈneɪ.θən, -θæn (US) -θən
Nathaniel nəˈθæn.jəl
nation ˈneɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
national ˈnæʃ.ən.əl, ˈnæʃ.nəl **-s** -z **-ly** -i ˌ**national ˈanthem;** ˌ**national curˈriculum;** ˌ**national ˈdebt;** ˌ**National ˈFront;** ˌ**National ˈGuard;** ˌ**National ˈHealth** ˌ**Service;** ˌ**national ˈpark;** ˌ**national seˈcurity;** ˌ**national ˈservice;** ˌ**National ˈTrust**
national|ism ˈnæʃ.ən.əl|.ɪ.zəm, ˈnæʃ.nəl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
nationalistic ˌnæʃ.ən.əlˈɪs.tɪk, ˌnæʃ.nəlˈ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
nationalit|y ˌnæʃ.ənˈæl.ə.t|i, ˌnæʃˈnæl-, -ɪ.t|i **-ies** -iz
nationalization, -isa- ˌnæʃ.ən.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌnæʃ.nəl-, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɪˈ-
nationaliz|e, -is|e ˈnæʃ.ən.əl.aɪz, ˈnæʃ.nəl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
nationhood ˈneɪ.ʃən.hʊd
nation-state ˌneɪ.ʃənˈsteɪt (US) ˈ----**s** -s
nationwide (N®) ˌneɪ.ʃənˈwaɪd *stress shift:* ˌnationwide ˈsearch
native ˈneɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**Native Aˈmerican;** ˌ**native ˈspeaker**
nativit|y (N) nəˈtɪv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US)

-ə.t̬|i -ies -iz na'tivity ˌplay

NATO, Nato 'neɪ.təʊ (US) -t̬oʊ

natron 'neɪ.trən, -trɒn (US) -trɑːn

NATSOPA næt'səʊ.pə (US) -'soʊ-

natt|er 'næt|.əʳ (US) 'næt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ (US) -ɚ.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z, -ɚ.ɚ/z

natterjack 'næt.ə.dʒæk (US) 'næt̬.ɚ- -s -s

natt|y 'næt|.i (US) 'næt̬|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

natural 'nætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl, -ʊ.rᵊl (US) -ɚ.əl, '-rᵊl -s -z -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌnatural 'childbirth; ˌnatural 'gas; ˌnatural 'history; ˌnatural re'sources (US) ˌnatural 'resources; ˌnatural se'lection

natural|ism 'nætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -ʊr- (US) -ɚ.ᵊl-, '-rᵊl- -ist/s -ɪst/s

naturalistic ˌnætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl'ɪs.tɪk, -ʊr- (US) -ɚ.ᵊl'-, ˌ-rᵊl'- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

naturalization, -isa- ˌnætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʊr-, -ɪ'- (US) -ɚ.ᵊl.ɪ'-, ˌ-rᵊl-

naturaliz|e, -is|e 'nætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl.aɪz, -ʊr- (US) -ɚ.ᵊl-, '-rᵊl- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

nature 'neɪ.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z -d -d 'nature reˌserve

natur|ism 'neɪ.tʃᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s

naturopath 'neɪ.tʃᵊr.əʊ.pæθ, -tʃʊr-, 'nætʃ.ᵊr-, -ʊr- (US) 'neɪ.tʃɚ.ə- -s -s

naturopathic ˌneɪ.tʃᵊr.əʊ'pæθ.ɪk, -tʃʊr-, ˌnætʃ.ᵊr- (US) ˌneɪ.tʃɚ.ə'- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

naturopathy ˌneɪ.tʃᵊr'ɒp.ə.θi, -tʃʊr-, ˌnætʃ.ᵊr'-, -ʊr'- (US) ˌneɪ.tʃə'rɑː.pə-

NatWest® ˌnæt'west *stress shift:* ˌNatWest 'Bank

Naugahyde® 'nɔː.gə.haɪd (US) 'nɑː.gə-, 'nɔː-

naught nɔːt (US) nɑːt, nɔːt -s -s

Naughtie 'nɒx.ti (US) 'nɑːk-, 'nɑːx-

naught|y 'nɔː.t|i (US) 'nɑː.t̬|i, 'nɔː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Nauru nɑː'uː.ruː; naʊ'ruː, nɑː-, '-- (US) nɑː'uː.ruː

Nauruan nɑː'uː.ruː.ən; naʊ'ruː-, nɑː- (US) nɑː'uː.ruː- -s -z

nausea 'nɔː.si.ə, -zi-, '-ʒə (US) 'nɑː.zi.ə, 'nɔː-, '-ʒə, '-ʃə, '-si.ə

nause|ate 'nɔː.si|.eɪt, -zi-, '-ʒ|eɪt (US) 'nɑː.zi-, 'nɔː-, -ʒi-, -ʃi-, -si- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

nauseating 'nɔː.si.eɪ.tɪŋ, -zi- (US) 'nɑː.zi-, 'nɔː-, -ʒi-, -ʃi-, -si- -ly -li

nauseous 'nɔː.si.əs, -zi-, '-ʃəs, '-ʒəs (US) 'nɑː.ʃəs, 'nɔː-, '-zi.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Nausicaa, Nausicaä nɔː'sɪk.i.ə, -eɪ.ə (US) nɑː-, nɔː-

nautch nɔːtʃ (US) nɑːtʃ, nɔːtʃ -es -ɪz

nautic|al 'nɔː.tɪ.k|ᵊl (US) 'nɑː.t̬ɪ-, 'nɔː- -ally -ᵊl.i ˌnautical 'mile

nautil|us 'nɔː.tɪ.l|əs, '-tᵊl- (US) 'nɑː.t̬ɪ-, 'nɔː- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ, -iː

Navajo, Navaho 'næv.ə.həʊ (US) -hoʊ, 'nɑː.və- -s -z

naval 'neɪ.vᵊl

Navan 'neɪ.vᵊn

navarin 'næv.ᵊr.ɪn -s -z

Navarino ˌnæv.ᵊr'iː.nəʊ (US) -ə'riː.noʊ

Navarre nə'vɑːʳ (US) -'vɑːr

nave neɪv -s -z

navel 'neɪ.vᵊl -s -z

navicular nə'vɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ

navigability ˌnæv.ɪ.gə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

navigable 'næv.ɪ.gə.bᵊl -ness -nəs, -nɪs

navi|gate 'næv.ɪ|.geɪt -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd

navigation ˌnæv.ɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn -al -ᵊl

navigator 'næv.ɪ.geɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

Navratilova nævˌræt.ɪ'ləʊ.və, ˌnæv.rə- (US) ˌnæv.rə.tɪ'loʊ.və, ˌnɑːv-

navv|y 'næv|.i -ies -iz

nav|y 'neɪ.v|i -ies -iz ˌnavy 'blue

nawab (N) nə'wɑːb (US) -'wɑːb, -'wɔːb -s -z

Nawanagar nə'wɑː.nə.gəʳ (US) ˌnɑː.wə'nʌg.ɚ; nə'wɑː.nə.gɚ

Naxos 'næk.sɒs (US) -sɑːs, -soʊs

nay neɪ

Nayarit 'nɑː.jɑː.rɪt

Naylor 'neɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ

naysayer 'neɪˌseɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z

Nazarene ˌnæz.ᵊr'iːn, '--- (US) ˌnæz.ə'riːn, '--- -s -z

Nazareth 'næz.ᵊr.əθ, -ɪθ

Nazarite 'næz.ᵊr.aɪt (US) -ə.raɪt -s -s

Naze neɪz

Nazeing 'neɪ.zɪŋ

nazi (N) 'nɑːt.si (US) 'nɑːt-, 'næt- -s -z

nazism (N) 'nɑːt.sɪ.zᵊm (US) 'nɑːt-, 'næt-

NB ˌen'biː; ˌnəʊ.tə'biː.ni, -tɑː'ben.eɪ (US) ˌen'biː; ˌnoʊ.t̬ə'ben.eɪ, -tɑː'-, -'biː.ni

NBA ˌen.biː'eɪ, ˌem- (US) ˌen-

NBC ˌen.biː'siː, ˌem- (US) ˌen-

N.C. ˌen'siː

NCAA ˌen.siː.eɪ'eɪ

NCO ˌen.siː'əʊ (US) -'oʊ -s -z

NCT ˌen.siː'tiː

N.D. ˌen'diː

Ndebele ᵊn.dɪ'bel.i, -də'-, -'beɪ.li, -'biː-, -leɪ (US) ᵊn.də'bel.eɪ, -'biː.li -s -z

N'Djamena ᵊn.dʒɑː'meɪ.nə, -dʒæm'eɪ- (US) -'dʒɑː.mə-

Ndola ᵊn'dəʊ.lə (US) -'doʊ-

NE (*abbrev. for* **northeast**) ˌen'iː, ˌnɔːθ'iːst (US) ˌen'iː, ˌnɔːrθ'iːst

Neagh neɪ

Neagle 'niː.gᵊl

Neal(e) niːl

Neanderthal ni'æn.də.tɑːl, -θɔːl, -tᵊl (US) -dɚ.θɔːl, -tɑːl

neap niːp -s -s

Neapolis ni'æp.ə.lɪs

neapolitan (N) ˌniː.ə'pɒl.ɪ.tᵊn, nɪə'-, '-ə- (US) ˌniː.ə'pɑː.lə- -s -z

near nɪəʳ (US) nɪr -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌNear 'East; ˌnear 'miss; ˌnearest and 'dearest

nearby ˌnɪə'baɪ (US) ˌnɪr- *stress shift:* ˌnearby 'town

nearly 'nɪə.li (US) 'nɪr-

nearside ˌnɪə'saɪd (US) ˌnɪr- *stress shift:* ˌnearside 'lane

nearsighted ˌnɪə'saɪ.tɪd (US) ˌnɪr'saɪ.t̬ɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌnearsighted 'vision

Neasden 'niːz.dən

neat niːt -er -əʳ (US) 'niː.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst (US) 'niː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

neaten 'niː.tᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

'neath niːθ

Neath niːθ

Nebo 'niː.bəʊ (US) -boʊ

Nebr. (*abbrev. for* **Nebraska**) nɪ'bræs.kə, neb'ræs-, nə'bræs- (US) nə'bræs-

Nebrask|a nɪ'bræs.k|ə, neb'ræs-, nə'bræs- (US) nə'bræs- -an -ən

Nebuchadnezzar ˌneb.jə.kəd'nez.əʳ, -jʊ- (US) -ə.kəd'nez.ɚ, ˌneb.jə-

nebul|a 'neb.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- (US) -jə- -ae -iː -as -əz -ar -əʳ (US) -ɚ -ous -əs

nebuliz|e, -is|e 'neb.jə.laɪz, -jʊ- (US) -jə- -es -ɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

nebulosity ˌneb.jə'lɒs.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -jə'lɑː.sə.t̬i

nebulous 'neb.jə.ləs, -jʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

NEC ˌen.iː'siː

necessarily 'nes.ə.sᵊr.ᵊl.i, '-ɪ-, -ɪ.li; ˌnes.ə'ser-, -ɪ'- (US) ˌnes.ə'ser-; 'nes.ə.ser-

necessar|y 'nes.ə.sᵊr|.i, '-ɪ-, -ser- (US) -ser- -ies -iz -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

necessi|tate nə'ses.ɪ|.teɪt, nɪ-, '-ə- (US) nə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd

necessitous nə'ses.ɪ.təs, nɪ-, '-ə- (US) nə'ses.ə.t̬əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

necessit|y nə'ses.ə.t|i, nɪ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) nə'ses.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

neck nek -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌneck and 'neck; ˌneck of the 'woods; ˌpain in the 'neck; ˌup to one's 'neck

Neckar 'nek.əʳ *as if German:* -ɑːʳ (US) -ɚ *as if German:* -ɑːr

neckband 'nek.bænd -s -z

neck|cloth 'nek|.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ -cloths -klɒθs, -klɒðz (US) -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz

necker|chief 'nek.ə|.tʃɪf, -tʃiːf (US) '-ɚ- -chiefs -tʃɪfs -chieves -tʃiːvz

necklac|e 'nek.ləs, -lɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

necklet 'nek.lət, -lɪt -s -s

neckline 'nek.laɪn -s -z

necktie 'nek.taɪ -s -z

neckwear 'nek.weəʳ (US) -wer

necro- nek.rəʊ; nek'rɒ (US) nek.roʊ, -rə; nek'rɑː, nə'krɑː

Note: Prefix. Normally takes either

primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **necrophile** /ˈnek.rəʊ.faɪl ⓤⓢ -rə-/, **necrophilia** /ˌnek.rəʊˈfɪl.i.ə ⓤⓢ -əˈ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **necrology** /nekˈrɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑː.lə-/.
ecrolatry nekˈrɒl.ə.tri ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑː.lə-, nəˈkrɑː-
ecrological ˌnek.rəˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
ecrolog|y nekˈrɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑː.lə-, nəˈkrɑː- **-ies** -iz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ecromanc|er ˈnek.rəʊ.mænt.s|əʳ ⓤⓢ -rə.mænt.s|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-y** -i
ecromantic ˌnek.rəʊˈmæn.tɪk ⓤⓢ -rə- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
ecrophile ˈnek.rəʊ.faɪl ⓤⓢ -rə- **-s** -z
ecrophili|a ˌnek.rəʊˈfɪl.i|.ə ⓤⓢ -rəˈ-, -ˈfɪl.i|.ə, -ˈfiːl.j|ə **-ac/s** -æk/s
ecrophilism nekˈrɒf.ɪ.lɪ.zəm, nɪˈkrɒf-, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ nekˈrɑː.fə-, nəˈkrɑː-
ecropol|is nekˈrɒp.əl|.ɪs, nɪˈkrɒp- ⓤⓢ nekˈrɑː.pəl-, nəˈkrɑː- **-ises** -ɪ.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
ecrops|y ˈnek.rɒp.s|i ⓤⓢ -rɑːp- **-ies** -iz
ecrosis nekˈrəʊ.sɪs, nɪˈkrəʊ- ⓤⓢ nekˈroʊ-, nəˈkroʊ-
ectar ˈnek.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-ous** -əs
ectarial nekˈteə.ri.əl ⓤⓢ -ˈter.i-
ectarine ˈnek.tər.iːn, -ɪn ⓤⓢ ˌnek.təˈriːn, ˈ--- **-s** -z
ectar|y ˈnek.tər|.i **-ies** -iz
ed ned
edd|y ˈned|.i **-ies** -iz
eden ˈniː.dən
ée, nee neɪ
eed niːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
eedful ˈniːd.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
eedham ˈniː.dəm
eedl|e (N) ˈniː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈniːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
eedlecord ˈniː.dəl.kɔːd ⓤⓢ -kɔːrd
eedlecraft ˈniː.dəl.krɑːft ⓤⓢ -kræft **-s** -s
eedlepoint ˈniː.dəl.pɔɪnt
eedless ˈniːd.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
eedle|woman ˈniː.dəl|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
eedlework ˈniː.dəl.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
eedn't ˈniː.dənt
eeds (N) niːdz
eed|y ˈniː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
eep niːp **-s** -s
e'er neəʳ ⓤⓢ ner
e'er-do-well ˈneə.duˌwel ⓤⓢ ˈner- **-s** -z
eeson ˈniː.sən
efarious nɪˈfeə.ri.əs, nə-, nefˈeə- ⓤⓢ nəˈfer.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
efertiti ˌnef.əˈtiː.ti ⓤⓢ -ɚˈ-
eff® nef
eg. (*abbrev. for* **negative**) neg, ˈneg.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ neg, ˈneg.ə.t̬ɪv

nega|te nɪˈgeɪ|t, nə-, negˈeɪ|t ⓤⓢ nɪˈgeɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
negation nɪˈgeɪ.ʃən, nə-, negˈeɪ- ⓤⓢ nɪˈgeɪ- **-s** -z
negativ|e ˈneg.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-es** -z **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**negative** ˈ**feedback**
negativ|ism ˈneg.ə.tɪ.vɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
negativity ˌneg.əˈtɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Negeb ˈneg.eb
Negev ˈneg.ev
neglect nɪˈglekt, nə- ⓤⓢ nɪ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
neglectful nɪˈglekt.fəl, nə-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ nɪ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
negligé(s), negligee(s) ˈneg.lɪ.ʒeɪ, -lə-, -liː-, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌneg.ləˈʒeɪ, ˈ---
negligenc|e ˈneg.lɪ.dʒənts, -lə- **-es** -ɪz
negligent ˈneg.lɪ.dʒənt, -lə- **-ly** -li
negligibility ˌneg.lɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -lə-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
negligi|ble ˈneg.lɪ.dʒə|.bəl, -lə-, -dʒɪ- ⓤⓢ -dʒə- **-bly** -bli
negotiability nɪˌgəʊ.ʃi.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, nə-, ˌ-ʃəˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ nɪˌgoʊ.ʃi.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌ-ʃəˈ-
negotiable nɪˈgəʊ.ʃi.ə.bəl, nə-, ˈ-ʃə- ⓤⓢ nɪˈgoʊ.ʃi.ə-, ˈ-ʃə-
negoti|ate nɪˈgəʊ.ʃi|.eɪt, nə-, -si- ⓤⓢ nɪˈgoʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd neˈ**gotiating** ˌ**table**
negotiation nɪˌgəʊ.ʃiˈeɪ.ʃən, nə-, -si- ⓤⓢ nɪˌgoʊ- **-s** -z
negotiator nɪˈgəʊ.ʃi.eɪ.təʳ, nə-, -si- ⓤⓢ nɪˈgoʊ.ʃi.eɪ.t̬ɚ, -si- **-s** -z
negotiatory nɪˈgəʊ.ʃi.eɪ.tər.i, nə-, -si- ⓤⓢ nɪˈgoʊ.ʃi.eɪ.t̬ɚ-
negress (N) ˈniː.grəs, -grɪs, -gres ⓤⓢ -grɪs **-es** -ɪz
Negrillo nɪˈgrɪl.əʊ, nə-, negˈrɪl- ⓤⓢ nəˈgrɪl.oʊ **-(e)s** -z
Negrito nɪˈgriː.təʊ, nə-, negˈriː- ⓤⓢ nəˈgriː.t̬oʊ **-(e)s** -z
negritude ˈneg.rɪ.tjuːd, ˈniː.grɪ-, -grə- ⓤⓢ -tuːd, -tjuːd
negro (N) *person:* ˈniː.grəʊ ⓤⓢ -groʊ **-es** -z
Negro *river:* ˈneɪ.grəʊ, ˈneg.rəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈneɪ.groʊ
negroid ˈniː.grɔɪd
negus (N) ˈniː.gəs **-es** -ɪz
Nehemiah ˌniː.*h*ɪˈmaɪ.ə, ˌneɪ-, -*h*əˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌniː.əˈ-, -hɪˈ-
Nehru ˈneə.ruː ⓤⓢ ˈneɪ-
neigh neɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
neighb|o(u)r ˈneɪ.b|əʳ ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ **-o(u)rs** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-o(u)ring** -ər.ɪŋ
neighbo(u)rhood ˈneɪ.bə.hʊd ⓤⓢ -bɚ- **-s** -z ˌ**neighbourhood** ˈ**watch**
neighbo(u)ring ˈneɪ.bər.ɪŋ
neighbo(u)rl|y ˈneɪ.bəl|.i ⓤⓢ -bɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Neil(l) niːl
Neilson ˈniːl.sən
Neisse ˈnaɪ.sə

neither ˈnaɪ.ðəʳ, ˈniː- ⓤⓢ ˈniː.ðɚ, ˈnaɪ-
nekton ˈnek.tən ⓤⓢ -tɑːn, -tən
Nell nel
Nellie ˈnel.i
nelly (N) ˈnel.i
Nelson ˈnel.sən
Nelsonian nelˈsəʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈsoʊ-
nematode ˈnem.ə.təʊd ⓤⓢ -toʊd **-s** -z
Nembutal® ˈnem.bjə.tæl, -bjʊ-, -tɑːl ⓤⓢ -bjə.tɑːl, -bjʊ-, -tɔːl
nem. con. ˌnemˈkɒn ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːn
Neme|a nɪˈmiː|.ə, nə-, nemˈiː|-; ˈnem.i|-, ˈniː.mi|- ⓤⓢ ˈniː.mi|- **-an** -ən
nemesis (N) ˈnem.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə- **nemeses** ˈnem.ə.siːz
Nemo ˈniː.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ
nemophila nəˈmɒf.ɪ.lə, nɪ-, -əl.ə ⓤⓢ niːˈmɑː.fəl.ə, nə- **-s** -z
Nemtsov ˈnempt.sɒf ⓤⓢ -sɑːv, -sɑːf
Nen nen
Nene *river:* niːn, nen
nene *goose:* ˈneɪ.neɪ
Nennius ˈnen.i.əs
neo-, Neo- niː.əʊ; niˈɒ ⓤⓢ ni.oʊ, -ə; niˈɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **neonate** /ˈniː.əʊ.neɪt ⓤⓢ -oʊ-/, **neonatal** /ˌniː.əʊˈneɪ.təl ⓤⓢ -oʊˈneɪ.t̬əl/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **neologize** /niˈɒl.ə.dʒaɪz ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə-/.
neoclassic ˌniː.əʊˈklæs.ɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ- **-al** -əl
neoclassic|ism ˌniː.əʊˈklæs.ɪ.s|ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
neocolonial|ism ˌniː.əʊ.kəˈləʊ.ni.əl|.ɪ.zəm, ˈ-njəl- ⓤⓢ -oʊ.kəˈloʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
neodymium ˌniː.əʊˈdɪm.i.əm ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-
neoimpressionism ˌniː.əʊ.ɪmˈpreʃ.ən.ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
neoimpressionist ˌniː.əʊ.ɪmˈpreʃ.ən.ɪst ⓤⓢ -oʊ- **-s** -s
Neo-Latin ˌniː.əʊˈlæt.ɪn ⓤⓢ -oʊˈlæt.ən
neolithic (N) ˌniː.əʊˈlɪθ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
neolog|ism niˈɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə- **-isms** -ɪ.zəmz **-y** -i
neologiz|e, -is|e niˈɒl.ə.dʒaɪz ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
neon ˈniː.ɒn ⓤⓢ -ɑːn ˌ**neon** ˈ**light**
neonatal ˌniː.əʊˈneɪ.təl ⓤⓢ -oʊˈneɪ.t̬əl, -əˈ- **-ly** -i
neonate ˈniː.əʊ.neɪt ⓤⓢ -oʊ-, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
neophyte ˈniː.əʊ.faɪt ⓤⓢ -oʊ-, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s
neoprene ˈniː.əʊ.priːn ⓤⓢ -oʊ-, ˈ-ə-
Nepal nɪˈpɔːl, nə-, nepˈɔːl, -ɑːl ⓤⓢ nəˈpɔːl, -ˈpɑːl
Nepalese ˌnep.əlˈiːz, -ɔːˈliːz ⓤⓢ -əˈliːz, -ˈliːs
Nepali nɪˈpɔː.li, nə-, nepˈɔː-, -ˈɑː- ⓤⓢ nɪˈpɔː-, nepˈɔː-, -ˈɑː- **-s** -z
nepenthe nɪˈpent.θi, nə-, nepˈent- ⓤⓢ nɪˈpent-

Neutral

A term used to describe lip configuration in speech sounds, in which the lips are neither rounded nor spread (see ROUNDING and SPREADING). The term 'unrounded' is also commonly used but can apply equally to spread lips.

Examples for English

The English vowels /ə/and /ɜː/are thought of as having a neutral lip configuration.

nephew 'nef.juː, 'nev- ⓤⓢ 'nef- **-s** -z
nephrite 'nef.raɪt
nephritic nɪ'frɪt.ɪk, nə-, nef'rɪt- ⓤⓢ nɪ'frɪṭ-, nef'rɪṭ-
nephritis nɪ'fraɪ.tɪs, nə-, nef'raɪ-, -təs ⓤⓢ nɪ'fraɪ.ṭɪs, -ṭəs, nef'raɪ-
Nephthys 'nef.θɪs ⓤⓢ -θɪs
ne plus ultra ˌneɪ.plʊs'ʊl.trɑː, ˌniː-, -plʌs'-, -'ʌl-, -trə ⓤⓢ -plʌs'ʌl.trə, -plʊs'-, -'ʊl-
Nepos 'niː.pɒs, 'nep.ɒs ⓤⓢ 'niː.pɑːs, 'nep.ɑːs
nepotism 'nep.ə.tɪ.zᵊm, -ɒt.ɪ- ⓤⓢ -ə.tɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
nepotistic nep.ə'tis.tik
Neptune 'nep.tjuːn, -tʃuːn ⓤⓢ -tuːn, -tjuːn
neptunian (N) nep'tjuː.ni.ən, -'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ -'tuː-, -'tjuː-
neptunium nep'tjuː.ni.əm, -'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ -'tuː-, -'tjuː-
nerd nɜːd ⓤⓢ nɝːd **-s** -z **-y** -i
nereid (N) 'nɪə.ri.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'nɪr.i- **-s** -z
Nereus 'nɪə.ri.uːs, -əs ⓤⓢ 'nɪr.i.əs, '-juːs
Neri 'nɪə.ri ⓤⓢ 'nɪr.i, 'ner-, 'neɪ.ri
Nero 'nɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'nɪr.oʊ, 'niː.roʊ
Neruda nə'ruː.də, ner'uː-
nerv|e nɜːv ⓤⓢ nɝːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'nerve ˌcell; 'nerve ˌcentre; 'nerve ˌgas; ˌget on ˌsomeone's 'nerves**
nerveless 'nɜːv.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'nɝːv- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nerve-racking, nerve-wracking 'nɜːvˌræk.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'nɝːv-
nerves nɜːvz ⓤⓢ nɝːvz
nervine 'nɜː.viːn ⓤⓢ 'nɝː-, -vaɪn
nervous 'nɜː.vəs ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌnervous 'breakdown; 'nervous ˌsystem**
nerv|y 'nɜː.vli ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Nesbit(t) 'nez.bɪt
Nescafé® 'nes.kə.feɪ, -kæf.eɪ ⓤⓢ 'nes.kə.feɪ, -kæf.eɪ, ˌ--'-
nescien|ce 'nes.i.ənˈ*t*s ⓤⓢ 'neʃ.ənˈ*t*s, '-i.ənˈ*t*s **-t** -t
Nesfield 'nes.fiːld
Nesquik® 'nes.kwɪk
ness (N) nes **-es** -ɪz
-ness *noun-forming suffix:* nəs, nɪs
Note: Suffix. When added to a stem to form a noun, **-ness** does not change the existing stress pattern, e.g. **happy** /'hæp.i/, **happiness** /'hæp.ɪ.nəs/.
-ness *in place names:* ness
Note: In place names, the suffix **-ness** normally takes primary stress, e.g. **Inverness** /ˌɪn.və'nes ⓤⓢ -vɚ'-/. However, place names containing **-ness** are subject to stress shift; see individual entries.
Nessie 'nes.i
nest nest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **'nest ˌegg**
Nesta 'nes.tə
nestl|e 'nes.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'nes.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Nestlé® 'nes.leɪ, -li, -ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nes.li
nestling 'nes*t*.lɪŋ **-s** -z
Neston 'nes.tᵊn
Nestor 'nes.tɔːʳ, -təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ, -tɔːr
Nestorian nes'tɔː.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.i- **-s** -z
net (N) net **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'neṭ.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'neṭ.ɪd
Netanyahu ˌnet.ən'jɑː.hu, -æn'- ⓤⓢ ˌnet.ɑːn'jɑː.hu, -ən'-
netball 'net.bɔːl ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, -bɑːl
netcronym 'net.krəʊ.nɪm, 'nek- ⓤⓢ 'net.krə- **-s** -z
nether 'neð.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-most** -məʊst ⓤⓢ -moʊst
Nether|land 'neð.əˈlənd, -ᵊˈl.ənd ⓤⓢ -ɚˈlənd **-lands** -ləndz **-lander/s** -lən.dəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -lən.dɚ/z
netherworld 'neð.ə.wɜːld ⓤⓢ -ɚ.wɝːld **-s** -z
netiquette 'net.ɪ.ket ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
netizen 'net.ɪ.zᵊn, -ə- ⓤⓢ 'neṭ- **-s** -z
Netley 'net.li
Netscape® 'net.skeɪp
netsuke 'net.skeɪ, -ski, '-sʊ.ki, -keɪ ⓤⓢ -sʊ.ki, -sə.keɪ **-s** -z
Nettie, Netty 'net.i ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
netting 'net.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
nettl|e 'net.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'neṭ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'net.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'nettle ˌrash; ˌgrasp the 'nettle**
Nettlefold 'net.ᵊl.fəʊld ⓤⓢ 'neṭ.ᵊl.foʊld
nettlerash 'net.ᵊl.ræʃ ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
Nettleship 'net.ᵊl.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
nettlesome 'net.ᵊl.səm ⓤⓢ 'neṭ-
network 'net.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Neuchâtel ˌnɜː.ʃæt'el, -ʃə'tel ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.ʃə'tel, ˌnɜː-
Neufchâtel ˌnɜː.ʃæt'el, -ʃə'tel ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.ʃə'tel, ˌnɜː-
neum(e) njuːm ⓤⓢ nuːm, njuːm **-s** -z
neural 'njʊə.rᵊl, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.əl, 'njʊr-, 'nɝː- **ˌneural 'network**
neuralg|ia njʊə'ræl.dʒ|ə, njɔː-, njᵊr'æl-, njʊ'ræl- ⓤⓢ nʊ'ræl-, njʊ-, nə- **-ic** -ɪk
neurasthenia ˌnjʊə.rəs'θiː.ni.ə, ˌnjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.æs'-, ˌnjʊr-
neurasthenic ˌnjʊə.rəs'θen.ɪk, ˌnjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.æs'-, ˌnjʊr- **-s** -s
neuritis njʊə'raɪ.tɪs, njɔː-, njᵊr'aɪ-, njʊ'raɪ-, -təs ⓤⓢ nʊ'raɪ.ṭɪs, njʊ-, -ṭəs
neuro- ˌnjʊə.rəʊ, ˌnjɔː-, njʊə'rɒ, njɔː'- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.oʊ, ˌnjʊr-, ˌ-ə
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **neuron** /'njʊə.rɒn ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.ɑːn/, **neurological** /ˌnjʊə.rə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **neurologist** /njʊə'rɒl.ə.dʒɪst ⓤⓢ nʊ'rɑː.lə-/.
neurologi|cal ˌnjʊə.rə'lɒdʒ.ɪˈl.kᵊl, ˌnjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, ˌnjʊr- **-cally** -kᵊl.i, -kli
neurolog|ist njʊə'rɒl.ə.dʒˈɪst, njɔː-, njᵊr'ɒl-, njʊ'rɒl- ⓤⓢ nʊ'rɑː.lə-, njʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-y** -i
neuron 'njʊə.rɒn, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.ɑːn, 'njʊr- **-s** -z
neurone 'njʊə.rəʊn, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.oʊn, 'njʊr- **-s** -z
neuroscien|ce ˌnjʊə.rəʊ'saɪ.ənˈ*t*s, ˌnjɔː-, 'njʊə.rəʊˌ-, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.oʊ'saɪ-, ˌnjʊr-, 'nʊr.oʊˌsaɪ-, 'njʊr- **-ces** -*t*sɪz **-tist/s** -tɪst/s
neuros|is njʊə'rəʊ.sˈɪs, njɔː-, njᵊr'əʊ-, njʊ'rəʊ- ⓤⓢ nʊ'roʊ-, njʊ-, nə- **-es** -iːz
neurosurgeon 'njʊə.rəʊˌsɜː.dʒᵊn, ˌnjɔː-, ˌ--'-- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.oʊ'sɝː-, ˌnjʊr- **-s** -z
neurosurg|ery ˌnjʊə.rəʊ'sɜː.dʒˈᵊr.i, ˌnjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.oʊ'sɝː-, ˌnjʊr- **-ical** -ɪ.kᵊl
neurotic njʊə'rɒt.ɪk, njɔː-, njᵊr'ɒt-, njʊ'rɒt- ⓤⓢ nʊ'rɑː.ṭɪk, njʊ-, nə- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
neurotransmitter ˌnjʊə.rəʊ.trænz'mɪt.əʳ, '---ˌ--, ˌnjɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊr.oʊ.træn'smɪṭ.ɚ, ˌnjʊr-, -trænz'mɪṭ- **-s** -z
neut|er 'njuː.tˈləʳ ⓤⓢ 'nuː.ṭˈlɚ, 'njuː- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
neutral 'njuː.trᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
neutralism 'njuː.trᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-

Neutralisation

The loss of contrast between PHONEMES.

Examples for English

In its simple form, the theory of the phoneme implies that two sounds that are in opposition to each other (e.g. /t/ and /d/ in English) are in this relationship in all contexts throughout the language. Closer study of phonemes has, however, shown that there are some contexts where the opposition no longer functions: for example, in a word like *still* /stɪl/, the /t/ is in a position (following /s/ and preceding a vowel) where voiced (LENIS) PLOSIVES do not occur. There is no possibility in English of the existence of a pair of words such as /stɪl/ and */sdɪl/, so in this context the opposition between /t/ and /d/ is 'neutralised'. One consequence of this is that one could equally well claim that the plosive in this word is a /d/, not a /t/. (See also ASPIRATION.)

utralist 'njuː.trəl.ɪst (US) 'nuː-, njuː- **-s** -s
utrality njuː'træl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) nuː'træl.ə.ṭi, njuː-
utralization, -isa- njuː.trəl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) nuː.trəl.ɪ'-, ˌnjuː-
utraliz|e, -is|e 'njuː.trəl.aɪz (US) nuː-, 'njuː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
utrino njuː'triː.nəʊ (US) uː'triː.noʊ, njuː- **-s** -z
utron 'njuː.trɒn (US) 'nuː.trɑːn, njuː- **-s** -z **'neutron ˌbomb**
v. (*abbrev. for* Nevada) nə'vɑː.də, ɪ-, nev'ɑː- (US) nə'væd.ə, -'vɑː.də
va 'neɪ.və, 'niː- (US) 'niː-
vada nə'vɑː.də, nɪ-, nev'ɑː- (US) nə'væd.ə, -'vɑː.də
ve niːv
vé 'nev.eɪ (US) neɪ'veɪ, '--
ver 'nev.əʳ (US) -ɚ
ver-ending ˌnev.əʳ'en.dɪŋ (US) -ɚ'-
verland 'nev.ə.lænd (US) -ɚ-
vermore ˌnev.ə'mɔːʳ (US) -ɚ'mɔːr
ver-never ˌnev.ə'nev.əʳ (US) -ɚ'nev.ɚ **on the ˌnever-'never; never-'never ˌland**
vertheless ˌnev.ə.ðə'les (US) ˌ-ɚ-
vey 'nev.i
vil 'nev.əl, -ɪl (US) -əl
vill(e) 'nev.əl, -ɪl (US) -əl
vin 'nev.ɪn
vinson 'nev.ɪn.sən
vis *in Scotland:* 'nev.ɪs *in West ndies:* 'niː.vɪs
v|us 'niː.v|əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
w njuː (US) nuː, njuː **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **est** -ɪst, -əst **-ish** -ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** nəs, -nɪs **ˌNew 'Age** *stress shift:* New Age 'traveller; **ˌnew 'broom; New 'Brunswick; ˌNew Cale'donia; ˌNew 'Deal; ˌNew Delhi; ˌNew 'England** *stress shift:* New England 'coast; **ˌNew 'Forest** *tress shift:* ˌNew Forest 'ponies; **New 'Hampshire** *stress shift:* ˌNew Hampshire 'primary **ˌNew 'Jersey** *tress shift:* ˌNew Jersey 'turnpike; **new 'man; ˌNew 'Mexico; ˌNew Quay** *stress shift:* ˌNew Quay 'harour; **ˌNew ˌSouth 'Wales; ˌNew Testament; ˌNew 'Wave** *stress shift:* ˌNew Wave 'band; **ˌNew 'World** *stress shift:* ˌNew World 'Symphony; **ˌNew 'Year** *stress shift:* ˌNew Year 'party; **ˌNew ˌYear's 'Day; ˌNew ˌYear's 'Eve**
Newark 'njuː.ək (US) 'nuː.ɚk, 'njuː-
Newbery 'njuː.bər.i (US) 'nuː.ber-, 'njuː-
newbie 'njuː.bi (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
Newbiggin *place:* 'njuː.bɪ.gɪn (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- *surname:* 'njuː.bɪ.gɪn, -'bɪg.ɪn (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-, -'bɪg.ɪn
Newbold 'njuː.bəʊld (US) 'nuː.boʊld, 'njuː-
Newbolt 'njuː.bəʊlt (US) 'nuː.boʊlt, 'njuː-
newborn ˌnjuː'bɔːn (US) 'nuː.bɔːrn, 'njuː- *stress shift, British only:* ˌnewborn 'baby
Newbridge 'njuː.brɪdʒ (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
Newburg(h) *in the UK:* 'njuː.bər.ə (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- *in the US:* 'njuː.bɜːg (US) 'nuː.bɝːg, 'njuː-
Newburn 'njuː.bɜːn (US) 'nuː.bɝːn, 'njuː-
Newbury 'njuː.bər.i (US) 'nuː.ber-, 'njuː-, -bɚ-
Newby 'njuː.bi (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
Newcastle 'njuːˌkɑː.səl (US) 'nuːˌkæs.əl, 'njuː-
Newcastle-under-Lyme ˌnjuː.kɑː.səlˌʌn.də'laɪm (US) ˌnuː.kæs.əlˌʌn.dɚ'-, ˌnjuː-
Newcastle upon Tyne ˌnjuː.kɑː.səl.ə.pɒn'taɪn (US) ˌnuː.kæs.əl.ə.pɑːn-, ˌnjuː-
Note: /njuː'kæs.əl/ is the local form.
Newcome 'njuː.kəm (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
newcomer 'njuːˌkʌm.əʳ (US) 'nuːˌkʌm.ɚ, 'njuː- **-s** -z
Newdigate 'njuː.dɪ.geɪt, -gɪt, -gət (US) 'nuː.dɪ.geɪt, 'njuː-, -gət
Newe njuː (US) nuː, njuː
newel 'njuː.əl (US) 'nuː.əl, 'njuː- **-s** -z **'newel ˌpost**
Newell 'njuː.əl (US) 'nuː.əl, 'njuː-
Newey 'njuː.i (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
newfangled ˌnjuː'fæŋ.gəld (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː- *stress shift:* ˌnewfangled 'ways
new-fashioned ˌnjuː'fæʃ.ənd (US) 'nuːˌfæʃ-, 'njuː-
new-found ˌnjuː'faʊnd (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː- *stress shift:* ˌnew-found 'love
Newfoundland *place:* 'njuː.fənd.lənd, -lænd; njuː'faʊnd-; ˌnjuː.fənd'lænd (US) 'nuː.fənd.lənd, 'njuː-, -lænd; ˌnuː.faʊnd'lænd, ˌnjuː-; nuː'faʊnd.lənd, njuː-, -lænd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Note: /ˌnjuː.fənd'lænd/ is the local form; it is also the nautical pronunciation in England.
Newfoundland *dog:* njuː'faʊnd.lənd (US) 'nuː.fənd.lənd, 'njuː-, -lænd; nuː'faʊnd-, njuː- **-s** -z
Newgate 'njuː.geɪt, -gɪt, -gət (US) 'nuː.geɪt, 'njuː-
Newham 'njuː.əm; njuː'hæm (US) 'nuː.əm, 'njuː-; nuː'hæm, njuː-
Newhaven 'njuː.heɪ.vən, -'-- (US) 'nuː.heɪ-, 'njuː-, -'--
Newington 'njuː.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
new-laid ˌnjuː'leɪd (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː- *stress shift:* ˌnew-laid 'eggs
Newlands 'njuː.ləndz (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
newlywed 'njuː.li.wed (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
Newman 'njuː.mən (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
Newmarket 'njuː.mɑː.kɪt (US) 'nuː.mɑːr-, 'njuː-
Newnes njuːnz (US) nuːnz, njuːnz
Newnham 'njuː.nəm (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
New Orleans ˌnjuː'ɔː.li.ənz, '-lɪənz, '-lənz; -ɔː'liːnz (US) ˌnuː'ɔːr.li.ənz, ˌnjuː-, '-lənz; -ɔːr'liːnz
Newport 'njuː.pɔːt (US) 'nuː.pɔːrt, 'njuː-
Newport Pagnell ˌnjuː.pɔːt'pæg.nəl (US) ˌnuː.pɔːrt'-, ˌnjuː-
Newquay 'njuː.ki (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
New Rossington ˌnjuː'rɒs.ɪŋ.tən (US) ˌnuː'rɑː.sɪŋ-, ˌnjuː-
Newry 'njʊə.ri (US) 'nʊr.i, 'njʊr-
news njuːz (US) nuːz, njuːz **'news ˌagency; 'news ˌconference**
newsagent 'njuːzˌeɪ.dʒənt (US) 'nuːz-, 'njuːz- **-s** -s
newsboy 'njuːz.bɔɪ (US) 'nuːz-, 'njuːz- **-s** -z
newsbreak 'njuːz.breɪk (US) 'nuːz-, 'njuːz- **-s** -s

Pronouncing the letters NG

The main realisation for the consonant digraph ng is /ŋ/, e.g.:

sing /sɪŋ/
ringing /ˈrɪŋ.ɪŋ/

Other pronunciations are possible, one being /ŋg/, e.g.:

finger /ˈfɪŋ.gəʳ/ (US) /-gɚ/
English /ˈɪŋ.glɪʃ/

In addition

In many words spelt nge, or where ng is followed by i or y, the pronunciation is /ndʒ/, e.g.:

change /tʃeɪndʒ/
engine /ˈen.dʒɪn/

newscast ˈnjuːz.kɑːst (US) ˈnuːz.kæst, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
newscopy ˈnjuːzˌkɒp.i (US) ˈnuːzˌkɑː.pi, ˈnjuːz-
newsdealer ˈnjuːzˌdiː.ləʳ (US) ˈnuːzˌdiː.lɚ, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
newsflash ˈnjuːz.flæʃ (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-es** -ɪz
newsgroup ˈnjuːz.gruːp (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -s
newshound ˈnjuːz.haʊnd (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
newsletter ˈnjuːzˌlet.əʳ (US) ˈnuːzˌleţ.ɚ, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
news|man ˈnjuːz|.mən, -mæn (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-men** -men, -mən
newsmonger ˈnjuːzˌmʌŋ.gəʳ (US) ˈnuːzˌmʌŋ.gɚ, ˈnjuːz-, -ˌmɑːŋ- **-s** -z
newspaper ˈnjuːsˌpeɪ.pəʳ, ˈnjuːz- (US) ˈnuːzˌpeɪ.pɚ, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
newspeak (N) ˈnjuː.spiːk (US) ˈnuː-, ˈnjuː-
news|person ˈnjuːz|ˌpɜː.sᵊn (US) ˈnuːz|ˌpɝː-, ˈnjuːz- **-people** -ˌpiː.pᵊl
newsprint ˈnjuːz.prɪnt (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz-
newsreader ˈnjuːzˌriː.dəʳ (US) ˈnuːzˌriː.dɚ, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
newsreel ˈnjuːz.riːl (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
newsroom ˈnjuːz.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈnuːz.ruːm, ˈnjuːz-, -rʊm **-s** -z
news-sheet ˈnjuːz.ʃiːt, ˈnjuːʒ- (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -s
newsstand ˈnjuːz.stænd (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
Newstead ˈnjuː.stɪd, -sted (US) ˈnuː-, ˈnjuː-
newsvendor ˈnjuːzˌven.dəʳ (US) ˈnuːzˌven.dɚ, ˈnjuːz- **-s** -z
Newsweek ˈnjuːz.wiːk (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz-
news|woman ˈnjuːz|ˌwʊm.ən (US) ˈnuːz-, ˈnjuːz- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
newsworthy ˈnjuːzˌwɜː.ði (US) ˈnuːzˌwɝː-, ˈnjuːz-
news|y ˈnjuː.z|i (US) ˈnuː-, ˈnjuː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
newt njuːt (US) nuːt, njuːt **-s** -s
New Testament ˌnjuːˈtes.tə.mənt (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː-
newton (N) ˈnjuː.tᵊn (US) ˈnuː-, ˈnjuː-
Newtonian njuːˈtəʊ.ni.ən (US) nuːˈtoʊ-, njuː-
Newton-le-Willows ˌnjuː.tᵊn.liˈwɪl.əʊz (US) ˌnuː.tᵊn.liˈwɪl.oʊz, ˌnjuː-
Newtown ˈnjuː.taʊn (US) ˈnuː-, ˈnjuː-
Newtownabbey ˌnjuː.tᵊnˈæb.i (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː-
Newtownards ˌnjuː.tᵊnˈɑːdz (US) ˌnuː.tᵊnˈɑːrdz, ˌnjuː-
Newtown St Boswells ˌnjuː.tᵊn.sᵊntˈbɒz.welz (US) ˌnuː.tᵊn.sᵊntˈbɑːz-, ˌnjuː-
New York ˌnjuːˈjɔːk (US) ˌnuːˈjɔːrk, ˌnjuː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**New York** ˈ**City**
New Zealand ˌnjuːˈziː.lənd (US) ˌnuː-, ˌnjuː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
next nekst ˌ**next** ˈ**door** *stress shift:* ˌnext door ˈneighbours; ˌ**next of** ˈ**kin**
nexus ˈnek.səs **-es** -ɪz
NFL ˌen.efˈel
Ng ɪŋ, əŋ, eŋ
Ngaio ˈnaɪ.əʊ *as if Maori:* ˈŋaɪ- (US) -oʊ
Ngami ᵊŋˈgɑː.mi (US) ᵊn-, ᵊŋ-
ngultrum ᵊŋˈguːl.trəm (US) -ˈʊl.trʊm; ənˈgʌl.trəm, əŋ- **-s** -z
ngwee ᵊŋˈgweɪ (US) -ˈgwiː
N.H. ˌenˈeɪtʃ
NHL ˌen.eɪtʃˈel
NHS ˌen.eɪtʃˈes
NI ˌenˈaɪ
niacin ˈnaɪə.sɪn
Niagara naɪˈæg.ᵊr.ə (US) ˈ-rə, ˈ-ɚ.ə Niˌagara ˈ**Falls**
Niall ˈnaɪ.əl, naɪl, niːl
Niamey niˈɑː.meɪ; nɪəˈmeɪ (US) niˈɑː.meɪ; njɑːˈmeɪ
Niamh niːv, nɪəv
nib nɪb **-s** -z
nibbl|e ˈnɪb.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈnɪb.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, -ɚ/z
Nibelung ˈniː.bə.lʊŋ, -bɪ- (US) -bə- **-s** -z **-en** -ən
Nibelungenlied ˌniː.bəˈlʊŋ.ənˌliːt, -ˌliːd
niblick ˈnɪb.lɪk **-s** -s
NiCad® ˈnaɪ.kæd
Nicaea naɪˈsiː.ə
NICAM ˈnaɪ.kæm
Nicaragu|a ˌnɪk.ᵊrˈæg.ju|.ə, -ˈɑː.gju-; -ˈɑː.gw|ə, -ˈæg.w|ə (US) -əˈrɑː.gw|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
nic|e (*adj.*) naɪs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Nice *in France:* niːs
nicely ˈnaɪs.li
Nicene ˈnaɪ.siːn, -ˈ- ˌ**Nicene** ˈ**Creed**
nicet|y ˈnaɪ.sə.t|i, -sɪ- (US) -sə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
nich|e niːʃ (US) nɪtʃ, niːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
Nichol(l) ˈnɪk.ᵊl **-s** -z
Nicholas ˈnɪk.ᵊl.əs
Nicholson ˈnɪk.ᵊl.sᵊn
nick (N) nɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **in the** ˌ**nick of** ˈ**time**
nickel ˈnɪk.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
nickel-and-dime ˌnɪk.ᵊl.ᵊ*n*dˈdaɪm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
nickelodeon ˌnɪk.ᵊlˈəʊ.di.ən (US) -ˈoʊ- **-s** -z
nicker ˈnɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Nicklaus ˈnɪk.laʊs, -ləs (US) -ləs
Nickleby ˈnɪk.ᵊl.bi
Nicklin ˈnɪk.lɪn
nicknack ˈnɪk.næk **-s** -s
nicknam|e ˈnɪk.neɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Nicobar ˈnɪk.əʊ.bɑːʳ (US) -oʊ.bɑːr, ˌ--ˈ-
Nicodemus ˌnɪk.əʊˈdiː.məs (US) -əˈ-
nicoise, niçoise niːˈswɑːz, nɪ-
Nicol(l) ˈnɪk.ᵊl **-s** -z
Nicola ˈnɪk.ᵊl.ə
Nicolas ˈnɪk.ᵊl.əs
Nicole nɪˈkəʊl, niː- (US) -ˈkoʊl
Nicolson ˈnɪk.ᵊl.sᵊn
Nicomachean ˌnaɪ.kɒm.əˈkiː.ən, naɪˌkɒm- (US) ˌnɪk.oʊ.məˈ-; ˌnaɪ.kɑː.məˈ-
Nicomachus naɪˈkɒm.ə.kəs (US) nɪˈkɑː.mə.kəs; ˌnaɪ.koʊˈmæk.əs
Nicosia ˌnɪk.əʊˈsiː.ə (US) -əˈ-, -oʊˈ-
nicotine ˈnɪk.ə.tiːn, ˌ--ˈ-
nic|tate ˈnɪk|.teɪt **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ţɪd
nictation nɪkˈteɪ.ʃᵊn
nicti|tate ˈnɪk.tɪ|.teɪt (US) -tə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.ţɪd
nictitation ˌnɪk.tɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -təˈ-
niec|e niːs **-es** -ɪz
Niedersachsen ˈniː.dəˌzæk.sᵊn *as if German:* -ˌzæx- (US) -dɚˌzɑːk-
Nielsen ˈniːl.sᵊn

Niersteiner 'nɪə.staɪ.nəʳ *as if German:* -ʃtaɪ- (US) 'nɪr.staɪ.nɚ *as if German:* -ʃtaɪ-

ietzsche 'niː.tʃə (US) -tʃə, -tʃi

iff nɪf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i

ift|y 'nɪf.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ies** -iz **-ily** -ɪ.li

ige naɪdʒ

igel 'naɪ.dʒəl

igella naɪ'dʒel.ə

iger *river:* 'naɪ.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ *country:* nɪ'ʒeəʳ (US) 'naɪ.dʒɚ **-ien/s** -i.ən/z

igeri|a naɪ'dʒɪə.ri|.ə (US) -'dʒɪr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z

iggard 'nɪg.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z

iggardl|y 'nɪg.əd.l|i (US) -ɚd- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

igger 'nɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

iggl|e 'nɪg.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'nɪg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

iggl|y 'nɪg.l|i, 'nɪg.əl|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

igh naɪ

ight naɪt **-s** -s ˌ**night** '**blindness** (US) '**night** ˌ**blindness;** '**night** ˌ**owl;** ˌ**night** '**porter** (US) '**night** ˌ**porter;** '**night** ˌ**school;** '**night** ˌ**shift;** ˌ**night** '**watchman**

ightcap 'naɪt.kæp **-s** -s

ightclothes 'naɪt.kləʊðz (US) -kloʊðz

ightclub 'naɪt.klʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

ightdress 'naɪt.dres **-es** -ɪz

ightfall 'naɪt.fɔːl (US) -fɔːl, -fɑːl

ightgown 'naɪt.gaʊn **-s** -z

ighthawk 'naɪt.hɔːk (US) -hɑːk, -hɔːk **-s** -s

ightie 'naɪ.ti (US) -t̬i **-s** -z

ightingale (N) 'naɪ.tɪŋ.geɪl (US) -tən-, -t̬ɪŋ- **-s** -z

ightjar 'naɪt.dʒɑːʳ (US) -dʒɑːr **-s** -z

ightlife 'naɪt.laɪf

ight-light 'naɪt.laɪt **-s** -s

ightlong ˌnaɪt'lɒŋ (US) -'lɑːŋ, -'lɔːŋ *stress shift:* ˌnightlong 'vigil

ightly 'naɪt.li

ightmar|e 'naɪt.meəʳ (US) -mer **-es** -z **-ish** -ɪʃ **-ishly** -ɪʃ.li **-ishness** -ɪʃ.nəs, -ɪʃ.nɪs

ightshade 'naɪt.ʃeɪd

ightshirt 'naɪt.ʃɜːt (US) -ʃɝːt **-s** -s

ightspot 'naɪt.spɒt (US) -spɑːt **-s** -s

ightstand 'naɪt.stænd **-s** -z

ightstick 'naɪt.stɪk **-s** -s

ighttime 'naɪt.taɪm

ightwatch 'naɪt.wɒtʃ, ˌ-'- (US) 'naɪt.wɑːtʃ, -wɔːtʃ **-es** -ɪz

ightwear 'naɪt.weəʳ (US) -wer

ihil 'niː.hɪl, 'naɪ-, -həl (US) 'naɪ.hɪl, 'niː-

ihil|ism 'niː.ɪ.lɪ.zəm, 'naɪ-, '-hɪ-, '-əl|.ɪ-, '-həl|- (US) 'naɪ.ə.lɪ-, 'niː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-istic** ˌ--'ɪs.tɪk

ijinsky nɪ'dʒɪnt.ski, nə-, -'ʒɪnt- (US) nə'dʒɪnt-

ijmegen 'naɪ.meɪ.gən, -'-- (US) '---

ike *goddess:* 'naɪ.kiː *trademark:* 'naɪ.ki; naɪk (US) 'naɪ.ki

Nikita nɪ'kiː.tə (US) -t̬ə

Nikkei nɪ'keɪ (US) 'niː.keɪ *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Nikkei** '**index**

Nikki 'nɪk.i

Nikon® 'nɪk.ɒn (US) 'naɪ.kɑːn, 'niː-

nil nɪl

nil desperandum ˌnɪl.des.pə'ræn.dəm, -pər'æn-, -dʊm (US) -pə'ræn.dəm; -'rɑːn.dʊm

Nile naɪl

Nilgiri 'nɪl.gɪ.ri **-s** -z

nilometer naɪ'lɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ (US) -'lɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

Nilotic naɪ'lɒt.ɪk (US) -'lɑː.t̬ɪk

Nilsen 'niːl.sən, 'nɪl-

Nilsson 'niːl.sən, 'nɪl-

nimbi (*plur. of* **nimbus**) 'nɪm.baɪ

nimb|le 'nɪm.b|əl **-ler** -ləʳ, -əl.əʳ (US) -lɚ, -əl.ɚ **-lest** -lɪst, -ləst, -əl.ɪst, -əl.əst **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -əl.nɪs

nimb|us 'nɪm.b|əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ

nimb|y, NIMB|Y 'nɪm.b|i **-ies** -iz

Nîmes niːm

nimiety nɪ'maɪə.ti, -'maɪ.ɪ.ti (US) -t̬i

nimini-piminy, niminy-piminy ˌnɪm.ɪ.ni'pɪm.ɪ.ni, ˌ-ə-, '-ə- (US) -ə.ni'pɪm.ə-

Nimmo 'nɪm.əʊ (US) -oʊ

Nimrod 'nɪm.rɒd (US) -rɑːd

Nin nɪn (US) nɪn, niːn

Nina 'niː.nə (US) 'niː-, 'naɪ-

nincompoop 'nɪŋ.kəm.puːp, 'nɪn- (US) 'nɪn-, 'nɪŋ- **-s** -s

nine naɪn **-s** -z **-fold** -fəʊld (US) -foʊld ˌ**dressed** ˌ**up to the** '**nines;** ˌ**nine-to-**'**five;** ˌ**nine days'** '**wonder**

ninepenc|e 'naɪn.pənts, 'naɪm- (US) 'naɪn- **-es** -ɪz

Note: See note under **penny**.

ninepenny 'naɪn.pən.i, 'naɪm- (US) 'naɪn-

ninepin 'naɪn.pɪn, 'naɪm- (US) 'naɪn- **-s** -z

nineteen ˌnaɪn'tiːn **-s** -z **-th/s** -tθ/s *stress shift:* ˌnineteen 'years ˌ**nineteen to the** '**dozen**

ninetieth 'naɪn.ti.əθ, -ɪθ (US) -t̬i- **-s** -s

Ninette nɪ'net, niː-

ninet|y 'naɪn.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz

ninetyfold 'naɪn.ti.fəʊld (US) -t̬i.foʊld

ninety-nine ˌnaɪn.ti'naɪn (US) -t̬i'- *stress shift:* ˌninety-nine 'days

Nineveh 'nɪn.ɪ.və, '-ə- (US) '-ə-

ninish 'naɪ.nɪʃ

ninja 'nɪn.dʒə **-s** -z ˌ**Ninja** '**warriors**

ninn|y 'nɪn|.i **-ies** -iz

Nintendo® nɪn'ten.dəʊ (US) -doʊ

ninth naɪntθ **-s** -s **-ly** -li

Ninus 'naɪ.nəs

Niobe 'naɪ.əʊ.bi (US) -oʊ-, '-ə-

niobium naɪ'əʊ.bi.əm (US) -'oʊ-

nip (N) nɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˌ**nip and** '**tuck**

nipper 'nɪp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

nipple 'nɪp.əl **-s** -z

Nippon 'nɪp.ɒn (US) -ɑːn; nɪ'pɑːn **-ese** --'iːz

nipp|y 'nɪp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

NIREX®, Nirex 'naɪə.reks (US) 'naɪ-

nirvana (N) nɪə'vɑː.nə, nɜː- (US) nɪr-, nɚ- **-s** -z

Nis, Nish niːʃ

Nisan 'naɪ.sæn *Jewish pronunciation:* 'nɪs.ɑːn (US) niː'sɑːn; 'nɪs.ən

Nisbet(t) 'nɪz.bɪt, -bət

nisei niː'seɪ (US) niː'seɪ, '-- **-s** -z

Nish nɪʃ

nisi 'naɪ.saɪ, 'niː-, -si (US) 'naɪ.saɪ

nisi prius ˌnaɪ.saɪ'praɪ.əs, ˌniː-, -si'-, -'priː- (US) ˌnaɪ.saɪ'praɪ-

Nissan® 'nɪs.æn (US) 'niː.sɑːn

Nissen 'nɪs.ən '**Nissen** ˌ**hut**

nisus 'naɪ.səs

nit nɪt **-s** -s

niter 'naɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ

Nith nɪθ

nit-pick 'nɪt.pɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

nitrate 'naɪ.treɪt, -trɪt (US) -treɪt **-s** -s

nitre 'naɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ

nitric 'naɪ.trɪk ˌ**nitric** '**acid**

nitrite 'naɪ.traɪt

nitro- ˌnaɪ.trəʊ (US) ˌnaɪ.troʊ, -trə

nitrochalk 'naɪ.trəʊ.tʃɔːk, ˌ--'- (US) 'naɪ.troʊ.tʃɔːk, -tʃɑːk

nitrogen 'naɪ.trə.dʒən, -trɪ- (US) -trə-

nitrogenous naɪ'trɒdʒ.ɪ.nəs, -ən.əs (US) -'trɑː.dʒə.nəs

nitroglycerine, nitroglycerin ˌnaɪ.trəʊ'glɪs.ər.iːn, -ɪn (US) -troʊ'-, -trə'-

nitrous 'naɪ.trəs

nitty-gritty ˌnɪt.i'grɪt.i (US) ˌnɪt̬.i'grɪt̬-

nitwit 'nɪt.wɪt **-s** -s

Niue 'njuː.eɪ, ni'uː- (US) ni'uː- **-an/s** -ən/z

Nivea® 'nɪv.i.ə

Niven 'nɪv.ən

nix nɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Nixdorf® 'nɪks.dɔːf (US) -dɔːrf

nixie 'nɪk.si **-s** -z

Nixon 'nɪk.sən

nizam (N) naɪ'zæm, nɪ-, -'zɑːm (US) nɪ'zɑːm; naɪ'zæm **-ate** -eɪt **-s** -z

Nizhni Novgorod ˌnɪʒ.ni'nɒv.gər.ɒd (US) -'nɑːv.gə.rɑːd

N.J. ˌen'dʒeɪ

Nkomo əŋ'kəʊ.məʊ (US) -'koʊ.moʊ, ən-

Nkrumah əŋ'kruː.mə (US) əŋ-, ən-

N.M. (*abbrev. for* **New Mexico**) ˌen'em

NME ˌen.em'iː

N.Mex. (*abbrev. for* **New Mexico**) ˌen'meks

NNE (*abbrev. for* **north-northeast**) ˌnɔːθ.nɔːθ'iːst (US) ˌnɔːrθ.nɔːrθ'- *nautical pronunciation:* ˌnɔː.nɔː'riːst (US) ˌnɔːr.nɔːr'iːst

NNW (*abbrev. for* **north-northwest**) ˌnɔːθ.nɔːθ'west (US) ˌnɔːrθ.nɔːrθ'- *nautical pronunciation:* ˌnɔː.nɔː'-, ˌnɔːr.nɔːr'-

no (*n, interj.*) nəʊ (US) noʊ **-es** -z

no (*adj.*) *normal form:* nəʊ (US) noʊ *weak form:* nə

Note: Occasional weak form word. The pronunciation of **no** is nearly always /nəʊ ⓤⓢ noʊ/, but, particularly in British English, there is a weak form /nə/ in a few common expressions such as "no more do I" / nəˌmɔː.duː'aɪ ⓤⓢ -ˌmɔːr-/.

no. (N) (*abbrev. for* **number**) 'nʌm.bəʳ ⓤⓢ -bɚ **nos.** -z

no-account 'nəʊ.əˌkaʊnt ⓤⓢ 'noʊ-

Noah 'nəʊ.ə ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- ˌ**Noah's** '**ark**

Noakes nəʊks ⓤⓢ noʊks

Noam 'nəʊ.əm, nəʊm ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.əm, noʊm

nob nɒb ⓤⓢ nɑːb **-s** -z

no-ball ˌnəʊ'bɔːl ⓤⓢ 'noʊ-, -bɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

nobbl|e 'nɒb.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'nɒb.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.blɪŋ **-ed** -d

nobb|y 'nɒb|.i ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.b|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Nobel nəʊ'bel ⓤⓢ noʊ- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Nobel** '**prize**

nobelium nəʊ'biː.li.əm ⓤⓢ noʊ'bel.i-

nobilit|y nəʊ'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ noʊ'bɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

nob|le (N) 'nəʊ.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-les** -ᵊlz **-ler** -ləʳ, -ᵊl.əʳ **-lest** -lɪst, -ləst, -ᵊl.ɪst, -ᵊl.əst **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs

noble|man 'nəʊ.bᵊl|.mən ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-men** -mən

noble-minded ˌnəʊ.bᵊl'maɪn.dɪd ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌnoble-minded 'person

noblesse nəʊ'bles ⓤⓢ noʊ-

noblesse oblige nəʊˌbles.əʊ'bliːʒ, ˌnəʊ.bles- ⓤⓢ noʊˌbles.oʊ'-

noble|woman 'nəʊ.bᵊl|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

nobod|y 'nəʊ.bə.d|i, -bɒd|.i ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.bɑː.d|i, -bʌd|.i, -bə.d|i **-ies** -iz

no-brainer ˌnəʊ'breɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'breɪ.nɚ

nock (N) nɒk ⓤⓢ nɑːk

no-claim bonus ˌnəʊ'kleɪmˌbəʊ.nəs, ˌnəʊˌkleɪm'bəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'kleɪmˌboʊ-, ˌnoʊˌkleɪm'boʊ- **-es** -ɪz

no-claims bonus ˌnəʊ'kleɪmzˌbəʊ.nəs, ˌnəʊˌkleɪmz'bəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'kleɪmzˌboʊ-, ˌnoʊˌkleɪmz'boʊ- **-es** -ɪz

no-confidence ˌnəʊ'kɒn.fɪ.dᵊnts ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'kɑːn-

noctambul|ism nɒk'tæm.bjə.l|ɪ.zᵊm, -bjʊ- ⓤⓢ nɑːk'tæm.bjuː-, -bjə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Noctes Ambrosianae ˌnɒk.teɪsˌæm.brəʊ.zi'ɑː.naɪ, -brɒs.i'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːk.tiːz.æm.broʊ.si'eɪ.ni

nocturn(e) 'nɒk.tɜːn, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'nɑːk.tɝːn **-s** -z

nocturnal nɒk'tɜː.nᵊl ⓤⓢ nɑːk'tɝː- **-ly** -i

nocuous 'nɒk.ju.əs ⓤⓢ 'nɑːk- **-ly** -li

nod (N) nɒd ⓤⓢ nɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd

nodal 'nəʊ.dᵊl ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-ly** -i

nodding 'nɒd.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.dɪŋ

noddle 'nɒd.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.dᵊl **-s** -z

nodd|y (N) 'nɒd|.i ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz

node nəʊd ⓤⓢ noʊd **-s** -z

nodul|ar 'nɒd.jə.l|əʳ, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.djuː.l|ɚ, -djə- **-ous** -əs

nodule 'nɒd.juːl ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.djuːl **-s** -z

Noel, Noël *personal name:* nəʊəl ⓤⓢ noʊəl *Christmas:* nəʊ'el ⓤⓢ noʊ-

no-fault 'nəʊ.fɔːlt, -fɒlt ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.fɔːlt, -fɑːlt

no-fly ˌnəʊ'flaɪ ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌno-fly 'zone

no-frills ˌnəʊ'frɪlz ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌno-frills 'service

noggin 'nɒg.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.gɪn **-s** -z

no-go ˌnəʊ'gəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'goʊ *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**no-go** '**area**

no-good ˌnəʊ'gʊd ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌno-good 'cheat

Noh nəʊ ⓤⓢ noʊ

no-holds-barred ˌnəʊˌhəʊldz'bɑːd ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊˌhoʊldz'bɑːrd *stress shift:* ˌno-holds-barred 'contest

no-hoper ˌnəʊ'həʊ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ'hoʊ.pɚ **-s** -z

nohow 'nəʊ.haʊ ⓤⓢ 'noʊ-

noir nwɑːʳ ⓤⓢ nwɑːr

nois|e nɔɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

noiseless 'nɔɪz.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

noisemaker 'nɔɪzˌmeɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ **-s** -z

noisette nwɑː'zet **-s** -s

noisettes (*alternative plur. of* **noisette**) nwɑː'zet

noisome 'nɔɪ.səm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

nois|y 'nɔɪ.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Nokes nəʊks ⓤⓢ noʊks

Nokia® 'nɒk.i.ə ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.ki-

Nokomis nəʊ'kəʊ.mɪs ⓤⓢ noʊ'koʊ-

Nolan 'nəʊ.lən ⓤⓢ 'noʊ-

noli me tangere ˌnəʊ.liˌmeɪ'tæŋ.gə.reɪ, '-dʒə- ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ-

Noll nɒl ⓤⓢ nɑːl

nolo contendere ˌnəʊ.ləʊ.kɒn'ten.dᵊr.i, -eɪ ⓤⓢ ˌnoʊ.loʊ.kən'-

Nolte 'nɒl.ti ⓤⓢ 'noʊl.ti

noma 'nəʊ.mə ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-s** -z

nomad 'nəʊ.mæd ⓤⓢ 'noʊ- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

nomadic nəʊ'mæd.ɪk ⓤⓢ noʊ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

no-man's-land 'nəʊ.mænz.lænd ⓤⓢ 'noʊ-

nom(s) de guerre ˌnɔ̃ːn.də'geəʳ, ˌnɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːm.də'ger

nom(s) de plume ˌnɔ̃ːn.də'pluːm, ˌnɒm- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːm.də'-

-nome nəʊm, noʊm

Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **metronome** /'met.rə.nəʊm ⓤⓢ -noʊm/.

nomenclature nəʊ'meŋ.klə.tʃəʳ; 'nəʊ.men.kleɪ-, -mən- ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.men.kleɪ.tʃɚ, -mən-; noʊ'men.klə- **-s** -z

-nomic 'nɒm.ɪk, 'nəʊ.mɪk ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.mɪk, 'noʊ- **-s** -s

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-nomic** normally carry primary stress on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **ergonomic** /ˌɜː.gə'nɒm.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌɜːr.gə'nɑː.mɪk/.

nominal 'nɒm.ɪ.nᵊl, -ᵊn.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.mə.nᵊl **-ly** -i

nomi|nate 'nɒm.ɪ|.neɪt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

nomination ˌnɒm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.mə'- **-s** -z

nominative 'nɒm.ɪ.nə.tɪv, -ᵊn.ə- ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.mə.nə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z

nominee ˌnɒm.ɪ'niː, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.mə'- **-s** -z

Nomura nəʊ'mʊə.rə, -'mjʊə- ⓤⓢ noʊ'muː.rə

-nomy nə.mi

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-nomy** normally carry stress on the syllable preceding the suffix, e.g. **astronomy** /ə'strɒn.ə.mi ⓤⓢ -'strɑː.nə-/.

non- ˌnɒn ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːn

Note: Prefix. In words containing **non-**, the stress pattern of the stem to which it is added does not normally change, e.g. **verbal** /'vɜː.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'vɜːr-/, **nonverbal** /ˌnɒn'vɜː.bᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːn'vɜːr-/.

non nɒn ⓤⓢ nɑːn

non-acceptance ˌnɒn.ək'sep.tᵊnts, -æk'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nək'-

nonage 'nəʊ.nɪdʒ, 'nɒn.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.nɪdʒ, 'noʊ-, -neɪdʒ

nonagenarian ˌnəʊ.nə.dʒə'neə.ri.ən, ˌnɒn.ə-, -dʒɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nə.dʒə'ner.i-, ˌnoʊ- **-s** -z

nonaggression ˌnɒn.ə'greʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nə'-

nonagon 'nɒn.ə.gɒn, 'nəʊ.nə- ⓤⓢ 'nɑː.nə.gɑːn, 'noʊ- **-s** -z

nonalcoholic ˌnɒn.æl.kə'hɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.næl.kə'hɑː.lɪk

nonalign|ed ˌnɒn.ᵊl'aɪn|d ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nə'laɪn|d **-ment** -mənt

non-appearance ˌnɒn.ə'pɪə.rᵊnts ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nə'pɪr.ᵊnts

nonary 'nəʊ.nᵊr.i, 'nɒn.ᵊr- ⓤⓢ 'noʊ.nɚ-, 'nɑː-

non-attendance ˌnɒn.ə'ten.dᵊnts ⓤⓢ ˌnɑː.nə'-

nonbeliever ˌnɒn.bɪ'liː.vəʳ, ˌnɒm-, -bə'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːn.bɪ'liː.vɚ, -bə'- **-s** -z

non-biological ˌnɒnˌbaɪə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːn.baɪə'lɑː.dʒɪ-

nonc|e nɒnts ⓤⓢ nɑːnts **-es** -ɪz '**nonce** ˌ**word**

non-certifiable ˌnɒnˌsɜː.tɪ'faɪ.ə.bᵊl, -tə'- ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːnˌsɝː.t̬ə'-

nonchalance 'nɒn.tʃᵊl.ənts ⓤⓢ ˌnɑːn.ʃə'lɑːnts

onchalant 'nɒn.tʃəl.ənt (US) ˌnɑːn.ʃə'lɑːnt -ly -li
on-collegiate ˌnɒn.kəl'iː.dʒi.ət, ˌnɒŋ-, -kɒl'-, '-dʒət (US) ˌnɑːn.kə'liː.dʒɪt, -dʒi.ɪt -s -s
on-combatant ˌnɒn'kɒm.bə.tənt, ˌnɒŋ-, -'kʌm-; -kəm'bæt.ənt (US) ˌnɑːn.kəm'bæt.ənt; ˌnɑːn'kɑːm.bə.tənt -s -s
oncommercial ˌnɒn.kə'mɜː.ʃəl, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kə'mɝː-
on-commissioned ˌnɒn.kə'mɪʃ.ənd, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**non-commissioned** '**officer**
oncommitt|al ˌnɒn.kə'mɪt|.əl, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kə'mɪt̬- **-ally** -əl.i *stress shift:* ˌnoncommittal 'answer
oncompetitive ˌnɒn.kəm'pet.ə.tɪv, 'nɒŋ-, '-ɪ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kəm'pet̬.ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌnoncompetitive 'games
on-compliance ˌnɒn.kəm'plaɪ.ənts, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn-
on compos mentis ˌnɒnˌkɒm.pəs'men.tɪs, ˌnɒŋ-, -pɒs'- (US) ˌnɑːnˌkɑːm.poʊs'men.t̬ɪs, -pəs'-
on-conducting ˌnɒn.kən'dʌk.tɪŋ, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnon-conducting 'substance
onconductor ˌnɒn.kən'dʌk.təʳ, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kən'dʌk.tɚ -s -z
onconform|ist ˌnɒn.kən'fɔː.m|ɪst, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kən'fɔːr- **-ists** -ɪsts **-ism** -ɪ.zəm *stress shift:* ˌnonconformist 'stance
onconformity ˌnɒn.kən'fɔː.mə.ti, ˌnɒŋ-, -mɪ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kən'fɔːr.mə.t̬i
oncontiguous ˌnɒn.kən'tɪg.ju.əs, ˌnɒŋ-, -kɒn'- (US) ˌnɑːn.kən'- **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌnoncontiguous 'boundaries
oncontributory ˌnɒn.kən'trɪb.jə.tər.i, ˌnɒŋ-, -jʊ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kən'trɪb.juː.tɔːr-, -jə- *stress shift:* ˌnoncontributory 'action
oncooperation ˌnɒn.kəʊˌɒp.ər'eɪ.ʃən, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.koʊˌɑː.pə'reɪ-
oncooperationist ˌnɒn.kəʊˌɒp.ər'eɪ.ʃən.ɪst, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.koʊˌɑː.pə'reɪ- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌnon-cooperationist 'stance
oncorrosive ˌnɒn.kər'əʊ.sɪv, ˌnɒŋ-, -zɪv (US) ˌnɑːn.kə'roʊ- *stress shift:* ˌnoncorrosive 'acid
on-custodial ˌnɒn.kʌs'təʊ.di.əl, ˌnɒŋ- (US) ˌnɑːn.kʌs'toʊ- *stress shift:* ˌnon-custodial 'sentence
ondairy ˌnɒn'deə.ri (US) ˌnɑːn'der.i *stress shift:* ˌnondairy 'product
on-delivery ˌnɒn.dɪ'lɪv.ər.i, -də'- (US) ˌnɑːn.də'-, '-ri
ondenominational ˌnɒn.dɪˌnɒm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən.əl, -dəˌ-, -'neɪʃ.nəl (US) ˌnɑːn.dəˌnɑː.mə'- *stress shift:* ˌnondenominational 'policy
ondescript 'nɒn.dɪ.skrɪpt, -də- (US) 'nɑːn.dɪ-, ˌ--'- -s -s
ondriver ˌnɒn'draɪ.vəʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'draɪ.vɚ -s -z

none *(adj, pron, adv.) not any:* nʌn, nɒn (US) nʌn
none (N) *(n.) church service:* nəʊn (US) noʊn -s -z
nonentit|y ˌnɒn'en.tə.t|i, nə'nen-, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌnɑː'nen.t̬ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
nones (N) nəʊnz (US) noʊnz
non-essential ˌnɒn.ɪ'sen.tʃəl (US) ˌnɑː.nɪ'- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌnon-essential 'item
nonesuch 'nʌn.sʌtʃ (US) 'nɒn-, 'nʌn- -es -ɪz
nonet nəʊ'net, nɒn'et (US) noʊ'net -s -s
nonetheless ˌnʌn.ðə'les, ˌnɒn- (US) ˌnʌn-
non-event ˌnɒn.ɪ'vent, '--- (US) ˌnɑː.nɪ'vent -s -s
non-existen|t ˌnɒn.ɪg'zɪs.tən|t, -eg'-, -ɪk'sɪs-, -ek'- (US) ˌnɑː.nɪg'zɪs-, -neg'- **-ce** -ts *stress shift:* ˌnonexistent 'means
nonfat ˌnɒn'fæt (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonfat 'substance
non-feasance ˌnɒn'fiː.zənts (US) ˌnɑːn-
nonfiction ˌnɒn'fɪk.ʃən (US) ˌnɑːn-
nonflammab|le ˌnɒn'flæm.ə.b|əl (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonflammable 'clothing
nonillion nəʊ'nɪl.jən, nɒn'ɪl-, '-i.ən (US) noʊ'nɪl.jən -s -z
non-intervention ˌnɒn.ɪn.tə'ven.tʃən (US) ˌnɑː.nɪn.t̬ɚ'vent.ʃən
non-interventionist ˌnɒn.ɪn.tə'ven.tʃən.ɪst (US) ˌnɑː.nɪn.tɚ'vent.ʃən- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌnon-interventionist 'policy
nonjudgmental ˌnɒn.dʒʌdʒ'men.təl (US) ˌnɑːn.dʒʌdʒ'men.t̬əl **-ly** -i *stress shift:* ˌnonjudgmental 'view
nonjuror ˌnɒn'dʒʊə.rəʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'dʒʊr.ɚ, -ɔːr -s -z
nonlinear ˌnɒn'lɪn.i.əʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'lɪn.i.ɚ *stress shift:* ˌnonlinear 'theory
non-member ˌnɒn'mem.bəʳ, '--- (US) ˌnɑːn'mem.bɚ, '--- -s -z
non-nuclear ˌnɒn'njuː.kli.əʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'nuː.kli.ɚ, -'njuː- *stress shift:* ˌnon-nuclear 'power
no-no 'nəʊ.nəʊ (US) 'noʊ.noʊ -s -z
non-observance ˌnɒn.əb'zɜː.vənts (US) ˌnɑː.nəb'zɝː-
non obstante ˌnɒn.ɒb'stæn.teɪ (US) ˌnɑːn.əb'stæn.ti, -'stɑːn-
non obstante verdicto ˌnɒn.ɒbˌstæn.teɪ.vɜː'dɪk.təʊ, -və'- (US) ˌnɑːn.əbˌstæn.ti.ver'dɪk.toʊ, -ˌstɑːn-
nonoccurrence ˌnɒn.ə'kʌr.ənts (US) ˌnɑː.nə'kɝː-
no-nonsense ˌnəʊ'nɒnt.sənts (US) ˌnoʊ'nɑːnt.sents *stress shift:* ˌno-nonsense 'attitude
nonoperational ˌnɒn.ɒp.ə'reɪ.ʃən.əl, -'reɪʃ.nəl (US) ˌnɑː.nɑː.pə'reɪ.ʃən.əl, -'reɪʃ.nəl *stress shift:* ˌnonoperational 'forces
nonpareil ˌnɒn.pə'reɪl, ˌnɒm-, -'eɪ (US) ˌnɑːn.pə'rel

non-payment ˌnɒn'peɪ.mənt, ˌnɒm- (US) ˌnɑːn-
nonplaying ˌnɒn'pleɪ.ɪŋ, ˌnɒm- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonplaying 'team
nonplus ˌnɒn'plʌs, ˌnɒm- (US) ˌnɑːn- -ses -ɪz **-sing** -ɪŋ **-sed** -t
nonprofit ˌnɒn'prɒf.ɪt (US) ˌnɑːn'prɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌnonprofit organi'zation
non-profit-making ˌnɒn'prɒf.ɪtˌmeɪ.kɪŋ, ˌnɒm- (US) ˌnɑːn'prɑː.fɪt- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**non-profit-making** ˌ**organi'sation**
nonproliferation ˌnɒn.prəˌlɪf.ə'reɪ.ʃən, ˌnɒm- (US) ˌnɑːn-
nonrefundable ˌnɒn.rɪ'fʌnd.ə.bəl, -riː'- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonrefundable 'money
nonresident ˌnɒn'rez.ɪ.dənt, '-ə- (US) ˌnɑːn- -s -s
nonrestrictive ˌnɒn.rɪ'strɪk.tɪv, -rə'- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonrestrictive 'clause
nonreturnable ˌnɒn.rɪ'tɜː.nə.bəl, -rə'- (US) ˌnɑːn.rɪ'tɝː- *stress shift:* ˌnonreturnable 'goods
nonsectarian ˌnɒn.sek'teə.ri.ən (US) ˌnɑːn.sek'ter.i- *stress shift:* ˌnonsectarian 'violence
nonsense 'nɒn.sənts (US) 'nɑːn.sents, -sənts '**nonsense** ˌ**verse**
nonsensical ˌnɒn'sent.sɪ.kəl (US) ˌnɑːn- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
non sequitur ˌnɒn'sek.wɪ.təʳ, ˌnəʊn-, -wə- (US) ˌnɑːn'sek.wɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
nonskid ˌnɒn'skɪd (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonskid 'surface
nonslip ˌnɒn'slɪp (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonslip 'surface
nonsmok|er ˌnɒn'sməʊ.k|əʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'smoʊ.k|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
nonspecific ˌnɒn.spə'sɪf.ɪk, -spɪ'- (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonspecific 'order
nonstandard ˌnɒn'stæn.dəd (US) ˌnɑːn'stæn.dɚd *stress shift:* ˌnonstandard 'fitting
nonstarter ˌnɒn'stɑː.təʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'stɑːr.t̬ɚ -s -z
nonstick ˌnɒn'stɪk (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonstick 'coating
non-stop ˌnɒn'stɒp (US) ˌnɑːn'stɑːp *stress shift:* ˌnon-stop 'music
nonsuch (N) 'nʌn.sʌtʃ
nonsui|t ˌnɒn'suː|t, -'sjuː|t (US) ˌnɑːn'suː|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
nonswimmer ˌnɒn'swɪm.əʳ (US) ˌnɑːn'swɪm.ɚ -s -z
nontrivial ˌnɒn'trɪv.i.əl (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnontrivial 'problem
non-U ˌnɒn'juː (US) ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnon-U 'accent
nonunion ˌnɒn'juː.njən, '-ni.ən (US) ˌnɑːn'juː.njən *stress shift:* ˌnonunion 'members

non-user ˌnɒnˈjuː.zəʳ US ˌnɑːnˈjuː.zɚ *stress shift:* ˌnon-user ˈguide

nonverbal ˌnɒnˈvɜː.bəl US ˌnɑːnˈvɝː- *stress shift:* ˌnonverbal ˈmessage

non-violen|t ˌnɒnˈvaɪə.lən|t US ˌnɑːn- **-ly** -li **-ce** *-ts stress shift:* ˌnon-violent ˈpolicy

nonvoter ˌnɒnˈvəʊ.təʳ US ˌnɑːnˈvoʊ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

nonwhite ˌnɒnˈwaɪt US ˌnɑːn- *stress shift:* ˌnonwhite ˈprejudice

noodle ˈnuː.dəl **-s** -z

nook nʊk **-s** -s ˌ**nook and** ˈ**cranny**

nooky, nookie ˈnʊk.i

noon nuːn **-s** -z

Noonan ˈnuː.nən

noonday ˈnuːn.deɪ

no one ˈnəʊ.wʌn US ˈnoʊ-

noontide ˈnuːn.taɪd

noos|e nuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

nope nəʊp US noʊp

noplace ˈnəʊ.pleɪs US ˈnoʊ-

nor *normal form:* nɔːʳ US nɔːr *weak form:* nəʳ, nɚ

Note: Occasional weak form word. The pronunciation is normally /nɔːʳ US nɔːr/, but, particularly in British English, there is a weak form /nəʳ US nɚ/, as in "no use to man nor beast" /nəʊˌjuːs.təˌmæn.nəˈbiːst US noʊˌjuːs.təˌmæn.nɚ-/.

Nora(h) ˈnɔː.rə US ˈnɔːr.ə

NORAD ˈnɔː.ræd US ˈnɔːr.æd

noradrenalin(e) ˌnɔː.rəˈdren.əl.ɪn, ˌnɒr.əˈ-, -iːn US ˌnɔːr.əˈdren.ə.lɪn

Noraid ˈnɔː.reɪd US ˈnɔːr.eɪd

Norden ˈnɔː.dən US ˈnɔːr-

Nordenfelt ˈnɔː.dən.felt US ˈnɔːr-

Nordic ˈnɔː.dɪk US ˈnɔːr-

Nore nɔːʳ US nɔːr

Norf. (*abbrev. for* **Norfolk**) ˈnɔː.fək US ˈnɔːr-, -fɔːk, -foʊk

Norfolk ˈnɔː.fək US ˈnɔːr-, -fɔːk, -foʊk ˌ**Norfolk** ˈ**Broads**

Norgate ˈnɔː.geɪt, -gɪt US ˈnɔːr-

Norham ˈnɒr.əm, ˈnɔː.rəm US ˈnɔːr.əm

nori ˈnɒr.i, ˈnɔː.ri US ˈnɔːr.i

Noriega ˌnɒr.iˈeɪ.gə US ˌnɔːr-

Norland ˈnɔː.lənd US ˈnɔːr-

norm nɔːm US nɔːrm **-s** -z

Norma ˈnɔː.mə US ˈnɔːr-

normal ˈnɔː.məl US ˈnɔːr- **-ly** -i

normalcy ˈnɔː.məl.si US ˈnɔːr-

normality nɔːˈmæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US nɔːrˈmæl.ə.t̬i

normalization, -isa- ˌnɔː.məl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- US ˌnɔːr.məl.ɪˈ-

normaliz|e, -is|e ˈnɔː.məl.aɪz US ˈnɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

normally ˈnɔː.məl.i US ˈnɔːr-

Norman ˈnɔː.mən US ˈnɔːr- **-s** -z ˌ**Norman** ˈ**conquest**

Normanby ˈnɔː.mən.bi, -məm- US ˈnɔːr-

Normandy *in France:* ˈnɔː.mən.di US ˈnɔːr- *in Surrey:* ˈnɔː.mən.di US ˈnɔːr- *also locally:* nɔːˈmæn.di, nɔːr-

Normanton ˈnɔː.mən.tən US ˈnɔːr-

normative ˈnɔː.mə.tɪv US ˈnɔːr.mə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li

Norn nɔːn US nɔːrn **-s** -z

Norodom Sihanouk ˌnɒr.ə.dɒmˈsiː.jæn.ʊk US ˌnɔːr.ə.dɑːm-, -jɑː.nʊk

Norris ˈnɒr.ɪs US ˈnɔːr-

Norrköping ˈnɔː.tʃɜː.pɪŋ US ˈnɔːr-

Norroy ˈnɒr.ɔɪ US ˈnɔːr- **-s** -z

Norse nɔːs US nɔːrs **-man** -mən **-men** -mən, -men

north (N) nɔːθ US nɔːrθ ˌ**North A'merica;** ˌ**North At'lantic;** ˌ**North Caro'lina;** ˌ**North Da'kota;** ˈ**North** ˌ**Island;** ˌ**North Ko'rea;** ˌ**north** ˈ**pole;** ˌ**North** ˈ**Sea**

Northallerton ˌnɔːˈθæl.ə.tən US ˌnɔːrθˈæl.ɚ.t̬ən

Northampton ˌnɔːˈθæmp.tən, ˌnɔːθˈhæmp- *locally:* nəˈθæmp- US ˌnɔːrˈθæmp-, ˌnɔːrθˈhæmp- **-shire** -ʃəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪəʳ, -ˌʃɪr

Northanger nɔːˈθæŋ.gəʳ, -əʳ; ˈnɔː.θæŋ-, ˈnɔːθ.hæŋ- US nɔːrˈθæŋ.gɚ, -ɚ; ˈnɔːr.θæŋ-, ˈnɔːrθ.hæŋ-

Northants. (*abbrev. for* **Northamptonshire**) ˈnɔː.θænts, -ˈ- US ˈnɔːr.θænts, -ˈ-

North Baddesley ˌnɔːθˈbædz.li US ˌnɔːrθ-

northbound ˈnɔːθ.baʊnd US ˈnɔːrθ-

Northbrook ˈnɔːθ.brʊk US ˈnɔːrθ-

Northcliffe ˈnɔːθ.klɪf US ˈnɔːrθ-

Northcote ˈnɔːθ.kət, -kəʊt US ˈnɔːrθ.kət, -koʊt

northeast (N) ˌnɔːθˈiːst US ˌnɔːrθ- *nautical pronunciation:* ˌnɔːˈriːst, ˌnɔːrˈiːst **-wards** -wədz US -wɚdz *stress shift:* ˌnortheast ˈwind

northeaster ˌnɔːθˈiː.stəʳ US ˌnɔːrθˈiː.stɚ *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔːˈriː-, ˌnɔːrˈiː- **-s** -z

northeasterl|y ˌnɔːθˈiː.stəl.|i US ˌnɔːrθˈiː.stɚ.l|i *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔːˈriː-, ˌnɔːrˈiː- **-ies** -iz

northeastern (N) ˌnɔːθˈiː.stən US ˌnɔːrθˈiː.stɚn *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔːˈriː-, ˌnɔːrˈiː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

northeastward ˌnɔːθˈiːst.wəd US ˌnɔːrθˈiːst.wɚd *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔːˈriː-, ˌnɔːrˈiː- **-s** -z

Northen ˈnɔː.ðən US ˈnɔːr-

northerl|y ˈnɔː.ðəl.|i US ˈnɔːr.ðɚ.l|i **-ies** -iz

northern (N) ˈnɔː.ðən US ˈnɔːr.ðɚn **-most** -məʊst, -məst US -moʊst, -məst ˌ**Northern** ˈ**Ireland;** ˌ**northern** ˈ**lights;** ˌ**Northern** ˈ**Territory**

northerner (N) ˈnɔː.ðən.əʳ US ˈnɔːr.ðɚ.nɚ **-s** -z

Northfield ˈnɔːθ.fiːld US ˈnɔːrθ-

Northfleet ˈnɔːθ.fliːt US ˈnɔːrθ-

northing ˈnɔː.θɪŋ US ˈnɔːr-

Northland ˈnɔːθ.lənd US ˈnɔːrθ.lænd, -lənd

North|man ˈnɔːθ|.mən US ˈnɔːrθ- **-men** -mən, -men

north-northeast ˌnɔːθ.nɔːθˈiːst US ˌnɔːrθ.nɔːrθˈ- *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔː.nɔːˈriːst, ˌnɔːr.nɔːrˈiːst

north-northwest ˌnɔːθ.nɔːθˈwest US ˌnɔːrθ.nɔːrθˈ- *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔː.nɔːˈ-, ˌnɔːr.nɔːrˈ-

Northolt ˈnɔː.θəʊlt US ˈnɔːr.θoʊlt

North-South ˌnɔːθˈsaʊθ US ˌnɔːrθ- ˌ**North-**ˌ**South di'vide**

Northumberland nɔːˈθʌmb.əl.ənd, nə- US nɔːrˈθʌm.bɚ.lənd

Northumbri|a nɔːˈθʌm.bri|.ə US nɔːr- **-an/s** -ən/z

northward ˈnɔːθ.wəd US ˈnɔːrθ.wɚd **-s** -z **-ly** -li

northwest (N) ˌnɔːθˈwest US ˌnɔːrθ- *nautical pronunciation:* ˌnɔːˈwest, ˌnɔːr- **-wards** -wədz US -wɚdz *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Northwest** ˈ**Territories**

northwesterl|y ˌnɔːθˈwes.təl.|i US ˌnɔːrθˈwes.tɚ.l|i *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔː-, ˌnɔːr- **-ies** -iz

northwestern (N) ˌnɔːθˈwes.tən US ˌnɔːrθˈwes.tɚn *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔː-, ˌnɔːr- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

northwestward ˌnɔːθˈwest.wəd US ˌnɔːrθˈwest.wɚd *in nautical usage also:* ˌnɔː-, ˌnɔːr-

Northwich ˈnɔːθ.wɪtʃ US ˈnɔːrθ-

Northwood ˈnɔːθ.wʊd US ˈnɔːrθ-

Norton ˈnɔː.tən US ˈnɔːr-

Norton Radstock ˌnɔː.tənˈræd.stɒk US ˌnɔːr.tənˈræd.stɑːk

Norway ˈnɔː.weɪ US ˈnɔːr-

Norwegian nɔːˈwiː.dʒən US nɔːr- **-s** -z

Norwich *in England:* ˈnɒr.ɪdʒ, -ɪtʃ US ˈnɔːr.ɪtʃ, -wɪtʃ *in US:* ˈnɔː.wɪtʃ US ˈnɔːr-

Norwood ˈnɔː.wʊd US ˈnɔːr-

nos. (N) (*abbrev. for* **numbers**) ˈnʌm.bəz US -bɚz

nos|e nəʊz US noʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**nose** ˌ**ring;** ˌ**cut off one's** ˌ**nose to** ˌ**spite one's** ˈ**face;** ˌ**keep one's** ˌ**nose to the** ˈ**grindstone;** ˌ**look down one's** ˈ**nose at;** ˌ**pay through the** ˈ**nose (for);** ˌ**poke one's** ˈ**nose (into)**

nosebag ˈnəʊz.bæg US ˈnoʊz- **-s** -z

nosebleed ˈnəʊz.bliːd US ˈnoʊz- **-s** -z

nosediv|e ˈnəʊz.daɪv US ˈnoʊz- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

no-see-um ˌnəʊˈsiː.əm US ˌnoʊ- **-s** -z

nosegay ˈnəʊz.geɪ US ˈnoʊz- **-s** -z

nos|ey ˈnəʊ.z|i US ˈnoʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Nosferatu ˌnɒs.fəˈrɑː.tuː US ˌnɑːs-

nosh nɒʃ US nɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

no-show ˌnəʊˈʃəʊ US ˈnoʊˌʃoʊ *stress shift, British only:* ˌno-show ˈpassenger

nosh-up ˈnɒʃ.ʌp US ˈnɑːʃ- **-s** -s

nostalg|ia nɒsˈtæl.dʒ|ə, -dʒ|i.ə US nɑːˈstæl.dʒ|ə, nə-, nɔː-, -dʒ|i.ə **-ic** -ɪk **-ically** -ɪ.kəl.i, -ɪ.kli

Nostradamus ˌnɒs.trəˈdeɪ.məs, -ˈdɑː- US ˌnoʊ.strəˈdɑː-, ˌnɑː.strəˈdeɪ-

tril 'nɒs.trəl, -trɪl (US) 'nɑː.strəl **-s** -z
tromo nɒs'trəʊ.məʊ
nɑː'stroʊ.moʊ
trum 'nɒs.trəm (US) 'nɑː.strəm **-s** -z
y 'nəʊ.z|i (US) 'noʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US)
ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i
ess -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
y parker ˌnəʊ.zi'pɑː.kəʳ
ˌnoʊ.zi'pɑːr.kɚ **-s** -z
nɒt (US) nɑːt
a bene ˌnəʊ.tɑː'ben.eɪ, -tə'biː.ni
ˌnoʊ.t̬ə'ben.eɪ, -tɑː'-, -'biː.ni
abilit|y ˌnəʊ.tə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
ˌnoʊ.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
ab|le 'nəʊ.tə.b|əl (US) 'noʊ.t̬ə- **-ly**
-leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
arial nəʊ'teə.ri.əl (US) noʊ'ter.i-
-i
ariz|e, -is|e 'nəʊ.tər.aɪz (US)
ʊ.t̬ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ar|y 'nəʊ.tər|.i (US) 'noʊ.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz
a|te nəʊ'teɪ|t (US) 'noʊ.teɪ|t **-tes** -ts
ng -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
ation nəʊ'teɪ.ʃən (US) noʊ- **-s** -z
ch nɒtʃ (US) nɑːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
l -t
e nəʊt (US) noʊt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
'noʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'noʊ.t̬ɪd
ebook 'nəʊt.bʊk (US) 'noʊt- **-s** -s
elet 'nəʊt.lət, -lɪt (US) 'noʊt- **-s** -s
epad 'nəʊt.pæd (US) 'noʊt- **-s** -z
epaper 'nəʊtˌpeɪ.pəʳ (US)
ʊtˌpeɪ.pɚ
eworth|y 'nəʊtˌwɜː.ð|i
'noʊtˌwɝː- **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i
ess -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
for-profit ˌnɒt.fə'prɒf.ɪt
ˌnɑːt.fɚ'prɑː.fɪt
hing 'nʌθ.ɪŋ, 'nɒθ- (US) 'nʌθ- **-s** -z
ess -nəs, -nɪs
c|e 'nəʊ.tɪs (US) 'noʊ.t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
ceab|le 'nəʊ.tɪ.sə.b|əl
'noʊ.t̬ɪ- **-ly** -li
ice-board 'nəʊ.tɪs.bɔːd
'noʊ.t̬ɪs.bɔːrd **-s** -z
ifiable 'nəʊ.tɪ.faɪ.ə.bəl, -tə-,
ʊ.tɪ'faɪ-, -tə'- (US) 'noʊ.t̬ə.faɪ-
ification ˌnəʊ.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -tə-
ˌnoʊ.t̬ə- **-s** -z
i|fy 'nəʊ.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- (US) 'noʊ.t̬ə-
es -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
ion 'nəʊ.ʃən (US) 'noʊ- **-s** -z
ional 'nəʊ.ʃən.əl, 'nəʊʃ.nəl
'noʊ.ʃən.əl, 'noʊʃ.nəl **-ly** -i
oriety ˌnəʊ.tər'aɪ.ə.ti
ˌnoʊ.t̬ə'raɪ.ə.t̬i
orious nəʊ'tɔː.ri.əs (US)
ʊ'tɔːr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
re Dame *in France:*
əʊ.trə'dɑːm, ˌnɒt.rə'-
ˌnoʊ.trə'-, ˌnoʊ.t̬ə'-, -'deɪm *in*
e US: ˌnəʊ.trə'deɪm (US) ˌnoʊ.t̬ɚ'-
tingham 'nɒt.ɪŋ.əm (US) 'nɑː.t̬ɪŋ-
hire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
ting Hill ˌnɒt.ɪŋ'hɪl (US) ˌnɑː.t̬ɪŋ'-
ress shift, see compound: ˌ**Notting**
ll 'Gate

Notts. (*abbrev. for* **Nottinghamshire**)
nɒts (US) nɑːts
notwithstanding
ˌnɒt.wɪθ'stæn.dɪŋ, -wɪð'- (US) ˌnɑːt-
Nouakchott nu'ɑːk.ʃɒt (US)
'nwɑːk.ʃɑːt, -'-
nougat 'nuː.gɑː, 'nʌg.ət (US) 'nuː.gət
nougats 'nuː.gɑːz, 'nʌg.əts (US)
'nuː.gəts
nought nɔːt (US) nɑːt, nɔːt **-s** -s
ˌ**noughts and 'crosses**
noumen|on 'nuː.mə.n|ən, 'naʊ-,
-mɪ-, -n|ɒn (US) 'nuː.mə.n|ɑːn **-a** -ə
-al -əl
noun naʊn **-s** -z
nourish 'nʌr.ɪʃ (US) 'nɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt
nourishing 'nʌr.ɪ.ʃɪŋ (US) 'nɝː-
nous naʊs (US) nuːs, naʊs
nouveau(x) 'nuː.vəʊ, -'- (US) nuː'voʊ,
'--
nouveau(x) riche(s) ˌnuː.vəʊ'riːʃ
(US) -voʊ'-
nouveau roman ˌnuː.vəʊ.rəʊ'mɑ̃ːŋ
(US) -voʊ.roʊ'mɑːn
nouvelle cuisine ˌnuː.vel.kwɪ'ziːn,
nuːˌvel-, -kwə'-, -kwiː- (US) nuːˌvel-
nouvelle vague (N) ˌnuː.vel'vɑːg
Nov. (*abbrev. for* **November**) nɒv,
nəʊ'vem.bəʳ (US) noʊ'vem.bɚ
nov|a (N) 'nəʊ.v|ə (US) 'noʊ- **-ae** -iː **-as**
-əz
Nova Scotia ˌnəʊ.və'skəʊ.ʃə
(US) ˌnoʊ.və'skoʊ-
novation nəʊ'veɪ.ʃən (US) noʊ-
Novaya Zemlya ˌnɒv.ə.jə.zem'ljɑː,
ˌ-ɑː- (US) ˌnɔː.vɑː.jɑː-, ˌnoʊ-
novel 'nɒv.əl (US) 'nɑː.vəl **-istic**
--'ɪs.tɪk **-s** -z
novelette ˌnɒv.əl'et (US) ˌnɑː.vəl'- **-s** -s
novelist 'nɒv.əl.ɪst (US) 'nɑː.vəl- **-s** -s
novelization, -isation
ˌnɒv.əl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) ˌnɑː.vəl.ɪ'-
-s -z
noveliz|e, -is|e 'nɒv.əl.aɪz (US)
'nɑː.və.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
novel|la nəʊ'vel|.ə (US) noʊ- **-las** -z
-le -eɪ
Novello nə'vel.əʊ (US) -oʊ
novelt|y 'nɒv.əl.t|i (US) 'nɑː.vəl.t̬|i
-ies -iz
November nəʊ'vem.bəʳ (US)
noʊ'vem.bɚ **-s** -z
novena nəʊ'viː.nə (US) noʊ- **-s** -z
Novgorod 'nɒv.gə.rɒd (US)
'nɔːv.gə.rɑːd, 'nɑːv-, -rɑːt
Novial 'nəʊ.vi.əl (US) 'noʊ-
novic|e 'nɒv.ɪs (US) 'nɑː.vɪs **-es** -ɪz
novitiate nəʊ'vɪʃ.i.ət, nɒv'ɪʃ-, -eɪt,
-ɪt (US) noʊ'vɪʃ.ɪt, '-i.ɪt, -eɪt **-s** -s
Novocaine® 'nəʊ.vəʊ.keɪn, 'nɒv.əʊ-
(US) 'noʊ.və-
Novosibirsk ˌnəʊ.vəʊ.sɪ'bɪəsk,
ˌnɒv.əʊ-, -sə'- (US) ˌnoʊ.və.sɪ'bɪrsk,
-sə'-
Novotna nəʊ'vɒt.nə, 'nɒv.ɒt.nə
(US) nə'vɑːt.nə
Novum Organum
ˌnəʊ.vəm'ɔː.gə.nəm, -ɔː'gɑː.nəm
(US) ˌnoʊ.vəm'ɔːr.gə.nəm; -ɔːr'gæn-
now naʊ
NOW naʊ
nowadays 'naʊ.ə.deɪz, 'naʊə-
Nowell *personal name:* nəʊəl; 'nəʊ.el
(US) noʊəl; 'noʊ.el *Christmas:* nəʊ'el
(US) noʊ-
nowhere 'nəʊ.*h*weəʳ (US) 'noʊ.*h*wer
no-win ˌnəʊ'wɪn (US) ˌnoʊ- *stress shift,*
see compound: ˌ**no-win situ'ation**
no-win-no-fee ˌnəʊ.wɪnˌnəʊ'fiː (US)
ˌnoʊ.wɪnˌnoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌno-win-
ˌno-fee 'claim
nowise 'nəʊ.waɪz (US) 'noʊ-
nowt naʊt
noxious 'nɒk.ʃəs (US) 'nɑːk- **-ly** -li
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
Noye nɔɪ
Noyes nɔɪz
nozzle 'nɒz.əl (US) 'nɑː.zəl **-s** -z
nr (*abbrev. for* **near**) nɪəʳ (US) nɪr
NSPCC ˌen.esˌpiː.siː'siː
-n't ənt
Note: Weak form suffix. This spelling
represents a weak form of **not**
which occurs after auxiliary verbs.
nth en*t*θ
nu njuː (US) nuː, njuː
nuanc|e 'njuː.ɑːn*t*s, -ɑ̃ːns, -'- (US)
'nuː.ɑːn*t*s, 'njuː-, -'- **-es** -ɪz
nub nʌb
nubble 'nʌb.əl **-s** -z
nubbly 'nʌb.li, -əl.i
Nubi|a 'njuː.bi|.ə (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
-an/s -ən/z
nubile 'njuː.baɪl (US) 'nuː.bɪl, 'njuː-,
-baɪl, -bəl
nubility njuː'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US)
nuː'bɪl.ə.t̬i, njuː-
nuclear 'njuː.kli.əʳ (US) 'nuː.kli.ɚ,
'njuː- ˌ**nuclear dis'armament;**
ˌ**nuclear 'energy;** ˌ**nuclear 'family;**
ˌ**nuclear 'fusion;** ˌ**nuclear**
'industry; ˌ**nuclear re'actor;**
ˌ**nuclear 'winter**
nuclear-free ˌnjuː.kli.ə'friː (US)
ˌnuː.kli.ɚ'-, ˌnjuː- *stress shift, British*
only, see compound: ˌ**nuclear-free**
'zone (US) ˌ**nuclear-'free** ˌ**zone**
nucleic njuː'kliː.ɪk, -'kleɪ- (US) nuː'kliː-,
njuː-, -'kleɪ- **nu**ˌ**cleic 'acid**
nucleo- ˌnjuː.kli.əʊ (US) ˌnuː.kli.oʊ,
ˌnjuː-, -ə
nucleol|us njuː'kliː.əl|.əs;
ˌnjuː.kli'əʊ.l|əs (US) nuː'kliː.əl|.əs,
njuː- **-i** -aɪ
nucleotide 'njuː.kli.əʊ.taɪd
(US) 'nuː.kli.oʊ-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
nucle|us 'njuː.kli|.əs (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
-uses -əs.ɪz **-i** -aɪ
nuclide 'njuː.klaɪd (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
nude njuːd (US) nuːd, njuːd **-s** -z
nudg|e nʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
nud|ism 'njuː.d|ɪ.zəm (US) 'nuː-, 'njuː-
-ist/s -ɪst/s
nudit|y 'njuː.də.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US)
'nuː.də.t̬|i, 'njuː-
Nuevo Leon nweɪ.vəʊ.leɪ'ɒn (US)
nuː'eɪ.voʊ.leɪ'ɑːn

Nuffield 'nʌf.iːld
nugatory 'njuː.gə.tᵊr.i; njuː'geɪ- ⓤⓢ 'nuː.gə.tɔːr-, 'njuː-
Nugent 'njuː.dʒᵊnt ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
nugg|et 'nʌg|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-ety** -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ţi
nuisanc|e 'njuː.sᵊnts ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-es** -ɪz
Nuit nʌt ⓤⓢ nʌt, nuːt
NUJ ˌen.juː'dʒeɪ
nuk|e njuːk ⓤⓢ nuːk, njuːk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Nuku'alofa ˌnuː.kuː.ə'lɔː.fə
null nʌl ˌ**null and** '**void**
nullah 'nʌl.ə **-s** -z
Nullarbor 'nʌl.ə.bɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ.bɔːr ˌ**Nullarbor** '**Plains**
nullification ˌnʌl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-
nulli|fy 'nʌl.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
nullipar|a nʌl'ɪp.ᵊr|.ə ⓤⓢ nʌl-, nə'lɪp- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz **-ous** -əs
nullit|y 'nʌl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
NUM ˌen.juː'em
Numa Pompilius ˌnjuː.mə.pɒm'pɪl.i.əs ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mə.pɑːm'-, ˌnjuː-
numb nʌm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
numbat 'nʌm.bæt **-s** -s
numb|er 'nʌm.b|əʳ ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erless** -ᵊl.əs, -ɪs ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs ˌ**number** '**one** *stress shift:* ˌnumber one 'fan ˌ**Number** '**10/Ten** *stress shift:* ˌNumber 10/Ten 'Downing Street
number-crunch 'nʌm.bə.krʌntʃ ⓤⓢ -bɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
numberplate 'nʌm.bə.pleɪt ⓤⓢ -bɚ- **-s** -s
Numbers 'nʌm.bəz ⓤⓢ -bɚz
numbing 'nʌm.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
numbskull 'nʌm.skʌl **-s** -z
numerable 'njuː.mᵊr.ə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
numeracy 'njuː.mᵊr.ə.si ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
numeral 'njuː.mᵊr.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -z
numerate *(adj.)* 'njuː.mᵊr.ət, -ɪt ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
numer|ate *(v.)* 'njuː.mᵊr|.eɪt ⓤⓢ 'nuː.mə.r|eɪt, 'njuː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ţɪd
numeration ˌnjuː.mᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mə'reɪ-, ˌnjuː-
numerative 'njuː.mᵊr.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ 'nuː.mɚ.ə.ţɪv, 'njuː- **-s** -z
numerator 'njuː.mᵊr.eɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'nuː.mə.reɪ.ţɚ, 'njuː- **-s** -z
numeric njuː'mer.ɪk ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-s** -s
numerical njuː'mer.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-ly** -i
numerologic|al ˌnjuː.mᵊr.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mɚ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, ˌnjuː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
numerolog|y ˌnjuː.mᵊr'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mə'rɑː.lə-, ˌnjuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
numero uno ˌnuː.mᵊr.əʊ'uː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mə.roʊ'uː.noʊ, ˌnjuː-
numerous 'njuː.mᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Numidi|a njuː'mɪd.i|.ə ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-an/s** -ən/z
numinous 'njuː.mɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
numismatic ˌnjuː.mɪz'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mɪz'mæţ.ɪk, ˌnjuː- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
numismatist njuː'mɪz.mə.tɪst ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-s** -s
numnah 'nʌm.nə **-s** -z
numskull 'nʌm.skʌl **-s** -z
nun (N) nʌn **-s** -z
Nunc Dimittis ˌnʊŋk.dɪ'mɪt.ɪs, ˌnʌŋk-, -daɪ'-, -də'- ⓤⓢ ˌnʊŋk.dɪ'mɪţ- **-es** -ɪz
nunciature 'nʌnt.si.ə.tjʊəʳ, -tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tjʊr, -tʃɚ
nuncio 'nʌn.ʃi.əʊ, -ʃəʊ, 'nʌnt.si- ⓤⓢ 'nʌnt.si.oʊ, 'nʊnt- **-s** -z
Nuneaton nʌn'iː.tᵊn
Nuneham 'njuː.nəm ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
Nunn nʌn
nunner|y 'nʌn.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
NUPE *trades union:* 'njuː.pi ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
Nupe *language and people:* 'nuː.peɪ **-s** -z
nuptial 'nʌp.tʃᵊl, -ʃᵊl **-s** -z
Nuremberg 'njʊə.rəm.bɜːg, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.əm.bɝːg, 'njʊr-
Nureyev 'njʊə.ri.ef; -reɪ-, njʊə'reɪ-, -ev ⓤⓢ 'nʊr.i.ef, nʊ'reɪ.jef
Nurofen® 'njʊə.rəʊ.fen, 'njɔː- ⓤⓢ nuː'roʊ.fən, njʊ'-
nurs|e nɜːs ⓤⓢ nɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
nursemaid 'nɜːs.meɪd ⓤⓢ 'nɝːs- **-s** -z
nurser|y 'nɜː.sᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- **-ies** -iz '**nursery** ˌ**rhyme;** '**nursery** ˌ**school;** '**nursery** ˌ**slope**
nurserymaid 'nɜː.sᵊr.i.meɪd ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- **-s** -z
nursery|man 'nɜː.sᵊr.i|.mən ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- **-men** -mən
nursing 'nɜː.sɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'nɝː- '**nursing** ˌ**home;** ˌ**nursing** '**mother**
nurs(e)ling 'nɜːs.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'nɝːs- **-s** -z
nurt|ure 'nɜː.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'nɝː.tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
NUS ˌen.juː'es
nut *food:* nʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd
Nut *Egyptian goddess:* nʌt ⓤⓢ nʌt, nuːt
NUT *trades union:* ˌen.juː'tiː
nu|tate njuː|'teɪt ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-tates** -'teɪts **-tating** -'teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -'teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'teɪ.ţɪd
nutation njuː'teɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-al** -ᵊl **-s** -z
nut-brown ˌnʌt'braʊn *stress shift:* ˌnut-brown 'hair
nutcas|e 'nʌt.keɪs **-es** -ɪz
nutcracker 'nʌtˌkræk.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
nuthatch 'nʌt.hætʃ **-es** -ɪz
nuthou|se 'nʌt.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
Nutkin 'nʌt.kɪn
nutmeg 'nʌt.meg **-s** -z
nutraceutical ˌnjuː.trə'sjuː.tɪ.kᵊl, -'suː-, -'kjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.trə'suː.ţɪ-, ˌnjuː-, -'sjuː- **-s** -z
Nutrasweet® 'njuː.trəˌswiːt ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː
nutria 'njuː.tri.ə ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː-
nutrient 'njuː.tri.ənt ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -s
nutriment 'njuː.trə.mənt, -trɪ- ⓤⓢ 'nuː-, 'njuː- **-s** -s
nutrition njuː'trɪʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
nutritionist njuː'trɪʃ.ᵊn.ɪst, -'trɪʃ.nɪst ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-s** -s
nutritious njuː'trɪʃ.əs ⓤⓢ nuː-, njuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nutritive 'njuː.trə.tɪv, -trɪ- ⓤⓢ 'nuː.trə.ţɪv, 'njuː-
nuts nʌts ˌ**nuts and** '**bolts**
nutshell 'nʌt.ʃel **-s** -z
Nutt nʌt
Nuttall 'nʌt.ɔːl
nutter (N) 'nʌt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'nʌţ.ɚ
nutt|y 'nʌt|.i ⓤⓢ 'nʌţ|.i **-ily** -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
nux vomica ˌnʌks'vɒm.ɪ.kə ⓤⓢ -'vɑː.mɪ-
nuzzl|e 'nʌz.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'nʌz.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
NVQ ˌen.viː'kjuː
NW *(abbrev. for* **northwest)** ˌen'dʌb.ᵊl.juː; ˌnɔːθ'west ⓤⓢ ˌen'dʌb.ᵊl.juː; ˌnɔːrθ-
NY *(abbrev. for* **New York)** ˌen'waɪ
Nyanja 'njæn.dʒə
Nyanza ni'æn.zə, naɪ-; 'njæn- ⓤⓢ 'njæn-, ni'æn-, naɪ-
Nyasa naɪ'æs.ə, ni-; 'njæs- ⓤⓢ naɪ'æs.ə; 'njɑː.sɑː
Nyasaland naɪ'æs.ə.lænd, ni-; 'njæs- ⓤⓢ naɪ'æs-; 'njɑː.sɑː.lænd
Nyerere njə'reə.ri, nɪə-, -'rer.i ⓤⓢ njə'rer-, ˌni.ə'-
nylon 'naɪ.lɒn ⓤⓢ -lɑːn **-s** -z
Nyman 'naɪ.mən
Nymex 'naɪ.meks
nymph nɪmpf **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl
nymphet, nymphette nɪmp'fet; 'nɪmp.fɪt, -fət, -fet ⓤⓢ 'nɪmp.fət; nɪmp'fet
nympho 'nɪmp.fəʊ ⓤⓢ -foʊ **-s** -z
nymphomani|a ˌnɪmp.fəʊ'meɪ.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ -foʊ'-, -fə'-, '-nj|ə **-ac/s** -æk
Nyree 'naɪə.riː, -ri ⓤⓢ 'naɪ-
nystagmus nɪ'stæg.məs
NZ *(abbrev. for* **New Zealand)** ˌen'zed ⓤⓢ -'ziː

ronouncing the letter O

ee also OA, OEU, OI/OY, OO, OU, OW

he vowel letter **o** has several pronunciations. The two
nost predictable strong pronunciations linked to spelling
re: a monophthongal pronunciation, sometimes described
s 'short' in British English /ɒ (US) ɑː ɔː/ and a diphthongal
ronunciation, sometimes described as 'long' /əʊ (US) oʊ/.
n the monophthongal pronunciation, the **o** is generally
ollowed by a consonant which closes the syllable, or a
ouble consonant before another vowel, e.g.:

od /kɒd/ (US) /kɑːd/
obbing /ˈrɒb.ɪŋ/ (US) /ˈrɑː.bɪŋ/

he diphthongal pronunciation usually means the **o** is
ollowed by a single consonant and then a vowel, e.g.:

ode /kəʊd/ (US) /koʊd/
obing /ˈrəʊ.bɪŋ/ (US) /ˈroʊ.bɪŋ/

n many cases, the monophthongal pronunciation results
om the above kind of spelling, e.g.:

one /gɒn/ (US) /gɑːn/
opy /ˈkɒp.i/ (US) /ˈkɑː.pi/

lso, the 'long' pronunciation occasionally appears in words
here the vowel is followed by a single consonant and no
owel, e.g.:

ontrol /kənˈtrəʊl/ (US) /-ˈtroʊl/

/hen **r** is followed by **o**, the strong pronunciation is one
f several possibilities: /ɒ (US) ɔːr/, /ɔː (US) ɔːr/, /ʌ (US) ɝː/
r /ɜː (US) ɝː/, e.g.:

forest /ˈfɒr.ɪst/ (US) /ˈfɔːr-/
foremost /ˈfɔː.məʊst/ (US) /ˈfɔːr.moʊst/
borough /ˈbʌr.ə/ (US) /ˈbɝː-/
word /wɜːd/ (US) /wɝːd/

And exceptionally, /ʊ/, e.g.:

Worcester /ˈwʊs.təʳ/ (US) /-tɚ/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the letter **o**, e.g.:

/ʌ/ colour /ˈkʌl.əʳ/ (US) /-ɚ/
/uː/ move /muːv/
/ʊ/ woman /ˈwʊm.ən/
/wʌ/ once /wʌnts/
/ɜː (US) ɝː/ colonel /ˈkɜː.nəl/ (US) /ˈkɝː-/

And, exceptionally:

/ɪ/ women /ˈwɪm.ɪn/

In weak syllables

The vowel letter **o** is realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables, /ɚ/ in American English when followed by an **r**, and may also be elided in British English, due to compression or realisation as a syllabic consonant, e.g.:

observe /əbˈzɜːv/ (US) /-ˈzɝːv/
forget /fəˈget/ (US) /fɚ-/
factory /ˈfæk.tər.i/, /-tri/

ronouncing the letters OA

he vowel digraph **oa** has two main strong pronunciations:
əʊ (US) oʊ/ and /ɔː (US) ɑː/, e.g.:

oad /rəʊd/ (US) /roʊd/
road /brɔːd/ (US) /brɑːd/

/hen the digraph is followed by an **r** in the spelling, the
trong pronunciation is /ɔː (US) ɔːr/, e.g.:

oard /bɔːd/ (US) /bɔːrd/
oar /sɔːʳ/ (US) /sɔːr/

In addition

Another vowel sound associated with the digraph **oa** is /əʊə, (US) oʊə/, e.g.:

coalescence /kəʊəˈles.ənts/ (US) /koʊə-/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph **oa** is realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables and with /ɚ/ in American English when followed by an **r**, e.g.:

cupboard /ˈkʌb.əd/ (US) /-ɚd/

e letter: əʊ (US) oʊ -'s -z -es -z
nterj.) əʊ (US) oʊ
bbrev. for **of**) *weak form only:* ə
e: This spelling is used to repre-
nt a weak form of **of** in archaic
d slang expressions and names,
r example "pint o' bitter" /
aɪnt.əˈbɪt.əʳ (US) -ˈbɪt̬.ɚ/, "will-o'-
the-wisp" /ˌwɪl.ə.ðəˈwɪsp/.

O. (*abbrev. of* **Ohio**) əʊ; əʊˈhaɪ.əʊ (US) oʊ; oʊˈhaɪ.oʊ, ə-

Oadby ˈəʊd.bi (US) ˈoʊd-

oaf əʊf (US) oʊf -s -s

oafish ˈəʊ.fɪʃ (US) ˈoʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Oahu əʊˈɑː.huː (US) oʊ-

oak əʊk (US) oʊk -s -s -en -ən -y -i

oak-apple ˈəʊkˌæp.əl (US) ˈoʊk- -s -z

Oakdale ˈəʊk.deɪl (US) ˈoʊk-

Oakeley ˈəʊk.li (US) ˈoʊk-

Oakengates ˈəʊ.kən.geɪts, -kəŋ-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈoʊk.ən.geɪts, ˌ--ˈ-

Oakes əʊks (US) oʊks
Oakey 'əʊ.ki (US) 'oʊ-
Oakham 'əʊ.kəm (US) 'oʊ-
Oakhampton ˌəʊk'hæmp.tən (US) 'oʊkˌhæmp- *stress shift, British only:* ˌOakhampton 'centre
Oakland 'əʊk.lənd (US) 'oʊk- **-s** -z
Oakleigh, Oakley 'əʊk.li (US) 'oʊk-
Oaks əʊks (US) oʊks
oakum 'əʊ.kəm (US) 'oʊ-
Oakworth 'əʊk.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) 'oʊk.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
OAP ˌəʊ.eɪ'piː (US) ˌoʊ- **-s** -z
OAPEC ˌəʊ'eɪ.pek (US) ˌoʊ-
oar ɔːʳ (US) ɔːr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌstick one's 'oar in**
oarlock 'ɔː.lɒk (US) 'ɔːr.lɑːk **-s** -s
oars|man 'ɔːz|.mən (US) 'ɔːrz- **-men** -mən **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
OAS ˌəʊ.eɪ.'es (US) ˌoʊ-
oas|is (O) əʊ'eɪ.s|ɪs (US) oʊ- **-es** -iːz
oast əʊst (US) oʊst **-s** -s
oasthou|se 'əʊst.haʊ|s (US) 'oʊst- **-ses** -zɪz
oat əʊt (US) oʊt **-s** -s
oatcake 'əʊt.keɪk (US) 'oʊt- **-s** -s
oaten 'əʊ.tᵊn (US) 'oʊ-
Oates əʊts (US) oʊts
oa|th əʊ|θ (US) oʊ|θ **-ths** -ðz, -θs
Oatlands 'əʊt.ləndz (US) 'oʊt-
oatmeal 'əʊt.miːl (US) 'oʊt-
oats əʊts (US) oʊts
Oaxaca wə'hɑː.kə, wɑː- (US) wɑː'hɑː.kɑː, wə-, -kə
Ob ɒb (US) ɑːb, ɑːp
Obadiah ˌəʊ.bə'daɪə (US) ˌoʊ-
Oban 'əʊ.bᵊn (US) 'oʊ-
obbligat|o ˌɒb.lɪ'gɑː.t|əʊ, -lə'- (US) ˌɑː.blɪ'gɑː.t̬|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -iː
obduracy 'ɒb.djᵊr.ə.si, -djʊ.rə- (US) 'ɑːb.dʊr.ə-, -djʊr-
obdurate 'ɒb.djᵊr.ət, -djʊ.rət, -rɪt, -reɪt (US) 'ɑːb.dʊr.ɪt, -djʊr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
obduration ˌɒb.djᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -djʊ'reɪ- (US) ˌɑːb.dʊr'eɪ, -djʊr'-
OBE ˌəʊ.biː'iː (US) ˌoʊ- **-s** -z
obeah (O) 'əʊ.bi.ə (US) 'oʊ-
obedience əʊ'biː.di.ənts (US) oʊ-, ə-, '-djənts
obedient əʊ'biː.di.ənt (US) oʊ-, ə-, '-djənt **-ly** -li
obeisanc|e əʊ'beɪ.sᵊnts (US) oʊ-, -'biː- **-es** -ɪz
obelisk 'ɒb.ᵊl.ɪsk, -ɪ.lɪsk (US) 'ɑː.bᵊl.ɪsk **-s** -s
obel|us 'ɒb.ᵊl|.əs, -ɪ.l|əs (US) 'ɑː.bᵊl|.əs, 'oʊ- **-i** -aɪ
Oberammergau ˌəʊ.bə'ræm.ə.gaʊ (US) ˌoʊ.bɚ'ɑː.mɚ-
Oberland 'əʊ.bə.lænd (US) 'oʊ.bɚ-
Oberlin 'əʊ.bə.lɪn (US) 'oʊ.bɚ-
Oberon 'əʊ.bᵊr.ɒn, -ᵊn (US) 'oʊ.bə.rɑːn, -bɚ.ən
obese əʊ'biːs (US) oʊ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
obesity əʊ'biː.sə.ti, -sɪ- (US) oʊ'biː.sə.t̬i
obey əʊ'beɪ (US) oʊ-, ə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
obfus|cate 'ɒb.fʌs|.keɪt, -fə.s|keɪt (US) 'ɑːb.fə.s|keɪt; ɑːb'fʌs|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
obfuscation ˌɒb.fʌs'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -fə'skeɪ- (US) ˌɑːb.fə'skeɪ- **-s** -z
obfuscatory ˌɒb.fʌs'keɪ.tᵊr.i, -fə'skeɪ- (US) ɑːb'fʌs.kə.tɔːr-, əb-
ob-gyn ˌəʊ.biːˌdʒiː.waɪ'en; ˌɒb'gaɪn (US) ˌoʊ.bi.dʒi.waɪ'en
obi 'əʊ.bi (US) 'oʊ- **-s** -z
Obi *river in Siberia:* 'əʊ.bi (US) 'oʊ-
Obie 'əʊ.bi (US) 'oʊ- **-s** -z
obit 'ɒb.ɪt; əʊ'bɪt (US) 'oʊ-, -'- **-s** -s
obiter dict|um ˌɒb.ɪ.tə'dɪk.t|ʊm, ˌəʊ.bɪ-, -t|əm (US) ˌoʊ.bɪ.t̬ɚ'dɪk-, ˌɑː- **-a** -ə
obituarist əʊ'bɪtʃ.ʊə.rɪst, ɒb'ɪtʃ-, -'ɪt.jʊə-, -jə-, -jʊ- (US) oʊ'bɪtʃ.u.ɚ.ɪst, ə- **-s** -s
obituar|y əʊ'bɪtʃ.ʊə.r|i, ɒb'ɪtʃ-, -'ɪt.jʊə-, -jə-, -jʊ- (US) oʊ'bɪtʃ.u.er|.i, ə- **-ies** -iz
object (*n.*) 'ɒb.dʒɪkt, -dʒekt (US) 'ɑːb- **-s** -s **'object ˌlesson**
object (*v.*) əb'dʒekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
objecti|fy əb'dʒek.tɪ|.faɪ, ɒb-, -tə- (US) əb'dʒek.tə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
objection əb'dʒek.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
objectionab|le əb'dʒek.ʃᵊn.ə.b|ᵊl, -'dʒekʃ.nə- **-ly** -li
objective əb'dʒek.tɪv, ɒb- (US) əb- **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
objectivism əb'dʒek.tɪ.vɪ.zᵊm, ɒb- (US) əb'dʒek.tə-
objectivity ˌɒb.dʒɪk'tɪv.ə.ti, -dʒek-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɑːb.dʒek'tɪv.ə.t̬i
objectless 'ɒb.dʒɪkt.ləs, -dʒekt-, -lɪs (US) 'ɑːb.dʒɪkt-
object-oriented ˌɒb.dʒɪkt'ɔː.ri.en.tɪd, -dʒekt'-, -'ɒr.i- (US) ˌɑːb.dʒɪkt'ɔːr.i.en.t̬ɪd
objet(s) d'art ˌɒb.ʒeɪ'dɑːʳ (US) ˌɑːb.ʒeɪ'dɑːr
objet(s) trouvé(s) ˌɒb.ʒeɪ.truː'veɪ (US) ˌɑːb-
objur|gate 'ɒb.dʒə|.geɪt, -dʒɜː- (US) 'ɑːb.dʒɚ-, əb'dʒɝː- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd
objurgation ˌɒb.dʒə'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒɜː'- (US) ˌɑːb.dʒɚ'- **-s** -z
objurgatory ɒb'dʒɜː.gə.tᵊr.i, əb-; ˌɒb.dʒə'geɪ-, -dʒɜː'- (US) əb'dʒɝː.gə.tɔːr-
oblate (*adj.*) 'ɒb.leɪt; -'-, əʊ'bleɪt (US) 'ɑː.bleɪt, -'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oblate (*n.*) 'ɒb.leɪt (US) 'ɑː.bleɪt **-s** -s
oblation əʊ'bleɪ.ʃᵊn, ɒb'leɪ- (US) ə'bleɪ-, oʊ-, ɑː- **-s** -z
obligat|e 'ɒb.lɪ.geɪt (US) 'ɑː.blɪ- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
obligation ˌɒb.lɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -lə'- (US) ˌɑː.blə'- **-s** -z
obligat|o ˌɒb.lɪ'gɑː.t|əʊ, -lə'- (US) ˌɑː.blɪ'gɑː.t̬|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -iː
obligator|y ə'blɪg.ə.tᵊr|.i, ɒb'lɪg-; ˌɒb.lɪ'geɪ-, -lə'- (US) ə'blɪg.ə.tɔːr-; 'ɑː.blə.gə- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
oblig|e ə'blaɪdʒ (US) ə-, oʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ingness** -ɪŋ.nəs, -nɪs **-ed** -d
obliged ə'blaɪdʒd (US) ə-, oʊ-
obligee ˌɒb.lɪ'dʒiː, -lə'- (US) ˌɑː.blə'- **-s** -z
obliging ə'blaɪ.dʒɪŋ (US) ə-, oʊ-
obligor ˌɒb.lɪ'gɔːʳ, -lə'- (US) ˌɑː.blə'gɔːr, '--- **-s** -z
oblique əʊ'bliːk (US) oʊ-, ə-, -'blaɪk **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Note: The US form /-'blaɪk/ is associated with military usage.
obliquit|y əʊ'blɪk.wə.t|i, -wɪ- (US) ə'blɪk.wə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
obliter|ate ə'blɪt.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -'blɪt̬.ə.r|eɪt, oʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
obliteration əˌblɪt.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌblɪt̬.ə'reɪ-, oʊ- **-s** -z
oblivion ə'blɪv.i.ən
oblivious ə'blɪv.i.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oblong 'ɒb.lɒŋ (US) 'ɑːb.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ **-s** -z
obloquy 'ɒb.lə.kwi (US) 'ɑːb-
obnoxious əb'nɒk.ʃəs, ɒb- (US) əb'nɑːk-, ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oboe 'əʊ.bəʊ (US) 'oʊ.boʊ **-s** -z
oboe d'amore ˌəʊ.bəʊ.dæm'ɔː.reɪ, -də'mɔː-, -riː (US) ˌoʊ.boʊ.də'mɔːr.eɪ
oboist 'əʊ.bəʊ.ɪst (US) 'oʊ.boʊ- **-s** -s
obol 'ɒb.ɒl, 'əʊ.bɒl, -bᵊl (US) 'ɑː.bᵊl, 'oʊ- **-s** -z
Obote əʊ'bəʊ.teɪ, ɒb'əʊ-, -ti (US) oʊ'boʊ-
O'Boyle əʊ'bɔɪl (US) oʊ-
O'Brady əʊ'breɪ.di, -'brɔː- (US) oʊ'breɪ-
O'Brien, O'Bryan əʊ'braɪən (US) oʊ-
obscene əb'siːn, ɒb- (US) əb-, ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
obscenit|y əb'sen.ə.t|i, ɒb-, -ɪ.t|i (US) əb'sen.ə.t̬|i, ɑːb- **-ies** -iz
obscurant ɒb'skjʊə.rᵊnt, əb- (US) ɑːb'skjʊr.ᵊnt, əb-
obscurant|ism ˌɒb.skjʊə'ræn.t|ɪ.zᵊm; ɒb'skjʊə.rən-, əb- (US) ɑːb'skjʊr.ən-, əb- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
obscuration ˌɒb.skjʊə'reɪ.ʃᵊn, -skjə'- (US) ˌɑːb.skjʊ'- **-s** -z
obscur|e əb'skjʊəʳ, -'skjɔːʳ (US) əb'skjʊr, ɑːb- **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
obscurit|y əb'skjʊə.rə.t|i, -'skjɔː-, -rɪ- (US) əb'skjʊr.ə.t̬|i, ɑːb- **-ies** -iz
obse|crate 'ɒb.sɪ|.kreɪt, -sə- (US) 'ɑːb.sɪ- **-crates** -kreɪts **-crating** -kreɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kreɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-crated** -kreɪ.tɪd (US) -kreɪ.t̬ɪd
obsecration ˌɒb.sɪ'kreɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə'- (US) ˌɑːb.sə'- **-s** -z
obsequies 'ɒb.sɪ.kwiz, -sə-; ɒb'siː- (US) 'ɑːb.sɪ-
obsequious əb'siː.kwi.əs, ɒb- (US) əb-, ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

ervab|le əb'zɜː.və.b|əl US -'zɝː- **-li -leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

ervanc|e əb'zɜː.vənts US -'zɝː- **-es** -ɪz

ervant əb'zɜː.vənt US -'zɝː- **-ly** -li

ervation ˌɒb.zə'veɪ.ʃən ˌɑːb.zɚ'-, -sɚ'- **-s** -z

ervational ˌɒb.zə'veɪ.ʃən.əl, eɪʃ.nəl US ˌɑːb.zɚ'-, -sɚ'- **-ly** -i

ervator|y əb'zɜː.və.tr|i, -tər|.i -'zɝː.və.tɔːr- **-ies** -iz

erv|e əb'zɜːv US -'zɝːv **-es** -z **g/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

erver (O) əb'zɜː.vər US -'zɝː.vɚ -z

ess əb'ses, ɒb- US əb- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** **-ed** -t

ession əb'seʃ.ən, ɒb- US əb- **-s** -s -əl

essive əb'ses.ɪv, ɒb- US əb- **-s** -z **-li -ness** -nəs, -nɪs

idian ɒb'sɪd.i.ən, əb- US əb-, ɑːb-

olescence ˌɒb.sə'les.ənts, l'es- US ˌɑːb-

olescent ˌɒb.sə'les.ənt, -səl'es- ˌɑːb- **-ly** -li

olete 'ɒb.səl.iːt US ˌɑːb.səl'iːt **-li -ness** -nəs, -nɪs

tacle 'ɒb.stə.kəl, -stɪ- US b.stə- **-s** -z **'obstacle ˌcourse**

tetric ɒb'stet.rɪk, əb- US əb-, - **-al** -əl **-s** -s

tetrician ˌɒb.stə'trɪʃ.ən, -stɪ'-, et'rɪʃ- US ˌɑːb.stə'trɪʃ- **-s** -z

tinac|y 'ɒb.stɪ.nə.s|i, -stən.ə- 'ɑːb.stə.nə- **-ies** -iz

tinate 'ɒb.stɪ.nət, -stən.ət, -ɪt 'ɑːb.stə.nət **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

treperous əb'strep.ər.əs, ɒb- əb-, ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

truct əb'strʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** **-or/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

truction əb'strʌk.ʃən **-s** -z

tructionism əb'strʌk.ʃən.ɪ.zəm

tructionist əb'strʌk.ʃən.ɪst **-s** -s

tructive əb'strʌk.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** əs, -nɪs

truent 'ɒb.stru.ənt US 'ɑːb- **-s** -s

ain əb'teɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **:/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl

rud|e əb'truːd, ɒb- US əb-, ɑːb- **-es** **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

rusion əb'truː.ʒən, ɒb- US əb-, - **-s** -z

rusive əb'truː.sɪv, ɒb-, -zɪv US -, ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

u|rate 'ɒb.tjʊə|.reɪt, -tjə- US b.tə-, -tjə-, -tʊ-, -tjʊ- **-rates** eɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ US -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **ated** -reɪ.tɪd US -reɪ.t̬ɪd **-rator/s** eɪ.tər/z US -reɪ.t̬ɚ/z

uration ˌɒb.tjʊə'reɪ.ʃən, -tjə'- ˌɑːb.tə'-, -tjə'-, -tʊ'-, -tjʊ'- **-s** -z

use əb'tjuːs, ɒb- US ɑːb'tuːs, əb-, juːs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

ers|e (*adj.*) 'ɒb.vɜːs US ɑːb'vɝːs, -; 'ɑːb.vɝːs

ers|e (*n.*) 'ɒb.vɜːs US 'ɑːb.vɝːs **s** -ɪz

obversely 'ɒb.vɜː.sli US ɑːb'vɝː-

ob|vert ɒb|'vɜːt, əb- US ɑːb|'vɝːt, əb- **-verts** -'vɜːts US -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ US -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd US -'vɝː.t̬ɪd

obvi|ate 'ɒb.vi|.eɪt US 'ɑːb- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

obviative 'ɒb.vi.ə.tɪv US 'ɑːb.vi.eɪ.t̬ɪv

obvious 'ɒb.vi.əs US 'ɑːb- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

O'Byrne əʊ'bɜːn US oʊ'bɝːn

O'Callaghan əʊ'kæl.ə.hən, -gən, -hæn US oʊ'kæl.ə.hən, -hæn

ocarina ˌɒk.ər'iː.nə US ˌɑː.kə'riː- **-s** -z

O'Casey əʊ'keɪ.si US oʊ-

occam (O) 'ɒk.əm US 'ɑː.kəm

occasion ə'keɪ.ʒən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌrise to the oc'casion**

occasional ə'keɪ.ʒən.əl, -'keɪʒ.nəl **-ly** -i

occasional|ism ə'keɪ.ʒən.əl|.ɪ.zəm, -'keɪʒ.nəl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

occident (O) 'ɒk.sɪ.dənt, -sə- US 'ɑːk.sə.dənt, -sɪ-, -dent

occidental (O) ˌɒk.sɪ'den.təl, -sə'- US ˌɑːk.sə'den.t̬əl, -sɪ'- **-s** -z

occidental|ism (O) ˌɒk.sɪ'den.təl|.ɪ.zəm, -sə'- US ˌɑːk.sə'den.t̬əl-, -sɪ'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

occidentaliz|e, -is|e ˌɒk.sɪ'den.təl.aɪz, -sə'- US ˌɑːk.sə'den.t̬əl-, -sɪ'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

occipita (*from* **occiput**) ɒk'sɪp.ɪ.tə US ɑːk'sɪp.ɪ.t̬ə

occipital ɒk'sɪp.ɪ.təl, '-ə- US ɑːk'sɪp.ɪ.t̬əl **-ly** -i

occiput 'ɒk.sɪ.pʌt, -pət US ɑːk- **-s** -s **occipita** ɒk'sɪp.ɪ.tə US ɑːk'sɪp.ɪ.t̬ə

Occleve 'ɒk.liːv US 'ɑːk-

occlud|e ə'kluːd, ɒk'luːd US ə'kluːd, ɑː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

occlusal ə'kluː.zəl, ɒk'luː- US ə'kluː-, ɑː-

occlusion ə'kluː.ʒən, ɒk'luː- US ə'kluː-, ɑː- **-s** -z

occlusive ə'kluː.sɪv, ɒk'luː- US ə'kluː-, ɑː- **-s** -z

occult (*adj.*) 'ɒk.ʌlt; ə'kʌlt, ɒk'ʌlt US ə'kʌlt; 'ɑː.kʌlt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

occul|t (*v.*) ɒk'ʌl|t, ə'kʌl|t US ə- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd

occultation ˌɒk.əl'teɪ.ʃən, -ʌl'- US ˌɑː.kʌl'- **-s** -z

occult|ism 'ɒk.əl.t|ɪ.zəm, -ʌl-; ɒk'ʌl-, ə'kʌl- US ə'kʌl-; 'ɑː.kʌl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

occupancy 'ɒk.jə.pənt.si, -jʊ- US 'ɑː.kjə-, -kjʊ-

occupant 'ɒk.jə.pənt, -jʊ- US 'ɑː.kjə-, -kjʊ- **-s** -s

occupation ˌɒk.jə'peɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'- US ˌɑː.kjə'-, -kjʊ'- **-s** -z

occupational ˌɒk.jə'peɪ.ʃən.əl, -jʊ'-, -'peɪʃ.nəl US ˌɑː.kjə'-, -kjʊ'- **-ly** -i *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌoccupational 'therapy**

occupier 'ɒk.jə.paɪ.ər, -jʊ- US 'ɑː.kjə.paɪ.ɚ, -kjʊ- **-s** -z

occup|y 'ɒk.jə.p|aɪ, -jʊ- US 'ɑː.kjuː-, -kjə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd

occur ə'kɜːr US -'kɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d

occurrenc|e ə'kʌr.ənts US -'kɝː- **-es** -ɪz

ocean 'əʊ.ʃən US 'oʊ- **-s** -z **a ˌdrop in the 'ocean**

oceanfront 'əʊ.ʃən.frʌnt US 'oʊ- **-s** -s

ocean-going 'əʊ.ʃənˌgəʊ.ɪŋ US 'oʊ.ʃənˌgoʊ-

Oceani|a ˌəʊ.ʃi'eɪ.ni|.ə, -si'|-, -'ɑː- US ˌoʊ.ʃi'æn.i|-, -'ɑː.ni|-, -'eɪ- **-an/s** -ən/z

oceanic (O) ˌəʊ.ʃi'æn.ɪk, -si'- US ˌoʊ.ʃi'-

oceanographic ˌəʊ.ʃən.əʊ'græf.ɪk, -ʃi.ən- US ˌoʊ.ʃə.noʊ'-, -ʃi.ə- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

oceanograph|y ˌəʊ.ʃən'ɒg.rə.f|i, -ʃi.ən'- US ˌoʊ.ʃə'nɑː.grə-, -ʃi.ə'- **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

oceanolog|y ˌəʊ.ʃən'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ʃi.ən'- US ˌoʊ.ʃə'nɑː.lə-, -ʃi.ə'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Oceanus əʊ'siː.ə.nəs, -'ʃiː- US oʊ'siː-

ocell|us əʊ'sel|.əs US oʊ- **-i** -aɪ, -iː

ocelot 'ɒs.əl.ɒt, 'əʊ.səl-, -sɪ.lɒt US 'ɑː.sə.lɑːt, 'oʊ-, -lət **-s** -s

och ɒx US ɑːk *as if Scots:* ɑːx

oche 'ɒk.i US 'ɑː.ki **-s** -z

ocher 'əʊ.kər US 'oʊ.kɚ **-ous** -əs

Ochil(l) 'əʊ.kəl, -xəl US 'oʊ.tʃɪl, 'ɑː-, -kəl

Ochiltree *in Scott's 'Antiquary':* 'əʊ.kɪl.triː, -xɪl-, 'ɒk.ɪl-, 'ɒx-, -əl- US 'oʊ.kɪl-, 'ɑː-, -tʃɪl- *in US:* 'əʊ.kɪl.triː US 'oʊ-

och|re 'əʊ.k|ər US 'oʊ.k|ɚ **-res** -əz US -ɚz **-reing** -ər.ɪŋ **-red** -əd US -ɚd

ochreous 'əʊ.kri.əs, -kər- US 'oʊ-

ochry 'əʊ.kər.i US 'oʊ-

Ochterlony ˌɒk.tə'ləʊ.ni, ˌɒx- US ˌɑːk.tɚ'loʊ-

ocker, okker 'ɒk.ər US 'ɑː.kɚ **-s** -z

Ockham 'ɒk.əm US 'ɑː.kəm

Ockley 'ɒk.li US 'ɑːk-

O'Clery əʊ'klɪə.ri US oʊ'klɪr.i

o'clock ə'klɒk US -'klɑːk

O'Connell əʊ'kɒn.əl US oʊ'kɑː.nəl

O'Connor əʊ'kɒn.ər US oʊ'kɑː.nɚ

Ocracoke 'əʊ.krə.kəʊk US 'oʊ.krə.koʊk

Oct. (*abbrev. for* **October**) ɒkt; ɒk'təʊ.bər US ɑːk'toʊ.bɚ

octa- ɒk.tə; ɒk'tæ US ɑːk-; ɑːk'tæ

Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **octagon** /'ɒk.tə.gən US 'ɑːk.tə.gɑːn/, **octahedron** /ˌɒk.tə'hiː.drən US ˌɑːk.tə'hiː.drən/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **octagonal** /ɒk'tæg.ən.əl US ɑːk-/.

octagon 'ɒk.tə.gən US 'ɑːk.tə.gɑːn **-s** -z

octagonal ɒk'tæg.ən.əl US ɑːk- **-ly** -i

octahedr|on ˌɒk.tə'hiː.dr|ən, -'hed.r|ən US 'ɑːk.tə'hiː.dr|ən **-ons**

Pronouncing the letters OEU

The vowel letter combination oeu (a chiefly British spelling) has two possible pronunciations: /uː/ and /ɜː/, e.g.:

manoeuvre	/məˈnuː.vəʳ/	(US) /-vɚ/
oeuvre	/ˈɜː.vrə/	

It should be noted that more recent borrowings from French, like *oeuvre* above, usually have the latter pronunciation (see, for example, *cri de coeur*, *hors d'oeuvre*).

-ənz -a -ə -al -əl
octal ˈɒk.təl (US) ˈɑːk-
octane ˈɒk.teɪn (US) ˈɑːk-
octant ˈɒk.tənt (US) ˈɑːk- **-s** -s
Octateuch ˈɒk.tə.tjuːk (US) ˈɑːk.tə.tuːk, -tjuːk
octave *musical term:* ˈɒk.tɪv, -teɪv (US) ˈɑːk- **-s** -z
octave *ecclesiastical term:* ˈɒk.teɪv, -tɪv (US) ˈɑːk.tɪv, -teɪv **-s** -z
Octavi|a ɒkˈteɪ.vi|.ə, -ˈtɑː- (US) ɑːkˈteɪ- **-an** -ən
Octavius ɒkˈteɪ.vi.əs, -ˈtɑː- (US) ɑːkˈteɪ-
octavo ɒkˈtɑː.vəʊ, -ˈteɪ- (US) ɑːkˈteɪ.voʊ, -ˈtɑː- **-s** -z
octennial ɒkˈten.i.əl (US) ɑːk- **-ly** -i
octet(te) ɒkˈtet (US) ɑːk- **-s** -s
octillion ɒkˈtɪl.jən, -i.ən (US) ɑːkˈtɪl.jən **-s** -z
octo- ɒk.təʊ (US) ɑːk.toʊ, -tə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **octosyllable** /ˈɒk.təʊˌsɪl.ə.bəl (US) ˈɑːk.toʊ-/, **octosyllabic** /ˌɒk.təʊ.sɪˈlæb.ɪk (US) ˌɑːk.toʊ-/.
October ɒkˈtəʊ.bəʳ (US) ɑːkˈtoʊ.bɚ **-s** -z
octodecimo ˌɒk.təʊˈdes.ɪ.məʊ (US) ˌɑːk.toʊˈdes.ɪ.moʊ **-s** -z
octogenarian ˌɒk.təʊ.dʒəˈneə.ri.ən, -dʒɪˈ- (US) ˌɑːk.toʊ.dʒɪˈner.i-, -tə- **-s** -z
octop|us ˈɒk.tə.p|əs, -p|ʊs (US) ˈɑːk.tə.p|əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz, -ʊ.sɪz (US) -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
octoroon ˌɒk.təˈruːn (US) ˌɑːk- **-s** -z
octosyllabic ˌɒk.təʊ.sɪˈlæb.ɪk, -səˈ- (US) ˌɑːk.toʊ-, -tə- *stress shift:* ˌocto-syllabic ˈmeter
octosyllable ˈɒk.təʊˌsɪl.ə.bəl (US) ˈɑːk.toʊˌ-, -təˌ- **-s** -z
octroi ˈɒk.trwɑː, -trɔɪ (US) ˈɑːk.trɔɪ **-s** -z
octuple ˈɒk.tjə.pəl, -tjʊ-; ɒkˈtjuː- (US) ˈɑːk.tə-; ɑːkˈtuː-
ocular ˈɒk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) ˈɑː.kjə.lɚ, -kjʊ- **-ly** -li
oculist ˈɒk.jə.lɪst, -jʊ- (US) ˈɑː.kjə-, -kjʊ- **-s** -s
O'Curry əʊˈkʌr.i (US) oʊˈkɝː-
od (O) ɒd (US) ɑːd **-s** -z
OD ˌəʊˈdiː (US) ˌoʊ- **-'s** -z **-'ing** -ɪŋ **-'d** -d
odalisque, odalisk ˈəʊ.dəl.ɪsk, ˈɒd.əl- (US) ˈoʊ.dəl- **-s** -s
O'Daly əʊˈdeɪ.li (US) oʊ-
Odam ˈəʊ.dəm (US) ˈoʊ-
odd ɒd (US) ɑːd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**odd man ˈout**
oddball ˈɒd.bɔːl (US) ˈɑːd-, -bɑːl **-s** -z
Oddbins® ˈɒd.bɪnz (US) ˈɑːd-
odd bod ˈɒd.bɒd (US) ˈɑːd.bɑːd **-s** -z
Oddfellow ˈɒdˌfel.əʊ (US) ˈɑːdˌfel.oʊ **-s** -z
Oddie ˈɒd.i (US) ˈɑː.di
oddish ˈɒd.ɪʃ (US) ˈɑː.dɪʃ
oddit|y ˈɒd.ɪ.t|i, -ə.t|i (US) ˈɑː.də.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
odd-job |man ˌɒdˈdʒɒb|.mæn (US) ˈɑːd.dʒɑːb- **-men** -men
oddment ˈɒd.mənt (US) ˈɑːd- **-s** -s
odds ɒdz (US) ɑːdz ˌ**odds and ˈends**
odds-on ˌɒdzˈɒn (US) ˌɑːdzˈɑːn *stress shift:* ˌodds-on ˈfavourite
ode əʊd (US) oʊd **-s** -z
O'Dea əʊˈdeɪ (US) oʊ-
Odell əʊˈdel; ˈəʊ.dəl (US) oʊˈdel
Odense ˈəʊ.dənt.sə (US) ˈoʊ.dənt-, -θənt-
Odeon® ˈəʊ.di.ən (US) ˈoʊ-
Oder ˈəʊ.dəʳ (US) ˈoʊ.dɚ
Oder-Neisse Line ˌəʊ.dəˈnaɪ.səˌlaɪn (US) ˌoʊ.dɚˈ-
Odessa əʊˈdes.ə (US) oʊ-
Odets əʊˈdets (US) oʊ-
Odette əʊˈdet (US) oʊ-
ode|um əʊˈdiː|.əm; ˈəʊ.di- (US) oʊˈdiː-; ˈoʊ.di- **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
Odgers ˈɒdʒ.əz (US) ˈɑː.dʒɚz
Odham ˈɒd.əm (US) ˈɑː.dəm
Odiham ˈəʊ.dɪ.əm, -həm (US) ˈoʊ-
Odile əʊˈdiːl (US) oʊ-
Odin ˈəʊ.dɪn (US) ˈoʊ-
odious ˈəʊ.di.əs (US) ˈoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
odium ˈəʊ.di.əm (US) ˈoʊ-
Odling ˈɒd.lɪŋ (US) ˈɑːd-
Odlum ˈɒd.ləm (US) ˈɑːd-
Odo ˈəʊ.dəʊ (US) ˈoʊ.doʊ
Odoacer ˌɒd.əʊˈeɪ.səʳ, ˌəʊ.dəʊˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.doʊˈeɪ.sɚ
O'Doherty əʊˈdəʊ.ə.ti, -ˈdɒ.hə.ti, -ˈdɒx.ə- (US) oʊˈdɔːr.t̬i, -ˈdɑː.hɚ-
odometer əʊˈdɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ɒdˈɒm-, -ə.təʳ (US) oʊˈdɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
O'Donnell əʊˈdɒn.əl (US) oʊˈdɑː.nəl
odontolog|y ˌɒd.ɒnˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌəʊ.dɒnˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.dɑːnˈtɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
odor ˈəʊ.dəʳ (US) ˈoʊ.dɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
odoriferous ˌəʊ.dəˈrɪf.ər.əs, ˌɒd.əˈr- (US) ˌoʊ.dəˈrɪf.ɚ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
odorous ˈəʊ.dər.əs (US) ˈoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
odour ˈəʊ.dəʳ (US) ˈoʊ.dɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
O'Dowd əʊˈdaʊd (US) oʊ-
odsbodikins ˌɒdzˈbɒd.ɪ.kɪnz (US) ˌɑːdzˈbɑːd-
O'Dwyer əʊˈdwaɪəʳ (US) oʊˈdwaɪɚ
Ody ˈəʊ.di (US) ˈoʊ-
Odysseus əˈdɪs.juːs, ɒdˈɪs-, əʊˈdɪs-, ˈ-i.əs (US) oʊˈdɪs.i.əs, ˈ-juːs
odyssey (O) ˈɒd.ɪ.si, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɑː.dɪ-
OECD ˌəʊ.iː.siːˈdiː (US) ˌoʊ-
oecumenic ˌiː.kjʊˈmen.ɪk (US) ˌek.jəˈ-, -jʊˈ- **-al** -əl *stress shift:* ˌoecumenic ˈservice
oedema ɪˈdiː.mə, iː- (US) ɪ- **-ta** -tə (US) -t̬ə
oedematous ɪˈdiː.mə.təs, iː-, -ˈdem.ə- (US) ɪˈdem.ə.t̬əs
oedipal (O) ˈiː.dɪ.pəl, -də- (US) ˈed.ɪ-, ˈiː.dɪ-
Oedipus ˈiː.dɪ.pəs, -də- (US) ˈed.ɪ-, ˈiː.dɪ- ˈ**Oedipus** ˌ**complex**
OEEC ˌəʊ.iː.iːˈsiː (US) ˌoʊ-
Oenomaus ˌiː.nəʊˈmeɪ.əs (US) -nəˈ-, -noʊˈ-
Oenone iːˈnəʊ.niː, ɪ-, -ni (US) iːˈnoʊ-
oenophile ˈiː.nəʊ.faɪl (US) -nə- **-s** -z
o'er (*contracted form of* **over**) ɔːəʳ, ɔːʳ, əʊəʳ (US) ɔːr, oʊɚ
oes (*plur. of* **O**) əʊz (US) oʊz
oesophageal ɪˌsɒf.əˈdʒiː.əl, iː-, ə-; ˌiː.sɒf- (US) ɪˌsɑː.fəˈ-; ˌiː.sɑː-
oesopha|gus iːˈsɒf.ə|.gəs, ɪ-, ə- (US) ɪˈsɑː.fə-, iː- **-guses** -gə.sɪz **-gi** -gaɪ, -dʒaɪ
oestrogen ˈiː.strəʊ.dʒən, ˈes.trəʊ- (US) ˈes.trə-, -dʒen
oestrus ˈiː.strəs (US) ˈes.trəs **-es** -ɪz
oeuvre ˈɜː.vrə **-s** -z
of *strong form:* ɒv (US) ɑːv *weak form:* əv
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is usually found only in final position (e.g. "She's the one I'm fond of"), though it can occur initially in some forms such as "Of the ten who set out, only three returned". Elsewhere the weak form /əv/ is used.
O'Faolain, O'Faoláin əʊˈfeɪ.lən, -ˈfæl.ən (US) oʊ-
Ofcom ˈɒf.kɒm (US) ˈɑːf.kɑːm
off ɒf (US) ɑːf
Offa ˈɒf.ə (US) ˈɑː.fə ˌ**Offa's ˈDyke**

'ɒf.ᵊl US 'ɑː.fᵊl
ly 'ɒf.ᵊl.i US 'ɑː.fᵊl.i
ail ˌɒf'beɪl US ˌɑːf- **-s** -z
Also '-- when in contrast with
-bail.
eat (*adj.*) ˌɒf'biːt US ˌɑːf'biːt
eat (*n.*) 'ɒf.biːt US 'ɑːf- **-s** -s
ye ˌɒf'baɪ US ˌɑːf- **-s** -z
Also '-- when in contrast with
-bye.
hance 'ɒf.tʃɑːnts US 'ɑːf.tʃænts
the **'off-ˌchance**
olo(u)r ˌɒf'kʌl.əʳ US ˌɑːf'kʌl.ɚ
ut 'ɒf.kʌt US 'ɑːf- **-s** -s
rive 'ɒf.draɪv US 'ɑːf- **-s** -z
uty ˌɒf'djuː.ti US ˌɑːf'duː.t̬i
ss shift: ˌoff-duty 'soldier
nbach 'ɒf.ᵊn.bɑːk, -ᵊm- US
fᵊn.bɑːk, 'ɔː-
nc|e ə'fents **-es** -ɪz **-eless** -ləs, -lɪs
nd ə'fend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ns|e ə'fents US ə- *especially in*
rt: 'ɑː.fents **-es** -ɪz **-eless** -ləs, -lɪs
nsive ə'fent.sɪv US ə- *especially*
port: 'ɑː-, 'ʌf.ent- **-s** -z **-ly** -li
ss -nəs, -nɪs
r 'ɒf|.əʳ US 'ɑː.f|ɚ **-ers** -əz US
-ering/s -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd US
-erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
able -ᵊr.ə.bᵊl
tor|y 'ɒf.ə.tᵊr|.i US 'ɑː.fɚ.tɔːr-,
-ies -iz
and ˌɒf'hænd US ˌɑːf-
anded ˌɒf'hæn.dɪd US ˌɑːf- **-ly**
ness -nəs, -nɪs
|e 'ɒf.ɪs US 'ɑː.fɪs **-es** -ɪz **'office**
ck; 'office ˌhours, ˌoffice 'hours
e-bearer 'ɒf.ɪsˌbeə.rəʳ
ɑː.fɪsˌber.ɚ **-s** -z
e-boy 'ɒf.ɪsˌbɔɪ US 'ɑː.fɪs- **-s** -z
er 'ɒf.ɪ.səʳ US 'ɑː.fɪ.sɚ **-s** -z
ial ə'fɪʃ|.ᵊl US ə-, oʊ- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
n -ɪ.zᵊm **ofˌficial re'ceiver;**
ficial 'Secrets ˌAct
ialdom ə'fɪʃ.ᵊl.dəm US ə-
ialese əˌfɪʃ.ᵊl'iːz, ə'fɪʃ.ᵊl.iːz
əˌfɪʃ.ᵊl'iːz
iant ə'fɪʃ.i.ənt, ɒf'ɪʃ- US
ʃ.ᵊnt, -i.ənt **-s** -s
i|ate ə'fɪʃ.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts
ng -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
eɪ.t̬ɪd
inal ˌɒf.ɪ'saɪ.nᵊl; ɒf'ɪs.ɪ.nᵊl
ə'fɪs.ɪ-; ˌɑː.fɪ'saɪ-
ious ə'fɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs,
s
'ɒf.i US 'ɑː.fi **-s** -z
ng 'ɒf.ɪŋ US 'ɑː.fɪŋ **-s** -z
h 'ɒf.ɪʃ US 'ɑː.fɪʃ
key ˌɒf'kiː US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:*
-key 'singing
icenc|e 'ɒfˌlaɪ.sᵊnts US ˌɑːf'laɪ-
-ɪz
imits ˌɒf'lɪm.ɪts US ˌɑːf-
ne ˌɒf'laɪn US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:*
-line 'printer
oad ˌɒf'ləʊd US 'ɑːf.loʊd **-s** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

off-message ˌɒf'mes.ɪdʒ US ˌɑːf-
Offor 'ɒf.əʳ US 'ɑː.fɚ
off-peak ˌɒf'piːk US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-peak 'travel
off-piste ˌɒf'piːst US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-piste 'skiing
off-print 'ɒf.prɪnt US 'ɑːf- **-s** -s
off-putting ˌɒf'pʊt.ɪŋ US 'ɑːfˌpʊt̬- *stress shift, British only:* ˌoff-putting 'habit
offscreen ˌɒf'skriːn US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoffscreen 'life
off-season ɒf'siː.zᵊn US ɑːf-
off|set (*v.*) *compensate:* ˌɒf|'set US ˌɑːf- **-sets** -'sets **-setting** -'set.ɪŋ US -'set̬.ɪŋ
offse|t (*n, v.*) 'ɒf.se|t US 'ɑːf-, -'- **-ts** -ts **-tting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ
offshoot 'ɒf.ʃuːt US 'ɑːf- **-s** -s
offshore ˌɒf'ʃɔːʳ US ˌɑːf'ʃɔːr *stress shift:* ˌoffshore 'savings
offshoring ˌɒf'ʃɔːʳ.ɪŋ US ˌɑːf'ʃɔːr-
offside ˌɒf'saɪd US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoffside 'rule
offspring 'ɒf.sprɪŋ US 'ɑːf- **-s** -z
offstage ˌɒf'steɪdʒ US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoffstage 'whisper
off-street ˌɒf'striːt US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-street 'shops
off-the-cuff ˌɒf.ðə'kʌf US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-cuff 'comment
off-the-peg ˌɒf.ðə'peg US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-peg 'suit
off-the-rack ˌɒf.ðə'ræk US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-rack 'suit
off-the-record ˌɒf.ðə'rek.ɔːd US ˌɑːf.ðə'rek.ɔːrd, -'rek.ɚd *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-record 'quote
off-the-shelf ˌɒf.ðə'ʃelf US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-shelf 'goods
off-the-wall ˌɒf.ðə'wɔːl US ˌɑːf.ðə'wɔːl, -'wɔːl *stress shift:* ˌoff-the-wall 'comedy
off-white ˌɒf'*h*waɪt US ˌɑːf- *stress shift:* ˌoff-white 'drapes
Ofgas, OFGAS 'ɒf.gæs US 'ɑːf-
O'Flaherty əʊ'fleə.ti, -'flæ.hə-, -'flɑː.ə-, -'flɑː- US oʊ'fler.t̬i, -'flæ.hɚ-
O'Flynn əʊ'flɪn US oʊ-
Ofsted 'ɒf.sted US 'ɑːf-
oft ɒft US ɑːft
Oftel, OFTEL 'ɒf.tel US 'ɑːf-
often 'ɒf.ᵊn, -tᵊn US 'ɑː.fᵊn, 'ɑːf.tᵊn **-times** -taɪmz **as ˌoften as 'not**
often|er 'ɒf.ᵊn|.əʳ, -tᵊn-, 'ɒf.n|əʳ US 'ɑː.fᵊn|.ɚ, 'ɑːf.tᵊn-, 'ɑːf.n|ɚ **-est** -ɪst
ofttimes 'ɒf*t*.taɪmz US 'ɑːf*t*-
Ofwat, OFWAT 'ɒf.wɒt US 'ɑːf.wɑːt
Og ɒg US ɑːg, ɔːg
ogam 'ɒg.əm US 'ɑː.gəm
ogamic ɒg'æm.ɪk US ɑː'gæm-, ɔː-, oʊ-
Ogbomosho ˌɒg.bə'məʊ.ʃəʊ US ˌɑːg.bə'moʊ.ʃoʊ
Ogden 'ɒg.dən US 'ɑːg-, 'ɔːg-
ogee 'əʊ.dʒiː, -'- US 'oʊ.dʒiː, -'- **-s** -z
ogham 'ɒg.əm US 'ɑː.gəm, 'ɔː-

oghamic ɒg'æm.ɪk US ɑː'gæm-, ɔː-, oʊ-
Ogilby 'əʊ.gᵊl.bi US 'oʊ-
Ogilvie, Ogilvy 'əʊ.gᵊl.vi US 'oʊ-
ogival əʊ'dʒaɪ.vᵊl, -'gaɪ- US oʊ'dʒaɪ-
ogive 'əʊ.dʒaɪv, -gaɪv, -'- US 'oʊ.dʒaɪv, -gaɪv, -'- **-s** -z
ogl|e (O) 'əʊ.gᵊl US 'oʊ-, 'ɑː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'əʊ.glɪŋ US 'oʊ-, 'ɑː- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z, 'əʊ.gləʳ/z, 'oʊ.glɚ/z, 'ɑː-
Ogleby 'əʊ.gᵊl.bi US 'oʊ-
Oglethorpe 'əʊ.gᵊl.θɔːp US 'oʊ.gᵊl.θɔːrp
Ogmore 'ɒg.mɔːʳ US 'ɑːg.mɔːr, 'ɔːg-
Ogoni ə'gəʊ.ni, ɒg'- US -'goʊ- **-land** -lænd
Ogpu 'ɒg.puː US 'ɑːg-, 'ɔːg-
O'Grady əʊ'greɪ.di US oʊ-
og|re 'əʊ.g|əʳ US 'oʊ.g|ɚ **-res** -əz US -ɚz **-reish** -ᵊr.ɪʃ
ogress 'əʊ.grəs, -rɪs US 'oʊ- **-es** -ɪz
Ogwr 'ɒg.ʊəʳ US 'ɑː.gʊr
oh əʊ US oʊ
O'Hagan əʊ'heɪ.gᵊn US oʊ-
O'Halloran əʊ'hæl.ᵊr.ən US oʊ-
O'Hanlon əʊ'hæn.lən US oʊ-
O'Hara əʊ'hɑː.rə US oʊ'her.ə, -'hær-
O'Hare əʊ'heəʳ US oʊ'her
O'Hea əʊ'heɪ US oʊ-
Ohio əʊ'haɪ.əʊ US oʊ'haɪ.oʊ, ə- **-an/s** -ən/z
ohm (O) əʊm US oʊm **-s** -z
OHMS ˌəʊ.eɪtʃ.em'es US ˌoʊ-
oho əʊ'həʊ US oʊ'hoʊ
oick ɔɪk **-s** -s
-oid ɔɪd
Note: Suffix. Does not normally change the stress pattern of the stem, e.g. **human** /'hjuː.mən/, **humanoid** /'hjuː.mə.nɔɪd/.
oik ɔɪk **-s** -s
oil ɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'oil ˌcan; 'oil ˌfield; 'oil ˌpaint; 'oil ˌpainting; 'oil ˌslick; 'oil ˌwell; ˌpour ˌoil on ˌtroubled 'waters; ˌburn the ˌmidnight 'oil**
oil|cloth 'ɔɪl|.klɒθ US -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz US -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
oil|man 'ɔɪl|.mæn US -mæn, -mən **-men** -men
oil-rig 'ɔɪl.rɪg **-s** -z
oilseed 'ɔɪl.siːd
oilskin 'ɔɪl.skɪn **-s** -z
oil|y 'ɔɪ.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
oink ɔɪnk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
ointment 'ɔɪnt.mənt **-s** -s
Oisin 'ɔɪ.zɪn US 'ɑː.ʃən, ə.ʃiːn
Oistrakh 'ɔɪ.strɑːk *as if Russian:* -strɑːx
Ojai 'əʊ.haɪ US 'oʊ-
Ojibwa(y) əʊ'dʒɪb.weɪ, ɒdʒ'ɪb-, -wə US oʊ'dʒɪb.weɪ, -wə **-s** -z
OK əʊ'keɪ US oʊ-, ə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌOK 'person
O'Kane əʊ'keɪn US oʊ-
okapi əʊ'kɑː.pi US oʊ- **-s** -z

Pronouncing the letters OI, OY

The vowel letter digraphs **oi** and **oy** are similar in that their most common pronunciation is /ɔɪ/, e.g.:

boy /bɔɪ/
boil /bɔɪl/

When followed by an **r** in the spelling, **oi** is pronounced as /waɪə, (US) waɪɚ/ or /wɑː, (US) wɑːr/, e.g.:

choir /kwaɪəʳ/ (US) /kwaɪɚ/
reservoir /ˈrez.əv.wɑːʳ/ (US) /-ɚv.wɑːr/

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the digraph **oi**. In the following examples, the pronunciation is due to the addition of the inflection -ing to words ending in **o**, e.g.:

/əʊ.ɪ (US) oʊ.ɪ/ going /ˈgəʊ.ɪŋ/ (US) /ˈgoʊ-/
/uː.ɪ/ doing /ˈduː.ɪŋ/

In words borrowed from French, the pronunciation of **oi** may be /wɑː/, e.g.:

Bois /bɔɪs, bwɑː/
foie gras /ˌfwɑːˈgrɑː/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph **oi** is realised with the vowel /ə/in weak syllables, e.g.:

tortoise /ˈtɔː.təs/ (US) /ˈtɔːr.t̬əs/
connoisseur /ˌkɒn.əˈsɜːʳ/ (US) /ˌkɑː.nəˈsɜ˞ː/

Okara ɒkˈɑː.rə (US) əˈkɑːr.ə
Okavango, Okovango ˌɒk.əˈvæŋ.gəʊ (US) ˌoʊ.kəˈvæŋ.goʊ
okay əʊˈkeɪ (US) oʊ-, ə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌokay ˈperson
Okeechobee ˌəʊ.kɪˈtʃəʊ.bi, -kiː- (US) ˌoʊ.kɪˈtʃoʊ-, -kiː-
O'Keef(f)e əʊˈkiːf (US) oʊ-
Okehampton ˌəʊkˈhæmp.tᵊn (US) ˈoʊkˌhæmp- *stress shift, British only:* ˌOkehampton ˈcentre
O'Kelly əʊˈkel.i (US) oʊ-
okeydoke ˌəʊ.kiˈdəʊk (US) ˌoʊ.kiˈdoʊk **-y** -i
Okhotsk əʊˈkɒtsk, ɒkˈɒtsk (US) oʊˈkɑːtsk
Okie ˈəʊ.ki (US) ˈoʊ- **-s** -z
Okinawa ˌɒk.ɪˈnɑː.wə, ˌəʊ.kɪ- (US) ˌoʊ.kəˈnɑː.wə, -kɪ-
okker, ocker ˈɒk.əʳ (US) ˈɑː.kɚ **-s** -z
Okla. (*abbrev. for* **Oklahoma**) ˌəʊ.kləˈhəʊ.mə (US) ˌoʊ.kləˈhoʊ-
Oklahom|a ˌəʊ.kləˈhəʊ.m|ə (US) ˌoʊ.kləˈhoʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z
Okovango, Okavango ˌɒk.əˈvæŋ.gəʊ (US) ˌoʊ.kəˈvæŋ.goʊ
okra ˈɒk.rə, ˈəʊ.krə (US) ˈoʊ-
Okri ˈɒk.ri (US) ˈɑː.kri
Olaf, Olav ˈəʊ.læf, -ləf (US) ˈoʊ.ləf, -lɑːf
Olave ˈɒl.ɪv, -əv, -eɪv (US) ˈoʊ.ləf, -lɑːf, -ləv
Olcott ˈɒl.kət (US) ˈɑːl-
old əʊld (US) oʊld **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**Old** ˈ**Bailey;** ˈ**old boy;** ˌ**Old** ˈ**English;** ˌ**Old** ˌ**English** ˈ**sheepdog;** ˌ**Old** ˈ**Faithful;** ˌ**Old** ˈ**Glory;** ˌ**old** ˈ**guard;** ˌ**old** ˈ**hand;** ˌ**old** ˈ**hat;** ˌ**old** ˈ**lady;** ˌ**old** ˈ**maid;** ˌ**old** ˈ**man;** ˌ**old** ˈ**master;** ˈ**old** ˌ**school;** ˌ**Old** ˈ**Testament;** **as** ˌ**old as the** ˈ**hills**
old-age (*adj.*) ˈəʊldˌeɪdʒ (US) ˈoʊld-
old-age (*n.*) ˌəʊldˈeɪdʒ (US) ˌoʊld-
old-age pension ˌəʊld.eɪdʒˈpen.tʃᵊn (US) ˌoʊld- **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Oldbuck ˈəʊld.bʌk (US) ˈoʊld-
Oldbury ˈəʊld.bᵊr.i (US) ˈoʊldˌber-, -bɚ.i
Oldcastle ˈəʊldˌkɑː.sᵊl (US) ˈoʊldˌkæs.ᵊl
olden ˈəʊl.dᵊn (US) ˈoʊl-
Oldenburg ˈəʊl.dᵊn.bɜːg, -dᵊm- (US) ˈoʊl.dᵊn.bɜ˞ːg
olde worlde ˌəʊl.diˈwɜːl.di (US) ˌoʊl.diˈwɜ˞ːl-
Note: Joking imitation of spelling.
old-fashioned ˌəʊldˈfæʃ.ᵊnd (US) ˌoʊld- *stress shift:* ˌold-fashioned ˈways
Oldfield ˈəʊld.fiːld (US) ˈoʊld-
old-fog(e)yish ˌəʊldˈfəʊ.gi.ɪʃ (US) ˌoʊldˈfoʊ-
Oldham ˈəʊl.dəm (US) ˈoʊl-
oldie ˈəʊl.di (US) ˈoʊl- **-s** -z
oldish ˈəʊl.dɪʃ (US) ˈoʊl-
Oldrey ˈəʊl.dri (US) ˈoʊl-
Oldsmobile® ˈəʊldz.mə.biːl (US) ˈoʊldz-
oldster ˈəʊld.stəʳ (US) ˈoʊld.stɚ **-s** -z
old-style ˈəʊld.staɪl (US) ˈoʊld-
old-time ˌəʊldˈtaɪm (US) ˌoʊldˈ- *stress shift:* ˌold-time ˈdancing
old-timer ˌəʊldˈtaɪ.məʳ (US) ˈoʊldˌtaɪ.mɚ **-s** -z
old wives' tale ˌəʊldˈwaɪvzˌteɪl (US) ˌoʊld-
old-world ˌəʊldˈwɜːld (US) ˌoʊldˈwɜ˞ːld *stress shift:* ˌold-world ˈvalues
olé əʊˈleɪ (US) oʊ-
oleaginous ˌəʊ.liˈædʒ.ɪ.nəs, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oleander (O) ˌəʊ.liˈæn.dəʳ (US) ˌoʊ.liˈæn.dɚ, ˈoʊ.liˌæn- **-s** -z
O'Leary əʊˈlɪə.ri (US) oʊˈlɪr.i
oleaster ˌəʊ.liˈæs.təʳ (US) ˌoʊ.liˈæs.tɚ **-s** -z
oleograph ˈəʊ.li.əʊ.grɑːf, ˈɒl.i-, -græf (US) ˈoʊ.li.oʊ.græf, -ə- **-s** -s
O level ˈəʊˌlev.ᵊl (US) ˈoʊ- **-s** -z
olfactory ɒlˈfæk.tᵊr.i (US) ɑːl-, oʊl-
Olga ˈɒl.gə (US) ˈɑːl-, ˈɔːl-, ˈoʊl-
Oliffe ˈɒl.ɪf (US) ˈɑː.lɪf
oligarch ˈɒl.ɪ.gɑːk (US) ˈɑː.lɪ.gɑːrk, ˈoʊ- **-s** -s
oligarchal ˌɒl.ɪˈgɑː.kᵊl (US) ˌɑː.lɪˈgɑːr-, ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌoligarchal ˈstate
oligarchic ˌɒl.ɪˈgɑː.kɪk (US) ˌɑː.lɪˈgɑːr-, ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌoligarchic ˈstate
oligarch|y ˈɒl.ɪ.gɑː.k|i (US) ˈɑː.lɪ.gɑːr-, ˈoʊ- **-ies** -iz
Oligocene ˈɒl.ɪ.gəʊ.siːn; ɒlˈɪg.əʊ- (US) ˈɑː.lɪ.goʊ-, ˈoʊ-
oligopol|y ˌɒl.ɪˈgɒp.ᵊl|.i (US) ˌɑː.lɪˈgɑː.pᵊl-, ˌoʊ- **-ies** -iz
olio ˈəʊ.li.əʊ (US) ˈoʊ.li.oʊ **-s** -z
Oliphant ˈɒl.ɪ.fənt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɑː.lɪ-
olivaceous ˌɒl.ɪˈveɪ.ʃəs (US) ˌɑː.lɪˈ-
olive (O) ˈɒl.ɪv (US) ˈɑː.lɪv **-s** -z ˈ**olive** ˌ**branch;** ˌ**olive** ˈ**green;** ˌ**olive** ˈ**oil,** ˈ**olive** ˌ**oil**
oliver (O) ˈɒl.ɪ.vəʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɑː.lɪ.vɚ **-s** -z
Oliverian ˌɒl.ɪˈvɪə.ri.ən, -əˈ- (US) ˌɑː.lɪˈver.i-
Olivet ˈɒl.ɪ.vet, ˈ-ə-, -vɪt, -vət (US) ˈɑː.lɪ.vet, -lə-
Olivetti® ˌɒl.ɪˈvet.i, -əˈ- (US) ˌɑː.ləˈvet̬.i
Olivia ɒlˈɪv.i.ə, əˈlɪv-, əʊ- (US) oʊˈlɪv-, ə-
Olivier əˈlɪv.i.eɪ, ɒlˈɪv-, -ə (US) oʊˈlɪv.i.eɪ
olivine ˈɒl.ɪ.viːn, ˈ-ə-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈɑː.lə.viːn **-s** -z
olla podrida ˌɒl.jə.pɒdˈriː.də, -pəˈdriː- (US) ˌɑː.lə.poʊˈdriː-, -pəˈ- **-s** -z
Ollendorf ˈɒl.ən.dɔːf, -ɪn- (US) ˈɑː.lən.dɔːrf
Ollerton ˈɒl.ə.tᵊn (US) ˈɑː.lɚ-
Olley, Ollie ˈɒl.i (US) ˈɑː.li
Olliffe ˈɒl.ɪf (US) ˈɑː.lɪf
Ollivant ˈɒl.ɪ.vənt, -vænt (US) ˈɑː.lɪ-
Olmstead ˈɒm.sted (US) ˈoʊm-, ˈɑːm-, -stəd

y 'əʊl.ni, 'əʊ- (US) 'oʊl-, 'oʊ-, 'ɑːl-
y 'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) 'ɑː.lə.dʒ|i **-ies** -iz
Suffix. Normally takes primary
ss as shown, e.g. **biology**
ɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -'ɑː.lə-/, **pharmacol-**
/ˌfɑː.mə'kɒl.ə.dʒi (US)
.mə'kɑː.lə-/.
so ˌɒl.ə'rəʊ.səʊ, ˌəʊ.lə'-, -zəʊ
ʊ.loʊ'roʊ.soʊ, -lə'- **-s** -z
, Olson 'əʊl.sᵊn (US) 'oʊl-
'ɒl.vəʳ, 'əʊl- (US) 'ɑː.lvɚ
n 'ɒl.wen, -wɪn (US) 'ɑːl-
pi|a əʊ'lɪm.pi|.ə (US) oʊ-, ə- **-an**

piad əʊ'lɪm.pi.æd (US) oʊ-, ə- **-s**

pic əʊ'lɪm.pɪk (US) oʊ-, ə- **-s** -s
mpic 'Games
pus əʊ'lɪm.pəs (US) oʊ-, ə-
hus əʊ'lɪnt.θəs (US) oʊ-, ə-
) əʊm, ɒm (US) oʊm
gh 'əʊ.mə, -mɑː (US) 'oʊ-
na 'əʊ.mə.hɑː (US) 'oʊ-, -hɔː
lley əʊ'mæl.i, -'meɪ.li (US) oʊ-
n əʊ'mɑːn (US) oʊ-
'əʊ.mɑːʳ (US) 'oʊ.mɑːr
Khayyám ˌəʊ.mɑː.kaɪ'æm,
n (US) ˌoʊ.mɑːr.kaɪ'jɑːm, -'æm
e 'ɒm.bəʳ (US) 'ɑːm.bɚ
uds|man 'ɒm.bʊdz|.mən,
z-, -bədz-, -mæn (US) 'ɑːm.bədz-,
z-; ɑːm'bʌdz- **-men** -mən, -men
urman ˌɒm.dɜː'mɑːn, -də'-,
en; 'ɒm.də.mən (US)
.dɚ'mɑːn
ara əʊ'mɑː.rə, -'mɪə-
ʊ'mɪr.ə, -'mɑːr-
ga (O) 'əʊ.mɪ.gə, -meg.ə
ʊ'meɪ.gə, -'meg.ə, -'miː.gə;
meg- **-s** -z
et, omelette 'ɒm.lət, -lɪt, -let
ɑː.m.lət, -lɪt; 'ɑː.mə- **-s** -s
n 'əʊ.mən, -men (US) 'oʊ- **-s** -z **-ed** -d
prazole əʊ'mep.rə.zəʊl
ʊ'mep.rə.zoʊl
(O) 'əʊ.məʳ (US) 'oʊ.mɚ **-s** -z
tà ˌəʊ.mə'tɑː (US) ˌoʊ.mer'tɑː
ron əʊ'maɪ.krɒn, -krᵊn; 'ɒm.ɪ-
ʊʊ.mɪ.krɑːn, 'ɑː- **-s** -z
ous 'ɒm.ɪ.nəs, 'əʊ.mɪ-, -mə-
ɑː.mə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sible əʊ'mɪs.ɪ.bᵊl, '-ə- (US) oʊ-
sion əʊ'mɪʃ.ᵊn (US) oʊ- **-s** -z
əʊl'mɪt (US) oʊ- **-mits** -'mɪts
tting -'mɪt.ɪŋ (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪŋ
tted -'mɪt.ɪd (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪd
atidi|um ˌɒm.ə'tɪd.i|.əm
ɑː.mə'- **-a** -ə **-al** -əl
- ɒm.nɪ, -nə, -ni; ɒm'nɪ
ːm.nɪ, -nə, -ni; ɑːm'nɪ
Prefix. Normally takes either
nary or secondary stress on the
syllable, e.g. **omnibus**
.nɪ.bəs (US) 'ɑːm-/, **omnipresent**
.nɪ'pres.ᵊnt (US) ˌɑːm-/, or pri-
y stress on the second syllable,
omnipotent /ɒm'nɪp.ə.tᵊnt
ːm'nɪ.pə.t̬ənt/.
bus 'ɒm.nɪ.bəs, -nə-, -bʌs

(US) 'ɑːm- **-es** -ɪz
omnifarious ˌɒm.nɪ'feə.ri.əs
(US) ˌɑːm.nɪ'fer.i-
omnificent ɒm'nɪf.ɪ.sᵊnt (US) ɑːm-
omnipotence ɒm'nɪp.ə.tᵊnts
(US) ɑːm'nɪp.ə.t̬ənts
omnipotent ɒm'nɪp.ə.tᵊnt
(US) ɑːm'nɪp.ə.t̬ənt **-ly** -li
omnipresen|t ˌɒm.nɪ'prez.ᵊn|t,
-nə'- (US) ˌɑːm.nɪ'- **-ce** -ts
omniscience ɒm'nɪs.i.ənts, -'nɪʃ-,
-'nɪʃ.ᵊnts (US) ɑːm'nɪʃ.ᵊnts
omniscient ɒm'nɪs.i.ənt, -'nɪʃ-,
-'nɪʃ.ᵊnt (US) ɑːm'nɪʃ.ᵊnt **-ly** -li
omnium (O) 'ɒm.ni.əm (US) 'ɑːm- **-s** -z
omnium gatherum
ˌɒm.ni.əm'gæð.ᵊr.əm (US) ˌɑːm- **-s** -z
omnivore 'ɒm.nɪ.vɔːʳ, -nə- (US)
'ɑːm.nɪ.vɔːr **-s** -z
omnivorous ɒm'nɪv.ᵊr.əs (US) ɑːm-
-ly -li
Omond 'əʊ.mənd (US) 'oʊ-
omphalos 'ɒmp.fᵊl.ɒs (US)
'ɑːmp.fᵊl.əs, -ɑːs
Omri 'ɒm.raɪ (US) 'ɑːm-
Omsk ɒmsk (US) ɔːmsk, ɑːmsk
on *(n, adj, adv, prep.)* ɒn (US) ɑːn, ɔːn
onager 'ɒn.ə.gəʳ (US) 'ɑː.nə.gɚ **-s** -z
Onan 'əʊ.næn, -nən (US) 'oʊ-
onan|ism 'əʊ.nə.n|ɪ.zᵊm, -næn|.ɪ- (US)
'oʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
onanistic ˌəʊ.nə'nɪs.tɪk, -næn'ɪst-
(US) ˌoʊ-
Onassis əʊ'næs.ɪs (US) oʊ-, -'nɑː.sɪs
on-board *(adj.)* 'ɒn.bɔːd (US) 'ɑːn.bɔːrd
once wʌnts, wɒnts (US) wʌnts ˌ**once
and for 'all**
once-over 'wʌnts,əʊ.vəʳ, 'wɒnts-,
ˌ-'-- (US) 'wʌnts,oʊ.vɚ
oncer 'wʌnt.səʳ, 'wɒnt- (US) 'wʌnt.sɚ
-s -z
onco- ɒŋ.kəʊ; ɒŋ'kɒ (US) ɑːn.koʊ-,
ɑːŋ-, -kə; ɑːn'kɑː, ɑːŋ-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **oncogene** /'ɒŋ.kəʊ.dʒiːn (US) 'ɑːŋ.kə-/, **oncogenic** /ˌɒŋ.kəʊ'dʒen.ɪk (US) ˌɑːŋ.kə-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **oncology** /ɒŋ'kɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ɑːŋ'kɑː.lə-/.
oncogene 'ɒŋ.kəʊ.dʒiːn (US) 'ɑːn.kə-,
'ɑːŋ- **-s** -z
oncogenic ˌɒŋ.kəʊ'dʒen.ɪk
(US) ˌɑːn.kə'-, ˌɑːŋ-
oncologic ˌɒŋ.kəʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪk
(US) ˌɑːn.kə'lɑː.dʒɪk, ˌɑːŋ-
oncological ˌɒŋ.kəʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl
(US) ˌɑːn.kə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, ˌɑːŋ-
oncologist ɒŋ'kɒl.ə.dʒɪst
(US) ɑːn'kɑː.lə-, ɑːŋ- **-s** -s
oncology ɒŋ'kɒl.ə.dʒi
(US) ɑːn'kɑː.lə-, ɑːŋ-
oncoming 'ɒn,kʌm.ɪŋ, 'ɒŋ- (US) 'ɑːn-,
'ɔːn-
Ondaatje ɒn'dɑː.tʃə (US) ɑːn'dɑː.tʃe
on-drive 'ɒn.draɪv (US) 'ɑːn-, 'ɔːn- **-s** -z
one wʌn, wɒn (US) wʌn **-s** -z
O'Neal əʊ'niːl (US) oʊ-

one-armed ˌwʌn'ɑːmd, ˌwɒn-
(US) ˌwʌn'ɑːrmd *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**one-armed 'bandit**
one-eyed ˌwʌn'aɪd, ˌwɒn- (US) ˌwʌn- *stress shift:* ˌone-eyed 'pirate
Onega ɒn'eɪ.gə, əʊ'neɪ-, -'njeg.ə *old fashioned:* 'əʊ.nɪ.gə (US) oʊn'jeg.ə,
-neɪ-
Onegin ɒn'jeɪ.gɪn (US) ɑːn-
one-horse ˌwʌn'hɔːs, ˌwɒn- (US)
ˌwʌn'hɔːrs *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**one-horse 'town**
O'Neil(l) əʊ'niːl (US) oʊ-
one-legged ˌwʌn'leg.ɪd, ˌwɒn- (US)
ˌwʌn'legd *stress shift:* ˌone-legged
'table
one-liner ˌwʌn'laɪ.nəʳ, ˌwɒn-
(US) ˌwʌn'laɪ.nɚ **-s** -z
one-man ˌwʌn'mæn, ˌwʌm-, ˌwɒn-
(US) ˌwʌn- *stress shift, see compound:*
ˌ**one-man 'band**
oneness 'wʌn.nəs, -nɪs, 'wɒn-
(US) 'wʌn.nəs, -nɪs
one-night stand ˌwʌn.naɪt'stænd,
ˌwɒn- (US) ˌwʌn-
one-off ˌwʌn'ɒf, ˌwɒn-, '--
(US) 'wʌn.ɑːf **-s** -s
one-on-one ˌwʌn.ɒn'wʌn (US) -ɑːn'-
one-parent family
ˌwʌn.peə.rᵊnt'fæm.ᵊl.i, ˌwʌm-,
ˌwɒn-, -ɪ.li (US) ˌwʌn.per.ᵊnt'-, -pær-
one-piece 'wʌn.piːs, 'wʌm-, ˌwɒn-
(US) 'wʌn-
oner 'wʌn.əʳ, 'wɒn- (US) 'wʌn.ɚ **-s** -z
onerous 'əʊ.nᵊr.əs, 'ɒn.ᵊr- (US)
'ɑː.nɚ-, 'oʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oneself wʌn'self, wɒn- (US) wʌn-
ˌ**keep one,self to one'self**
onesided ˌwʌn'saɪ.dɪd, ˌwɒn- (US)
ˌwʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌonesided 'argument
Onesimus əʊ'nes.ɪ.məs, -'niː.sɪ-,
-sə- (US) oʊ-
one-stop ˌwʌn'stɒp, ˌwɒn-
(US) ˌwʌn'stɑːp *stress shift:* ˌone-stop
'shop
onetime 'wʌn.taɪm, 'wɒn- (US) 'wʌn-
one-to-one ˌwʌn.tə'wʌn, -tu'-,
ˌwɒn.tə'wɒn (US) ˌwʌn.t̬ə'-
one-track mind ˌwʌn.træk'maɪnd,
ˌwɒn- (US) ˌwʌn- **-s** -z
one-upmanship ˌwʌn'ʌp.mən.ʃɪp,
ˌwɒn- (US) ˌwʌn-
one-way ˌwʌn'weɪ, ˌwɒn- (US) ˌwʌn- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**one-way
'street**
ongoing 'ɒn,gəʊ.ɪŋ, 'ɒŋ-, ˌ-'--
(US) 'ɑːn,goʊ- **-s** -z
Onians ə'naɪənz, əʊ- (US) oʊ-
Onich 'əʊ.nɪk, -nɪx (US) 'oʊ-
onion 'ʌn.jən **-s** -z **-y** -i
Onions 'ʌn.jənz, əʊ'naɪənz
(US) 'ʌn.jənz
online ˌɒn'laɪn (US) ˌɑːn-, ˌɔːn- *stress shift:* ˌonline 'chat
onlook|er 'ɒn,lʊk|.əʳ (US) 'ɑːn,lʊk|.ɚ,
'ɔːn- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

Onset

In the analysis of syllable structure (and occasionally in other areas), the first part of a syllable.

Examples for English

In English the onset may be zero (when no consonant precedes the vowel in a syllable), one consonant, or two, or three, e.g.:

in	/ɪn/	spin	/spɪn/
pin	/pɪn/	spring	/sprɪŋ/

There are many restrictions on what clusters of consonants may occur in onsets: for example, if an English syllable has a three-consonant onset, the first consonant must be /s/, the second must be one of /p t k/ and the last must be one of /l r j w/.

only 'əʊn.li ⓤⓢ 'oʊn-
on-message ˌɒn'mes.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn-
Ono 'əʊ.nəʊ ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.noʊ
onomasiological ˌɒn.əʊˌmeɪ.si.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl, -zi- ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.noʊˌmeɪ.si.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -nəˌ-
onomasiology ˌɒn.əʊˌmeɪ.si'ɒl.ə.dʒi, -zi'- ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.noʊˌmeɪ.si'ɑː.lə-, -nəˌ-
onomastic ˌɒn.əʊ'mæs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.noʊ'-, -nə'- **-s** -s
onomatopoe|ia ˌɒn.əʊˌmæt.ə'piː|.ə ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.noʊˌmæt̬.oʊ'-, -nəˌ- **-ias** -əz **-ic** -ɪk
onrush 'ɒn.rʌʃ ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn-, 'ɔːn- **-ing** -ɪŋ
onscreen ˌɒn'skriːn ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn-, ˌɔːn- *stress shift:* ˌonscreen 'daughter
onset 'ɒn.set ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn-, 'ɔːn- **-s** -s
onshore ˌɒn'ʃɔːʳ ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.ʃɔːr, 'ɔːn- *stress shift, British only:* ˌonshore 'wind
onside ˌɒn'saɪd ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.saɪd, 'ɔːn- *stress shift, British only:* ˌonside 'player
onslaught 'ɒn.slɔːt ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.slɑːt, 'ɔːn-, -slɔːt **-s** -s
Onslow 'ɒnz.ləʊ ⓤⓢ 'ɑːnz.loʊ
onstage ˌɒn'steɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn-, ˌɔːn- *stress shift:* ˌonstage 'son
onstream ˌɒn'striːm ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn-, ˌɔːn- *stress shift:* ˌonstream 'oilfield
Ontario ɒn'teə.ri.əʊ ⓤⓢ ɑːn'ter.i.oʊ
onto 'ɒn.tuː, -tə, -tu ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.tuː, 'ɔːn-, -tə, -tu
Note: The pronunciation /'ɒn.tuː ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn-/ is only rarely heard. The usual pronunciation is /'ɒn.tə ⓤⓢ ɑːn.tə/ before consonants, e.g. "onto ships" /ˌɒn.tə'ʃɪps ⓤⓢ ɑːn.tə'-/, and /'ɒn.tu ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn-/ before vowels, e.g. "onto aircraft" /ˌɒn.tu'eə.krɑːft ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn.tu'er.kræft/.
ontogenesis ˌɒn.təʊ'dʒen.ə.sɪs, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn.toʊ'dʒen.ə-
ontogenetic ˌɒn.təʊ.dʒə'net.ɪk, -dʒɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn.toʊ.dʒə'net̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
ontogeny ɒn'tɒdʒ.ə.ni, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ɑːn'tɑː.dʒə-
ontologic ˌɒn.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌɑːn.toʊ'lɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
ontolog|y ɒn'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ ɑːn'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
onus 'əʊ.nəs ⓤⓢ 'oʊ-
onward 'ɒn.wəd ⓤⓢ 'ɑːn.wɚd, 'ɔːn- **-s** -z
onyx 'ɒn.ɪks ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.nɪks **-es** -ɪz
oodles 'uː.dəlz
oof uːf
ooh uː
oolite 'əʊ.əʊ.laɪt ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.ə- **-s** -s
oolitic ˌəʊ.əʊ'lɪt.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.ə'lɪt̬-
oolog|y əʊ'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ oʊ'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Oolong 'uː.lɒŋ, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'uː.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ
oompah 'ʊm.pɑː, 'uːm-
oomph ʊmpf, uːmpf
oops uːps, ʊps
oops-a-daisy ˌʊps.ə'deɪ.zi, ˌuːps-, ˌwʊps-, 'ʊps.əˌdeɪ-, 'uːps-, 'wʊps-
ooz|e uːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ooz|y 'uː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
op ɒp ⓤⓢ ɑːp **-s** -s
opacity əʊ'pæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ oʊ'pæs.ə.t̬i
opal 'əʊ.pəl ⓤⓢ 'oʊ- **-s** -z
opalescen|t ˌəʊ.pəl'es.ən|t ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ- **-ce** -ts
opaline (*adj.*) 'əʊ.pəl.aɪn ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pəl.iːn, -aɪn, -ɪn
opaline (*n.*) 'əʊ.pəl.iːn, -aɪn ⓤⓢ 'oʊ- **-s** -z
opaque əʊ'peɪk ⓤⓢ oʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
op art 'ɒpˌɑːt ⓤⓢ 'ɑːpˌɑːrt
op. cit. ˌɒp'sɪt ⓤⓢ ˌɑːp-
op|e əʊp ⓤⓢ oʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
OPEC, Opec 'əʊ.pek ⓤⓢ 'oʊ-
Opel® 'əʊ.pəl ⓤⓢ 'oʊ-
open 'əʊ.pən ⓤⓢ 'oʊ- **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst ⓤⓢ -əst **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'əʊp.nɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'oʊp- **-ed** -d **ˌopen 'book; ˌopen ˌday; ˌopen 'house; ˌopen 'market; ˌopen 'prison; ˌopen 'sesame; ˌOpen Uni'versity; ˌopen 'verdict**
open-air (*adj.*) ˌəʊ.pən'eəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.pən'er *stress shift:* ˌopen-air 'concert
open-air (*n.*) ˌəʊ.pən'eəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.pən'er
open-and-shut ˌəʊ.pən.ənd'ʃʌt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌopen-and-shut 'case
opencast 'əʊ.pən.kɑːst, -pəŋ- ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pən.kæst
open-ended ˌəʊ.pən'end.ɪd ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌopen-ended 'verdict
opener 'əʊ.pən.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pən.ɚ **-s** -z
open-eyed ˌəʊ.pən'aɪd ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌopen-eyed 'onlooker
open-handed ˌəʊ.pən'hæn.dɪd, 'əʊ.pənˌhæn- ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pənˌhæn-, ˌoʊ.pən'hæn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌopen-handed 'benefactor
open-heart ˌəʊ.pən'hɑːt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.pən'hɑːrt *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌopen-heart 'surgery**
open-hearted ˌəʊ.pən'hɑː.tɪd, 'əʊ.pənˌhɑː- ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pənˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd, ˌoʊ.pən'hɑːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌopen-hearted 'person
opening 'əʊp.nɪŋ, 'əʊ.pən.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'oʊp.nɪŋ, 'oʊ.pən.ɪŋ **-s** -z
opening time 'əʊp.nɪŋˌtaɪm, 'əʊ.pən.ɪŋˌ- ⓤⓢ 'oʊp.nɪŋˌ-, 'oʊ.pən.ɪŋˌ-
openly 'əʊ.pən.li ⓤⓢ 'oʊ-
open-minded ˌəʊ.pən'maɪn.dɪd, -pəm'-, 'əʊ.pənˌmaɪn-, -pəmˌ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.pən'maɪn-, 'oʊ.pənˌmaɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌopen-minded 'person
open-mouthed ˌəʊ.pən'maʊðd, -pəm'-, 'əʊ.pənˌmaʊðd ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pənˌmaʊðd, -ˌmaʊθt, ˌ--'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌopen-mouthed 'children
openness 'əʊ.pən.nəs, -nɪs ⓤⓢ 'oʊ-
open-plan ˌəʊ.pən'plæn, -pəm'- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.pən- *stress shift:* ˌopen-plan 'offices
open sesame ˌəʊ.pən'ses.ə.mi ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ-
Openshaw 'əʊ.pən.ʃɔː ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pən.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
open-work 'əʊ.pən.wɜːk ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.pən.wɝːk
opera 'ɒp.ər.ə, 'ɒp.rə ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.pər.ə, 'ɑː.prə **-s** -z **'opera ˌhouse**
operability ˌɒp.ər.ə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.pər.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌɑː.prə'-
operab|le 'ɒp.ər.ə.b|əl ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.pər.ə-, 'ɑː.prə- **-ly** -li
opéra bouffe ˌɒp.ər.ə'buːf ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.pər-, ˌɑː.prə'-
opera buffa ˌɒp.ər.ə'buː.fə ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.pər.ə'-, ˌɑː.prə'-
opéra comique ˌɒp.ər.ə.kɒm'iːk ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.pər.ə.kɑː'miːk, ˌɑː.prə-

Pronouncing the letters OO

The most common pronunciation for the vowel digraph **oo** is /uː/, e.g.:

boom /buːm/

The realisation /ʊ/ is also quite common, e.g.:

book /bʊk/
stood /stʊd/

When followed by an r in the spelling, **oo** is pronounced as either /ɔː (US) ɔːr/ or /ʊə (US) ʊr/ e.g

door /dɔːʳ/ (US) /dɔːr/
moor /mɔːʳ, mʊəʳ/ (US) /mʊr/

It should be noted that, for many speakers, the form /mʊəʳ/ has dropped out of use in favour of /mɔːʳ/.

In addition

There are other vowel sounds associated with the digraph oo, e.g.:

/ʌ/	blood	/blʌd/	
/əʊ (US) oʊ/	brooch	/brəʊtʃ/	(US) /broʊtʃ/

erant 'ɒp.ᵊr.ᵊnt (US) 'ɑː.pᵊr- **-s** -s
er|ate 'ɒp.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) 'ɑː.pᵊr- **-ates** eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) eɪ.t̬ɚ/z 'operating ˌsystem; 'oper-ating ˌtable
eratic ˌɒp.ᵊr'æt.ɪk (US) ˌɑː.pə'ræt̬- **s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
eration ˌɒp.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌɑː.pə'reɪ- **s** -z
erational ˌɒp.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -'eɪʃ.nᵊl (US) ˌɑː.pə'reɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -'reɪʃ.nᵊl **-ly** -i
erative 'ɒp.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- (US) ɑː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -pə.reɪ- **-s** -z **-ly** -li **ness** -nəs, -nɪs
eretta ˌɒp.ᵊr'et.ə (US) ˌɑː.pə'ret̬- **-s** -z
erettist ˌɒp.ᵊr'et.ɪst (US) ˌɑː.pə'ret̬- **s** -s
helia əʊ'fiː.li.ə, ɒf'iː- (US) oʊ'fiːl.jə
hicleide 'ɒf.ɪ.klaɪd (US) 'ɑː.fɪ- **-s** -z
hidian ɒf'ɪd.i.ən, əʊ'fɪd- (US) oʊ'fɪd-
hir 'əʊ.fəʳ (US) 'oʊ.fɚ
hiuchus ɒf'juː.kəs, ˌɒf.i'uː- (US) ˌɑː.fi'juː.kəs, ˌoʊ-
hthalmia ɒf'θæl.mi.ə, ɒp- (US) ɑːf-, ɑːp-
hthalmic ɒf'θæl.mɪk, ɒp- (US) ɑːf-, ɑːp-
hthalmo- ɒfˌθæl.məʊ, ɒp- (US) ɑːfˌθæl.moʊ, ɑːp-, -mə
hthalmolog|y ˌɒf.θæl'mɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ɒp- (US) ˌɑːf.θæl'mɑː.lə-, ˌɑːp- **-ist/s** ɪst/s
hthalmoscope ɒf'θæl.mə.skəʊp, ɒp- (US) ɑːf'θæl.mə.skoʊp, ɑːp- **-s** -s
hthalmoscopy ɒf.θæl'mɒs.kə.pi, ɒp- (US) ˌɑːf.θæl'mɑː.skə-, ˌɑːp-
iate 'əʊ.pi.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) 'oʊ.pi.ɪt, eɪt **-s** -s
iated 'əʊ.pi.eɪ.tɪd (US) 'oʊ.pi.eɪ.t̬ɪd
ie 'əʊ.pi (US) 'oʊ-
in|e əʊ'paɪn (US) oʊ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **ed** -d
inion ə'pɪn.jən (US) ə-, oʊ- **-s** -z ə'pinion ˌpoll
inionated ə'pɪn.jə.neɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd, oʊ-

opium 'əʊ.pi.əm (US) 'oʊ- **'opium ˌden**
Oporto əʊ'pɔː.təʊ (US) oʊ'pɔːr.toʊ
opossum ə'pɒs.əm (US) -'pɑː.səm **-s** -z
Oppenheim 'ɒp.ᵊn.haɪm (US) 'ɑː.pᵊn- **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
oppidan 'ɒp.ɪ.dᵊn (US) 'ɑː.pɪ- **-s** -z
opponent ə'pəʊ.nənt (US) -'poʊ- **-s** -s
opportune 'ɒp.ə.tjuːn, -tʃuːn, ˌ--'- (US) ˌɑː.pɚ'tuːn, -'tjuːn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
opportun|ism ˌɒp.ə'tjuː.n|ɪ.zᵊm, -'tʃuː-, 'ɒp.ə.tjuː-, -tʃuː- (US) ˌɑː.pɚ'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
opportunistic ˌɒp.ə.tjuː'nɪs.tɪk, -tʃuː'- (US) ˌɑː.pɚ.tuː'-, -tjuː'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
opportunit|y ˌɒp.ə'tjuː.nə.t|i, -'tʃuː-, -nɪ- (US) ˌɑː.pɚ'tuː.nə.t̬|i, -'tjuː- **-ies** -iz
oppos|e ə'pəʊz (US) -'poʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
opposite 'ɒp.ə.zɪt, -sɪt (US) 'ɑː.pə- **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**opposite 'number**
opposition ˌɒp.ə'zɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ˌɑː.pə'- **-s** -z
oppress ə'pres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
oppression ə'preʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
oppressive ə'pres.ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oppressor ə'pres.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
opprobrious ə'prəʊ.bri.əs (US) -'proʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
opprobrium ə'prəʊ.bri.əm (US) -'proʊ-
oppugn ə'pjuːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Oprah 'əʊ.prə (US) 'oʊ-
Opren® 'ɒp.rᵊn, -ren (US) 'ɑː.prᵊn, -pren
opt ɒpt (US) ɑːpt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
optative 'ɒp.tə.tɪv; ɒp'teɪ- (US) 'ɑːp.tə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
optic 'ɒp.tɪk (US) 'ɑːp- **-s** -s
optical 'ɒp.tɪ.kᵊl (US) 'ɑːp- **-ly** -i ˌ**optical 'fibre;** ˌ**optical il'lusion**
optician ɒp'tɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ɑːp- **-s** -z
optimal 'ɒp.tɪ.mᵊl (US) 'ɑːp- **-ly** -i

optime 'ɒp.tɪ.meɪ (US) 'ɑːp- **-s** -z
optim|ism 'ɒp.tɪ.m|ɪ.zᵊm, -tə- (US) 'ɑːp.tə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
optimistic ˌɒp.tɪ'mɪs.tɪk, -tə'- (US) ˌɑːp.tə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
optimization ˌɒp.tɪ.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-, -mɪ'- (US) ˌɑːp.tə.mɪ'zeɪ- **-s** -z
optimiz|e, -is|e 'ɒp.tɪ.maɪz, -tə- (US) 'ɑːp.tə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
optim|um 'ɒp.tɪ.m|əm, -tə- (US) 'ɑːp.tə- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
option 'ɒp.ʃᵊn (US) 'ɑːp- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
optional 'ɒp.ʃᵊn.ᵊl (US) 'ɑːp.ʃᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
optometric ˌɒp.təʊ'met.rɪk (US) ˌɑːp.tə'met- **-s** -s
optometrist ɒp'tɒm.ə.trɪst, '-ɪ- (US) ɑːp'tɑː.mə- **-s** -s
optometry ɒp'tɒm.ɪ.tri, '-ə- (US) ɑːp'tɑː.mə-
opt-out 'ɒpt.aʊt (US) 'ɑːpt- **-s** -z
Optrex® 'ɒp.treks (US) 'ɑːp-
opulence 'ɒp.jə.lənts, -jʊ- (US) 'ɑːp-
opulent 'ɒp.jə.lənt, -jʊ- (US) 'ɑːp- **-ly** -li
opus 'əʊ.pəs, 'ɒp.əs (US) 'oʊ.pəs **-es** -ɪz **opera** 'ɒp.ᵊr.ə (US) 'oʊ.pɚ.ə, 'ɑː-, '-prə
opuscule ɒp'ʌs.kjuːl, əʊ'pʌs- (US) oʊ'pʌs.kjuːl **-s** -z
Opus Dei ˌəʊ.pəs'deɪ.i (US) ˌoʊ-
or *(n.)* ɔːʳ (US) ɔːr
or *(conj.) normal form:* ɔːʳ (US) ɔːr *weak form:* əʳ, ɚ
Note: Occasional weak form word. The weak form /əʳ (US) ɚ/ is used in phrases such as "two or three pounds" /ˌtuː.əˌθriː'paʊndz (US) -ɚˌ-/.
orach|(e) 'ɒr.ɪtʃ (US) 'ɔːr.ətʃ **-es** -ɪz
oracle 'ɒr.ə.kᵊl, '-ɪ- (US) 'ɔːr.ə- **-s** -z
oracular ɒr'æk.jə.ləʳ, ɔː'ræk-, ə-, -jʊ- (US) ɔː'ræk.juː.lɚ, ə-, -jə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oracy 'ɔː.rə.si (US) 'ɔːr.ə-
Oradea ɒr'ɑː.di.ə (US) ɔː'rɑː.djɑː
oral 'ɔː.rᵊl (US) 'ɔːr.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i ˌ**oral 'sex**
Oran ɔː'rɑːn, ə-, ɒr'ɑːn, -'æn (US) oʊ'rɑːn, -'ræn

orang|e (O) ˈɒr.ɪndʒ, -əndʒ (US) ˈɔːr.ɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz ˌ**Orange ˈFree ˌState; ˈorange ˌjuice**
orangeade ˌɒr.ɪndʒˈeɪd, -əndʒˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.ɪndʒˈ-
orange-blossom ˈɒr.ɪndʒˌblɒs.əm, -əndʒˌ- (US) ˈɔːr.ɪndʒˌblɑː.səm **-s** -z
Orange|man ˈɒr.ɪndʒ|.mən, -əndʒ-, -mæn (US) ˈɔːr.ɪndʒ- **-men** -mən, -men
oranger|y ˈɒr.ɪn.dʒər|.i, -ən-, ˈ-ɪndʒ.r|i (US) ˈɔːr.ɪndʒ.ri **-ies** -iz
orangoutan, orangutan, orangutang ɔːˌræŋ.uːˈtæn, ɒrˌæŋ-, əˌræŋ-, -əˈ-, -juːˈ-, -ˈtɑːn, -ˈtæŋ; ɔːˈræŋ.uː.tæn, ɒrˈæŋ-, əˈræŋ-, ˈ-ə-, ˈ-juː-, -tɑːn, -tæŋ (US) ɔːˈræŋ.ə.tæn, ə-, oʊ-, -tæŋ **-s** -z
ora|te ɔːˈreɪ|t, ɒrˈeɪ|t, əˈreɪ|t (US) ˈɔːr.eɪ|t; ɔːˈreɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
oration ɔrˈeɪ.ʃən, ɒr- (US) ɔː- **-s** -z
orator ˈɒr.ə.təʳ (US) ˈɔːr.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
oratorical ˌɒr.əˈtɒr.ɪ.kəl (US) ˌɔːr.əˈtɔːr- **-ly** -i
oratorio ˌɒr.əˈtɔː.ri.əʊ (US) ˌɔːr.əˈtɔːr.i.oʊ **-s** -z
orator|y (O) ˈɒr.ə.tər|.i (US) ˈɔːr.ə.tɔːr- **-ies** -iz
orb ɔːb (US) ɔːrb **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Orbach ˈɔː.bæk (US) ˈɔːr-
orbed ɔːbd (US) ɔːrbd *in poetry generally:* ˈɔː.bɪd, ˈɔːr.bɪd
orbicular ɔːˈbɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) ɔːrˈbɪk.juː.lɚ, -jə- **-ly** -li
Orbison ˈɔː.bɪ.sən, -bə- (US) ˈɔːr-
or|bit ˈɔː|.bɪt (US) ˈɔːr- **-bits** -bɪts **-biting** -bɪ.tɪŋ (US) -bɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-bited** -bɪ.tɪd (US) -bɪ.t̬ɪd **-bital** -bɪ.təl (US) -t̬əl
orc ɔːk (US) ɔːrk **-s** -s
Orcadian ɔːˈkeɪ.di.ən (US) ɔːr- **-s** -z
orchard (O) ˈɔː.tʃəd (US) ˈɔːr.tʃɚd **-s** -z
Orchardson ˈɔː.tʃəd.sən (US) ˈɔːr.tʃɚd-
Orchehill ˈɔː.tʃɪl (US) ˈɔːr-
orchestra ˈɔː.kɪ.strə, -kə-, -kes.trə (US) ˈɔːr.kɪ.strə, -kes.trə **-s** -z
orchestral ɔːˈkes.trəl (US) ɔːr-
orchest|rate ˈɔː.kɪ.st|reɪt, -kə-, -kes.t|reɪt (US) ˈɔːr.kɪ.st|reɪt, -kes.t|reɪt **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd (US) -reɪ.t̬ɪd
orchestration ˌɔː.kɪˈstreɪ.ʃən, -kəˈ-, -kesˈtreɪ- (US) ˌɔːr.kɪˈstreɪ-, -kesˈtreɪ- **-s** -z
orchestrion ɔːˈkes.tri.ən (US) ɔːr- **-s** -z
orchid ˈɔː.kɪd (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -z
orchidaceous ˌɔː.kɪˈdeɪ.ʃəs (US) ˌɔːr-
orchil ˈɔː.tʃɪl, -kɪl (US) ˈɔːr-
orchis ˈɔː.kɪs (US) ˈɔːr- **-es** -ɪz
Orczy ˈɔːk.si, ˈɔːt- (US) ˈɔːrk-, ˈɔːrt-
Ord ɔːd (US) ɔːrd
ordain ɔːˈdeɪn (US) ɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Orde ɔːd (US) ɔːrd
ordeal ɔːˈdiːl, ˈ-- (US) ɔːrˈdiːl, ˈ-- **-s** -z
ord|er ˈɔː.d|əʳ (US) ˈɔːr.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erless** -əl.əs, -ɪs (US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs
orderl|y ˈɔː.dəl|.i (US) ˈɔːr.dɚ.l|i **-ies** -iz **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ordinaire ˌɔː.dɪˈneəʳ, -dən.eəʳ, ˈ--- (US) ˌɔːr.dɪˈner
ordinal ˈɔː.dɪ.nəl, -dən.əl (US) ˈɔːr.dən-, ˈɔːrd.nəl **-s** -z ˌ**ordinal ˈnumber**
ordinanc|e ˈɔː.dɪ.nənts, -dən.ənts (US) ˈɔːr.dən-, ˈɔːrd.nənts **-es** -ɪz
ordinand ˈɔː.dɪ.nænd, -dən.ænd, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈɔːr.dən.ænd **-s** -z
ordinarily ˈɔː.dən.ər.əl.i, -dɪ.nər-, -ɪ.li; ˌɔː.dənˈer.ɪ- (US) ˈɔːr.dən.er.əl.i, ˌɔːr.dənˈer-
ordinariness ˈɔː.dən.ər.ɪ.nəs, -dɪ.nər-, -nɪs (US) ˌɔːr.dənˈer-
ordinar|y ˈɔː.dən.ər|.i, -dɪ.nər- (US) ˈɔːr.dən.er- **-ies** -iz
ordinate ˈɔː.dən.ət, -dɪ.nət, -nɪt (US) ˈɔːr.dən.ɪt, -eɪt **-s** -s
ordination ˌɔː.dɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -dənˈeɪ- (US) ˌɔːr.dənˈeɪ- **-s** -z
ordnance ˈɔːd.nənts (US) ˈɔːrd- ˌ**Ordnance ˈSurvey**
ordure ˈɔː.djʊəʳ, -djəʳ (US) ˈɔːr.dʒɚ, -djʊr
Ore. (*abbrev. for* **Oregon**) ˈɒr.ɪ.gən, ˈ-ə-, -gɒn (US) ˈɔːr.ɪ.gən, -gɑːn
ore (O) ɔːʳ (US) ɔːr **-s** -z
öre, ore ˈɜː.rə (US) ˈɝː.ə
oread ˈɔː.ri.æd (US) ˈɔːr.i- **-s** -z
Örebro ˈɜː.rə.bruː (US) ˈɝː.ə-
O'Regan əʊˈriː.gən (US) oʊ-
oregano ˌɒr.ɪˈgɑː.nəʊ, -əˈ- (US) ɔːˈreg.ə.noʊ, ə-
Oregon ˈɒr.ɪ.gən, ˈ-ə-, -gɒn (US) ˈɔːr.ɪ.gən, -gɑːn
O'Reilly əʊˈraɪ.li (US) oʊ-
Oreo® ˈɔː.ri.əʊ (US) ˈɔːr.i.oʊ **-s** -z
Oresteia ˌɒr.ɪˈstaɪə, ˌɔː.rɪˈ-, -rəˈ-, -ˈsteɪə (US) ˌɔːr.esˈtiː.ə, -əˈstiː-
Orestes ɒrˈes.tiːz, ɔːˈres-, ə- (US) ɔː-
orfe ɔːf (US) ɔːrf
Orfeo ˈɔː.fi.əʊ *as if Italian:* ɔːˈfeɪ.əʊ (US) ˈɔːr.fi.oʊ, -feɪ-
Orff ɔːf (US) ɔːrf
Orford ˈɔː.fəd (US) ˈɔːr.fɚd
organ ˈɔː.gən (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -z
organd|y, -|ie ˈɔː.gən.d|i, ɔːˈgæn- (US) ˈɔːr.gən- **-ies** -iz
organelle ˌɔː.gənˈel (US) ˌɔːr- **-s** -z
organ-grinder ˈɔː.gənˌgraɪn.dəʳ, -gəŋˌ- (US) ˈɔːr.gənˌgraɪn.dɚ **-s** -z
organic ɔːˈgæn.ɪk (US) ɔːr- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
organism ˈɔː.gən.ɪ.zəm (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -z
organist ˈɔː.gən.ɪst (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -s
organizability, -isa- ˌɔː.gənˌaɪ.zəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌɔːr.gənˌaɪ.zəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
organization, -isa- ˌɔː.gən.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.gən.ɪˈ- **-s** -z
organizational, -isa- ˌɔː.gən.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən.əl, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.gən.ɪˈ- **-ly** -i
organiz|e, -is|e ˈɔː.gən.aɪz (US) ˈɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
organ|on ˈɔː.gə.n|ɒn (US) ˈɔːr.gə.n|ɑːn **-ons** -ɒnz (US) -ɑːnz **-a** -ə
organophosphate ɔːˌgæn.əʊˈfɒs.feɪt, -fɪt, -fət; ˌɔːr.gən.əʊ- (US) ɔːrˌgæn.oʊˈfɑːs.feɪt, -əˈ-; ˌɔːr.gən.oʊ- **-s** -s
organum ˈɔː.gə.nəm (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -z
organza ɔːˈgæn.zə (US) ɔːr-
orgasm ˈɔː.gæz.əm (US) ˈɔːr- **-s** -z
orgasmic ɔːˈgæz.mɪk (US) ɔːr- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
orgiastic ˌɔː.dʒiˈæs.tɪk (US) ˌɔːr- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
org|y ˈɔː.dʒ|i (US) ˈɔːr- **-ies** -iz
Oriana ˌɒr.iˈɑː.nə, ˌɔː.riˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.iˈæn.ə
oriel (O) ˈɔː.ri.əl (US) ˈɔːr.i- **-s** -z
orient (O) (*n, adj.*) ˈɔː.ri.ənt, ˈɒr.i- (US) ˈɔːr.i- ˌ**Orient Exˈpress**
ori|ent (*v.*) ˈɔː.ri|.ent, ˈɒr.i- (US) ˈɔːr.i- **-ents** -ents **-enting** -en.tɪŋ (US) -en.t̬ɪŋ **-ented** -en.tɪd (US) -en.t̬ɪd
oriental (O) ˌɔː.riˈen.təl, ˌɒr.iˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.iˈ- **-s** -z
oriental|ism ˌɔː.riˈen.təl|.ɪ.zəm, ˌɒr.iˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.iˈen.t̬əl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
orientaliz|e, -is|e ˌɔː.riˈen.təl.aɪz, ˌɒr.iˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.iˈen.t̬əl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
orien|tate ˈɔː.ri.ən|.teɪt, ˈɒr.i-, -en- (US) ˈɔːr.i.en-, ˌɔːr.iˈen- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
orientation ˌɔː.ri.enˈteɪ.ʃən, ˌɒr.i- (US) ˌɔːr.i.enˈ- **-s** -z
orienteer ˌɔː.ri.ənˈtɪəʳ, ˌɒr.i-, -enˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.i.enˈtɪr **-s** -z
orienteering ˌɔː.ri.ənˈtɪə.rɪŋ, ˌɒr.i-, -enˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.i.enˈtɪr.ɪŋ
orific|e ˈɒr.ɪ.fɪs, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɔːr.ə- **-es** -ɪz
oriflamme ˈɒr.ɪ.flæm, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɔːr.ɪ- **-s** -z
origami ˌɒr.ɪˈgɑː.mi, -ˈgæm.i (US) ˌɔːr.ɪˈgɑː.mi
Origen ˈɒr.ɪ.dʒen, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈɔːr.ɪ.dʒən, -dʒen
origin ˈɒr.ɪ.dʒɪn, ˈ-ə-, -dʒən (US) ˈɔːr.ə.dʒɪn **-s** -z
original əˈrɪdʒ.ən.əl, ɒrˈɪdʒ-, -ɪ.nəl (US) əˈrɪdʒ.ɪ- **-s** -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs oˌ**riginal ˈsin**
originalit|y əˌrɪdʒ.ənˈæl.ə.t|i, ɒrˌɪdʒ-, -ɪˈnæl-, -ɪ.t|i (US) əˌrɪdʒ.ɪˈnæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
originally əˈrɪdʒ.ən.əl.i, ɒrˈɪdʒ-, -ɪ.nəl- (US) əˈrɪdʒ.ɪ-
origi|nate əˈrɪdʒ.ən|.eɪt, ɒrˈɪdʒ-, -ɪ.n|eɪt (US) əˈrɪdʒ.ɪ- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z **-native** -neɪ.tɪv (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪv
origination əˌrɪdʒ.ənˈeɪ.ʃən, ɒrˌɪdʒ-, -ɪˈneɪ- (US) ˌə.rɪdʒ.ɪˈneɪ-
Orinoco ˌɒr.ɪˈnəʊ.kəʊ, -əˈ- (US) ˌɔːr.əˈnoʊ.koʊ
oriole ˈɔː.ri.əʊl (US) ˈɔːr.i.oʊl **-s** -z
Orion əˈraɪən, ɒrˈaɪən-, ɔːˈraɪən (US) oʊ-, ə-
O'Riordan əʊˈrɪə.dən, -ˈraɪə- (US) oʊˈrɪr-

rison 'ɒr.ɪ.zᵊn, -ə- (US) 'ɔːr.ɪ.zᵊn, -sᵊn -s -z
rissa ɒr'ɪs.ə, ɔː'rɪs-, ə- (US) oʊ'rɪs-, ɔː-
riya ɒr'iː.ə (US) ɔː'riː.ə
k ɔːk (US) ɔːrk -s -s
rkney 'ɔːk.ni (US) 'ɔːrk- -s -z
rlan® 'ɔː.lᵊn, -læn (US) 'ɔːr.lɑːn
rlando ɔː'læn.dəʊ (US) ɔːr'læn.doʊ
rléans *in France:* ɔː'lɪənz, '-- *as if French:* ˌɔː.leɪ'ɑ̃ːŋ (US) -'liː.ənz *as if French:* ˌɔːr.leɪ'ɑ̃ːn
rleans *in US:* 'ɔː.li.ənz, '-lɪənz, -lənz; ɔː'liːnz (US) 'ɔːr.li.ənz, '-lənz; ɔːr'liːnz
rlon® 'ɔː.lɒn (US) 'ɔːr.lɑːn
rly 'ɔː.li (US) 'ɔːr-
rm(e) ɔːm (US) ɔːrm
mer 'ɔː.məʳ (US) 'ɔːr.mɚ -s -z
rmes ɔːmz (US) ɔːrmz
rmiston 'ɔː.mɪ.stᵊn (US) 'ɔːr-
molu 'ɔː.mə.luː, -ljuː, ˌ--'- (US) 'ɔːr.mə.luː
rmond(e) 'ɔː.mənd (US) 'ɔːr-
rmsby 'ɔːmz.bi (US) 'ɔːrmz-
rmulum 'ɔː.mjə.ləm, -mjʊ- (US) 'ɔːr.mjuː-, -mjə-
nament (*n.*) 'ɔː.nə.mənt (US) 'ɔːr- -s -s
na|ment 'ɔː.nə|.ment (US) 'ɔːr- **-ments** -ments **-menting** -men.tɪŋ (US) -men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -men.tɪd (US) -men.t̬ɪd
namental ˌɔː.nə'men.tᵊl (US) ˌɔːr.nə'men.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i
namentation ˌɔː.nə.men'teɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌɔːr- -s -z
nate ɔː'neɪt (US) ɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
nery 'ɔː.nᵊr.i (US) 'ɔːr.nɚ-
nithologic|al ˌɔː.nɪ.θə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, -θᵊl'ɒdʒ-, -nə- (US) ˌɔːr.nə.θə'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
nitholog|y ˌɔː.nɪ'θɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -nə'- (US) ˌɔːr.nə'θɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
ographic ˌɒr.əʊ'græf.ɪk, ˌɔː.rəʊ'- (US) ˌɔːr.oʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl
ography ɒr'ɒg.rə.fi, ɔː'rɒg- (US) ɔː'rɑː.grə-
ological ˌɒr.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌɔː.rə'- (US) ˌɔːr.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-
ology ɒr'ɒl.ə.dʒi, ɔː'rɒl- (US) ɔː'rɑː.lə-
ronsay 'ɒr.ᵊn.seɪ, -zeɪ (US) 'ɔːr-, -ɑːn-
rontes ɒr'ɒn.tiːz, ə'rɒn- (US) oʊ'rɑːn-
roonoko ˌɒr.ʊ'nəʊ.kəʊ (US) ˌɔːr.ʊ'noʊ.koʊ
rosius ə'rəʊ.si.əs, ɒr'əʊ- (US) ɔː'roʊ.ʒi.əs
rotund 'ɒr.əʊ.tʌnd, 'ɔː.rəʊ- (US) 'ɔːr.ə-, -oʊ-, '-ə-
Rourke əʊ'rɔːk (US) oʊ'rɔːrk
phan 'ɔː.fᵊn (US) 'ɔːr- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
phanag|e 'ɔː.fᵊn.ɪdʒ (US) 'ɔːr- **-es** -ɪz
rphean ɔː'fiː.ən; 'ɔː.fi- (US) 'ɔːr.fi.ən
rpheus 'ɔː.fi.əs, -fjuːs (US) 'ɔːr.fi.əs, -fjuːs
piment 'ɔː.pɪ.mənt (US) 'ɔːr-

Orpington 'ɔː.pɪŋ.tən (US) 'ɔːr- -s -z
Orr ɔːʳ (US) ɔːr
Orrell 'ɒr.ᵊl (US) 'ɔːr-
orrer|y (O) 'ɒr.ᵊr|.i (US) 'ɔːr- **-ies** -iz
orris 'ɒr.ɪs (US) 'ɔːr-
Orsino ɔː'siː.nəʊ (US) ɔːr'siː.noʊ
Orson 'ɔː.sᵊn (US) 'ɔːr-
Ortega ɔː'teɪ.gə (US) ɔːr-; ˌɔːr.t̬ə'gɑː
ortho- ɔː.θəʊ; ɔː'θɒ (US) ɔːr.θoʊ, -θə; ɔːr'θɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **orthodox** /'ɔː.θə.dɒks (US) 'ɔːr.θə.dɑːks/, **orthogenic** /ˌɔː.θəʊ'dʒen.ɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **orthography** /ɔː'θɒg.rə.fi (US) ɔːr'θɑː.grə-/.
orthochromatic ˌɔː.θəʊ.krəʊ'mæt.ɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ.kroʊ'mæt̬-, -θə-
orthodontic ˌɔː.θəʊ'dɒn.tɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'dɑːn.t̬ɪk, -θə'-
orthodontist ˌɔː.θəʊ'dɒn.tɪst (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'dɑːn.t̬ɪst, -θə'- -s -s
orthodox 'ɔː.θə.dɒks (US) 'ɔːr.θə.dɑːks
orthodox|y 'ɔː.θə.dɒk.s|i (US) 'ɔːr.θə.dɑːk- **-ies** -iz
orthoep|y 'ɔː.θəʊ.ep|.i; ɔː'θəʊ.ɪ.p|i; ˌɔː.θəʊ'ep|.i (US) ɔːr'θoʊ.ə.p|i, 'ɔːr.θoʊ-, -ep|.i **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
orthogenic ˌɔː.θəʊ'dʒen.ɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'-, -θə'-
orthogonal ɔː'θɒg.ᵊn.ᵊl (US) ɔːr'θɑː.gᵊn-
orthographer ɔː'θɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) ɔːr'θɑː.grə.fɚ -s -z
orthographic ˌɔː.θəʊ'græf.ɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'-, -θə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
orthograph|y ɔː'θɒg.rə.f|i (US) ɔː'θɑː.grə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
orthop(a)ed|y ˌɔː.θəʊ'piː.d|i (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'-, -θə'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
orthop(a)edic ˌɔː.θəʊ'piː.dɪk (US) ˌɔːr.θoʊ'-, -θə'- -s -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
orthopterous ɔː'θɒp.tᵊr.əs (US) ɔːr'θɑːp-
orthoptic ɔː'θɒp.tɪk (US) ɔːr'θɑːp-
Ortiz 'ɔː.tɪz, ɔː'tɪz, -'tiːz, -'tiːs (US) ɔːr'tiːz, -'tiːs
Ortler 'ɔːt.ləʳ (US) 'ɔːrt.lɚ
ortolan 'ɔː.tᵊl.ən, -æn (US) 'ɔːr.t̬ə.lən -s -z
Orton 'ɔː.tᵊn (US) 'ɔːr-
Oruro ɒr'ʊə.rəʊ (US) ɔː'rʊr.oʊ, -'ruː.roʊ
Orville 'ɔː.vɪl (US) 'ɔːr-
Orwell 'ɔː.wel, -wəl (US) 'ɔːr-
Orwellian ɔː'wel.i.ən (US) ɔːr-
-ory ᵊr.i, -ri (US) ɔːr.i, ᵊr.i
Note: Suffix. When added to a free stem, **-ory** does not change the stress pattern of the word, e.g. **promise** /'prɒm.ɪs (US) 'prɑː.mɪs/, **promissory** /'prɒm.ɪs.ᵊr.i (US) 'prɑː.mɪ.sɔːr.i/. When added to a bound stem, stress may be one or two syllables before the suffix, e.g. **olfactory** /ɒl'fæk.tᵊr.i (US) ɑːl-/.
oryx 'ɒr.ɪks (US) 'oʊ.rɪks, 'ɔːr.ɪks -es -ɪz

Osage ˌəʊ'seɪdʒ, '-- (US) ˌoʊ'seɪdʒ, '--
Osaka əʊ'sɑː.kə, 'ɔː.sə.kə (US) 'oʊ.sɑː.kɑː, oʊ'sɑː.kɑː
Osama əʊ'sɑː.mə, ɒs'ɑː-, ʊs'ɑː- (US) oʊ'-
Osbaldiston(e) ˌɒz.bᵊl'dɪs.tᵊn (US) ˌɑːz-
Osbert 'ɒz.bət, -bɜːt (US) 'ɑːz.bɚt, -bɝːt
Osborn(e), Osbourne 'ɒz.bɔːn, -bən (US) 'ɑːz.bɔːrn, -bɚn
Oscan 'ɒs.kən (US) 'ɑːs- -s -z
Oscar 'ɒs.kəʳ (US) 'ɑː.skɚ -s -z
oscill|ate 'ɒs.ɪ.l|eɪt, -ᵊl|.eɪt (US) 'ɑː.sᵊl- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
oscillation ˌɒs.ɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -ᵊl'eɪ- (US) ˌɑː.sᵊl'- -s -z
oscillatory 'ɒs.ɪ.lə.tᵊr.i, -ᵊl.eɪ-, -leɪ-; ˌɒs.ɪ'leɪ-, -ᵊl'eɪ- (US) 'ɑː.sᵊl.ə.tɔːr-
oscillogram ə'sɪl.ə.græm, ɒs'ɪl- (US) ə'sɪl- -s -z
oscillograph ə'sɪl.ə.grɑːf, ɒs'ɪl-, -græf (US) ə'sɪl.ə.græf -s -s
oscilloscope ə'sɪl.ə.skəʊp, ɒs'ɪl- (US) ə'sɪl.ə.skoʊp -s -s
osculant 'ɒs.kjə.lənt, -kjʊ- (US) 'ɑː.skjuː-, -skjə-
oscular 'ɒs.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- (US) 'ɑː.skjuː.lɚ, -skjə-
oscu|late 'ɒs.kjə|.leɪt, -kjʊ- (US) 'ɑː.skjuː-, -skjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
osculation ˌɒs.kjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -kjʊ'- (US) ˌɑː.skjuː'-, -skjə'- -s -z
osculator|y 'ɒs.kjə.lə.tᵊr|.i, -kjʊ-; ˌɒs.kjə'leɪ-, -kjʊ'- (US) 'ɑː.skjuː.lə.tɔːr-, -skjə- **-ies** -iz
Osgood 'ɒz.gʊd (US) 'ɑːz-
O'Shaughnessy əʊ'ʃɔː.nɪ.si, -nə- (US) oʊ'ʃɑː.nə-, -'ʃɔː-
O'Shea əʊ'ʃeɪ (US) oʊ-
Oshkosh 'ɒʃ.kɒʃ (US) 'ɑːʃ.kɑːʃ
Oshogbo ə'ʃɒg.bəʊ (US) oʊ'ʃɑːg.boʊ
osier 'əʊ.zi.əʳ, -ʒəʳ (US) 'oʊ.ʒɚ -s -z
Osijek 'ɒs.i.ek (US) ɔː'siː.ek
Osirian əʊ'saɪə.ri.ən, ɒs'aɪə- (US) oʊ'saɪ- -s -z
Osiris əʊ'saɪə.rɪs, ɒs'aɪə- (US) oʊ'saɪ-
-osis ə.sɪs; 'əʊ.sɪs (US) ə.sɪs; 'oʊ.sɪs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-osis** either carry primary stress on the syllable preceding the suffix, or on the suffix itself e.g. **metamorphosis** /ˌmet.ə'mɔː.fə.sɪs; -mɔː'fəʊ- (US) ˌmet̬.ə'mɔːr.fə-; -mɔːr'foʊ-/. See individual entries.
-osity 'ɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) 'ɑː.sə.t̬i
Note: Suffix. Normally takes primary stress as shown, e.g. **curious** /'kjʊə.ri.əs (US) 'kjʊr.i-/, **curiosity** /ˌkjʊə.ri'ɒs.ə.ti (US) ˌkjʊr.i'ɑː.sə.t̬i/.
Osler 'əʊz.ləʳ, 'əʊ.sləʳ (US) 'oʊz.lɚ, 'oʊ.slɚ
Oslo 'ɒz.ləʊ, 'ɒs- (US) 'ɑː.sloʊ, 'ɑːz-
Osman ɒz'mɑːn, ɒs-; '--, -mən (US) 'ɑːz.mən, 'ɑːs-
Osmanli ɒz'mæn.li, ɒs-, -'mɑːn-

(US) ɑːs'mæn-, ɑːz- -s -z
osmium 'ɒz.mi.əm (US) 'ɑːz-
Osmond 'ɒz.mənd (US) 'ɑːz-
osmosis ɒz'məʊ.sɪs (US) ɑːz'moʊ-, ɑːs-
osmotic ɒz'mɒt.ɪk (US) ɑːz'mɑː.t̬ɪk, ɑːs- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
osmund (O) 'ɒz.mənd (US) 'ɑːz-, 'ɑːs- -s -z
osmunda ɒz'mʌn.də (US) ɑːz-, ɑːs- -s -z
Osnaburg(h) 'ɒz.nə.bɜːg (US) 'ɑːz.nə.bɝːg
osprey 'ɒs.preɪ, -pri (US) 'ɑː.spri, -spreɪ -s -z
Ossa 'ɒs.ə (US) 'ɑː.sə
osseous 'ɒs.i.əs (US) 'ɑː.si-
Ossett 'ɒs.ɪt (US) 'ɑː.sɪt
Ossian 'ɒs.i.ən (US) 'ɑː.si-
ossicle 'ɒs.ɪ.kəl (US) 'ɑː.sɪ- -s -z
ossicular ɒs'ɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) ɑː'sɪk.jə.lɚ, -jʊ-
ossification ˌɒs.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌɑː.sə.fɪ'-
ossifrag|e 'ɒs.ɪ.frɪdʒ, '-ə-, -freɪdʒ (US) 'ɑː.sə- -es -ɪz
ossi|fy 'ɒs.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- (US) 'ɑː.sə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
Ossining 'ɒs.ɪn.ɪŋ (US) 'ɑː.sɪn-
osso buc(c)o ˌɒs.əʊ'buː.kəʊ (US) ˌɑː.soʊ'buː.koʊ, ˌoʊ-
Ossory 'ɒs.ər.i (US) 'ɑː.sɚ-
ossuar|y 'ɒs.jʊə.r|i (US) 'ɑː.sjuː.er|.i **-ies** -iz
osteitis ˌɒs.ti'aɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) ˌɑː.sti'aɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
Ostend ɒs'tend (US) ɑː'stend, '--
ostensibility ɒsˌtent.sɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -sə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ɑːˌstent.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
ostensib|le ɒs'tent.sɪ.b|əl, -sə- (US) ɑː'stent.sə- **-ly** -li
ostentation ˌɒs.ten'teɪ.ʃən, -tən'- (US) ˌɑː.stən'-
ostentatious ˌɒs.ten'teɪ.ʃəs, -tən'- (US) ˌɑː.stən'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
osteo- ˌɒs.ti.əʊ (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ, -ə
osteoarthritis ˌɒs.ti.əʊ.ɑː'θraɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ.ɑːr'θraɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
osteologic|al ˌɒs.ti.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
osteolog|y ˌɒs.ti'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) ˌɑː.sti'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
osteomyelitis ˌɒs.ti.əʊ.maɪ.əl'aɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ.maɪ.ə'laɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
osteopath 'ɒs.ti.əʊ.pæθ (US) 'ɑː.sti.oʊ-, -ə- -s -s
osteopathic ˌɒs.ti.əʊ'pæθ.ɪk (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ'-
osteopathy ˌɒs.ti'ɒp.ə.θi (US) ˌɑː.sti'ɑː.pə-
osteoporosis ˌɒs.ti.əʊ.pə'rəʊ.sɪs, -pɔː'- (US) ˌɑː.sti.oʊ.pə'roʊ-
Osterley 'ɒs.təl.i (US) 'ɑː.stɚ.li
Ostia 'ɒs.ti.ə (US) 'ɑː.sti-
ostiar|y 'ɒs.ti.ər|.i (US) 'ɑː.sti.er- **-ies** -iz
osti|um (O) 'ɒs.ti|.əm (US) 'ɑː.sti- **-a** -ə
ostler 'ɒs.ləʳ (US) 'ɑː.slɚ -s -z
ostracism 'ɒs.trə.sɪ.zəm (US) 'ɑː.strə-
ostraciz|e, -is|e 'ɒs.trə.saɪz (US) 'ɑː.strə- -es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ostrava 'ɒs.trə.və (US) 'ɔː.strɑː.vɑː, 'ɑː-
ostrich 'ɒs.trɪtʃ (US) 'ɑː.strɪtʃ -es -ɪz
Ostrogoth 'ɒs.trəʊ.gɒθ (US) 'ɑː.strə.gɑːθ -s -s
O'Sullivan əʊ'sʌl.ɪ.vən, '-ə- (US) oʊ-
Oswald 'ɒz.wəld (US) 'ɑːz-, -wɔːld
Oswaldtwistle 'ɒz.wəldˌtwɪs.əl (US) 'ɑːz.wɔːld-
Oswego ɒz'wiː.gəʊ, ɒs- (US) ɑː'swiː.goʊ -s -z
Oswestry 'ɒz.wə.stri, -wɪ- (US) 'ɑːz-
Otago əʊ'tɑː.gəʊ, ɒt'ɑː- (US) ə'tɑː.goʊ, oʊ-
Otaheite ˌəʊ.tɑː'heɪ.ti, -tə'- (US) ˌoʊ.t̬ə'hiː.t̬i, -'heɪ-
otar|y 'əʊ.tər|.i (US) 'oʊ.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz
OTB ˌəʊ.tiː'biː (US) ˌoʊ-
Otford 'ɒt.fəd (US) 'ɑːt.fɚd
Otfried 'ɒt.friːd (US) 'ɑːt-
Othello əʊ'θel.əʊ, ɒθ'el- (US) oʊ'θel.oʊ, ə-
other 'ʌð.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
otherwise 'ʌð.ə.waɪz (US) '-ɚ-
otherworld|ly ˌʌð.ə'wɜːld|.li (US) -ɚ'wɝːld- **-liness** -lɪ.nəs, -nɪs
Othman ɒθ'mɑːn, '-- (US) 'ɑːθ.mən, ʊθ'mɑːn
Othniel 'ɒθ.ni.əl (US) 'ɑːθ-
Otho 'əʊ.θəʊ (US) 'oʊ.θoʊ
-otic 'ɒt.ɪk (US) 'ɑː.t̬ɪk
Note: Suffix. Normally takes primary stress as shown, e.g **idiot** /'ɪd.i.ət/, **idiotic** /ˌɪd.i'ɒt.ɪk (US) -'ɑː.t̬ɪk/.
otiose 'əʊ.ti.əʊz, -ʃi-, -əʊs (US) 'oʊ.ʃi.oʊs, -t̬i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
otiosity ˌəʊ.ti'ɒs.ə.ti, -ʃi'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌoʊ.ʃi'ɑː.sə.t̬i, -t̬i'-
Otis 'əʊ.tɪs (US) 'oʊ.t̬ɪs
otitis əʊ'taɪ.tɪs, -təs (US) oʊ'taɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
Otley 'ɒt.li (US) 'ɑːt-
otolaryngolog|y ˌəʊ.təʊˌlær.ɪŋ'gɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -ˌleə.rɪŋ'- (US) ˌoʊ.t̬oʊˌler.ɪŋ'gɑː.lə-, -ˌlær- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
otological ˌəʊ.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl (US) ˌoʊ.t̬ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-
otolog|y əʊ'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) oʊ'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
otoscope 'əʊ.tə.skəʊp (US) 'oʊ.t̬oʊ.skoʊp, -t̬ə- -s -s
Otranto ɒt'ræn.təʊ, 'ɒt.rən- (US) oʊ'trɑːn.toʊ
O'Trigger əʊ'trɪg.əʳ (US) oʊ'trɪg.ɚ
OTT ˌəʊ.tiː'tiː (US) ˌoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌOTT 'speech
Note: The letters OTT stand for "over-the-top"; see also that entry.
ottava rima ɒtˌɑː.vəˌriː.mə (US) oʊ'tɑː-
Ottaw|a 'ɒt.ə.w|ə (US) 'ɑː.t̬ə.w|ə, -w|ɑː, -w|ɔː **-as** -əz (US) -əz, -ɑːz, -ɔːz **-an/s** -ən/z
Ottaway 'ɒt.ə.weɪ (US) 'ɑː.t̬ə-
otter 'ɒt.əʳ (US) 'ɑː.t̬ɚ -s -z
Otterburn 'ɒt.ə.bɜːn (US) 'ɑː.t̬ɚ.bɝːn
Ottery 'ɒt.ər.i (US) 'ɑː.t̬ɚ-
Ottley 'ɒt.li (US) 'ɑːt-
otto (O) 'ɒt.əʊ (US) 'ɑː.t̬oʊ
ottoman (O) 'ɒt.əʊ.mən (US) 'ɑː.t̬ə.mən -s -z
Ottoway 'ɒt.ə.weɪ (US) 'ɑː.t̬ə-
Otuel 'ɒt.juəl (US) ɔː'tuːl, -'tuː.əl
Otway 'ɒt.weɪ (US) 'ɑːt-
Ouagadougou ˌwɑː.gə'duː.guː, ˌwæg.ə'- (US) ˌwɑː.gə'-
oubliette ˌuː.bli'et -s -s
ouch aʊtʃ
Oudenarde 'uː.də.nɑːd, -dɪ- (US) -dən.ɑːrd; ˌuː.də'nɑːr.də
Oudh aʊd
Ougham 'ɔː.əm
ought ɔːt (US) ɑːt, ɔːt **-n't** -ənt
Oughtershaw 'aʊ.tə.ʃɔː (US) -t̬ɚ.ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
Oughterside 'aʊ.tə.saɪd (US) -t̬ɚ-
Oughton 'aʊ.tən, 'ɔː.tən
Oughtred 'ɔː.tred, -trɪd (US) 'ɔː-, 'ɑː-
ouguiya uː'gwiː.ə, -'giː-
Ouida 'wiː.də
Ouija® 'wiː.dʒə, -dʒɑː, -dʒi (US) -dʒə, -dʒi
Oujda uːdʒ'dɑː
Ould əʊld (US) oʊld
ounc|e aʊnts -es -ɪz
Oundle 'aʊn.dəl
our aʊəʳ, ɑːʳ (US) aʊɚ, aʊr, ɑːr -s -z
oursel|f ˌaʊə'sel|f, ˌɑː- (US) ˌaʊɚ-, ˌaʊr-, ˌɑːr- **-ves** -vz
Ouse uːz
ousel 'uː.zəl -s -z
Ouseley 'uːz.li
Ousey 'uː.zi
Ousley 'aʊ.sli
oust aʊst -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Ouston 'aʊ.stən
out- aʊt
Note: Prefix. Many compounds with beginning with **out-** have the stress pattern ˌ**out**'-; these are likely to undergo stress shift when a stressed syllable follows closely, especially in adjectives derived from verbs.
out aʊt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'aʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'aʊ.t̬ɪd
outag|e 'aʊ.tɪdʒ (US) -t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
out-and-out ˌaʊt.ənd'aʊt *stress shift:* ˌout-and-out 'scoundrel
outback 'aʊt.bæk
outbalanc|e ˌaʊt'bæl.ənts, aʊt- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
outbid ˌaʊt'bɪd, aʊt- -s -z **-ding** -ɪŋ
outboard 'aʊt.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
outbound 'aʊt.baʊnd
outbox 'aʊt.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
outbrav|e ˌaʊt'breɪv, aʊt- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
outbreak 'aʊt.breɪk -s -s
outbuilding 'aʊtˌbɪl.dɪŋ -s -z
outburst 'aʊt.bɜːst (US) -bɝːst -s -s
outcast 'aʊt.kɑːst (US) -kæst -s -s
outcast|e 'aʊt.kɑːst (US) -kæst **-es** -s

Pronouncing the letters OU

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the strong pronunciation of the vowel digraph ou, e.g.:

/aʊ/	cloud	/klaʊd/	
/əʊ Ⓤⓢ oʊ/	though	/ðəʊ/	Ⓤⓢ /ðoʊ/
/ʌ/	country	/ˈkʌn.tri/	
/ɔ: Ⓤⓢ ɑ:/	bought	/bɔ:t/	Ⓤⓢ /bɑ:t/
/u:/	soup	/su:p/	
/ʊ/	could	/kʊd/	

When followed by a gh in the spelling which is realised as /f/, it is usually pronounced /ɒ Ⓤⓢ ɑ:/ or /ʌ/, e.g.:

cough	/kɒf/	Ⓤⓢ /kɑ:f/
enough	/ɪˈnʌf/	

When followed by an r in the spelling, ou is pronounced as /ɔ: Ⓤⓢ ɔ:r/, /aʊə Ⓤⓢ aʊɚ/, /ɜ: Ⓤⓢ ɝ:/, /ʌ Ⓤⓢ ɝ:/, and /ʊə Ⓤⓢ ʊr/, e.g.:

four	/fɔ:ʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /fɔ:r/
flour	/flaʊəʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /flaʊɚ/
journey	/ˈdʒɜ:.ni/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈdʒɝ:-/
flourish	/ˈflʌr.ɪʃ/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈflɝ:-/
tour	/tʊəʳ, stɔ:ʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /tʊr/

In weak syllables

The vowel digraph ou is realised with the vowel /ə/ in weak syllables, and may also not be pronounced at all in British English, due to compression, e.g.:

famous	/ˈfeɪ.məs/
favourite	/ˈfeɪ.vᵊr.ɪt, ˈfeɪv.rɪt/

…ng -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
…tclass ˌaʊtˈklɑ:s, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈklæs -es …z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
…tcome ˈaʊt.kʌm -s -z
…tcrop ˈaʊt.krɒp Ⓤⓢ -krɑ:p -s -s …ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
…tcr|y ˈaʊt.kr|aɪ -ies -aɪz
…t|date ˌaʊt|ˈdeɪt, aʊt- -dates …deɪts -dating -ˈdeɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ˈdeɪ.t̬ɪŋ …dated -ˈdeɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -ˈdeɪ.t̬ɪd
…tdated ˌaʊtˈdeɪ.tɪd, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd …tress shift: ˌoutdated ˈclothes
…tdistanc|e ˌaʊtˈdɪs.tᵊnts, aʊt- -es …ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
…t|do ˌaʊt|ˈdu:, aʊt- -does -ˈdʌz …doing -ˈdu:.ɪŋ -did -ˈdɪd -done -ˈdʌn
…tdoor ˌaʊtˈdɔ:ʳ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈdɔ:r -s -z …tress shift: ˌoutdoor ˈsports
…ter ˈaʊ.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -most -məʊst …Ⓢ -məst, -moʊst ˌouter ˈspace
…terwear ˈaʊ.tə.weəʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ.wer
…tfac|e ˌaʊtˈfeɪs, aʊt- -s -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ …ed -t
…tfall ˈaʊt.fɔ:l -s -z
…tfield ˈaʊt.fi:ld -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z …Ⓢ -ɚ/z
…t|fit ˈaʊt|.fɪt -fits -fɪts -fitting …fɪt.ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ˌfɪt̬.ɪŋ -fitted -ˌfɪt.ɪd Ⓤⓢ …fɪt̬.ɪd -fitter/s -ˌfɪt.əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ˌfɪt̬.ɚ/z
…tflank ˌaʊtˈflæŋk, aʊt- -s -s -ing …ɪŋ -ed -t
…tflow (*n.*) ˈaʊt.fləʊ Ⓤⓢ -floʊ -s -z
…tflow (*v.*) ˌaʊtˈfləʊ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈfloʊ …s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
…tfox ˌaʊtˈfɒks, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɑ:ks -es …ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
…tgeneral ˌaʊtˈdʒen.ᵊr.ᵊl, aʊt- -s -z …(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
…tgo (*n.*) ˈaʊt.gəʊ Ⓤⓢ -goʊ -es -z
…t|go (*v.*) ˌaʊt|ˈgəʊ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈgoʊ …goes -ˈgəʊz Ⓤⓢ -ˈgoʊz -going …ˈgəʊ.ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ˈgoʊ.ɪŋ -went -ˈwent …gone -ˈgɒn Ⓤⓢ -ˈgɑ:n

outgoer ˈaʊtˌgəʊ.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ˌgoʊ.ɚ -s -z
outgoing ˌaʊtˈgəʊ.ɪŋ, aʊt-, ˈ--- Ⓤⓢ ˈaʊt.goʊ- -s -z
out|grow (*v.*) ˌaʊt|ˈgrəʊ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈgroʊ -grows -ˈgrəʊz Ⓤⓢ -ˈgroʊz -growing -ˈgrəʊ.ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ˈgroʊ.ɪŋ -grew -ˈgru: -grown -ˈgrəʊn Ⓤⓢ -ˈgroʊn
outgrowth ˈaʊt.grəʊθ Ⓤⓢ -groʊθ -s -s
outguess ˌaʊtˈges, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
outgun ˌaʊtˈgʌn, aʊt- -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
out-Herod ˌaʊtˈher.əd, aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
outhou|se ˈaʊt.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
Outhwaite ˈu:.θweɪt, ˈəʊ-, ˈaʊ- Ⓤⓢ ˈu:-, ˈoʊ-, ˈaʊ-
outing ˈaʊ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -s -z
Outlander ˈaʊtˌlæn.dəʳ Ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
outlandish ˌaʊtˈlæn.dɪʃ, aʊt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
outlast ˌaʊtˈlɑ:st, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈlæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
outlaw ˈaʊt.lɔ: Ⓤⓢ -lɑ:, -lɔ: -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ry -ri
outlay (*n.*) ˈaʊt.leɪ -s -z
out|lay (*v.*) ˌaʊt|ˈleɪ, aʊt- -lays -ˈleɪz -laying -ˈleɪ.ɪŋ -laid -ˈleɪd
outlet ˈaʊt.let, -lət, -lɪt Ⓤⓢ -let, -lət -s -s
outlier ˈaʊtˌlaɪ.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
outline (*n.*) ˈaʊt.laɪn -s -z
outlin|e (*v.*) ˈaʊt.laɪn, ˌ-ˈ-, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ ˈ-- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
outliv|e ˌaʊtˈlɪv, aʊt- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
outlook ˈaʊt.lʊk -s -s
outlying ˈaʊtˌlaɪ.ɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ--, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ ˈ-ˌ--
outmaneuv|er ˌaʊt.məˈnu:.v|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -v|ɚ -ers -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
outmanoeuv|re ˌaʊt.məˈnu:.v|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -v|ɚ -res -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -red -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
outmarch ˌaʊtˈmɑ:tʃ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑ:rtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
outmatch ˌaʊtˈmætʃ, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
outmoded ˌaʊtˈməʊ.dɪd, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -ˈmoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌoutmoded ˈclothes
outmost ˈaʊt.məʊst Ⓤⓢ -moʊst
outnumb|er ˌaʊtˈnʌm.b|əʳ, aʊt- Ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ -ers -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
out-of-court ˌaʊt.əvˈkɔ:t Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬.əvˈkɔ:rt *stress shift:* ˌout-of-court ˈsettlement
out-of-date ˌaʊt.əvˈdeɪt Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬- *stress shift:* ˌout-of-date ˈfoodstuffs
out-of-door ˌaʊt.əvˈdɔ:ʳ Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬.əvˈdɔ:r -s -z *stress shift:* ˌout-of-door ˈsports
out-of-pocket ˌaʊt.əvˈpɒk.ɪt Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬.əvˈpɑ:.kɪt *stress shift:* ˌout-of-pocket ˈpayment
out-of-state ˌaʊt.əvˈsteɪt Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬- *stress shift:* ˌout-of-state ˈvisitors
out-of-the-way ˌaʊt.əv.ðəˈweɪ Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬.əv.ðə- *stress shift:* ˌout-of-the-way ˈplaces
out-of-town ˌaʊt.əvˈtaʊn Ⓤⓢ ˌaʊt̬.əv- *stress shift:* ˌout-of-town ˈshopping
outpac|e ˌaʊtˈpeɪs, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
outpatient ˈaʊtˌpeɪ.ʃᵊnt -s -s
outperform ˌaʊt.pəˈfɔ:m Ⓤⓢ -pɚˈfɔ:rm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
outplacement ˈaʊtˌpleɪs.mənt
outplay ˌaʊtˈpleɪ, aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
outport ˈaʊt.pɔ:t Ⓤⓢ -pɔ:rt -s -s
outpost ˈaʊt.pəʊst Ⓤⓢ -poʊst -s -s
outpour (*n.*) ˈaʊt.pɔ:ʳ Ⓤⓢ -pɔ:r -s -z

outpour (*v.*) ˌaʊtˈpɔːʳ, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outpouring ˈaʊtˌpɔː.rɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ--, aʊt- ⓤⓢ ˈaʊtˌpɔːr.ɪŋ -s -z

out|put ˈaʊt|.pʊt -puts -pʊts -putting -ˌpʊt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌpʊt̬.ɪŋ -putted -ˌpʊt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -ˌpʊt̬.ɪd

outrage (O) (*n.*) ˈaʊt.reɪdʒ

outrag|e (*v.*) ˈaʊt.reɪdʒ, ˌ-ˈ-, aʊt- ⓤⓢ ˈ-- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outrageous ˌaʊtˈreɪ.dʒəs, aʊt- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Outram ˈuː.trəm

outrang|e ˌaʊtˈreɪndʒ, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outrank ˌaʊtˈræŋk, aʊt- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

outré ˈuː.treɪ ⓤⓢ -ˈ-

outreach (*n.*) ˈaʊt.riːtʃ -es -ɪz

outreach (*v.*) ˌaʊtˈriːtʃ, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

out|ride ˌaʊt|ˈraɪd, aʊt- -rides -ˈraɪdz -riding -ˈraɪ.dɪŋ -rode -ˈrəʊd ⓤⓢ -ˈroʊd -ridden -ˈrɪd.ən

outrider ˈaʊtˌraɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z

outrigger ˈaʊtˌrɪg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z

outright (*adj.*) ˈaʊt.raɪt (*adv.*) ˌaʊtˈraɪt, aʊt-

outrival ˌaʊtˈraɪ.vəl, aʊt- -s -z -ling -ɪŋ -led -d

out|run ˌaʊt|ˈrʌn, aʊt- -runs -ˈrʌnz -running -ˈrʌn.ɪŋ -ran -ˈræn

outrush ˈaʊt.rʌʃ -es -ɪz

out|sell ˌaʊt|ˈsel, aʊt- -sells -ˈselz -selling -ˈsel.ɪŋ -sold -ˈsəʊld ⓤⓢ -ˈsoʊld

outset ˈaʊt.set -s -s

out|shine ˌaʊt|ˈʃaɪn, aʊt- -shines -ˈʃaɪnz -shining -ˈʃaɪ.nɪŋ -shined -ˈʃaɪnd -shone -ˈʃɒn ⓤⓢ -ˈʃoʊn

outside ˌaʊtˈsaɪd, aʊt- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌoutside ˈtoilet

outsider ˌaʊtˈsaɪ.dəʳ, aʊt- ⓤⓢ aʊtˈsaɪ.dɚ, ˈ--- -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌoutsider ˈdealing

outsiz|e ˌaʊtˈsaɪz, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ed -d *stress shift:* ˌoutsize ˈclothes

outskirts ˈaʊt.skɜːts ⓤⓢ -skɝːts

out|smart ˌaʊt|ˈsmɑːt, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈsmɑːrt -smarts -ˈsmɑːts ⓤⓢ -ˈsmɑːrts -smarting -ˈsmɑː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪŋ -smarted -ˈsmɑː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪd

outsourc|e ˈaʊt.sɔːs ⓤⓢ -sɔːrs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

outspan ˌaʊtˈspæn, aʊt- -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d

Outspan® ˈaʊt.spæn -s -z

outspend ˌaʊtˈspend, aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **outspent** ˌaʊtˈspent, aʊt-

outspoken ˌaʊtˈspəʊ.kən, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈspoʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌoutspoken ˈperson

outspread ˌaʊtˈspred ⓤⓢ aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌoutspread ˈarms

outstanding *very good:* ˌaʊtˈstæn.dɪŋ, aʊt- -ly -li *sticking out:* ˈaʊtˌstæn.dɪŋ

outstar|e ˌaʊtˈsteəʳ, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈster -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outstation ˈaʊt.steɪ.ʃən -s -z -ed -d

outstay ˌaʊtˈsteɪ, aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outstretch ˌaʊtˈstretʃ, aʊt- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t *stress shift:* ˌoutstretched ˈarms

outstrip ˌaʊtˈstrɪp, aʊt- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t

outta ˈaʊ.t̬ə

Note: This is a form of **out of**, and is only used by British speakers when imitating American speakers.

outtake ˈaʊt.teɪk -s -s

out|vote ˌaʊt|ˈvəʊt, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊt -votes -ˈvəʊts ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊts -voting -ˈvəʊ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊ.t̬ɪŋ -voted -ˈvəʊ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊ.t̬ɪd

outward ˈaʊt.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

outward-bound ˌaʊt.wədˈbaʊnd ⓤⓢ -wɚd'- ˌ**Outward** ˈ**Bound** ˌ**course**

out|wear ˌaʊt|ˈweəʳ, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈwer -wears -ˈweəz ⓤⓢ -ˈwers -wearing -ˈweə.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈwer.ɪŋ -worn -ˈwɔːn ⓤⓢ -ˈwɔːrn

outweigh ˌaʊtˈweɪ, aʊt- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

outwent (*from* **outgo**) ˌaʊtˈwent, aʊt-

out|wit ˌaʊt|ˈwɪt, aʊt- -wits -ˈwɪts -witting -ˈwɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈwɪt̬.ɪŋ -witted -ˈwɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈwɪt̬.ɪd

outwith ˌaʊtˈwɪθ, aʊt-, -ˈwɪð

outwork (*n.*) ˈaʊt.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk -s -s

outwork (*v.*) ˌaʊtˈwɜːk, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈwɝːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

out-worker ˈaʊtˌwɜː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɝː.kɚ -s -z

outworn ˌaʊtˈwɔːn, aʊt- ⓤⓢ -ˈwɔːrn *stress shift:* ˌoutworn ˈtheories

ouzel ˈuː.zəl -s -z

ouzo ˈuː.zəʊ ⓤⓢ -zoʊ

ova (*plur. of* **ovum**) ˈəʊ.və ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ-

oval (O) ˈəʊ.vəl ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ- -s -z -ly -i ˈ**Oval** ˌ**Office**, ˌ**Oval** ˈ**Office**

Ovaltine® ˈəʊ.vəl.tiːn ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ-

ovari|an əʊˈveə.ri|.ən ⓤⓢ oʊˈver.i- -al -əl

ovariectomy əʊˌveə.riˈek.tə.mi ⓤⓢ oʊˌver.iˈ-

ovariotomy əʊˌveə.riˈɒt.ə.mi ⓤⓢ oʊˌver.iˈɑː.t̬ə-

ovar|y ˈəʊ.vər|.i ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ- -ies -iz

ovate (*n.*) *Welsh title:* ˈɒv.ət, -ɪt; ˈəʊ.veɪt ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.veɪt; ˈɑː.vət -s -s

ovate (*adj.*) *egg-shaped:* ˈəʊ.veɪt, -vɪt, -vət ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.veɪt

ovation əʊˈveɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ oʊ- -s -z ˌ**standing o'vation**

oven ˈʌv.ən -s -z ˈ**oven** ˌ**glove**

ovenable ˈʌv.ən.ə.bəl

ovenbird ˈʌv.ən.bɜːd, -əm- ⓤⓢ -ən.bɝːd -s -s

ovenproof ˈʌv.ən.pruːf, -əm- ⓤⓢ -ən-

oven-ready ˌʌv.ənˈred.i *stress shift:* ˌoven-ready ˈchicken

ovenware ˈʌv.ən.weəʳ ⓤⓢ -wer

over- əʊ.vəʳ, oʊ.vɚ

Note: Prefix. Many compounds with **over-** have the stress pattern ˌoverˈ-; these are likely to undergo stress shift when a stressed syllable follows, especially in adjectives derived from verbs.

over ˈəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ -s -z ˌ**over and** ˈ**done** ˌ**with**

over-abundan|ce ˌəʊ.vər.əˈbʌn.dən|ts ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- -t -

over-achiever ˌəʊ.vər.əˈtʃiː.vəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.əˈtʃiː.vɚ, ˈoʊ.vɚ.əˌtʃiː- -s -

overact ˌəʊ.vərˈækt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

overactive ˌəʊ.vərˈæk.tɪv ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- *stress shift:* ˌoveractive ˈgland

over-age ˌəʊ.vərˈeɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌover-age ˈapplicant

overall (O) (*n, adj.*) ˈəʊ.vər.ɔːl ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ- -s -z

overall (*adv.*) ˌəʊ.vərˈɔːl ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -ˈɑːl

over-ambitious ˌəʊ.vər.æmˈbɪʃ.əs ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- *stress shift:* ˌover-ambitious ˈpartner

over-anxiety ˌəʊ.vər.æŋgˈzaɪ.ə.ti ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.æŋˈzaɪ.ə.t̬i

over-anxious ˌəʊ.vərˈæŋk.ʃəs ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -ly -li *stress shift:* ˌover -anxious ˈparent

overarching ˌəʊ.vərˈɑː.tʃɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈɑːr-

overarm ˈəʊ.vər.ɑːm ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.ɑːrm

overaw|e ˌəʊ.vərˈɔː ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈɑː, -ˈɔː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

overbalanc|e ˌəʊ.vəˈbæl.ənts ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

overbear ˌəʊ.vəˈbeəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈber -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **over|bore** ˌəʊ.və|ˈbɔː ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ|ˈbɔːr -borne -ˈbɔːn ⓤⓢ -ˈbɔːrn

overbearing ˌəʊ.vəˈbeə.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈber.ɪŋ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌoverbearing ˈrelatives

overbid (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈbɪd ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- -s -z -ding -ɪŋ

overbid (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.bɪd ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- -s -

overbite ˈəʊ.və.baɪt ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-

over|blow ˌəʊ.və|ˈbləʊ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ|ˈbloʊ, ˈ--|- -blows -ˈbləʊz ⓤⓢ -ˈbloʊz, -bloʊz -blowing -ˈbləʊ.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈbloʊ.ɪŋ, -ˌbloʊ.ɪŋ -blew -ˈbluː ⓤⓢ -ˈbluː, -bluː -blown -ˈbləʊn ⓤⓢ -ˈbloʊn, -bloʊn

overboard ˈəʊ.və.bɔːd, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.bɔːrd

overbook ˌəʊ.vəˈbʊk ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

overbreadth ˌəʊ.vəˈbredθ, -ˈbretθ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-

overbrim ˌəʊ.vəˈbrɪm ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d

overbuild ˌəʊ.vəˈbɪld ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **overbuilt** ˌəʊ.vəˈbɪlt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---

overburden ˌəʊ.vəˈbɜː.dən ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈbɝː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Overbury ˈəʊ.və.bər.i ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚˌber-, -bɚ-

overcapacity ˌəʊ.və.kəˈpæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.kəˈpæs.ə.t̬i

over-careful ˌəʊ.vəˈkeə.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ

ˌoʊ.vɚˈker- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
overcast ˈəʊ.və.kɑːst, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.kæst, ˌoʊ.vɚˈkæst
over-cautious ˌəʊ.vəˈkɔː.ʃəs (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈkɑː-, -ˈkɔː- *stress shift:* ˌover-cautious ˈperson
overcharg|e (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈtʃɑːdʒ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈtʃɑːrdʒ, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overcloud ˌəʊ.vəˈklaʊd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈklaʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
overcoat ˈəʊ.və.kəʊt (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.koʊt **-s** -s
over|come ˌəʊ.vəˈkʌm (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-comes** -ˈkʌmz **-coming** -ˈkʌm.ɪŋ **-came** -ˈkeɪm
overcompen|sate ˌəʊ.vəˈkɒm.pən|.seɪt, -pen- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈkɑːm.pən- **-sates** -seɪts **-sating** -seɪ.tɪŋ (US) -seɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-sated** -seɪ.tɪd (US) -seɪ.t̬ɪd
overcompensation ˌəʊ.vəˌkɒm.pənˈseɪ.ʃən, -pen'- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˌkɑːm.pən'-
over-confidence ˌəʊ.vəˈkɒn.fɪ.dənts, -fə- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈkɑːn.fə-
over-confident ˌəʊ.vəˈkɒn.fɪ.dənt, -fə- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈkɑːn.fə- **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌover-confident ˈcandidate
over-cook ˌəʊ.vəˈkʊk (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overcrowd ˌəʊ.vəˈkraʊd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd *stress shift:* ˌovercrowded ˈroom
over-develop ˌəʊ.və.dɪˈvel.əp, -dəˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ.dɪˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt *stress shift:* ˌover-developed ˈmuscles
over|do ˌəʊ.və|ˈduː (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-does** -ˈdʌz **-doing** -ˈduː.ɪŋ **-did** -ˈdɪd **-done** -ˈdʌn
overdone *over-cooked:* ˌəʊ.vəˈdʌn (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoverdone ˈchicken
overdos|e (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.dəʊs (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.doʊs **-es** -ɪz
overdos|e (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈdəʊs (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈdoʊs, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overdraft ˈəʊ.və.drɑːft (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.dræft **-s** -s
overdraught ˈəʊ.və.drɑːft (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.dræft **-s** -s
overdraw ˌəʊ.vəˈdrɔː (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈdrɑː, -ˈdrɔː, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overdrew** ˌəʊ.vəˈdruː (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ-, ˈ--- **overdrawn** ˌəʊ.vəˈdrɔːn (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈdrɑːn, -ˈdrɔːn, ˈ---
overdress (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈdres (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overdress (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.dres (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-es** -ɪz
overdrive (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.draɪv (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ-
over|drive (*v.*) ˌəʊ.və|ˈdraɪv (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-drives** -ˈdraɪvz **-driving** -ˈdraɪ.vɪŋ **-drove** -ˈdrəʊv (US) -ˈdroʊv **-driven** -ˈdrɪv.ən
overdue ˌəʊ.vəˈdjuː (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈduː, -ˈdjuː *stress shift:* ˌoverdue ˈpayment

over|eat ˌəʊ.vər|ˈiːt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-eats** -ˈiːts **-eating** -ˈiː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈiː.t̬ɪŋ **-eaten** -ˈiː.tən **-ate** -ˈet, -ˈeɪt (US) -ˈeɪt
over-emphasis ˌəʊ.vərˈemp.fə.sɪs (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-
over-emphasiz|e, -is|e ˌəʊ.vərˈemp.fə.saɪz (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overestimate (*n.*) ˌəʊ.vərˈes.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mɪt, -meɪt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈes.tɪ.mɪt **-s** -s
overesti|mate (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vərˈes.tɪ|.meɪt, -tə- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈes.tə- **-mates** -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-mated** -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
over-estimation ˌəʊ.vərˌes.tɪˈmeɪ.ʃən, -təˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˌes.təˈ-
overex|cite ˌəʊ.vər.ɪk|ˈsaɪt, -ekˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-cites** -ˈsaɪts **-citing** -ˈsaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cited** -ˈsaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈsaɪ.t̬ɪd **-citement** -ˈsaɪt.mənt
overexer|t ˌəʊ.vər.ɪgˈzɜː|t, -egˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ.ɪgˈzɝː|t, -egˈ- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
overexertion ˌəʊ.vər.ɪgˈzɜː.ʃən, -egˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ.ɪgˈzɝː-, -egˈ-
overexpos|e ˌəʊ.vər.ɪkˈspəʊz, -ekˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ.ɪkˈspoʊz, -ekˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
over-exposure ˌəʊ.vər.ɪkˈspəʊ.ʒər, -ekˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ.ɪkˈspoʊ.ʒɚ, -ekˈ-
overfatigu|e ˌəʊ.və.fəˈtiːg (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overfeed ˌəʊ.vəˈfiːd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overfed** ˌəʊ.vəˈfed (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoverfed ˈpets
overfishing ˌəʊ.vəˈfɪʃ.ɪŋ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ-
overflow (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.fləʊ (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.floʊ **-s** -z
overflow (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈfləʊ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈfloʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
over|fly ˌəʊ.və|ˈflaɪ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-flies** -ˈflaɪz (US) -ˈflaɪz, -flaɪz **-flying** -ˈflaɪ.ɪŋ (US) -ˈflaɪ.ɪŋ, -flaɪ.ɪŋ **-flew** -ˈfluː (US) -ˈfluː, -fluː **-flown** -ˈfləʊn (US) -ˈfloʊn, -floʊn
over-fond ˌəʊ.vəˈfɒnd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈfɑːnd
over-generalization, -isa- ˌəʊ.vəˌdʒen.ər.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˌdʒen.ɚ.əl.ɪˈ-
overground ˈəʊ.və.graʊnd, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.graʊnd, ˌ--ˈ-
over|grow ˌəʊ.və|ˈgrəʊ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈgroʊ **-grows** -ˈgrəʊz (US) -ˈgroʊz **-growing** -ˈgrəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -ˈgroʊ.ɪŋ **-grew** -ˈgruː **-grown** -ˈgrəʊn (US) -ˈgroʊn
overgrowth ˈəʊ.və.grəʊθ (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.groʊθ **-s** -s
overhand (*n, adj.*) ˈəʊ.və.hænd (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z
overhang (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.hæŋ (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z
overhang (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈhæŋ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overhung** ˌəʊ.vəˈhʌŋ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---
over-hasty ˌəʊ.vəˈheɪ.sti (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌover-hasty ˈchoice

overhaul (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.hɔːl (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.hɑːl, -hɔːl **-s** -z
overhaul (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈhɔːl (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈhɑːl, -ˈhɔːl, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overhead (*n, adj.*) ˈəʊ.və.hed (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z ˌ**overhead proˈjector**
overhead (*adv.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈhed (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-
overhear ˌəʊ.vəˈhɪər (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈhɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overheard** ˌəʊ.vəˈhɜːd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈhɝːd
over|heat ˌəʊ.və|ˈhiːt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-heats** -ˈhiːts **-heating** -ˈhiː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈhiː.t̬ɪŋ **-heated** -ˈhiː.tɪd (US) -ˈhiː.t̬ɪd
over-impress|ed ˌəʊ.vər.ɪmˈpres|t (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-ive** -ɪv
over-indulg|e ˌəʊ.vər.ɪnˈdʌldʒ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ence** -ənts
overjoyed ˌəʊ.vəˈdʒɔɪd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoverjoyed ˈwinner
overkill ˈəʊ.və.kɪl (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overladen ˌəʊ.vəˈleɪ.dən (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoverladen ˈbasket
overlaid ˌəʊ.vəˈleɪd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-
overland (*adj.*) ˈəʊ.və.lænd (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overland (*adv.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈlænd, ˈ--- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈlænd, ˈ---
overlap (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.læp (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s
overlap (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈlæp (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
overlay (*n.*) ˈəʊ.vəl.eɪ (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.leɪ **-s** -z
overlay (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəlˈeɪ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈleɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overlaid** ˌəʊ.vəlˈeɪd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈleɪd
overleaf ˌəʊ.vəlˈiːf (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.liːf
overload (*n.*) ˈəʊ.vəl.əʊd (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.loʊd **-s** -z
overload (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəlˈəʊd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈloʊd, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
overlock ˈəʊ.vəl.ɒk (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.lɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overlong ˌəʊ.vəˈlɒŋ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈlɑːŋ, -ˈlɔːŋ
overlook (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈlʊk (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overlook (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.lʊk (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s
overlord ˈəʊ.və.lɔːd (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.lɔːrd **-s** -z
overly ˈəʊ.vəl.i (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.li
overlying ˌəʊ.vəlˈaɪ.ɪŋ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈlaɪ- *stress shift:* ˌoverlying ˈstructure
overman (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈmæn (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
over|man (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və|.mæn (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-men** -men
overmantel ˈəʊ.vəˌmæn.təl (US) ˈoʊ.vɚˌmæn.t̬əl **-s** -z
overmast|er ˌəʊ.vəˈmɑː.st|ər (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈmæs.tɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
overmatch ˌəʊ.vəˈmætʃ (US) ˌoʊ.vɚ-, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overmuch ˌəʊ.vəˈmʌtʃ, ˈ--- (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---
overnight ˌəʊ.vəˈnaɪt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-

stress shift: ˌovernight ˈsleeper
overoptimistic ˌəʊ.vəˈr.ɒp.tɪˈmɪs.tɪk, -təˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˌɑːp.təˈ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌoveroptimistic ˈoutlook
overpass (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.pɑːs ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.pæs **-es** -ɪz
over|pay ˌəʊ.vəˈpeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--|- **-pays** -ˈpeɪz **-paying** -ˈpeɪ.ɪŋ **-paid** -ˈpeɪd **-payment/s** -ˈpeɪ.mənt/s
overplay ˌəʊ.vəˈpleɪ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overplus ˈəʊ.və.plʌs ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-es** -ɪz
overpopu|late ˌəʊ.vəˈpɒp.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈpɑː.pjə-, -pjʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
overpopulation ˌəʊ.vəˌpɒp.jəˈleɪ.ʃən, -jʊˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˌpɑː.pjəˈ-, -pjʊˈ-
overpower ˌəʊ.vəˈpaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈpaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
overpriced ˌəʊ.vəˈpraɪst ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- *stress shift:* ˌoverpriced ˈgoods
overprint (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.prɪnt ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s
overprin|t (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈprɪn|t, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
overproduc|e ˌəʊ.və.prəˈdjuːs ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.proʊˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs, ˈoʊ.vɚ.proʊˌduːs, -ˌdjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overproduction ˌəʊ.və.prəˈdʌk.ʃən ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ-
overprotect ˌəʊ.və.prəˈtekt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
overprotective ˌəʊ.və.prəˈtek.tɪv ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- *stress shift:* ˌoverprotective ˈparent
overqualified ˌəʊ.vəˈkwɒl.ɪ.faɪd, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈkwɑː.lɪ-, ˈoʊ.vɚˌkwɑː.lɪ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌoverqualified ˈapplicant
overra|te ˌəʊ.vəˈreɪ|t ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈreɪ|t, ˈ--- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
overreach (*n.*) ˈəʊ.vəˈr.iːtʃ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.riːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
overreach (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈriːtʃ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈriːtʃ, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overreact ˌəʊ.vəˈr.iˈækt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.riˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
overreaction ˌəʊ.vəˈr.iˈæk.ʃən ⓤⓢ oʊ.vɚ.riˈ-
overrid|e ˌəʊ.vəˈraɪd ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈraɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overrode** ˌəʊ.vəˈrəʊd ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈroʊd **overridden** ˌəʊ.vəˈrɪd.ən ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈrɪd-
overrider ˈəʊ.vəˈrˌaɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚˌraɪ.dɚ **-s** -z
overripe ˌəʊ.vəˈraɪp ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈraɪp **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌoverripe ˈfruit
overripen ˌəʊ.vəˈraɪ.pən ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈraɪ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -vəˈraɪp.nɪŋ ⓤⓢ -vɚˈraɪp- **-ed** -d
overrul|e ˌəʊ.vəˈruːl ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈruːl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overrun (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈrʌn ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈrʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **overran** ˌəʊ.vəˈræn ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈræn
overrun (*n.*) ˈəʊ.vəˈr.ʌn ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z
over-scrupulous ˌəʊ.vəˈskruː.pjə.ləs, -pjʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈskruː.pjə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌover-scrupulous ˈperson
oversea ˌəʊ.vəˈsiː ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈoʊ.vɚ.siː **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌoverseas ˈapplicant
over|see ˌəʊ.vəˈsiː ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-sees** -ˈsiːz **-seeing** -ˈsiː.ɪŋ **-saw** -ˈsɔː ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑː, -ˈsɔː **-seen** -ˈsiːn
overseer ˈəʊ.vəˌsiː.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚˌsiː.ɚ, -ˌsɪr **-s** -z
over|sell ˌəʊ.vəˈsel ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-sells** -selz **-selling** -sel.ɪŋ **-sold** -səʊld ⓤⓢ -soʊld
oversensitive ˌəʊ.vəˈsent.sɪ.tɪv, -sə- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈsent.sə.t̬ɪv *stress shift:* ˌoversensitive ˈperson
oversensitivity ˌəʊ.vəˌsent.sɪˈtɪv.ə.ti, -səˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˌsent.səˈtɪv.ə.t̬i
oversew ˈəʊ.və.səʊ, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.soʊ, ˌ--ˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
oversexed ˌəʊ.vəˈsekst ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoversexed ˈperson
overshadow ˌəʊ.vəˈʃæd.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈʃæd.oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overshoe ˈəʊ.və.ʃuː ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -z
overshoot (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.ʃuːt ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overshoot (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈʃuːt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **overshot** ˌəʊ.vəˈʃɒt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈʃɑːt
overside (*adv.*) ˈəʊ.və.saɪd ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
oversight ˈəʊ.və.saɪt ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s
oversimplification ˌəʊ.vəˌsɪm.plɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -plə- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˌsɪm.plə- **-s** -z
oversimpli|fy ˌəʊ.vəˈsɪm.plɪ|.faɪ, -plə- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈsɪm.plə-, ˈ--ˌ--- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
oversize ˌəʊ.vəˈsaɪz ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-d** -d *stress shift:* ˌoversize ˈclothes
oversleep ˌəʊ.vəˈsliːp ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **overslept** ˌəʊ.vəˈslept ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-
oversold (*from* **oversell**) ˌəʊ.vəˈsəʊld ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈsoʊld *stress shift:* ˌoversold ˈconcept
overspend ˌəʊ.vəˈspend ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overspent** ˌəʊ.vəˈspent ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---
overspill ˈəʊ.və.spɪl ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overspread ˌəʊ.vəˈspred ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
overstaff ˌəʊ.vəˈstɑːf ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈstæf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
over|state ˌəʊ.vəˈsteɪt ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-states** -ˈsteɪts **-stating** -ˈsteɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-stated** -ˈsteɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌoverstated ˈargument
overstatement ˌəʊ.vəˈsteɪt.mənt, ˈəʊ.vəˌsteɪt- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈsteɪt-, ˈoʊ.vɚˌsteɪt **-s** -s
overstay ˌəʊ.vəˈsteɪ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overstep ˌəʊ.vəˈstep ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
overstimu|late ˌəʊ.vəˈstɪm.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈstɪm.jə-, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
overstock ˌəʊ.vəˈstɒk ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈstɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overstrain (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.streɪn, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---
overstrain (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈstreɪn ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Overstrand ˈəʊ.və.strænd ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overstretch ˌəʊ.vəˈstretʃ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overstrung *in state of nervous tension:* ˌəʊ.vəˈstrʌŋ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- *of piano:* ˈəʊ.və.strʌŋ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
oversubscrib|e ˌəʊ.və.səbˈskraɪb ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
oversubscription ˌəʊ.və.səbˈskrɪp.ʃən ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ-
oversupp|ly ˌəʊ.və.səˈpl|aɪ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ- **-ies** -aɪz
overt əʊˈvɜːt; ˈəʊ.vɜːt ⓤⓢ oʊˈvɝːt, ˈ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
over|take ˌəʊ.vəˈteɪk ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-takes** -ˈteɪks **-taking** -ˈteɪ.kɪŋ **-took** -ˈtʊk **-taken** -ˈteɪ.kən, -kəŋ ⓤⓢ -kən
overtask ˌəʊ.vəˈtɑːsk ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈtæsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overtax ˌəʊ.vəˈtæks ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
over-the-counter ˌəʊ.və.ðəˈkaʊn.təʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.ðəˈkaʊn.t̬ɚ *stress shift:* ˌover-the-counter ˈsales
over-the-top ˌəʊ.və.ðəˈtɒp ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚ.ðəˈtɑːp *stress shift:* ˌover-the-top ˈspeech
Note: See also **OTT**.
overthrow (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.θrəʊ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.θroʊ **-s** -z
overthrow (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈθrəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈθroʊ, ˈ--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **overthrew** ˌəʊ.vəˈθruː ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- **overthrown** ˌəʊ.vəˈθrəʊn ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈθroʊn, ˈ---
overthrust ˈəʊ.və.θrʌst ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ- **-s** -s
overtime ˈəʊ.və.taɪm ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
overtir|e ˌəʊ.vəˈtaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈtaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
overtone ˈəʊ.və.təʊn ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.toʊn **-s** -z
overtop ˌəʊ.vəˈtɒp ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈtɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Overtoun ˈəʊ.və.tən ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
Overtown ˈəʊ.və.tən ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ-
over-trump ˌəʊ.vəˈtrʌmp ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
overture ˈəʊ.və.tjʊəʳ, -tjəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ, -tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈoʊ.vɚ.tʃɚ, -tʃʊr **-s** -z
overturn (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.tɜːn

Pronouncing the letters OW

There are two common pronunciations of the vowel digraph ow: /əʊ (US) oʊ/ and /aʊ/, e.g.:

blow	/bləʊ/	(US) /bloʊ/
brown	/braʊn/	

In addition

A less common realisation is /ɒ (US) ɑː/, e.g.:

knowledge	/ˈnɒl.ɪdʒ/	(US) /ˈnɑː.lɪdʒ/

(US) ˈoʊ.vɚ.tɝːn -s -z
erturn (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈtɜːn (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈtɝːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
erus|e (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈjuːz (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ- es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
eruse (*n.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈjuːs (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-
erval|ue ˌəʊ.vəˈvæl|.juː (US) oʊ.vɚˈ- -ues -juːz -uing -juː.ɪŋ ued -juːd
erview ˈəʊ.və.vjuː (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- s -z
erweening ˌəʊ.vəˈwiː.nɪŋ (US) oʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈoʊ.vɚˌwiː- -ly -li *stress shift:* ˌoverweening ˈpride
erweight (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.weɪt (US) ˈoʊ.vɚ- -s -s
erweight (*adj.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈweɪt (US) oʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- *stress shift, British only:* ˌoverweight ˈperson
erweigh|t (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈweɪ|t (US) oʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ--- -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
erwhelm ˌəʊ.vəˈhwelm (US) oʊ.vɚˈ- -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
erwind ˌəʊ.vəˈwaɪnd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, --- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **overwound** əʊ.vəˈwaʊnd (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈ-, ˈ---
erwint|er ˌəʊ.vəˈwɪn.t|əʳ (US) oʊ.vɚˈwɪn.t̬|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
erwork (*n.*) ˈəʊ.və.wɜːk (US) oʊ.vɚ.wɝːk
erwork (*v.*) ˌəʊ.vəˈwɜːk (US) oʊ.vɚˈwɝːk, ˈ--- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌover-worked ˈeditor
erwrit|e ˌəʊ.vᵊrˈaɪt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈraɪt es -s -ing -ɪŋ **overwrote** əʊ.vᵊrˈəʊt (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈroʊt **over-written** ˌəʊ.vᵊrˈɪt.ᵊn (US) ˌoʊ.vɚˈrɪt-
erwrought ˌəʊ.vᵊrˈɔːt (US) oʊ.vɚˈrɑːt, -ˈrɔːt *stress shift:* ˌover-wrought ˈperson
erzealous ˌəʊ.vəˈzel.əs (US) oʊ.vɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌoverzealous follower
ett ˈəʊ.vet, -ˈ- (US) ˈoʊ.vet, -ˈ-
id *Latin poet:* ˈɒv.ɪd (US) ˈɑː.vɪd *US surname:* ˈəʊ.vɪd (US) ˈoʊ-
idian əʊˈvɪd.i.ən, ɒvˈɪd- (US) oʊˈvɪd-
iedo ˌɒv.iˈeɪ.dəʊ (US) oʊˈvjeɪ.doʊ, ðoʊ
iform ˈəʊ.vɪ.fɔːm (US) ˈoʊ.vɪ.fɔːrm
ine ˈəʊ.vaɪn (US) ˈoʊ-
ingdean ˈɒv.ɪŋ.diːn (US) ˈɑː.vɪŋ-
ingham ˈɒv.ɪn.dʒəm (US) ˈɑː.vɪn-
ington *in North Yorkshire, street in London:* ˈɒv.ɪŋ.tən (US) ˈɑː.vɪŋ- *in Norfolk, surname:* ˈəʊ.vɪŋ.tən (US) ˈoʊ-
oviparous əʊˈvɪp.ᵊr.əs (US) oʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ovoid ˈəʊ.vɔɪd (US) ˈoʊ- -s -z
ovular ˈɒv.jə.ləʳ, ˈəʊ.vjə-, -vjʊ- (US) ˈɑː.vjuː.lɚ, ˈoʊ-, -vjə-
ovu|late ˈɒv.jə|.leɪt, ˈəʊ.vjə- (US) ˈɑː.vjuː-, ˈoʊ-, -vjə- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ovulation ˌɒv.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌəʊ.vjəˈ-, -vjʊˈ- (US) ˌɑː.vjuːˈ-, ˌoʊ-, -vjəˈ-
ovule ˈɒv.juːl, ˈəʊ.vjuːl (US) ˈɑːv-, ˈoʊv- -s -z
ov|um ˈəʊ.v|əm (US) ˈoʊ- -a -ə
Owbridge ˈəʊ.brɪdʒ (US) ˈoʊ-
ow|e əʊ (US) oʊ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Owen ˈəʊ.ɪn (US) ˈoʊ- -s -z
Ower aʊəʳ (US) aʊɚ
Owers aʊəz, aʊəz (US) oʊɚz, aʊɚz
owing (*from* **owe**) ˈəʊ.ɪŋ (US) ˈoʊ-
owl aʊl -s -z
owler|y ˈaʊ.lᵊr|.i -ies -iz
Owles əʊlz, aʊlz, uːlz (US) oʊlz, aʊlz, uːlz
owlet ˈaʊ.lət, -lɪt, -let (US) -lɪt -s -s
Owlett ˈaʊ.lɪt, -let (US) -lɪt
owlish ˈaʊ.lɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
own əʊn (US) oʊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌown ˈgoal
own-brand ˌəʊnˈbrænd, ˌəʊm-, ˈ-- (US) ˌoʊnˈ-, ˈ-- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
owner-driver ˌəʊ.nəˈdraɪ.vəʳ (US) ˌoʊ.nɚˈdraɪ.vɚ -s -z *stress shift:* ˌowner-driver ˈtaxi
owner-occup|ier ˌəʊ.nəʳˈɒk.jə.p|laɪ.əʳ, -jʊ- (US) ˌoʊ.nɚˈɑː.kjuː.p|laɪ.ɚ, -kjə- -iers -aɪ.əz (US) -aɪ.ɚz -ied -aɪd
ownership ˈəʊ.nə.ʃɪp (US) ˈoʊ.nɚ-
own-label ˌəʊnˈleɪ.bᵊl (US) ˌoʊn-
Owsley ˈaʊz.li
owt aʊt, əʊt (US) aʊt, oʊt
ox ɒks (US) ɑːks -en -ᵊn
oxalate ˈɒk.sə.leɪt, -lɪt, -lət (US) ˈɑːk.sə.leɪt -s -s
oxalic ɒkˈsæl.ɪk (US) ɑːkˈ-
oxalis ɒkˈsɑː.lɪs, -ˈsæl.ɪs, -ˈseɪ.lɪs; ˈɒk.sə.lɪs (US) ˈɑːk.sə.lɪs; ɑːkˈsæl.ɪs
oxbow ˈɒks.bəʊ (US) ˈɑːks.boʊ -s -z
Oxbridge ˈɒks.brɪdʒ (US) ˈɑːks-
Oxbrow ˈɒks.braʊ (US) ˈɑːks-
oxen (*plur. of* **ox**) ˈɒk.sᵊn (US) ˈɑːk-
Oxenden ˈɒk.sᵊn.dən (US) ˈɑːk-
Oxenford ˈɒk.sᵊn.fɔːd, -fəd (US) ˈɑːk.sən.fɔːrd, -fɚd
Oxenham ˈɒk.sᵊn.əm (US) ˈɑːk-
Oxenhope ˈɒk.sᵊn.həʊp (US) ˈɑːk.sᵊn.hoʊp
oxer ˈɒk.səʳ (US) ˈɑːk.sɚ -s -z
oxeye ˈɒks.aɪ (US) ˈɑːk.saɪ -s -z -d -d
Oxfam ˈɒks.fæm (US) ˈɑːks-
Oxford ˈɒks.fəd (US) ˈɑːks.fɚd -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
oxidant ˈɒk.sɪ.dᵊnt, -sə- (US) ˈɑːk.sɪ- -s -s
oxi|date ˈɒk.sɪ|.deɪt, -sə- (US) ˈɑːk.sɪ- -dates -deɪts -dating -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd
oxidation ˌɒk.sɪˈdeɪ.ʃᵊn, -səˈ- (US) ˌɑːk.sɪˈ-
oxide ˈɒk.saɪd (US) ˈɑːk- -s -z
oxidization, -isa- ˌɒk.sɪ.daɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə-, -dɪˈ- (US) ˌɑːk.sɪ.dɪˈ-
oxidiz|e, -is|e ˈɒk.sɪ.daɪz, -sə- (US) ˈɑːk.sɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
Oxley ˈɒk.sli (US) ˈɑːk-
oxlip ˈɒk.slɪp (US) ˈɑːk- -s -s
oxo (O®) ˈɒk.səʊ (US) ˈɑːk.soʊ
Oxon. ˈɒk.sᵊn, -sɒn (US) ˈɑːk.sᵊn, -sɑːn
Oxonian ɒkˈsəʊ.ni.ən (US) ɑːkˈsoʊ- -s -z
Oxshott ˈɒk.ʃɒt (US) ˈɑːk.ʃɑːt
oxtail ˈɒks.teɪl (US) ˈɑːks- -s -z ˌoxtail ˈsoup
Oxted ˈɒk.stɪd (US) ˈɑːk-
ox-tongue ˈɒks.tʌŋ, -tɒŋ (US) ˈɑːks.tʌŋ -s -z
Oxus ˈɒk.səs (US) ˈɑːk-
oxy- ɒk.sɪ, -si; ɒkˈsɪ (US) ɑːk.sɪ, -si; ɑːkˈsɪ
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **oxygen** /ˈɒk.sɪ.dʒən (US) ˈɑːk-/, **oxychloride** /ˌɒk.sɪˈklɔː.raɪd (US) ˌɑːk.sɪˈklɔːr.aɪd/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **oxygenous** /ɒkˈsɪdʒ.ᵊn.əs (US) ɑːk-/.
oxyacetylene ˌɒk.si.əˈset.ᵊl.iːn, -ɪ.liːn, -lɪn (US) ˌɑːk.si.əˈset̬.ᵊl.iːn, -ɪn
oxychloride ˌɒk.sɪˈklɔː.raɪd (US) ˌɑːk.sɪˈklɔːr.aɪd -s -z
oxygen ˈɒk.sɪ.dʒən, -sə- (US) ˈɑːk.sɪ-
oxyge|nate ˈɒk.sɪ.dʒə|.neɪt, -sə-, -dʒɪ- (US) ˈɑːk.sɪ.dʒə- -nates -neɪts -nating -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ -nated -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd
oxygenation ˌɒk.sɪ.dʒəˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə-, -dʒɪˈ- (US) ˌɑːk.sɪ.dʒəˈ-

oxygeniz|e, -is|e 'ɒk.sɪ.dʒə.naɪz, -sə- ⓤⓢ 'ɑːk.sɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

oxygenous ɒk'sɪdʒ.ən.əs, -ɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ ɑːk-

oxyhaemoglobin ˌɒk.siˌhiː.məʊ'gləʊ.bɪn ⓤⓢ ˌɑːk.siˌhiː.mə'gloʊ-, -moʊ'-

oxyhydrogen ˌɒk.si'haɪ.drə.dʒən, -drɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌɑːk.si'haɪ.drə-

oxymoron ˌɒk.sɪ'mɔː.rɒn, -rən ⓤⓢ ˌɑːk.sɪ'mɔːr.ɑːn **-s** -z

oxytone 'ɒk.sɪ.təʊn ⓤⓢ 'ɑːk.sɪ.toʊn **-s** -z

oyer 'ɔɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ ˌ**oyer and 'terminer**

oyes, oyez əʊ'jes, -'jez, -'jeɪ, '-- ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.jes, -jez, -jeɪ

oyster (O) 'ɔɪ.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z

oyster-catcher 'ɔɪ.stəˌkætʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚˌkætʃ.ɚ **-s** -z

Oystermouth 'ɔɪ.stə.maʊθ ⓤⓢ -stɚ-

oz. (*abbrev. for* **ounce/s**) *singular:* aʊn*t*s *plural:* 'aʊn*t*.sɪz

Oz ɒz ⓤⓢ ɑːz

Ozalid® 'əʊ.zəl.ɪd, 'ɒz.əl- ⓤⓢ 'ɑː.zəl- **-s** -z

Ozanne əʊ'zæn ⓤⓢ oʊ-

Ozarks 'əʊ.zɑːks ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.zɑːrks

ozokerite əʊ'zəʊ.kər.ɪt, ɒz'əʊ-, ə'zəʊ- ⓤⓢ oʊ'zoʊ.kə.raɪt; ˌoʊ.zoʊ'kɪr.aɪt

ozone 'əʊ.zəʊn ⓤⓢ 'oʊ.zoʊn **'ozone ˌlayer**

ozone-friendly ˌəʊ.zəʊn'frend.li ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.zoʊn'- *stress shift:* ˌozone-friendly 'chemicals

ozonic əʊ'zɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ oʊ'zɑː.nɪk

ozoniferous ˌəʊ.zəʊ'nɪf.ər.əs ⓤⓢ ˌoʊ.zə'-

ozonosphere əʊ'zɒn.ə.sfɪəʳ, -'zəʊ.nə- ⓤⓢ oʊ'zoʊ.nə.sfɪr

Ozymandias ˌɒz.ɪ'mæn.di.əs, -æs ⓤⓢ ˌɑː.zi-

Pronouncing the letter P

See also PH

The consonant letter **p** is most often realised as /p/, e.g.:

pen /pen/

In addition

p can be silent. There are three combinations in which this can occur: **pn**, **ps** and **pt**.

p is silent in **pn** and **ps** when word initial, e.g.:

pneumatic /njuːˈmæt.ɪk/ (US) /nuːˈmæţ-/
psalm /sɑːm/

pt can be silent word initially and word finally, e.g.:

pterodactyl /ˌter.əʊˈdæk.tɪl/ (US) /ˌter.əˈdæk.təl/
receipt /rɪˈsiːt/

In addition

p can be silent in other instances, e.g.:

corps /kɔːʳ/ (US) /kɔːr/
cupboard /ˈkʌb.əd/ (US) /-ɚd/
raspberry /ˈrɑːz.bᵊr.i/ (US) /ˈræzˌber.i/

(P) piː -ˈs -z ˌp's and ˈq's
pɑː -s -z
ˌpiːˈeɪ
. (abbrev. for **Pennsylvania**)
pent.sɪlˈveɪ.ni.ə, -sᵊlˈ-, ˈ-njə
(US) -sᵊlˈveɪ.njə, ˈ-ni.ə
'anga pɑːˈæŋ.gə, -ə (US) -ˈɑːŋ.gə,
pɑːŋ-
bulum ˈpæb.jə.ləm, -jʊ-
c|e (*n, v.*) peɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**put someone**
through their ˈpaces
ce (*prep.*) ˈpeɪ.si, ˈpɑː.tʃeɪ, -keɪ
cemaker ˈpeɪsˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
ce|man ˈpeɪ.smæn, -smən -men
men
ce-setter ˈpeɪsˌset.əʳ (US) -ˌseţ.ɚ
s -z
chmann ˈpɑːk.mən, -mɑːn
chyderm ˈpæk.ɪ.dɜːm (US) -ə.dɝːm
s -z
chydermatous ˌpæk.ɪˈdɜː.mə.təs
(US) -əˈdɝː.mə.ţəs
cific (P) pəˈsɪf.ɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
cification ˌpæs.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-
(US) ˌ-ə- -s -z
cificatory pəˈsɪf.ɪ.kə.tᵊr.i,
æsˈɪf-, ˌpæs.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ-, ˌ-ə-; ˈ-ə-
(US) pəˈsɪf.ɪ.kə.tɔːr-
cificist pəˈsɪf.ɪ.sɪst, pæsˈɪf-
(US) pəˈsɪf- -s -s
cifism ˈpæs.ɪ.fɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə-
cifist ˈpæs.ɪ.fɪst, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -s -s
ci|fy ˈpæs.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -fies
faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s
faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
cino pəˈtʃiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
ck pæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z
(US) -ɚ/z ˈ**pack ˌice; ˈpacking ˌcase**
ckag|e ˈpæk.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
ed -d ˌ**package ˈholiday; ˈpackage**
store
ckard ˈpæk.ɑːd (US) -ɚd
cked pækt
cker ˈpæk.əʳ (US) -ɚ
cket ˈpæk.ɪt -s -s
ckhors|e ˈpæk.hɔːs (US) -hɔːrs -es -ɪz

packing|house ˈpæk.ɪŋ|.haʊs
-houses -haʊ.zɪz
pack|man ˈpæk|.mən, -mæn -men
-mən (US) -mən, -men
Pac-man® ˈpæk.mæn
pact pækt -s -s
pactum ˈpæk.təm
pac|y ˈpeɪ.s|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
-i.ɪst
pad pæd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
ˌ**padded ˈcell**
Padang ˈpɑː.dɑːŋ (US) pɑːˈdɑːŋ
Paddington ˈpæd.ɪŋ.tən
paddl|e ˈpæd.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
ˈpæd.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈpæd.ləʳ/z
(US) ˈpæd.ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈpæd.lɚ/z ˈ**paddle**
ˌ**steamer; ˈpaddle ˌwheel**
paddleboard ˈpæd.ᵊl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd
-s -z
paddling-pool ˈpæd.ᵊl.ɪŋ.puːl, ˈ-lɪŋ-
-s -z
paddock (P) ˈpæd.ək -s -s
padd|y (P) ˈpæd|.i -ies -iz
paddyfield ˈpæd.i.fiːld -s -z
paddywagon ˈpæd.iˌwæg.ᵊn -s -z
Paderewski ˌpæd.ᵊrˈef.ski, -ᵊrˈev-
(US) ˌpæd.əˈref-, ˌpɑː.dəˈ-
Padiham ˈpæd.i.əm
padlock ˈpæd.lɒk (US) -lɑːk -s -s -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -t
Padraic ˈpɑː.drɪk, ˈpæt.rɪk
(US) ˈpɑː.drɪk, -drɪg
Padraic Colum ˌpɑː.drɪkˈkɒl.əm,
ˌpæt.rɪk- (US) ˌpɑː.drɪkˈkɑː.ləm,
-drɪgˈ-
Padraig ˈpɑː.drɪg
padre ˈpɑː.dreɪ, -dri -s -z
padrone pædˈrəʊ.neɪ, pəˈdrəʊ-, -ni
(US) pəˈdroʊ- -s -z
Padstow ˈpæd.stəʊ (US) -stoʊ
Padu|a ˈpæd.ju|.ə (US) ˈpædʒ.uː|-,
ˈpæd.juː|- -an/s -ən/z
paean ˈpiː.ən -s -z
paederast ˈpiː.dᵊr.æst, ˈped.ᵊr-
(US) ˈped.ə.ræst -s -s -y -i
paediatric ˌpiː.diˈæt.rɪk -s -s
paediatrician ˌpiː.di.əˈtrɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z

paedophile ˈpiː.dəʊ.faɪl (US)
ˈped.oʊ-, ˈpiː.doʊ-, -də- -s -z
paedophili|a ˌpiː.dəʊˈfɪl.i|.ə
(US) ˌped.oʊˈfiː.li-, ˌpiː.doʊˈ-, -dəˈ-,
-ˈfiːl.j|ə -ac/s -æk/s
paella paɪˈel.ə (US) pɑːˈjel-, -ˈeɪ.jɑː -s -z
paeon ˈpiː.ən -s -z
paeonic piːˈɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈɑː.nɪk
paeon|y ˈpiː.ə.n|i -ies -iz
pagan ˈpeɪ.gᵊn -s -z
Pagani pəˈgɑː.ni (US) pə-, pɑː-
Paganini ˌpæg.əˈniː.ni
paganism ˈpeɪ.gᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm
paganiz|e, -is|e ˈpeɪ.gᵊn.aɪz -es -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pag|e (P) peɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pageant ˈpædʒ.ənt -s -s
pageantry ˈpædʒ.ən.tri
pageboy ˈpeɪdʒ.bɔɪ -s -z
pager ˈpeɪ.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ -s -z
Paget ˈpædʒ.ɪt
page-turner ˈpeɪdʒˌtɜː.nəʳ
(US) -ˌtɝː.nɚ -s -s
paginal ˈpædʒ.ɪ.nᵊl, ˈpeɪ.dʒɪ-
(US) ˈpædʒ.ə-
pagin|ate ˈpædʒ.ɪ.n|eɪt, ˈpeɪ.dʒɪ-,
-dʒᵊn|.eɪt (US) ˈpædʒ.ᵊn|.eɪt -ates
-eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ţɪŋ -ated
-eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ţɪd
pagination ˌpædʒ.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn,
ˌpeɪ.dʒɪ-, -dʒᵊnˈeɪ- (US) ˌpædʒ.ᵊnˈeɪ-
-s -z
Paglia pɑː.li.ə (US) ˈpæg.liː.ə,
ˈpeɪg.liː.ə
Pagliacci ˌpæl.iˈɑː.tʃi, -ˈætʃ.i
(US) pɑːlˈjɑː.tʃi
Pagnell ˈpæg.nəl
pagoda pəˈgəʊ.də (US) -ˈgoʊ- -s -z
Pagones pəˈgəʊ.nez (US) -ˈgoʊ-
pah pɑː
Pahang pəˈhʌŋ, -ˈhæŋ (US) -ˈhɑːŋ, pɑː-
Note: Usually pronounced /pəˈhʌŋ/ in
Malaya.
paid (*from* **pay**) peɪd
paid-up ˌpeɪdˈʌp
Paige peɪdʒ
Paignton ˈpeɪn.tən (US) -tᵊn

Palatal

A palatal consonant is one in which the tongue makes contact with or approaches the highest part of the hard palate. The hard palate is mainly composed of a thin layer of bone and is dome-shaped, as you can feel by exploring it with the tip of your tongue.

Examples for English

In English, the only phoneme described as palatal is /j/, e.g.:

yes	/jes/	
beautiful	/ˈbjuː.tɪ.fəl/	(US) /-t̬ə-/

However, phonetically a voiceless palatal fricative [ç] can also occur for the consonants in the sequence /hjuː/, e.g.:

huge	/hjuːdʒ/	[çʉːd̥ʒ̊]
Hugh, Huw	/hjuː/	[çʉː]

Palato-alveolar

Palato-aleolar sounds are made between the upper teeth and the front part of the palate.

In the description of English, this term has been largely replaced by POST-ALVEOLAR.

In other languages

It has been proposed that there is a difference between palato-alveolar and 'alveolo-patatal' that can be reliably distinguished, though others argue that factors other than place of articulation are usually involved. The latter sounds are placed further forward in the mouth than the former: an example of an alveolo-palatal consonant is that of Polish /ç/ in *Kasia* (compare /ʃ/ in *kasza*).

pail peɪl **-s** -z **-ful/s** -fʊl/z
paillass|e ˈpæl.i.æs, ˌ--ˈ- (US) pælˈjæs, ˈ-- **-es** -ɪz
paillette pælˈjet, ˌpæl.iˈet (US) ˌpælˈjet, ˈpɑː.jet **-s** -s
pain peɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌpain in the ˈneck; be at ˌpains to ˈdo something**
Pain(e) peɪn
painful ˈpeɪn.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
painkill|er ˈpeɪnˌkɪl|.əʳ, ˈpeɪŋ- (US) ˈpeɪnˌkɪl|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
painless ˈpeɪn.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
painstaking ˈpeɪnzˌteɪ.kɪŋ, ˈpeɪns- (US) ˈpeɪnz- **-ly** -li
Painswick ˈpeɪnz.wɪk
paint peɪnt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z (US) ˈpeɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈpeɪn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈpeɪn.t̬ɚ/z **ˌpainted ˈlady**
paintball ˈpeɪnt.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
paintbox ˈpeɪnt.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
paintbrush ˈpeɪnt.brʌʃ **-es** -ɪz
Painter ˈpeɪn.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
painterly ˈpeɪn.tᵊl.i (US) -t̬ɚ.li
paintwork ˈpeɪnt.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
paint|y ˈpeɪn.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
pair peəʳ (US) per **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
pais|a ˈpaɪ.s|ɑː **-e** -eɪ **-as** -ɑːz
paisley (P) ˈpeɪz.li
pajama pəˈdʒɑː.mə (US) -ˈdʒɑː-, -ˈdʒæm.ə **-s** -z
pak-choi ˌpækˈtʃɔɪ, ˌbɒk-, ˌpɑːk- (US) ˌbɑːkˈtʃɔɪ
Pakeman ˈpeɪk.mən
Pakenham ˈpæk.ᵊn.əm
Paki ˈpæk.i **-s** -z
Pakistan ˌpɑː.kɪˈstɑːn, ˌpæk.ɪˈ-, -ˈstæn (US) ˈpæk.ɪ.stæn, ˈpɑː.kɪ.stɑːn; ˌpæk.ɪˈstæn, ˌpɑː.kɪˈstɑːn
Pakistani ˌpɑː.kɪˈstɑː.ni, ˌpæk.ɪˈ-- **-s** -z
pakora pəˈkɔː.rə (US) -ˈkɔːr.ə
pal pæl **-s** -z
palac|e ˈpæl.ɪs, -əs (US) -əs **-es** -ɪz
paladin ˈpæl.ə.dɪn **-s** -z
palaeo- ˌpæl.i.əʊ-, ˌpeɪ.li.əʊ (US) ˌpeɪ.li.oʊ, -ə
palaeobotany ˌpæl.i.əʊˈbɒt.ᵊn.i, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈbɑː.tᵊn-
Palaeocene ˈpæl.i.əʊ.siːn, ˈpeɪ.li- (US) ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ-, -ə-
palaeographic ˌpæl.i.əʊˈgræf.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
palaeograph|y ˌpæl.iˈɒg.rə.f|i, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.liˈɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
palaeolithic (P) ˌpæl.i.əʊˈlɪθ.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
palaeontological ˌpæl.iˌɒn.təˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.liˌɑːn.təˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
palaeontolog|y ˌpæl.i.ɒnˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.li.ɑːnˈtɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪsts
palaeotype ˈpæl.i.əʊ.taɪp, ˈpeɪ.li- (US) ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ-, -ə-
Palaeozoic ˌpæl.i.əʊˈzəʊ.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.li- (US) ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈzoʊ-, -ə-
Palamedes ˌpæl.əˈmiː.diːz
palamino ˌpæl.əˈmiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ **-s** -z
Palamon ˈpæl.ə.mən, -mɒn (US) -mən -mɑːn
palanquin ˌpæl.əŋˈkiːn (US) -ənˈ- **-s** -z
palatab|le ˈpæl.ə.tə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ- (US) -ə.t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
palatal ˈpæl.ə.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
palatalization, -isa- ˌpæl.ə.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, pəˌlæt.ᵊl-, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌpæl.ə.t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ- **-s** -z
palataliz|e, -is|e ˈpæl.ə.tᵊl.aɪz, pəˈlæt.ᵊl- (US) ˈpæl.ə.t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
palate ˈpæl.ət, -ɪt (US) -ət **-s** -s
palatial pəˈleɪ.ʃᵊl (US) -ʃᵊl **-ly** -i
palatinate (P) pəˈlæt.ɪ.nət, -ᵊn.ət, -ɪt (US) -ᵊn.eɪt, -ɪt **-s** -s
palatine (P) ˈpæl.ə.taɪn (US) -taɪn, -tɪ[n] **-s** -z
palatogram ˈpæl.ə.təʊ.græm, pəˈlæt.əʊ- (US) ˈpæl.ə.toʊ-, -t̬ə- **-s** -z
palatography ˌpæl.əˈtɒg.rə.fi (US) -ˈtɑː.grə-
palav|er pəˈlɑː.v|əʳ (US) -ˈlæv|.ɚ, -ˈlɑː.v|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
palazzo pəˈlæt.səʊ, -sə; -ˈlæd.zəʊ, -zə (US) pəˈlɑːt.soʊ, pɑː- **paˌlazzo ˈpants**

al|e peɪl **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌpale ˈale; beˌyond the ˈpale
alefac|e ˈpeɪl.feɪs **-es** -ɪz
aleo- ˌpæl.i.əʊ, ˌpeɪ.li.əʊ US ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ, -ə
aleobotany ˌpæl.i.əʊˈbɒt.ən.i, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈbɑː.tən-
aleocene ˈpæl.i.əʊ.siːn, ˈpeɪ.li- US ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ-, -ə-
aleographic ˌpæl.i.əʊˈgræf.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
aleograph|y ˌpæl.iˈɒg.rə.f|i, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.liˈɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
aleolithic (P) ˌpæl.i.əʊˈlɪθ.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.li.oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
aleontological ˌpæl.iˌɒn.təˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.liˌɑːn.təˈlɑː.dʒɪ-
aleontolog|y ˌpæl.i.ɒnˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌpeɪ.li- US ˌpeɪ.li.ɑːnˈtɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
aleotype ˈpæl.i.əʊ.taɪp, ˈpeɪ.li- US ˈpeɪ.li.oʊ-, -ə-
alermo pəˈlɜː.məʊ, -ˈleə- US -ˈler.moʊ
alestine ˈpæl.ə.staɪn, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.staɪn
alestinian ˌpæl.əˈstɪn.i.ən, -ɪˈ- US -əˈstɪn- **-s** -z
lestrina ˌpæl.əˈstriː.nə, -ɪˈ- US -əˈstriː-
lette ˈpæl.ət, -ɪt, -et US -ɪt **-s** -s ˈpalette ˌknife
ley ˈpeɪ.li
lfrey (P) ˈpɔːl.fri, ˈpɒl- US ˈpɔːl-, ˈpɑːl- **-s** -z
lgrave ˈpɔːl.greɪv, ˈpæl- US ˈpæl-, ˈpɔːl-
li ˈpɑː.li
limony ˈpæl.ɪ.mə.ni, ˈ-ə- US -ə.moʊ-
limpsest ˈpæl.ɪmp.sest, -əmp- US -ɪmp- **-s** -s
lin ˈpeɪ.lɪn
lindrome ˈpæl.ɪn.drəʊm, -ən- US -ɪn.droʊm **-s** -z
lindromic ˌpæl.ɪnˈdrɒm.ɪk, -ənˈ- US -ɪnˈdrɑː.mɪk, -ˈdroʊ-
ling ˈpeɪ.lɪŋ **-s** -z
lingenesis ˌpæl.ɪnˈdʒen.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- US ˈ-ə-
linode ˈpæl.ɪ.nəʊd, ˈ-ə- US -ə.noʊd **-s** -z
lisad|e (P) ˌpæl.ɪˈseɪd, -əˈ- US -əˈ-, ˈ--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
lish ˈpeɪ.lɪʃ
lk pɔːlk, pɒlk US pɔːlk, pɔːk
ll pɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
lladi|an (P) pəˈleɪ.di|.ən **-um/s** -əm/z
llas ˈpæl.əs, -æs
ll-bearer ˈpɔːlˌbeə.rəʳ US -ˌber.ɚ, ˈpɑːl- **-s** -z
llet ˈpæl.ɪt, -ət US -ɪt **-s** -s
lliass|e ˈpæl.i.æs, ˌ--ˈ- US pælˈjæs, ˈ--- **-es** -ɪz
lli|ate ˈpæl.i|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
palliation ˌpæl.iˈeɪ.ʃən
palliative ˈpæl.i.ə.tɪv US -t̬ɪv **-s** -z
pallid ˈpæl.ɪd **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Palliser ˈpæl.ɪ.səʳ US -sɚ
palli|um ˈpæl.i|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
Pall Mall ˌpælˈmæl, ˌpelˈmel US ˌpælˈmæl, ˌpelˈmel, ˌpɔːlˈmɔːl *stress shift:* ˌPall Mall ˈClub
pall-mall ˌpælˈmæl US ˌpælˈmæl, ˌpelˈmel, ˌpɑːlˈmɑːl
pallor ˈpæl.əʳ US -ɚ
pally ˈpæl.i
palm pɑːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**Palm** ˈ**Beach;** ˌ**Palm** ˈ**Springs;** ˌ**Palm** ˈ**Sunday;** ˌ**grease one's** ˈ**palm**
Palma ˈpæl.mə, ˈpɑː-, ˈpɑːl- US ˈpɑːl.mɑː
palmar ˈpæl.məʳ, -mɑːʳ US -mɚ, ˈpɑːl-
palma|te ˈpæl.meɪ|t, ˈpɑː-, -mɪ|t US ˈpæl.meɪ|t, ˈpɑːl-, ˈpɑː- **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
palmer (P) ˈpɑː.məʳ US -mɚ **-s** -z
Palmerston ˈpɑː.mə.stən US -mɚ-
palmist ˈpɑː.mɪst **-s** -s
palmistry ˈpɑː.mɪ.stri
palm-oil ˈpɑːm.ɔɪl, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈpɑːm.ɔɪl
Palmolive® pɑːˈmɒl.ɪv US -ˈmɑː.lɪv
palmtop ˈpɑːm.tɒp US -tɑːp **-s** -s
palm|y ˈpɑː.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
palmyra (P) pælˈmaɪə.rə, -ˈmɪə.rə US -ˈmaɪ- **-s** -z
Palo Alto ˌpæl.əʊˈæl.təʊ US -oʊˈæl.toʊ
Palomar ˈpæl.əʊ.mɑːʳ US -ə.mɑːr
palomino ˌpæl.əˈmiː.nəʊ US -noʊ, -oʊˈ- **-s** -z
palooka pəˈluː.kə **-s** -z
palpability ˌpæl.pəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.t̬i
palpab|le ˈpæl.pə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
palpa|te (*v.*) pælˈpeɪ|t US ˈ-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
palpate (*adj.*) ˈpæl.peɪt US -peɪt, -pɪt
palpation pælˈpeɪ.ʃən
palpi|tate ˈpæl.pɪ|.teɪt US -pə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
palpitation ˌpæl.pɪˈteɪ.ʃən US -pəˈ- **-s** -z
palsgrave (P) ˈpɔːlz.greɪv US ˈpɔːlz-, ˈpælz- **-s** -z
pals|y ˈpɔːl.z|i, ˈpɒl- US ˈpɔːl-, ˈpɑːl- **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id
palt|er ˈpɔːl.t|əʳ, ˈpɒl- US ˈpɔːl.t̬|ɚ, ˈpɑːl- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
Paltrow ˈpæl.trəʊ, ˈpɒl- US ˈpæl.troʊ, ˈpɑːl-
paltr|y ˈpɔːl.tr|i, ˈpɒl- US ˈpɔːl-, ˈpɑːl- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Pam pæm
Pamela ˈpæm.əl.ə, -ɪ.lə US -əl.ə
Pamir pəˈmɪəʳ US pɑːˈmɪr **-s** -z
Pampa ˈpæm.pə **-s** -z
pampas ˈpæm.pəs US ˈpæm.pəz, ˈpɑːm-, -pəs ˈ**pampas** ˌ**grass**
pamp|er ˈpæm.p|əʳ US -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
Pampers® ˈpæm.pəz US -pɚz
pamphlet ˈpæm.flɪt, -flət US -flɪt **-s** -s
pamphleteer ˌpæm.fləˈtɪəʳ, -flɪˈ- US -flɪˈtɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
Pamphyli|a pæmˈfɪl.i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Pamplona pæmˈpləʊ.nə US pæmˈploʊ.nə, pɑːm-, -nɑː
pan (P) pæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
panacea ˌpæn.əˈsiː.ə **-s** -z
panach|e pəˈnæʃ, pænˈæʃ-, -ˈɑːʃ US pəˈnæʃ, -ˈnɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz
Panadol® ˈpæn.ə.dɒl US -dɑːl
panama (P) ˌpæn.əˈmɑː, ˈ--- US ˈ---, -mɔː **-s** -z ˌ**Panama Ca**ˈ**nal;** ˌ**Panama** ˈ**City;** ˌ**panama** ˈ**hat**
Panamanian ˌpæn.əˈmeɪ.ni.ən **-s** -z
Pan-American ˌpæn.əˈmer.ɪ.kən **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
Panasonic ˌpæn.əˈsɒn.ɪk US -ˈsɑː.nɪk
panatel(l)a ˌpæn.əˈtel.ə **-s** -z
pancake ˈpæn.keɪk, ˈpæŋ- US ˈpæn- **-s** -s ˈ**Pancake** ˌ**Day**
pancetta pænˈtʃet.ə US -ˈtʃet̬-
panchromatic ˌpæn.krəʊˈmæt.ɪk, ˌpæŋ- US ˌpæn.kroʊˈmæt̬-
Pancras ˈpæŋ.krəs
pancreas ˈpæŋ.kri.əs, -æs US ˈpæn.kri.əs, ˈpæŋ- **-es** -ɪz
pancreatic ˌpæŋ.kriˈæt.ɪk US ˌpæn.kriˈæt̬-, ˌpæŋ-
panda ˈpæn.də **-s** -z ˈ**panda** ˌ**car**
pandanus pænˈdeɪ.nəs, -ˈdæn.əs **-es** -ɪz
pandect ˈpæn.dekt **-s** -s
pandemic pænˈdem.ɪk **-s** -s
pandemonium (P) ˌpæn.dəˈməʊ.ni.əm, -dɪˈ- US -dəˈmoʊ- **-s** -z
pand|er ˈpæn.d|əʳ US -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
pandialectal ˌpænˌdaɪəˈlek.təl
pandit (P) ˈpæn.dɪt **-s** -s
pandora (P) pænˈdɔː.rə US -ˈdɔːr.ə **-s** -z **Pan**ˌ**dora's** ˈ**box**
pandowd|y pænˈdaʊ.d|i **-ies** -iz
pane peɪn **-s** -z
panegyric ˌpæn.əˈdʒɪr.ɪk, -ɪˈ- US -əˈ-, -ˈdʒaɪ.rɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl
panegyrist ˌpæn.əˈdʒɪr.ɪst, -ɪˈ-, ˈpæn.ə.dʒɪr-, ˈ-ɪ- US ˌpæn.əˈdʒɪr-, -ˈdʒaɪ.rɪst **-s** -s
panegyriz|e, -is|e ˈpæn.ə.dʒɪ.raɪz, ˈ-ɪ-, -dʒər.aɪz US -dʒə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
panel ˈpæn.əl **-s** -z **-(l)ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-(l)ed** -d ˈ**panel** ˌ**beater**
panel(l)ist ˈpæn.əl.ɪst **-s** -s
panettone ˌpæn.əˈtəʊ.neɪ, -ni US -ɪˈtoʊ- **-s** -z
pan-|fry ˈpæn|.fraɪ **-fries** -fraɪz **-frying** -fraɪ.ɪŋ **-fried** -fraɪd

panful 'pæn.fʊl -s -z
pang pæŋ -s -z
panga 'pæŋ.gə -s -z
Pangbourne 'pæŋ.bɔːn, -bən ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn
Pangloss 'pæŋ.glɒs, 'pæn- ⓤⓢ 'pæn.glɑːs
panglossian (P) pæŋ'glɒs.i.ən, pæn- ⓤⓢ pæn'glɑː.si-
pangolin 'pæŋ.gəʊ.lɪn; pæŋ'gəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pæn.goʊ-, 'pæŋ-, -gə-; pæn'goʊ-, pæŋ- -s -z
panhandl|e 'pæn,hæn.dəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -,hænd.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, -,hænd.lər/z, -lɚ/z
panic 'pæn.ɪk -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t **'panic ,button; 'panic ,stations**
panicky 'pæn.ɪ.ki
panicle 'pæn.ɪ.kəl -s -z
panic-stricken 'pæn.ɪk,strɪk.ən
Panini 'pɑː.nɪ.niː, -ni ⓤⓢ pɑː'niː.ni
panjandr|um pæn'dʒæn.dr|əm, pən- ⓤⓢ pæn- -ums -əmz -a -ə
Pankhurst 'pæŋk.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
panlectal ,pæn'lek.təl
panne pæn
pannier 'pæn.i.ər ⓤⓢ '-jɚ, '-i.ɚ -s -z
pannikin 'pæn.ɪ.kɪn, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ɪ- -s -z
Pannill 'pæn.ɪl
panopl|y 'pæn.ə.pl|i -ies -iz -ied -id
panorama ,pæn.ər'ɑː.mə ⓤⓢ -ə'ræm.ə, -'rɑː.mə -s -z
panoramic ,pæn.ər'æm.ɪk, -'ɑː.mɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'ræm.ɪk, -'rɑː.mɪk -ally -əl.i ⓤⓢ -li
panpipe 'pæn.paɪp, 'pæm- ⓤⓢ 'pæn- -s -s
Pan-Slavism ,pæn'slɑː.vɪ.zəm, -'slæv.ɪ-
pans|y 'pæn.z|i -ies -iz
pant pænt -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ 'pæn.t̬ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pæn.t̬ɪd
Pantagruel ,pæn.tə.gru'el; 'pæn.tə.gru.əl, pæn'tæg.ru.əl ⓤⓢ ,pæn.t̬ə.gru'el; -'gruː.əl; pæn'tæg.ru.el
pantaloon ,pæn.təl'uːn, '--- ⓤⓢ ,pæn.t̬əl'uːn, '--- -s -z
pantechnicon pæn'tek.nɪ.kən -s -z
panthe|ism 'pænt.θi|.ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
pantheistic ,pænt.θi'ɪs.tɪk -al -əl
pantheon (P) 'pænt.θi.ən ⓤⓢ -ɑːn, -ən -s -z
panther 'pænt.θər ⓤⓢ -θɚ -s -z
pantie girdle 'pæn.ti,gɜː.dəl ⓤⓢ -t̬i,gɝː- -s -z
panties 'pæn.tiz ⓤⓢ -t̬iz
pantihose 'pæn.ti.həʊz ⓤⓢ -t̬i.hoʊz
pantile 'pæn.taɪl -s -z
panto 'pæn.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ -s -z
pantograph 'pæn.təʊ.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.græf -s -s
pantographic ,pæn.təʊ'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'- -al -əl
pantomim|e 'pæn.tə.maɪm ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- -es -z -ist/s -ɪst/s
pantomimic ,pæn.təʊ'mɪm.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
pantr|y 'pæn.tr|i -ies -iz
pants pænts
pantsuit 'pænt.suːt, -sjuːt ⓤⓢ -suːt -s -s
pantyhose 'pæn.ti.həʊz ⓤⓢ -t̬i.hoʊz
pantyliner 'pæn.ti,laɪ.nər ⓤⓢ -t̬i,laɪ.nɚ -s -z
Panza 'pæn.zə
panzer 'pænt.sər, 'pæn.zər ⓤⓢ 'pæn.zɚ, 'pɑːnt.sɚ -s -z
pap pæp -s -s
papa pə'pɑː ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pə; pə'pɑː -s -z
papac|y (P) 'peɪ.pə.s|i -ies -iz
papal 'peɪ.pəl
papal|ism 'peɪ.pəl|.ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
Papandreou ,pæp.æn'dreɪ.uː
paparazz|o ,pæp.ər'æt.s|əʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɑː.pɑː'rɑːt.s|oʊ -i -i
papaw 'pɔː.pɔː, pə'pɔː ⓤⓢ pɔː'pɑː, -'ɔː, 'pɑː-, 'pɔː- -s -z
papaya pə'paɪ.ə ⓤⓢ -'paɪ.ə, -'pɑː.jə -s -z
Papeete ,pɑː.pi'eɪ.ti, -'iː-; pə'piː.ti ⓤⓢ ,pɑː.pi'eɪ.teɪ; pə'piː.ti
pap|er 'peɪ.p|ər ⓤⓢ -p|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ər.ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z -ery -ər.i **,paper 'bag; 'paper ,boy; 'paper ,chase; 'paper ,clip; 'paper ,knife; ,paper 'money; 'paper ,round; ,paper 'tiger; 'paper ,trail**
paperback 'peɪ.pə.bæk ⓤⓢ -pɚ- -s -s
paperbark 'peɪ.pə.bɑːk ⓤⓢ -pɚ.bɑːrk -s -s
paperhang|er 'peɪ.pə,hæŋ|.ər ⓤⓢ -pɚ,hæŋ|.ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
paperless 'peɪ.pə.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ -pɚ-
paperweight 'peɪ.pə.weɪt ⓤⓢ -pɚ- -s -s
paperwork 'peɪ.pə.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -pɚ.wɝːk
Paphlagoni|a ,pæf.lə'gəʊ.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ -'goʊ- -an/s -ən/z
Paphos 'pæf.ɒs ⓤⓢ 'peɪ.fɑːs
papier-mâché ,pæp.i.eɪ'mæʃ.eɪ, ,peɪ.pə'- ⓤⓢ ,peɪ.pɚ.mə'ʃeɪ, ,pæp.jeɪ-
papill|a pə'pɪl|.ə -ae -iː
papillary pə'pɪl.ər.i ⓤⓢ 'pæp.ə.ler-; pə'pɪl.ɚ-
papillote 'pæp.ɪ.lɒt, -ləʊt, -jɒt ⓤⓢ -ə.loʊt, 'pɑː.pə-, -joʊt -s -s
papist (P) 'peɪ.pɪst -s -s
papistry 'peɪ.pɪ.stri
papoos|e pə'puːs ⓤⓢ pæp'uːs, pə'puːs -es -ɪz
Papp pæp
papp|us (P) 'pæp|.əs -i -aɪ
pappy 'pæp.i
paprika 'pæp.rɪ.kə; pə'priː- ⓤⓢ pæp'riː-, pə'priː-
Papu|a 'pæp.u|.ə, 'pɑː.pu|-, -pju|- ⓤⓢ 'pæp.ju|.ə, pɑː'puː|- -an/s -ən/z **,Papua New 'Guinea**
Papworth 'pæp.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
papyr|us pə'paɪə.r|əs ⓤⓢ -'paɪ- -i -aɪ -uses -ə.sɪz
par (P) pɑːr ⓤⓢ pɑːr
para- pær.ə; pə'ræ ⓤⓢ per.ə, pær.ə; pə'ræ
Note: Prefix. Normally either carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **parachute** /'pær.ə.ʃuːt ⓤⓢ 'per-/, **parabolic** /,pær.ə'bɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'bɑː.lɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **paraboloid** /pə'ræb.əl.ɔɪd ⓤⓢ -ə.lɔɪd/.
para *paratrooper, paramilitary:* 'pær.ə ⓤⓢ 'per.ə, 'pær- -s -z
para *Turk or Yugoslav monetary unit:* 'pɑː.rə ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.rɑː, -'- -s -z
Pará *Brazilian river:* pə'rɑː
parable 'pær.ə.bəl ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- -s -z
parabola pə'ræb.əl.ə -s -z
parabolic ,pær.ə'bɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'bɑː.lɪk, ,pær- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
paraboloid pə'ræb.əl.ɔɪd ⓤⓢ -ə.lɔɪd -s -z
Paracelsus ,pær.ə'sel.səs ⓤⓢ ,per-, ,pær-
paracetamol ,pær.ə'siː.tə.mɒl, -'set.ə- ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'siː.t̬ə.mɑːl, ,pær-, -'set̬.ə-, -moʊl -s -z
para|chute 'pær.ə|.ʃuːt ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- -chutes -ʃuːts -chuting -,ʃuː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -,ʃuː.t̬ɪŋ -chuted -,ʃuː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -,ʃuː.t̬ɪd
parachutist 'pær.ə,ʃuː.tɪst ⓤⓢ 'per.ə,ʃuː.t̬ɪst, 'pær- -s -s
Paraclete 'pær.ə.kliːt ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-
parad|e pə'reɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **pa'rade ,ground**
paradigm 'pær.ə.daɪm ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-, -dɪm -s -z
paradigmatic ,pær.ə.dɪg'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ ,per.ə.dɪg'mæt̬-, ,pær- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
paradisal ,pær.ə'daɪ.səl, -zəl ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'daɪ-, ,pær-
paradis|e (P) 'pær.ə.daɪs ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-, -daɪz -es -ɪz
paradisiac ,pær.ə'dɪs.i.æk, -'dɪz- ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'dɪs-, ,pær-
paradisiacal ,pær.ə.dɪ'saɪ.ə.kəl, -də'-, -'zaɪ- ⓤⓢ ,per.ə.dɪ'-, ,pær-
Paradiso ,pær.ə'diː.səʊ ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'diː.soʊ, ,pær-
parador 'pær.ə.dɔːr ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.dɔːr, 'pær- **paradores** ,pær.ə'dɔː.reɪs, -rɪs ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'dɔːr.əs, ,pær-, -'dɔːrz
parados 'pær.ə.dɒs ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.dɑːs, 'pær- -es -ɪz
paradox 'pær.ə.dɒks ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.dɑːks, 'pær- -es -ɪz
paradoxic|al ,pær.ə'dɒk.sɪ.k|əl ⓤⓢ ,per.ə'dɑːk-, ,pær- -ally -əl.i, -li -alness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
paraffin 'pær.ə.fɪn, -fiːn, ,--'- ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.fɪn, 'pær-
paraffine ,pær.ə'fiːn ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.fɪn, 'pær-, -fiːn
paragliding 'pær.ə,glaɪ.dɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'per.ə-, 'pær-

aragoge ˌpær.əˈgəʊ.dʒi (US) ˈper.ə.goʊ-, ˈpær- **-s** -z
aragogic ˌpær.əˈgɒdʒ.ɪk (US) ˌper.əˈgɑː.dʒɪk, ˌpær-
aragon ˈpær.ə.gən (US) ˈper.ə.gɑːn, ˈpær-, -gən **-s** -z
aragraph ˈpær.ə.grɑːf, -græf (US) ˈper.ə.græf, ˈpær- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **ed** -t
araguay ˈpær.ə.gwaɪ, -gweɪ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈper.ə.gweɪ, ˈpær-, -gwaɪ
araguayan ˌpær.əˈgwaɪ.ən, -ˈgweɪ- (US) ˌper.əˈgweɪ-, ˌpær-, -ˈgwaɪ-
arakeet ˌpær.əˈkiːt, ˈ--- (US) ˈper.ə.kiːt, ˈpær- **-s** -s
araldehyde pəˈræl.dɪ.haɪd, pærˈæl-, -də- (US) pəˈræl.də-
aralexia ˌpær.əˈlek.si.ə (US) ˌper-, pær-
aralinguistic ˌpær.ə.lɪŋˈgwɪs.tɪk (US) ˌper-, ˌpær- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
arallax ˈpær.ə.læks (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **es** -ɪz
arallel ˈpær.ə.lel, -əl.əl (US) ˈper-, pær- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **parallel ˈbars**
arallelepiped ˌpær.ə.lelˈep.ɪ.ped, əl.əˈlep-; ˌpær.əˌlel.əˈpaɪ- (US) ˌper.əˌlel.əˈpaɪ-, ˌpær-, -ˈpɪp.əd, ed **-s** -z
arallelogram ˌpær.əˈlel.ə.græm (US) ˌper-, ˌpær- **-s** -z
aralympian ˌpær.əˈlɪm.pi.ən (US) ˌper- **-s** -z
aralympics ˌpær.əˈlɪm.pɪks (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-
aralys|e, -lyz|e ˈpær.əl.aɪz (US) ˈper-, pær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
aralys|is pəˈræl.ə.s|ɪs, pərˈæl-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈ-ə- **-es** -iːz
aralytic ˌpær.əˈlɪt.ɪk (US) ˌper.əˈlɪt̬-, pær- **-s** -s
aralyzation ˌpær.əl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən (US) ˌper.ə.lɪˈ-, ˌpær-
aramaribo ˌpær.əˈmær.ɪ.bəʊ (US) ˌper.əˈmer.ɪ.boʊ, ˌpær-, -ˈmær-
aramatta (P) ˌpær.əˈmæt.ə (US) ˌper.əˈmæt̬-, ˌpær-
aramecium ˌpær.əˈmiː.si.əm (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-, -ʃi-
aramedic ˌpær.əˈmed.ɪk (US) ˌper.əˈmed-, ˌpær-, ˈper.əˌmed-, pær- **-s** -s **-al** -əl
arameter pəˈræm.ɪ.təʳ, pərˈæm-, ə- (US) -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
arametric ˌpær.əˈmet.rɪk (US) ˌper-, pær- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
aramilitar|y ˌpær.əˈmɪl.ɪ.tər|.i, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌper.əˈmɪl.ə.ter-, ˌpær- **-ies** -iz
aramount (P) ˈpær.ə.maʊnt (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-ly** -li
aramour ˈpær.ə.mʊəʳ, -mɔːʳ (US) ˈper.ə.mʊr, ˈpær- **-s** -z
araná pær.ænˈɑː
aranoi|a ˌpær.əˈnɔɪ|.ə (US) ˌper-, pær- **-ac** -æk
aranoid ˈpær.ən.ɔɪd (US) ˈper.ə.nɔɪd, pær-
aranormal ˌpær.əˈnɔː.məl (US) ˌper.əˈnɔːr-, ˌpær- **-ly** -i
parape|t ˈpær.ə.pɪ|t, -pe|t, -pə|t (US) ˈper.ə.pe|t, ˈpær-, -pə|t **-ts** -ts **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
paraphernalia ˌpær.ə.fəˈneɪ.li.ə (US) ˌper.ə.fɚˈneɪl.jə, ˌpær-, -ˈneɪ.li.ə
paraphras|e ˈpær.ə.freɪz (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
paraphrastic ˌpær.əˈfræs.tɪk (US) ˌper-, ˌpær- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
parapleg|ia ˌpær.əˈpliː.dʒ|ə, -dʒi|.ə (US) ˌper-, ˌpær- **-ic/s** -ɪk
paraprax|is ˌpær.əˈpræk.s|ɪs (US) ˌper-, ˌpær- **-es** -ɪz
parapsychologic ˌpær.əˌsaɪ.kəˈlɒdʒ.ɪk, -kəlˈɒdʒ- (US) ˌper.ə.saɪ.kəˈlɑː.dʒɪk, ˌpær- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
parapsycholog|y ˌpær.ə.saɪˈkɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -psaɪˈ- (US) ˌper.ə.saɪˈkɑː.lə-, ˌpær- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Paraquat® ˈpær.ə.kwɒt, -kwæt (US) ˈper.ə.kwɑːt, ˈpær-
parasailing ˈpær.əˌseɪ.lɪŋ (US) ˈper-, ˈpær-
parasang ˈpær.ə.sæŋ (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-s** -z
parascend|ing ˈpær.əˌsen.d|ɪŋ (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
parasite ˈpær.ə.saɪt (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-s** -s
parasitic ˌpær.əˈsɪt.ɪk (US) ˌper.əˈsɪt̬-, ˌpær- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
parasitolog|y ˌpær.ə.saɪˈtɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -sɪˈ- (US) ˌper.ə.saɪˈtɑː.lə-, ˌpær-, -sɪˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
parasol ˈpær.ə.sɒl, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈper.ə.sɔːl, ˈpær-, -sɑːl **-s** -z
paratactic ˌpær.əˈtæk.tɪk (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-
parataxis ˌpær.əˈtæk.sɪs (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-
parathyroid ˌpær.əˈθaɪə.rɔɪd (US) ˌper.əˈθaɪ-, ˌpær-
paratone ˈpær.ə.təʊn (US) ˈper.ə.toʊn, ˈpær- **-s** -z
paratroop ˈpær.ə.truːp (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
paratyphoid ˌpær.əˈtaɪ.fɔɪd (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-
paravane ˈpær.ə.veɪn (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-s** -z
parboil ˈpɑː.bɔɪl (US) ˈpɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
parcel ˈpɑː.səl (US) ˈpɑːr- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **ˈparcel ˌpost**
parch pɑːtʃ (US) pɑːrtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edness** -t.nəs, -nɪs
Parcheesi® pɑːˈtʃiː.zi (US) pɑːr-
parchment (P) ˈpɑːtʃ.mənt (US) ˈpɑːrtʃ- **-s** -s
pard pɑːd (US) pɑːrd **-s** -z
pardner ˈpɑːd.nəʳ (US) ˈpɑːrd.nɚ **-s** -z
Pardoe ˈpɑː.dəʊ (US) ˈpɑːr.doʊ
pardon ˈpɑː.dən (US) ˈpɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
pardonab|le ˈpɑː.dən.ə.b|əl (US) ˈpɑːr- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
par|e peəʳ (US) per **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
paregoric ˌpær.ɪˈgɒr.ɪk, -əˈ- (US) ˌper.əˈgɔːr.ɪk, ˌpær-
paren|t ˈpeə.rən|t (US) ˈper.ən|t, ˈpær- **-ts** -ts **-tage** -tɪdʒ (US) -t̬ɪdʒ
parental pəˈren.təl (US) -t̬əl **-ly** -i
parenthes|is pəˈrent.θə.s|ɪs, -θɪ- (US) -θə- **-es** -iːz
parenthesiz|e, -is|e pəˈrent.θə.saɪz, -θɪ- (US) -θə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
parenthetic ˌpær.ənˈθet.ɪk, -enˈ- (US) ˌper.ənˈθet̬-, ˌpær- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
parenthood ˈpeə.rənt.hʊd (US) ˈper.ənt-, ˈpær-
parenting ˈpeə.rən.tɪŋ (US) ˈper.ən.t̬ɪŋ, ˈpær-
parentless ˈpeə.rənt.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈper.ənt-, ˈpær-
parent-teacher ˌpeə.rəntˈtiː.tʃəʳ (US) ˌper.əntˈtiː.tʃɚ, ˌpær- ˌ**parent-ˈteacher asssociˌation**
pareo pɑːˈreɪ.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
paresis pəˈriː.sɪs; ˈpær.ə- (US) pəˈriː-; ˈper.ə-, ˈpær-
paretic pəˈret.ɪk (US) -ˈret̬-, -ˈriː.t̬ɪk
pareu pɑːˈreɪ.uː **-s** -z
par excellence ˌpɑːrˈek.səl.ɑ̃ːns, -sel-, -ɑːnts, ˌpɑːr.ek.səlˈɑ̃ːns, -selˈ-, -ˈɑːnts (US) ˌpɑːrˌek.səˈlɑːnts
parfait ˌpɑːˈfeɪ, ˈ-- (US) pɑːrˈfeɪ **-s** -z
Parfitt ˈpɑː.fɪt (US) ˈpɑːr-
parfum ˈpɑː.fʌm (US) pɑːrˈfʌm
par|get ˈpɑː|.dʒɪt (US) ˈpɑːr- **-gets** -dʒɪts **-get(t)ing** -dʒɪ.tɪŋ (US) -dʒɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-get(t)ed** -dʒɪ.tɪd (US) -dʒɪ.t̬ɪd
Pargiter ˈpɑː.dʒɪ.təʳ (US) ˈpɑːr.dʒɪ.t̬ɚ
parheli|on pɑːˈhiː.li|.ən, -ɒn (US) pɑːrˈhiː-, -ˈhiːl.j|ən **-a** -ə
pariah pəˈraɪə, ˈpær.i.ə (US) pəˈraɪə **-s** -z
Parian ˈpeə.ri.ən (US) ˈper.i-, ˈpær- **-s** -z
parietal pəˈraɪə.təl, -ˈraɪ.ɪ- (US) -ˈraɪə-
paring ˈpeə.rɪŋ (US) ˈper.ɪŋ, ˈpær- **-s** -z
Paris ˈpær.ɪs (US) ˈper-, ˈpær-
parish (P) ˈpær.ɪʃ (US) ˈper-, ˈpær- **-es** -ɪz ˌ**parish ˈpriest**
parishioner pəˈrɪʃ.ən.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Parisian pəˈrɪz.i.ən, -ˈrɪʒ.ən (US) -ˈrɪʒ-, -ˈriː.ʒən **-s** -z
parisyllabic ˌpær.ɪ.sɪˈlæb.ɪk, ˌ-ə-, -səlˈæb- (US) ˌper-, ˌpær-
parity ˈpær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˈper.ə.t̬i, ˈpær-
park (P) pɑːk (US) pɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**parking ˌlot;** ˈ**parking ˌmeter;** ˈ**parking ˌspace;** ˈ**parking ˌticket;** ˌ**park-and-ˈride**
parka ˈpɑː.kə (US) ˈpɑːr- **-s** -z
Parke pɑːk (US) pɑːrk **-s** -s
Parker ˈpɑː.kəʳ (US) ˈpɑːr.kɚ
Parkestone ˈpɑːk.stən (US) ˈpɑːrk-
Parkhurst ˈpɑːk.hɜːst (US) ˈpɑːrk.hɝːst
parkin (P) ˈpɑː.kɪn (US) ˈpɑːr-
parking meter ˈpɑː.kɪŋˌmiː.təʳ (US) ˈpɑːr.kɪŋˌmiː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Parkinson ˈpɑː.kɪn.sən (US) ˈpɑːr- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm ˈ**Parkinson's diˌsease**
parkland ˈpɑːk.lænd (US) ˈpɑːrk-

Parkman 'pɑː.k.mən ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrk-
Parks pɑːks ⓤⓢ pɑːrks
Parkstone 'pɑːk.stən ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrk-
parkway 'pɑːk.weɪ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrk- **-s** -z
park|y 'pɑː.k|i ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
parlance 'pɑː.lənts ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr-
parlay (*v.*) 'pɑː.li ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.leɪ, -li; pɑːr'leɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
parlay (*n.*) 'pɑː.li ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.leɪ, -li **-s** -z
Parlement of Foules ˌpɑː.lə.mənt.əv'fuːlz ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr-
parley (P) 'pɑː.li ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
parliament (P) 'pɑː.lə.mənt, -lɪ-, -li.ə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.lə- **-s** -s
parliamentarian (P) ˌpɑː.lə.men'teə.ri.ən, -lɪ-, -li.ə-, -mən'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.lə.men'ter.i- **-s** -z
parliamentary ˌpɑː.lə'men.tᵊr.i, -lɪ'-, -li.ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.lə'men.t̬ɚ-, '-tri
parlo(u)r 'pɑː.ləʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.lɚ **-s** -z **'parlo(u)r ˌcar; 'parlo(u)r ˌgame; 'parlo(u)r ˌmaid**
parlous 'pɑː.ləs ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-ly** -li
Parma 'pɑː.mə ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- ˌ**Parma 'ham**
Parmar 'pɑː.məʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.mɚ
Parmenter 'pɑː.mɪn.təʳ, -mən- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.mən.tɚ
Parmesan 'pɑː.mɪ.zæn, -mə-, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.mə.zɑːn, -zən, -zæn, -ʒɑːn
Parminter 'pɑː.mɪn.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.mɪn.tɚ
Parmiter 'pɑː.mɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.mɪ.t̬ɚ
Parnassian pɑː'næs.i.ən ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
Parnassus pɑː'næs.əs ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
Parnell pɑː'nel; 'pɑː.nᵊl ⓤⓢ pɑːr'nel; 'pɑːr.nᵊl
parochial pə'rəʊ.ki.əl ⓤⓢ -'roʊ- **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
parodist 'pær.ə.dɪst ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- **-s** -s
parod|y 'pær.ə.d|i ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
parol 'pær.əl; pə'rəʊl ⓤⓢ -'roʊl, 'per.ᵊl, 'pær-
parol|e pə'rəʊl ⓤⓢ -'roʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Parolles pə'rɒl.ɪz, -ɪs, -iːz, -es, -ez ⓤⓢ pə'rɑː.ləs
paronomazia, -sia ˌpær.ə.nə'meɪ.zi.ə, -si.ə, '-ʒə ⓤⓢ ˌper.ə.noʊ'meɪ.ʒə, ˌpær-, '-ʒi.ə
paronym 'pær.ə.nɪm ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- **-s** -z
paronymy pə'rɒn.ɪ.mi, pær'ɒn-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ pə'rɑːn-
Paros 'pær.ɒs ⓤⓢ 'per.ɑːs, 'pær-, 'pɑːr-
parotid pə'rɒt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'rɑː.t̬ɪd **-s** -z
paroxysm 'pær.ək.sɪ.zᵊm, -ɒk-; pə'rɒk- ⓤⓢ 'per.ək-, 'pær- **-s** -z
paroxysmal ˌpær.ək'sɪz.mᵊl, -ɒk'- ⓤⓢ ˌper.ək'-, ˌpær-
paroxytone pə'rɒk.sɪ.təʊn, pær'ɒk- ⓤⓢ per'ɑːk.sɪ.toʊn, pær- **-s** -z
parquet 'pɑː.keɪ, -ki ⓤⓢ pɑːr'keɪ **-s** -z
parquetry 'pɑː.kɪ.tri, -kə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.kə-
parr (P) pɑːʳ ⓤⓢ pɑːr
parrakeet ˌpær.ə'kiːt, '--- ⓤⓢ 'per.ə.kiːt, 'pær- **-s** -s
Parramatta ˌpær.ə'mæt.ə ⓤⓢ ˌper.ə'mæt̬-, ˌpær-
Parratt 'pær.ət ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-
Parret 'pær.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-
parricidal ˌpær.ɪ'saɪ.dᵊl, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌper.ə'-, ˌpær-
parricide 'pær.ɪ.saɪd, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'per.ə-, 'pær- **-s** -z
Parrish 'pær.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-
parrot (P) 'pær.ət ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
parrot-fashion 'pær.ət ˌfæʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær-
parr|y (P) 'pær|.i ⓤⓢ 'per-, 'pær- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
pars|e pɑːz ⓤⓢ pɑːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Parsi, Parsee ˌpɑː'siː, '-- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.siː, -'- **-s** -z
Parsifal 'pɑː.sɪ.fᵊl, -sə-, -fɑːl, -fæl ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.sə.fᵊl, -fɑːl
parsimonious ˌpɑː.sɪ'məʊ.ni.əs, -sə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.sə'moʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
parsimony 'pɑː.sɪ.mə.ni, -sə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.sə.moʊ-
parsley 'pɑː.sli ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr-
parsnip 'pɑː.snɪp ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-s** -z
parson 'pɑː.sᵊn ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-s** -z ˌ**parson's 'nose**
parsonag|e 'pɑː.sᵊn.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
Parsons 'pɑː.sᵊnz ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr-
part pɑːt ⓤⓢ pɑːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪd ˌ**part and 'parcel;** ˌ**part ex'change;** ˌ**parting 'shot** ⓤⓢ '**parting** ˌ**shot;** ˌ**part of 'speech**
partak|e pɑː'teɪk ⓤⓢ pɑːr- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **partook** pɑː'tʊk ⓤⓢ pɑːr- **partak|en** pɑː'teɪ.k|ᵊn ⓤⓢ pɑːr- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
parterre pɑː'teəʳ ⓤⓢ pɑːr'ter **-s** -z
Parthenia pɑː'θiː.ni.ə ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
parthenogenesis ˌpɑː.θə.nəʊ'dʒen.ɪ.sɪs, -θɪ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.θə.noʊ'dʒen.ə-
Parthenon 'pɑː.θᵊn.ən, -θɪ.nən, -nɒn ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.θə.nɑːn, -nən **-s** -z
Parthenope pɑː'θen.ə.pi ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
Parthi|a 'pɑː.θi|.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-an/s** -ən/z
partial 'pɑː.ʃᵊl ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-ly** -i
partiality ˌpɑː.ʃi'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i
participant pɑː'tɪs.ɪ.pᵊnt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ pɑːr'tɪs.ə-, pɚ- **-s** -s
partici|pate pɑː'tɪs.ɪ|.peɪt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ pɑːr'tɪs.ə-, pɚ- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -peɪ.t̬ɪd **-pator/s** -peɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -peɪ.t̬ɚ/z
participation pɑːˌtɪs.ɪ'peɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌpɑː.tɪ.sɪ'-, -sə'- ⓤⓢ pɑːrˌtɪs.ə'-, pɚ- **-s** -z
participatory pɑː'tɪs.ɪ.pə.tᵊr.i, '-ə-; ˌpɑː.tɪ.sɪ'peɪ-, -sə'- ⓤⓢ pɑːr'tɪs.ə.pəˌtɔːr-, pɚ-
participial ˌpɑː.tɪ'sɪp.i.əl, -tə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.t̬ɪ'- **-ly** -i
participle pɑː'tɪs.ɪ.pᵊl, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.tɪ.sɪ- **-s** -z
particle 'pɑː.tɪ.kᵊl, -tə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ə- **-s** -z
particleboard 'pɑː.tɪ.kᵊlˌbɔːd ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪ.kᵊlˌbɔːrd
particolo(u)red 'pɑː.tiˌkʌl.əd, ˌpɑː.ti'kʌl- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬iˌkʌl.ɚd
particular pə'tɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ pɚ'tɪk.jə.lɚ, -juː- **-s** -z **-ly** -li
particularit|y pəˌtɪk.jə'lær.ə.t|i, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ pɚˌtɪk.jə'ler.ə.t̬|i, -juː'-, -'lær- **-ies** -iz
particulariz|e, -is|e pə'tɪk.jə.lᵊr.aɪz, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ pɚ'tɪk.jə.lə.raɪz, -juː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
particulate pɑː'tɪk.jə.lət, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
parting 'pɑː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
Partington 'pɑː.tɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪŋ-
partisan ˌpɑː.tɪ'zæn, -tə'-, '--- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ɪ.zən, -zæn **-s** -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
partita pɑː'tiː.tə ⓤⓢ pɑːr'tiː.t̬ə
partite 'pɑː.taɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr-
partition pɑː'tɪʃ.ᵊn, pə- ⓤⓢ pɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
partitive 'pɑː.tɪ.tɪv, -tə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬ə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
partly 'pɑːt.li ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt-
partn|er 'pɑːt.n|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt.n|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
partnership 'pɑːt.nə.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt.nɚ- **-s** -s
Parton 'pɑː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr-
partook (*from* **partake**) pɑː'tʊk ⓤⓢ pɑːr-
partridg|e (P) 'pɑː.trɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
part-singing 'pɑːtˌsɪŋ.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt-
part-song 'pɑːt.sɒŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt.sɑːŋ, -sɔːŋ **-s** -z
part-tim|e ˌpɑːt'taɪm ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːrt-, '-- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift, British only:* ˌpart-time 'job
parturition ˌpɑː.tjʊə'rɪʃ.ᵊn, -tjᵊr'ɪʃ- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.tuː'rɪʃ-, -tjuː'-, -t̬ə'-, -tʃə'- **-s** -z
partway ˌpɑːt'weɪ ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːrt- *stress shift:* ˌpartway 'there
part|y 'pɑː.t|i ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id '**party** ˌ**piece;** ˌ**party 'wall**
partygoer 'pɑː.tiˌgəʊ.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬iˌgoʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
party line *in politics:* ˌpɑː.ti'laɪn ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.t̬i'-
party line *telephone:* 'pɑː.ti.laɪn ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬i-
party poop|er 'pɑː.tiˌpuː.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.t̬iˌpuː.p|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
party-spirit ˌpɑː.ti'spɪr.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːr.t̬i'-
parvenu(e) 'pɑː.və.njuː, -nuː ⓤⓢ 'pɑːr.və.nuː, -njuː **-s** -z
Parzival 'pɑːt.sɪ.fɑːl ⓤⓢ 'pɑːrt-
pas *singular:* pɑː *plural:* pɑːz, pɑː
Pasadena ˌpæs.ə'diː.nə

scal, PASCAL pæs'kæl, -'kɑːl US pæs'kæl, pɑː'skæl, '--
schal 'pæs.kəl, 'pɑː.skəl US 'pæs.kəl
s de deux ˌpɑː.də'dɜː
sha (P) 'pɑː.ʃə, 'pæʃ.ə; pə'ʃɑː -s -z
shmina pæʃ'miː.nə -s -z
shtun pæʃ'tuːn, 'pɑːʃ-
siphae pə'sɪf.i.iː, -eɪ US '-ə.i
so doble ˌpæs.əʊ'dəʊ.bleɪ US ˌpɑː.soʊ'doʊ-
solini ˌpæs.əʊ'liː.ni US -oʊ'-
squinade ˌpæs.kwɪ'neɪd, -kwə'- US -kwɪ'- -s -z
ss pɑːs US pæs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'pass deˌgree; ass ˌlaw
ssab|le 'pɑː.sə.b|əl US 'pæs.ə- -ly i -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
ssacaglia ˌpæs.ə'kɑː.li.ə, -'kæl.jə US ˌpɑː.sə'kɑːl.jə, ˌpæs.ə'-, -'kæl- -z
ssag|e 'pæs.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ssageway 'pæs.ɪdʒ.weɪ -s -z
ssant *in heraldry:* 'pæs.ənt *in chess:* pæs'ɑ̃ːŋ, pɑː'sɑːŋ US 'pæs.ənt
sat® pæs'æt, -ɑːt US pə'sɑːt, es'ɑːt
sbook 'pɑːs.bʊk US 'pæs- -s -s
se pæs
sé(e) pæs'eɪ, pɑː'seɪ, '-- US pæs'eɪ, ; pɑː'seɪ
senger 'pæs.ən.dʒəʳ, -ɪn- US -ən.dʒɚ -s -z
se-partout ˌpæs.pə'tuː, ˌpɑːs-, ɑː'-, '--- US ˌpæs.pɑːr'-, ˌpɑːs- -s -z
ser-by ˌpɑː.sə'baɪ US ˌpæs.ɚ'-
assers-by ˌpɑː.səz'baɪ US ˌpæs.ɚz'-
serine 'pæs.ə.raɪn, -riːn US -ə.raɪn, -ɚ.ɪn
sfield 'pæs.fiːld, 'pɑːs- US 'pæs-
sibility ˌpæs.ɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti US -ɪ'bɪl.ə.ţi
sible 'pæs.ɪ.bəl, '-ə- US '-ɪ-
sim 'pæs.ɪm
sing note 'pɑː.sɪŋˌnəʊt US 'pæs.ɪŋˌnoʊt -s -s
sion (P) 'pæʃ.ən -s -z 'passion lay
sionate 'pæʃ.ən.ət, -ɪt US -ə.nɪt y -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
sionflower 'pæʃ.ənˌflaʊəʳ US -ˌflaʊɚ -s -z
sionfruit 'pæʃ.ən.fruːt -s -s
siontide 'pæʃ.ən.taɪd
sive 'pæs.ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, ɪs ˌpassive 'smoking
sivity pæs'ɪv.ə.ti, pə'sɪv-, -ɪ.ti US pæs'ɪv.ə.ţi
sivization, -isa- æs.ɪ.vaɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-, -vɪ'- US -ɪ.vɪ'-
siviz|e, -is|e 'pæs.ɪ.vaɪz, '-ə- US '-ɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
s-key 'pɑːs.kiː US 'pæs- -s -z
smore 'pɑːs.mɔːʳ, 'pæs- US 'pæs.mɔːr
sover 'pɑːsˌəʊ.vəʳ US 'pæsˌoʊ.vɚ -z

passport 'pɑːs.pɔːt US 'pæs.pɔːrt -s -s
password 'pɑːs.wɜːd US 'pæs.wɝːd -s -z
past pɑːst US pæst ˌpast par'ticiple US ˌpast 'participle; ˌpast 'perfect; ˌpast 'tense
pasta 'pæs.tə, 'pɑː.stə US 'pɑː.stə
past|e peɪst -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
pasteboard 'peɪst.bɔːd US -bɔːrd
pastel 'pæs.təl, -tel; pæs'tel US pæs'tel -s -z
pastelist 'pæs.təl.ɪst US pæs'tel-; 'pæs.təl- -s -s
pastern 'pæs.tɜːn, -tən US -tɚn -s -z
Pasternak 'pæs.tə.næk US -tɚ-
paste-up 'peɪst.ʌp -s -s
Pasteur pæs'tɜːʳ, pɑː'stɜːʳ US pæs'tɝː, pɑː'stɝː
pasteurization, -isa- ˌpæs.tʃər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, ˌpɑːs-, -tjər-, -tər-, -ɪ'- US ˌpæs.tʃɚ.ɪ'-, -tɚ-
pasteuriz|e, -is|e 'pæs.tʃər.aɪz, 'pɑːs-, -tjər-, -tər- US 'pæs.tʃə.raɪz, -tə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pastich|e pæs'tiːʃ, '-- US pæs'tiːʃ, pɑː'stiːʃ -es -ɪz
pastille 'pæs.təl, -tɪl, -tiːl; pæs'tiːl US pæs'tiːl -s -z
pastime 'pɑːs.taɪm US 'pæs- -s -z
pastis pæs'tiːs
past-master ˌpɑːst'mɑː.stəʳ, '-ˌ-- US 'pæstˌmæs.tɚ, ˌ-'-- -s -z
Paston 'pæs.tən
pastor 'pɑː.stəʳ US 'pæs.tɚ -s -z
pastoral 'pɑː.stər.əl, 'pæs.tər- US 'pæs.tər- -s -z
pastorale ˌpæs.tər'ɑːl, -'æl, -'ɑː.leɪ US -tə'rɑːl, -'ræl, -'rɑː.leɪ -s -z
pastoralism 'pɑː.stər.əl.ɪ.zəm, 'pæs.tər- US 'pæs.tər-
pastorate 'pɑː.stər.ət, -ɪt US 'pæs.tɚ.ɪt -s -s
pastrami pæs'trɑː.mi, pə'strɑː- US pə-
pastr|y 'peɪ.str|i -ies -iz
pastrycook 'peɪ.stri.kʊk -s -s
pasturage 'pɑː.stjʊ.rɪdʒ, -tjər.ɪdʒ, -tʃər- US 'pæs.tʃɚ.ɪdʒ, -tjɚ-
past|ure 'pɑːs.tʃ|əʳ US 'pæs.tʃ|ɚ, -tj|ɚ -ures -əz US -ɚz -uring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd US -ɚd
pastureland 'pɑː.stʃə.lænd US 'pæs.tʃɚ-, -tjɚ-
past|y (*n.*) 'pæs.t|i *for the Cornish kind also:* 'pɑː.st|i US 'pæs.t|i -ies -iz
past|y (*adj.*) 'peɪ.st|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pat (P) pæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'pæţ.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US 'pæţ.ɪd
pat-a-cake 'pæt.ə.keɪk US 'pæţ- -s -s
Patagoni|a ˌpæt.ə'gəʊ.ni|.ə US ˌpæţ.ə'goʊ-, '-nj|ə -an/s -ən/z
Pataki pə'tɑːk.i, -'tæk-
Patara 'pæt.ər.ə
patch pætʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
patchouli, patchouly pə'tʃuː.li; 'pætʃ.ʊ.li, -əl.i US 'pætʃ.uː.li; pə'tʃuː-
patchwork 'pætʃ.wɜːk US -wɝːk -s -s ˌpatchwork 'quilt
patch|y 'pætʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pate peɪt -s -s
pâté 'pæt.eɪ, -'- US pɑː'teɪ, pæt'eɪ
pâté de foie ˌpæt.eɪ.də'fwɑː US pɑːˌteɪ-, pætˌeɪ-
pâté de foie gras ˌpæt.eɪ.dəˌfwɑː'grɑː US pɑːˌteɪ-, pætˌeɪ-
Patel pə'tel, -'teɪl
Pateley 'peɪt.li
patell|a pə'tel|.ə -as -əz -ae -iː -ar -əʳ US -ɚ
paten 'pæt.ən -s -z
paten|t 'peɪ.tən|t, 'pæt.ən|t US 'pæt-, 'peɪ.tən|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -ţɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -ţɪd -table -tə.bəl US -ţə.bəl ˌpatent 'leather
Note: For British English, /'pæt.ənt/ in **letters patent**; otherwise /'peɪ.tənt/ seems the more usual. For American English, the usual pronunciation is /'pæt.ənt/, except for the meanings **open, obvious**, where /'peɪ.tənt/ is the normal form.
patentee ˌpeɪ.tən'tiː, ˌpæt.ən'- US ˌpæt.ən'tiː -s -z
patently 'peɪ.tənt.li US 'peɪ-, 'pæt.ənt-
pater (P) 'peɪ.təʳ, 'pɑː- US 'pɑː.ţɚ -s -z
Note: This word is never used to mean **father** in the U.S..
paterfamilias ˌpeɪ.tə.fə'mɪl.i.æs, ˌpæt.ə-, -əs US ˌpeɪ.ţɚ.fə'mɪl.i.əs, ˌpɑː.ţɚ-, ˌpæţ.ɚ-
paternal pə'tɜː.nəl US -'tɝː- -ly -li
paternal|ism pə'tɜː.nəl|.ɪ.zəm US -'tɝː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
paternalistic pəˌtɜː.nəl'ɪs.tɪk US -ˌtɝː- -ally -əl.i, -li
paternity pə'tɜː.nə.ti, -nɪ- US -'tɝː.nə.ţi pa'ternity ˌleave; pa'ternity ˌsuit; pa'ternity ˌtest
Paternoster *Lord's prayer:* ˌpæt.ə'nɒs.təʳ US ˌpɑː.ţɚ'nɔː.stɚ, -'noʊ- -s -z
Paternoster *Square:* 'pæt.əˌnɒs.təʳ US ˌpɑː.ţɚ'nɔː.stɚ, ˌpæt.ɚ'-, ˌpeɪ.tɚ'-, -'nɑː-
Paterson 'pæt.ə.sən US 'pæţ.ɚ-
Pateshall 'pæt.ə.ʃəl, '-ɪ- US 'pæţ-
Patey 'peɪ.ti US -ţi
pa|th pɑː|θ US pæ|θ -ths -ðz US -θs, -ðz ˌlead someone ˌup/ˌdown the ˌgarden 'path
path. pæθ
-path pæθ
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **psychopath** /'saɪ.kəʊ.pæθ US -kə-/.
Pathan pə'tɑːn US pə'tɑːn, pət'hɑːn -s -z
Pathé 'pæθ.eɪ
pathetic pə'θet.ɪk US -'θeţ- -ally -əl.i, -li
pathfinder (P) 'pɑːθˌfaɪn.dəʳ US 'pæθˌfaɪn.dɚ -s -z
-pathic 'pæθ.ɪk

Note: Suffix. Words containing **-pathic** normally carry primary stress on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **psychopathic** /ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈpæθ.ɪk US -kəˈ-/.

pathless ˈpɑːθ.ləs, -lɪs US ˈpæθ-

patho- pæθ.əʊ; pəˈθɒ, pæθˈɒ US pæθ.ə; pəˈθɑː, pæθˈɑː

Note: Prefix. Normally either carries primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **pathogen** /ˈpæθ.əʊ.dʒen US -ə-/, **pathogenic** /ˌpæθ.əʊˈdʒen.ɪk US -əˈ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **pathology** /pəˈθɒl.ə.dʒi US -ˈθɑː.lə-/.

pathogen ˈpæθ.əʊ.dʒən, -dʒen US -ə.dʒən -s -z

pathogenesis ˌpæθ.əʊˈdʒen.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- US ˈ-ə-

pathogenic ˌpæθ.əʊˈdʒen.ɪk US -əˈ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

pathologic ˌpæθ.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk US -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

patholog|y pəˈθɒl.ə.dʒ|i, pæθˈɒl- US pəˈθɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

pathos ˈpeɪ.θɒs US -θɑːs

pathway ˈpɑːθ.weɪ US ˈpæθ- -s -z

-pathy pə.θi

Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **telepathy** /təˈlep.ə.θi/.

patience (P) ˈpeɪ.ʃənts

patient ˈpeɪ.ʃənt -s -s **-ly** -li

patina ˈpæt.ɪ.nə, -ən.ə; pəˈtiː.nə US ˈpæt.ən.ə; pəˈtiː.nə

patio ˈpæt.i.əʊ US ˈpæt̬.i.oʊ, ˈpɑː.t̬i- -s -z

patisserie pəˈtiː.sər.i, pætˈɪs- -s -z

Patman ˈpæt.mən

Patmore ˈpæt.mɔːr US -mɔːr

Patmos ˈpæt.mɒs US -məs, ˈpɑːt-, -mɑːs

Patna ˈpæt.nə, ˈpʌt- US ˈpʌt-, ˈpæt-

patois *singular:* ˈpæt.wɑː *plural:* -z

Paton ˈpeɪ.tən

Patou ˈpæt.uː *as if French:* -ˈ-

Patras pəˈtræs; ˈpæt.rəs

patrial ˈpeɪ.tri.əl, ˈpæt.ri- US ˈpeɪ.tri-

patriarch ˈpeɪ.tri.ɑːk, ˈpæt.ri- US ˈpeɪ.tri.ɑːrk -s -s **-y** -i **-ies** -iz

patriarch|al ˌpeɪ.triˈɑː.k|əl, ˌpæt.riˈ- US ˌpeɪ.triˈɑːr- **-ic** -ɪk

patriarchate ˈpeɪ.tri.ɑː.kɪt, ˈpæt.ri-, -keɪt, -kət US ˈpeɪ.tri.ɑːr.kɪt, -keɪt -s -s

Patricia pəˈtrɪʃ.ə US -ˈtrɪʃ-, -ˈtriː.ʃə

patrician pəˈtrɪʃ.ən -s -z

patriciate pəˈtrɪʃ.i.ət, -ˈtrɪʃ.ət US -ˈtrɪs.i-, -ɪt, -eɪt, -trɪʃ.i.ɪt, -eɪt; -ˈtrɪʃ.ɪt

patricide ˈpæt.rɪ.saɪd, ˈpeɪ.trɪ-, -trə- US ˈpæt.rə- -s -z

Patrick ˈpæt.rɪk

patrilineal ˌpæt.rɪˈlɪn.i.əl, -rəˈ- US ˌpæt.rəˈ-

patrimonial ˌpæt.rɪˈməʊ.ni.əl, -rəˈ- US ˌpæt.rəˈmoʊ- **-ly** -i

patrimon|y ˈpæt.rɪ.mə.n|i, -rə- US -rə.moʊ- **-ies** -iz

patriot ˈpeɪ.tri.ət, ˈpæt.ri- US ˈpeɪ-, -ɑːt -s -s

patriotic ˌpæt.riˈɒt.ɪk, ˌpeɪ.triˈ- US ˌpeɪ.triˈɑː.t̬ɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li

patriotism ˈpeɪ.tri.ə.tɪ.zəm, ˈpæt.ri- US ˈpeɪ.tri-

patristic pəˈtrɪs.tɪk -s -s **-al** -əl

Patroclus pəˈtrɒk.ləs US -ˈtroʊ.kləs; ˈpæt.roʊ-

patrol pəˈtrəʊl US -ˈtroʊl -s -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d

patrolcar pəˈtrəʊl.kɑːr US -ˈtroʊl.kɑːr -s -z

patrol|man pəˈtrəʊl|.mən, -mæn US -ˈtroʊl- **-men** -mən, -men

patron ˈpeɪ.trən, ˈpæt.rən US ˈpeɪ.trən -s -z

patronage ˈpæt.rən.ɪdʒ, ˈpeɪ.trən- US ˈpeɪ.trən-, ˈpæt.rən-

patronal pəˈtrəʊ.nəl, pætˈrəʊ- US ˈpeɪ.trən.əl, ˈpæt.rən-; pəˈtroʊ.nəl

patroness ˌpeɪ.trəˈnes, ˌpæt.rəˈ-; ˈpeɪ.trən.es, ˈpæt.rən-, -ɪs, -əs US ˈpeɪ.trə.nɪs -es -ɪz

patroniz|e, -is|e ˈpæt.rən.aɪz US ˈpeɪ.trən-, ˈpæt.rən- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

patronymic ˌpæt.rəˈnɪm.ɪk US -rəˈ-, -roʊˈ- -s -s

patroon pəˈtruːn -s -z

pats|y (P) ˈpæt.s|i **-ies** -iz

patten (P) ˈpæt.ən -s -z

patt|er ˈpæt|.ər US ˈpæt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

Patterdale ˈpæt.ə.deɪl US ˈpæt̬.ɚ-

pattern ˈpæt.ən US ˈpæt̬.ɚn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Patterson ˈpæt.ə.sən US ˈpæt̬.ɚ-

Patteson ˈpæt.ɪ.sən, ˈ-ə- US ˈpæt̬-

Patti(e) ˈpæt.i US ˈpæt̬-

Pattison ˈpæt.ɪ.sən US ˈpæt̬-

Patton ˈpæt.ən

patt|y ˈpæt|.i US ˈpæt̬- **-ies** -iz

paucity ˈpɔː.sə.ti, -sɪ- US ˈpɑː.sə.t̬i, ˈpɔː-

Paul pɔːl US pɔːl, pɑːl -ˈs -z ˌ**Paul** ˈ**Jones**

Paula ˈpɔː.lə US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

Paulding ˈpɔːl.dɪŋ US ˈpɑːl-, ˈpɔːl-

Paulette pɔːˈlet US pɑː-, pɔː-

Pauley ˈpɔː.li US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

Pauli ˈpɔː.li, ˈpaʊ- US ˈpaʊ-, ˈpɔː-

Paulin ˈpɔː.lɪn US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

Pauline *scholar of St Paul's school, relating to St Paul:* ˈpɔː.laɪn US ˈpɑː.laɪn, ˈpɔː-, -liːn -s -z

Pauline *female name:* ˈpɔː.liːn, -ˈ- US pɑːˈliːn, pɔː-

Pauling ˈpɔː.lɪŋ US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

Paulinus pɔːˈlaɪ.nəs US pɑː-, pɔː-

Paulus ˈpɔː.ləs US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

Pauncefote ˈpɔːnts.fʊt, -fət US ˈpɑːnts-, ˈpɔːnts-

paunch pɔːntʃ US pɑːntʃ, pɔːntʃ -es -ɪz **-y** -i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

pauper ˈpɔː.pər US ˈpɑː.pɚ, ˈpɔː- -s -z

pauperism ˈpɔː.pər.ɪ.zəm US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː-

pauperization, -isa- ˌpɔː.pər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- US ˌpɑː.pɚ.ɪˈ-, ˌpɔː-

pauperiz|e, -is|e ˈpɔː.pər.aɪz US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Pausanias pɔːˈseɪ.ni.æs, -əs US pɑːˈseɪ.ni.əs, pɔː-

paus|e pɔːz US pɑːz, pɔːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pavan(e) ˈpæv.ən; pəˈvæn, -ˈvɑːn US pəˈvɑːn, -ˈvæn -s -z

Pavarotti ˌpæv.əˈrɒt.i US -ˈrɔː.t̬i, ˌpɑː.və-

pav|e peɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**paving** ˌ**stone**

pavé ˈpæv.eɪ, -ˈ- US pævˈeɪ, ˈ-- -s -z

pavement ˈpeɪv.mənt -s -s

Pavia pəˈviː.ə, pɑː-, pɑːˈviː.ɑː

pavid ˈpæv.ɪd

pavilion pəˈvɪl.jən, ˈ-i.ən US ˈ-jən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pavio(u)r ˈpeɪ.vjər US -vjɚ -s -s

Pavitt ˈpæv.ɪt

Pavlov ˈpæv.lɒf, -lɒv US -lɔːv, -lɔːf

pavlova pævˈləʊ.və US pɑːvˈloʊ-, pæv- -s -z

Pavlova ˈpæv.lə.və, ˈpɑːv-; pævˈləʊ- US pɑːvˈloʊ-, pæv-

Pavlovian pævˈləʊ.vi.ən US pɑːvˈloʊ-, pæv-

paw (*n, v.*) pɔː US pɑː, pɔː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pawk|y ˈpɔː.k|i US ˈpɑː-, ˈpɔː- **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

pawl pɔːl US pɑːl, pɔːl -s -z

pawn pɔːn US pɑːn, pɔːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pawnbrok|er ˈpɔːnˌbrəʊ.k|ər, ˈpɔːm- US ˈpɑːnˌbroʊ.k|ɚ, ˈpɔːn- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

Pawnee ˌpɔːˈniː US ˌpɑː-, ˌpɔː- -s -z

pawnshop ˈpɔːn.ʃɒp US ˈpɑːn.ʃɑːp, ˈpɔːn- -s -s

pawpaw ˈpɔː.pɔː US ˈpɑː.pɑː; ˈpɔː.pɔː -s -z

Pawtucket pɔːˈtʌk.ɪt US pɑː-, pɔː-

pax pæks

Paxman ˈpæk.smən

Paxo® ˈpæk.səʊ US -soʊ

Paxos ˈpæk.sɒs US -sɑːs

Paxton ˈpæk.stən

pay peɪ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **paid** peɪd **payer** ˈpeɪ.ər/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**pay** ˌ**packet**

payable ˈpeɪ.ə.bəl

pay-as-you-go ˌpeɪ.əz.jʊˈgəʊ, -jəˈ- US -ˈgoʊ

payback ˈpeɪ.bæk

paybed ˈpeɪ.bed

paycheck, -cheque ˈpeɪ.tʃek

payday ˈpeɪ.deɪ -s -z

PAYE ˌpiː.eɪ.waɪˈiː

payee peɪˈiː -s -z

payload ˈpeɪ.ləʊd US -loʊd -s -z

paymaster ˈpeɪˌmɑː.stər US -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z ˌ**paymaster** ˈ**general**

ment 'peɪ.mənt -s -s
ne peɪn
nim (P) 'peɪ.nɪm
nter 'peɪn.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
off 'peɪ.ɒf (US) -ɑːf -s -s
ola peɪ'əʊ.lə (US) -'oʊ-
out 'peɪ.aʊt -s -s
per-view ˌpeɪ.pə'vjuː (US) -pɚ'-
phone 'peɪ.fəʊn (US) -foʊn
roll 'peɪ.rəʊl (US) -roʊl -s -z
slip 'peɪ.slɪp
train 'peɪ.treɪn -s -z
pæz (US) pɑːz, pɑːs
azz pə'zæz
ˌpiː.biː'es
piː'siː
ˌpiː.diː'eɪ -s -z
piː'iː
piː -s -z
body 'piːˌbɒd.i (US) -ˌbɑː.di
c|e (P) piːs -es -ɪz 'Peace ˌCorps;
eace ˌoffering; 'peace ˌpipe
ceab|le 'piː.sə.b|əl -ly -li -leness
.nəs, -nɪs
ceful 'piːs.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness
əs, -nɪs
cehaven 'piːsˌheɪ.vən
cekeep|er 'piːsˌkiː.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ
rs -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
cekeeping 'piːsˌkiː.pɪŋ
cemaker 'piːsˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ
-z
cenik 'piːs.nɪk -s -s
cetime 'piːs.taɪm
cey 'piː.si
ach piːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
ə/z (US) -ɚ/z
achey 'piː.tʃi
achum 'piː.tʃəm
ach|y 'piː.tʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
acock (P) 'piː.kɒk (US) -kɑːk -s -s
a-green ˌpiː'griːn *stress shift:*
pea-green 'boat
ahen 'piː.hen, ˌ-'- (US) '-- -s -z
a-jacket 'piːˌdʒæk.ɪt -s -s
ak (P) piːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'Peak
District; ˌpeak 'time *stress shift:*
peak time 'traffic
ake piːk
aky 'piː.ki
al piːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
all piːl
an *alternative spelling of* **paean:**
piː.ən -s -z
an *in heraldry:* piːn
anut 'piː.nʌt -s -s ˌpeanut 'butter
(US) 'peanut ˌbutter
ear peəʳ (US) per -s -z
ear *surname:* pɪəʳ (US) pɪr
earce pɪəs (US) pɪrs
eard pɪəd (US) pɪrd
earl (P) pɜːl (US) pɝːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ˌPearl 'Harbor
earlite 'pɜː.laɪt (US) 'pɝː-
early 'pɜː.li (US) 'pɝː- ˌpearly 'gates;
ˌpearly 'king; ˌpearly 'queen

pearmain 'pɜː.meɪn, 'peə- (US) 'per- -s -z
Pearman 'pɪə.mən (US) 'pɪr-
Pears pɪəz, peəz (US) pɪrs, perz
Note: /peəz (US) perz/ in **Pears' soap**; /pɪəz (US) pɪrz/ for the singer.
Pearsall 'pɪə.sɔːl, -səl (US) 'pɪr-, -sɑːl
Pearse pɪəs (US) pɪrs
pear-shaped 'peə.ʃeɪpt (US) 'per-
Pearson 'pɪə.sən (US) 'pɪr-
Peart pɪət (US) pɪrt
Peary 'pɪə.ri (US) 'pɪr.i
peasant 'pez.ənt -s -s
peasantry 'pez.ən.tri
Peascod 'pes.kəd (US) -kəd, -kɑːd
pease (P) piːz
Peaseblossom 'piːzˌblɒs.əm (US) -ˌblɑː.səm
peasecod 'piːz.kɒd (US) -kɑːd -s -z
pease-pudding ˌpiːz'pʊd.ɪŋ, ˌpiːs-
peashooter 'piːˌʃuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
pea-souper ˌpiː'suː.pəʳ (US) 'piːˌsuː.pɚ, ˌ-'-- -s -z
peat piːt 'peat ˌbog
peat|y 'piː.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pebble 'peb.əl -s -z
pebbledash 'peb.əl.dæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
pebbly 'peb.əl.i, 'peb.li
pecan 'piː.kæn, -kən; pɪ'kæn (US) pɪ'kɑːn, piː-, -'kæn; 'piː.kɑːn, -kæn -s -z ˌpecan 'pie
peccability ˌpek.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
peccable 'pek.ə.bəl
peccadillo ˌpek.ə'dɪl.əʊ (US) -oʊ -(e)s -z
peccant 'pek.ənt -ly -li
peccar|y 'pek.ər|.i -ies -iz
peccavi pek'ɑː.viː *old-fashioned:* -'keɪ.vaɪ (US) peɪ'kɑː.vi -s -z
Pechey 'piː.tʃi
Pechili 'petʃ.ɪ.li
peck (P) pek -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'pecking ˌorder
Peckham 'pek.əm
Peckinpah 'pek.ɪn.pɑː
peckish 'pek.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Peckitt 'pek.ɪt
Pecksniff 'pek.snɪf
Pecock 'pek.ɒk (US) -ɑːk
pecorino (P) ˌpek.ər'iː.nəʊ (US) -ə'riː.noʊ
Pecos 'peɪ.kəs, -kɒs (US) -kəs, -koʊs
Pécs petʃ (US) peɪtʃ
pect|in 'pek.t|ɪn -ic -ɪk -inous -ɪ.nəs
pectoral 'pek.tər.əl -s -z 'pectoral ˌmuscle
pecu|late 'pek.jə|.leɪt -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
peculation ˌpek.jə'leɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'- -s -z
peculiar pɪ'kjuː.li.əʳ, pə- (US) pɪ'kjuːl.jɚ, piː- -s -z -ly -li
peculiarit|y pɪˌkjuː.li'ær.ə.t|i, pə-, -ɪ.t|i (US) pɪˌkjuː.li'er.ə.t̬|i, piː-, -'ær- -ies -iz

pecuniar|y pɪ'kjuː.njər|.i, -ni.ə.r|i (US) pɪ'kjuː.ni.er-, piː- -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li
pedagogic ˌped.ə'gɒdʒ.ɪk, -'gɒg-, -'gəʊ.dʒɪk (US) -'gɑː.dʒɪk, -'goʊ- -s -s -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpedagogic 'function
pedagogue 'ped.ə.gɒg (US) -gɑːg, -gɔːg -s -z
pedagogy 'ped.ə.gɒdʒ.i, -gɒg-, -gəʊ.dʒi (US) -gɑː.dʒi, -goʊ-
pedal (*n, v.*) 'ped.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d 'pedal ˌpushers
pedal (*adj.*) *of the foot:* 'piː.dəl, 'ped.əl *in geometry:* 'ped.əl
pedalo 'ped.əl.əʊ (US) -oʊ -(e)s -z
pedant 'ped.ənt -s -s
pedantic pɪ'dæn.tɪk, pə-, ped'æn-, pə'dæn- (US) ped'æn- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
pedantism 'ped.ən.tɪ.zəm, pɪ'dæn-, ped'æn-
pedantr|y 'ped.ən.tr|i -ies -iz
peddl|e 'ped.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'ped.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, 'ped.ləʳ/z
Peden 'piː.dən (US) 'piː.dən, 'peɪ-
pederast 'ped.ər.æst, 'piː.dər- (US) 'ped.ə.ræst -s -s -y -i
pedestal 'ped.ɪ.stəl, '-ə- -s -z
pedestrian pɪ'des.tri.ən, pə- (US) pə- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zəm peˌdestrian 'crossing
pedestrianiz|e, -is|e pɪ'des.tri.ə.naɪz, pə- (US) pə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pediatric ˌpiː.di'æt.rɪk -s -s
pediatrician ˌpiː.di.ə'trɪʃ.ən -s -z
pedicel 'ped.ɪ.sel, '-ə- -s -z
pedicle 'ped.ɪ.kəl, '-ə- -s -z
pedicure 'ped.ɪ.kjʊəʳ, '-ə-, -kjɔːʳ (US) -ɪ.kjʊr -s -z
pedigree 'ped.ɪ.griː, '-ə- -s -z -d -d
pediment 'ped.ɪ.mənt, '-ə- -s -s
pedimental ˌped.ɪ'men.təl, -ə'- (US) -t̬əl
pedimented 'ped.ɪ.men.tɪd, '-ə-, -mən- (US) -men.t̬ɪd
pedlar 'ped.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
pedometer pɪ'dɒm.ɪ.təʳ, pə-, ped'ɒm-, '-ə- (US) pɪ'dɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, pə- -s -z
pedophile 'piː.dəʊ.faɪl (US) 'ped.oʊ-, 'piː.doʊ-, -də- -s -z
pedophili|a ˌpiː.dəʊ'fɪl.i|.ə (US) ˌped.oʊ'fiː.li-, ˌpiː.doʊ'-, -də'-, -'fiːl.j|ə -ac/s -æk/s
Pedro 'ped.rəʊ, 'piː.drəʊ (US) 'peɪ.droʊ, 'ped.roʊ
Note: The pronunciation /'piː.drəʊ/ is generally used in Shakespeare's 'Much Ado.'
peduncle pɪ'dʌŋ.kəl, pə-, ped'ʌŋ- (US) pɪ'dʌŋ-; 'piː.dʌŋ- -s -z
pee piː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
Peeb|les 'piː.b|əlz -les-shire -əlz.ʃəʳ, -əlʒ.ʃəʳ, -əl.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
peek (P) piːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
peekaboo 'piː.kə.buː
peel (P) piːl -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d

Peele pi:l
peeler 'pi:.ləʳ US -lɚ -s -z
peep (P) pi:p -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
peepal 'pi:.pᵊl -s -z
peep-bo 'pi:p.bəʊ, -əʊ, ˌ-'- US 'pi:p.boʊ, -oʊ, ˌ-'-
peep-hole 'pi:p.həʊl US -hoʊl -s -z
peeping Tom ˌpi:.pɪŋ'tɒm US -'tɑ:m -s -z
peepshow 'pi:p.ʃəʊ US -ʃoʊ -s -z
peep-toe 'pi:p.təʊ US -toʊ -d -d
peepul 'pi:.pᵊl -s -z
peer pɪəʳ US pɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
peerag|e 'pɪə.rɪdʒ US 'pɪr.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz
peeress pɪə'res; 'pɪə.rəs, -rɪs, -res US 'pɪr.ɪs -es -ɪz
peergroup 'pɪə.gru:p US 'pɪr- -s -s
peerless (P) 'pɪə.ləs, -lɪs US 'pɪr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
peev|e pi:v -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
peevish 'pi:.vɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
peewee 'pi:.wi: -s -z
peewit 'pi:.wɪt -s -s
peg (P) peg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Pegasus 'peg.ə.səs
Pegeen peg'i:n
Pegge peg
Peggotty 'peg.ə.ti US -ṭi
Peggy 'peg.i
Pegram, Pegrum 'pi:.grəm
Pegu peg'u:
Pei peɪ
peignoir 'peɪ.nwɑ:ʳ, -nwɔ:ʳ US peɪn'wɑ:r, pen-, '-- -s -z
Peile pi:l
Peiping ˌpeɪ'pɪŋ
Peirce pɪəs US pɪrs, pɝ:s
pejoration ˌpi:.dʒᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌpedʒ.ᵊr'- US ˌpedʒ.ə'reɪ-, ˌpi:.dʒə'-
pejorative pɪ'dʒɒr.ə.tɪv, pə-, 'pi:.dʒᵊr- US pɪ'dʒɔ:r.ə.ṭɪv; 'pedʒ.ə.reɪ-, 'pi:.dʒə- -s -z -ly -li
peke pi:k -s -s
Pekin ˌpi:'kɪn US '--
pekines|e (P) ˌpi:.kɪ'ni:z, -kᵊn'i:z US ˌpi:.kə'ni:z, -'ni:s -es -ɪz
Peking ˌpi:'kɪŋ *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Peking 'duck**
pekinges|e (P) ˌpi:.kɪŋ'i:z, -kɪ'ni:z, -kᵊn'i:z US -kɪŋ'i:z, -'i:s -es -ɪz
pekoe 'pi:.kəʊ US -koʊ
pelagic pə'lædʒ.ɪk, pɪ-, pel'ædʒ- US pə'lædʒ-, pɪ-
pelargonium ˌpel.ə'gəʊ.ni.əm, -ɑ:'- US -ɑ:r'goʊ- -s -z
Pelasgian pel'æz.gi.ən, pɪ'læz-, pə-, -dʒi- US pə'læz.dʒi- -s -z
Pelé 'pel.eɪ, -'- US 'pel.eɪ
pelerine 'pel.ᵊr.i:n US -ə.ri:n -s -z
Peleus 'pi:.lju:s, 'pel.ju:s, -jəs, -i.əs US 'pi:.li.əs, 'pi:l.ju:s
pelf pelf
pelham (P) 'pel.əm
Pelias 'pi:.li.æs, 'pel.i-, -əs US -əs
pelican 'pel.ɪ.kᵊn, '-ə- -s -z ˌ**pelican 'crossing**
peliss|e pel'i:s, pɪ'li:s, pə- US pə'li:s -es -ɪz
pellagr|a pə'læg.rlə, pel'æg- US pə'leɪ.grlə, -'læg.rlə -ous -əs
Pelleas, Pelléas 'pel.eɪ.æs, '-i- US '-i-
Pelles 'pel.i:z
pellet 'pel.ɪt, -ət -s -s
Pelley 'pel.i
pellicle 'pel.ɪ.kᵊl, '-ə- -s -z
pellitory 'pel.ɪ.tᵊr.i, '-ə- US -tɔ:r-
pell-mell ˌpel'mel
pellucid pɪ'lu:.sɪd, pə-, pel'u:-, -'ju:- US pə'lu:.sɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Pelman 'pel.mən -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
pelmet 'pel.mɪt, -mət -s -s
Peloponnese 'pel.ə.pə.ni:z, -ni:s, ˌpel.ə.pə'ni:s, -'ni:z US ˌpel.ə.pə'ni:z, -'ni:s
Peloponnesian ˌpel.ə.pə'ni:.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən, '-ʒᵊn US -ʒən, -ʃən -s -z
Peloponnesus ˌpel.ə.pə'ni:.səs
Pelops 'pi:.lɒps US -lɑ:ps
pelota pə'lɒt.ə, pɪ-, pel'ɒt-, -'əʊ.tə US pə'loʊ.ṭə
peloton 'pel.ə.tɒn US ˌpel.ə'tɑ:n, '---
Pelsall 'pel.sɔ:l
pelt pelt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'pel.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'pel.ṭɪd
Peltier effect 'pel.ti.eɪ.ɪˌfekt US 'pel.tjeɪ.ɪˌ-, -əˌ-, -i:ˌ-
pelv|is 'pel.vlɪs -ises -ɪ.sɪz -es -i:z -ic -ɪk
Pemba 'pem.bə
Pemberton 'pem.bə.tᵊn US -bɚ-
Pembridge 'pem.brɪdʒ
Pembroke 'pem.brʊk, -brək US -brʊk, -broʊk -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Pembury 'pem.bᵊr.i
pemmican 'pem.ɪ.kən
pen (P) pen -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d **'pen ˌfriend; 'pen ˌname; 'pen ˌpal; 'pen ˌpusher**
penal 'pi:.nᵊl -ly -i **'penal ˌcolony**
penaliz|e, -is|e 'pi:.nᵊl.aɪz US 'pi:-, 'pen.ᵊl- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
penalt|y 'pen.ᵊl.tli US -ṭli -ies -iz **'penalty ˌbox**
penanc|e 'pen.ənts -es -ɪz
pen-and-ink ˌpen.ənd'ɪŋk *stress shift:* ˌpen-and-ink 'drawing
Penang pen'æŋ, pɪ'næŋ, pə- US pɪ'næŋ, pen'æŋ
Penarth pen'ɑ:θ, pə'nɑ:θ US pen'ɑ:rθ
penates pen'ɑ:.teɪz, pɪ'nɑ:-, pə-, -'neɪ-, -ti:z US pə'neɪ.ṭi:z, -'nɑ:-
pence (*plur. of* **penny**) pents
Note: See **penny**.
penchant 'pɑ̃:ŋ.ʃɑ̃:ŋ US 'pen.tʃənt -s -z
pencil 'pent.sᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d **'pencil ˌcase; 'pencil ˌsharpener**
Pencoed pen'kɔɪd, peŋ- US pen-
pendant 'pen.dənt -s -s
penden|cy 'pen.dənlt.si -t -t
Pendennis pen'den.ɪs
pendente lite penˌden.ti'laɪ.ti
Pender 'pen.dəʳ US -dɚ
Pendine pen'daɪn
pending 'pen.dɪŋ
Pendle 'pen.dᵊl
Pendlebury 'pen.dᵊl.bᵊr.i US -ˌber-, -bɚ-
Pendleton 'pen.dᵊl.tən
pendragon (P) pen'dræg.ən -s -z
pendulous 'pen.djᵊl.əs, -dʒʊ.ləs, -dʒᵊl.əs US -dʒə.ləs, -djə-, -də-, -dʒʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pendulum 'pen.djᵊl.əm, -djʊ.ləm, -dʒᵊl.əm US -dʒə.ləm, -djə-, -də-, -dʒʊ- -s -z
Penelope pə'nel.ə.pi, pɪ- US pə-
penetrability ˌpen.ɪ.trə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ṭi
penetrab|le 'pen.ɪ.trə.blᵊl, '-ə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
penetralia ˌpen.ɪ'treɪ.li.ə, -ə'-
pene|trate 'pen.ɪl.treɪt, '-ə- -trates -treɪts -trating/ly -treɪ.tɪŋ/li US -treɪ.ṭɪŋ/li -trated -treɪ.tɪd US -treɪ.ṭɪd
penetration ˌpen.ɪ'treɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- -s -z
penetrative 'pen.ɪ.trə.tɪv, '-ə-, -treɪ- US -treɪ.ṭɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Penfold 'pen.fəʊld US -foʊld
penful 'pen.fʊl -s -z
Penge pendʒ
penguin 'peŋ.gwɪn US 'peŋ-, 'pen- -s -z
Penhaligon pen'hæl.ɪ.gᵊn
penholder 'penˌhəʊl.dəʳ US -ˌhoʊl.dɚ -s -z
penicillin ˌpen.ɪ'sɪl.ɪn, -ə'-
penicillium ˌpen.ɪ'sɪl.i.əm, -ə'-
Penicuik 'pen.ɪ.kʊk
penile 'pi:.naɪl US -naɪl, -nɪl
peninsul|a (P) pə'nɪnt.sjə.llə, pɪ-, pen'ɪnt-, -sjʊ-, -ʃə-, -ʃʊ- US pə'nɪnt.sə-, -sjə-, -'nɪn.tʃə- -as -əz -ar -əʳ US -ɚ
penis 'pi:.nɪs -es -ɪz **'penis ˌenvy**
Penistone 'pen.ɪ.stᵊn
penitence 'pen.ɪ.tᵊnts, '-ə-
penitent 'pen.ɪ.tᵊnt, '-ə- -s -s -ly -li
penitential ˌpen.ɪ'ten.tʃᵊl, -ə'- US -ʃᵊl -ly -i
penitentiar|y ˌpen.ɪ'ten.tʃᵊrl.i, -ə'- US -tʃə.rli: -ies -iz
penkni|fe 'pen.naɪf -ves -vz
Penkridge 'peŋ.krɪdʒ
penlight 'pen.laɪt -s -s
Penmaenmawr ˌpen.mən'maʊəʳ, -'mɔ:ʳ US -'maʊɚ, -'mɔ:r
pen|man 'penl.mən, 'pem- US 'pen- -men -mən
Penman 'pen.mən, 'pem- US 'pen-
penmanship 'pen.mən.ʃɪp, 'pem- US 'pen-
Penn pen
Penn. (*abbrev. for* **Pennsylvania**) pen, ˌpent.sɪl'veɪ.ni.ə, -sᵊl'-, '-njə US ˌpent.sᵊl'veɪ.njə, '-ni.ə, pen
Note: The form /pen/ is especially use[d] when referring to university names
pennant (P) 'pen.ənt -s -s
penne 'pen.eɪ, -i US -i, -eɪ

nney 'pen.i
nn|i 'pen|.i **-is** -ɪs **-ia** -i.ə
nniless 'pen.i.ləs, -lɪs
nnine 'pen.aɪn **-s** -z
nnington 'pen.ɪŋ.tən
nnon 'pen.ən **-s** -z
nnsylvani|a ˌpent.sɪl'veɪ.ni|.ə, sᵊl'-, '-nj|ə ⓤⓢ -sᵊl'veɪ.nj|ə, '-ni|.ə **an/s** -ən/z ˌ**Pennsylˌvania 'Dutch**
nn|y (P) 'pen|.i **-ies** -iz **pence** pen*t*s **penny ar'cade; ˌpenny 'black; penny 'dreadful; ˌpenny 'farthing**
te: After decimalization of the currency in Britain, the pronunciation f compounds with **penny**, **pence** now abbreviated to **p**) changed. ormerly, compounds from **1/2d** to **1d** invariably had /-pᵊn.i, -pᵊn*t*s/, .g. see entries under **half-penny**, **ourpence**, etc.. With the extension f **-pence** compounds beyond **11p**, .g. **12p**, the reduced forms have nore or less disappeared. Instead, he full forms /'pen.i/ and /pen*t*s/, or ommonly /piː/, are used, e.g. **4p** 'fɔː.pᵊn*t*s/) is /ˌfɔː'pen*t*s/ or /-'piː/; **2p** is /ˌtwelv'pen*t*s/ or /-'piː/.
nny-ante ˌpen.i'æn.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
nny-pinch|ing 'pen.iˌpɪn.*t*ʃ|ɪŋ **er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
nnyroyal ˌpen.i'rɔɪəl ⓤⓢ 'pen.iˌrɔɪ.əl, ˌpen.i'rɔɪ-
nnyweight 'pen.i.weɪt **-s** -s
nnywort 'pen.i.wɜːt ⓤⓢ -wɝːt, wɔːrt
nnyworth 'pen.i.wəθ, -wɜːθ, pen.əθ ⓤⓢ 'pen.i.wɚθ, -wɝːθ **-s** -s
nobscot pen'ɒb.skɒt, pə'nɒb- ⓤⓢ pə'nɑːb.skɑːt, pen'ɑːb-, -skət
nological ˌpiː.nə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.dʒɪ-
nolog|y piː'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i, pɪ- ⓤⓢ piː'nɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
nrhyn pen'rɪn
nrith *town in Cumbria:* pen'rɪθ, '-- *urname:* 'pen.rɪθ
nrose *surname:* 'pen.rəʊz, -'- ⓤⓢ 'pen.roʊz, -'- *place in Cornwall:* en'rəʊz ⓤⓢ -'roʊz
nryn pen'rɪn
nsacola ˌpent.sə'kəʊ.lə ⓤⓢ -'koʊ-
nsarn pen'sɑːn ⓤⓢ -'sɑːrn
nseroso ˌpent.sə'rəʊ.zəʊ, -səʊ ⓤⓢ -'roʊ.soʊ
nshurst 'penz.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
nsion (*n, v.*) *monetary allowance, tc.:* 'pen.*t*ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
nsion (*n.*) *boarding house, board:* ɑ̃ːn.sjɔ̃ːŋ, -'- ⓤⓢ pɑ̃ːn'sjõʊŋ, ɑːn'sjoʊn **-s** -z
nsionable 'pen.*t*ʃᵊn.ə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ʃᵊn-
nsioner 'pen.*t*ʃᵊn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃᵊn.ɚ **-s** -z
nsive 'pen*t*.sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, nɪs
nta- pen.tə; pen'tæ ⓤⓢ pen.t̬ə; en'tæ
te: Prefix. Normally either takes rimary or secondary stress on the rst syllable, e.g. **pentagon** pen.tə.gᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.gɑːn/, **pentatonic** /ˌpen.tə'tɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'tɑː.nɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **pentagonal** /pen'tæg.ᵊn.ᵊl/.
pentad 'pen.tæd **-s** -z
pentagon (P) 'pen.tə.gᵊn, -gɒn ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.gɑːn **-s** -z
pentagonal pen'tæg.ᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i
pentagram 'pen.tə.græm ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-s** -z
pentahedr|on ˌpen.tə'hiː.dr|ən, -dr|ɒn ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'hiː.dr|ən **-ons** -ənz, -ɒnz ⓤⓢ -ənz **-a** -ə **-al** -ᵊl
pentameter pen'tæm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
pentangle 'pen.tæŋ.gᵊl **-s** -z
Pentateuch 'pen.tə.tjuːk ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.tuːk, -tjuːk
pentathlete pen'tæθ.liːt **-s** -s
pentathlon pen'tæθ.lɒn, -lən ⓤⓢ -lɑːn, -lən
pentatonic ˌpen.tə'tɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ə'tɑː.nɪk *stress shift:* ˌpentatonic 'scale
Pentax® 'pen.tæks
Pentecost 'pen.tɪ.kɒst, -tə- ⓤⓢ -tɪ.kɑːst **-s** -s
Pentecostal ˌpen.tɪ'kɒs.tᵊl, -tə'- ⓤⓢ -tɪ'kɑː.stᵊl **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s *stress shift:* ˌPentecostal 'feast
Pentel® 'pen.tel
Penthesilea ˌpent.θes.ɪ'liː.ə, -θə.sɪ'-, -sə'-, -'leɪ- ⓤⓢ -θə.sə'liː-
penthou|se (P) 'pent.hau|s **-ses** -zɪz
pentiment|o ˌpen.tɪ'men.t|əʊ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪ'men.t|oʊ **-i** -iː
Pentium® 'pen.ti.əm ⓤⓢ -t̬i-
Pentland 'pent.lənd **-s** -z
Pentonville 'pen.tən.vɪl
Pentothal® 'pen.tə.θæl, -θɔːl ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.θɔːl, -θɑːl
pentstemon pent'stem.ən, pen-, -'stiː.mən; 'pen*t*.stɪ.mən, -stə- ⓤⓢ pent'stiː-; 'pent.stə-
pent-up ˌpent'ʌp *stress shift:* ˌpent-up 'anger
pentyl 'pen.taɪl, -tɪl ⓤⓢ -tɪl, -t̬ᵊl
penult pə'nʌlt, pɪ-, pen'ʌlt ⓤⓢ 'piː.nʌlt; pɪ'nʌlt **-s** -s
penultimate pə'nʌl.tɪ.mət, pɪ-, pen'ʌl-, -tə-, -mɪt ⓤⓢ pɪ'nʌl.t̬ə.mət **-s** -s **-ly** -li
penumbr|a pə'nʌm.br|ə, pɪ-, pen'ʌm- ⓤⓢ pɪ'nʌm- **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-al** -ᵊl
penurious pə'njʊə.ri.əs, pɪ-, pen'jʊə-, -'jɔː- ⓤⓢ pə'nʊr.i-, pen'ʊr-, -'jʊr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
penury 'pen.jə.ri, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -jʊ.ri, -jɚ.i
Pen-y-Ghent ˌpen.i'gent
Penzance pen'zæn*t*s, pən- *locally:* pən'zɑːn*t*s ⓤⓢ pen'zæn*t*s
peon *Indian servant:* pjuːn; 'piː.ən; peɪ'ɒn ⓤⓢ 'piː.ɑːn, 'peɪ-, -ən **-s** -z *in US:* 'piː.ən ⓤⓢ -ɑːn, -ən **-s** -z
peon|y 'piː.ə.n|i **-ies** -iz
peopl|e 'piː.pᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'piːp.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Peoria piː'ɔː.ri.ə ⓤⓢ -'ɔːr.i-
Peover 'piː.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ
pep pep **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **'pep ˌpill; 'pep ˌtalk**
PEP pep, ˌpiː.iː'piː
Pepin 'pep.ɪn
peplum 'pep.ləm **-s** -z
pepp|er (P) 'pep|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **'pepper ˌpot**
pepperbox 'pep.ə.bɒks ⓤⓢ -ɚ.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz
peppercorn 'pep.ə.kɔːn ⓤⓢ -ɚ.kɔːrn **-s** -z
peppermint 'pep.ə.mɪnt ⓤⓢ -ɚ-, -mənt **-s** -s
pepperoni ˌpep.ə'rəʊ.ni ⓤⓢ -'roʊ-
pepper|y 'pep.ᵊr|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pepp|y 'pep|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i
Pepsi® 'pep.si
Pepsi-Cola® ˌpep.si'kəʊ.lə ⓤⓢ -'koʊ-
pepsin 'pep.sɪn
Pepsodent® 'pep.səʊ.dent, -sə.dᵊnt ⓤⓢ -soʊ.dent, -sə-
peptic 'pep.tɪk
Pepto-Bismol® ˌpep.təʊ'bɪz.mɒl ⓤⓢ -toʊ'bɪz.mɑːl, -tə-
peptone 'pep.təʊn ⓤⓢ -toʊn **-s** -z
Pepys 'pep.ɪs; piːps, peps
Note: The pronunciation in the family of the present Lord Cottenham is /'pep.ɪs/. Samuel Pepys is generally referred to as /piːps/.
per *strong form:* pɜːʳ ⓤⓢ pɝː *weak form:* pəʳ, pɚ
Note: This word has a weak form /pəʳ ⓤⓢ pɚ/, which is almost always used in the phrases **per cent**, **per annum**. It is also used in phrases such as **per capita**, **per centimetre**, **per head**, but the strong form /pɜːʳ ⓤⓢ pɜːr/ is more usual.
peradventure pə.rəd'ven.tʃəʳ, ˌpɜː.rəd'-, ˌper.əd'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.əd'ven.tʃɚ, ˌper-
Perak 'peə.rə, 'pɪə.rə; pə'ræk, pɪ-, per'æk ⓤⓢ 'peɪ.ræk, -rɑːk; 'per.ə, 'pɪr-
Note: English speakers who have lived in Malaysia pronounce /'peə.rə ⓤⓢ 'per.ə/ or /'pɪə.rə ⓤⓢ 'pɪr.ə/.
perambu|late pə'ræm.bjə|.leɪt, -bjʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
perambulation pəˌræm.bjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -bjʊ'- **-s** -z
perambulator pə'ræm.bjə.leɪ.təʳ, -bjʊ- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
per annum pəʳ'æn.əm ⓤⓢ pɚ-
percale pə'keɪl, -'kɑːl ⓤⓢ pɚ'keɪl
per capita pə'kæp.ɪ.tə, ˌpɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'kæp.ɪ.t̬ə
perceivab|le pə'siː.və.b|ᵊl, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ly** -li
perceiv|e pə'siːv ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
percener 'pɜː.sᵊn.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.sᵊn.ɚ **-s** -z

per cent, percent pə'sent ⓤⓢ pɚ-
percentag|e pə'sen.tɪdʒ ⓤⓢ pɚ'sen.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
percentile pə'sen.taɪl ⓤⓢ pɚ'sen-, -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
percept 'pɜː.sept ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- **-s** -s
perceptibility pəˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ pɚˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
perceptib|le pə'sep.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ pɚ'sep.tə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
perception pə'sep.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-s** -z
perceptive pə'sep.tɪv ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
perceptual pə'sep.tʃu.əl, -tju- ⓤⓢ -tʃu-, pɚ'sep.tju- **-ly** -i
Perceval 'pɜː.sɪ.vᵊl, -sə- ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
perch pɜːtʃ ⓤⓢ pɝːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
perchance pə'tʃɑːnts, ˌpɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'tʃænts
Percheron 'pɜː.ʃə.rɒn ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.tʃə.rɑːn **-s** -z
percipien|t pə'sɪp.i.ən|t ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ce** -ts
Percival(e) 'pɜː.sɪ.vᵊl, -sə- ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
percol|ate 'pɜː.kᵊl|.eɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
percolation ˌpɜː.kᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː- **-s** -z
percolator 'pɜː.kᵊl.eɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.kᵊl.eɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
per contra ˌpɜː'kɒn.trə ⓤⓢ pɚ'kɑːn-
per curiam ˌpɜː'kjʊə.ri.æm, -'kjɔː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'kjʊr.i-
percuss pə'kʌs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
percussion pə'kʌʃ.ᵊn, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
percussive pə'kʌs.ɪv, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ-
percutaneous ˌpɜː.kjuː'teɪ.ni.əs, -kjʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.kjuː'- **-ly** -li
Percy 'pɜː.si ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
per diem ˌpɜː'diː.em, -'daɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː-
Perdita 'pɜː.dɪ.tə ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.dɪ.t̬ə; pɚ'diː-
perdition pə'dɪʃ.ᵊn, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ-
perdu(e) 'pɜː.djuː ⓤⓢ pɚ'duː, -'djuː
père, pere peəʳ ⓤⓢ per
peregrin 'per.ɪ.grɪn, '-ə- **-s** -z
peregri|nate 'per.ɪ.grɪ|.neɪt, '-ə-, -grə- ⓤⓢ -ə.grɪ- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
peregrination ˌper.ɪ.grɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə-, -grə'- ⓤⓢ -ə.grɪ'- **-s** -z
peregrine (P) *(n, adj.)* 'per.ɪ.grɪn, '-ə-, -griːn ⓤⓢ -grɪn, -griːn, -graɪn **-s** -z **ˌperegrine 'falcon**
Perelman 'per.ᵊl.mən, 'pɜːl- ⓤⓢ 'pɝːl-
peremptor|y pə'remp.tᵊr|.i, pɪ-; 'per.ᵊmp- ⓤⓢ pə'remp- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Note: /'per.ᵊmp-/ is more usual in British English when the word is used as a legal term. Otherwise /pə'remp-/ and /pɪ-/ are commoner.
perennial pᵊr'en.i.əl, pɪ'ren- ⓤⓢ pə'ren- **-s** -z **-ly** -i

Peres 'per.ez
perestroika ˌper.ə'strɔɪ.kə, -ɪ'-
Perez 'per.es ⓤⓢ 'per.ez, -es, -əz, -əs
Pérez de Cuéllar ˌper.es.də'kweɪ.jɑː ⓤⓢ ˌper.ez.deɪ'kweɪ.jɑːr, ˌ-əz-, ˌ-es-
perfec|t *(n, adj.)* 'pɜː.fɪk|t ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- **-ts** -ts **-tly** -*t*.li **-tness** -*t*.nəs, -nɪs **ˌperfect 'pitch; ˌperfect 'tense**
perfect *(v.)* pə'fekt, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɝː-, pɚ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
perfectibility pəˌfek.tɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, pɜː-, -tə'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ pɚˌfek.tə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
perfectible pə'fek.tə.bᵊl, pɜː-, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ pɚ-
perfection pə'fek.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
perfective pə'fek.tɪv ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
perfervid pɜː'fɜː.vɪd, pə- ⓤⓢ pɚ'fɝː-
perfidious pə'fɪd.i.əs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
perfid|y 'pɜː.fɪ.d|i, -fə- ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.fə- **-ies** -iz
perforable 'pɜː.fᵊr.ə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
perforate *(adj.)* 'pɜː.fᵊr.ɪt, -ət, -eɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.fɚ.ɪt, -fə.reɪt
perfor|ate *(v.)* 'pɜː.fᵊr|.eɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.fə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
perforation ˌpɜː.fᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌpɜː.fə'reɪ- **-s** -z
perforce pə'fɔːs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'fɔːrs
perform pə'fɔːm ⓤⓢ pɚ'fɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
performanc|e pə'fɔː.mənts ⓤⓢ pɚ'fɔːr- **-es** -ɪz **per'formance ˌart, perˌformance 'art; perˌformance re'lated; perˌformance reˌlated 'pay**
performative pə'fɔː.mə.tɪv ⓤⓢ pɚ'fɔːr.mə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z
perfume *(n.)* 'pɜː.fjuːm ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-, -'- **-s** -z
perfum|e *(v.)* pə'fjuːm, pɜː-; 'pɜː.fjuːm ⓤⓢ pɚ'fjuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
perfumed 'pɜː.fjuːmd ⓤⓢ pɚ'fjuːmd
perfum|er pə'fjuː.m|əʳ, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'fjuː.m|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ery** -ᵊr.i
perfunctor|y pə'fʌŋk.tᵊr|.i, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Pergam|um 'pɜː.gə.m|əm ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- **-us** -əs
pergola 'pɜː.gᵊl.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- **-s** -z
Pergolese ˌpɜː.gəʊ'leɪ.zi, ˌpeə-, -zeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌper.goʊ'leɪ.zi, -si
Perham 'per.əm
perhaps pə'hæps; præps ⓤⓢ pɚ'hæps, -'æps
Note: In British English, /pə'hæps/ is more usual in formal speech, and colloquially when the word is said in isolation or used parenthetically (as in **You know, perhaps, ...**). /præps/ is common in other situations, especially initially (e.g. in **Perhaps we shall, perhaps it is a mistake**).

peri- perː.ɪ, -i; pə'rɪ, per'ɪ
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **periscope** /'per.ɪ.skəʊp ⓤⓢ -skoʊp/, **periscopic** /ˌper.ɪ'skɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'skɑː.pɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **peripheral** /pə'rɪf.ᵊr.ᵊl/.
peri 'pɪə.ri ⓤⓢ 'piː-, 'pɪr.i **-s** -z
perianth 'per.i.ænt*θ* **-s** -s
pericarditis ˌper.ɪ.kɑː'daɪ.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ -kɑːr'daɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
pericardi|um ˌper.ɪ'kɑː.di|.əm ⓤⓢ -'kɑːr- **-a** -ə
pericarp 'per.ɪ.kɑːp, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.kɑːrp **-s** -s
Pericles 'per.ɪ.kliːz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.kliːz
peridot 'per.ɪ.dɒt ⓤⓢ -dɑːt **-s** -s
perigee 'per.ɪ.dʒiː, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ɪ- **-s** -z
periheli|on ˌper.ɪ'hiː.li|.ən ⓤⓢ -'hiː.li|.ən, -'hiːl.j|ən **-a** -ə
peril 'per.ᵊl, -ɪl ⓤⓢ -ᵊl **-s** -z
perilous 'per.ᵊl.əs, -ɪ.ləs ⓤⓢ -ᵊl.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
perilune 'per.ɪ.luːn, -ljuːn ⓤⓢ -luːn **-s** -z
Perim 'per.ɪm ⓤⓢ pə'rɪm
perimeter pə'rɪm.ɪ.təʳ, pɪ-, per'ɪm-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ pə'rɪm.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
perinatal ˌper.ɪ'neɪ.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl
perine|um ˌper.ɪ'niː|.əm **-a** -ə **-al** -ᵊl
period 'pɪə.ri.əd ⓤⓢ 'pɪr.i- **-s** -z **'period ˌpiece**
periodic ˌpɪə.ri'ɒd.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌpɪr.i'ɑː.dɪk *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌperiodic 'table**
periodic|al ˌpɪə.ri'ɒd.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌpɪr.i'ɑː.dɪ- **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
periodicit|y ˌpɪə.ri.ə'dɪs.ə.t|i, -ɒd'ɪs-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌpɪr.i.oʊ'dɪs.ə.t̬|i, -ə'- **-ies** -iz
periodontal ˌper.i.əʊ'dɒn.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -oʊ'dɑːn.t̬ᵊl, -ə'- **-ly** -i
periodont|ic ˌper.i.əʊ'dɒn.t|ɪk ⓤⓢ -oʊ'dɑːn.t̬|ɪk, -ə'- **-ics** -ɪks **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
peripatetic ˌper.ɪ.pə'tet.ɪk, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ -'tet̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌperipatetic 'teacher
peripheral pə'rɪf.ᵊr.ᵊl, pɪ-, per'ɪf- ⓤⓢ pə'rɪf- **-s** -z **-ly** -i
peripher|y pə'rɪf.ᵊr|.i, pɪ-, per'ɪf- ⓤⓢ pə'rɪf- **-ies** -iz
periphras|is pə'rɪf.rə.s|ɪs, pɪ-, per'ɪf- ⓤⓢ pə'rɪf- **-es** -iːz
periphrastic ˌper.ɪ'fræs.tɪk, -ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
periscope 'per.ɪ.skəʊp, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.skoʊp **-s** -s
periscopic ˌper.ɪ'skɒp.ɪk, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'skɑː.pɪk
perish 'per.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
perishability ˌper.ɪ.ʃə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
perishab|le 'per.ɪ.ʃə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li

eness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
rispomenon ˌper.ɪˈspəʊ.mɪ.nən,
nə-, -nɒn (US) -ˈspoʊ.mɪ.nɑːn
istalsis ˌper.ɪˈstæl.sɪs, -əˈ-
) -ɪˈstɑːl-, -ˈstæl-
istaltic ˌper.ɪˈstæl.tɪk, -əˈ-
) -ɪˈstɑːl.t̬ɪk, -ˈstæl-
istyle ˈper.ɪ.staɪl, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- **-s** -z
itone|um ˌper.ɪ.təʊˈniː|.əm, ˌ-ə-
) ˌper.ɪ.ˈtoʊ.ni.əm, -təˈ- **-ums**
mz **-a** -ə
itonitis ˌper.ɪ.təʊˈnaɪ.tɪs, ˌ-ə-,
əs (US) -ɪ.toʊˈnaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
ivale ˈper.ɪ.veɪl, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ-
iwig ˈper.ɪ.wɪg, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- **-s** -z
iwinkle ˈper.ɪˌwɪŋ.kᵊl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ɪˌ-
-z
j|ure ˈpɜː.dʒ|əʳ (US) ˈpɝː.dʒ|ɚ **-ures**
z (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd
-ɚd **-urer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
jur|y ˈpɜː.dʒᵊr|.i (US) ˈpɝː- **-ies** -iz
k pɜːk (US) pɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
kin ˈpɜː.kɪn (US) ˈpɝː- **-s** -z
ks pɜːks (US) pɝːks
k|y ˈpɜː.k|i (US) ˈpɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ
-i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li,
.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
lis ˈpɜː.lɪs (US) ˈpɝː-
lite ˈpɜː.laɪt (US) ˈpɝː-
lman ˈpɜːl.mən (US) ˈpɝːl-
locutionary ˌpɜː.ləˈkjuː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i,
ɒkˈjuː- (US) ˌpɝː.loʊˈkjuː.ʃᵊn.er.i
m pɜːm (US) pɝːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
m *city in Eastern Europe:* pɜːm,
əm (US) perm
mafrost ˈpɜː.mə.frɒst
ˈpɝː.mə.frɑːst
manenc|e ˈpɜː.mᵊn.ənts (US) ˈpɝː-
s -ɪz **-y** -i **-ies** -iz
manent ˈpɜː.mᵊn.ənt (US) ˈpɝː-
-li
manganate pɜːˈmæŋ.gə.neɪt,
-, -nɪt, -nət (US) pɚˈmæŋ.gə.neɪt
meability ˌpɜː.mi.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
ˌpɝː.mi.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
meab|le ˈpɜː.mi.ə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈpɝː-
-li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
me|ate ˈpɜː.mi|.eɪt (US) ˈpɝː- **-ates**
ts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated**
.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
meation ˌpɜː.miˈeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌpɝː-
missib|le pəˈmɪs.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈ-ɪ-
pɚˈmɪs.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs,
s
mission pəˈmɪʃ.ᵊn (US) pɚ- **-s** -z
missive pəˈmɪs.ɪv (US) pɚ- **-ly** -li
ess -nəs, -nɪs **perˌmissive**
ciety
mit (*n.*) ˈpɜː.mɪt (US) ˈpɝː-; pɚˈmɪt
s
mit (*v.*) pə|ˈmɪt (US) pɚ- **-mits**
nɪts **-mitting** -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ
itted -ˈmɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd
mutation ˌpɜː.mjʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn,
juːˈ-, -mjəˈ- (US) ˌpɝː.mjuːˈ- **-s** -z
mute pə|ˈmjuːt (US) pɚ- **-mutes**
njuːts **-muting** -ˈmjuː.tɪŋ
-ˈmjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-muted** -ˈmjuː.tɪd
-ˈmjuː.t̬ɪd **-mutable** -ˈmjuː.tə.bᵊl
(US) -ˈmjuː.t̬ə.bᵊl
Pernambuco ˌpɜː.næmˈbuː.kəʊ,
-nəmˈ-, -ˈbjuː- (US) ˌpɝː.nəmˈbuː.koʊ
pernicious pəˈnɪʃ.əs, pɜː- (US) pɚ-
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
pernicket|y pəˈnɪk.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
(US) pɚˈnɪk.ə.t̬|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Pernod® ˈpɜː.nəʊ, ˈpeə- (US) perˈnoʊ
Perón, Peron pəˈrɒn, perˈɒn, pɪˈrɒn
(US) perˈoʊn, pəˈroʊn
peror|ate ˈper.ᵊr|.eɪt, -ɒr-
(US) -ə.r|eɪt, -oʊ- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating**
-eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
(US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
peroration ˌper.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɒrˈ-
(US) ˌper.əˈreɪ-, -oʊˈ- **-s** -z
Perot pəˈrəʊ, perˈəʊ (US) pəˈroʊ
Perowne pəˈrəʊn, pɪ-, perˈəʊn
(US) pəˈroʊn
peroxide pəˈrɒk.saɪd (US) pəˈrɑːk- **-s** -z
perpend (*v.*) pəˈpend, pɜː- (US) pɚ- **-s** -z
-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
perpend (*n.*) ˈpɜː.pənd (US) ˈpɝː- **-s** -z
perpendicular ˌpɜː.pᵊnˈdɪk.jʊ.ləʳ,
-kjə- (US) ˌpɝː.pənˈdɪk.juː.lɚ, -jə-
-s -z **-ly** -li
perpendicularity
ˌpɜː.pᵊnˌdɪk.jəˈlær.ə.ti, -jʊˈ-, -ɪ.ti
(US) ˌpɝː.pənˌdɪk.juːˈler.ə.t̬i, -jəˈ-,
-ˈlær-
perpe|trate ˈpɜː.pɪ|.treɪt, -pə-
(US) ˈpɝː.pə|.treɪt **-trates** -treɪts
-trating -treɪ.tɪŋ (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-trated -treɪ.tɪd (US) -treɪ.t̬ɪd
-trator/s -treɪ.təʳ/z (US) -treɪ.t̬ɚ/z
perpetration ˌpɜː.pɪˈtreɪ.ʃᵊn, -pəˈ-
(US) ˌpɝː.pəˈ- **-s** -z
perpetual pəˈpetʃ.u.əl, -ˈpet.ju-
(US) pɚˈpetʃ.u- **-ly** -i
perpetu|ate pəˈpetʃ.u|.eɪt, pɜː-,
-ˈpet.ju- (US) pɚˈpetʃ.u- **-ates** -eɪts
-ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
(US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
perpetuation pəˌpetʃ.uˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, pɜː-,
-ˌpet.juˈ- (US) ˌpɚ.petʃ.uˈ- **-s** -z
perpetuit|y ˌpɜː.pɪˈtjuː.ə.t|i, -pəˈ-,
-ɪ.t|i (US) ˌpɝː.pəˈtuː.ə.t̬|i, -ˈtjuː-
-ies -iz
perpetuum mobile
pəˌpetʃ.u.ʊmˈməʊ.bɪ.leɪ, pɜː-,
-ˌpet.ju-, -əmˈ-
(US) pɚˌpetʃ.ə.wəmˈmoʊ-
Perpignan ˈpɜː.piː.njɑ̃ːŋ, ˈpeə-, ˌ--ˈ-
(US) ˌper.piːˈnjɑ̃ːŋ
perplex pəˈpleks (US) pɚ- **-es** -ɪz
-ing/ly -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-edly** -ɪd.li, -t.li
-edness -ɪd.nəs, -t.nəs, -nɪs
perplexit|y pəˈplek.sə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
(US) pɚˈplek.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
perquisite ˈpɜː.kwɪ.zɪt, -kwə-
(US) ˈpɝː.kwɪ- **-s** -s
per quod ˌpɜːˈkwɒd (US) ˌpɝːˈkwɑːd
Perrault ˈper.əʊ, -ˈ- (US) perˈoʊ
Perrett ˈper.ɪt
Perrier® ˈper.i.eɪ (US) -eɪ, ˌ--ˈ-
perrin (P) ˈper.ɪn
perr|y (P) ˈper|.i **-ies** -iz
Perse pɜːs (US) pɝːs
per se ˌpɜːˈseɪ (US) ˌpɝː-
perse|cute ˈpɜː.sɪ|.kjuːt, -sə-
(US) ˈpɝː.sɪ- **-cutes** -kjuːts **-cuting**
-kjuː.tɪŋ (US) -kjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-cuted**
-kjuː.tɪd (US) -kjuː.t̬ɪd **-cutor/s**
-kjuː.təʳ/z (US) -kjuː.t̬ɚ/z
persecution ˌpɜː.sɪˈkjuː.ʃᵊn, -səˈ-
(US) ˌpɝː.sɪˈ- **-s** -z
Persephone pɜːˈsef.ᵊn.i, pə- (US) pɚ-
Persepolis pɜːˈsep.ᵊl.ɪs, pə- (US) pɚ-
Perseus ˈpɜː.si.əs, ˈ-sjuːs (US) ˈpɝː-
persever|ate pəˈsev.ᵊr|.eɪt, pɜː-
(US) pɚˈsev.ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating**
-eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd
(US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
perseveration pəˌsev.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, pɜː-
(US) pɚˌsev.əˈreɪ-
persever|e ˌpɜː.sɪˈvɪəʳ, -səˈ-
(US) ˌpɝː.səˈvɪr **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li
-ed -d **-ance** -ᵊnts
Pershing ˈpɜː.ʃɪŋ (US) ˈpɝː-
Pershore ˈpɜː.ʃɔːʳ (US) ˈpɝː.ʃɔːr
Persi|a ˈpɜː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə (US) ˈpɝː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə
-an/s -ən/z
persiflage ˈpɜː.sɪ.flɑːʒ, ˈpeə-, -sə-,
ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈpɝː.sɪ-
Persil® ˈpɜː.sɪl, -sᵊl (US) ˈpɝː-
persimmon (P) pəˈsɪm.ən, pɜː-
(US) pɚ- **-s** -z
persist pəˈsɪst (US) pɚ- **-s** -s **-ing/ly**
-ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd
persisten|ce pəˈsɪs.tᵊnt|s (US) pɚ-
-cy -si
persistent pəˈsɪs.tᵊnt (US) pɚ- **-ly** -li
persnickety pəˈsnɪk.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
(US) pɚˈsnɪk.ə.t̬i
person ˈpɜː.sᵊn (US) ˈpɝː- **-s** -z
person|a pəˈsəʊ.n|ə, pɜː- (US) pɚˈsoʊ-
-ae -iː, -aɪ
personable ˈpɜː.sᵊn.ə.bᵊl (US) ˈpɝː-
personag|e ˈpɜː.sᵊn.ɪdʒ (US) ˈpɝː-
-es -ɪz
personal ˈpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl, ˈpɜːs.nᵊl
(US) ˈpɝː.sᵊn.ᵊl, ˈpɝːs.nᵊl **-ly** -i
**ˌpersonal asˈsistant; ˈpersonal
ˌcolumn; ˌpersonal comˈputer;
ˌpersonal ˈhygiene; ˌpersonal
ˈstereo**
personalit|y ˌpɜː.sᵊnˈæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
(US) ˌpɝː.sᵊnˈæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
personalization, -isa-
ˌpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ-
(US) ˌpɝː.sᵊn.ᵊl.ɪˈ-
personaliz|e, -is|e ˈpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz
(US) ˈpɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
personalt|y ˈpɜː.sᵊn.ᵊl.t|i
(US) ˈpɝː.sᵊn.ᵊl.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
persona non grata
pəˌsəʊ.nə.nɒnˈgrɑː.tə, pɜː-, -nəʊnˈ-
(US) pɚˌsoʊ.nə.nɑːnˈgrɑː.t̬ə, -ˈgræt̬.ə
person|ate ˈpɜː.sᵊn|.eɪt (US) ˈpɝː-
-ates -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s**
-eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
personation ˌpɜː.sᵊnˈeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌpɝː-
-s -s
personification pəˌsɒn.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn,
pɜː-, ˌ-ə- (US) pɚˌsɑː.nɪ- **-s** -z
personi|fy pəˈsɒn.ɪ|.faɪ, pɜː-, ˈ-ə-
(US) pɚˈsɑː.nɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying**
-faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
personnel ˌpɜː.sᵊnˈel (US) ˌpɝː- **-s** -z

person'nel ˌmanager
person-to-person ˌpɜː.sᵊn.tə'pɜː.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.sᵊn.tə'pɝː.sᵊn
perspective pə'spek.tɪv, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- -s -z -ly -li
Perspex® 'pɜː.speks ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
perspicacious ˌpɜː.spɪ'keɪ.ʃəs, -spə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.spɪ'- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
perspicacity ˌpɜː.spɪ'kæs.ə.ti, -spə'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.spɪ'kæs.ə.ṭi
perspicuity ˌpɜː.spɪ'kjuː.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.spɪ'kjuː.ə.ṭi
perspicuous pə'spɪk.ju.əs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
perspiration ˌpɜː.spᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.spə'reɪ-
perspir|e pə'spaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ pɚ'spaɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
per stirpes ˌpɜː'stɜː.piːz ⓤⓢ pɚ'stɝː-
persuad|e pə'sweɪd ⓤⓢ pɚ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
persuasion pə'sweɪ.ʒᵊn ⓤⓢ pɚ- -s -z
persuasive pə'sweɪ.sɪv, -zɪv ⓤⓢ pɚ'sweɪ.sɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pert pɜːt ⓤⓢ pɝːt -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.ṭɚ -est -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.ṭɪst, -ṭəst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pertain pə'teɪn, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Perth pɜːθ ⓤⓢ pɝːθ -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
pertinacious ˌpɜː.tɪ'neɪ.ʃəs, -tə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.tᵊn'eɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pertinacity ˌpɜː.tɪ'næs.ə.ti, -tə'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.tᵊn'æs.ə.ṭi
pertinen|ce 'pɜː.tɪ.nənt|s, -tə- ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.tᵊn.ᵊnt|s -cy -si
pertinent 'pɜː.tɪ.nənt, -tə- ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.tᵊn.ᵊnt -ly -li
perturb pə'tɜːb, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'tɝːb -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
perturbation ˌpɜː.tə'beɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɜː'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɝː.ṭɚ'- -s -z
pertussis pə'tʌs.ɪs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ-
Pertwee 'pɜː.twiː ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
Peru pə'ruː, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə-
Perugia pə'ruː.dʒə, pɪ-, per'uː-, -dʒi.ə ⓤⓢ per'uː.dʒɑː, -dʒi.ə
Perugino ˌper.u'dʒiː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
peruke pə'ruːk, pɪ-, per'uːk ⓤⓢ pə'ruːk -s -s
perusal pə'ruː.zᵊl, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə'ruː- -s -z
perus|e pə'ruːz, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə'ruːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Peruvian pə'ruː.vi.ən, pɪ-, per'uː- ⓤⓢ pə'ruː- -s -z
pervad|e pə'veɪd, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
pervasion pə'veɪ.ʒᵊn, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ-
pervasive pə'veɪ.sɪv, pɜː-, -zɪv ⓤⓢ pɚ'veɪ.sɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
perverse pə'vɜːs, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ'vɝːs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
perversion pə'vɜː.ʃᵊn, pɜː-, -ʒᵊn ⓤⓢ pɚ'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z
perversit|y pə'vɜː.sə.t|i, pɜː-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ pɚ'vɝː.sə.ṭ|i -ies -iz

pervert (*n.*) 'pɜː.vɜːt ⓤⓢ 'pɝː.vɝːrt -s -s
per|vert (*v.*) pə|'vɜːt, pɜː- ⓤⓢ pɚ|'vɝːt -verts -'vɜːts ⓤⓢ -'vɝːts -verting -'vɜː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ṭɪŋ -verted -'vɜː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ṭɪd -verter/s -'vɜː.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ṭɚ/z
pervious 'pɜː.vi.əs ⓤⓢ 'pɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pesante pez'æn.teɪ ⓤⓢ pes'ɑːn-
Pescadores ˌpes.kə'dɔː.rɪz ⓤⓢ -'dɔːr.iːz, -ɪs
peseta pə'seɪ.tə, pɪ-, pes'eɪ- ⓤⓢ pə'seɪ.ṭə -s -z
pesewa pɪ'seɪ.wɑː ⓤⓢ 'pes.ə.wɑː; peɪ'seɪ- -s -z
Peshawar pə'ʃɔː.əʳ, peʃ'ɔː-, -'ɑː-, -wə ⓤⓢ peʃ'ɑː.wɚ, pə'ʃɑː-
peshwari peʃ'wɑː.ri
pesk|y 'pes.k|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
peso 'peɪ.səʊ ⓤⓢ -soʊ -s -z
pessar|y 'pes.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz
pessim|ism 'pes.ɪ.m|ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
pessimistic ˌpes.ɪ'mɪs.tɪk, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
pest (P) pest -s -s
Pestalozzi ˌpes.tə'lɒt.si ⓤⓢ -'lɑːt-
pest|er 'pes.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
pesticide 'pes.tɪ.saɪd ⓤⓢ -tə- -s -z
pestiferous pes'tɪf.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pestilenc|e 'pes.tɪ.lənts, -tᵊl.ənts ⓤⓢ -tᵊl.ənts -es -ɪz
pestilent 'pes.tɪ.lənt, -tᵊl.ənt ⓤⓢ -tᵊl.ənt -ly -li
pestilential ˌpes.tɪ'len.tʃᵊl, -tə'- ⓤⓢ -tə'len*t*.ʃᵊl -ly -i
pestl|e 'pes.ᵊl, -tᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'pes.lɪŋ, 'pest.lɪŋ -ed -d
pesto 'pes.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ
pestolog|y pes'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
pet pet -s -s -ting -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.ɪd
petal 'pet.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'peṭ- -s -z -(l)ed -d
pétanque peɪ'tɑ̃ːŋk
petard pet'ɑːd, pɪ'tɑːd, pə-; 'pet.ɑːd ⓤⓢ pɪ'tɑːrd -s -z ˌhoist by one's ˌown pe'tard
Pete piːt
pet|er (P) 'piː.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ṭ|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd ˌPeter 'Pan
Peterborough, -boro' 'piː.tə.bᵊr.ə, -ˌbʌr.ə ⓤⓢ -ṭɚˌbɚ.oʊ, -ə
Peterhead ˌpiː.tə'hed ⓤⓢ -ṭə'- *stress shift:* ˌPeterhead 'resident
Peterhouse 'piː.tə.haʊs ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ-
Peterlee ˌpiː.tə'liː, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌpiː.ṭɚ'liː, '---
Peters 'piː.təz ⓤⓢ -ṭɚz
Petersburg 'piː.təz.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -ṭɚz.bɝːg
Petersfield 'piː.təz.fiːld ⓤⓢ -ṭɚz-
petersham (P) 'piː.tə.ʃᵊm ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ- -s -z

Peterson, Petersen 'piː.tə.sᵊn ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ-
Pethick 'peθ.ɪk
petiole 'pet.i.əʊl, 'piː.ti- ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.i.oʊl -s -z
petit(s) bourgeois ˌpet.i'bɔː.ʒwɑː, -'bʊə- ⓤⓢ pəˌtiː.bʊr'ʒwɑː; ˌpeṭ.i-
petit bourgeoisie ˌpet.iˌbɔː.ʒwɑː'ziː, -ˌbʊə- ⓤⓢ pəˌtiː.bʊr-; ˌpeṭ.i-
petite pə'tiːt
petite bourgeoisie pəˌtiːtˌbɔː.ʒwɑː'zi, -ˌbʊə- ⓤⓢ -ˌbʊr-
petit four ˌpet.i'fɔːʳ, -fʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌpeṭ.i'fɔːr -s -z
petition pə'tɪʃ.ᵊn, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z
petit mal ˌpet.i'mæl ⓤⓢ pəˌtiː'mɑːl, -'mæl; ˌpeṭ.i'-
petit point ˌpet.i'pɔɪnt ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.iˌpɔɪnt
petit(s) pois ˌpet.i'pwɑː ⓤⓢ pəˌtiː'-, ˌpeṭ.i'-
Peto 'piː.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ
Petra 'pet.rə ⓤⓢ 'piː.trə, 'pet.rə
Petrarch 'pet.rɑːk ⓤⓢ 'piː.trɑːrk, 'pet.rɑːrk
Petrarchan pet'rɑː.kᵊn, pə'trɑː-, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pɪ'trɑːr-
Petre 'piː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ
petrel 'pet.rᵊl -s -z
petri dish 'pet.riˌdɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'piː.tri- -es -ɪz
Petrie 'piː.tri
petrifaction ˌpet.rɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -rə'-
petrification ˌpet.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə-
petri|fy 'pet.rɪ|.faɪ, -rə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
petrochem|ical ˌpet.rəʊ'kem|.ɪ.kᵊl -istry -ɪ.stri
petrodollar 'pet.rəʊˌdɒl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -roʊˌdɑː.lɚ -s -z
Petrograd 'pet.rəʊ.græd, -grɑːd ⓤⓢ -rə.græd
petrol 'pet.rᵊl 'petrol ˌpump; 'petrol ˌstation
petrolatum ˌpet.rə'leɪ.təm ⓤⓢ -ṭəm
petrol-bomb 'pet.rᵊl.bɒm ⓤⓢ -bɑːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
petroleum pə'trəʊ.li.əm, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə'troʊ- peˌtroleum 'jelly
petrolog|y pet'rɒl.ə.dʒ|i, pə'trɒl-, pɪ- ⓤⓢ pə'trɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
Petruchio pɪ'truː.ki.əʊ, pə-, pet'ruː-, -tʃi- ⓤⓢ pɪ'truː.ki.oʊ, pə-, -tʃi-
Petrushka pɪ'truːʃ.kə, pə-, pet'ruːʃ-
Pett pet
petticoat 'pet.ɪ.kəʊt ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.ɪ.koʊt -s -s
pettifogg|ing 'pet.ɪˌfɒg|.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.ɪˌfɑː.g|ɪŋ, -ˌfɔː- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Pettigrew 'pet.ɪ.gruː ⓤⓢ 'peṭ-
pettish 'pet.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'peṭ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Pettit 'pet.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'peṭ-
pettitoes 'pet.ɪ.təʊz ⓤⓢ 'peṭ.ɪ.toʊz
pett|y 'pet|.i ⓤⓢ 'peṭ- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness/es -ɪ.nəs/ɪz, -ɪ.nɪs/ɪz ˌpetty

Pronouncing the letters PH

The consonant digraph ph is usually pronounced as /f/, e.g.:

photo /ˈfəʊ.təʊ/ US /ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ/
alphabet /ˈæl.fə.bet/

However, the realisation /v/ can occur in some words, e.g.:

nephew /ˈnef.juː, ˈnev-/
Stephen /ˈstiː.vᵊn/

In addition

A much less common realisation of the consonant digraph ph is /p/, e.g.:

shepherd /ˈʃep.əd/ US /-ɚd/

Pharyngeal

Descriptive of a sound made by constricting the muscles of the pharynx (and usually also some of the LARYNX muscles) to create an obstruction to the airflow from the lungs.

Examples for English

English does not have any pharyngeal phonemes.

In other languages

The best known language that has pharyngeal consonants is Arabic, most dialects of which have voiced and voiceless fricatives.

ash; ˌpetty ˈofficer
ty bourgeois ˌpet.iˈbɔː.ʒwɑː, ʊə- US ˌpet̬.i.bʊrˈʒwɑː
ty bourgeoisie et.iˌbɔː.ʒwɑːˈziː, -ˌbʊə- ˌpet̬.iˌbʊr-
ula pɪˈtjuː.lə, pə-, petˈjuː- pəˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː-
ulan|ce ˈpet.jə.lənt|s, -jʊ-, etʃ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- US ˈpetʃ.ə- **-cy** -si
ulant ˈpet.jə.lənt, -jʊ-, ˈpetʃ.ə-, ʊ- US ˈpetʃ.ə- **-ly** -li
unia pɪˈtjuː.ni.ə, pə- pəˈtuː.njə, -ˈtjuː-, ˈ-ni.ə **-s** -z
worth ˈpet.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, ɝːθ
geot® ˈpɜː.ʒəʊ US pɝːˈʒoʊ, puː-, uː- **-s** -z
ensey ˈpev.ᵊn.zi
eril ˈpev.ᵊr.ɪl
sner ˈpevz.nəʳ US -nɚ
v pjuː **-s** -z
vit ˈpiː.wɪt US ˈpiː-, ˈpjuː.ɪt **-s** -s
vter ˈpjuː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
nell ˈpeɪ.nᵊl, -nel
yote peɪˈəʊ.ti US -ˈoʊ.t̬i **-s** -z
ton ˈpeɪ.tᵊn
iffer ˈfaɪ.fəʳ, ˈpfaɪ- US -fɚ
nnig ˈpfen.ɪg US ˈfen- **-s** -z
zer® ˈfaɪ.zəʳ US -zɚ
ˌpiːˈeɪtʃ
edo ˈfiː.dəʊ, ˈfaɪ- US ˈfiː.doʊ
edra ˈfiː.drə, ˈfaɪ- US ˈfiː-, ˈfed.rə
edrus ˈfiː.drəs, ˈfaɪ- US ˈfiː-
er feɪəʳ US feɪɚ, fer
ethon ˈfeɪ.ə.θən, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.θɑːn, ən
eton *carriage:* ˈfeɪ.tᵊn, -tɒn
US ˈfeɪ.ə.t̬ən, ˈfeɪ.tᵊn **-s** -z
Phaeton *Greek mythology:* ˈfeɪ.ə.tᵊn, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.tɑːn
phagocyte ˈfæg.əʊ.saɪt US -oʊ-, -ə- **-s** -s
phagocytosis ˌfæg.əʊ.saɪˈtəʊ.sɪs US -oʊ.saɪˈtoʊ-, ˌ-ə-
phalang|e ˈfæl.ændʒ; fəˈlændʒ US feɪˈlændʒ, fə-; ˈfæl.əndʒ **-es** -ɪz
phalanges (*alternative plur. of* **phalanx**) fælˈæn.dʒiːz, fəˈlæn- US fəˈlæn-, feɪˈlæn-
phalangist (P) fælˈæn.dʒɪst, fəˈlæn- US fəˈlæn-, feɪˈlæn- **-s** -s
phalanster|y ˈfæl.ən.stᵊr|.i US -ster- **-ies** -iz
phalanx ˈfæl.æŋks US ˈfeɪ.læŋks, ˈfæl.æŋks **-es** -ɪz **phalanges** fælˈæn.dʒiːz, fəˈlæn- US fə-, feɪ-
Phalaris ˈfæl.ə.rɪs
phalarope ˈfæl.ə.rəʊp US -roʊp **-s** -s
phallic ˈfæl.ɪk
phallicism ˈfæl.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm
phallocentric ˌfæl.əʊˈsen.trɪk US -oʊ-, -əˈ- *stress shift:* ˌphallocentric ˈculture
phall|us ˈfæl|.əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
phanerogam ˈfæn.ᵊr.əʊ.gæm, fəˈner- US ˈfæn.ə.roʊ-, -ɚ.ə-; fəˈner.oʊ-, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
phanerogamic ˌfæn.ᵊr.əʊˈgæm.ɪk, fəˌner- US ˌfæn.ə.roʊˈ-, -ɚ.əˈ-, fəˌner.oʊˈ-, -əˈ-
phanerogamous ˌfæn.ᵊrˈɒg.ə.məs US -əˈrɑː.gə-
phantasm ˈfæn.tæz.ᵊm **-s** -z
phantasmagoria ˌfæn.tæz.məˈgɔː.ri.ə, -təz-, -ˈgɒr.i- US -ˈgɔːr.i-
phantasmagoric ˌfæn.tæz.məˈgɒr.ɪk, -təz- US -ˈgɔːr.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl
phantasm|al fænˈtæz.m|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i **-ic** -ɪk
phantas|y ˈfæn.tə.s|i US -t̬ə- **-ies** -iz
phantom ˈfæn.təm US -t̬əm **-s** -z
pharaoh (P) ˈfeə.rəʊ US ˈfer.oʊ, ˈfær-, ˈfeɪ.roʊ **-s** -z
pharisaic (P) ˌfær.ɪˈseɪ.ɪk, -əˈ- US ˌfer.ɪˈ-, ˌfær- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
pharisaism (P) ˈfær.ɪ.seɪ.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə- US ˈfer.ɪ-, ˈfær-
pharisee (P) ˈfær.ɪ.siː, ˈ-ə- US ˈfer.ɪ-, ˈfær- **-s** -z
pharmaceutic ˌfɑː.məˈsjuː.tɪk, -ˈsuː-, -ˈkjuː- US ˌfɑːr.məˈsuː.t̬ɪk, -ˈsjuː- **-al/s** -ᵊl/z **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-s** -s
pharmacist ˈfɑː.mə.sɪst US ˈfɑːr- **-s** -s
pharmacolog|y ˌfɑː.məˈkɒl.ə.dʒ|i US ˌfɑːr.məˈkɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
pharmacop(o)ei|a ˌfɑː.mə.kəˈpiː|.ə, -kəʊˈ- US ˌfɑːr.məˈkoʊ- **-as** -əz **-al** -ᵊl
pharmac|y ˈfɑː.mə.s|i US ˈfɑːr- **-ies** -iz
Pharos ˈfeə.rɒs, ˈfær.ɒs US ˈfer.ɑːs
pharyngal fəˈrɪŋ.gᵊl, færˈɪŋ- US fəˈrɪŋ-
pharyngeal ˌfær.ɪnˈdʒiː.əl; fəˈrɪn.dʒi.əl, færˈɪn- US fəˈrɪn.dʒi-; ˌfer.ɪnˈdʒiː-, ˌfær-
pharynges (*plur. of* **pharynx**) færˈɪn.dʒiːz, fəˈrɪn- US fəˈrɪn-
pharyngitis ˌfær.ɪnˈdʒaɪ.tɪs, -təs US ˌfer.ɪnˈdʒaɪ.t̬ɪs, ˌfær-, -t̬əs
pharynx ˈfær.ɪŋks **-es** -ɪz **pharynges** færˈɪn.dʒiːz, fəˈrɪn- US fə-
phas|e feɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

phas|is 'feɪ.s|ɪs ⓤⓢ -s|ɪs, -z|ɪs **-es** -i:z
phatic 'fæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'fæṭ-
PhD ˌpi:.eɪtʃ'di: **-'s** -z
pheasant 'fez.ᵊnt **-s** -s
Phebe 'fi:.bi
Phelps felps
phenacetin fɪ'næs.ɪ.tɪn, fə-, fen'æs-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ fɪ'næs.ə-, -tən
Phenic|ia fɪ'nɪʃ|.ə, fə-, fi:-, -'ni:.ʃ|ə, -i|.ə ⓤⓢ fə'nɪʃ|.ə, -'ni:.ʃ|ə **-ian/s** -ᵊn/z
pheno- ˌfi:.nəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌfi:.noʊ, -nə
phenobarbitone ˌfi:.nəʊ'bɑ:.bɪ.təʊn, -bə- ⓤⓢ -noʊ'bɑ:r.bɪ.toʊn, -nə'-
phenol 'fi:.nɒl ⓤⓢ -noʊl, -nɔ:l, -nɑ:l
phenolphthalein ˌfi:.nɒlf'θæl.i:n, -nɒl'-, -'θeɪ.li-, -i.ɪn ⓤⓢ -noʊl'θæl.i:n, -noʊlf'-, -i:.ɪn
phenom fɪ'nɒm, fə- ⓤⓢ -'nɑ:m **-s** -z
phenomenologic|al fɪˌnɒm.ɪ.nə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, fə-, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ fəˌnɑ:.mə.nə'lɑ:.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
phenomenology fɪˌnɒm.ɪ'nɒl.ə.dʒi, fə-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ fəˌnɑ:.mə'nɑ:.lə-
phenomen|on fɪ'nɒm.ɪ.n|ən, fə-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ fə'nɑ:.mə.n|ɑ:n, -n|ən **-a** -ə **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i
phenotype 'fi:.nəʊ.taɪp ⓤⓢ -noʊ-, -nə-
pheromonal 'fer.ə.məʊ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌfer.ə'moʊ-
pheromon|e 'fer.ə.məʊn ⓤⓢ -moʊn **-es** -s
phew ɸ:, pɸ:, fju:
Note: Expression of surprise, or exclamation indicating that the speaker is hot. It may be a non-verbal exclamation, or have a spelling-based pronunciation /fju:/.
phi faɪ **-s** -z
phial faɪəl **-s** -z
Phi Beta Kappa ˌfaɪˌbi:.tə'kæp.ə ⓤⓢ -ˌbeɪ.ṭə'-, -ˌbi:-
Phidias 'faɪ.di.æs, 'fɪd.i- ⓤⓢ 'fɪd.i.əs
Phidippides faɪ'dɪp.ɪ.di:z
Phil fɪl
Philadelphi|a ˌfɪl.ə'del.fi|.ə ⓤⓢ -fi|.ə, -fj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
philand|er fɪ'læn.d|əʳ, fə- ⓤⓢ fɪ'læn.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
philanthrope 'fɪl.ən.θrəʊp, -æn- ⓤⓢ -ən.θroʊp **-s** -s
philanthropic ˌfɪl.ən'θrɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ -æn'-, -ən'θrɑ:.pɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
philanthrop|y fɪ'lænt.θrə.p|i, fə- ⓤⓢ fə-, fɪ-, -θroʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Philaster fɪ'læs.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ
philatelic ˌfɪl.ə'tel.ɪk *stress shift:* ˌphilatelic 'club
philatel|y fɪ'læt.ᵊl|.i, fə- ⓤⓢ -'læṭ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Philbrick 'fɪl.brɪk
Philby 'fɪl.bi
-phile, -phil faɪl ⓤⓢ faɪl, fɪl
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **francophile** /'fræŋ.kəʊ.faɪl ⓤⓢ -koʊ-/.
Philemon fɪ'li:.mɒn, faɪ-, fə-, -mən ⓤⓢ fɪ'li:.mən, faɪ-
Philharmonia ˌfɪl.*h*ɑ:'məʊ.ni.ə, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -hɑ:r'moʊ-, -ɚ'-
philharmonic (P) ˌfɪl.*h*ɑ:'mɒn.ɪk, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -hɑ:r'mɑ:.nɪk, -ɚ'- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌphilharmonic 'orchestra
philhellene fɪl'hel.i:n, '--- ⓤⓢ fɪl'hel- **-s** -z
philhellenic ˌfɪl.hel'i:.nɪk, -hə'li:-, -'len.ɪk ⓤⓢ -hə'len.ɪk
philhellenism fɪl'hel.ɪ.nɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə-
-philia 'fɪl.i.ə ⓤⓢ 'fɪl.i.ə, '-jə
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-philia** are normally stressed on /-'fɪl-/, e.g. **haemophilia** /ˌhi:.mə'fɪl.i.ə ⓤⓢ -moʊ'-/.
-philiac 'fɪl.i.æk
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-philiac** are normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **haemophiliac** /ˌhi:.mə'fɪl.i.æk ⓤⓢ -moʊ'-/.
Philip 'fɪl.ɪp **-s** -s
Philippa 'fɪl.ɪ.pə, '-ə-
Philippi fɪ'lɪp.aɪ, fə-; 'fɪl.ɪ.paɪ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ fɪ'lɪp.aɪ
Philippian fɪ'lɪp.i.ən, fə- **-s** -z
philippic fɪ'lɪp.ɪk, fə- **-s** -s
Philippine 'fɪl.ɪ.pi:n, '-ə-, -paɪn, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'fɪl.ə.pi:n **-s** -z
Philippoussis ˌfɪl.ɪ'pu:.sɪs, -ə'-
Philipps 'fɪl.ɪps
Philistia fɪ'lɪs.ti.ə, fə- ⓤⓢ fə-
philistine (P) 'fɪl.ɪ.staɪn, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'fɪl.ɪ.sti:n, -staɪn; fɪ'lɪs.tɪn, -ti:n **-s** -z
philistinism 'fɪl.ɪ.stɪ.nɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'fɪl.ɪ.sti:-, -staɪ-; fɪ'lɪs.tɪ-
Phillies 'fɪl.iz
Phillimore 'fɪl.ɪ.mɔ:ʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔ:r
Phillip(p)s 'fɪl.ɪps
Phillpot 'fɪl.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑ:t **-s** -s
phillumenist fɪ'lu:.mə.nɪst, fə-, -'lju:-, -mɪ- ⓤⓢ -'lu:.mə- **-s** -s
philo- fɪl.əʊ; fɪ'lɒ, fə- ⓤⓢ fɪl.oʊ, -ə; fɪ'lɑ:, fə-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **philosophic** /ˌfɪl.ə'sɒf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'sɑ:.fɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **philosophy** /fɪ'lɒs.ə.fi ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.sə-/.
Philoctetes ˌfɪl.ək'ti:.ti:z, -ɒk'- ⓤⓢ -ək'-, -ɑ:k'-
philodendron ˌfɪl.ə'den.drən **-s** -z
philologic ˌfɪl.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.dʒɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
philolog|y fɪ'lɒl.ə.dʒ|i, fə- ⓤⓢ fɪ'lɑ:.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Philomel 'fɪl.əʊ.mel ⓤⓢ -oʊ- **-s** -z
Philomela ˌfɪl.əʊ'mi:.lə ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
Philomena ˌfɪl.əʊ'mi:.nə ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
philosopher fɪ'lɒs.ə.fəʳ, fə- ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.sə.fɚ **-s** -z
philosophic ˌfɪl.ə'sɒf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'sɑ:.fɪk, -oʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌphilosophic 'view
philosoph|ism fɪ'lɒs.ə.f|ɪ.zᵊm, fə- ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.sə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
philosophiz|e, -is|e fɪ'lɒs.ə.faɪz, fə- ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.sə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
philosoph|y fɪ'lɒs.ə.f|i, fə- ⓤⓢ -'lɑ:.sə- **-ies** -iz
Philostratus fɪ'lɒs.trə.təs, fə- ⓤⓢ fɪ'lɑ:.strə.ṭəs
Philotas 'fɪl.ə.tæs
Philpot 'fɪl.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑ:t
Philpotts 'fɪl.pɒts ⓤⓢ -pɑ:ts
philtre, philter 'fɪl.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ **-s** -z
Phineas 'fɪn.i.əs, -æs ⓤⓢ -əs
Phipps fɪps
phish|ing 'fɪʃ|.ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
phiz (P) fɪz
Phizackerley fɪ'zæk.ᵊl.i, fə- ⓤⓢ -ɚ.li
phizog 'fɪz.ɒg ⓤⓢ -ɑ:g
phlebitic flɪ'bɪt.ɪk, fleb'ɪt- ⓤⓢ fli:'bɪṭ.ɪk, flɪ-
phlebitis flɪ'baɪ.tɪs, fleb'aɪ-, -təs ⓤⓢ fli:'baɪ.ṭɪs, flɪ-, -ṭəs
phlebotomy flɪ'bɒt.ə.mi, fleb'ɒt- ⓤⓢ fli:'bɑ:.ṭə-, flɪ-
Phlegethon 'fleg.ɪ.θɒn, '-ə-, -θən ⓤⓢ -ɪ.θɑ:n, 'fledʒ-
phlegm flem **-s** -z
phlegmatic fleg'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæṭ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
phloem 'fləʊ.em, -ɪm ⓤⓢ 'floʊ.em
phlogistic flɒdʒ'ɪs.tɪk, flɒg-, flə'dʒɪs-, flə'gɪs- ⓤⓢ floʊ'dʒɪs-
phlogiston flɒdʒ'ɪs.tən, flɒg-, flə'dʒɪs-, flə'gɪs-, -tɒn ⓤⓢ floʊ'dʒɪs.tɑ:n, -tən
phlox flɒks ⓤⓢ flɑ:ks **-es** -ɪz
Phnom Penh ˌnɒm'pen, pəˌnɒm-' ⓤⓢ ˌnɑ:m'pen
-phobe fəʊb ⓤⓢ foʊb
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **technophobe** /'tek.nəʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -nə.foʊb/.
phob|ia 'fəʊ.b|i.ə ⓤⓢ 'foʊ- **-ias** -i.əz **-ic** -ɪk
-phobia 'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.bi.ə
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-phobia** are normally stressed on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **arachnophobia** /əˌræk.nəʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -'foʊ-/.
-phobic 'fəʊ.bɪk ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.bɪk
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-phobic** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **claustrophobic** /ˌklɔ:.strə'fəʊ.bɪk ⓤⓢ ˌklɑ:.strə'foʊ-/.
Phocian 'fəʊ.ʃi.ən, -si- ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.si- **-s** -z
Phocion 'fəʊ.si.ən, -ɒn ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.si.ɑ:n
Phocis 'fəʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ 'foʊ-
Phoebe 'fi:.bi
Phoebus 'fi:.bəs
Phoenic|ia fɪ'nɪʃ|.ə, fə-, fi:-, -'ni:.ʃ|ə, -i|.ə ⓤⓢ fə'nɪʃ|.ə, -'ni:.ʃ|ə **-ian/s** -ᵊn/z
phoenix (P) 'fi:.nɪks **-es** -ɪz
phon fɒn ⓤⓢ fɑ:n **-s** -z

Phone

unit at the phonetic level in the study of speech. The term PHONEME is very widely used for a contrastive unit of sound in nguage. However, a term is also needed for a unit at the ionetic level, since there is not always a one-to-one rrespondence between units at the two levels.

Examples for English

The English word *can't* is phonemically /kɑːnt/ in British English and /kænt/ in US English (4 phonemic units), but may be pronounced [kɑ̃ːt] or [kæ̃t] with the nasal consonant phoneme absorbed into the preceding vowel as NASALISATION (3 phonetic units).

Phoneme

fundamental unit of phonology, usually said to be the nallest unit of speech. It has been defined and used in many fferent ways.

xamples for English

rtually all theories of phonology hold that spoken language n be broken down into a string of sound units (phonemes), d that each language has a small, relatively fixed set of ese phonemes. Most phonemes can be put into groups; r example, in English we can identify a group of PLOSIVE ionemes /p t k b d g/, a group of voiceless FRICATIVES θ s ʃ h/, and so on.

 important question in phoneme theory is how the alyst can establish what the phonemes of a language are.

The most widely accepted view is that phonemes are 'contrastive' and one must find cases where the difference between two words is dependent on the difference between two phonemes. For example, we can prove that the difference between *pin* and *pan* depends on the vowel, and that /ɪ/ and /æ/ are different phonemes.

Pairs of words that differ in just one phoneme are known as 'minimal pairs'. We can establish the same fact about /p/ and /b/ by citing *pin* and *bin*.

Tests like these are called 'commutation tests' and can only be carried out when a provisional list of possible phonemes has been established, so some basic phonetic analysis must precede this stage.

naesthesia ˌfəʊ.nɪs'θiː.zi.ə, s'-, -nəs'-, -ʒi.ə, -ʒə ˌfoʊ.nɪs'θiː.ʒə, -niːs'-, -nəs'-
nate fəʊ|'neɪt ⓤⓢ 'foʊ|.neɪt tes -'neɪts ⓤⓢ -neɪt **-nating** eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -'neɪ.tɪd -neɪ.t̬ɪd
nation fəʊ'neɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ foʊ-
natory 'fəʊ.nə.tər.i, fəʊ'neɪ- 'foʊ.nə.tɔːr-
n|e fəʊn ⓤⓢ foʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ -d **'phone ˌbook; 'phone ˌbooth; one ˌbox; 'phone ˌcall**
necard 'fəʊn.kɑːd, 'fəʊŋ- 'foʊn.kɑːrd **-s** -z
ne-in 'fəʊn.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'foʊn- **-s** -z
nematic ˌfəʊ.nɪ'mæt.ɪk, -niː'- ˌfoʊ.nɪ'mæt̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
neme 'fəʊ.niːm ⓤⓢ 'foʊ- **-s** -z
nemic fəʊ'niː.mɪk ⓤⓢ foʊ-, fə- s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
nemicist fəʊ'niː.mɪ.sɪst, -mə- foʊ-, fə- **-s** -s
ne-tapping 'fəʊnˌtæp.ɪŋ 'foʊn-
netic fəʊ'net.ɪk ⓤⓢ foʊ'net̬-, fə- **ly** -əl.i, -li -s -s
netician ˌfəʊ.nɪ'tɪʃ.ən, ˌfɒn.ɪ'-, - ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ.nə'- **-s** -z
neticiz|e, -is|e fəʊ'net.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ foʊ'net̬-, fə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
phonetist 'fəʊ.nɪ.tɪst, -nə-, -net.ɪst ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.nə.t̬ɪst **-s** -s
phon|ey 'fəʊ.n|i ⓤⓢ 'foʊ- **-ier** -i.ər ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-eys** -iz **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
phonic 'fɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'fɑː.nɪk
phonics 'fɒn.ɪks ⓤⓢ 'fɑː.nɪks
phono- fəʊ.nəʊ, fɒn.əʊ; fəʊ'nɒ ⓤⓢ foʊ.nə, fɑː-, -noʊ; foʊ'nɑː, fə-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **phonogram** /'fəʊ.nə.græm ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.nə-/, **phonographic** /ˌfəʊ.nə'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ.nə'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **phonology** /fəʊ'nɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ fə'nɑː.lə-/.
phonogram 'fəʊ.nə.græm ⓤⓢ 'foʊ- **-s** -z
phonograph 'fəʊ.nə.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.nə.græf **-s** -s
phonographer fəʊ'nɒg.rə.fər ⓤⓢ foʊ'nɑː.grə.fɚ, fə- **-s** -z
phonographic ˌfəʊ.nə'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌphonographic 'system
phonographist fəʊ'nɒg.rə.fɪst ⓤⓢ foʊ'nɑː.grə-, fə- **-s** -s
phonography fəʊ'nɒg.rə.fi ⓤⓢ foʊ'nɑː.grə-, fə-
phonological ˌfəʊ.nə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kəl, ˌfɒn.ə'-, -əl'ɒdʒ- ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ.nə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -noʊ'- **-ly** -i *stress shift:* ˌphonological 'theory
phonologist fəʊ'nɒl.ə.dʒɪst ⓤⓢ fə'nɑː.lə-, foʊ- **-s** -s
phonolog|y fəʊ'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ fə'nɑː.lə-, foʊ- **-ies** -iz
phonotactic ˌfəʊ.nəʊ'tæk.tɪk, ˌfɒn.əʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌfoʊ.nə'-, -noʊ'- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌphonotactic 'rules
phonotype 'fəʊ.nəʊ.taɪp ⓤⓢ 'foʊ.nə-, -noʊ- **-s** -s
phon|y 'fəʊ.n|i ⓤⓢ 'foʊ- **-ier** -i.ər ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-ies** -iz **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
phooey 'fuː.i
phosgene 'fɒz.dʒiːn, 'fɒs- ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs-, 'fɑːz-
phosphate 'fɒs.feɪt, -fɪt, -fət ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs.feɪt **-s** -s
phosphene 'fɒs.fiːn ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs-, 'fɑːz- **-s** -z
phosphide 'fɒs.faɪd ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs- **-s** -z
phosphite 'fɒs.faɪt ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs- **-s** -s
phospho- ˌfɒs.fəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌfɑːs.foʊ, -fə
phosphor 'fɒs.fər ⓤⓢ 'fɑːs.fɚ, -fɔːr **-s** -z
phosphoresc|e ˌfɒs.fər'es

Phonetics

The scientific study of speech. It has a long history, going back certainly to well over two thousand years ago. The central concerns in phonetics are the discovery of how speech sounds are produced, how they are used in spoken language, how we can record speech sounds with written symbols and how we hear and recognise different sounds.

In the first of these areas, when we study the production of speech sounds we can observe what speakers do ('articulatory' observation) and we can try to feel what is going on inside our vocal tract ('kinaesthetic' observation). The second area is where phonetics overlaps with PHONOLOGY: usually in phonetics we are only interested in sounds that are used in meaningful speech, and phoneticians are interested in discovering the range and variety of sounds used in this way in all the known languages of the world. This is sometimes known as 'linguistic phonetics'. Thirdly, there has always been a need for agreed conventions for using phonetic symbols that represent speech sounds; the International Phonetic Association has played a very important role in this. Finally, the 'auditory' aspect of speech is very important. The ear is capable of making fine discrimination between different sounds, and sometimes it is not possible to define in articulatory terms precisely what the difference is. A good example of this is in vowel classification. While it is important to know the position and shape of the tongue and lips, it is often very important to have been trained in an agreed set of standard auditory qualities that vowels can be reliably related to (see CARDINAL VOWEL). Another important area is acoustic phonetics which studies the physical properties of speech sounds.

Phonology

The study of the sound systems of languages.

The most basic activity in phonology is 'phonemic analysis', in which the objective is to establish what the PHONEMES are and arrive at the 'phonemic inventory' of the language. Very few phonologists have ever believed that this would be an adequate analysis of the sound system of a language: it is necessary to go beyond this. One can look at 'suprasegmental' phonology – the study of STRESS, RHYTHM and INTONATION. One can go beyond the phoneme and look into the detailed characteristics of each unit in terms of 'distinctive features'. The way in which sounds can combine in a language is studied in 'phonotactics' and in the analysis of syllable structure.

For some phonologists the most important area is the relationships between the different phonemes – how they form groups, the nature of the contrasts between them and how those oppositions may be neutralised (see NEUTRALISATION). For others, the most important activity is to discover the rules which affect the phonemes of the language and the way they are produced, and to express these rules as economically as possible.

(US) ˌfɑːs.fəˈres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
phosphorescence ˌfɒs.fᵊrˈes.ᵊnts (US) ˌfɑːs.fəˈres-
phosphorescent ˌfɒs.fᵊrˈes.ᵊnt (US) ˌfɑːs.fəˈres- *stress shift:* ˌphosphorescent ˈink
phosphoric fɒsˈfɒr.ɪk (US) fɑːsˈfɔːr-
phosphorous ˈfɒs.fᵊr.əs (US) ˈfɑːs-; fɑːsˈfɔːr-
phosphorus ˈfɒs.fᵊr.əs (US) ˈfɑːs-
phossy ˈfɒs.i (US) ˈfɑː.si
photic ˈfəʊ.tɪk (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬ɪk
photo ˈfəʊ.təʊ (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ **-s** -z ˌphoto ˈ**finish**
photocall ˈfəʊ.təʊ.kɔːl (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ- **-s** -z
photocell ˈfəʊ.təʊ.sel (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ- **-s** -z
photochemical ˌfəʊ.təʊˈkem.ɪ.kᵊl (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ-
photochrome ˈfəʊ.təʊ.krəʊm (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ.kroʊm **-s** -z
photocompos|e ˌfəʊ.təʊ.kəmˈpəʊz (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ.kəmˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
photocomposition ˌfəʊ.təʊˌkɒm.pəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˌkɑːm.pəˈ- **-s** -z
photocopiable ˈfəʊ.təʊˌkɒp.i.ə.bᵊl, ˌ-jə.bᵊl (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊˌkɑː.pi.ə.bᵊl, -t̬əˌ-, ˌ-pjə.bᵊl
photocopier ˈfəʊ.təʊˌkɒp.i.əʳ, ˌfəʊ.təʊˈkɒp.i.əʳ (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊˌkɑː.pi.ɚ, -t̬əˌ- **-s** -z
photocop|y ˈfəʊ.təʊˌkɒp|.i (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊˌkɑː.p|i, -t̬əˌ- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
photoelectric ˌfəʊ.təʊ.ɪˈlek.trɪk (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ- *stress shift:* ˌphoto-electric ˈcell
photo-essay ˈfəʊ.təʊˌes.eɪ (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ- **-s** -z
Photofit® ˈfəʊ.təʊ.fɪt (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ-
photogenic ˌfəʊ.təʊˈdʒen.ɪk, -ˈdʒiː.nɪk (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈdʒen.ɪk, -t̬əˈ- *stress shift:* ˌphotogenic ˈperson
photogrammetr|ist ˌfəʊ.təʊˈgræm.ə.tr|ɪst, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ- **-ists** -ɪsts **-y** -i
photograph ˈfəʊ.tə.grɑːf, -græf (US) ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ.græf, -t̬ə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
photographer fəˈtɒg.rə.fəʳ (US) -ˈtɑː.grə.fɚ **-s** -z
photographic ˌfəʊ.təˈgræf.ɪk (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬əˈ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌphotographic ˈmodel
photography fəˈtɒg.rə.fi (US) -ˈtɑː.grə-
photogravure ˌfəʊ.təʊ.grəˈvjʊəʳ, -ˈvjɔːʳ (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ.grəˈvjʊr, -t̬ə- **-s** -z
photojournal|ism ˌfəʊ.təʊˈdʒɜː.nᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈdʒɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
photomontag|e ˌfəʊ.təʊ.mɒnˈtɑːʒ (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ.mɑːnˈ- **-es** -ɪz
photon ˈfəʊ.tɒn (US) ˈfoʊ.tɑːn **-s** -z
photo-opportunit|y ˌfəʊ.təʊˌɒp.əˈtjuː.nə.t|i, -ˈtʃuː-, -nɪ- (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˌɑː.pɚˈtuː.nə.t̬|i, -ˈtjuː- **-ies** -iz
photosensitive ˌfəʊ.təʊˈsent.sɪ.tɪv, -sə- (US) ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈsent.sə-
photosensitivity ˌfəʊ.təʊˌsent.sɪˈtɪv.ə.ti, -səˈ-, -ə.ti

ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˌsent.səˈt̬ɪv.ə.t̬i
tosensitiz|e, -is|e
ʊ.təʊˈsent.sɪ.taɪz
ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈsent.sə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
d -d
tosphere ˈfəʊ.təʊ.sfɪəʳ
ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ.sfɪr -s -z
to|stat® ˈfəʊ.təʊl.stæt
ˈfoʊ.t̬oʊ-, -t̬ə- -stats -stæts
atting -stæt.ɪŋ (US) -stæt̬.ɪŋ
atted -stæt.ɪd (US) -stæt̬.ɪd
tostatic ˌfəʊ.təʊˈstæt.ɪk
ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈstæt̬.ɪk, -t̬ə- *stress shift:*
otostatic ˈcopy
tosynthesis
ʊ.təʊˈsɪnt.θə.sɪs, -θɪ-
ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈ-, -t̬əˈ-
tosynthesiz|e, -is|e
ʊ.təʊˈsɪnt.θə.saɪz, -θɪ- (US)
ʊ.t̬oʊˈ-, -t̬əˈ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tosynthetic ˌfəʊ.təʊ.sɪnˈθet.ɪk
ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊ.sɪnˈθet̬-, -t̬ə- -ally -əl.i,

totropic ˌfəʊ.təʊˈtrɒp.ɪk
ˌfoʊ.t̬oʊˈtrɑː.pɪk, -t̬əˈ-, -ˈtroʊ-
ly -əl.i (US) -li
totropism fəʊˈtɒt.rə.pɪ.zəm;
ʊ.təʊˈtrəʊ- (US) foʊˈtɑː.trə- -s -z
sal ˈfreɪ.zəl -s -z ˌ**phrasal ˈverb**
as|e freɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rase ˌbook
aseologic ˌfreɪ.zi.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk
-ˈlɑː.dʒɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
aseolog|y ˌfreɪ.ziˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i
-ˈɑː.lə- -ies -iz
enetic frəˈnet.ɪk, frɪ-, frenˈet-
frɪˈnet̬-, frə- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
enic ˈfren.ɪk
enologic|al ˌfren.əlˈɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl
-əˈlɑː.dʒɪ- -ally -əl.i, -li
enolog|y frɪˈnɒl.ə.dʒ|i, frə-,
nˈɒl- (US) frɪˈnɑː.lə-, frə- -ist/s
:/s
g|ia ˈfrɪdʒ|.i.ə -ian/s -i.ən/z
-i.ən/z, -jən/z
ne ˈfraɪ.ni
alic ˈθæl.ɪk, ˈfθæl-, ˈθeɪ.lɪk
ˈθæl-, ˈfθæl-
isis ˈθaɪ.sɪs, ˈfθaɪ- (US) ˈθaɪ-, ˈtaɪ-,
aɪ-
ket ˌpuːˈket
t fʌt
acter|y fɪˈlæk.tər|.i -ies -iz
lis ˈfɪl.ɪs
lo ˈfaɪ.ləʊ, ˈfiː-, ˈfɪl.əʊ (US) ˈfiː.loʊ,
-ˌ**phyllo ˈpastry** (US) ˈ**phyllo**
stry
loxer|a fɪˈlɒk.sər|.ə;
.ɒkˈsɪə.r|ə (US) fɪˈlɑːk.sɚ|.ə;
.ɑːkˈsɪr|- -ae -iː -as -əz
|um ˈfaɪ.l|əm -a -ə
siatric ˌfɪz.iˈæt.rɪk -s -s -al -əl
siatricist ˌfɪz.iˈæt.rɪ.sɪst, -rə-
s
sic ˈfɪz.ɪk -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t
sic|al ˈfɪz.ɪ.k|əl -als -əlz -ally
i, -li ˌ**physical eduˈcation;**
ysical ˈtherapy
sicality ˌfɪz.ɪˈkæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
-ə.t̬i

physician fɪˈzɪʃ.ən, fə- (US) fɪ- -s -z
physicist ˈfɪz.ɪ.sɪst, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- -s -s
physio- fɪz.i.əʊ; ˌfɪz.iˈɒ (US) fɪz.i.oʊ, -ə; ˌfɪz.iˈɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **physiologic** /ˌfɪz.i.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk/, or secondary stress on the first syllable with primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **physiology** /ˌfɪz.iˈɒl.ə.dʒi (US) -ˈɑː.lə-/.
physio ˈfɪz.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z
physiognomic ˌfɪz.i.əˈnɒm.ɪk (US) -ɑːgˈnɑː.mɪk, -əˈ- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
physiognomist ˌfɪz.iˈɒn.ə.mɪst (US) -ˈɑːg.nə- -s -s
physiognom|y ˌfɪz.iˈɒn.ə.m|i (US) -ˈɑːg.nə- -ies -iz
physiographic ˌfɪz.i.əʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- -al -əl
physiograph|y ˌfɪz.iˈɒg.rə.f|i (US) -ˈɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
physiologic ˌfɪz.i.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪk (US) -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
physiolog|y ˌfɪz.iˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
physiotherap|y ˌfɪz.i.əʊˈθer.ə.p|i (US) -oʊˈ-, -əˈ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
physique fɪˈziːk, fə- (US) fɪ-
phytoplankton ˌfaɪ.təʊˈplæŋk.tən, -tɒn (US) -t̬oʊˈplæŋk.tən
pi paɪ -s -z
Piaf ˈpiː.æf, -ˈ- (US) ˈpiː.ɑːf, -ˈ-
piaff|e piˈæf, pjæf (US) pjæf -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Piaget piˈæʒ.eɪ, -ˈɑː.ʒeɪ (US) ˌpiː.əˈʒeɪ, pjɑːˈ-
pia mater ˌpaɪ.əˈmeɪ.təʳ, ˌpiː- (US) -ˈmeɪ.t̬ɚ, -ˈmɑː-
pianissimo ˌpiː.əˈnɪs.ɪ.məʊ, -ænˈɪs-, pjɑːˈnɪs-, ˌpiː.ɑːˈ-, pjænˈɪs-, pjəˈnɪs- (US) ˌpiː.əˈnɪs.ɪ.moʊ -s -z
Note: Among British professional musicians, /pjɑːˈnɪs-, ˌpɪ.ɑːˈ-, ˌpiː.əˈ-/ appear to be the most frequently used forms.
pianist ˈpiː.ə.nɪst, ˈpjɑː.nɪst, ˈpjæn.ɪst, piˈæn- (US) ˈpiː.ən.ɪst; piˈæn-, ˈpjæn- -s -s
Note: British professional musicians generally pronounce /ˈpiː.ə.nɪst/.
piano *instrument:* piˈæn.əʊ, ˈpjæn-, ˈpjɑː.nəʊ, piˈɑː- (US) piˈæn.oʊ, ˈpjæn- -s -z **piˌano acˈcordion; piˈano ˌbar; piˈano ˌstool**
Note: The forms /ˈpjɑː.nəʊ, piˈɑː-/ are frequent among British professional musicians.
piano *softly:* ˈpjɑː.nəʊ, piˈɑː- (US) -noʊ -s -z
pianoforte piˌæn.əʊˈfɔː.teɪ, ˌpjæn-, ˌpjɑː.nəʊˈ-, piˌɑː-, -ti (US) piˌæn.oʊˈfɔːr.teɪ, -ti; -ˈæn.oʊ.fɔːrt -s -z
Pianola® ˌpiː.əˈnəʊ.lə, pjænˈəʊ-, ˌpiː.ænˈ- (US) ˌpiː.əˈnoʊ-, -ænˈoʊ- -s -z
piastre, piaster piˈæs.təʳ, -ˈɑː.stəʳ (US) -ˈæs.tɚ -s -z
piazza piˈæt.sə, -ˈɑːt- (US) -ˈɑːt.sə, -sɑː, -ˈɑː.zə, -ˈæt.sə, -ˈæz.ə -s -z
pibroch ˈpiː.brɒk, -brɒx (US) -brɑːk -s -s
pica ˈpaɪ.kə
picador ˈpɪk.ə.dɔːʳ (US) -dɔːr -s -z
picadores (*alternative plur. of* **picador**) ˌpɪk.əˈdɔː.riːz (US) -ˈdɔːr.iːz
picaninn|y ˌpɪk.əˈnɪn|.i, ˈpɪk.ə.nɪ.n|i (US) ˈpɪk- -ies -iz
Picardy ˈpɪk.ə.di, ˈ-ɑː- (US) ˈ-ɚ-, ˈ-ɑːr-
picaresque ˌpɪk.ərˈesk (US) -ɚˈ-
picaroon ˌpɪk.əˈruːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Picasso pɪˈkæs.əʊ (US) -ˈkɑː.soʊ, -ˈkæs.oʊ
picayun|e ˌpɪk.əˈjuːn, -eɪˈ-, -iˈ- (US) ˈpɪk.ə.juːn, ˌ--ˈ- -es -z -ish -ɪʃ
Piccadilly ˌpɪk.əˈdɪl.i *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Piccadilly ˈCircus**
piccalilli ˌpɪk.əˈlɪl.i (US) ˈpɪk.ə.lɪl-
piccaninn|y ˌpɪk.əˈnɪn|.i, ˈpɪk.ə.nɪ.n|i (US) ˈpɪk- -ies -iz
piccolo ˈpɪk.ə.ləʊ (US) -loʊ -s -z
pick pɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
pickaback ˈpɪk.ə.bæk
pickaninn|y ˌpɪk.əˈnɪn|.i, ˈpɪk.ə.nɪ.n|i (US) ˈpɪk- -ies -iz
pickax|(e) ˈpɪk.æks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
pickerel ˈpɪk.ər.əl -s -z
Pickering ˈpɪk.ər.ɪŋ
pick|et ˈpɪk|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd -er/s -ɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ɪ.t̬ɚ/z ˈ**picket ˌline**
Pickford ˈpɪk.fəd (US) -fɚd
pickings ˈpɪk.ɪŋz
pickl|e ˈpɪk.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈpɪk.lɪŋ -ed -d
Pickles ˈpɪk.əlz
picklock ˈpɪk.lɒk (US) -lɑːk -s -s
pick-me-up ˈpɪk.mi.ʌp -s -s
pickpocket ˈpɪkˌpɒk.ɪt (US) -ˌpɑː.kɪt -s -s
pickup ˈpɪk.ʌp -s -s ˈ**pick-up ˌtruck**
Pickwick ˈpɪk.wɪk ˌ**Pickwick ˈPapers** (US) ˈ**Pickwick ˌPapers**
Pickwickian pɪkˈwɪk.i.ən
pick|y ˈpɪk|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
picnic ˈpɪk.nɪk -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t -ker/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
picot ˈpiː.kəʊ; -ˈ-, pɪˈkəʊ (US) ˈpiː.koʊ, -ˈ-
picotee ˌpɪk.əˈtiː (US) ˌpɪk.əˈtiː, ˈ--- -s -z
picric ˈpɪk.rɪk
Pict pɪkt -s -s
Pictish ˈpɪk.tɪʃ
pictogram ˈpɪk.təʊ.græm (US) -toʊ-, -tə- -s -z
pictograph ˈpɪk.təʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -toʊ.græf, -tə- -s -s
Picton ˈpɪk.tən
pictorial pɪkˈtɔː.ri.əl (US) -ˈtɔːr.i- -ly -i
pict|ure ˈpɪk.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz (US) -ɚz -uring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**picture ˌbook;** ˌ**picture ˈpostcard;** ˌ**picture ˈwindow**
picturesque ˌpɪk.tʃərˈesk -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

piddl|e ˈpɪd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈpɪd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z, ˈpɪd.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z

piddling (*adj.*) ˈpɪd.ᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈpɪd.lɪŋ

pidgin (P) ˈpɪdʒ.ɪn **-s** -z

Pidsley ˈpɪdz.li

pie paɪ **-s** -z ˈ**pie** ˌ**chart;** **as** ˌ**easy as** ˈ**pie;** **have a** ˌ**finger in** ˌ**every** ˈ**pie; to** ˌ**eat** ˌ**humble** ˈ**pie;** ˌ**pie in the** ˈ**sky**

piebald ˈpaɪ.bɔːld (US) -bɔːld, -bɑːld **-s** -z

piec|e piːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**piece** ˌ**rate;** ˌ**piece of** ˈ**cake**

pièce(s) de résistance piˌes.də.rez.ɪˈstɑ̃ːns, ˌpjes-, -rɪ.zɪˈ-, -rə- (US) ˌpjes.dəˌreɪ.ziːˈstɑ̃ːns

piecemeal ˈpiːs.miːl

piecework ˈpiːs.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk

piecrust ˈpaɪ.krʌst **-s** -s

pied paɪd ˌ**pied** ˈ**piper**

pied(s)-à-terre ˌpjeɪd.ɑːˈteəʳ, ˌpjed- (US) -ˈter

piedmont (P) ˈpiːd.mənt, -mɒnt (US) -mɑːnt

piedmontese (P) ˌpiːd.mənˈtiːz, -mɒnˈ- (US) -mɑːnˈ-

pie-eyed ˌpaɪˈaɪd *stress shift:* ˌpie-eyed ˈreveller

pier pɪəʳ (US) pɪr **-s** -z

pierc|e (P) pɪəs (US) pɪrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-eable** -ə.bᵊl

Piercy ˈpɪə.si (US) ˈpɪr-

pierglass ˈpɪə.glɑːs (US) ˈpɪr.glæs **-es** -ɪz

pierhead ˈpɪə.hed (US) ˈpɪr- **-s** -z

Pierian paɪˈer.i.ən, -ˈɪə.ri-, pi- (US) paɪˈɪr.i-

Pierpoint ˈpɪə.pɔɪnt (US) ˈpɪr-

Pierpont ˈpɪə.pɒnt, -pənt (US) ˈpɪr.pɑːnt

Pierre *name:* piˈeəʳ (US) piːˈer

Pierre *place in US:* pɪəʳ (US) pɪr

Pierrepont ˈpɪə.pɒnt, -pənt (US) ˈpɪr.pɑːnt

pierrot (P) ˈpɪə.rəʊ, ˈpjer.əʊ (US) ˌpiː.əˈroʊ **-s** -z

Piers pɪəz (US) pɪrz

Pierson ˈpɪə.sᵊn (US) ˈpɪr-

Piesporter ˈpiːz.pɔː.təʳ (US) -pɔːr.t̬ɚ

pietà ˌpiː.etˈɑː, -eɪˈtɑː, ˈ--- (US) ˌpiː.eɪˈtɑː, ˌpjeɪˈ- **-s** -z

Pietermaritzburg ˌpiː.təˈmær.ɪts.bɜːg (US) -t̬ɚˈmer.ɪts.bɝːg

piet|ism ˈpaɪə.t|ɪ.zᵊm, ˈpaɪ.ɪ- (US) ˈpaɪə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

pietistic ˌpaɪəˈtɪs.tɪk

piet|y ˈpaɪə.t|i, ˈpaɪ.ɪ- (US) ˈpaɪə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

piezoelectric piˌet.səʊ.ɪˈlek.trɪk; ˌpiː.zəʊ-; paɪˌiː.zəʊ-; ˌpaɪ.ɪ- (US) paɪˌiː.zoʊ-; piːˌeɪ- **-al** -ᵊl

piezoelectricity piˌet.səʊˌel.ɪkˈtrɪs.ə.ti; ˌpiː.zəʊ-; paɪˌiː.zəʊ-; ˌpaɪ.ɪ-; -ˌiː.lekˈ-; -ɪˌlekˈ-; -ɪ.ti (US) paɪˌiː.zoʊˌiː.lekˈtrɪs.ə.t̬i, -iːˌlekˈ-; piˌeɪ-

piffl|e ˈpɪf.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈpɪf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

pig pɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d ˈ**pig** ˌ**iron;** ˌ**make a** ˌ**pig's** ˈ**ear of**

pigeon ˈpɪdʒ.ən, -ɪn (US) -ən **-s** -z

pigeonhol|e (*n, v.*) ˈpɪdʒ.ən.həʊl, -ɪn- (US) -ən.hoʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pigeon-toed ˌpɪdʒ.ənˈtəʊd, -ɪn- (US) ˈpɪdʒ.ən.toʊd *stress shift, British only:* ˌpigeon-toed ˈwalk

pigger|y ˈpɪg.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz

piggish ˈpɪg.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Piggott ˈpɪg.ət

pigg|y ˈpɪg|.i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

piggyback ˈpɪg.i.bæk

piggybank ˈpɪg.i.bæŋk **-s** -s

pigheaded ˌpɪgˈhed.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌpigheaded ˈperson

piglet ˈpɪg.lət, -lɪt (US) -lɪt **-s** -s

pigment (*n.*) ˈpɪg.mənt **-s** -s

pigmen|t (*v.*) pɪgˈmen|t, ˈpɪg.mən|t (US) ˈpɪg.mən|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

pigmentation ˌpɪg.mənˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -menˈ- **-s** -z

pigm|y ˈpɪg.m|i **-ies** -iz

pignut ˈpɪg.nʌt **-s** -s

Pigott ˈpɪg.ət

pigpen ˈpɪg.pen **-s** -z

pigskin ˈpɪg.skɪn **-s** -z

pig-sticking ˈpɪgˌstɪk.ɪŋ

pigst|y ˈpɪg.st|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz

pigswill ˈpɪg.swɪl

pigtail ˈpɪg.teɪl **-s** -z

Pikachu ˈpɪk.ə.tʃuː (US) ˈpiː.kə-

pike (P) paɪk **-s** -s ˌ**Pike's** ˈ**Peak**

pikelet ˈpaɪ.klət, -klɪt (US) -klɪt **-s** -s

piker ˈpaɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z

pikestaff ˈpaɪk.stɑːf (US) -stæf **-s** -s

pilaf(f) ˈpɪl.æf, ˈpiː.læf, -ˈ- (US) piːˈlɑːf, ˈ-- **-s** -s

pilaster pɪˈlæs.təʳ, pə- (US) pɪˈlæs.tɚ **-s** -z

Pilate ˈpaɪ.lət

Pilates pɪˈlɑː.tiːz, pə-

Pilatus pɪˈlɑː.təs (US) pɪ-; piːˈlɑː.tʊs

pilau ˈpɪl.aʊ, ˈpiː.laʊ, -ˈ- (US) pɪˈlɔː, piː-, -ˈlaʊ, -ˈlɑː **-s** -z

pilchard ˈpɪl.tʃəd (US) -tʃɚd **-s** -z

pil|e paɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pile-driv|er ˈpaɪlˌdraɪ.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

pile-up ˈpaɪl.ʌp **-s** -s

pilf|er ˈpɪl.f|əʳ (US) -f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z

pilferage ˈpɪl.fᵊr.ɪdʒ

pilferous ˈpɪl.fᵊr.əs

Pilger ˈpɪl.dʒəʳ (US) -dʒɚ

pilgrim ˈpɪl.grɪm **-s** -z ˌ**Pilgrim** ˈ**Father**

pilgrimag|e ˈpɪl.grɪ.mɪdʒ, -grə- **-es** -ɪz

piling ˈpaɪ.lɪŋ **-s** -z

Pilkington ˈpɪl.kɪŋ.tən

pill pɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pillag|e ˈpɪl.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

pillar ˈpɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d **from** ˌ**pillar to** ˈ**post**

pillar-box ˈpɪl.ə.bɒks (US) -ɚ.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

pillbox ˈpɪl.bɒks (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

pillion ˈpɪl.i.ən (US) ˈ-jən **-s** -z

pillock ˈpɪl.ək **-s** -s

pillor|y ˈpɪl.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

pillow ˈpɪl.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**pillow** ˌ**slip;** ˈ**pillow** ˌ**talk**

pillowcas|e ˈpɪl.əʊ.keɪs (US) -oʊ- **-es** -ɪz

Pillsbury ˈpɪlz.bᵊr.i (US) -ˌber-

pilocarpine ˌpaɪ.ləʊˈkɑː.pɪn, -paɪn (US) ˌpaɪ.loʊˈkɑːr.piːn, ˌpɪl.oʊˈ-, -pɪn

pi|lot ˈpaɪ|.lət **-lots** -ləts **-loting** -lə.tɪŋ (US) -lə.t̬ɪŋ **-loted** -lə.tɪd (US) -lə.t̬ɪd **-lotage** -lə.tɪdʒ (US) -lə.t̬ɪdʒ ˈ**pilot** ˌ**light**

Pilsen ˈpɪl.zᵊn, -sᵊn

pilsener (P) ˈpɪlz.nəʳ, ˈpɪl.snəʳ, -sᵊn.əʳ (US) ˈpɪlz.nɚ, ˈpɪl.snɚ

Pilsworth ˈpɪlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ

Piltdown ˈpɪlt.daʊn

pilule ˈpɪl.juːl **-s** -z

pimento pɪˈmen.təʊ (US) -toʊ **-s** -z

pimiento pɪˈmjen.təʊ, -ˈmen- (US) -toʊ **-s** -z

Pimlico ˈpɪm.lɪ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ

Pimm pɪm **-'s** -z

pimp pɪmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

pimpernel ˈpɪm.pə.nel, -nᵊl (US) -pɚ- **-s** -z

pimple ˈpɪm.pᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d

pimpl|y ˈpɪm.pᵊl|.i, ˈ-pl|i (US) ˈ-pl|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

pin pɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d ˈ**pin** ˌ**money;** ˈ**pin** ˌ**tuck;** ˌ**pins and** ˈ**needles**

PIN pɪn ˈ**PIN** ˌ**number**

piña colada ˌpiː.nə.kəʊˈlɑː.də, -njə- (US) -njə.koʊˈ- **-s** -z

pinafore (P) ˈpɪn.ə.fɔːʳ (US) -fɔːr **-s** -z ˈ**pinafore** ˌ**dress**

piñata pɪnˈjɑː.tə (US) -t̬ə **-s** -z

pinball ˈpɪn.bɔːl, ˈpɪm- (US) ˈpɪn-, -bɑːl **-s** -z ˈ**pinball ma**ˌ**chine**

pince-nez *singular:* ˌpæ̃nsˈneɪ, ˌpænts-, ˌpɪnts-, ˈ-ˌ- *plural:* -ˈneɪz

pincer ˈpɪnt.səʳ (US) -sɚ **-s** -z

pinch pɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**take something with a** ˌ**pinch of** ˈ**salt**

pinchbeck ˈpɪntʃ.bek **-s** -s

Pinches ˈpɪn.tʃɪz

pinch-hit ˈpɪntʃ.hɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) -ˌhɪt̬.ɪŋ

Pinckney ˈpɪŋk.ni

pincushion ˈpɪnˌkʊʃ.ᵊn, ˈpɪŋ- (US) ˈpɪn- **-s** -z

Pindar ˈpɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ

Pindaric pɪnˈdær.ɪk (US) -ˈdær-, -ˈder- **-s** -s

Pindus ˈpɪn.dəs

Pitch

n auditory sensation which places sounds on a scale from w to high.

hen we hear a regularly vibrating sound such as a note ayed on a musical instrument, or a vowel produced by the uman voice, we hear a high pitch if the rate of vibration is gh and a low pitch if the rate of vibration is low. Many eech sounds are voiceless (e.g. [s]), and cannot give rise a sensation of pitch in this way. The pitch sensation that we ceive from a voiced sound corresponds quite closely to the frequency of vibration of the vocal folds. However, we usually refer to this vibration frequency as 'fundamental frequency' (which we can measure) in order to distinguish it from the subjective impression of pitch.

Pitch is used in many languages as an essential component of the pronunciation of a word, so that a change of pitch may cause a change in meaning: these are called 'tone languages'. In most languages (whether or not they are tone languages) pitch plays a central role in INTONATION.

e paɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'pine ne; 'pine ˌkernel; 'pine ˌmarten; ine ˌneedle; 'pine ˌnut
eal 'pɪn.i.əl; paɪ'niː- ⓤⓢ 'pɪn.i-
eapple 'paɪ.næp.ᵊl -s -z
l pɪ'nel ⓤⓢ pɪ-, ˌpiː-
ero pɪ'nɪə.rəʊ, -'neə- ⓤⓢ -'nɪr.oʊ
er|y 'paɪ.nᵊr|.i -ies -iz
etum paɪ'niː.təm ⓤⓢ -t̬əm
ewood (P) 'paɪn.wʊd -s -z
g pɪŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s /z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
g-pong 'pɪŋˌpɒŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌpɑːŋ, -ˌpɔːŋ
head 'pɪn.hed -s -z -ed -ɪd
hole 'pɪn.həʊl ⓤⓢ -hoʊl -s -z ˌpin-le 'camera
on 'pɪn.jən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
k (P) pɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er -əʳ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst ˌpink 'gin; ˌpink ip; 'pinking ˌshears
k-collar ˌpɪŋk'kɒl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.lɚ ress shift: ˌpink-collar 'workers
ker 'pɪŋ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ
kerton 'pɪŋ.kə.tən ⓤⓢ -kɚ.t̬ən
k-eye 'pɪŋk.aɪ -d -d
kie 'pɪŋ.ki -s -z
kish 'pɪŋ.kɪʃ
ko 'pɪŋ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ -(e)s -z
k|y 'pɪŋ.k|i -ies -iz
nac|e 'pɪn.ɪs, -əs -es -ɪz
nacl|e 'pɪn.ə.kᵊl, '-ɪ- -es -z -ing], 'pɪn.ə.klɪŋ, '-ɪ- -ed -d
nate 'pɪn.eɪt, -ɪt, -ət ⓤⓢ -eɪt, -ɪt
ner (P) 'pɪn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
n|y 'pɪn|.i -ies -iz
occhio pɪ'nəʊ.ki.əʊ, -'nɒk.i- ⓤⓢ pə'noʊ.ki.oʊ, pɪ-
ochet 'pɪn.əʊ.ʃeɪ ⓤⓢ 'piː.noʊ.ʃet, eɪ
oc(h)le 'piː.nʌk.ᵊl, -nɒk- ⓤⓢ -nʌk-, ɑː.kᵊl
ot 'piː.nəʊ, -'- ⓤⓢ piː'noʊ -s -z
ot Blanc ˌpiː.nəʊ'blɑ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ -noʊ'-
ot Noir ˌpiː.nəʊ'nwɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -noʊ'nwɑːr
|point 'pɪn|.pɔɪnt, 'pɪm- ⓤⓢ 'pɪn-oints -pɔɪnts -pointing -ˌpɔɪn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌpɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ -pointed -ˌpɔɪn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˌpɔɪn.t̬ɪd
prick 'pɪn.prɪk, 'pɪm- ⓤⓢ 'pɪn- -s -s

Pinsent 'pɪnt.sənt
pinstripe 'pɪn.straɪp -s -s -d -t
pint paɪnt -s -s
pinta *pint of milk:* 'paɪn.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə -s -z
pinta (P) *disease:* 'pɪn.tə, 'piːn- ⓤⓢ 'pɪn.t̬ə, -tɑː
pintado pɪn'tɑː.dəʊ ⓤⓢ -doʊ -(e)s -z
pintail 'pɪn.teɪl -s -z
Pinter 'pɪn.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
Pinteresque ˌpɪn.tᵊr'esk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ'-
pinto 'pɪn.təʊ ⓤⓢ -t̬oʊ -(e)s -z 'pinto bean
pint-pot 'paɪnt.pɒt, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'paɪnt.pɑːt -s -s
pint-size 'paɪnt.saɪz -d -d
pin-up 'pɪn.ʌp -s -s
pinwheel 'pɪn.*h*wiːl -s -z
pinxit 'pɪŋk.sɪt
Pinxton 'pɪŋk.stᵊn
Pioline ˌpiː.əʊ'liːn ⓤⓢ ˌpiː.oʊ'liːn
pioneer (P) ˌpaɪə'nɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'nɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pious 'paɪ.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pip (P) pɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
pipal 'piː.pᵊl -s -z
pip|e (P) paɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'pipe ˌcleaner; 'pipe ˌdream; ˌpipe of 'peace
pipeclay 'paɪp.kleɪ
pipeline 'paɪp.laɪn -s -z
Piper 'paɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ
pipette pɪ'pet ⓤⓢ paɪ-, pɪ- -s -s
piping 'paɪ.pɪŋ
pipistrel(le) ˌpɪp.ɪ'strel, -ə'-, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌpɪp.ɪ'strel -s -z
pipit 'pɪp.ɪt -s -s
pipkin 'pɪp.kɪn -s -z
Pippa 'pɪp.ə
pippin 'pɪp.ɪn -s -z
pipsqueak 'pɪp.skwiːk -s -s
piquancy 'piː.kən*t*.si
piquant 'piː.kənt, -kɑːnt -ly -li
piqu|e piːk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
piqué 'piː.keɪ ⓤⓢ -'-
piquet *card game:* piː'ket, -'keɪ; 'pɪk.et, -eɪ ⓤⓢ piː'keɪ, -'ket
piquet *soldiers:* 'pɪk.ɪt -s -s
Piquet *racing driver:* 'piː.keɪ
pirac|y 'paɪə.rə.s|i ⓤⓢ 'paɪ- -ies -iz

Piraeus paɪ'riː.əs, pɪ'reɪ-, pə- ⓤⓢ paɪ'riː-
Pirandello ˌpɪr.ᵊn'del.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
piranha pɪ'rɑː.nə, pə-, -njə ⓤⓢ pə'rɑː.njə, pɪ-, -nə -s -z
pira|te 'paɪə.rə|t, -rɪ|t ⓤⓢ 'paɪ.rə|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
piratical paɪə'ræt.ɪ.kᵊl, pə-, pɪ- ⓤⓢ paɪ'ræt̬- -ly -i
Pirbright 'pɜː.braɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɝː-
Pirelli® pɪ'rel.i, pə-
Pirie 'pɪr.i
pirogue pɪ'rəʊg, pə- ⓤⓢ -'roʊg -s -z
pirou|ette ˌpɪr.u|'et -ettes -'ets -etting -'et.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'et̬.ɪŋ -etted -'et.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'et̬.ɪd *stress shift:* ˌpirouetting 'dancer
Pisa 'piː.zə
pisaller ˌpiːz'æl.eɪ, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ -æl'eɪ -s -z
Piscator pɪ'skeɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -'skɑː.tɔːr
piscatorial ˌpɪs.kə'tɔː.ri.əl ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.i-
piscatory 'pɪs.kə.tᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -tɔːr-
Piscean 'paɪ.si.ən, 'pɪs.i-, 'pɪs.ki-; pɪ'siː- ⓤⓢ 'paɪ.si-, 'pɪs.i-
Pisces 'paɪ.siːz, 'pɪs.iːz, 'pɪs.kiːz ⓤⓢ 'paɪ.siːz, 'pɪs.iːz
pisciculture 'pɪs.ɪˌkʌl.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ
piscin|a pɪ'siː.n|ə -as -əz -ae -iː
piscine 'pɪs.aɪn, 'pɪsk-, 'paɪ.saɪn ⓤⓢ 'paɪ.siːn, 'pɪs.iːn-, -aɪn, -ɪn
Piscis|Austrinus ˌpɪs.ɪs|.ɒs'traɪ.nəs, ˌ-kɪs-, -ɔː'straɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.sɪs|.ɔː'straɪ-, ˌpɪs.ɪs-, -ɑː'- -Australis -ɒs'trɑː.lɪs, -ɔː'strɑː- ⓤⓢ -ɔː'streɪ-, -ɑː'-
Pisgah 'pɪz.gə, -gɑː ⓤⓢ -gə
pish pɪʃ
Pisidia paɪ'sɪd.i.ə ⓤⓢ pɪ-
Pisistratus paɪ'sɪs.trə.təs, pɪ-
pismire 'pɪs.maɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -maɪɚ, 'pɪz- -s -z
piss pɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'piss ˌartist
pissant 'pɪs.ᵊnt ⓤⓢ -ænt -s -s
Pissarro pɪ'sɑː.rəʊ ⓤⓢ -'sɑːr.oʊ
pissed pɪst ˌpissed as a 'newt; ˌpissed as a 'fart
pisshead 'pɪs.hed -s -z
pissoir 'pɪs.wɑːʳ, 'piː.swɑːʳ ⓤⓢ piː'swɑːr -s -z
piss-poor ˌpɪs'pɔːʳ, -'pʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -'pʊr,

'pɔːr *stress shift:* ˌpiss-poor 'work
pisspot 'pɪs.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑːt **-s** -s
piss-take 'pɪs.teɪk **-s** -s
piss-up 'pɪs.ʌp **-s** -s
pistachio pɪ'stɑː.ʃi.əʊ, -'stæʃ.i- ⓤⓢ -'stæʃ.i.oʊ, -'stɑː.ʃi- **-s** -z
piste piːst **-s** -s
pistil 'pɪs.tɪl, -tᵊl **-s** -z
pistol 'pɪs.tᵊl **-s** -z
pistole pɪ'stəʊl; 'pɪs.təʊl ⓤⓢ pɪ'stoʊl **-s** -z
pistol-whip 'pɪs.tᵊl.*h*wɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
piston 'pɪs.tᵊn **-s** -z **'piston ˌrod**
pit pɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬.ɪd **ˌpit bull 'terrier; 'pit ˌpony; 'pit ˌstop**
pita 'pɪt.ə ⓤⓢ 'piː.t̬ə **'pita ˌbread**
pit-a-pat ˌpɪt.ə'pæt, '--- ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬.ə.pæt
Pitcairn *surname:* pɪt'keən ⓤⓢ -'kern *island:* pɪt'keən, '-- ⓤⓢ pɪt'kern, '--
pitch pɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'pitch ˌpipe**
pitch-and-putt ˌpɪtʃ.ᵊn*d*'pʌt
pitch-and-toss ˌpɪtʃ.ᵊn*d*'tɒs ⓤⓢ -'tɑːs
pitch-black ˌpɪtʃ'blæk *stress shift:* ˌpitch-black 'night
pitchblende 'pɪtʃ.blend
pitch-dark ˌpɪtʃ'dɑːk ⓤⓢ -'dɑːrk *stress shift:* ˌpitch-dark 'night
pitcher (P) 'pɪtʃ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **'pitcher ˌplant**
pitchfork 'pɪtʃ.fɔːk ⓤⓢ -fɔːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
pitch|man 'pɪtʃ|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
pitchpine 'pɪtʃ.paɪn **-s** -z
pitchy 'pɪtʃ.i
piteous 'pɪt.i.əs ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
pitfall 'pɪt.fɔːl ⓤⓢ -fɔːl, -fɑːl **-s** -z
pith pɪθ **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **ˌpith 'helmet** ⓤⓢ **'pith ˌhelmet**
pithead 'pɪt.hed **-s** -z
pithecanthrop|us ˌpɪθ.ɪ.kæn'θrəʊ.p|əs; -'kænt.θrə- ⓤⓢ -'kænt.θroʊ-, -θrə-; -kæn'θroʊ- **-i** -aɪ
Pither 'paɪ.θəʳ, -ðəʳ ⓤⓢ -θɚ, -ðɚ
pith|y 'pɪθ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pitiab|le 'pɪt.i.ə.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
pitiful 'pɪt.i.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
pitiless 'pɪt.i.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Pitlochry pɪt'lɒk.ri, -'lɒx- ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.kri
pit|man (P) 'pɪt|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
piton 'piː.tɒn, -tɔ̃ːŋ ⓤⓢ -tɑːn **-s** -z
Pitsea 'pɪt.siː, -si
Pitt pɪt
pitta 'pɪt.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **'pitta ˌbread**
pittanc|e 'pɪt.ᵊn*t*s ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz
Pittaway 'pɪt.ə.weɪ ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬-
pitted 'pɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬-
pitter-patter 'pɪt.əˌpæt.əʳ, ˌpɪt.ə'pæt- ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬.ɚˌpæt̬.ɚ
Pittman 'pɪt.mən
Pitts pɪts
Pittsburgh 'pɪts.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
pituitary pɪ'tjuː.ɪ.tᵊr.i, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'tuː.ə.ter-, pə-, -'tjuː- **pi'tuitary ˌgland**
pit|y 'pɪt|.i ⓤⓢ 'pɪt̬- **-ies** -iz **-ying/ly** -i.ɪŋ/li **-ied** -id
pityriasis ˌpɪt.ɪ'raɪə.sɪs, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌpɪt̬.ɪ'-
Pius paɪəs
piv|ot 'pɪv|.ət **-ots** -əts **-oting** -ə.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪŋ **-oted** -ə.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬ɪd
pivotal 'pɪv.ə.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i
pix pɪks
pixel 'pɪk.sᵊl, -sel **-s** -z
pixellated 'pɪk.sᵊl.eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
pix|ie, -|y 'pɪk.s|i **-ies** -iz
pixilated 'pɪk.sɪ.leɪ.tɪd, -sə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
Pizarro pɪ'zɑː.rəʊ ⓤⓢ -'zɑːr.oʊ
pizazz pɪ'zæz, pə- ⓤⓢ pɪ-
pizza 'piːt.sə, 'pɪt- ⓤⓢ 'piːt- **-s** -z
pizzazz pɪ'zæz, pə- ⓤⓢ pɪ-
pizzeria ˌpiːt.sə'riː.ə, ˌpɪt- ⓤⓢ ˌpiːt- **-s** -z
Pizzey 'pɪt.si; 'pɪz.i
pizzicat|o ˌpɪt.sɪ'kɑː.t|əʊ ⓤⓢ -t|oʊ **-os** -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz **-i** -iː
placability ˌplæk.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i, ˌpleɪ.kə'-
placab|le 'plæk.ə.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'plæk.ə-, 'pleɪ.kə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
placard (*n.*) 'plæk.ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd, -ɚd
placard (*v.*) 'plæk.ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd, -ɚd; plə'kɑːrd, plæk'ɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
placa|te plə'keɪ|t, pleɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pleɪ.keɪ|t, 'plæk.eɪ|t; pleɪ'keɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
placatory plə'keɪ.tᵊr.i, pleɪ'- ⓤⓢ 'pleɪ.kə.tɔːr-, 'plæk.ə-
plac|e pleɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **'place ˌsetting**
placebo plə'siː.bəʊ, plæs'iː- ⓤⓢ plə'siː.boʊ **-s** -z **pla'cebo efˌfect**
placekick 'pleɪs.kɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
place|man 'pleɪs|.mən **-men** -mən
placement 'pleɪs.mənt **-s** -s
placent|a plə'sen.t|ə, plæs'en- ⓤⓢ plə'sen.t̬|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː
placet 'pleɪ.set, -sɪt **-s** -s
placid (P) 'plæs.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
placidity plə'sɪd.ə.ti, plæs'ɪd-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ plə'sɪd.ə.t̬i
placket 'plæk.ɪt **-s** -s
plagal 'pleɪ.gᵊl
plag|e plɑːʒ **-es** -ɪz
plagiarism 'pleɪ.dʒᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm, -dʒi.ə.rɪ- ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ.ɪ-, -dʒi.ɚ- **-s** -z
plagiarist 'pleɪ.dʒᵊr.ɪst, -dʒi.ə.rɪst ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ.ɪst, -dʒi.ɚ- **-s** -s
plagiaristic ˌpleɪ.dʒᵊr'ɪs.tɪk, -dʒi.ə'rɪs- ⓤⓢ -dʒə'rɪs-, -dʒi.ə'-
plagiariz|e, -is|e 'pleɪ.dʒᵊr.aɪz, -dʒi.ə.raɪz ⓤⓢ -dʒə.raɪz, -dʒi.ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
plagiar|y 'pleɪ.dʒᵊr|.i, '-dʒi.ə.r|i ⓤⓢ '-dʒɚ|.i, '-dʒi.ɚ|- **-ies** -iz
plagu|e pleɪg **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
plagu|y 'pleɪ.g|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
plaice pleɪs
plaid plæd **-s** -z **-ed** -ɪd
Plaid Cymru ˌplaɪd'kʌm.ri
plain pleɪn **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌplain 'clothes; ˌplain 'sailing**
plainchant 'pleɪn.tʃɑːnt ⓤⓢ -tʃænt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
plainsong 'pleɪn.sɒŋ ⓤⓢ -sɑːŋ, -sɔːŋ
plain-spoken ˌpleɪn'spəʊ.kᵊn ⓤⓢ -'spoʊ-, '-ˌ-- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌplain-spoken 'person
plaint pleɪnt **-s** -s
plaintiff 'pleɪn.tɪf ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪf **-s** -s
plaintive 'pleɪn.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Plaistow 'plæs.təʊ, 'plɑː.stəʊ ⓤⓢ 'plæs.toʊ, 'plɑː.stoʊ
Note: The local pronunciation is /'plɑː.stəʊ/.
plait plæt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'plæt̬.ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'plæt̬.ɪd
plan plæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **-ner/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **'planning perˌmission**
planchet 'plɑːn.tʃɪt ⓤⓢ 'plæn-, -tʃet **-s** -s
planchette plɑ̃ːn'ʃet, plɑːn- ⓤⓢ plæn'ʃet **-s** -s
Planck plæŋk
plan|e pleɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'plane ˌtree**
planer (P) 'pleɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
planet 'plæn.ɪt **-s** -s
planetari|um ˌplæn.ɪ'teə.ri|.əm, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'ter.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
planetary 'plæn.ɪ.tᵊr.i, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ter-
plangent 'plæn.dʒᵊnt **-ly** -li
planimeter plæn'ɪm.ɪ.təʳ, plə'nɪm-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ plə'nɪm.ə.t̬ɚ, pleɪ- **-s** -z
planimetric ˌplæn.ɪ'met.rɪk ⓤⓢ ˌpleɪ.nɪ'-, ˌplæn.ɪ'-
planimetry plæn'ɪm.ɪ.tri, plə'nɪm-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ plə'nɪm-, pleɪ-
plank plæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
plankton 'plæŋk.tən, -tɒn ⓤⓢ -tən
plant (P) (*n, v.*) plɑːnt ⓤⓢ plænt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'plæn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'plæn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'plæn.t̬ɚ/z
Plantagenet plæn'tædʒ.ᵊn.ɪt, -ɪn-, -ət, -et ⓤⓢ -ə.nɪt **-s** -s
plantain 'plæn.teɪn, 'plɑːn-, -tɪn ⓤⓢ 'plæn.tɪn, -tᵊn **-s** -z
plantation plæn'teɪ.ʃᵊn, plɑːn- ⓤⓢ plæn- **-s** -z
Plantin 'plæn.tɪn, 'plɑːn- ⓤⓢ 'plɑːn.tæn, 'plæn-
plantocrac|y plɑːn'tɒk.rə.s|i ⓤⓢ plæn'tɑː.krə- **-ies** -iz
plaque plɑːk, plæk ⓤⓢ plæk **-s** -s
plash plæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i
plasm 'plæz.ᵊm
plasm|a 'plæz.m|ə **-ic** -ɪk

molysis plæz'mɒl.ə.sɪs, 'ɪ-
-'mɑː.lɪ-
sey 'plæs.i
t|er 'plɑː.st|əʳ (US) 'plæs.t|ɚ **-ers**
(US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd
-ɚz **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
aster 'cast; ,plaster of 'Paris
terboard 'plɑː.stə.bɔːd
'plæs.tɚ.bɔːrd
tic 'plæs.tɪk, 'plɑː.stɪk
'plæs.tɪk **-s** -s **,plastic 'bullet;**
astic 'money; ,plastic 'surgeon;
astic 'surgery
ticine® 'plæs.tə.siːn, 'plɑː.stə-,
ɪ- (US) 'plæs.tɪ-
ticity plæs'tɪs.ə.ti, plɑː'stɪs-,
i (US) plæs'tɪs.ə.t̬i
ticiz|e, -is|e 'plæs.tɪ.saɪz,
ɑː.stɪ-, -stə- (US) 'plæs.tɪ- **-es** -ɪz
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tid 'plæs.tɪd **-s** -z
a 'plɑː.tə (US) -tɑː
aea plə'tiː.ə
an 'plæt.ᵊn **-s** -z
(s) du jour ,plɑː.djuː'ʒʊəʳ, -dʊ'-,
'- (US) -'ʒʊr
e (P) (*n, v.*) pleɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
'pleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'pleɪ.t̬ɪd **,plate**
'tonics
eau 'plæt.əʊ; -'-, plə'təʊ
plæt'oʊ **-s** -z **-x** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
eful 'pleɪt.fʊl **-s** -z
e-glass ,pleɪt'glɑːs (US) -'glæs
ate-glass 'window
elayer 'pleɪt,leɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
elet 'pleɪt.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
en 'plæt.ᵊn **-s** -z
form 'plæt.fɔːm (US) -fɔːrm **-s** -z
g -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **,platform 'shoes**
plæθ
gnum® plæt'ɪg.nəm, plə'tɪg-
plə'tɪg-
niz|e, -is|e 'plæt.ɪ.naɪz, -ᵊn.aɪz
-ᵊn.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
num 'plæt.ɪ.nəm, -ᵊn.əm
'plæt.nəm **,platinum 'blond(e)**
tude 'plæt.ɪ.tjuːd, '-ə-, -tʃuːd
'plæt̬.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
tudinarian
et.ɪ,tjuː.dɪ'neə.ri.ən, -ə,-,
uː-, -də'- (US) ,plæt̬.ə,tuː.dɪ'ner.i-,
uː- **-s** -z
tudinous ,plæt.ɪ'tjuː.dɪ.nəs,
, -'tʃuː-, -dᵊn.əs
,plæt̬.ə'tuː.dᵊn.əs, -'tjuː- **-ly** -li
o 'pleɪ.təʊ (US) -t̬oʊ
onic plə'tɒn.ɪk, plæt'ɒn-
plə'tɑː.nɪk, pleɪ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i,
on|ism 'pleɪ.tᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s**
/s
oon plə'tuːn **-s** -z
plæt **-s** -s
ter 'plæt.əʳ (US) 'plæt̬.ɚ **-s** -z
yp|us 'plæt.ɪ.pləs, '-ə-
'plæt̬.ɪ- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
dit 'plɔː.dɪt (US) 'plɑː-, 'plɔː- **-s** -s
sibility ,plɔː.zɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -zə'-,
i (US) ,plɑː.zə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ,plɔː-

plausib|le 'plɔː.zɪ.b|ᵊl, -zə- (US) 'plɑː.zə-, 'plɔː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Plautus 'plɔː.təs (US) 'plɑː.t̬əs, 'plɔː-
play pleɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **,play on 'words; ,play the 'field; 'playing ,card; 'playing ,field**
playable 'pleɪ.ə.bᵊl
play-act 'pleɪ.ækt **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
playback 'pleɪ.bæk
playbill 'pleɪ.bɪl **-s** -z
playboy 'pleɪ.bɔɪ **-s** -z
Play-Doh® 'pleɪ.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
player (P) 'pleɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Playfair 'pleɪ.feəʳ (US) -fer
playfellow 'pleɪ,fel.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
playful 'pleɪ.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
playgoer 'pleɪ,gəʊ.əʳ (US) -,goʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
playground 'pleɪ.graʊnd **-s** -z
playgroup 'pleɪ.gruːp **-s** -s
playhou|se 'pleɪ.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
playlet 'pleɪ.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
playlist 'pleɪ.lɪst **-s** -s
playmate 'pleɪ.meɪt **-s** -s
play-off 'pleɪ.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
playpen 'pleɪ.pen **-s** -z
playroom 'pleɪ.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
playschool 'pleɪ.skuːl **-s** -z
PlayStation® 'pleɪ,steɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
playsuit 'pleɪ.suːt, -sjuːt (US) -suːt **-s** -s
Playtex® 'pleɪ.teks
plaything 'pleɪ.θɪŋ **-s** -z
playtime 'pleɪ.taɪm **-s** -z
playwright 'pleɪ.raɪt **-s** -s
plaza (P) 'plɑː.zə (US) 'plɑː-, 'plæz.ə **-s** -z
plc ,piː.el'siː
plea pliː **-s** -z
plea-bargain 'pliː,bɑː.gɪn, -gən (US) -,bɑːr.gən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
plead pliːd **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd **pled** pled **pleader/s** 'pliː.dəʳ/z (US) -dɚ/z
pleading 'pliː.dɪŋ **-s** -z
pleasance (P) 'plez.ᵊnts
pleas|ant 'plez|.ᵊnt **-anter** -ᵊn.təʳ (US) -ᵊn.t̬ɚ **-antest** -ᵊn.tɪst, -ᵊn.təst (US) -ᵊn.t̬ɪst, -ᵊn.t̬əst **-antly** -ᵊnt.li **-antness** -ᵊnt.nəs, -ᵊnt.nɪs
pleasantr|y 'plez.ᵊn.tr|i **-ies** -iz
pleas|e pliːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
pleasurab|le 'pleʒ.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
pleasure 'pleʒ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'pleasure ,principle**
pleat pliːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'pliː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'pliː.t̬ɪd
pleb pleb **-s** -z **-by** -i
plebe pliːb **-s** -z
plebeian plə'biː.ən, plɪ- (US) plɪ-, plə- **-s** -z
plebiscite 'pleb.ɪ.sɪt, '-ə-, -saɪt (US) -ə.saɪt, -sɪt **-s** -s

plectr|um 'plek.tr|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
pled (*past of* **plead**) pled
pledg|e pledʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Pledger 'pledʒ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
-plegia 'pliː.dʒi.ə, -dʒə
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-plegia** are always stressed on the syllable **-ple-**, e.g. **paraplegia** /,pær.ə'pliː.dʒə (US) ,per-/.
-plegic 'pliː.dʒɪk
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-plegic** are always stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **paraplegic** /,pær.ə'pliː.dʒɪk (US) ,per-/.
Pleiad 'plaɪ.æd, -əd, 'pliː-, 'pleɪ- (US) 'pliː.æd, 'plaɪ-, -jæd, -əd **-s** -z **-es** -iːz
Pléiade 'pleɪ.ɑːd; -æd, -'- **-s** -z
Pleistocene 'plaɪ.stəʊ.siːn (US) -stoʊ-, -stə-
plenar|y 'pliː.nᵊr|.i (US) 'pliː-, 'plen.ɚ- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
plenipotentiar|y ,plen.ɪ.pəʊ'tent.ʃᵊr|.i, -ʃi.ᵊr- (US) ,plen.ɪ.poʊ'tent.ʃi.er-, -pə'-, '-ʃɚ- **-ies** -iz
plenitude 'plen.ɪ.tjuːd (US) -tuːd, -tjuːd
plenteous 'plen.ti.əs (US) -t̬i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
plentiful 'plen.tɪ.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) -t̬ɪ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
plenty 'plen.ti (US) -t̬i
plen|um 'pliː.n|əm (US) 'pliː-, 'plen|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
pleonasm 'pliː.əʊ.næz.ᵊm (US) -oʊ-, '-ə- **-s** -z
pleonastic ,pliː.əʊ'næs.tɪk (US) -oʊ'-, -ə'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
plesiosaur 'pliː.si.əʊ.sɔːʳ (US) -oʊ.sɔːr, -ə- **-s** -z
Plessey® 'ples.i
plethora 'pleθ.ᵊr.ə; pleθ'ɔː.rə, plə'θɔː-, plɪ- (US) 'pleθ.ɚ.ə
plethoric pleθ'ɒr.ɪk, plə-, plɪ- (US) plə'θɔːr-
pleur|a 'plʊə.r|ə, 'plɔː- (US) 'plʊr|.ə **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz **-al** -ᵊl
pleurisy 'plʊə.rə.si, 'plɔː-, -rɪ- (US) 'plʊr.ə-
pleuritic plʊə'rɪt.ɪk, plɔː- (US) plʊ'rɪt̬-
pleuro-pneumonia ,plʊə.rəʊ.njuː'məʊ.ni.ə, ,plɔː- (US) ,plʊr.oʊ.nuː'moʊ.njə, -njuː'-
plexiglass (P®) 'plek.si.glɑːs (US) -sɪ.glæs
plexus 'plek.səs **-es** -ɪz
Pleyel 'pleɪ.el, 'plaɪ- (US) 'plaɪ- **-s** -z
pliability ,plaɪ.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
pliab|le 'plaɪ.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
pliancy 'plaɪ.ᵊnt.si
pliant 'plaɪ.ᵊnt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
plié 'pliː.eɪ, -'- (US) -'- **-s** -z
pliers plaɪəz (US) plaɪɚz
plight plaɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'plaɪ.t̬ɪŋ

Plosive

A sound produced by forming a complete obstruction to the flow of air out of the mouth and nose. Normally, this results in a build-up of compressed air inside the chamber formed by the closure. When the closure is released, there is a small explosion that causes a sharp noise.

Examples for English

British English and US English have six plosive consonants, /p t k/ (voiceless) and /b d g/ (voiced).

In syllable-initial position, sounds in the voiceless group /p t k/ are strongly aspirated (see ASPIRATION), and in final position GLOTTALISATION of these sounds causes a shortening of the preceding vowel. Sounds in the voiced group /b d g/ tend to be 'devoiced' at the beginning and ends of words. At the ends of words, the pairs of sounds /p b/, /t d/ and /k g/ can sound very similar due to this, and one must listen to the length of the vowel to work out which consonant is being produced.

The basic plosive consonant type can be of many different forms: plosives may have any place of articulation, may be voiced or voiceless and may have an 'egressive' (breathing out) or 'ingressive' (breathing in) airflow. The airflow may be from the lungs ('pulmonic'), from the larynx ('glottalic') or generated in the mouth ('velaric'). We find great variation in the release of the plosive.

-ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'plaɪ.t̬ɪd
plimsoll (P) 'plɪmp.səl, -sɒl ⓤⓢ -səl, -sɑːl, -sɔːl **-s** -z '**Plimsoll** ˌ**line**
Plinlimmon plɪn'lɪm.ən
plinth plɪntθ **-s** -s
Pliny 'plɪn.i
Pliocene 'plaɪ.əʊ.siːn ⓤⓢ -oʊ-, '-ə-
PLO ˌpiː.el'əʊ ⓤⓢ -'oʊ
plod plɒd ⓤⓢ plɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **-der/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Ploesti, Ploiesti pləʊ'jeʃ.ti ⓤⓢ plɔː-, -'jeʃt.i
Plomer 'pluː.mər, 'plʌm.ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Plomley 'plʌm.li
plonk (*n, v.*) plɒŋk ⓤⓢ plʌŋk, plɑːŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
plonker 'plɒŋ.kər ⓤⓢ 'plʌŋ.kɚ **-s** -z
plop plɒp ⓤⓢ plɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
plosion 'pləʊ.ʒən ⓤⓢ 'ploʊ- **-s** -z
plosive 'pləʊ.sɪv, -zɪv ⓤⓢ 'ploʊ.sɪv **-s** -z
plot plɒt ⓤⓢ plɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'plɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'plɑː.t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ 'plɑː.t̬ɚ/z
plough (P) plaʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
ploughboy 'plaʊ.bɔɪ **-s** -z
plough|man 'plaʊ|.mən **-men** -mən, -men ˌ**Ploughman's** '**Lunch**
ploughshare 'plaʊ.ʃeər ⓤⓢ -ʃer **-s** -z
Plovdiv 'plɒv.dɪv, -dɪf ⓤⓢ 'plɔːv.dɪf
plover 'plʌv.ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
plow plaʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
plowboy 'plaʊ.bɔɪ **-s** -z
Plowden 'plaʊ.dən
plow|man (P) 'plaʊ|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
Plowright 'plaʊ.raɪt
plowshare 'plaʊ.ʃeər ⓤⓢ -ʃer **-s** -z
ploy plɔɪ **-s** -z
pluck (P) plʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
pluck|y 'plʌk|.i **-ier** -i.ər ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
plug plʌg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
plughole 'plʌg.həʊl ⓤⓢ -hoʊl **-s** -z
plug-in 'plʌg.ɪn **-s** -z
plum plʌm **-s** -z ˌ**plum** '**pudding**
plumag|e 'pluː.mɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
plumb (P) plʌm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
plumbago plʌm'beɪ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ **-s** -z
Plumbe plʌm
plumber 'plʌm.ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
plumbic 'plʌm.bɪk
plumbing 'plʌm.ɪŋ
plumb-line 'plʌm.laɪn **-s** -z
plumbous 'plʌm.bəs
plum|e pluːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Plummer 'plʌm.ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ
plumm|et 'plʌm|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
plummy 'plʌm.i
plump plʌmp **-er** -ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Plumpton 'plʌmp.tən
Plumridge 'plʌm.rɪdʒ
Plumstead 'plʌmp.stɪd, -sted
Plum(p)tre 'plʌmp.triː
plumule 'pluː.mjuːl **-s** -z
plund|er 'plʌn.d|ər ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.ər/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erous** -ər.əs
plung|e plʌndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
plunger 'plʌn.dʒər ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
plunk plʌŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Plunket(t) 'plʌŋ.kɪt
pluperfect ˌpluː'pɜː.fɪkt, -fekt ⓤⓢ 'pluːˌpɝː.fɪkt, ˌ-'-- **-s** -s *stress shift, British only:* ˌpluperfect 'tense
plural 'plʊə.rəl, 'plɔː- ⓤⓢ 'plʊr.əl **-s** -z **-ly** -i
plural|ism 'plʊə.rəl|.ɪ.zəm, 'plɔː- ⓤⓢ 'plʊr.əl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
pluralistic ˌplʊə.rəl'ɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˌplʊr.əl'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpluralistic 'system
pluralit|y plʊə'ræl.ə.t|i, plɔː-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ plʊ'ræl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
pluraliz|e, -is|e 'plʊə.rəl.aɪz, 'plɔː- ⓤⓢ 'plʊr.əl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
plurisegmental ˌplʊə.rɪ.seg'men.təl, ˌplɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌplʊr.ɪ.seg'men.t̬əl *stress shift:* ˌplurisegmental 'item
plus plʌs **-(s)es** -ɪz
plus-fours ˌplʌs'fɔːz ⓤⓢ -'fɔːrz
plush plʌʃ **-er** -ər ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-es** -ɪz **-y** -i
Plutarch 'pluː.tɑːk ⓤⓢ -tɑːrk
Pluto 'pluː.təʊ ⓤⓢ -t̬oʊ
plutocracy pluː'tɒk.rə.si ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.krə-
plutocrat 'pluː.təʊ.kræt ⓤⓢ -t̬ə-, -toʊ- **-s** -s
plutocratic ˌpluː.təʊ'kræt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -toʊ'kræt̬-, -t̬ə'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌplutocratic 'government
plutonian (P) pluː'təʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -'toʊ-
plutonic (P) pluː'tɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.nɪk
plutonium pluː'təʊ.ni.əm ⓤⓢ -'toʊ-
pluvi|al 'pluː.vi|.əl **-ous** -əs
pluviometer ˌpluː.vi'ɒm.ɪ.tər, '-ə- ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
pl|y pl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
Plymouth 'plɪm.əθ ˌ**Plymouth** '**Brethren**; ˌ**Plymouth** '**Rock**
Plynlimon Fawr plɪnˌlɪm.ən'vaʊər ⓤⓢ -'vaʊr
plywood 'plaɪ.wʊd
p.m. ˌpiː'em
PM ˌpiː'em
PMS ˌpiː.em'es
PMT ˌpiː.em'tiː
pneumatic njuː'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ nuː'mæt̬-, njuː- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li pneuˌmatic 'drill
pneumatolog|y ˌnjuː.mə'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.mə'tɑː.lə-, ˌnjuː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
pneumoconios|is ˌnjuː.məʊˌkəʊ.ni'əʊ.s|ɪs, -ˌkɒn.i'- ⓤⓢ ˌnuː.moʊˌkoʊ.ni'oʊ-, ˌnjuː-, -məˌ- **-es** -iːz
pneumonia njuː'məʊ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ nuː'moʊ.njə, njuː-
pneumonic njuː'mɒn.ɪk

nuː'mɑː.nɪk, njuː-
n Penh ˌnɒm'pen, pəˌnɒm-'
nɑːm-
) pəʊ ⓤⓢ poʊ -es -z
ɪː'əʊ ⓤⓢ -'oʊ **'PO ˌbox**
h pəʊtʃ ⓤⓢ poʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
hontas ˌpɒk.ə'hɒn.təs, -tæs
poʊ.kə'hɑːn.t̬əs
ard 'pəʊ.tʃɑd, 'pɒtʃ.əd
poʊ.tʃɚd, -kɚd -s -z
ette pɒʃ'et ⓤⓢ poʊ'ʃet -s -s
pɒk ⓤⓢ pɑːk -s -s -ed -t
et 'pɒk|.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.k|ɪt -ets -ɪts
ng -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd
ɪ.t̬ɪd -etable -ɪ.tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ə.bᵊl
ul/s -ɪt.fʊl/z **'pocket ˌmoney**
etbook 'pɒk.ɪt.bʊk ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.kɪt-
s
et-handkerchie|f
k.ɪt'hæŋ.kə.tʃiː|f, -tʃɪ|f
pɑː.kɪt'hæŋ.kɚ- -fs -fs -ves -vz
etknif|e 'pɒk.ɪt.naɪ|f
pɑː.kɪt- -ves -vz
et-size 'pɒk.ɪt.saɪz ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.kɪt-
d
lington 'pɒk.lɪŋ.tən
pɑː.klɪŋ-
mark 'pɒk.mɑːk ⓤⓢ 'pɑːk.mɑːrk
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
'pəʊ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.koʊ
ck 'pəʊ.kɒk ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.kɑːk
curante ˌpəʊ.kəʊ.kjʊə'ræn.teɪ,
ⓢ ˌpoʊ.koʊ.kuː'ræn.t̬i, -kjuː'-,
ːn- -s -z
ɒd ⓤⓢ pɑːd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
gra pəʊ'dæg.rə, pɒd'æg-,
l.ə.grə ⓤⓢ pə'dæg.rə; 'pɑː.də.grə
ast 'pɒd.kɑːst ⓤⓢ 'pɑːd.kæst
-ing -ɪŋ
|y 'pɒdʒ|.i ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ
i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li,
-iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
atric ˌpəʊ.di'æt.rɪk, ˌpɒd.i'-
poʊ-
atr|y pəʊ'daɪ.ə.tr|i, pɒd'aɪ-
ə'daɪ-, poʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
um 'pəʊ.di|.əm ⓤⓢ 'poʊ- -ums
z -a -ə
nk 'pəʊ.dʌŋk ⓤⓢ 'poʊ-
əʊ ⓤⓢ poʊ
pəʊəl; 'pəʊ.el, -ɪl ⓤⓢ poʊəl;
ʊ.el, -ɪl
n 'pəʊ.ɪm, -em; pəʊəm
poʊəm -s -z
na Morale
ˌeɪ.mə.mɒr'ɑː.leɪ, -mɔː'rɑː-
poʊˌeɪ.mə.mɔːr'ɑː-
y 'pəʊ.ɪ.zi, -ez.i; 'pəʊə.zi
poʊə.si, -zi
'pəʊ.ɪt, -et; pəʊət ⓤⓢ poʊət -s -s
et 'laureate
aster ˌpəʊ.ɪ'tæs.təʳ, ˌpəʊə'-
poʊə.tæs.tɚ -s -z
ess ˌpəʊ.ɪ'tes, ˌpəʊə'-; 'pəʊ.ɪ.tɪs,
ə.tɪs, -tes ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.ɪ.t̬ɪs -es -ɪz
ic pəʊ'et.ɪk ⓤⓢ poʊ'et̬- -al -ᵊl
y -ᵊl.i, -li **poˌetic 'justice**

poeticism pəʊ'et.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ poʊ'et̬.ə-
poeticiz|e, -is|e pəʊ'et.ɪ.saɪz, '-ə- ⓤⓢ poʊ'et̬.ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
poetiz|e, -is|e 'pəʊ.ɪ.taɪz, 'pəʊə.taɪz ⓤⓢ 'poʊə.taɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
poetry 'pəʊ.ɪ.tri, 'pəʊə.tri ⓤⓢ 'poʊə-
po-faced ˌpəʊ'feɪst ⓤⓢ ˌpoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌpo-faced 'person
Pogner 'pəʊg.nəʳ ⓤⓢ 'poʊg.nɚ
pogo 'pəʊ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.goʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **'pogo ˌstick**
pogrom 'pɒg.rəm, -rɒm ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.grəm, -grɑːm; pə'grɑːm -s -z
poignancy 'pɔɪ.njən*t*.si, -nən*t*- ⓤⓢ -njən*t*.si
poignant 'pɔɪ.njənt, -nənt ⓤⓢ -njənt -ly -li
poikilotherm pɔɪ'kɪl.əʊ.θɜːm ⓤⓢ -ə.θɝːm, '-oʊ-
poikilotherm|ic ˌpɔɪ.kɪ.ləʊ'θɜː.m|ɪk ⓤⓢ -lə'θɝː-, -loʊ'- -al -ᵊl -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
Poindexter 'pɔɪn.dek.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
poinsettia ˌpɔɪn*t*'set.i.ə ⓤⓢ -'set̬-, '-ə -s -z
point pɔɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pɔɪn.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'pɔɪn.t̬ɚ/z **ˌpoint of ˌno re'turn; ˌpoint of 'order; ˌpoint of 'view**
point-blank ˌpɔɪnt'blæŋk *stress shift:* ˌpoint-blank 'range
point-duty 'pɔɪntˌdjuː.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌduː.t̬i, -ˌdjuː-
pointed 'pɔɪn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Pointe-Noire ˌpwæ̃*n*t'nwɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'nwɑːr
pointill|ism 'pɔɪn.tɪ.l|ɪ.zᵊm, 'pwæ̃*n*.tiː.j|ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ 'pwæn.tə.l|ɪ-, -tiː.j|ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
pointless 'pɔɪnt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
point-of-sale ˌpɔɪnt.əv'seɪl
Pointon 'pɔɪn.tən ⓤⓢ -tᵊn
points|man 'pɔɪnts|.mən -men -mən, -men
point-to-point ˌpɔɪnt.tə'pɔɪnt *stress shift:* ˌpoint-to-point 'champion
point|y 'pɔɪn.t|i ⓤⓢ -t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Poirot 'pwɑː.rəʊ, -'- ⓤⓢ pwɑː'roʊ
pois|e pɔɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
poison 'pɔɪ.zᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˌpoison 'ivy; ˌpoison 'oak; 'poison ˌpill**
poisonous 'pɔɪ.zᵊn.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
poison-pen letter ˌpɔɪ.zᵊn'penˌlet.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌlet̬.ɚ -s -z
Poitier 'pwɒt.i.eɪ, 'pwæt-, 'pwɑː.ti- ⓤⓢ 'pwɑː.ti.eɪ, -tjeɪ
Poitiers 'pwɑː.ti.eɪ, 'pwɒt.i-, 'pwæt.i-, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ pwɑː'tjeɪ, -ti'eɪ
pok|e pəʊk ⓤⓢ poʊk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Pokémon® 'pəʊ.kə.mɒn, -kɪ-, 'pɒk- ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.keɪ.mɑːn, -kiː-

poker 'pəʊ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.kɚ -s -z **'poker ˌface**
pok|ey 'pəʊ.k|i ⓤⓢ 'poʊ- -eys -iz -ies -iz
pokie 'pəʊ.ki ⓤⓢ 'poʊ- -s -z
pok|y 'pəʊ.k|i ⓤⓢ 'poʊ- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Pola(c)k 'pəʊ.læk ⓤⓢ 'poʊ- -s -s
Poland 'pəʊ.lənd ⓤⓢ 'poʊ-
Polanski pəʊ'læn*t*.ski, pɒl'æn*t*- ⓤⓢ pə'læn*t*-, poʊ-
polar 'pəʊ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.lɚ -s -z **ˌpolar 'bear, 'polar ˌbear** ⓤⓢ **'polar ˌbear**
Polaris pəʊ'lɑː.rɪs, -'lær.ɪs, -'leə.rɪs ⓤⓢ pə'ler.ɪs, poʊ-, -'lær-
Note: In British English, the rocket and submarine are usually pronounced with /-'lɑː-/.
polariscope pəʊ'lær.ɪ.skəʊp, '-ə- ⓤⓢ poʊ'ler.ɪ.skoʊp, -'lær- -s -s
polarity pəʊ'lær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ poʊ'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
polarization, -isa- ˌpəʊ.lᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌpoʊ.lɚ.ɪ'-
polariz|e, -is|e 'pəʊ.lᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Polaroid® 'pəʊ.lᵊr.ɔɪd ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.lə.rɔɪd -s -z
polder 'pɒl.dəʳ, 'pəʊl- ⓤⓢ 'poʊl.dɚ -s -z
pole pəʊl ⓤⓢ poʊl -s -z **'Pole ˌStar; 'pole ˌvault**
Pole *inhabitant of Poland:* pəʊl ⓤⓢ poʊl -s -z
Pole *surname:* pəʊl, puːl ⓤⓢ poʊl, puːl
poleax|(e) 'pəʊl.æks ⓤⓢ 'poʊl- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
polecat 'pəʊl.kæt ⓤⓢ 'poʊl- -s -s
polemic pə'lem.ɪk, pɒl'em- ⓤⓢ pə'lem- -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
polemicist pə'lem.ɪ.sɪst, pɒl'em- ⓤⓢ pə'lem- -s -s
polemiciz|e, -is|e pə'lem.ɪ.saɪz, pɒl'em- ⓤⓢ pə'lem.ɪ.saɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
polenta pəʊ'len.tə ⓤⓢ poʊ'len.t̬ə, pə-
polestar 'pəʊl.stɑːʳ ⓤⓢ 'poʊl.stɑːr -s -z
Polesworth 'pəʊlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ 'poʊlz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
pole-vaul|t 'pəʊl.vɔː|lt, -vɒlt ⓤⓢ 'poʊl.vɑː|lt, -vɔː|lt -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd -ter/s -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z
polic|e pə'liːs, pliːs ⓤⓢ pə'liːs, poʊ-, pliːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **po'lice ˌcar; poˌlice 'constable; po'lice ˌforce; po'lice ˌofficer, poˌlice 'officer; poˌlice 'state** ⓤⓢ **po'lice ˌstate; po'lice ˌstation**
police|man pə'liːs|.mən, 'pliːs- ⓤⓢ pə'liːs-, poʊ-, pliːs- -men -mən
police|woman pə'liːs|ˌwʊm.ən, 'pliːs- ⓤⓢ pə'liːs-, poʊ-, pliːs- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
polic|y 'pɒl.ə.s|i, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.lə- -ies -iz
policyholder 'pɒl.ə.siˌhəʊl.dəʳ, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.lə.siˌhoʊl.dɚ -s -z
policymaker 'pɒl.ə.siˌmeɪ.kəʳ, -ɪ-

(US) ˈpɑː.lə.siˌmeɪ.kɚ -s -z

polio ˈpəʊ.li.əʊ (US) ˈpoʊ.li.oʊ

poliomyelitis ˌpəʊl.i.əʊ.maɪəˈlaɪ.tɪs, -maɪ.ɪˈ-, -elˈaɪ-, -təs (US) ˌpoʊ.li.oʊˌmaɪəˈlaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs

polish (*n, v.*) ˈpɒl.ɪʃ (US) ˈpɑː.lɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Polish (*adj.*) *of Poland:* ˈpəʊ.lɪʃ (US) ˈpoʊ-

politburo (P) ˈpɒl.ɪtˌbjʊə.rəʊ, pɒlˈɪt-, -ˌbjɔː-; -bjəˌrəʊ, -bjʊˌ- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪtˌbjʊr.oʊ, ˈpoʊ-; poʊˈlɪt-, pə- -s -z

po|lite pəlˈlaɪt (US) pə-, poʊ- **-litest** -ˈlaɪ.tɪst, -ˈlaɪ.təst (US) -ˈlaɪ.t̬ɪst, -ˈlaɪ.t̬əst **-litely** -ˈlaɪt.li **-liteness** -ˈlaɪt.nəs, -ˈlaɪt.nɪs

politic ˈpɒl.ə.tɪk, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈpɑː.lə- -s -s

politic|al pəˈlɪt.ɪ.k|əl, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈlɪt̬.ə-, poʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li **poˌlitical ˈprisoner; poˌlitical ˈscience**

politician ˌpɒl.ɪˈtɪʃ.ən, -əˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.ləˈ- -s -z

politiciz|e, -cis|e pəˈlɪt.ɪ.saɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈlɪt̬.ə-, poʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

politick ˈpɒl.ə.tɪk, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈpɑː.lə- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

politico- pəˌlɪt.ɪ.kəʊ (US) pəˌlɪt̬.ɪ.koʊ, poʊ-, -kə

politico pəˈlɪt.ɪ.kəʊ (US) -ˈlɪt̬.ɪ.koʊ, poʊ- -s -z

polity ˈpɒl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˈpɑː.lə.t̬i

Polixenes pɒlˈɪk.sə.niːz, pəˈlɪk-, -sɪ- (US) pəˈlɪk.sə-

Polk pəʊk (US) poʊk

polka ˈpɒl.kə (US) ˈpoʊl- -s -z ˈ**polka** ˌ**dot**

poll (*n, v.*) pəʊl (US) poʊl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**poll** ˌ**tax;** ˈ**polling** ˌ**booth;** ˈ**polling** ˌ**station**

pollard ˈpɒl.əd, -ɑːd (US) ˈpɑː.lɚd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Pollard ˈpɒl.ɑːd (US) ˈpɑː.lɚd

pollen (P) ˈpɒl.ən, -ɪn (US) ˈpɑː.lən -s -z ˈ**pollen** ˌ**count**

polli|nate ˈpɒl.əl.neɪt, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈpɑː.lə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd

pollination ˌpɒl.əˈneɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.ləˈ-

Pollock ˈpɒl.ək (US) ˈpɑː.lək

pollster ˈpəʊl.stəʳ (US) ˈpoʊl.stɚ -s -z

pollutant pəˈluː.tənt, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- -s -s

pollu|te pəˈluː|t, -ˈljuː|t (US) -luː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -təʳ/z (US) -t̬ɚ/z

pollution pəˈluː.ʃən, -ˈljuː- (US) -ˈluː- -s -z

Pollux ˈpɒl.əks (US) ˈpɑː.ləks

Polly ˈpɒl.i (US) ˈpɑː.li

pollyanna (P) ˌpɒl.iˈæn.ə (US) ˌpɑː.liˈ- -s -z

Polmont ˈpəʊl.mənt (US) ˈpoʊl.mɑːnt

polo (P) ˈpəʊ.ləʊ (US) ˈpoʊ.loʊ ˈ**polo** ˌ**neck**

polonais|e ˌpɒl.əˈneɪz (US) ˌpɑː.ləˈ-, ˌpoʊ- **-es** -ɪz

polonium pəˈləʊ.ni.əm (US) -ˈloʊ-

Polonius pəˈləʊ.ni.əs, pɒlˈəʊ- (US) pəˈloʊ-

polon|y pəˈləʊ.n|i (US) -ˈloʊ- **-ies** -iz

Pol Pot ˌpɒlˈpɒt (US) ˌpɑːlˈpɑːt

Polson ˈpəʊl.sən (US) ˈpoʊl-

poltergeist ˈpɒl.tə.gaɪst, ˈpəʊl- (US) ˈpoʊl.t̬ɚ- -s -s

poltroon pɒlˈtruːn (US) pɑːl- -s -z **-ery** -ər.i

Polwarth *in Scotland:* ˈpəʊl.wəθ (US) ˈpoʊl.wɚθ *surname:* ˈpɒl.wəθ (US) ˈpɑːl.wɚθ

poly- pɒl.i, -ɪ; pəˈlɪ (US) pɑː.li, -lɪ, -lə; pəˈlɪ

Note: Prefix. Many compounds with **poly-** have the stress pattern ˌ**poly**ˈ-; these are likely to undergo stress shift when a stressed syllable follows. The prefix may also be stressed on the second syllable, e.g. **polygonal** /pəˈlɪg.ən.əl/.

poly ˈpɒl.i (US) ˈpɑː.li -s -z

polyamide ˌpɒl.iˈæm.aɪd, -ˈeɪ.maɪd (US) ˌpɑː.liˈ- -s -z

polyandrous ˌpɒl.iˈæn.drəs (US) ˌpɑː.liˈ-

polyandry ˈpɒl.i.æn.dri, ˌpɒl.iˈæn- (US) ˈpɑː.liˌæn-, ˌpɑː.liˈæn-

polyanth|us ˌpɒl.iˈænt.θ|əs (US) ˌpɑː.liˈ- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ

polybag ˈpɒl.i.bæg, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈpɑː.li.bæg -s -z

Polybius pəˈlɪb.i.əs, pɒlˈɪb- (US) pəˈlɪb-, poʊ-

polycarbonate ˌpɒl.ɪˈkɑː.bə.neɪt, -iˈ-, -nət, -nɪt (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈkɑːr.bə.nɪt, -liˈ-, -neɪt -s -s

Polycarp ˈpɒl.ɪ.kɑːp, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.kɑːrp, -li-

Polycell® ˈpɒl.ɪ.sel, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ-, -li-

polyclinic ˌpɒl.ɪˈklɪn.ɪk (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈ- -s -s

polycotton ˌpɒl.ɪˈkɒt.ən, -iˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈkɑː.tən, -liˈ-

Polycrates pəˈlɪk.rə.tiːz, pɒlˈɪk- (US) pəˈlɪk-

Polydor® ˈpɒl.i.dɔːʳ (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.dɔːr, -li-

polyester ˌpɒl.iˈes.təʳ (US) ˌpɑː.liˈes.tɚ, ˈpɑː.li.es-

polyethylene ˌpɒl.iˈeθ.ɪ.liːn, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌpɑː.liˈeθ.ə-

Polyfilla® ˈpɒl.ɪˌfɪl.ə, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪˌ-, -liˌ-

polygam|y pəˈlɪg.ə.m|i, pɒlˈɪg- (US) pəˈlɪg-, -li- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ous** -əs

polyglot ˈpɒl.ɪ.glɒt, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.glɑːt, -li- -s -s

polygon ˈpɒl.ɪ.gɒn, -gən (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.gɑːn -s -z

polygonal pəˈlɪg.ən.əl, pɒlˈɪg- (US) pəˈlɪg- **-ly** -i

polygonum pəˈlɪg.ən.əm, pɒlˈɪg- (US) pəˈlɪg-

Polygram® ˈpɒl.i.græm (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ-

polygraph ˈpɒl.ɪ.grɑːf, -i-, -græf (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.græf, -li- -s -s

polyhedr|on ˌpɒl.ɪˈhiː.dr|ən, -iˈ-, -ˈhed.r|ən (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈhiː-, -li- **-ons** -ənz **-a** -ə **-al** -əl

polylectal ˌpɒl.ɪˈlek.təl, -iˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈ-, -liˈ-

polymath ˈpɒl.ɪ.mæθ, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ-, -li- -s -s

polymer ˈpɒl.ɪ.məʳ (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.mɚ -s -z

polymeras|e ˈpɒl.ɪ.mər.eɪs, -eɪz (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.mə.reɪz, -reɪs **-es** -ɪz

polymeric ˌpɒl.ɪˈmer.ɪk (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

polymerism pəˈlɪm.ər.ɪ.zəm, pɒlˈɪm-; ˈpɒl.ɪ.mər- (US) pəˈlɪm.ɚ-; ˈpɑː.lɪ.mɚ-

polymerization, -isa- ˌpɒl.ɪ.mər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ləˈ-, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ.mɚ.ɪˈ-

polymeriz|e, -is|e ˈpɒl.ɪ.mər.aɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.mə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

polymerous pəˈlɪm.ər.əs, pɒlˈɪm- (US) pəˈlɪm-

polymorph|ic ˌpɒl.ɪˈmɔː.f|ɪk, -i- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈmɔːr-, -iˈ- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ous** -əs

Polynesi|a ˌpɒl.ɪˈniː.ʒ|ə, -zi|.ə, -ʒi|.ə, -si|.ə, -ʃi|.ə, -ʃ|ə (US) ˌpɑː.ləˈniː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

polynomial ˌpɒl.ɪˈnəʊ.mi.əl (US) ˌpɑː.liˈnoʊ- -s -z

Poly-Olbion ˌpɒl.iˈɒl.bi.ən (US) ˌpɑː.liˈɑːl-

polyp ˈpɒl.ɪp (US) ˈpɑː.lɪp -s -s **-ous** -əs

polypeptide ˌpɒl.ɪˈpep.taɪd, -i- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈ-, -liˈ- -s -z

Polyphemus ˌpɒl.ɪˈfiː.məs, -əˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈ-

polyphon|ic ˌpɒl.ɪˈfɒn|.ɪk, -əˈ-, -iˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈfɑː.n|ɪk, -liˈ- **-ous** -əs

polyphony pəˈlɪf.ən.i, pɒlˈɪf- (US) pəˈlɪf-

polypody ˈpɒl.ɪ.pəʊ.di, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.poʊ-, -li-

polyp|us ˈpɒl.ɪ.p|əs, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ- **-i** -aɪ

polysaccharide ˌpɒl.ɪˈsæk.ər.aɪd, -i-, -ɪd (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈsæk.ə.raɪd, -liˈ-

polysemous pəˈlɪs.ɪ.məs, pɒlˈɪs-; ˌpɒl.ɪˈsiː- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈsiː-; pəˈlɪs.ə-

polysemy pəˈlɪs.ɪ.mi; ˌpɒl.ɪˈsiː.mi, ˈpɒl.ɪ.siː- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.siː-; pəˈlɪs.ə-

polystyrene ˌpɒl.ɪˈstaɪə.riːn, -iˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈstaɪ-, -liˈ-

polysyllabic ˌpɒl.ɪ.sɪˈlæb.ɪk, -i-, -səˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ.sɪˈ-, -li- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

polysyllable ˌpɒl.ɪˈsɪl.ə.bəl, ˈpɒl.ɪˌsɪl-, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪˌsɪl-, -liˌ- -s -z

polysyndeton ˌpɒl.ɪˈsɪn.də.tən, -iˈ-, -dɪ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈsɪn.də.tɑːn, -liˈ-, -tən

polysynthesis ˌpɒl.ɪˈsɪnt.θə.sɪs, -iˈ-, -θɪ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪˈ-, -liˈ-

polysynthetic ˌpɒl.ɪ.sɪnˈθet.ɪk, -i- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ.sɪnˈθet̬.ɪk, -li-

polysystemic ˌpɒl.ɪ.sɪˈstiː.mɪk, -i-, -səˈ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ-, -li-

polytechnic ˌpɒl.ɪˈtek.nɪk (US) -iˈ-, ˌpɑː.lɪˈ-, -liˈ- -s -s

polythe|ism ˈpɒl.ɪ.θiː|.ɪ.zəm, ˌpɒl.ɪˈθiː-, -i- (US) ˈpɑː.lɪ.θiː-, ˌpɑː.liˈθiː, -li- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

polytheistic ˌpɒl.ɪ.θiˈɪs.tɪk; -ˈθiː.ɪ.stɪk, -i- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ.θiˈɪs.tɪk, -li-

hene 'pɒl.ɪ.θiːn, '-ə- (US) 'pɑː.lɪ-
unsaturate
.i.ʌn'sætʃ.ᵊr.eɪt, -'sæt.jᵊr-, -ət
ɑː.li.ʌn'sætʃ.ə.reɪt -s -s
unsaturated
.i.ʌn'sætʃ.ᵊr.eɪ.tɪd, -'sæt.jᵊr-
ɑː.li.ʌn'sætʃ.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪd
urethane ˌpɒl.ɪ'jʊə.rə.θeɪn,
-, -i'-, -rɪ- (US) ˌpɑː.lɪ'jʊr.ə-, -li'-
valent ˌpɒl.ɪ'veɪ.lənt, -i'-
ɑː.lɪ'-, 'pɑː.lɪ.veɪ-, -li'-
vinyl ˌpɒl.ɪ'vaɪ.nᵊl, -i'-, -nɪl
ɑː.lɪ'vaɪ.nəl, -li'-
ken|a pə'lɪk.sɪ.n|ə, pɒl'ɪk-, -sə-
ə'lɪk-; ˌpoʊ.lɪk'siː- **-us** -əs
ath pɒl'zeθ (US) pɑːl-
(P) pɒm (US) pɑːm -s -z
ace 'pʌm.ɪs (US) 'pʌm-, 'pɑː.mɪs
ade pəʊ'meɪd, pɒm'eɪd, -'ɑːd
ɑː'meɪd, poʊ-, 'pɑː.meɪd,
ːd -s -z
agne® pə'meɪn, pɒm'eɪn
ɑː'meɪn, pə-
ander pə'mæn.dəʳ, pɒm'æn-
poʊ.mæn.dɚ; -'--, pə- -s -z
atum pə'meɪ.təm, -'mɑː-
t̬əm, poʊ- -s -z
e pəʊm (US) poʊm -s -z
egranate 'pɒm.ɪˌgræn.ɪt, -əˌ-
pɑːmˌgræn-, 'pʌmˌ-, 'pɑː.məˌ-
n.əˌ- -s -s
elo 'pɒm.ɪ.ləʊ, '-ə-; pə'mel.oʊ
pɑː.mə.loʊ -s -z
erania ˌpɒm.ə'reɪ.ni.ə
pɑː.mə'-
eranian ˌpɒm.ə'reɪ.ni.ən
pɑː.mə'- *stress shift:*
meranian 'dog
eroy 'pɒm.ə.rɔɪ, 'pəʊm.rɔɪ
pɑː.mə.rɔɪ, 'pɑːm.rɔɪ
fret *fish:* 'pɒm.frɪt (US) 'pɑːm-,
m- -s -s
fret 'pʌm.frɪt, 'pɒm- (US) 'pʌm-,
ːm- **'Pomfret ˌcake**
mel (*n.*) 'pɒm.ᵊl (US) 'pʌm.ᵊl,
ː.mᵊl -s -z
mel (*v.*) 'pʌm.ᵊl, 'pɒm- (US) 'pʌm-,
ː.mᵊl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
m|ie, pomm|y (P) 'pɒm|.i
pɑː.m|i **-ies** -iz
ona pə'məʊ.nə, pɒm'əʊ-
pə'moʊ-
p pɒmp (US) pɑːmp -s -s
padour (P) 'pɒm.pə.dʊəʳ,
ɪm-, -dɔːʳ (US) 'pɑːm.pə.dɔːr, -dʊr
z
peian pɒm'peɪ.ən, -'piː-
pɑːm'peɪ-
peii pɒm'peɪ.i, -'peɪ (US) pɑːm-
pey 'pɒm.pi (US) 'pɑːm-, -peɪ
pidou 'pɒm.pɪ.duː (US) 'pɑːm-
ompidou ˌCentre
pom 'pɒm.pɒm (US) 'pɑːm.pɑːm
z
pon 'pɒm.pɒn, -pɒŋ,
ɪm.pɔ̃ːŋ (US) 'pɑːm.pɑːn -s -z
posity pɒm'pɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
pɑːm'pɑː.sə.t̬i
pous 'pɒm.pəs (US) 'pɑːm- **-ly** -li

-ness -nəs, -nɪs
ponc|e pɒnts (US) pɑːnts **-es** -ɪz **-(e)y** -i
poncho 'pɒn.tʃəʊ (US) 'pɑːn.tʃoʊ -s -z
pond (P) pɒnd (US) pɑːnd -s -z
pond|er 'pɒn.d|əʳ (US) 'pɑːn.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
ponderability ˌpɒn.dᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌpɑːn.dɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
ponderable 'pɒn.dᵊr.ə.bᵊl (US) 'pɑːn.dɚ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ponderous 'pɒn.dᵊr.əs (US) 'pɑːn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ponders 'pɒn.dəz (US) 'pɑːn.dɚz
Pondicherry ˌpɒn.dɪ'tʃer.i, -'ʃer- (US) ˌpɑːn.dɪ'tʃer-
pondweed 'pɒnd.wiːd (US) 'pɑːnd-
pong pɒŋ (US) pɑːŋ, pɔːŋ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
pongee ˌpɒn'dʒiː, ˌpʌn- (US) ˌpɑːn'dʒiː; 'pɑːn.dʒi
poniard 'pɒn.jəd, -jɑːd (US) 'pɑː.njɚd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
pons asinorum ˌpɒnzˌæs.ɪ'nɔː.rəm, -rʊm (US) ˌpɑːnzˌæs.ɪ'nɔːr.əm
Ponsonby 'pʌnt.sᵊn.bi, 'pɒnt-, -sᵊm- (US) 'pɑːnt.sᵊn-, 'pʌnt-
Pontardawe ˌpɒn.tə'daʊ.i, -eɪ (US) ˌpɑːn.t̬ɚ'-
Pontardulais ˌpɒn.tə'dɪl.əs, -'dʌl-, -aɪs (US) ˌpɑːn.t̬ɚ'-
Pontefract 'pɒn.tɪ.frækt (US) 'pɑːn.t̬ɪ- **'Pontefract ˌcake**
Ponteland pɒn'tiː.lənd (US) pɑːn-
Pontiac 'pɒn.ti.æk (US) 'pɑːn.t̬i- -s -s
pontifex (P) 'pɒn.tɪ.feks (US) 'pɑːn.t̬ɪ- **pontifices** pɒn'tɪf.ɪ.siːz (US) pɑːn-
pontiff 'pɒn.tɪf (US) 'pɑːn.t̬ɪf -s -s
pontific pɒn'tɪf.ɪk (US) pɑːn- **-al/s** -ᵊl/z **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
pontificate (*n.*) *pope:* pɒn'tɪf.ɪ.kət, '-ə-, -kɪt, -keɪt (US) pɑːn'tɪf.ɪ.kət, -keɪt -s -s
pontifi|cate (*v.*) *give opinions:* pɒn'tɪf.ɪ|.keɪt, '-ə- (US) pɑːn- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ, -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
pontification ˌpɒn.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- (US) ˌpɑːn.tɪ-, -t̬ə- -s -z
Pontine 'pɒn.taɪn (US) 'pɑːn.tiːn, -taɪn
Ponting 'pɒn.tɪŋ (US) 'pɑːn.t̬ɪŋ
Pontins® 'pɒn.tɪnz (US) 'pɑːn-
Pontius 'pɒn.ti.əs, -tʃi.əs, '-ʃəs (US) 'pɑːn.tʃəs, '-t̬i.əs **ˌPontius 'Pilate**
Pont l'Évêque ˌpɔ̃ːn.leɪ'vek (US) ˌpɑ̃ːnt.lə'vek
Pontllanfraith ˌpɒnt.hlæn'vraɪθ, -θlæn'- (US) ˌpɑːnt.θlæn'-
pontoon pɒn'tuːn (US) pɑːn- -s -z
Pont|us 'pɒn.t|əs (US) 'pɑːn.t̬|əs **-ic** -ɪk
Pontyclun ˌpɒn.tɪ'klɪn, -tə'- (US) ˌpɑːn.t̬ɪ'-
Pontypool ˌpɒn.tɪ'puːl, -tə'- (US) ˌpɑːn.t̬ɪ'-
Pontypridd ˌpɒn.tɪ'priːð, -tə'- (US) ˌpɑːn.t̬ɪ'-
pon|y 'pəʊ.n|i (US) 'poʊ- **-ies** -iz **'pony ˌtrekking**
ponytail 'pəʊ.ni.teɪl (US) 'poʊ- -s -z

poo(h) (P) *exclamation:* pˌu, phuː, puː **(P)** *other senses:* puː
Note: /puː/ is the pronunciation for A. A. Milne's character "Winnie the Pooh".
pooch puːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
pood puːd -s -z
poodle 'puː.dᵊl -s -z
poof pʊf, puːf (US) puːf, pʊf -s -s
poofter 'pʊf.təʳ, 'puːf- (US) 'puːf.tɚ -s -z
poofy 'pʊf.i, 'puː.fi (US) 'puː.fi
Pooh-Bah ˌpuː'bɑː, '-- (US) '--
pooh-pooh ˌpuː'puː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Pook puːk
pool puːl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Poole puːl
Pooley 'puː.li
poolroom 'puːl.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
poon puːn -s -z
Poona 'puː.nə, -nɑː (US) -nə
poontang 'puːn.tæŋ
poop puːp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'poop ˌdeck**
pooper 'puː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z
pooper-scooper 'puː.pəˌskuː.pəʳ (US) -pɚˌskuː.pɚ -s -z
poop-scoop 'puːp.skuːp -s -s
poor (P) pɔːʳ, pʊəʳ (US) pʊr **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **'poor ˌbox; 'poor ˌlaw; ˌpoor re'lation; ˌpoor 'white**
Poore pɔːʳ, pʊəʳ (US) pʊr
poorhou|se 'pɔː.haʊ|s, 'pʊə- (US) 'pʊr- **-ses** -zɪz
poorly 'pɔː.li, 'pʊə- (US) 'pʊr-
Pooter 'puː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-ish** -ɪʃ
poove puːv -s -z
pop pɒp (US) pɑːp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'pop ˌart; 'pop ˌmusic** (US) **ˌpop 'music; 'pop ˌstar**
popadom, -dum 'pɒp.ə.dəm (US) 'pɑː.pə- -s -z
popcorn 'pɒp.kɔːn (US) 'pɑːp.kɔːrn
pop-down 'pɒp.daʊn (US) 'pɑːp-
pope (P) pəʊp (US) poʊp -s -s **-dom/s** -dəm/z
popery 'pəʊ.pᵊr.i (US) 'poʊ-
Popeye 'pɒp.aɪ (US) 'pɑː.paɪ
pop-eyed ˌpɒp'aɪd (US) 'pɑːpˌaɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌpop-eyed 'monster
pop-gun 'pɒp.gʌn (US) 'pɑːp- -s -z
Popham 'pɒp.əm (US) 'pɑː.pəm
popinjay 'pɒp.ɪn.dʒeɪ (US) 'pɑː.pɪn- -s -z
popish 'pəʊ.pɪʃ (US) 'poʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
poplar (P) 'pɒp.ləʳ (US) 'pɑː.plɚ -s -z
poplin 'pɒp.lɪn (US) 'pɑː.plɪn -s -z
Popocatépetl ˌpɒp.əʊˌkæt.ɪ'pet.ᵊl, ˌpəʊ.pəʊ-, -ə'-, ˌpəʊ.pəʊ'kæt.ɪ.pet-, ˌpɒp.əʊ'-, '-ə- (US) ˌpoʊ.pə'kæt.ə.pet̬.ᵊl; ˌpɑː.pɑː.kɑː'teɪ-
popover 'pɒpˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) 'pɑːˌpoʊ.vɚ -s -z

poppa 'pɒp.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pə -s -z
poppadom, -dum 'pɒp.ə.dəm ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pə- -s -z
popper (P) 'pɒp.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pɚ -s -z
Popperian pɒp'ɪə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ pɑː'pɪr.i-
poppet 'pɒp.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pɪt -s -s
popping creas|e 'pɒp.ɪŋ,kriːs ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pɪŋ,- -es -ɪz
poppl|e 'pɒp.əl ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'pɒp.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.plɪŋ -ed -d
Popplewell 'pɒp.əl.wel ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pəl-
popp|y (P) 'pɒp|.i ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.p|i -ies -iz 'Poppy ,Day
poppycock 'pɒp.ɪ.kɒk ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pɪ.kɑːk
popsicle (P®) 'pɒp.sɪ.kəl ⓤⓢ 'pɑːp- -s -z
pop|sy, pop|sie 'pɒp|.si ⓤⓢ 'pɑːp- -sies -siz
populace 'pɒp.jə.ləs, -jʊ-, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə.lɪs, -pjʊ-, -ləs
popular 'pɒp.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə.lɚ, -pjʊ- -ly -li
popularity ,pɒp.jə'lær.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ,pɑː.pjə'ler.ə.ţi, -pjʊ'-, -'lær-
popularization, -isa- ,pɒp.jə.lər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -jə-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ,pɑː.pjə.lɚ.ɪ'-, -pjʊ-
populariz|e, -is|e 'pɒp.jə.lər.aɪz, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə.lə.raɪz, -pjʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
popu|late 'pɒp.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə-, -pjʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ţɪd
population ,pɒp.jə'leɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'- ⓤⓢ ,pɑː.pjə'-, -pjʊ'- -s -z popu'lation ex,plosion
popul|ism 'pɒp.jə.l|ɪ.zəm, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə-, -pjʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
populous 'pɒp.jə.ləs, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.pjə-, -pjʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
pop-up 'pɒp.ʌp ⓤⓢ 'pɑːp-
porcelain 'pɔː.səl.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-, '-slɪn -s -z
porch pɔːtʃ ⓤⓢ pɔːrtʃ -es -ɪz
Porchester 'pɔː.tʃɪ.stəʳ, -tʃə- ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.tʃɪ.stɚ, -tʃə-
porcine 'pɔː.saɪn ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-, -sɪn
porcin|o pɔː'tʃiː.n|əʊ ⓤⓢ pɔːr'tʃiː.n|oʊ -i -iː
porcupine 'pɔː.kjə.paɪn, -kjʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr- -s -z
por|e pɔːʳ ⓤⓢ pɔːr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
porg|y *fish:* 'pɔː.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.g|i -ies -iz
Porgy *name:* 'pɔː.gi ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-
pork pɔːk ⓤⓢ pɔːrk -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -y -i ,pork 'pie
pork-barrel 'pɔːk,bær.əl ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrk,ber-, -,bær-
porkpie hat ,pɔːk.paɪ'hæt ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrk- -s -s
Porlock 'pɔː.lɒk ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.lɑːk
porn pɔːn ⓤⓢ pɔːrn
porno 'pɔː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.noʊ
pornographic ,pɔː.nə'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr-
pornograph|y pɔː'nɒg.rə.f|i ⓤⓢ pɔːr'nɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
porosity pɔː'rɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ pɔː'rɑː.sə.ţi, pə-
porous 'pɔː.rəs ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
porphyria pɔː'fɪr.i.ə, -'faɪ.ri- ⓤⓢ pɔːr'fɪr.i-
porphyrin 'pɔː.fər.ɪn, -fɪ.rɪn ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.fɚ.ɪn
porphyry (P) 'pɔː.fər.i, -fɪ.ri ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.fɚ.i
porpois|e 'pɔː.pəs ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr- -es -ɪz
porridge 'pɒr.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-
porringer 'pɒr.ɪn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ɪn.dʒɚ -s -z
Porritt 'pɒr.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-
Porsch|e® pɔːʃ, 'pɔː.ʃə ⓤⓢ pɔːrʃ, 'pɔːr.ʃə -es -ɪz, -əz
Porsena 'pɔː.sɪ.nə, -sən.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-
Porson 'pɔː.sən ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr-
port pɔːt ⓤⓢ pɔːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɪd ,Port 'Moresby; ,port of 'call; ,port of 'entry; ,Port 'Stanley; ,Port 'Talbot
portability ,pɔː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţə'bɪl.ə.ţi
portable 'pɔː.tə.bəl ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţə- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Portadown ,pɔː.tə'daʊn ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţə'-
portage 'pɔː.tɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɪdʒ
Portakabin® 'pɔː.tə,kæb.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţə,- -s -z
portal (P) 'pɔː.təl ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţəl -s -z
portament|o ,pɔː.tə'men.t|əʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţə'men.t|oʊ -i -iː
Port-au-Prince ,pɔː.təʊ'prɪnts ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.toʊ'-
Portchester 'pɔː.tʃɪ.stəʳ, -tʃə- ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.tʃə.stɚ, -tʃɪ-
portcullis ,pɔːt'kʌl.ɪs ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt- -es -ɪz
Porte pɔːt ⓤⓢ pɔːrt
portend pɔː'tend ⓤⓢ pɔːr- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
portent 'pɔː.tent, -tənt ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.tent -s -s
portentous pɔː'ten.təs ⓤⓢ pɔːr'ten.ţəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Porteous 'pɔː.ti.əs ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţi-
porter (P) 'pɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɚ -s -z -age -ɪdʒ
porterhou|se 'pɔː.tə.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɚ- -ses -zɪz
Porteus 'pɔː.ti.əs ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţi-
portfolio ,pɔːt'fəʊ.li.əʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt'foʊ.li.oʊ -s -z
Porthcawl ,pɔːθ'kɔːl, -'kaʊl ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrθ'kɑːl, -'kɔːl, -'kaʊl
porthole 'pɔːt.həʊl ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt.hoʊl -s -z
Portia 'pɔː.ʃə, -ʃi.ə ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ʃə
portico 'pɔː.tɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɪ.koʊ -(e)s -z
portière ,pɔː.ti'eəʳ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr'tjer, -ti'er, ,-'tɪr -s -z
Portillo pɔː'tɪl.əʊ ⓤⓢ pɔːr'tɪl.oʊ
portion 'pɔː.ʃən ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Portishead 'pɔː.tɪs.hed ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.ţɪs-
Portland 'pɔːt.lənd ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt- ,Portland ce'ment; ,Portland 'stone
portl|y 'pɔːt.l|i ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Portmadoc ,pɔːt'mæd.ək ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt-
Portman 'pɔːt.mən ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt-
portmanteau pɔːt'mæn.təʊ ⓤⓢ pɔːrt'mæn.toʊ, ,--'- -s -z -x -z
Portmeirion ,pɔːt'mer.i.ən ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt-
Pôrto Alegre ,pɔː.təʊ.ə'leg.ri ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.tu.ə'leg.rə
Portobello ,pɔː.tə'bel.əʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţə'bel.oʊ, -ţoʊ'- *stress shift, see compound:* ,Portobello 'Road
Porto-Novo ,pɔː.təʊ'nəʊ.vəʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţoʊ'noʊ.voʊ
Porto Rico ,pɔː.təʊ'riː.kəʊ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.ţoʊ'riː.koʊ, -ţə'-
portrai|t 'pɔː.trɪ|t, -trət, -treɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.trɪ|t, -treɪt -ts -ts -tist/s -tɪst/s ⓤⓢ -ţɪst/s
portraiture 'pɔː.trɪ.tʃə, -trə-, -tjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.trɪ.tʃɚ
portray pɔː'treɪ, pə- ⓤⓢ pɔːr- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
portrayal pɔː'treɪ.əl, pə- ⓤⓢ pɔːr- -s -z
Portrush ,pɔːt'rʌʃ ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt-
Port Said ,pɔːt'saɪd, -sɑː'iːd ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt.sɑː'iːd, -ɪd
Port Salut ,pɔː.sə'luː, -sæl'uː ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.sæl'uː
Portsea 'pɔːt.si, -siː ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt-
Portslade ,pɔːt'sleɪd ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt-
Portsmouth 'pɔːt.sməθ ⓤⓢ 'pɔːrt-
Portstewart ,pɔːt'stjuː.ət ⓤⓢ ,pɔːrt'stuː.ɚt, -'stjuː-
Portugal 'pɔː.tʃə.gəl, -tʃʊ-, -tjə-, -tjʊ- ⓤⓢ 'pɔːr.tʃə-
Portuguese ,pɔː.tʃə'giːz, -tʃʊ'-, -tjə'-, -tjʊ'- ⓤⓢ ,pɔːr.tʃə'-, -'giːs, '--- *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ,Portuguese ,man-of-'war
pos|e pəʊz ⓤⓢ poʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Poseidon pə'saɪ.dən, pɒs'aɪ- ⓤⓢ poʊ'saɪ-, pə-
poser 'pəʊ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ 'poʊ.zɚ -s -z
poseur pəʊ'zɜːʳ ⓤⓢ poʊ'zɝː -s -z
posh pɒʃ ⓤⓢ pɑːʃ -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst
pos|it 'pɒz|.ɪt ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.z|ɪt -its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ţɪŋ -ited -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.ţɪd
position pə'zɪʃ.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
positional pə'zɪʃ.ən.əl
positive 'pɒz.ə.tɪv, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.zə.ţɪv -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ,positive discrimi'nation
positiv|ism 'pɒz.ɪ.tɪ.v|ɪ.zəm, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.zɪ.ţɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
positron 'pɒz.ɪ.trɒn, -trən ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.zɪ.trɑːn -s -z
posse 'pɒs.i ⓤⓢ 'pɑː.si -s -z
possess pə'zes -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -or/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
possession pə'zeʃ.ən -s -z
possessive pə'zes.ɪv -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs pos,sessive 'adjective;

ostalveolar

scriptive of sounds made between the upper teeth and
front part of the palate.

amples for English

ish and US English have two sets of sounds referred to
talveolar, the fricatives /ʃ ʒ/ and the affricates /tʃ dʒ/.

These are also referred to as PALATO-ALVEOLAR, e.g.:

pressure /ˈpreʃ.əʳ/ ⓤⓢ /-ɚ/
pleasure /ˈpleʒ.əʳ/ ⓤⓢ /-ɚ/
church /tʃɜːtʃ/ ⓤⓢ /tʃɝːtʃ/
judge /dʒʌdʒ/

sessive ˈpronoun
essory pəˈzes.ər.i
et ˈpɒs.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.sɪt -s -s
bilit|y ˌpɒs.əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪˈ-, -ɪ.t|i
ɑː.səˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
b|le ˈpɒs.ə.b|əl, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.sə-
li
m ˈpɒs.əm ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.səm -s -z
əust ⓤⓢ poust -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed
post ˌoffice
g|e ˈpəu.stɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈpou- -es -ɪz
tage ˌstamp; ˌpostage and
king
l ˈpəu.stəl ⓤⓢ ˈpou- ˈpostal
er
ag ˈpəust.bæg ⓤⓢ ˈpoust- -s -z
ellum ˌpəustˈbel.əm ⓤⓢ ˌpoust-
s shift: ˌpostbellum ˈbuilding
ox ˈpəust.bɒks ⓤⓢ ˈpoust.bɑːks
ɪz
ard ˈpəust.kɑːd ⓤⓢ ˈpoust.kɑːrd

chaise ˈpəust.ʃeɪz, ˌ-ˈ-
oust.ʃeɪz, ˌ-ˈ- -s -ɪz
ode ˈpəust.kəud ⓤⓢ ˈpoust.koud

a|te ˌpəustˈdeɪ|t, ˈ--
oustˈdeɪ|t, ˈ-- -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ
ɪŋ -ted -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
diluvian ˌpəust.dɪˈluː.vi.ən,
-, -ˈljuː- ⓤⓢ ˌpoust.dɪˈluː-
octoral ˌpəustˈdɒk.tər.əl
oustˈdɑːk- stress shift:
doctoral ˈcontract
r ˈpəu.stəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈpou.stɚ -s -z
ter ˌpaint
restante ˌpəust.resˈtɑ̃ːnt,
ⓤⓢ ˌpoust.resˈtɑːnt
rior pɒsˈtɪə.ri.əʳ ⓤⓢ pɑːˈstɪr.i.ɚ,
ˌpə- -ly -li
riority pɒsˌtɪə.riˈɒr.ə.ti,
tɪə-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ pɑːˌstɪr.iˈɔːr.ə.t̬i,

rit|y pɒsˈter.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i
ɑːˈster.ə- -ies -iz
rn ˈpɒs.tən, ˈpəu.stən, -stɜːn
ou.stɚn, ˈpɑː- -s -z
free ˌpəustˈfriː ⓤⓢ ˌpoust- stress
ˌpost-free ˈsystem
ate ˈpəust.geɪt, -gɪt
oust.geɪt
lacial ˌpəustˈgleɪ.si.əl, -ʃəl,
s.i.əl ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈgleɪ.ʃəl stress
ˌpostglacial ˈperiod
rad ˈpəust.græd ⓤⓢ ˈpoust- -s -z

postgraduate ˌpəustˈgrædʒ.u.ət, -ˈgræd.ju-, -ɪt ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈgrædʒ.u.wɪt, ˈ-ə-; ˈ-u.eɪt -s -s *stress shift:* ˌpostgraduate ˈstudent
posthaste ˌpəustˈheɪst ⓤⓢ ˌpoust-
post hoc ˌpəustˈhɒk ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈhɑːk, -ˈhouk
posthumous ˈpɒs.tjə.məs, -tju- ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tʃə.məs, -tʃu- **-ly** -li
Posthumus ˈpɒs.tju.məs, ˈpɒst.hju- ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tjuː-, -tʃuː-
postich|e pɒsˈtiːʃ ⓤⓢ pɑːˈstiːʃ, pɔː- **-es** -ɪz
postie ˈpəu.sti ⓤⓢ ˈpou- -s -z
postil ˈpɒs.tɪl ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.stɪl -s -z
postil(l)ion pəˈstɪl.i.ən, pɒsˈtɪl-, ˈ-jən ⓤⓢ pouˈstɪl.jən, pɑː- -s -z
Post-impression|ism ˌpəust.ɪmˈpreʃ.ən|.ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ ˌpoust- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
posting ˈpəu.stɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈpou- -s -z
Post-it® ˈpəust.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈpoust-
Postlethwaite ˈpɒs.əl.θweɪt ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.səl-
post|man ˈpəust|.mən ⓤⓢ ˈpoust- **-men** -mən **-woman** -ˌwum.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn ˌ**postman's** ˈ**knock**
postmark ˈpəust.mɑːk ⓤⓢ ˈpoust.mɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
postmaster ˈpəustˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈpoustˌmæs.tɚ -s -z ˌ**Postmaster** ˈ**General**
post-meridian ˌpəust.məˈrɪd.i.ən ⓤⓢ ˌpoust-
postmistress ˈpəust.mɪs.trəs, -trɪs ⓤⓢ ˈpoust- **-es** -ɪz
postmodern ˌpəustˈmɒd.ən ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈmɑː.dɚn **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s *stress shift:* ˌpostmodern ˈartists
postmortem ˌpəustˈmɔː.tem, -təm ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈmɔːr.t̬əm -s -z
postnatal ˌpəustˈneɪ.təl ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈneɪ.t̬əl *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**postnatal de**ˈ**pression**
postnuptial ˌpəustˈnʌp.tʃəl ⓤⓢ ˌpoust-
postoperative ˌpəustˈɒp.ər.ə.tɪv ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈɑː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv
postpaid ˌpəustˈpeɪd ⓤⓢ ˌpoust- *stress shift:* ˌpostpaid ˈenvelope
post partum ˌpəustˈpɑː.təm ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈpɑːr.t̬əm

postpon|e pəustˈpəun, pəs- ⓤⓢ poustˈpoun **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s
postposition ˌpəust.pəˈzɪʃ.ən, ˈpəust.pəˌzɪʃ- ⓤⓢ ˌpoust.pəˈzɪʃ- -s -z
postpositional ˌpəust.pəˈzɪʃ.ən.əl ⓤⓢ ˌpoust- *stress shift:* ˌpostpositional ˈparticle
postpositive ˌpəustˈpɒz.ə.tɪv, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈpɑː.zə.t̬ɪv *stress shift:* ˌpostpositive ˈadjective
postscript ˈpəust.skrɪpt ⓤⓢ ˈpoust- -s -s
postseason ˌpəustˈsiː.zən ⓤⓢ ˌpoust- *stress shift:* ˌpostseason ˈmeeting
post-structuralism ˌpəustˈstrʌk.tʃər.əl.ɪ.zəm, -tʃu.rəl- ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈstrʌk.tʃɚ-
post-traumatic stress disorder ˌpəust.trɔːˌmæt.ɪkˈstres.dɪˌsɔː.dəʳ, -ˌzɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌpoust.trɑːˌmæt̬.ɪkˈstres.dɪˌsɔːr.dɚ, -trɔːˌ-
postulant ˈpɒs.tjə.lənt, -tju- ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tʃə-, ˈpɑː.stjə- -s -s
postulate (*n.*) ˈpɒs.tjə.lət, -tju-, -lɪt, -leɪt ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tʃə.lɪt, -tʃu-, ˈpɑː.stjə-, -stju-, -leɪt -s -s
postu|late (*v.*) ˈpɒs.tjə|.leɪt, -tju- ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tʃə-, ˈpɑː.stjə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
postulation ˌpɒs.tjəˈleɪ.ʃən, -tjuˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌpɑːs.tʃəˈ-, ˌpɑː.stjəˈ- -s -z
post|ure ˈpɒs.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːs.tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
postviral ˌpəustˈvaɪə.rəl ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈvaɪ- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**postviral fa**ˈ**tigue** ˌ**syndrome**
post-war ˌpəustˈwɔːʳ ⓤⓢ ˌpoustˈwɔːr *stress shift:* ˌpost-war ˈpolitics
pos|y ˈpəu.z|i ⓤⓢ ˈpou- **-ies** -iz
pot pɒt ⓤⓢ pɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈpɑː.t̬ɚ/z ˌ**pot** ˈ**luck**; ˈ**pot** ˌ**plant**; ˌ**potted** ˈ**plant**; ˈ**potting** ˌ**shed**
potable ˈpəu.tə.bəl ⓤⓢ ˈpou.t̬ə- -s -z
potag|e pɒtˈɑːʒ, pəuˈtɑːʒ, ˈ-- ⓤⓢ pouˈtɑːʒ **-es** -ɪz
potash ˈpɒt.æʃ ⓤⓢ ˈpɑːt-
potassium pəˈtæs.i.əm ⓤⓢ pə-, pou-
potation pəuˈteɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ pou- -s -z
potato pəˈteɪ.təu ⓤⓢ -t̬ou **-es** -z

po'tato ˌchip; poˌtato 'crisp
pot-au-feu ˌpɒt.əʊ'fɜː (US) ˌpɑːt.oʊ'-
pot-bell|y pɒt'bel|.i, '-ˌ-- (US) 'pɑːtˌbel- **-ied** -id
potboiler 'pɒtˌbɔɪ.ləʳ (US) 'pɑːtˌbɔɪ.lɚ -s -z
potbound (*adj.*) 'pɒt.baʊnd (US) 'pɑːt-
poteen pɒt'iːn, pəʊ'tiːn, -'tʃiːn (US) poʊ'tiːn
Potemkin pə'temp.kɪn, pɒt'emp-, pə'tjɒm.kɪn (US) poʊ'temp-, pə-
potency 'pəʊ.tᵊnt.si (US) 'poʊ-
potent 'pəʊ.tᵊnt (US) 'poʊ- **-ly** -li
potentate 'pəʊ.tᵊn.teɪt (US) 'poʊ- -s -s
potential pəʊ'ten.tʃᵊl (US) poʊ-, pə- -s -z **-ly** -i
potentialit|y pəʊˌten.tʃi'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) poʊˌten.tʃi'æl.ə.ţ|i, pə- **-ies** -iz
potentilla ˌpəʊ.tᵊn'tɪl.ə (US) ˌpoʊ- -s -z
potentiometer pəʊˌten.tʃi'ɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) poʊˌten.tʃi'ɑː.mə.ţɚ, pə- -s -z
potheen pɒt'iːn, pəʊ'tiːn, -tʃiːn, -θiːn, 'pɒθ.iːn (US) poʊ'θiːn, -'tiːn
poth|er 'pɒð|.əʳ (US) 'pɑː.ð|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
pot-herb 'pɒt.hɜːb (US) 'pɑːt.hɝːb -s -z
pothole 'pɒt.həʊl (US) 'pɑːt.hoʊl -s -z
potholl|ing 'pɒtˌhəʊ.l|ɪŋ (US) 'pɑːtˌhoʊ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
pothook 'pɒt.hʊk (US) 'pɑːt- -s -s
pothou|se 'pɒt.haʊ|s (US) 'pɑːt- **-ses** -zɪz
pot-hunter 'pɒtˌhʌn.təʳ (US) 'pɑːtˌhʌn.ţɚ -s -z
potion 'pəʊ.ʃᵊn (US) 'poʊ- -s -z
Potiphar 'pɒt.ɪ.fɑːʳ, '-ə-, -fəʳ (US) 'pɑː.ţə.fɚ
Potomac pə'təʊ.mæk, -mək (US) -'toʊ.mək
potometer pəʊ'tɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) pə'tɑː.mə.tɚ
Potosí *in Bolivia:* ˌpɒt.əʊ'siː (US) ˌpɔː.tɔː'-
Potosi *in US:* pə'təʊ.si (US) -'toʊ-
potpourri ˌpəʊ.pə'riː, -pʊ'- (US) ˌpoʊ.pʊ'riː, -pə'-; 'poʊ.pʊr.i, -pɚ- -s -z
pot-roast 'pɒt.rəʊst (US) 'pɑːt.roʊst -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Potsdam 'pɒts.dæm (US) 'pɑːts-
potsherd 'pɒt.ʃɜːd (US) 'pɑːt.ʃɝːd -s -z
potshot 'pɒt.ʃɒt, ˌ-'- (US) 'pɑːt.ʃɑːt -s -s
Pott pɒt (US) pɑːt
pottage 'pɒt.ɪdʒ (US) 'pɑː.ţɪdʒ
potted 'pɒt.ɪd (US) 'pɑː.ţɪd
pott|er (P) 'pɒt|.əʳ (US) 'pɑː.ţ|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
potter|y (P) 'pɒt.ᵊr|.i (US) 'pɑː.ţɚ- **-ies** -iz
pottle 'pɒt.ᵊl (US) 'pɑː.ţᵊl -s -z
Potts pɒts (US) pɑːts
pott|y 'pɒt|.i (US) 'pɑː.ţ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pouch paʊtʃ -es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
pouf (*derog. for homosexual*) pʊf, puːf (US) puːf -s -s
pouffe, pouf, pouff (*seat, headdress*) puːf -s -s
Poughill 'pɒf.ɪl, 'pʌf-, 'paʊ- (US) 'pɑː.fɪl, 'pʌf.ɪl, 'paʊ-
Poughkeepsie pə'kɪp.si (US) pə-, poʊ-
Poulenc 'puː.læ̃ŋk (US) puː'læ̃ŋk
Poulson 'pəʊl.sᵊn, 'puːl- (US) 'poʊl-, 'puːl-
poult *chicken:* pəʊlt (US) poʊlt -s -s
poult *silk material:* puːlt (US) puːlt, puː
Poulter 'pəʊl.təʳ (US) 'poʊl.ţɚ
poulterer 'pəʊl.tᵊr.əʳ (US) 'poʊl.ţɚ.ɚ -s -z
poultic|e 'pəʊl.tɪs (US) 'poʊl.ţɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Poultney 'pəʊlt.ni (US) 'poʊlt-
Poulton 'pəʊl.tᵊn (US) 'poʊl-
Poulton-le-Fylde ˌpəʊl.tᵊn.lə'faɪld, -lɪ'- (US) ˌpoʊl-
poultry 'pəʊl.tri (US) 'poʊl-
poultry|man 'pəʊl.tri|.mən, -mæn (US) 'poʊl- **-men** -mən, -men
pounc|e paʊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Pouncefoot 'paʊnts.fʊt
pound (P) paʊnd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**pound 'sterling**
poundag|e 'paʊn.dɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Pounds paʊndz
Pount(e)ney 'paʊnt.ni
Poupart 'pəʊ.pɑːt, 'puː- (US) ˌpuː'pɑːrt
Pouparts 'puː.pɑːts (US) ˌpuː'pɑːrts
pour pɔːʳ (US) pɔːr -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
pourboire 'pʊə.bwɑːʳ, 'pɔː- (US) pʊr'bwɑːr -s -z
pourparler ˌpʊə'pɑː.leɪ, ˌpɔː- (US) ˌpʊr.pɑːr'leɪ -s -z
poussin (P) 'puː.sæ̃ŋ (US) puː'sæ̃n -s -z
pout paʊt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'paʊ.ţɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'paʊ.ţɪd
poverty 'pɒv.ə.ti (US) 'pɑː.vɚ.ţi '**poverty** ˌ**trap**
poverty-stricken 'pɒv.ə.tiˌstrɪk.ᵊn (US) 'pɑː.vɚ.ţiˌ-
Povey 'pəʊ.vi; pə'veɪ (US) 'poʊ.vi; pə'veɪ
Pow paʊ
POW ˌpiː.əʊ'dʌb.ᵊl.juː (US) -oʊ'- -'s -z
powd|er 'paʊ.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌ**powder 'blue**; '**powder** ˌ**keg**; '**powder** ˌ**puff**; '**powder** ˌ**room**
powder|y 'paʊ.dᵊr|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Powell paʊəl, pəʊəl; 'paʊ.ɪl, 'pəʊ-, -el (US) paʊəl, poʊəl
power (P) paʊəʳ (US) paʊɚ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**power** ˌ**base**; '**power** ˌ**cut**; ˌ**power of at'torney**; ˌ**power 'politics**; '**power** ˌ**station**; ˌ**power 'steering**
powerboat 'paʊə.bəʊt (US) 'paʊɚ.boʊt -s -s
powerful 'paʊə.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'paʊɚ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Powergen 'paʊə.dʒen (US) 'paʊɚ-
powerhou|se 'paʊə.haʊ|s (US) 'paʊɚ- **-ses** -zɪz
powerless 'paʊə.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'paʊɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
powerpack 'paʊə.pæk (US) 'paʊɚ- -s -s
powerpoint 'paʊə.pɔɪnt (US) 'paʊɚ- -s -s
Powerscourt 'pɔːz.kɔːt, 'paʊəz- (US) 'paʊɚz.kɔːrt
power-sharing 'paʊəˌʃeə.rɪŋ (US) 'paʊrˌʃer.ɪŋ
Powicke 'pəʊ.ɪk (US) 'poʊ-
Powis *place in Scotland, square in London:* 'paʊ.ɪs *surname:* 'pəʊ.ɪs, 'paʊ- (US) 'poʊ-, 'paʊ-
Powles pəʊlz (US) poʊlz
Powlett 'pɔː.lɪt (US) 'pɑː-, 'pɔː-
Pownall 'paʊ.nᵊl
powwow (*n, v.*) 'paʊ.waʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Powys 'pəʊ.ɪs, 'paʊ.ɪs (US) 'poʊ-, 'paʊ-
pox pɒks (US) pɑːks
poxy 'pɒk.si (US) 'pɑːk-
Poyner 'pɔɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Poynings 'pɔɪ.nɪŋz
Poynter 'pɔɪn.təʳ (US) -ţɚ
Poynton 'pɔɪn.tən
Poznan 'pɒz.næn (US) 'poʊz-, -nɑːn
PR ˌpiː'ɑːʳ (US) -'ɑːr
practicability ˌpræk.tɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi
practicab|le 'præk.tɪ.kə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
practical 'præk.tɪ.kᵊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**practical 'joke**
practicalit|y ˌpræk.tɪ'kæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
practically 'præk.tɪ.kᵊl.i (US) -tɪ.kli
practic|e 'præk.tɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
practician præk'tɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
practis|e 'præk.tɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**practise what one 'preaches**
practitioner præk'tɪʃ.ᵊn.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Prada® 'prɑː.də
Prado 'prɑː.dəʊ (US) -doʊ
praecox 'priː.kɒks, 'praɪ- (US) 'priː.kɑːks
Praed preɪd
prae|nomen ˌpriː|'nəʊ.men, ˌpraɪ- (US) ˌpriː|'noʊ- **-nomens** -'nəʊ.mənz (US) -'noʊ- **-nomina** -'nɒm.ɪ.nə, -'nəʊ.mɪ- (US) -'nɑː-, -'noʊ-
praepostor ˌpriː'pɒs.təʳ (US) -'pɑː.stɚ -s -z
praesidi|um prɪ'sɪd.i|.əm, prə-, praɪ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
Praeterita ˌpriː'ter.ɪ.tə, prɪ-, praɪ- (US) prɪ'ter.ɪ.ţə
praetor 'priː.təʳ, 'praɪ-, -tɔːʳ (US) 'priː.tɚ -s -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
praetori|al priː'tɔː.ri|.əl, praɪ'- (US) -'tɔːr.i- **-an** -ən
pragmatic præg'mæt.ɪk (US) -'mæţ- -s -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
pragmat|ism 'præg.mə.t|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Prague prɑːg
Praia 'praɪ.ə (US) 'prɑː.jə
prairie (P) 'preə.ri (US) 'prer.i -s -z '**prairie** ˌ**dog**; ˌ**prairie 'oyster**

e preɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
s -əʳ/z
eworth|y 'preɪzˌwɜː.ði
wɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
it 'prɑː.krɪt
ne 'prɑː.liːn ⓤⓢ 'prɑː-, 'preɪ- **-s** -z
prɔːl ⓤⓢ prɔːl, prɑːl
baby carriage: præm **-s** -z
flat-bottomed boat: prɑːm **-s** -z
e (P) prɑːnts ⓤⓢ prænts **-es** -ɪz
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
dial 'præn.di.əl
præŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
præŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
ish 'præŋ.k|ɪʃ **-some** -səm
ster 'præŋk.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z
odymium
.zi.əʊ'dɪm.i.əm, ˌpraɪ.zəʊ'-
reɪ.zi.oʊ'-, -si-
ræt **-s** -s
nett 'prætʃ.ɪt
preɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
all 'præt.fɔːl **-s** -z
ncole 'præt.ɪŋ.kəʊl, 'preɪ.tɪŋ-
ræt.ɪn.koʊl, 'preɪ.tɪn-, -tən-,
s -z
que 'præt.iːk, -ɪk, præt'iːk
æt'iːk; 'præṭ.ɪk **-s** -s
præt
e 'præt.əl ⓤⓢ 'præṭ- **-es** -z **-ing**
præt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z,
.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'præṭ.əl.ɚ/z,
.lɚ/z
a 'prɑːv.də
prɔːn ⓤⓢ prɑːn, prɔːn **-s** -z
wn **'cocktail; ˌprawn 'cracker**
s 'præk.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
celes præk'sɪt.əl.iːz, -tɪ.liːz
sɪṭ.əl.iːz
P) preɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
r *person who prays:* 'preɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ

r *supplication:* preəʳ ⓤⓢ prer **-s** -z
yer ˌmat; 'prayer ˌmeeting;
yer ˌrug; 'prayer ˌwheel
r-book 'preə.bʊk ⓤⓢ 'prer- **-s** -s
rful 'preə.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'prer- **-ly** -i
s -nəs, -nɪs
rless 'preə.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'prer-
i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ng mant|is ˌpreɪ.ɪŋ'mæn.t|ɪs
ɪs **-ises** -ɪ.sɪz **-es** -iːz
iː, prɪ, pri, prə
refix. In words containing **pre-**
e the stem is free, and the
ing is **beforehand**, it generally
secondary stress, e.g.
eminence /ˌpriː'em.ɪ.nənts/.
ched to bound stems the
unciation is normally /prɪ-/ or
/ for British English and /prɪ-/
iː-/ for American English, e.g.
er /prɪ'fɜː ⓤⓢ priː'fɜːr/. There
xceptions; see individual
es.
h priːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˌpreach to the**
verted

preachi|fy 'priː.tʃɪ|.faɪ **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
preach|y 'priː.tʃ|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Preager 'preɪ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ
preamble 'priː.æm.bəl, pri'æm- **-s** -z
preamplifier pri'æm.plɪ.faɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -plə.faɪ.ɚ **-s** -z
prearrang|e ˌpriː.ə'reɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Prebble 'preb.əl
prebend 'preb.ənd **-s** -z
prebendar|y 'preb.ən.dər|.i, -əm-, -ən.der- **-ies** -ɪz
prebuilt ˌpriː'bɪlt *stress shift:* ˌprebuilt 'housing
Precambrian ˌpriː'kæm.bri.ən
precancerous ˌpriː'kænt.sər.əs *stress shift:* ˌprecancerous 'tissue
precarious prɪ'keə.ri.əs, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'ker.i-, priː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
precast ˌpriː'kɑːst ⓤⓢ 'priː.kæst, ˌ-'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌprecast 'concrete
preca|tory 'prek.ə|.tər.i ⓤⓢ -tɔːr- **-tive** -tɪv ⓤⓢ -ṭɪv
precaution prɪ'kɔː.ʃən, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'kɑː-, priː-, -'kɔː- **-s** -z
precautionary prɪ'kɔː.ʃən.ər.i, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'kɑː.ʃən.er-, priː-, -'kɔː-
preced|e priː'siːd, prɪ- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
precedenc|e 'pres.ɪ.dənts, 'priː.sɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pres.ə.dents; prɪ'siː.dənts, priː- **-y** -i
precedent (*n.*) 'pres.ɪ.dənt ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd
precedent (*adj.*) prɪ'siː.dənt, 'pres.ɪ.dənt ⓤⓢ prɪ'siː.dənt, priː-, 'pres.ə.dənt **-ly** -li
precentor ˌpriː'sen.təʳ, prɪ- ⓤⓢ priː'sen.ṭɚ **-s** -z
precept 'priː.sept **-s** -s
preceptor prɪ'sep.təʳ ⓤⓢ priː'sep.tɚ, prɪ- **-s** -z
preceptor|y prɪ'sep.tər|.i ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-ies** -iz
precession prɪ'seʃ.ən, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-s** -z
precinct 'priː.sɪŋkt **-s** -s
preciosity ˌpres.i'ɒs.ə.ti, ˌpreʃ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌpreʃ.i'ɑː.sə.ṭi, ˌpres-
precious (P) 'preʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌprecious 'metal; ˌprecious 'stone**
precipic|e 'pres.ɪ.pɪs, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-es** -ɪz
precipitanc|e prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.tənts, prə-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-y** -i
precipitate (*n.*) prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.teɪt, prə-, '-ə-, -tət, -tɪt ⓤⓢ prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.tɪt, priː-, -teɪt **-s** -s
precipitate (*adj.*) prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.tət, prə-, '-ə-, -tɪt ⓤⓢ prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.tɪt, priː-, -teɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
precipi|tate (*v.*) prɪ'sɪp.ɪ|.teɪt, prə-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'sɪp.ɪ-, priː- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ṭɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ṭɪd

precipitation prɪˌsɪp.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, prə-, -ə'- ⓤⓢ prɪˌsɪp.ɪ'-, priː- **-s** -z
precipitous prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.təs, prə-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'sɪp.ɪ.ṭəs, priː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
précis *singular:* 'preɪ.siː ⓤⓢ 'preɪ.siː, -'- **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *plural:* -z
precise prɪ'saɪs, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
precision prɪ'sɪʒ.ən, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː-
preclassical ˌpriː'klæs.ɪ.kəl *stress shift:* ˌpreclassical 'music
preclud|e prɪ'kluːd ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
preclu|sion prɪ'kluː|.ʒən ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-sive** -sɪv
precocious prɪ'kəʊ.ʃəs, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ'koʊ-, priː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
precocity prɪ'kɒs.ə.ti, prə-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ prɪ'kɑː.sə.ṭi, priː-
precognition ˌpriː.kɒg'nɪʃ.ən ⓤⓢ -kɑːg'-
preconceiv|e ˌpriː.kən'siːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
preconception ˌpriː.kən'sep.ʃən **-s** -z
precon|cert ˌpriː.kən|'sɜːt ⓤⓢ -'sɝːt **-certs** -'sɜːts ⓤⓢ -'sɝːts **-certing** -'sɜː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'sɝː.ṭɪŋ **-certed** -'sɜː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'sɝː.ṭɪd
precondition ˌpriː.kən'dɪʃ.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
precook ˌpriː'kʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
precursor ˌpriː'kɜː.səʳ, prɪ- ⓤⓢ prɪ'kɝː.sɚ, priː- **-s** -z **-y** -i
preda|te ˌpriː'deɪ|t ⓤⓢ ˌpriː'deɪ|t, '-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ṭɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -ṭɪd *stress shift:* ˌpredated 'cheque
predation prɪ'deɪ.ʃən, prə- ⓤⓢ prɪ-, priː- **-s** -z
predator 'pred.ə.təʳ, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ -ə.ṭɚ **-s** -z
predator|y 'pred.ə.tər|.i ⓤⓢ -tɔːr- **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
predeceas|e ˌpriː.dɪ'siːs, -də'- ⓤⓢ -diː'-, -dɪ'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
predecessor 'priː.dɪˌses.əʳ, -də-, ˌpriː.dɪ'ses-, -də'- ⓤⓢ 'pred.ə.ses.ɚ, 'priː.də-; ˌpred.ə'ses- **-s** -z
predesti|nate (*v.*) ˌpriː'des.tɪ|.neɪt, prɪ-, -tə- ⓤⓢ ˌpriː'des.tə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.ṭɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.ṭɪd
predestinate (*adj.*) ˌpriː'des.tɪ.nət, prɪ-, -tə- ⓤⓢ ˌpriː'des.tə.nɪt
predestination ˌpriː.des.tɪ'neɪ.ʃən, prɪˌdes- ⓤⓢ priː-, -tə'-, priːˌdes.tə'-
predestin|e ˌpriː'des.tɪn, prɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌpriː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
predetermination ˌpriː.dɪˌtɜː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -dəˌ-, -mə'- ⓤⓢ -dɪˌtɝː.mə'-
predetermin|e ˌpriː.dɪ'tɜː.mɪn, -də'-, -mən ⓤⓢ -dɪ'tɝː.mən **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌpredetermined 'path
predeterminer ˌpriː.dɪ'tɜː.mɪ.nəʳ, -də'-, -mə- ⓤⓢ -dɪ'tɝː.mə.nɚ
predicability ˌpred.ɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ṭi

Prefixes

A prefix is an element placed at the beginning of a word to modify or alter its meaning. In general, prefixes do not alter the original pronunciation of the word stem on to which they are affixed, though they may attract secondary stress.

A narrow definition of *prefix* would apply only in the case of words where removal of the prefix would leave a free-standing word (for example, 'unfit' is 'un' + 'fit'), but many treatments of English word stress also treat as prefixes such elements as 'con' in 'contain' or 'in' in 'insert', where 'tain' and 'sert' do not exist independently as words.

Examples

Some examples of words containing unstressed prefixes follow, e.g.:

admire	/ədˈmaɪəʳ/	(US) /-ˈmaɪɚ/
contain	/kənˈteɪn/	
desist	/dɪˈsɪst/	
undo	/ʌnˈduː/	

A prefix may attract secondary stress if it is affixed to a word beginning with an unstressed syllable (e.g. another prefix), e.g.:

undivided	/ˌʌn.dɪˈvaɪ.dɪd/	
unforseen	/ˌʌn.fɔːˈsiːn/	(US) /-fɔːrˈ-/

A prefix may be stressed to avoid a clash of two stressed syllables in stress-shift situations, e.g.:

unfair dismissal /ˌʌn.feə dɪˈsmɪs.əl/ (US) /-fer-/

In homographic noun/verb pairs containing prefixes, the prefix is usually stressed in the nominal form and unstressed in the verbal form (see the panel on HOMOGRAPHS), e.g.:

insert	(n.)	/ˈɪn.sɜːt/	(US) /-sɝːt/
	(v.)	/ɪnˈsɜːt/	(US) /-ˈsɝːt/
record	(n.)	/ˈrek.ɔːd/	(US) /-ɚd/
	(v.)	/rɪˈkɔːd/	(US) /-ˈkɔːrd/

predicable ˈpred.ɪ.kə.bᵊl

predicament prɪˈdɪk.ə.mənt, prə- (US) prɪ-, priː- **-s** -s

predicate (*n.*) ˈpred.ɪ.kət, ˈpriː.dɪ-, -də-, -kɪt, -keɪt (US) ˈpred.ɪ.kɪt, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s

predi|cate (*v.*) ˈpred.ɪ|.keɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

predication ˌpred.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- (US) -ɪˈ- **-s** -z

predicative prɪˈdɪk.ə.tɪv, prə- (US) prɪˈdɪk.ə.t̬ɪv, priː- **-ly** -li

predicatory ˈpred.ɪ.keɪ.tᵊr.i, ˈ-ə-, ˌpred.ɪˈkeɪ-, -əˈ- (US) ˈpred.ɪ.kə.tɔːr-

predict prɪˈdɪkt, prə- (US) prɪ-, priː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

predictability prɪˌdɪk.təˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, prə- (US) prɪˌdɪk.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, priː-

predictab|le prɪˈdɪk.tə.b|ᵊl, prə- (US) prɪ-, priː- **-ly** -li

prediction prɪˈdɪk.ʃᵊn, prə- (US) prɪ-, priː- **-s** -z

predictive prɪˈdɪk.tɪv **-ly** -li

predilection ˌpriː.dɪˈlek.ʃᵊn, -dəˈ- (US) ˌpred.ᵊlˈek-, ˌpriː.dᵊlˈ- **-s** -z

predispos|e ˌpriː.dɪˈspəʊz, -dəˈ- (US) -dɪˈspoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

predisposition ˌpriː.dɪ.spəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, priːˌdɪs.pəˈ- **-s** -z

predominance prɪˈdɒm.ɪ.nən*t*s, prə-, ˈ-ə- (US) prɪˈdɑː.mə-, priː-

predominant prɪˈdɒm.ɪ.nənt, prə-, ˈ-ə- (US) prɪˈdɑː.mə-, priː- **-ly** -li

predomi|nate prɪˈdɒm.ɪ|.neɪt, prə-, ˈ-ə- (US) prɪˈdɑː.mə-, priː- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd

predomination prɪˌdɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, prə-, -əˈ- (US) prɪˌdɑː.məˈ-, priː-

Preece priːs

pre-eclampsia ˌpriː.ɪˈklæm*p*.si.ə

preemie ˈpriː.mi **-s** -z

pre-eminence ˌpriːˈem.ɪ.nən*t*s, pri-, ˈ-ə-

pre-eminent ˌpriːˈem.ɪ.nənt, pri-, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li

pre-empt ˌpriːˈem*p*t, pri- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

pre-emption ˌpriːˈem*p*.ʃᵊn, pri-

pre-emptive ˌpriːˈem*p*.tɪv, pri- **preˌemptive ˈstrike**

preen priːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pre-exist ˌpriː.ɪgˈzɪst, -egˈ-; -ɪkˈsɪst, -ekˈ- (US) -ɪgˈzɪst, -egˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ence** -ᵊn*t*s **-ent** -ᵊnt *stress shift:* ˌpre-existing ˈrule

prefab ˈpriː.fæb **-s** -z

prefabri|cate ˌpriːˈfæb.rɪ|.keɪt, -rə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

pre-fabrication ˌpriː.fæb.rɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, priːˌfæb-, -rəˈ- (US) ˌpriː.fæb-

prefac|e ˈpref.ɪs, -əs (US) -ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

prefatorial ˌpref.əˈtɔː.ri.əl (US) -ˈtɔːr.i- **-ly** -i

prefatory ˈpref.ə.tᵊr.i (US) -tɔːr-

prefect ˈpriː.fekt **-s** -s

prefecture ˈpriː.fek.tʃəʳ, -tʃʊəʳ, -tjʊəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z

prefer prɪˈfɜːʳ, prə- (US) priːˈfɝː, prɪ- **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d

preferability ˌpref.ᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

preferab|le ˈpref.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

preferenc|e ˈpref.ᵊr.ᵊn*t*s **-es** -ɪz

preferential ˌpref.ᵊrˈen.*t*ʃᵊl **-ly** -i

preferment prɪˈfɜː.mənt, prə- (US) priːˈfɝː-, prɪ- **-s** -s

prefigurative priːˈfɪg.ᵊr.ə.tɪv (US) -jɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prefig|ure priːˈfɪg|.əʳ (US) -j|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd

prefigurement priːˈfɪg.ə.mənt (US) -jɚ-, -jʊr- **-s** -s

prefix (*n.*) ˈpriː.fɪks **-es** -ɪz

prefix (*v.*) ˌpriːˈfɪks, ˈ-- (US) ˈpriː.fɪks, ˌ-ˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

preggers ˈpreg.əz (US) -ɚz

pregnable ˈpreg.nə.bᵊl

pregnanc|y ˈpreg.nən*t*.s|i **-ies** -iz

pregnant ˈpreg.nənt **-ly** -li

pre|heat ˌpriː|ˈhiːt **-heats** -ˈhiːts **-heating** -ˈhiː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈhiː.t̬ɪŋ **-heated** -ˈhiː.tɪd (US) -ˈhiː.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌpreheated ˈmeal

prehensible prɪˈhen*t*.sə.bᵊl, -sɪ- (US) priː-

prehensile prɪˈhen*t*.saɪl, ˌpriː- (US) priːˈhen*t*.sɪl, -sᵊl

prehistoric ˌpriː.*h*ɪˈstɒr.ɪk (US) -hɪˈstɔːr- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌprehistoric ˈmonster

prehistory ˌpriːˈhɪs.tᵊr.i

prejudg|e ˌpriːˈdʒʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-(e)ment** -mənt

prejudic|e ˈpredʒ.ə.dɪs, ˈ-ʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

prejudicial ˌpredʒ.əˈdɪʃ.ᵊl, -ʊˈ- **-ly** -i

prelac|y ˈprel.ə.s|i **-ies** -iz

prelate ˈprel.ɪt, -ət (US) -ɪt **-s** -s

preliminar|y prɪˈlɪm.ɪ.nᵊr|.i, prə-, -ᵊn.ᵊr- (US) prɪˈlɪm.ə.ner-, priː- **-ies** -iz **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li

prelims ˈpriː.lɪmz, ˌ-ˈ-; prɪ- (US) ˈpriː.lɪms; ˌpriːˈlɪmz, prɪ-

prelud|e ˈprel.juːd (US) ˈprel-, -uːd; ˈpreɪ.luːd, ˈpriː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

premarital ˌpriːˈmær.ɪ.tᵊl

mer.ə.tᵊl, -ˈmær- **-ly** -i *stress see compound:* ˌ**premarital**

ature ˈprem.ə.tʃəʳ, ˈpriː.mə-, ʳ, -tʃʊəʳ, -tjɔːʳ, -tʃɔːʳ; ˌ--ˈ- riː.məˈtʊr, -ˈtjʊr, -ˈtʃʊr **-ly** -li s -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British* ˌpremature ˈaging

ed ˌpriːˈmed **-s** -z *stress shift:* ned ˈscience

edical ˌpriːˈmed.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈ-ə- *s shift:* ˌpremedical ˈscience

edication ˌpriː.med.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn,

edi|tate ˌpriːˈmed.ɪ|.teɪt, prɪ-, US priːˈmed.ɪ- **-tates** -teɪts ng -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated/ly** ɪd/li US -teɪ.t̬ɪd/li

editation ˌpriː.med.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ned-, priː-, -əˈ- US priː-

enstrual ˌpriːˈment.stru.əl trəl **-ly** -i *stress shift, see* ounds: ˌ**premenstrual** ion; ˌ**premenstrual** drome

er ˈprem.i.əʳ, ˈpriː.mi- ɪˈmɪr, -ˈmjɪr; ˈpriː.miː.ɚ **-s** -z /s -ʃɪp/s

ère|e ˈprem.i.eəʳ, ˌ--ˈ- US prɪˈmɪr, ˈɪr, -ˈjer, -ˈjɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ l

nger ˈprem.ɪn.dʒəʳ, mɪŋ.əʳ US ˈprem.ɪn.dʒɚ

s|e (*n.*) ˈprem.ɪs **-s** -ɪz

s|e (*v.*) prɪˈmaɪz, ˈprem.ɪs rem.ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** maɪzd, ˈprem.ɪst US ˈprem.ɪst

um ˈpriː.mi.əm **-s** -z ˈ**premium** l

mie ˈprem.i **-s** -z

odification mɒd.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, priːˌmɒd-, -ə- riː.mɑː.dɪ.fɪˈ-

odif|y priːˈmɒd.ɪ.f|aɪ mɑː.dɪ- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ aɪd

olar ˌpriːˈməʊ.ləʳ US -ˈmoʊ.lɚ *stress shift:* ˌpremolar ˈteeth

onition ˌprem.əˈnɪʃ.ᵊn, məˈ- **-s** -z

onitorily prɪˈmɒn.ɪ.tᵊr.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li ɪˈmɑː.nə.tɔːr-, -ˌmɑː.nəˈtɔːr-

onitory prɪˈmɒn.ɪ.tᵊr.i ɪˈmɑː.nə.tɔːr-

tal ˌpriːˈneɪ.tᵊl US -t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i *s shift:* ˌprenatal ˈcare

ergast ˈpren.də.gɑːst, -gæst ɚ.gæst

ic|e (P) ˈpren.tɪs US -t̬ɪs **-es** -ɪz

s(s) ˈpren.tɪs US -t̬ɪs

ptial ˌpriːˈnʌp.tʃᵊl *stress shift,* *mpound:* ˌ**prenuptial** eement

cupation priːˌɒk.jəˈpeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌpriː.ɒk-, -jʊˈ- US priːˌɑː.kjuːˈ-, **-s** -z

cup|y ˌpriːˈɒk.jə.p|aɪ, pri- ɪˈɑː.kjuː-, -kjə- **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** **-ied** -aɪd

dain ˌpriː.ɔːˈdeɪn US -ɔːrˈ- **-s** -z

-ing -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌpreordained ˈdestiny

pre-owned ˌpriːˈəʊnd US -ˈoʊnd *stress shift:* ˌpre-owned ˈcar

prep prep **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˈ**prep** ˌ**school**

prepackag|e ˌpriːˈpæk.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d *stress shift:* ˌprepackaged ˈgoods

prepacked ˌpriːˈpækt *stress shift:* ˌprepacked ˈgoods

prepaid (*from* **prepay**) ˌpriːˈpeɪd *stress shift:* ˌprepaid ˈpostage

preparation ˌprep.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn US -əˈreɪ- **-s** -z

preparative prɪˈpær.ə.tɪv, prə- US prɪˈper.ə.t̬ɪv, priː-, -ˈpær- **-ly** -li

preparator|y prɪˈpær.ə.tᵊr|.i, prə- US prɪˈper.ə.tɔːr-, priː-, -ˈpær-; ˈprep.ɚ.ə- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **preˈparatory** ˌ**school**

prepar|e prɪˈpeəʳ, prə- US prɪˈper, priː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-edly** -d.li, -ɪd.li **-edness** -d.nəs, -nɪs, -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

prepay ˌpriːˈpeɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **prepaid** ˌpriːˈpeɪd *stress shift:* ˌprepaid ˈpostage

prepayment ˌpriːˈpeɪ.mənt **-s** -s

prepense prɪˈpents **-ly** -li

preponderance prɪˈpɒn.dᵊr.ᵊnts, prə- US prɪˈpɑːn-, priː-

preponderant prɪˈpɒn.dᵊr.ᵊnt, prə- US prɪˈpɑːn-, priː- **-ly** -li

preponder|ate prɪˈpɒn.dᵊr|.eɪt, prə- US prɪˈpɑːn.də.r|eɪt, priː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating/ly** -eɪ.tɪŋ/li US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

preponderation prɪˌpɒn.dᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, prə-, priː- US prɪˌpɑːn.dəˈreɪ-, priː-

preposition ˌprep.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z

prepositional ˌprep.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˈ-nᵊl US -əˈ- **-ly** -i *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**prepositional** ˈ**phrase**

prepositive prɪˈpɒz.ə.tɪv, priː-, ˈ-ɪ- US prɪˈpɑː.zə.t̬ɪv, priː- *stress shift:* ˌprepositive ˈadjective

prepossess ˌpriː.pəˈzes **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t

prepossession ˌpriː.pəˈzeʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z

preposterous prɪˈpɒs.tᵊr.əs, prə- US prɪˈpɑː.stɚ-, priː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prepp|y, prepp|ie ˈprep|.i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

prepubescen|t ˌpriː.pjuːˈbes.ᵊn|t **-ce** -ts

prepuc|e ˈpriː.pjuːs **-es** -ɪz

prequel ˈpriː.kwəl **-s** -z

Pre-Raphaelite ˌpriːˈræf.i.ᵊl.aɪt, -eɪ-, -ˈræf.ᵊl-, -ɪ.laɪt US -ˈræf.i.ᵊl-, -ˈreɪ.fi- **-s** -s ˌ**Pre-ˌRaphaelite** ˈ**Brotherhood**

prerecord ˌpriː.rɪˈkɔːd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈkɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

prerequisite ˌpriːˈrek.wɪ.zɪt, -wə- **-s** -s

prerogative prɪˈrɒg.ə.tɪv, prə- US -ˈrɑː.gə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z

presag|e (*n.*) ˈpres.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

presag|e (*v.*) ˈpres.ɪdʒ; prɪˈseɪdʒ, prə- US prɪˈseɪdʒ; ˈpres.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

presbyopia ˌprez.biˈəʊ.pi.ə US -ˈoʊ-, ˌpres-

presbyter ˈprez.bɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ, ˈpres- **-s** -z

presbyterian (P) ˌprez.bɪˈtɪə.ri.ən, -bəˈ- US -bɪˈtɪr.i-, ˌpres- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

presbyter|y ˈprez.bɪ.tᵊr|.i, -bə- US -bɪ.ter-, ˈpres- **-ies** -iz

Prescel(l)y prɪˈsel.i, prə-, presˈel-

preschool ˈpriː.skuːl, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈ--

preschooler ˈpriːˌskuː.ləʳ US -lɚ **-s** -z

prescience ˈpres.i.ənts, ˈpreʃ- US ˈpreʃ.ᵊnts, ˈpriː.ʃᵊnts, -ʃi.ənts

prescient ˈpres.i.ənt, ˈpreʃ- US ˈpreʃ.ᵊnt, ˈpriː.ʃᵊnt, -ʃi.ənt **-ly** -li

prescind prɪˈsɪnd, prə-, priː- US prɪ-, priː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Prescot(t) ˈpres.kət, -kɒt US -kət, -kɑːt

prescrib|e prɪˈskraɪb, prə- US prɪ-, priː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

prescript ˈpriː.skrɪpt **-s** -s

prescription prɪˈskrɪp.ʃᵊn, prə- US prɪ-, priː- **-s** -z

prescriptive prɪˈskrɪp.tɪv, prə-, priː- US prɪ-, priː- **-ly** -li

prescriptiv|ism prɪˈskrɪp.tɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm, prə-, priː- US prɪ-, priː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

pre-season ˌpriːˈsiː.zᵊn *stress shift:* ˌpre-season ˈsale

preseason ˌpriːˈsiːz.ᵊn *stress shift:* ˌpreseason ˈmeeting

Preseli prɪˈsel.i, prə-, priː-

presenc|e ˈprez.ᵊnts **-es** -ɪz ˌ**presence of** ˈ**mind**

present (*n.*) *ordinary senses:* ˈprez.ᵊnt **-s** -s

present (*n.*) *military term:* prɪˈzent, prə- **-s** -s

present (*adj.*) ˈprez.ᵊnt **-ly** -li ˌ**present parˈticiple** US ˌ**present ˈparticiple;** ˌ**present ˈperfect;** ˌ**present ˈtense**

pre|sent (*v.*) prɪ|ˈzent, prə- US prɪ-, priː- **-sents** -ˈzents **-senting** -ˈzen.tɪŋ US -ˈzen.t̬ɪŋ **-sented** -ˈzen.tɪd US -ˈzen.t̬ɪd

presentab|le prɪˈzen.tə.b|ᵊl, prə- US prɪˈzen.t̬ə-, priː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

presentation ˌprez.ᵊnˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -enˈ- US -ᵊnˈ-, ˌpriː.zᵊnˈ- **-s** -z **-al** -ᵊl

present-day ˌprez.ᵊntˈdeɪ *stress shift:* ˌpresent-day ˈfashions

presenter prɪˈzen.təʳ, prə- US prɪˈzen.t̬ɚ, priː- **-s** -z

presentient prɪˈsent.ʃi.ənt, -ʃᵊnt US priː-, prɪ-

presentiment prɪˈzen.tɪ.mənt US prɪ-, priː- **-s** -s

presently ˈprez.ᵊnt.li

preservation ˌprez.əˈveɪ.ʃᵊn US -ɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **preserˈvation** ˌ**order**

preservative prɪˈzɜː.və.tɪv, prə-

US prɪ'zɝː.və.t̬ɪv, priː- -s -z

preserv|e prɪ'zɜːv, prə- US prɪ'zɝːv, priː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl

pre|set priː|'set -sets -'sets -setting -'set.ɪŋ US -'set̬.ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌpreset 'channel

pre|shrink ˌpriː'ʃrɪŋk -shrinks -'ʃrɪŋks -shrinking -'ʃrɪŋ.kɪŋ -shrank -'ʃræŋk -shrunk -'ʃrʌŋk -shrunken -'ʃrʌŋ.kᵊn *stress shift:* ˌpreshrunk 'jeans

presid|e prɪ'zaɪd, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

presidenc|y 'prez.ɪ.dᵊnt.s|i -ies -iz

president 'prez.ɪ.dᵊnt -s -s

presidential ˌprez.ɪ'den.tʃᵊl *stress shift:* ˌpresidential 'suite

presidi|um prɪ'sɪd.i|.əm, prə- -ums -əmz -a -ə

Presley 'prez.li US 'pres-, 'prez-

pre|sort ˌpriː|'sɔːt US -'sɔːrt -sorts -'sɔːts US -'sɔːrts -sorting -'sɔː.tɪŋ US -'sɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -sorted -'sɔː.tɪd US -'sɔːr.t̬ɪd

press pres -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'press ˌagent; 'press ˌbaron; 'press ˌconference; 'press ˌcutting; 'press ˌoffice; 'press reˌlease

pressgang 'pres.gæŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

pressie 'prez.i -s -z

pression 'preʃ.ᵊn

press|man 'pres|.mæn, -mən -men -mən, -men

pressrun 'pres.rʌn

press-stud 'pres.stʌd -s -s

press-up 'pres.ʌp -s -s

pressur|e 'preʃ.əʳ US -ɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'pressure ˌcooker; 'pressure ˌgroup

pressurization ˌpreʃ.ᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-

pressuriz|e, -is|e 'preʃ.ᵊr.aɪz US -ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Prestage 'pres.tɪdʒ

Prestatyn pres'tæt.ɪn, prɪ'stæt-

Presteign pres'tiːn

Prestel® 'pres.tel

prestidigitation ˌpres.tɪˌdɪdʒ.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn US -təˌ-

prestidigitator ˌpres.tɪ'dɪdʒ.ɪ.teɪ.təʳ US -tə'dɪdʒ.ə.teɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z

prestige pres'tiːʒ US -'tiːdʒ

Prestige *surname:* 'pres.tɪdʒ

prestigious pres'tɪdʒ.əs, prɪ'stɪdʒ-, prə-, -i.əs US pres'tɪdʒ.əs, -'tiː.dʒəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

prestissimo pres'tɪs.ɪ.məʊ, '-ə- US -ə.moʊ

presto (P) 'pres.təʊ US -toʊ -s -z

Preston 'pres.tᵊn

Prestonpans ˌpres.tᵊn'pænz, -tᵊm'- US -tᵊn'-

prestressed ˌpriː'strest

Prestwich 'pres.twɪtʃ

Prestwick 'pres.twɪk

Prestwood 'pres.twʊd

presumab|ly prɪ'zjuː.mə.b|li, prə-, -'zuː- US prɪ'zuː.mə-, priː- -le -ᵊl

presum|e prɪ'zjuːm, prə-, -'zuːm US prɪ'zuːm, priː- -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d

presumption prɪ'zʌmp.ʃᵊn, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -s -z

presumptive prɪ'zʌmp.tɪv, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -ly -li

presumptuous prɪ'zʌmp.tʃu.əs, prə-, -tju-, -tʃəs US prɪ'zʌmp.tʃuː.əs, priː-, -tʃə.wəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

presuppos|e ˌpriː.sə'pəʊz US -'poʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

presupposition ˌpriː.sʌp.ə'zɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z

prêt-à-porter ˌpret.ɑː'pɔː.teɪ US -pɔːr'teɪ

pre-tax ˌpriː'tæks *stress shift:* ˌpretax 'profit

preteen ˌpriː'tiːn -s -z *stress shift:* ˌpreteen 'years

pretenc|e prɪ'tents, prə- US 'priː.tents; prɪ'tents -es -ɪz

pretend prɪ'tend, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

pretens|e prɪ'tents, prə- US 'priː.tents; prɪ'tents -es -ɪz

pretension prɪ'ten.tʃᵊn, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -s -z

pretentious prɪ'ten.tʃəs, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

preterit(e) 'pret.ᵊr.ɪt, -ət US 'pret̬.ɚ.ɪt -s -s

pretermission ˌpriː.tə'mɪʃ.ᵊn US -t̬ɚ'-

preter|mit ˌpriː.tə|'mɪt US -t̬ɚ'- -mits -'mɪts -mitting -'mɪt.ɪŋ US -'mɪt̬.ɪŋ -mitted -'mɪt.ɪd US -'mɪt̬.ɪd

preternatural ˌpriː.tə'nætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl, -ʊ.rᵊl US -t̬ɚ'nætʃ.ɚ.ᵊl, '-rᵊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌpreternatural 'happening

pretext 'priː.tekst -s -s

pretor 'priː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s

Pretori|a prɪ'tɔː.ri|.ə, prə- US prɪ'tɔːr.i|-, priː- -us -əs

pretori|al prɪ'tɔː.ri|.əl, prə- US prɪ'tɔːr.i-, priː- -an -ən

prettification ˌprɪt.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- US ˌprɪt̬-

prettif|y 'prɪt.ɪ.f|aɪ US 'prɪt̬- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd

prett|y *(adj, adv.)* 'prɪt|.i US 'prɪt̬- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Pretty *surname:* 'prɪt.i, 'pret- US 'prɪt̬-, 'pret̬-

pretty-pretty 'prɪt.iˌprɪt.i US 'prɪt̬.iˌprɪt̬.i

Pret(t)yman 'prɪt.ɪ.mən US 'prɪt̬-

pretzel 'pret.sᵊl -s -z

prevail prɪ'veɪl, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

prevalence 'prev.ᵊl.ənts US -ə.lənts

prevalent 'prev.ᵊl.ənt US -ə.lənt -ly -li

prevari|cate prɪ'vær.ɪ|.keɪt, prə-, '-ə- US prɪ'ver.ɪ-, -'vær- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z US -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z

prevarication prɪˌvær.ɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, prə-, -ə'- US prɪˌver-, -ˌvær- -s -z

pre|vent *hinder:* prɪ|'vent, prə- US prɪ-, priː- -vents -'vents -venting -'ven.tɪŋ US -'ven.t̬ɪŋ -vented -'ven.tɪd US -'ven.t̬ɪd -venter/s -'ven.təʳ/z US -'ven.t̬ɚ/z -ventable -'ven.tə.bᵊl US -'ven.t̬ə.bᵊl

pre|vent *go before:* ˌpriː|'vent, prɪ- US priː-, prɪ- -vents -'vents -venting -'ven.tɪŋ US -'ven.t̬ɪŋ -vented -'ven.tɪd US -'ven.t̬ɪd

preventability prɪˌven.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, prə-, -ɪ.ti US prɪˌven.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, priː-

preventative prɪ'ven.tə.tɪv, prə- US prɪ'ven.t̬ə.t̬ɪv, priː- -s -z

prevention prɪ'ven.tʃᵊn, prə- US prɪ-, priː-

preventive prɪ'ven.tɪv, prə- US prɪ'ven.t̬ɪv, priː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

preverbal ˌpriː'vɜː.bᵊl US -'vɝː- *stress shift:* ˌpreverbal 'state

preview 'priː.vjuː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Previn 'prev.ɪn

previous 'priː.vi.əs, '-vjəs US -vi.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

prevision ˌpriː'vɪʒ.ᵊn, prɪ- US priː-

prevocalic ˌpriː.vəʊ'kæl.ɪk US -voʊ'- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌprevocalic 'consonant

Prevost 'prev.əʊ, 'prev.əʊst, prev'əʊ US 'preɪ.voʊ, 'prev.oʊ

pre-war ˌpriː'wɔːʳ US -'wɔːr *stress shift:* ˌpre-war 'politics

Prewett 'pruː.ɪt

prey preɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

prezzie 'prez.i -s -z

Priam praɪəm, 'praɪ.æm

priapic praɪ'æp.ɪk, -'eɪ.pɪk

priapism 'praɪ.ə.pɪ.zᵊm

priapus (P) praɪ'eɪ.pəs; 'praɪ.ə.pəs -es -ɪz

pric|e (P) praɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'price ˌtag; 'price ˌwar

price-cutting 'praɪsˌkʌt.ɪŋ US -ˌkʌt̬-

priceless 'praɪ.sləs, -slɪs -ness -nəs, -nɪs

pric|ey 'praɪ.s|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

prick prɪk -s -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

prickl|e 'prɪk.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'prɪk.lɪŋ -ed -d

prickl|y 'prɪk.l|i, -ᵊl|.i US '-l|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -ɪ.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌprickly 'pear

prid|e (P) praɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˌpride of 'place

Prideaux 'prɪd.əʊ, 'priː.dəʊ US 'prɪd.oʊ

Pridham 'prɪd.əm

prie-dieu ˌpriː'djɜː, '-- US 'priː.djɜː prie-dieus ˌpriː'djɜːz, -'djɜː, '-- US 'priː.djɜːz

prie-dieux (*alternative plur. of* prie-

ı) ˌpriːˈdjɜːz, -ˈdjɜː, ˈ--
priː.djɜːz
t (P) priːst -s -s
tess ˌpriːˈstes; ˈpriː.stəs, -stɪs
priː.stɪs -es -ɪz
thood ˈpriːst.hʊd
tland ˈpriːst.lənd
tley ˈpriːst.li
tl|y ˈpriːst.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
prɪg -s -z -gery -ᵊr.i
ish ˈprɪg.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
(P) prɪm -mer -əʳ (US) -ɚ -mest
-əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z
ng -ɪŋ -med -d
ballerina ˌpriː.mə.bæl.ᵊrˈiː.nə
ˈriː- -s -z
ac|y ˈpraɪ.mə.s|i -ies -iz
donna ˌpriː.məˈdɒn.ə
dɑː.nə, ˌprɪm.əˈ- -s -z
eval ˌpraɪˈmiː.vᵊl
facie ˌpraɪ.məˈfeɪ.ʃi, -ʃiː,
ː, ˈ-si, -siː, ˈ-si.iː (US) ˈ-ʃiː, ˈ-ʃiː, -ʃə
kov ˈpriː.mə.kɒf, ˌ--ˈ-
priː.mə.kɔːf, -kɑːf
l ˈpraɪ.mᵊl ˌprimal ˈtherapy
rily praɪˈmer.ᵊl.i, -ˈmeə.rᵊl-,
ˈpraɪ.mᵊr.ᵊl-, -ɪ.li
raɪˈmer.ᵊl.i, ˈpraɪ.mer-
r|y ˈpraɪ.mᵊr|.i (US) -mer-, -mɚ-
iz -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌprimary
our (US) ˈprimary ˌcolor;
mary ˌschool; ˌprimary ˈstress
te *archbishop:* ˈpraɪ.meɪt,
-mət (US) -mɪt -s -s
te *higher mammal:* ˈpraɪ.meɪt

teship ˈpraɪ.mət.ʃɪp, -mɪt-,
t- (US) -mɪt- -s -s
e (P) praɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ne ˈminister; ˌprime ˈmover;
ne ˌtime, ˌprime ˈtime
r *thing that primes:* ˈpraɪ.məʳ
ɚ -s -z *elementary school book:*
.məʳ, ˈprɪm.əʳ (US) ˈprɪm.ɚ -s -z
r *printing type:* ˈprɪm.əʳ (US) -ɚ
time ˈpraɪm.taɪm
val praɪˈmiː.vᵊl
par|a praɪˈmɪp.ᵊr|.ə -as -əz
:
parous praɪˈmɪp.ᵊr.əs
ive ˈprɪm.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪv
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
iv|ism ˈprɪm.ɪ.tɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-ə-
t̬ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
ˈpriː.məʊ (US) -moʊ
genitor ˌpraɪ.məʊˈdʒen.ɪ.təʳ,
ˈ-ə- (US) ˌpraɪ.moʊˈdʒen.ɪ.tɚ,
-s -z
geniture
məʊˈdʒen.ɪ.tʃəʳ, ˈ-ə-, -tʃʊəʳ,
ʳ (US) ˌpraɪ.moʊˈdʒen.ɪ.tʃɚ, -məˈ-
rdial praɪˈmɔː.di.əl (US) -ˈmɔːr-
ly -i
prɪmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t, prɪmt
os|e (P) ˈprɪm.rəʊz (US) -roʊz
z ˌprimrose ˈpath
la ˈprɪm.jə.lə, -jʊ- -s -z
m mobile
məmˈməʊ.bɪ.li, ˌpriː-, -mʊmˈ-,

-bᵊl.i, -eɪ (US) ˌpraɪ.məmˈmoʊ.bᵊl.i, ˌpriː-, -eɪ -s -z
primus (P®) ˈpraɪ.məs -es -ɪz
princ|e (P) prɪnts -es -ɪz ˌprince ˈcharming; ˌprince ˈconsort; ˌPrince ˈEdward ˌIsland (US) ˌPrince ˌEdward ˈIsland; ˌPrince of ˈWales; ˌprince ˈregent
princedom ˈprɪnts.dəm -s -z
princeling ˈprɪnts.lɪŋ -s -z
princel|y ˈprɪnts.l|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Princes Risborough ˌprɪnt.sɪzˈrɪz.bᵊr.ə (US) -bɚ.oʊ
princess (P) prɪnˈses, ˈprɪnt.ses, -ɪs, -əs (US) ˈprɪnt.sɪs, -ses -es -ɪz ˌprincess ˈroyal
Princeton ˈprɪnt.stən
Princetown ˈprɪnts.taʊn
princip|al (P) ˈprɪnt.sə.p|ᵊl, -sɪ- (US) -sə- -als -ᵊlz -ally -ᵊl.i, -li -alness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs ˌprincipal ˈboy
principalit|y ˌprɪnt.sɪˈpæl.ə.t|i, -səˈ-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -səˈpæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
principalship ˈprɪnt.sə.pᵊl.ʃɪp, -sɪ- (US) -sə- -s -s
principate ˈprɪnt.sɪ.pət, -sə-, -pɪt, -peɪt (US) -sə.peɪt, -pɪt -s -s
Principia prɪnˈsɪp.i.ə
principle ˈprɪnt.sə.pᵊl, -sɪ- (US) -sə- -s -z -d -d
Pring prɪŋ
Pringle ˈprɪŋ.gᵊl
Prinknash ˈprɪn.ɪdʒ
Prinsep ˈprɪnt.sep
print prɪnt -s -s -ing/s -ɪn/z (US) ˈprɪn.t̬ɪŋ/z -ed -ɪd (US) ˈprɪn.t̬ɪd ˈprint ˌrun; ˈprinting ˌpress
printable ˈprɪn.tə.bᵊl (US) -t̬ə-
printer ˈprɪn.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z
printmak|ing ˈprɪntˌmeɪ.k|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
printout ˈprɪnt.aʊt -s -s
printwheel ˈprɪnt.*h*wiːl -s -z
prion ˈpraɪ.ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z
prior (P) praɪəʳ (US) praɪɚ -s -z
prioress ˈpraɪə.rəs, -rɪs, -res; ˌpraɪəˈres (US) ˈpraɪɚ.ɪs -es -ɪz
prioritiz|e, -is|e praɪˈɒr.ɪ.taɪz, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈɔːr.ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
priorit|y praɪˈɒr.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˈɔːr.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
prior|y ˈpraɪə.r|i -ies -iz
Priscian ˈprɪʃ.i.ən (US) ˈ-ən, -i.ən
Priscilla prɪˈsɪl.ə, prə- (US) prɪ-
pris|e praɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
prism ˈprɪz.ᵊm -s -z
prismatic prɪzˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
prison ˈprɪz.ᵊn -s -z ˈprison ˌcamp; ˌprison ˈvisitor
prisoner ˈprɪz.ᵊn.əʳ, ˈ-nəʳ (US) ˈprɪz.ᵊn.ɚ, ˈ-nɚ -s -z ˌprisoner of ˈconscience; ˌprisoner of ˈwar
priss|y ˈprɪs|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Pristina ˈprɪʃ.tɪ.nə

pristine ˈprɪs.tiːn, -taɪn (US) -tiːn; prɪˈstiːn
Pritchard ˈprɪtʃ.əd, -ɑːd (US) -ɚd
Pritchett ˈprɪtʃ.ɪt, -ət
prithee ˈprɪð.i, -iː
Prius® ˈpriː.əs, ˈpraɪ- (US) ˈpriː-
privacy ˈprɪv.ə.si, ˈpraɪ.və- (US) ˈpraɪ.və-
private ˈpraɪ.vɪt, -vət (US) -vət -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌprivate deˈtective; ˌprivate ˈenterprise; ˌprivate ˈeye; ˌprivate ˈmember's ˌbill; ˌprivate ˈsector (US) ˈprivate ˌsector; ˌprivate ˈschool
privateer ˌpraɪ.vəˈtɪəʳ, -vɪˈ- (US) -vəˈtɪr -s -z
privation praɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
privative ˈprɪv.ə.tɪv -ly -li
privatization, -isa- ˌpraɪ.vɪ.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -və-, -tɪˈ- (US) -və.tɪˈ- -s -z
privatiz|e, -is|e ˈpraɪ.vɪ.taɪz, -və- (US) -və- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
privet ˈprɪv.ɪt -s -s ˈprivet ˌhedge, ˌprivet ˈhedge
privileg|e ˈprɪv.ᵊl.ɪdʒ, -ɪ.lɪdʒ (US) -ᵊl.ɪdʒ, ˈ-lɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ed -d
privity ˈprɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
priv|y ˈprɪv|.i -ies -iz -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i ˌPrivy ˈCouncil; ˌPrivy ˈPurse; ˌPrivy ˈSeal
priz|e praɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈprize ˌday
prize|-fight ˈpraɪz|.faɪt -fights -faɪts -fighter/s -ˌfaɪ.təʳ/z (US) -ˌfaɪ.t̬ɚ/z
prizewinn|er ˈpraɪzˌwɪn|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
Prizren ˈprɪz.rɪn (US) ˈpriːz.rən
pro- prəʊ (US) proʊ, prə
Note: Prefix. In words containing **pro-** where the stem is free and the meaning is **in favour of**, it generally takes secondary stress, e.g. **pro-choice** /ˌprəʊˈtʃɔɪs (US) ˌproʊ-/. Attached to bound stems, the pronunciation is normally /prəʊ- (US) proʊ-, prə-/, e.g. **probation** /prəʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) proʊ-/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
PRO ˌpiː.ɑːˈrəʊ (US) -ɑːrˈoʊ
pro prəʊ (US) proʊ -s -z ˌpros and ˈcons
proactive ˌprəʊˈæk.tɪv (US) ˌproʊ- -ly -li
pro-am ˌprəʊˈæm (US) ˌproʊ-
probabilistic ˌprɒb.ə.bᵊlˈɪs.tɪk, -bɪˈlɪs- (US) ˌprɑː.bə.bᵊlˈɪs-
probabilit|y ˌprɒb.əˈbɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) ˌprɑː.bəˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
probab|le ˈprɒb.ə.b|ᵊl (US) ˈprɑː.bə- -ly -li
proba|te ˈprəʊ.beɪt, -b|ɪt (US) ˈproʊ.beɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
probation prəʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) proʊ- -s -z proˈbation ˌofficer
probationary prəʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, -ˈbeɪʃ.nᵊr- (US) proʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn.er-
probationer prəʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn.əʳ, -ˈbeɪʃ.nəʳ (US) proʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn.ɚ,

-'beɪʃ.nɚ -s -z

probative 'prəʊ.bə.tɪv (US) 'proʊ.bə.t̬ɪv

prob|e prəʊb (US) proʊb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Probert 'prəʊ.bət, 'prɒb.ət (US) 'proʊ.bɚt, 'prɑː.bɚt

probity 'prəʊ.bə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) 'proʊ.bə.t̬i

problem 'prɒb.ləm, -lem, -lɪm (US) 'prɑː.bləm **-s** -z **'problem ˌchild; 'problem ˌpage**

problematic ˌprɒb.lə'mæt.ɪk, -lɪ'-, -lem'æt- (US) ˌprɑː.blə'mæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌproblematic 'state

pro bono ˌprəʊ'bəʊ.nəʊ (US) ˌproʊ'boʊ.noʊ

proboscis prəʊ'bɒs.ɪs (US) proʊ'bɑː.sɪs **-es** -iːz

Probus 'prəʊ.bəs (US) 'proʊ-

Probyn 'prəʊ.bɪn (US) 'proʊ-

procedural prə'siː.dʒər.əl, prəʊ-, -djʊ.rəl, -djər.əl (US) prə'siː.dʒɚ.əl, proʊ-

procedure prəʊ'siː.dʒər, -djər (US) prə'siː.dʒɚ, proʊ- **-s** -z

proceed (*v.*) prəʊ'siːd (US) proʊ-, prə- **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd

proceeds (*n.*) 'prəʊ.siːdz (US) 'proʊ-

pro-celebrity ˌprəʊ.sə'leb.rɪ.ti, -sɪ'-, -rə- (US) ˌproʊ.sə'leb.rə.t̬i *stress shift:* ˌpro-celebrity 'golf

proc|ess (*n.*) 'prəʊ.s|es, -s|ɪs (US) 'prɑː.s|es, -s|əs **-esses** -es.ɪz, -ɪ.sɪz (US) -es.ɪz, -ə.sɪz

process (*v.*) *go in a procession:* prəʊ'ses (US) prə-, proʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

process (*v.*) *treat by a process:* 'prəʊ.ses, -sɪs (US) 'prɑː.ses, -səs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-or/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

procession prə'seʃ.ən (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

processional prə'seʃ.ən.əl (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

pro-choice ˌprəʊ'tʃɔɪs (US) ˌproʊ-

proclaim prəʊ'kleɪm (US) proʊ-, prə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

proclamation ˌprɒk.lə'meɪ.ʃən (US) ˌprɑː.klə'- **-s** -z

proclitic prəʊ'klɪt.ɪk (US) proʊ'klɪt̬- **-s** -s

proclivit|y prəʊ'klɪv.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) proʊ'klɪv.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

proconsul prəʊ'kɒnt.səl (US) proʊ'kɑːnt- **-s** -z

proconsul|ar prəʊ'kɒnt.sjə.l|ər, -sjʊ- (US) proʊ'kɑːnt.səl|.ɚ **-ate/s** -ət/s, -ɪt/s, -eɪt/s (US) -ɪt/s

proconsulship prəʊ'kɒnt.səl.ʃɪp (US) proʊ'kɑːnt- **-s** -s

procrasti|nate prəʊ'kræs.tɪ|.neɪt (US) proʊ'kræs.tə-, prə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.tər/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

procrastination prəʊˌkræs.tɪ'neɪ.ʃən (US) proʊˌkræs.tə'-, prə- **-s** -z

procreant 'prəʊ.kri.ənt (US) 'proʊ-

procrea|te 'prəʊ.kri.eɪ|t, ˌ--'- (US) 'proʊ.kri.eɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

procreation ˌprəʊ.kri'eɪ.ʃən (US) ˌproʊ-

procreative 'prəʊ.kri.eɪ.tɪv, -ə-, ˌprəʊ.kri'eɪ- (US) 'proʊ.kri.eɪ.t̬ɪv

Procrust|es prəʊ'krʌs.t|iːz (US) proʊ- **-ean** -i.ən

Procter 'prɒk.tər (US) 'prɑːk.tɚ

proctor (P) 'prɒk.tər (US) 'prɑːk.tɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

proctorial prɒk'tɔː.ri.əl (US) prɑːk'tɔːr.i-

procumbent prəʊ'kʌm.bənt (US) proʊ-

procuration ˌprɒk.jʊə'reɪ.ʃən, -jə'- (US) ˌprɑːk.juː'-, -jə'- **-s** -z

procurator 'prɒk.jʊə.reɪ.tər, -jə- (US) 'prɑː.kjə.reɪ.t̬ɚ, -kjʊ- **-s** -z

procurator-fiscal, (P F) ˌprɒk.jʊə.reɪ.tə'fɪs.kəl, -jə- (US) ˌprɑː.kjə.reɪ.t̬ɚ'-, -kjʊ- **-s** -z

procur|e prə'kjʊər, -kjɔːr (US) proʊ'kjʊr, prə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl

procurement prə'kjʊə.mənt, -'kjɔː- (US) proʊ'kjʊr-, prə-

procuress prə'kjʊə.res, -'kjɔː-, -rɪs; 'prɒk.jə-, -jʊ- (US) proʊ'kjʊr.ɪs, prə- **-es** -ɪz

Procyon 'prəʊ.si.ən (US) 'proʊ.si.ɑːn

prod prɒd (US) prɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd

prodd|y 'prɒd|.i (US) 'prɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz

Prodi 'prəʊ.di (US) 'proʊ-

prodigal 'prɒd.ɪ.gəl (US) 'prɑː.dɪ- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**prodigal 'son**

prodigality ˌprɒd.ɪ'gæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌprɑː.dɪ'gæl.ə.t̬i

prodigaliz|e, -is|e 'prɒd.ɪ.gəl.aɪz (US) 'prɑː.dɪ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

prodigious prə'dɪdʒ.əs (US) prə-, proʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prodig|y 'prɒd.ɪ.dʒ|i, '-ə- (US) 'prɑː.də- **-ies** -iz

produce (*n.*) 'prɒd.juːs, 'prɒdʒ.uːs (US) 'prɑː.duːs, 'proʊ-, -djuːs

produc|e (*v.*) prə'djuːs, -'dʒuːs (US) -'duːs, proʊ-, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

producible prə'djuː.sə.bəl, -sɪ- (US) -'duː.sə-, proʊ-, -'djuː-

product 'prɒd.ʌkt, -əkt (US) 'prɑː.dʌkt, -dəkt **-s** -s

production prə'dʌk.ʃən (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z **pro'duction ˌline**

productional prə'dʌk.ʃən.əl (US) prə-, proʊ-

productive prə'dʌk.tɪv (US) prə-, proʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

productivity ˌprɒd.ʌk'tɪv.ə.ti, -ək'-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌproʊ.dək'tɪv.ə.t̬i, ˌprɑː-; proʊˌdʌk'-, prə-

proem 'prəʊ.em (US) 'proʊ- **-s** -z

prof prɒf (US) prɑːf **-s** -s

profanation ˌprɒf.ə'neɪ.ʃən (US) ˌprɑː.fə'- **-s** -z

profan|e prə'feɪn (US) proʊ-, prə- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z

profanit|y prə'fæn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) proʊ'fæn.ə.t̬|i, prə- **-ies** -iz

profess prə'fes (US) prə-, proʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edly** -ɪd.li

profession prə'feʃ.ən (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

professional prə'feʃ.ən.əl (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

professionalism prə'feʃ.ən.əl.ɪ.zəm (US) prə-, proʊ-

professionally '-nəl.i (US) prə-, proʊ-

professor prə'fes.ər (US) -ɚ, proʊ- **-s** -z

professorate prə'fes.ər.ət, -eɪt (US) -ɚ.ət, proʊ- **-s** -s

professorial ˌprɒf.ɪ'sɔː.ri.əl, -ə'-, -es'ɔː- (US) ˌproʊ.fə'sɔːr.i-, ˌprɑː- **-ly** -i *stress shift:* ˌprofessorial 'duties

professoriat(e) ˌprɒf.ɪ'sɔː.ri.ət, -ə'-, -es'ɔː-, -ɪt (US) ˌproʊ.fə'sɔːr.i.ət, ˌprɑː- **-s** -s

professorship prə'fes.ə.ʃɪp (US) '-ɚ-, proʊ- **-s** -s

proff|er 'prɒf|.ər (US) 'prɑː.f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

proficiency prə'fɪʃ.ənt.si (US) prə-, proʊ-

proficient prə'fɪʃ.ənt (US) prə-, proʊ- **-ly** -li

profil|e 'prəʊ.faɪl (US) 'proʊ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

prof|it (*n, v.*) 'prɒf|.ɪt (US) 'prɑː.f|ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd ˌ**profit and 'loss; 'profit ˌmargin**

profitability ˌprɒf.ɪ.tə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌ-ə-, -ə.ti (US) ˌprɑː.fɪ.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

profitab|le 'prɒf.ɪ.tə.b|əl, '-ə- (US) 'prɑː.fɪ.t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

profiteer ˌprɒf.ɪ'tɪər, -ə'- (US) ˌprɑː.fɪ'tɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

profiterole prɒf'ɪt.ər.əʊl, prə'fɪt-; 'prɒf.ɪ.tər-, ˌprɒf.ɪ.tər'əʊl (US) prə'fɪt̬.ə.roʊl **-s** -z

profitless 'prɒf.ɪt.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'prɑː.fɪt-

profitmaking 'prɒf.ɪtˌmeɪ.kɪŋ (US) 'prɑː.fɪt-

profit-sharing 'prɒf.ɪtˌʃeə.rɪŋ (US) 'prɑː.fɪtˌʃer.ɪŋ

profligacy 'prɒf.lɪ.gə.si (US) 'prɑː.flɪ-

profligate 'prɒf.lɪ.gət, -gɪt (US) 'prɑː.flɪ.gɪt **-s** -s **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

pro forma ˌprəʊ'fɔː.mə (US) ˌproʊ'fɔːr-

profound prə'faʊnd (US) prə-, proʊ- **-er** -ər (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Profumo prə'fjuː.məʊ (US) -moʊ

profundit|y prə'fʌn.də.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) proʊ-, prə- **-ies** -iz

profus|e prə'fjuːs (US) prə-, proʊ- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

profusion prə'fjuː.ʒən (US) prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

prog prɒg (US) prɑːg, prɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

progenitor prəʊ'dʒen.ɪ.tər, '-ə- (US) proʊ'dʒen.ə.t̬ɚ, prə- **-s** -z

niture prəʊ'dʒen.ɪ.tʃəʳ, '-ə-,
ʳ, -tjəʳ ⓤⓢ proʊ'dʒen.ə.tʃɚ,

n|y 'prɒdʒ.ə.n|i, '-ɪ-
ɑː.dʒə- **-ies** -iz

sterone prəʊ'dʒes.tᵊr.əʊn
oʊ'dʒes.tə.roʊn

stogen prəʊ'dʒes.tə.dʒɪn,
ⓤⓢ proʊ'dʒes.tə.dʒən, -dʒen

athic prɒg'næθ.ɪk ⓤⓢ prɑːg-,
θɪk

athism 'prɒg.nə.θɪ.zᵊm;
næθ.ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'prɑːg.nə.θɪ-;
'neɪ-

athous prɒg'neɪ.θəs;
.nə.θəs ⓤⓢ 'prɑːg.nə-;
'neɪ-

os|is prɒg'nəʊ.s|ɪs
ɑːg'noʊ- **-es** -iːz

ostic prɒg'nɒs.tɪk, prəg-
ɑːg'nɑː.stɪk

osti|cate prɒg'nɒs.tɪ|.keɪt,
ⓤⓢ prɑːg'nɑː.stɪ- **-cates** -keɪts
ng -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated**
ɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd **-cator/s**
əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z

ostication
nɒs.tɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, prɒg-
ɑːg,nɑː.stɪ'- **-s** -z

am 'prəʊ.græm ⓤⓢ 'proʊ-,
-s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z
/z

ammable prəʊ'græm.ə.bᵊl;
.græm- ⓤⓢ 'proʊ.græm.ə-,
mə-

ammatic ,prəʊ.grə'mæt.ɪk
roʊ.grə'mæt̬-

amm|e 'prəʊ.græm ⓤⓢ 'proʊ-,
-es -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s**
ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

ess (*n.*) 'prəʊ.gres ⓤⓢ 'prɑː-
gress re,port

ess (*v.*) prəʊ'gres ⓤⓢ prə-,
-es -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

ession prəʊ'greʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ prə-,
-s -z

essional prəʊ'greʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, '-nᵊl
ə-, proʊ-

essionist prəʊ'greʃ.ᵊn.ɪst
ə-, proʊ- **-s** -s

essist prəʊ'gres.ɪst
rɑː.gres-, 'proʊ-; prə'gres- **-s** -s

essive prəʊ'gres.ɪv ⓤⓢ prə-,
-s -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

essiv|ism prəʊ'gres.ɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm
ə-, proʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

|it prəʊ'hɪb|.ɪt ⓤⓢ proʊ-, prə-
ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited**
ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd

bition (P) ,prəʊ.hɪ'bɪʃ.ᵊn
roʊ- **-s** -z

bition|ism
.hɪ'bɪʃ.ᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ ,proʊ-
s -ɪst/s

bitive prəʊ'hɪb.ə.tɪv
roʊ'hɪb.ə.t̬ɪv, prə- **-ly** -li

bitory prəʊ'hɪb.ɪ.tᵊr.i
roʊ'hɪb.ə.tɔːr-, prə-

ct (*n.*) 'prɒdʒ.ekt, -ɪkt

ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.dʒekt, -dʒɪkt **-s** -s

project (*v.*) prəʊ'dʒekt ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

projectile prəʊ'dʒek.taɪl ⓤⓢ prə'dʒek.tᵊl, proʊ- **-s** -z

projection prəʊ'dʒek.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

projective prəʊ'dʒek.tɪv ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-ly** -li

projector prəʊ'dʒek.təʳ ⓤⓢ prə'dʒek.tɚ, proʊ- **-s** -z

Prokofiev prə'kɒf.i.ef ⓤⓢ proʊ'kɔː.fi.ef, prə-, -'koʊ-

prolactin prəʊ'læk.tɪn ⓤⓢ proʊ-

prolaps|e 'prəʊ.læps, -'- ⓤⓢ 'proʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

prolate 'prəʊ.leɪt, ,-'- ⓤⓢ 'proʊ.leɪt

prole prəʊl ⓤⓢ proʊl **-s** -z

prolegomen|on ,prəʊ.lɪ'gɒm.ɪ.n|ən, -lə'-, -leg'ɒm-, '-ə-, -n|ɒn ⓤⓢ ,proʊ.lɪ'gɑː.mə.n|ɑːn, -n|ən **-a** -ə

proleps|is prəʊ'lep.s|ɪs, -'liːp- ⓤⓢ proʊ'lep- **-es** -iːz

proleptic prəʊ'lep.tɪk, -'liːp- ⓤⓢ proʊ'lep- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

proletarian ,prəʊ.lɪ'teə.ri.ən, -lə'-, -let'eə- ⓤⓢ ,proʊ.lə'ter.i-, -'tær- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

proletariat ,prəʊ.lɪ'teə.ri.ət, -lə'-, -let'eə-, -æt ⓤⓢ ,proʊ.lə'ter.i.ət, -'tær-

pro-life ,prəʊ'laɪf ⓤⓢ ,proʊ-

prolifer|ate prəʊ'lɪf.ᵊr|.eɪt ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɪf.ə.r|eɪt, prə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd

proliferation prəʊ,lɪf.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ proʊ,lɪf.ə'reɪ-, prə- **-s** -z

prolific prəʊ'lɪf.ɪk ⓤⓢ proʊ-, prə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prolix 'prəʊ.lɪks ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɪks, '--

prolixity prəʊ'lɪk.sə-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɪk.sə.t̬i, prə-

prolix|ly prəʊ'lɪk.s|li, '--- ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɪk.s|li, prə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prolocutor prəʊ'lɒk.jə.təʳ, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɑː.kjə.t̬ɚ, -kjʊ- **-s** -z

prolog, PROLOG 'prəʊ.lɒg ⓤⓢ 'proʊ.lɑːg, -lɔːg **-s** -z

prologu|e 'prəʊ.lɒg ⓤⓢ 'proʊ.lɑːg, -lɔːg **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

prolong prəʊ'lɒŋ ⓤⓢ proʊ'lɑːŋ, prə-, -'lɔːŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

prolongation ,prəʊ.lɒŋ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, ,prɒl.ɒŋ'- ⓤⓢ ,proʊ.lɑːŋ'-, -lɔːŋ'- **-s** -z

prom (P) prɒm ⓤⓢ prɑːm **-s** -z

promenad|e ,prɒm.ə'nɑːd, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ,prɑː.mə'neɪd, -'nɑːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ,promenade 'concert

Note: A British pronunciation /,prɒm.ə'neɪd, -ɪ'-/ also exists, used chiefly in square dancing.

Promethean prəʊ'miː.θi.ən ⓤⓢ proʊ-, prə-

Prometheus prəʊ'miː.θi.uːs, -əs ⓤⓢ proʊ'miː.θi.əs, prə-, -uːs

promethium prəʊ'miː.θi.əm ⓤⓢ proʊ-

prominenc|e 'prɒm.ɪ.nənts, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mə- **-es** -ɪz

prominent 'prɒm.ɪ.nənt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mə- **-ly** -li

promiscuity ,prɒm.ɪ'skjuː.ə.ti, -ə'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ,prɑː.mɪ'skjuː.ə.t̬i, ,proʊ-

promiscuous prə'mɪs.kju.əs, prɒm'ɪs- ⓤⓢ prə'mɪs-, proʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

promis|e 'prɒm.ɪs ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t ,**promised 'land** ⓤⓢ '**promised ,land**

promissory 'prɒm.ɪ.sᵊr.i; prə'mɪs.ᵊr- ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mɪ.sɔːr- ,**promissory 'note** ⓤⓢ '**promissory ,note**

promo 'prəʊ.məʊ ⓤⓢ 'proʊ.moʊ **-s** -z

promontor|y 'prɒm.ən.tᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mən.tɔːr- **-ies** -iz

pro|mote prə|'məʊt ⓤⓢ -'moʊt **-motes** -'məʊts ⓤⓢ -'moʊts **-moting** -'məʊ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'moʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-moted** -'məʊ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'moʊ.t̬ɪd **-moter/s** -'məʊ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -'moʊ.t̬ɚ/z

promotion prə'məʊ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -'moʊ-, proʊ- **-s** -z

promotional prə'məʊ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl ⓤⓢ -'moʊ-, proʊ- **-ly** -i

promotive prə'məʊ.tɪv ⓤⓢ -'moʊ.t̬ɪv, proʊ-

prompt prɒmpt ⓤⓢ prɑːmpt **-s** -s **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

promptitude 'prɒmp.tɪ.tjuːd ⓤⓢ 'prɑːmp.tɪ.tuːd

promul|gate 'prɒm.ᵊl|.geɪt, -ʌl- ⓤⓢ 'prɑː.mᵊl-; proʊ'mʌl- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z

promulgation ,prɒm.ᵊl'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʌl'- ⓤⓢ ,prɑː.məl'- **-s** -z

prone prəʊn ⓤⓢ proʊn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

prong prɒŋ ⓤⓢ prɑːŋ, prɔːŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pronghorn 'prɒŋ.hɔːn ⓤⓢ 'prɑːŋ.hɔːrn, 'prɔːŋ- **-s** -z

pronominal prəʊ'nɒm.ɪ.nᵊl, -ᵊn.ᵊl ⓤⓢ proʊ'nɑː.mə- **-ly** -i

pronominalization prəʊ,nɒm.ɪ.nᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ᵊn.ᵊl-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ proʊ,nɑː.mɪ.nᵊl.ɪ'- **-s** -z

pronominaliz|e, -is|e prəʊ'nɒm.ɪ.nᵊl.aɪz, -ᵊn.ᵊl- ⓤⓢ proʊ'nɑː.mɪ.nᵊl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

pronoun 'prəʊ.naʊn ⓤⓢ 'proʊ- **-s** -z

pronounc|e prə'naʊnts ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-edly** -t.li, -ɪd.li **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-eable/ness** -ə.bᵊl/nəs, -nɪs

pronouncement prəʊ'naʊnt.smənt ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-s** -s

pronto 'prɒn.təʊ ⓤⓢ 'prɑːn.t̬oʊ

pronunciamento prəʊ,nʌnt.si.ə'men.təʊ, -ʃi- ⓤⓢ proʊ,nʌnt.si.ə'men.toʊ, prə- **-(e)s** -z

pronunciation prə,nʌnt.si'eɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ prə-, proʊ- **-s** -z

proof pruːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

proofread 'pruːf.riːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z *past tense:* 'pruːf.red

Proops pruːps

prop prɒp US prɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t

propaedeutic ˌprəʊ.piː'djuː.tɪk US ˌproʊ.pɪ'duː.t̬ɪk, -'djuː- -al -əl -s -s

propaganda ˌprɒp.ə'gæn.də US ˌprɑː.pə'-

propagand|ism ˌprɒp.ə'gæn.d|ɪ.zəm US ˌprɑː.pə'- -ist/s -ɪst/s

propagandiz|e, -is|e ˌprɒp.ə'gæn.daɪz US ˌprɑː.pə'- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

propa|gate 'prɒp.ə|.geɪt US 'prɑː.pə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ US -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd US -geɪ.t̬ɪd -gator/s -geɪ.təʳ/z US -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z

propagation ˌprɒp.ə'geɪ.ʃən US ˌprɑː.pə'-

propane 'prəʊ.peɪn US 'proʊ-

proparoxytone ˌprəʊ.pəʳ'ɒk.sɪ.təʊn, -pær'-, '-ə-, -tən US ˌproʊ.pə'rɑːk.sɪ.toʊn, -pær'- -s -z

propel prə'pel -s -z -ling -ɪŋ -led -d **proˌpelling 'pencil**

propellant, propellent prə'pel.ənt -s -s

propeller, propellor prə'pel.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z

propene 'prəʊ.piːn US 'proʊ-

propensit|y prəʊ'pent.sə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US prə'pent.sə.t̬|i, proʊ- -ies -iz

proper 'prɒp.əʳ US 'prɑː.pɚ **ˌproper 'noun**

properly 'prɒp.əl.i, '-li US 'prɑː.pɚ.li

Propertius prəʊ'pɜː.ʃəs, -ʃi.əs US proʊ'pɝː-

propert|y 'prɒp.ə.t|i US 'prɑː.pɚ.t̬|i -ies -iz -ied -id

prophec|y (*n.*) 'prɒf.ə.s|i, '-ɪ- US 'prɑː.fə- -ies -iz

prophes|y (*v.*) 'prɒf.ə.s|aɪ, '-ɪ- US 'prɑː.fə- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd -ier/s -aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z

prophet 'prɒf.ɪt US 'prɑː.fɪt -s -s

prophetess ˌprɒf.ɪ'tes; 'prɒf.ɪ.tɪs, -tes US 'prɑː.fɪ.t̬əs -es -ɪz

prophetic prəʊ'fet.ɪk US prə-, proʊ- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li

prophylactic ˌprɒf.ɪ'læk.tɪk, -ə'- US ˌproʊ.fə'-, ˌprɑː- -s -s -ally -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌprophylactic 'medicine

prophylax|is ˌprɒf.ɪ'læk.s|ɪs, -ə'- US ˌproʊ.fə'-, ˌprɑː- -es -iːz

propinquity prəʊ'pɪŋ.kwə.ti, prɒp'ɪŋ-, -kwɪ- US proʊ'pɪŋ.kwə.t̬i, -'pɪn-

propiti|ate prə'pɪʃ.i|.eɪt US proʊ-, prə- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

propitiation prəˌpɪʃ.i'eɪ.ʃən US proʊ-, prə- -s -z

propitiatory prə'pɪʃ.i.ə.tər.i, -'pɪʃ.ə-, -eɪ.tər-; prəʊˌpɪʃ.i'eɪ- US proʊ'pɪʃ.i.ə.tɔːr-, prə-

propitious prə'pɪʃ.əs US prə-, proʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

propjet 'prɒp.dʒet US 'prɑːp- -s -s

Pro-Plus® ˌprəʊ'plʌs US ˌproʊ-

proponent prəʊ'pəʊ.nənt US prə'poʊ-, proʊ- -s -s

proportion prə'pɔː.ʃən US -'pɔːr- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

proportionab|le prə'pɔː.ʃən.ə.b|əl US -'pɔːr- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs

proportional prə'pɔː.ʃən.əl, -'pɔːʃ.nəl US -'pɔːr.ʃən.əl, -'pɔːrʃ.nəl -ly -i **proˌportional ˌrepresen'tation**

proportionality prəˌpɔː.ʃən'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ˌpɔːr.ʃən'æl.ə.t̬i

proportionate prə'pɔː.ʃən.ət, -'pɔːʃ.nət, -nɪt US -'pɔːr.ʃən.ɪt, -'pɔːrʃ.nɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

proposal prə'pəʊ.zəl US -'poʊ- -s -z

propos|e prə'pəʊz US -'poʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

proposition ˌprɒp.ə'zɪʃ.ən US ˌprɑː.pə'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

propound prə'paʊnd US prə-, proʊ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

propranolol prəʊ'præn.ə.lɒl US proʊ'præn.oʊ.lɔːl, '-ə-, -loʊl

proprietary prə'praɪə.tər.i US -ter-

proprietor prə'praɪə.təʳ US proʊ'praɪə.t̬ɚ, prə- -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s

proprietorial prəˌpraɪə'tɔː.ri.əl US -'tɔːr.i-, proʊ- -ly -i

proprietress prə'praɪə.trɪs, -tres US proʊ-, -trɪs, -trəs -es -ɪz

propriet|y prə'praɪə.t|i US -t̬|i, proʊ- -ies -iz

propriocep|tion ˌprəʊ.pri.əʊ'sep|.ʃən, ˌprɒp.ri- US ˌproʊ.pri.oʊ'-, -ə'- -tive -tɪv

propul|sion prə'pʌl|.ʃən US prə-, proʊ- -sive -sɪv

propylae|um (P) ˌprɒp.ɪ'liː|.əm, -ə'- US ˌprɑː.pə'- -a -ə

propylene 'prɒp.ɪ.liːn, '-ə- US 'proʊ.pə-

pro rata ˌprəʊ'rɑː.tə, -'reɪ- US ˌproʊ'reɪ.t̬ə, -'rɑː-

prorogation ˌprəʊ.rəʊ'geɪ.ʃən, ˌprɒr.əʊ'- US ˌproʊ.roʊ'- -s -z

prorogu|e prəʊ'rəʊg US proʊ'roʊg -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

prosaic prəʊ'zeɪ.ɪk US proʊ- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

prosceni|um prəʊ'siː.ni|.əm US proʊ- -ums -əmz -a -ə **proˌscenium 'arch**

prosciutto prəʊ'ʃuː.təʊ US proʊ'ʃuː.t̬oʊ

proscrib|e prəʊ'skraɪb US proʊ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

proscription prəʊ'skrɪp.ʃən US proʊ- -s -z

proscriptive prəʊ'skrɪp.tɪv US proʊ-

pro se ˌprəʊ'seɪ US ˌproʊ-

pros|e prəʊz US proʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

prose|cute 'prɒs.ɪ|.kjuːt, '-ə- US 'prɑː.sɪ- -cutes -kjuːts -cuting -kjuː.tɪŋ US -kjuː.t̬ɪŋ -cuted -kjuː.tɪd US -kjuː.t̬ɪd **ˌprosecuting at'torney**

prosecution ˌprɒs.ɪ'kjuː.ʃən, -ə'- US ˌprɑː.sɪ'- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌprosecution 'witness

prosecutor 'prɒs.ɪ.kjuː.təʳ, '-ə- US 'prɑː.sɪ.kjuː.t̬ɚ -s -z

prosecutorial ˌprɒs.ɪ.kjuː'tɔː.ri.əl US ˌprɑː.sɪ.kjuː'tɔːr.i-

prosecutrix 'prɒs.ɪ.kjuː.trɪks, '-ə-; ˌprɒs.ɪ'kjuː-, -ə'- US 'prɑː.sɪ.kjuː-, ˌprɑː.sɪ'kjuː- -es -ɪz

proselyte 'prɒs.ə.laɪt, '-ɪ- US 'prɑː.sə- -s -s

proselytism 'prɒs.əl.ɪ.tɪ.zəm, -ɪ.lɪ-, -lə- US 'prɑː.sə.lɪ-, -laɪ-

proselytiz|e, -is|e 'prɒs.əl.ɪ.taɪz, -ɪ.lɪ-, -lə- US 'prɑː.sə.lɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Proserpina prə'sɜː.pɪ.nə, prɒs'ɜː- US proʊ'sɝː-

Proserpine 'prɒs.ə.paɪn US 'prɑː.sɚ-; proʊ'sɝː.pɪ.niː

prosit 'prəʊ.zɪt, -sɪt; prəʊst US 'proʊ.sɪt, -zɪt; proʊst

prosodic prə'sɒd.ɪk US proʊ'sɑː.dɪk, prə- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li

prosodist 'prɒs.ə.dɪst, 'prɒz- US 'prɑː.sə-, -zə- -s -s

prosod|y 'prɒs.ə.d|i, 'prɒz- US 'prɑː.sə-, -zə- -ies -iz

prospect (P) (*n.*) 'prɒs.pekt US 'prɑː.spekt -s -s

prospect (*v.*) prə'spekt, prɒs'pekt; 'prɒs.pekt US 'prɑː.spekt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

prospective prə'spek.tɪv, prɒs'pek- US prə'spek-, proʊ-, prɑː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

prospector prə'spek.təʳ, prɒs'pek- US 'prɑː.spek.tɚ -s -z

prospectus prə'spek.təs US prə-, proʊ-, prɑː- -es -ɪz

prosp|er 'prɒs.p|əʳ US 'prɑː.sp|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

prosperity prɒs'per.ə.ti, prə'sper-, -ɪ.ti US prɑː'sper.ə.t̬i

Prospero 'prɒs.pər.əʊ US 'prɑː.spə.roʊ

prosperous 'prɒs.pər.əs US 'prɑː.spɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Prosser 'prɒs.əʳ US 'prɑː.sɚ

Prost prɒst US proʊst

prostaglandin ˌprɒs.tə'glæn.dɪn US ˌprɑː.stə'- -s -z

prostate 'prɒs.teɪt US 'prɑː.steɪt -s -s **'prostate ˌgland**

prostatic prɒs'tæt.ɪk, prə'stæt- US proʊ'stæt̬.ɪk, prɑː-

prosthes|is *grammatical term:* 'prɒs.θɪ.s|ɪs, -θə-; 'prɑːs.θə- -es -iːz *medical term:* 'prɒs.θə.s|ɪs, -θɪ-; prɒs'θiː- US 'prɑːs.θə.s|ɪs; prɑːs'θiː- -es US -iːz

prosthetic prɒs'θet.ɪk US prɑːs'θet̬- -s -s

prosthetist prɒs'θiː.tɪst, prəs-

ɑːs.θɪ.tɪst -s -s
tu|te 'prɒs.tɪ.tjuː|t, -tə-, -tʃuː|t
ɑː.stə.tuː|t, -tjuː|t -tes -ts -ting
(US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
tution ˌprɒs.tɪ'tjuː.ʃən, -tə'-,
.ʃən (US) -'tʃuː-, ˌprɑː.stə'tuː-

ate (*adj.*) 'prɒs.treɪt, -'-
ɑː.streɪt
a|te (*v.*) prɒs'treɪ|t, prə'streɪ|t
ɑː.streɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ
ŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
ation prɒs'treɪ.ʃən, prə'streɪ-
ɑː'streɪ- -s -z
'prəʊ.z|i (US) 'proʊ- -ier -i.əʳ
ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li,
ness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tinium ˌprəʊ.tæk'tɪn.i.əm
oʊ-
gonist prəʊ'tæg.ən.ɪst (US) proʊ-

oras prəʊ'tæg.ər.æs, -ɒr-, -əs
oʊ'tæg.ɚ.əs
nto ˌprəʊ'tæn.təʊ
oʊ'tæn.toʊ, -'tɑːn-
|is 'prɒt.ə.s|ɪs (US) 'prɑː.t̬ə- -es

n prəʊ'tiː.ən; 'prəʊ.ti-
oʊ-; proʊ'tiː-
se 'prəʊ.ti.eɪz, -eɪs (US) 'proʊ.t̬i-

t prə'tekt (US) prə-, proʊ- -s -s
ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z
/z
tion prə'tek.ʃən (US) prə-, proʊ-

tion|ism prə'tek.ʃən|.ɪ.zəm
-, proʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
tive prə'tek.tɪv (US) prə-, proʊ-
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
torate prə'tek.tər.ət, -ɪt
proʊ- -s -s
tress prə'tek.trəs, -trɪs
s, proʊ- -es -ɪz
é(e), protege(e) 'prɒt.ɪ.ʒeɪ,
tɪ-, -tə-, -teʒ.eɪ, -teɪ.ʒeɪ
oʊ.t̬ə.ʒeɪ, ˌ--'- -s -z
n 'prəʊ.tiːn (US) 'proʊ- -s -z
m ˌprəʊ'tem (US) ˌproʊ'tem
t (*n.*) 'prəʊ.test (US) 'proʊ.test

t (*v.*) prəʊ'test (US) proʊ'test,
proʊ.test -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li
d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -or/s -əʳ/z
/z
tant (P) 'prɒt.ɪ.stənt, '-ə-
ɑː.t̬ə- -s -s -ism -ɪ.zəm
tantiz|e, -is|e
ɪ.stən.taɪz, '-ə- (US) 'prɑː.t̬ə- -es
g -ɪŋ -ed -d
tation ˌprɒt.es'teɪ.ʃən;
tes'-, -tɪ'steɪ-, -tə'-
ɑː.t̬es'teɪ-, ˌproʊ-, -t̬ə'steɪ-

s 'prəʊ.ti.uːs, -əs (US) 'proʊ.t̬i.əs
lamiǀon ˌprəʊ.θəl'eɪ.mi|.ən
oʊ.θə'leɪ-, -ɑːn -um -əm -a -ə
roe 'prɒð.ər.əʊ (US) 'prɑː.ðə.roʊ
es|is 'prɒθ.ɪ.s|ɪs, '-ə-
ɑː.θə- -es -iːz

protium 'prəʊ.ti.əm (US) 'proʊ.t̬i-
proto- prəʊ.təʊ (US) proʊ.t̬oʊ, -t̬ə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **prototype** /'prəʊ.təʊ.taɪp (US) 'proʊ.t̬ə-/, **prototypic** /ˌprəʊ.təʊ'tɪp.ɪk (US) ˌproʊ.t̬ə'-/.
protocol 'prəʊ.tə.kɒl (US) 'proʊ.t̬ə.kɔːl, -t̬oʊ-, -kɑːl -s -z
proton (P®) 'prəʊ.tɒn (US) 'proʊ.tɑːn -s -z
protoplasm 'prəʊ.təʊ.plæz.əm (US) 'proʊ.t̬ə-, -t̬oʊ-
prototype 'prəʊ.təʊ.taɪp (US) 'proʊ.t̬ə-, -t̬oʊ- -s -s
prototypic ˌprəʊ.təʊ'tɪp.ɪk (US) ˌproʊ.t̬ə'-, -t̬oʊ'- -al -əl
protozo|a ˌprəʊ.təʊ'zəʊ|.ə (US) ˌproʊ.t̬ə'zoʊ|-, -t̬oʊ'- -an/s -ən/z -on -ɒn (US) -ɑːn -ic -ɪk
protract prəʊ'trækt (US) proʊ-, prə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed/ly -ɪd/li -ile -aɪl (US) -əl
protraction prəʊ'træk.ʃən (US) proʊ-, prə- -s -z
protractor prəʊ'træk.təʳ (US) proʊ'træk.tɚ, prə- -s -z
protrud|e prəʊ'truːd (US) proʊ-, prə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
protrusion prəʊ'truː.ʒən (US) proʊ-, prə- -s -z
protrusive prəʊ'truː.sɪv (US) proʊ-, prə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
protuberanc|e prəʊ'tjuː.bər.ənts (US) proʊ'tuː-, prə-, -'tjuː- -es -ɪz
protuberant prəʊ'tjuː.bər.ənt (US) proʊ'tuː-, prə-, -'tjuː- -ly -li
proud praʊd -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Proudfoot 'praʊd.fʊt
Proudhon 'pruː.dɒn (US) -dɑːn, -doʊn
Proudie 'praʊ.di
Proulx pruː
Proust pruːst
Proustian 'pruː.sti.ən
Prout praʊt
provab|le 'pruː.və.b|əl -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
prov|e pruːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
proven 'pruː.vən, 'prəʊ- (US) 'pruː-
provenance 'prɒv.ən.ənts, -ɪ.nənts (US) 'prɑː.vən.ənts
Provençal(e), Provencal(e) ˌprɒv.ɑ̃ːn'sɑːl, -ɔ̃ːn-, -vənt'- (US) ˌproʊ.vɑːn'-, ˌprɑː-, -vən'-
Provence prɒv'ɑ̃ːns, prə'vɑ̃ːns, -'vɔ̃ːns, -'vɑːnts (US) prɑː'vɑ̃ːnts, proʊ-
provender 'prɒv.ɪn.dəʳ, -ən- (US) 'prɑː.vən.dɚ
proverb (P) 'prɒv.ɜːb (US) 'prɑː.vɝːb -s -z
proverbial prəʊ'vɜː.bi.əl (US) prə'vɝː-, proʊ- -ly -i
provid|e prəʊ'vaɪd (US) prə-, proʊ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
providen|ce (P) 'prɒv.ɪ.dən|ts (US) 'prɑː.və- -t/ly -t/li

providential ˌprɒv.ɪ'den.tʃəl (US) ˌprɑː.və'- -ly -i
provinc|e 'prɒv.ɪnts (US) 'prɑː.vɪnts -es -ɪz
provincial prəʊ'vɪn.tʃəl (US) prə'vɪnt.ʃəl, proʊ- -s -z -ly -i
provincialism prəʊ'vɪn.tʃəl.ɪ.zəm (US) prə'vɪnt.ʃəl-, proʊ- -s -z
provinciality prəʊˌvɪn.tʃi'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) prəˌvɪnt.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i, proʊ-
provincializ|e, -is|e prəʊ'vɪn.tʃəl.aɪz (US) prə'vɪnt.ʃəl-, proʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
provision prəʊ'vɪʒ.ən (US) prə-, proʊ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
provisional prəʊ'vɪʒ.ən.əl, '-nəl (US) prə-, proʊ-, prə'vɪʒ.ən.əl -ly -i
proviso prəʊ'vaɪ.zəʊ (US) prə'vaɪ.zoʊ, proʊ- -(e)s -z
provisor prəʊ'vaɪ.zəʳ (US) prə'vaɪ.zɚ, proʊ- -s -z
provisor|y prəʊ'vaɪ.zər|.i (US) prə-, proʊ- -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li
Provo 'prəʊ.vəʊ (US) 'proʊ.voʊ -s -z
provocation ˌprɒv.ə'keɪ.ʃən (US) ˌprɑː.və'- -s -z
provocative prə'vɒk.ə.tɪv (US) -'vɑː.kə.t̬ɪv, proʊ- -ly -li
provok|e prə'vəʊk (US) -'voʊk, proʊ- -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
provost 'prɒv.əst (US) 'proʊ.voʊst, -vəst; 'prɑː.vəst *also in the US military:* 'proʊ.voʊ -s -s ˌ**provost 'marshal**
provostship 'prɒv.əst.ʃɪp (US) 'proʊ.voʊst-, -vəst-; 'prɑː.vəst- -s -s
prow praʊ -s -z
prowess 'praʊ.ɪs, -es; praʊ'es (US) 'praʊ.ɪs
prowl praʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Prowse praʊs, praʊz
prox. prɒks; 'prɒk.sɪ.məʊ, -sə- (US) 'prɑːk.sə.moʊ
proximal 'prɒk.sɪ.məl, -sə- (US) 'prɑːk.sə- -ly -i
proximate 'prɒk.sɪ.mət, -sə-, -mɪt (US) 'prɑːk.sə.mət -ly -li
proxime access|it ˌprɒk.sɪ.meɪ.æk'ses|.ɪt, -ək'-, -ə'kes- (US) ˌprɑːk.səm.æk'ses.ət, -sɪm- -erunt -ə.rʊnt
proximit|y prɒk'sɪm.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) prɑːk'sɪm.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
proximo 'prɒk.sɪ.məʊ, -sə- (US) 'prɑːk.sə.moʊ
prox|y 'prɒk.s|i (US) 'prɑːk- -ies -iz
Prozac® 'prəʊ.zæk (US) 'proʊ-
prud|e pruːd -es -z -ery -ər.i
prudence (P) 'pruː.dənts
prudent 'pruː.dənt -ly -li
prudential pruː'den.tʃəl (US) -'dent.ʃəl -ly -i
Prudhoe 'prʌd.həʊ, 'pruː.dəʊ, 'pruːd.həʊ (US) 'pruːd.hoʊ, 'pruː.doʊ, 'prʌd.hoʊ
prudish 'pruː.dɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Prufrock 'pruː.frɒk (US) -frɑːk

prun|e pruːn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
prunella (P) pruːˈnel.ə -s -z
prurience ˈprʊə.ri.ənts ⓤⓢ ˈprʊr.i-
prurient ˈprʊə.ri.ənt ⓤⓢ ˈprʊr.i- -ly -li
prurigo prʊəˈraɪ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ prʊˈraɪ.goʊ
pru|ritus prʊə|ˈraɪ.təs ⓤⓢ prʊ|ˈraɪ.t̬əs -ritic -ˈrɪt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈrɪt̬-
Prussia ˈprʌʃ.ə
Prussian ˈprʌʃ.ᵊn -s -z ˌPrussian ˈblue
prussiate ˈprʌʃ.i.ət, ˈprʌʃ.ət, -ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈprʌs.i.eɪt, ˈprʌʃ-, -ɪt -s -s
prussic acid ˌprʌs.ɪkˈæs.ɪd
Pruth pruːt
pr|y pr|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying/ly -aɪ.ɪŋ/li -ied -aɪd -yer/s -aɪ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -aɪ.ɚ/z
Pryce praɪs
Pryde praɪd
Pryke praɪk
Prynne prɪn
Pryor praɪəʳ ⓤⓢ praɪɚ
Przewalski pʃəˈvæl.ski, -ˈvɑːl- ⓤⓢ pʃəˈvɑːl- Prze,walski's ˈhorse
PS ˌpiːˈes -'s -ɪz
psalm (P) sɑːm -s -z -ist/s -ɪst/s
psalmodic sælˈmɒd.ɪk ⓤⓢ sɑːˈmɑː.dɪk, sæl-
psalmod|y ˈsæl.mə.d|i, ˈsɑː.mə- ⓤⓢ ˈsɑː-, ˈsæl- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psalter ˈsɔːl.təʳ, ˈsɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈsɔːl.t̬ɚ, ˈsɑːl- -s -z
psalt(e)r|y ˈsɔːl.tᵊr|.i, ˈsɒl- ⓤⓢ ˈsɔːl.tɚ-, ˈsɑːl- -ies -iz
Note: In the following words beginning with ps-, the form with /p/ is rare.
psephology|y *p*sɪˈfɒl.ə.dʒ|i, *p*sə-, *p*sefˈɒl- ⓤⓢ siːˈfɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
pseud sjuːd, suːd ⓤⓢ suːd -s -z
pseudo- ˌsjuː.dəʊ, ˌsuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.doʊ
pseudo ˈsjuː.dəʊ, ˈsuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.doʊ -s -z
pseudonym ˈsjuː.də.nɪm, ˈsuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.dᵊn.ɪm -s -z
pseudonymity ˌsjuː.dəˈnɪm.ə.ti, ˌsuː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.dᵊnˈɪm.ə.t̬i
pseudonymous sjuːˈdɒn.ɪ.məs, suː- ⓤⓢ suːˈdɑː.nɪ-
pseudopodi|um ˌsjuː.dəˈpəʊ.di|.əm, ˌsuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.doʊˈpoʊ- -a -ə
Pseudoxia Epidemica sjuːˌdɒk.si.ə.ep.ɪˈdem.ɪ.kə, suː- ⓤⓢ suːˌdɑːk.si-
pshaw (*interj.*) pɸː, pʃɔː ⓤⓢ *p*ʃɔː, *p*ʃɑː
Note: Sound of derision or protest: the spelling was probably originally intended to represent a voiceless bilabial affricate (a more polite version of the bilabial trill known as a "raspberry" in British English and also as a "Bronx Cheer" in American English), but it is usually now given a spelling-based pronunciation.
psi psaɪ, saɪ ⓤⓢ saɪ, psiː
Psion ˈ*p*saɪ.ɒn ⓤⓢ -ɑːn
psittacosis ˌ*p*sɪt.əˈkəʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ ˌsɪt.əˈkoʊ-
Psmith smɪθ
psoriasis *p*səˈraɪə.sɪs, *p*sɒrˈaɪə-, *p*sɔːˈraɪə-, *p*sʊ- ⓤⓢ səˈraɪə-, soʊ-
psych saɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
psych|e (*v.*) saɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
psyche (*n.*) ˈsaɪ.ki, -kiː -s -s
psychedelia ˌsaɪ.kɪˈdiː.li.ə, -kəˈ- ⓤⓢ -kəˈdiː.li.ə, -ˈdiːl.jə
psychedelic ˌsaɪ.kɪˈdel.ɪk, -kəˈ- ⓤⓢ -kəˈ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychedelic ˈcolours
psychiatric ˌsaɪ.kiˈæt.rɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychiatric ˈnurse
psychiatr|y saɪˈkaɪə.tr|i, sɪ-, sə- ⓤⓢ saɪ-, sɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psychic ˈsaɪ.kɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
psycho- saɪ.kəʊ; saɪˈkɒ ⓤⓢ saɪ.koʊ, -kə; saɪˈkɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **psychodrama** /ˈsaɪ.kəʊˌdrɑː.mə ⓤⓢ -koʊˌ-/, **psychodramatic** /ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.drəˈmæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊ.drəˈmæt̬.ɪk/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **psychotic** /saɪˈkɒt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː.t̬ɪk/.
psycho ˈsaɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ -s -z
psychoanalys|e ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈæn.ᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -koʊˈæn.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
psychoanalysis ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.əˈnæl.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ -koʊ-
psychoanalyst ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈæn.ᵊl.ɪst ⓤⓢ -koʊˈæn.ə.lɪst -s -s
psychoanalytic ˌsaɪ.kəʊˌæn.ᵊlˈɪt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊˌæn.əˈlɪt̬.ɪk -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychoanalytic ˈcounselling
psychoanalyz|e ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈæn.ᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -koʊˈæn.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
psychobabble ˈsaɪ.kəʊˌbæb.ᵊl ⓤⓢ -koʊˌ-
psychodrama ˈsaɪ.kəʊˌdrɑː.mə ⓤⓢ -koʊˌ-, -ˌdræm.ə -s -z
psychodramatic ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.drəˈmæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊ.drəˈmæt̬-
psychokinesis ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.kaɪˈniː.sɪs, -kɪˈ- ⓤⓢ -koʊ.kɪˈ-, -kaɪˈ-
psychokinetic ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.kɪˈnet.ɪk, -kaɪˈ- ⓤⓢ -koʊ- *stress shift:* ˌpsychokinetic ˈpowers
psycholinguist ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈlɪŋ.gwɪst ⓤⓢ -koʊˈ- -s -s
psycholinguistic ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.lɪŋˈgwɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊ- -s -s -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsycholinguistic ˈprocess
psychologic ˌsaɪ.kəˈlɒdʒ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑː.dʒɪk *stress shift:* ˌpsychologic ˈwarfare
psychological ˌsaɪ.kᵊlˈɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl ⓤⓢ -kəˈlɑː.dʒɪ- -ly -i *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**psychological** ˈ**warfare**
psychologiz|e, -is|e saɪˈkɒl.ə.dʒaɪz ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː.lə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
psycholog|y saɪˈkɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psychometric ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈmet.rɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊˈ- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌpsychometric ˈmeasurement
psychometr|y saɪˈkɒm.ɪ.tr|i, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː.mə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psychopath ˈsaɪ.kəʊ.pæθ ⓤⓢ -kə-, -koʊ- -s -s
psychopathic ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈpæθ.ɪk ⓤⓢ -kəˈ-, -koʊˈ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychopathic ˈtendencies
psychopatholog|y ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.pæθˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -koʊ.pæθˈɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psychophysical ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈfɪz.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -koʊˈ- -ly -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychophysical ˈstimulus
psychosexual ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈsek.ʃʊəl, -sjʊəl ⓤⓢ -ʃu.əl -ly -i *stress shift:* ˌpsychosexual ˈaspects
psychos|is saɪˈkəʊ.s|ɪs ⓤⓢ -ˈkoʊ- -es -iːz
psychosocial ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈsəʊ.ʃᵊl ⓤⓢ -koʊˈsoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌpsychosocial ˈproblems
psychosomatic ˌsaɪ.kəʊ.səʊˈmæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -koʊ.soʊˈmæt̬- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpsychosomatic ˈsymptoms
psychotherap|y ˌsaɪ.kəʊˈθer.ə.p|i ⓤⓢ -koʊˈ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
psychotic saɪˈkɒt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː.t̬ɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
pt (*abbrev. for* **pint**) paɪnt
PTA ˌpiː.tiːˈeɪ
Ptah tɑː, ptɑː, pəˈtɑː ⓤⓢ pəˈtɑː
ptarmigan ˈtɑː.mɪ.gən, -mə- ⓤⓢ ˈtɑːr-
pterodactyl ˌter.əʊˈdæk.tɪl, -təl ⓤⓢ -əˈdæk.təl, -oʊˈ- -s -z
pterosaur ˈter.əʊ.sɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.sɔːr, -oʊ-, -sɑːr -s -z
PTO ˌpiː.tiːˈəʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ
Ptolemaeus ˌtɒl.əˈmiː.əs, -ɪˈ-, -ˈmeɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.ləˈmeɪ-, -ˈmiː-
Ptolema|ic ˌtɒl.əˈmeɪ|.ɪk, -ɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.ləˈ- -ist -ɪst
Ptolemy ˈtɒl.ə.mi, ˈ-ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈtɑː.lə-
ptomaine ˈtəʊ.meɪn; təʊˈmeɪn ⓤⓢ ˈtoʊ.meɪn
Pty (*abbrev. for* **Proprietary**) prəˈpraɪə.tᵊr.i ⓤⓢ proʊˈpraɪə.ter.i, prə-
ptyalin ˈtaɪə.lɪn
pub pʌb -s -z -by -i
pub-crawl ˈpʌb.krɔːl ⓤⓢ -krɑːl, -krɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
puberty ˈpjuː.bə.ti ⓤⓢ -bɚ.t̬i
pubes *slang for pubic hair:* pjuːbz
pubes *plural of* **pubis**: ˈpjuː.biːz
pubescen|ce pjuːˈbes.ᵊn|ts, pjʊ- -t -t
pubic ˈpjuː.bɪk ˌ**pubic** ˈ**hair** ⓤⓢ ˈ**pubic** ˌ**hair**
pub|is ˈpjuː.b|ɪs -es -iːz
public ˈpʌb.lɪk -ly -li ˌ**public** con**ˈvenience**; ˌ**public** ˈ**enemy**; ˌ**public** ˈ**house**; ˌ**public** o**ˈpinion**; ˌ**public** re**ˈlations**; ˌ**public** ˈ**school**; ˌ**public** ˈ**sector** ⓤⓢ ˈ**public** ˌ**sector** *stress shift, British only:* ˌpublic sector ˈservices ˌ**public** ˈ**speaking**; ˌ**public** ˈ**transport**

address system
k.ə'dres,sɪs.təm -s -z
n 'pʌb.lɪ.kən -s -z
tion ,pʌb.lɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -lə'- -s -z
t 'pʌb.lɪ.sɪst, -lə- -s -s
y pʌb'lɪs.ə.ti, pə'blɪs-, -ɪ.ti
e, -is|e 'pʌb.lɪ.saɪz, -lə- -es
-ɪŋ -ed -d
spirited ,pʌb.lɪk'spɪr.ɪ.tɪd,
-ə.t̬ɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress*
public-spirited 'policies
'pʌb.lɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
'pʌb.li.əs
pʊ'tʃiː.ni ⓤⓢ puː-
ɪːs
pʌk -s -s
'pʌk|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
-ər.ɪŋ -ered -d ⓤⓢ -ɚd
'pʌk.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
-s -z
g 'pʊd.ɪŋ -s -z **the ,proof of**
dding is ,in the 'eating
'pʌd.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
ŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z,
ʳ/z, -lɚ/z
um pjuː'den.d|əm, pjʊ-
- -a -ə
pʌdʒ|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest
i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
'pʌd.zi *locally:* 'pʊt.si
pweb.lə, pu'eb- ⓤⓢ 'pweb.lɑː
(P) 'pweb.ləʊ, pu'eb-
eb.loʊ -s -z
'pjʊə.raɪl, 'pjɔː-
ː.ɚ.ɪl, 'pjʊr.ɪl, -aɪl -ly -li
y pjʊə'rɪl.ə.t|i, pjɔː-, -ɪ.t|i
ː.ə'rɪl.ə.t̬|i, pjʊ'- -ies -iz
al pju'ɜː.pər.əl ⓤⓢ -'ɝː-
Ric|o ,pwɜː.təʊ'riː.k|əʊ,
ⓤⓢ ,pwer.t̬ə'riː.koʊ, -toʊ'-,
'- -an/s -ən/z
Vallarta ,pwɜː.təʊ.væl'ɑː.tə
anish: ,pweə.təʊ.vaɪ'-
er.toʊ.vɑː'jɑːr.t̬ə, -tɑː
-s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z
'puff ,adder; ,puff 'pastry
'pʌf.bɔːl ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z
ll 'skirt
sleeve ,pʌft'sliːv -s -z
'pʌf.ər.i ⓤⓢ -ɚ-
P) 'pʌf.ɪn -s -z
ʌf|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest
.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness
-ɪ.nɪs
-s -z
ree 'pʌg.ər.i -s -z
e 'pʌg.ri -s -z
ɪː
m 'pjuː.dʒɪ.l|ɪ.zəm, -dʒə-
ɪst/s
ic ,pjuː.dʒɪ'lɪs.tɪk, -dʒə'-
l.i, -li *stress shift:* ,pugilistic
e
juː.dʒɪn
ous pʌg'neɪ.ʃəs -ly -li -ness
ɪs

pugnacity pʌg'næs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
pug-nos|e ,pʌg'nəʊz ⓤⓢ 'pʌg.noʊz -es -ɪz -ed -d *stress shift, British only:* ,pug-nose 'face
puisne 'pjuː.ni
puissan|ce *power:* 'pjuː.ɪ.sən|ts, 'pwɪs.ən|ts *sometimes in poetry:* pju'ɪ.sən|ts -t -t
puissance *in show-jumping:* 'pwiː.sɑ̃ːns, -sɑːnts, -sənts
puk|e pjuːk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
pukka 'pʌk.ə
pul puːl -s -z -i -iː
pula 'pjuː.lə, 'puː- ⓤⓢ 'puː.lɑː
Pulaski pə'læs.ki, pjuː- ⓤⓢ pə-, pʊl'æs-
pulchritude 'pʌl.krɪ.tjuːd, -krə- ⓤⓢ -tuːd, -tjuːd
pulchritudinous ,pʌl.krɪ'tjuː.dɪ.nəs, -krə'-, -dən.əs ⓤⓢ -'tuː.dən.əs, -'tjuː-
pul|e pjuːl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Puleston 'pʊl.ɪ.stən *locally also:* 'pɪl.sən
Pulham 'pʊl.əm
Pulitzer *US publisher:* 'pʊl.ɪt.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'pʊl.ɪt.sɚ, 'pjuː.lɪt- *prize at Columbia University:* 'pjuː.lɪt.səʳ ⓤⓢ 'pʊl.ɪt.sɚ, 'pjuː.lɪt- **'Pulitzer ,prize, ,Pulitzer 'prize**
pull pʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
pullback 'pʊl.bæk -s -s
pull-down 'pʊl.daʊn
pullet 'pʊl.ɪt, -ət -s -s
pulley 'pʊl.i -s -z
pull-in 'pʊl.ɪn -s -z
pullman (P) 'pʊl.mən -s -z
pullout 'pʊl.aʊt -s -s
pullover 'pʊl.əʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -oʊ.vɚ -s -z
pull-tab 'pʊl.tæb -s -z
pullu|late 'pʌl.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
pullulation ,pʌl.jə'leɪ.ʃən, -jʊ'-
pull-up 'pʊl.ʌp -s -s
pulmonary 'pʌl.mə.nər.i, 'pʊl- ⓤⓢ -ner-
pulmonic pʌl'mɒn.ɪk, pʊl- ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.nɪk
pulp pʌlp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
pulpi|fy 'pʌl.pɪ|.faɪ -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
pulpit 'pʊl.pɪt ⓤⓢ 'pʊl-, 'pʌl- -s -s
pulp|y 'pʌl.p|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
pulsar 'pʌl.sɑːʳ, -səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɑːr, -sɚ -s -z
pul|sate pʌl|'seɪt ⓤⓢ '-- -sates -'seɪts ⓤⓢ -seɪts -sating -'seɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -seɪ.t̬ɪŋ -sated -'seɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -seɪ.t̬ɪd
pulsatile 'pʌl.sə.taɪl ⓤⓢ -tɪl, -taɪl
pulsation pʌl'seɪ.ʃən -s -z
pulsative 'pʌl.sə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv
pulsatory 'pʌl.sə.tər.i, pʌl'seɪ- ⓤⓢ 'pʌl.sə.tɔːr-
puls|e pʌls -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Pulteney *surname:* 'pʌlt.ni, 'pəʊlt-, 'pʊlt- ⓤⓢ 'pʌlt-, 'poʊlt-, 'pʊlt-

Pulteney *bridge in Bath:* 'pʌlt.ni
pulverization, -isa- ,pʌl.vər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'- -s -z
pulveriz|e, -is|e 'pʌl.vər.aɪz ⓤⓢ -və.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
puma 'pjuː.mə ⓤⓢ 'pjuː-, 'puː- -s -z
Pumblechook 'pʌm.bəl.tʃʊk
pumic|e 'pʌm.ɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **'pumice ,stone**
pummel 'pʌm.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
pump pʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **'pump ,room**
pump-action 'pʌmp,æk.ʃən
pumpernickel 'pʌm.pə,nɪk.əl ⓤⓢ -pɚ,-
pumpkin 'pʌmp.kɪn -s -z **,pumpkin 'pie**
pun pʌn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d -ner/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
punch (P) pʌntʃ ⓤⓢ pʌntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Punch-and-Judy ,pʌntʃ.ənd'dʒuː.di ⓤⓢ ,pʌntʃ- **,Punch-and-'Judy ,show**
punchbag 'pʌntʃ.bæg ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ- -s -z
punchball 'pʌntʃ.bɔːl ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ.bɑːl, -bɔːl -s -z
punchbowl 'pʌntʃ.bəʊl ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ.boʊl -s -z
punch-drunk 'pʌntʃ.drʌŋk ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ-
puncheon 'pʌn.tʃən ⓤⓢ -tʃən -s -z
punchinello (P) ,pʌn.tʃɪ'nel.əʊ, -tʃə'- ⓤⓢ -tʃə'nel.oʊ
punchline 'pʌntʃ.laɪn ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ- -s -z
punch-up 'pʌntʃ.ʌp ⓤⓢ 'pʌntʃ- -s -s
punch|y 'pʌn.tʃ|i ⓤⓢ -tʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
punctilio pʌŋk'tɪl.i.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -s -z
punctilious pʌŋk'tɪl.i.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
punctual 'pʌŋk.tʃu.əl, -tʃʊəl, -tju.əl, -tjʊəl ⓤⓢ 'pʌŋk.tʃu.əl -ly -i
punctuality ,pʌnk.tʃu'æl.ə.ti, -tju'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
punctu|ate 'pʌŋk.tʃu|.eɪt, -tju- ⓤⓢ -tʃu- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
punctuation ,pʌŋk.tʃu'eɪ.ʃən, -tju'- ⓤⓢ -tʃu'- -s -z
punct|ure 'pʌŋk.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -uring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
pundit 'pʌn.dɪt -s -s
Pune pjuːn
pungency 'pʌn.dʒənt.si
pungent 'pʌn.dʒənt -ly -li
Punic 'pjuː.nɪk
puniness 'pjuː.nɪ.nəs, -nɪs ⓤⓢ -ni-
punish 'pʌn.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -able/ness -ə.bəl/nəs, -nɪs
punishment 'pʌn.ɪʃ.mənt -s -s
puni|tive 'pjuː.nə|.tɪv, -nɪ- ⓤⓢ -nə|.t̬ɪv -tively -tɪv.li ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪv.li -tory -tər.i ⓤⓢ -tɔːr.i
Punjab ,pʌn'dʒɑːb, ,pʊn-, '--

(US) pʌn'dʒɑːb; 'pʌn.dʒɑːb, -dʒæb -i -iː, -i

Punjabi pʌn'dʒɑː.biː, pʊn-, -bi (US) pʌn-

punk pʌŋk -s -s -y -i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst ˌpunk 'rock; ˌpunk 'rocker

punkah 'pʌŋ.kə -s -z

punnet 'pʌn.ɪt -s -s

Punshon 'pʌn.ʃᵊn

punster 'pʌn.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z

punt *boat:* pʌnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'pʌn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'pʌn.t̬ɪd

punt *currency:* pʊnt -s -s

punter 'pʌn.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ -s -z

Punto® 'pʊn.təʊ, 'pʌn- (US) -toʊ

pun|y 'pjuː.n|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

pup pʌp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t

pup|a 'pjuː.p|ə -ae -iː -as -əz -al -ᵊl

pupil 'pjuː.pᵊl, -pɪl (US) -pᵊl -s -z

pupil(l)age 'pjuː.pɪ.lɪdʒ, -pᵊl.ɪdʒ (US) -pᵊl.ɪdʒ

pupillary 'pjuː.pɪ.lᵊr.i, -pᵊl.ᵊr- (US) -pᵊl.er-

puppet 'pʌp.ɪt -s -s ˌpuppet 'government

puppeteer ˌpʌp.ɪ'tɪəʳ, -ə'- (US) -ə'tɪr -s -z

pupp|y 'pʌp|.i -ies -iz 'puppy ˌdog; 'puppy ˌfat; 'puppy ˌlove

Purbeck 'pɜː.bek (US) 'pɝː-

purblind 'pɜː.blaɪnd (US) 'pɝː- -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Purcell 'pɜː.sel, -sᵊl; pɜː'sel (US) 'pɝː.sᵊl, -'-

purchas|e 'pɜː.tʃəs, -tʃɪs (US) 'pɝː.tʃəs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl

purdah 'pɜː.də, -dɑː (US) 'pɝː.də

Purdie, Purdy 'pɜː.di (US) 'pɝː-

Purdue pɜː'djuː (US) pɝː'duː

pur|e pjʊəʳ, pjɔːʳ (US) pjʊr -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs

purebred 'pjʊə.bred, 'pjɔː- (US) 'pjʊr- -s -z

purée, puree 'pjʊə.reɪ, 'pjɔː- (US) pjʊ'reɪ; 'pjʊr.eɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d

purfl|e 'pɜː.fᵊl (US) 'pɝː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, '-flɪŋ -ed -d

purgation pɜː'geɪ.ʃᵊn (US) pɝː- -s -z

purgative 'pɜː.gə.tɪv (US) 'pɝː.gə.t̬ɪv -s -z

purgatorial ˌpɜː.gə'tɔː.ri.əl (US) ˌpɝː.gə'tɔːr.i-

Purgatorio ˌpɜː.gə'tɔː.ri.əʊ (US) ˌpɝː.gə'tɔːr.i.oʊ

purgator|y (P) 'pɜː.gə.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i (US) 'pɝː.gə.tɔːr|- -ies -iz

purg|e pɜːdʒ (US) pɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

purification ˌpjʊə.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌpjɔː-, -rə- (US) ˌpjʊr.ə- -s -z

purificatory ˌpjʊə.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.tᵊr.i, ˌpjɔː-, -rə- (US) pjʊ'rɪf.ɪ.kəˌtɔːr-

puri|fy 'pjʊə.rɪ|.faɪ, 'pjɔː-, -rə- (US) 'pjʊr.ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z

Purim 'pʊə.rɪm, 'pjʊə- (US) 'pʊr.ɪm; puː'riːm

purism 'pjʊə.rɪ.zᵊm, 'pjɔː- (US) 'pjʊr.ɪ-

purist 'pjʊə.rɪst, 'pjɔː- (US) 'pjʊr.ɪst -s -s

puristic pjʊə'rɪs.tɪk, pjɔː- (US) pjʊ- -al -ᵊl

puritan (P) 'pjʊə.rɪ.tᵊn, 'pjɔː- (US) 'pjʊr.ɪ- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm

puritanic ˌpjʊə.rɪ'tæn.ɪk, ˌpjɔː- (US) ˌpjʊr.ɪ'- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

purity 'pjʊə.rə.ti, 'pjɔː-, -rɪ- (US) 'pjʊr.ɪ.t̬i, '-ə-

Purkinje pɜː'kɪn.ji (US) pɝː-

Purkiss 'pɜː.kɪs (US) 'pɝː-

purl pɜːl (US) pɝːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Purley 'pɜː.li (US) 'pɝː-

purlieu 'pɜː.ljuː (US) 'pɝːl.juː, 'pɝː.luː -s -z

purlin(e) 'pɜː.lɪn (US) 'pɝː- -s -z

purloin pɜː'lɔɪn, '-- (US) pɚ'lɔɪn; 'pɝː.lɔɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

purloiner pɜː'lɔɪ.nəʳ (US) pɚ'lɔɪ.nɚ -s -z

Purnell pɜː'nel (US) pɝː-

purpl|e 'pɜː.pᵊl (US) 'pɝː- -er -əʳ, 'pɜː.pləʳ (US) 'pɝː.plɚ -est -ɪst, -əst, 'pɜː.plɪst, -pləst, -pləst (US) 'pɝː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'pɜː.plɪŋ (US) 'pɝː- -ed -d ˌPurple 'Heart

purplish 'pɜː.pᵊl.ɪʃ, -plɪʃ (US) 'pɝː-

purpor|t pə'pɔː|t, pɜː-; 'pɜː.pəlt, -pɔː|t (US) pɝː'pɔːr|t, '-- -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted/ly -tɪd/li (US) -t̬ɪd/li

purpos|e 'pɜː.pəs (US) 'pɝː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

purpose-built ˌpɜː.pəs'bɪlt (US) ˌpɝː- *stress shift:* ˌpurpose-built 'residence

purposeful 'pɜː.pəs|.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'pɝː- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

purposeless 'pɜː.pəs.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'pɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

purposely 'pɜː.pə.sli (US) 'pɝː-

purposive 'pɜː.pə.sɪv (US) 'pɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

purpura 'pɜː.pjʊ.rə, -pjə- (US) 'pɝː.pɚ.ə, -pjɚ-, -pʊ.rə

purr pɜːʳ (US) pɝː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

purs|e pɜːs (US) pɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

purser 'pɜː.səʳ (US) 'pɝː.sɚ -s -z

purse-string 'pɜːs.strɪŋ (US) 'pɝːs- -s -z

purslane 'pɜː.slɪn, -slən, -sleɪn (US) 'pɝː.slɪn, -sleɪn

pursuance pə'sjuː.ənts, pɜː-, -'suː- (US) pɚ'suː-

pursuant pə'sjuː.ənt, pɜː-, -'suː- (US) pɚ'suː- -ly -li

pursu|e pə'sjuː, pɜː-, -'suː (US) pɚ'suː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

pursuit pə'sjuːt, pɜː-, -'suːt (US) pɚ'suːt -s -s

pursuivant 'pɜː.sɪ.vənt, -sə- (US) 'pɝː.sɪ-, -swɪ- -s -s

Purton 'pɜː.tᵊn (US) 'pɝː-

purulency 'pjʊə.rʊ.lənt.si, -rjʊ-, -rə- (US) 'pjʊr.ə-, -jə-

purulent 'pjʊə.rʊ.lənt, -rjʊ-, -rə-

(US) 'pjʊr.ə-, -rjə- -ly -li

Purver 'pɜː.vəʳ (US) 'pɝː.vɚ

Purves 'pɜː.vɪs (US) 'pɝː-

purvey pə'veɪ, pɜː- (US) pɚ- -s -z -in[g] -ɪŋ -ed -d

purvey|ance pə'veɪ|.ənts, pɜː- (US) pɚ- -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

purview 'pɜː.vjuː (US) 'pɝː- -s -z

pus pʌs

Pusan ˌpuː'sæn (US) -'sɑːn

Pusey 'pjuː.zi -ism -ɪ.zᵊm -ite/s -aɪt/s

push pʊʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

pushball 'pʊʃ.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl

pushbike 'pʊʃ.baɪk -s -s

push-button 'pʊʃˌbʌt.ᵊn -s -z

push-cart 'pʊʃ.kɑːt (US) -kɑːrt -s -s

pushchair 'pʊʃ.tʃeəʳ (US) -tʃer -s -z

pushdown 'pʊʃ.daʊn

pushful 'pʊʃ.fᵊl, -fʊl -ness -nəs, -n[ɪs]

Pushkin 'pʊʃ.kɪn

pushover 'pʊʃˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.vɚ -s-[z]

pushpin 'pʊʃ.pɪn -s -z

push|-start 'pʊʃ|.stɑːt (US) -stɑːrt -starts -stɑːts (US) -stɑːrts -startin[g] -ˌstɑː.tɪŋ (US) -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪŋ -started -ˌstɑː.tɪd (US) -ˌstɑːr.t̬ɪd

Pushtu 'pʌʃ.tuː, ˌ-'- (US) 'pʌʃ.tuː

pushup 'pʊʃ.ʌp -s -s

push|y 'pʊʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.ɪst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

pusillanimity ˌpjuː.sɪ.lə'nɪm.ə.ti, -zɪ-, -læn'ɪm-, -ɪ.ti (US) -sɪ.lə'nɪm.ə.[t̬i]

pusillanimous ˌpjuː.sɪ'læn.ɪ.məs, -zɪ'-, '-ə- (US) -sɪ'læn.ə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

puss pʊs -es -ɪz

puss|y 'pʊs|.i -ies -iz ˌpussy 'willo[w]

pussycat 'pʊs.i.kæt -s -s

pussy|foot 'pʊs.i|.fʊt -foots -fʊts -footing -ˌfʊt.ɪŋ (US) -ˌfʊt̬.ɪŋ -foote[d] -ˌfʊt.ɪd (US) -ˌfʊt̬.ɪd -footer/s -ˌfʊt.əʳ/z (US) -ˌfʊt̬.ɚ/z

pustular 'pʌs.tjə.ləʳ, -tjʊ- (US) -tʃə.lə[ɚ] -tjə-, -tjʊ-

pustu|late 'pʌs.tjə|.leɪt, -tjʊ- (US) -tjuː-, -tjə-, -tʃə- -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd

pustulation ˌpʌs.tjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -tjʊ'- (US) -tʃə'-, -tjə'-, -tjʊ'- -s -z

pustule 'pʌs.tjuːl (US) -tʃuːl, -tjuːl -s -[z]

pustulous 'pʌs.tjə.ləs, -tjʊ- (US) -tʃə- -tjə-, -tjʊ-

put pʊt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) 'pʊt̬.ɪŋ

putative 'pjuː.tə.tɪv (US) -t̬ə.t̬ɪv -ly [-li]

put-down 'pʊt.daʊn -s -z

Putin 'puː.tɪn, 'pjuː- (US) 'puː.tɪn, 'puːt.n̩

Putnam 'pʌt.nəm

Putney 'pʌt.ni

put-on 'pʊt.ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z

putrefaction ˌpjuː.trɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -trə'- (US) -trə'-

putre|fy 'pjuː.trɪ|.faɪ, -trə- (US) -trə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd

putrescenc|e pjuː'tres.ᵊn|ts -t -t

trid 'pjuː.trɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, nɪs
tridity pjuː'trɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
tsch pʊtʃ **-es** -ɪz
tt (P) pʌt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬.ɪŋ
ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬.ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z
ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬.ɚ/z '**putting** ˌ**green**
ttee 'pʌt.i, -iː; pʌt'iː ⓤⓢ pʌt'iː, '--
s -z
ttenham 'pʌt.ən.əm
tter (*from* **putt**) 'pʌt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬.ɚ
s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
tter (*from* **put**) 'pʊt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'pʊt̬.ɚ
s -z
tti (*plur. of* **putto**) 'pʊt.i, -iː
ⓤⓢ 'puː.ti, -tiː
ttick 'pʌt.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬-
ttnam 'pʌt.nəm
tt|o 'pʊt|.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'puː.t|oʊ **-i** -i, -iː
tt|y 'pʌt|.i ⓤⓢ 'pʌt̬- **-ies** -iz **-ying**
.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
t-upon 'pʊt.ə.pɒn ⓤⓢ 'pʊt̬.ə.pɑːn
tz pʌts **-es** -ɪz
zzl|e 'pʌz.əl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li,
lɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
zzlement 'pʌz.əl.mənt
zzler 'pʌz.ləʳ, -əl.əʳ ⓤⓢ '-lɚ, -əl.ɚ
s -z
C ˌpiː.viː'siː
llheli pʊθ'lel.i *as if Welsh:*
ʊ'*h*lel.i
/R ˌpiːˌdʌb.əl.juˈɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr
a pjɑː, pi'ɑː ⓤⓢ pjɑː **-s** -z
aemia paɪ'iː.mi.ə
bus 'paɪ.bəs
e paɪ
gmaean pɪg'miː.ən
gmalion pɪg'meɪ.li.ən
ⓤⓢ -'meɪl.jən, -'meɪ.li.ən
gm|y 'pɪg.m|i **-ies** -iz

pyjama pɪ'dʒɑː.mə, pə- ⓤⓢ pə'dʒɑː-, -'dʒæm.ə **-s** -z
Pyke paɪk
Pylades 'pɪl.ə.diːz, 'paɪ.lə-
Pyle paɪl
pylon 'paɪ.lɒn, -lən ⓤⓢ -lɑːn, -lən **-s** -z
pylor|us paɪ'lɔː.r|əs ⓤⓢ -'lɔːr|.əs, pɪ- **-i** -aɪ **-ic** -ɪk
Pym pɪm
Pynchon 'pɪn.*t*ʃən ⓤⓢ 'pɪn.tʃən
Pyongyang ˌpjɒŋ'jæŋ ⓤⓢ ˌpjʌŋ'jɑːŋ, ˌpjɑːŋ-, -'jæŋ
pyorrhoea ˌpaɪə'rɪə ⓤⓢ -'riː.ə
pyracantha ˌpaɪə.rə'kæn*t*.θə ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ-, ˌpɪr.ə'- **-s** -z
pyramid 'pɪr.ə.mɪd **-s** -z '**pyramid** ˌ**selling**, ˌ**pyramid** '**selling**
pyramidal pɪ'ræm.ɪ.dəl, pə-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ pɪ'ræm.ɪ-, pə-, '-ə-; ˌpɪr.ə'mɪd.əl **-ly** -i
Pyramus 'pɪr.ə.məs
pyre paɪəʳ ⓤⓢ paɪɚ **-s** -z
Pyrene paɪə'riː.ni ⓤⓢ paɪ'riːn
Pyren|ees ˌpɪr.ə'n|iːz, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-ean** -iː.ən
pyrethrin paɪə'riː.θrɪn ⓤⓢ paɪ-, -'reθ.rɪn
pyrethrum paɪə'riː.θrəm ⓤⓢ paɪ-, -'reθ.rəm **-s** -z
pyretic paɪə'ret.ɪk, pɪ- ⓤⓢ paɪ'ret̬-
Pyrex® 'paɪə.reks ⓤⓢ 'paɪ-
pyriform 'pɪr.ɪ.fɔːm ⓤⓢ -fɔːrm
pyrite 'paɪə.raɪt ⓤⓢ 'paɪ-
pyrites paɪə'raɪ.tiːz, pɪ-, pə- ⓤⓢ paɪ'raɪ.tiːz, pɪ-; 'paɪ.raɪts
pyritic paɪə'rɪt.ɪk ⓤⓢ paɪ'rɪt̬-
pyro- paɪə.rəʊ; paɪə'rɒ ⓤⓢ paɪ.roʊ, -rə; paɪ'rɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **pyromania** /ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'meɪ.ni.ə ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ'-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **pyrolysis** /paɪə'rɒl.ə.sɪs ⓤⓢ paɪ'rɑː.lə-/.
pyrocanthus ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'kæn.θəs ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ-
pyrogallic ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'gæl.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ'-, -'gɑː.lɪk
pyrolysis (P) paɪə'rɒl.ə.sɪs, '-ə- ⓤⓢ paɪ'rɑː.lə-
pyromani|a ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'meɪ.ni|.ə ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ'-, '-nj|ə **-ac** -æk
pyromet|er paɪə'rɒm.ɪ.t|əʳ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ paɪ'rɑː.mə.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ry** -ri
pyrometric ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'met.rɪk ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ'-, -rə'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌpyrometric 'measurement
pyrotechnic ˌpaɪə.rəʊ'tek.nɪk ⓤⓢ ˌpaɪ.roʊ'-, -rə'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌpyrotechnic 'substance
Pyrrh|a 'pɪr|.ə **-us** -əs
pyrrhic (P) 'pɪr.ɪk **-s** -s ˌ**Pyrrhic** '**victory**
Pytchley 'paɪtʃ.li
Pythagoras paɪ'θæg.ər.əs, -ɒr-, -æs ⓤⓢ pɪ'θæg.ɚ.əs **Py**ˌ**thagoras'** '**theorem**
Pythagorean paɪˌθæg.ər'iː.ən, ˌpaɪ.θæg-, -ɒr'- ⓤⓢ pɪˌθæg.ə'riː- **-s** -z
Pythian 'pɪθ.i.ən
Pythias 'pɪθ.i.æs ⓤⓢ -əs
python 'paɪ.θən ⓤⓢ -θɑːn, -θən **-s** -z
Pythonesque ˌpaɪ.θən'esk
pythoness 'paɪ.θən.es, -ɪs ⓤⓢ 'paɪ-, 'pɪθ.ən-, -ɪs **-es** -ɪz
pythonic paɪ'θɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'θɑː.nɪk, pɪ-
pyx pɪks **-es** -ɪz
pzazz pə'zæz, pɪ-

Pronouncing the letter Q

In general, the consonant letter **q** is followed by **u** and pronounced /kw/ or /k/, e.g.:

queen	/kwiːn/	
antiquated	/ˈæn.tɪ.kweɪ.tɪd/	US /ˈæn.t̬ə.kweɪ.t̬ɪd/
quay	/kiː/	
antique	/ænˈtiːk/	

In words borrowed from Arabic, **q** is not always followed by **u**, e.g.:

Qatar	/ˈkʌt.ɑːʳ ,kəˈtɑːʳ/	US /ˈkɑː.tɑːr, kəˈtɑːr/

q (Q) kjuː -'s -z
Qaddafi, Qadhafi gəˈdɑː.fi, -ˈdæf.i US kəˈdɑː-
Qantas® ˈkwɒn.təs, -tæs US ˈkwɑːn.təs
Qatar ˈkʌt.ɑːʳ, ˈkæt-, ˈgæt-; kəˈtɑːʳ, gætˈɑːʳ, kæt- US ˈkɑː.tɑːr; kəˈtɑːr
QC ˌkjuːˈsiː -'s -z
q.e.d., QED ˌkjuː.iːˈdiː
qintar kɪnˈtɑːʳ, ˈ-- US kɪnˈtɑːr -s -z
qt ˌkjuːˈtiː
Q-Tip® ˈkjuː.tɪp -s -s
qua kweɪ, kwɑː
quack kwæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ery -ᵊr.i -ish -ɪʃ
quad kwɒd US kwɑːd -s -z
Quadragesim|a ˌkwɒd.rəˈdʒes.ɪ.m|ə, ˈ-ə- US ˌkwɑː.drəˈ-, -ˈdʒeɪ.zɪ- -al -ᵊl
quadrangle ˈkwɒd.ræŋ.gᵊl, kwɒdˈræŋ- US ˈkwɑː.dræŋ- -s -z
quadrangular kwɒdˈræŋ.gjə.ləʳ, kwəˈdræŋ-, -gjʊ- US kwɑːˈdræŋ.gjə.lɚ, -gjʊ-
quadrant ˈkwɒd.rᵊnt US ˈkwɑː.drᵊnt -s -s
quadraphonic ˌkwɒd.rəˈfɒn.ɪk US ˌkwɑː.drəˈfɑː.nɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li -s -s *stress shift:* ˌquadraphonic ˈsound
quadraphony kwɒdˈrɒf.ᵊn.i, kwəˈdrɒf-, -ˈdræf-; ˈkwɒd.rə.fɒn- US kwɑːˈdræf.ᵊn-
quadrate (*n, adj.*) ˈkwɒd.rət, -rɪt, -reɪt US ˈkwɑː.drɪt, -dreɪt -s -s
quadra|te (*v.*) kwɒdˈreɪ|t, kwəˈdreɪ|t US kwɑːˈdreɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
quadratic kwɒdˈræt.ɪk, kwəˈdræt- US kwɑːˈdræt̬- -s -s **quadˌratic eˈquation**
quadrature ˈkwɒd.rə.tʃəʳ, -rɪ-, -tjʊəʳ US ˈkwɑː.drə.tʃɚ
quadric ˈkwɒd.rɪk US ˈkwɑː.drɪk -s -s
quadri|ga kwɒdˈriː|.gə, kwəˈdriː-, -ˈdraɪ- US kwɑːˈdraɪ- -gae -dʒiː US -giː, -dʒiː -gas -gəz
quadrilateral ˌkwɒd.rɪˈlæt.ᵊr.ᵊl, -rəˈ-, ˈ-rᵊl US ˌkwɑː.drɪˈlæt̬- -s -z *stress shift:* ˌquadrilateral ˈshape
quadrilingual ˌkwɒd.rɪˈlɪŋ.gwəl, -rəˈ- US ˌkwɑː.drɪˈ- *stress shift:* ˌquadrilingual ˈnation
quadrille kwəˈdrɪl, kwɒdˈrɪl US kwəˈdrɪl, kwɑː- -s -z
quadrillion kwɒdˈrɪl.jən, kwəˈdrɪl-, ˈ-i.ən US kwɑːˈdrɪl.jən -s -z
quadriplegia ˌkwɒd.rɪˈpliː.dʒə, -rəˈ-, ˈ-dʒi.ə US ˌkwɑː.drɪˈpliː-
quadriplegic ˌkwɒd.rɪˈpliː.dʒɪk, -rəˈ- US ˌkwɑː.drɪˈ- -s -s *stress shift:* ˌquadriplegic ˈstate
quadrisyllabic ˌkwɒd.rɪ.sɪˈlæb.ɪk, -rə-, -səˈ- US ˌkwɑː.drɪ- *stress shift:* ˌquadrisyllabic ˈword
quadrisyllable ˌkwɒd.rɪˈsɪl.ə.bᵊl US ˈkwɑː.drɪˌsɪl- -s -z
quadroon kwɒdˈruːn, kwəˈdruːn US kwɑːˈdruːn -s -z
quadrophonic ˌkwɒd.rəˈfɒn.ɪk US ˌkwɑː.drəˈfɑː.nɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li -s -s *stress shift:* ˌquadrophonic ˈsound
quadrophony kwɒdˈrɒf.ᵊn.i, kwəˈdrɒf-; ˈkwɒd.rə.fɒn- US kwɑːˈdræf.ᵊn-
quadrumana kwɒdˈruː.mə.nə, kwəˈdruː- US kwɑːˈdruː-
quadrumanous kwɒdˈruː.mə.nəs, kwəˈdruː- US kwɑːˈdruː-
quadruped ˈkwɒd.rə.ped, -rʊ- US ˈkwɑː.drʊ-, -drə- -s -z
quadrupl|e ˈkwɒd.rʊp.ᵊl, -ruː.pᵊl; kwɒdˈruː.pᵊl, kwəˈdruː- US kwɑːˈdruː.pᵊl, kwə-, -ˈdrʊp.ᵊl; ˈkwɑː.druː.pᵊl, -drʊ-, -drə- -es -z -y -i -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
quadruplet kwɒdˈrʊ.plət, -plɪt, -plet; ˈkwɒd.ruː- US kwɑːˈdruː.plɪt; ˈkwɑː.druː-, -drə-; kwɑːˈdrʌp.lɪt -s -s
quadruplicate (*n, adj.*) kwɒdˈruː.plɪ.kət, kwəˈdruː-, -plə-, -kɪt, -keɪt US kwɑːˈdruː.plɪ.kɪt, -keɪt -s -s
quadrupli|cate (*v.*) kwɒdˈruː.plɪ|.keɪt, kwəˈdruː- US kwɑːˈdruː- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd
quaestor ˈkwiː.stəʳ, ˈkwaɪ-, -stɔːʳ US ˈkwes.tɚ, ˈkwiː.stɚ -s -z
quaff kwɒf, kwɑːf US kwɑːf, kwæf, kwɔːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
quag kwɒg, kwæg US kwæg, kwɑːg -s -z
quagga ˈkwæg.ə, ˈkwɒg- US ˈkwæg-, ˈkwɑː.gə -s -z
Quaglino's® kwægˈliː.nəʊz US -noʊz
quagmire ˈkwɒg.maɪəʳ, ˈkwæg- US ˈkwæg.maɪɚ, ˈkwɑːg- -s -z
quail (Q) kweɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Quain kweɪn
quaint kweɪnt -er -əʳ US ˈkweɪn.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst US ˈkweɪn.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
quak|e kweɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Quaker ˈkweɪ.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
qualification ˌkwɒl.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ- US ˌkwɑː.lɪ- -s -z
qualificative ˈkwɒl.ɪ.fɪ.kə.tɪv, ˈ-ə- US ˈkwɑː.lɪ.fɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪv -s -z
qualificatory ˌkwɒl.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.tᵊr.i, ˌ-ə- US ˈkwɑː.lɪ.fə.kə.tɔːr-
quali|fy ˈkwɒl.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- US ˈkwɑː.l -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
qualitative ˈkwɒl.ɪ.tə.tɪv, -teɪ- US ˈkwɑː.lɪ.teɪ.t̬ɪv -ly -li
qualit|y ˈkwɒl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US ˈkwɑː.lə.t̬|i -ies -iz **ˈquality conˌtrol; ˈquality ˌtime**
qualm kwɑːm, kwɔːm US kwɑːm -s -
qualmish ˈkwɑː.mɪʃ, ˈkwɔː- US ˈkwɑː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
quandar|y (Q) ˈkwɒn.dᵊr|.i, -dr|i US ˈkwɑːn- -ies -iz
quango ˈkwæŋ.gəʊ US -goʊ -s -z
Quant kwɒnt US kwɑːnt
quanta (*plur. of* **quantum**) ˈkwɒn.t US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ə
quantal ˈkwɒn.tᵊl US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ᵊl
quantic ˈkwɒn.tɪk US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ɪk -s
quantifiable ˈkwɒn.tɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl, -tə-, ˌkwɒn.tɪˈfaɪ-, -təˈ- US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ə.faɪ-
quantification ˌkwɒn.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn -tə- US ˌkwɑːn.t̬ə-
quanti|fy ˈkwɒn.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
quantitative ˈkwɒn.tɪ.tə.tɪv, -teɪ- US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ə.teɪ.t̬ɪv -ly -li
quantit|y ˈkwɒn.tə.t|i, -tɪ- US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ə.t̬|i -ies -iz **ˌquantity surˈveyor, ˈquantity surˌveyor**
quantiz|e, -is|e ˈkwɒn.taɪz US ˈkwɑːn- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Quantock ˈkwɒn.tək, -tɒk US ˈkwɑːn.t̬ək, -tɑːk
quant|um *amount:* ˈkwɒn.t|əm US ˈkwɑːn.t̬|əm -a -ə **ˌquantum ˈjump; ˌquantum ˈleap; ˌquantum meˈchanics; ˈquantum ˌtheory**
quantum *in Latin phrases:*

'kwæn.tʊm, 'kwɒn-, -təm
US 'kwɑː.n.t̬əm, -tʊm

quantum meruit
ˌkwæn.tʊm'mer.u.ɪt, ˌkwɒn-, -təm'-
US ˌkwɑː.n.tʊm'-, -t̬əm'-

uarantin|e 'kwɒr.ᵊn.tiːn, -taɪn
US 'kwɔːr.ᵊn.tiːn, 'kwɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

uare clausim fregit
ˌkwɑː.reɪˌklaʊ.səm'freɪ.gɪt
US ˌkwɑːr.iˌklaʊ.səm'freɪ.gət, -gɪt

Quaritch 'kwɒr.ɪtʃ US 'kwɑːr-

uark *in physics:* kwɑːk, kwɔːk
US kwɑːrk, kwɔːrk **-s** -s

uark *soft cheese:* kwɑːk US kwɑːrk, kwɔːrk

Quarles kwɔːlz US kwɔːrlz, kwɑːrlz

Quarmby 'kwɔːm.bi US 'kwɔːrm-

uarrel 'kwɒr.ᵊl US 'kwɔːr-, 'kwɑːr- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

uarrelsome 'kwɒr.ᵊl.səm
US 'kwɔːr-, 'kwɑːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

uarr|y 'kwɒr|.i US 'kwɔːr-, 'kwɑːr- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **'quarry ˌtile, ˌquarry 'tile**

uarry|man 'kwɒr.i|.mən, -mæn
US 'kwɔːr-, 'kwɑːr- **-men** -mən, -men

uart *measurement:* kwɔːt, kɔːt
US kwɔːrt **-s** -s

uart *in card games, fencing:* kɑːt
US kɑːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
US 'kɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'kɑːr.t̬ɪd

uartan 'kwɔː.tᵊn US 'kwɔːr-

uarte *(n, v.) in card games, fencing:* kɑːt US kɑːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
US 'kɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'kɑːr.t̬ɪd

uart|er 'kwɔː.t|əʳ, kɔː- US 'kwɔːr.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erage** -ᵊr.ɪdʒ **'quarter ˌday; 'quarter ˌnote; 'Quarter ˌSessions; 'quarter ˌtone**

uarterback 'kwɔː.tə.bæk
US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ- **-s** -s

uarterdeck 'kwɔː.tə.dek
US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ- **-s** -s

uarterfinal ˌkwɔː.tə'faɪ.nᵊl
US ˌkwɔːr.t̬ɚ'- **-s** -z

uarterfinalist ˌkwɔː.tə'faɪ.nᵊl.ɪst
US ˌkwɔːr.t̬ɚ'- **-s** -s

uarterl|y 'kwɔː.tᵊl|.i US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ.l|i **-ies** -iz

Quartermain(e) 'kwɔː.tə.meɪn
US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ-

uartermaster 'kwɔː.təˌmɑː.stəʳ
US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z

uartern 'kwɔː.tᵊn US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚn **-s** -z

uarter|staff 'kwɔː.tə|.stɑːf
US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ|.stæf **-aves** -steɪvz

uartet(te) kwɔː'tet US kwɔːr- **-s** -s

uartic 'kwɔː.tɪk US 'kwɔːr.t̬ɪk **-s** -s

uartile 'kwɔː.taɪl US 'kwɔːr-, -t̬ɪl, -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z

uarto 'kwɔː.təʊ US 'kwɔːr.t̬oʊ **-s** -z

uartus (Q) 'kwɔː.təs US 'kwɔːr.t̬əs

uartz 'kwɔːts US 'kwɔːrts

uasar 'kweɪ.zɑːʳ, -sɑːʳ US -zɑːr, -sɑːr **-s** -z

quash kwɒʃ US kwɑːʃ, kwɔːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

quasi- kweɪ.zaɪ, kwɑː-, -saɪ, -zi
US kweɪ.saɪ, -zaɪ; kwɑː.zi, -si
Note: Prefix. Words beginning with **quasi-** are normally hyphenated, with **quasi-** taking secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **quasi-stellar** /ˌkweɪ.zaɪ'stel.əʳ US -saɪ'stel.ɚ/.

quasi 'kweɪ.zaɪ, 'kwɑː-, -saɪ, -zi
US 'kweɪ.saɪ, -zaɪ; 'kwɑː.zi, -si

quasi in rem ˌkweɪ.zi.ɪn'rem
US ˌkwɑː-, -ən'-

Quasimodo ˌkwɑː.zi'məʊ.dəʊ, ˌkwɒz.i'-, ˌkwæz-
US ˌkwɑː.zi'moʊ.doʊ

quassia 'kwɒʃ.ə, -i.ə US 'kwɑː.ʃə, '-ʃi.ə

quatercentenar|y
ˌkwæt.ə.sen'tiː.nᵊr|.i, ˌkwɔː.tə-, ˌkwɒt.ə-, ˌkweɪ.tə-, -'ten.ᵊr-
US ˌkwɑː.t̬ɚ.sen'ten.ɚ|.i; -'sen.tᵊn.er- **-ies** -iz

Quatermain 'kwɔː.tə.meɪn
US 'kwɑː.t̬ɚ-

quaternar|y (Q) kwə'tɜː.nᵊr|.i, kwɒt'ɜː- US 'kwɑː.t̬ɚ.ner-; kwə'tɝː.nɚ- **-ies** -iz

quaternion kwə'tɜː.ni.ən, kwɒt'ɜː-
US kwə'tɝː-, kwɑː- **-s** -z

quatorzain kə'tɔː.zeɪn, kæt'ɔː-; 'kæt.ə- US kə'tɔːr-, kæt'ɔːr-; 'kæt̬.ɚ- **-s** -z

quatrain 'kwɒt.reɪn, -rᵊn
US 'kwɑː.treɪn, -'- **-s** -z

quatrefoil 'kæt.rə.fɔɪl, '-ə-
US 'kæt̬.ɚ.fɔɪl, -rə- **-s** -z

quatrillion kwɒt'rɪl.jən, kwə'trɪl-, '-i.ən US kwɑː'trɪl-, kwə- **-s** -z

quattrocento (Q)
ˌkwæt.rəʊ'tʃen.təʊ, ˌkwɒt-
US ˌkwɑː.troʊ'tʃen.toʊ

quav|er 'kweɪ.v|əʳ US -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

quay kiː US kiː, keɪ, kweɪ **-s** -z **-age** -ɪdʒ

Quay *place name:* kiː *surname:* kweɪ

Quayle kweɪl

quayside 'kiː.saɪd

quean kwiːn **-s** -z

queas|y 'kwiː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Quebec kwɪ'bek, kwə-, kɪ-, kə- *as if French:* keb'ek US kwiː'bek, kwɪ-, kɪ- *as if French:* keb'ek

Quebecois, Québecois
ˌkeɪ.bek'wɑː, ˌkeb.ek'-, -ɪ'kwɑː, -ə'-
US ˌkeɪ.bek'wɑː

Quechu|a 'ketʃ.u|.ə, -w|ə US -w|ɑː, -w|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

queen kwiːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˌQueen's 'Counsel; ˌQueen's 'English; ˌqueen's 'evidence; ˌQueen 'Mother**

Queenborough 'kwiːn.bᵊr.ə, 'kwiːm- US 'kwiːn.bɚ.oʊ

Queenie 'kwiː.ni

queenlike 'kwiːn.laɪk

queenl|y 'kwiːn.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Queens kwiːnz

Queensberry 'kwiːnz.bᵊr.i
US -ˌber.i, -bɚ- **ˌQueensberry 'rules**

Queensbury 'kwiːnz.bᵊr.i

Queensferry 'kwiːnzˌfer.i

Queensland 'kwiːnz.lənd, -lænd

Queenstown 'kwiːnz.taʊn

Queensway 'kwiːnz.weɪ

queer kwɪəʳ US kwɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst US -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ish** -ɪʃ **'queer ˌstreet**

quell kwel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quench kwentʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl

Quen(n)ell kwɪ'nel, kwə-, 'kwen.ᵊl
US kwə'nel, 'kwen.ᵊl

quenelle kə'nel, kɪ- US kə- **-s** -z

Quentin 'kwen.tɪn US -tᵊn

Querétaro kə'reɪ.tᵊr.əʊ
US -'ret.ə.roʊ; kɚ.ə'tɑːr.oʊ

quern kwɜːn US kwɝːn **-s** -z

querulous 'kwer.ʊ.ləs, -jʊ-, '-ə-
US 'kwer.jə.ləs, -jʊ-, '-ə-, '-ʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

quer|y 'kwɪə.r|i US 'kwɪr|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id

quesadilla ˌkeɪ.sə'diː.jə, -ljə US -jə **-s** -z

Quesnel 'keɪ.nᵊl

quest kwest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Quested 'kwes.tɪd

question 'kwes.tʃən, 'kweʃ-
US 'kwes.tʃən, -tjən **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'question ˌmark; 'question ˌtime; ˌout of the 'question**

questionab|le 'kwes.tʃə.nə.b|ᵊl, 'kweʃ- US 'kwes.tʃə-, -tjə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

questionar|y 'kwes.tʃə.nᵊr|.i, 'kweʃ-
US 'kwes.tʃə.ner-, -tjə- **-ies** -iz

question-master
'kwes.tʃənˌmɑː.stəʳ, 'kweʃ-, -tʃəmˌ-
US 'kwes.tʃənˌmæs.tɚ, -tjənˌ- **-s** -z

questionnaire ˌkwes.tʃə'neəʳ, ˌkweʃ-, ˌkes-, '--- US ˌkwes.tʃə'ner, -tjə'- **-s** -z

Quetta 'kwet.ə US 'kwet̬-

quetzal 'kwet.sᵊl US ket'sɑːl **-s** -z
quetzales kwet'sɑː.les US ket-

Quetzalcoatl ˌket.sᵊl.kəʊ'æt.ᵊl
US -sɑːl.koʊ'ɑː.t̬ᵊl

queue kjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d

queue-jump 'kjuː.dʒʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

Quex kweks

Quezon City ˌkeɪ.zɒn'sɪt.i, -sɒn'-
US ˌkeɪ.sɑːn'sɪt̬-

quibbl|e 'kwɪb.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'kwɪb.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'kwɪb.ləʳ/z US 'kwɪb.ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z

Quibell 'kwaɪ.bᵊl, 'kwɪb.ᵊl; kwɪ'bel, kwaɪ'bel
Note: Baron Quibell of Scunthorpe pronounced /'kwaɪ.bᵊl/.

quich|e kiːʃ **-es** -ɪz

quick (Q) kwɪk **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**quick 'march;** '**quick** ˌ**time**

quick-change ˌkwɪk'tʃeɪndʒ *stress shift:* ˌquick-change 'tyres

Quicke kwɪk

quicken 'kwɪk.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quickfire 'kwɪk.faɪəʳ US -faɪɚ

quick-freez|e ˌkwɪk'friːz, '-- US 'kwɪk.friːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **quick-froze** ˌkwɪk'frəʊz, '-- US 'kwɪk.froʊz **quick frozen** -ən **quick-freezer/s** ˌkwɪk'friː.zəʳ/z, '-ˌ-- US 'kwɪkˌfriː.zɚ/z

quickie 'kwɪk.i **-s** -z

quicklime 'kwɪk.laɪm

Quickly 'kwɪk.li

quicksand 'kwɪk.sænd **-s** -z

quickset 'kwɪk.set

quicksilver 'kwɪkˌsɪl.vəʳ US -vɚ

quickstep 'kwɪk.step **-s** -s

quick-tempered ˌkwɪk'tem.pəd US -pɚd, '-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌquick-tempered 'person

quick-witted ˌkwɪk'wɪt.ɪd US -'wɪt̬-, '-ˌ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌquick-witted 'person

quid kwɪd **-s** -z

Quidditch 'kwɪd.ɪtʃ

quiddit|y 'kwɪd.ɪ.t|i, -ə.t|i US -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

quid pro quo ˌkwɪd.prəʊ'kwəʊ US -proʊ'kwoʊ **-s** -z

quiescence kwi'es.ᵊnts US kwaɪ-, kwi-

quiescent kwi'es.ᵊnt US kwaɪ-, kwi- **-ly** -li

quiet kwaɪət **-er** -əʳ US 'kwaɪə.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst US 'kwaɪə.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'kwaɪə.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'kwaɪə.t̬ɪd

quieten 'kwaɪə.tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quiet|ism 'kwaɪə.t|ɪ.zᵊm, 'kwaɪ.ɪ- US 'kwaɪə.t|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

quietude 'kwaɪə.tjuːd, 'kwaɪ.ɪ- US 'kwaɪə.tuːd, -tjuːd

quietus kwaɪ'iː.təs, -'eɪ- US -'iː.t̬əs

quiff kwɪf **-s** -s

Quigg kwɪg

Quiggin 'kwɪg.ɪn

Quigley 'kwɪg.li

quill kwɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Quiller-Couch ˌkwɪl.ə'kuːtʃ US -ɚ'-

Quilliam 'kwɪl.i.əm

Quilp kwɪlp

quilt kwɪlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'kwɪl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'kwɪl.t̬ɪd

Quilter 'kwɪl.təʳ US -t̬ɚ

quin (Q) kwɪn **-s** -z

Quinault *North American people:* 'kwɪn.ᵊlt, -ɔːlt US kwɪ'nɑːlt *French dramatist:* 'kiː.nəʊ US kɪ'noʊ

quinc|e (Q) kwɪnts **-es** -ɪz

quincentenar|y ˌkwɪn.sen'tiː.nᵊr|.i, -'ten.ᵊr-, -'tɪn- US kwɪn'sen.tə.ner|.i; ˌkwɪn.sen'ten.ɚ- **-ies** -iz

Quincey 'kwɪnt.si

quincunx 'kwɪn.kʌŋks, 'kwɪŋ- US 'kwɪn- **-es** -ɪz

Quincy 'kwɪnt.si

quindecagon kwɪn'dek.ə.gᵊn US -gɑːn **-s** -z

quinella kwɪ'nel.ə

quingentenar|y ˌkwɪn.dʒen'tiː.nᵊr|.i, -'ten.ᵊr-, -'tɪn- **-ies** -iz

quinine 'kwɪn.iːn, -'-; kwə- US 'kwaɪ.naɪn

Quink® kwɪŋk

Quinn kwɪn

Quinney 'kwɪn.i

quinquagenarian ˌkwɪŋ.kwə.dʒə'neə.ri.ən, -kwɪ-, -dʒɪ'- US ˌkwɪn.kwə.dʒə'ner.i-, ˌkwɪŋ- **-s** -z

Quinquagesima ˌkwɪŋ.kwə'dʒes.ɪ.mə, -kwɪ'-, '-ə- US ˌkwɪn.kwə'dʒeɪ.zɪ-, ˌkwɪŋ-, -'dʒes.ɪ-

quinquennial kwɪŋ'kwen.i.əl US kwɪn-, kwɪŋ-

quinquennium kwɪŋ'kwen.i.əm US kwɪn-, kwɪŋ- **-s** -z

quinsy 'kwɪn.zi

quint *organ stop:* kwɪnt **-s** -s *in piquet:* kɪnt, kwɪnt *old fashioned:* kent **-s** -s *US for quintuplet:* kwɪnt **-s** -s

quintain 'kwɪn.tɪn **-s** -z

quintal 'kwɪn.tᵊl US -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z

Quintana Roo kɪnˌtɑː.nə'rəʊ.əʊ US -'roʊ.oʊ

quintessence kwɪn'tes.ᵊnts

quintessential ˌkwɪn.tɪ'sen.tʃᵊl, -tə'- US -te'sent.ʃəl **-ly** -i

quintet, quintette kwɪn'tet **-s** -s

quintic 'kwɪn.tɪk US -t̬ɪk **-s** -s

Quintilian kwɪn'tɪl.i.ən US '-jən, -i.ən

quintillion kwɪn'tɪl.jən, '-i.ən US '-jən **-s** -z

Quintin 'kwɪn.tɪn US -tɪn, -tᵊn

Quinton 'kwɪn.tən US -tᵊn

quintupl|e 'kwɪn.tjʊ.pᵊl, -tjuː-; kwɪn'tjuː- US kwɪn'tuː-, -'tjuː-; 'kwɪn.t̬ə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quintuplet 'kwɪn.tjʊ.plət, -plɪt, -plet; kwɪn'tjuː- US kwɪn'tʌp.lɪt, -'tuː.plɪt, -'tjuː-; 'kwɪn.tə.plet **-s** -s

quintus (Q) 'kwɪn.təs US -t̬əs

quip kwɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

quire kwaɪəʳ US kwaɪɚ **-s** -z

Quirey *in England, surname:* 'kwaɪə.ri US 'kwaɪ- *in Ireland:* 'kwɪə.ri US 'kwɪr.i

Quirinal 'kwɪr.ɪ.nᵊl, -ᵊn.ᵊl US 'kwɪr.ɪ.nᵊl; kwɪ'raɪ-

Quirinus kwɪ'raɪ.nəs

quirk (Q) kwɜːk US kwɝːk **-s** -s

quirk|y 'kwɜː.k|i US 'kwɝː- **-ier** -i.ə US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

quisling 'kwɪz.lɪŋ **-s** -z

quit kwɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US 'kwɪt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd US 'kwɪt̬.ɪd

quitclaim 'kwɪt.kleɪm **-s** -s

quite kwaɪt

Quito 'kiː.təʊ US -t̬oʊ, -toʊ

quit-rent 'kwɪt.rent **-s** -s

quits kwɪts

quittanc|e 'kwɪt.ᵊnts **-es** -ɪz

quitter 'kwɪt.əʳ US 'kwɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z

quiv|er 'kwɪv|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

Quiverful 'kwɪv.ə.fʊl US '-ɚ-

qui vive ˌkiː'viːv

Quixote 'kwɪk.sət, -səʊt; kɪ'həʊ.ti, -teɪ US kɪ'hoʊ.t̬i, -teɪ; 'kwɪk.sət

quixotic kwɪk'sɒt.ɪk US -'sɑː.t̬ɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

quiz kwɪz **-zes** -ɪz **-zing** -ɪŋ **-zed** -d

quiz-master 'kwɪzˌmɑː.stəʳ US -ˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z

quizzic|al 'kwɪz.ɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

quod kwɒd US kwɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd

quod erat demonstrandum ˌkwɒdˌer.ætˌdem.ən'stræn.dəm US ˌkwɑːd-, -'strɑːn-

quodlibet 'kwɒd.lɪ.bet US 'kwɑːd.l… **-s** -s

quoin kɔɪn, kwɔɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quoit kɔɪt, kwɔɪt **-s** -s

quokka 'kwɒk.ə US 'kwɑː.kə **-s** -z

quondam 'kwɒn.dæm, -dəm US 'kwɑːn.dəm, -dæm

Quonset® 'kwɒnt.sɪt, -sət, -set US 'kwɑːnt- '**Quonset** ˌ**hut**

quorate 'kwɔː.reɪt, -rət, -rɪt US 'kwɔːr.ɪt, -eɪt

Quorn® kwɔːn US kwɔːrn

quorum 'kwɔː.rəm US 'kwɔːr.əm **-s**

quota 'kwəʊ.tə US 'kwoʊ.t̬ə **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

quotable 'kwəʊ.tə.bᵊl US 'kwoʊ.t̬…

quotation kwəʊ'teɪ.ʃᵊn US kwoʊ- **-s** -z **quo'tation** ˌ**mark**

quot|e kwəʊt US kwoʊt **-es** -s **-ing** … US 'kwoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'kwoʊ.t̬ɪd

quoth kwəʊθ US kwoʊθ **-a** -ə

quotidian kwəʊ'tɪd.i.ən, kwɒt'ɪd- US kwoʊ'tɪd-

quotient 'kwəʊ.ʃᵊnt US 'kwoʊ- **-s** -…

quo warranto ˌkwəʊ.wɒr'æn.təʊ US ˌkwoʊ.wə'ræn.toʊ, -'rɑːn-, -wɔː'-

Qur'an, Quran kɒr'ɑːn, kɔː'rɑːn, kʊ-, kə- US kə'rɑːn, kɔː-, kʊ-, -'ræ…

qursh 'kuː.əʃ; kʊəʃ US 'kuː.ɚʃ; kʊr…

Quy kwaɪ

q.v. ˌkjuː'viː, ˌwɪtʃ'siː, ˌkwɒd'vɪd.e… US ˌkjuː'viː, ˌwɪtʃ'siː, ˌkwɑːd'vɪd.…

qwerty, QWERTY 'kwɜː.ti US 'kwɝː.t̬i

Pronouncing the letter R

See also RRH

In British English, r is pronounced only where it appears before a vowel. In American English, r is pronounced in all positions, e.g.:

red	/red/		
bore	/bɔːʳ/	(US)	/bɔːr/
boring	/ˈbɔː.rɪŋ/		/ˈbɔːr.ɪŋ/

See the discussion at LIAISON for comments concerning 'linking r' in British English.

In addition

In the word *iron*, r is not pronounced in British English but colours the vowel in the second syllable in US English, e.g.:

iron	/aɪən/	(US)	/ˈaɪ.ɚn, aɪrn/

R) ɑːʳ (US) ɑːr -'s -z
ı rɑː
ıbat rəˈbɑːt, rɑː-, -ˈbæt (US) rəˈbɑːt, rɑː-
bbet ˈræb.ɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
bbi ˈræb.aɪ **-s** -z
bbinate ˈræb.ɪ.nət, ˈ-ə-, -nɪt, -neɪt (US) -ɪ.nɪt, -neɪt **-s** -s
bbinic rəˈbɪn.ɪk, ræbˈɪn- (US) rəˈbɪn- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
bb|it ˈræb|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd ˈ**rabbit hole**; ˈ**rabbit** ˌ**hutch**; ˈ**rabbit** ˌ**warren**
bble ˈræb.əl **-s** -z
bble-rous|er ˈræb.əlˌraʊ.z|əʳ (US) -z|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
belais ˈræb.əl.eɪ (US) ˌræb.əˈleɪ, ˈ---
belaisian ˌræb.əlˈeɪ.zi.ən, -ʒən (US) -əˈleɪ.ʒən, ˈ-zi.ən
bid ˈræb.ɪd, ˈreɪ.bɪd (US) ˈræb.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
bies ˈreɪ.biːz, -biz
bin ˈreɪ.bɪn *Israeli politician:* ræbˈiːn (US) rɑːˈbiːn
bindranath Tagore əˌbɪn.drə.nɑːt.təˈgɔːʳ, -nɑːθ- (US) -ˌben.drə.nɑːt.təˈgɔːr, -nɑːθ-
binowitz rəˈbɪn.ə.wɪts, ræbˈɪn-, vɪts
by ˈreɪ.bi
C ˌɑːʳ.eɪˈsiː (US) ˌɑːr-
cal® ˈreɪ.kəl, -kɔːl
ccoon rəˈkuːn, rækˈuːn (US) rækˈuːn, əˈkuːn **-s** -z
|e reɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**race re**ˈ**lations** (US) ˈ**race** ˌ**relations**
ecar ˈreɪs.kɑːʳ (US) -kɑːr **-s** -z
ecours|e ˈreɪs.kɔːs (US) -kɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
egoer ˈreɪsˌgəʊ.əʳ (US) -ˌgoʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
ehors|e ˈreɪs.hɔːs (US) -ˌhɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
eme ˈræs.iːm, ˈreɪ.siːm; rəˈsiːm, æsˈiːm (US) reɪˈsiːm, rə- **-s** -z
e-meeting ˈreɪsˌmiː.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ s -z
emic rəˈsiː.mɪk, ræsˈiː-, reɪˈsiː-, sem.ɪk (US) reɪˈsiː-, rə-
etrack ˈreɪs.træk **-s** -s
chael, Rachel ˈreɪ.tʃəl
chelle rəˈʃel; ˈreɪ.tʃəl
hitic rəˈkɪt.ɪk, rækˈɪt- (US) rəˈkɪt.ɪk

rachitis rəˈkaɪ.tɪs, rækˈaɪ-, -təs (US) -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
Rachman ˈræk.mən
Rachmaninoff, Rachmaninov rækˈmæn.ɪ.nɒf, ræxˈ- (US) rɑːkˈmɑːn.ɪ.nɔːf
rachmanism (R) ˈræk.mə.nɪ.zəm
racial ˈreɪ.ʃəl, -ʃi.əl (US) ˈ-ʃəl **-ly** -i
racial|ism ˈreɪ.ʃəl|.ɪ.zəm, -ʃi.əl|- (US) ˈ-ʃəl|- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Racine *English personal name, city in US:* rəˈsiːn (US) rə-, reɪ- *French author:* ræsˈiːn, rəˈsiːn (US) rɑːˈsiːn, rə-
rac|ism ˈreɪ.s|ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
rack ræk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rack|et ˈræk|.ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd **-ety** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
racketball ˈræk.ɪt.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl
racketeer ˌræk.ɪˈtɪəʳ, -əˈ- (US) -əˈtɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Rackham ˈræk.əm
rack|-rent ˈræk|.rent **-rents** -rents **-renter/s** -ˌren.təʳ/z (US) -ˌren.t̬ɚ/z
raclette rækˈlet
raconteur ˌræk.ɒnˈtɜːʳ, -ɔ̃ːnˈ- (US) -ɑːnˈtɝː, -ənˈ- **-s** -z
racoon rəˈkuːn, rækˈuːn (US) rækˈuːn, rəˈkuːn **-s** -z
racquet ˈræk.ɪt **-s** -s
racquetball ˈræk.ɪt.bɔːl (US) -bɔːl, -bɑːl
rac|y ˈreɪ.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rad ræd **-s** -z
RADA ˈrɑː.də
radar ˈreɪ.dɑːʳ (US) -dɑːr
Radcliffe ˈræd.klɪf
raddled ˈræd.əld
Radetzky rəˈdet.ski, rædˈet- (US) rɑːˈdet-, rə-
Radford ˈræd.fəd (US) -fɚd
radial ˈreɪ.di.əl **-ly** -i
radian ˈreɪ.di.ən **-s** -z
radianc|e ˈreɪ.di.ənts **-es** -ɪz
radiant ˈreɪ.di.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
radi|ate ˈreɪ.di|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
radiation ˌreɪ.diˈeɪ.ʃən **-s** -z **radi**ˈ**ation** ˌ**sickness**
radiator ˈreɪ.di.eɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
radic|al ˈræd.ɪ.k|əl **-als** -əlz **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -əl.nɪs **-alism** -əl.ɪ.zəm ˌ**radical** ˈ**chic**; ˌ**radical** ˈ**sign**
radicaliz|e, -is|e ˈræd.ɪ.kəl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
radicchio rəˈdɪk.i.əʊ, rædˈɪk- (US) rəˈdiː.ki.oʊ, rɑː-, ˈ-kjoʊ **-s** -z
Radice rəˈdiː.tʃi, -tʃeɪ
radicle ˈræd.ɪ.kəl **-s** -z
radii (*plur. of* **radius**) ˈreɪ.di.aɪ
radio (*n, v.*) ˈreɪ.di.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**radio a**ˈ**larm**; ˈ**radio** ˌ**car**; ˌ**radio** ˈ**telescope**; ˈ**radio** ˌ**wave**
radioactive ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈæk.tɪv (US) -oʊˈ- **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌradioactive ˈwaste
radioactivity ˌreɪ.di.əʊ.ækˈtɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -oʊ.ækˈtɪv.ə.t̬i
radiocarbon ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈkɑː.bən (US) -oʊˈkɑːr-
radiogenic ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈdʒen.ɪk (US) -oʊˈ- *stress shift:* ˌradiogenic ˈoutput
radiogram ˈreɪ.di.əʊ.græm (US) -oʊ- **-s** -z
radiograph ˈreɪ.di.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -oʊ.græf **-s** -s
radiograph|y ˌreɪ.diˈɒg.rə.f|i (US) -ˈɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Radiohead ˈreɪ.di.əʊ.hed (US) -oʊ-
radioisotope ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈaɪ.sə.təʊp (US) -oʊˈaɪ.sə.toʊp **-s** -s
radiolo|cate ˌreɪ.di.əʊ.ləʊ|ˈkeɪt (US) -oʊ.loʊˈ- **-cates** -ˈkeɪts **-cating** -ˈkeɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈkeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -ˈkeɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈkeɪ.t̬ɪd
radiolocation ˌreɪ.di.əʊ.ləʊˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) -oʊ.loʊˈ-
radiolog|y ˌreɪ.diˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
radiometer ˌreɪ.diˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
radionics ˌreɪ.diˈɒn.ɪks (US) -ˈɑː.nɪks
radiopag|e ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈpeɪdʒ, ˈreɪ.di.əʊ.peɪdʒ (US) ˈreɪ.di.oʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
radiophone ˈreɪ.di.əʊ.fəʊn (US) -oʊ.foʊn **-s** -z
radiophonic ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈfɒn.ɪk (US) -oʊˈfɑː.nɪk
radiotelegram ˌreɪ.di.əʊˈtel.ɪ.græm, ˈ-ə-

(US) -oʊ'tel.ə- -s -z
radiotelegraph ˌreɪ.di.əʊ'tel.ɪ.grɑːf, '-ə-, -græf (US) -oʊ'tel.ə.græf -s -s
radiotelephone ˌreɪ.di.əʊ'tel.ɪ.fəʊn, '-ə- (US) -oʊ'tel.ə.foʊn -s -z
radiotherap|y ˌreɪ.di.əʊ'θer.ə.p|i (US) -oʊ'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
radish 'ræd.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
radium 'reɪ.di.əm
radi|us 'reɪ.di|.əs **-i** -aɪ
rad|ix 'reɪ.d|ɪks, 'ræd- **-ixes** -ɪk.sɪz **-ices** -ɪ.siːz (US) 'ræd.ə.siːz, 'reɪ.də-
Radlett 'ræd.lɪt, -lət
Radley 'ræd.li
Radnor 'ræd.nəʳ, -nɔːʳ (US) -nɚ, -nɔːr **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
radon 'reɪ.dɒn (US) -dɑːn
Radovan 'ræd.ə.væn
Radox® 'reɪ.dɒks (US) -dɑːks
Rae reɪ
Raeburn 'reɪ.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn **-s** -z
Raf ræf
RAF ˌɑːʳ.eɪ'ef; ræf (US) ˌɑːr-
Rafferty 'ræf.ə.ti (US) -ɚ.t̬i
raffia 'ræf.i.ə
raffish 'ræf.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
raffl|e 'ræf.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'ræf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'raffle ˌticket**
Raffles 'ræf.ᵊlz
Rafsanjani ˌræf.sɑːn'dʒɑː.ni, -sæn'-, -'dʒæn.i; -dʒɑː'niː (US) ˌrɑːf.sɑːn'dʒɑː.ni; ˌrʌf.sən'dʒæn.i
raft rɑːft (US) ræft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
rafter 'rɑːf.təʳ (US) 'ræf.tɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
rag ræg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **ˌrag 'doll; 'rag ˌtrade**
raga 'rɑː.gə; rɑːg (US) 'rɑː.gə **-s** -z
ragamuffin 'ræg.əˌmʌf.ɪn **-s** -z
rag-and-bone|-man ˌræg.ᵊnd'bəʊn|.mæn, -ᵊm'- (US) -ᵊnd'boʊn- **-men** -men
ragbag 'ræg.bæg **-s** -z
rag|e reɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
ragga 'ræg.ə
ragged 'ræg.ɪd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-y** -i
raggle-taggle 'ræg.ᵊlˌtæg.ᵊl, ˌræg.ᵊl'tæg-
raglan (R) 'ræg.lən **ˌraglan 'sleeve**
ragout ræg'uː, '-- (US) ræg'uː **-s** -z
rags-to-riches ˌrægz.tə'rɪtʃ.ɪz
ragtag 'ræg.tæg
ragtime 'ræg.taɪm
ragweed 'ræg.wiːd
ragwort 'ræg.wɜːt (US) -wɝːt, -wɔːrt **-s** -s
Rahman 'rɑː.mən
rah-rah 'rɑː.rɑː
raid reɪd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Raikes reɪks
rail reɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
railcard 'reɪl.kɑːd (US) -kɑːrd **-s** -z
railhead 'reɪl.hed **-s** -z
railing 'reɪ.lɪŋ **-s** -z
raill|er|y 'reɪ.lᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
railroad 'reɪl.rəʊd (US) -roʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Railtrack® 'reɪl.træk
railway 'reɪl.weɪ **-s** -z
railway|man 'reɪl.weɪ|.mən, -mæn **-men** -mən, -men
raiment 'reɪ.mənt
rain reɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **'rain ˌforest; ˌtake a 'rain ˌcheck; come ˌrain or 'shine**
rainbow 'reɪn.bəʊ, 'reɪm- (US) 'reɪn.boʊ **-s** -z **ˌrainbow 'trout**
rainbow-colo(u)red 'reɪn.bəʊˌkʌl.əd, 'reɪm- (US) 'reɪn.boʊˌkʌl.ɚd
raincoat 'reɪn.kəʊt, 'reɪŋ- (US) 'reɪn.koʊt **-s** -s
raindrop 'reɪn.drɒp (US) -drɑːp **-s** -s
Raine reɪn
Rainey 'reɪ.ni
rainfall 'reɪn.fɔːl (US) -fɔːl, -fɑːl
Rainford 'reɪn.fəd (US) -fɚd
rainforest 'reɪnˌfɒr.ɪst (US) -ˌfɔːr- **-s** -s
rain-gaug|e 'reɪn.geɪdʒ, 'reɪŋ- (US) 'reɪn- **-es** -ɪz
Rainier *prince of Monaco:* 'reɪ.ni.eɪ (US) reɪ'nɪr, rə-; ren'jeɪ
Rainier *Mount:* 'reɪ.ni.əʳ; reɪ'nɪəʳ, rə- (US) rə'nɪr, reɪ-
rainmak|ing 'reɪnˌmeɪ.k|ɪŋ, 'reɪm- (US) 'reɪn- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
rainproof 'reɪn.pruːf, 'reɪm- (US) 'reɪn-
rainstorm 'reɪn.stɔːm (US) -stɔːrm **-s** -z
rainwater 'reɪnˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
Rainworth 'reɪn.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɝːθ, -wɚθ
rain|y 'reɪ.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌsave something for a ˌrainy 'day**
Raisa raɪ'iː.sə, rɑː- (US) rɑː-
rais|e reɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
raisin 'reɪ.zᵊn **-s** -z
raison d'être ˌreɪ.zɔ̃ːŋ'de.trə, -zɒn'- (US) ˌreɪ.zoʊn'det, ˌrez.ɑːn'-, -'det.rə
raj (R) rɑːdʒ, rɑːʒ (US) rɑːdʒ
raja(h) (R) 'rɑː.dʒə (US) -dʒə, -dʒɑː **-s** -z
Rajasthan ˌrɑː.dʒə'stɑːn (US) -dʒɑː'-
Rajasthani ˌrɑː.dʒə'stɑː.ni (US) -dʒɑː'-
Rajiv rɑː'dʒiːv *stress shift:* ˌRajiv 'Ghandi
Rajput 'rɑːdʒ.pʊt (US) -puːt
Rajputana ˌrɑːdʒ.pʊ'tɑː.nə (US) -puː'-
rak|e reɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rakee 'rɑː.ki, 'ræk.i; rɑː'kiː
rake-off 'reɪk.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
raki 'rɑː.ki, 'ræk.i; rɑː'kiː
rakish 'reɪ.kɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rale rɑːl, ræl (US) rɑːl **-s** -z
Rale(i)gh 'rɔː.li, 'rɑː-, 'ræl.i (US) 'rɑː.li, 'rɔː-
Note: The family of the late Sir Walter Raleigh pronounced /'rɔː.li (US) 'rɑː-, (US) rɔː-/. Raleigh bicycles are generally called /'ræl.i/ in Britain and /'rɑː.li/ in the United States. When used as the name of a ship, the British English pronunciation is /'ræl.i/.
rallentand|o ˌræl.en'tæn.d|əʊ, -ən'-, -ɪn'- (US) ˌrɑː.lən'tɑːn.d|oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -i
rall|y 'ræl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **'rally ˌdriver**
rallycross 'ræl.i.krɒs (US) -krɑːs
Ralph rælf, reɪf
Ralph Cross ˌrɑːlf'krɒs, ˌrælf- (US) ˌrælf'krɑːs
Ralston 'rɔːl.stᵊn
ram (R) ræm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d **-mer/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
RAM ræm
Rama(h) 'rɑː.mə
Ramad(h)an ˌræm.ə'dæn, ˌrɑː.mə'-, -'dɑːn, '--- (US) ˌræm.ə'dɑːn, ˌrɑː.mə-
Ramage 'ræm.ɪdʒ
Ramallah rə'mɑː.lə, -'mæl-
Ramaphosa ˌræm.ə'pəʊ.zə (US) -'poʊ-
Ramayana rɑː'maɪ.ə.nə, rə-, -'mɑː- (US) rɑː'mɑː.jə-
Rambert 'rɑ̃ːm.beə, -'- (US) rɑːm'ber
rambl|e 'ræm.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'ræm.blɪŋ **-ed** -d
rambler (R) 'ræm.bləʳ (US) -blɚ **-s** -z
rambling 'ræm.blɪŋ, -bᵊl.ɪŋ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
Rambo 'ræm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
Ramboesque ˌræm.bəʊ'esk (US) -boʊ-
Rambouillet ˌrɑ̃ːm.buː'jeɪ, -'-- (US) ˌræm.bui'jeɪ
rambunctious ræm'bʌŋk.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rambutan ræm'buː.tᵊn; ˌræm.bʊ'tæn, -'tɑːn (US) ræm'buː.t- **-s** -z
ramekin, ramequin 'ræm.ɪ.kɪn, '-ə-, '-kɪn (US) '-ə.kɪn **-s** -z
Rameses 'ræm.ɪ.siːz, '-ə-
ramification ˌræm.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- **-s** -z
rami|fy 'ræm.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
Ramillies 'ræm.ɪ.liz
Ramirez rə'mɪə.rez (US) -'mɪr.ez, -'miː.reɪs, rɑː'mɪr.ez, -'miː.reθ
ramjet 'ræm.dʒet **-s** -s
Ramos 'rɑː.mɒs (US) 'reɪ.moʊs, rɑː'moʊs
ramp ræmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rampag|e (*n.*) 'ræm.peɪdʒ, -'- (US) 'ræm.peɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz (*v.*) ræm'peɪdʒ, '-- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rampageous ræm'peɪ.dʒəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rampant 'ræm.pənt **-ly** -li
rampart 'ræm.pɑːt, -pət (US) -pɑːrt, -pɚt **-s** -s
rampion 'ræm.pi.ən **-s** -z
Rampling 'ræm.plɪŋ
Ramprakash 'ræm.prə.kæʃ
Rampton 'ræmp.tən
ram-raid 'ræm.reɪd **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
ramrod 'ræm.rɒd (US) -rɑːd **-s** -z
Ramsaran 'rɑːmp.sᵊr.ən
Ramsay 'ræm.zi

amsbottom 'ræmz,bɒt.əm US -,bɑː.t̬əm
amsden 'ræmz.dən
amses 'ræm.siːz
amsey 'ræm.zi
amsgate 'ræmz.geɪt, -gɪt
amshackle 'ræm,ʃæk.əl
an (*from* run) ræn
anariddh ,ræn.ə'rɪt
ance rænts
ance *surname:* rɑːnts US rænts
anch rɑːntʃ, ræntʃ US ræntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z 'ranch ,house
anchero rɑːn'tʃeə.rəʊ, ræn- US ræn'tʃer.oʊ **-s** -z
ancid 'rænt.sɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ancidity ræn'sɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
anco(u)r 'ræŋ.kər US -kɚ
ancorous 'ræŋ.kər.əs **-ly** -li
and (R) *South African money and region:* rænd, rɑːnd, rɑːnt, rɒnt US rænd, rɑːnd, rɑːnt *strip, border:* rænd **-s** -z
andall, Randell 'ræn.dəl
andalstown 'ræn.dəlz.taʊn
and B ,ɑːr.ənd'biː, -əm'- US ,ɑːr-
and D ,ɑːr.ənd'diː US ,ɑːr-
andi 'ræn.di
andle 'ræn.dəl
andolph 'ræn.dɒlf, -dəlf US -dɑːlf, -dəlf
andom 'ræn.dəm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
andom-access ,ræn.dəm'æk.ses *stress shift:* ,random-access 'memory
andomization, -isa- ,ræn.dəm.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
andomiz|e, -is|e 'ræn.də.maɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
and R ,ɑːr.ənd'ɑːr US ,ɑːr.ənd'ɑːr
and|y (R) 'ræn.d|i **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
anee (R) 'rɑː.niː, ,-'- US 'rɑː.niː **-s** -z
anelagh 'ræn.ɪ.lə, -əl.ə, -ɔː US -əl.ə
ang (*from* ring) ræŋ
ang|e reɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ange-finder 'reɪndʒ,faɪn.dər US -dɚ **-s** -z
anger (R) 'reɪn.dʒər US -dʒɚ **-s** -z
angoon ,ræŋ'guːn US ,ræn-, ,ræŋ- *stress shift:* ,Rangoon 'streets
ang|y 'reɪn.dʒ|i **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ani 'rɑː.niː, ,-'- US 'rɑː.niː **-s** -z
ank (R) ræŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ,**rank and 'file**
ankin(e) 'ræŋ.kɪn
ankl|e 'ræŋ.kəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'ræŋ.klɪŋ **-ed** -d
annoch 'ræn.ək, -əx US -ək
anoe 'rɑː.nəʊ US -noʊ
ansack 'ræn.sæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z
ansom (R) 'rænt.səm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

Ransome 'rænt.səm
rant rænt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li US 'ræn.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd US 'ræn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z US 'ræn.t̬ɚ/z
Rantzen 'rænt.sən
Ranulph 'ræn.ʌlf, -əlf
ranuncul|us rə'nʌŋ.kjə.l|əs, ræn'ʌŋ-, -kjʊ- US rə'nʌŋ- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
Ranworth 'ræn.wəθ, -wɜːθ US -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
rap ræp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z
rapacious rə'peɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rapacity rə'pæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
rap|e reɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Raphael *angel:* 'ræf.eɪ.əl; ,ræf.ɑː'el; 'ræf.eɪl; 'reɪ.fi.əl *and in Jewish usage:* 'reɪ.fəl US 'ræf.i.əl; ,rɑː.fi'el; 'reɪ.fi.el *modern name:* 'reɪ.fəl, 'ræf.eɪl *Italian artist:* 'ræf.eɪ.əl, -fi.əl, -feɪl US 'ræf.i.əl; ,rɑː.fi'el; 'reɪ.fi.el
rapid 'ræp.ɪd **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z ,**rapid 'eye ,movement;** ,**rapid 'transit**
rapid-fire ,ræp.ɪd'faɪər US -'faɪɚ *stress shift:* ,rapid-fire 'shooting
rapidity rə'pɪd.ə.ti, ræp'ɪd-, -ɪ.ti US rə'pɪd.ə.t̬i
rapier 'reɪ.pi.ər US -pi.ɚ, '-pjɚ **-s** -z
rapine 'ræp.aɪn, -ɪn US -ɪn
rapparee ,ræp.ər'iː US -ə'riː **-s** -z
rappel US ræp'el **-s** US -z **-ling** US -ɪŋ **-led** US -d
rapport ræp'ɔːr, rə'pɔːr; 'ræp.ɔːr US ræp'ɔːr, rə'pɔːr
rapporteur ,ræp.ɔː'tɜːr US -ɔːr'tɝː **-s** -z
rapprochement ræp'rɒʃ.mɑ̃ːŋ, -'rəʊʃ- US ,ræp.roːʃ'mɑ̃ːŋ, -roʊʃ'- **-s** -z
rapscallion ræp'skæl.jən, '-i.ən US '-jən **-s** -z
rapt ræpt
rapture 'ræp.tʃər US -tʃɚ **-s** -z **-d** -d
rapturous 'ræp.tʃər.əs **-ly** -li
Rapunzel rə'pʌn.zəl
Raquel rə'kel, ræk'el
rara avis ,rɑː.rə'æv.ɪs, ,reə-, -'eɪ.vɪs US ,rer.ə'eɪ.vɪs
rare reər US rer **-r** -ər US -ɚ **-st** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ,**rare 'earth**
rarebit 'reə.bɪt US 'rer- **-s** -s
Note: The pronunciation /'ræb.ɪt/ is very often used in British English in the phrase **Welsh rarebit**.
rarefaction ,reə.rɪ'fæk.ʃən, -rə'- US ,rer.ə'-
rarefication ,reə.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -rə- US ,rer.ə-
rare|fy 'reə.rɪ|.faɪ, -rə- US 'rer.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
raring (*adj.*) 'reə.rɪŋ US 'rer.ɪŋ
rarit|y 'reə.rə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US 'rer.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Rarotonga ,reə.rəʊ'tɒŋ.gə, ,rær.əʊ'- US ,rɑːr.oʊ'tɔːŋ.gə, ,rer.ə'-
Ras al Khaimah ,rɑːs.æl'kaɪ.mə

rascal 'rɑː.skəl US 'ræs.kəl **-s** -z
rascalit|y rɑː'skæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US ræs'kæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
rascally 'rɑː.skəl.i US 'ræs.kəl-
ras|e reɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rash ræʃ **-es** -ɪz **-er** -ər US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rasher 'ræʃ.ər US -ɚ **-s** -z
Rashid ræʃ'iːd US ræʃ-, rɑː'ʃiːd
rasp rɑːsp US ræsp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
raspberr|y 'rɑːz.bər|.i, 'rɑːs- US 'ræz,ber|.i, -bɚ- **-ies** -iz
Rasputin ræs'pjuː.tɪn, -'puː- US -'pjuː-
rasp|y 'rɑː.sp|i US 'ræsp|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Rasselas 'ræs.ɪ.ləs US '-ə-, -læs
Rasta 'ræs.tə US 'rɑː.stə, 'ræs.tə **-s** -z
Rastafarian ,ræs.tə'feə.ri.ən US ,rɑː.stə'fer.i-, ,ræs.tə'-, -'fɑːr- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
Rasta|man 'ræs.təl.mæn US 'rɑː.stə-, 'ræs.tə- **-men** -men
rat ræt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US 'ræt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd US 'ræt̬.ɪd 'rat ,race; 'rat ,trap
rata 'reɪ.tə US 'rɑː.t̬ə **-s** -z
rata (*in* **pro rata**) 'rɑː.tə, 'reɪ- US -t̬ə
ratability ,reɪ.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
ratab|le 'reɪ.tə.b|əl US -t̬ə- **-ly** -li
ratafia ,ræt.ə'fiː.ə **-s** -z
rataplan ,ræt.ə'plæn US 'ræt̬.ə.plæn
rat-arsed 'ræt.ɑːst US 'ræt̬.ɑːrst
rat-a-tat ,ræt.ə'tæt, '--- US ,ræt̬-, '---
ratatouille ,ræt.ə'twiː, -'tuː.i US -'tuː.i, ,rɑː.tɑː'-
ratbag 'ræt.bæg **-s** -z
rat-catcher 'ræt,kætʃ.ər US -ɚ **-s** -z
ratchet 'rætʃ.ɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Ratcliff(e) 'ræt.klɪf
rat|e reɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'reɪ.t̬ɪd ,**rate of ex'change**
rateab|le 'reɪ.tə.b|əl US -t̬ə- **-ly** -li ,**rateable 'value**
rate-cap 'reɪt.kæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
ratel 'reɪ.təl, 'rɑː-, -tel US 'reɪ.t̬əl, 'rɑː- **-s** -z
ratepayer 'reɪt,peɪ.ər US -ɚ **-s** -z
Rath ræθ
Rathbone 'ræθ.bəʊn, -bən US -boʊn, -bən
rather (*adv.*) 'rɑː.ðər US 'ræð.ɚ (*interj.*) *British only, old-fashioned:* ,rɑː'ðɜːr
Rather 'ræð.ər US 'ræð.ɚ
Rathfarnham ræθ'fɑː.nəm US -'fɑːr-
Rathlin 'ræθ.lɪn
ratification ,ræt.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, ,-ə- US ,ræt̬.ə- **-s** -z
rati|fy 'ræt.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- US 'ræt̬.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.ər/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
rating 'reɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
ratio 'reɪ.ʃi.əʊ US -oʊ, '-ʃoʊ **-s** -z
ratioci|nate ,ræt.i'ɒs.ɪ|.neɪt, ,ræʃ-, -'əʊ.sɪ-, -sə- US ,ræʃ.i'ɑː.sə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ

-nated -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
ratiocination ˌræt.i.ɒs.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌræʃ-, -əʊ.sɪˈ-, -səˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌræʃ.i.ɑː.səˈ- -s -z
ratio decidendi ˌræt.i.əʊˌdeɪ.sɪˈden.di ⓤⓢ ˌræt̬.i.oʊˌ-, ˌrɑː.t̬i-
ratio legis ˌræt.i.əʊˈleɪ.gɪs ⓤⓢ ˌræt̬.i.oʊˈleg.ɪs, ˌrɑː.t̬i-
ration ˈræʃ.ᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈræʃ.ᵊn, ˈreɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rational ˈræʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˈ-nᵊl -ly -i
rationale ˌræʃ.əˈnɑːl, -ˈnæl, -ˈnɑː.leɪ ⓤⓢ -əˈnæl -s -z
rational|ism ˈræʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-nᵊl- -ist/s -ɪst/s
rationalistic ˌræʃ.ᵊn.ᵊlˈɪs.tɪk, ˌ-nᵊlˈ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
rationality ˌræʃ.ᵊnˈæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
rationalization, -isa- ˌræʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-nᵊl- ⓤⓢ -ɪˈ-
rationaliz|e, -is|e ˈræʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz, ˈ-nᵊl- ⓤⓢ -ᵊn.ᵊ.laɪz, ˈ-nə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Ratisbon ˈræt.ɪz.bɒn, -ɪs-, -əz-, -əs- ⓤⓢ -ɪz.bɑːn, -ɪs-
ratline ˈræt.lɪn -s -z
Ratner ˈræt.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ -ˈs -z
rat-race ˈræt.reɪs
rat-tail ˈræt.teɪl -s -z -ed -d
rattan rəˈtæn, rætˈæn -s -z
Rattigan ˈræt.ɪ.gən, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˈræt̬-
rattl|e (R) ˈræt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈræt̬- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈræt.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, ˈræt.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z
rattlesnake ˈræt.ᵊl.sneɪk ⓤⓢ ˈræt̬- -s -s
rattling ˈræt.lɪŋ, -ᵊl.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈræt.lɪŋ, ˈræt̬.ᵊl.ɪŋ
ratt|y (R) ˈræt|.i ⓤⓢ ˈræt̬- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Ratzinger ˈræt.sɪŋ.əʳ, -zɪŋ-, -gəʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ-, -gɚ
raucous ˈrɔː.kəs ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
raunch|y ˈrɔːn.tʃ|i ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːn.tʃ|i, ˈrɔːn- -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Raunds rɔːndz ⓤⓢ rɑːndz, rɔːndz
Rauschenberg ˈraʊ.ʃᵊn.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
ravag|e ˈræv.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Ravana rəˈvɑː.nə ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː.və-; rəˈvɑː-
rav|e reɪv -es -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
ravel ˈræv.ᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
Ravel *French composer:* rævˈel ⓤⓢ rəˈvel, rɑː-
ravelin ˈræv.ᵊl.ɪn -s -z
raven (R) (*n.*) ˈreɪ.vᵊn -s -z
raven (*v.*) ˈræv.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Ravening ˈreɪ.vᵊn.ɪŋ, ˈræv.ᵊn-
Ravenna rəˈven.ə, rævˈen- ⓤⓢ rə-, rɑː-
ravenous ˈræv.ᵊn.əs, -ɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ -ᵊn.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Ravensbourne ˈreɪ.vᵊnz.bɔːn ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn
Ravenshead ˈreɪ.vᵊnz.hed
Ravenshoe ˈreɪ.vᵊnz.həʊ ⓤⓢ -hoʊ
raver ˈreɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ -s -z
Raverat ˈrɑː.vᵊr.ɑː ⓤⓢ -və.rɑː
rave-up ˈreɪv.ʌp -s -s
ravin ˈræv.ɪn
ravine rəˈviːn -s -z
raving ˈreɪ.vɪŋ -s -z
ravioli ˌræv.iˈəʊ.li ⓤⓢ -ˈoʊ-
ravish ˈræv.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -ment -mənt
raw rɔː ⓤⓢ rɑː, rɔː -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌraw ˈdeal; ˌraw maˈterial
Rawalpindi ˌrɑː.wəlˈpɪn.di, ˌrɔːlˈpɪn- ⓤⓢ ˌrɑː.wəlˈ-
Rawdon ˈrɔː.dᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː-
rawhid|e ˈrɔː.haɪd ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Rawlings ˈrɔː.lɪŋz ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː-
Rawlins ˈrɔː.lɪnz ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː-
Rawlinson ˈrɔː.lɪn.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː-
Rawlplug® ˈrɔːl.plʌg ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːl-, ˈrɔːl-
Rawmarsh ˈrɔː.mɑːʃ ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː.mɑːrʃ, ˈrɔː-
Rawnsley ˈrɔːnz.li ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːnz-, ˈrɔː-
Rawtenstall ˈrɒt.ᵊn.stɔːl, ˈrɔː.tᵊn- ⓤⓢ ˈrɑː.tᵊn-, ˈrɔː-
ray (R) reɪ -s -z
Ray-Bans® ˈreɪ.bænz
Raybould ˈreɪ.bəʊld ⓤⓢ -boʊld
Rayburn ˈreɪ.bɜːn ⓤⓢ -bɝːn
Rayleigh ˈreɪ.li
Rayment ˈreɪ.mənt
Raymond ˈreɪ.mənd
Rayner ˈreɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
Raynes reɪnz
Raynsford ˈreɪnz.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
rayon ˈreɪ.ɒn, -ən ⓤⓢ -ɑːn
raz|e reɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
razoo rəˈzuː ⓤⓢ rə-, rɑː-
razor ˈreɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ -s -z ˈrazor ˌblade
razorback ˈreɪ.zə.bæk ⓤⓢ -zɚ- -s -s
razorbill ˈreɪ.zə.bɪl ⓤⓢ -zɚ- -s -z
razor-blade ˈreɪ.zə.bleɪd ⓤⓢ -zɚ- -s -z
razor-shell ˈreɪ.zə.ʃel ⓤⓢ -zɚ- -s -z
razzamat(t)azz ˌræz.ə.məˈtæz, ˈræz.ə.mə.tæz ⓤⓢ ˈræz.ə.mə.tæz
razzia ˈræz.i.ə -s -z
razzle ˈræz.ᵊl ˌon the ˈrazzle
razzle-dazzle ˌræz.ᵊlˈdæz.ᵊl, ˈræz.ᵊlˌdæz- ⓤⓢ ˌræz.ᵊlˈdæz-
razzmatazz ˌræz.məˈtæz, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈræz.mə.tæz
RC (*abbrev. for* **Roman Catholic**) ˌɑːˈsiː; ˌrəʊ.mənˈkæθ.ᵊl.ɪk, -məŋˈ-, ˈ-lɪk ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr-; ˌroʊ.mənˈkæθ.ᵊl.ɪk, ˈ-lɪk
Rd (*abbrev. for* **Road**) rəʊd ⓤⓢ roʊd
re- *prefix denoting repetition:* ˌriː, rɪ, ri, rə
Note: Prefix. In compounds containing **re-** where the stem is free and the meaning is "again", it is normally pronounced /ˌriː-/, e.g. **re-read** /ˌriːˈriːd/. Many such compounds are likely to undergo stress shift, especially in adjectives derived from verbs, e.g. ˌ**rearˈrange**, ˌ**rearranged ˈfurniture**. Attached to bound stems the pronunciation is normally /rɪ-, ri-/ or /rə-/, e.g. **refer** /rɪˈfɜːʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈfɜːr/. There are exceptions; see individual entries.
re *note in Tonic Sol-fa:* reɪ -s -z
re (*prep.*) *with regard to:* riː
RE (*abbrev. for* **Religious Education**) ˌɑːʳˈiː ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr-
Rea reɪ, rɪə, riː
reach riːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
reach-me-down ˈriːtʃ.mi.daʊn -s -z
react riˈækt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reactant riˈæk.tᵊnt ⓤⓢ -tənt -s -s
reaction riˈæk.ʃᵊn -s -z
reactionar|y riˈæk.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ -er- -ies -iz
reacti|vate riˈæk.tɪ|.veɪt, ˌriː-, -tə- ⓤⓢ -tə- -vates -veɪts -vating -veɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ -vated -veɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -veɪ.t̬ɪd
reactivation ˌriː.æk.tɪˈveɪ.ʃᵊn, riˌæk-, -təˈ- ⓤⓢ riˌæk-
reactive riˈæk.tɪv -ly -li
reactor riˈæk.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ -s -z
read (R) *present tense:* riːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ *past tense:* red
readability ˌriː.dəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
readab|le ˈriː.də.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
re-address ˌriː.əˈdres -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Reade riːd
reader (R) ˈriː.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
readership ˈriː.də.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -s -s
readies ˈred.iz
reading (*n.*) ˈriː.dɪŋ -s -z
Reading ˈred.ɪŋ
readjust ˌriː.əˈdʒʌst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
readjustment ˌriː.əˈdʒʌst.mənt -s
readmission ˌriː.ədˈmɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
read|mit ˌriː.ədˈmɪt -mits -ˈmɪts -mitting -ˈmɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈmɪt̬.ɪŋ -mitted -ˈmɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈmɪt̬.ɪd -mittance -ˈmɪt.ᵊnts
readout ˈriː.daʊt -s -s
read|y ˈred|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id ˌready ˈmoney
ready-made ˌred.iˈmeɪd *stress shift*: ˌready-made ˈmeal
ready-to-wear ˌred.i.təˈweəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈwer, ˈred.i.təˌwer *stress shift, British only:* ˌready-to-wear ˈsuit
reaffirm ˌriː.əˈfɜːm ⓤⓢ -ˈfɝːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reafforest ˌriː.əˈfɒr.ɪst ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːr.ɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reafforestation ˌriː.əˌfɒr.ɪˈsteɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˌfɔːr.ɪˈ-
Reagan ˈreɪ.gᵊn, ˈriː-
Note: The former US president is normally /ˈreɪ-/.
Reaganomics ˌreɪ.gᵊnˈɒm.ɪks ⓤⓢ -ˈɑː.mɪks
reagent ˌriːˈeɪ.dʒənt -s -s

eal (*adj.*) rɪəl (US) riːl, 'riː.əl 'real
e,state; ,real 'life
eal *monetary unit:* reɪ'ɑːl (US) reɪ'ɑːl;
'reɪ.əl -s -z
ealia ri'eɪ.li.ə, -'ɑː- (US) ri'eɪ-; reɪ'ɑː-
ealign ,riː.ə'laɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
-ment/s -mənt/s
eal|ism 'rɪə.lɪ.zəm (US) 'riː-, 'riː.ə-
-ist/s -ɪst/s
ealistic ,rɪə'lɪs.tɪk (US) ,riː.ə'- **-ally**
-əl.i, -li
ealit|y ri'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
ealization, -isa- ,rɪə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃən,
-lɪ'- (US) ,riː.ə.lɪ'- -s -z
ealiz|e, -is|e 'rɪə.laɪz (US) 'riː.ə- **-es** -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bəl
al-life ,rɪəl'laɪf (US) ,riː.əl'- *stress*
shift: ,real-life 'drama
allo|cate ri'æl.ə|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts
-cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated**
-keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
allocation ,riː.æl.ə'keɪ.ʃən, ri,æl-
(US) ,riː.æl-
ally 'rɪə.li (US) 'riː.ə-, 'riː.li
alm relm -s -z
alpolitik reɪ'ɑːl.pɒl.ɪ,tiːk, -ə-
(US) -poʊ.lɪ,- -s -s
al-time 'rɪəl.taɪm (US) 'riː.əl-
altor (R®) 'riːl.tər, 'rɪəl-, -tɔːr
(US) 'riː.əl.t̬ɚ, -tɔːr -s -z
alty 'rɪəl.ti (US) 'riː.əl.t̬i
am riːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
amer 'riː.mər (US) -mɚ -s -z
ap riːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
-ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
appear ,riː.ə'pɪər (US) -'pɪr -s -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d
appearanc|e ,riː.ə'pɪə.rənts
(US) -'pɪr.ənts -es -ɪz
application ,riː.æp.lɪ'keɪ.ʃən,
ri,æp-, -lə'- (US) ,riː.æp- -s -z
appl|y ,riː.ə'pl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying**
-aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
ap|point ,riː.ə|'pɔɪnt **-points**
-'pɔɪnts **-pointing** -'pɔɪn.tɪŋ
(US) -'pɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-pointed** -'pɔɪn.tɪd
(US) -'pɔɪn.t̬ɪd **-pointment/s**
-'pɔɪnt.mənt/s
appraisal ,riː.ə'preɪ.zəl -s -z
apprais|e ,riː.ə'preɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
-ɪŋ -ed -d
ar rɪər (US) rɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
bring up the 'rear
ar-admiral ,rɪər'æd.mər.əl, -mɪ.rəl
(US) ,rɪr- -s -z
ar-end ,rɪər'end (US) ,rɪr'end -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
arguard 'rɪə.gɑːd (US) 'rɪr.gɑːrd
-s -z ,**rearguard 'action**
arm ,riː'ɑːm (US) -'ɑːrm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
armament ri'ɑː.mə.mənt, ,riː-
(US) -'ɑːr-
armost 'rɪə.məʊst (US) 'rɪr.moʊst
arrang|e ,riː.ə'reɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing**
-ɪŋ -ed -d -ement/s -mənt/s
arview ,rɪə'vjuː (US) ,rɪr- *stress shift,*
see compound: ,rearview 'mirror
arward 'rɪə.wəd (US) 'rɪr.wɚd -s -z

reason 'riː.zən -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
-er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
reasonab|le 'riː.zən.ə.b|əl **-ly** -li
-leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
reassembl|e ,riː.ə'sem.bəl **-es** -z
-ing -ɪŋ, ,riː.ə'sem.blɪŋ **-ed** -d
reas|sert ,riː.ə|'sɜːt (US) -'sɝːt **-serts**
-'sɜːts (US) -'sɝːts **-serting** -'sɜː.tɪŋ
(US) -'sɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-serted** -'sɜː.tɪd
(US) -'sɝː.t̬ɪd
reassess ,riː.ə'ses **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-ment/s -mənt/s
reassign ,riː.ə'saɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
reassuranc|e ,riː.ə'ʃʊə.rənts, -'ʃɔː-
(US) -'ʃʊr.ənts, -'ʃɝː- **-es** -ɪz
reassur|e ,riː.ə'ʃʊər, -'ʃɔːr (US) -'ʃʊr,
-'ʃɝː **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
Réaumur 'reɪ.əʊ.mjʊər, -mər
(US) -ə.mjʊr, '-oʊ-
reawaken ,riː.ə'weɪ.kən -s -z -ing
-ɪŋ -ed -d
Reay reɪ
Reba 'riː.bə
rebarbative rɪ'bɑː.bə.tɪv, rə-
(US) rɪ'bɑːr.bə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
rebate (*n.*) *discount:* 'riː.beɪt; rɪ'beɪt,
rə- (US) 'riː.beɪt -s -s
reba|te (*v.*) *deduct:* rɪ'beɪ|t, rə-;
'riː.beɪ|t (US) 'riː.beɪ|t, rɪ'beɪ|t **-tes** -ts
-ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
reba|te (*v.*) *in masonry and*
woodworking: 'ræb.ɪ|t, 'riː.beɪ|t
(US) 'riː.beɪ|t, 'ræb.ɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting**
-tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
rebec(k) 'riː.bek, 'reb.ek -s -s
Rebecca rɪ'bek.ə, rə-
Rebekah rɪ'bek.ə, rə-
rebel (*n.*) 'reb.əl -s -z
rebel (*v.*) rɪ'bel, rə- -s -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d
rebellion rɪ'bel.i.ən, rə-, '-jən
(US) '-jən -s -z
rebellious rɪ'bel.i.əs, rə- (US) rɪ'bel.jəs
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rebirth ,riː'bɜːθ (US) -'bɝːθ -s -s
rebirthing ,riː'bɜː.θɪŋ (US) -'bɝː-
reborn ,riː'bɔːn (US) -'bɔːrn
rebound (*n.*) 'riː.baʊnd -s -z ,**on the**
'rebound
rebound (*adj.*) *of books, etc.:*
,riː'baʊnd
rebound (*v.*) rɪ'baʊnd, ,riː-
(US) 'riː.baʊnd-; ,riː'baʊnd, rɪ- -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
rebrand ,riː'brænd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Rebuck 'riː.bʌk
rebuff rɪ'bʌf, rə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
rebuild ,riː'bɪld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **rebuilt**
,riː'bɪlt
rebuk|e rɪ'bjuːk, rə- **-es** -s **-ing/ly**
-ɪŋ/li -ed -t
rebus 'riː.bəs **-es** -ɪz
re|but rɪ|'bʌt **-buts** -'bʌts **-butting**
-'bʌt.ɪŋ (US) -'bʌt̬.ɪŋ **-butted** -'bʌt.ɪd
(US) -'bʌt̬.ɪd
rebuttable rɪ'bʌt|.ə.bəl (US) -'bʌt̬-
rebutt|al rɪ'bʌt|.əl (US) -'bʌt̬- **-er/s**
-ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
recalcitran|t rɪ'kæl.sɪ.trən|t, rə-,
-sə- (US) -sɪ- **-ts** -ts **-ce** -ts
recall (*v.*) rɪ'kɔːl, rə- (US) rɪ-, rə-;
'riː.kɔːl, -kɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
recall (*n.*) rɪ'kɔːl, rə-; 'riː.kɔːl
(US) 'riː.kɔːl, -kɑːl -s -z
re|cant rɪ|'kænt **-cants** -'kænts **-cant-**
ing -'kæn.tɪŋ (US) -'kæn.t̬ɪŋ **-canted**
-'kæn.tɪd (US) -'kæn.t̬ɪd
recantation ,riː.kæn'teɪ.ʃən -s -z
recap (*n.*) *recapitulation:* 'riː.kæp -s -s
recap (*v.*) *recapitulate:* 'riː.kæp;
,riː'kæp, rɪ-, rə- (US) 'riː.kæp -s -s
-ping -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
recap (*n.*) *a recapped tyre:* 'riː.kæp -s -s
recap (*v.*) *retread a tyre:* ,riː'kæp
(US) ,riː'kæp, '-- -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
recapitu|late ,riː.kə'pɪt.jə|.leɪt,
-jʊ-, -'pɪtʃ.ə-, '-ʊ- (US) -'pɪtʃ.ə- **-lates**
-leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
recapitulation ,riː.kə,pɪt.jə'leɪ.ʃən,
-jʊ'-, -,pɪtʃ.ə'-, -ʊ'- (US) -,pɪtʃ.ə'- -s -z
recapitulatory ,riː.kə'pɪt.jə.lə.tər.i,
-jʊ-, -'pɪtʃ.ə-, '-ʊ-, -leɪ-
(US) -'pɪtʃ.ə.lə.tɔːr-
recapt|ure ,riː'kæp.tʃ|ər (US) -tʃ|ɚ
-ures -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ured**
-əd (US) -ɚd
recast ,riː'kɑːst (US) -'kæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
recce (R) 'rek.i -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -(e)d -d
reced|e rɪ'siːd, rə-, ,riː- **-es** -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
re|ceipt rɪ|'siːt, rə- **-ceipts** -'siːts
-ceipting -'siː.tɪŋ (US) -'siː.t̬ɪŋ
-ceipted -'siː.tɪd (US) -'siː.t̬ɪd
receiv|e rɪ'siːv, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
-er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
Re,ceived pronunci'ation; ,**on the**
re'ceiving ,end (of)
receivership rɪ'siː.və.ʃɪp, rə- (US) -vɚ-
recency 'riː.sənt.si
recension rɪ'sent.ʃən, rə- -s -z
recent 'riː.sənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
receptacle rɪ'sep.tə.kəl, rə- -s -z
reception rɪ'sep.ʃən, rə- -s -z
receptionist rɪ'sep.ʃən.ɪst, rə- -s -s
receptive rɪ'sep.tɪv, rə- **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs
receptivity ,riː.sep'tɪv.ə.ti, ,rɪs.ep'-,
,res.ep'-, -ɪ.ti (US) riː,sep'tɪv.ə.t̬i, rɪ-
receptor rɪ'sep.tər, rə- (US) -tɚ -s -z
recess rɪ'ses, rə-; 'riː.ses (US) 'riː.ses;
rɪ'ses **-es** -ɪz
recession rɪ'seʃ.ən, rə- -s -z
recessional rɪ'seʃ.ən.əl, rə- -s -z
recessive rɪ'ses.ɪv, rə- **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs
Rechabite 'rek.ə.baɪt
recharg|e (*v.*) ,riː'tʃɑːdʒ, rɪ-
(US) ,riː'tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
-able -ə.bəl **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
recharge (*n.*) 'riː.tʃɑːdʒ (US) -tʃɑːrdʒ
recherché rə'ʃeə.ʃeɪ (US) -'ʃer-, --'-
rechristen ,riː'krɪs.ən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
recidivism rɪ'sɪd.ɪ.vɪ.zəm, rə-, '-ə-
(US) '-ə-
recidivist rɪ'sɪd.ɪ.vɪst, rə-, '-ə-
(US) '-ə- -s -s

Recife res'iː.fə US rə'siː-, res'iː
recipe 'res.ɪ.pi, '-ə-, -piː **-s** -z
recipient rɪ'sɪp.i.ənt, rə- **-s** -s
reciproc|al rɪ'sɪp.rə.k|ᵊl, rə- **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
recipro|cate rɪ'sɪp.rə|.keɪt, rə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd
reciprocation rɪˌsɪp.rə'keɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-
reciprocity ˌres.ɪ'prɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -'prɑː.sə.t̬i
recis(s)ion rɪ'sɪʒ.ᵊn, rə-
recital rɪ'saɪ.tᵊl, rə- US -t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
recitation ˌres.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
recitative (*adj.*) *relating to* **recital**: rɪ'saɪ.tə.tɪv US 'res.ɪ.teɪ.t̬ɪv; rɪ'saɪ.t̬ə-
recitative (*n, adj.*) *in music:* ˌres.ɪ.tə'tiːv US -t̬ə'- **-s** -z
re|cite rɪ|'saɪt, rə- **-cites** -'saɪts **-citing** -'saɪ.tɪŋ US -'saɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cited** -'saɪ.tɪd US -'saɪ.t̬ɪd **-citer/s** -'saɪ.təʳ/z US -'saɪ.t̬ɚ/z
reck rek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
reckless 'rek.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
reckon 'rek.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
reclaim rɪ'kleɪm, ˌriː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
reclaimable rɪ'kleɪ.mə.bᵊl, ˌriː-
reclamation ˌrek.lə'meɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
reclin|e rɪ'klaɪn, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
recliner rɪ'klaɪ.nəʳ, rə- US -nɚ **-s** -z
reclus|e rɪ'kluːs, rə- US 'rek.luːs; rɪ'kluːs **-es** -ɪz **-ive** -ɪv
recognition ˌrek.əg'nɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
recognizab|le, -isa- 'rek.əg.naɪ.zə.b|ᵊl, ˌrek.əg'naɪ- US 'rek.əg.naɪ- **-ly** -li
recognizanc|e, -isa- rɪ'kɒg.nɪ.zᵊnts, rə-, -'kɒn.ɪ- US -'kɑːg.nɪ-, -'kɑː- **-es** -ɪz
recogniz|e, -is|e 'rek.əg.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
recoil (*n.*) 'riː.kɔɪl; rɪ'kɔɪl, rə- **-s** -z
recoil (*v.*) rɪ'kɔɪl, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
recollect ˌrek.ᵊl'ekt, '--- US ˌrek.ə'lekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
recollection ˌrek.ᵊl'ek.ʃᵊn US -ə'lek- **-s** -z
recombinant ˌriː'kɒm.bɪ.nənt, rɪ-, rə-, -bə- US -'kɑːm.bə-
recommenc|e ˌriː.kə'ments, ˌrek.ə'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
recommend ˌrek.ə'mend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl
recommendation ˌrek.ə.men'deɪ.ʃᵊn, -mən'- US -mən'- **-s** -z
recompens|e 'rek.əm.pents **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
recompos|e ˌriː.kəm'pəʊz US -'poʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
recon 'riː.kɒn US -kɑːn
reconcilab|le 'rek.ᵊn.saɪ.lə.b|ᵊl, ˌrek.ᵊn'saɪ- US ˌrek.ᵊn'saɪ- **-ly** -li
reconcil|e 'rek.ᵊn.saɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
reconciliation ˌrek.ᵊnˌsɪl.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
recondite 'rek.ᵊn.daɪt; rɪ'kɒn-, rə- US 'rek.ᵊn-; rɪ'kɑːn-, rə-
recondition ˌriː.kᵊn'dɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
reconduct ˌriː.kᵊn'dʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
reconnaissanc|e rɪ'kɒn.ɪ.sᵊnts, rə-, '-ə- US -'kɑː.nə-, -zᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
reconnoit|er ˌrek.ə'nɔɪ.t|əʳ US ˌriː.kə'nɔɪ.t̬|ɚ, ˌrek.ə'- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
reconnoit|re ˌrek.ə'nɔɪ.t|əʳ US ˌriː.kə'nɔɪ.t̬|ɚ, ˌrek.ə'- **-res** -əz US -ɚz **-ring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-red** -əd US -ɚd
reconqu|er ˌriː'kɒŋ.k|əʳ US -'kɑːŋ.k|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
reconquest ˌriː'kɒŋ.kwest US -'kɑːŋ- **-s** -s
reconsid|er ˌriː.kᵊn'sɪd|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
reconsideration ˌriː.kᵊnˌsɪd.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn US -ə'reɪ-
reconstitu|te ˌriː'kɒn.stɪ.tjuː|t, -stə-, -tʃuː|t US -'kɑːn.stə.tuː|t, -tjuː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
reconstitution ˌriːˌkɒnt.stɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn, -stə'-, -'tʃuː- US -ˌkɑːnt.stə'tuː-, -'tjuː- **-s** -z
reconstruct ˌriː.kᵊn'strʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv
reconstruction ˌriː.kᵊn'strʌk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
reconven|e ˌriː.kən'viːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
reconversion ˌriː.kᵊn'vɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn US -'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
recon|vert ˌriː.kᵊn|'vɜːt US -'vɝːt **-verts** -'vɜːts US -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ US -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd US -'vɝː.t̬ɪd
reconvey ˌriː.kᵊn'veɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
record (*n.*) 'rek.ɔːd US -ɚd **-s** -z **'record ˌplayer**
record (*v.*) rɪ'kɔːd, rə- US -'kɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl **reˌcorded de'livery**
record-break|ing 'rek.ɔːdˌbreɪ.k|ɪŋ US -ɚdˌ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
recorder rɪ'kɔː.dəʳ, rə- US -'kɔːr.dɚ **-s** -z
recordist rɪ'kɔː.dɪst, rə- US -'kɔːr- **-s** -s
recount (*n.*) 'riː.kaʊnt, ˌ-'- US 'riː.kaʊnt **-s** -s
re|count (*v.*) *count again:* ˌriː|'kaʊnt **-counts** -'kaʊnts **-counting** -'kaʊn.tɪŋ US -'kaʊn.t̬ɪŋ **-counted** -'kaʊn.tɪd US -'kaʊn.t̬ɪd
re|count (*v.*) *narrate:* rɪ|'kaʊnt, rə- **-counts** -'kaʊnts **-counting** -'kaʊn.tɪŋ US -'kaʊn.t̬ɪŋ **-counted** -'kaʊn.tɪd US -'kaʊn.t̬ɪd
recoup rɪ'kuːp, rə-, ˌriː- US rɪ-, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt
recourse rɪ'kɔːs, rə- US 'riː.kɔːrs; rɪ'kɔːrs
recov|er *get back, come back to health, etc.:* rɪ'kʌv|.əʳ, rə- US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erable** -ᵊr.ə.bᵊl
recov|er *cover again:* ˌriː'kʌv|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
recover|y rɪ'kʌv.ᵊr|.i, rə- US -ɚ|.i, '-r|i **-ies** -iz
recreant 'rek.ri.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
recre|ate *create anew:* ˌriː.kri|'eɪt **-ates** -'eɪts **-ating** -'eɪ.tɪŋ US -'eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -'eɪ.tɪd US -'eɪ.t̬ɪd
recre|ate *refresh:* 'rek.ri.|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ative** -eɪ.tɪv US -eɪ.t̬ɪv
recreation *creating anew:* ˌriː.kri'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
recreation *refreshment, amusement:* ˌrek.ri'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-al** -ᵊl
recrimi|nate rɪ'krɪm.ɪ|.neɪt, rə-, '-ə- US '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ US -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd US -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z US -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z
recrimination rɪˌkrɪm.ɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, -ə'- US -ə'- **-s** -z
recriminatory rɪ'krɪm.ɪ.nə.tᵊr.i, rə-, '-ə- US -ə.nə.tɔːr-
recross ˌriː'krɒs US -'krɑːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
recrudesc|e ˌriː.kruː'des, ˌrek.ruː'- US ˌriː.kruː'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
recrudescen|ce ˌriː.kruː'des.ᵊn|ts, ˌrek.ruː'- US ˌriː.kruː'- **-t** -t
re|cruit rɪ|'kruːt, rə- **-cruits** -'kruːts **-cruiting** -'kruː.tɪŋ US -'kruː.t̬ɪŋ **-cruited** -'kruː.tɪd US -'kruː.t̬ɪd **-cruiter/s** -'kruː.təʳ/z US -'kruː.t̬ɚ/z **-cruitment** -'kruːt.mənt
rectal 'rek.tᵊl **-ly** -i
rectangle 'rek.tæŋ.gᵊl **-s** -z
rectangular rek'tæŋ.gjə.ləʳ, -gjʊ- US -gjə.lɚ **-ly** -li
rectification ˌrek.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- US -tə- **-s** -z
recti|fy 'rek.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- US -tə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl
rectiline|al ˌrek.tɪ'lɪn.i|.əl, -tə'- US -tə'- **-ar** -əʳ US -ɚ
rectitude 'rek.tɪ.tjuːd, -tə-, -tʃuːd US -tə.tuːd, -tjuːd
recto 'rek.təʊ US -toʊ
rector 'rek.təʳ US -tɚ **-s** -z
rectorate 'rek.tᵊr.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt US -ɪt **-s** -s
rectorial rek'tɔː.ri.əl US -'tɔːr.i-
rectorship 'rek.tə.ʃɪp US -tɚ- **-s** -s
rector|y 'rek.tᵊr|.i **-ies** -ɪz
rect|um 'rek.t|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
rect|us 'rek.t|əs **-i** -aɪ
Reculver rɪ'kʌl.vəʳ, rə- US -vɚ **-s** -z
recumben|ce rɪ'kʌm.bən|ts, rə- **-cy** -si
recumbent rɪ'kʌm.bənt, rə- **-ly** -li
recuper|ate rɪ'kjuː.pᵊr|.eɪt, rə-,

-ˈkuː- (US) -ˈkuː.pə.r|eɪt, -ˈkjuː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

ecuperation rɪˌkjuː.pᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, -ˌkuː- (US) -ˌkuː.pəˈreɪ-, -ˌkjuː-

ecuperative rɪˈkjuː.pᵊr.ə.tɪv, rə-, -ˈkjuː- (US) -ˈkuː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -ˈkjuː-

ecur rɪˈkɜːʳ, rə- (US) -ˈkɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d

ecurrenc|e rɪˈkʌr.ᵊnts, rə- (US) -ˈkɝː- **-es** -ɪz

ecurrent rɪˈkʌr.ənt, rə- (US) -ˈkɝː- **-ly** -li

ecursive rɪˈkɜː.sɪv, ˌriː- (US) -ˈkɝː- **-s** -z **-ly** -li

ecurved ˌriːˈkɜːvd, rɪ-, rə- (US) -ˈkɝːvd

ecusan|cy ˈrek.jʊ.zᵊnt.si, -jə-; rɪˈkjuː-, rə- (US) ˈrek.jʊ-; rɪˈkjuː-, rə- **-ce** -s

ecusant ˈrek.jʊ.zᵊnt, -jə-; rɪˈkjuː-, rə- (US) ˈrek.jʊ-; rɪˈkjuː-, rə- **-s** -s

ecycl|e ˌriːˈsaɪ.kᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-klɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl, ˈ-klə.bᵊl

d (R) red **-s** -z **-der** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-dest** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌred aˈlert; ˌred card; ˌred ˈcarpet; ˌRed ˈCrescent; ˌRed ˈCross; ˌred ˈherring; ˌRed Indian; ˌRed ˈSea; ˌred ˈtape; in the red; ˌsee ˈred; ˌnot worth a ˌred cent; ˌreds under the ˈbed**

dact rɪˈdækt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

daction rɪˈdæk.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

d-blooded ˌredˈblʌd.ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌred-blooded ˈmale

edbourn ˈred.bɔːn (US) ˈred.bɔːrn

dbreast ˈred.brest **-s** -s

dbrick ˈred.brɪk, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈred.brɪk ˌredbrick uniˈversity

edbridge ˈred.brɪdʒ

dbud ˈred.bʌd **-s** -z

dcap ˈred.kæp **-s** -s

edcar ˈred.kɑːʳ *locally:* -kə (US) ˈred.kɑːr

edcliffe, Redclyffe ˈred.klɪf

dcoat ˈred.kəʊt (US) -koʊt **-s** -s

dcurrant ˈredˌkʌr.ənt **-s** -s

eddaway ˈred.ə.weɪ

dden ˈred.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

edding ˈred.ɪŋ

ddish ˈred.ɪʃ **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

edditch ˈred.ɪtʃ

ddle ˈred.ᵊl

decor|ate ˌriːˈdek.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

deem rɪˈdiːm, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl

deemer (R) rɪˈdiː.məʳ, rə- (US) -mɚ **-s** -z

defin|e ˌriː.dɪˈfaɪn, -dəˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

deliv|er ˌriː.dɪˈlɪv|.əʳ, -dəˈ- (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-ery** -ᵊr.i

demption (R) rɪˈdemp.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

demptive rɪˈdemp.tɪv, rə-

-deploy ˌriː.dɪˈplɔɪ, -dəˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ment/s** -mənt/s

redesign ˌriː.dɪˈzaɪn, -dəˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

redevelop ˌriː.dɪˈvel.əp, -dəˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s

red-eye ˈred.aɪ **-s** -z

Redfern ˈred.fɜːn (US) -fɝːn

Redfield ˈred.fiːld

Redford ˈred.fəd (US) -fɚd

Redgrave ˈred.greɪv, ˈreg- (US) ˈred-

red-handed ˌredˈhæn.dɪd

redhead (R) ˈred.hed **-s** -z

Redheugh ˈred.hjuːf, -juːf, -jəf

Redhill ˌredˈhɪl, ˈ--

red-hot ˌredˈhɒt (US) -ˈhɑːt *stress shift:* ˌred-hot ˈpoker

re-dial ˌriːˈdaɪəl (US) -ˈdaɪəl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d

Rediffusion® ˌriː.dɪˈfjuː.ʒᵊn, -dəˈ-

redintegration rɪˌdɪn.tɪˈgreɪ.ʃᵊn, redˌɪn-, -təˈ- (US) redˌɪn.t̬əˈ-, rɪˌdɪn-

redirect ˌriː.dɪˈrekt, -daɪ-, -də- (US) -dɪˈ-, -daɪˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

rediscov|er ˌriː.dɪˈskʌv|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-ery** -ᵊr.i

redistribu|te ˌriː.dɪˈstrɪb.juː|t, -jʊ|t, -dəˈ-; -strɪˈbjuː|t, -stəˈ- (US) ˌriː.dɪˈstrɪb.juː|t, -jʊ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

redistribution ˌriː.dɪ.strɪˈbjuː.ʃᵊn, -strəˈ- **-s** -z

redivid|e ˌriː.dɪˈvaɪd, -dəˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

redivivus ˌred.ɪˈvaɪ.vəs, -əˈ-, -ˈviː-

Redknapp ˈred.næp

red-letter day ˌredˈlet.əˌdeɪ (US) -ˈlet̬.ɚ,- **-s** -z

red-light district ˌredˈlaɪtˌdɪs.trɪkt (US) ˈred.laɪt,- **-s** -s

Redman ˈred.mən, ˈreb- (US) ˈred.mæn

Redmond ˈred.mənd

redneck ˈred.nek **-s** -s

re|-do ˌriː|ˈduː **-does** -ˈdʌz **-doing** -ˈduː.ɪŋ **-did** -ˈdɪd **-done** -ˈdʌn

redolen|t ˈred.ᵊl.ən|t, -əʊ.lən|t (US) -ᵊl.ən|t **-ce** *-ts*

redoubl|e ˌriːˈdʌb.ᵊl, rɪ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˌriːˈdʌb.lɪŋ, rɪˈdʌb- **-ed** -d

redoubt rɪˈdaʊt, rə- **-s** -s

redoubtab|le rɪˈdaʊ.tə.b|ᵊl, rə- (US) -t̬ə- **-ly** -li

redound rɪˈdaʊnd, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Redpath ˈred.pɑːθ, ˈreb- (US) ˈred.pæθ

redraft ˌriːˈdrɑːft (US) -ˈdræft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

re-draw ˌriːˈdrɔː (US) -ˈdrɑː, -ˈdrɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **re-drew** ˌriːˈdruː **re-drawn** ˌriːˈdrɔːn (US) -ˈdrɑːn, -ˈdrɔːn

redress *(v.)* rɪˈdres, rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

redress *(n.)* rɪˈdres, rə-; ˈriː.dres (US) ˈriː.dres

Redriff ˈred.rɪf

Redruth ˌredˈruːθ, ˈ--

redshank ˈred.ʃæŋk **-s** -s

redskin (R) ˈred.skɪn **-s** -z

redstart ˈred.stɑːt (US) -stɑːrt **-s** -s

reduc|e rɪˈdjuːs, rə- (US) -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

reducibility rɪˌdjuː.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -sɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌduː.səˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌdjuː-

reducible rɪˈdjuː.sə.bᵊl, rə-, -sɪ- (US) -ˈduː.sə-, -ˈdjuː-

reductio ad absurdum rɪˌdʌk.ti.əʊ.æd.æbˈsɜː.dəm, rə-, -ʃi-, -əbˈ- (US) -ti.oʊ.æd.æbˈsɝː-, ˈ-ʃi-

reduction rɪˈdʌk.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

reduction|ism rɪˈdʌk.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

reductionistic rɪˌdʌk.ʃᵊnˈɪs.tɪk, rə-

reductive rɪˈdʌk.tɪv, rə-

redundan|cy rɪˈdʌn.dənt|.si, rə- **-cies** -siz **-ce** -s

redundant rɪˈdʌn.dənt, rə- **-ly** -li

redupli|cate rɪˈdjuː.plɪ|.keɪt, rə-, ˌriː-, -ˈdʒuː-, -plə- (US) -ˈduː.plə-, -ˈdjuː- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

reduplication rɪˌdjuː.plɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, ˌriː-, -ˌdʒuː-, -pləˈ- (US) -ˌduː.pləˈ-, -ˌdjuː- **-s** -z

reduplicative rɪˈdjuː.plɪ.kə.tɪv, rə-, -ˈdʒuː-, -plə-, -keɪ- (US) -ˈduː.plə.keɪ.t̬ɪv, -ˈdju-

redwing ˈred.wɪŋ **-s** -z

redwood (R) ˈred.wʊd **-s** -z

Reebok® ˈriː.bɒk (US) -bɑːk **-s** -s

Reece riːs

re-echo ˌriːˈek.əʊ, ri- (US) -oʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

reed (R) riːd **-s** -z

re-ed|it ˌriːˈed|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd

re-edition ˌriː.ɪˈdɪʃ.ᵊn, -əˈ- **-s** -z

re-edu|cate ˌriːˈedʒ.ʊ|.keɪt, ˈ-ə-, -ˈed.jʊ-, -jə- (US) -ˈedʒ.ʊ-, ˈ-ə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

re-education ˌriːˌedʒ.ʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ-, -ˌed.jʊˈ-, -jəˈ- (US) -ˌedʒ.ʊˈ-, -əˈ-

reed-warbler ˈriːdˌwɔː.bləʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈriːdˌwɔːr.blɚ **-s** -z

reed|y ˈriː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

reef riːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**reef ˌknot**

reefer ˈriː.fəʳ (US) -fɚ **-s** -z

reek riːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Reekie ˈriː.ki

reel riːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

re-elect ˌriː.ɪˈlekt, -əˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

re-election ˌriː.ɪˈlek.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- **-s** -z

reel-to-reel ˌriːl.təˈriːl, -tʊˈ-

re-embark ˌriː.ɪmˈbɑːk, -emˈ- (US) -ˈbɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

re-embarkation ˌriː.ɪm.bɑːˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -em-; riˌem- (US) ˌriː.ɪm.bɑːrˈ-, -em- **-s** -z

re-enact ˌriː.ɪˈnækt, -əˈ-, -enˈækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ment/s** -mənt/s

reenforc|e ˌriː.ɪnˈfɔːs, -ənˈ- (US) -ˈfɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

re-engag|e ˌriː.ɪŋˈgeɪdʒ, -eŋˈ-, -ɪnˈ-, -enˈ- (US) -ɪnˈ-, -enˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ement/s** -mənt/s

re-enlist ˌriː.ɪnˈlɪst, -enˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

re-ent|er ˌriːˈen.t|əʳ, ri- (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

re-entr|y ˌriːˈen.tr|i, ri- **-ies** -iz

Rees(e) riːs

re-establish ˌriː.ɪˈstæb.lɪʃ, -esˈtæb- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt

reeve (R) riːv **-s** -z

Reeves riːvz

re-examination ˌriː.ɪɡˌzæm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -eɡˌ-, -əˈ- **-s** -z

re-examin|e ˌriː.ɪɡˈzæm.ɪn, -eɡˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

re-expor|t *(v.)* ˌriː.ɪkˈspɔː|t, -ekˈ- (US) -ˈspɔːr|t; -ˈek.spɔːr|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

ref (R) ref **-s** -s

refac|e ˌriːˈfeɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

refashion ˌriːˈfæʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

refection rɪˈfek.ʃᵊn, rə-

refector|y rɪˈfek.tᵊr|.i, rə-, ˈref.ɪk- (US) rɪˈfek-, rə- **-ies** -iz

refer rɪˈfɜːʳ, rə- (US) -ˈfɝː **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d

referable rɪˈfɜː.rə.bᵊl, rə-; ˈref.ᵊr- (US) rɪˈfɝː.ə-, rə-; ˈref.ɚ-

referee ˌref.ᵊrˈiː (US) -əˈriː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d

referenc|e ˈref.ᵊr.ᵊnts, ˈ-rᵊnts **-es** -ɪz ˈreference ˌbook; ˈreference ˌlibrary

referend|um ˌref.ᵊrˈen.d|əm (US) -əˈren- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

referent ˈref.ᵊr.ənt, ˈ-rᵊnt **-s** -s

referential ˌref.ᵊrˈen.tʃᵊl (US) -əˈrent.ʃᵊl **-ly** -i

referral rɪˈfɜː.rᵊl, rə- (US) -ˈfɝː.ᵊl **-s** -z

refill *(n.)* ˈriː.fɪl **-s** -z

refill *(v.)* ˌriːˈfɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

refin|e rɪˈfaɪn, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ement/s** -mənt/s

refiner|y rɪˈfaɪ.nᵊr|.i, rə- **-ies** -iz

refit *(n.)* ˈriː.fɪt, ˌ-ˈ-

re|fit *(v.)* ˌriː|ˈfɪt **-fits** -ˈfɪts **-fitting** -ˈfɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˈfɪt̬.ɪŋ **-fitted** -ˈfɪt.ɪd (US) -ˈfɪt̬.ɪd

re|flate ˌriː|ˈfleɪt **-flates** -ˈfleɪts **-flating** -ˈfleɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-flated** -ˈfleɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈfleɪ.t̬ɪd

reflation ˌriːˈfleɪ.ʃᵊn

reflationary ˌriːˈfleɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i (US) -er-

reflect rɪˈflekt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

reflection rɪˈflek.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

reflective rɪˈflek.tɪv, rə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

reflex ˈriː.fleks **-es** -ɪz

reflexed rɪˈflekst, ˌriː-; ˈriː.flekst

reflexive rɪˈflek.sɪv, rə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

reflexolog|y ˌriː.flekˈsɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -ˈsɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

re|float ˌriː|ˈfləʊt (US) -ˈfloʊt **-floats** -ˈfləʊts (US) -ˈfloʊts **-floating** -ˈfləʊ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-floated** -ˈfləʊ.tɪd (US) -ˈfloʊ.t̬ɪd

refluent ˈref.lu.ənt

reflux ˈriː.flʌks **-es** -ɪz

reforest ˌriːˈfɒr.ɪst (US) -ˈfɔːr.ɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

reforestation ˌriː.fɒr.ɪˈsteɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- (US) -fɔːr.ɪˈ-

reform *(n, v.) make better, become better, etc.:* rɪˈfɔːm, rə- (US) -ˈfɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl reˈform ˌschool

re-form *(v.) form again:* ˌriːˈfɔːm (US) -ˈfɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

reformation (R) ˌref.əˈmeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɔːˈ- (US) -ɚˈ- **-s** -z

reformative rɪˈfɔː.mə.tɪv, rə- (US) -ˈfɔːr.mə.t̬ɪv

reformator|y rɪˈfɔː.mə.tᵊr|.i, rə- (US) -ˈfɔːr.mə.tɔːr- **-ies** -iz

reformist rɪˈfɔː.mɪst, rə- (US) -ˈfɔːr-

refract rɪˈfrækt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ive** -ɪv

refraction rɪˈfræk.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

refractor|y rɪˈfræk.tᵊr|.i, rə- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

refrain rɪˈfreɪn, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

refresh rɪˈfreʃ, rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z reˈfresher ˌcourse

refreshment rɪˈfreʃ.mənt, rə- **-s** -s

refried *stress shift, see compound:* ˌriːˈfraɪd ˌrefried ˈbeans

refriger|ate rɪˈfrɪdʒ.ᵊr|.eɪt, rə- (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

refrigeration rɪˌfrɪdʒ.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə- (US) -əˈreɪ-

refrigerator rɪˈfrɪdʒ.ᵊr.eɪ.təʳ, rə- (US) -ə.reɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

reft reft

re-fuel ˌriːˈfjuː.əl, -ˈfjʊəl (US) -ˈfjuː.əl, -ˈfjuːl **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-led** -d

refug|e ˈref.juːdʒ **-es** -ɪz

refugee ˌref.jʊˈdʒiː, -jəˈ- (US) ˌref.jʊˈdʒiː, -jəˈ-; ˈref.jʊ.dʒi, -jə- **-s** -z

refulgen|ce rɪˈfʌl.dʒən|ts, rə- (US) -ˈfʌl-, -ˈfʊl- **-t/ly** -t/li

refund *(n.)* ˈriː.fʌnd **-s** -z

refund *(v.)* ˌriːˈfʌnd, rɪ-, rə-; ˈriː.fʌnd (US) ˌriːˈfʌnd, rɪ-, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

refurbish ˌriːˈfɜː.bɪʃ (US) -ˈfɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s

refurnish ˌriːˈfɜː.nɪʃ (US) -ˈfɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

refusal rɪˈfjuː.zᵊl, rə- **-s** -z

refuse *(n, adj.)* ˈref.juːs

refus|e *(v.)* rɪˈfjuːz, rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl

refusenik rɪˈfjuːz.nɪk, rə- **-s** -s

refutability ˌref.jʊ.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -jə-, -ɪ.ti; rɪˌfjuː-, rə- (US) rɪˌfjuː.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i; ˌref.jə.t̬əˈ-

refutab|le ˈref.jʊ.tə.b|ᵊl, -jə-; rɪˈfjuː-, rə- (US) rɪˈfjuː.t̬ə-, rə-; ˈref.jə- **-ly** -li

refutation ˌref.jʊˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -jəˈ- **-s** -z

re|fute rɪ|ˈfjuːt, rə- **-futes** -ˈfjuːts **-futing** -ˈfjuː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈfjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-futed** -ˈfjuː.tɪd (US) -ˈfjuː.t̬ɪd

Reg redʒ

-reg *car numberplate:* ˌredʒ

Note: Used in the UK to refer to the year of registration of a car, which is indicated on the numberplate by a letter, e.g. **an F-reg.**

regain rɪˈɡeɪn, ˌriː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

regal ˈriː.ɡᵊl **-ly** -i

regal|e rɪˈɡeɪl, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

regalia rɪˈɡeɪ.li.ə, rə- (US) -ˈɡeɪl.jə, -ˈɡeɪ.li.ə

Regan ˈriː.ɡᵊn

regard rɪˈɡɑːd, rə- (US) -ˈɡɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ant** -ᵊnt

regardful rɪˈɡɑːd.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl (US) -ˈɡɑːrd- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

regardless rɪˈɡɑːd.ləs, rə-, -lɪs (US) -ˈɡɑːrd- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

regatta rɪˈɡæt.ə, rə- (US) -ˈɡɑː.t̬ə, -ˈɡæt̬.ə **-s** -z

regenc|y (R) ˈriː.dʒᵊnt.s|i **-ies** -iz

regenerat|e *(adj.)* rɪˈdʒen.ᵊr.ət, rə-, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) -ɪt **-ive** -ɪv

regener|ate *(v.)* rɪˈdʒen.ᵊr|.eɪt, rə-, ˌriː- (US) -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

regeneration rɪˌdʒen.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, ˌriː.dʒen- (US) -əˈreɪ- **-s** -z

Regensburg ˈreɪ.ɡᵊnz.bɜːɡ (US) -bɝːɡ

regent (R) ˈriː.dʒᵊnt **-s** -s

regentship ˈriː.dʒᵊnt.ʃɪp **-s** -s

reggae ˈreɡ.eɪ

Reggie ˈredʒ.i

Reggio ˈredʒ.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ

regicidal ˌredʒ.ɪˈsaɪ.dᵊl, -əˈ-

regicide ˈredʒ.ɪ.saɪd, ˈ-ə- **-s** -z

regime, régime reɪˈʒiːm, rɪ-, rə-, reʒˈiːm; ˈreɪ.ʒiːm (US) rəˈʒiːm, rɪ-, re- **-s** -z

regimen ˈredʒ.ɪ.mən, ˈ-ə-, -men (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -z

regiment *(n.)* ˈredʒ.ɪ.mənt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -s

regimen|t *(v.)* ˈredʒ.ɪ.men|t, ˈ-ə-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈredʒ.ə.men|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

regimental ˌredʒ.ɪˈmen.tᵊl, -əˈ- (US) -əˈmen.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌregimental ˈcolours

regimentation ˌredʒ.ɪ.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə-, -mən- (US) -ə.mən-, -men-

Regina rɪˈdʒaɪ.nə, rə- (US) -ˈdʒaɪ-, -ˈdʒiː-

Note: In the US, /-ˈdʒiː-/ is especially suitable for the female name.

Reginald ˈredʒ.ɪ.nᵊld

region ˈriː.dʒᵊn **-s** -z

regional ˈriː.dʒᵊn.ᵊl **-ly** -i

regional|ism ˈriː.dʒᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

regionalistic ˌriː.dʒᵊn.ᵊlˈɪs.tɪk

Regis ˈriː.dʒɪs

regist|er ˈredʒ.ɪ.st|əʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -st|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˌregistered ˈmail

registrant ˈredʒ.ɪ.strᵊnt, ˈ-ə- **-s** -s

registrar ˌredʒ.ɪˈstrɑːʳ, -əˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˈredʒ.ɪ.strɑːr, ˌ--ˈ- **-s** -z

egistrar|y ˈredʒ.ɪ.strᵊr|.i, ˈ-ə- US -ɪ.strer- -ies -iz
egistration ˌredʒ.ɪˈstreɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- -s -z regiˈstration ˌnumber
egistr|y ˈredʒ.ɪ.str|i, ˈ-ə- -ies -iz ˈregistry ˌoffice
egius ˈriː.dʒi.əs, -dʒəs
gn|al ˈreg.n|ᵊl -ant -ənt
gress (n.) ˈriː.gres
gress (v.) rɪˈgres, ˌriː-, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
gression rɪˈgreʃ.ᵊn, ˌriː-, rə- -s -z
gressive rɪˈgres.ɪv, ˌriː-, rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
|gret rɪ|ˈgret, rə- -grets -ˈgrets -gretting -ˈgret.ɪŋ US -ˈgret̬.ɪŋ -gretted -ˈgret.ɪd US -ˈgret̬.ɪd
gretful rɪˈgret.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl -ly -i
grettab|le rɪˈgret.ə.b|ᵊl, rə- US -ˈgret̬- -ly -li
group ˌriːˈgruːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
gular ˈreg.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- US -lɚ -s -z -ly -li
gularity ˌreg.jəˈlær.ə.ti, -jʊˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ˈler.ə.t̬i, -ˈlær-
gularization, -isa- reg.jə.lᵊr.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ-, -ɪˈ- US -ɪˈ-
gulariz|e, -is|e ˈreg.jə.lᵊr.aɪz, -jʊ- US -lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
gu|late ˈreg.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd -lator/s -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
gulation ˌreg.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- -s -z
gulative ˈreg.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ-, -leɪ- US -leɪ.t̬ɪv, -lə-
gulatory ˈreg.jə.lə.tᵊr.i, -jʊ-; reg.jəˈleɪ-, -jəˈ- US ˈreg.jə.lə.tɔːr-, -jʊ-
gul|us (R) ˈreg.jə.l|əs, -jʊ- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ
gurgi|tate rɪˈgɜː.dʒɪ|.teɪt, rə-, riː-, -dʒə- US -ˈgɝː.dʒə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
gurgitation rɪˌgɜː.dʒɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, ˌriː-, -dʒəˈ- US -ˌgɝː.dʒəˈ-
hab ˈriː.hæb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
habili|tate ˌriː.həˈbɪl.ɪ|.teɪt, -əˈ-, -ə- US ˈ-ə- -tates -teɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ US -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ -tated -teɪ.tɪd US -teɪ.t̬ɪd
habilitation ˌriː.həˌbɪl.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˌ-, -əˈ- US -əˈ- -s -z
han ˈriː.ən, ˈreɪ- US ˈriː-
hash (n.) ˈriː.hæʃ, ˌ-ˈ- -es -ɪz
hash (v.) ˌriːˈhæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
hear ˌriːˈhɪəʳ US -ˈhɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ reheard ˌriːˈhɜːd US -ˈhɝːd
hearsal rɪˈhɜː.sᵊl, rə- US -ˈhɝː- -s -z
hears|e rɪˈhɜːs, rə- US -ˈhɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
|heat ˌriː|ˈhiːt -heats -ˈhiːts -heating -ˈhiː.tɪŋ US -ˈhiː.t̬ɪŋ -heated -ˈhiː.tɪd US -ˈhiː.t̬ɪd -heater/s -ˈhiː.təʳ/z US -ˈhiː.t̬ɚ/z
ehnquist ˈren.kwɪst, ˈreŋ-
hoboam (R) ˌriː.əˈbəʊ.əm, -həˈ- US -həˈboʊ- -s -z
re-hous|e ˌriːˈhaʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rehy|drate ˌriː.haɪ|ˈdreɪt US -ˈhaɪ|.dreɪt -drates -ˈdreɪts US -dreɪts -drating -ˈdreɪ.tɪŋ US -dreɪ.t̬ɪŋ -drated -ˈdreɪ.tɪd US -dreɪ.t̬ɪd
rehydration ˌriː.haɪˈdreɪ.ʃᵊn
Reich raɪk *as if German:* raɪx
Reichstag ˈraɪk.stɑːg *as if German:* ˈraɪx-, -tɑːk US ˈraɪk.stɑːg *as if German:* ˈraɪx-
Reid riːd
reification ˌreɪ.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌriː-, ˌ-ə- US ˌ-ə-
rei|fy ˈreɪ.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈriː-, ˈ-ə- US ˈriː.ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
Reigate ˈraɪ.geɪt, -gɪt
reign (n, v.) reɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌreign of ˈterror
Reigny ˈreɪ.ni
Reill(e)y ˈraɪ.li
reimburs|e ˌriː.ɪmˈbɜːs, -əmˈ- US -ˈbɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ement/s -mənt/s
re-im|port ˌriː.ɪm|ˈpɔːt US -ˈpɔːrt, -ˈ-- -ports -ˈpɔːts US -ˈpɔːrts -porting -ˈpɔː.tɪŋ US -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -ported -ˈpɔː.tɪd US -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd
reimpos|e ˌriː.ɪmˈpəʊz US -ˈpoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reimpression ˌriː.ɪmˈpreʃ.ᵊn -s -z
Reims riːmz
rein reɪn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reincarnate (adj.) ˌriː.ɪnˈkɑː.nət, -ɪŋˈ-, -nɪt, -neɪt US -ɪnˈkɑːr.nɪt, -neɪt
reincarna|te (v.) ˌriː.ɪn.kɑːˈneɪ|t, -ɪŋ-; ˌriːˈɪn.kɑː.neɪ|t, -ˈɪŋ- US ˌriː.ɪnˈkɑːr.neɪ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
reincarnation ˌriː.ɪn.kɑːˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪŋ- US -ɪn.kɑːrˈ- -s -z
reindeer ˈreɪn.dɪəʳ US -dɪr
reinforc|e ˌriː.ɪnˈfɔːs US -ˈfɔːrs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ement/s -mənt/s
Reinhard(t) ˈraɪn.hɑːt US -hɑːrt
reinstal|l ˌriː.ɪnˈstɔːl US -stɔːl, -stɑːl -(l)s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d -ment -mənt
rein|state ˌriː.ɪn|ˈsteɪt -states -ˈsteɪts -stating -ˈsteɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪŋ -stated -ˈsteɪ.tɪd US -ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪd -statement -ˈsteɪt.mənt
reinsur|e ˌriː.ɪnˈʃʊəʳ, -ˈʃɔːʳ US -ˈʃʊr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ance/s -ᵊnts/ɪz
reintroduc|e ˌriː.ɪn.trəˈdjuːs, -ˈdʒuːs US -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
reintroduction ˌriː.ɪn.trəˈdʌk.ʃᵊn -s -z
rein|vent ˌriː.ɪn|ˈvent -vents -ˈvents -venting -ˈven.tɪŋ US -ˈven.t̬ɪŋ -vented -ˈven.tɪd US -ˈven.t̬ɪd
reinvention ˌriː.ɪnˈven.tʃᵊn US -ˈvent.ʃᵊn
reinvest ˌriː.ɪnˈvest -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reinvigor|ate ˌriː.ɪnˈvɪg.ᵊr|.eɪt US -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
reinvigoration ˌriː.ɪn.vɪ.gᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn US -gəˈreɪ-
reissu|e ˌriːˈɪʃ.uː, -ˈɪs.juː US -ˈɪʃ.juː, -uː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reiter|ate riˈɪt.ᵊr|.eɪt US -ˈɪt̬.ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
reiteration riˌɪt.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn US -ˌɪt̬.əˈreɪ- -s -z
reiterative riˈɪt.ᵊr.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- US -ˈɪt̬.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, ˈ-ɚ.ə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Reith riːθ
reject (n.) ˈriː.dʒekt -s -s
reject (v.) rɪˈdʒekt, rə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
rejection rɪˈdʒek.ʃᵊn, rə- -s -z
rejig ˌriːˈdʒɪg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
rejoic|e rɪˈdʒɔɪs, rə- -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
rejoin *answer:* rɪˈdʒɔɪn, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rejoin *join again:* ˌriːˈdʒɔɪn, rɪ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rejoinder rɪˈdʒɔɪn.dəʳ, rə- US -dɚ -s -z
rejuven|ate rɪˈdʒuː.vᵊn|.eɪt, -vɪ.n|eɪt US -və- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
rejuvenation rɪˌdʒuː.vᵊnˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, -vɪˈneɪ- US -vəˈneɪ-
rejuvenescen|ce ˌriː.dʒuː.vᵊnˈes.ᵊn|ts, rɪˌdʒuː-, -vɪˈnes- US rɪˌdʒuː.vəˈ- -t -t
rekindl|e ˌriːˈkɪn.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˌriːˈkɪnd.lɪŋ -ed -d
re-label ˌriːˈleɪ.bᵊl -s -z -ling -ɪŋ, -ˈleɪ.blɪŋ -led -d
relaid (*past of* relay = *lay again*) riːˈleɪd, rɪ-, rə-
relapse (n.) rɪˈlæps, rə-; ˈriː.læps
relaps|e (v.) rɪˈlæps, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
re|late (R) rɪ|ˈleɪt, rə- -lates -ˈleɪts -lating -ˈleɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈleɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -ˈleɪ.tɪd US -ˈleɪ.t̬ɪd -later/s -ˈleɪ.təʳ/z US -ˈleɪ.t̬ɚ/z
relation rɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, rə- -s -z
relational rɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, rə-
relationship rɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn.ʃɪp, rə- -s -s
relatival ˌrel.əˈtaɪ.vᵊl
relative ˈrel.ə.tɪv US -t̬ɪv -s -z -ly -li ˌrelative ˈclause; ˌrelative ˈpronoun
relativ|ism ˈrel.ə.tɪ.v|ɪ.zᵊm US -t̬ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
relativistic ˌrel.ə.tɪˈvɪs.tɪk US -t̬ɪˈ-
relativity ˌrel.əˈtɪv.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
relaunch (n.) ˈriː.lɔːntʃ US -lɑːntʃ -es -ɪz
relaunch (v.) ˌriːˈlɔːntʃ US -ˈlɑːntʃ, -ˈlɔːntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
relax rɪˈlæks, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ant/s -ᵊnt/s
relaxation ˌriː.lækˈseɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
relay (n.) ˈriː.leɪ, rɪˈleɪ, rə- US ˈriː.leɪ -s -z ˈrelay ˌrace
relay (v.) *lay again:* ˌriːˈleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ relaid ˌriːˈleɪd
relay (v.) *send, broadcast:* ˈriː.leɪ,

rɪ'leɪ, rə-, riː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

releas|e rɪ'liːs, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

rele|gate 'rel.ɪ|.geɪt, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd

relegation ˌrel.ɪ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'- (US) -ə'-

re|lent rɪ|'lent, rə- -lents -'lents -lenting -'len.tɪŋ (US) -'len.t̬ɪŋ -lented -'len.tɪd (US) -'len.t̬ɪd

relentless rɪ'lent.ləs, rə-, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

Relenza rɪ'len.zə

re|-let ˌriː|'let -lets -'lets -letting -'let.ɪŋ (US) -'let̬.ɪŋ

relevan|ce 'rel.ə.vənt|s, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- -cy -si

relevant 'rel.ə.vənt, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- -ly -li

reliability rɪˌlaɪ.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

reliab|le rɪ'laɪ.ə.b|ᵊl, rə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

relian|ce rɪ'laɪ.ən|ts, rə-

reliant rɪ'laɪ.ənt, rə-

relic 'rel.ɪk -s -s

relict 'rel.ɪkt -s -s

reliction rɪ'lɪk.ʃᵊn

relief rɪ'liːf, rə- -s -s **re'lief ˌmap**

reliev|e rɪ'liːv, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl

relievo rɪ'liː.vəʊ (US) -voʊ

Religio Laici rɪˌlɪg.i.əʊ'lɑː.ɪ.siː, rə-, -kiː (US) rɪˌlɪdʒ.i.oʊ'leɪ.ə-

religion rɪ'lɪdʒ.ᵊn, rə- -s -z

religion|ism rɪ'lɪdʒ.ᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm, rə- -ist/s -ɪst/s

religiosity rɪˌlɪdʒ.i'ɒs.ə.ti, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -'ɑː.sə.t̬i

religious rɪ'lɪdʒ.əs, rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

relin|e ˌriː'laɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

relinquish rɪ'lɪŋ.kwɪʃ, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ment -mənt

reliquar|y 'rel.ɪ.kwᵊr|.i (US) -ə.kwer- -ies -iz

relish 'rel.ɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

reliv|e ˌriː'lɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

reload ˌriː'ləʊd (US) -'loʊd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

relo|cate ˌriː.ləʊ|'keɪt (US) -'loʊ|.keɪt -cates -'keɪts (US) -keɪts -cating -'keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -'keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd

relocation ˌriː.ləʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -loʊ'-

reluctance rɪ'lʌk.tᵊnts, rə-

reluctant rɪ'lʌk.tᵊnt, rə- -ly -li

reluctivity ˌrel.ʌk'tɪv.ə.ti, ˌriː.lʌk'-; rɪˌlʌk'-, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌrel.ək'tɪv.ə.t̬i

re|ly rɪ|'laɪ, rə- -lies -'laɪz -lying -'laɪ.ɪŋ -lied -'laɪd

REM, rem ˌɑːʳ.iː'em; rem (US) ˌɑːr.iː'em; rem

remain rɪ'meɪn, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

remainder rɪ'meɪn.dəʳ, rə- (US) -dɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

remak|e (*v.*) ˌriː'meɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ **remade** ˌriː'meɪd

re-make (*n.*) 'riː.meɪk -s -s

remand rɪ'mɑːnd, rə- (US) -'mænd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **re'mand ˌhome**

remanence 'rem.ə.nənts

remark rɪ'mɑːk, rə- (US) -'mɑːrk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

remarkab|le rɪ'mɑː.kə.b|ᵊl, rə- (US) -'mɑːr- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

Remarque rɪ'mɑːk, rə- (US) -'mɑːrk

remarriag|e ˌriː'mær.ɪdʒ (US) -'mer-, -'mær- -es -ɪz

remarr|y ˌriː'mær|.i (US) -'mer-, -'mær- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

remaster ˌriː'mɑː.stəʳ (US) -'mæs.tɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

rematch 'riː.mætʃ -es -ɪz

Rembrandt 'rem.brænt, -brənt (US) -brænt, -brɑːnt -s -s

REME 'riː.mi

remediable rɪ'miː.di.ə.bᵊl, rə-

remedial rɪ'miː.di.əl, rə- -ly -i

remediation rɪˌmiː.di'eɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-

remed|y 'rem.ə.d|i, '-ɪ- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

rememb|er rɪ'mem.b|əʳ, rə- (US) -b|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

remembranc|e rɪ'mem.brᵊnts, rə- -es -ɪz -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **Re'membrance ˌDay**

re-militariz|e, -is|e ˌriː'mɪl.ɪ.tᵊr.aɪz, '-ə- (US) -t̬ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

remind rɪ'maɪnd, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Remington 'rem.ɪŋ.tən -s -z

reminisc|e ˌrem.ɪ'nɪs, -ə'- (US) -ə'- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

reminiscenc|e ˌrem.ɪ'nɪs.ᵊnts, -ə'- (US) -ə'- -es -ɪz

reminiscent ˌrem.ɪ'nɪs.ᵊnt, -ə'- (US) -ə'-

remiss rɪ'mɪs, rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

remission rɪ'mɪʃ.ᵊn, rə- -s -z

remit (*n.*) 'riː.mɪt; rɪ'mɪt, rə-, riː- (US) rɪ'mɪt, rə- -s -s

re|mit (*v.*) rɪ|'mɪt, rə- -mits -'mɪts -mitting -'mɪt.ɪŋ (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪŋ -mitted -'mɪt.ɪd (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪd -mitter/s -'mɪt.əʳ/z (US) -'mɪt̬.ɚ/z

remittal rɪ'mɪt.ᵊl, rə- (US) -'mɪt̬- -s -z

remittanc|e rɪ'mɪt.ᵊnts, rə- -es -ɪz

remittitur rɪ'mɪt.ɪ.tʊəʳ, rə-, -tɜːʳ (US) rə'mɪt̬.ə.tɚ

remix 'riː.mɪks -es -ɪz

remix ˌriː'mɪks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

remnant 'rem.nənt -s -s

remodel ˌriː'mɒd.ᵊl (US) -'mɑː.dᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d

remold (*v.*) ˌriː'məʊld (US) -'moʊld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

remold (*n.*) 'riː.məʊld (US) -moʊld -s -z

remonetiz|e, -is|e ˌriː'mʌn.ɪ.taɪz, '-ə- (US) -'mɑː.nə-, -'mʌn.ə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

remonstranc|e rɪ'mɒnt.strᵊnts, rə- (US) -'mɑːnt- -es -ɪz

remonstrant rɪ'mɒnt.strᵊnt, rə- (US) -'mɑːnt- -ly -li

remon|strate 'rem.ən|.streɪt; rɪ'mɒnt-, rə- (US) rɪ'mɑːnt-, rə-; 'rem.ənt- -strates -streɪts -strating -streɪ.tɪŋ (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪŋ -strated -streɪ.tɪd (US) -streɪ.t̬ɪd

remonstrative rɪ'mɒnt.strə.tɪv, rə- (US) -'mɑːnt.strə.t̬ɪv -ly -li

remorse rɪ'mɔːs, rə- (US) -'mɔːrs

remorseful rɪ'mɔːs.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl (US) -'mɔːrs- -ly -i

remorseless rɪ'mɔː.sləs, rə-, -lɪs (US) -'mɔːrs.ləs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

remortgag|e ˌriː'mɔː.gɪdʒ (US) -'mɔːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

remote rɪ'məʊt, rə- (US) -'moʊt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **reˌmote con'trol**

remould (*v.*) ˌriː'məʊld (US) -'moʊld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

remould (*n.*) 'riː.məʊld (US) -moʊld -s -z

remount (*n.*) 'riː.maʊnt, ˌ-'- (US) 'riː.maʊnt -s -s

re|mount (*v.*) ˌriː|'maʊnt -mounts -'maʊnts -mounting -'maʊn.tɪŋ (US) -'maʊn.t̬ɪŋ -mounted -'maʊn.tɪd (US) -'maʊn.t̬ɪd

removability rɪˌmuː.və'bɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

removal rɪ'muː.vᵊl, rə- -s -z **re'moval ˌvan**

remov|e rɪ'muːv, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl

Remploy® 'rem.plɔɪ

remuner|ate rɪ'mjuː.nᵊr|.eɪt, rə- (US) -nə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

remuneration rɪˌmjuː.nᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, rə- (US) -nə'reɪ- -s -z

remunerative rɪ'mjuː.nᵊr.ə.tɪv, rə- (US) -nə.reɪ.t̬ɪv, -nɚ.ə-

Remus 'riː.məs

renaissance (R) rə'neɪ.sᵊnts, rɪ-, ˌren.eɪ'sɑ̃ːns, -'sɑːnts (US) ˌren.ə'sɑːnts, -'zɑːnts, '--- **ReˌnaissanceˈMan**

renal 'riː.nᵊl

renam|e ˌriː'neɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

renascen|t rɪ'neɪ.sᵊn|t, rə-, -'næs.ᵊn|t (US) -'næs.ᵊn|t, -'neɪ.sᵊn|t -ce -ts

Renault® 'ren.əʊ (US) rə'noʊ, -'nɔːlt -s -z

rend rend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd rent rent

Rendell 'ren.dᵊl

rend|er 'ren.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering/s -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z -ered -əd (US) -ɚd

rendezvous *singular:* 'rɒn.dɪ.vuː, -deɪ- (US) 'rɑːn.deɪ-, -diː-, -dɪ- -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *plural:* -z

rendition ren'dɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z

Renee, Renée 'ren.eɪ; rə'neɪ; 'riː.ni (US) rə'neɪ

reneg(u)|e rɪ'niːg, rə-, -'neɪg, -'neg (US) -'nɪg, -'neg, -'niːg -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

renegade 'ren.ɪ.geɪd, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -s -z

renegoti|ate ˌriː.nɪ'gəʊ.ʃi|.eɪt, -nə'- (US) -nə'goʊ- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

renegotiation ˌriː.nɪˌgəʊ.ʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -nəˌ- (US) -nəˌgoʊ- -s -z

ew rɪ'njuː, rə- (US) rɪ'nuː, -'njuː -s -z
ng -ɪŋ -ed -d -able/s -ə.bᵊl/z
ewal rɪ'njuː.əl, rə-, -'njʊəl
(US) -'nuː.əl, -'njuː- -s -z
nfrew 'ren.fruː -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ
(US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
in 'riː.nɪn (US) 'riː.nɪn, 'ren.ən
minbi ren'mɪn.bi (US) 'ren.mɪn-
nes ren
net 'ren.ɪt
nie 'ren.i
nies® 'ren.iz
nin 'ren.ɪn
no 'riː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
noir rən'wɑːʳ; 'ren.wɑːʳ, ˌ-'-
(US) rən'wɑːr, 'ren.wɑːr
ounc|e rɪ'naʊnts, rə- -es -ɪz -ing
ŋ -ed -t -ement -mənt
o|vate 'ren.əl.veɪt -vates -veɪts
rating -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ -vated
eɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd -vator/s
eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -veɪ.t̬ɚ/z
ovation ˌren.ə'veɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
own rɪ'naʊn, rə- -ed -d
nshaw 'ren.ʃɔː (US) -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
t rent -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'ren.t̬ɪŋ -ed
d (US) 'ren.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z
(US) 'ren.t̬ɚ/z
t-a-crowd 'rent.ə.kraʊd (US) 'rent̬-
tal 'ren.tᵊl (US) -t̬ᵊl -s -z
t-free ˌrent'friː *stress shift:* ˌrent-
ee 'flat
tier 'rɑːn.ti.eɪ (US) -'tjeɪ -s -z
ntokil® 'ren.təʊ.kɪl (US) -t̬ə-, -toʊ-
nton 'ren.tən (US) -tᵊn
t-roll 'rent.rəʊl (US) -roʊl -s -z
unciation rɪˌnʌnt.si'eɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-
-z
voi ren'vɔɪ
nwick 'ren.ɪk, -wɪk
e: For US names, /'ren.wɪk/ is the
kely pronunciation.
ccupation riːˌɒk.jə'peɪ.ʃᵊn, ri-,
ʊ'- (US) -ˌɑː.kjə'-, -kjʊ'- -s -z
ccup|y ˌriː'ɒk.jə.pl|aɪ, ri-, -jʊ-
(US) -'ɑː.kjə-, -kjʊ- -ies -aɪz -ying
ɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
ffend ˌriː.ə'fend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
pen ˌriː'əʊ.pᵊn, ri-, -pᵊm
(US) -'oʊ.pᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rganization, -isa-
ːˌɔː.gᵊn.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ri-, -ɪ'-
(US) -ˌɔːr.gᵊn.ɪ'-; ˌriː.ɔːr- -s -z
rganiz|e, -is|e ˌriː'ɔː.gᵊn.aɪz, ri-
(US) -'ɔːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ri|ent ˌriː'ɔː.ri|.ənt, ri- (US) -'ɔːr.i-
ents -ənts -enting -ən.tɪŋ (US) -ən.t̬ɪŋ
ented -ən.tɪd (US) -ən.t̬ɪd
rien|tate ˌriː'ɔː.ri.ən|.teɪt, -'ɒr.i-,
en- (US) ˌriː'ɔːr.i.en-, -ən- -tates
eɪts -tating -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ
tated -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd
rientation riːˌɔː.ri.ən'teɪ.ʃᵊn,
ɒr.i-, -en'- (US) -ˌɔːr.i.en'-, -ən'-
rep -s -s
packag|e ˌriː'pæk.ɪdʒ -s -ɪz -ing
ŋ -ed -d
paid (*from* **repay**, *pay back*)
rɪ'peɪd, rə-, ˌriː- (*from* **repay**, *pay a second time*) ˌriː'peɪd

repair rɪ'peəʳ, rə- (US) -'per -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
repairable rɪ'peə.rə.bᵊl, rə- (US) -'per.ə-
reparability ˌrep.ᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
reparable 'rep.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl
reparation ˌrep.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ə'reɪ- -s -z
repartee ˌrep.ɑː'tiː (US) -ɑːr'-, -ɚ'-, -'teɪ
repass ˌriː'pɑːs (US) -'pæs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
repast rɪ'pɑːst, rə- (US) -'pæst -s -s
repatri|ate riː'pæt.ri|.eɪt, rɪ- (US) -'peɪ.tri- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
repatriation ˌriː.pæt.ri'eɪ.ʃᵊn; rɪˌpæt- (US) rɪˌpeɪ.tri'-
repay *pay back:* rɪ'peɪ, rə-, ˌriː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **repaid** rɪ'peɪd, rə-, ˌriː-
repay *pay again:* ˌriː'peɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **repaid** ˌriː'peɪd
repayable rɪ'peɪ.ə.bᵊl, ˌriː-
repayment rɪ'peɪ.mənt, ˌriː- -s -s
repeal rɪ'piːl, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
re|peat rɪ|'piːt, rə- -peats -'piːts -peating -'piː.tɪŋ (US) -'piː.t̬ɪŋ -peated/ly -'piː.tɪd/li (US) -'piː.t̬ɪd/li -peater/s -'piː.təʳ/z (US) -'piː.t̬ɚ/z
repeatability rɪˌpiː.tə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, rə-, -ə.ti (US) -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
repêchage, repechage 'rep.ə.ʃɑːʒ, '-ɪ-, ˌ--'- (US) ˌrep.ə'ʃɑːʒ; rəˌpeʃ'-
repel rɪ'pel, rə- -s -z -ling -ɪŋ -led -d
repellent, repellant rɪ'pel.ᵊnt, rə- -s -s
re|pent rɪ|'pent, rə- -pents -'pents -penting -'pen.tɪŋ (US) -'pen.t̬ɪŋ -pented -'pen.tɪd (US) -'pen.t̬ɪd
repentanc|e rɪ'pen.tən*t*s, rə- (US) -tᵊnts -es -ɪz
repentant rɪ'pen.tənt, rə- (US) -tᵊnt -ly -li
repercussion ˌriː.pə'kʌʃ.ᵊn (US) -pɚ'-, ˌrep.ɚ'- -s -z
repertoire 'rep.ə.twɑːʳ (US) -ɚ.twɑːr, '-ə- -s -z
repertor|y 'rep.ə.tᵊr|.i (US) -ɚ.tɔːr-, '-ə- -ies -iz
répétiteur rɪˌpet.ɪ'tɜːʳ, rə- (US) ˌreɪ.peɪ'tiː.tɚ -s -z
repetition ˌrep.ɪ'tɪʃ.ᵊn, -ə'- (US) -ə'- -s -z
repetitious ˌrep.ɪ'tɪʃ.əs, -ə'- (US) -ə'- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
repetitive rɪ'pet.ə.tɪv, rə-, '-ɪ- (US) -'pet̬.ə.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs **reˌpetitive 'strain ˌinjury; reˌpetitive 'motion ˌinjury**
rephras|e ˌriː'freɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
repin|e rɪ'paɪn, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
replac|e rɪ'pleɪs, rə-, ˌriː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
replaceable rɪ'pleɪ.sə.bᵊl, rə-, ˌriː-
replacement rɪ'pleɪs.mənt, rə-, ˌriː- -s -s
re|plant ˌriː|'plɑːnt (US) -'plænt -plants -'plɑːnts (US) -'plænts -planting -'plɑːn.tɪŋ (US) -'plæn.t̬ɪŋ -planted -'plɑːn.tɪd (US) -'plæn.t̬ɪd
replay (*n.*) 'riː.pleɪ -s -z
replay (*v.*) ˌriː'pleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
replenish rɪ'plen.ɪʃ, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ment -mənt
replete rɪ'pliːt -ness -nəs, -nɪs
repletion rɪ'pliː.ʃᵊn
replevin rɪ'plev.ɪn, rə-
replevy rɪ'plev.i, rə-
replica 'rep.lɪ.kə, -lə- (US) -lɪ- -s -z
replicable 'rep.lɪ.kə.bᵊl, -lə- (US) -lɪ-
repli|cate 'rep.lɪ|.keɪt, -lə- (US) -lɪ- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
replication ˌrep.lɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -lə'- (US) -lə'- -s -z
repl|y rɪ'pl|aɪ, rə- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
repo 'riː.pəʊ (US) -poʊ -s -z
re|point ˌriː|'pɔɪnt -points -'pɔɪnts -pointing -'pɔɪn.tɪŋ (US) -'pɔɪn.t̬ɪŋ -pointed -'pɔɪn.tɪd (US) -'pɔɪn.t̬ɪd
repolish ˌriː'pɒl.ɪʃ (US) -'pɑː.lɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
repopu|late ˌriː'pɒp.jə|.leɪt, rɪ'-, -jʊ- (US) -'pɑː.pjə-, -pjʊ- -lates -leɪts -lating -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -lated -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
re|port rɪ|'pɔːt, rə- (US) -'pɔːrt -ports -'pɔːts (US) -'pɔːrts -porting -'pɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'pɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -ported/ly -'pɔː.tɪd/li (US) -'pɔːr.t̬ɪd/li **reˌported 'speech**
reportage ˌrep.ɔː'tɑːʒ; rɪ'pɔː.tɪdʒ, rə- (US) rɪ'pɔːr.t̬ɪdʒ, rə-; ˌrep.ɚ'tɑːʒ
reporter rɪ'pɔː.təʳ, rə- (US) -'pɔːr.t̬ɚ -s -z
repos|e rɪ'pəʊz, rə- (US) -'poʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reposeful rɪ'pəʊz.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl (US) -'poʊz- -ly -i
reposition ˌriː.pə'zɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
repositor|y rɪ'pɒz.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, rə- (US) -'pɑː.zɪ.tɔːr- -ies -iz
repossess ˌriː.pə'zes -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
repossession ˌriː.pə'zeʃ.ᵊn -s -z
repoussé rə'puː.seɪ, rɪ- (US) rəˌpuː'seɪ
reprehend ˌrep.rɪ'hend, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reprehensib|le ˌrep.rɪ'hen*t*.sə.b|ᵊl, -rə'-, -sɪ- (US) -sə- -ly -li
reprehension ˌrep.rɪ'hen.*t*ʃᵊn, -rə'-
repre|sent ˌrep.rɪ|'zent, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'- -sents -'zents -senting -'zen.tɪŋ (US) -'zen.t̬ɪŋ -sented -'zen.tɪd (US) -'zen.t̬ɪd
representation ˌrep.rɪ.zen'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə-, -zᵊn'- (US) -rɪ.zen'- -s -z
representational ˌrep.rɪ.zen'teɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -rə-, -zᵊn'- (US) -rɪ.zen'- -ly -i
representative ˌrep.rɪ'zen.tə.tɪv, -rə'- (US) -rɪ'zen.t̬ə.t̬ɪv -s -z -ly -li
repress rɪ'pres, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ible -ə.bᵊl, -ɪ.bᵊl

repression rɪˈpreʃ.ᵊn, rə- -s -z
repressive rɪˈpres.ɪv, rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
repriev|e rɪˈpriːv, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reprimand (n.) ˈrep.rɪ.mɑːnd, -rə- (US) -rə.mænd -s -z
reprimand (v.) ˈrep.rɪ.mɑːnd, -rə-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈrep.rə.mænd, ˌ--ˈ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reprint (n.) ˈriː.prɪnt, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈriː.prɪnt -s -s
re|print (v.) ˌriːˈ|prɪnt -prints -ˈprɪnts -printing -ˈprɪn.tɪŋ (US) -ˈprɪn.t̬ɪŋ -printed -ˈprɪn.tɪd (US) -ˈprɪn.t̬ɪd
reprisal rɪˈpraɪ.zᵊl, rə- -s -z
repris|e (n, v.) *in music:* rɪˈpriːz, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *legal term:* rɪˈpraɪz, rə-, -ˈpriːz (US) -ˈpraɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
repro ˈriː.prəʊ (US) -proʊ -s -z
reproach rɪˈprəʊtʃ, rə- (US) -ˈproʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -able -ə.bᵊl
reproachful rɪˈprəʊtʃ.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl (US) -ˈproʊtʃ- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
reprobate (n, adj.) ˈrep.rəʊ.beɪt, -bɪt (US) -rə.beɪt, -bɪt -s -s
repro|bate (v.) ˈrep.rəʊ|.beɪt (US) -rə- -bates -beɪts -bating -beɪ.tɪŋ (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪŋ -bated -beɪ.tɪd (US) -beɪ.t̬ɪd
reprobation ˌrep.rəʊˈbeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -rə'-
reprocess ˌriːˈprəʊ.ses, -sɪs (US) -ˈprɑː.ses, -səs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
reproduc|e ˌriː.prəˈdjuːs, -ˈdʒuːs (US) -ˈduːs, -ˈdjuːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
reproduction ˌriː.prəˈdʌk.ʃᵊn -s -z
reproductive ˌriː.prəˈdʌk.tɪv -ness -nəs, -nɪs
reprogram ˌriːˈprəʊ.græm (US) -ˈproʊ- -s -z -(m)ing -ɪŋ -(m)ed -d
reprographic ˌriː.prəʊˈgræf.ɪk, ˌrep.rəʊˈ- (US) ˌriː.proʊˈ-, -prəˈ- -s -s
reprograph|y rɪˈprɒg.rə.f|i, riː- (US) -ˈprɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
reproof rɪˈpruːf, rə- -s -s
re-proof (v.) ˌriːˈpruːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
reproval rɪˈpruː.vᵊl, rə- -s -z
reprov|e rɪˈpruːv, rə- -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
reptile ˈrep.taɪl (US) -taɪl, -tᵊl -s -z
reptilian repˈtɪl.i.ən (US) -i.ən, ˈ-jən -s -z
Repton ˈrep.tən
republic (R) rɪˈpʌb.lɪk, rə- -s -s
republican (R) rɪˈpʌb.lɪ.kən, rə- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
republication ˌriː.pʌb.lɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ləˈ- (US) ˌriː.pʌb.lɪˈ- -s -z
republish ˌriːˈpʌb.lɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
repudi|ate rɪˈpjuː.di|.eɪt, rə- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ater/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
repudiation rɪˌpjuː.diˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-
repugnance rɪˈpʌg.nənts, rə-
repugnant rɪˈpʌg.nənt, rə- -ly -li
repuls|e rɪˈpʌls, rə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
repulsion rɪˈpʌl.ʃᵊn, rə-
repulsive rɪˈpʌl.sɪv, rə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
repurpos|e ˌriːˈpɜː.pəs (US) -ˈpɝː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reputability ˌrep.jə.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -jʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
reputab|le ˈrep.jə.tə.b|ᵊl, -jʊ- (US) -t̬ə- -ly -li
reputation ˌrep.jəˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- -s -z
re|pute rɪ|ˈpjuːt, rə- -puted/ly -ˈpjuː.tɪd/li (US) -ˈpjuː.t̬ɪd/li
request rɪˈkwest, rə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
requiem ˈrek.wi.əm, -em -s -z ˌrequiem ˈmass
requiescat ˌrek.wiˈes.kæt (US) ˌreɪ.kwiˈ-, ˌrek.wiˈ-, -kɑːt
requir|e rɪˈkwaɪəʳ, rə- (US) -ˈkwaɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
requirement rɪˈkwaɪə.mənt, rə- (US) -ˈkwaɪɚ- -s -s
requisite ˈrek.wɪ.zɪt, -wə- -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
requisition ˌrek.wɪˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, -wəˈ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
re|quite rɪ|ˈkwaɪt, rə- -quites -ˈkwaɪts -quiting -ˈkwaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ˈkwaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -quited -ˈkwaɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈkwaɪ.t̬ɪd -quital -ˈkwaɪ.tᵊl (US) -ˈkwaɪ.t̬ᵊl
re-read *present tense:* ˌriːˈriːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ *past tense:* ˌriːˈred
reredos ˈrɪə.dɒs (US) ˈrɪr.dɑːs -es -ɪz
rereleas|e (v.) ˌriː.rɪˈliːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
rereleas|e (n.) ˈriː.rɪ.liːs -s -es
rerou|te ˌriːˈruː|t (US) -ˈruː|t, -ˈraʊ|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
rerun (v.) ˌriːˈrʌn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ reran ˌriːˈræn
rerun (n.) ˈriː.rʌn -s -z
res reɪz, reɪs, riːz (US) reɪs, riːz
resale ˈriː.seɪl, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈriː.seɪl -s -z
reschedul|e ˌriːˈʃed.juːl, -ˈʃedʒ.uːl (US) -ˈskedʒ.uːl, -əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
rescind rɪˈsɪnd, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
rescission rɪˈsɪʒ.ᵊn, rə-
rescript ˈriː.skrɪpt -s -s
rescu|e ˈres.kjuː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
research (n.) rɪˈsɜːtʃ, rə-, ˈriː.sɜːtʃ (US) ˈriː.sɝːtʃ; rɪˈsɝːtʃ, rə- -es -ɪz
research (v.) rɪˈsɜːtʃ, rə- (US) -ˈsɝːtʃ; ˈriː.sɝːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
re|seat ˌriː|ˈsiːt -seats -ˈsiːts -seating -ˈsiː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsiː.t̬ɪŋ -seated -ˈsiː.tɪd (US) -ˈsiː.t̬ɪd
resection ˌriːˈsek.ʃᵊn, rɪ- -s -z
reseda ˈres.ɪ.də, ˈrez-, ˈ-ə-; rɪˈsiː.də, rə- (US) rɪˈsiː.də, rə-, -ˈsed.ə -s -z
reselect ˌriː.sɪˈlekt, -səˈ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
reselection ˌriː.sɪˈlek.ʃᵊn, -səˈ-
resell ˌriːˈsel -s -z -ing -ɪŋ resold ˌriːˈsəʊld (US) -ˈsoʊld
resemblanc|e rɪˈzem.blənts, rə- -es -ɪz
resembl|e rɪˈzem.bᵊl, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -ˈzem.blɪŋ -ed -d
re|send riː|ˈsend, ˌriː- -sends -ˈsendz -sending -ˈsend.ɪŋ -sent -sent
re|sent rɪ|ˈzent, rə- -sents -ˈzents -senting -ˈzen.tɪŋ (US) -ˈzen.t̬ɪŋ -sented -ˈzen.tɪd (US) -ˈzen.t̬ɪd
resentful rɪˈzent.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl -ly -li
resentment rɪˈzent.mənt, rə-
reservation ˌrez.əˈveɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ɚˈ- -s
reserv|e rɪˈzɜːv, rə- (US) -ˈzɝːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
reservedly rɪˈzɜː.vɪd.li, rə- (US) -ˈzɝː
reservist rɪˈzɜː.vɪst, rə- (US) -ˈzɝː- -s
reservoir ˈrez.əv.wɑːʳ (US) -ɚv.wɑːr, -wɔːr, ˈ-ɚ.vɔːr, ˈ-ə- -s -z
re|set ˌriː|ˈset -sets -ˈsets -setting/s -ˈset.ɪŋ/z (US) -ˈset̬.ɪŋ/z
resettle ˌriːˈset.ᵊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ment -mənt
res gestae ˌreɪsˈges.taɪ, ˌreɪz-, ˌriːz -ˈdʒes-, -tiː
reshap|e ˌriːˈʃeɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed
reship ˌriːˈʃɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -ment/s -mənt/s
reshuffle (n.) ˌriːˈʃʌf.ᵊl, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) ˌriːˈʃʌf- -s -z
reshuffl|e (v.) ˌriːˈʃʌf.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -ˈʃʌf.lɪŋ -ed -d
resid|e rɪˈzaɪd, rə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪ
residenc|e ˈrez.ɪ.dᵊnts -es -ɪz
residenc|y ˈrez.ɪ.dᵊnt.s|i -ies -iz
resident ˈrez.ɪ.dᵊnt -s -s
residential ˌrez.ɪˈden.tʃᵊl
residual rɪˈzɪd.ju.əl, rə-, -ˈzɪdʒ.u- (US) -ˈzɪdʒ- -ly -i
residuary rɪˈzɪd.ju.ər.i, rə-, -ˈzɪdʒ.ʊə- (US) -ˈzɪdʒ.u.er-
residue ˈrez.ɪ.djuː, ˈ-ə-, -dʒuː (US) -ə.duː, -djuː -s -z
residu|um rɪˈzɪd.ju|.əm, rə-, -ˈzɪdʒ.u- (US) -ˈzɪdʒ- -a -ə
resign rɪˈzaɪn, rə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -edly -ɪd.li
resignation ˌrez.ɪgˈneɪ.ʃᵊn, -əgˈ- (US) -ɪgˈ- -s -z
resilien|ce rɪˈzɪl.i.ənt|s, rə-, -ˈsɪl- (US) -ˈzɪl.jənt|s, ˈ-i.ənt|s -cy -si
resilient rɪˈzɪl.i.ənt, rə-, -ˈsɪl- (US) -ˈzɪl.jənt, ˈ-i.ənt -ly -li
resin ˈrez.ɪn -s -z -ous -əs
res ipsa loquitur ˌreɪs,ɪp.sɑːˈlɒk.wɪ.tʊəʳ, ˌreɪz-, ˌriːz-, -səˈ-, -təʳ (US) ˌreɪs,ɪp.səˈlɑː.wɪ.tʊr
resist rɪˈzɪst, rə- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -or/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
resistanc|e rɪˈzɪs.tᵊnts, rə- -es -ɪz
resistant rɪˈzɪs.tᵊnt, rə- -ly -li
resistivity ˌriː.zɪˈstɪv.ə.ti, ˌrez.ɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌriː.zɪˈstɪv.ə.t̬i; rɪˌzɪsˈtɪv-
resistless rɪˈzɪst.ləs, rə-, -lɪs
resistor rɪˈzɪs.təʳ, rə- (US) -tɚ -s -z
resit (n.) ˈriː.sɪt -s -s
re|sit (v.) ˌriː|ˈsɪt -sits -ˈsɪts -sitting

-'sɪt.ɪŋ (US) -'sɪt̬.ɪŋ **resat** ˌriː'sæt

es judicata ˌreɪsˌdʒuː.dɪ'kɑː.tə, ˌreɪz-, ˌriːz-, -də'- (US) ˌreɪs-, ˌreɪz-, ˌriːz-, ˌriːs-

eskill ˌriː'skɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

esnoid 'rez.nɔɪd **-s** -z

esol|e ˌriː'səʊl (US) -'soʊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

esoluble rɪ'zɒl.jə.bᵊl, rə-, -jʊ-; 'rez.ᵊl- (US) rɪ'zɑːl.jə-, rə-, -jʊ-; 'rez.ᵊl-

esolute 'rez.ᵊl.uːt, -juːt (US) -ə.luːt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

esolution ˌrez.ᵊl'uː.ʃᵊn, -'juː- (US) -ə'luː- **-s** -z

esolvability rɪˌzɒl.və'bɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌzɑːl.və'bɪl.ə.t̬i

esolv|e rɪ'zɒlv, rə- (US) -'zɑːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl

esonanc|e 'rez.ᵊn.ən*t*s **-es** -ɪz

esonant 'rez.ᵊn.ənt **-ly** -li

eson|ate 'rez.ᵊn|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

esonator 'rez.ᵊn.eɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z

esorb rɪ'zɔːb, rə-, -'sɔːb (US) -'sɔːrb, -'zɔːrb **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

esorp|tion rɪ'sɔːp|.ʃᵊn, rə-, -'zɔːp- (US) -'sɔːrp-, -'zɔːrp- **-tive** -tɪv

|sort *(n, v.)* rɪ|'zɔːt, rə- (US) -'zɔːrt **-sorts** -'zɔːts (US) -'zɔːrts **-sorting** -'zɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'zɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-sorted** -'zɔː.tɪd (US) -'zɔːr.t̬ɪd

|-sort *(v.) sort again:* ˌriː|'sɔːt (US) -'sɔːrt **-sorts** -'sɔːts (US) -'sɔːrts **-sorting** -'sɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'sɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-sorted** -'sɔː.tɪd (US) -'sɔːr.t̬ɪd

esound rɪ'zaʊnd, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

esourc|e rɪ'zɔːs, rə-, -'sɔːs; 'riː.sɔːs (US) 'riː.sɔːrs, -zɔːrs; rɪ'sɔːrs, rə-, -'zɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

esourceful rɪ'zɔːs.fᵊl, rə-, -'sɔːs-, -fʊl (US) -'sɔːrs-, -'zɔːrs- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

espect rɪ'spekt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

espectability rɪˌspek.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

espectab|le rɪ'spek.tə.b|ᵊl, rə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

espectful rɪ'spekt.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

espective rɪ'spek.tɪv, rə- **-ly** -li

espighi res'piː.gi, rɪ'spiː-, rə-

espirable 'res.pɪ.rə.bᵊl, rɪ'spaɪə-, rə- (US) 'res.pɚ.ə.bᵊl; rɪ'spaɪ-, rə-

espiration ˌres.pᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -pɪ'reɪ- (US) -pə'reɪ- **-s** -z

espirator 'res.pᵊr.eɪ.təʳ, -pɪ.reɪ- (US) -pə.reɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

espiratory rɪ'spɪr.ə.tᵊr.i, -'spaɪə.rə-, rə-, res'paɪə-, 'res.pɪ.rə-, -reɪ- (US) 'res.pɚ.ə.tɔːr-; rɪ'spaɪ.rə-, rə-

espir|e rɪ'spaɪəʳ, rə- (US) -'spaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

espi|te 'res.paɪ|t, -pɪ|t (US) -pɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

esplenden|ce rɪ'splen.dən*t*|s, rə- **-cy** -si

resplendent rɪ'splen.dənt, rə- **-ly** -li

respond rɪ'spɒnd, rə- (US) -'spɑːnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

respondeat res'pɒn.deɪ.æt, rɪs-, -di- (US) res'pɑːn.di.ət

respondent rɪ'spɒn.dənt, rə- (US) -'spɑːn- **-s** -s

respons|e rɪ'spɒn*t*s, rə- (US) -'spɑːn*t*s **-es** -ɪz

responsibilit|y rɪˌspɒn*t*.sə'bɪl.ə.t|i, rə-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ˌspɑːn*t*.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

responsib|le rɪ'spɒn*t*.sə.b|ᵊl, rə-, -sɪ- (US) -'spɑːn*t*.sə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

responsive rɪ'spɒn*t*.sɪv, rə- (US) -'spɑːn*t*- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

respray *(n.)* 'riː.spreɪ **-s** -z

respray *(v.)* ˌriː'spreɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

rest rest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **'rest ˌhome; 'rest ˌroom; 'resting ˌplace**

re|start ˌriː|'stɑːt (US) -'stɑːrt **-starts** -'stɑːts (US) -'stɑːrts **-starting** -'stɑː.tɪŋ (US) -'stɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-started** -'stɑː.tɪd (US) -'stɑːr.t̬ɪd

re|state ˌriː|'steɪt **-states** -'steɪts **-stating** -'steɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'steɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-stated** -'steɪ.tɪd (US) -'steɪ.t̬ɪd

re-statement ˌriː'steɪt.mənt **-s** -s

restaur|ant 'res.tᵊr|.ɔ̃ːŋ, -ɑ̃ːŋ, -ɑːŋ, -ɒnt, -ənt, '-tr|ɔ̃ːŋ, -tr|ɑ̃ːŋ, -tr|ɑːŋ, -tr|ɒnt, -tr|ənt (US) -tə.r|ɑːnt, -tᵊr|.ənt, '-tr|ɑːnt, -tr|ənt **-ants** -ɔ̃ːŋz, -ɑ̃ːŋz, -ɑːŋz, -ɒŋz, -ɒnts, -ənts (US) -ɑːnts, -ənts **'restaurant ˌcar**

restaurateur ˌres.tɒr.ə'tɜːʳ, -tər-, -tɔː.rə'- (US) -tɚ.ə'tɝː, -'tʊr **-s** -z

restful 'rest.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

restitution ˌres.tɪ'tjuː.ʃᵊn (US) -'tuː-, -'tjuː-

restive 'res.tɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

restless 'rest.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

restock ˌriː'stɒk (US) -'stɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

restoration (R) ˌres.tᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -tə'reɪ- **-s** -z

restorative rɪ'stɒr.ə.tɪv, rə-, res'tɒr-, -'tɔː.rə- (US) rɪ'stɔːr.ə.t̬ɪv, rə- **-s** -z

restor|e rɪ'stɔːʳ, rə- (US) -'stɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl

restrain rɪ'streɪn, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

restraint rɪ'streɪnt, rə- **-s** -s

restrict rɪ'strɪkt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

restriction rɪ'strɪk.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

restrictionism rɪ'strɪk.ʃᵊn.ɪ.zᵊm, rə-

restrictive rɪ'strɪk.tɪv, rə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **reˌstrictive 'practice**

restroom 'rest.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

restruct|ure ˌriː'strʌk.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd

re|sult rɪ|'zʌlt, rə- **-sults** -'zʌlts **-sulting** -'zʌl.tɪŋ (US) -'zʌl.t̬ɪŋ **-sulted** -'zʌl.tɪd (US) -'zʌl.t̬ɪd **-sultant/s** -'zʌl.tᵊnt/s

resultative rɪ'zʌl.tə.tɪv, rə- (US) -t̬ə.t̬ɪv

resum|e rɪ'zjuːm, rə-, -'zuːm (US) -'zuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

résumé, resumé 'rez.juː.meɪ, 'reɪ.zuː-, -zjʊ-, -zʊ-; rɪ'zjuː-, rə- (US) 'rez.ʊ.meɪ, '-ə-, ˌ--'- **-s** -z

resumption rɪ'zʌm*p*.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z

resumptive rɪ'zʌm*p*.tɪv, rə-

resurfac|e ˌriː'sɜː.fɪs, -fəs (US) -'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

resurgenc|e rɪ'sɜː.dʒən*t*s, rə- (US) -'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz

resurgent rɪ'sɜː.dʒənt, rə- (US) -'sɝː-

resurrect ˌrez.ᵊr'ekt (US) -ə'rekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

resurrection (R) ˌrez.ᵊr'ek.ʃᵊn (US) -ə'rek- **-s** -z

resusci|tate rɪ'sʌs.ɪ|.teɪt, rə-, '-ə- (US) '-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd (US) -teɪ.t̬ɪd **-tator/s** -teɪ.təʳ/z (US) -teɪ.t̬ɚ/z

resuscitation rɪˌsʌs.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, -ə'- (US) -ə'- **-s** -z

retail *(n, adj.)* 'riː.teɪl, ˌ-'- (US) 'riː.teɪl **ˌretail 'price**

retail *(v.) sell:* 'riː.teɪl, ˌ-'- (US) 'riː.teɪl; rɪ'teɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

retail *(v.) tell:* rɪ'teɪl, rə-, ˌriː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

retain rɪ'teɪn, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

retake *(n.)* 'riː.teɪk **-s** -s

re|take *(v.)* ˌriː|'teɪk **-takes** -'teɪks **-taking** -'teɪ.kɪŋ **-took** -'tʊk **-taken** -'teɪ.kᵊn

retali|ate rɪ'tæl.i|.eɪt, rə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

retaliation rɪˌtæl.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-

retaliatory rɪ'tæl.i.ə.tᵊr.i, rə-, -eɪ-; rɪˌtæl.i'eɪ-, rə- (US) rɪ'tæl.i.ə.tɔːr-, rə-, '-jə-

retard *(v.)* rɪ'tɑːd, rə- (US) -'tɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

retard *(n.)* 'riː.tɑːd (US) -tɑːrd **-s** -z

retardant rɪ'tɑː.dənt, rə- (US) -'tɑːr- **-s** -s

retardation ˌriː.tɑː'deɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -tɑːr'- **-s** -z

retch retʃ, riːtʃ (US) retʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

retell ˌriː'tel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **retold** ˌriː'təʊld (US) -'toʊld

retention rɪ'ten.*t*ʃᵊn, rə-

retentive rɪ'ten.tɪv, rə- (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Retford 'ret.fəd (US) -fɚd

rethink *(v.)* ˌriː'θɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **rethought** ˌriː'θɔːt (US) -'θɑːt, -'θɔːt

rethink *(n.)* 'riː.θɪŋk **-s** -s

reticence 'ret.ɪ.sᵊn*t*s, '-ə- (US) 'ret̬.ə-

Retroflex

In a retroflex articulation the tip of the tongue is curled upward and backward.

Examples for English

The /r/ sound of some British and American accents is sometimes described as being retroflex, though in BBC pronunciation the degree of retroflexion is relatively small.

In US English and some accents of south-west England it is common for vowels preceding /r/ (e.g. /ɑː/ in *car*, or /ɜː/ in *bird*) to be affected by the consonant so that they have a retroflex quality for most of their duration. This 'r-colouring' is most common in back or central vowels where the forward part of the tongue is relatively free to change shape.

In other languages

Other languages have retroflex consonants with a more noticeable auditory quality, the best known examples being the great majority of the languages of the Indian sub-continent. The sound of retroflex consonants is fairly familiar to English listeners, since first-generation immigrants from India and Pakistan tend to carry the retroflex quality into their pronunciation of English consonants which are alveolar in BBC pronunciation.

reticent 'ret.ɪ.sᵊnt, '-ə- (US) 'ret̬.ə- **-ly** -li
reticle 'ret.ɪ.kᵊl (US) 'ret̬.ɪ- **-s** -z
reticulate (*adj.*) rɪ'tɪk.jə.lət, rə-, ret'ɪk-, -jʊ-, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) rɪ'tɪk.jə.lɪt, rə-, -jʊ-, -leɪt
reticu|late (*v.*) rɪ'tɪk.jə|.leɪt, rə-, ret'ɪk-, -jʊ- (US) rɪ'tɪk-, rə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
reticulation rɪˌtɪk.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, retˌɪk-, -jʊ'- (US) rɪˌtɪk-, rə- **-s** -z
reticule 'ret.ɪ.kjuːl, '-ə- (US) 'ret̬.ə- **-s** -z
retin|a 'ret.ɪ.n|ə (US) -ᵊn|.ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-al** -əl
retinol 'ret.ɪ.nɒl (US) 'ret̬.ə.nɑːl, -nɔːl
retinue 'ret.ɪ.njuː (US) -ᵊn.uː, -juː **-s** -z
retir|e rɪ'taɪəʳ, rə- (US) -'taɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ant/s** -ᵊnts
retiree rɪˌtaɪə'riː, rə- (US) rɪ'taɪ.riː, rə- **-s** -z
retirement rɪ'taɪə.mənt, rə- (US) -'taɪɚ- **re'tirement ˌage; re'tirement ˌhome**
retold (*from* **retell**) ˌriː'təʊld (US) -'toʊld
re|tort rɪ|'tɔːt, rə- (US) -'tɔːrt **-torts** -'tɔːts (US) -'tɔːrts **-torting** -'tɔː.tɪŋ (US) -'tɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-torted** -'tɔː.tɪd (US) -'tɔːr.t̬ɪd
retouch ˌriː'tʌtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
retrac|e rɪ'treɪs, ˌriː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
retract rɪ'trækt, rə- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
retractable rɪ'træk.tə.bᵊl, rə-
retractation ˌriː.træk'teɪ.ʃᵊn
retraction rɪ'træk.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z
retrain ˌriː'treɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
retransla|te ˌriː.træn'sleɪ|t, -trɑːn'-, -trænz'leɪ|t, -trɑːnz'-, -trᵊn'sleɪ|t, -trᵊnz'leɪ|t (US) ˌriː'træn.sleɪ|t, -'trænz.leɪ|t, ˌ--'- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
retranslation ˌriː.træn'sleɪ.ʃᵊn, -trɑːn'-, -trænz'leɪ-, -trɑːnz'-, -trᵊn'sleɪ-, -trᵊnz'leɪ- (US) -træn'sleɪ-, -trænz'leɪ- **-s** -z
retread (*n.*) 'riː.tred **-s** -z
retread (*v.*) ˌriː'tred **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **retrod** ˌriː'trɒd (US) -'trɑːd
re|treat rɪ|'triːt, rə- **-treats** -'triːts **-treating** -'triː.tɪŋ (US) -'triː.t̬ɪŋ **-treated** -'triː.tɪd (US) -'triː.t̬ɪd
retrench rɪ'trentʃ, rə- (US) -'trentʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s
retrial ˌriː'traɪəl, '-- (US) 'riː.traɪəl, ˌ-'- **-s** -z
retribution ˌret.rɪ'bjuː.ʃᵊn, -rə'- (US) -rə'-
retribu|tive rɪ'trɪb.jə|.tɪv, rə-, -jʊ-, -t̬ɪv **-tory** -tᵊr.i (US) -tɔːr-
retrievab|le rɪ'triː.və.b|ᵊl, rə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
retrieval rɪ'triː.vᵊl, rə-
retriev|e rɪ'triːv, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
retrim ˌriː'trɪm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
retro- ret.rəʊ (US) ret.roʊ, -rə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **retrograde** /'ret.rəʊ.greɪd (US) -rə-/, **retroact** /ˌret.rəʊ'ækt (US) -roʊ'-/.
retro 'ret.rəʊ (US) -roʊ
retroact ˌret.rəʊ'ækt (US) -roʊ'- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
retroaction ˌret.rəʊ'æk.ʃᵊn (US) -roʊ'-
retroactive ˌret.rəʊ'æk.tɪv (US) -roʊ'- **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌretroactive 'laws
retroced|e ˌret.rəʊ'siːd (US) -roʊ'-, -rə'- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
retrocession ˌret.rəʊ'seʃ.ᵊn (US) -roʊ'-, -rə'- **-s** -z
retroflex 'ret.rəʊ.fleks (US) -rə- **-ed** -t
retroflexion ˌret.rəʊ'flek.ʃᵊn (US) -rə'-
retrograde 'ret.rəʊ.greɪd (US) -rə-, -roʊ-
retrogress ˌret.rəʊ'gres (US) 'ret.rə.gres, -roʊ-, ˌ--'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ive/ly** -ɪv/li
retrogression ˌret.rəʊ'greʃ.ᵊn (US) -rə'-, -roʊ'-
retro-rocket 'ret.rəʊˌrɒk.ɪt (US) -roʊˌrɑː.kɪt **-s** -s
retrospect 'ret.rəʊ.spekt (US) -rə- **-s** -s
retrospection ˌret.rəʊ'spek.ʃᵊn (US) -rə'- **-s** -z
retrospective ˌret.rəʊ'spek.tɪv (US) -rə'- **-s** -z **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌretrospective 'view
retroussé rə'truː.seɪ, rɪ-ʰ (US) rəˌtruː'seɪ, retˌruː-
retroversion ˌret.rəʊ'vɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒən (US) -roʊ'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -rə'-, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
retrovert (*n.*) 'ret.rəʊ.vɜːt (US) -roʊ.vɝːt, -rə- **-s** -s
retro|vert (*v.*) ˌret.rəʊ|'vɜːt (US) -roʊ|'vɝːt, -rə- **-verts** -'vɜːts (US) -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd (US) -'vɝː.t̬ɪd
retrovirus 'ret.rəʊ.vaɪə.rəs, ˌret.rəʊ'vaɪə- (US) 'ret.roʊˌvaɪ- **-es** -ɪz
retr|y ˌriː'tr|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd
retsina ret'siː.nə, 'ret.sɪ.nə
returf ˌriː'tɜːf (US) -'tɝːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
return rɪ'tɜːn, rə- (US) -'tɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
returnee rɪˌtɜː'niː, rə-, -'tɜː.niː (US) rɪˌtɝː'niː, rə- **-s** -z
Reuben 'ruː.bən, -bɪn (US) -bən
reunification ˌriː.juː.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, riːˌjuː-, -nə- (US) riːˌjuː.nə- **-s** -z
reuni|fy ˌriː'juː.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- (US) -nə- **-fies** -faɪ **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
reunion ˌriː'juː.ni.ən (US) '-njən **-s** -z
Réunion ˌriː'juː.ni.ən *as if French:* ˌreɪ.uː'njɔ̃ːŋ (US) ˌriː'juːn.jən
reu|nite ˌriː.juː|'naɪt **-nites** -'naɪts **-niting** -'naɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'naɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nited** -'naɪ.tɪd (US) -'naɪ.t̬ɪd
reusable ˌriː'juː.zə.bᵊl
re-use (*n.*) ˌriː'juːs, '-- (US) ˌriː'juːs
re-us|e (*v.*) ˌriː'juːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Reuter 'rɔɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Rev. (*abbrev. for* **Reverend**) 'rev.ᵊr.ᵊnd, rev
rev (*n, v.*) rev **-s** -z **-ving** -ɪŋ **-ved** -d **'rev ˌcounter**

valu|e riː'væl.juː, ˌriː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
vamp (*v.*) ˌriː'væmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
vamp (*n.*) 'riː.væmp **-s** -s
vanch|ist rɪ'væntʃ|.ɪst **-ists** -ɪsts **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
vd (*abbrev. for* **Reverend**) 'rev.ᵊr.ᵊnd
veal rɪ'viːl, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
vealing rɪ'viː.lɪŋ **-ly** -li
veille rɪ'væl.i, rə-, -'vel- ⓤⓢ 'rev.ᵊl.i **-s** -z
vel 'rev.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
velation (R) ˌrev.ᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
velatory ˌrev.ə'leɪ.tᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'rev.ə.lə.tɔːr.i
vell 'rev.ᵊl
velr|y 'rev.ᵊl.r|i **-ies** -iz
velstoke 'rev.ᵊl.stəʊk ⓤⓢ -stoʊk
vendication rɪˌven.dɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, rə-, -də'- ⓤⓢ -də'- **-s** -z
veng|e rɪ'vendʒ, rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
vengeful rɪ'vendʒ.fᵊl, rə-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
venue 'rev.ᵊn.juː, -ɪ.njuː ⓤⓢ 'rev.ə.nuː, -njuː **-s** -z
verber|ate rɪ'vɜː.bᵊr|.eɪt, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.bə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
verberation rɪˌvɜː.bᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, rə- ⓤⓢ -ˌvɝː.bə'reɪ- **-s** -z
verberatory rɪ'vɜː.bᵊr.ə.tᵊr.i, rə-, -reɪ- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.bɚ.ə.tɔːr-
ver|e (R) rɪ'vɪəʳ, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɪr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
verenc|e 'rev.ᵊr.ᵊnts, '-rᵊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
verend (R) 'rev.ᵊr.ᵊnd, '-rᵊnd **-s** -z
verent 'rev.ᵊr.ᵊnt, '-rᵊnt **-ly** -li
verential ˌrev.ᵊr'en.tʃᵊl ⓤⓢ -ə'rent.ʃᵊl **-ly** -i
verie 'rev.ᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ə.ri **-s** -z
vers *singular:* rɪ'vɪəʳ, rə-, -'veəʳ ⓤⓢ -'vɪr, -'ver *plural:* -z
versal rɪ'vɜː.sᵊl, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː- **-s** -z
vers|e rɪ'vɜːs, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
versibility rɪˌvɜː.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, rə-, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌvɝː.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
versible rɪ'vɜː.sə.bᵊl, rə-, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.sə-
version rɪ'vɜː.ʃᵊn, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
versionary rɪ'vɜː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr.i, rə-, -ʒᵊn- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.ʒᵊn.er-, -ʃᵊn-
|vert rɪ|'vɜːt, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝːt **-verts** -'vɜːts ⓤⓢ -'vɝːts **-verting** -'vɜː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -'vɜː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.t̬ɪd
verter rɪ'vɜː.təʳ, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɝː.t̬ɚ
|vet rɪ|'vet, rə- **-vets** -'vets **-vetting** -'vet.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'vet̬.ɪŋ **-vetted** -'vet.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'vet̬.ɪd **-vetment/s** -'vet.mənt/s

review rɪ'vjuː, rə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
revil|e rɪ'vaɪl, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
revis|e rɪ'vaɪz, rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **Reˌvised 'Version, Re'vised ˌVersion**
revision rɪ'vɪʒ.ᵊn, rə- **-s** -z
revision|ism rɪ'vɪʒ.ᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm, rə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
revis|it ˌriː'vɪz|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
revisualiz|e, -is|e ˌriː'vɪz.ju.ᵊl.aɪz, -'vɪʒ-, -u- ⓤⓢ -'vɪʒ.u- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
revitaliz|e, -is|e ˌriː'vaɪ.tᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
revival rɪ'vaɪ.vᵊl, rə- **-s** -z
revival|ism rɪ'vaɪ.vᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, rə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
reviv|e rɪ'vaɪv, rə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
revivi|fy ˌriː'vɪv.ɪ|.faɪ, rɪ- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
reviviscence ˌrev.ɪ'vɪs.ᵊnts, ˌriː.vaɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌrev.ə'-
Revlon® 'rev.lɒn ⓤⓢ -lɑːn
revocability ˌrev.ə.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
revocable 'rev.ə.kə.bᵊl *when applied to letters of credit:* rɪ'vəʊ.kə.bᵊl, rə- ⓤⓢ -'voʊ-
revocation ˌrev.əʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -z
revok|e rɪ'vəʊk, rə- ⓤⓢ -'voʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
re|volt rɪ|'vəʊlt, rə- ⓤⓢ -'voʊlt **-volts** -'vəʊlts ⓤⓢ -'voʊlts **-volting** -'vəʊl.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'voʊl.t̬ɪŋ **-volted** -'vəʊl.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'voʊl.t̬ɪd
revolution ˌrev.ᵊl'uː.ʃᵊn, -'juː- ⓤⓢ -ə'luː- **-s** -z
revolutionar|y ˌrev.ᵊl'uː.ʃᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -'juː- ⓤⓢ -ə'luː.ʃᵊn.er- **-ies** -iz
revolutionist ˌrev.ᵊl'uː.ʃᵊn.ɪst, -'juː- ⓤⓢ -ə'luː- **-s** -s
revolutioniz|e, -is|e ˌrev.ᵊl'uː.ʃᵊn.aɪz, -'juː- ⓤⓢ -ə'luː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
revolv|e rɪ'vɒlv, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɑːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **reˌvolving 'door; reˌvolving 'credit; reˌvolving 'fund**
revolver rɪ'vɒl.vəʳ, rə- ⓤⓢ -'vɑːl.vɚ **-s** -z
revue rɪ'vjuː, rə- **-s** -z
revulsion rɪ'vʌl.ʃᵊn, rə- **-s** -z
reward rɪ'wɔːd, rə- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
rewind ˌriː'waɪnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **rewound** ˌriː'waʊnd
rewir|e ˌriː'waɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'waɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
reword ˌriː'wɜːd ⓤⓢ -'wɝːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
rework ˌriː'wɜːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rewrite (*n.*) 'riː.raɪt **-s** -s
re|write (*v.*) ˌriː|'raɪt **-writes** -'raɪts **-writing** -'raɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'raɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-wrote** ˌriː'rəʊt ⓤⓢ -'roʊt **-written** ˌriː'rɪt.ᵊn
Rex reks
Reyes raɪz, reɪz

Reykjavik 'reɪ.kjə.vɪk, 'rek.jə-, -viːk ⓤⓢ 'reɪ.kjə.viːk, -vɪk
reynard 'ren.ɑːd, 'reɪ.nɑːd, -nəd ⓤⓢ 'ren.ɚd, 'reɪ.nɚd, -nɑːrd **-s** -z
Reynard 'ren.əd, -ɑːd, 'reɪ.nɑːd ⓤⓢ 'ren.ɑːrd, 'reɪ.nɚd, 'ren.ɚd
Reynold 'ren.ᵊld **-s** -z
rezon|e ˌriː'zəʊn ⓤⓢ -'zoʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Rh (*abbrev. for* **rhesus**) 'riː.səs
Rhadamanthus ˌræd.ə'mænt.θəs
Rhaeti|a 'riː.ʃi|.ə, '-ʃ|ə ⓤⓢ -ʃ|ə, '-ʃi|.ə **-an** -ən
Rhaetic 'riː.tɪk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪk
Rhaeto-Roman|ce ˌriː.təʊ.rəʊ'mæn|ts ⓤⓢ -t̬oʊ.roʊ'- **-ic** -ɪk
rhapsodic ræp'sɒd.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'sɑː.dɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
rhapsodiz|e, -is|e 'ræp.sə.daɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rhapsod|y 'ræp.sə.d|i **-ies** -iz
rhea (R) 'riː.ə, rɪə ⓤⓢ 'riː.ə **-s** -z
Rhea Silvia ˌriː.ə'sɪl.vi.ə, ˌrɪə'- ⓤⓢ ˌriː.ə'-
Rheims riːmz
Rhenish 'ren.ɪʃ
rhenium 'riː.ni.əm
rheostat 'riː.əʊ.stæt ⓤⓢ -oʊ-, '-ə- **-s** -s
rhesus 'riː.səs **-es** -ɪz **'rhesus ˌfactor; ˌrhesus 'monkey, 'rhesus ˌmonkey**
rhetoric 'ret.ᵊr.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'ret̬-
rhetoric|al rɪ'tɒr.ɪ.k|ᵊl, rə- ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.ɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **rheˌtorical 'question**
rhetorician ˌret.ᵊr'ɪʃ.ᵊn, -ɒr'- ⓤⓢ ˌret̬.ə'rɪʃ- **-s** -z
Rhett ret
rheum ruːm
rheumatic ruː'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæt̬- **-s** -s **-ky** -i
rheumatism 'ruː.mə.tɪ.zᵊm
rheumatoid 'ruː.mə.tɔɪd **ˌrheumatoid arth'ritis**
rheumatolog|y ˌruː.mə'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
rheumy 'ruː.mi
Rhiannon ri'æn.ən
Rhine raɪn **-land** -lænd, -lənd
Rhineland-Palatinate ˌraɪn.lænd.pə'læt.ɪ.nɪt, -lənd-, -nət, -neɪt ⓤⓢ -lænd.pə'læt.ᵊn.eɪt, -lənd-, -ɪt
rhinestone 'raɪn.stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stoʊn **-s** -z
rhinitis ˌraɪ'naɪ.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
rhino- raɪ.nəʊ; raɪ'nɒ ⓤⓢ raɪ.noʊ, -nə; raɪ'nɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **rhinoplasty** /'raɪ.nəʊ.plæs.ti ⓤⓢ -noʊ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **rhinoceros** /raɪ'nɒs.ᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.sɚ-/.
rhino 'raɪ.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ **-s** -z
rhinoceri (*alternative plur. of* **rhinoceros**) raɪ'nɒs.ᵊr.aɪ ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.sə.raɪ
rhinoceros raɪ'nɒs.ᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.sɚ- **-es** -ɪz

Rhotic

In rhotic varieties of English pronunciation the /r/ PHONEME is found in all phonological contexts.

Examples for English

In BBC pronunciation, /r/ is only found before vowels, and never before consonants or before a pause (see also LIAISON), e.g.:

red	/red/
around	/əˈraʊnd/
there is	/ðər ɪz/

In US English and other rhotic accents, on the other hand, /r/ may occur before consonants and before a pause, e.g.:

cart	/kɑːt/	ⓤⓢ /kɑːrt/
car	/kɑːʳ/	ⓤⓢ /kɑːr/

While the BBC accent is non-rhotic, many accents of the British Isles are rhotic, including most of the south and west of England, much of Wales and all of Scotland and Ireland. Most speakers of American English speak with a rhotic accent, but there are non-rhotic areas including the Boston area, lower-class New York and the Deep South.

Rhyme/Rime

In the phonological analysis of the syllable, this is a way of referring to the vowel in the middle of the syllable forming its 'peak' plus any sounds following the peak within the syllable (the CODA).

Examples for English

In the word *spoon* the rhyme (or rime) is /uːn/, in *tea* it is /iː/ and in *strengths* it is /eŋθs/ or /eŋkθs/.

Note

The spelling "rhyme" also refers to a pair of lines that end with the same sequence of sounds in verse. If we examine the sound sequences that must match each other, we find that these consist of the vowel and any final consonants of the last syllable: thus *moon* and *June* rhyme, and the initial consonants of these two words are not important (of course, we do find longer-running rhymes than this in verse, e.g. *ability* rhyming with *senility*).

rhinolog|y raɪˈnɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈnɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
rhinoplasty ˈraɪ.nəʊ.plæs.ti ⓤⓢ -noʊ-, -nə-
rhinoscope ˈraɪ.nəʊ.skəʊp ⓤⓢ -nə.skoʊp **-s** -s
rhinoscopy raɪˈnɒs.kə.pi ⓤⓢ -ˈnɑː.skə-
rhizome ˈraɪ.zəʊm ⓤⓢ -zoʊm **-s** -z
rho rəʊ ⓤⓢ roʊ
Rhoads rəʊdz ⓤⓢ roʊdz
Rhoda ˈrəʊ.də ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ-
Rhode Island *state in US:* ˌrəʊdˈaɪ.lənd ⓤⓢ ˌroʊd- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Rhode Island** ˈ**Red**
Rhodes rəʊdz ⓤⓢ roʊdz ˌ**Rhodes** ˈ**scholar**
Rhodesi|a rəʊˈdiː.ʒ|ə, -ʃ|ə ⓤⓢ roʊ-, ˈ-ʒi|.ə **-an** -ən
Rhodian ˈrəʊ.di.ən ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ- **-s** -z
rhodium ˈrəʊ.di.əm ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ-
rhododendron ˌrəʊ.dəˈden.drən, -dɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌroʊ.dəˈ- **-s** -z
rhomb rɒm ⓤⓢ rɑːm*b* **-s** -z
rhomboid ˈrɒm.bɔɪd ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːm- **-s** -z
rhomb|us ˈrɒm.b|əs ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːm- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
Rhona ˈrəʊ.nə ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ-
Rhonda ˈrɒn.də ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːn-
Rhondda ˈrɒn.də, -ðə ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːn-
Rhone rəʊn ⓤⓢ roʊn
Rhosllanerchrugog ˌrəʊs.*h*læn.əˈkrɪg.ɒg, -θlæn- ⓤⓢ ˌroʊs.*h*læn.əˈkriː.gɑːg
rhotacism ˈrəʊ.tə.sɪ.zᵊm ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ.t̬ə-
rhotacization, -isa- ˌrəʊ.tə.saɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪ-, -sɪˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌroʊ.t̬ə.sɪˈ- **-s** -z
rhotaciz|e, -is|e ˈrəʊ.tə.saɪz ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rhotic ˈrəʊ.tɪk ⓤⓢ ˈroʊ.t̬ɪk **-s** -s
rhoticity rəʊˈtɪs.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ roʊˈtɪs.ə.t̬i
rhubarb ˈruː.bɑːb ⓤⓢ -bɑːrb
Rhuddlan ˈrɪð.lən, -læn
rhumb rʌm ⓤⓢ rʌm*b* **-s** -z
Rhyl rɪl
rhym|e raɪm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
rhymester ˈraɪm.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z
Rhymney ˈrʌm.ni
Rhys *Welsh name:* riːs *family name of Baron Dynevor:* raɪs
Rhys-Jones ˌriːsˈdʒəʊnz ⓤⓢ -ˈdʒoʊnz
rhythm ˈrɪð.ᵊm, ˈrɪθ- ⓤⓢ ˈrɪð- **-s** -z ˌ**rhythm and** ˈ**blues;** ˈ**rhythm** ˌ**method**
rhythmic ˈrɪð.mɪk, ˈrɪθ- ⓤⓢ ˈrɪð- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i ⓤⓢ -li
RI ˌɑːʳˈaɪ ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr-
ria ˈriː.ə, rɪə ⓤⓢ ˈriː.ə **-s** -z
rial riˈɑːl; ˈraɪ.əl, ˈraɪ.əl ⓤⓢ ˈriː.ɔːl, -ɑːl **-s** -z
Note: The usual pronunciation for the Saudi Arabian currency is /riˈɑːl ⓤⓢ ˈriː.ɔːl/.
rialto (R) riˈæl.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ **-s** -z
rib rɪb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d ˈ**rib** ˌ**cage**
ribald ˈrɪb.ᵊld, ˈraɪ.bᵊld, -bɔːld ⓤⓢ ˈrɪb.ᵊld, ˈraɪ.bɔːld **-s** -z **-ry** -ri
riband ˈrɪb.ənd **-s** -z
Ribbentrop ˈrɪb.ᵊn.trɒp ⓤⓢ -trɑːp
Ribble ˈrɪb.ᵊl
ribbon ˈrɪb.ᵊn **-s** -z
Ribena® raɪˈbiː.nə
riboflavin ˌraɪ.bəʊˈfleɪ.vɪn, ˈraɪ.bəʊ.fleɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈraɪ.bə.fleɪ.vɪn; ˌraɪ.bəˈfleɪ-, -boʊˈ-
ribosomal ˌraɪ.bəʊˈsəʊ.mᵊl ⓤⓢ -bəˈsoʊ-
ribosome ˈraɪ.bəʊ.səʊm ⓤⓢ -bə.soʊm **-s** -z
Rica ˈriː.kə
Ricardo rɪˈkɑː.dəʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːr.doʊ
Ricci ˈriː.tʃi
Riccio ˈrɪtʃ.i.əʊ, ˈrɪt.si- ⓤⓢ ˈrɪt.ʃi.oʊ; ˈriː.tʃoʊ
ric|e (R) raɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**rice** ˌ**paper;** ˌ**rice** ˈ**pudding**
Rice Krispies® ˌraɪsˈkrɪs.piz
rich (R) rɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Rhythm

The way events in speech are distributed in time.

Examples for English

Obvious examples of vocal rhythms are chanting as part of games or physical activities. In conversational speech the rhythms are vastly more complicated, but it is clear that the timing of speech is not random. An extreme view (though a quite common one) is that English speech has a rhythm that allows us to divide it up into more or less equal intervals of time called 'feet', each of which begins with a stressed syllable: this is called the 'stress-timed rhythm hypothesis', e.g.:

London	ˈlondon
a return to London	a re | ˈturn to | ˈlondon
a day return to London	a | ˈday re | ˈturn to | ˈlondon

Languages where the length of each syllable remains more or less the same as that of its neighbours whether or not it is stressed are called 'syllable-timed'.

Most evidence from the study of real speech suggests that such rhythms only exist in very careful, controlled speaking, but it appears from psychological research that listeners' brains tend to hear timing regularities even where there is little or no physical regularity.

:hard ˈrɪtʃ.əd (US) -ɚd -s -z
:hardson ˈrɪtʃ.əd.sᵊn (US) -ɚd-
:helieu ˈriː.ʃᵊl.jɜː, ˈrɪʃ.ᵊl-, -juː
(US) ˈrɪʃ.luː, ˈriːʃ-, ˈ-ə.luː
:hes ˈrɪtʃ.ɪz
:hey, Richie ˈrɪtʃ.i
:hler ˈrɪtʃ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ
:hmond ˈrɪtʃ.mənd
:hter ˈrɪk.tə, ˈrɪx- (US) ˈrɪk.tɚ
Richter ˌscale
:hthofen ˈrɪk.təʊ.fən, ˈrɪx-
(US) -toʊ-
in ˈraɪ.sɪn
k rɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
:kard ˈrɪk.ɑːd (US) -ɑːrd -s -z
:kets ˈrɪk.ɪts
:kett ˈrɪk.ɪt
:ketts ˈrɪk.ɪts
kettsi|a rɪˈket.si|.ə -ae -iː -as -əz
ket|y ˈrɪk.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i -ier
.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily
ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
:kmansworth ˈrɪk.mənz.wəθ,
wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɜːθ
kshaw ˈrɪk.ʃɔː (US) -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː -s -z
:ky ˈrɪk.i
:o ˈriː.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
och|et ˈrɪk.ə.ʃ|eɪ, -ɒʃ|.eɪ, -et, ˌ--ˈ-
(US) ˈrɪk.ə.ʃeɪ, ˌ--ˈ- -ets -eɪz, -ets
(US) -eɪz -eting -eɪ.ɪŋ, -et.ɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ɪŋ
eted -eɪd, -et.ɪd (US) -eɪd
otta rɪˈkɒt.ə, rə- (US) -ˈkɑː.t̬ə
tus ˈrɪk.təs
| rɪd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ
dd rɪd
ldance ˈrɪd.ᵊnts
ddell ˈrɪd.ᵊl; rɪˈdel
dden ˌrɪd.ᵊn
dding ˈrɪd.ɪŋ
ldl|e ˈrɪd.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈrɪd.lɪŋ
ed -d
l|e (R) raɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ rode rəʊd
(US) roʊd ridden ˈrɪd.ᵊn
l|er (R) ˈraɪ.d|əʳ (US) -d|ɚ -ers -əz
(US) -ɚz -erless -ᵊl.əs, -ɪs, -es
(US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs, -les
lg|e (R) rɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ed -d

ridgepole ˈrɪdʒ.pəʊl (US) -poʊl -s -z
Ridg(e)way ˈrɪdʒ.weɪ
ridicul|e ˈrɪd.ɪ.kjuːl, ˈ-ə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ridiculous rɪˈdɪk.jə.ləs, rə-, -jʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Riding ˈraɪ.dɪŋ -s -z
Ridley ˈrɪd.li
Ridout ˈrɪd.aʊt, ˈraɪ.daʊt
Ridpath ˈrɪd.pɑːθ (US) -pæθ
riel ˈriː.əl (US) riˈel
Rienzi riˈen.zi, -ˈent.si (US) -ˈen.zi
Riesling ˈriː.slɪŋ, ˈriːz.lɪŋ (US) ˈriːz-, ˈriː.slɪŋ
Rievaulx ˈriː.vəʊ, -vəʊz; ˈrɪv.əz (US) ˈriː.voʊ, -voʊz; ˈrɪv.əz
Note: /ˈriː.vəʊ/ (US) /-voʊ/ is the usual local pronunciation.
rife raɪf
riff rɪf -s -s
riffl|e ˈrɪf.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈrɪf.lɪŋ -ed -d
riff-raff ˈrɪf.ræf
Rifkind ˈrɪf.kɪnd
rifl|e ˈraɪ.fᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈraɪ.flɪŋ -ed -d ˈ**rifle** ˌ**range**
rift rɪft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ˌ**rift** ˈ**valley**, ˈ**rift** ˌ**valley**
rig rɪg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
Riga ˈriː.gə
rigamarole ˈrɪg.ə.mə.rəʊl (US) -roʊl -s -z
rigatoni ˌrɪg.əˈtəʊ.ni (US) -ˈtoʊ-
Rigby ˈrɪg.bi
Rigel ˈraɪ.gᵊl, -dʒᵊl (US) -dʒᵊl, -gᵊl
Rigg rɪg
rigger ˈrɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
rigging (*n.*) ˈrɪg.ɪŋ -s -z
right (R) raɪt -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈraɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) ˈraɪ.t̬ɪd ˈ**right** ˌ**angle**; ˌ**right** ˈ**wing**
rightabout ˈraɪt.əˌbaʊt (US) ˈraɪt̬-
right angle (*n.*) ˈraɪtˌæŋ.gᵊl (US) ˈraɪt- -s -z
right-angled (*adj.*) ˈraɪtˌæŋ.gᵊld (US) ˈraɪt-, ˌ-ˈ--
righteous ˈraɪ.tʃəs, -ti.əs (US) -tʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
rightful ˈraɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
right-hand ˌraɪtˈhænd (US) ˌraɪtˈhænd, ˈ-- *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ˌ**right-hand** ˈ**man**
right-handed ˌraɪtˈhæn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌright-handed ˈplayer
right|ism (R) ˈraɪ.t|ɪ.zᵊm (US) -t̬|ɪ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
rightist ˈraɪ.tɪst -s -s
right-minded ˌraɪtˈmaɪn.dɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌright-minded ˈperson
right(h)o ˌraɪtˈəʊ (US) -ˈoʊ
right-of-way ˌraɪt.əvˈweɪ (US) ˌraɪt.əvˈweɪ, ˈ--ˌ- **rights-of-way** ˌraɪts- (US) ˌraɪts-, ˈ--ˌ-
right-on ˌraɪtˈɒn (US) -ˈɑːn *stress shift:* ˌright-on ˈspeaker
right-wing (*adj.*) ˌraɪtˈwɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/s (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌright-wing ˈpolicies
righty-ho ˌraɪ.tiˈhəʊ (US) -t̬iˈhoʊ
rigid ˈrɪdʒ.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
rigidity rɪˈdʒɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
rigmarole ˈrɪg.mᵊr.əʊl (US) -mə.roʊl -s -z
Rigoletto ˌrɪg.əʊˈlet.əʊ (US) -əˈlet.oʊ
rigor ˈrɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ
rigor mortis ˌrɪg.əˈmɔː.tɪs, ˌraɪ.gɔːˈ- (US) ˌrɪg.ɚˈmɔːr.t̬ɪs, ˌraɪ.gɔːrˈ-
rigorous ˈrɪg.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
rigour ˈrɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
rig-out ˈrɪg.aʊt
Rig-Veda ˌrɪgˈveɪ.də (US) -ˈveɪ-, -ˈviː-
Rijeka riˈek.ə (US) -ˈjek-, -ˈek-
Rikki-Tiki-Tavi ˌrɪk.iˌtɪk.iˈtɑː.vi, -ˈteɪ- (US) -ˈtɑː-, -ˈtæv.i
ril|e raɪl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Riley ˈraɪ.li
rilievo ˌrɪl.iˈeɪ.vəʊ (US) -voʊ, -ˈjeɪ-
Rilke ˈrɪl.kə
rill rɪl -s -z
rim rɪm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d -less -ləs, -lɪs

Rimbaud 'ræ̃m.bəʊ ⓤⓢ ræm'boʊ
rime raɪm -s -z
Rimington 'rɪm.ɪŋ.tən
Rimini 'rɪm.ɪ.ni, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə-
Rimsky-Korsakov ˌrɪmp.ski'kɔː.sə.kɒf, -kɒv ⓤⓢ -'kɔːr.sə.kɔːf
Rinaldo rɪ'næl.dəʊ ⓤⓢ rɪ'nɑːl.doʊ, -næl-
rind raɪnd -s -z
Rind rɪnd
rinderpest 'rɪn.də.pest ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
ring (*n, v.*) *encircle, put a ring on, etc.:* rɪŋ -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d '**ring** ˌ**binder,** ˌ**ring** '**binder;** '**ring** ˌ**finger;** '**ring** ˌ**road;** ˌ**run** '**rings** **round** ˌ**someone**
ring (*n, v.*) *sound, etc.:* rɪŋ -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ **rang** ræŋ **rung** rʌŋ -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
ringgit 'rɪŋ.gɪt -s -s
ringleader 'rɪŋˌliː.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
ring|let 'rɪŋ|.lɪt, -lət ⓤⓢ -lɪt -**lets** -lɪts, -ləts ⓤⓢ -lɪts -**leted** -lɪ.tɪd, -lə.tɪd ⓤⓢ -lɪ.t̬ɪd
ringmaster 'rɪŋˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
Ringo 'rɪŋ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ -goʊ
ringpull 'rɪŋ.pʊl -s -z
Ringshall 'rɪŋ.ʃəl
ringside 'rɪŋ.saɪd ˌ**ringside** '**seat**
ring-tailed 'rɪŋ.teɪld
ringtone 'rɪŋ.təʊn ⓤⓢ -toʊn -s -z
ringtoss 'rɪŋ.tɒs ⓤⓢ -tɑːs
Ringwood 'rɪŋ.wʊd
ringworm 'rɪŋ.wɜːm ⓤⓢ -wɝːm
rink rɪŋk -s -s
rinky-dink 'rɪŋ.ki.dɪŋk
rins|e rɪnts -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t
Rintoul 'rɪn.tuːl, -'-
Rio 'riː.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
Rio de Janeiro ˌriː.əʊ.də.dʒə'nɪə.rəʊ, -deɪ-, -dɪ-, -ʒə'-, -'neə- ⓤⓢ -oʊ.deɪ.ʒə'ner.oʊ, -diː-, -də-, -dʒə'-, -'nɪr-
Rio Grande ˌriː.əʊ'grænd, -'græn.di, -deɪ ⓤⓢ -oʊ'grænd, -'græn.di, -'grɑːn.deɪ
rioja (R) ri'ɒk.ə, -'ɒx-, -'əʊ.kə ⓤⓢ -'ɔː.hɑː, -'oʊ-
riot raɪət -s -s -**ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'raɪə.t̬ɪŋ -**ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'raɪə.t̬ɪd -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'raɪə.t̬ɚ/z '**riot** **po**ˌ**lice;** ˌ**read** **someone** **the** '**riot** **act**
riotous 'raɪə.təs ⓤⓢ -t̬əs -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
rip rɪp -s -s -**ping** -ɪŋ -**ped** -t
RIP ˌɑːʳ.aɪ'piː ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr-
riparian raɪ'peə.ri.ən, rɪ- ⓤⓢ rɪ'per.i-, raɪ-
ripcord 'rɪp.kɔːd ⓤⓢ -kɔːrd -s -z
rip|e raɪp -**er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -**est** -ɪst, -əst -**ely** -li -**eness** -nəs, -nɪs
ripen 'raɪ.pən -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
ripien|o ˌrɪp.i'eɪ.n|əʊ, rɪ'pjeɪ- ⓤⓢ rɪ'pjeɪ.n|oʊ -**os** -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz -**i** -iː
Ripken 'rɪp.kɪn
Ripley 'rɪp.li
Ripman 'rɪp.mən
rip-off 'rɪp.ɒf ⓤⓢ -ɑːf -s -s

Ripon 'rɪp.ən
ripost|e, ripost rɪ'pɒst, -'pəʊst ⓤⓢ -'poʊst -**(e)s** -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -ɪd
ripper 'rɪp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
ripping 'rɪp.ɪŋ -**ly** -li
rippl|e 'rɪp.əl -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ, 'rɪp.lɪŋ -**ed** -d
Rippon 'rɪp.ən
rip-roaring ˌrɪp'rɔː.rɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'rɔːr.ɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌrip-roaring 'wave
ripsnort|ing ˌrɪp'snɔː.t|ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'snɔːr.t̬|ɪŋ -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌripsnorting 'finish
riptide 'rɪp.taɪd -s -z
Ripuarian ˌrɪp.ju'eə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -'er.i-
Rip van Winkle ˌrɪp.væn'wɪŋ.kəl
Risborough, -boro' 'rɪz.bər.ə ⓤⓢ -bɚ.oʊ
Risca 'rɪs.kə
ris|e raɪz -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ **rose** rəʊz ⓤⓢ roʊz **risen** 'rɪz.ən
riser 'raɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ -s -z
Rishton 'rɪʃ.tən
risibility ˌrɪz.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌraɪ.zə'-, -zɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌrɪz.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
risib|le 'rɪz.ə.b|əl, 'raɪ.zə-, -zɪ- ⓤⓢ 'rɪz.ə- -**ly** -li
rising 'raɪ.zɪŋ -s -z
risk rɪsk -s -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t
risk|y 'rɪs.k|i -**ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Risley 'rɪz.li
risotto rɪ'zɒt.əʊ, -'sɒt- ⓤⓢ -'zɑː.t̬oʊ, -'sɑː- -s -z
risqué 'rɪs.keɪ, 'riː.skeɪ ⓤⓢ rɪ'skeɪ
rissole 'rɪs.əʊl ⓤⓢ -oʊl -s -z
Rita 'riː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
Ritalin® 'rɪt.əl.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'rɪt̬-, 'rɪd.lɪn
ritardando ˌrɪt.ɑː'dæn.dəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌriː.tɑːr'dɑːn.doʊ -s -z
Ritchie 'rɪtʃ.i
rite raɪt -s -s ˌ**rite** **of** '**passage**
ritornell|o ˌrɪt.ɔː'nel|.əʊ, -ən'el- ⓤⓢ -ɚ'nel|.oʊ, -ɔːr'- -**os** -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz -**i** -iː
Ritson 'rɪt.sən
ritual 'rɪt.ju.əl, 'rɪtʃ.u- ⓤⓢ 'rɪtʃ- -s -z -**ly** -i
ritual|ism 'rɪt.ju.əl|.ɪ.zəm, 'rɪtʃ.u- ⓤⓢ 'rɪtʃ- -**ist/s** -ɪst/s
ritualistic ˌrɪt.ju.əl'ɪs.tɪk, ˌrɪtʃ.u- ⓤⓢ ˌrɪtʃ- -**ally** -əl.i, -li
ritualiz|e, -is|e 'rɪt.ju.əl.aɪz, 'rɪtʃ.u- ⓤⓢ 'rɪtʃ- -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
Ritz rɪts
ritz|y 'rɪt.s|i -**ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rival 'raɪ.vəl -s -z -**(l)ing** -ɪŋ -**(l)ed** -d
rivalr|y 'raɪ.vəl.r|i -**ies** -iz
riv|e raɪv -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
riven 'rɪv.ən
river (R) 'rɪv.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z '**river** ˌ**bank,** ˌ**river** '**bank;** '**river** ˌ**bed,** ˌ**river** '**bed;** ˌ**sell** **someone** ˌ**down** **the** '**river**
Rivera rɪ'veə.rə ⓤⓢ -'ver.ə
riverboat 'rɪv.ə.bəʊt ⓤⓢ -ɚ.boʊt -s -s
Rivers 'rɪv.əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
riverside (R) 'rɪv.ə.saɪd ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-

riv|et 'rɪv|.ɪt, -ət ⓤⓢ -ɪt -**ets** -ɪts, -əts ⓤⓢ -ɪts -**eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ, -ə.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -**eted** -ɪ.tɪd, -ə.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd -**eter/s** -ɪ.təʳ/z, -ə.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɚ/z
Riviera ˌrɪv.i'eə.rə ⓤⓢ -'er.ə
Rivington 'rɪv.ɪŋ.tən -s -z
rivulet 'rɪv.jə.lət, -jʊ-, -lɪt, -let ⓤⓢ -lɪt -s -s
Rix rɪks
Riyadh 'riː.æd; -ɑːd, -'- ⓤⓢ riː'jɑːd
riyal ri'ɑːl, -'æl; 'riː.ɑːl, -æl ⓤⓢ riː'jɑːl, -'jɔːl, -'ɑːl, -'ɔːl -s -z
Rizla® 'rɪz.lə
Rizzio 'rɪt.si.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
RN (*abbrev. for* **Royal Navy**) ˌɑːʳ'en; ˌrɔɪəl'neɪ.vi ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr'en; ˌrɔɪəl'neɪ.vi
roach (R) rəʊtʃ ⓤⓢ roʊtʃ -**es** -ɪz
road rəʊd ⓤⓢ roʊd -s -z '**road** ˌ**hog;** '**road** ˌ**rage;** '**road** ˌ**tax**
roadblock 'rəʊd.blɒk ⓤⓢ 'roʊd.blɑːk -s -s
roadholding 'rəʊdˌhəʊl.dɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'roʊdˌhoʊl-
roadhou|se 'rəʊd.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ 'roʊd- -**ses** -zɪz
roadie 'rəʊ.di ⓤⓢ 'roʊ- -s -z
roadrunner 'rəʊdˌrʌn.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'roʊdˌrʌn.ɚ -s -z
roadshow 'rəʊd.ʃəʊ ⓤⓢ 'roʊd.ʃoʊ -s -z
roadside 'rəʊd.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'roʊd-
roadstead 'rəʊd.sted ⓤⓢ 'roʊd- -s -z
roadster 'rəʊd.stəʳ ⓤⓢ 'roʊd.stɚ -s -z
road-test 'rəʊd.test ⓤⓢ 'roʊd- -s -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -ɪd
roadway 'rəʊd.weɪ ⓤⓢ 'roʊd- -s -z
roadworks 'rəʊd.wɜːks ⓤⓢ 'roʊd.wɝːks
roadworth|y 'rəʊdˌwɜː.ð|i ⓤⓢ 'roʊdˌwɝː- -**iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Roald rəʊəld ⓤⓢ roʊəld
roam rəʊm ⓤⓢ roʊm -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
roan (R) rəʊn ⓤⓢ roʊn -s -z
Roanoke 'rəʊə.nəʊk, 'rəʊ-, ˌrəʊə'nəʊk ⓤⓢ 'roʊə.noʊk
roar rɔːʳ ⓤⓢ rɔːr -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
roast rəʊst ⓤⓢ roʊst -s -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -ɪd -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
rob (R) rɒb ⓤⓢ rɑːb -s -z -**bing** -ɪŋ -**bed** -d
Robards 'rəʊ.bɑːdz ⓤⓢ 'roʊ.bɑːrdz
Robb rɒb ⓤⓢ rɑːb
robber 'rɒb.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'rɑː.bɚ -s -z
robber|y 'rɒb.ər|.i ⓤⓢ 'rɑː.bɚ|.i, '-br|- -**ies** -iz
Robbins 'rɒb.ɪnz ⓤⓢ 'rɑː.bɪnz
rob|e rəʊb ⓤⓢ roʊb -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
Robens 'rəʊ.bɪnz ⓤⓢ 'roʊ-
Roberson 'rəʊ.bə.sən, 'rɒb.ə- ⓤⓢ 'roʊ.bɚ-, 'rɑː-
Note: In **Roberson's medium** the usual pronunciation is /'rɒb.ə- ⓤⓢ 'rɑː.bɚ-/.
Robert 'rɒb.ət ⓤⓢ 'rɑː.bɚt -s -s
Roberta rəʊ'bɜː.tə, rɒb'ɜː- ⓤⓢ rə'bɝː.t̬ə, roʊ-
Roberto rəʊ'bɜː.təʊ, rɒb'ɜː- ⓤⓢ rə'bɝː.t̬oʊ, roʊ-, -toʊ

obertson 'rɒb.ət.sᵊn ⓤ 'rɑːb.ɚt-
obeson 'rəʊb.sᵊn ⓤ 'roʊb-
obespierre 'rəʊbz.pjeəʳ, -pɪəʳ, 'rəʊb.spjeəʳ, -spɪəʳ ⓤ ˌroʊbz'pjer, -'pɪr, -pi'er
obin (R) 'rɒb.ɪn ⓤ 'rɑː.bɪn **-s** -z ˌRobin 'Hood ⓤ 'Robin ˌHood; ˌRobin Hood's 'Bay
obina rɒb'iː.nə, rəʊ'biː- ⓤ rə'biː-, roʊ-
obins 'rəʊ.bɪnz, 'rɒb.ɪnz ⓤ 'rɑː.bɪnz, 'roʊ-
obinson 'rɒb.ɪn.sᵊn ⓤ 'rɑː.bɪn- ˌRobinson 'Crusoe
obot 'rəʊ.bɒt ⓤ 'roʊ.bɑːt, -bət **-s** -s
obotham 'rəʊ.bɒθ.əm, -bɒt- ⓤ 'roʊ.bɑː.θəm, -bɑː.t̬əm
obotic rəʊ'bɒt.ɪk ⓤ roʊ'bɑː.t̬ɪk **-s** -s
ob Roy ˌrɒb'rɔɪ ⓤ ˌrɑːb-
obsart 'rɒb.sɑːt ⓤ 'rɑːb.sɑːrt
obson 'rɒb.sᵊn ⓤ 'rɑːb-
obust rəʊ'bʌst ⓤ roʊ-, '-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
oby 'rəʊ.bi ⓤ 'roʊ-
obyn 'rɒb.ɪn ⓤ 'rɑː.bɪn
ocha 'rɒʃ.ə ⓤ 'rɑː.ʃə
ochdale 'rɒtʃ.deɪl ⓤ 'rɑːtʃ-
oche rəʊtʃ, rəʊʃ, rɒʃ ⓤ roʊtʃ, roʊʃ, rɑːʃ
ochester 'rɒtʃ.ɪ.stəʳ, '-ə- ⓤ 'rɑː.tʃə.stɚ, -tʃes.tɚ
ochet 'rɒtʃ.ɪt ⓤ 'rɑː.tʃɪt **-s** -s
ochford 'rɒtʃ.fəd ⓤ 'rɑːtʃ.fɚd
ock (R) rɒk ⓤ rɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z 'rock ˌcake; 'rock ˌclimbing; 'rock ˌgarden; 'rock ˌsalmon; 'rock ˌsalt; 'rocking ˌchair; 'rocking ˌhorse
ockabilly 'rɒk.əˌbɪl.i ⓤ 'rɑː.kəˌ-
ock-and-roll ˌrɒk.ᵊnd'rəʊl ⓤ ˌrɑːk.ᵊnd'roʊl **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌrock-and-roll 'music
ock-bottom ˌrɒk'bɒt.əm ⓤ ˌrɑːk'bɑː.t̬əm *stress shift:* ˌrock-bottom 'level
ockbound 'rɒk.baʊnd ⓤ 'rɑːk-
ockefeller 'rɒk.əˌfel.əʳ, -ɪˌ- ⓤ 'rɑː.kəˌfel.ɚ 'Rockefeller ˌCenter ⓤ ˌRockefeller 'Center
ocker|y 'rɒk.ᵊr|.i ⓤ 'rɑː.kɚ- **-ies** -iz
ock|et 'rɒk|.ɪt ⓤ 'rɑː.k|ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤ -ɪ.t̬ɪd 'rocket ˌbase; 'rocket ˌrange
ocketry 'rɒk.ɪ.tri, '-ə- ⓤ 'rɑː.kɪ-, -kə-
ockfall 'rɒk.fɔːl ⓤ 'rɑːk-, -fɑːl **-s** -z
ockhampton rɒk'hæmp.tən ⓤ rɑːk-
ockies 'rɒk.iz ⓤ 'rɑː.kiz
ockingham 'rɒk.ɪŋ.əm ⓤ 'rɑː.kɪŋ-
ockmelon 'rɒkˌmel.ən ⓤ 'rɑːk- **-s** -z
ockne 'rɒk.ni ⓤ 'rɑːk-
ock 'n' roll ˌrɒk.ᵊnd'rəʊl ⓤ ˌrɑːk.ᵊnd'roʊl **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌrock 'n' roll 'music
ockros|e 'rɒk.rəʊz ⓤ 'rɑːk.roʊz **-es** -ɪz
ockwell 'rɒk.wel, -wəl ⓤ 'rɑː.kwel, -kwəl

rock|y (R) 'rɒk|.i ⓤ 'rɑː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌRocky 'Mountains
rococo rəʊ'kəʊ.kəʊ ⓤ rə'koʊ.koʊ; ˌroʊ.kə'koʊ
rod (R) rɒd ⓤ rɑːd **-s** -z **make a ˌrod for one's ˌown 'back; ˌrule some-one with a ˌrod of 'iron**
Roddick 'rɒd.ɪk ⓤ 'rɑː.dɪk
rode (*from* **ride**) rəʊd ⓤ roʊd
Roden 'rəʊ.dᵊn ⓤ 'roʊ-
rodent 'rəʊ.dᵊnt ⓤ 'roʊ- **-s** -s
rodeo rəʊ'deɪ.əʊ; 'rəʊ.di- ⓤ 'roʊ.di.oʊ; roʊ'deɪ.oʊ **-s** -z
Roderic(k) 'rɒd.ᵊr.ɪk ⓤ 'rɑː.dɚ-
Rodger 'rɒdʒ.əʳ ⓤ 'rɑː.dʒɚ **-s** -z
Rodgers 'rɒdʒ.əz ⓤ 'rɑː.dʒɚz
Rodin 'rəʊ.dæ̃ŋ ⓤ roʊ'dæ̃n
Roding 'rəʊ.dɪŋ *locally sometimes:* 'ruː.dɪŋ, -ðɪŋ ⓤ 'roʊ.dɪŋ, 'ruː-, -ðɪŋ
Rodman 'rɒd.mən, 'rɒb- ⓤ 'rɑːd-
Rodmell 'rɒd.mᵊl ⓤ 'rɑːd-
Rodney 'rɒd.ni ⓤ 'rɑːd-
rodomontad|e ˌrɒd.ə.mɒn'teɪd, ˌrəʊ.də-, -'tɑːd ⓤ ˌrɑː.də.mən'teɪd, ˌroʊ-, -'tɑːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Rodriguez rɒd'riː.gez ⓤ rɑː'driː.ges, -geɪs, -geɪz, -gəz
Rodway 'rɒd.weɪ ⓤ 'rɑːd-
roe (R) rəʊ ⓤ roʊ **-s** -z
Roebling 'rəʊ.blɪŋ ⓤ 'roʊ-
roebuck (R) 'rəʊ.bʌk ⓤ 'roʊ- **-s** -s
Roedean 'rəʊ.diːn ⓤ 'roʊ-
Roehampton rəʊ'hæmp.tən ⓤ roʊ- *stress shift:* ˌRoehampton 'College
roentgen (R) 'rɒn.tjən, 'rɜːn-, 'rɒnt.gən, 'rɜːn- ⓤ 'rent.gən, 'rɜːnt-, 'rʌnt-, 'ren.tʃən, 'rɜːn-, 'rʌn- **-s** -z
Roethke 'ret.kə ⓤ 'ret-, 'reθ-, -ki
rogation (R) rəʊ'geɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤ roʊ- **-s** -z
rogatory 'rɒg.ə.tᵊr.i, -tri ⓤ 'rɑː.gə.tɔːr-
rog|er (R) 'rɒdʒ|.əʳ ⓤ 'rɑː.dʒ|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤ -ɚd
Roget 'rɒʒ.eɪ, 'rəʊ.ʒeɪ ⓤ ˌroʊ'ʒeɪ, '-- ˌRoget's The'saurus
rogue rəʊg ⓤ roʊg **-s** -z ˌrogue's 'gallery
roguer|y 'rəʊ.gᵊr|.i ⓤ 'roʊ- **-ies** -iz
roguish 'rəʊ.gɪʃ ⓤ 'roʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
roil rɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
roist|er 'rɔɪ.st|əʳ ⓤ -st|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ.ɚ/z
Rokeby 'rəʊk.bi ⓤ 'roʊk-
Roker 'rəʊ.kəʳ ⓤ 'roʊ.kɚ
Roland 'rəʊ.lənd ⓤ 'roʊ-
role, rôle rəʊl ⓤ roʊl **-s** -z 'role ˌmodel
roleplay 'rəʊl.pleɪ ⓤ 'roʊl- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Rolex® 'rəʊ.leks ⓤ 'roʊ-
Rolf(e) rɒlf, rəʊf ⓤ rɑːlf
roll rəʊl ⓤ roʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d 'roll ˌbar; 'roll ˌcall; 'rolling ˌpin; 'rolling ˌstock; ˌrolling 'stone; ˌRolling 'Stones
Rollason 'rɒl.ə.sᵊn ⓤ 'rɑː.lə-
roller 'rəʊ.ləʳ ⓤ 'roʊ.lɚ **-s** -z 'roller ˌblind; 'roller ˌcoaster, ˌroller 'coaster
Rollerblade® 'rəʊ.lə.bleɪd ⓤ 'roʊ.lɚ- **-s** -z
rollerblading 'rəʊ.ləˌbleɪ.dɪŋ ⓤ -lɚˌ-
roller|-skate 'rəʊ.lə|.skeɪt ⓤ 'roʊ.lɚ- **-skates** -skeɪts **-skating** -skeɪ.tɪŋ ⓤ -skeɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-skated** -skeɪ.tɪd ⓤ -skeɪ.t̬ɪd
Rolleston 'rəʊl.stᵊn ⓤ 'roʊl-
rollicking 'rɒl.ɪ.kɪŋ ⓤ 'rɑː.lɪ- **-ly** -li
Rollins 'rɒl.ɪnz ⓤ 'rɑː.lɪnz
rollmop 'rəʊl.mɒp ⓤ 'roʊl.mɑːp **-s** -s
rollneck 'rəʊl.nek ⓤ 'roʊl- **-s** -s
Rollo 'rɒl.əʊ ⓤ 'rɑː.loʊ
roll-on 'rəʊl.ɒn ⓤ 'roʊl.ɑːn **-s** -z
roll-out 'rəʊl.aʊt ⓤ 'roʊl- **-s** -s
rollover 'rəʊˌləʊ.vəʳ ⓤ 'roʊˌloʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
Rolls rəʊlz ⓤ roʊlz
Rolls-Royc|e® ˌrəʊlz'rɔɪs ⓤ ˌroʊlz- **-es** -ɪz *stress shift:* ˌRolls-Royce 'engine
roll-top 'rəʊl.tɒp ⓤ 'roʊl.tɑːp **-s** -s
roll-up 'rəʊl.ʌp ⓤ 'roʊl- **-s** -s
Rolo® 'rəʊ.ləʊ ⓤ 'roʊ.loʊ
Rolodex® 'rəʊ.lə.deks ⓤ 'roʊ-
Rolph rɒlf ⓤ rɑːlf
roly-pol|y ˌrəʊ.li'pəʊ.l|i ⓤ ˌroʊ.li'poʊ- **-ies** -iz *stress shift:* ˌroly-poly 'pudding
ROM rɒm ⓤ rɑːm
Romagna rəʊ'mɑː.njə ⓤ roʊ'-
Romaic rəʊ'meɪ.ɪk ⓤ roʊ-
romaine rəʊ'meɪn ⓤ rə-, roʊ- roˌmaine 'lettuce, ˌromaine 'lettuce
Roman 'rəʊ.mən ⓤ 'roʊ- **-s** -z ˌRoman 'candle; ˌRoman 'Catholic; ˌRoman Ca'tholicism; ˌRoman 'Empire; ˌRoman 'holiday; ˌRoman 'nose; ˌRoman 'numeral
roman(s) à clef rəʊˌmɑ̃ːn.ɑː'kleɪ ⓤ roʊ-
roman à thèse rəʊˌmɑ̃ːn.ɑː'teɪz ⓤ roʊ-
romanc|e (R) rəʊ'mænts; 'rəʊ.mænts ⓤ roʊ'mænts, '-- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤ -ɚ/z
Romanes *surname:* rəʊ'mɑː.nɪz, -nɪs, -nes ⓤ roʊ'mɑː.nɪz *gypsy language:* 'rɒm.ə.nes, -nɪs ⓤ 'rɑː.mə-
Romanesque ˌrəʊ.mᵊn'esk ⓤ ˌroʊ- *stress shift:* ˌRomanesque 'church
roman fleuve rəʊˌmɑ̃ːŋ'flɜːv ⓤ roʊ-
Romani|a ru'meɪ.ni|.ə, rəʊ-, ruː- ⓤ roʊ-, ruː-, '-nj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Romanic rəʊ'mæn.ɪk ⓤ roʊ-
Roman|ism 'rəʊ.mᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm ⓤ 'roʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
romanization, -isa- ˌrəʊ.mᵊn.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤ ˌroʊ.mᵊn.ɪ'- **-s** -z
romaniz|e, -is|e 'rəʊ.mᵊn.aɪz

US 'roʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Romanov 'rəʊ.mᵊn.ɒf, -nɒv US 'roʊ.mə.nɔːf; roʊ'mɑː-
Romans(c)h rəʊ'mænʃ, rʊ- US roʊ'mɑːnʃ, -'mænʃ
romantic (R) rəʊ'mæn.tɪk US roʊ'mæn.t̬ɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
romanticism (R) rəʊ'mæn.tɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm, -tə- US roʊ'mæn.t̬ə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
romanticization, -isa- rəʊˌmæn.tɪ.saɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-, -sɪ'- US roʊˌmæn.t̬ə.sɪ'-
romanticiz|e, -is|e rəʊ'mæn.tɪ.saɪz, -tə- US roʊ'mæn.t̬ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Roman|y 'rəʊ.mə.n|i, 'rɒm.ə- US 'rɑː.mə-, 'roʊ- **-ies** -iz
romaunt rəʊ'mɔːnt US roʊ'mɑːnt, -'mɔːnt **-s** -s
Rombauer 'rɒm.baʊəʳ US 'rɑːm.baʊɚ
Rome rəʊm US roʊm
Romeo 'rəʊ.mi.əʊ; rəʊ'meɪ- US 'roʊ.mi.oʊ **-s** -z
Romero rəʊ'meə.rəʊ US roʊ'mer.oʊ, rə-
Romford 'rɒm.fəd, 'rʌm- US 'rɑːm.fɚd
romic (R) 'rəʊ.mɪk US 'roʊ-
Romiley 'rɒm.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li US 'rɑː.mᵊl.i
Romilly 'rɒm.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li US 'rɑː.mᵊl.i
Romish 'rəʊ.mɪʃ US 'roʊ-
Rommel 'rɒm.ᵊl US 'rɑː.mᵊl
Romney 'rɒm.ni, 'rʌm- US 'rɑːm-, 'rʌm- **-s** -z
Romola 'rɒm.ᵊl.ə US 'rɑː.mᵊl-
romp rɒmp US rɑːmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
romper 'rɒm.pəʳ US 'rɑːm.pɚ **-s** -z **'romper ˌsuit**
Romsey 'rʌm.zi, 'rɒm- US 'rɑːm-
Romulus 'rɒm.jʊ.ləs, -jə- US 'rɑː.mjə-, -mjʊ-
Ronald 'rɒn.ᵊld US 'rɑː.nᵊld
Ronaldshay 'rɒn.ᵊld.ʃeɪ US 'rɑː.nᵊld-
Ronaldsway 'rɒn.ᵊldz.weɪ US 'rɑː.nᵊldz-
Ronan 'rəʊ.nən US 'roʊ-
Ronay 'rəʊ.neɪ US 'roʊ-
ron|deau 'rɒn|.dəʊ US 'rɑːn|.doʊ **-deaus** -dəʊz, -dəʊ US -doʊz **-deaux** -dəʊ US -doʊ
rondel 'rɒn.dᵊl US 'rɑːn-, -del **-s** -z
rondo 'rɒn.dəʊ US 'rɑːn.doʊ **-s** -z
roneo (R®) 'rəʊ.ni.əʊ US 'roʊ.ni.oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ronnie 'rɒn.i US 'rɑː.ni
Ronson 'rɒnt.sᵊn US 'rɑːnt-
Ronstadt 'rɒn.stæt US 'rɑːn-
röntgen, rontgen (R) 'rɒn.tjən, 'rɜːn-, 'rɒnt.gən, 'rɜːnt- US 'rent.gən, 'rɜːnt-, 'rʌnt-, 'ren.tʃən, 'rɜːn-, 'rʌn- **-s** -z
röntgenogram 'rɒn.tʃən.ə.græm, 'rɜːn-, 'rɒnt.gən-, 'rɜːnt- US 'rent.gə.nə-, 'rɜːnt-, 'rʌnt-, 'ren.tʃə-, 'rɜːn-, 'rʌn-, -dʒə- **-s** -z
Ronuk 'rɒn.ək US 'rɑː.nək
roo ruː **-s** -z
rood ruːd **-s** -z **'rood ˌscreen**
roo|f (*n.*) ruː|f US ruː|f, rʊ|f **-fs** -fs **-ves** -vz **'roof ˌgarden; 'roof ˌrack**
roof (*v.*) ruːf US ruːf, rʊf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
roofer 'ruː.fəʳ US -fɚ, 'rʊf.ɚ **-s** -z
rooftop 'ruːf.tɒp US -tɑːp, 'rʊf- **-s** -s
rook rʊk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Rooke rʊk **-s** -s
rooker|y 'rʊk.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
rookie 'rʊk.i **-s** -z
room (R) ruːm, rʊm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'room ˌservice; 'rooming ˌhouse**
roomful 'ruːm.fʊl, 'rʊm- **-s** -z
roommate 'ruːm.meɪt, 'rʊm- **-s** -s
Rooms ruːmz
room|y 'ruː.m|i, 'rʊm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Rooney 'ruː.ni
Roosevelt 'rəʊ.zə.velt, 'ruː-, -sə-; 'ruːs.velt US 'roʊ.zə.velt, 'ruː-, -vəlt; 'roʊz.velt
Note: /'rəʊ.zə.velt US 'roʊ-/ is the pronunciation used in the families of the late presidents of the U.S.A..
roost (R) ruːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
rooster 'ruː.stəʳ US -stɚ **-s** -z
root (R) ruːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'ruː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'ruː.t̬ɪd **-less/ness** -ləs/nəs, -lɪs/nɪs **'root ˌbeer, ˌroot 'beer; 'root caˌnal; 'root ˌvegetable, ˌroot 'vegetable**
Rootham 'ruː.təm US -t̬əm
rootstock 'ruːt.stɒk US -stɑːk **-s** -s
rop|e rəʊp US roʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **ˌrope 'ladder**
Roper 'rəʊ.pəʳ US 'roʊ.pɚ
rop|ey, rop|y 'rəʊ.p|i US 'roʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Roquefort® 'rɒk.fɔːʳ US 'roʊk.fɚt
roquet 'rəʊ.ki, -keɪ US roʊ'keɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Rorke rɔːk US rɔːrk
Rorqual 'rɔː.kwᵊl, -kᵊl US 'rɔːr.kwᵊl **-s** -z
Rorschach 'rɔː.ʃɑːk, -ʃæk US 'rɔːr.ʃɑːk
rort rɔːt US rɔːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'rɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'rɔːr.t̬ɪd
Rory 'rɔː.ri US 'rɔːr.i
Ros (*abbrev. for* **Rosalind**) rɒz US rɑːz
Ros *surname:* rɒs US rɑːs
Rosa 'rəʊ.zə US 'roʊ-
rosaceous rəʊ'zeɪ.ʃəs US roʊ-
Rosalba rəʊ'zæl.bə, rɒz'æl- US roʊ'zɑːl-, -bɑː
Rosalie 'rəʊ.zᵊl.i, 'rɒz.ᵊl- US 'roʊ.zə.li, 'rɑː-
Rosalind 'rɒz.ᵊl.ɪnd US 'rɑː.zə.lɪnd
Rosaline 'rɒz.ᵊl.aɪn, -iːn US 'rɑː.zə.lɪn, -laɪn
Rosalynde 'rɒz.ᵊl.ɪnd US 'rɑː.zə.lɪnd
Rosamond 'rɒz.ə.mənd US 'rɑː.zə-, 'roʊ-
Rosario rəʊ'sɑː.ri.əʊ US roʊ'zɑːr.i.oʊ, -sɑːr-
rosarium rəʊ'zeə.ri.əm US roʊ'zer.i- **-s** -z
rosar|y 'rəʊ.zᵊr|.i US 'roʊ- **-ies** -iz
Roscius 'rɒʃ.i.əs, 'rɒs-; 'rɒs.ki.əs US 'rɑː.ʃi-, '-ʃəs
Roscoe 'rɒs.kəʊ US 'rɑː.skoʊ
Roscommon rɒs'kɒm.ən US rɑː'skɑː.mən
ros|e (R) rəʊz US roʊz **-es** -ɪz **'rose ˌbush; 'rose ˌgarden; 'rose ˌwater; ˌrose 'window**
rose (*from* **rise**) rəʊz US roʊz
rosé 'rəʊ.zeɪ, -'- US roʊ'zeɪ
Roseanne rəʊ'zæn US roʊ-
roseate 'rəʊ.zi.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt US 'roʊ.zi.ɪt, -eɪt
Roseau rəʊ'zəʊ US roʊ'zoʊ
Rosebery 'rəʊz.bᵊr.i US 'roʊzˌber-
rosebud 'rəʊz.bʌd US 'roʊz- **-s** -z
rose-colo(u)red 'rəʊzˌkʌl.əd US 'roʊzˌkʌl.ɚd
rosehip 'rəʊz.hɪp US 'roʊz- **-s** -s
rosella rəʊ'zel.ə US roʊ-, rə- **-s** -z
rosemary (R) 'rəʊz.mᵊr.i US 'roʊz.mer-
Rosenberg 'rəʊ.zᵊn.bɜːg, -zᵊm- US 'roʊ.zᵊn.bɝːg
Rosencrantz 'rəʊ.zᵊn.krænts, -zᵊŋ- US 'roʊ-
Rosenkavalier ˌrəʊ.zᵊn.kæv.ə'lɪəʳ, -zᵊŋ-, 'rəʊ.zᵊnˌkæv.ə.lɪə, ˌroʊ- US 'roʊ-
Rosenkranz 'rəʊ.zᵊn.krænts, -zᵊŋ- US 'roʊ.zᵊn-
Rosenthal 'rəʊ.zᵊn.tɑːl, -θɔːl US 'roʊ.zᵊn.θɑːl, -θɔːl, -tɑːl, -tɔːl
roseola rəʊ'ziː.ᵊl.ə; ˌrəʊ.zi'əʊ.lə US roʊ'ziː.ᵊl.ə; ˌroʊ.zi'oʊ.lə
Rosetta rəʊ'zet.ə US roʊ'zet̬- **RoˌsettaˈStone** US **Ro'setta ˌStone**
rosette rəʊ'zet US roʊ- **-s** -s
rosewood 'rəʊz.wʊd US 'roʊz-
Rosh Hashana ˌrɒʃ.hæʃ'ɑː.nə, -hə'ʃɑː- US ˌroʊʃ.hə'ʃɔː.nə, ˌrɑːʃ-, -'ʃɑː-
Rosicrucian ˌrəʊ.zɪ'kruː.ʃᵊn, ˌrɒz.ɪ'-, -ʃi.ən US ˌroʊ.zə'kruː.ʃən, ˌrɑː- **-s** -z
Rosie 'rəʊ.zi US 'roʊ-
Rosier 'rəʊ.zɪəʳ, -zi.əʳ US 'roʊ.ʒɚ; roʊ'zɪr
rosin 'rɒz.ɪn US 'rɑː.zən
Rosina rəʊ'ziː.nə US roʊ-
Roslin 'rɒz.lɪn US 'rɑːz-
Ross rɒs US rɑːs
Rossall 'rɒs.ᵊl US 'rɑː.sᵊl
Ross|e rɒs US rɑːs **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ
Rossellini ˌrɒs.ə'liː.ni US ˌrɑː.sə'-
Rossetti rə'zet.i, rɒz'et-, rə'set-, rɒs'et- US roʊ'zet̬-, rə-, -'set̬-
Rossini rɒs'iː.ni, rə'siː- US roʊ'siː-, rɑː-
Rossiter 'rɒs.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- US 'rɑː.sə.t̬ɚ
Rosslare ˌrɒs'leəʳ US rɑː'sler *stress shift:* ˌRosslare 'streets
Rosslyn 'rɒs.lɪn US 'rɑː.slɪn

Rounding

A term used to describe lip configuration in speech sounds.

Examples for English

Practically any vowel or consonant may be produced with different amounts of lip-rounding. The lips are rounded by muscles that act rather like a draw-string round the neck of a bag, bringing the edges of the lips towards each other. Except in unusual cases, this results not only in the mouth opening adopting a round shape, but also in a protrusion or "pushing forward" of the lips. In theory, any vowel position (defined in terms of height and frontness/backness) may be produced rounded or unrounded, though we do not necessarily find all possible vowels in natural languages. BBC English has four rounded vowel monophthongs, while US English has three:

pot	/pɒt/	US /pɑːt/	(unrounded)
put	/pʊt/		
core	/kɔːʳ/	US /kɔːr/	
coo	/kuː/		

Consonants, too, may have rounded lips (in [w], the basic consonantal articulation itself consists of lip-rounding): this lip-rounding in consonants is regarded as a 'secondary articulation', and it is usual to refer to it as 'labialisation'. In British English, it is common to find /ʃ/, /tʃ/ and /r/ with lip-rounding.

In other languages

Swedish is described as having a rounded vowel without lip protrusion.

ss-on-Wye ˌrɒs.ɒn'waɪ US ˌrɑːs.ɑːn'- *stress shift:* ˌRoss-on-Wye 'streets

st|er 'rɒs.t|əʳ US 'rɑː.st|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

stock 'rɒs.tɒk US 'rɑː.stɑːk

stov 'rɒs.tɒv US 'rɑː.stɑːf; rə'stɔːf

strevor rɒs'trev.əʳ US rɑː'strev.ɚ

stropovich ˌrɒs.trə'pəʊ.vɪtʃ US ˌrɑː.strə'poʊ.viːtʃ, -strɑː'pɔː-

str|um 'rɒs.tr|əm US 'rɑː.str|əm **ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

s|y (R) 'rəʊ.z|i US 'roʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

syth rɒs'aɪθ, rə'saɪθ US rɑː'saɪθ, rə-

t rɒt US rɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US 'rɑː.t̬ɪŋ **ted** -ɪd US 'rɑː.t̬ɪd

ta 'rəʊ.tə US 'roʊ.t̬ə **-s** -z

tarian rəʊ'teə.ri.ən US roʊ'ter.i- **s** -z

tar|y 'rəʊ.tᵊr|.i US 'roʊ.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz **Rotary** ˌ**Club**

tatable rəʊ'teɪ.tə.bᵊl US 'roʊ.teɪ.t̬ə-

ta|te rəʊ'teɪ|t US 'roʊ.teɪ|t, -'- **tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z

tation rəʊ'teɪ.ʃᵊn US roʊ- **-s** -z

tatory 'rəʊ.tə.tᵊr.i; rəʊ'teɪ- US 'roʊ.tə.tɔːr-

TC ˌɑːʳ.əʊˌtiː'siː; ˌrɒt'siː US ˌɑːr.oʊ.tiː'siː; 'rɑːt.si

te rəʊt US roʊt

tgut 'rɒt.gʌt US 'rɑːt-

th rɒθ, rəʊθ US rɑːθ

thamsted 'rɒθ.ᵊm.sted US rɑː.θəm-

thenstein 'rəʊ.θᵊn.staɪn, -tᵊn-; rɒθ.ᵊn- US 'rɑː.θən-, 'roʊ-

ther 'rɒð.əʳ US 'rɑː.ðɚ

therfield 'rɒð.ə.fiːld US 'rɑː.ðɚ-

therham 'rɒð.ᵊr.əm US 'rɑː.ðɚ-

therhithe 'rɒð.ə.haɪð US 'rɑː.ðɚ-

Rothermere 'rɒð.ə.mɪəʳ US 'rɑː.ðɚ.mɪr

Rotherston 'rɒð.ə.stᵊn US 'rɑː.ðɚ-

Rotherwick 'rɒð.ᵊr.ɪk, -ə.wɪk US 'rɑː.ðɚ.ɪk, -wɪk

Rothes 'rɒθ.ɪs US 'rɑː.θɪs

Rothesay 'rɒθ.si, -seɪ US 'rɑːθ-

Rothko 'rɒθ.kəʊ US 'rɑːθ.koʊ

Rothman 'rɒθ.mən US 'rɑːθ-

Rothschild 'rɒθ.tʃaɪld, 'rɒs-, 'rɒθs- US 'rɑːθ-, 'rɔːθ-, 'rɑːθs-, 'rɔːθs-

Rothwell 'rɒθ.wel, -wəl US 'rɑːθ.wel, -wəl

roti 'rəʊ.ti US roʊ'tiː **-s** -z

rotisserie rəʊ'tɪs.ᵊr.i, -'tiː.sᵊr- US roʊ'tɪs.ɚ- **-s** -z

rotogravure ˌrəʊ.təʊ.grə'vjʊəʳ US ˌroʊ.t̬ə.grə'vjʊr; 'roʊ.t̬əˌgreɪ.vjɚ

rotor 'rəʊ.təʳ US 'roʊ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

Rotorua ˌrəʊ.tə'ruː.ə US ˌroʊ.t̬ə'-

roto|vate 'rəʊ.tə|.veɪt US 'roʊ.t̬ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd

rotovator (R®) 'rəʊ.tə.veɪ.təʳ US 'roʊ.t̬ə.veɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

rotten 'rɒt.ᵊn US 'rɑː.tᵊn **-est** -ɪst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**rotten** '**borough**

rottenstone 'rɒt.ᵊn.stəʊn US 'rɑː.tᵊn.stoʊn

rotter 'rɒt.əʳ US 'rɑː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

Rotterdam 'rɒt.ə.dæm, ˌ--'- US 'rɑː.t̬ɚ.dæm

Rottingdean 'rɒt.ɪŋ.diːn, ˌ--'- US 'rɑː.t̬ɪŋ.diːn

rottweiler (R) 'rɒt.waɪ.ləʳ, -vaɪ- US 'rɑːt.waɪ.lɚ, 'rɔːt.vaɪ- **-s** -z

rotund rəʊ'tʌnd; 'rəʊ.tʌnd US roʊ'- **-ity** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

rotunda (R) rəʊ'tʌn.də US roʊ- **-s** -z

rouble 'ruː.bᵊl **-s** -z

Rouch raʊtʃ

roué 'ruː.eɪ, -'- US ru'eɪ; 'ruː.eɪ **-s** -z

Rouen 'ruː.ɑ̃ːŋ, -ɑːŋ, -'- US ru'ɑ̃ːŋ, -'ɑːn

roug|e ruːʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

rough rʌf **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**rough** '**diamond;** '**rough** ˌ**stuff;** ˌ**rough** '**trade; take the** ˌ**rough with the** '**smooth**

roughage 'rʌf.ɪdʒ

rough-and-ready ˌrʌf.ᵊnd'red.i *stress shift:* ˌrough-and-ready 'treatment

rough-and-tumble ˌrʌf.ᵊnd'tʌm.bᵊl *stress shift:* ˌrough-and-tumble 'games

roughcast 'rʌf.kɑːst US -kæst

roughen 'rʌf.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'rʌf.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

rough-hew ˌrʌf'hjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n *stress shift:* ˌrough-hewn 'stone

roughhous|e 'rʌf.haʊs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

roughish 'rʌf.ɪʃ

roughneck 'rʌf.nek **-s** -s

roughrider 'rʌfˌraɪ.dəʳ US -dɚ **-s** -z

roughshod 'rʌf.ʃɒd US -ʃɑːd ˌ**ride** '**roughshod over**

rough-spoken ˌrʌf'spəʊ.kᵊn US -'spoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌrough-spoken 'person

Rough Tor ˌraʊ'tɔːʳ US -'tɔːr

roulade ruː'lɑːd **-s** -z

roulette ruː'let

Roulston 'rəʊl.stᵊn US 'roʊl-

Roumani|a rʊ'meɪ.ni|.ə, rʊ-, rəʊ- US ruː-, roʊ-, '-nj|ə **-an/s** -ən/z

round (R) raʊnd **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, 'raʊn.nəs, -nɪs **-ish** -ɪʃ **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**round** '**robin;** ˌ**Round** '**Table** US '**Round** ˌ**Table;** ˌ**round** '**trip**

roundabout 'raʊnd.əˌbaʊt **-s** -s

roundel 'raʊn.dᵊl **-s** -z

roundelay ˈraʊn.dɪ.leɪ, -dᵊl.eɪ (US) -də.leɪ -s -z
rounders ˈraʊn.dəz (US) -dɚz
roundhand ˈraʊnd.hænd
Roundhay ˈraʊn.deɪ, ˈraʊnd.heɪ
Roundhead ˈraʊnd.hed -s -z
roundhou|se ˈraʊnd.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
round-shouldered ˌraʊndˈʃəʊl.dəd (US) -ˈʃoʊl.dɚd *stress shift:* ˌround-shouldered ˈperson
rounds|man ˈraʊndz|.mən **-men** -mən
round-table ˌraʊndˈteɪ.bᵊl (US) ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift:* ˌround-table ˈconference
round-the-clock ˌraʊnd.ðəˈklɒk (US) -ˈklɑːk *stress shift:* ˌround-the-clock ˈvigil
round-up ˈraʊnd.ʌp -s -s
roundworm ˈraʊnd.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s -z
Rourke rɔːk (US) rɔːrk
Rous raʊs
rous|e raʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
Rouse raʊs, ruːs
Rousseau ˈruː.səʊ, -ˈ- (US) ruːˈsoʊ
Roussillon ˌruː.siˈjɔ̃ːŋ, ˈ--- (US) -ˈjõʊn
roustabout ˈraʊst.əˌbaʊt -s -s
rout raʊt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈraʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈraʊ.t̬ɪd
rout|e ruːt (US) ruːt, raʊt **-es** -s **-(e)ing/s** -ɪŋ/z (US) ˈruː.t̬ɪŋ, ˈraʊ- **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈruː.t̬ɪd, ˈraʊ- ˈ**route** ˌ**march**
Routh raʊθ
routine ruːˈtiːn -s -z
Routledge ˈraʊt.lɪdʒ, -ledʒ, ˈrʌt-
Routley ˈraʊt.li
roux (R) ruː
rov|e rəʊv (US) roʊv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Rover® ˈrəʊ.vəʳ (US) ˈroʊ.vɚ -s -z
row (*n, v.*) *quarrel:* raʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
row (*n, v.*) *all other senses:* rəʊ (US) roʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**row** ˌ**house;** ˈ**rowing** ˌ**boat**
Rowallan rəʊˈæl.ən (US) roʊ-
rowan *tree:* rəʊən, raʊən; ˈrəʊ.æn (US) roʊən, raʊən -s -z
Note: More commonly /raʊən/ in Scotland.
Rowan *name:* rəʊən, raʊən (US) roʊən, raʊən
rowanberr|y ˈrəʊənˌber|.i, ˈrəʊəm- (US) ˈroʊən- **-ies** -iz
Rowant raʊənt
row-boat ˈrəʊ.bəʊt (US) ˈroʊ.boʊt -s -s
Rowbottom, Rowbotham ˈrəʊˌbɒt.ᵊm (US) ˈroʊˌbɑː.t̬əm
Rowden ˈraʊ.dᵊn
rowd|y ˈraʊ.d|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-yism** -i.ɪ.zᵊm
Rowe rəʊ (US) roʊ
rowel raʊəl -s -z
Rowell raʊəl
Rowena rəʊˈiː.nə (US) roʊ-, -ˈwiː-
Rowenta® rəʊˈen.tə (US) roʊˈen.t̬ə

Pronouncing the letters RRH

The consonant letter combination **rrh** behaves like the letter **r**, e.g.:

myrrh	/mɜːʳ/	(US) /mɜːr/
diarrh(o)ea	/ˌdaɪəˈrɪə/	(US) /-ˈriː.ə/

rower ˈrəʊ.əʳ (US) ˈroʊ.ɚ -s -z
Rowland ˈrəʊ.lənd (US) ˈroʊ- -s -z
Rowlandson ˈrəʊ.lənd.sən (US) ˈroʊ-
Rowles rəʊlz (US) roʊlz
Rowley ˈrəʊ.li, ˈraʊ- (US) ˈroʊ-, ˈraʊ-
Rowling ˈrəʊ.lɪŋ, ˈraʊ- (US) ˈroʊ-
Rowlinson ˈrəʊ.lɪn.sᵊn (US) ˈroʊ-
rowlock ˈrɒl.ək, ˈrəʊ.lɒk, ˈrʌl.ək (US) ˈrɑː.lək, ˈrʌl.ək, ˈroʊ.lɑːk -s -s
Rowney ˈrəʊ.ni, ˈraʊ- (US) ˈroʊ-, ˈraʊ-
Rowntree ˈraʊn.triː ˌ**Rowntree** ˈ**Mackintosh®**
Rowridge ˈraʊ.rɪdʒ
Rowse raʊs
Rowton ˈraʊ.tᵊn, ˈrɔː-
Roxana rɒkˈsɑː.nə, -ˈsæn.ə (US) rɑːkˈsæn.ə
Roxanne rɒkˈsæn (US) rɑːk-
Roxburgh(e) ˈrɒks.bᵊr.ə (US) ˈrɑːks- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Roxy ˈrɒk.si (US) ˈrɑːk-
Roy rɔɪ
royal ˈrɔɪəl -s -z **-ly** -i ˌ**Royal** ˈ**Air** ˌ**Force;** ˌ**royal** ˈ**blue;** ˌ**royal** ˈ**family;** ˌ**Royal** ˈ**Highness;** ˌ**royal** ˈ**jelly;** ˌ**Royal** ˈ**Mail;** ˌ**Royal** ˈ**Navy**
royal|ism ˈrɔɪə.l|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
royalt|y ˈrɔɪəl.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Royce rɔɪs
Royle rɔɪl
Royston ˈrɔɪ.stᵊn
Royton ˈrɔɪ.tᵊn
RP ˌɑːˈpiː (US) ˌɑːr-
rpm (R) ˌɑː.piːˈem (US) ˌɑːr-
RSA ˌɑːʳ.esˈeɪ (US) ˌɑːr-
RSC ˌɑːʳ.esˈsiː (US) ˌɑːr-
RSPB ˌɑːʳ.esˌpiːˈbiː (US) ˌɑːr-
RSPCA ˌɑːʳ.esˌpiː.siːˈeɪ (US) ˌɑːr-
RSVP ˌɑːʳ.es.viːˈpiː (US) ˌɑːr-
Rt. Hon. (*abbrev. for* **Right Honourable**) ˌraɪtˈɒn.ᵊr.ə.bᵊl (US) -ˈɑː.nɚ.ə- *stress shift:* ˌRt. Hon. ˈmember
Ruabon ruˈæb.ᵊn
Ruanda ruˈæn.də (US) -ˈɑːn-
rub rʌb -s -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
Rubáiyát ˈruː.baɪ.jæt, -beɪ- (US) ˌruː.baɪˈjɑːt, -biːˈ-, ˈ---
rubato ruːˈbɑː.təʊ, rʊ- (US) ruːˈbɑː.toʊ -s -z
rubb|er ˈrʌb|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ery** -ᵊr.i ˌ**rubber** ˈ**band;** ˈ**rubber** ˌ**plant**
rubberiz|e, -is|e ˈrʌb.ᵊr.aɪz (US) -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
rubberneck ˈrʌb.ə.nek (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

rubber-stamp ˌrʌb.əˈstæmp (US) -ɚˈ- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t *stress shift:* ˌrubber-stamped ˈdocument
rubbish ˈrʌb.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i
rubble ˈrʌb.ᵊl
Rubbra ˈrʌb.rə
rubefacient ˌruː.bɪˈfeɪ.ʃi.ənt, ˈ-ʃᵊnt (US) -bəˈfeɪ.ʃᵊnt
Rube Goldberg ˌruːbˈgəʊld.bɜːg (US) -ˈgoʊld.bɝːg
rubella ruːˈbel.ə, rʊ- (US) ruː-
Ruben ˈruː.bɪn, -bən (US) -bən
Rubenesque ˌruː.bɪˈnesk, -bᵊnˈesk (US) -bəˈnesk
Rubens ˈruː.bənz, -bɪnz (US) -bənz
rubeola ruːˈbiː.əʊ.lə, rʊ-; ˌruː.biˈəʊ.lə (US) ruːˈbi.ᵊl.ə; ˌruː.biˈoʊ.lə
Rubicon ˈruː.bɪ.kᵊn, -kɒn (US) -kɑːn
rubicund ˈruː.bɪ.kənd, -kʌnd (US) -bə.kʌnd, -bɪ-, -kənd
rubidium ruːˈbɪd.i.əm, rʊ- (US) ruː-
Rubik ˈruː.bɪk ˌ**Rubik's** ˈ**Cube**
Rubinstein ˈruː.bɪn.staɪn, -bən- (US) -bɪn-
ruble ˈruː.bᵊl -s -z
rubric ˈruː.brɪk -s -s
rub|y (R) ˈruː.b|i **-ies** -iz
RUC ˌɑː.juːˈsiː (US) ˌɑːr-
ruch|e ruːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
ruck rʌk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rucksack ˈrʌk.sæk, ˈrʊk- -s -s
ruckus ˈrʌk.əs
ruction ˈrʌk.ʃᵊn -s -z
rudd (R) rʌd -s -z
rudd|er ˈrʌd|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-erless** -ᵊl.əs, -ɪs (US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs
Rudderham ˈrʌd.ᵊr.əm
Ruddigore ˈrʌd.ɪ.gɔːʳ (US) -gɔːr
ruddl|e ˈrʌd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈrʌd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Ruddlington ˈrʌd.lɪŋ.tən
Ruddock ˈrʌd.ək
rudd|y ˈrʌd|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
rud|e ruːd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Rudge rʌdʒ
Rudi ˈruː.di
rudiment ˈruː.dɪ.mənt, -də- (US) -də- -s -s
rudimentary ˌruː.dɪˈmen.tᵊr.i, -dəˈ-, ˈ-tri (US) -dəˈ- *stress shift:* ˌrudimentary ˈknowledge
Rudolf, Rudolph ˈruː.dɒlf (US) -dɑːlf

udy 'ruː.di
udyard *first name:* 'rʌd.jəd, -jɑːd ⓤⓢ -jɚd, -jɑːrd
udyard *in Staffordshire:* 'rʌdʒ.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
ue ruː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
ueful 'ruː.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uff rʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
uffian 'rʌf.i.ən **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
uffl|e 'rʌf.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'rʌf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
ufiyaa 'ruː.fi.jɑː
ufous 'ruː.fəs
ufus 'ruː.fəs
ug rʌg **-s** -z
ugbeian rʌg'biː.ən **-s** -z
ugby (R) 'rʌg.bi ˌ**Rugby** '**League;** ˌ**Rugby** '**Union**
ugeley 'ruːdʒ.li, 'ruːʒ-
ugged 'rʌg.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ugger 'rʌg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
ugrat (R) 'rʌg.ræt **-s** -s
uhr rʊəʳ ⓤⓢ rʊr
uin 'ruː.ɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
uination ˌruː.ɪ'neɪ.ʃən, rʊɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌruː.ə'-
uinous 'ruː.ɪ.nəs ⓤⓢ 'ruː.ə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uislip 'raɪ.slɪp, 'raɪz.lɪp
uiz ru'iːθ ⓤⓢ ru'iːθ; ruː'iːs
ul|e (R) ruːl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
ulebook 'ruːl.bʊk **-s** -s
uling 'ruː.lɪŋ **-s** -z ˌ**ruling** '**class** ⓤⓢ '**ruling** ˌ**class**
um rʌm **-mer** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-mest** -ɪst, -əst
umani|a rʊ'meɪ.ni|.ə, rəʊ-, ruː- ⓤⓢ roʊ-, ruː-, '-nj|ə **-an/s** -ənz
umba 'rʌm.bə **-s** -z
umbelow 'rʌm.bə.ləʊ, -bɪ- ⓤⓢ -loʊ
umbl|e 'rʌm.bəl **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z, 'rʌm.blɪŋ/z **-ed** -d
umbold 'rʌm.bəʊld ⓤⓢ -boʊld
umbustious rʌm'bʌs.ti.əs, '-tʃəs ⓤⓢ -tʃəs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
umelia ruː'miː.li.ə ⓤⓢ -li.ə, -'miːl.jə
umen 'ruː.men, -mɪn, -mən ⓤⓢ -mən **-s** -z **rumina** 'ruː.mɪ.nə, -mə- ⓤⓢ -mə-
umford 'rʌm.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
uminant 'ruː.mɪ.nənt, -mə- ⓤⓢ -mə- **-s** -s
umi|nate 'ruː.mɪ|.neɪt, -mə- ⓤⓢ -mə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.t̬ɪd
umination ˌruː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃən, -mə'- ⓤⓢ -mə'- **-s** -z
uminative 'ruː.mɪ.nə.tɪv, -mə-, -neɪ- ⓤⓢ -məˌneɪ.t̬ɪv
ummag|e 'rʌm.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d '**rummage** ˌ**sale**
umm|y 'rʌm|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
umo(u)r 'ruː.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
umo(u)r-mong|er 'ruː.məˌmʌŋ.g|əʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚˌmʌŋ.g|ɚ, -ˌmɑːŋ- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ
rump rʌmp **-s** -s ˌ**rump** '**steak**
Rumpelstiltskin ˌrʌm.pəl'stɪlt.skɪn
rumpl|e 'rʌm.pəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'rʌm.plɪŋ **-ed** -d
Rumpole 'rʌm.pəʊl ⓤⓢ -poʊl
rumpus 'rʌm.pəs **-es** -ɪz
rum-runner 'rʌmˌrʌn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
Rumsfeld 'rʌmz.felt ⓤⓢ -feld
run rʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **ran** ræn ˌ**running** '**water;** ˌ**take a** ˌ**running** '**jump;** '**running** ˌ**shoe**
runabout 'rʌn.əˌbaʊt **-s** -s
runagate 'rʌn.əˌgeɪt **-s** -s
runaround 'rʌn.ərˌaʊnd
runaway 'rʌn.əˌweɪ **-s** -z
runcible 'rʌnt.sɪ.bəl, -sə- ⓤⓢ -sə-
Runcie 'rʌnt.si
Runciman 'rʌnt.sɪ.mən
Runcorn 'rʌŋ.kɔːn ⓤⓢ -kɔːrn
run-down (*adj.*) ˌrʌn'daʊn *stress shift:* ˌrun-down 'area
rundown (*n.*) 'rʌn.daʊn **-s** -z
rune (R) ruːn **-s** -z
rung rʌŋ **-s** -z
rung (*from* **ring**) rʌŋ
Runham 'rʌn.əm
runic (R) 'ruː.nɪk
run-in 'rʌn.ɪn **-s** -z
runnel 'rʌn.əl **-s** -z
runner 'rʌn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z ˌ**runner** '**bean,** '**runner** ˌ**bean**
runner-up ˌrʌn.əʳ'ʌp ⓤⓢ -ɚ'- **runners-up** ˌrʌn.əz'- ⓤⓢ -ɚz'- *stress shift:* ˌrunner-up 'prizes
running-board 'rʌn.ɪŋ.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -bɔːrd **-s** -z
runn|y 'rʌn|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Runnymede 'rʌn.i.miːd
runoff 'rʌn.ɒf ⓤⓢ -ɑːf **-s** -s
run-of-the-mill ˌrʌn.əv.ðə'mɪl *stress shift:* ˌrun-of-the-mill 'job
runt rʌnt **-s** -s **-y** -i ⓤⓢ 'rʌn.t̬i
run-through 'rʌn.θruː **-s** -z
Runton 'rʌn.tən ⓤⓢ -tən
run-up 'rʌn.ʌp
runway 'rʌn.weɪ **-s** -z
Runyon 'rʌn.jən
rupee ruː'piː ⓤⓢ 'ruː.piː, -'- **-s** -z
Rupert 'ruː.pət ⓤⓢ -pɚt
rupiah ruː'piː.ə **-s** -z
rupt|ure 'rʌp.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃ|ɚ **-ures** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-uring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
rural 'rʊə.rəl ⓤⓢ 'rʊr.əl **-ly** -i
ruridecanal ˌrʊə.rɪ.dɪ'keɪ.nəl, -rə- ⓤⓢ ˌrʊr.ɪ.də'-; -'dek.ə.næl
Ruritani|a ˌrʊə.rɪ'teɪ.ni|.ə, -rə'- ⓤⓢ ˌrʊr.ɪ'- **-an** -ən
Rusbridger 'rʌsˌbrɪdʒ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
rus|e ruːz ⓤⓢ ruːz, ruːs **-es** -ɪz
rusé 'ruː.zeɪ ⓤⓢ ruː'zeɪ
Rusedski rʊ'set.ski, -'sed-, -'zet-, -'zed-
rush (R) rʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z '**rush** ˌ**hour**
Rushall 'rʌʃ.əl
Rushden 'rʌʃ.dən
Rushdie 'rʊʃ.di, 'rʌʃ-
Rushforth 'rʌʃ.fɔːθ, -fəθ ⓤⓢ -fɔːrθ, -fɚθ
rushlight 'rʌʃ.laɪt **-s** -s
Rushmere 'rʌʃ.mɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -mɪr
Rushmore 'rʌʃ.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔːr
Rusholme 'rʌʃ.əm, -həʊm ⓤⓢ -əm, -hoʊm
Rushton 'rʌʃ.tən
Rushworth 'rʌʃ.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
rushy 'rʌʃ.i
rusk (R) rʌsk **-s** -s
Ruskin 'rʌs.kɪn
Rusper 'rʌs.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ
Russell 'rʌs.əl
russet 'rʌs.ɪt **-s** -s
Russia 'rʌʃ.ə
Russian 'rʌʃ.ən **-s** -z ˌ**Russian** **rou'lette**
russianism (R) 'rʌʃ.ən.ɪ.zəm **-s** -z
russianiz|e, -is|e (R) 'rʌʃ.ən.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Russo- ˌrʌs.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌrʌs.oʊ, ˌ-ə
Russo 'rʌs.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ
rust (R) rʌst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
rustbelt 'rʌst.belt
rustbucket 'rʌstˌbʌk.ɪt **-s** -s
rustic 'rʌs.tɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
rusti|cate 'rʌs.tɪ|.keɪt ⓤⓢ -tə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
rustication ˌrʌs.tɪ'keɪ.ʃən ⓤⓢ -tə'-
rusticity rʌs'tɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
rustl|e 'rʌs.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'rʌs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, 'rʌs.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z
rustproof 'rʌst.pruːf
Rustum 'rʌs.təm
rust|y (R) 'rʌs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Ruswarp 'rʌs.əp, 'rʌz- ⓤⓢ -ɚp
rut rʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'rʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'rʌt̬.ɪd
rutabaga ˌruː.tə'beɪ.gə, ˌrʊt.ə'-, 'ruː.təˌbeɪ-, 'rʊt.əˌ- ⓤⓢ ˌruː.t̬ə'beɪ-, 'ruː.t̬əˌbeɪ- **-s** -z
Rutgers 'rʌt.gəz ⓤⓢ -gɚz
Ruth, ruth ruːθ
Ruthenia ruː'θiː.ni.ə ⓤⓢ -ni.ə, '-njə
Ruthenian ruː'θiː.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -ni.ən, '-njən **-s** -z
ruthenium ruː'θiː.ni.əm
Rutherford 'rʌð.ə.fəd ⓤⓢ -ɚ.fɚd, 'rʌθ-
rutherfordium ˌrʌð.ə'fɔː.di.əm ⓤⓢ -ɚ'fɔːr-
Rutherglen 'rʌð.ə.glen ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
ruthful 'ruːθ.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ruthin 'rɪθ.ɪn, 'ruː.θɪn
ruthless 'ruːθ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Ruthven *personal name:* 'ruː.θvən, 'rɪv.ən *Baron, place in Tayside region:* 'rɪv.ən *place in Grampian*

region, loch in Highland region: 'rʌθ.vən
Ruthwell 'rʌθ.wᵊl *locally:* 'rɪð.ᵊl
rutilant 'ruː.tɪ.lənt ⓤⓢ -tᵊl.ənt
rutile 'ruː.taɪl ⓤⓢ -tiːl, -taɪl
rutin 'ruː.tɪn, -tᵊn ⓤⓢ -tᵊn
Rutland 'rʌt.lənd
Rutledge 'rʌt.lɪdʒ
Rutskoi ˌrʊt'skɔɪ, ˌruːt-
Rutter 'rʌt.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'rʌt̬.ɚ
Rutterford 'rʌt.ə.fəd ⓤⓢ 'rʌt̬.ɚ.fɚd
rutt|y 'rʌt|.i ⓤⓢ 'rʌt̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Ruysdael 'raɪz.dɑːl, 'riːz-, -deɪl ⓤⓢ 'raɪs.dɑːl, 'raɪz-, 'rɔɪs-
Ruyter 'raɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'rɔɪ.t̬ɚ, 'raɪ-
RV ˌɑː'viː ⓤⓢ ˌɑːr-
Rwanda ru'æn.də ⓤⓢ -'ɑːn- **-n/s** -n/z
Ryan raɪən
Ryanair® ˌraɪən'eəʳ ⓤⓢ -'er
Rydal 'raɪ.dᵊl
Ryde raɪd
Ryder 'raɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ ˌ**Ryder** '**Cup**
rye (R) raɪ '**rye** ˌ**bread;** '**rye** ˌ**grass**
Ryecroft 'raɪ.krɒft ⓤⓢ -krɑːft
Ryle raɪl
Rylstone 'rɪl.stən, -stəʊn ⓤⓢ -stən, -stoʊn
Ryman 'raɪ.mən
Rymer 'raɪ.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
ryot raɪət **-s** -s
Ryswick 'rɪz.wɪk
Ryton 'raɪ.tᵊn
Ryukyu ri'uː.kjuː ⓤⓢ -'juː-, -'uː-
Ryvita® raɪ'viː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə

Pronouncing the letter S

See also SC, SCH, SH

The consonant letter s has five realisations: /s z ʃ ʒ/ and silent. The most obvious of these is /s/, e.g.:

sack	/sæk/
case	/keɪs/

/z/ is a very common realisation of s, but it is not usually word-initial, e.g.:

rise	/raɪz/
losing	/ˈluː.zɪŋ/

It particularly occurs in the verb form of homographs, and in words ending **sm**.

close (v.)	/kləʊz/	Ⓤⓢ /kloʊz/
use (v.)	/juːz/	
spasm	/ˈspæz.əm/	

In suffixes *-sion*, *-sure*, *-sia* and their derivatives, s is realised as /tʃ/ or /ʒ/, e.g.:

Asia	/ˈeɪ.ʃə, -ʒə/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈeɪ.ʒə/
insure	/ɪnˈʃʊəʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /ɪnˈʃʊr/
tension	/ˈten.tʃᵊn/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈtent.ʃᵊn/
treasure	/ˈtreʒ.əʳ/	Ⓤⓢ /-ɚ/
persuasion	/pəˈsweɪ.ʒᵊn/	Ⓤⓢ /pɚ-/

In addition

s can be silent. This usually happens in word final position, where the word is a borrowing from French, e.g.:

debris	/ˈdeɪ.briː/	Ⓤⓢ /dəˈbriː/

The grammatical inflections -(e)s, -'s

There are three possible ways of pronouncing the grammatical inflections *-(e)s* and *-'s*. Following /s z ʃ ʒ tʃ/ and /dʒ/ the inflection is realised as /ɪz/, e.g.:

horses	/ˈhɔː.sɪz/	Ⓤⓢ /ˈhɔːr-/
rises	/ˈraɪ.zɪz/	

Following all other voiceless consonant sounds the inflection is realised as /s/, e.g.:

laughs	/lɑːfs/	Ⓤⓢ /læfs/
shapes	/ʃeɪps/	

Following all other voiced consonant sounds and after vowel sounds, the inflection is realised as /z/, e.g.:

John's	/dʒɒnz/	Ⓤⓢ /dʒɑːnz/
plays	/pleɪz/	

s (S) es **-'s** -ɪz
S (*abbrev. for* **south**) saʊθ
Saab® sɑːb
Saarbrücken ˌsɑːˈbrʊk.ᵊn *as if German:* ˌzɑː- Ⓤⓢ ˈsɑːrˌbrʊk- *as if German:* ˈzɑːr-
Saarland ˈsɑː.lænd *as if German:* ˈzɑː- Ⓤⓢ ˈsɑːr- *as if German:* ˈzɑːr-
Saatchi ˈsɑː.tʃi
Saba *in Arabia:* ˈsɑː.bə, ˈseɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.bə, ˈsɑː- *in West Indies:* ˈseɪ.bə, ˈsɑː- Ⓤⓢ ˈsɑː.bə
Sabaean səˈbiː.ən, sæbˈiː- Ⓤⓢ səˈbiː-
Sabah ˈsɑː.bɑː
Sabaoth sæbˈeɪ.ɒθ, səˈbeɪ-, ˈsæb.eɪ.ɒθ, -əθ Ⓤⓢ ˈsæb.eɪ.ɑːθ, -ə.ɔːθ; səˈbeɪ.ɔːθ
Sabatini ˌsæb.əˈtiː.ni
Sabbatarian ˌsæb.əˈteə.ri.ən Ⓤⓢ -ˈter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Sabbath ˈsæb.əθ **-s** -s
sabbatical səˈbæt.ɪ.kᵊl Ⓤⓢ -ˈbæţ-
Sabena® səˈbiː.nə, sæbˈiː-
sab|er ˈseɪ.b|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Sabin ˈseɪ.bɪn, ˈsæb.ɪn Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.bɪn
Sabine *Italian people:* ˈsæb.aɪn, ˈseɪ.baɪn Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.baɪn **-s** -z *surname:* ˈsæb.aɪn, ˈseɪ.baɪn, -bɪn Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ- *river, lake, pass in US:* səˈbiːn, sæbˈiːn Ⓤⓢ səˈbiːn
sable ˈseɪ.bᵊl **-s** -z
sabot ˈsæb.əʊ, -ˈ- Ⓤⓢ sæbˈoʊ, ˈ-- **-s** -z
sabotag|e ˈsæb.ə.tɑːdʒ Ⓤⓢ -tɑːʒ, ˌ--ˈ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
saboteur ˌsæb.əˈtɜːʳ, ˈ--- Ⓤⓢ ˌsæb.əˈtɝː, -ˈtʊr **-s** -z
sabra (S) ˈsɑː.brə
sab|re ˈseɪ.b|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ **-res** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-red** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd ˈ**sabre** ˌ**rattling**
sabretach|e ˈsæb.ə.tæʃ Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.bɚ-, ˈsæb.ɚ- **-es** -ɪz
sabre-toothed ˌseɪ.bəˈtuːθt Ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.bɚ.tuːθt *stress shift, British only, see compound:* ˌ**sabre-toothed** ˈ**tiger**
Sabrina səˈbriː.nə
sabulous ˈsæb.jə.ləs, -jʊ-
sac sæk **-s** -s
saccade sækˈɑːd, səˈkɑːd, -ˈkeɪd Ⓤⓢ sækˈɑːd, səˈkɑːd **-s** -z
Note: In British psychology, /sækˈeɪd, səˈkeɪd/ is the usual pronunciation.
saccharide ˈsæk.ᵊr.aɪd, -ɪd Ⓤⓢ -ə.raɪd **-s** -z
saccharin(e) (*n.*) ˈsæk.ᵊr.ɪn, -iːn Ⓤⓢ -ɪn, -ən
saccharine (*adj.*) ˈsæk.ᵊr.ɪn, -aɪn, -iːn Ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɪn, -ə.raɪn
sacerdotal ˌsæs.əˈdəʊ.tᵊl Ⓤⓢ -ɚˈdoʊ.ţᵊl, ˌsæk- **-ly** -i
sachem ˈseɪ.tʃəm, -tʃem Ⓤⓢ -tʃəm **-s** -z
sachet ˈsæʃ.eɪ Ⓤⓢ -ˈ- **-s** -z
Sacheverell səˈʃev.ᵊr.ᵊl, sæʃˈev-
Sachs sæks
sack sæk **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t
sackbut ˈsæk.bʌt, -bət Ⓤⓢ -bʌt **-s** -s
sackcloth ˈsæk.klɒθ Ⓤⓢ -klɑːθ ˌ**sackcloth and** ˈ**ashes**
sackful ˈsæk.fʊl **-s** -z **sacksful** ˈsæks.fʊl
sacking ˈsæk.ɪŋ
sackload ˈsæk.ləʊd Ⓤⓢ -loʊd **-s** -z
Sackville-West ˌsæk.vɪlˈwest
sacral ˈseɪ.krᵊl
sacrament (S) ˈsæk.rə.mənt **-s** -s
sacramental ˌsæk.rəˈmen.tᵊl Ⓤⓢ -ţᵊl **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Sacramento ˌsæk.rəˈmen.təʊ Ⓤⓢ -ţoʊ
sacred ˈseɪ.krɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**sacred** ˈ**cow**
sacrific|e ˈsæk.rɪ.faɪs, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -rə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sacrificial ˌsæk.rɪˈfɪʃ.ᵊl, -rəˈ- Ⓤⓢ -rəˈ- **-ly** -i
sacrilege ˈsæk.rɪ.lɪdʒ, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -rə-
sacrilegious ˌsæk.rɪˈlɪdʒ.əs, -rəˈ- Ⓤⓢ -rəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sacristan ˈsæk.rɪ.stᵊn, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -rɪ- **-s** -z
Sacriston ˈsæk.rɪ.stᵊn, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -rɪ-
sacrist|y ˈsæk.rɪ.st|i, -rə- Ⓤⓢ -rɪ- **-ies** -iz
sacrosanct ˈsæk.rəʊ.sæŋkt Ⓤⓢ -roʊ- **-ity** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.ţi
sacr|um ˈseɪ.kr|əm, ˈsæk.r|əm **-a** -ə
sad sæd **-der** -əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-dest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
SAD ˌes.eɪˈdiː
Sadat səˈdæt, sædˈæt Ⓤⓢ səˈdɑːt, sɑː-, -ˈdæt

Saddam sə'dæm, sæd'æm; 'sæd.əm (US) sɑː'dɑːm, sə-, sæd'æm, sə'dæm

sadden 'sæd.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

saddhu 'sɑː.duː **-s** -z

saddl|e 'sæd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'sæd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'saddle ˌhorse; 'saddle ˌsore**

saddleback 'sæd.ᵊl.bæk

saddlebag 'sæd.ᵊl.bæg **-s** -z

saddle|cloth 'sæd.ᵊl|.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz (US) -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz

saddler 'sæd.ləʳ, -ᵊl.əʳ (US) '-lɚ, -ᵊl.ɚ **-s** -z **-y** -i

saddle-sore 'sæd.ᵊl.sɔːʳ (US) -sɔːr

saddo 'sæd.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z

Sadducee 'sæd.jʊ.siː, -jə- (US) 'sædʒ.ʊ-, 'sæd.jʊ- **-s** -z

Sade sɑːd (US) sɑːd, sæd

sadhu 'sɑː.duː **-s** -z

Sadie 'seɪ.di

sad|ism 'seɪ.d|ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'sæd|.ɪ-, 'seɪ.d|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

sadistic sə'dɪs.tɪk, sæd'ɪs- (US) sə'dɪs-, seɪ-, sæd'ɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

Sadleir 'sæd.ləʳ (US) -lɚ

Sadler 'sæd.ləʳ (US) -lɚ

sadomasoch|ism ˌseɪ.dəʊ'mæs.ə.k|ɪ.zᵊm, -'mæz- (US) ˌsæd.oʊ'-, ˌseɪ.doʊ'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

sadomasochistic ˌseɪ.dəʊˌmæs.ə'kɪs.tɪk, -ˌmæz- (US) ˌsæd.oʊˌ-, ˌseɪ.doʊˌ-

Sadova 'sɑː.dəʊ.ə, -və (US) -dɔː.vɑː, sɑː'dɔː-

sad-sack 'sæd.sæk

sae, SAE ˌes.eɪ'iː

safari sə'fɑː.ri (US) -'fɑːr.i **-s** -z **sa'fari ˌpark; sa'fari ˌsuit**

saf|e seɪf **-es** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **'safe ˌhouse, ˌsafe 'house** (US) **'safe ˌhouse; ˌsafe 'sex**

safe-break|er 'seɪfˌbreɪ.k|əʳ (US) -k|ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ

safe-conduct ˌseɪf'kɒn.dʌkt, -dəkt (US) -'kɑːn.dʌkt **-s** -s

safe-crack|er 'seɪfˌkræk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ

safe-deposit 'seɪf.dɪˌpɒz.ɪt, -dəˌ- (US) -dɪ'pɑː.zɪt **-s** -s **'safe-deˌposit ˌbox, ˌsafe-de'posit ˌbox** (US) **'safe-deˌposit ˌbox**

safeguard 'seɪf.gɑːd (US) -gɑːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

safekeeping ˌseɪf'kiː.pɪŋ

safety 'seɪf.ti **'safety ˌbelt; 'safety ˌcurtain; 'safety ˌlamp; 'safety ˌmatch; 'safety ˌnet; 'safety ˌpin; 'safety ˌrazor; 'safety ˌvalve**

Safeway® 'seɪf.weɪ

Saffell sə'fel

safflower 'sæf.laʊəʳ (US) -laʊɚ **-s** -z

saffron (S) 'sæf.rən, -rɒn (US) -rən

Safin 'sɑː.fɪn

sag sæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

saga 'sɑː.gə **-s** -z

sagacious sə'geɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

sagacity sə'gæs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

Sagan *English name:* 'seɪ.gən *French name:* sə'gɑ̃ːŋ, sæg'ɑ̃ːŋ (US) 'seɪ.gᵊn; sɑː'gɑ̃ːn

sag|e (S) seɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

sagg|y 'sæg|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -i.nəs, -i.nɪs

sagitt|a (S) sə'dʒɪt|.ə, -'gɪt- (US) -'dʒɪt̬- **-ae** -iː, -aɪ

sagittal 'sædʒ.ɪ.tᵊl (US) -ə.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i

Sagittarian ˌsædʒ.ɪ'teə.ri.ən, ˌsæg-, -ə'-, -'tɑː- (US) ˌsædʒ.ə'ter.i- **-s** -z

Sagittarius ˌsædʒ.ɪ'teə.ri.əs, ˌsæg-, -ə'-, -'tɑː- (US) ˌsædʒ.ə'ter.i-

sago 'seɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ

Sahara sə'hɑː.rə (US) -'her.ə, -'hær-, -'hɑːr-

Sahel sɑː'hel, sə- (US) sɑː-

sahib (S) sɑːb; 'sɑː.hɪb (US) 'sɑː.hɪb, -hiːb, -'- **-s** -z

said (*from* **say**) sed

Said (*in* **Port Said**) saɪd, seɪd, sɑː'iːd (US) sɑː'iːd

Saigon saɪ'gɒn (US) -'gɑːn, '--

Saigonese ˌsaɪ.gɒn'iːz, -gᵊn'- (US) -gɑː'niːz, -gə'- *stress shift:* ˌSaigonese 'exports

sail seɪl **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **'sailing ˌboat; 'sailing ˌship**

sailboard 'seɪl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

sailboat 'seɪl.bəʊt (US) -boʊt **-s** -s

sailcloth 'seɪl.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ

sailor 'seɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z **'sailor ˌsuit**

sailplane 'seɪl.pleɪn **-s** -z

sainfoin 'sæn.fɔɪn, 'seɪn- (US) 'seɪn-, 'sæn-

Sainsbury 'seɪnz.bᵊr.i (US) -bɚ-, -ber- **-'s** -z

saint (S) *strong form:* seɪnt **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd **-hood** -hʊd *weak forms:* sᵊnt, sɪnt

Note: The weak forms are usual in British English for the names of saints (and places containing the word **Saint**), while the strong form is used when the word occurs on its own. For example, "This would try the patience of a saint" would have the strong form, while **St. John**, **St. Cecilia** (saints' names), **St. Alban's**, **St. Helen's** (placenames) have the weak forms. In American English, the strong form is usually used in all cases. When **Saint** occurs in British family names (e.g. **St. Clair**) the pronunciation is variable and individual names should be checked in their dictionary entries.

Saint-Etienne ˌsæ̃nt.eɪ'tjen

Saint Laurent ˌsæ̃n.lɔː'rɑ̃ːŋ, -lə'- (US) -lɑː'rɑːnt, -lə'-

saintl|y 'seɪnt.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Saint-Saëns ˌsæ̃n'sɑ̃ːŋ, -'sɑ̃ːns

Saintsbury 'seɪnts.bᵊr.i

saith (*from* **say**) seθ, seɪθ

sake *cause, purpose:* seɪk **-s** -s

sake *drink:* 'sɑː.ki, 'sæk.i (US) 'sɑː.ki

Sakhalin 'sæk.ə.liːn, 'sɑː.kə-, -lɪn *as if Russian:* ˌsæx.ə'liːn (US) 'sæk.ə.liːn

Sakharov 'sæk.ə.rɒf, -rɒv *as if Russian:* 'sæx- (US) 'sɑː.kə.rɔːf, 'sæk.ə-, -rɑːf

saki (S) 'sɑː.ki

salaam sə'lɑːm, sæl'ɑːm (US) sə'lɑːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

salability ˌseɪ.lə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

salable 'seɪ.lə.bᵊl

salacious sə'leɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

salacity sə'læs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

salad 'sæl.əd **-s** -z **'salad ˌbar; 'salad ˌcream, ˌsalad 'cream** (US) **'salad ˌcream; 'salad ˌdays; 'salad ˌdressing; 'salad ˌonion**

Saladin 'sæl.ə.dɪn

Salamanca ˌsæl.ə'mæŋ.kə

salamander 'sæl.ə.mæn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z

salami sə'lɑː.mi **-s** -z

Salamis 'sæl.ə.mɪs

sal ammoniac ˌsæl.ə'məʊ.ni.æk (US) -'moʊ-

salariat sə'leə.ri.æt (US) -'ler.i-

salar|y 'sæl.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id

salary|man 'sæl.ᵊr.i|.mæn (US) -ɚ- **-men** -men

Salcombe 'sɔːl.kəm, 'sɒl- (US) 'sɔːl-, 'sɑːl-

sale (S) seɪl **-s** -z **ˌsale or re'turn; ˌsale of 'work; 'sales ˌtax**

saleability ˌseɪ.lə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

saleable 'seɪ.lə.bᵊl

Salem 'seɪ.ləm, -lem (US) -ləm

Salerno sə'lɜː.nəʊ, -'leə- (US) -'lɝː.noʊ; sɑː'ler-

Salesbury 'seɪlz.bᵊr.i

salesclerk 'seɪlz.klɑːk (US) -klɝːk **-s** -s

salesgirl 'seɪlz.gɜːl (US) -gɝːl **-s** -z

sales|man 'seɪlz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men

salesmanship 'seɪlz.mən.ʃɪp

sales|person 'seɪlz|ˌpɜː.sᵊn (US) -ˌpɝː- **-people** -ˌpiː.pᵊl

salesroom 'seɪlz.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

salestalk 'seɪlz.tɔːk (US) -tɑːk, -tɔːk

sales|woman 'seɪlz|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

Salford 'sɔːl.fəd, 'sɒl- (US) 'sɔːl.fɚd, 'sɑːl-

Salfords 'sæl.fədz (US) -fɚdz

Salian 'seɪ.li.ən **-s** -z

Salic, Salique 'sæl.ɪk, 'seɪ.lɪk

salicylate sə'lɪs.ɪ.leɪt, sæl'ɪs-, -ᵊl.eɪt (US) sə'lɪs.ə.leɪt; ˌsæl.ə'sɪl.eɪt, -ɪt **-s** -s

salicylic ˌsæl.ɪ'sɪl.ɪk, -ə'- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌsalicylic 'acid**

salienc|e 'seɪ.li.ənts **-y** -i

salient 'seɪ.li.ənt (US) 'seɪl.jənt, 'seɪ.li.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li

Salieri ˌsæl.i'eə.ri (US) -'er.i

saline (*adj.*) 'seɪ.laɪn, 'sæl.aɪn (US) 'seɪ.liːn, -laɪn

saline (*n.*) 'seɪ.laɪn, 'sæl.aɪn (US) 'seɪ.liːn, -laɪn; sə'liːn

Saline *in Fife:* 'sæl.ɪn *in US:* sə'liːn

Salinger 'sæl.ɪn.dʒəʳ, 'seɪ.lɪn-

US 'sæl.ɪn.dʒɚ
alinity sə'lɪn.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
alisbury 'sɔːlz.bᵊr.i, 'sɒlz- US 'sɔːlz-, 'sɑːlz-, -ber- ˌSalisbury 'Plain
aliva sə'laɪ.və
alivary 'sæl.ɪ.vᵊr.i, '-ə-; sə'laɪ- US 'sæl.ə.ver- sa'livary ˌgland, 'salivary ˌgland
ali|vate 'sæl.ɪ|.veɪt, '-əl- US '-əl- -vates -veɪts -vating -veɪ.tɪŋ US -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ -vated -veɪ.tɪd US -veɪ.t̬ɪd -vation ˌ--'veɪ.ʃᵊn
alk sɔːlk 'Salk ˌvaccine
allet 'sæl.ɪt, -ət US -ɪt -s -s
allis 'sæl.ɪs
allow 'sæl.əʊ US -oʊ -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -s -z -y -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
allust 'sæl.əst
all|y (S) 'sæl|.i -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id ˌSally 'Army
ally Lunn ˌsæl.i'lʌn -s -z
almagundi ˌsæl.mə'gʌn.di
alman 'sæl.mæn, -mən
almi 'sæl.mi -s -z
almon 'sæm.ən
almon *surname:* 'sæm.ən, 'sæl.mən, 'sɑː- *river, etc. in Canada & US:* 'sæm.ən *biblical name:* 'sæl.mɒn, -mən US -mən
almonberr|y 'sæm.ən.bᵊr|.i, '-əm- US -ˌber- -ies -iz
almond 'sæm.ənd
almonella ˌsæl.mə'nel.ə
alome sə'ləʊ.mi, -meɪ US -'loʊ-; 'sæl.ə.meɪ
alomon 'sæl.ə.mən US 'sɑːl-
alon 'sæl.ɔ̃ːŋ, -lɒn US sə'lɑːn; 'sæl.ɑːn -s -z
alonika, Salonica sə'lɒn.ɪ.kə, ˌsæl.ə'niː- US sə'lɑː.nə-; ˌsæl.ə'naɪ-, -'niː-
aloon sə'luːn -s -z saˌloon 'bar; sa'loon ˌcar
alop 'sæl.əp
alopian sə'ləʊ.pi.ən US -'loʊ- -s -z
alpeter 'sæl.piː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
alpingitis ˌsæl.pɪn'dʒaɪ.tɪs, -təs US -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
alsa 'sæl.sə US 'sɑːl-
alsify 'sæl.sɪ.fi, -sə-, -faɪ US -sə-
alt, SALT (S) sɔːlt, sɒlt US sɔːlt, sɑːlt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'sɔːl.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'sɔːl.t̬ɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs 'salt ˌcellar; ˌSalt ˌLake 'City; 'salt ˌmarsh; 'salt ˌshaker; rub ˌsalt into someone's 'wounds; ˌsalt of the 'earth; ˌtake something with a ˌpinch/grain of 'salt
altaire sɔːl'teəʳ, sɒl- US sɑːl'ter
altant 'sæl.tənt, 'sɔːl-, 'sɒl- US 'sæl.tᵊnt
altash 'sɔːl.tæʃ, 'sɒl- US 'sɑːl-
altation sæl'teɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
altburn 'sɔːlt.bɜːn, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːlt.bɝːn, 'sɑːlt-
altcoats 'sɔːlt.kəʊts, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːlt.koʊts, 'sɑːlt-

Saltdean 'sɔːlt.diːn, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːlt-, 'sɑːlt-
Salter 'sɔːl.təʳ, 'sɒl- US 'sɔːl.t̬ɚ, 'sɑːl-
Salterton 'sɔːl.tə.tᵊn, 'sɒl- US 'sɔːl.t̬ɚ.tən, 'sɑːl-
Saltfleetby 'sɔːltˌfliːt.bi, 'sɒlt- *locally also:* 'sɒl.ə.bi US 'sɔːltˌfliːt.bi, 'sɑːlt-
Salting 'sɔːl.tɪŋ, 'sɒl- US 'sɔːl.t̬ɪŋ, 'sɑːl-
saltire 'sɔːl.taɪəʳ, 'sɒl-, 'sæl- US 'sɔːl.tɪr, 'sɑːl-, 'sæl-, -taɪɚ -s -z
Saltmarsh 'sɔːlt.mɑːʃ, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːlt.mɑːrʃ, 'sɑːlt-
Salto 'sæl.təʊ US 'sɑːl.toʊ
Saltoun 'sɔːl.tᵊn, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːl.tən, 'sɑːl-
saltpan 'sɔːlt.pæn, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːlt-, 'sɑːlt- -s -z
saltpetre, saltpeter ˌsɔːlt'piː.təʳ, ˌsɒlt-, '--- US 'sɔːltˌpiː.t̬ɚ, 'sɑːlt-
saltwater 'sɔːltˌwɔː.təʳ, 'sɒlt- US 'sɔːltˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, 'sɑːlt-, -ˌwɔː-
salt|y 'sɔːl.t|i, 'sɒl- US 'sɔːl.t̬|i, 'sɑːl- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
salubrious sə'luː.bri.əs, -'ljuː- US -'luː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
salubrity sə'luː.brə.ti, -'ljuː-, -brɪ- US -'luː.brə.t̬i
Salusbury 'sɔːlz.bᵊr.i
Salut (*in* Port Salut) sə'luː
salutar|y 'sæl.jə.tᵊr|.i, -jʊ- US -ter- -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
salutation ˌsæl.jə'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- -s -z
salu|te sə'luː|t, -'ljuː|t US -'luː|t -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd US -t̬ɪd
salvable 'sæl.və.bᵊl
Salvador 'sæl.və.dɔːʳ, ˌ--'- US 'sæl.və.dɔːr -an/s -ən/z
Salvadorean, Salvadorian ˌsæl.və'dɔː.ri.ən US -'dɔːr.i- -s -z
salvag|e 'sæl.vɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -eable -ə.bᵊl -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Salvarsan® 'sæl.və.sən, -sæn US -vɚ-
salvation sæl'veɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z Salˌvation 'Army
salvation|ism sæl'veɪ.ʃᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
salv|e *anoint, soothe:* sælv, sɑːv US sæv, sɑːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
salv|e *save ship, cargo:* sælv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Salve *Catholic antiphon:* 'sæl.veɪ -s -z
salver 'sæl.vəʳ US -vɚ -s -z
salvia 'sæl.vi.ə -s -z
salvo 'sæl.vəʊ US -voʊ -(e)s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sal volatile ˌsæl.vəʊ'læt.ᵊl.i, -vɒl'æt- US -voʊ'læt̬.ᵊl-
Salyut sə'ljuːt, sæl'juːt US 'sæl.juːt
Salzburg 'sælts.bɜːg, 'sɑːlts- US 'sɔːlz.bɝːg, 'sɑːlz-
Sam sæm ˌSam ˌBrowne 'belt
Samantha sə'mænt.θə
Samara sə'mɑː.rə US -'mɑːr.ə, -'mær-
Samaria sə'meə.ri.ə US -'mer.i-, -'mær-

Samaritan sə'mær.ɪ.tᵊn US -'mer.ə-, -'mær- -s -z ˌgood Sa'maritan
samarium sə'meə.ri.əm US -'mer.i-, -'mær-
Samarkand ˌsæm.ɑː'kænd, -ə'-, '--- US 'sæm.ɚ.kænd, ˌ--'-
samarskite sə'mɑː.skaɪt US -'mɑːr-; 'sæm.ɚ-
samba 'sæm.bə US 'sɑːm-, 'sæm- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sambo (S) 'sæm.bəʊ US -boʊ -s -z
same seɪm -y -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
S. America (*abbrev. for* South America) ˌsaʊθ.ə'mer.ɪ.kə
same-sex ˌseɪm'seks *stress shift:* ˌsame-sex 'couples
samite 'seɪ.maɪt, 'sæm.aɪt US 'sæm.aɪt, 'seɪ.maɪt
samizdat ˌsæm.ɪz'dæt, '--- US 'sɑː.mɪz.dɑːt, ˌ--'-
Sammy 'sæm.i
Samnite 'sæm.naɪt -s -s
Samo|a sə'məʊ|ə, sɑː- US sə'moʊ|ə -an/s -ən/z
Samos 'seɪ.mɒs, 'sæm- US -mɑːs; 'sæm.oʊs
samosa sə'məʊ.sə, sæm'əʊ-, -zə US sə'moʊ.sə -s -z
Samothrace 'sæm.əʊ.θreɪs US '-ə-, -oʊ-
samovar 'sæm.ə.vɑːʳ, ˌ--'- US 'sæm.ə.vɑːr; ˌsɑː.mə'vɑːr -s -z
Samoyed *people:* ˌsæm.ɔɪ'ed; -'--, -ɪd US 'sæm.ə.jed; sə'mɔɪ.ed -s -z *dog:* sə'mɔɪ.ed, -ɪd US 'sæm.ə.jed; sə'mɔɪ.ed -s -z
sampan 'sæm.pæn -s -z
Samper 'sæm.pəʳ US -pɚ
samphire 'sæmp.faɪəʳ US -faɪɚ
sampl|e 'sɑːm.pᵊl US 'sæm- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'sɑːm.plɪŋ US 'sæm- -ed -d
sampler 'sɑːm.pləʳ US 'sæm.plɚ -s -z
Sampras 'sæm.prəs, -præs
Sampson 'sæmp.sᵊn
Samson 'sæmp.sᵊn
Samsonite® 'sæmp.sᵊn.aɪt
Samsung® 'sæm.sʌŋ, -sʊŋ
Samuel 'sæm.juəl, -ju.əl US -ju.əl, -jʊl -s -z
samurai (S) 'sæm.ʊ.raɪ, -jʊ- US -ə.raɪ -s -z
San Antonio ˌsæn.æn'təʊ.ni.əʊ US -'toʊ.ni.oʊ
sanatari|um ˌsæn.ə'teə.ri|.əm US -'ter.i- -ums -əmz -a -ə
Sanatogen® sə'næt.ə.dʒᵊn, -dʒen US -'næt̬-
sanatori|um ˌsæn.ə'tɔː.ri|.əm US -'tɔːr.i- -ums -əmz -a -ə
Sancerre sæn'seəʳ, sɑ̃ːn- US sɑːn'ser
Sanchez 'sæn.tʃez
Sancho Panza ˌsæn.tʃəʊ'pæn.zə US ˌsɑːn.tʃoʊ'pɑːn-
San Cristóbal ˌsæn.krɪ'stəʊ.bæl, ˌsæŋ- US ˌsæn.krɪ'stoʊ.bəl, -bɑːl
sanctification ˌsæŋk.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-
sancti|fy 'sæŋk.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd

sanctimonious ˌsæŋk.tɪˈməʊ.ni.əs, -təˈ- (US) -ˈmoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

sanction ˈsæŋk.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

sanctity ˈsæŋk.tə.ti, -tɪ- (US) -tə.t̬i

sanctuar|y ˈsæŋk.tʃʊə.r|i, -tʃᵊ.r|i, -tjʊə.r|i, -tjᵊr|.i (US) -tʃu.er|.i **-ies** -ɪz

sanct|um ˈsæŋk.t|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə ˌinner ˈsanctum

Sanctus ˈsæŋk.təs **-es** -ɪz

sand *on beach:* sænd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**sand** ˌ**dollar**; ˈ**sand** ˌ**trap**; ˌ**bury one's** ˌ**head in the** ˈ**sand**, ˌ**bury one's** ˈ**head in the** ˌ**sand** (US) ˌ**bury one's** ˌ**head in the** ˈ**sand**

Sand *French novelist:* sɑ̃ːnd (US) sænd, sɑ̃ːnd

sandal ˈsæn.dᵊl **-s** -z

sandalwood ˈsæn.dᵊl.wʊd

Sanday ˈsæn.deɪ, -di

Sandbach ˈsænd.bætʃ, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd-

sandbag ˈsænd.bæg, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **-ger/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

sandbank ˈsænd.bæŋk, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-s** -s

sandbar ˈsænd.bɑːʳ, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd.bɑːr **-s** -z

sandblast ˈsænd.blɑːst, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd.blæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

sandbox ˈsænd.bɒks, ˈsæm- (US) -bɑːks **-es** -ɪz

sandboy ˈsænd.bɔɪ, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-s** -z ˌ**happy as a** ˈ**sandboy**

Sandburg ˈsænd.bɜːg (US) -bɝːg

sandcastle ˈsændˌkɑː.sᵊl, ˈsæŋ- (US) ˈsændˌkæs.ᵊl **-s** -z

sanderling ˈsæn.dᵊl.ɪŋ (US) -dɚ.lɪŋ **-s** -z

Sanders ˈsɑːn.dəz (US) ˈsæn.dɚz

Sanderson ˈsɑːn.də.sᵊn (US) ˈsæn.dɚ-

Sanderstead ˈsɑːn.də.sted, -stɪd (US) ˈsæn.dɚ-

sandfl|y ˈsænd.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz

Sandford ˈsænd.fəd, -fɔːd; ˈsæn.əd (US) ˈsænd.fɚd, -fɔːrd

Sandgate ˈsænd.geɪt, ˈsæŋ-, -gɪt (US) ˈsænd-

sandhi ˈsæn.diː, ˈsʌn-; ˈsænd.hiː, ˈsʌnd- (US) ˈsæn.di, ˈsɑːn-, ˈsʌn-

sandhopper ˈsændˌhɒp.əʳ (US) -ˌhɑː.pɚ **-s** -z

Sandhurst ˈsænd.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst

San Diego ˌsæn.diˈeɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ

Sandinista ˌsæn.dəˈnɪs.tə, -dɪˈ- (US) -ˈniː.stə **-s** -z

Sanditon ˈsæn.dɪ.tᵊn (US) -t̬ən

Sandling ˈsænd.lɪŋ

sand|man ˈsænd|.mæn, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-men** -men

San Domingo ˌsæn.dəˈmɪŋ.gəʊ, -dəʊˈ-, -dɒmˈɪŋ- (US) -dəˈmɪŋ.goʊ, -doʊˈ-

Sandown ˈsæn.daʊn

sandpail ˈsænd.peɪl, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-s** -z

sandpap|er ˈsændˌpeɪ.p|əʳ, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsændˌpeɪ.p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

sandpiper ˈsændˌpaɪ.pəʳ, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsændˌpaɪ.pɚ **-s** -z

sandpit ˈsænd.pɪt, ˈsæm- (US) ˈsænd- **-s** -s

Sandra ˈsæn.drə, ˈsɑːn- (US) ˈsæn-

Sandringham ˈsæn.drɪŋ.əm

Sands sændz

sandstone ˈsænd.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn

sandstorm ˈsænd.stɔːm (US) -stɔːrm **-s** -z

sand|wich ˈsæn|.wɪdʒ, ˈsæm-, -wɪtʃ (US) ˈsænd|.wɪtʃ **-wiches** -wɪdʒ.ɪz, -wɪtʃ.ɪz (US) -wɪtʃ.ɪz **-wiching** -wɪdʒ.ɪŋ, -wɪtʃ.ɪŋ (US) -wɪtʃ.ɪŋ **-wiched** -wɪdʒd, -wɪtʃt (US) -wɪtʃt ˈ**sandwich** ˌ**board**; ˈ**sandwich** ˌ**course**

Note: Some British speakers use /-wɪtʃ/ in the uninflected form and /-wɪdʒ/ in the inflected forms of this word.

Sandwich *in Kent:* ˈsænd.wɪtʃ, ˈsæm-, -wɪdʒ (US) ˈsænd.wɪtʃ

sandwich|man ˈsænd.wɪdʒ|.mæn, ˈsæm-, -wɪtʃ- (US) ˈsænd.wɪtʃ- **-men** -men

Sandwick ˈsænd.wɪk

sand|y (S) ˈsæn.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Sandys sændz

san|e seɪn **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

San Fernando ˌsæn.fəˈnæn.dəʊ (US) -fɚˈnæn.doʊ

Sanford ˈsæn.fəd (US) -fɚd

sanforiz|e, -is|e ˈsæn.fᵊr.aɪz (US) -fə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

San Francisco ˌsæn.frənˈsɪs.kəʊ, -frænˈ- (US) -koʊ

sang (*from* **sing**) sæŋ

Sanger ˈsæŋ.gəʳ, -əʳ (US) -ɚ

sang-froid ˌsɑ̃ːŋˈfrwɑː (US) ˌsɑ̃ːŋ-, ˌsɑ̃ːn-

sangria ˈsæŋ.gri.ə, sæŋˈgriː- (US) sænˈgriː-, sæŋ-

Sangster ˈsæŋk.stəʳ (US) -stɚ

sanguinar|y ˈsæŋ.gwɪ.nᵊr|.i, -gwə- (US) -gwɪ.ner- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

sanguine ˈsæŋ.gwɪn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

sanguineous sæŋˈgwɪn.i.əs

sanitari|um ˌsæn.ɪˈteə.ri|.əm, -əˈ- (US) -ˈter.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

sanitar|y ˈsæn.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i (US) -ter|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈ**sanitary** ˌ**towel**; ˈ**sanitary** ˌ**napkin**

sanitation ˌsæn.ɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -əˈ- saniˈ**tation** ˌ**worker**

sanitization, -isa- ˌsæn.ɪ.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) -tɪˈ-

sanitiz|e, -is|e ˈsæn.ɪ.taɪz, ˈ-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

sanitori|um ˌsæn.əˈtɔː.ri|.əm, -ɪˈ- (US) -ˈtɔːr.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

sanity ˈsæn.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

San José ˌsæn.həʊˈzeɪ, -əʊˈ- (US) -hoʊˈ-, -əˈ-

San Juan ˌsænˈhwɑːn (US) -ˈhwɑːn, -ˈwɔːn

sank (*from* **sink**) sæŋk

Sankey ˈsæŋ.ki

San Marino ˌsæn.məˈriː.nəʊ, ˌsæm- (US) ˌsæn.məˈriː.noʊ

San Miguel ˌsæn.mɪˈgel, ˌsæm- (US) ˌsæn-

San Pedro Sula sænˌped.rəʊˈsuː.lə, sæm- (US) sænˌpiː.droʊˈ-, -ˌped.roʊˈ-

San Remo ˌsænˈreɪ.məʊ, -ˈriː- (US) -ˈriː.moʊ, -ˈreɪ-

sans *English word:* sænz *in French phrases:* sɑ̃ːŋ (US) sænz, sɑ̃ːn

San Salvador ˌsænˈsæl.və.dɔːʳ, -ˌsæl.vəˈdɔːʳ (US) -ˈsæl.və.dɔːr

sans-culotte ˌsænz.kjʊˈlɒt (US) -kuːˈlɑːt, -kjuːˈ- **-s** -s

San Sebastian ˌsæn.sɪˈbæs.ti.ən, -səˈ- (US) -sɪˈbæs.tʃən

Sanskrit ˈsæn.skrɪt

sanskritic (S) sænˈskrɪt.ɪk (US) -ˈskrɪt̬-

sans serif ˌsænˈser.ɪf

Santa ˈsæn.tə (US) -t̬ə **-s** -z

Santa Ana ˌsæn.təˈæn.ə (US) -t̬əˈ-

Santa Claus ˌsæn.təˈklɔːz, ˈ--ˌ- (US) ˈsæn.t̬əˌklɑːz, -ˌklɔːz **-es** -ɪz

Santa Cruz ˌsæn.təˈkruːz (US) ˈsæn.t̬ə.kruːz, ˌ--ˈ-

Santa Fe ˌsæn.təˈfeɪ (US) ˈsæn.t̬ə.feɪ, ˌ--ˈ-

Santa Marta ˌsæn.təˈmɑː.tə (US) -t̬əˈmɑːr.t̬ə

Santander ˌsæn.tənˈdeəʳ, -tænˈ- (US) ˌsɑːn.tɑːnˈder

Santayana ˌsæn.taɪˈɑː.nə (US) -t̬iˈæn-, -ˈɑː.nə

Santer ˈsæn.təʳ, sɑ̃ːˈteə (US) sɑːn.t̬ɚ

Santiago ˌsæn.tiˈɑː.gəʊ (US) -t̬iˈɑː.goʊ, ˌsɑːn-

Santley ˈsænt.li

Santo Domingo ˌsæn.təʊ.dəʊˈmɪŋ.gəʊ, -dɒmˈɪŋ- (US) -toʊ.dəˈmɪŋ.goʊ, ˌsɑːn-, -doʊˈ-

Sanyo® ˈsæn.jəʊ (US) -joʊ

Saône səʊn (US) soʊn

São Paulo saʊmˈpaʊ.ləʊ, saʊ- (US) sɑ̃ːʊˈpaʊ.lu, -loʊ

São Tomé ˌsaʊn.təˈmeɪ, ˌsaʊ- (US) ˌsɑ̃ːʊ.toʊˈ-, -təˈ-

sap sæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

sapele (S) sæpˈɪl.i, səˈpɪl-, -ˈpiː.li (US) səˈpiː.li saˌ**pele** maˈ**hogany**

sapien|ce ˈseɪ.pi.ən|ts, ˈsæp.i- (US) ˈseɪ.pi- **-t/ly** -t/li

sapiens ˈsæp.i.enz, -seɪ.pi-

Sapir səˈpɪəʳ, sæpˈɪəʳ; ˈseɪ.pɪəʳ (US) sæpˈɪr, səˈpɪr

sapless ˈsæp.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

sapling ˈsæp.lɪŋ **-s** -z

saponaceous ˌsæp.əʊˈneɪ.ʃəs (US) -əˈ- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

saponification səˌpɒn.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, sæpˌɒn-, ˌ-ə- (US) səˌpɑː.nə-

saponi|fy səˈpɒn.ɪ|.faɪ, sæpˈɒn-, ˈ-ə- (US) səˈpɑː.nə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

sapper ˈsæp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

apphic (S) ˈsæf.ɪk -s -s
apphira səˈfaɪə.rə, sæfˈaɪə- (US) səˈfaɪ-
apphire ˈsæf.aɪəʳ (US) -aɪɚ -s -z
apph|ism (S) ˈsæf|.ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
appho ˈsæf.əʊ (US) -oʊ
apporo səˈpɔː.rəʊ, sæpˈɔː-, -ˈɒr.əʊ (US) səˈpɔːr.oʊ, sɑː-
apply ˈsæpl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
aprogenic ˌsæp.rəʊˈdʒen.ɪk (US) -rəˈ-
aprophyte ˈsæp.rəʊ.faɪt (US) -rə- -s -s
apwood ˈsæp.wʊd
ara ˈsɑː.rə, ˈseə- (US) ˈser.ə, ˈsær-
araband(e) ˈsær.ə.bænd, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈsær.ə.bænd, ˈser- -s -z
aracen ˈsær.ə.sən, -sɪn, -sen (US) -sən, ˈser-, ˈsær- -s -z
aracenic ˌsær.əˈsen.ɪk (US) ˌser-, ˌsær-
aragossa ˌsær.əˈgɒs.ə (US) -ˈgɑː.sə, ˌser-, ˌsær-
arah ˈseə.rə (US) ˈser.ə, ˈsær-
arajevo ˌsær.əˈjeɪ.vəʊ (US) -voʊ, ˌser-, ˌsær-
aran® səˈræn Saˈran ˌwrap
arandon ˈsær.ən.dən (US) səˈræn.dən
arasate ˌsær.əˈsɑː.teɪ (US) ˌsɑːr.ɑːˈsɑː.teɪ
aratoga ˌsær.əˈtəʊ.gə (US) ˌser.əˈtoʊ-, ˌsær-
arawak səˈrɑː.wæk, -wək, -wə (US) -ˈrɑː.wɑːk
arawakian ˌsær.əˈwæk.i.ən (US) ˌser.əˈwɑː.ki-, ˌsær- -s -z
rcasm ˈsɑː.kæz.ᵊm (US) ˈsɑːr- -s -z
rcastic sɑːˈkæs.tɪk (US) sɑːr- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
rcenet ˈsɑːs.net, -nət, -nɪt (US) ˈsɑːr.snet
rcoma sɑːˈkəʊ.mə (US) sɑːrˈkoʊ- -s -z -ta -tə -tous -təs
rcopha|gus sɑːˈkɒf.əl.gəs (US) sɑːrˈkɑː.fə- -guses -gə.sɪz -gi -gaɪ, -dʒaɪ
ardanapalus ˌsɑː.dəˈnæp.ᵊl.əs; -nəˈpɑː.ləs (US) ˌsɑːr.dəˈnæp.ᵊl.əs; -nəˈpeɪ.ləs
rdine *fish:* sɑːˈdiːn (US) sɑːr- -s -z
rdine *stone:* ˈsɑː.daɪn (US) ˈsɑːr.dɪn, -daɪn
ardini|a sɑːˈdɪn.i|.ə (US) sɑːr-, ˈ-j|ə -an/s -ən/z
rdis ˈsɑː.dɪs (US) ˈsɑːr-
rdius ˈsɑː.di.əs (US) ˈsɑːr- -es -ɪz
rdonic sɑːˈdɒn.ɪk (US) sɑːrˈdɑː.nɪk -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
rdonyx ˈsɑː.dᵊn.ɪks; sɑːˈdɒn- (US) sɑːrˈdɑː.nɪks; ˈsɑːr.də- -es -ɪz
argant ˈsɑː.dʒᵊnt (US) ˈsɑːr-
argasso (S) sɑːˈgæs.əʊ (US) sɑːrˈgæs.oʊ -(e)s -z Sarˌgasso ˈSea
arge sɑːdʒ (US) sɑːrdʒ
argeant, Sargent ˈsɑː.dʒᵊnt (US) ˈsɑːr-
argeson ˈsɑː.dʒɪ.sᵊn (US) ˈsɑːr-
argon ˈsɑː.gɒn (US) ˈsɑːr.gɑːn
ari ˈsɑː.ri (US) ˈsɑːr.i -s -z
ark sɑːk (US) sɑːrk

sark|y ˈsɑː.k|i (US) ˈsɑːr- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Sarmati|a sɑːˈmeɪ.ʃi|.ə, ˈ-ʃ|ə (US) sɑːrˈmeɪ.ʃ|ə, -ʃi|.ə -an/s -ən/z
sarnie ˈsɑː.ni (US) ˈsɑːr- -s -z
sarong səˈrɒŋ, sɑː-, særˈɒŋ (US) səˈrɔːŋ, -ˈrɑːŋ -s -z
Saro-Wiwa ˌsær.əʊˈwiː.wə, -wɑː (US) ˌsær.oʊˈwiː.wɑː, ˌsɑːr-
Saroyan səˈrɔɪən
SARS sɑːz (US) sɑːrz
sarsaparilla ˌsɑː.spᵊrˈɪl.ə, -sə.pᵊrˈ- (US) ˌsɑːr.sə.pəˈrɪl-, ˌsɑːr.spəˈ- *popularly:* ˌsæs.pəˈ-
sarsenet ˈsɑːs.net, -nət, -nɪt (US) ˈsɑːr.snet
Sarton ˈsɑː.tᵊn (US) ˈsɑːr-
Sartor ˈsɑː.tɔːʳ, -təʳ (US) ˈsɑːr.tɔːr, -tɚ
sartorial sɑːˈtɔː.ri.əl (US) sɑːrˈtɔːr.i-
Sartre ˈsɑː.trə (US) ˈsɑːr-; sɑːrt
Sarum ˈseə.rəm (US) ˈser.əm
SAS ˌes.eɪˈes
SASE ˌes.eɪ.esˈiː
sash sæʃ -es -ɪz -ed -t ˌsash ˈwindow
Sasha ˈsæʃ.ə (US) ˈsɑː.ʃə, ˈsæʃ.ə
sashay ˈsæʃ.eɪ, -ˈ- (US) sæʃˈeɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sashimi sæʃˈiː.mi, səˈʃiː- (US) sɑːˈʃiː.mi
Saskatchewan səˈskætʃ.ɪ.wən, sæsˈkætʃ-, ˈ-ə-, -wɒn (US) sæsˈkætʃ.ə.wɑːn, -wən -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
saskatoon (S) ˌsæs.kəˈtuːn
Saskia ˈsæs.ki.ə
sasquatch (S) ˈsæs.kwɒtʃ, -kwætʃ (US) -kwɑːtʃ, -kwætʃ -es -ɪz
sass sæs
sassafras ˈsæs.ə.fræs -es -ɪz
Sassenach ˈsæs.ə.næk, -næx, -nək, -nəx (US) -næk -s -s
Sassoon səˈsuːn, sæsˈuːn (US) sæsˈuːn, səˈsuːn
sass|y ˈsæs|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
sat (*from* **sit**) sæt
Sat. (*abbrev. for* **Saturday**) ˈsæt.ə.deɪ, -di (US) ˈsæt̬.ɚ-
SAT sæt (US) es.eɪˈtiː -s -z
Satan ˈseɪ.tᵊn -ism -ɪ.zᵊm -ist/s -ɪst/s
satang sætˈæŋ (US) sɑːˈtæŋ -s -z
satanic səˈtæn.ɪk, seɪˈtæn- -ally -ᵊl.i (US) -li
satay, saté ˈsæt.eɪ, ˈsɑː.teɪ (US) sɑːˈteɪ -s -z ˌsatay ˈsauce (US) ˈsatay ˌsauce
satchel ˈsætʃ.ᵊl -s -z
Satchwell ˈsætʃ.wel
sate seɪt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) seɪt̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) seɪt̬ɪd
sated ˈseɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
sateen sætˈiːn, səˈtiːn -s -z
satellite ˈsæt.ᵊl.aɪt, -ɪ.laɪt (US) ˈsæt̬.ᵊl.aɪt -s -s ˈsatellite ˌdish; ˌsatellite ˈtelevision (US) ˈsatellite ˌtelevision
sati ˈsɑː.tiː -s -z
satiable ˈseɪ.ʃi.ə.bᵊl, ˈ-ʃə.bᵊl (US) -ʃə-, -ʃi.ə-
sati|ate (*v.*) ˈseɪ.ʃi|.eɪt -ates -eɪts

-ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
satiate (*adj.*) ˈseɪ.ʃi.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) -ɪt
satiation ˌseɪ.ʃiˈeɪ.ʃᵊn
Satie ˈsæt.i, ˈsɑː.ti, -ˈ- (US) sɑːˈtiː
satiety səˈtaɪ.ə.ti, -ˈtaɪ.ɪ-; ˈseɪ.ʃə.ti, -ʃi.ə- (US) səˈtaɪ.ə.t̬i
satin ˈsæt.ɪn (US) -ᵊn -s -z -y -i
satinette, satinet ˌsæt.ɪˈnet (US) -ᵊnˈet
satinwood ˈsæt.ɪn.wʊd (US) -ᵊn-
satire ˈsæt.aɪəʳ (US) -aɪɚ -s -z
satiric|al səˈtɪr.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ɪ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
satirist ˈsæt.ᵊr.ɪst, -ɪ.rɪst (US) ˈsæt̬.ɚ.ɪst -s -s
satiriz|e, -is|e ˈsæt.ᵊr.aɪz, -ɪ.raɪz (US) ˈsæt̬.ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
satisfaction ˌsæt.ɪsˈfæk.ʃᵊn, -əsˈ- (US) ˌsæt̬-
satisfactor|y ˌsæt.ɪsˈfæk.tᵊr|.i, -əsˈ-, -tr|i (US) ˌsæt̬- -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
satis|fy ˈsæt.ɪs|.faɪ (US) -əs-, ˈsæt̬- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
satrap ˈsæt.ræp, -rəp (US) ˈseɪ.træp, ˈsæt.ræp -s -s -y -i -ies -iz
satsuma ˌsætˈsuː.mə; -sʊ- (US) ˈsæt.sə.mɑː; sɑːtˈsuː.mə -s -z
satur|ate (*v.*) ˈsætʃ.ᵊr|.eɪt, -ʊ.r|eɪt, -tjᵊr|.eɪt, -tjʊ.r|eɪt (US) ˈsætʃ.ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd ˌsaturated ˈfat
saturate (*adj.*) ˈsætʃ.ᵊr.eɪt, -ʊ.reɪt, ˈsæt.jᵊr.eɪt, -jʊ.reɪt (US) ˈsætʃ.ɚ.ɪt
saturation ˌsætʃ.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tʃʊˈreɪ-, -tjᵊrˈeɪ-, -tjʊˈreɪ- (US) ˌsætʃ.əˈreɪ- satuˈration ˌpoint
Saturday ˈsæt.ə.deɪ, -di (US) ˈsæt̬.ɚ- -s -z
Saturn ˈsæt.ən, -ɜːn (US) ˈsæt̬.ɚn
saturnalia (S) ˌsæt.əˈneɪ.li.ə, -ɜːˈ- (US) ˌsæt̬.ɚˈ-, -ˈneɪl.jə -n -n -s -z
saturnian (S) sætˈɜː.ni.ən, səˈtɜː- (US) səˈtɝː-
saturnine ˈsæt.ə.naɪn (US) ˈsæt̬.ɚ-
satyr ˈsæt.əʳ (US) ˈseɪ.t̬ɚ, ˈsæt̬.ɚ -s -z
satyriasis ˌsæt.ᵊrˈaɪə.sɪs (US) ˌseɪ.t̬əˈraɪə.sɪs, ˌsæt̬-
satyric səˈtɪr.ɪk (US) seɪ-, sə-
sauc|e sɔːs (US) sɑːs, sɔːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈsauce ˌboat
saucepan ˈsɔːs.pən (US) ˈsɑːs-, ˈsɔːs- -s -z
saucer ˈsɔː.səʳ (US) ˈsɑː.sɚ, ˈsɔː- -s -z
Sauchiehall ˌsɔː.kɪˈhɔːl, ˌsɒk.ɪˈ-, ˈ--- (US) ˌsɑː.kiˈ-, ˌsɔː-
sauc|y ˈsɔː.s|i (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Saudi ˈsaʊ.di, ˈsɔː- (US) ˈsaʊ-, ˈsɔː-, ˈsɑː- -s -z ˌSaudi Aˈrabia
sauerbraten ˈsaʊə.brɑː.tᵊn (US) ˈsaʊɚ-
sauerkraut ˈsaʊə.kraʊt (US) ˈsaʊɚ-
Saul sɔːl (US) sɔːl, sɑːl
Sault St. Marie ˌsuː.seɪnt.məˈriː
sauna ˈsɔː.nə, ˈsaʊ- (US) ˈsaʊ-, ˈsɔː-, ˈsɑː- -s -z

Pronouncing the letters SC

The consonant digraph sc has two main pronunciations: /s/ and /sk/.

It is normally pronounced /s/ before the letters **e**, **i** or **y**, e.g.:

scene	/siːn/	
science	/saɪənts/	
scythe	/saɪð/	
coalesce	/ˌkəʊ.əˈles/	(US) /ˌkoʊ-/

However, the realisation /sk/ can occur before e, and /tʃ/ is possible before i, e.g.:

sceptic	/ˈskep.tɪk/	
conscious	/ˈkɒn.tʃəs/	(US) /ˈkɑːnt.ʃəs/

In other cases, /sk/ is the usual pronunciation in word initial position, and /s/ in the combination –scle, e.g.:

scale	/skeɪl/	
Scotland	/ˈskɒt.lənd/	(US) /ˈskɑːt-/
muscle	/ˈmʌs.əl/	

Saunders ˈsɔːn.dəz, ˈsɑːn- (US) ˈsɑːn.dɚz, ˈsɔːn-
Saunderson ˈsɔːn.də.sən, ˈsɑːn- (US) ˈsɑːn.dɚ-, ˈsɔːn-
saunt|er ˈsɔːn.t|ər (US) ˈsɑːn.t̬|ɚ, ˈsɔːn- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ə.rər/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
saurian ˈsɔː.ri.ən (US) ˈsɑːr.i-, ˈsɔːr- **-s** -z
sausag|e ˈsɒs.ɪdʒ (US) ˈsɑː.sɪdʒ, ˈsɔː- **-es** -ɪz ˈ**sausage** ˌ**dog**; ˈ**sausage** **maˌchine**; ˌ**sausage** ˈ**roll** (US) ˈ**sausage** ˌ**roll**
Saussure səʊˈsjʊər, -ˈsʊər (US) soʊˈsʊr
sauté ˈsəʊ.teɪ, ˈsɔː- (US) sɔːˈteɪ, soʊ-, sɑː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-(e)d** -d
Sauternes, Sauterne səʊˈtɜːn, -ˈteən (US) soʊˈtɝːn, sɔː-, sɑː-
Sauvage ˈsæv.ɪdʒ; səʊˈvɑːʒ (US) ˈsæv.ɪdʒ; soʊˈvɑːʒ
Sauvignon ˈsəʊ.viː.njɔ̃ːŋ, -vɪ-, -njɒn, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌsoʊ.viːˈnjõʊn, ˈ--- ˌ**Sauvignon** ˈ**Blanc**
savag|e (S) ˈsæv.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ery** -ər.i, -ri **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
savanna(h) (S) səˈvæn.ə **-s** -z
savant ˈsæv.ənt (US) sævˈɑːnt; səˈvænt; ˈsæv.ənt **-s** -s
sav|e seɪv **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-(e)able** -ə.bəl
saveloy ˈsæv.ə.lɔɪ, ˈ-ɪ-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈsæv.ə.lɔɪ **-s** -z
Savels ˈsæv.əlz
Savernake ˈsæv.ə.næk (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Savery ˈsæv.ər.i
Savile ˈsæv.ɪl, -əl ˌ**Savile** ˈ**Row**
Savill(e) ˈsæv.ɪl, -əl
saving ˈseɪ.vɪŋ **-s** -z ˌ**saving** ˈ**grace**; ˈ**savings acˌcount**; ˈ**savings** ˌ**bank**; ˈ**savings** ˌ**bond**; ˈ**savings cerˌtificate**; ˈ**savings** ˌ**stamp**
savio(u)r (S) ˈseɪ.vjər (US) -vjɚ **-s** -z
Savlon® ˈsæv.lɒn (US) -lɑːn
savoir faire ˌsæv.wɑːˈfeər (US) -wɑːrˈfer, -wɑːˈ-
savoir vivre ˌsæv.wɑːˈviː.vrə (US) -wɑːrˈ-, -wɑːˈ-
Savonarola ˌsæv.ən.əˈrəʊ.lə (US) -ˈroʊ-
sav|or ˈseɪ.v|ər (US) -v|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd **-orless** -ə.ləs, -lɪs (US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs
savory (S) ˈseɪ.vər.i **-ies** -iz **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sav|our ˈseɪ.v|ər (US) -v|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ər.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-ourless** -ə.ləs, -lɪs (US) -ɚ.ləs, -lɪs
savour|y ˈseɪ.vər|.i **-ies** -iz **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
savoy (S) səˈvɔɪ **-s** -z **saˌvoy** ˈ**cabbage**
Savoyard səˈvɔɪ.ɑːd; ˌsæv.ɔɪˈɑːd (US) səˈvɔɪ.ɚd; ˌsæv.ɔɪˈɑːrd **-s** -z
savvy ˈsæv.i
saw sɔː (US) sɑː, sɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
saw (*from* **see**) sɔː (US) sɑː, sɔː
saw|bones *singular:* ˈsɔː|.bəʊnz (US) ˈsɑː|.boʊnz, ˈsɔː- *plural:* ˈsɔː|.bəʊnz (US) ˈsɑː|.boʊnz, ˈsɔː- **-boneses** -ˌbəʊn.zɪz (US) -ˌboʊn-
Sawbridgeworth ˈsɔː.brɪdʒ.wɜːθ *old-fashioned:* ˈsæp.swəθ (US) ˈsɑː.brɪdʒ.wɝːθ, ˈsɔː-
sawbuck ˈsɔː.bʌk (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-s** -s
sawd|er ˈsɔː.d|ər (US) ˈsɑː.d|ɚ, ˈsɔː- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
sawdust ˈsɔː.dʌst (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː-
sawfish ˈsɔː.fɪʃ (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː-
sawfl|y ˈsɔː.fl|aɪ (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-ies** -aɪz
sawhors|e ˈsɔː.hɔːs (US) ˈsɑː.hɔːrs, ˈsɔː- **-es** -ɪz
sawmill ˈsɔː.mɪl (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-s** -z
sawn (*from* **saw**) sɔːn (US) sɑːn, sɔːn
Sawney ˈsɔː.ni (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-s** -z
sawn-off ˌsɔːnˈɒf (US) ˌsɑːnˈɑːf, ˌsɔːn- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**sawn-off** ˈ**shotgun**
Sawoniuk səˈvɒn.i.ʊk (US) -vɑːn-
Sawston ˈsɔːs.tən (US) ˈsɑːz-, ˈsɔːz-
sawtooth ˈsɔː.tuːθ (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-ed** -t
Sawtry ˈsɔː.tri (US) ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː-
sawyer (S) ˈsɔː.jər, ˈsɔɪ.ər (US) ˈsɑː.jɚ, ˈsɔː-, ˈsɔɪ.ɚ **-s** -z
sax sæks **-es** -ɪz
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha ˌsæksˌkəʊ.bɜːgˈgəʊ.θə, -tə (US) -ˌkoʊ.bɝːgˈgoʊ-
saxhorn ˈsæks.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn **-s** -z
saxifrag|e ˈsæk.sɪ.frɪdʒ, -sə-, -freɪdʒ (US) -sə.frɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Saxmundham sæksˈmʌn.dəm
Saxon ˈsæk.sən **-s** -z
Saxone® ˈsæk.səʊn, -ˈ- (US) -ˈsoʊn
saxony (S) ˈsæk.sən.i
saxophone ˈsæk.sə.fəʊn (US) -foʊn **-s** -z
saxophonist sækˈsɒf.ən.ɪst (US) ˈsæk.sə.foʊ.nɪst **-s** -s
say seɪ **says** sez **saying** ˈseɪ.ɪŋ **said** sed
Sayce seɪs
SAYE ˌes.eɪ.waɪˈiː
sayer (S) ˈseɪər (US) ˈseɪɚ **-s** -z
saying ˈseɪ.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Sayle seɪl
say-so ˈseɪ.səʊ (US) -soʊ
SC (*abbrev. for* **South Carolina**) ˌsaʊθ.kær.əlˈaɪ.nə (US) -ker.əˈlaɪ-, -kær-
scab skæb **-s** -z **-by** -i **-biness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
scabbard ˈskæb.əd (US) -ɚd **-s** -z
scabies ˈskeɪ.biːz, -biz
scabious ˈskeɪ.bi.əs **-es** -ɪz
scabrous ˈskeɪ.brəs (US) ˈskæb.rəs, ˈskeɪ.brəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Scacchi ˈskæk.i
scad skæd **-s** -z
Scafell ˌskɔːˈfel *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Scafell** ˈ**Pike**
scaffold ˈskæf.əʊld, -əld (US) -əld, -oʊld **-s** -z
scaffolding ˈskæf.əl.dɪŋ **-s** -z
scag skæg
Scala ˈskɑː.lə
scalable ˈskeɪ.lə.bəl
scalar ˈskeɪ.lər, -lɑːr (US) -lɚ, -lɑːr
scalawag ˈskæl.ə.wæg, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
Scalby ˈskæl.bi
scald skɔːld (US) skɑːld, skɔːld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
scal|e skeɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
scalene ˈskeɪ.liːn; -ˈ-, skælˈiːn (US) ˈskeɪ.liːn, -ˈ-
scales (S) skeɪlz ˌ**tip the** ˈ**scales**
Scaliger ˈskæl.ɪ.dʒər (US) -dʒɚ

Pronouncing the letters SCH

The consonant letter combination sch has several possible pronunciations, the most common being /sk/, e.g.:

school /skuːl/
scheme /skiːm/

Other possible realisations are /ʃ/ and /s/.

schedule /ˈʃed.juːl/ (US) /ˈsked-/
schism /ˈskɪz.ᵊm, ˈsɪz-/

For words of German origin, the pronunciation is /ʃ/, e.g.:

schmalz /ʃmɔːlts/

In addition

When the three letters come together due to the addition of a prefix, the pronunciation is /s.tʃ/, e.g.:

mischance /ˈmɪs.tʃɑːnts/ (US) /-tʃænts/

allion 'skæl.i.ən, '-jən (US) '-jən -s -z
allop 'skæl.əp, 'skɒl- (US) 'skɑː.ləp, 'skæl.əp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
allywag 'skæl.i.wæg -s -z
alp skælp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
alpel 'skæl.pᵊl -s -z
al|y 'skeɪ.l|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
am skæm -s -z
ammell 'skæm.ᵊl
amp skæmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ish -ɪʃ
amp|er 'skæm.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
ampi 'skæm.pi
an skæn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d
andal 'skæn.dᵊl -s -z
andalization, -isa- skæn.dᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
andaliz|e, -is|e 'skæn.dᵊl.aɪz (US) -də.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
andalmong|er 'skæn.dᵊl,mʌŋ.g|əʳ (US) -,mɑːŋ.g|ɚ, -,mʌŋ- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ
andalous 'skæn.dᵊl.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
andent 'skæn.dᵊnt
andian 'skæn.di.ən
andinavi|a ,skæn.dɪ'neɪ.vi|.ə, -də'- (US) -vi|.ə, '-vj|ə -an/s -ən/z
andium 'skæn.di.əm
ania® 'skæn.i.ə, '-jə
anlan, Scanlon 'skæn.lən
annell 'skæn.ᵊl; skə'nel
anner 'skæn.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
ansion 'skæn.ʃᵊn -s -z
ant skænt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ant|y 'skæn.t|i (US) -ţ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
apa Flow ,skɑː.pə'fləʊ, ,skæp.ə'- (US) -'floʊ
ape skeɪp -s -s
ape skeɪp
te: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. andscape /'lænd.skeɪp/.
apegoat 'skeɪp.gəʊt (US) -goʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
apegrac|e 'skeɪp.greɪs -es -ɪz
apul|a 'skæp.jə.l|ə, -jʊ- -as -əz
-ae -iː -ar/s -əʳ/z
scar (S) skɑːʳ (US) skɑːr -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d 'scar ,tissue
scarab 'skær.əb (US) 'sker-, 'skær- -s -z
scarabae|us ,skær.ə'biː|.əs (US) ,sker-, ,skær- -uses -ə.sɪz -i -aɪ
scaramouch(e) (S) 'skær.ə.muːʃ, -muːtʃ, -maʊtʃ, ,--'- (US) 'sker.ə.muːʃ, 'skær-, -muːtʃ -(e)s -ɪz
Scarborough, Scarboro' 'skɑː.bᵊr.ə (US) 'skɑːr.bɚ.oʊ, -ə
Scarbrough 'skɑː.brə (US) 'skɑːr-, -broʊ
scarc|e skeəs (US) skers -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
scarcity 'skeə.sə.ti, -sɪ- (US) 'sker.sə.ţi
Scardino skɑː'diː.nəʊ (US) skɑːr'diː.noʊ
scar|e skeəʳ (US) sker -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'scare ,story
scarecrow 'skeə.krəʊ (US) 'sker.kroʊ -s -z
scaredy-cat 'skeə.di.kæt (US) 'sker- -s -s
scaremong|er 'skeə,mʌŋ.g|əʳ (US) 'sker,mɑːŋ.g|ɚ, -,mʌŋ- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ
scar|ey 'skeə.r|i (US) 'sker|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scar|f (*n.*) skɑː|f (US) skɑːr|f -ves -vz -fs -fs
scarf (*v.*) skɑːf (US) skɑːrf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Scarfe skɑːf (US) skɑːrf
Scargill 'skɑː.gɪl (US) 'skɑːr-
scarification ,skær.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ,skeə.rɪ-, -rə- (US) ,sker.ə.fɪ'-, ,skær-
scari|fy 'skær.ɪ|.faɪ, 'skeə.rɪ-, -rə- (US) 'sker.ə-, 'skær- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
scarlatina ,skɑː.lə'tiː.nə, -lɪ'- (US) ,skɑːr.lə'-
Scarlatti skɑː'læt.i (US) skɑːr'lɑː.ţi
scarlet (S) 'skɑː.lət, -lɪt (US) 'skɑːr- ,scarlet 'fever; ,scarlet 'pimpernel; ,scarlet 'woman
Scarlett 'skɑː.lət, -lɪt (US) 'skɑːr-
Scarman 'skɑː.mən (US) 'skɑːr-
scarp skɑːp (US) skɑːrp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
scarper 'skɑː.pəʳ (US) 'skɑːr.pɚ -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
scarves (*plur. of* **scarf**) skɑːvz (US) skɑːrvs
scar|y 'skeə.r|i (US) 'sker|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Scase skeɪs
scat skæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) 'skæţ.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd (US) 'skæţ.ɪd
scath|e skeɪð -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -eless -ləs, -lɪs
scathing 'skeɪ.ðɪŋ -ly -li
scatological ,skæt.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl (US) ,skæţ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-
scatolog|y skæt'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i (US) -'ɑː.lə-, skə'tɑː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
scatt|er 'skæt|.əʳ (US) 'skæţ|.ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
scatterbrain 'skæt.ə.breɪn (US) 'skæţ.ɚ- -s -z -ed -d
scatt|y 'skæt|.i (US) 'skæţ|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scaup skɔːp (US) skɑːp, skɔːp -s -s
scaveng|e 'skæv.ɪndʒ, -ᵊndʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Scawfell ,skɔː'fel (US) ,skɑː-, ,skɔː- *stress shift, see compound:* ,Scawfell 'Pike
scena 'ʃeɪ.nə -s -z
scenario sɪ'nɑː.ri.əʊ, sə-, sen'ɑː- (US) sə'ner.i.oʊ, -'nær-, -'nɑːr- -s -z
scenarist 'siː.nᵊr.ɪst (US) sə'ner-, -'nær-, -'nɑːr- -s -s
scene siːn -s -z
scenery 'siː.nᵊr.i
sceneshifter 'siːn,ʃɪf.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
scenic 'siː.nɪk, 'sen.ɪk (US) 'siː- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li ,scenic 'railway
scent sent -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'sen.ţɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'sen.ţɪd
scepter 'sep.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z -ed -əd ,scepter'd 'isle
sceptic 'skep.tɪk -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
scepticism 'skep.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, -tə-
sceptre 'sep.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z -d -d
schadenfreude 'ʃɑː.dᵊn,frɔɪ.də
Schaefer 'ʃeɪ.fəʳ (US) -fɚ
Schama 'ʃɑː.mə
schedul|e 'ʃed.juːl, 'ʃedʒ.uːl, -ᵊl; 'sked.juːl, 'skedʒ.uːl, -ᵊl

Schwa

An unstressed central vowel.

Examples for English

One of the most noticeable features of English pronunciation is the phonetic difference between stressed and unstressed syllables. In most languages, any of the vowels of the language can occur in any syllable whether that syllable is stressed or not. In English, however, a syllable which bears no stress is more likely to have one of a small number of weak vowels. The most common weak vowel is one which never occurs in a stressed syllable, the schwa vowel (symbolised ə), which is generally described as being unrounded, central (i.e. between front and back) and mid (i.e. between close and open), e.g.:

appease /ə'pi:z/
syllable /'sɪl.ə.bəl/
China /'tʃaɪ.nə/
mother /'mʌð.ər/ (US) /'mʌð.ɚ/

Statistically, schwa is reported to be the most frequently occurring vowel of English (over 10% of all vowels).

(US) 'skedʒ.u:l, -u.əl, -əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Scheherazade ʃɪˌher.ə'zɑ:.də, ʃə-, -ˌhɪə.rə'-, -'zɑ:d (US) ʃəˌher.ə'zɑ:d, -'zɑ:.də
Scheldt skelt, ʃelt (US) skelt
schema 'ski:.mə -s -z **schemata** 'ski:.mə.tə; skɪ'mɑ:.tə (US) ski:'mɑ:.t̬ə; 'ski:.mə.t̬ə
schematic ski:'mæt.ɪk, skɪ- (US) ski:'mæt̬-, skə- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
schematiz|e, -is|e 'ski:.mə.taɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
schem|e ski:m -es -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
Schenectady skɪ'nek.tə.di, skə- (US) skə-
scherzand|o skeət'sæn.d|əʊ, skɜ:t- (US) skert'sɑ:n.d|oʊ, -'sæn- -os -əʊz (US) -oʊz -i -i
scherz|o 'skeət.s|əʊ, 'skɜ:t- (US) 'skert.s|oʊ -os -əʊz (US) -oʊz -i -i
Schiaparelli ˌskæp.ə'rel.i, ˌskjæp-, ˌʃæp- (US) ˌskæp-, ˌʃæp-, ˌskjɑ:.pɑ:'-
Schiedam skɪ'dæm, 'skɪd.æm (US) skɪ'dɑ:m
Schiffer 'ʃɪf.ər (US) -ɚ
Schiller 'ʃɪl.ər (US) -ɚ
schilling (S) 'ʃɪl.ɪŋ -s -z
Schindler 'ʃɪnd.lər (US) -lɚ
schipperke (S) 'ʃɪp.ə.ki, 'skɪ-; 'ʃɪp.ək (US) 'skɪp.ɚ.ki **schipperkes** 'ʃɪp.ə.kiz, 'skɪ-; 'ʃɪp.əks (US) 'skɪp.ɚ.kiz
schism 'skɪz.əm, 'sɪz- (US) 'skɪz-, 'sɪz- -s -z
schismatic skɪz'mæt.ɪk, sɪz- (US) skɪz'mæt̬-, sɪz- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
schist ʃɪst -s -s -ose -əʊs (US) -oʊs
schizo 'skɪt.səʊ (US) -soʊ -s -z
schizoid 'skɪt.sɔɪd
schizophrenia ˌskɪt.səʊ'fri:.ni.ə, ˌskɪd.zəʊ'- (US) ˌskɪt.sə'-, -soʊ'-, -'fren.i-
schizophrenic ˌskɪt.səʊ'fren.ɪk, ˌskɪd.zəʊ'-, -'fri:.nɪk (US) ˌskɪt.sə'-, -soʊ'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li -s -s
Schlegel 'ʃleɪ.gəl
schlemiel ʃlə'mi:l -s -z
schlep(p) ʃlep -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
Schlesinger 'ʃlez.ɪn.dʒər, 'ʃles- (US) 'ʃles.ɪŋ.ɚ; 'ʃlez.ɪn.dʒɚ, 'ʃleɪ.zɪŋ-
Schleswig-Holstein ˌʃlez.vɪg'həʊl.staɪn, ˌʃles-, -wɪg'- (US) -wɪg'hoʊl-, ˌʃles.vɪg'-, -'hɔ:l.ʃtaɪn
schlock ʃlɒk (US) ʃlɑ:k -s -s
schlockmeister 'ʃlɒkˌmaɪ.stər (US) 'ʃlɑ:kˌmaɪ.stɚ -s -z
schmal(t)z ʃmɔ:lts, ʃmɒlts, ʃmælts (US) ʃmɑ:lts, ʃmɔ:lts -y -i -ier -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Schmidt ʃmɪt
schmo ʃməʊ (US) ʃmoʊ -es -z
schmooz|e ʃmu:z -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
schmuck ʃmʌk -s -s
Schnabel ʃnɑ:.bəl
schnap(p)s ʃnæps (US) ʃnɑ:ps, ʃnæps
schnauzer 'ʃnaʊt.sər (US) 'ʃnaʊ.zɚ -s -z
Schneider 'ʃnaɪ.dər (US) -dɚ
schnitzel 'ʃnɪt.səl -s -z
Schnitzler 'ʃnɪt.slər (US) -slɚ
schnorkel 'ʃnɔ:.kəl (US) 'ʃnɔ:r- -s -z
schnozzle 'ʃnɒz.əl (US) 'ʃnɑ:.zəl -s -z
Schoen ʃəʊn, ʃɜ:n (US) ʃoʊn, ʃɜ:rn
Schoenberg 'ʃɜ:n.bɜ:g, -beəg (US) 'ʃɜ:rn.bɚg, 'ʃoʊn-
Schofield 'skəʊ.fi:ld (US) 'skoʊ-
scholar 'skɒl.ər (US) 'skɑ:.lɚ -s -z -ly -li
scholarship 'skɒl.ə.ʃɪp (US) 'skɑ:.lɚ- -s -s
scholastic skə'læs.tɪk, skɒl'æs- (US) skə'læs- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
scholasticism skə'læs.tɪ.sɪ.zəm, skɒl'æs- (US) skə'læs.tə-
Scholes skəʊlz (US) skoʊlz
scholiast 'skəʊ.li.æst (US) 'skoʊ-, -əst -s -s
scholi|um 'skəʊ.li|.əm (US) 'skoʊ- -a -ə
Scholl ʃɒl, ʃəʊl, skɒl (US) ʃoʊl
Schönberg 'ʃɜ:n.bɜ:g, -beəg (US) 'ʃɜ:rn.bɚg, 'ʃoʊn-
school sku:l -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌschool 'leaver; ˌschool 'tie
schoolbag 'sku:l.bæg -s -z
schoolbook 'sku:l.bʊk -s -s
schoolboy 'sku:l.bɔɪ -s -z -ish -ɪʃ
school|child 'sku:l|.tʃaɪld -children -ˌtʃɪl.drən
schooldays 'sku:l.deɪz
schoolgirl 'sku:l.gɜ:l (US) -gɝ:l -s -z -ish -ɪʃ
schoolhou|se 'sku:l.haʊ|s -ses -zɪz
schoolkid 'sku:l.kɪd -s -z
schoolmarm 'sku:l.mɑ:m (US) -mɑ:rm -s -z -ish -ɪʃ
schoolmaster 'sku:lˌmɑ:.stər (US) -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
schoolmate 'sku:l.meɪt -s -s
schoolmistress 'sku:lˌmɪs.trɪs, -trəs -es -ɪz
schoolroom 'sku:l.rʊm, -ru:m (US) -ru:m, -rʊm -s -z
schoolteacher 'sku:lˌti:.tʃər (US) -tʃɚ -s -z
schooltime 'sku:l.taɪm
schoolwork 'sku:l.wɜ:k (US) -wɝ:k
schoolyard 'sku:l.jɑ:d (US) -jɑ:rd
schooner 'sku:.nər (US) -nɚ -s -z
Schopenhauer 'ʃəʊ.pən.haʊ.ər, 'ʃɒp.ən- (US) 'ʃoʊ.pən.haʊ.ɚ
schottisch|e ʃɒt'i:ʃ, ʃə'ti:ʃ (US) 'ʃɑ:.t̬ɪʃ -es -ɪz
Schreiner 'ʃraɪ.nər (US) -nɚ
Schrödinger 'ʃrɜ:.dɪŋ.ər (US) 'ʃroʊ.dɪŋ.ɚ, 'ʃrɜ:r-
Schroeder 'ʃrɜ:.dər (US) 'ʃroʊ.dɚ, 'ʃreɪ-
schtuck ʃtʊk
Schubert 'ʃu:.bət, -bɜ:t (US) -bɚt
Schultz ʃʊlts
Schumacher 'ʃu:ˌmæk.ər (US) -mɑ:.kɚ, -mæk-
Schuman 'ʃu:.mən
Schumann 'ʃu:.mən, -mæn, -mɑ:n (US) -mɑ:n, -mən
schuss ʃʊs, ʃu:s -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Schuster 'ʃʊs.tə, 'ʃu:.stər (US) -tɚ
schwa ʃwɑ: -s -z
Schwabe ʃwɑ:b, 'ʃwɑ:.bə
Schwann ʃwɒn *as if German:* ʃvæn (US) ʃvɑ:n, ʃwɑ:n
Schwartz ʃwɔ:ts *as if German:* ʃvɑ:ts (US) ʃwɔ:rts
Schwarzenegger 'ʃwɔ:ts.ən.eg.ər

ⓤⓢ 'ʃwɔːrts.ən.eg.ɚ
hwarzkopf 'ʃvɑːts.kɒpf, 'ʃwɑːts-, 'ʃwɔːts- ⓤⓢ 'ʃwɔːrts.kɑːpf
hwarzwald 'ʃvɑːts.væld, 'ʃwɑːts-, -wæld ⓤⓢ 'ʃvɑːrts.vɑːlt
hweitzer 'ʃwaɪt.səʳ *as if German:* 'ʃvaɪt- ⓤⓢ 'ʃwaɪt.sɚ *as if German:* 'ʃvaɪt-
hweizer 'ʃwaɪt.səʳ *as if German:* 'ʃvaɪt- ⓤⓢ 'ʃwaɪt.sɚ *as if German:* 'ʃvaɪt-
hweppes® ʃweps
hwerin ʃveə'riːn, ʃweə- ⓤⓢ ʃver'iːn, ʃver'iːn
atic saɪ'æt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'æṭ-
atica saɪ'æt.ɪ.kə ⓤⓢ -'æṭ-
enc|e saɪənts -es -ɪz ˌscience fiction; 'science ˌpark
entific ˌsaɪən'tɪf.ɪk -ally -əl.i, -li
entist 'saɪən.tɪst ⓤⓢ -ṭɪst -s -s
entologist (S) ˌsaɪən'tɒl.ə.dʒɪst ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.lə- -s -s
entology® ˌsaɪən'tɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.lə-
fi 'saɪˌfaɪ
icet 'saɪ.lɪ.set, 'sɪl.ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'sɪl.ɪ-
llonian sɪ'ləʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -'loʊ- -s -z
ll|y 'sɪl|.i -ies -ɪz 'Scilly ˌIsles
mitar 'sɪm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə-, -tɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -ə.ṭɚ, -tɑːr -s -z
ntilla sɪn'tɪl.ə
ntill|ate 'sɪn.tɪ.l|eɪt, -təl|.eɪt ⓤⓢ -ṭəl|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ṭɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.ṭɪd
ntillation ˌsɪn.tɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -təl'eɪ- ⓤⓢ -ṭəl'eɪ- -s -z
ol|ism 'saɪ.əʊ.l|ɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ '-ə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
on saɪən -s -z
pio 'skɪp.i.əʊ, 'sɪp- ⓤⓢ 'sɪp.i.oʊ
re facias ˌsaɪə.ri'feɪ.ʃi.æs, -əs ⓤⓢ ˌsaɪ.ri'feɪ.ʃi.æs
rocco ʃɪ'rɒk.əʊ, sɪ-, sə- ⓤⓢ ʃɪ'rɑː.koʊ, sə- -s -z
ssion 'sɪʒ.ən, 'sɪʃ- -s -z
ss|or 'sɪz|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ors -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -oring -ər.ɪŋ -ored -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
ssors 'sɪz.əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
ssors-and-paste ˌsɪz.əz.ənd'peɪst ⓤⓢ -ɚz-
er|a 'sklɪə.r|ə ⓤⓢ 'sklɪr|.ə -as -əz -ae -iː
eros|is sklə'rəʊ.s|ɪs, sklɪ-, skler'əʊ-, sklɪə'rəʊ- ⓤⓢ sklɪ'roʊ- -es -iːz
erotic sklə'rɒt.ɪk, sklɪ-, skler'ɒt-, sklɪə'rɒt- ⓤⓢ sklɪ'rɑː.ṭɪk
ff skɒf ⓤⓢ skɑːf -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
fflaw 'skɒf.lɔː ⓤⓢ 'skɑːf.lɑː, -lɔː -s -z
field 'skəʊ.fiːld ⓤⓢ 'skoʊ-
ggin 'skɒg.ɪn ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.gɪn -s -z
ld skəʊld ⓤⓢ skoʊld -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -ɪd
liosis ˌskɒl.i'əʊ.sɪs ⓤⓢ ˌskoʊ.li'oʊ-, ˌskɑː-
llop 'skɒl.əp ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.ləp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

sconc|e skɒnts ⓤⓢ skɑːnts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
scone skɒn, skəʊn ⓤⓢ skoʊn, skɑːn -s -z
Scone skuːn ˌStone of 'Scone
scoop skuːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
scoot skuːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'skuː.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'skuː.ṭɪd
scooter 'skuː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ -s -z
scope skəʊp ⓤⓢ skoʊp -s -s
-scope skəʊp ⓤⓢ skoʊp
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **microscope** /'maɪ.krə.skəʊp ⓤⓢ -skoʊp/.
-scopic 'skɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.pɪk
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-scopic** normally carry primary stress on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **microscopic** /ˌmaɪ.krə'skɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'skɑː.pɪk/.
scopolamine skə'pɒl.ə.miːn, -mɪn; ˌskəʊ.pə'læm.ɪn ⓤⓢ skə'pɑː.lə.miːn, skoʊ-, -mɪn
-scopy skə.pi
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-scopy** normally carry primary stress on the antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **microscopy** /maɪ'krɒs.kə.pi ⓤⓢ -'krɑː.skə-/.
scorbutic skɔː'bjuː.tɪk ⓤⓢ skɔːr'bjuː.ṭɪk
scorch skɔːtʃ ⓤⓢ skɔːrtʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌscorched 'earth
scor|e skɔːʳ ⓤⓢ skɔːr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -less -ləs, -lɪs
scoreboard 'skɔː.bɔːd ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr.bɔːrd -s -z
scorecard 'skɔː.kɑːd ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr.kɑːrd -s -z
scorekeeper 'skɔːˌkiː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ 'skɔːrˌkiː.pɚ -s -z
score-line 'skɔː.laɪn ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr- -s -z
scoresheet 'skɔː.ʃiːt ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr- -s -s
scoria 'skɔː.ri.ə, 'skɒr.i- ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr.i-
scoriaceous ˌskɔː.ri'eɪ.ʃəs, ˌskɒr.i'- ⓤⓢ ˌskɔːr.i'-
scorn skɔːn ⓤⓢ skɔːrn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
scornful 'skɔːn.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ 'skɔːrn- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Scorpi|o 'skɔː.pi|.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr.pi|.oʊ -os -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz -an/s -ən/z
scorpion 'skɔː.pi.ən ⓤⓢ 'skɔːr- -s -z
Scorsese skɔː'seɪ.zi, -zeɪ ⓤⓢ skɔːr'seɪ.zi
scot (S) skɒt ⓤⓢ skɑːt -s -s
scotch (S) skɒtʃ ⓤⓢ skɑːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˌScotch 'broth; ˌScotch 'egg; ˌScotch 'mist; ˌScotch 'pine; ˌScotch 'tape®
Scotch|man 'skɒtʃ|.mən ⓤⓢ 'skɑːtʃ- -men -mən
Scotch|woman 'skɒtʃ|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ 'skɑːtʃ- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
scoter 'skəʊ.təʳ ⓤⓢ 'skoʊ.ṭɚ -s -z
scot-free ˌskɒt'friː ⓤⓢ ˌskɑːt-
scotia (S) 'skəʊ.ʃə ⓤⓢ 'skoʊ-
Scotland 'skɒt.lənd ⓤⓢ 'skɑːt- ˌScotland 'Yard
Scots skɒts ⓤⓢ skɑːts ˌScots 'pine
Scots|man 'skɒts|.mən ⓤⓢ 'skɑːts- -men -mən
Scots|woman 'skɒts|ˌwʊm.ən ⓤⓢ 'skɑːts- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Scott skɒt ⓤⓢ skɑːt
Scotticism 'skɒt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.ṭɪ- -s -z
Scotticiz|e, -is|e 'skɒt.ɪ.saɪz ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.ṭɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
scottie (S) 'skɒt.i ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.ti
Scottish 'skɒt.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ 'skɑː.ṭɪʃ -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌScottish 'terrier
scoundrel 'skaʊn.drəl -s -z -ly -i
scour skaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ skaʊɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'scouring ˌpad
scourg|e skɜːdʒ ⓤⓢ skɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Scous|e skaʊs -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
scout skaʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'skaʊ.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'skaʊ.ṭɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'skaʊ.ṭɚ/z ˌscout's 'hono(u)r
scoutmaster 'skaʊtˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
scow skaʊ -s -z
scowl skaʊl -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d
scrabbl|e (S®) 'skræb.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skræb.lɪŋ -ed -d
scrag skræg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
scrag-end ˌskræg'end -s -z
scraggly 'skræg.əl.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scragg|y 'skræg|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scram skræm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d
scrambl|e 'skræm.bəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skræm.blɪŋ -ed -d ˌscrambled 'eggs
scrambler 'skræm.bləʳ ⓤⓢ -blɚ -s -z
scramjet 'skræm.dʒet -s -s
scran skræn -s -z
Scranton 'skræn.tən
scrap skræp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'scrap ˌheap; 'scrap ˌmerchant; ˌscrap 'metal ⓤⓢ 'scrap ˌmetal
scrapbook 'skræp.bʊk -s -s
scrap|e skreɪp -es -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
scraperboard 'skreɪ.pə.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -pɚ.bɔːrd -s -z
scrapie 'skreɪ.pi ⓤⓢ 'skreɪ-, 'skræp.i
scrapple 'skræp.əl
scrapp|y 'skræp|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scrapyard 'skræp.jɑːd ⓤⓢ -jɑːrd -s -z
scratch skrætʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z 'scratch ˌpad; 'scratch ˌpaper
scratchcard 'skrætʃ.kɑːd ⓤⓢ -kɑːrd -s -z
scratchpad 'skrætʃ.pæd -s -z
scratch|y 'skrætʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
scrawl skrɔːl ⓤⓢ skrɑːl, skrɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
scrawl|y 'skrɔː.l|i ⓤⓢ 'skrɑː-, 'skrɔː-

-ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -ɪ.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

scrawn|y 'skrɔː.n|i US 'skrɑː-, 'skrɔː- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

scray skreɪ -s -z

scream skriːm -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

scree skriː -s -z

screech skriːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'screech ˌowl

screed skriːd -s -z

screen skriːn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ -ed -d 'screen ˌprinting; 'screen ˌtest

screenplay 'skriːn.pleɪ, 'skriːm- US 'skriːn- -s -z

screensaver 'skriːnˌseɪ.vəʳ US -vɚ -s -z

screenwriter 'skriːnˌraɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z

screw skruː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌscrew 'cap US 'screw ˌcap; ˌscrew 'top US 'screw ˌtop; ˌscrewed 'up

screwball 'skruː.bɔːl US -bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z

screwdriver 'skruːˌdraɪ.vəʳ US -vɚ -s -z

screw-top 'skruː.tɒp US -tɑːp -s -s

screw|y 'skruː|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Scriabin 'skrɪə.bɪn, skri'æb.ɪn US skri'ɑː.bɪn

scribal 'skraɪ.bəl

scribbl|e 'skrɪb.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skrɪb.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'skrɪb.ləʳ/z US '-əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z

scribe skraɪb -s -z

Scriblerus skrɪ'blɪə.rəs US -'bler.əs, -'blɪr-

Scribner 'skrɪb.nəʳ US -nɚ

scrim skrɪm

scrimmag|e 'skrɪm.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

scrimp skrɪmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

scrimshaw 'skrɪm.ʃɔː US -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

scrip skrɪp -s -s

script skrɪpt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

scriptori|um skrɪp'tɔː.ri|.əm US -'tɔːr.i- -ums -əmz -a -ə

scriptural 'skrɪp.tʃər.əl, -tʃʊ.rəl US -tʃɚ.əl -ly -i

scripture (S) 'skrɪp.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ -s -z

scriptwriter 'skrɪptˌraɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z

Scriven 'skrɪv.ən

scrivener (S) 'skrɪv.ən.əʳ, '-nəʳ US '-ən.ɚ, '-nɚ -s -z

scrofula 'skrɒf.jʊ.lə US 'skrɑː.fjə-

scrofulous 'skrɒf.jʊ.ləs US 'skrɑː.fjə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

scroll skrəʊl US skroʊl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

scrooge (S) skruːdʒ -s -ɪz

Scroope skruːp

Scrope skruːp, skrəʊp US skruːp, skroʊp

scrot|um 'skrəʊ.t|əm US 'skroʊ.t̬|əm -ums -əmz -a -ə -al -əl

scroung|e skraʊndʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

scrub skrʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d 'scrubbing ˌbrush; 'scrub ˌbrush

scrubber 'skrʌb.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z

scrubb|y 'skrʌb|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

scrubland 'skrʌb.lənd, -lænd US -lænd -s -z

scruff skrʌf -s -s

scruff|y 'skrʌf|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i

scrum skrʌm -s -z

scrum-|half ˌskrʌm|'hɑːf US -'hæf -halfs -'hɑːfs US -'hæfs -halves -'hɑːvz US -'hævz

scrummag|e 'skrʌm.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

scrummy 'skrʌm.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

scrump skrʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

scrumptious 'skrʌmp.ʃəs, -tʃəs

scrumpy 'skrʌm.pi

scrunch skrʌntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -y -i

scrupl|e 'skruː.pəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skruː.plɪŋ -ed -d

scrupulosity ˌskruː.pjə'lɒs.ə.ti, -pjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti US -'lɑː.sə.t̬i

scrupulous 'skruː.pjə.ləs, -pjʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

scrutator skruː'teɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z

scrutineer ˌskruː.tɪ'nɪəʳ, -tən'ɪəʳ US -tən'ɪr -s -z

scrutiniz|e, -is|e 'skruː.tɪ.naɪz, -tən.aɪz US -tən.aɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

scrutin|y 'skruː.tɪ.n|i, -tən|.i US -tən|.i -ies -iz

Scruton 'skruː.tən

scr|y skr|aɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd

Scrymgeour 'skrɪm.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ

scuba 'skuː.bə, 'skjuː- US 'skuː- 'scuba ˌdiving

scud (S) skʌd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd

Scudamore 'skjuː.də.mɔːʳ US 'skuː.də.mɔːr

scuff skʌf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

scuffl|e 'skʌf.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skʌf.lɪŋ -ed -d

scull skʌl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

sculler|y 'skʌl.ər|.i -ies -iz 'scullery ˌmaid

scullion (S) 'skʌl.i.ən US '-jən -s -z

Scully 'skʌl.i

sculpsit 'skʌlp.sɪt

sculpt skʌlpt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

sculptor 'skʌlp.təʳ US -tɚ -s -z

sculpt|ure 'skʌlp.tʃ|əʳ US -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz US -ɚz -uring -ər.ɪŋ -ured -əd US -ɚd -ural -ər.əl

scum skʌm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d -my -i

scumbag 'skʌm.bæg -s -z

Scunthorpe 'skʌn.θɔːp US -θɔːrp

scupper 'skʌp.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

scurf skɜːf US skɝːf -y -i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

scurrility skʌr'ɪl.ə.ti, skə'rɪl-, -ɪ.ti US skə'rɪl.ə.t̬i

scurrilous 'skʌr.ə.ləs, '-ɪ- US 'skɝː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

scurr|y 'skʌr|.i US 'skɝː- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id

scurv|y 'skɜː.v|i US 'skɝː- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Scutari 'skuː.tər.i; skuː'tɑː.ri, skʊ- US 'skuː.t̬ɚ.i, -tɑː-

scutcheon 'skʌtʃ.ən -s -z

scutt|er 'skʌt|.əʳ US 'skʌt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

scuttl|e 'skʌt.əl US 'skʌt̬- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'skʌt.lɪŋ -ed -d

scuttlebutt 'skʌt.əl.bʌt -s -s

scut|um 'skjuː.t|əm US -t̬|əm -ums -əmz -a -ə

scuzz|y 'skʌz|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Scylla 'sɪl.ə

scyth|e saɪð -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Scythi|a 'sɪð.i|.ə, 'sɪθ- US 'sɪθ-, 'sɪð- -an/s -ən/z

S.D. (*abbrev. for* **South Dakota**) ˌsaʊθ.də'kəʊ.tə US -'koʊ.t̬ə

S.D.I. ˌes.diː'aɪ

SDP ˌes.diː'piː

SE (*abbrev. for* **southeast**) ˌes'iː, ˌsaʊθ'iːst

sea siː -s -z ˌsea 'breeze US 'sea ˌbreeze; 'sea ˌcaptain; 'sea ˌchange; 'sea ˌcow; 'sea ˌelephant; 'sea ˌfog; ˌsea 'green; 'sea ˌhorse; 'sea ˌlegs; 'sea ˌlevel; 'sea ˌlion; 'sea ˌpower; 'sea ˌserpent; 'sea ˌslug; 'sea ˌsnail; 'sea ˌurchin; between the ˌdevil and the ˌdeep ˌblue 'sea

seabed 'siː.bed, -'-

seabird 'siː.bɜːd US -bɝːd -s -z

seaboard 'siː.bɔːd US -bɔːrd

seaborne 'siː.bɔːn US -bɔːrn

Seabright 'siː.braɪt

seadog 'siː.dɒg US -dɑːg, -dɔːg -s -z

seafar|er 'siːˌfeə.r|əʳ US -ˌfer|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ

seafood 'siː.fuːd

Seaford 'siː.fəd, -fɔːd US -fɚd, -fɔːrd

Seaforth 'siː.fɔːθ US -fɔːrθ -s -s

seafront 'siː.frʌnt -s -s

Seager 'siː.gəʳ US -gɚ

seagoing 'siːˌgəʊ.ɪŋ US -ˌgoʊ-

Seagram® 'siː.grəm

seagull 'siː.gʌl -s -z

Seaham 'siː.əm

Seahawks 'siː.hɔːks US -hɑːks, -hɔːks

seakale 'siː.keɪl, ˌ-'- US 'siː.keɪl

seal siːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'sealing ˌwax

alant 'siː.lənt -s -s
aler 'siː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
alskin 'siːl.skɪn -s -z
alyham 'siː.li.əm -s -z
am siːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -less/ly ləs/li, -lɪs/li
a|man (S) 'siː|.mən -men -mən, men -manship -mən.ʃɪp -manlike mən.laɪk
amas 'ʃeɪ.məs
amer 'siː.məʳ (US) -mɚ -s -z
amstress 'semp.strɪs, 'siːmp-, strəs (US) 'siːmp- -es -ɪz
amus 'ʃeɪ.məs
amy 'siː.mi -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
an ʃɔːn (US) ʃɑːn, ʃɔːn
anc|e, séance 'seɪ.ɑ̃ːnts (US) 'seɪ.ɑːnts -es -ɪz
a-pink 'siː.pɪŋk
aplane 'siː.pleɪn -s -z
aport 'siː.pɔːt (US) -pɔːrt -s -s
ar sɪəʳ (US) sɪr -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ -ed -d
arch sɜːtʃ (US) sɝːtʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able ə.bəl 'search ˌparty; 'search warrant
archlight 'sɜːtʃ.laɪt (US) 'sɝːtʃ- -s -s
arle sɜːl (US) sɝːl
ars sɪəz (US) sɪrz
ascale 'siː.skeɪl
ascape 'siː.skeɪp -s -s
ashell 'siː.ʃel -s -z
ashore 'siː.ʃɔːʳ, ˌ-'- (US) 'siː.ʃɔːr -s -z
asick 'siː.sɪk -ness -nəs, -nɪs
aside 'siː.saɪd
ason 'siː.zən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d Season's 'Greetings; 'season ticket (US) ˌseason 'ticket
asonab|le 'siː.zən.ə.b|əl, 'siːz.nə- ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
asonal 'siː.zən.əl -ly -i
asonality ˌsiː.zən'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
asoning 'siː.zən.ɪŋ -s -z
at siːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'siː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'siː.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'seat belt
ATO 'siː.təʊ (US) -t̬oʊ
aton 'siː.tən
aton Delavel ˌsiː.tən'del.ə.vəl
attle si'æt.əl (US) -'æt̬-
awall ˌsiː'wɔːl, '-- (US) 'siː.wɔːl, wɑːl -s -z
award 'siː.wəd (US) -wɚd
awater 'siːˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, ˌwɔː-
away 'siː.weɪ -s -z
aweed 'siː.wiːd
aworth|y 'siːˌwɜː.ð|i (US) -ˌwɝː- iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
baceous sɪ'beɪ.ʃəs, seb'eɪ- (US) sə'beɪ- se'baceous ˌgland
bastian sɪ'bæs.ti.ən, sə'bæs-, eb'æs- (US) sə'bæs.tʃən
bastopol sɪ'bæs.tə.pɒl, sə-, eb'æs-, -pəl (US) sɪ'bæs.tə.poʊl
borrhea ˌseb.ə'riː.ə, -'rɪə (US) -'riː.ə

sebum 'siː.bəm
sec sek -s -s
secant 'siː.kənt, 'sek.ənt (US) 'siː.kənt, -kænt -s -s
secateurs ˌsek.ə'tɜːz; '---, -təz (US) 'sek.ə.tɚz
seced|e sɪ'siːd, siː-, sə- (US) sɪ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
secession sɪ'seʃ.ən, sə- -s -z -ist/s -ɪst/s
seclud|e sɪ'kluːd, sə- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
seclusion sɪ'kluː.ʒən, sə-
Secombe 'siː.kəm
second (*n, adj, v.*) *most senses:* 'sek.ənd -s -z -ly -li -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌsecond 'best; ˌSecond 'Coming; ˌsecond 'cousin; ˌsecond 'fiddle; ˌsecond 'nature; ˌsecond 'person *stress shift:* ˌsecond person 'singular ˌsecond 'reading; ˌsecond 'sight; ˌsecond 'thoughts; ˌsecond 'wind; ˌSecond ˌWorld 'War
second (*v.*) *to release for temporary service:* sɪ'kɒnd, sə- (US) -'kɑːnd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -ment/s -mənt/s
secondar|y 'sek.ən.dər|.i, -dr|i (US) -der|.i -ies -iz -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li ˌsecondary 'modern; 'secondary ˌschool
second-class ˌsek.ənd'klɑːs (US) -'klæs ˌsecond-class 'citizen
second-generation ˌsek.ənˌdʒen.ər'eɪ.ʃən (US) -ə'reɪ-
second-guess ˌsek.ənd'ges -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
secondhand ˌsek.ənd'hænd *stress shift:* ˌsecondhand 'books
Secondi *town in Ghana:* ˌsek.ən'diː *surname:* sɪ'kɒn.di, sə- (US) -'kɑːn-
secondment sɪ'kɒnd.mənt, sə- (US) -'kɑːnd-
secondo sek'ɒn.dəʊ, sɪ'kɒn- (US) sɪ'kɑːn.doʊ -s -z
second|-rate ˌsek.ənd|'reɪt -rater/s -'reɪ.təʳ/z (US) -'reɪ.t̬ɚ/z
secrecy 'siː.krə.si, -krɪ-
secret 'siː.krət, -krɪt -s -s -ly -li ˌsecret 'agent; ˌsecret po'lice; ˌsecret 'service
secretarial ˌsek.rə'teə.ri.əl, -rɪ'- (US) -rə'ter.i-
secretariat ˌsek.rə'teə.ri.ət, -rɪ'-, -æt (US) -rə'ter.i.ət -s -s
secretar|y 'sek.rə.tər|.i, -rɪ-, -tr|i (US) -rə.ter|.i -ies -iz -yship/s -i.ʃɪp/s ˌSecretary of 'State
secretary-general, (S G) ˌsek.rə.tər.i'dʒen.ər.əl, -rɪ- (US) -rə.ter.i'- -s -z secretaries-general ˌsek.rə.tər.iz'-, -rɪ- (US) -rə.ter.iz'-
se|crete sɪ|'kriːt, siː-, sə- (US) sɪ- -cretes -'kriːts -creting -'kriː.tɪŋ (US) -'kriː.t̬ɪŋ -creted -'kriː.tɪd (US) -'kriː.t̬ɪd
secretion sɪ'kriː.ʃən, siː-, sə- (US) sɪ- -s -z
secretive *inclined to secrecy:* 'siː.krə.tɪv, -krɪ- (US) -krə.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

secretive *of secretion:* sɪ'kriː.tɪv, sə- (US) -t̬ɪv
sect sekt -s -s
sectarian sek'teə.ri.ən (US) -'ter.i- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zəm
sectar|y 'sek.tər|.i -ies -iz
section 'sek.ʃən -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sectional 'sek.ʃən.əl -ly -i
sectional|ism 'sek.ʃən.əl|.ɪ.zəm -ist/s -ɪst/s
sectionaliz|e, -is|e 'sek.ʃən.əl.aɪz (US) -ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sector 'sek.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
secular 'sek.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ -ly -li
secular|ism 'sek.jə.lər|.ɪ.zəm, -jʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
secularity ˌsek.jə'lær.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
secularization, -isa- ˌsek.jə.lər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -jʊ-, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-
seculariz|e, -is|e 'sek.jə.lər.aɪz, -jʊ- (US) -lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
secur|e sɪ'kjʊəʳ, sə-, -'kjɔːʳ (US) -'kjʊr -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -rə.bəl
Securicor® sɪ'kjʊə.rɪ.kɔːʳ, sə-, -'kjɔː-, -rə- (US) -'kjʊr.ə.kɔːr
securit|y sɪ'kjʊə.rə.t|i, sə-, -'kjɔː-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -'kjʊr.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz se'curity ˌguard; Se'curity ˌCouncil; se'curity ˌrisk
sedan (S) sɪ'dæn, sə- seˌdan 'chair (US) se'dan ˌchair
se|date (*v.*) sɪ|'deɪt, sə- -dates -'deɪts -dating -'deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -'deɪ.tɪd (US) -'deɪ.t̬ɪd
sedate (*adj.*) sɪ'deɪt, sə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
sedation sɪ'deɪ.ʃən, sə-
sedative 'sed.ə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv -s -z
Sedbergh *public school:* 'sed.bəʳ, -bɜːg (US) -bɝːg, -bɚ *name of town:* 'sed.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
Sedding 'sed.ɪŋ
Seddon 'sed.ən
sedentar|y 'sed.ən.tər|.i, -tr|i (US) -ter|.i -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sedg|e sedʒ -es -ɪz 'sedge ˌwarbler, ˌsedge 'warbler (US) 'sedge ˌwarbler
Sedgefield 'sedʒ.fiːld
Sedgemoor 'sedʒ.mɔːʳ, -mʊəʳ (US) -mʊr, -mɔːr
Sedgley 'sedʒ.li
Sedgwick 'sedʒ.wɪk
sedilia sed'iː.li.ə, sɪ'diː-, sə-, -'daɪ- (US) sɪ'dɪl.i.ə, '-jə
sediment 'sed.ɪ.mənt, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -s -s -ation ˌ--men'teɪ.ʃən
sedimentary ˌsed.ɪ'men.tər.i, -ə'-, '-tri
sedition sɪ'dɪʃ.ən, sə- -s -z
seditious sɪ'dɪʃ.əs, sə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Sedlescombe 'sed.əlz.kəm
Sedley 'sed.li
seduc|e sɪ'djuːs, sə-, -'dʒuːs (US) -'duːs, -'djuːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

seduction sɪˈdʌk.ʃᵊn, sə- **-s** -z
seductive sɪˈdʌk.tɪv, sə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
seductress sɪˈdʌk.trɪs, -trəs **-es** -ɪz
sedulous ˈsed.jʊ.ləs, -jə-, ˈsedʒ.ʊ-, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˈsedʒ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sedum ˈsiː.dəm **-s** -z
see (S) siː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **saw** sɔː ⓤⓢ sɑː, sɔː **seen** siːn
Seebeck ˈsiː.bek
seed siːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**go to** ˈ**seed**; ˈ**seed po**ˌ**tato**, ˌ**seed po**ˈ**tato**
seedbed ˈsiːd.bed **-s** -z
seedcake ˈsiːd.keɪk **-s** -s
seedcas|e ˈsiːd.keɪs **-es** -ɪz
seedless ˈsiːd.ləs, -lɪs
seedling ˈsiːd.lɪŋ **-s** -z
seeds|man ˈsiːdz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
seedtime ˈsiːd.taɪm **-s** -z
seed|y ˈsiː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Seeger ˈsiː.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ
seek siːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **sought** sɔːt ⓤⓢ sɑːt, sɔːt **seeker/s** ˈsiː.kəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -kɚ/z
Seel(e)y ˈsiː.li
seem siːm **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
seeml|y ˈsiːm.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
seen (*from* **see**) siːn
seep siːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
seepage ˈsiː.pɪdʒ
seer *prophet:* ˈsiː.əʳ, sɪəʳ ⓤⓢ sɪr, ˈsiː.ɚ **-s** -z
seer *Indian weight:* sɪəʳ ⓤⓢ siːr, sɪr **-s** -z
seersucker ˈsɪəˌsʌk.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈsɪrˌsʌk.ɚ
seesaw ˈsiː.sɔː ⓤⓢ -sɑː, -sɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
seeth|e siːð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
see-through ˈsiː.θruː
Sefton ˈsef.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -tən
Sega® ˈseɪ.gə, ˈsiː-
Segal ˈsiː.gəl
segment (*n.*) ˈseg.mənt **-s** -s
segmen|t (*v.*) segˈmen|t, səg-, sɪg- ⓤⓢ ˈseg.men|t, -ˈ- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
segmental segˈmen.tᵊl, səg-, sɪg- ⓤⓢ segˈmen.t̬ᵊl
segmentation ˌseg.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -mənˈ-
segn|o ˈsen.j|əʊ, ˈseɪ.nj|əʊ ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.nj|oʊ **-i** -i
Segovia sɪˈgəʊ.vi.ə, sə-, segˈəʊ- ⓤⓢ sɪˈgoʊ-, sə-
segregate (*n.*) ˈseg.rɪ.gət, -rə-, -geɪt, -gɪt ⓤⓢ -rə.gɪt
segre|gate (*v.*) ˈseg.rɪ|.geɪt, -rə- ⓤⓢ -rə- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -geɪ.t̬ɪd
segregation ˌseg.rɪˈgeɪ.ʃᵊn, -rəˈ- ⓤⓢ -rəˈ-
segu|e ˈseg.weɪ, ˈseɪ.gweɪ, -gwi **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d

seguidilla ˌseg.ɪˈdiː.jə, -li.ə ⓤⓢ -əˈdiː.jə, ˌseɪ.gəˈ-, -ˈdiːl- **-s** -z
seich|e seɪʃ ⓤⓢ seɪʃ, siːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
Seidlitz ˈsed.lɪts
seigneur senˈjɜːʳ, seɪˈnjɜːʳ; ˈseɪ.njəʳ ⓤⓢ seɪˈnjɝː, senˈjɝː **-s** -z **-ial** -i.əl
seignior *lord:* ˈseɪ.njəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ.njɚ; seɪˈnjɔːr **-s** -z
Seignior *surname:* ˈsiː.njəʳ ⓤⓢ -njɚ
seignior|y ˈseɪ.njᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ ˈseɪ- **-ies** -iz
Seiko® ˈseɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
sein|e *net:* seɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Seine *river in France:* seɪn, sen
Seinfeld ˈsaɪn.feld
Seir ˈsiː.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
seis|e siːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
seisin ˈsiː.zɪn **-s** -z
seismic ˈsaɪz.mɪk ⓤⓢ ˈsaɪz-, ˈsaɪs-
seismo- saɪz.məʊ; saɪzˈmɒ ⓤⓢ saɪz.moʊ, saɪs-, -mə; saɪzˈmɑː, saɪs-
Note: Prefix. Normally takes either primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **seismograph** /ˈsaɪz.məʊ.grɑːf ⓤⓢ -mə.græf/, **seismographic** /ˌsaɪz.məʊˈgræf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -məˈ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **seismographer** /saɪzˈmɒg.rə.fəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.grə.fɚ/.
seismograph ˈsaɪz.məʊ.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ -mə.græf, ˈsaɪs-, -moʊ- **-s** -s
seismograph|er saɪzˈmɒg.rə.f|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.grə.f|ɚ, saɪs- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-y** -i
seismographic ˌsaɪz.məʊˈgræf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -məˈ-, saɪs-, -moʊˈ-
seismologic|al ˌsaɪz.məˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ -məˈlɑː.dʒɪ-, saɪs- **-ally** -ᵊl.i ⓤⓢ -li
seismolog|y saɪzˈmɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.lə-, seɪs- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
seismometer saɪzˈmɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, saɪs- **-s** -z
seizable ˈsiː.zə.bᵊl
seiz|e siːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
seizin ˈsiː.zɪn **-s** -z
seizure ˈsiː.ʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʒɚ **-s** -z
sejant ˈsiː.dʒənt
Sejanus sɪˈdʒeɪ.nəs, sə-, sedʒˈeɪ- ⓤⓢ sɪˈdʒeɪ-
Sekhmet ˈsek.met
Sekondi-Takoradi ˌsek.ənˌdiː.tɑː.kəˈrɑː.di
selah ˈsiː.lə, -lɑː ⓤⓢ ˈsiː.lə, ˈsel.ə, -ɑː **-s** -z
Selangor səˈlæŋ.əʳ, sɪ-, -ɔːʳ ⓤⓢ selˈɑː.ŋ.gɔːr
Selassie səˈlæs.i ⓤⓢ -ˈlæs-, -ˈlɑː.si
Selborne ˈsel.bɔːn, -bən ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn, -bɚn
Selby ˈsel.bi
Selden ˈsel.dᵊn
seldom ˈsel.dəm
select sɪˈlekt, sə- ⓤⓢ sə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **se**ˌ**lect com**ˈ**mittee**
selection sɪˈlek.ʃᵊn, sə- ⓤⓢ sə- **-s** -z
selective sɪˈlek.tɪv, sə- ⓤⓢ sə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

selectivity ˌsɪl.ekˈtɪv.ə.ti, ˌsel-, ˌsiː.lekˈ-, -ɪ.ti; səˌlekˈ-, sɪ- ⓤⓢ səˌlekˈtɪv.ə.t̬i, sɪ-; ˌsiː.lekˈ-
selector sɪˈlek.təʳ, sə- ⓤⓢ səˈlek.tɚ **-s** -z
Selena sɪˈliː.nə, sə-
selenite *substance:* ˈsel.ɪ.naɪt, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə-
Selenite *inhabitant of moon:* sɪˈliː.naɪt, sə- ⓤⓢ sɪˈliː-, sə-; ˈsel.ə- **-s** -s
selenium sɪˈliː.ni.əm, sə- ⓤⓢ sə-
Seles ˈsel.ez, -əs
Seleuci|a sɪˈljuː.ʃi|.ə, sə-, -ˈluː-, -si- ⓤⓢ səˈluː.ʃi|-, ˈ-ʃ|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Seleucid sɪˈljuː.sɪd, sə-, -ˈluː- ⓤⓢ səˈluː- **-s** -z
Seleucus sɪˈljuː.kəs, sə-, -ˈluː- ⓤⓢ səˈluː-
self- self
Note: Many compounds beginning with **self-** have the stress pattern ˌ**self**ˈ-; these are likely to undergo stress shift when a stressed syllable follows closely, especially in adjectives or adjectives derived from verbs.
sel|f sel|f **-ves** -vz
self-abuse ˌself.əˈbjuːs
self-addressed ˌself.əˈdrest
self-appointed ˌself.əˈpɔɪn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
self-assembly ˌself.əˈsem.bli
self-assurance ˌself.əˈʃʊə.rᵊnts ⓤⓢ -ˈʃʊr.ᵊnts
self-assured ˌself.əˈʃʊəd ⓤⓢ -ˈʃʊrd
self-catering ˌselfˈkeɪ.tᵊr.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ-
self-centred, self-centered ˌselfˈsen.təd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
self-command ˌself.kəˈmɑːnd ⓤⓢ -ˈmænd
self-confessed ˌself.kənˈfest
self-conscious ˌselfˈkɒn.tʃəs ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːnt.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
self-contained ˌself.kənˈteɪnd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ment** -mənt
self-control ˌself.kənˈtrəʊl ⓤⓢ -ˈtroʊl **-led** -d
self-critic|al ˌselfˈkrɪt.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˈkrɪt̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
self-deception ˌself.dɪˈsep.ʃᵊn
self-defence, self-defense ˌself.dɪˈfents
self-denial ˌself.dɪˈnaɪ.əl
self-denying ˌself.dɪˈnaɪ.ɪŋ
self-destruct ˌself.dɪˈstrʌkt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ive** -ɪv **-ion** -ʃᵊn
self-determination ˌself.dɪˌtɜː.mɪˈneɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ˌtɝː-
self-discipline ˌselfˈdɪs.ɪ.plɪn, ˈ-ə- **-d** -d
self-drive ˌselfˈdraɪv
self-effac|ing ˌself.ɪˈfeɪ.s|ɪŋ **-ingly** -ɪŋ.li **-ement** -mənt
self-employed ˌself.ɪmˈplɔɪd, -emˈ-
self-esteem ˌself.ɪˈstiːm, -əˈ-
self-evident ˌselfˈev.ɪ.dᵊnt

explanatory
f.ɪk'splæn.ə.tᵊr.i, -ek'-, '-ɪ-
-tɔːr-
fulfilling ˌself.fʊl'fɪl.ɪŋ
governing ˌself'gʌv.ᵊn.ɪŋ
-ɚ.nɪŋ
government
lf'gʌv.ᵊn.mənt, -ᵊm-, -və.mənt
-ɚn.mənt
heal ˌself'hiːl
help ˌself'help
image ˌself'ɪm.ɪdʒ -s -ɪz
importan|ce ˌself.ɪm'pɔː.tᵊn|ts
-'pɔːr- -t/ly -t/li
imposed ˌself.ɪm'pəʊzd
-'poʊzd
indulgen|ce ˌself.ɪn'dʌl.dʒᵊn|ts
ly -t/li
inflicted ˌself.ɪn'flɪk.tɪd
interest ˌself'ɪn.trəst, -trəst;
r.əst, -est, -ɪst (US) -'ɪn.trɪst,
əst, -trest; -tɚ.ɪst, -əst, -est
ish 'sel.fɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
less 'sel.fləs, -flɪs -ly -li -ness
s, -nɪs
-made ˌself'meɪd
-pity ˌself'pɪt.i (US) -'pɪt̬-
-portrait ˌself'pɔː.trɪt, -trət,
eɪt (US) -'pɔːr.trɪt, -treɪt -s -s
-possessed ˌself.pə'zest
-possession ˌself.pə'zeʃ.ᵊn
-preservation
lfˌprez.ə'veɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ɚ'-
-proclaimed ˌself.prəʊ'kleɪmd
-proʊ'-, -prə'-
-raising ˌself'reɪ.zɪŋ ˌ**self-raising**
our, selfˌ-raising '**flour**
-relian|ce ˌself.rɪ'laɪ.ən|ts, -rə'-
-t
-respect ˌself.rɪ'spekt, -rə'-
-respecting ˌself.rɪ'spek.tɪŋ,
ə'-
-restraint ˌself.rɪ'streɪnt, -rə'-
ridge 'sel.frɪdʒ -'s -ɪz
ridges 'sel.frɪdʒ.ɪz
-righteous ˌself'raɪ.tʃəs, -tjəs
-tʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
-rising ˌself'raɪ.zɪŋ ˌ**self-rising**
our, selfˌ-rising '**flour**
-rul|e ˌself'ruːl -ing -ɪŋ
-sacrific|e ˌself'sæk.rɪ.faɪs, -rə-
ng/ly -ɪŋ/li
same 'self.seɪm
-satisfaction
elfˌsæt.ɪs'fæk.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌsæt̬-
-satisfied ˌself'sæt.ɪs.faɪd
-'sæt̬-
-service ˌself'sɜː.vɪs (US) -'sɝː-
-starter ˌself'stɑː.tᵊʳ (US) -'stɑːr.t̬ɚ
-z
-styled ˌself'staɪld
-sufficien|cy ˌself.sə'fɪʃ.ᵊn|t.si
-t
-taught ˌself'tɔːt (US) -'tɑːt, -'tɔːt
-will ˌself'wɪl -ed -d
-winding ˌself'waɪn.dɪŋ
hurst 'sel.hɜːst (US) -hɝːst
ina sə'liː.nə

Selkirk 'sel.kɜːk (US) -kɝːk
sell (S) sel -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **sold** səʊld
(US) soʊld **seller/s** 'sel.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Sellafield 'sel.ə.fiːld
Sellar 'sel.əʳ (US) -ɚ
sell-by 'sel.baɪ '**sell-by** ˌ**date**
Sellers 'sel.əz (US) -ɚz
sellotap|e® 'sel.əʊ.teɪp (US) -oʊ- -es -s
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
sellout 'sel.aʊt -s -s
Selma 'sel.mə
Selous sə'luː
Selsey 'sel.si
Selston 'sel.stᵊn
seltzer (S) 'selt.səʳ (US) -sɚ -s -z
selva 'sel.və -s -z
selvag|e, selvedg|e 'sel.vɪdʒ -es -ɪz
selves (*plur. of* **self**) selvz
Selwyn 'sel.wɪn
Selznick 'selz.nɪk
semantic sɪ'mæn.tɪk, sə-, sem'æn-,
siː'mæn- (US) sə'mæn.t̬ɪk, sɪ- -s -s
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li
semanticism sɪ'mæn.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, sə-,
sem'æn-, siː'mæn- (US) sə'mæn.t̬ə-,
sɪ-
semanticist sɪ'mæn.tɪ.sɪst, sə-,
sem'æn-, siː'mæn-, -tə-
(US) sə'mæn.t̬ə-, sɪ- -s -s
semanticiz|e, -is|e sɪ'mæn.tɪ.saɪz,
sə-, sem'æn-, siː'mæn-, -tə-
(US) sə'mæn.t̬ə-, sɪ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
semaphore 'sem.ə.fɔːʳ (US) -fɔːr -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
semaphoric ˌsem.ə'fɒr.ɪk (US) -'fɔːr-
-ally -ᵊl.i, -li
semasiology sɪˌmeɪ.si'ɒl.ə.dʒi, sə-,
semˌeɪ-, -zi'- (US) sɪˌmeɪ.si'ɑː.lə-
sematology ˌsem.ə'tɒl.ə.dʒi,
ˌsiː.mə'- (US) -'tɑː.lə-
semblanc|e 'sem.blənts -es -ɪz
seme siːm -s -z
Semele 'sem.ɪ.li (US) '-ə-
sememe 'siː.miːm (US) 'sem.iːm -s -z
sememic sɪ'miː.mɪk, sə- (US) sə-, sɪ-
-s -s
semen 'siː.mən, -men (US) -mən
semester sɪ'mes.təʳ, sə- (US) sə'mes.tɚ
-s -z
semi- sem.ɪ, -i (US) sem.i, -aɪ, -ɪ, -ə
Note: Many compounds beginning with **semi-** have the stress pattern ˌ**semi**'-; these are likely to undergo stress shift when a stressed syllable follows closely, especially in adjectives and adjectives derived from verbs.
semi *house:* 'sem.i -s -z
semiautomatic ˌsem.i.ɔː.tə'mæt.ɪk
(US) -ɑː.t̬ə'mæt̬.ɪk, ˌ-aɪ-, -ɔː- -s -z
semiautonomous
ˌsem.i.ɔː'tɒn.ə.məs (US) -ɑː'tɑː.nə-,
ˌ-aɪ-, -ɔː'-
semibreve 'sem.ɪ.briːv, -i- (US) 'sem.i-
-s -z
semicircle 'sem.ɪˌsɜː.kᵊl, -iˌ-
(US) -ˌsɝː-, -aɪˌ- -s -z
semicircular ˌsem.ɪ'sɜː.kjə.ləʳ, -i'-,
-kjʊ- (US) -'sɝː.kjə.lɚ, -aɪ'-

semicolon ˌsem.ɪ'kəʊ.lən,
'sem.ɪˌkəʊ-, -lɒn (US) 'sem.ɪˌkoʊ.lən
-s -z
semiconductivity
ˌsem.ɪˌkɒn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.ti, -iˌ-, -ɪ.ti
(US) -ɪˌkɑːn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.t̬i, -aɪˌ-
semiconduc|tor
ˌsem.ɪ.kən'dʌk|.təʳ, -i- (US) -tɚ, -aɪ-
-tors -təz (US) -tɚz -ting -tɪŋ
semiconscious ˌsem.ɪ'kɒn.*t*ʃəs, -i'-
(US) -'kɑːn-, -aɪ'- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
semidesert ˌsem.ɪ'dez.ət, -i'-
(US) -i'dez.ɚt, -aɪ'- -s -s
semidetached ˌsem.ɪ.dɪ'tætʃt, -i-
(US) -ɪ-, -i-, ˌ-aɪ-
semifinal ˌsem.ɪ'faɪ.nᵊl, -i'- (US) -ɪ'-,
-i'-, -aɪ'- -s -z
semifinalist ˌsem.ɪ'faɪ.nᵊl.ɪst, -i'-
(US) -ɪ'-, -i'-, -aɪ'- -s -s
semiformal ˌsem.ɪ'fɔː.mᵊl, -i'-
(US) -i'fɔːr-, -aɪ'-
Sémillon ˌseɪ.miː'jɔ̃ːŋ (US) -'jõʊn,
ˌsem.iː'-
seminal 'sem.ɪ.nᵊl, 'siː.mɪ-, -mə-
(US) 'sem.ə- -ly -i
seminar 'sem.ɪ.nɑːʳ, '-ə- (US) -ə.nɑːr
-s -z
seminarist 'sem.ɪ.nᵊr.ɪst
(US) ˌsem.ɪ'ner- -s -s
seminar|y 'sem.ɪ.nᵊr|.i (US) -ner-
-ies -iz
seminiferous ˌsem.ɪ'nɪf.ᵊr.əs
Seminole 'sem.ɪ.nəʊl (US) -noʊl -s -z
semiolog|y ˌsem.i'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌsiː.mi'-
(US) ˌsiː.mi'ɑː.lə-, ˌsem.i'- -ist/s -ɪst/s
semiotic ˌsem.i'ɒt.ɪk, ˌsiː.mi'-
(US) ˌsiː.mi'ɑː.t̬ɪk, ˌsem.i'- -s -s
Semipalatinsk ˌsem.i.pæl'æt.ɪnsk
(US) -pə'lɑː-
semiprecious ˌsem.ɪ'preʃ.əs, -i'-
(US) -ɪ'-, -i'-, -aɪ'-
semiprofessional
ˌsem.ɪ.prə'feʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, -i- (US) -ɪ.prə'-, -i-,
ˌ-aɪ-, -proʊ'-
semiquaver 'sem.ɪˌkweɪ.vəʳ, -iˌ-
(US) -ɪˌ-, -iˌ-, -vɚ -s -z
Semiramide ˌsem.ɪ'rɑː.mɪ.deɪ,
-'ræm.ɪ-, '-ə-, -di
Semiramis sem'ɪr.ə.mɪs, sɪ'mɪr-
(US) sɪ'mɪr-
semiretired ˌsem.ɪ.rɪ'taɪəd, -i-
(US) -taɪrd, ˌ-aɪ-
semiretirement
ˌsem.ɪ.rɪ'taɪə.mənt, -i- (US) -'taɪr-, ˌ-aɪ-
semiskilled ˌsem.ɪ'skɪld, -i'- (US) -ɪ'-,
-i'-, -aɪ'-
semiskimmed ˌsem.ɪ'skɪmd, -i'-
(US) -ɪ'-, -i'-, -aɪ'-
Semite 'siː.maɪt, 'sem.aɪt (US) 'sem.aɪt
-s -s
Semitic sɪ'mɪt.ɪk, sə-, sem'ɪt-
(US) sə'mɪt̬-
Semitism 'sem.ɪ.tɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
semitone 'sem.ɪ.təʊn, -i- (US) -toʊn,
-aɪ- -s -z
semitrailer 'sem.ɪˌtreɪ.ləʳ, -iˌ- (US) -lɚ,
-aɪˌ- -s -z
semitropical ˌsem.ɪ'trɒp.ɪ.kᵊl, -i'-
(US) -'trɑː.pɪ-, -aɪ'-
semivowel 'sem.ɪˌvaʊəl -s -z

semolina ˌsem.ᵊlˈiː.nə US -əˈliː-
semology semˈɒl.ə.dʒi, siːˈmɒl- US semˈɑː.lə-, siːˈmɑː-
Semon ˈsiː.mən
Sempill ˈsem.pᵊl
sempiternal ˌsem.pɪˈtɜː.nᵊl US -ˈtɝː- **-ly** -i
Semple ˈsem.pᵊl
semplice ˈsem.plɪ.tʃeɪ
sempre ˈsem.preɪ
sempstress ˈsemp.strɪs, -strəs US -strɪs **-es** -ɪz
Semtex® ˈsem.teks
sen sen
senary ˈsiː.nᵊr.i
senate (S) ˈsen.ɪt, -ət US -ɪt **-s** -s
senator (S) ˈsen.ə.təʳ, ˈ-ɪ- US -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
senatorial ˌsen.əˈtɔː.ri.əl US -ˈtɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
send send **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **sent** sent **sender/s** ˈsen.dəʳ/z US -dɚ/z
Sendai ˈsen.daɪ
Sendak ˈsen.dæk
send-off ˈsend.ɒf US -ɑːf **-s** -s
send-up ˈsend.ʌp **-s** -s
sene ˈseɪ.neɪ
Seneca ˈsen.ɪ.kə **-s** -z
Senegal ˌsen.ɪˈgɔːl US ˌsen.ɪˈgɔːl, -ˈgɑːl; ˈsen.ə.gᵊl
Senegalese ˌsen.ɪ.gəˈliːz, -gɔːˈ- US -gəˈ-
Senegambia ˌsen.ɪˈgæm.bi.ə
senescen|ce sɪˈnes.ᵊn|ts, sə-, senˈes- US səˈnes- **-t** -t
seneschal ˈsen.ɪ.ʃᵊl US ˈ-ə- **-s** -z
Senghenydd ˌseŋˈhen.ɪð
Senghor ˈseŋ.gɔːʳ *as if French:* ˈsæ̃ŋ- US sæ̃nˈgɔːr
senhor (S) senˈjɔːʳ US -ˈjɔːr, seɪˈnjɔːr **-s** -z **-es** -z *stress shift:* ˌSenhor Soˈares
senhora (S) senˈjɔː.rə US -ˈjɔːr.ə, seɪˈnjɔːr- **-s** -z
senhorita (S) ˌsen.jɔːˈriː.tə, -jəˈ- US ˌsen.jəˈriː.t̬ə, ˌseɪ.njəˈ-, -njɔːˈ- **-s** -z
senile ˈsiː.naɪl US ˈsiː-, ˈsen.aɪl
senility sɪˈnɪl.ə.ti, sə-, senˈɪl-, -ɪ.ti US səˈnɪl.ə.t̬i
senior (S) ˈsiː.ni.əʳ, -ˈnjəʳ US -njɚ **-s** -z ˌsenior ˈcitizen
seniorit|y ˌsiː.niˈɒr.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US siːˈnjɔːr.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
seniti ˈsen.ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
Senlac ˈsen.læk
senna (S) ˈsen.ə
Sennacherib senˈæk.ə.rɪb, sɪˈnæk-, sə- US səˈnæk.ɚ.ɪb
sennet ˈsen.ɪt, -ət US -ɪt
sennight ˈsen.aɪt US -aɪt, -ɪt **-s** -s
señor, senor (S) senˈjɔːʳ US -ˈjɔːr, seɪˈnjɔːr **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌSeñor ˈLopez
señora, senora (S) senˈjɔː.rə US -ˈjɔːr.ə, seɪˈnjɔːr- **-s** -z
señorita, senorita (S) ˌsen.jɔːˈriː.tə, -jəˈ- US ˌsen.jəˈriː.t̬ə, ˌseɪ.njəˈ-, -njɔːˈ- *stress shift:* ˌSeñorita ˈLopez

sensate ˈsen.seɪt US -seɪt, -sɪt **-ly** -li
sensation senˈseɪ.ʃᵊn, sᵊn- US sen- **-s** -z
sensational senˈseɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, sᵊn-, -ˈseɪʃ.nᵊl US sen- **-ly** -i
sensational|ism senˈseɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, sᵊn-, -ˈseɪʃ.nᵊl- US sen- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sensationaliz|e, -is|e ˌsenˈseɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sens|e sen*t*s **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌsense of ˈhumo(u)r
senseless ˈsen*t*.sləs, -slɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sensibilit|y ˌsen*t*.sɪˈbɪl.ə.t|i, -səˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -səˈbɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
sensib|le ˈsen*t*.sɪ.b|ᵊl, -sə- US -sə- **-ly** -li
sensitive ˈsen*t*.sɪ.tɪv, -sə- US -sə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sensitivit|y ˌsen*t*.sɪˈtɪv.ə.t|i, -səˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -səˈtɪv.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
sensitization, -isa- ˌsen*t*.sɪ.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə-, -tɪˈ- US -sə.tɪˈ-
sensitiz|e, -is|e ˈsen*t*.sɪ.taɪz, -sə- US -sə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Sensodyne® ˈsen*t*.sə*ʊ*.daɪn US -soʊ-, -sə-
sensor ˈsen*t*.səʳ US -sɚ **-s** -z
sensorial sen*t*ˈsɔː.ri.əl US -ˈsɔːr.i- **-ly** -i
sensor|y ˈsen*t*.sᵊr|.i **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
sensual ˈsen*t*.sjʊəl, -sju.əl, -ʃʊəl, -ʃu.əl US -ʃu.əl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sensual|ism ˈsen*t*.sjʊə.l|ɪ.zᵊm, -sju.ᵊl|.ɪ-, -ʃʊə.l|ɪ-, -ʃu.ᵊl|.ɪ- US -ʃu.ə.l|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sensuality ˌsen*t*.sjuˈæl.ə.ti, -ʃuˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ʃuˈæl.ə.t̬i
sensuous ˈsen*t*.sjʊəs, -sju.əs, -ʃʊəs, -ʃu.əs US -ʃu.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Sensurround® ˈsen*t*.sə.raʊnd
sent (*from* **send**) sent
sentenc|e ˈsen.tənts US -t̬ənts, -tᵊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sentential senˈten.*t*ʃᵊl, sən- US senˈten*t*.ʃᵊl **-ly** -li
sententious senˈten.*t*ʃəs, sən- US senˈten*t*.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sentience ˈsen.*t*ʃᵊn*t*s, -*t*ʃi.ən*t*s US ˈsen*t*.ʃᵊn*t*s, -ʃi.ən*t*s
sentient ˈsen.*t*ʃᵊnt, -*t*ʃi.ənt US ˈsen*t*.ʃᵊnt, -ʃi.ənt **-ly** -li
sentiment ˈsen.tɪ.mənt, -tə- US -t̬ə- **-s** -s
sentimental ˌsen.tɪˈmen.tᵊl, -təˈ- US -t̬əˈmen.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sentimentality ˌsen.tɪ.menˈtæl.ə.ti, -tə-, -mən-, -ɪ.ti US -t̬ə.menˈtæl.ə.t̬i
sentimentalization, -isa- ˌsen.tɪ.men.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ˌmen-, -tə-, -ɪˈ- US -t̬əˌmen.t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ-
sentimentaliz|e, -is|e ˌsen.tɪˈmen.tᵊl.aɪz, -təˈ- US -t̬əˈmen.t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

sentinel ˈsen.tɪ.nᵊl, -tə- US -t̬ɪ-, -tᵊn.ᵊl **-s** -z
sentr|y ˈsen.tr|i **-ies** -iz ˈsentry ˌbox
sentry-go ˈsen.tri.gəʊ US -goʊ
senza ˈsent.sə
Seoul səʊl US soʊl
sepal ˈsep.əl, ˈsiː.pəl US ˈsiː.pᵊl **-s** -z
separability ˌsep.ᵊr.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
separab|le ˈsep.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs
separate (*adj.*) ˈsep.ᵊr.ət, -ɪt, ˈ-rət, -rɪt US -ɚ.ɪt, ˈ-rɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
separ|ate (*v.*) ˈsep.ᵊr|.eɪt US -ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z US -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
separates ˈsep.ᵊr.əts, -ɪts, ˈ-rəts, ˈ-rɪts US -ɚ.ɪts, ˈ-rɪts
separation ˌsep.ᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn US -əˈreɪ- **-s** -z
separat|ism ˈsep.ᵊr.ə.t|ɪ.zᵊm, ˈ-rə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Sephardi səˈfɑː.di, sefˈɑː- US səˈfɑːr.di; -ˌfɑːrˈdiː **Sephardim** səˈfɑː.dɪm, sefˈɑː- US səˈfɑːr.dɪm; -ˌfɑːrˈdiːm
Sephardic səˈfɑː.dɪk, sefˈɑː- US səˈfɑːr-
sepia ˈsiː.pi.ə
sepoy ˈsiː.pɔɪ **-s** -z
seppuku sepˈuː.kuː
seps|is ˈsep.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
Sept. (*abbrev. for* **September**) sepˈtem.bəʳ, səp-, sɪp- US sepˈtem.bɚ
September sepˈtem.bəʳ, səp-, sɪp- US sepˈtem.bɚ **-s** -z
Septembrist sepˈtem.brɪst, səp-, sɪp- US sep- **-s** -s
septennial sepˈten.i.əl
septet, septette sepˈtet **-s** -s
septic ˈsep.tɪk ˌseptic ˈtank, ˈseptic ˌtank US ˈseptic ˌtank
septic(a)emia ˌsep.tɪˈsiː.mi.ə US -təˈ-
septillion sepˈtɪl.jən **-s** -z
Septimus ˈsep.tɪ.məs
septuagenarian ˌsep.tjʊə.dʒɪˈneə.ri.ən, -tʃʊə-, -dʒəˈ- US -tu.ə.dʒəˈner.i-, -tju- **-s** -z
Septuagesima ˌsep.tjʊəˈdʒes.ɪ.mə, -tʃʊəˈ-, ˈ-ə- US -tu.əˈdʒes.ɪ-, -tju-, -ˈdʒeɪ.zɪ-
Septuagint ˈsep.tjʊə.dʒɪnt, -tʃʊə- US -tu.ə-, -tju-
sept|um ˈsep.t|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
septuple ˈsep.tjʊ.pᵊl, -tjuː- US sepˈtʌp.əl; ˈtuː.pəl
septuplet sepˈtjuː.plət, -plɪt, ˈsep.tjʊ.plət, -plɪt US -ˈtuː- **-s** -s
sepulcher ˈsep.ᵊl.kə US -kɚ **-s** -z
sepulchral sɪˈpʌl.krᵊl, sə-, sepˈʌl- US səˈpʌl- **-ly** -i
sepulchre ˈsep.ᵊl.kəʳ US -kɚ **-s** -z
sepulture ˈsep.ᵊl.tʃəʳ, -ˌtjʊəʳ US -tʃɚ
sequel ˈsiː.kwᵊl **-s** -z
sequel|a sɪˈkwiː.l|ə, sə- US sɪˈkwiː-, -ˈkwel|.ə **-ae** -iː

uenc|e 'siː.kwənts US -kwənts, wents -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

uential sɪ'kwen.tʃəl -'kwent.ʃəl -ly -i

uest|er sɪ'kwes.t|əʳ, sə- sɪ'kwes.t|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz ring -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

ues|trate sɪ'kwes|.treɪt, sə-; .kwə.s|treɪt US sɪ'kwes|.treɪt; .kwə.s|treɪt, 'sek.wə- -trates eɪts -trating -treɪ.tɪŋ US -treɪ.t̬ɪŋ ated -treɪ.tɪd US -treɪ.t̬ɪd

uestration ˌsiː.kwes'treɪ.ʃən, k.wes'-, -wə'streɪ-, -wɪ'- ˌsiː.kwə'streɪ-, ˌsek.wə'-; kwes'treɪ- -s -z

uin 'siː.kwɪn -s -z -(n)ed -d

uoia sɪ'kwɔɪə, sek'wɔɪə sɪ'kwɔɪə -s -z

glio ser'ɑː.li.əʊ, sɪ'rɑː-, sə-, ː.l.jəʊ US sɪ'ræl.joʊ, -'rɑːl- -s -z

i ser'aɪ, sə'raɪ US sɪ'reɪ.i, sə- -s -z

ph (S) 'ser.əf -s -s -im -ɪm

phic ser'æf.ɪk, sɪ'ræf-, sə- sə'ræf- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li

pis 'ser.ə.pɪs, sə'reɪ-

b sɜːb US sɝːb -s -z

bi|a 'sɜː.bi|.ə US 'sɝː- -an/s -ən/z

bo-Croat ˌsɜː.bəʊ'krəʊ.æt ˌsɝː.boʊ'kroʊ- -s -s

bo-Croatian ˌsɜː.bəʊ.krəʊ'eɪ.ʃən ˌsɝː.boʊ.kroʊ'- -s -z

e sɪəʳ US sɪr -s -z

ena sə'riː.nə, sɪ-, -'reɪ- US sə'riː-

enad|e ˌser.ə'neɪd, -ɪ'- US -ə'- -es -z ng -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

enata ˌser.ɪ'nɑː.tə, -ə'- -ə'nɑː.t̬ə -s -z

endipit|y ˌser.ən'dɪp.ə.t|i, -en'-, t|i US -ən'dɪp.ə.t̬|i -ous -əs

en|e sɪ'riːn, sə- US sə- -est -ɪst, t -ely -li

engeti ˌser.ən'get.i, -əŋ'-, -ɪn'-, '- US -ən'get̬-

enity sɪ'ren.ɪ.ti, sə-, -ə.ti sə'ren.ə.t̬i

f sɜːf US sɝːf -s -s -dom -dəm

g|e (S) sɜːdʒ US sɝːdʒ -es -ɪz

geant (S) 'sɑː.dʒənt US 'sɑːr- -s -s rgeant 'major

geant-at-arms, (S A) ɑː.dʒənt.ət'ɑːmz ˌsɑːr.dʒənt̬.ət̬'ɑːrmz rgeants-at-arms ˌsɑː.dʒənts- ˌsɑːr.dʒənts-

gei 'seə.geɪ, 'sɜː-, -'- US 'ser.geɪ, ɝː-

al 'sɪə.ri.əl US 'sɪr.i- -s -z 'serial iller; 'serial ˌnumber

alization, -isa- ə.ri.əl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- US ˌsɪr.i.əl.ɪ'- -z

aliz|e, -is|e 'sɪə.ri.əl.aɪz 'sɪr.i.ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

atim ˌsɪə.ri'eɪ.tɪm, ˌser.i'-, -'ɑː- ˌsɪr.i'eɪ.t̬ɪm

es 'sɪə.riːz, -rɪz US 'sɪr.iːz, 'siː.riːz

f 'ser.ɪf -s -s

Serifos 'ser.ɪ.fɒs US sə'raɪ.fəs; 'ser.ɪ.fɑːs

serin 'ser.ɪn -s -z

seringa sɪ'rɪŋ.gə, sə- US sə- -s -z

Seringapatam səˌrɪŋ.gə.pə'tɑːm, sɪ-, -'tæm

seriocomic ˌsɪə.ri.əʊ'kɒm.ɪk US ˌsɪr.i.oʊ'kɑː.mɪk -ally -əl.i, -li

serious 'sɪə.ri.əs US 'sɪr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

serjeant (S) 'sɑː.dʒənt US 'sɑːr- -s -s ˌserjeant-at-'arms

Serjeantson 'sɑː.dʒənt.sən US 'sɑːr-

sermon 'sɜː.mən US 'sɝː- -s -z

sermonette ˌsɜː.mə'net US ˌsɝː- -s -s

sermoniz|e, -is|e 'sɜː.mə.naɪz US 'sɝː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

serolog|y sɪ'rɒl.ə.dʒ|i, sɪə- US sɪ'rɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s

seronegative ˌsɪə.rəʊ'neg.ə.tɪv US ˌsɪr.oʊ'neg.ə.t̬ɪv

seropositive ˌsɪə.rəʊ'pɒz.ɪ.tɪv, '-ə- US ˌsɪr.oʊ'pɑː.zə.t̬ɪv

Serota sə'rəʊ.tə, sɪ- US -'roʊ.t̬ə

serotonin ˌser.ə'təʊ.nɪn, ˌsɪə.rə'- US ˌser.ə'toʊ-, ˌsɪr-

serous 'sɪə.rəs US 'sɪr.əs

Serpell 'sɜː.pəl US 'sɝː-

Serpens 'sɜː.penz, -pənz US 'sɝː-

serpent 'sɜː.pənt US 'sɝː- -s -s

serpentine (S) 'sɜː.pən.taɪn US 'sɝː-

SERPS, Serps sɜːps US sɝːps

serrate 'ser.ɪt, -eɪt, -ət US -eɪt, -ɪt

serrated sɪ'reɪ.tɪd, sə-, ser'eɪ- US 'ser.eɪ.t̬ɪd

serration sɪ'reɪ.ʃən, sə-, ser'eɪ- US sə'reɪ-, ser'eɪ- -s -z

serried 'ser.id ˌserried 'ranks

ser|um 'sɪə.r|əm US 'sɪr|.əm -ums -əmz -a -ə

servant 'sɜː.vənt US 'sɝː- -s -s

serv|e sɜːv US sɝːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

server|y 'sɜː.vər|.i US 'sɝː- -ies -iz

servic|e (S) 'sɜː.vɪs US 'sɝː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'service ˌcharge; 'service ˌstation

serviceability ˌsɜː.vɪ.sə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌsɝː.vɪ.sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

serviceab|le 'sɜː.vɪ.sə.b|əl US 'sɝː- -ly -li -leness -əl.nəs, -əl.nɪs

service|man 'sɜː.vɪs|.mən, -mæn US 'sɝː- -men -mən

service|woman 'sɜː.vɪs|ˌwʊm.ən US 'sɝː- -women -wɪm.ɪn

serviette ˌsɜː.vi'et, -s US ˌsɝː- -s -s

servile 'sɜː.vaɪl US 'sɝː.vəl, -vaɪl -ly -li

servility sɜː'vɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US sɝː'vɪl.ə.t̬i

serving 'sɜː.vɪŋ US 'sɝː- -s -z

serving-spoon 'sɜː.vɪŋ.spuːn US 'sɝː- -s -z

servitor 'sɜː.vɪ.təʳ US 'sɝː.və.t̬ɚ -s -z

servitude 'sɜː.vɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd US 'sɝː.və.tuːd, -tjuːd

servo 'sɜː.vəʊ US 'sɝː.voʊ -s -z

servomechanism 'sɜː.vəʊˌmek.ə.nɪ.zəm, ˌsɜː.vəʊ'mek- US ˌsɝː.voʊ'mek- -s -z

servomotor 'sɜː.vəʊˌməʊ.təʳ US 'sɝː.voʊˌmoʊ.t̬ɚ -s -z

sesame (S) 'ses.ə.mi -s -z 'sesame ˌseed

Sesotho ses'uː.tuː, sɪ'suː-, sə-, -'səʊ.θəʊ US ses'uː.tuː, sɪ'suː-, sə-, -'soʊ.θoʊ

sesqui- 'ses.kwɪ

sesquicentennial ˌses.kwɪ.sen'ten.i.əl, -sən'- US -sen'-

sesquipedalian ˌses.kwɪ.pɪ'deɪ.li.ən, -pə'-, -ped'eɪ- US -pə'deɪ-, -'deɪl.jən

sessile 'ses.aɪl US -ɪl, -aɪl

session 'seʃ.ən -s -z

sessional 'seʃ.ən.əl -s -z

sesterc|e 'ses.tɜːs, -təs US -tɝːs -es -ɪz

sesterti|um ses'tɜː.ti|.əm, -ʃi- US -'tɝː.ʃi-, '-ʃ|əm -a -ə

sestet ses'tet US ses'tet, '-- -s -s

set set -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'set̬.ɪŋ ˌset 'book; ˌset 'piece US 'set ˌpiece; ˌset 'point US 'set ˌpoint

setaceous sɪ'teɪ.ʃəs, sə- US sɪ- -ly -li

setback 'set.bæk -s -s

Setchell 'setʃ.əl

Setebos 'set.ɪ.bɒs US 'set̬.ə.bɑːs

Seth seθ

set-off 'set.ɒf US -ɑːf -s -s

seton (S) 'siː.tən -s -z

setsquare 'set.skweəʳ US -skwer -s -z

sett set -s -s

settee set'iː -s -z

setter (S) 'set.əʳ US 'set̬.ɚ -s -z

setting 'set.ɪŋ US 'set̬.ɪŋ -s -z

settl|e (S) 'set.əl US 'set̬- -es -z -ing -ɪn, 'set.lɪŋ -ed -d

settlement 'set.əl.mənt US 'set̬- -s -s

settler 'set.əl.əʳ, '-ləʳ US 'set.lɚ, 'set̬.əl.ɚ -s -z

set-to 'set.tuː

Setúbal sə'tuː.bəl, set'uː-

setup 'set.ʌp US 'set̬- -s -s

Seurat 'sɜː.rɑː, -'- US sɜː'rɑː

Seuss sjuːs US suːs

Sevastopol sə'væst.ə.pɒl US -poʊl

Seve 'sev.i

seven 'sev.ən -s -z -fold -fəʊld US -foʊld ˌseven 'seas

sevenish 'sev.ən.ɪʃ

Sevenoaks 'sev.ən.əʊks US -oʊks

seven|pence 'sev.ən|.pənts, -əm- US -ən- -penny -pən.i

Note: See note under **penny**.

seventeen ˌsev.ən'tiːn -s -z -th/s -tθ/s

seventh 'sev.əntθ -s -s -ly -li ˌseventh 'heaven

sevent|y 'sev.ən.t|i US -t̬|i -ies -iz -ieth/s -i.əθ/s, -i.ɪθ/s

seventy-eight, 78 ˌsev.ən.ti'eɪt US -t̬i'- -s -s

sev|er 'sev|.əʳ US -ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

several 'sev.ər.əl, '-rəl -ly -i

severalty 'sev.ər.əl.ti, '-rəl-

severance 'sev.ər.ənts 'severance ˌpay

Pronouncing the letters SH

The consonant digraph **sh** is most commonly pronounced /ʃ/, e.g.:

sheep /ʃiːp/

In addition

When the two letters come together due to the addition of a prefix, the pronunciation is /s.h/, or /s/ alone with a silent **h**, e.g.:

mishap /ˈmɪs.hæp/
dishonest /dɪsˈɒn.ɪst/ ⓤⓢ /-ˈɑː.nɪst/

sever|e sɪˈvɪəʳ, sə- ⓤⓢ səˈvɪr **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
severit|y sɪˈver.ə.t|i, sə-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ səˈver.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Severn ˈsev.ᵊn ⓤⓢ -ɚn
Severus sɪˈvɪə.rəs, sə- ⓤⓢ səˈvɪr.əs
seviche sevˈiːʃ
Sevier ˈsev.i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ; səˈvɪr
Seville səˈvɪl, sɪ-, sevˈɪl; ˈsev.ɪl, -ᵊl ⓤⓢ səˈvɪl *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Seville** ˈ**orange**
Sèvres ˈseɪ.vrə, -vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vrə
sew səʊ ⓤⓢ soʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
sewage ˈsuː.ɪdʒ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː-
Sewanee səˈwɒn.i ⓤⓢ -ˈwɑː.ni, -ˈwɔː-
Seward ˈsiː.wəd ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.ɚd; ˈsiː.wɚd
Sewell ˈsjuː.əl, sjʊəl ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.əl
sewer *one who sews:* ˈsəʊ.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈsoʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
sewer *drain:* sʊəʳ, sjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.ɚ **-s** -z
sewerage ˈsʊə.rɪdʒ, ˈsjʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.ɚ.ɪdʒ
sewing ˈsəʊ.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈsoʊ- ˈ**sewing ma**ˌ**chine**
sewn (*from* **sew**) səʊn ⓤⓢ soʊn
sex seks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**sex ap**ˌ**peal**; ˈ**sex** ˌ**change**; ˈ**sex** ˌ**kitten**; ˈ**sex** ˌ**object**
sexagenarian ˌsek.sə.dʒɪˈneə.ri.ən, -dʒə- ⓤⓢ -dʒɪˈner.i- **-s** -z
Sexagesi|ma ˌsek.səˈdʒes.ɪ|.mə ⓤⓢ -ˈdʒes.ɪ|.mə, -ˈdʒeɪ.zɪ-
sexagesimal ˌsek.səˈdʒes.ɪ.mᵊl, ˈ-ə-
sex|ism ˈsek.s|ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sexless ˈsek.sləs, -slɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sexolog|y sekˈsɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sexploitation ˌsek.splɔɪˈteɪ.ʃᵊn
sexpot ˈseks.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑːt **-s** -s
sext sekst
sextant ˈsek.stənt **-s** -s
sextet, sextette sekˈstet **-s** -s
sextillion sekˈstɪl.jən, -i.ən ⓤⓢ ˈ-jən **-s** -z
sexto ˈsek.stəʊ ⓤⓢ -stoʊ **-s** -z
sexton (S) ˈsek.stᵊn **-s** -z
sextuple ˈsek.stjʊ.pᵊl, -stjə-; sekˈstjuː- ⓤⓢ sekˈstuː-, -ˈstjuː-; ˈsek.stə.pᵊl
sextuplet ˈsek.stjʊ.plet, -stjə-; -plət, -plɪt, sekˈstjuː- ⓤⓢ sekˈstʌp.lɪt, -ˈstuː.plɪt, -ˈstjuː-; ˈsek.stə- **-s** -s
sexual ˈsek.ʃʊəl, -ʃu.əl, -sjʊəl, -sju.əl ⓤⓢ -ʃu.əl **-ly** -i ˌ**sexual** ˈ**intercourse**; ˌ**sexual re**ˈ**lations**; ˌ**sexual repro**ˈ**duction**
sexuality ˌsek.ʃuˈæl.ə.ti, -sjuˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ʃuˈæl.ə.t̬i
sex|y ˈsek.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Sey seɪ
Seychelles seɪˈʃelz, ˈ-- ⓤⓢ seɪˈʃelz, -ˈʃel
Seymour ˈsiː.mɔːʳ, ˈseɪ-, -məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔːr
Note: /ˈseɪ-/ chiefly in families of Scottish origin.
Sfax sfæks ⓤⓢ sfɑːks
sferics ˈsfer.ɪks ⓤⓢ ˈsfɪr-, ˈsfer-
sforzando sfɔːtˈsæn.dəʊ ⓤⓢ sfɔːrtˈsɑːn.doʊ
sgian-dhu ˌskiː.ənˈduː, ˌskɪənˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌskiː.ənˈ- **-s** -z
sgraffit|o sgræfˈiː.t|əʊ ⓤⓢ skræfˈiː.t|oʊ, zgrɑːˈfiː- **-i** -i
Sgt. (*abbrev. for* **Sergeant**) ˈsɑː.dʒᵊnt ⓤⓢ ˈsɑːr-
sh, shh, ssh ʃ
Note: Used to command silence.
Shabbat ʃəˈbæt
shabb|y ˈʃæb|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Shabuoth ˈʃæb.u.ɒt ⓤⓢ ˌʃɑː.vuːˈɑːt; ʃəˈvuː.oʊt, -oʊθ
shack ʃæk **-s** -s
shackl|e (S) ˈʃæk.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈʃæk.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Shackleton ˈʃæk.ᵊl.tən
shad ʃæd **-s** -z
Shadbolt ˈʃæd.bəʊlt ⓤⓢ -boʊlt
shaddock (S) ˈʃæd.ək
shad|e ʃeɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
shadoof ʃædˈuːf, ʃəˈduːf ⓤⓢ ʃɑːˈduːf **-s** -s
shadow ˈʃæd.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
shadowbox ˈʃæd.əʊ.bɒks ⓤⓢ -oʊ.bɑːks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
shadowless ˈʃæd.əʊ.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ -oʊ-
Shadrach, Shadrak ˈʃæd.ræk
Note: Some Jews pronounce /-rɑːx/.
Shadwell ˈʃæd.wel, -wəl
shad|y ˈʃeɪ.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Shaffer ˈʃæf.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈʃeɪ.fɚ, ˈʃæf.ɚ
shaft ʃɑːft ⓤⓢ ʃæft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Shaftesbury ˈʃɑːfts.bᵊr.i ⓤⓢ ˈʃæftsˌber-, ˈʃɑːfts-, -bɚ-
shag ʃæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
shagg|y ˈʃæg|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**shaggy** ˈ**dog** ˌ**story**
shagreen ʃægˈriːn, ʃəˈgriːn ⓤⓢ ʃəˈgriːn
shah (S) ʃɑː **-s** -z
Shairp ʃeəp, ʃɑːp ⓤⓢ ʃerp, ʃɑːrp
shak|e ʃeɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **shook** ʃʊk **shaken** ˈʃeɪ.kᵊn
shakedown ˈʃeɪk.daʊn **-s** -z
shaken (*from* **shake**) ˈʃeɪ.kᵊn
shakeout ˈʃeɪk.aʊt **-s** -s
shaker (S) ˈʃeɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Shakespear(e) ˈʃeɪk.spɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -spɪr
Shakespearean ˌʃeɪkˈspɪə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈspɪr.i- **-s** -z
Shakespeareana ʃeɪkˌspɪə.riˈɑː.nə, ˌʃeɪk- ⓤⓢ ˌʃeɪk.spɪr.i.æn.ə, -ˈɑː.nə
Shakespearian ʃeɪkˈspɪə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈspɪr.i- **-s** -z
Shakespeariana ʃeɪkˌspɪə.riˈɑː.nə, ˌʃeɪk.spɪə- ⓤⓢ ˌʃeɪk.spɪr.iˈæn.ə, -ˈɑː.nə
shake-up ˈʃeɪk.ʌp **-s** -s
shako ˈʃæk.əʊ, ˈʃeɪ.kəʊ, ˈʃɑː- ⓤⓢ ˈʃæk.oʊ, ˈʃeɪ.koʊ, ˈʃɑː- **-(e)s** -z
Shakur ʃəˈkʊəʳ, ʃækˈʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ʃəˈkʊr, ʃækˈʊr
shak|y ˈʃeɪ.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
shale ʃeɪl
shall *strong form:* ʃæl *weak form:* ʃᵊl
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used for strong insistence or prediction (e.g. "You **shall** go to the ball, Cinderella"), and in final position (e.g. "And so you **shall**"). The weak form is used elsewhere (e.g. "What shall we do today?" /ˌwɒt.ʃᵊl.wiˌduː.təˈdeɪ ⓤⓢ ˌwɑːt-/). American English uses 'shall' much less frequently than British English.
shallop ˈʃæl.əp **-s** -s

allot (S) ʃə'lɒt US -'lɑːt; 'ʃæl.ət
s -s
allow (S) 'ʃæl.əʊ US -oʊ -s -z -er -əʳ
US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs,
nɪs
alom ʃæl'ɒm, ʃə'lɒm, -'ləʊm
US ʃɑː'loʊm, ʃə-
alt (*from* shall) *strong form:* ʃælt
weak form: ʃᵊlt
al|y 'ʃeɪ.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
am ʃæm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d
mer/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
aman 'ʃeɪm.ən, 'ʃæ.mən, 'ʃɑː-
US 'ʃɑː.mən, 'ʃeɪ-, 'ʃæm.ən -s -z
ist/s -ɪst/s -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
amateur ˌʃæm.ə'tɜːʳ US -'tɝː -s -z
ism -ɪ.zᵊm
ambl|e 'ʃæm.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
-blɪŋ -ed -d
ambles (*n.*) 'ʃæm.bᵊlz
ambolic ʃæm'bɒl.ɪk US -'bɑː.lɪk
am|e ʃeɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
amefaced ˌʃeɪm'feɪst US '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌshamefaced 'person
amefaced|ness ˌʃeɪm'feɪst|.nəs,
-feɪ.sɪd-, -nɪs US 'ʃeɪm.feɪst-;
ʃeɪm'feɪ.sɪd- -ly -li
ameful 'ʃeɪm.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness
-nəs, -nɪs
ameless 'ʃeɪm.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness
-nəs, -nɪs ˌshameless 'hussy
amir ʃæm'ɪəʳ, ʃə'mɪəʳ US ʃə'mɪr,
ʃæm'ɪr
amm|y 'ʃæm.i -ies -iz
ampoo ʃæm'puː -(e)s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
amrock (S) 'ʃæm.rɒk US -rɑːk
an ʃɑːn US ʃɑːn, ʃæn
ana 'ʃɑː.nə US 'ʃeɪ-, 'ʃɑː-
and|y (S) 'ʃæn.d|i -ies -iz
ane ʃɑːn, ʃɔːn, ʃeɪn US ʃeɪn
anghai (*v.*) ˌʃæŋ'haɪ US 'ʃæŋ.haɪ,
-- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift, British only:* ˌShanghai 'trader
anghai ˌʃæŋ'haɪ US ˌʃæŋ-, ˌʃɑːŋ-, '--
angri-la ˌʃæŋ.gri'lɑː
ank ʃæŋk -s -s ˌshank's 'pony;
shanks's 'pony
ankill 'ʃæŋ.kɪl
anklin 'ʃæŋ.klɪn
anks ʃæŋks
anna 'ʃæn.ə
annon 'ʃæn.ən
an't ʃɑːnt US ʃænt
antung *silk material:* ˌʃæn'tʌŋ
antung ˌʃæn'dʌŋ, -tʌŋ, -dʊŋ, -tʊŋ
US ˌʃæn'-, ˌʃɑːn'-
ant|y 'ʃæn.t|i US -t̬|i -ies -iz
antytown 'ʃæn.ti.taʊn US -t̬i- -s -z
ap|e ʃeɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
APE ʃeɪp
apeless 'ʃeɪp.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness
-nəs, -nɪs
apel|y 'ʃeɪ.pl|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
apiro ʃə'pɪə.rəʊ US -'pɪr.oʊ
aquille ʃə'kiːl, ʃæk'iːl

Sharapova ˌʃær.ə'pəʊ.və US -'poʊ-
shard ʃɑːd US ʃɑːrd -s -z
shar|e ʃeəʳ US ʃer -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sharecropp|er 'ʃeəˌkrɒp|.əʳ
US 'ʃerˌkrɑː.p|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz
-ing -ɪŋ
sharehold|er 'ʃeəˌhəʊl.d|əʳ
US 'ʃerˌhoʊl.d|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz
-ing/s -ɪŋ/z
share-out 'ʃeəʳ.aʊt US 'ʃer- -s -s
shareware 'ʃeə.weəʳ US 'ʃer.wer
sharia(h) ʃə'riː.ə
Sharif ʃə'riːf, ʃɑː-, ʃær'iːf
Sharjah 'ʃɑː.dʒɑː, -ʒɑː, -dʒə
US 'ʃɑːr.dʒɑː
shark ʃɑːk US ʃɑːrk -s -s
sharkskin 'ʃɑːk.skɪn US 'ʃɑːrk-
Sharman 'ʃɑː.mən US 'ʃɑːr-
Sharon *female name & fruit:* 'ʃær.ən,
'ʃɑː.rən, 'ʃeə-, -rɒn US 'ʃer.ən, 'ʃær-
Israeli politician: ʃə'rəʊn, -'rɒn
US -'roʊn
sharp (S) ʃɑːp US ʃɑːrp -s -s -er -əʳ
US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs,
-nɪs ˌsharp 'end, 'sharp ˌend; ˌsharp
'practice
Sharpe ʃɑːp US ʃɑːrp
sharpen 'ʃɑː.pᵊn US 'ʃɑːr- -s -z -ing
-ɪŋ, -ɪŋ -ed -d
sharpener 'ʃɑː.pᵊn.əʳ US 'ʃɑːr.pᵊn.ɚ
-s -z
sharper 'ʃɑː.pəʳ US 'ʃɑːr.pɚ -s -z
Sharpeville 'ʃɑːp.vɪl US 'ʃɑːrp-
sharp-eyed ˌʃɑːp'aɪd US ˌʃɑːrp-
sharpish 'ʃɑː.pɪʃ US 'ʃɑːr-
Sharples 'ʃɑː.pᵊlz US 'ʃɑːr-
sharp-set ˌʃɑːp'set US 'ʃɑːrp.set
stress shift, British only: ˌsharp-set
'features
sharpshooter 'ʃɑːpˌʃuː.təʳ
US 'ʃɑːrpˌʃuː.t̬ɚ -s -z
sharp-sighted ˌʃɑːp'saɪ.tɪd
US 'ʃɑːrpˌsaɪ.t̬ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌsharp-sighted 'person
Sharpton 'ʃɑːp.tən US 'ʃɑːrp-
sharp-witted ˌʃɑːp'wɪt.ɪd US
'ʃɑːrpˌwɪt̬- *stress shift, British only:*
ˌsharp-witted 'person
shashlik ʃɑːʃ'lɪk, ʃæʃ-, '-- US 'ʃɑːʃ-
-s -s
Shasta 'ʃæs.tə
Shastri 'ʃæs.tri US 'ʃɑː.stri
shat (*from* shit) ʃæt
Note: This past tense form is rarely used in American English.
Shatner 'ʃæt.nəʳ US -nɚ
Shatt-al-Arab ˌʃæt.æl'ær.əb
US -əl'er-, -'ær-
shatt|er 'ʃæt|.əʳ US 'ʃæt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz
US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd
shatterproof 'ʃæt.ə.pruːf US 'ʃæt̬.ɚ-
Shaughnessy 'ʃɔː.nə.si US 'ʃɑː-, 'ʃɔː-
Shaula 'ʃəʊ.lə US 'ʃoʊ-, 'ʃɔː-
Shaun ʃɔːn US ʃɑːn, ʃɔːn
Shauna 'ʃɔː.nə US 'ʃɑː-, 'ʃɔː-
shav|e ʃeɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
'shaving ˌbrush; 'shaving ˌcream;
'shaving ˌfoam

shaven 'ʃeɪ.vᵊn
shaver 'ʃeɪ.vəʳ US -vɚ -s -z
Shavian 'ʃeɪ.vi.ən
shaving 'ʃeɪ.vɪŋ -s -z
shaw (S) ʃɔː US ʃɑː, ʃɔː -s -z
shawl ʃɔːl US ʃɑːl, ʃɔːl -s -z
shawm ʃɔːm US ʃɑːm, ʃɔːm -s -z
Shawn ʃɔːn US ʃɑːn, ʃɔːn
Shawna 'ʃɔː.nə US 'ʃɑː-, 'ʃɔː-
Shawnee ʃɔː'niː US ʃɑː-, ʃɔː- -s -z
shay ʃeɪ -s -z
Shayler 'ʃeɪ.lə, -lɚ
she *normal form:* ʃiː *freq. weak form:* ʃi
Note: Weak form word. The strong form, /ʃiː/ is used mainly contrastively (e.g. "I wouldn't go, so she went") or emphatically (e.g. "What does she want?"). The weak form is /ʃi/ (e.g. "off she went", /ˌɒf.ʃi'went US ˌɑːf-/).
shea ʃɪə, 'ʃiː.ə, ʃiː US ʃiː, ʃeɪ -s -z
Shea ʃeɪ
shea|f ʃiː|f -ves -vz
Sheaffer 'ʃeɪ.fəʳ US -fɚ
shear ʃɪəʳ US ʃɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
shorn ʃɔːn US ʃɔːrn
Sheard ʃeəd, ʃɪəd, ʃɜːd US ʃerd,
ʃɪrd, ʃɝːd
shearer (S) 'ʃɪə.rəʳ US 'ʃɪr.ɚ -s -z
Shearman 'ʃɪə.mən, 'ʃɜː.mən
US 'ʃɪr-, 'ʃɝː-
Shearn ʃɪən, ʃɜːn US ʃɪrn, ʃɝːn
shears (S) ʃɪəz US ʃɪrz
Shearson 'ʃɪə.sᵊn US 'ʃɪr-
shearwater 'ʃɪəˌwɔː.təʳ
US 'ʃɪrˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː- -s -z
shea|th ʃiː|θ -ths -ðz, -θs
sheath|e ʃiːð -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sheaves (*plur. of* sheaf) ʃiːvz
Sheba 'ʃiː.bə
shebang ʃɪ'bæŋ, ʃə-
she-bear 'ʃiː.beəʳ US -ber -s -z
shebeen ʃɪ'biːn, ʃə-, ʃeb'iːn US ʃɪ'biːn
-s -z
she-cat 'ʃiː.kæt -s -s
Shechem 'ʃiː.kem, 'ʃek.em *as if Jewish:* ʃə'xem US 'ʃiː.kəm, 'ʃek.əm
shed ʃed -s -z -ding -ɪŋ
she-devil 'ʃiːˌdev.ᵊl -s -z
shedload 'ʃed.ləʊd US -loʊd -s -z
Shee ʃiː
sheen (S) ʃiːn
Sheena 'ʃiː.nə
sheen|y 'ʃiː.n|i -ies -iz
sheep ʃiːp 'sheep's ˌeyes; ˌseparate
the ˌsheep from the 'goats
sheep-dip 'ʃiːp.dɪp
sheepdog 'ʃiːp.dɒg US -dɑːg, -dɔːg
-s -z
sheepfold 'ʃiːp.fəʊld US -foʊld -s -z
sheepish 'ʃiː.pɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
sheepshank 'ʃiːp.ʃæŋk -s -s
Sheepshanks 'ʃiːp.ʃæŋks
sheepshear|ing 'ʃiːpˌʃɪə.r|ɪŋ
US -ˌʃɪr|.ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
sheepskin 'ʃiːp.skɪn -s -z
sheer ʃɪəʳ US ʃɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Sheerness ˌʃɪəˈnes ⓤⓢ ˈʃɪr.nes
sheet ʃiːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈʃiː.t̬ɪŋ ˈ**sheet ˌanchor;** ˌ**sheet** ˈ**lightning** ⓤⓢ ˈ**sheet ˌlightning;** ˌ**sheet** ˈ**metal;** ˈ**sheet ˌmusic;** ˌ**white as a** ˈ**sheet**
Sheffield ˈʃef.iːld *locally:* -ɪld ⓤⓢ -iːld
Shefford ˈʃef.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
she-goat ˈʃiː.ɡəʊt ⓤⓢ -ɡoʊt **-s** -s
sheik(h) ʃeɪk, ʃiːk, ʃek, ʃex ⓤⓢ ʃiːk, ʃeɪk **-s** -s **-dom/s** -dəm/z
sheila (S) ˈʃiː.lə
shekel ˈʃek.ᵊl **-s** -z
Shekinah ʃekˈaɪ.nə, ʃɪˈkaɪ- ⓤⓢ ʃəˈkiː-, -ˈkaɪ-
Shelagh ˈʃiː.lə
Shelby ˈʃel.bi
Sheldon ˈʃel.dᵊn
Sheldonian ʃelˈdəʊ.ni.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈdoʊ-
sheldrake ˈʃel.dreɪk **-s** -s
Sheldrick ˈʃel.drɪk
shelduck ˈʃel.dʌk **-s** -s
shel|f ʃel|f **-ves** -vz
Shelfield ˈʃel.fiːld
shelf-life ˈʃelf.laɪf **-lives** -laɪvz
Shelford ˈʃel.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
shell (S) ʃel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**shell ˌshock;** ˈ**shell ˌsuit**
shellac ʃəˈlæk, ʃelˈæk; ˈʃel.æk ⓤⓢ ʃəˈlæk **-s** -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t
Shelley ˈʃel.i
shellfish ˈʃel.fɪʃ
Shelta ˈʃel.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
shelt|er ˈʃel.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
shelt|ie, shelt|y ˈʃel.t|i ⓤⓢ -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Shelton ˈʃel.tən ⓤⓢ -tᵊn
shelv|e ʃelv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Shem ʃem
shemozzle ʃɪˈmɒz.ᵊl, ʃə- ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑː.zᵊl **-s** -z
Shenandoah ˌʃen.ənˈdəʊə ⓤⓢ -ˈdoʊə
shenanigan ʃɪˈnæn.ɪ.ɡən, ʃə- **-s** -z
Shennan ˈʃen.ən
Shenstone ˈʃen.stən
Shenyang ˌʃenˈjæŋ ⓤⓢ ˌʃʌnˈjɑːŋ
Shepard ˈʃep.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
shepherd (S) ˈʃep.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**shepherd's** ˈ**pie**
shepherdess ˌʃep.əˈdes; ˈ---, -dɪs ⓤⓢ ˈʃep.ɚ.dɪs **-es** -ɪz
Sheppard ˈʃep.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Shepperton ˈʃep.ə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -ɚ.t̬ən
Sheppey ˈʃep.i
Shepreth ˈʃep.rəθ
Shepshed ˈʃep.ʃed
Shepton Mallet ˌʃep.tənˈmæl.ɪt
Sheraton ˈʃer.ə.tᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬ən, -tᵊn
sherbet, sherbert ˈʃɜː.bət ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː-, -bɚt
Note: Both pronunciations are possible for both variants in American English, even though only one is spelt with an **r**.
Sherborne ˈʃɜː.bən, -bɔːn ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː.bɔːrn, -bɚn
Sherbrooke ˈʃɜː.brʊk ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː-
sherd ʃɜːd ⓤⓢ ʃɝːd **-s** -z
Shere ʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ʃɪr
Shergar ˈʃɜː.ɡɑːʳ, ˈʃeə- ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː.ɡɑːr, ˈʃer-
Sheridan ˈʃer.ɪ.dᵊn
sheriff (S) ˈʃer.ɪf **-s** -s
Sheringham ˈʃer.ɪŋ.əm
sherlock (S) ˈʃɜː.lɒk ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː.lɑːk
Sherman ˈʃɜː.mən ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː-
Sherpa ˈʃɜː.pə ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː- **-s** -z
Sherrin ˈʃer.ɪn
sherr|y (S) ˈʃer|.i **-ies** -iz
Sherwood ˈʃɜː.wʊd ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː- ˌ**Sherwood** ˈ**Forest**
she's (*from* **she is** *or* **she has**) *strong form:* ʃiːz *weak form:* ʃɪz
Note: The use of the strong form /ʃiːz/ and the weak form /ʃɪz/ is parallel to the two forms of **she**.
Shetland ˈʃet.lənd **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**Shetland ˌIslands;** ˌ**Shetland** ˈ**pony**
Shevardnadze ˌʃev.ədˈnɑːd.zeɪ, -zə ⓤⓢ -ɚdˈnɑːtd.ziː
Shevington ˈʃev.ɪŋ.tən
shew ʃəʊ ⓤⓢ ʃoʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
shewbread ˈʃəʊ.bred ⓤⓢ ˈʃoʊ-
Shewell ʃʊəl, ˈʃuː.əl ⓤⓢ ˈʃuː.əl
shewn (*from* **shew**) ʃəʊn ⓤⓢ ʃoʊn
she-wol|f ˈʃiː.wʊl|f **-ves** -vz
shh, sh, ssh ʃ
Note: Used to command silence.
Shia(h) ˈʃiː.ə ˌ**Shia** ˈ**Muslim**
shiatsu ʃiˈæt.su ⓤⓢ -ˈɑːt-
shibboleth (S) ˈʃɪb.ᵊl.eθ, -əθ, -ɪθ ⓤⓢ -ə.leθ, -ləθ **-s** -s
shickered ˈʃɪk.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
shield (S) ʃiːld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
shieling ˈʃiː.lɪŋ **-s** -z
Shiels ʃiːlz
Shifnal ˈʃɪf.nᵊl
shift ʃɪft **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˈ**shift ˌstick**
shiftless ˈʃɪft.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
shiftwork ˈʃɪft.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
shift|y ˈʃɪf.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Shiism ˈʃiː.ɪ.zᵊm
Shiite ˈʃiː.aɪt **-s** -s
shikari ʃɪˈkɑː.ri, -ˈkær.i ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑːr.i **-s** -z
Shikoku ʃɪˈkəʊ.kuː ⓤⓢ -ˈkɑː-, ʃiː-, -ˈkɔː-
shiksa ˈʃɪk.sə **-s** -z
shikse ˈʃɪk.sə **-s** -z
Shildon ˈʃɪl.dᵊn
Shillan ʃɪˈlæn
shillela(g)h (S) ʃɪˈleɪ.lə, -li ⓤⓢ -li, -lə **-s** -z
Shilleto, Shillito ˈʃɪl.ɪ.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ
shilling ˈʃɪl.ɪŋ **-s** -z
shilly-shall|y ˈʃɪl.iˌʃæl|.i, ˌʃɪl.iˈʃæl- ⓤⓢ ˈʃɪl.iˌʃæl- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Shiloh ˈʃaɪ.ləʊ ⓤⓢ -loʊ
Shilton ˈʃɪl.tᵊn
shimm|er ˈʃɪm|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
shimm|y ˈʃɪm|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
shin ʃɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
shinbone ˈʃɪn.bəʊn, ˈʃɪm- ⓤⓢ ˈʃɪn.boʊn **-s** -z
shindig ˈʃɪn.dɪɡ **-s** -z
shind|y ˈʃɪn.d|i **-ies** -iz
shin|e ʃaɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **shone** ʃɒn ⓤⓢ ʃoʊn, ʃɑːn
shiner ˈʃaɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
shingle ˈʃɪŋ.ɡᵊl **-s** -z
shingly ˈʃɪŋ.ɡli, -ɡᵊl.i
shinn|y ˈʃɪn|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
shinsplints ˈʃɪn.splɪnts
Shinto ˈʃɪn.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Shinwell ˈʃɪn.wəl, -wel
shin|y ˈʃaɪ.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ship ʃɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
-ship ʃɪp
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **kinship** /ˈkɪn.ʃɪp/.
shipboard ˈʃɪp.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -bɔːrd
shipbroker ˈʃɪpˌbrəʊ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌbroʊ.kɚ **-s** -z
shipbuild|er ˈʃɪpˌbɪl.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Shiplake ˈʃɪp.leɪk
Shipley ˈʃɪp.li
shipload ˈʃɪp.ləʊd ⓤⓢ -loʊd **-s** -z
Shipman ˈʃɪp.mən
shipmaster ˈʃɪpˌmɑː.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z
shipmate ˈʃɪp.meɪt **-s** -s
shipment ˈʃɪp.mənt **-s** -s
Shipp ʃɪp
shipping ˈʃɪp.ɪŋ ˈ**shipping ˌclerk**
shipshape ˈʃɪp.ʃeɪp
Shipston ˈʃɪp.stən
Shipton ˈʃɪp.tən
shipway ˈʃɪp.weɪ **-s** -z
shipwreck ˈʃɪp.rek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
shipwright (S) ˈʃɪp.raɪt **-s** -s
shipyard ˈʃɪp.jɑːd ⓤⓢ -jɑːrd **-s** -z
Shiraz ʃɪəˈrɑːz, ʃɪ-, -ˈræz ⓤⓢ ʃiː-
shire ʃaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ʃaɪɚ **-s** -z ˈ**shire ˌhorse**
-shire ʃəʳ, ˌʃɪəʳ ⓤⓢ ʃɚ, ˌʃɪr
Note: Suffix. Does not normally change the stress pattern of the stem to which it is added, e.g. **Lincoln** /ˈlɪŋ.kən/, **Lincolnshire** /ˈlɪŋ.kən.ʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ/. There is a free choice between the unstressed variant and that with secondary stress in all names ending **-shire**.
Shirebrook ˈʃaɪə.brʊk ⓤⓢ ˈʃaɪɚ-
Shiremoor ˈʃaɪə.mɔːʳ, -mʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈʃaɪɚ.mɔːr, -mʊr
shirk ʃɜːk ⓤⓢ ʃɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Shirley ˈʃɜː.li ⓤⓢ ˈʃɝː-
shirr ʃɜːʳ ⓤⓢ ʃɝː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

rt (S) 'ʃɜːt (US) ʃɝːt **-s** -s
rtdress 'ʃɜːt.dres (US) 'ʃɝːt- **-es** -ɪz
rt-front 'ʃɜːt.frʌnt (US) 'ʃɝːt- **-s** -s
rting 'ʃɜː.tɪŋ (US) 'ʃɝː.t̬ɪŋ
rt-sleev|es 'ʃɜːt.sliːv|z, -'-
(US) 'ʃɝːt- **-ed** -d
rt-tail 'ʃɜːt.teɪl (US) 'ʃɝːt- **-s** -z
rtwaist 'ʃɜːt.weɪst (US) 'ʃɝːt- **-s** -s
rtwaister 'ʃɜːtˌweɪ.stəʳ, ˌ-'--
(US) 'ʃɝːtˌweɪ.stɚ **-s** -z
rt|y 'ʃɜː.t|i (US) 'ʃɝː.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ
(US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness**
.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
shak 'ʃaɪ.ʃæk, -ʃək *rarely:* 'ʃɪʃ.æk,
k (US) 'ʃaɪ.ʃɑːk, -ʃæk
sh kebab 'ʃiːʃ.kɪ.bæb, -kəˌ-, ˌ--'-
(US) 'ʃɪʃ.kəˌbɑːb **-s** -z
t ʃɪt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'ʃɪt̬.ɪŋ **shat** ʃæt
e: The past tense form **shat** is
arely used in American English,
e normal past tense being **shit**.
te ʃaɪt **-s** -s
tfaced 'ʃɪt.feɪst
thouse 'ʃɪt.haʊs
tless 'ʃɪt.ləs, -lɪs
tload 'ʃɪt.ləʊd (US) -loʊd **-s** -z
tt|y 'ʃɪt|.i (US) 'ʃɪt̬|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ
est -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
va 'ʃiː.və, 'ʃɪv.ə (US) 'ʃiː.və
v|er 'ʃɪv|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz
ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
ver|y 'ʃɪv.ᵊr|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
emiel ʃlə'miːl **-s** -z
ep ʃlep **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
ock ʃlɒk (US) ʃlɑːk **-s** -s
ockmeister 'ʃlɒkˌmaɪ.stəʳ
(US) 'ʃlɑːkˌmaɪ.stɚ **-s** -z
oer® ʃlɜːʳ (US) ʃlɝː
mal(t)z ʃmɔːlts, ʃmɒlts, ʃmælts
(US) ʃmɑːlts, ʃmɔːlts **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ
(US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
mooz|e ʃmuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ə/z
muck ʃmʌk **-s** -s
oal ʃəʊl (US) ʃoʊl **-s** -z
ock ʃɒk (US) ʃɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'shock abˌsorber;
hock ˌ**treatment;** '**shock** ˌ**wave**
ocking 'ʃɒk.ɪŋ (US) 'ʃɑː.kɪŋ **-ly** -li
ockproof 'ʃɒk.pruːf (US) 'ʃɑːk-
oddy|y 'ʃɒd|.i (US) 'ʃɑː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ
(US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li,
l.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
oe ʃuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **shod** ʃɒd (US) ʃɑːd
hoe ˌ**leather**
oeblack 'ʃuː.blæk **-s** -s
oeburyness ˌʃuː.bᵊr.i'nes
oehorn 'ʃuː.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn **-s** -z
ng -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
oelac|e 'ʃuː.leɪs **-es** -ɪz
oeless 'ʃuː.ləs, -lɪs
oemaker (S) 'ʃuːˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ
-z
oeshine 'ʃuː.ʃaɪn **-s** -z
oestring 'ʃuː.strɪŋ
oetree 'ʃuː.triː **-s** -z
ogun 'ʃəʊ.gʌn, -guːn, -gən
(US) 'ʃoʊ.gʌn, -gʊn, -guːn **-s** -s

Sholokhov 'ʃɒl.ə.kɒf (US) 'ʃɔː.lə.kɔːf
Shona *female name:* 'ʃəʊ.nə (US) 'ʃoʊ-
African language & people: 'ʃɒ.nə,
'ʃɔː-, 'ʃəʊ- (US) 'ʃoʊ-
shone (*from* **shine**) ʃɒn (US) ʃoʊn
shonk|y 'ʃɒŋ.ki (US) 'ʃɑːŋ- **-ier** i.əʳ (US) i.ɚ
-iest i.ɪst, i.əst
shoo ʃuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
shoofl|y 'ʃuː.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
shoo-in 'ʃuː.ɪn **-s** -z
shook (*from* **shake**) ʃʊk
shook-up ˌʃʊk'ʌp
shoot ʃuːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'ʃuː.t̬ɪŋ
shot ʃɒt (US) ʃɑːt ˌ**shoot the** '**breeze**
shooter (S) 'ʃuː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
shooting 'ʃuː.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
'**shooting** ˌ**gallery;** ˌ**shooting** '**star,**
'**shooting** ˌ**star** (US) ˌ**shooting** '**star;**
'**shooting** ˌ**stick**
shoot-out 'ʃuː.aʊt **-s** -s
shop ʃɒp (US) ʃɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
-per/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z '**shop as**ˌ**sistant;**
ˌ**shop** '**steward** (US) '**shop** ˌ**steward;**
ˌ**shop** '**window**
shopaholic ˌʃɒp.ə'hɒl.ɪk
(US) ˌʃɑː.pə'hɑː.lɪk **-s** -s
shopfloor ˌʃɒp'flɔːʳ (US) ˌʃɑːp'flɔːr
shopfront ˌʃɒp'frʌnt, '--
(US) 'ʃɑːp.frʌnt **-s** -s
shopgirl 'ʃɒp.gɜːl (US) 'ʃɑːp.gɝːl **-s** -z
shopkeeper 'ʃɒpˌkiː.pəʳ
(US) 'ʃɑːpˌkiː.pɚ **-s** -z
shoplift 'ʃɒp.lɪft (US) 'ʃɑːp- **-s** -s **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
shop-lifter 'ʃɒpˌlɪf.təʳ (US) 'ʃɑːpˌlɪf.tɚ
-s -z
shopping 'ʃɒp.ɪŋ '**shopping**
ˌ**centre/**ˌ**center;** '**shopping** ˌ**list;**
'**shopping** ˌ**mall**
shop-soiled 'ʃɒp.sɔɪld (US) 'ʃɑːpˌsɔɪld
shoptalk 'ʃɒp.tɔːk (US) 'ʃɑːp.tɑːk,
-tɔːk
shopwalker 'ʃɒpˌwɔː.kəʳ
(US) 'ʃɑːpˌwɔː.kɚ, -ˌwɑː- **-s** -z
shopworn 'ʃɒp.wɔːn (US) 'ʃɑːp.wɔːrn
shor|e ʃɔːʳ (US) ʃɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Shoreditch 'ʃɔː.dɪtʃ (US) 'ʃɔːr-
Shoreham 'ʃɔː.rəm (US) 'ʃɔːr.əm
shoreline 'ʃɔː.laɪn (US) 'ʃɔːr-
shoreward 'ʃɔː.wəd (US) 'ʃɔːr.wɚd
shorn (*from* **shear**) ʃɔːn (US) ʃɔːrn
Shorncliffe 'ʃɔːn.klɪf (US) 'ʃɔːrn-
short (S) ʃɔːt (US) ʃɔːrt **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ
(US) 'ʃɔːr.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst
(US) 'ʃɔːr.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs,
-nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**short** ˌ**back and**
'**sides;** ˌ**short** '**shrift;** ˌ**short** '**story;**
the ˌ**short** ˌ**end of the** '**stick; the**
ˌ**long and the** '**short of it**
shortag|e 'ʃɔː.tɪdʒ (US) 'ʃɔːr.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
shortbread 'ʃɔːt.bred (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -z
shortcake 'ʃɔːt.keɪk (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -s
short-chang|e ˌʃɔːt'tʃeɪndʒ
(US) ˌʃɔːrt- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
short-cir|cuit ˌʃɔːt'sɜː|.kɪt
(US) ˌʃɔːrt'sɝː- **-cuits** -kɪts **-cuiting**
-kɪ.tɪŋ (US) -kɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cuited** -kɪ.tɪd
(US) -kɪ.t̬ɪd
shortcoming 'ʃɔːtˌkʌm.ɪŋ, ˌ-'--
(US) 'ʃɔːrtˌkʌm- **-s** -z
shortcrust 'ʃɔːt.krʌst (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -s
ˌ**shortcrust** '**pastry**
shortcut 'ʃɔːt.kʌt (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -s
short-dated ˌʃɔːt'deɪ.tɪd
(US) ˌʃɔːrt'deɪ.t̬ɪd
short-eared ˌʃɔːt'ɪəd (US) 'ʃɔːrt.ɪrd
stress shift, British only: ˌshort-eared
'rabbit
shorten 'ʃɔː.tᵊn (US) 'ʃɔːr- **-s** -z **-ing**
-ɪŋ, 'ʃɔːt.nɪŋ (US) 'ʃɔːr.tᵊn.ɪŋ,
'ʃɔːrt.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
shortening 'ʃɔːt.nɪŋ; 'ʃɔː.tᵊn.ɪŋ
(US) 'ʃɔːrt.nɪŋ; 'ʃɔːr.tᵊn.ɪŋ
shortfall 'ʃɔːt.fɔːl (US) 'ʃɔːrt-, -fɑːl **-s** -z
shorthand 'ʃɔːt.hænd (US) 'ʃɔːrt-
ˌ**shorthand** '**typist**
short-handed ˌʃɔːt'hæn.dɪd
(US) ˌʃɔːrt- *stress shift:* ˌshort-handed
'vessel
short-haul 'ʃɔːtˌhɔːl, ˌ-'-
(US) 'ʃɔːrt.hɑːl, -hɔːl, ˌ-'-
shorthorn 'ʃɔːt.hɔːn (US) 'ʃɔːrt.hɔːrn
-s -z
shortlist 'ʃɔːt.lɪst (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -s **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
short-lived ˌʃɔːt'lɪvd (US) 'ʃɔːrt.laɪvd,
-lɪvd *stress shift, British only:* ˌshort-
lived 'glory
short-order 'ʃɔːtˌɔː.dəʳ, ˌ-'--
(US) 'ʃɔːrtˌɔːr.dɚ
short-range ˌʃɔːt'reɪndʒ (US) ˌʃɔːrt-
stress shift: ˌshort-range 'missile
shortsighted ˌʃɔːt'saɪ.tɪd
(US) 'ʃɔːrtˌsaɪ.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs,
-nɪs *stress shift, British only:*
ˌshort-sighted 'person
short-staffed ˌʃɔːt'stɑːft
(US) ˌʃɔːrt'stæft *stress shift:*
ˌshort-staffed 'bar
shortstop 'ʃɔːt.stɒp (US) 'ʃɔːrt.stɑːp
-s -s
short-tempered ˌʃɔːt'tem.pəd
(US) ˌʃɔːrt'tem.pɚd *stress shift:*
ˌshort-tempered 'person
short-term ˌʃɔːt'tɜːm (US) 'ʃɔːrt.tɝːm
-ism -ɪ.zᵊm *stress shift, British only:*
ˌshort-term 'plans
shortwave 'ʃɔːt.weɪv (US) 'ʃɔːrt- **-s** -z
short-winded ˌʃɔːt'wɪn.dɪd
(US) 'ʃɔːrtˌwɪn-, ˌ-'-- *stress shift,
British only:* ˌshort-winded 'story
short|y 'ʃɔː.t|i (US) 'ʃɔːr.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Shostakovich ˌʃɒs.tə'kəʊ.vɪtʃ
(US) ˌʃɑː.stə'koʊ-
shot ʃɒt (US) ʃɑːt **-s** -s '**shot** ˌ**put;** '**shot**
ˌ**putter**
shotgun 'ʃɒt.gʌn (US) 'ʃɑːt- **-s** -z
ˌ**shotgun** '**wedding**
Shotton 'ʃɒt.ᵊn (US) 'ʃɑː.tᵊn
Shotts ʃɒts (US) ʃɑːts
should *strong form:* ʃʊd *weak forms:*
ʃəd, ʃd, ʃt
Note: Weak form word. The strong
form is used for emphatic
pronunciation (e.g. "He **should**
have asked first"), or for contrast
(e.g. "Don't tell me what I should or
shouldn't do"). It is also used in
final position (e.g. "We both

should"). The most usual weak form is /ʃəd/, as in "When should it arrive?" /ˌwen.ʃəd.ɪt.əˈraɪv/, but in rapid speech we also find /ʃd/ before voiced sounds (e.g. "I should go now" /ˌaɪ.ʃdˈɡəʊ.naʊ (US) -ˈɡoʊ-/) and /ʃt/ before voiceless sounds (e.g. "You should try to finish" /ju.ʃtˌtraɪ.təˈfɪn.ɪʃ (US) -t̬əˈ-/).

should|er ˈʃəʊl.d|əʳ (US) ˈʃoʊl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd ˈ**shoulder** ˌ**bag**; ˈ**shoulder** ˌ**blade**; ˈ**shoulder** ˌ**pad**; ˈ**shoulder** ˌ**strap**; a ˈ**shoulder to** ˌ**cry on**, a ˌ**shoulder to** ˈ**cry on** (US) a ˌ**shoulder to** ˈ**cry on**

shoulder-length ˈʃəʊl.dəˌleŋkθ (US) ˈʃoʊl.dɚ-

shouldn't ˈʃʊd.ᵊnt

should've ˈʃʊd.ᵊv

shout ʃaʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈʃaʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈʃaʊ.t̬ɪd

shov|e (*n, v.*) ʃʌv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

shove-halfpenny ˌʃʌvˈheɪp.ni

shovel (S) ˈʃʌv.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, ˈʃʌv.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈʃʌv.ləʳ/z (US) ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z **-ful/s** -fʊl/z

show ʃəʊ (US) ʃoʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n ˈ**show** ˌ**business**; ˌ**show** ˈ**trial**, ˈ**show** ˌ**trial**

showbiz ˈʃəʊ.bɪz (US) ˈʃoʊ-

showboat ˈʃəʊ.bəʊt (US) ˈʃoʊ.boʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ

showbread ˈʃəʊ.bred (US) ˈʃoʊ-

showcas|e ˈʃəʊ.keɪs (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

showdown ˈʃəʊ.daʊn (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-s** -z

shower *fall of rain, etc.:* ʃaʊəʳ (US) ʃaʊɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

shower *one who shows:* ˈʃəʊ.əʳ (US) ˈʃoʊ.ɚ **-s** -z

shower-ba|th ˈʃaʊə.bɑː|θ (US) ˈʃaʊɚ.bæ|θ **-ths** -ðz

showerhead ˈʃaʊə.hed (US) ˈʃaʊɚ- **-s** -z

showerproof ˈʃaʊə.pruːf (US) ˈʃaʊɚ-

showgirl ˈʃəʊ.ɡɜːl (US) ˈʃoʊ.ɡɝːl **-s** -z

showjump ˈʃəʊ.dʒʌmp (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

show|man ˈʃəʊ|.mən (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-men** -mən, -men

showmanship ˈʃəʊ.mən.ʃɪp (US) ˈʃoʊ-

shown (*from* **show**) ʃəʊn (US) ʃoʊn

show-off ˈʃəʊ.ɒf (US) ˈʃoʊ.ɑːf

showpiec|e ˈʃəʊ.piːs (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-es** -ɪz

showplac|e ˈʃəʊ.pleɪs (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-es** -ɪz

showroom ˈʃəʊ.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈʃoʊ.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

showstopp|er ˈʃəʊˌstɒp|.əʳ (US) ˈʃoʊˌstɑː.p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

show|y ˈʃəʊ|.i (US) ˈʃoʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

shoyu ˈʃɔɪ.juː (US) ˈʃoʊ.juː

shrank (*from* **shrink**) ʃræŋk

shrapnel ˈʃræp.nᵊl

shred ʃred **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **-der/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Shredded Wheat® ˌʃred.ɪdˈhwiːt **-s** -s

shrew ʃruː **-s** -z

shrewd ʃruːd **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

shrewish ˈʃruː.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Shrewsbury *in the UK:* ˈʃrəʊz.bᵊr.i, ˈʃruːz-, ˈ-bri (US) ˈʃruːzˌber.i, ˈʃroʊz-, -bɚ-

Note: /ˈʃrəʊz-/ is the most widely used pronunciation, but /ˈʃruːz-/ or /ˈʃuːz-/ is more usually used by many local people.

Shrewsbury *in the US:* ˈʃruːz.bᵊr.i (US) -ˌber-, -bɚ-

shriek ʃriːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

shrift ʃrɪft

shrike ʃraɪk **-s** -s

shrill ʃrɪl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-y** -i, -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

shrimp ʃrɪmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Shrimpton ˈʃrɪmp.tən

shrine ʃraɪn **-s** -z

shriner (S) ˈʃraɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z

shrink ʃrɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **shrank** ʃræŋk **shrunk** ʃrʌŋk **shrunken** ˈʃrʌŋ.kən ˌ**shrinking** ˈ**violet**

shrinkage ˈʃrɪŋ.kɪdʒ

shrink-wrap ˈʃrɪnk.ræp, -ˈ- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

shriv|e (S) ʃraɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **shrove** ʃrəʊv (US) ʃroʊv **shriven** ˈʃrɪv.ᵊn

shrivel ˈʃrɪv.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, ˈʃrɪv.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d

shriven (*from* **shrive**) ˈʃrɪv.ᵊn

shroff ʃrɒf (US) ʃrɑːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Shropshire ˈʃrɒp.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) ˈʃrɑːp.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr

shroud ʃraʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-less** -ləs, -lɪs

shrove (*from* **shrive**) ʃrəʊv (US) ʃroʊv

Shrove ʃrəʊv (US) ʃroʊv ˌ**Shrove** ˈ**Tuesday**

Shrovetide ˈʃrəʊv.taɪd (US) ˈʃroʊv-

shrub ʃrʌb **-s** -z

shrubber|y ˈʃrʌb.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz

shrubby ˈʃrʌb.i

shrug ʃrʌɡ **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

shrunk (*from* **shrink**) ʃrʌŋk **-en** -ᵊn

shtick ʃtɪk

shuck ʃʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Shuckburgh ˈʃʌk.bᵊr.ə (US) -bɝːɡ, -bɚ.ə

shudd|er ˈʃʌd|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

shuffl|e ˈʃʌf.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈʃʌf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈʃʌf.ləʳ/z (US) ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z

shuffleboard ˈʃʌf.ᵊl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z

shufti ˈʃʊf.ti, ˈʃʌf- **-s** -z

Shulamite ˈʃuː.lə.maɪt

shun ʃʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d

shunt ʃʌnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈʃʌn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈʃʌn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈʃʌn.t̬ɚ/z

shush ʃʊʃ, ʃʌʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

shut ʃʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈʃʌt̬.ɪŋ

shutdown ˈʃʌt.daʊn **-s** -z

Shute ʃuːt

shut-eye ˈʃʌt.aɪ (US) ˈʃʌt̬-

shutout ˈʃʌt.aʊt **-s** -z

shutt|er ˈʃʌt|.əʳ (US) ˈʃʌt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

shuttle ˈʃʌt.ᵊl (US) ˈʃʌt̬- **-s** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**shuttle di**ˈ**plomacy**

shuttlecock ˈʃʌt.ᵊl.kɒk (US) ˈʃʌt̬.ᵊl.kɑːk **-s** -s

Shuttleworth ˈʃʌt.ᵊl.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) ˈʃʌt̬.ᵊl.wɚθ, -wɝːθ

shwa ʃwɑː **-s** -z

sh|y ʃ|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-yer** -aɪ.əʳ (US) -aɪ.ɚ **-yest** -aɪ.ɪst, -aɪ.əst **-yly** -aɪ.li **-yness** -aɪ.nəs, -nɪs **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd

shylock (S) ˈʃaɪ.lɒk (US) -lɑːk

shyster ˈʃaɪ.stəʳ (US) -stɚ **-s** -z

si siː

Sialkot siˈæl.kɒt (US) -ˈɑːl.koʊt

Siam ˌsaɪˈæm, ˈ-- (US) saɪˈæm

Siamese ˌsaɪ.əˈmiːz (US) -ˈmiːz, -ˈmiːs *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**Siamese** ˈ**cat**; ˌ**Siamese** ˈ**twins**

Sian, Siân ʃɑːn

Sibbald ˈsɪb.əld

Sibelius sɪˈbeɪ.li.əs (US) -li.əs, -ˈbeɪl.jəs

Siberi|a saɪˈbɪə.ri|.ə (US) -ˈbɪr.i- **-an/s** -ən/z

sibilan|ce ˈsɪb.ɪ.lᵊn|ts, -ᵊl.ᵊn|ts (US) -ᵊl.ᵊn|ts **-t/s** -t/s

sibilation ˌsɪb.ɪˈleɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ᵊlˈeɪ-, -əˈleɪ **-s** -z

Sibley ˈsɪb.li

sibling ˈsɪb.lɪŋ **-s** -z ˌ**sibling** ˈ**rivalry**

sibyl (S) ˈsɪb.ᵊl, -ɪl (US) -ᵊl **-s** -z

sibylline ˈsɪb.ə.laɪn, ˈ-ɪ-; sɪˈbɪl.aɪn (US) ˈsɪb.ə.laɪn, -liːn, -lɪn

sic sɪk, siːk

Sichuan ˌsɪtʃˈwɑːn (US) ˈ-ˌ-

Sicilian sɪˈsɪl.jən, sə-, -i.ən **-s** -z

Sicil|y ˈsɪs.ɪ.l|i, -ᵊl|.i (US) -ᵊl|.i **-ies** -iz

sick sɪk **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˈ**sick** ˌ**bay**; ˌ**sick** ˈ**building** ˌ**syndrome**; ˈ**sick** ˌ**leave**; ˈ**sick** ˌ**pay**

sickbed ˈsɪk.bed **-s** -z

sicken ˈsɪk.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, ˈsɪk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

Sickert ˈsɪk.ət (US) -ɚt

sickie ˈsɪk.i **-s** -z

sickle ˈsɪk.ᵊl **-s** -z ˌ**sickle-cell** **a**ˈ**n(a)emia**

sickl|y ˈsɪk.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

sickness ˈsɪk.nəs, -nɪs

sicko ˈsɪk.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z

sick-out ˈsɪk.aʊt **-s** -s

sickroom ˈsɪk.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z

sic transit gloria mundi ˌsɪkˌtræn.zɪtˌɡlɔː.ri.əˈmʊn.di, ˌsiːk-, -ˌtrænt.sɪt-, -ˌtrɑːn.zɪt-, -ˌtrɑːnt.sɪt- (US) ˌsɪkˌtræn.sɪtˌɡlɔːr.i.əˈmʌn.di

Sid sɪd

up 'sɪd.kʌp, -kəp
leley 'sɪd.ᵊl.i
lharta sɪ'dɑː.tə (US) -'dɑːr.ţə
lons 'sɪd.ᵊnz
e saɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd 'side
m; ˌside by 'side; 'side ˌdish; 'side
um; 'side efˌfect; 'side ˌissue;
le ˌsalad; 'side ˌstreet; ˌknow
ich ˌside one's ˌbread is
ttered (on), ˌknow which ˌside
e's 'bread is ˌbuttered (on);
ugh on the ˌother ˌside of one's
ce; ˌlook on the 'bright ˌside (of
ngs)
bar 'saɪd.bɑːʳ (US) -bɑːr -s -z
board 'saɪd.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd -s -z
botham 'saɪdˌbɒt.əm
-ˌbɑː.ţəm
bottom 'saɪdˌbɒt.əm, 'siːd-,
d.ɪ.bə'təʊm (US) 'saɪdˌbɑː.ţəm,
d-; ˌsɪd.ɪ.bə'toʊm
burn 'saɪd.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn -s -z
car 'saɪd.kɑːʳ (US) -kɑːr -s -z
dish 'saɪd.dɪʃ -es -ɪz
kick 'saɪd.kɪk -s -s
light 'saɪd.laɪt -s -s
lin|e 'saɪd.laɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
long 'saɪd.lɒŋ (US) -lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ
real saɪ'dɪə.ri.əl, sɪ- (US) saɪ'dɪr.i-
rite 'saɪ.dᵊr.aɪt, 'sɪd.ᵊr-
'sɪd.ə.raɪt
ry 'saɪ.dᵊr.i
saddle 'saɪdˌsæd.ᵊl -s -z
show 'saɪd.ʃəʊ (US) -ʃoʊ -s -z
slip 'saɪd.slɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
s|man 'saɪdz|.mən -men -mən,
en
spin 'saɪd.spɪn
splitting 'saɪdˌsplɪt.ɪŋ (US) -ˌsplɪţ-
step 'saɪd.step -s -s -ping -ɪŋ
d -t
stroke 'saɪd.strəʊk (US) -stroʊk
s
swip|e 'saɪd.swaɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ
-t
track 'saɪd.træk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
walk 'saɪd.wɔːk (US) -wɑːk, -wɔːk
s
ways 'saɪd.weɪz
winder 'saɪdˌwaɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
z
wick 'sɪdʒ.wɪk
ng 'saɪ.dɪŋ -s -z
aw 'sɪd.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː
e 'saɪ.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'saɪd.lɪŋ
-d
nouth 'sɪd.məθ
ey 'sɪd.ni
n 'saɪ.dᵊn, -dɒn (US) -dᵊn
nian saɪ'dəʊ.ni.ən, sɪ-
saɪ'doʊ.ni.ən -s -z
nie sɪ'dəʊ.ni (US) -'doʊ-
sɪdz
e siːdʒ -es -ɪz 'siege menˌtality
fried 'siːg.friːd as if German:
g- (US) 'sɪg-, 'siːg-
Heil ˌsiːg'haɪl as if German: ˌziːk-
linde siː'glɪn.də as if German:
ziː- (US) siː-, ziː-, sɪ-
Siegmund 'siːg.mʊnd as if German:
'ziːg-, -mənd (US) 'sɪg-, 'siːg-
Siemens 'siː.mənz as if German: 'ziː-
ˌSiemens-'Nixdorf®
Siena si'en.ə
Sienese ˌsi.en'iːz, -ə'niːz (US) -ə'niːz,
-'niːs
sienna si'en.ə
sierra (S) si'er.ə, -'eə.rə (US) si'er.ə -s -z
Sierra Leone siˌer.ə.li'əʊn, -ˌeə.rə-,
-'əʊ.ni (US) siˌer.ə.li'oʊn
Sierra Madre siˌer.ə'mɑː.dreɪ,
-ˌeə.rə'- (US) siˌer.ə'-
Sierra Nevada siˌer.ə.nə'vɑː.də,
-'eə.rə- (US) siˌer.ə.nə'væd.ə, -'vɑː.də
siesta si'es.tə -s -z
siev|e sɪv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sift sɪft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z
(US) -ɚ/z
sigh saɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sight saɪt -s -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/s (US) 'saɪ.ţɪŋ/s
-ed -ɪd (US) 'saɪ.ţɪd -less/ness -ləs, -lɪs
ˌsight un'seen
sightl|y 'saɪt.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sightread present tense: 'saɪt.riːd -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ past tense: 'saɪt.red
sightreader 'saɪtˌriː.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
sightscreen 'saɪt.skriːn -s -z
sightsee 'saɪt.siː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
sight-seeing 'saɪtˌsiː.ɪŋ
sightseer 'saɪtˌsiː.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Sigismond, Sigismund
'sɪg.ɪs.mənd, 'sɪdʒ-, -ɪz- (US) -ɪs-
sigma (S) 'sɪg.mə -s -z
Sigmund 'sɪg.mənd as if German:
'zɪg-
sign saɪn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/s -ed -d -er/s
-əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -age -ɪdʒ 'sign
ˌlanguage; ˌsign of the 'times
signal 'sɪg.nᵊl -s -z -(l)y -i -(l)ing -ɪŋ
-(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'signal
ˌbox
signaliz|e, -is|e 'sɪg.nᵊl.aɪz
(US) -nə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
signal|man 'sɪg.nᵊl|.mən, -mæn
-men -mən, -men
signator|y 'sɪg.nə.tᵊr|.i (US) -tɔːr-
-ies -iz
signature 'sɪg.nə.tʃəʳ, -nɪ- (US) -nə.tʃɚ
-s -z 'signature ˌtune
signboard 'saɪn.bɔːd, 'saɪm-
(US) 'saɪn.bɔːrd -s -z
signer 'saɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ -s -z
signet 'sɪg.nɪt, -nət -s -s 'signet ˌring
significance sɪg'nɪf.ɪ.kənts, '-ə-
(US) '-ə-
significant sɪg'nɪf.ɪ.kənt, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
-ly -li sigˌnificant 'other
signification ˌsɪg.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -nə-
(US) -nə-
significative sɪg'nɪf.ɪ.kə.tɪv, '-ə-,
-keɪ- (US) -keɪ.ţɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
signi|fy 'sɪg.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- (US) -nə- -fies
-faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s
-faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
signor (S) 'siː.njɔːʳ (US) siː'njɔːr -s -z
signora (S) siː'njɔː.rə (US) -'nɔːr.ə
-s -z
signorina (S) ˌsiː.njɔː'riː.nə, -njə'-
-s -z
signpost 'saɪn.pəʊst, 'saɪm-
(US) 'saɪn.poʊst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Sigourney sɪ'gɔː.ni, sə- (US) -'gɔːr-
Sigurd English first name: 'siː.gɜːd,
'sɪg.ɜːd (US) 'sɪg.ɚd Scandinavian
name: 'sɪg.ʊəd, -ɜːd (US) 'sɪg.ɚd
Sikes saɪks
Sikh siːk -s -s -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
Sikkim 'sɪk.ɪm, sɪ'kɪm (US) 'sɪk.ɪm
Sikorsky sɪ'kɔː.ski (US) -'kɔːr-
silage 'saɪ.lɪdʒ
Silas 'saɪ.ləs, -læs (US) -ləs
Silchester 'sɪl.tʃɪ.stəʳ, -tʃə-, -tʃes.təʳ
(US) -tʃes.tɚ
Sileby 'saɪl.bi
silenc|e 'saɪ.lənts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
silencer 'saɪ.lənt.səʳ (US) -sɚ -s -z
silent 'saɪ.lənt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
ˌsilent ma'jority; ˌsilent 'partner
Silenus saɪ'liː.nəs, sɪ-, -'leɪ- (US) saɪ'liː-
Silesi|a saɪ'liː.zi|.ə, sɪ-, -ʒi|.ə, '-ʒ|ə,
-si|.ə, -ʃi|.ə, '-ʃ|ə (US) saɪ'liː.ʃ|ə, sɪ-,
-ʒ|ə -an/s -ən/z
silex 'saɪ.leks
silhouett|e ˌsɪl.u'et, '--- (US) ˌsɪl.u'et
-es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
silica 'sɪl.ɪ.kə ˌsilica 'gel (US) 'silica ˌgel
silicate 'sɪl.ɪ.keɪt, '-ə-, -kət, -kɪt
(US) -ɪ.keɪt, -kɪt
silicon 'sɪl.ɪ.kən, '-ə- (US) '-ɪ-, -kɑːn
ˌsilicon 'chip (US) 'silicon ˌchip;
ˌSilicon 'Valley
silicone 'sɪl.ɪ.kəʊn, '-ə- (US) -ɪ.koʊn
silicosis ˌsɪl.ɪ'kəʊ.sɪs, -ə'- (US) -ɪ'koʊ-
silicotic ˌsɪl.ɪ'kɒt.ɪk, -ə'- (US) -ɪ'kɑː.ţɪk
-s -s
silk (S) sɪlk -s -s -en -ᵊn
Silkin 'sɪl.kɪn
silk-screen 'sɪlk.skriːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d ˌsilk-screen 'printing
silkworm 'sɪlk.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s -z
silk|y 'sɪl.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
-i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sill (S) sɪl -s -z
sillabub 'sɪl.ə.bʌb, -bəb (US) -bʌb -s -z
Sillery 'sɪl.ᵊr.i
Sillitoe 'sɪl.ɪ.təʊ (US) -toʊ
Silloth 'sɪl.əθ
sill|y 'sɪl|.i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i
-iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
silly-bill|y ˌsɪl.i'bɪl|.i -ies -iz
silo 'saɪ.ləʊ (US) -loʊ -s -z
Siloam saɪ'ləʊ.əm, sɪ-, -æm
(US) sɪ'loʊ.əm, saɪ-
Silsden 'sɪlz.dən
silt sɪlt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'sɪl.ţɪŋ -ed -ɪd
(US) 'sɪl.ţɪd -y -i (US) 'sɪl.ţi
Silurian saɪ'lʊə.ri.ən, sɪ-, -'ljʊə-,
-'ljɔː- (US) sɪ'lʊr.i-, saɪ-
Silva 'sɪl.və
silvan 'sɪl.vən
Silvanus sɪl'veɪ.nəs
silv|er (S) 'sɪl.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ -ers -əz
(US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
-ery -ᵊr.i -eriness -ᵊr.ɪ.nəs, -nɪs

ˌsilver ˈbirch; ˌsilver ˈfoil US ˈsilver ˌfoil; ˌsilver ˈlining; ˌsilver ˈnitrate; ˌsilver ˈpaper; ˌsilver ˈplate US ˈsilver ˌplate; ˌsilver ˈscreen; ˌsilver ˈspoon; ˌsilver ˈwedding
silverfish ˈsɪl.və.fɪʃ US -vɚ- **-es** -ɪz
Silverman ˈsɪl.və.mən US -vɚ-
Silvers ˈsɪl.vəz US -vɚz
silverside ˈsɪl.və.saɪd US -vɚ- **-s** -z
silversmith ˈsɪl.və.smɪθ US -vɚ- **-s** -s
Silverstone ˈsɪl.və.stəʊn, -stən US -vɚ.stoʊn, -stən
silver-tongued ˌsɪl.vəˈtʌŋd, -ˈtɒŋd US -vɚˈtʌŋd *stress shift:* ˌsilver-tongued ˈdevil
Silvertown ˈsɪl.və.taʊn US -vɚ- **-s** -z
silverware ˈsɪl.və.weəʳ US -vɚ.wer
Silvester sɪlˈves.təʳ US -tɚ
Silvia ˈsɪl.vi.ə
Silvikrin® ˈsɪl.vɪ.krɪn, -və-
Sim sɪm
Simca® ˈsɪm.kə **-s** -z
Simcox ˈsɪm.kɒks US -kɑːks
Simenon ˈsiː.mə.nɔ̃ːŋ, ˈsɪm.ə-, -nɒn US ˈsiː.mə.noʊn, -nɔ̃ːn
Simeon ˈsɪm.i.ən
simian ˈsɪm.i.ən **-s** -z
similar ˈsɪm.ɪ.ləʳ, ˈ-ə- US -ə.lɚ **-ly** -li
similarit|y ˌsɪm.ɪˈlær.ə.t|i, -əˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -əˈler.ə.t̬|i, -ˈlær- **-ies** -iz
simile ˈsɪm.ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i US -ə.li **-s** -z
similitude sɪˈmɪl.ɪ.tjuːd, ˈ-ə-, -tʃuːd US səˈmɪl.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z
Simla ˈsɪm.lə
simm|er ˈsɪm|.əʳ US -ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Simmonds ˈsɪm.əndz
Simmons ˈsɪm.ənz
Simms sɪmz
simnel (S) ˈsɪm.nᵊl **-s** -z ˈ**simnel** ˌ**cake**
Simon ˈsaɪ.mən
Simond ˈsaɪ.mənd, ˈsɪm.ənd
Simonds ˈsɪm.əndz
Simone sɪˈməʊn, sə- US -ˈmoʊn
simoniacal ˌsaɪ.məʊˈnaɪə.kᵊl US -məˈ-, ˌsɪm.əˈ-
Simons ˈsaɪ.mənz
simony ˈsaɪ.mə.ni, ˈsɪm.ə-
simoom sɪˈmuːm US sɪ-, saɪ- **-s** -z
simpatico sɪmˈpæt.ɪ.kəʊ US -ˈpæt̬.ɪ.koʊ
simp|er ˈsɪm.p|əʳ US -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
Simpkin ˈsɪmp.kɪn **-s** -z **-son** -sən
simp|le ˈsɪm.p|ᵊl **-ler** -ləʳ US -lɚ **-lest** -lɪst, -ləst **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
simplehearted ˌsɪm.pᵊlˈhɑː.tɪd US -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌsimplehearted ˈperson
simple-minded ˌsɪm.pᵊlˈmaɪn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌsimple-minded ˈperson
simpleton ˈsɪm.pᵊl.tᵊn US -tən **-s** -z
simplex ˈsɪm.pleks **-es** -ɪz
simplicity sɪmˈplɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
simplification ˌsɪm.plɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -plə- US -plə- **-s** -z
simpli|fy ˈsɪm.plɪ|.faɪ US -plə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
simplistic sɪmˈplɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Simplon ˈsæ̃m.plɔ̃ːŋ, ˈsæm-, ˈsɪm-, -plən US ˈsɪm.plɑːn; ˈsæ̃m.plɔ̃ːn
simply ˈsɪm.pli
Simpson ˈsɪmp.sən
Sims sɪmz
Simson ˈsɪmp.sən
simulacr|um ˌsɪm.jəˈleɪ.kr|əm, -jʊˈ-, -ˈlæk.r|əm US -ˈleɪ-, -ˈlæk.r|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
simu|late ˈsɪm.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
simulation ˌsɪm.jəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈ- **-s** -z
simulator ˈsɪm.jə.leɪ.təʳ, -jʊ- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z ˈ**flight** ˌ**simulator**
simulcast ˈsɪm.ᵊl.kɑːst US ˈsaɪ.mᵊl.kæst, ˈsɪm.ᵊl- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
simultaneity ˌsɪm.ᵊl.təˈneɪ.ə.ti, ˌsaɪ.mᵊl-, -ˈniː-, -ɪ.ti US ˌsaɪ.mᵊl.təˈniː.ə.t̬i, ˌsɪm.ᵊl-
simultaneous ˌsɪm.ᵊlˈteɪ.ni.əs, ˌsaɪ.mᵊlˈ- US ˌsaɪ.mᵊlˈteɪ.njəs, ˌsɪm.ᵊlˈ-, -ni.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sin *(n, v.) do wrong:* sɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **-ner/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**sin** ˌ**bin**
sin *in trigonometry:* saɪn
Sinai ˈsaɪ.naɪ, -ni.aɪ, -neɪ US ˈsaɪ.naɪ
sinapism ˈsɪn.ə.pɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
Sinatra sɪˈnɑː.trə
Sinbad ˈsɪn.bæd, ˈsɪm- US ˈsɪn-
since sɪnts
sincer|e sɪnˈsɪəʳ, sᵊn- US sɪnˈsɪr **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
sincerity sɪnˈser.ə.ti, sᵊn-, -ɪ.ti US sɪnˈser.ə.t̬i
Sinclair ˈsɪŋ.kleəʳ, ˈsɪn-, -kləʳ; sɪŋˈkleəʳ, sɪn- US sɪnˈkler, ˈ--
Sind sɪnd
Sindbad ˈsɪnd.bæd
Sindh sɪnd
Sindhi ˈsɪn.diː, -di
Sindlesham ˈsɪn.dᵊl.ʃəm
Sindy® ˈsɪn.di ˈ**Sindy** ˌ**doll**
sine saɪn **-s** -z
Sinead, Sinéad ʃɪˈneɪd, -ˈneəd US -ˈneɪd
sinecure ˈsaɪ.nɪ.kjʊəʳ, ˈsɪn.ɪ-, -kjɔːʳ US ˈsaɪ.nə.kjʊr, ˈsɪn.ə- **-s** -z
sine die ˌsaɪ.nɪˈdaɪ.iː, -ɪ; ˌsɪn.ɪˈdiː.eɪ US ˌsaɪ.niˈdaɪ.i, ˌsɪn.eɪˈdiː.eɪ
Sinel ˈsɪn.ᵊl
sine qua non ˌsɪn.i.kwɑːˈnəʊn, ˌsaɪ.ni.kweɪˈnɒn US ˌsɪn.eɪ.kwɑːˈnoʊn, ˌsaɪ.ni.kweɪˈnɑːn **-s** -z
sinew ˈsɪn.juː **-s** -z **-y** -i
sinfonia sɪnˈfəʊ.ni.ə; ˌsɪn.fəʊˈniː- US ˌsɪn.fəˈniː-; sɪnˈfoʊ.ni- **-s** -z
sinfonia concertante sɪnˌfəʊ.ni.əˌkɒnt.ʃəˈtæn.teɪ US ˌsɪn.fəˌniː.əˌkɑːnt.sɚˈtɑːn.teɪ, -ˌkɑːn.tʃɚˈ-; sɪnˌfoʊ.ni-
sinfonietta ˌsɪn.fəʊ.niˈet.ə, -fɒn.iˈ- US -fəˈnjet̬-, -foʊˈ- **-s** -z
sinful ˈsɪn.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sing sɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **sang** sæŋ **sung** sʌŋ **singer/s** ˈsɪŋ.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
singable ˈsɪŋ.ə.bᵊl
sing-along ˈsɪŋ.ə.lɒŋ US -lɑːŋ **-s** -z
Singapore ˌsɪŋ.əˈpɔːʳ, -gəˈ-, ˈ--- US ˈsɪŋ.ə.pɔːr, -gə-
Singaporean ˌsɪŋ.ə.pɔːˈriː.ən, -gə-; -ˈpɔː.ri- US ˌsɪŋ.ə.pɔːˈriː-, -gə-; -ˈpɔːr.i- **-s** -z
sing|e sɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-eing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Singer ˈsɪŋ.əʳ, -gəʳ US -ɚ, -gɚ
Singh sɪŋ
Singhalese ˌsɪŋ.*h*əˈliːz, -gəˈ- US -gəˈliːz, -ˈliːs
sing|le (S) ˈsɪŋ.g|ᵊl **-les** -z **-ling** -ɪŋ, ˈsɪŋ.glɪŋ **-led** -d **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs ˌ**single** ˈ**bed** US ˈ**single** ˌ**bed**; ˌ**single** ˈ**currency**; ˌ**single** ˈ**file**; ˌ**single** ˈ**figures**
single-breasted ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈbres.tɪd *stress shift:* ˌsingle-breasted ˈjacket
single-decker ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈdek.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌsingle-decker ˈbus
single-handed ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈhæn.dɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌsingle-handed ˈcrossing
single-hearted ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈhɑː.tɪd US ˈsɪŋ.gᵊlˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌsingle-hearted ˈlove
single-minded ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈmaɪn.dɪd US ˈsɪŋ.gᵊlˌmaɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌsingle-minded ˈperson
single-sex ˌsɪŋ.gᵊlˈseks *stress shift:* ˌsingle-sex ˈschool
singlestick ˈsɪŋ.gᵊl.stɪk **-s** -s
singlet ˈsɪŋ.glɪt, -glət **-s** -s
singleton (S) ˈsɪŋ.gᵊl.tən US -t̬ən, -tən **-s** -z
singly ˈsɪŋ.gli
singsong ˈsɪŋ.sɒŋ US -sɑːŋ, -sɔːŋ **-s** -z
singular ˈsɪŋ.gjə.ləʳ, -gjʊ- US -lɚ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
singularit|y ˌsɪŋ.gjəˈlær.ə.t|i, -gjʊˈ-, -ɪ.t|i US -ˈler.ə.t̬|i, -ˈlær- **-ies** -iz
Sinhalese ˌsɪŋ.*h*əˈliːz, ˌsɪn- US ˌsɪn.*h*əˈliːz, -ˈliːs
Sinim ˈsɪn.ɪm, ˈsaɪ.nɪm
sinister ˈsɪn.ɪ.stəʳ US -stɚ
sinistral ˈsɪn.ɪ.strᵊl **-ly** -i
Sinitic saɪˈnɪt.ɪk, sɪ- US -ˈnɪt̬-
sink sɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **sank** sæŋk **sunk** sʌŋk **sunken** ˈsʌŋ.kᵊn
sinker ˈsɪŋ.kəʳ US -kɚ **-s** -z
sinless ˈsɪn.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sinner ˈsɪn.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
Sinn Fein ˌʃɪnˈfeɪn **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Sino- saɪ.nəʊ US -noʊ
sinologue ˈsɪn.ə.lɒg, ˈsaɪ.nə-, -ləʊg US ˈsaɪ.nə.lɑːg, ˈsɪn.ə-, -lɔːg **-s** -z
sinolog|y saɪˈnɒl.ə.dʒ|i, sɪ- US -ˈnɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sinuosit|y ˌsɪn.juˈɒs.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -ˈɑː.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
sinuous ˈsɪn.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sinus ˈsaɪ.nəs **-es** -ɪz

usitis ˌsaɪ.nəˈsaɪ.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs, əs
usoid ˈsaɪ.nə.sɔɪd -s -z
bhan ʃɪˈvɔːn, ʃə- ⓤⓢ -ˈvɑːn, -ˈvɔːn
n ˈsaɪ.ən, ˈzaɪ- ⓤⓢ ˈsaɪ-
ux *singular:* suː, sjuː ⓤⓢ suː
ural: suːz, sjuːz, suː, sjuː ⓤⓢ suːz, ː
sɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
hon *(n, v.)* ˈsaɪ.fᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, aɪf.nɪŋ -ed -d
(S) *strong forms:* sɜːʳ ⓤⓢ sɝː *weak* rms: səʳ, sɚ -s -z
e: Weak form word. The strong rm is used in various social tuations. In school, it is often used y children to address a male acher (e.g. "Sir, can I go now?"), nd contrastively (e.g. "Dear Sir or adam"). Similarly, in old-shioned speech, the strong form ould be used to begin addressing omeone (e.g. "Sir, you are a oundrel"). When it occurs terance-finally in addressing omeone, either form may be used, though the weak form is more ommon in military usage (e.g. Ready to sail, sir"). In the title of a night (e.g. **Sir John Roberts**), the eak form is always used.
dar (S) ˈsɜː.dɑːʳ ⓤⓢ sɚˈdɑːr; ɝː.dɑːr -s -z
e saɪəʳ ⓤⓢ saɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
en ˈsaɪə.rən, -rɪn ⓤⓢ ˈsaɪ.rən -s -z
ion ˈsɪr.i.ən
ius ˈsɪr.i.əs
oin ˈsɜː.lɔɪn ⓤⓢ ˈsɝː- -s -z
occo sɪˈrɒk.əʊ, sə- ⓤⓢ səˈrɑː.koʊ, ə- -s -z
os ˈsɪə.rɒs ⓤⓢ ˈsiː.rɑːs
rah ˈsɪr.ə
ree, siree ˌsɜːˈriː, sə- ⓤⓢ sə-
sɪs
al ˈsaɪ.sᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈsaɪ-, ˈsɪs.ᵊl
al *Mexican port:* sɪˈsɑːl ⓤⓢ ˈsiː.səl, ɪs.ɑːl
era ˈsɪs.ᵊr.ə
kin (S) ˈsɪs.kɪn -s -z
ley ˈsɪz.li
singhurst ˈsɪs.ɪŋ.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
son ˈsɪs.ᵊn -s -z
s|y ˈsɪs|.i -ies -iz
t|er ˈsɪs.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
erly -ᵊl.i ⓤⓢ -ɚ.li
terhood ˈsɪs.tə.hʊd ⓤⓢ -tɚ- -s -z
ter-in-law ˈsɪs.tᵊr.ɪn.lɔː
ⓤⓢ -tɚ.ɪn.lɑː, -lɔː **sisters-in-law** əz- ⓤⓢ -tɚz-
tine ˈsɪs.tiːn, -taɪn ⓤⓢ -tiːn, -ˈ- Sistine ˈChapel
trum ˈsɪs.trəm -s -z
ulu sɪˈsuː.luː
syphean, Sisyphian ˌsɪs.ɪˈfiː.ən, ə'- ⓤⓢ -əˈ-
syphus ˈsɪs.ɪ.fəs, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə-
sɪt -s -s -ting/s -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ ˈsɪt̬.ɪŋ/z **sat** æt ˌ**Sitting ˈBull; ˌsit on the ˈfence**
a ˈsɪt.ə, ˈsiː.tə ⓤⓢ ˈsiː.tɑː

sitar sɪˈtɑːʳ; ˈsɪt.ɑːʳ ⓤⓢ sɪˈtɑːr
sitcom ˈsɪt.kɒm ⓤⓢ -kɑːm -s -z
sit-down ˈsɪt.daʊn
sit|e saɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
sit-in ˈsɪt.ɪn ⓤⓢ ˈsɪt̬- -s -z
sitter ˈsɪt.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈsɪt̬.ɚ -s -z
sitting ˈsɪt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈsɪt̬- -s -z ˌ**sitting ˈduck; ˈsitting ˌroom; ˌsitting ˈtarget; ˌsitting ˈtenant**
Sittingbourne ˈsɪt.ɪŋ.bɔːn ⓤⓢ ˈsɪt̬.ɪŋ.bɔːrn
situate *(adj.)* ˈsɪt.ju.eɪt, ˈsɪtʃ.u-, -ɪt, -ət ⓤⓢ ˈsɪtʃ.u.ɪt, -eɪt
situ|ate *(v.)* ˈsɪt.ju|.eɪt, ˈsɪtʃ.u- ⓤⓢ ˈsɪtʃ.u- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
situation ˌsɪt.juˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌsɪtʃ.uˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌsɪtʃ.uˈ- -s -z ˌ**situation ˈcomedy**
sit-up ˈsɪt.ʌp -s -s
Sitwell ˈsɪt.wəl, -wel
Siva ˈʃiː.və, ˈsiː-, ˈsɪv.ə, ˈʃɪv- ⓤⓢ ˈʃiː.və, ˈsiː-
Siward ˈsjuː.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd, ˈsuː-
six sɪks -es -ɪz -fold -fəʊld ⓤⓢ -foʊld
sixer ˈsɪk.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ -s -z
sixish ˈsɪk.sɪʃ
six-pack ˈsɪks.pæk -s -s
six|pence ˈsɪks|.pənts -pences -pənt.sɪz -penny -pᵊn.i
Note: See note under **penny**.
six-shooter ˈsɪksˌʃuː.təʳ, ˈsɪkʃ-, ˌ-ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˈsɪksˌʃuː.t̬ɚ -s -z
sixte sɪkst
sixteen ˌsɪkˈstiːn -s -z -th/s -θ/s -thly -θ.li *stress shift, British only:* ˌsixteen ˈdays *stress shift, British only:* sixˈteenth ˌnote
sixteenmo, 16mo sɪkˈstiːn.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ -s -z
sixth sɪksθ ⓤⓢ sɪkstθ -s -s -ly -li ˈ**sixth ˌform; ˌsixth form ˈcollege; ˌsixth ˈsense**
Sixtus ˈsɪk.stəs
sixt|y ˈsɪk.st|i -ies -iz -ieth/s -i.əθs, -i.ɪθ/s
sixty-nine, 69 ˌsɪk.stiˈnaɪn
sizar ˈsaɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s
siz|e saɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sizeab|le, sizab|le ˈsaɪ.zə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Sizer ˈsaɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ
Sizewell ˈsaɪz.wəl, -wel
sizzl|e ˈsɪz.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈsɪz.lɪŋ -ed -d
sizzler ˈsɪz.ləʳ, -ᵊl.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈ-lɚ, -ᵊl.ɚ -s -z
sjambok ˈʃæm.bɒk, -bʌk ⓤⓢ -bɑːk, -bʌk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ska skɑː
Skagerrak ˈskæg.ə.ræk
skan|ky ˈskæŋ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Skara Brae ˌskær.əˈbreɪ
skat skæt
skat|e skeɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈskeɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈskeɪ.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈskeɪ.t̬ɚ/z
skateboard ˈskeɪt.bɔːd ⓤⓢ -bɔːrd -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -ing -ɪŋ

skating-rink ˈskeɪ.tɪŋ.rɪŋk -s -s
skean dhu ˌskiː.ənˈduː, ˌskiːnˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌskiːn-, ˌʃkiːn- -s -z
Skeat skiːt
skedaddl|e skɪˈdæd.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -ˈdæd.lɪŋ -ed -d
Skeels skiːlz
Skeggs skegz
Skegness ˌskegˈnes *stress shift:* ˌSkegness ˈbeach
skein skeɪn -s -z
skeletal ˈskel.ɪ.tᵊl, ˈ-ə-; skɪˈliː-, skə- ⓤⓢ ˈskel.ə.t̬ᵊl -ly -i
skeleton ˈskel.ɪ.tᵊn, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˈ-ə- -s -z ˈ**skeleton ˌkey; ˌskeleton in the ˈcupboard; ˌskeleton in the ˈcloset**
Skelmanthorpe ˈskel.mən.θɔːp ⓤⓢ -θɔːrp
Skelmersdale ˈskel.məz.deɪl ⓤⓢ -mɚz-
skelter ˈskel.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
Skelton ˈskel.tᵊn
skeptic ˈskep.tɪk -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
skepticism ˈskep.tɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, -tə- ⓤⓢ -tə-
sketch sketʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -able -ə.bᵊl -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
sketchbook ˈsketʃ.bʊk -s -s
Sketchley ˈsketʃ.li
sketchpad ˈsketʃ.pæd -s -z
sketch|y ˈsketʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
skew skjuː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
skewbald ˈskjuː.bɔːld ⓤⓢ -bɑːld, -bɔːld
skewer skjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈskjuː.ɚ, ˈskjuː.ɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
skew-whiff ˌskjuːˈ*h*wɪf
Skey skiː
ski skiː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈ**ski ˌlift; ˈski ˌpants**
skibob ˈskiː.bɒb ⓤⓢ -bɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
skid skɪd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd -dy -i ˌ**skid ˈrow**
Skiddaw ˈskɪd.ɔː *locally:* -ə ⓤⓢ ˈskɪd.ɑː, -ɔː
Skidmore ˈskɪd.mɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -mɔːr
skidpan ˈskɪd.pæn -s -z
skier ˈskiː.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
skiff skɪf -s -s
skiffle ˈskɪf.ᵊl
ski-jump ˈskiː.dʒʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skilful ˈskɪl.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
skill skɪl -s -z -ed -d
skillet ˈskɪl.ɪt -s -s
skilly ˈskɪl.i
skim skɪm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d -mer/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skimp skɪmp -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
skimp|y ˈskɪm.p|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
skin skɪn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d -less

-ləs, -lɪs **by the ˌskin of one's ˈteeth**
skincare ˈskɪn.keəʳ, ˈskɪŋ- ⓤⓢ -ker
skin-deep ˌskɪnˈdiːp ⓤⓢ ˌskɪnˈdiːp, ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* **ˌskin-deep ˈwound**
skin-div|ing ˈskɪnˌdaɪ.v|ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skinflint ˈskɪn.flɪnt **-s** -s
skinful ˈskɪn.fʊl **-s** -z
skinhead ˈskɪn.hed **-s** -z
skink skɪŋk **-s** -s
skinner (S) ˈskɪn.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
skinn|y ˈskɪn|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
skinny-dip ˈskɪn.i.dɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
skint skɪnt
skintight ˈskɪn.taɪt
skip skɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
skipjack ˈskɪp.dʒæk **-s** -s
skipper ˈskɪp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
skipping-rope ˈskɪp.ɪŋ.rəʊp ⓤⓢ -roʊp **-s** -s
Skipton ˈskɪp.tən
skirl skɜːl ⓤⓢ skɝːl **-s** -z
skirmish ˈskɜː.mɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈskɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skirt skɜːt ⓤⓢ skɝːt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ ˈskɝː.t̬ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈskɝː.t̬ɪd
skirting ˈskɜː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈskɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
skirting-board ˈskɜː.tɪŋ.bɔːd ⓤⓢ ˈskɝː.t̬ɪŋ.bɔːrd **-s** -z
skit skɪt **-s** -s
skitter ˈskɪt.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈskɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
skittish ˈskɪt.ɪʃ ⓤⓢ ˈskɪt̬- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
skittle ˈskɪt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈskɪt̬- **-s** -z
skiv|e skaɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skivv|y ˈskɪv|.i **-ies** -iz
Skoda® ˈskəʊ.də ⓤⓢ ˈskoʊ-
Skokholm ˈskɒk.həʊm; ˈskəʊ.kəm ⓤⓢ ˈskɑːk.hoʊm; ˈskoʊ.kəm
Skol® skɒl, skəʊl ⓤⓢ skoʊl, skɑːl
Skopje ˈskɔː.pjeɪ, ˈskɒp.jeɪ ⓤⓢ ˈskɔː.pjeɪ, ˈskɑː-
Skrimshire ˈskrɪm.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃaɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃɚ, -ˌʃaɪɚ
Skrine skriːn
skua ˈskjuː.ə, skjʊə ⓤⓢ ˈskjuː.ə **-s** -z
skul(l)duggery skʌlˈdʌg.ᵊr.i
skulk skʌlk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
skull skʌl **-s** -z **ˌskull and ˈcrossbones**
skullcap ˈskʌl.kæp **-s** -s
skunk skʌŋk **-s** -s
sk|y (S®) sk|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **-ier/s** -aɪ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -aɪ.ɚ/z
sky-blue ˌskaɪˈbluː *stress shift:* **ˌsky-blue ˈfabric**
skycap (S) ˈskaɪ.kæp **-s** -s
skydiv|er ˈskaɪˌdaɪ.v|əʳ ⓤⓢ -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Skye skaɪ
sky-high ˌskaɪˈhaɪ *stress shift:* **ˌsky-high ˈprices**
skyjack ˈskaɪ.dʒæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skylark ˈskaɪ.lɑːk ⓤⓢ -lɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
skylight ˈskaɪ.laɪt **-s** -s
skyline ˈskaɪ.laɪn **-s** -z
skyrock|et ˈskaɪˌrɒk|.ɪt ⓤⓢ -ˌrɑː.k|ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd
skyscape ˈskaɪ.skeɪp **-s** -s
skyscraper ˈskaɪˌskreɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ **-s** -z
skyward ˈskaɪ.wəd ⓤⓢ -wɚd **-s** -z
skywriting ˈskaɪˌraɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ
slab slæb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
slack slæk **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
slacken ˈslæk.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈslæk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
Slade sleɪd
slag slæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **-gy** -i
slagheap ˈslæg.hiːp **-s** -s
slain (*from* **slay**) sleɪn
slainte ˈslɑːn.tʃə, -tjə
Slaithwaite ˈslæθ.wət, -weɪt *locally also:* ˈslaʊ.ɪt
slak|e sleɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
slalom ˈslɑː.ləm **-s** -z
slam slæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
slam-bang ˌslæmˈbæŋ *stress shift:* **ˌslam-bang ˈclatter**
slam-dunk ˌslæmˈdʌŋk, ˈ-- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
slammer ˈslæm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
sland|er ˈslɑːn.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈslæn.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
slanderous ˈslɑːn.dᵊr.əs, ˈ-drəs ⓤⓢ ˈslæn.dɚ.əs, ˈ-drəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
slang slæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˈslanging ˌmatch**
slant slɑːnt ⓤⓢ slænt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ ˈslæn.t̬ɪŋ/li **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈslæn.t̬ɪd
slantways ˈslɑːnt.weɪz ⓤⓢ ˈslænt-
slantwise ˈslɑːnt.waɪz ⓤⓢ ˈslænt-
slap slæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **ˌslap and ˈtickle**
slap-bang ˌslæpˈbæŋ *stress shift:* **ˌslap-bang ˈcentral**
slapdash ˈslæp.dæʃ, ˌ-ˈ-
slaphappy ˌslæpˈhæp.i ⓤⓢ ˈ-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* **ˌslaphappy ˈstate**
slapper ˈslæp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
slapstick ˈslæp.stɪk **-s** -s
slap-up ˌslæpˈʌp ⓤⓢ ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* **ˌslap-up ˈmeal**
slash slæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
slash-and-burn ˌslæʃ.ᵊndˈbɜːn, -ᵊmˈ- ⓤⓢ -ᵊndˈbɝːn *stress shift:* **ˌslash-and-burn ˈfarming**
slat slæt **-s** -s **-ted** -ɪd
slat|e sleɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈsleɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈsleɪ.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈsleɪ.t̬ɚ/z
Slater ˈsleɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
slath|er ˈslæð|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Slatkin ˈslæt.kɪn
slattern ˈslæt.ən, -ɜːn ⓤⓢ ˈslæt̬.ɚn **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-liness** -lɪ.nəs, -nɪs
Slattery ˈslæt.ᵊr.i ⓤⓢ ˈslæt̬.ɚ-
slaty ˈsleɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -t̬i
slaught|er (S) (*n., v.*) ˈslɔː.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈslɑː.t̬|ɚ, ˈslɔː- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erous/ly** -ᵊr.əs/li
slaughterhou|se ˈslɔː.tə.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈslɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈslɔː- **-ses** -zɪz
Slav slɑːv ⓤⓢ slɑːv, slæv **-s** -z
slav|e sleɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˈslave ˌdriver; ˌslave ˈlabour; ˈslave ˌtrade**
slave-owner ˈsleɪvˌəʊ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ.nɚ **-s** -z
slaver *slave-trader:* ˈsleɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ **-s** -z
slav|er (*n., v.*) *slobber:* ˈslæv|.əʳ, ˈsleɪ.v|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈslæv|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
slavery ˈsleɪ.vᵊr.i
slavey ˈsleɪ.vi, ˈslæv.i **-s** -z
Slavic ˈslɑː.vɪk, ˈslæv.ɪk
slavish ˈsleɪ.vɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Slavonic sləˈvɒn.ɪk, slævˈɒn- ⓤⓢ sləˈvɑː.nɪk
slaw slɔː ⓤⓢ slɑː, slɔː **-s** -z
slay sleɪ **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **slew** sluː **slain** sleɪn **slayer/s** sleɪ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Slazenger® ˈslæz.ᵊn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
Sleaford ˈsliː.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
sleaze sliːz
sleazebag ˈsliːz.bæg **-s** -z
sleazeball ˈsliːz.bɔːl ⓤⓢ -bɔːl, -bɑːl **-s** -z
sleaz|y ˈsliː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sled sled **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd
sledg|e sledʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sledgehammer ˈsledʒˌhæm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sleek sliːk **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sleep sliːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **slept** slept **ˈsleeping ˌbag; ˌSleeping ˈBeauty; ˈsleeping ˌcar; ˈsleeping ˌdraught; ˈsleeping ˌpill; ˈsleeping ˌpartner; ˌsleeping poˈliceman; ˈsleeping ˌsickness**
sleeper ˈsliː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚ **-s** -z
sleepless ˈsliː.pləs, -plɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sleepout ˈsliːp.aʊt **-s** -s
sleepover ˈsliːpˌəʊ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ.vɚ **-s** -z
sleepwalk|er ˈsliːpˌwɔː.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.k|ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
sleep|y ˈsliː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sleepyhead ˈsliː.pi.hed **-s** -z

et sliːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈsliː.t̬ɪŋ -ed
d (US) ˈsliː.t̬ɪd -y -i (US) ˈsliː.t̬i -iness
.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs (US) ˈsliː.t̬ɪ.nəs, -nɪs
eve sliːv -s -z -d -d -less -ləs, -lɪs
gh sleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈsleigh
ells
ght (S) slaɪt ˌsleight of ˈhand
ights slaɪts
nder ˈslen.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ
st -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
nderiz|e ˈslen.dᵊr.aɪz (US) -də.raɪz
s -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
pt (*from* sleep) slept
uth sluːθ, sljuːθ (US) sluːθ -s -s -ing
ŋ -ed -t
uthhound ˈsluːθ.haʊnd, ˈsljuːθ-
ˈsluːθ- -s -z
v sluː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
e slaɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
ʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌsliced ˈbread
k slɪk -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst
-z -ing -ɪŋ -ly -li -ed -t -ness -nəs,
ɪs
ker ˈslɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
(*from* slide) slɪd
e slaɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ slid slɪd ˈslide
oˌjector; ˈslide ˌrule; ˈslide
alve; ˌsliding ˈdoor; ˌsliding ˈscale
er ˈslaɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
ht slaɪt -s -s -er -əʳ (US) ˈslaɪ.t̬ɚ -est
t, -əst (US) ˈslaɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li
ess -nəs, -nɪs -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li
ˈslaɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd (US) ˈslaɪ.t̬ɪd
o ˈslaɪ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ
(S) slɪm -mer/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -mest
t -est -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z
ning -ɪŋ -med -d ˈSlim diˌsease
nbridge ˈslɪm.brɪdʒ
e slaɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
line ˈslɪm.laɪn
ly ˈslaɪ.mli -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness
nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
g slɪŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ slung slʌŋ
gback ˈslɪŋ.bæk -s -s
gshot ˈslɪŋ.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt -s -s
k slɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ slunk slʌŋk
k|y ˈslɪŋ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
ɪst, -i.əst
slɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
ipped ˈdisc; ˈslip ˌroad; ˈslip
itch; ˌgive someone the ˈslip
cas|e ˈslɪp.keɪs -es -ɪz
cover ˈslɪpˌkʌv.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
knot ˈslɪp.nɒt (US) -nɑːt -s -s
-on ˈslɪp.ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z
over ˈslɪpˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
pag|e ˈslɪp.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz
per ˈslɪp.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
per|y ˈslɪp.ᵊr|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ
est -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness
nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌslippery ˈslope
p|y ˈslɪp|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest
ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
shod ˈslɪp.ʃɒd (US) -ʃɑːd
stream ˈslɪp.striːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
d -d
-up ˈslɪp.ʌp -s -s

slipway ˈslɪp.weɪ -s -z
slit slɪt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) ˈslɪt̬.ɪŋ
slith|er ˈslɪð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -ery -ᵊr.i
sliv|er ˈslɪv|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
slivovitz ˈslɪv.ə.vɪts, ˈsliː.və- (US) ˈslɪv.ə-
Sloan sləʊn (US) sloʊn
Sloan|e sləʊn (US) sloʊn -es -z -ey -i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -əst ˌSloane ˈRanger; ˌSloane ˈSquare
slob slɒb (US) slɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d -bish -ɪʃ
slobb|er ˈslɒb|.əʳ (US) ˈslɑː.blɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ə.rəʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
slobber|y ˈslɒb.ᵊr|.i (US) ˈslɑː.bɚ- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Slobodan ˈslɒb.ə.dæn, sləˈbɒd.ən (US) ˈslɑːbə-
Slocombe ˈsləʊ.kəm (US) ˈsloʊ-
Slocum ˈsləʊ.kəm (US) ˈsloʊ-
sloe sləʊ (US) sloʊ -s -z ˌsloe ˈgin
slog slɒg (US) slɑːg, slɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d -ger/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
slogan ˈsləʊ.gən (US) ˈsloʊ- -s -z
sloganeer ˌsləʊ.gəˈnɪəʳ (US) ˌsloʊ.gəˈnɪr -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
sloganiz|e, -is|e ˈsləʊ.gə.naɪz (US) ˈsloʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
sloop sluːp -s -s
slop slɒp (US) slɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
slop|e sləʊp (US) sloʊp -es -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Sloper ˈsləʊ.pəʳ (US) ˈsloʊ.pɚ
slopp|y ˈslɒp|.i (US) ˈslɑː.p|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌsloppy ˈjoe
slosh slɒʃ (US) slɑːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
slosh|y ˈslɒʃ|.i (US) ˈslɑː.ʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
slot slɒt (US) slɑːt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ (US) ˈslɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd (US) ˈslɑː.t̬ɪd
sloth sləʊθ (US) slɑːθ, slɔːθ, sloʊθ -s -s
slothful ˈsləʊθ.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) ˈslɑːθ-, ˈslɔːθ-, ˈsloʊθ- -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
slot-machine ˈslɒt.məˌʃiːn (US) ˈslɑːt- -s -z
slouch slaʊtʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
slough (*n.*) *bog:* slaʊ (US) sluː, slaʊ -s -z -y -i
slough (*v.*) *skin:* slʌf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Slough slaʊ
Slovak ˈsləʊ.væk (US) ˈsloʊ.vɑːk, -væk -s -s
Slovaki|a sləʊˈvæk.i|.ə, -ˈvɑː.ki|- (US) sloʊˈvɑː.ki|-, -ˈvæk.i|- -an/s -ən/z
sloven ˈslʌv.ᵊn -s -z
Slovene sləʊˈviːn; ˈsləʊ.viːn (US) ˈsloʊ.viːn -s -z
Sloveni|a sləʊˈviː.ni|.ə, ˈ-nj|ə (US) sloʊ- -an/s -ən/z
slovenl|y ˈslʌv.ᵊn.l|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
slow sləʊ (US) sloʊ -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌslow ˈmotion
slowcoach ˈsləʊ.kəʊtʃ (US) ˈsloʊ.koʊtʃ -es -ɪz
slowdown ˈsləʊ.daʊn (US) ˈsloʊ- -s -z
slowpoke ˈsləʊ.pəʊk (US) ˈsloʊ.poʊk -s -s
slow-witted ˌsləʊˈwɪt.ɪd (US) ˌsloʊˈwɪt̬-
slowworm ˈsləʊ.wɜːm (US) ˈsloʊ.wɝːm -s -z
slub slʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
sludg|e slʌdʒ -y -i
slu|e sluː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
slug slʌg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
slugabed ˈslʌg.ə.bed -s -z
sluggard ˈslʌg.əd (US) -ɚd -s -z -ly -li
sluggish ˈslʌg.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
sluic|e sluːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈsluice ˌgate
sluiceway ˈsluːs.weɪ -s -z
slum slʌm -s -z -ming -ɪŋ -med -d -mer/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
slumb|er ˈslʌm.b|əʳ (US) -b|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z ˈslumber ˌparty
slumm|y ˈslʌm|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
slump slʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
slung (*from* sling) slʌŋ
slunk (*from* slink) slʌŋk
slur slɜːʳ (US) slɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
slurp slɜːp (US) slɝːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
slurr|y ˈslʌr|.i (US) ˈslɝː- -ies -iz
slush slʌʃ -y -i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈslush ˌfund
slut slʌt -s -s -ty -i
sluttish ˈslʌt.ɪʃ (US) ˈslʌt̬- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Sluys slɔɪs
sly slaɪ -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
slyboots ˈslaɪ.buːts
SM ˌesˈem
smack smæk -s -s -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
smacker ˈsmæk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
smackeroo ˌsmæk.ᵊrˈuː (US) -əˈruː -s -z
Smale smeɪl
small (S) smɔːl (US) smɔːl, smɑːl -s -z -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ness -nəs, -nɪs -ish -ɪʃ ˈsmall ˌad, ˌsmall ˈad; ˌsmall ˈarm; ˌsmall ˈbeer; ˌsmall ˈchange; ˈsmall ˌfry; ˈsmall ˌhours (US) ˌsmall ˈhours; ˌsmall poˈtatoes; ˌsmall ˈprint, ˈsmall ˌprint (US) ˌsmall ˈprint; ˌsmall ˈscreen; ˈsmall ˌtalk
small-claims ˌsmɔːlˈkleɪmz (US) ˌsmɔːl-, ˌsmɑːl- ˌsmall-ˈclaims ˌcourt, ˌsmall-claims ˈcourt
Smalley ˈsmɔː.li (US) ˈsmɔː-, ˈsmɑː-
small-hold|er ˈsmɔːlˌhəʊl.d|əʳ (US) -ˌhoʊl.d|ɚ, ˈsmɑːl- -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ing/s -ɪŋ/z
smallish ˈsmɔː.lɪʃ (US) ˈsmɔː-, ˈsmɑː-
small-minded ˌsmɔːlˈmaɪn.dɪd

(US) ˌsmɔːl-, ˌsmɑːl- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌsmall-minded ˈperson

smallpox ˈsmɔːl.pɒks (US) -pɑːks, ˈsmɑːl-

small-scale ˌsmɔːlˈskeɪl (US) ˈ--, ˈsmɑːl- *stress shift, British only:* ˌsmall-scale ˈproject

small-tim|e ˌsmɔːlˈtaɪm (US) ˈ--, ˈsmɑːl- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

small-town ˈsmɔːl.taʊn (US) ˈsmɔːl-, ˈsmɑːl-

Smallwood ˈsmɔːl.wʊd (US) ˈsmɔːl-, ˈsmɑːl-

smalt smɔːlt, smɒlt (US) smɔːlt, smɑːlt

smarm smɑːm (US) smɑːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

smarm|y ˈsmɑː.m|i (US) ˈsmɑːr- **-ily** -ɪli, -əli **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

smart (S) smɑːt (US) smɑːrt **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪd ˈ**smart** ˌ**alec(k)** (US) ˌ**smart** ˈ**alec(k)**; ˈ**smart** ˌ**card**; ˌ**smart** ˈ**money**; ˈ**smart** ˌ**set**

smartars|e ˈsmɑːt.ɑːs (US) ˈsmɑːrt.ɑːrs **-es** -ɪz

smartass ˈsmɑːt.ɑːs, -æs (US) ˈsmɑːrt̬.æs **-es** -ɪz

smarten ˈsmɑː.tən (US) ˈsmɑːr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsmɑːt.nɪŋ (US) ˈsmɑːrt- **-ed** -d

Smarties® ˈsmɑː.tiz (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬iz

smartish ˈsmɑː.tɪʃ (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬ɪʃ

Smartphone® ˈsmɑːt.fəʊn (US) ˈsmɑːrt.foʊn **-s** -z

smarty-pants ˈsmɑː.ti.pænts (US) ˈsmɑːr.t̬i-

smash smæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**smash** ˈ**hit**

smash-and-grab ˌsmæʃ.ənˈdgræb, -əŋˈ- (US) -ənˈd- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌsmash-and-grab ˈraid

smattering ˈsmæt.ər.ɪŋ (US) ˈsmæt̬- **-s** -z

smear smɪəʳ (US) smɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˈ**smear** **cam**ˌ**paign**; ˈ**smear** ˌ**test**

Smeaton ˈsmiː.tən

Smedley ˈsmed.li

Smeeth smiːð, smiːθ

smegma ˈsmeg.mə

smell smel **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d, -t **smelt** smelt ˈ**smelling** ˌ**salts**

smell|y ˈsmel|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

smelt smelt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈsmel.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈsmel.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Smetana ˈsmet.ən.ə

Smethwick ˈsmeð.ɪk

smew smjuː **-s** -z

smidgen, smidgin, smidgeon ˈsmɪdʒ.ən, -ɪn **-s** -z

Smieton ˈsmiː.tən

Smike smaɪk

smilax ˈsmaɪ.læks **-es** -ɪz

smil|e smaɪl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

Smiles smaɪlz

smil|ey (S) ˈsmaɪ.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Smillie ˈsmaɪ.li

smirch smɜːtʃ (US) smɝːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

smirk smɜːk (US) smɝːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

Smirke smɜːk (US) smɝːk

Smirnoff® ˈsmɜː.nɒf (US) ˈsmɝː.nɔːf, ˈsmɪr-, -nɑːf

smit (*from* **smite**) smɪt

smit|e smaɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈsmaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **smote** sməʊt (US) smoʊt **smit** smɪt **smitten** ˈsmɪt.ən

smith (S) smɪθ **-s** -s

Smithells ˈsmɪð.əlz

smithereens ˌsmɪð.ərˈiːnz (US) -əˈriːnz

Smithers ˈsmɪð.əz (US) -ɚz

Smithfield ˈsmɪθ.fiːld

Smithson ˈsmɪθ.sən

Smithsonian smɪθˈsəʊ.ni.ən (US) -ˈsoʊ-

smith|y ˈsmɪð|.i, ˈsmɪθ- (US) ˈsmɪθ-, ˈsmɪð- **-ies** -iz

smitten (*from* **smite**) ˈsmɪt.ən

smock smɒk (US) smɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

smog smɒg (US) smɑːg, smɔːg

smogg|y ˈsmɒg|.i (US) ˈsmɑː.g|i, ˈsmɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

smok|e sməʊk (US) smoʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**smoke** **a**ˌ**larm**; ˌ**smoke and** ˈ**mirrors**; ˈ**smoke** ˌ**screen**; ˈ**smoking** **com**ˌ**partment**; ˈ**smoking** ˌ**jacket**; ˈ**smoking** ˌ**room**; ˌ**go up in** ˈ**smoke**; **there's** ˌ**no** ˌ**smoke without** ˈ**fire**

smokehou|se ˈsməʊk.haʊ|s (US) ˈsmoʊk- **-ses** -zɪz

smokeless ˈsməʊk.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈsmoʊk-

smokestack ˈsməʊk.stæk (US) ˈsmoʊk- **-s** -s ˈ**smokestack** ˌ**industry**

Smokies ˈsməʊ.kiz (US) ˈsmoʊ-

smoko ˈsməʊ.kəʊ (US) ˈsmoʊ.koʊ **-s** -z

smok|y ˈsməʊ.k|i (US) ˈsmoʊ- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

smold|er ˈsməʊl.d|əʳ (US) ˈsmoʊl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

Smollett ˈsmɒl.ɪt (US) ˈsmɑː.lɪt

smolt sməʊlt (US) smoʊlt

smooch smuːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i

smooth (*adj.*) smuːð **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

smooth|(e) (*v.*) smuːð **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

smoothbore ˈsmuːð.bɔːʳ (US) -bɔːr **-s** -z

smooth|ie, smooth|y ˈsmuː.ð|i **-ies** -iz

smorgasbord ˈsmɔː.gəs.bɔːd (US) ˈsmɔːr.gəs.bɔːrd **-s** -z

smote (*from* **smite**) sməʊt (US) smoʊt

smoth|er ˈsmʌð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

smould|er ˈsməʊl.d|əʳ (US) ˈsmoʊl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

SMS ˌes.emˈes

smudg|e smʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

smug smʌg **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ger** -əʳ (US) -gɚ **-gest** -ɪst, -gəst

smuggl|e ˈsmʌg|.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsmʌg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

smuggler ˈsmʌg.ləʳ, ˈ-əl.əʳ (US) ˈ-lɚ, ˈ-əl.ɚ **-s** -z

smut smʌt **-s** -s **-ty** -i (US) ˈsmʌt̬.i **-tier** -i.əʳ (US) ˈsmʌt̬.i.ɚ **-tiest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst (US) ˈsmʌt̬.i.ɪst, -i.əst **-tily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i (US) ˈsmʌt̬.ɪ.li, -əl.i **-tiness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs (US) ˈsmʌt̬.ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Smylie ˈsmaɪ.li

Smyrna ˈsmɜː.nə (US) ˈsmɝː-

Smyth smɪθ, smaɪθ

Smythe smaɪð, smaɪθ

snack snæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**snack** ˌ**bar**

Snaefell ˌsneɪˈfel

snaffl|e ˈsnæf.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsnæf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

snafu snæfˈuː (US) snæfˈuː, ˈ-- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

snag snæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

Snagge snæg

snail sneɪl **-s** -z **-like** -laɪk ˈ**snail's** ˌ**pace**

snak|e sneɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**snake** ˌ**charmer**; ˌ**snakes and** ˈ**ladders**; ˌ**snake in the** ˈ**grass** (US) ˈ**snake in the** ˌ**grass**

snakebite ˈsneɪk.baɪt **-s** -s

snakeskin ˈsneɪk.skɪn

snak|y ˈsneɪ.k|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

snap snæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˈ**snap** ˌ**fastener**

snapdragon ˈsnæpˌdræg.ən **-s** -z

Snape sneɪp

snapper ˈsnæp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

snappish ˈsnæp.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Snapple® ˈsnæp.əl

snapp|y ˈsnæp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

snapshot ˈsnæp|.ʃɒt (US) -ʃɑːt **-s** -s

snar|e sneəʳ (US) sner **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**snare** ˌ**drum**

snark snɑːk (US) snɑːrk **-s** -s

snarky ˈsnɑː.ki (US) ˈsnɑːr.ki

snarl snɑːl (US) snɑːrl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

snarl-up ˈsnɑːl.ʌp (US) ˈsnɑːrl- **-s** -s

snatch snætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

snatch|y ˈsnætʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i

snazz|y ˈsnæz|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

sneak sniːk **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**sneak** ˈ**preview**; ˈ**sneak** ˌ**thief**, ˌ**sneak** ˈ**thief** (US) ˈ**sneak** ˌ**thief**

aker 'sniː.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
akers 'sniː.kəz US -kɚz
aky 'sniː.ki -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest
.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
edden 'sned.ən
eer snɪəʳ US snɪr -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li
ed -d
eez|e sniːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
elgrove 'snel.grəʊv US -groʊv
ell (S) snel -s -z
eyd sniːd
b snɪb -s -z
ck snɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ick|er 'snɪk|.əʳ US -ɚ -ers -əz
US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd
US -ɚd
ickers® 'snɪk.əz US -ɚz
ickersnee ˌsnɪk.ə'sniː, '---
US 'snɪk.ɚ.sniː -s -z
ide snaɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
iff snɪf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -y -i -ier
i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily
ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
iffer 'snɪf.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z 'sniffer ˌdog
iffl|e 'snɪf.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
'snɪf.lɪŋ -ed -d
ifter 'snɪf.təʳ US -tɚ -s -z
iggl|er 'snɪgl.əʳ US -ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz
-ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s
-ə.rəʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
ip snɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s
-əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ip|e snaɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
-əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
ipp|et 'snɪp|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -ety -ɪ.ti
US -ɪ.ţi
it snɪt -s -s
itch snɪtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ivel 'snɪv.əl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ,
'snɪv.lɪŋ -(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z,
'snɪv.ləʳ/z US '-əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
ob snɒb US snɑːb -s -z -bism -ɪ.zəm
obbery 'snɒb.ər.i US 'snɑː.bɚ-
obbish 'snɒb.ɪʃ US 'snɑː.bɪʃ -ly -li
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
obb|y 'snɒb|.i US 'snɑː.b|i -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
NOBOL 'snəʊ.bɒl US 'snoʊ.bɔːl, -bɑːl
odgrass 'snɒd.grɑːs
US 'snɑːd.græs
odland 'snɒd.lənd US 'snɑːd-
oek snʊk, snuːk -s -s
og snɒg US snɑːg, snɔːg -s -z -ging
-ɪŋ -ged -d
ood snuːd, snʊd US snuːd -s -z -ed
-ɪd
oody 'snuː.di
ook snuːk US snʊk, snuːk -s -s
ooker 'snuː.kəʳ US 'snʊk.ɚ -s -z
-ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
oop snuːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
-əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
oopy® 'snuː.pi
oot snuːt -s -s
oot|y 'snuː.t|i US -ţ|i -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i
-iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ
-iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
ooz|e snuːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

-er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
snor|e snɔːʳ US snɔːr -es -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
snorkel 'snɔː.kəl US 'snɔːr- -s -z -(l)ing
-ɪŋ -(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
snort snɔːt US snɔːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
US 'snɔːr.ţɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'snɔːr.ţɪd
snorter 'snɔː.təʳ US 'snɔːr.ţɚ -s -z
snort|y 'snɔː.t|i US 'snɔːr.ţ|i -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li,
-əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
snot snɒt US snɑːt -ty -i US 'snɑː.ţi
snout (S) snaʊt -s -s
snow (S) snəʊ US snoʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'snow ˌblind-
ness; 'snow ˌgoose; ˌSnow 'White
snowball 'snəʊ.bɔːl US 'snoʊ.bɔːl,
-bɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
snowberr|y 'snəʊ.bər|.i, -br|i
US 'snoʊˌber|.i -ies -iz
snow-blind 'snəʊ.blaɪnd US 'snoʊ-
snowblower 'snəʊˌbləʊ.əʳ
US 'snoʊˌbloʊ.ɚ -s -z
snowboard 'snəʊ.bɔːd
US 'snoʊ.bɔːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
-er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
snowbound 'snəʊ.baʊnd US 'snoʊ-
snowcap 'snəʊ.kæp US 'snoʊ- -s -s
-ped -t
Snowden, Snowdon 'snəʊ.dən
US 'snoʊ-
Snowdonia snəʊ'dəʊ.ni.ə
US snoʊ'doʊ-
snowdrift 'snəʊ.drɪft US 'snoʊ- -s -s
snowdrop 'snəʊ.drɒp US 'snoʊ.drɑːp
-s -s
snowfall 'snəʊ.fɔːl US 'snoʊ-, -fɑːl
-s -z
snowfield 'snəʊ.fiːld US 'snoʊ- -s -z
snowflake 'snəʊ.fleɪk US 'snoʊ- -s -s
snow|man 'snəʊ|.mæn US 'snoʊ-
-men -men
snowmobile 'snəʊ.məˌbiːl
US 'snoʊ.moʊˌ- -s -z
snowplough, snowplow
'snəʊ.plaʊ US 'snoʊ- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
snowshoe 'snəʊ.ʃuː US 'snoʊ- -s -z
snowstorm 'snəʊ.stɔːm
US 'snoʊ.stɔːrm -s -z
snowsuit 'snəʊ.suːt, -sjuːt
US 'snoʊ.suːt -s -s
snow-white ˌsnəʊ'hwaɪt US ˌsnoʊ-
stress shift: ˌsnow-white 'hair
snow|y 'snəʊ|.i US 'snoʊ- -ier -i.əʳ
US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li,
-əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌsnowy
'owl
SNP ˌes.en'piː, -em'- US -en'-
snr (S) (*abbrev. for* **senior**) 'siː.ni.əʳ,
-njəʳ US -njɚ
snub snʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
snub-nosed ˌsnʌb'nəʊzd
US 'snʌb.noʊzd *stress shift, British only:* ˌsnub-nosed 'bullet
snuck snʌk
snuff snʌf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s
-əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'snuff ˌbox
snuffl|e 'snʌf.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,

'snʌf.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z,
'snʌf.ləʳ/z US '-əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z -y -i
snug snʌg -ger -əʳ US -ɚ -gest -ɪst,
-əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
snugger|y 'snʌg.ər|.i -ies -iz
snuggl|e 'snʌg.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ,
'snʌg.lɪŋ -ed -d
Snyder 'snaɪ.dəʳ US -dɚ
so *normal forms:* səʊ US soʊ *occasional weak form:* sə ˌso 'long US 'so ˌlong
Note: Weak form word. The weak form is used only rarely, and only in casual speech before adjectives and adverbs (e.g. "Not so bad" /ˌnɒt.sə'bæd US ˌnɑːt-/, "Don't go so fast" /ˌdəʊnt.gəʊ.sə'fɑːst US ˌdoʊnt.goʊ.sə'fæst/).
soak səʊk US soʊk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
soakaway 'səʊk.əˌweɪ US 'soʊk- -s -z
Soames səʊmz US soʊmz
so-and-so 'səʊ.ənd.səʊ
US 'soʊ.ənd.soʊ -(')s -z
Soane səʊn US soʊn -s -z
soap səʊp US soʊp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -y
-i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
-ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
soapbox 'səʊp.bɒks US 'soʊp.bɑːks
-es -ɪz
soap opera 'səʊpˌɒp.ər.ə, ˌ-rə
US 'soʊpˌɑː.pɚ.ə, ˌ-prə -s -z
soapstone 'səʊp.stəʊn
US 'soʊp.stoʊn
soapsuds 'səʊp.sʌdz US 'soʊp-
soar (S) sɔːʳ US sɔːr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
-ed -d
soaraway 'sɔː.rə.weɪ US 'sɔːr.ə-
Soares səʊ'ɑː.rɪz US soʊ'ɑːr.ɪz
sob sɒb US sɑːb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
'sob ˌstory
SOB ˌes.əʊ'biː US -oʊ'-
Sobel 'səʊ.bel US 'soʊ-
sob|er 'səʊ.b|əʳ US 'soʊ.b|ɚ -erer
-ər.əʳ US -ɚ.ɚ -erest -ər.ɪst, -ər.əst
-erly -əl.i US -ɚ.li -erness -ə.nəs,
-ə.nɪs US -ɚ.nəs, -ɚ.nɪs -ers -əz
US -ɚz -ering/ly -ər.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd
US -ɚd
Sobers 'səʊ.bəz US 'soʊ.bɚz
sobersides 'səʊ.bə.saɪdz US 'soʊ.bɚ-
sobriety səʊ'braɪ.ɪ.ti, '-ə-
US sə'braɪ.ə.ţi, soʊ-
sobriquet 'səʊ.brɪ.keɪ US 'soʊ-,
-ket, ˌ--'- -s -z
so-called ˌsəʊ'kɔːld US ˌsoʊ'kɑːld,
-'kɔːld *stress shift:* ˌso-called 'friend
soc(c)age 'sɒk.ɪdʒ US 'sɑː.kɪdʒ
soccer 'sɒk.əʳ US 'sɑː.kɚ
sociability ˌsəʊ.ʃə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti
US ˌsoʊ.ʃə'bɪl.ə.ţi
sociab|le 'səʊ.ʃə.b|əl US 'soʊ- -ly -li
-leness -əl.nəs, -nɪs
social 'səʊ.ʃəl US 'soʊ- -s -z -ly -i ˌsocial
'climber US 'social ˌclimber; ˌsocial
de'mocracy; ˌsocial 'democrat;
'social ˌlife; ˌsocial 'science US 'so-
cial ˌscience; ˌsocial 'secretary;
ˌsocial se'curity; ˌsocial 'service
US 'social ˌservice; 'social ˌwork
social|ism 'səʊ.ʃəl|.ɪ.zəm US 'soʊ-
-ist/s -ɪst/s

Soft palate

The rear part of the roof of the mouth.

Most of the roof of the mouth consists of 'hard palate', which has bone beneath the skin. Towards the back of the mouth, the layer of bone comes to an end but the layer of soft tissue continues for some distance, ending eventually in a loose appendage that can easily be seen by looking in a mirror. This dangling object is the 'uvula', and the layer of soft tissue attached to it is called the soft palate (it is also sometimes known as the 'velum'). In normal breathing the velum is allowed to hang down so that air may pass above it and escape through the nose, but for most speech sounds it is lifted up and pressed against the upper back wall of the throat so that no air can escape through the nose. This is necessary for a PLOSIVE, for example, so that air may be compressed within the vocal tract. However, for NASAL consonants (e.g., [m], [n]) the soft palate must be lowered since air should escape only through the nose in these sounds.

In nasalised vowels (such vowels are found in considerable numbers in French, for example) the soft palate is lowered and air escapes through the mouth and the nose together.

socialistic ˌsəʊ.ʃəlˈɪs.tɪk US ˌsoʊ.ʃəˈlɪs-
socialite ˈsəʊ.ʃəl.aɪt US ˈsoʊ.ʃə.laɪt **-s** -s
socialization, -isa- ˌsəʊ.ʃəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- US ˌsoʊ.ʃəl.ɪˈ-
socializ|e, -is|e ˈsəʊ.ʃəl.aɪz US ˈsoʊ.ʃə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
societal səˈsaɪ.ə.təl US -t̬əl
societ|y (S) səˈsaɪ.ə.t|i US -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Socinian səʊˈsɪn.i.ən US soʊ- **-s** -z
Socinus səʊˈsaɪ.nəs US soʊ-
socio- səʊ.ʃi.əʊ, -si-; ˌsəʊ.ʃiˈɒ, -siˈ- US soʊ.si.oʊ, -ʃi-, -ə; ˌsoʊ.siˈɑː, -ʃiˈ-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **sociopath** /ˈsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.pæθ US ˈsoʊ.si.ə-/, **sociopolitical** /ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.pəˈlɪt.ɪ.kəl US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ.pəˈlɪt̬-/, or secondary stress on the first syllable and primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **sociology** /ˌsəʊ.ʃiˈɒl.ə.dʒi US ˌsoʊ.siˈɑː.lə-/.
sociobiolog|y ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.baɪˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ.baɪˈɑː.lə-, -ʃi- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sociocultural ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊˈkʌl.tʃər.əl, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ-, -ʃi- **-ly** -i
socioeconomic ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊˌiː.kəˈnɒm.ɪk, -si-, -ˌek.əˈ- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊˌek.əˈnɑː.mɪk, -ʃi-, -ˌiː.kəˈ-
sociolinguist ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊˈlɪŋ.gwɪst, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊˈ-, -ʃi- **-s** -s
sociolinguistic ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.lɪŋˈgwɪs.tɪk, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ-, -ʃi- **-s** -s
sociologic|al ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.əˈlɑː.dʒɪ-, -ʃi- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
sociologist ˌsəʊ.ʃiˈɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪst, -siˈ- US ˌsoʊ.siˈɑː.lə-, -ʃiˈ- **-s** -s
sociolog|y ˌsəʊ.ʃiˈɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -siˈ- US ˌsoʊ.siˈɑː.lə-, -ʃiˈ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sociopath ˈsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.pæθ, -si- US ˈsoʊ.si.ə-, -ʃi- **-s** -s
sociopolitical ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.pəlˈɪt.ɪ.kəl, -si- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ.pəˈlɪt̬-, -ʃi-
socioreligious ˌsəʊ.ʃi.əʊ.rɪˈlɪdʒ.əs, -si-, -rəˈ- US ˌsoʊ.si.oʊ-, -ʃi-
sock sɒk US sɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sockdolager, sockdologer sɒkˈdɒl.ə.dʒəʳ US sɑːkˈdɑː.lə.dʒɚ **-s** -z
sock|et ˈsɒk|.ɪt US ˈsɑː.k|ɪt **-ets** -ɪts **-eted** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.t̬ɪd
Socotra səʊˈkəʊ.trə, sɒkˈəʊ- US soʊˈkoʊ-
Socrates ˈsɒk.rə.tiːz US ˈsɑː.krə-
socratic (S) sɒkˈræt.ɪk, səʊˈkræt- US səˈkræt̬-, soʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
sod sɒd US sɑːd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd ˌ**sod's ˈlaw**, ˈ**sod's ˌlaw**
soda ˈsəʊ.də US ˈsoʊ- **-s** -z ˈ**soda ˌbiscuit**; ˈ**soda ˌbread**; ˈ**soda ˌcracker**; ˈ**soda ˌfountain**; ˈ**soda ˌpop**; ˈ**soda ˌsiphon**; ˈ**soda ˌwater**
sodalit|y səʊˈdæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US soʊˈdæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
sodden ˈsɒd.ən US ˈsɑː.dən **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sodding ˈsɒd.ɪŋ US ˈsɑː.dɪŋ
sodium ˈsəʊ.di.əm US ˈsoʊ-
Sodom ˈsɒd.əm US ˈsɑː.dəm
sodomiz|e, -is|e ˈsɒd.ə.maɪz US ˈsɑː.də- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sodom|y ˈsɒd.ə.m|i US ˈsɑː.də- **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
Sodor ˈsəʊ.dəʳ US ˈsoʊ.dɚ
Soeharto suˈhɑː.təʊ US -ˈhɑːr.t̬oʊ
soever səʊˈev.əʳ US soʊˈev.ɚ
sofa ˈsəʊ.fə US ˈsoʊ- **-s** -z
sofabed ˈsəʊ.fə.bed US ˈsoʊ- **-s** -z
Sofala səʊˈfɑː.lə US soʊ-, sə-
soffit ˈsɒf.ɪt US ˈsɑː.fɪt **-s** -s
Sofia ˈsɒf.i.ə, ˈsəʊ.fi- US ˈsoʊ.fi-; soʊˈfiː-
soft sɒft US sɑːft **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**soft ˈcopy**; ˌ**soft ˈdrink** US ˈ**soft ˌdrink**; ˌ**soft ˈfruit**; ˌ**soft ˈfurnishings**; ˌ**soft ˈlanding**; ˌ**soft ˈoption**; ˌ**soft ˈsell**; ˈ**soft ˌspot**, ˌ**soft ˈspot** US ˈ**soft ˌspot**; ˌ**soft ˈtarget**; ˈ**soft ˌtouch**, ˌ**soft ˈtouch**
softback ˈsɒft.bæk US ˈsɑːft- **-s** -s
softball ˈsɒft.bɔːl US ˈsɑːft-, -bɑːl
soft-boil ˌsɒftˈbɔɪl US ˌsɑːft- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
soft-centred ˌsɒftˈsen.təd US ˌsɑːftˈsen.tɚd
soft-core ˈsɒft.kɔːʳ US ˈsɑːft.kɔːr
softcover ˌsɒftˈkʌv.əʳ US ˈsɑːft.kʌv.ɚ **-s** -z
soften ˈsɒf.ən US ˈsɑː.fən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsɒf.nɪŋ US ˈsɑːf- **-ed** -d
softener ˈsɒf.ən.əʳ, ˈ-nəʳ US ˈsɑː.fən.ɚ, ˈsɑːf.nɚ **-s** -z
softhearted ˌsɒftˈhɑː.tɪd US ˈsɑːftˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌsofthearted ˈperson
soft|ie ˈsɒf.t|i US ˈsɑːf- **-ies** -iz
softish ˈsɒf.tɪʃ US ˈsɑːf-
softly-softly ˌsɒft.liˈsɒft.li US ˌsɑːft.liˈsɑːft-
soft-pedal ˌsɒftˈped.əl US ˌsɑːft- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈped.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
soft-soap ˌsɒftˈsəʊp US ˌsɑːftˈsoʊp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
soft-spoken ˌsɒftˈspəʊ.kən US ˌsɑːftˈspoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌsoft-spoken ˈperson
software ˈsɒft.weəʳ US ˈsɑːft.wer
softwood ˈsɒft.wʊd US ˈsɑːft- **-s** -z
soft|y ˈsɒf.t|i US ˈsɑːf- **-ies** -iz
SOGAT ˈsəʊ.gæt US ˈsoʊ-
sogg|y ˈsɒg|.i US ˈsɑː.g|i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
soh səʊ US soʊ **-s** -z
Soham ˈsəʊ.əm US ˈsoʊ-
Soho ˈsəʊ.həʊ US ˈsoʊ.hoʊ
soi-disant ˌswɑː.diːˈzɑ̃ːŋ, ˌ-ˈ-- US ˌswɑː.diːˈzɑ̃ːn
soigné(e) ˈswɑː.njeɪ, -ˈ- US swɑːˈnjeɪ
soil sɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**soil ˌpipe**
soirée, soiree ˈswɑː.reɪ, ˈswɒr.eɪ, -ˈ- US swɑːˈreɪ **-s** -z
soixante-neuf ˌswæs.ɑ̃ːntˈnɜːf, ˌswʌs- US ˌswɑː.sɑ̃ːntˈnɜːf
sojourn ˈsɒdʒ.ɜːn, ˈsʌdʒ-, -ən US ˈsoʊ.dʒɝːn, -ˈ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Sokoto ˈsəʊ.kə.təʊ, ˌ--ˈ- US ˈsoʊ.koʊ.toʊ, ˌ--ˈ-; səˈkoʊ-
sol (S) sɒl US soʊl, sɑːl **-s** -z

la 'səʊ.lə US 'soʊ-

lac|e 'sɒl.əs, -ɪs US 'sɑː.lɪs **-es** -ɪz **ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

lanum səʊ'leɪ.nəm, -'lɑː- US soʊ'leɪ-

lar 'səʊ.ləʳ US 'soʊ.lɚ ˌ**solar 'en- ergy**; ˌ**solar 'panel**; ˌ**solar 'plexus**; **solar ˌsystem**

lari|um səʊ'leə.ri.əm US soʊ'ler.i-, sə- **-ums** -z **-a** -ə

lati|um səʊ'leɪ.ʃi|.əm US soʊ- **ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

ld (*from* **sell**) səʊld US soʊld

ld|er 'səʊl.d|əʳ, 'sɒl- US 'sɑː.d|ɚ **ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** əd US -ɚd **'soldering ˌiron**

ldi|er 'səʊl.dʒ|əʳ US 'soʊl.dʒ|ɚ **-ers** əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd ˌ**soldier of 'fortune**

ldierly 'səʊl.dʒᵊl.i US 'soʊl.dʒɚ.li

ldiery 'səʊl.dʒᵊr.i US 'soʊl-

l|e (S) səʊl US soʊl **-es** -z **-ely** -li **ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

lecism 'sɒl.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə-, -es.ɪ- US 'sɑː.lə- **-s** -z

lemn 'sɒl.əm US 'sɑː.ləm **-ly** -li **ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lemnif|y sə'lem.nɪ.f|aɪ, sɒl'em- US sə'lem- **-ies** -z **-ying** -ɪŋ **-ied** -d

lemnit|y sə'lem.nə.t|i, sɒl'em-, nɪ- US sə'lem.nə.t̬|i **-ies** -z

lemnization, -isa- sɒl.əm.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- US ˌsɑː.ləm.nɪ'- **-s** -z

lemniz|e, -is|e 'sɒl.əm.naɪz US 'sɑː.ləm- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

lenoid 'səʊ.lə.nɔɪd, 'sɒl.ə-, '-ɪ- US 'soʊ.lə-, 'sɑː- **-s** -z

lent 'səʊ.lənt US 'soʊ-

l-fa (S) ˌsɒl'fɑː, '-- US ˌsoʊl-

lfegg|io sɒl'fedʒ|.i.əʊ US soʊl'fedʒ|.i.oʊ; sɑːl'fedʒ|.oʊ **-i** -iː

lferino (S) ˌsɒl.fᵊr'iː.nəʊ US ˌsoʊl.fə'riː.noʊ, ˌsɑːl-

lic|it sə'lɪs|.ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ US -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd US -ɪ.t̬ɪd

licitation səˌlɪs.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z

licitor sə'lɪs.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z **soˌlicitor 'general**

licitous sə'lɪs.ɪ.təs US -t̬əs **-ly** -li **ness** -nəs, -nɪs

licitude sə'lɪs.ɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd US -tuːd, -tjuːd

lid 'sɒl.ɪd US 'sɑː.lɪd **-s** -z **-est** -ɪst, əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

lidarity (S) ˌsɒl.ɪ'dær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌsɑː.lə'der.ə.t̬i, -'dær-

lidifiable sə'lɪd.ɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl, sɒl'ɪd- US sə'lɪd-

lidification səˌlɪd.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ɒlˌɪd- US səˌlɪd.ə-

lidi|fy sə'lɪd.ɪ.|faɪ, sɒl'ɪd- US sə'lɪd.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **fied** -faɪd

lidity sə'lɪd.ə.ti, sɒl'ɪd-, -ɪ.ti US sə'lɪd.ə.t̬i

lid-state ˌsɒl.ɪd'steɪt US ˌsɑː.lɪd'- *tress shift, see compound:* **solid-state 'physics**

solid|us 'sɒl.ɪ.d|əs US 'sɑː.lɪ- **-i** -aɪ, -iː

Solihull ˌsəʊ.lɪ'hʌl, ˌsɒl.ɪ'- US ˌsoʊ.lɪ'- *stress shift:* ˌ**Solihull 'residents**

soliloquiz|e, -is|e sə'lɪl.ə.kwaɪz, sɒl'ɪl- US sə'lɪl- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

soliloqu|y sə'lɪl.ə.kw|i, sɒl'ɪl- US sə'lɪl- **-ies** -iz

solipsism 'sɒl.ɪp.sɪ.zᵊm, 'səʊ.lɪp- US 'sɑː.lɪp-, 'soʊ- **-s** -z

solipsist 'sɒl.ɪp.sɪst US 'sɑː.lɪp- **-s** -s **-ic** -ɪk

solitaire ˌsɒl.ɪ'teəʳ, '--- US 'sɑː.lə.ter **-s** -z

solitar|y 'sɒl.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, '-ə-, -tr|i US 'sɑː.lə.ter|.i **-ies** -iz **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**solitary con'finement**

solitude 'sɒl.ɪ.tjuːd, '-ə-, -tʃuːd US 'sɑː.lə.tuːd, -tjuːd **-s** -z

Solloway 'sɒl.ə.weɪ US 'sɑː.lə-

solo 'səʊ.ləʊ US 'soʊ.loʊ **-s** -z

soloist 'səʊ.ləʊ.ɪst US 'soʊ.loʊ- **-s** -s

Solomon 'sɒl.ə.mən US 'sɑː.lə- **'Solomon ˌIslands**

Solon 'səʊ.lɒn, -lən US 'soʊ.lən, -lɑːn

so-long ˌsəʊ'lɒŋ; sə- US ˌsoʊ'lɑːŋ, sə-, -'lɔːŋ

solstic|e 'sɒl.stɪs US 'sɑːl- **-es** -ɪz

Solti 'ʃɒl.ti US 'soʊl.tiː

solubility ˌsɒl.jə'bɪl.ə.ti, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti US ˌsɑːl.jə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -jʊ'-

soluble 'sɒl.jə.bᵊl, -jʊ- US 'sɑːl-

solus 'səʊ.ləs US 'soʊ-

solution sə'luː.ʃᵊn, -'ljuː- US -'luː- **-s** -z

solvability ˌsɒl.və'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌsɑːl.və'bɪl.ə.t̬i

solv|e sɒlv US sɑːlv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl

solvency 'sɒl.vᵊnt.si US 'sɑːl-

solvent 'sɒl.vənt US 'sɑːl- **'solvent aˌbuse**

Solway 'sɒl.weɪ US 'sɑːl-

Solzhenitsyn ˌsɒl.ʒə'nɪt.sɪn US ˌsoʊl.ʒə'niːt-

som|a 'səʊ.m|ə US 'soʊ- **-ata** -ə.tə US -ə.t̬ə

Somali sə'mɑː.li US soʊ-, sə- **-s** -z

Somali|a sə'mɑː.li|.ə US soʊ-, sə- **-an/s** -ən/z

somatic səʊ'mæt.ɪk US soʊ'mæt̬-

somatostatin ˌsəʊ.mə.tə'stæt.ɪn US səˌmæt̬.ə'stæt.ᵊn; ˌsoʊ.mə.t̬ə'-

somatotropin səʊˌmæt.ə'trəʊ.pɪn; ˌsəʊ.mə.tə'- US səˌmæt̬.ə'troʊ.pən; ˌsoʊ.mə.t̬ə'-

somb|er 'sɒm.b|əʳ US 'sɑːm.b|ɚ **-erest** -ᵊr.ɪst, -ᵊr.əst **-erly** -ə.li US -ɚ.li **-erness** -ə.nəs, -ə.nɪs US -ɚ.nəs, -ɚ.nɪs

sombr|e 'sɒm.b|əʳ US 'sɑːm.b|ɚ **-est** -ᵊr.ɪst, -ᵊr.əst **-ely** -ə.li **-eli** -ɚ.li **-eness** -ə.nəs, -ə.nɪs US -ɚ.nəs, -ɚ.nɪs

sombrero sɒm'breə.rəʊ US sɑːm'brer.oʊ, səm- **-s** -z

some *strong form:* sʌm *weak form:* sᵊm

Note: Weak form word. There are two grammatical functions for this word, one being the determiner, as in "some apples, some bananas", etc., where a weak form is used, the other being a quantifier, as in "some were tired and some were hungry", where the strong form is usual. In final position, the strong form is used (e.g. "I want some").

-some səm

Note: Suffix. Does not normally change the stress pattern of the word to which it is added, e.g. **trouble** /'trʌb.ᵊl/, **troublesome** /'trʌb.ᵊl.səm/.

somebody 'sʌm.bə.di, -ˌbɒd.i US -ˌbɑː.di, -ˌbʌd.i, -bə.di

someday 'sʌm.deɪ

somehow 'sʌm.haʊ

someone 'sʌm.wʌn, -wɒn US -wʌn

someplace 'sʌm.pleɪs

Somerfield® 'sʌm.ə.fiːld US -ɚ-

Somers 'sʌm.əz US -ɚz

somersault 'sʌm.ə.sɔːlt, -sɒlt US -ɚ.sɑːlt, -sɔːlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

Somerset 'sʌm.ə.set, -sɪt US '-ɚ- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ʃɪr

Somerton 'sʌm.ə.tᵊn US -ɚ.t̬ən

Somervell 'sʌm.ə.vɪl, -vel US '-ɚ-

Somerville 'sʌm.ə.vɪl US '-ɚ-

something 'sʌm*p*.θɪŋ

sometime 'sʌm.taɪm

sometimes 'sʌm.taɪmz

someway 'sʌm.weɪ

somewhat 'sʌm.*h*wɒt US -*h*wɑːt, -*h*wʌt, -*h*wət

somewhere 'sʌm.*h*weəʳ US -*h*wer

Somme sɒm US sʌm

sommelier sɒm'el.i.əʳ, sʌm-, -eɪ; 'sʌm.ᵊl.jeɪ, 'sɒm- US ˌsʌm.ᵊl'jeɪ **-s** -z

somnambul|ism sɒm'næm.bjə.l|ɪ.zᵊm, -bjʊ- US sɑːm'næm- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

somniferous sɒm'nɪf.ᵊr.əs US sɑːm-

somnolen|ce 'sɒm.nᵊl.ən|*t*s US 'sɑːm- **-t/ly** -t/li

Sompting 'sɒm*p*.tɪŋ, 'sʌm*p*- US 'sɑːm*p*-

son (S) sʌn **-s** -z ˌ**son of a 'bitch**; ˌ**son of a 'gun**

sonagram 'səʊ.nə.græm, 'sɒn.ə- US 'sɑː.nə-, 'soʊ- **-s** -z

sonagraph (S®) 'səʊ.nə.grɑːf, 'sɒn.ə-, -græf US 'sɑː.nə.græf, 'soʊ- **-s** -s

sonant 'səʊ.nənt US 'soʊ- **-s** -s

sonar 'səʊ.nɑːʳ US 'soʊ.nɑːr

sonata sə'nɑː.tə US -t̬ə **-s** -z

sonatina ˌsɒn.ə'tiː.nə US ˌsɑː.nə'- **-s** -z

Sondheim 'sɒnd.haɪm US 'sɑːnd-

son et lumière ˌsɒn.eɪ'luː.mjeəʳ, ˌsɔːn-, -luː'mjeəʳ US ˌsɑːn.eɪ'luː.mjer, ˌsɔːn-

song sɒŋ US sɑːŋ, sɔːŋ **-s** -z ˌ**song and 'dance**; **'song ˌthrush**

songbird 'sɒŋ.bɜːd US 'sɑːŋ.bɝːd, 'sɔːŋ- **-s** -z

songbook 'sɒŋ.bʊk US 'sɑːŋ-, 'sɔːŋ- **-s** -s

songfest 'sɒŋ.fest US 'sɑːŋ-, 'sɔːŋ- **-s** -s

songster ˈsɒŋk.stəʳ US ˈsɑːŋk.stɚ, ˈsɔːŋk- **-s** -z
songstress ˈsɒŋ.strəs, -strɪs US ˈsɑː-, ˈsɔː- **-es** -ɪz
songwrit|er ˈsɒŋˌraɪ.t|əʳ US ˈsɑːŋˌraɪ.t̬|ɚ, ˈsɔːŋ- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Sonia ˈsɒn.jə, ˈsəʊ.njə US ˈsɑː.njə, ˈsoʊ-
sonic ˈsɒn.ɪk US ˈsɑː.nɪk ˌ**sonic** ˈ**boom**
son-in-law ˈsʌn.ɪn.lɔː US -lɑː, -lɔː **sons-in-law** ˈsʌnz-
sonnet ˈsɒn.ɪt US ˈsɑː.nɪt **-s** -s
sonneteer ˌsɒn.ɪˈtɪəʳ, -əˈ- US ˌsɑː.nəˈtɪr **-s** -z
Sonning ˈsɒn.ɪŋ, ˈsʌn- US ˈsɑː.nɪŋ, ˈsʌn.ɪŋ
sonn|y ˈsʌn|.i **-ies** -iz
sonogram ˈsəʊ.nə.græm, ˈsɒn.ə- US ˈsɑː.nə-, ˈsoʊ- **-s** -z
sonograph ˈsəʊ.nə.grɑːf, ˈsɒn.ə-, -græf US ˈsɑː.nə.græf, ˈsoʊ- **-s** -s
sonometer səʊˈnɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US səˈnɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, soʊ- **-s** -z
Sonora səˈnɔː.rə US -ˈnɔːr.ə
sonorant ˈsɒn.ər.ənt, ˈsəʊ.nər- US ˈsɑː.nɚ-, ˈsoʊ-; səˈnɔːr-, soʊ- **-s** -s
sonorit|y səʊˈnɒr.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US səˈnɔːr.ə.t̬|i, soʊ- **-ies** -iz
sonorous ˈsɒn.ər.əs; səˈnɔː.rəs US səˈnɔːr.əs, soʊ-; ˈsɑː.nɚ-, ˈsoʊ- **-ly** -li
sonsie, sonsy ˈsɒnt.si US ˈsɑːnt-
Sontag ˈsɒn.tæg US ˈsɑːn-
Sony® ˈsəʊ.ni, ˈsɒn.i US ˈsoʊ.ni
Sonya ˈsɒn.jə, ˈsəʊ.njə US ˈsɑː.njə, ˈsoʊ-
soon suːn **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst ˌ**sooner or** ˈ**later**
Sooners ˈsuː.nəz US -nɚz
soot sʊt US sʊt, suːt
sooth suːθ
sooth|e suːð **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
soothsayer ˈsuːθˌseɪ.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
soot|y (S) ˈsʊt|.i US ˈsʊt̬-, ˈsuː.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sop sɒp US sɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Sophia səʊˈfiː.ə, -ˈfaɪ- US soʊ-
Sophie ˈsəʊ.fi US ˈsoʊ-
soph|ism ˈsɒf|.ɪ.zəm US ˈsɑː.f|ɪ- **-isms** -ɪ.zəmz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
sophister ˈsɒf.ɪ.stəʳ US ˈsɑː.fɪ.stɚ **-s** -z
sophistic səʊˈfɪs.tɪk US sə- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
sophisti|cate (*v.*) səˈfɪs.tɪ|.keɪt US -tə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ US -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd US -keɪ.t̬ɪd
sophisticate (*n.*) səˈfɪs.tɪ.kət, -kɪt, -keɪt US -tə.kɪt **-s** -s
sophistication səˌfɪs.tɪˈkeɪ.ʃən US -təˈ-
sophistr|y ˈsɒf.ɪ.str|i US ˈsɑː.fɪ- **-ies** -iz
Sophoclean ˌsɒf.əˈkliː.ən US ˌsɑː.fəˈ-
Sophocles ˈsɒf.ə.kliːz US ˈsɑː.fə-
sophomore ˈsɒf.ə.mɔːʳ US ˈsɑː.fə.mɔːr **-s** -z
sophomoric ˌsɒf.əˈmɒr.ɪk US ˌsɑː.fəˈmɔːr-
Sophy ˈsəʊ.fi US ˈsoʊ-
soporific ˌsɒp.ərˈɪf.ɪk, ˌsəʊ.pərˈ- US ˌsɑː.pəˈrɪf-, ˌsoʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
sopping ˈsɒp.ɪŋ US ˈsɑː.pɪŋ ˌ**sopping** ˈ**wet**
sopp|y ˈsɒp|.i US ˈsɑː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ily** -ɪ.li
sopranino ˌsɒp.rəˈniː.nəʊ US ˌsoʊ.prəˈniː.noʊ **-s** -z
sopran|o səˈprɑː.n|əʊ US -ˈpræn|.oʊ, -ˈprɑː.n|oʊ **-os** -əʊz US -oʊz **-i** -iː
Sopwith ˈsɒp.wɪθ US ˈsɑːp- **-s** -s
sorbet ˈsɔː.beɪ US ˈsɔːr.beɪ; sɔːrˈbət **-s** -s
sorbic ˈsɔː.bɪk US ˈsɔːr- ˌ**sorbic** ˈ**acid**
sorbitol ˈsɔː.bɪ.tɒl US ˈsɔːr.bɪ.tɑːl, -tɔːl, -toʊl
Sorbonne sɔːˈbɒn US sɔːrˈbɑːn, -ˈbʌn
sorcer|y ˈsɔː.sər|.i US ˈsɔːr- **-ies** -iz **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-ess/es** -ɪs/ɪz, -es/ɪz
Sorcha ˈsɔː.ʃə
Sordello sɔːˈdel.əʊ US sɔːrˈdel.oʊ
sordid ˈsɔː.dɪd US ˈsɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sordin|o sɔːˈdiː.n|əʊ US sɔːrˈdiː.n|oʊ **-i** -iː
sor|e sɔːʳ US sɔːr **-es** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
sorehead ˈsɔː.hed US ˈsɔːr- **-s** -z
sorghum ˈsɔː.gəm US ˈsɔːr-
Soroptimist səˈrɒp.tɪ.mɪst, -tə- US -ˈrɑːp.tɪ- **-s** -s
sororit|y səˈrɒr.ə.t|i, sɒrˈɒr-, -ɪ.t|i US səˈrɔːr.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
sorrel ˈsɒr.əl US ˈsɔːr-
Sorrento səˈren.təʊ US -toʊ
sorrow ˈsɒr.əʊ US ˈsɑːr.oʊ **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
sorrow|ful ˈsɒr.əʊ|.fəl, -fʊl US ˈsɑːr.ə- **-fully** -fəl.i, -fli, -fʊl.i **-fulness** -fəl.nəs, -fʊl.nəs, -nɪs
sorr|y ˈsɒr|.i US ˈsɑːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sort sɔːt US sɔːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈsɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈsɔːr.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US ˈsɔːr.t̬ɚ/z
sortie ˈsɔː.ti US ˈsɔːr.tiː, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z
sortilege ˈsɔː.tɪ.lɪdʒ US ˈsɔːr.t̬əl.ɪdʒ, -edʒ
sort-out ˈsɔːt.aʊt US ˈsɔːrt̬-
SOS ˌes.əʊˈes US -oʊˈ-
so-so ˈsəʊ.səʊ, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈsoʊ.soʊ, ˌ-ˈ-
sostenuto ˌsɒs.təˈnuː.təʊ, -tɪˈ-, -ˈnjuː- US ˌsɑː.stəˈnuː.t̬oʊ, ˌsoʊ-
sot sɒt US sɑːt **-s** -s
Sotheby ˈsʌð.ə.bi **-'s** -z
Sothern ˈsʌð.ən US -ɚn
Sotho ˈsuː.tuː, ˈsəʊ.təʊ US ˈsoʊ.toʊ **-s** -z
sottish ˈsɒt.ɪʃ US ˈsɑː.t̬ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sotto voce ˌsɒt.əʊˈvəʊ.tʃeɪ US ˌsɑː.t̬oʊˈvoʊ-
sou suː **-s** -z
soubise suːˈbiːz
soubrette suːˈbret, sʊ- US suː- **-s** -s
soubriquet ˈsuː.brɪ.keɪ, ˈsoʊ-, -brə- US ˈsuː.brə-, -ket **-s** -z
souchong ˌsuːˈtʃɒŋ, ˈ-- US ˈsuː.tʃɑːŋ, -ʃɑːŋ
souffle ˈsuː.fəl **-s** -z
soufflé ˈsuː.fleɪ US suːˈfleɪ, ˈ-- **-s** -z **-ed** -d
sough saʊ, sʌf **-s** saʊz, sʌfs **-ing** ˈsaʊ.ɪŋ, ˈsʌf.ɪŋ **-ed** saʊd, sʌft
sought (*from* **seek**) sɔːt US sɑːt, sɔːt
sought-after ˈsɔːtˌɑːf.təʳ US ˈsɑːtˌæf.tɚ, ˈsɔːt-
souk suːk **-s** -s
soul səʊl US soʊl **-s** -z ˈ**soul** ˌ**food;** ˈ**soul** ˌ**mate**
Soulbury ˈsəʊl.bər.i US ˈsoʊl-, -ber.i
soul-destroying ˈsəʊl.dɪˌstrɔɪ.ɪŋ US ˈsoʊl-
soulful ˈsəʊl.fəl, -fʊl US ˈsoʊl- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
soulless ˈsəʊl.ləs, -lɪs US ˈsoʊl- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
soulmate ˈsəʊl.meɪt US ˈsoʊl- **-s** -s
soul-searching ˈsəʊlˌsɜː.tʃɪŋ US ˈsoʊlˌsɝː-
sound saʊnd **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd ˈ**sound** ˌ**barrier;** ˈ**sound** ˌ**bite;** ˈ**sound** ˌ**box;** ˈ**sound ef**ˌ**fect**
soundbite ˈsaʊnd.baɪt, ˈsaʊm- US ˈsaʊnd- **-s** -s
soundboard ˈsaʊnd.bɔːd, ˈsaʊm- US ˈsaʊnd.bɔːrd **-s** -z
soundless ˈsaʊnd.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li
soundproof ˈsaʊnd.pruːf, ˈsaʊm- US ˈsaʊnd- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
soundtrack ˈsaʊnd.træk **-s** -s
soundwave ˈsaʊnd.weɪv **-s** -z
soup suːp **-s** -s **-y** -i **-ed** -t ˈ**soup** ˌ**kitchen;** ˌ**souped** ˈ**up**
soupçon ˈsuːp.sɔ̃ːŋ, -sɒŋ, -sɒn US suːpˈsõʊn, suː-, -ˈsɑːn, ˈ-- **-s** -z
soupspoon ˈsuːp.spuːn **-s** -z
sour saʊəʳ US saʊɚ **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**sour** ˈ**cream;** ˌ**sour** ˈ**grapes**
sourc|e sɔːs US sɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sourdine sʊəˈdiːn US sʊr- **-s** -z
sourdough ˈsaʊə.dəʊ US ˈsaʊɚ.doʊ
sourpuss ˈsaʊə.pʊs US ˈsaʊɚ- **-es** -ɪz
Sousa ˈsuː.zə US -zə, -sə
sousaphone ˈsuː.zə.fəʊn US -zə.foʊn, -sə- **-s** -z
sous-chef ˈsuː.ʃef **-s** -s
sous|e saʊs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Sousse suːs
soutane suːˈtɑːn US -ˈtæn, -ˈtɑːn **-s** -z
Souter ˈsuː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ
south (S) (*n, adj, adv.*) saʊθ ˌ**South** ˈ**Africa;** ˌ**South A**ˈ**merica;** ˌ**South Caro**ˈ**lina;** ˌ**South Da**ˈ**kota;** ˌ**South** ˈ**Island** US ˈ**South** ˌ**Island;** ˌ**South Ko**ˈ**rea;** ˌ**south** ˈ**pole;** ˌ**South** ˈ**Seas**
Southall *place in London:* ˈsaʊ.θɔːl, -ðɔːl US -θɔːl, -θɑːl, -ðɔːl, -ðɑːl

surname: 'sʌð.ɔːl, -əl (US) -ɔːl, -ɑːl, -əl
outham 'saʊ.θəm
outhampton saʊ'θæmp.tən, saʊθ'hæmp-
outhbound 'saʊθ.baʊnd
outhbourne 'saʊθ.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn
outhdown 'saʊθ.daʊn
outheast (S) ˌsaʊθ'iːst *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-wards** -wədz (US) -wɚdz *stress shift:* ˌsoutheast 'wind
outh-easter ˌsaʊθ'iː.stəʳ (US) -stɚ *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-s** -z
outheasterl|y ˌsaʊθ'iː.stəl.i (US) -stɚ.li *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-ies** -iz
outheastern (S) ˌsaʊθ'iː.stən (US) -stɚn *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌsoutheastern 'wind
outheastward ˌsaʊθ'iːst.wəd (US) -wɚd **-s** -z
outhend ˌsaʊθ'end *stress shift:* ˌSouthend 'pier
outherl|y 'sʌð.əl.i (US) -ɚ.li **-ies** -iz
outhern (S) 'sʌð.ən (US) -ɚn **-most** -ən.məʊst, -əm.məʊst (US) -ɚn.moʊst ˌ**Southern 'Cross**
outherner (S) 'sʌð.ən.əʳ (US) -ɚ.nɚ **-s** -z
outhernwood 'sʌð.ən.wʊd (US) -ɚn-
outhey 'saʊ.ði, 'sʌð.i
outhgate 'saʊθ.geɪt, -gɪt
outhon 'saʊ.ðən
outhpaw 'saʊθ.pɔː (US) -pɑː, -pɔː **-s** -z
outhport 'saʊθ.pɔːt (US) -pɔːrt
outhron (S) 'sʌð.rən **-s** -z
outhsea 'saʊθ.siː, -si
outh-southeast ˌsaʊθ.saʊθ'iːst *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ.saʊ'-
outh-southwest ˌsaʊθ.saʊθ'west *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ.saʊ'-
outhward 'saʊθ.wəd (US) -wɚd **-s** -z **-ly** -li
outhwark 'sʌð.ək (US) -ɚk
outhwell *surname:* 'saʊθ.wəl, -wel; 'sʌð.əl *town in Nottinghamshire:* 'saʊθ.wəl *locally:* 'sʌð.əl
ote: Viscount Southwell is /'sʌð.əl/.
outhwest (S) ˌsaʊθ'west *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-wards** -wədz (US) -wɚdz *stress shift:* ˌsouthwest 'wind
outh-wester ˌsaʊθ'wes.təʳ (US) -tɚ *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-s** -z
outh-westerl|y ˌsaʊθ'wes.təl.i (US) -tɚ.li *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-ies** -iz
outhwestern (S) ˌsaʊθ'wes.tən (US) -tɚn *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌsouthwestern 'wind
outh-westward ˌsaʊθ'west.wəd (US) -wɚd *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ- **-s** -z
outhwick *in West Sussex:* 'saʊθ.wɪk *in Northamptonshire:* 'sʌð.ɪk *in Hampshire:* 'sʌð.ɪk, 'saʊθ.wɪk
outhwold 'saʊθ.wəʊld (US) -woʊld

Soutter 'suː.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
souvenir ˌsuː.vən'ɪəʳ, -vɪ'nɪəʳ, '--- (US) ˌsuː.və'nɪr, '--- **-s** -z
sou'wester ˌsaʊ'wes.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
Souza 'suː.zə
sovereign 'sɒv.ər.ɪn, '-rɪn (US) 'sɑːv.rən, -ɚ.ən **-s** -z **-ly** -li
sovereignty 'sɒv.rən.ti, -rɪn- (US) 'sɑːv.rən.t̬i, -ɚ.ən-
soviet (S) 'səʊ.vi.ət, 'sɒv.i- (US) 'soʊ.vi.et, -ɪt; ˌ--'- **-s** -s **-ism** -ɪ.zəm ˌ**Soviet 'Union**
sovran 'sɒv.rən (US) 'sɑːv- **-s** -z
sow *(n.) pig, metal, channel for metal:* saʊ **-s** -z
sow *(v.) plant seed:* səʊ (US) soʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Sowerby *in North Yorkshire:* 'saʊə.bi (US) 'saʊɚ- *in West Yorkshire, surname:* 'səʊə.bi, 'saʊə- (US) 'soʊɚ-, 'saʊɚ-
Soweto sə'wet.əʊ, -'weɪ.təʊ (US) -'wet̬.oʊ, -'weɪ.t̬oʊ
sox sɒks (US) sɑːks
soy sɔɪ ˌ**soy 'sauce** (US) **'soy ˌsauce**
soya 'sɔɪ.ə **'soya ˌbean**
soybean 'sɔɪ.biːn **-s** -z
Soyinka sɔɪ'ɪŋ.kə
Soyuz sɔː'jʊz, sə'juːz (US) 'sɑː.juːz, 'sɔɪ.jʊz
sozzled 'sɒz.əld (US) 'sɑː.zəld
spa (S) spɑː **-s** -z
spac|e speɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'space ˌage; 'space ˌbar; 'space ˌshuttle; 'space ˌstation; 'space ˌsuit; 'space ˌwalk**
spacecraft 'speɪs.krɑːft (US) -kræft **-s** -s
spaced-out ˌspeɪst'aʊt *stress shift:* ˌspaced-out 'person
spacelab 'speɪs.læb **-s** -z
space|man 'speɪs|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən
space-saving 'speɪsˌseɪ.vɪŋ
spaceship 'speɪs.ʃɪp, 'speɪʃ- (US) 'speɪs- **-s** -s
space-time ˌspeɪs'taɪm *stress shift:* ˌspace-time con'tinuum
spacewalk 'speɪs.wɔːk (US) -wɔːk, -wɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
spac|ey 'speɪ.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
spacious 'speɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
spade speɪd **-s** -z **-ful/s** -fʊl/z ˌ**call a ˌspade a 'spade**
spadework 'speɪd.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk
spaghetti spə'get.i (US) -'get̬- **spaˌghetti bolog'nese**
spahi 'spɑː.hiː, -iː (US) -hiː **-s** -z
Spain speɪn
spake *(archaic past tense of* **speak***)* speɪk
Spalding 'spɔːl.dɪŋ, 'spɒl- (US) 'spɔːl-, 'spɑːl-
spall spɔːl (US) spɔːl, spɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
spam (S) spæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d

span spæn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
Spandau 'spæn.daʊ
spandex 'spæn.deks
spandrel 'spæn.drəl **-s** -z
spangl|e 'spæŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'spæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d
spangly 'spæŋ.gli, -gəl.i
Spaniard 'spæn.jəd (US) -jɚd **-s** -z
spaniel 'spæn.jəl **-s** -z
Spanish 'spæn.ɪʃ ˌ**Spanish 'fly; ˌSpanish 'omelette; ˌSpanish 'onion; ˌSpanish Sa'hara**
spank spæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
spanking 'spæŋ.kɪŋ **-s** -z
spanner 'spæn.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
spar spɑːʳ (US) spɑːr **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **'sparring ˌmatch; 'sparring ˌpartner**
spar|e speəʳ (US) sper **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d ˌ**spare 'part; ˌspare 'rib; ˌspare 'tyre**
sparing 'speə.rɪŋ (US) 'sper.ɪŋ **-ly** -li
spark (S) spɑːk (US) spɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'spark ˌplug; 'sparking ˌplug**
Sparkes spɑːks (US) spɑːrks
sparkl|e 'spɑː.kəl (US) 'spɑːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'spɑː.klɪŋ (US) 'spɑːr- **-ed** -d **-y** -i, 'spɑː.kli (US) 'spɑːr- ˌ**sparkling 'wine**
sparkler 'spɑː.kləʳ (US) 'spɑːr.klɚ **-s** -z
spark|y 'spɑː.kli (US) 'spɑːr.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ily** -ɪ.li
sparrow (S) 'spær.əʊ (US) 'sper.oʊ, 'spær- **-s** -z
sparrowhawk 'spær.əʊ.hɔːk (US) 'sper.oʊ.hɑːk, 'spær-, -hɔːk **-s** -s
spars|e spɑːs (US) spɑːrs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ity** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
Spar|ta 'spɑː|.tə (US) 'spɑːr|.t̬ə **-tan/s** -tən/z
Spartacus 'spɑː.tə.kəs (US) 'spɑːr.t̬ə-
spartan 'spɑː.tən (US) 'spɑːr-
spasm 'spæz.əm **-s** -z
spasmodic spæz'mɒd.ɪk (US) -'mɑː.dɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
spastic 'spæs.tɪk **-s** -s
spasticity spæs'tɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
spat spæt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd
spatchcock 'spætʃ.kɒk (US) -kɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
spate speɪt **-s** -s
spatial 'speɪ.ʃəl **-ly** -i
spatt|er 'spæt|.əʳ (US) 'spæt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
spatul|a 'spæt.jə.l|ə, -jʊ-, 'spætʃ.ə-, '-ʊ- (US) 'spætʃ.ə- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
spatulate 'spæt.jə.lət, -jʊ-, 'spætʃ.ə-, '-ʊ-, -lɪt, -leɪt (US) 'spætʃ.ə.lɪt, -leɪt
spavin 'spæv.ɪn **-ed** -d
spawn spɔːn (US) spɑːn, spɔːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
spay speɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Speaight speɪt
speak spiːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **spoke** spəʊk (US) spoʊk **spoken** 'spəʊ.kən

US 'spoʊ- **speaker/s** 'spiː.kəʳ/z US -kɚ/z
speakeas|y 'spiːkˌiː.z|i **-ies** -iz
speakerphone 'spiː.kə.fəʊn US -kɚ.foʊn **-s** -z
Spean spɪən, 'spiː.ən US 'spiː.ən
spear spɪəʳ US spɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
spearhead 'spɪə.hed US 'spɪr- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
spear|man (S) 'spɪə|.mən US 'spɪr- **-men** -mən, -men
spearmint 'spɪə.mɪnt US 'spɪr-
spec spek
speci|al 'speʃ|.ᵊl **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -ᵊl.nɪs **'Special ˌBranch; ˌspecial de'livery; ˌspecial ef'fects**
special|ism 'speʃ.ᵊl.ɪ|.zᵊm, '-lɪ- US '-ᵊl.ɪ- **-s** -z
specialist 'speʃ.ᵊl.ɪst **-s** -s
speciality|y ˌspeʃ.i'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
specialization, -isa- ˌspeʃ.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- US -ɪ'-
specializ|e, -is|e 'speʃ.ᵊl.aɪz US -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
specialt|y 'speʃ.ᵊl.t|i US -t̬|i **-ies** -iz
specie 'spiː.ʃiː, -ʃi US -ʃiː, -siː
species 'spiː.ʃiːz, -ʃɪz, -siːz, -sɪz US -ʃiːz, -siːz **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
specific spə'sɪf.ɪk, spɪ- US spə- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **speˌcific 'gravity**
specification ˌspes.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- US ˌ-ə- **-s** -z
specificity ˌspes.ɪ'fɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə'fɪs.ə.t̬i
speci|fy 'spes.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- US '-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl
specimen 'spes.ə.mɪn, '-ɪ-, -mən US -ə.mən **-s** -z
specious 'spiː.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
speck spek **-s** -s **-ed** -t
speckle 'spek.ᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
speckless 'spek.ləs, -lɪs
specs speks
spectacle 'spek.tə.kᵊl, -tɪ- **-s** -z **-d** -d
spectacular spek'tæk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- US -lɚ **-ly** -li
spectat|e spek'teɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
spectator (S) spek'teɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z **specˌtator 'sport, specˈtator ˌsport**
specter 'spek.təʳ US -tɚ **-s** -z
spectral 'spek.trᵊl
spectre 'spek.təʳ US -tɚ **-s** -z
spectrogram 'spek.trəʊ.græm US -trə- **-s** -z
spectrograph 'spek.trəʊ.grɑːf, -græf US -trə.græf **-s** -s
spectrographic ˌspek.trəʊ'græf.ɪk US -trə'- *stress shift:* ˌspectrographic 'section
spectrography spek'trɒg.rə.fi US -'trɑː.grə-
spectrometer spek'trɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- US -'trɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
spectroscope 'spek.trə.skəʊp US -trə.skoʊp **-s** -s
spectroscopic ˌspek.trə'skɒp.ɪk US -'skɑː.pɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌspectroscopic 'picture
spectroscop|ist spek'trɒs.kə.p|ɪst US -'trɑː.skə- **-ists** -ɪsts **-y** -i
spectr|um 'spek.tr|əm **-a** -ə **-ums** -əmz
specu|late 'spek.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
speculation ˌspek.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- **-s** -z
speculative 'spek.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ-, -leɪ- US -leɪ.t̬ɪv, -lə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
specul|um 'spek.jə.l|əm, -jʊ- **-a** -ə **-ar** -əʳ US -ɚ
sped (*from* **speed**) sped
speech spiːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **'speech ˌday; 'speech imˌpediment; ˌspeech 'synthesiser**
speechification ˌspiː.tʃɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tʃə- US -tʃə- **-s** -z
speechi|fy 'spiː.tʃɪ|.faɪ, -tʃə- US -tʃə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
speechless 'spiːtʃ.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
speed (S) spiːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **sped** sped **'speed ˌbump; 'speed ˌlimit; 'speed ˌtrap**
speedboat 'spiːd.bəʊt US -boʊt **-s** -s
speed-cop 'spiːd.kɒp US -kɑːp **-s** -s
speedo 'spiː.dəʊ US -doʊ **-s** -z
speedometer spiː'dɒm.ɪ.təʳ, spɪ-, -mə- US -'dɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
speed-read 'spiːd.riːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ *past tense:* 'spiːd.red
speed|skate 'spiːd|.skeɪt **-skating** -ˌskeɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-skater/s** -ˌskeɪ.təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z
speedway 'spiːd.weɪ **-s** -z
speedwell (S) 'spiːd.wel, -wᵊl **-s** -z
Speedwriting® 'spiːdˌraɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ
speed|y 'spiː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Speen spiːn
Speer speəʳ *as if German:* ʃpeəʳ US spɪr *as if German:* ʃper
Speight speɪt
Speirs spɪəz US spɪrz
speiss spaɪs
Speke spiːk
speleological ˌspiː.li.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌspel.i- US -'lɑː.dʒɪ-
speleolog|y ˌspiː.li'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ˌspel.i'- US ˌspiː.li'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
spell spel **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d, -t **spelt** spelt **speller/s** 'spel.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'spelling ˌbee**
spell|bind 'spel|.baɪnd **-binds** -baɪndz **-binding** -baɪn.dɪŋ **-bound** -baʊnd **-binder/s** -ˌbaɪn.dəʳ/z US -ˌbaɪn.dɚ/z
spellbound 'spel.baʊnd
spell-checker 'spelˌtʃek.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
spelt (*from* **spell**) spelt
spelt|er 'spel.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
spelunk|er spə'lʌŋ.k|əʳ US -k|ɚ; 'spiː.lʌŋ- **-er/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
spenc|e (S) spen*t*s **-es** -ɪz
spencer (S) 'spen*t*.səʳ US -sɚ **-s** -z
spend spend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **spent** -t **spender/s** 'spen.dəʳ/z US -dɚ/z
Spender 'spen.dəʳ US -dɚ
spendthrift 'spen*d*.θrɪft **-s** -s
Spengler 'speŋ.gləʳ US -glɚ
Spenlow 'spen.ləʊ US -loʊ
Spennymoor 'spen.i.mɔːʳ, -mʊəʳ US -mɔːr, -mʊr
Spens spenz
Spenser 'spen*t*.səʳ US -sɚ
Spenserian spen'sɪə.ri.ən US -'sɪr.i-
spent (*from* **spend**) spent
sperm spɜːm US spɝːm **-s** -z **'sperm ˌbank; 'sperm ˌwhale**
spermaceti ˌspɜː.mə'set.i, -'siː.ti US ˌspɝː.mə'siː.ti, -'set.i
spermatozo|on ˌspɜː.mə.təʊ'zəʊ|.ɒn, -ən US ˌspɝː.mə.t̬ə'zoʊ|.ɑːn, -ən **-a** -ə
spermicidal ˌspɜː.mɪ'saɪ.dᵊl US ˌspɝː.mə'-
spermicide 'spɜː.mɪ.saɪd US 'spɝː.mə- **-s** -z
Sperrin 'sper.ɪn
spew spjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Spey speɪ
Spezia 'spet.si.ə, 'sped.zi- US 'spet.si.ɑː
Spezzia 'spet.si.ə
sphagnum 'sfæg.nəm **ˌsphagnum 'moss**
sphene spiːn, sfiːn US sfiːn **-s** -z
sphere sfɪəʳ US sfɪr **-s** -z
spheric 'sfer.ɪk US 'sfɪr-, 'sfer- **-s** -s **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
spheroid 'sfɪə.rɔɪd US 'sfɪr.ɔɪd, 'sfer- **-s** -z
spheroidal sfɪə'rɔɪ.dᵊl, sfer'ɔɪ- US sfɪ'rɔɪ-, sfer'ɔɪ-
spherometer sfɪə'rɒm.ɪ.təʳ, sfer'ɒm-, '-ə- US sfɪ'rɑː.mə.tɚ, sfer'ɑː- **-s** -z
sphincter 'sfɪŋ*k*.təʳ US -tɚ **-s** -z
sphinx sfɪŋks **-es** -ɪz
sphragistics sfrə'dʒɪs.tɪks
sphygmomanometer ˌsfɪg.məʊ.mə'nɒm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- US -moʊ.mə'nɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
spic spɪk **-s** -s
spi|ca (S) 'spaɪ|.kə **-cae** -siː **-cas** -kəz
spiccato spɪ'kɑː.təʊ US -t̬oʊ
spic|e (S) spaɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
spiceberr|y 'spaɪs.bᵊr|.i, -br|i US -ˌber|.i **-ies** -iz
Spicer 'spaɪ.səʳ US -sɚ
spick spɪk **ˌspick and 'span**
spicule 'spɪk.juːl, 'spaɪ.kjuːl US 'spɪk.juːl **-s** -z
spic|y 'spaɪ.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest**

i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness
ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

id|er 'spaɪ.d|əʳ US -d|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ery -ᵊr.i 'spider ˌmonkey; spider ˌplant

idergram 'spaɪ.də.græm US -dɚ- s -z

iderweb 'spaɪ.də.web US -dɚ- -s -z

iel ʃpiːl, spiːl US spiːl, ʃpiːl

ielberg 'spiːl.bɜːg US -bɝːg

iffing 'spɪf.ɪŋ -ly -li

iff|y 'spɪf|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest i.ɪst, -i.əst

igot 'spɪg.ət -s -s

ik spɪk -s -s

ik|e spaɪk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

ikenard 'spaɪk.nɑːd, 'spaɪ.kə- US 'spaɪk.nɑːrd, -nɚd

ikins 'spaɪ.kɪnz

ik|y 'spaɪ.k|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

ill spɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d spilt -t

illag|e 'spɪl.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz

iller (S) 'spɪl.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z

illikin 'spɪl.ɪ.kɪn -s -z

illing 'spɪl.ɪŋ

illover 'spɪl.əʊ.vəʳ US -oʊ.vɚ -s -z

ilt (*from* spill) spɪlt

in spɪn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ span spæn pun spʌn spinner/s 'spɪn.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌspin 'bowling US 'spin bowling; 'spin ˌdoctor; 'spinning wheel

ina bifida ˌspaɪ.nə'bɪf.ɪ.də, 'baɪ.fɪ- US -'bɪf.ɪ-

inach 'spɪn.ɪtʃ, -ɪdʒ US -ɪtʃ

inal 'spaɪ.nᵊl 'spinal ˌcord, ˌspinal cord US 'spinal ˌcord

indl|e 'spɪn.dᵊl -es -z -y -i, 'spɪnd.li

indle-legged ˌspɪn.dᵊl'legd US 'spɪn.dᵊl.legd, -ˌleg.ɪd *stress hift, British only:* ˌspindle-legged chair

indrift 'spɪn.drɪft

in-dr|y ˌspɪn'dr|aɪ, '-- US 'spɪn.dr|aɪ ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd -ier/s aɪ.əʳ/z US -aɪ.ɚ/z

ine spaɪn -s -z -d -d

ine-chill|ing 'spaɪnˌtʃɪl|.ɪŋ -ingly ɪŋ.li -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

inel spɪ'nel US spɪ'nel; 'spɪn.ᵊl

ineless 'spaɪn.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness nəs, -nɪs

inet spɪ'net; 'spɪn.et, -ɪt US 'spɪn.ɪt s -s

inifex 'spɪn.ɪ.feks, '-ə-

ink spɪŋk -s -s

innaker 'spɪn.ə.kəʳ, '-ɪ- US -ə.kɚ s -z

inney 'spɪn.i -s -z

inoff 'spɪn.ɒf US -ɑːf -s -s

inose 'spaɪ.nəʊs, -'- US 'spaɪ.noʊs

inous 'spaɪ.nəs

inoza spɪ'nəʊ.zə US -'noʊ-

inster 'spɪnt.stəʳ US -stɚ -s -z hood -hʊd -ish -ɪʃ

in|y 'spaɪ.n|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Spion Kop ˌspaɪ.ən'kɒp, -əŋ'- US -ən'kɑːp

spiraea spaɪ'riː.ə, -'rɪə US -'riː.ə -s -z

spiral 'spaɪə.rᵊl US 'spaɪ- -s -z -ly -i -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d ˌspiral 'staircase

spirant 'spaɪə.rᵊnt US 'spaɪ- -s -s

spire spaɪəʳ US spaɪɚ -s -z -d -d

spirea spaɪ'rɪə, -'riː.ə US -'riː.ə -s -z

spiri|t 'spɪr.ɪ|t, -ə|t -ts -ts -ting -tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ -ted/ly -tɪd/li US -t̬ɪd/li 'spirit ˌlamp; 'spirit ˌlevel

spiritism 'spɪr.ɪ.tɪ.zᵊm US -t̬ɪ-

spiritless 'spɪr.ɪt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

spiritual 'spɪr.ɪ.tʃu.əl, '-ə-, -tju- US -tʃu- -s -z -ly -i

spiritual|ism 'spɪr.ɪ.tʃu.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, '-ə-, -tju- US -tʃu- -ist/s -ɪst/s

spiritualistic ˌspɪr.ɪ.tʃu.ᵊl'ɪs.tɪk, ˌ-ə-, -tju- US -tʃu-

spiritualit|y ˌspɪr.ɪ.tʃu'æl.ə.t|i, ˌ-ə-, -tju'-, -ɪ.t|i US -tʃu'æl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz

spirituous 'spɪr.ɪ.tʃu.əs, -tju.əs US -tʃu-

spiritus 'spɪr.ɪ.təs, '-ə- US -t̬əs

spirogyra ˌspaɪə.rəʊ'dʒaɪə.rə US ˌspaɪ.roʊ'dʒaɪ-

spirt spɜːt US spɝːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'spɝː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'spɝː.t̬ɪd

spit (*n, v.*) spɪt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'spɪt̬.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US 'spɪt̬.ɪd spat spæt ˌspitting 'image; ˌspit and 'polish

Spitalfields 'spɪt.ᵊl.fiːldz US 'spɪt̬-

spitball 'spɪt.bɔːl US -bɔːl, -bɑːl -s -z

spit|e spaɪt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'spaɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'spaɪ.t̬ɪd

spiteful 'spaɪt.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs

spitfire (S) 'spɪtˌfaɪəʳ US -ˌfaɪɚ -s -z

Spithead ˌspɪt'hed *stress shift:* ˌSpithead 'coastline

Spitsbergen 'spɪtsˌbɜː.gən, ˌ-'-- US 'spɪtsˌbɝː-

spittle 'spɪt.ᵊl US 'spɪt̬-

spittoon spɪ'tuːn -s -z

Spitz spɪts

spiv spɪv -s -z -vy -i

splash splæʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'splash ˌguard

splashback 'splæʃ.bæk -s -s

splashboard 'splæʃ.bɔːd US -bɔːrd -s -z

splashdown 'splæʃ.daʊn -s -z

splash|y 'splæʃ|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

splat splæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ -ted -ɪd

splatt|er 'splæt|.əʳ US 'splæt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

splay spleɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

splayfooted ˌspleɪ'fʊt.ɪd US 'spleɪˌfʊt̬- *stress shift, British only:* ˌsplayfooted 'walk

spleen spliːn -s -z -ful -fᵊl, -fʊl -fully -fᵊl.i, -fʊ.li

splendid 'splen.dɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

splendiferous splen'dɪf.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

splendo(u)r 'splen.dəʳ US -dɚ -s -z

splenetic splə'net.ɪk, splɪ- US splɪ'net̬- -s -s -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

splic|e splaɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

spliff splɪf -s -s

splint splɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US 'splɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US 'splɪn.t̬ɪd

splint|er 'splɪn.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -ery -ᵊr.i 'splinter ˌgroup

split (S) splɪt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'splɪt̬.ɪŋ -ter/s -əʳ/z US 'splɪt̬.ɚ/z ˌsplit de'cision; ˌsplit 'ends; ˌsplit 'hairs; ˌsplit in'finitive; ˌsplit 'pea; ˌsplit perso'nality; ˌsplit 'screen *stress shift:* ˌsplit screen 'picture ˌsplit 'second *stress shift:* ˌsplit second 'timing

split-level ˌsplɪt'lev.ᵊl *stress shift:* ˌsplit-level 'flat

splodg|e splɒdʒ US splɑːdʒ -es -ɪz

splodg|y 'splɒdʒ|.i US 'splɑː.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

splosh splɒʃ US splɑːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

splotch splɒtʃ US splɑːtʃ -es -ɪz -y -i

splurg|e splɜːdʒ US splɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

splutt|er 'splʌt|.əʳ US 'splʌt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd

Spock spɒk US spɑːk

spod spɒd US spɑːd -s -z

Spode spəʊd US spoʊd

Spofforth 'spɒf.əθ US 'spɑː.fɚθ

Spohr spɔːʳ *as if German:* ʃpɔːʳ US spɔːr *as if German:* ʃpɔːr

spoil spɔɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d, -t -t -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -age -ɪdʒ

spoilsport 'spɔɪl.spɔːt US -spɔːrt -s -s

Spokane spəʊ'kæn US spoʊ-

spoke *of wheel:* spəʊk US spoʊk -s -s

spok|e (*from* speak) spəʊk US spoʊk -en -ᵊn

spokes|man 'spəʊks|.mən US 'spoʊks- -men -mən

spokes|person 'spəʊks|ˌpɜː.sᵊn US 'spoʊks|ˌpɝː- -persons -ˌpɜː.sᵊnz US -ˌpɝː- -people -ˌpiː.pᵊl

spokes|woman 'spəʊks|ˌwʊm.ən US 'spoʊks- -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn

spoliation ˌspəʊ.li'eɪ.ʃᵊn US ˌspoʊ-

spoliator 'spəʊ.li.eɪ.təʳ US 'spoʊ.li.eɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z

spondee 'spɒn.diː, -di US 'spɑːn- -s -z

spondulicks spɒn'duː.lɪks US spɑːn'duː-

spondylitis ˌspɒn.dɪ'laɪ.tɪs, -də'-, -təs US ˌspɑːn.də'laɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs

spong|e spʌndʒ -es -ɪz -(e)ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z 'sponge ˌbag; 'sponge ˌcake; ˌsponge 'finger

spongiform 'spʌn.dʒɪ.fɔːm US -fɔːrm

spong|y 'spʌn.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

sponson 'spɒnt.sən US 'spɑːnt- -s -z

spons|or 'spɒnt.s|əʳ US 'spɑːnt.s|ɚ -ors -əz US -ɚz -oring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ored

Spreading

A term used to describe lip positions in speech, produced by pulling the corners of the mouth away from each other, as in a smile.

Phonetics books tend to be rather inconsistent about this, sometimes implying that any sound that is not rounded has spread lips, but elsewhere treating lip-spreading as being different from NEUTRAL lip shape. Vowels with spreading are often referred to as 'unrounded'.

Examples for English

The English vowel /iː/ is thought of as having strong lip-spreading, while /ɪ/ has spreading to a lesser degree.

-əd (US) -ɚd **-orship** -ə.ʃɪp (US) -ɚ.ʃɪp

spontaneity ˌspɒn.tə'neɪ.ə.ti, -'niː.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌspɑːn.tᵊn'eɪ.ə.t̬i, -'iː-

spontaneous spɒn'teɪ.ni.əs, spən- (US) spɑːn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **sponˌtaneous com'bustion**

spoof spuːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

spook spuːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ish** -ɪʃ

spook|y 'spuː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spool spuːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

spoon spuːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

spoonbill 'spuːn.bɪl, 'spuːm- (US) 'spuːn- **-s** -z **-ed** -d

Spooner 'spuː.nəʳ (US) -nɚ

spoonerism 'spuː.nᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z

spoon|-feed 'spuːn|.fiːd **-feeds** -fiːdz **-feeding** -ˌfiː.dɪŋ **-fed** -fed

spoonful 'spuːn.fʊl, -fᵊl **-s** -z **spoonsful** 'spuːnz-

spoon|y 'spuː.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spoor spɔːʳ, spʊəʳ (US) spʊr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Sporades 'spɒr.ə.diːz (US) 'spɔːr-

sporadic spə'ræd.ɪk, spɒr'æd- (US) spə'ræd-, spɔː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

sporangi|um spə'ræn.dʒi|.əm (US) spə-, spoʊ- **-a** -ə

spore spɔːʳ (US) spɔːr **-s** -z

sporran 'spɒr.ən (US) 'spɔːr-, 'spɑːr- **-s** -z

sport spɔːt (US) spɔːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'spɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'spɔːr.t̬ɪd **'sports ˌcar; 'sports ˌday; 'sports ˌjacket**

sportive 'spɔː.tɪv (US) 'spɔːr.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

sportscast 'spɔːts.kɑːst (US) 'spɔːrts.kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

sports|man 'spɔːts|.mən (US) 'spɔːrts- **-men** -mən

sportsman|like 'spɔːts.mən|.laɪk (US) 'spɔːrts- **-ship** -ʃɪp

sports|person 'spɔːts|ˌpɜː.sᵊn (US) 'spɔːrts|ˌpɝː- **-persons** -ˌpɜː.sᵊnz (US) -ˌpɝː- **-people** -ˌpiː.pᵊl

sportswear 'spɔːts.weəʳ (US) 'spɔːrts.wer

sports|woman 'spɔːts|ˌwʊm.ən (US) 'spɔːrts- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

sport|y 'spɔː.t|i (US) 'spɔːr.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spot spɒt (US) spɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'spɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'spɑː.t̬ɪd **ˌspotted 'dick; ˌknock (the) 'spots off**

spot-check ˌspɒt'tʃek, '-- (US) 'spɑːt.tʃek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

spotless 'spɒt.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'spɑːt- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

spotlight 'spɒt.laɪt (US) 'spɑːt- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **spotlit** -lɪt

spot-on ˌspɒt'ɒn (US) spɑːt'ɑːn

Spottiswoode 'spɒt.ɪs.wʊd, -ɪz-; 'spɒt.swʊd (US) 'spɑː.t̬ɪs.wʊd, 'spɑːt.swʊd

spott|y 'spɒt|.i (US) 'spɑː.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spous|e spaʊs **-es** -ɪz

spout spaʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'spaʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'spaʊ.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) 'spaʊ.t̬ɚ/z

Spragge spræg

Sprague spreɪg

sprain spreɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

sprang (*from* **spring**) spræŋ

Sprange spreɪndʒ

Sprangle 'spræŋ.gᵊl

sprat (S) spræt **-s** -s

Spratt spræt

sprawl sprɔːl (US) sprɑːl, sprɔːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

sprawl|y 'sprɔː.l|i (US) 'sprɑː-, 'sprɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spray spreɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'spray ˌgun**

spraycan 'spreɪ.kæn **-s** -z

spread spred **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

spread-eagl|e ˌspred'iː.gᵊl (US) 'spredˌiː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'iː.glɪŋ (US) -ˌiː.glɪŋ **-ed** -d

spreadsheet 'spred.ʃiːt **-s** -s

sprechgesang (S) 'ʃprek.gə.sæŋ *as if German:* 'ʃprex.gə.zæŋ (US) 'ʃprek.gə.sɑːŋ

spree spriː **-s** -z

sprig sprɪg **-s** -z

Sprigg sprɪg **-s** -z

sprightl|y 'spraɪt.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

spring (S) sprɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **sprang** spræŋ **sprung** sprʌŋ **springer/s** 'sprɪŋ.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌspring 'balance, 'spring ˌbalance** (US) **'spring ˌbalance; ˌspring 'chicken; ˌspring 'fever; ˌspring 'greens; ˌspring 'onion; ˌspring 'roll** (US) **'spring ˌroll**

springboard 'sprɪŋ.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z

springbok (S) 'sprɪŋ.bɒk (US) -bɑːk **-s** -s

spring-clean ˌsprɪŋ'kliːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

spring|e sprɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz

Springell 'sprɪŋ.ᵊl, -gᵊl

springer (S) 'sprɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **ˌspringer 'spaniel**

Springfield 'sprɪŋ.fiːld

springlike 'sprɪŋ.laɪk

Springsteen 'sprɪŋ.stiːn

springtime 'sprɪŋ.taɪm

spring|y 'sprɪŋ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

sprinkl|e 'sprɪŋ.kᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'sprɪŋ.klɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'sprɪŋ.kləʳ/z (US) '-kᵊl.ɚ/z, '-klɚ/z

sprinkling 'sprɪŋ.klɪŋ, '-kᵊl.ɪŋ **-s** -z

sprint sprɪnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'sprɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'sprɪn.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) 'sprɪn.t̬ɚ/z

sprit sprɪt **-s** -s

sprite spraɪt **-s** -s

spritsail 'sprɪt.sᵊl, -seɪl (US) -seɪl, -sᵊl **-s** -z

spritz sprɪts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

spritzer 'sprɪt.səʳ (US) -sɚ **-s** -z

sprocket 'sprɒk.ɪt (US) 'sprɑː.kɪt **-s** -s

sprog sprɒg (US) sprɑːg, sprɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

Sproule sprəʊl (US) spraʊl, sproʊl

sprout spraʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'spraʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'spraʊ.t̬ɪd

spruc|e spruːs **-es** -ɪz **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

sprue spruː **-s** -z

sprung (*from* **spring**) sprʌŋ

spry (S) spraɪ **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

spud spʌd **-s** -z

spu|e spjuː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

spum|e spjuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

spun (*from* **spin**) spʌn

unk spʌŋk -y -i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ur spɜːʳ US spɝː -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d on the ˌspur of the ˈmoment
urg|e spɜːdʒ US spɝːdʒ -es -ɪz
urgeon ˈspɜː.dʒən US ˈspɝː-
urious ˈspjʊə.ri.əs, ˈspjɔː- US ˈspjʊr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
urn (S) spɜːn US spɝːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
urr spɜːʳ US spɝː
urrier ˈspʌr.i.əʳ US ˈspɝː.i.ɚ
urt spɜːt US spɝːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈspɝː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈspɝː.t̬ɪd
utnik (S) ˈspʌt.nɪk, ˈspʊt-
utt|er ˈspʌt|.əʳ US ˈspʌt̬|.ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
ut|um ˈspjuː|.təm US -t̬əm -a -ə
|y splaɪ -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
yglass ˈspaɪ.glɑːs US -glæs -es -ɪz
yhole ˈspaɪ.həʊl US -hoʊl -s -z
ymaster ˈspaɪˌmɑː.stəʳ US -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
(*abbrev. for* **square)** skweəʳ US skwer
uab skwɒb US skwɑːb -s -z ˌsquab ˈpie
uabbl|e ˈskwɒb.əl US ˈskwɑː.bəl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈskwɒb.lɪŋ US ˈskwɑː.blɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, ˈskwɒb.ləʳ/z US ˈskwɑː.bəl.ɚ/z, -blɚ/z
uad skwɒd US skwɑːd -s -z ˈsquad ˌcar
uadd|y, squadd|ie ˈskwɒd|.i US ˈskwɑː.d|i -ies -iz
uadron ˈskwɒd.rən US ˈskwɑː.drən -s -z
ualid ˈskwɒl.ɪd US ˈskwɑː.lɪd -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uall skwɔːl US skwɔːl, skwɑːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i
ualor ˈskwɒl.əʳ US ˈskwɑː.lɚ
uam|a ˈskweɪ.m|ə, ˈskwɑː- -ae -iː
uamate ˈskweɪ.meɪt, ˈskwɑː-
uam|ose ˈskweɪ.m|əʊs, ˈskwɑː- US -m|oʊs -ous/ness -əs/nəs, -nɪs
uand|er ˈskwɒn.d|əʳ US ˈskwɑːn.d|ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering -ər.ɪŋ -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
uar|e skweəʳ US skwer -es -z -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈsquare ˌdance; ˌsquare ˈdeal; ˌsquare ˈfoot; ˌsquare ˈleg; ˌsquare ˈmeal; ˌSquare ˈMile; ˌsquare ˈone; ˌsquare ˈroot
uarish ˈskweə.rɪʃ US ˈskwer.ɪʃ
uash skwɒʃ US skwɑːʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
uash|y ˈskwɒʃ|.i US ˈskwɑː.ʃ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
uat skwɒt US skwɑːt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US ˈskwɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US ˈskwɑː.t̬ɪd -ter/s -əʳ/z US ˈskwɑː.t̬ɚ/z
uaw skwɔː US skwɑː, skwɔː -s -z

squawk skwɔːk US skwɑːk, skwɔːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
squeak skwiːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
squeak|y ˈskwiː.k|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
squeaky-clean ˌskwiː.kiˈkliːn
squeal skwiːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
squeamish ˈskwiː.mɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
squeegee ˈskwiː.dʒiː, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈskwiː.dʒiː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
Squeers skwɪəz US skwɪrz
squeez|e skwiːz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -able -ə.bəl -y -i
squeeze-box ˈskwiːz.bɒks US -bɑːks -es -ɪz
squelch skweltʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -y -i
squib skwɪb -s -z
squid skwɪd -s -z
squidg|y ˈskwɪdʒ|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
squiff|y ˈskwɪf|.i -ed -t -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
squiggl|e ˈskwɪg|.əl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈskwɪg.lɪŋ -ed -d -y -i
squilgee ˈskwɪl.dʒiː, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈskwɪl.dʒiː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
squill skwɪl -s -z
squinch skwɪntʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
squint skwɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈskwɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈskwɪn.t̬ɪd -y -i
squirarch|y ˈskwaɪə.rɑː.k|i US ˈskwaɪɚ.ɑːr- -ies -iz
squir|e (S) skwaɪəʳ US skwaɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
squirearch|y ˈskwaɪə.rɑː.k|i US ˈskwaɪɚ.ɑːr- -ies -iz
Squires skwaɪəz US skwaɪɚz
squirm skwɜːm US skwɝːm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i
squirrel ˈskwɪr.əl US ˈskwɝː- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d
squirt skwɜːt US skwɝːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈskwɝː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈskwɝː.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
squish skwɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -y -i
sr (S) (*abbrev. for* **senior**) ˈsiː.ni.əʳ, -njəʳ US -njɚ
Srebrenica ˌsreb.rəˈniːt.sə, ˌʃreb-, -tʃə
Sri Lank|a ˌsriːˈlæŋ.k|ə, ˌsrɪ-, ˌʃriː- US -ˈlɑːŋ- -an/s -ən/z
Srinagar srɪˈnʌg.əʳ, sriː-, ʃrɪ-, ʃriː-, -ˈnɑː.gəʳ US ˌsriːˈnʌg.ɚ
SS *Nazi unit:* ˌesˈes *stress shift:* ˌ**SS** ˈofficer
SS (*abbrev. for* **steamship**) ˌesˈes *stress shift:* ˌ**SS** Great ˈBritain
SSE (*abbrev. for* **south-southeast**) ˌes.esˈiː, ˌsaʊθ.saʊθˈiːst *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ.saʊ-
ssh, sh, shh ʃ
Note: Used to command silence

SSW (*abbrev. for* **south-southwest**) ˌes.esˈdʌb.əl.juː, -ju, ˌsaʊθ.saʊθˈwest US ˌes,esˈdʌb.əl.juː, -jə, ˌsaʊθ.saʊθˈwest *in nautical usage also:* ˌsaʊ.saʊ-
St. (*abbrev. for* **Street**) striːt
St. (*abbrev. for* **Saint**) sənt, sɪnt, seɪnt US seɪnt
Note: See panel information at **Saint**.
st (*abbrev. for* **stone**) stəʊn US stoʊn
stab stæb -s -z -bing/s -ɪŋ/z -bed -d
Stabat Mater ˌstɑː.bætˈmɑː.təʳ, -bət'- US -bɑːtˈmɑː.tɚ -s -z
St. Abb's səntˈæbz, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
stability stəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
stabilization, -isa- ˌsteɪ.bəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -bɪ.laɪ-, -lɪˈ- US -bəl.ɪˈ-
stabiliz|e, -is|e ˈsteɪ.bəl.aɪz, -bɪ.laɪz US -bə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
stabl|e ˈsteɪ.bəl -es -z -y -i, ˈsteɪ.bli -eness -nəs, -nɪs -ing -ɪŋ, ˈsteɪ.blɪŋ -ed -d ˌstable ˈdoor; ˈstable ˌlad
stablemate ˈsteɪ.bəl.meɪt -s -s
stabling ˈsteɪ.bəl.ɪŋ, ˈ-blɪŋ
stablish ˈstæb.lɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
staccato stəˈkɑː.təʊ US -t̬oʊ -s -z
Stacey, Stacie ˈsteɪ.si
stack stæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Stacpoole ˈstæk.puːl
Stacy ˈsteɪ.si
stadi|um ˈsteɪ.di|.əm -ums -əmz -a -ə
staff stɑːf US stæf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈstaff ˌnurse; ˈstaff ˌsergeant
Staffa ˈstæf.ə
staffer ˈstɑː.fəʳ US ˈstæf.ɚ -s -z
Stafford ˈstæf.əd US -ɚd -shire -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
staffroom ˈstɑːf.rʊm, -ruːm US ˈstæf.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
Staffs. (*abbrev. for* **Staffordshire**) stæfs
stag stæg -s -z ˈstag ˌnight
stag|e steɪdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌstage ˈdoor; ˈstage ˌfright
stagecoach ˈsteɪdʒ.kəʊtʃ US -koʊtʃ -es -ɪz
stagecraft ˈsteɪdʒ.krɑːft US -kræft
stagehand ˈsteɪdʒ.hænd -s -z
stage-manag|e ˌsteɪdʒˈmæn.ɪdʒ, ˈ-ˌ-- US ˈsteɪdʒˌmæn- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ment -mənt
stage-manager ˌsteɪdʒˈmæn.ə.dʒəʳ, ˈ-ˌ- US ˈsteɪdʒˌmæn.ə.dʒɚ
stager ˈsteɪ.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ -s -z
stage-struck ˈsteɪdʒ.strʌk
stag|ey ˈsteɪ.dʒ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stagflation stægˈfleɪ.ʃən
stagg|er ˈstæg|.əʳ US -ɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ering/ly -ər.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd US -ɚd -erer/s -ər.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
staghound ˈstæg.haʊnd -s -z
staging ˈsteɪ.dʒɪŋ -s -z
Stagirite ˈstædʒ.ɪ.raɪt US ˈ-ə- -s -s
stagnancy ˈstæg.nənt.si

stagnant 'stæg.nənt **-ly** -li
stagna|te stæg'neɪ|t, '--
(US) 'stæg.neɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ
(US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
stagnation stæg'neɪ.ʃᵊn
St. Agnes sᵊnt'æg.nɪs, sɪnt-, seɪnt-
(US) seɪnt-
stag|y 'steɪ.dʒ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**
-i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness**
-ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
staid steɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stain steɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s**
-əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**stained** '**glass**
Stainer *English name:* 'steɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
German name: 'staɪ.nəʳ *as if German:*
'ʃtaɪ- (US) -nɚ
Staines steɪnz
Stainforth 'steɪn.fəθ (US) -fɚθ
stainless 'steɪn.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs ˌ**stainless** '**steel**
stair steəʳ (US) ster **-s** -z
staircas|e 'steə.keɪs (US) 'ster- **-es** -ɪz
stair-rod 'steə.rɒd (US) 'ster.rɑːd **-s** -z
stairway 'steə.weɪ (US) 'ster- **-s** -z
stairwell 'steə.wel (US) 'ster- **-s** -z
Staithes steɪðz
stak|e steɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
stakeholder 'steɪkˌhəʊl.dəʳ
(US) -ˌhoʊl.dɚ **-s** -z
stakeout 'steɪk.aʊt **-s** -s
Stakhanov|ite stæk'æn.ə.v|aɪt
(US) stə'kɑː.nə- **-ites** -aɪts **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Stakis 'stæk.ɪs
stalactite 'stæl.ək.taɪt (US) stə'læk-;
'stæl.ək- **-s** -s
stalag 'stæl.æg (US) 'stɑː.lɑːg,
'stæl.æg **-s** -z
stalagmite 'stæl.əg.maɪt (US) stə'læg-;
'stæl.əg- **-s** -s
St. Albans sᵊnt'ɔːl.bənz, sɪnt-, -'ɒl-
(US) seɪnt'ɔːl-, -'ɑːl-
Stalbridge 'stɔːl.brɪdʒ (US) 'stɔːl-
St. Aldate's sᵊnt'ɔːl.deɪts, sɪnt-,
-'ɒl-, -dɪts *old-fashioned:* -'əʊldz
(US) seɪnt'ɔːl.deɪts, -'ɑːl-
stal|e steɪl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst
-ely -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
stale|mate 'steɪl|.meɪt **-mates**
-meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ
-mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
Stalin 'stɑː.lɪn, 'stæl.ɪn **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Stalingrad 'stɑː.lɪn.græd, 'stæl.ɪn-,
-grɑːd (US) 'stɑː.lɪn.græd, 'stæl.ɪn-
stalin|ism (S) 'stɑː.lɪ.n|ɪ.zᵊm,
'stæl.ɪ- (US) 'stɑː.lɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
stalk stɔːk (US) stɔːk, stɑːk **-s** -s **-ing**
-ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
stalking-hors|e 'stɔː.kɪŋ.hɔːs
(US) -hɔːrs, 'stɑː- **-es** -ɪz
Stalky 'stɔː.ki (US) 'stɔː-, 'stɑː-
stall stɔːl (US) stɔːl, stɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -d
stallage 'stɔː.lɪdʒ
stallholder 'stɔːlˌhəʊl.dəʳ
(US) 'stɔːlˌhoʊl.dɚ, 'stɑːl- **-s** -z
stallion 'stæl.jən, -i.ən (US) '-jən **-s** -z
Stallone stə'ləʊn, stæl'əʊn
(US) stə'loʊn

stalwart 'stɔːl.wət, 'stɒl-
(US) 'stɔːl.wɚt, 'stɑːl- **-s** -s **-ly** -li
-ness -nəs, -nɪs
Stalybridge 'steɪ.lɪ.brɪdʒ
Stamboul stæm'buːl (US) stɑːm-
St. Ambrose sᵊnt'æm.brəʊz, sɪnt-,
-brəʊs (US) seɪnt'æm.broʊz, -broʊs
stamen 'steɪ.men, -mən **-s** -z
Stamford 'stæmp.fəd (US) -fɚd
stamina 'stæm.ɪ.nə, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
stamm|er 'stæm|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz
(US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd
(US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
stamp (S) stæmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
-er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z '**stamp** ˌ**album;**
'**stamp col**ˌ**lector;** '**stamp** ˌ**duty;**
'**stamping** ˌ**ground**
stamped|e stæm'piːd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -ɪd
Stanbury 'stæn.bᵊr.i, 'stæm-, '-bri
(US) 'stæn.ber.i, -bɚ-
stanc|e stænts, stɑːnts (US) stænts
-es -ɪz
stanch stɑːntʃ (US) stɑːntʃ, stɔːntʃ,
stæntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
stanchion 'stɑːn.tʃᵊn, 'stæn-
(US) 'stæn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stand stænd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **stood** stʊd
stand-alone 'stænd.əˌləʊn, -ᵊlˌəʊn
(US) -əˌloʊn
standard 'stæn.dəd (US) -dɚd **-s** -z
ˌ**standard devi'ation;** '**standard**
ˌ**lamp;** ˌ**standard of 'living;**
'**standard** ˌ**time**
standard-bearer 'stæn.dədˌbeə.rəʳ
(US) -dɚdˌber.ɚ **-s** -z
standardization, -isa-
ˌstæn.də.daɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dɪ'-
(US) -dɚ.dɪ'-
standardiz|e, -is|e 'stæn.də.daɪz
(US) -dɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
standby 'stænd.baɪ, 'stæm-
(US) 'stænd- **-s** -z
stand-in 'stænd.ɪn **-s** -z
standing 'stæn.dɪŋ **-s** -z ˌ**standing**
'**joke;** ˌ**standing 'order;** '**standing**
ˌ**room**
standish (S) 'stæn.dɪʃ **-es** -ɪz
standoff 'stænd.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
standoffish ˌstænd'ɒf.ɪʃ (US) -'ɑː.fɪʃ
-ly -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
standout 'stænd.aʊt **-s** -s
standpipe 'stænd.paɪp, 'stæm-
(US) 'stænd- **-s** -s
standpoint 'stænd.pɔɪnt, 'stæm-
(US) 'stænd- **-s** -s
St. Andrew sᵊnt'æn.druː, sɪnt- (US)
seɪnt- **-(')s** -z **St.** ˌ**Andrew's** '**cross**
standstill 'stænd.stɪl **-s** -z
stand-up 'stænd.ʌp
Staneydale 'steɪ.ni.deɪl
Stanfield 'stæn.fiːld
Stanford 'stæn.fəd (US) -fɚd
Stanford-Binet ˌstæn.fəd'biː.neɪ,
ˌstæm-; -bɪ'neɪ (US) ˌstæn.fɚd.bɪ'neɪ
Stanford le Hope ˌstæn.fəd.lɪ'həʊp
(US) -fɚd.lɪ'hoʊp
stanhope (S) 'stæn.əp, -həʊp
(US) -hoʊp, -əp **-s** -s

staniel 'stæn.jəl, -i.əl (US) '-jəl **-s** -z
Stanis|las 'stæn.ɪ.s|læs, '-ə-, -s|ləs,
-s|lɑːs (US) -s|lɑːs **-laus** -s|lɔːs
Stanislavski ˌstæn.ɪ'slæv.ski, -'slæf-
(US) -ə'slɑːv-, -'slɑːf- **Stani'slavski**
ˌ**method**
stank (*from* **stink**) stæŋk
Stanley 'stæn.li '**Stanley** ˌ**knife**
Stanmore 'stæn.mɔːʳ, 'stæm-
(US) 'stæn.mɔːr
Stannard 'stæn.əd (US) -ɚd
stannar|y 'stæn.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
St. Anne sᵊnt'æn, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt- **-'s** -z
stann|ic 'stæn|.ɪk **-ous** -əs
Stansfield 'stænz.fiːld, 'stænts-
Stansted 'stænt.sted, -stɪd, -stəd
ˌ**Stansted 'Airport**
Stansted Mountfitchet
ˌstænt.sted.maʊnt'fɪtʃ.ɪt, -stɪd-,
-stəd
St. Anthony sᵊnt'æn.tə.ni, sɪnt-
(US) seɪnt'æn.tᵊn.i, -θə.ni
Stanton 'stæn.tən, 'stɑːn-
(US) 'stæn.tᵊn
stanza 'stæn.zə **-s** -z
stapes 'steɪ.piːz
staphylo|coccus ˌstæf.ɪ.ləʊ|'kɒk.əs,
-ᵊl.əʊ'- (US) -ə.loʊ|'kɑː.kəs **-cocci**
-'kɒk.saɪ, -aɪ, -iː (US) -'kɑːk.saɪ, -aɪ
-coccal -'kɒk.ᵊl (US) -'kɑː.kᵊl **-coccic**
-'kɒk.ɪk (US) -'kɑː.kɪk
stapl|e (S) 'steɪ.pᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ,
'steɪ.plɪŋ **-ed** -d
Stapleford 'steɪ.pᵊl.fəd (US) -fɚd
staple-gun 'steɪ.pᵊl.gʌn **-s** -z
stapler 'steɪ.pləʳ (US) -plɚ **-s** -z
Stapleton 'steɪ.pᵊl.tən (US) -t̬ən
Stapley 'stæp.li, 'steɪ.pli
star stɑːʳ (US) stɑːr **-s** -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d
ˌ**Stars and 'Bars;** '**star 'chamber;**
ˌ**Star of 'David;** '**star** ˌ**sign;** ˌ**Stars**
and 'Stripes; '**star** ˌ**wars**
starboard 'stɑː.bəd, -bɔːd
(US) 'stɑːr.bɚd, -bɔːrd
Note: The nautical pronunciation is
/'stɑː.bəd/ (US) /-bɚd/.
Starbuck 'stɑː.bʌk (US) 'stɑːr- **-s** -s
starch stɑːtʃ (US) stɑːrtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ
-ed -t **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst,
-i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ily** -ɪ.li
starch-reduced ˌstɑːtʃ.rɪ'djuːst,
-rə'-, -'dʒuːst, '--ˌ-
(US) 'stɑːrtʃ.rɪˌduːst, -ˌdjuːst
star-crossed 'stɑː.krɒst
(US) 'stɑːr.krɑːst ˌ**star-crossed**
'**lovers**
stardom 'stɑː.dəm (US) 'stɑːr-
stardust 'stɑː.dʌst (US) 'stɑːr-
star|e steəʳ (US) ster **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li
-ed -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
starfish 'stɑː.fɪʃ (US) 'stɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
stargaz|e 'stɑː.geɪz (US) 'stɑːr- **-es** -ɪz
-ing -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
stark (S) stɑːk (US) stɑːrk **-ly** -li **-ness**
-nəs, -nɪs ˌ**stark 'naked;** ˌ**stark**
ˌ**raving 'mad**
starkers 'stɑː.kəz (US) 'stɑːr.kɚz
Starks stɑːks (US) stɑːrks
star|less 'stɑː|.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'stɑːr-

:arlet ˈstɑː.lət, -lɪt (US) ˈstɑːr- -s -s
:arlight ˈstɑː.laɪt (US) ˈstɑːr-
:arling (S) ˈstɑː.lɪŋ (US) ˈstɑːr- -s -z
:arlit ˈstɑː.lɪt (US) ˈstɑːr-
:arr stɑːʳ (US) stɑːr
:arr|y ˈstɑː.r|i (US) ˈstɑːr|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
:arry-eyed ˌstɑː.riˈaɪd (US) ˈstɑːr.i.aɪd *stress shift, British only:* **ˌstarry-eyed ˈfan**
:ar-spangled ˈstɑːˌspæŋ.gəld (US) ˈstɑːr- **ˌstar-ˌspangled ˈbanner**
:arstruck ˈstɑː.strʌk (US) ˈstɑːr-
:ar-studded ˈstɑːˌstʌd.ɪd (US) ˈstɑːr-
:art (S) stɑːt (US) stɑːrt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈstɑːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈstɑːr.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈstɑːr.t̬ɚ/z **ˈstarting ˌblock; ˈstarting ˌpoint**
:artl|e ˈstɑː.təl (US) ˈstɑːr.t̬əl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, ˈstɑːt.lɪŋ (US) ˈstɑːrt- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈstɑːt.ləʳ/z (US) ˈstɑːr.t̬əl.ɚ/z, ˈstɑːrt.lɚ/z
:art-rite® ˈstɑːt.raɪt (US) ˈstɑːrt-
:art-up ˈstɑːt.ʌp (US) ˈstɑːrt- **-s** -s
:arvation stɑːˈveɪ.ʃən (US) stɑːr- **starˌvation ˈwages**
:arv|e stɑːv (US) stɑːrv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
:arveling ˈstɑːv.lɪŋ (US) ˈstɑːrv- **-s** -z
:. Asaph sənˈtæs.əf, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
:ash stæʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
:asi ˈstɑː.zi *as if German:* ˈʃtɑː-
:as|is ˈsteɪ.s|ɪs (US) ˈsteɪ-, ˈstæs|.ɪs **-es** -iːz
:at|e steɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li (US) ˈsteɪ.t̬ɪd **ˈState ˌDepartment; ˌstate of eˈmergency; ˈstate ˌschool; ˌstate ˈtrooper**
:atecraft ˈsteɪt.krɑːft (US) -kræft
:atehood ˈsteɪt.hʊd
:ateless ˈsteɪt.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
:atel|y ˈsteɪt.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌstately ˈhome**
:atement ˈsteɪt.mənt **-s** -s
:aten Island ˌstæt.ənˈaɪ.lənd
:ate-of-the-art ˌsteɪt.əv.ðiˈɑːt (US) -ˈɑːrt *stress shift:* **ˌstate-of-the-art ˈgadget**
:ate-owned ˌsteɪtˈəʊnd (US) -ˈoʊnd *stress shift:* **ˌstate-owned ˈbusiness**
:ateroom ˈsteɪt.rʊm, -ruːm (US) -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
:ates steɪts
:ateside ˈsteɪt.saɪd
:ates|man ˈsteɪts|.mən **-men** -mən
:atesman|like ˈsteɪts.mən|.laɪk **-ly** -li **-ship** -ʃɪp
:ates|woman ˈsteɪts|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
:atewide ˈsteɪt.waɪd
:tatham ˈsteɪ.θəm, -ðəm (US) -ðəm, -θəm, -t̬əm; ˈstæt̬.əm
:. Athan sənˈtæθ.ən, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
:atic ˈstæt.ɪk (US) ˈstæt̬- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
:atic|e ˈstæt.ɪs, -ɪ.s|i (US) ˈstæt̬.ə.s|i, ˈ-ɪs **-es** -ɪz, -iz
statin ˈstæt.ɪn (US) ˈstæt̬.ən **-s** -z
station ˈsteɪ.ʃən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsteɪʃ.nɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈstation ˌwagon; ˌstations of the ˈcross**
stationar|y ˈsteɪ.ʃən.ər|.i, ˈsteɪʃ.nər- (US) ˈsteɪ.ʃə.ner- **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stationer ˈsteɪ.ʃən.əʳ, ˈsteɪʃ.nəʳ (US) -ʃən.ɚ, ˈsteɪʃ.nɚ **-s** -z
stationery ˈsteɪ.ʃən.ər.i, ˈsteɪʃ.nər- (US) ˈsteɪ.ʃə.ner-
stationmaster ˈsteɪ.ʃənˌmɑː.stəʳ (US) -ˌmæs.tɚ **-s** -z
stat|ism ˈsteɪ.t|ɪ.zəm (US) -t̬|ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
statistic stəˈtɪs.tɪk, stætˈɪs- (US) stəˈtɪs- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
statistician ˌstæt.ɪˈstɪʃ.ən, -əˈ- (US) -ɪˈ- **-s** -z
Statius ˈsteɪ.ʃəs
stative ˈsteɪ.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv
stator ˈsteɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
stats stæts
statuary ˈstætʃ.u.ər.i, ˈstæt.ju- (US) ˈstætʃ.u.er-
statue ˈstætʃ.uː, ˈstæt.juː (US) ˈstætʃ.uː **-s** -z
statuesque ˌstæt.juˈesk, ˌstætʃ.uˈ- (US) ˌstætʃ.uˈ-
statuette ˌstæt.juˈet, ˌstætʃ.uˈ- (US) ˌstætʃ.uˈ- **-s** -s
stature ˈstætʃ.əʳ, ˈstæt.jəʳ (US) ˈstætʃ.ɚ **-s** -z
status ˈsteɪ.təs (US) stæ.t̬əs **-es** -ɪz **ˈstatus ˌsymbol**
status quo ˌsteɪ.təsˈkwəʊ, ˌstæt.əsˈ- (US) ˌstæt̬.əsˈkwoʊ, ˌsteɪ.t̬əsˈ-
statute ˈstæt.juːt, ˈstætʃ.uːt (US) ˈstætʃ.uːt **-s** -s **ˈstatute ˌbook**
statutory ˈstæt.jə.tər.i, -jʊ-, ˈstætʃ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- (US) ˈstætʃ.ə.tɔːr-, ˈ-ʊ- **ˌstatutory ˈrape**
St. Augustine sənt.ɔːˈgʌs.tɪn, sɪnt-, ˌsent-, ˌseɪnt-, -əˈ- (US) seɪntˈɔː.gə.stiːn, -ˈɑː-
staunch stɔːntʃ (US) stɔːntʃ, stɑːntʃ **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Staunton *English surname:* ˈstɔːn.tən (US) ˈstɑːn.tən, ˈstɔːn- *towns in US:* ˈstæn.tən (US) -tən
St. Austell səntˈɔː.stəl, sɪnt- *locally:* -ˈɔː.səl (US) seɪntˈɑː.stəl, -ˈɔː-
Stavanger stəˈvæŋ.əʳ, stævˈæŋ- (US) stəˈvɑːŋ.ɚ, stɑː-
stav|e steɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **stove** stəʊv (US) stoʊv
Staveley ˈsteɪv.li
stay steɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
stay-at-home ˈsteɪ.ət.həʊm (US) -hoʊm
staysail ˈsteɪ.seɪl *nautical pronunciation:* -səl **-s** -z
St. Bartholomew sənt.bɑːˈθɒl.ə.mjuː, sɪnt-, -bəˈ- (US) ˌseɪnt.bɑːrˈθɑː.lə- **-ˈs** -z
St. Bees səntˈbiːz, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
St. Bernard səntˈbɜː.nəd, sɪnt- (US) ˌseɪnt.bɚˈnɑːrd **-s** -z
St. Blaize səntˈbleɪz, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
St. Blazey səntˈbleɪ.zi, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
St. Bride's səntˈbraɪdz, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
St. Bruno səntˈbruː.nəʊ, sɪnt- (US) seɪntˈbruː.noʊ
St. Catherine, St. Catharine səntˈkæθ.ər.ɪn, sɪnt-, səŋˈ-, ˈ-rɪn (US) seɪnt- **-ˈs** -z
St. Cecilia sənt.sɪˈsɪl.i.ə, sɪnt-, -ˈsiː.li.ə, ˈ-ljə (US) ˌseɪnt.sɪˈsiːl.jə
St. Christopher səntˈkrɪs.tə.fəʳ, sɪnt-, səŋ- (US) seɪntˈkrɪs.tə.fɚ **-s** -z
St. Clair *surname:* ˈsɪŋ.kleəʳ, ˈsɪn- (US) seɪntˈkler *place in US:* səntˈkleəʳ, sɪnt-, səŋ- (US) seɪntˈkler
St. Columb səntˈkɒl.əm, sɪnt- (US) seɪntˈkɑː.ləm
STD ˌes.tiːˈdiː **STˈD ˌcode**
St. David səntˈdeɪ.vɪd, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt- **-ˈs** -z
stead (S) sted
steadfast ˈsted.fɑːst, -fəst (US) -fæst, -fəst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
steading ˈsted.ɪŋ **-s** -z
Steadman ˈsted.mən
stead|y ˈsted|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id **ˌsteady ˈstate; ˌsteady ˈstate ˌtheory**
steak steɪk **-s** -s **ˌsteak tarˈtare; ˌsteak and ˌkidney ˈpie**
steakhou|se ˈsteɪk.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
steal stiːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **stole** stəʊl (US) stoʊl **stolen** ˈstəʊ.lən (US) ˈstoʊ- **stealer/s** ˈstiː.ləʳ/z (US) -lɚ/z
stealth stelθ
stealth|y ˈstel.θ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
steam stiːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˈsteam ˌengine; ˈsteam ˌiron; ˈsteam ˌpower**
steamboat ˈstiːm.bəʊt (US) -boʊt **-s** -s
steam-hammer ˈstiːmˌhæm.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
steamroll ˈstiːm.rəʊl (US) -roʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
steamroll|er ˈstiːmˌrəʊ.l|əʳ (US) -ˌroʊ.l|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
steamship ˈstiːm.ʃɪp **-s** -s
steam|y ˈstiː.m|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stearic stiˈær.ɪk (US) stiˈær-; ˈstɪr-
stearin ˈstɪə.rɪn (US) ˈstiː.ɚ.ɪn; ˈstɪr-
Stearn(e) stɜːn (US) stɝːn **-s** -z
steatite ˈstɪə.taɪt (US) ˈstiː.ə-
steatolysis stɪəˈtɒl.ə.sɪs, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˌstiː.əˈtɑː.lə-
steatopygia ˌstɪə.təʊˈpɪdʒ.i.ə, -ˈpaɪ.dʒi-, ˈ-dʒə (US) ˌstiː.æt.əˈpaɪ.dʒi.ə, -ˈpɪdʒ.i-
steatopygous ˌstɪə.təʊˈpaɪ.gəs; stɪəˈtɒp.ɪ- (US) ˌstiː.æt.əˈpaɪ-
Stedman ˈsted.mən

St. Edmunds sᵊnt'ed.məndz, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
steed stiːd **-s** -z
steel (S) stiːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌsteel 'wool
Steele stiːl
Steelers 'stiː.ləz (US) -ɚz
steel-plated ˌstiːl'pleɪ.tɪd (US) '-ˌ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌsteel-plated 'hull
steelworker 'stiːlˌwɜː.kəʳ (US) -ˌwɝː.kɚ **-s** -z
steelworks 'stiːl.wɜːks (US) -wɝːks
steel|y 'stiː.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
steelyard 'stiːl.jɑːd, 'stɪl.jəd (US) 'stiːl.jɑːrd, 'stɪl.jɚd **-s** -z
steenbok 'stiːn.bɒk, 'steɪn- (US) -bɑːk **-s** -s
Steenson 'stiːnt.sən
steep stiːp **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
steepen 'stiː.pᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'stiːp.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
steeple 'stiː.pᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
steeplechas|e 'stiː.pᵊl.tʃeɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
steeplejack 'stiː.pᵊl.dʒæk **-s** -s
steer stɪəʳ (US) stɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'steering ˌgear; 'steering comˌmittee; 'steering ˌwheel**
steerage 'stɪə.rɪdʒ (US) 'stɪr.ɪdʒ
steers|man 'stɪəz|.mən (US) 'stɪrz- **-men** -mən
steev|e stiːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Steevens 'stiː.vᵊnz
Stefanie 'stef.ᵊn.i
Steiger 'staɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
stein *beer mug:* staɪn *as if German:* ʃtaɪn **-s** -z
Stein *surname:* staɪn, stiːn *as if German:* ʃtaɪn
Steinbeck 'staɪn.bek, 'staɪm- (US) 'staɪn-
steinbock 'staɪn.bɒk, 'staɪm- (US) 'staɪn.bɑːk **-s** -s
Steinbrenner 'staɪnˌbren.əʳ, 'staɪm- (US) 'staɪnˌbren.ɚ
Steinem 'staɪ.nəm
Steiner 'staɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Steinway® 'staɪn.weɪ **-s** -z
stel|e *monument:* 'stiː.l|i; stiːl (US) 'stiː.l|i **-ae** -iː **-es** 'stiː.liz; stiːlz (US) 'stiː.liz *in architecture or botany:* 'stiː.l|i; stiːl (US) stiːl; 'stiː.l|i **-ae** -iː **-es** 'stiː.liz; stiːlz (US) stiːlz; 'stiː.liz
St. Elian sᵊnt'iː.li.ən, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt-
St. Elias sᵊnt.ɪ'laɪ.əs, sɪnt-, -æs (US) ˌseɪnt.ɪ'laɪ.əs
Stella 'stel.ə **ˌStella 'Artois®**, *as if French:* **ˌStella Ar'tois**
stellar 'stel.əʳ (US) -ɚ
St. Elmo sᵊnt'el.məʊ, sɪnt- (US) seɪnt'el.moʊ **-'s** -z **St. ˌElmo's 'fire**
stem stem **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
stem-cell 'stem.sel
stemple 'stem.pᵊl **-s** -z
Sten sten **'Sten ˌgun**
stench stentʃ (US) stentʃ **-es** -ɪz
stencil 'stent.sᵊl, -ɪl (US) -sᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Stendhal 'stɑ̃ːn.dɑːl, -'- (US) 'sten-, 'stæn-
Stenhouse 'sten.haʊs
Stenhousemuir ˌsten.haʊs'mjʊəʳ, -əs'-, -'mjɔːʳ (US) -'mjʊɚ
Stenness 'sten.əs
steno 'sten.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
stenograph 'sten.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -ə.græf **-s** -s
stenograph|er stə'nɒg.rə.f|əʳ, sten'ɒg- (US) stə'nɑː.grə.f|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-y** -i
stenotyp|e 'sten.əʊ.taɪp (US) '-ə- **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
stentorian sten'tɔː.ri.ən (US) -'tɔːr.i-
step step **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌ**step ae'robics; 'step ˌdance; ˌstep by 'step**
stepbrother 'stepˌbrʌ.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ **-s** -z
step|child 'step|.tʃaɪld **-children** -ˌtʃɪl.drᵊn
stepdad 'step.dæd **-s** -z
stepdaughter 'stepˌdɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌdɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌdɔː- **-s** -z
stepfather 'stepˌfɑː.ðəʳ (US) -ðɚ **-s** -z
Stephanie 'stef.ᵊn.i
Stephano 'stef.ᵊn.əʊ (US) -ə.noʊ
stephanotis ˌstef.ə'nəʊ.tɪs (US) -'noʊ.t̬ɪs
Stephen 'stiː.vᵊn **-s** -z
Stephenson 'stiː.vᵊn.sᵊn
stepladder 'stepˌlæd.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
stepmother 'stepˌmʌð.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
stepmum 'step.mʌm **-s** -z
Stepney 'step.ni
stepparent 'stepˌpeə.rᵊnt (US) -ˌper.ᵊnt, -ˌpær- **-s** -s
steppe step **-s** -s
Steppenwolf 'step.ᵊn.wʊlf
stepping-stone 'step.ɪŋ.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn **-s** -z
stepsister 'stepˌsɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-s** -z
stepson 'step.sʌn **-s** -z
Steptoe 'step.təʊ (US) -toʊ
-ster stəʳ (US) stɚ
Note: Suffix. Does not normally change the stress pattern of the word to which it is added, e.g. **prank** /præŋk/, **prankster** /'præŋk.stəʳ (US) -stɚ/.
stereo- ster.i.əʊ, stɪə.ri-; ˌster.i'ɒ, ˌstɪə.ri'- (US) ster.i.oʊ, stɪr-, -ə; ˌster.i'ɑː, ˌstɪr-
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **stereoscope** /'ster.i.əʊ.skəʊp (US) -ə.skoʊp/, **stereophonic** /ˌster.i.əʊ'fɒn.ɪk (US) -ə'fɑː.nɪk/, or secondary stress on the first syllable and primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **stereophony** /ˌster.i'ɒf.ᵊn.i (US) -'ɑː.fᵊn-/.
stereo 'ster.i.əʊ, 'stɪə.ri- (US) 'ster.i.oʊ, 'stɪr- **-s** -z
stereophonic ˌster.i.əʊ'fɒn.ɪk, ˌstɪə.ri- (US) ˌster.i.ə'fɑː.nɪk, ˌstɪr-
stereophony ˌster.i'ɒf.ᵊn.i, ˌstɪə.ri'- (US) ˌster.i'ɑː.fᵊn-, ˌstɪr-
stereopticon ˌster.i'ɒp.tɪ.kən, ˌstɪə.ri'- (US) ˌster.i'ɑːp-, ˌstɪr-, -kɑːn **-s** -z
stereoscope 'ster.i.ə.skəʊp, 'stɪə.ri- (US) 'ster.i.ə.skoʊp, 'stɪr- **-s** -s
stereoscopic ˌster.i.ə'skɒp.ɪk, ˌstɪə.ri- (US) ˌster.i.ə'skɑː.pɪk, ˌstɪr- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
stereoscopy ˌster.i'ɒs.kə.pi, ˌstɪə.ri'- (US) ˌster.i'ɑː.skə-, ˌstɪr-
stereotyp|e 'ster.i.əʊ.taɪp, 'stɪə.ri- (US) 'ster.i.ə-, 'stɪr- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
stereotypic|al ˌster.i.əʊ'tɪp.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ˌstɪə.ri- (US) ˌster.i.ə'-, ˌstɪr- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
sterile 'ster.aɪl (US) -ᵊl
sterility stə'rɪl.ə.ti, ster'ɪl-, -ɪ.ti (US) stə'rɪl.ə.t̬i
sterilization, -isa- ˌster.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ.laɪ'-, -lɪ'- (US) -ᵊl.ɪ'- **-s** -z
sterilizle, -isle 'ster.ᵊl.aɪz, -ɪ.laɪz (US) -ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
sterling (S) 'stɜː.lɪŋ (US) 'stɝː-
stern (S) (*adj.*) stɜːn (US) stɝːn **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Sterne stɜːn (US) stɝːn
stern|um 'stɜː.n|əm (US) 'stɝː- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
steroid 'ster.ɔɪd, 'stɪə.rɔɪd (US) 'ster-, 'stɪr- **-s** -z
stertorous 'stɜː.tᵊr.əs (US) 'stɝː.t̬ɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stet stet **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'stet̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'stet̬.ɪd
stethoscope 'steθ.ə.skəʊp (US) -skoʊp **-s** -s
stethoscopic ˌsteθ.ə'skɒp.ɪk (US) -'skɑː.pɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
stethoscopy steθ'ɒs.kə.pi (US) -'ɑː.skə-
Stetson® 'stet.sᵊn
Steve stiːv
stevedore 'stiː.və.dɔːʳ, -vɪ- (US) -və.dɔːr **-s** -z
Steven 'stiː.vᵊn **-s** -z
Stevenage 'stiː.vᵊn.ɪdʒ
Stevenson 'stiː.vᵊn.sᵊn
Stevenston 'stiː.vᵊn.stᵊn
Stevie 'stiː.vi
stew stjuː (US) stuː, stjuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
steward (S) 'stjuː.əd, stjʊəd (US) 'stuː.ɚd, 'stjuː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
stewardess 'stjuː.ə.dɪs, 'stjʊə-, -dəs, -des; ˌstjuː.ə'des (US) 'stuː.ɚ.dɪs, 'stjuː- **-es** -ɪz
stewardship 'stjuː.əd.ʃɪp, 'stjʊəd- (US) 'stuː.ɚd-, 'stjuː-

ewart stjʊət, 'stjuː.ət US 'stuː.ɚt, stjuː-, stʊrt
ewarton 'stjʊə.tᵊn, 'stjuː.ə- US 'stuː.ɚ-, 'stjuː-, stʊr.tᵊn
eyn staɪn
eyne stiːn
eyning 'sten.ɪŋ
. Fagans sᵊn*t*'fæg.ᵊnz, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'fæg-, -'feɪ.gᵊnz
. Francis sᵊn*t*'frɑːn*t*.sɪs, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'fræn*t*-
g. (*abbrev. for* **sterling**) 'stɜː.lɪŋ US 'stɝː-
. Gall sᵊn*t*'gæl, sɪn*t*-, -gɑːl, -gɔːl US seɪnt-
. Gallen sᵊn*t*'gæl.ən, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'gɑː.lən
. George sᵊn*t*'dʒɔːdʒ, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'dʒɔːrdʒ -'s -ɪz
. Giles sᵊn*t*'dʒaɪlz, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt- -'s -ɪz
. Godric sᵊn*t*'gɒd.rɪk, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'gɑː.drɪk
. Gotthard sᵊn*t*'gɒt.əd, sɪn*t*-, -ɑːd US seɪnt'gɑː.t̬ɚd
. Helen sᵊnt'hel.ən, sɪnt-, -ɪn US seɪnt'hel.ən -s -z
. Helena *Saint:* sᵊnt'hel.ə.nə, sɪnt-, -ɪ- US ˌseɪnt.hə'liː-; seɪnt'hel.ə- *island:* ˌsent.*h*ɪ'liː.nə, ˌsɪnt-, sᵊnt-, -*h*ə'- US ˌseɪnt.hə'-; seɪnt'hel.ə-
. Helier sᵊnt'hel.i.əʳ, sɪnt- US seɪnt'hel.jɚ -s -z
ich stɪx *as if German:* ʃtiːx
ichomythia ˌstɪk.əʊ'mɪθ.i.ə US -ə'-, -oʊ'- -s -z
ick stɪk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **stuck** stʌk **stick** ˌ**insect; 'sticking** ˌ**plaster; stick** ˌ**shift; get (**ˌ**hold of) the wrong** ˌ**end of the 'stick**
icker 'stɪk.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
ick-in-the-mud 'stɪk.ɪn.ðəˌmʌd -s -z
ickjaw 'stɪk.dʒɔː US -dʒɑː, -dʒɔː -s -z
ickleback 'stɪk.ᵊl.bæk -s -s
ickler 'stɪk.ləʳ, -ᵊl.ɚ US '-lɚ, -ᵊl.ɚ -s -z
ick-on 'stɪk.ɒn US -ɑːn
ickpin 'stɪk.pɪn
ick-up 'stɪk.ʌp -s -s
ick|y 'stɪk|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ickybeak 'stɪk.i.biːk -s -s
iff stɪf **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **stiff** ˌ**upper 'lip**
iffen 'stɪf.ᵊn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'stɪf.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
iffkey 'stɪf.ki *old-fashioned local pronunciation:* 'stjuː.ki, 'stuː-
iff-necked ˌstɪf'nekt US 'stɪf.nekt *stress shift:* ˌstiff-necked 'pride
iff|y 'stɪf|.i **-ies** -iz
ifl|e 'staɪ.fᵊl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, 'staɪ.flɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
iggins 'stɪg.ɪnz
igma 'stɪg.mə -s -z **-tism** -tɪ.zᵊm
igmata (*alternative plur. of* **stigmata**) stɪg'mɑː.tə US -t̬ə, -'mæt̬.ə
stigmatic stɪg'mæt.ɪk US -'mæt̬-
stigmatization, -isa- ˌstɪg.mə.taɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪ'- US -t̬ɪ'-
stigmatiz|e, -is|e 'stɪg.mə.taɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stilbene 'stɪl.biːn
stilbestrol stɪl'biː.strəl, -'bes.trəl US -'bes.trɔːl, -troʊl
stile staɪl -s -z
stiletto stɪ'let.əʊ US -'let̬.oʊ **-(e)s** -z
still (S) stɪl -s -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**still 'life** *stress shift:* ˌstill life 'painting
stillbirth 'stɪl.bɜːθ US -bɝːθ -s -s
stillborn 'stɪl.bɔːn US 'stɪl.bɔːrn
Stillson 'stɪl.sᵊn **'Stillson** ˌ**wrench®**
stilly 'stɪl.i
stilt stɪlt -s -s
stilted 'stɪl.tɪd US -t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Stilton 'stɪl.tᵊn -s -z
Stimpson 'stɪmp.sᵊn
Stimson 'stɪm*p*.sᵊn
stimulant 'stɪm.jə.lənt, -jʊ- -s -s
stimu|late 'stɪm.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z US -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
stimulation ˌstɪm.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- -s -z
stimulative 'stɪm.jə.lə.tɪv, -jʊ-, -leɪ- US -leɪ.t̬ɪv
stimul|us 'stɪm.jə.l|əs, -jʊ- **-i** -aɪ, -iː
stim|y 'staɪ.m|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
sting stɪŋ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **stung** stʌŋ **stinger/s** 'stɪŋ.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'stinging** ˌ**nettle**
stingo 'stɪŋ.gəʊ US -goʊ -s -z
stingray 'stɪŋ.reɪ -s -z
sting|y 'stɪn.dʒ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stink stɪŋk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **stank** stæŋk **stunk** stʌŋk
stink-bomb 'stɪŋk.bɒm US -bɑːm -s -z
stinker 'stɪŋ.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
stinkpot 'stɪŋk.pɒt US -pɑːt -s -s
stint stɪnt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US 'stɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US 'stɪn.t̬ɪd
stipend 'staɪ.pend, -pənd -s -z
stipendiar|y staɪ'pen.di.ᵊr|.i, stɪ- US staɪ'pen.di.er- **-ies** -iz
stippl|e 'stɪp.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'stɪp.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
stipu|late 'stɪp.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.t̬ɪd
stipulation ˌstɪp.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- -s -z
stipule 'stɪp.juːl -s -z
stir stɜːʳ US stɝː -s -z **-ring/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-red** -d **-rer/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
stir-crazy ˌstɜː'kreɪ.zi, '-ˌ-- US ˌstɝː-, '-ˌ--
stir|-fry 'stɜː|.fraɪ US 'stɝː- **-fries** -'fraɪz US -fraɪz **-frying** -'fraɪ.ɪŋ US -ˌfraɪ.ɪŋ **-fried** -'fraɪd US -fraɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌstir-fried 'vegetables
Stirling 'stɜː.lɪŋ US 'stɝː- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
stirp|s stɜːp|s US stɝːp|s **-es** -iːz, -eɪz
stirrup 'stɪr.əp US 'stɝː-, 'stɪr- -s -s **'stirrup** ˌ**pump**
stitch stɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
St. Ivel sᵊnt'aɪ.vᵊl, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. Ives sᵊnt'aɪvz, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. James sᵊn*t*'dʒeɪmz, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt- -'s -ɪz
St. Joan sᵊn*t*'dʒəʊn, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'dʒoʊn
St. John *Saint, place:* sᵊn*t*'dʒɒn, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'dʒɑːn -'s -z *surname:* 'sɪn.dʒᵊn US seɪnt'dʒɑːn -'s -z
St. Joseph sᵊn*t*'dʒəʊ.zɪf, sɪn*t*-, -zəf US seɪnt'dʒoʊ.zəf, -səf
St. Kilda sᵊn*t*'kɪl.də, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt-
St. Kitts sᵊn*t*'kɪts, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt-
St. Kitts-Nevis sᵊn*t*ˌkɪts'niː.vɪs, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. Laurent *Yves:* ˌsæ̃*n*.lɔː'rɑ̃ː*ŋ*, -lə'- US -lɔː'rɑːn *place in Canada:* ˌsæn.lɔː'rɒ̃ːŋ, -lə'-, -'rɑːnt US ˌsæ̃.lɔː'rɑːn, ˌsæn.lɔː'rent
St. Lawrence sᵊn*t*'lɒr.ᵊn*t*s, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'lɔːr- **St.** ˌ**Lawrence 'Seaway**
St. Leger *surname:* sᵊn*t*'ledʒ.əʳ, sɪnt-; 'sel.ɪn.dʒəʳ US seɪnt'ledʒ.ɚ; 'sel.ɪn.dʒɚ
Note: Most people bearing this name (including the Irish families) pronounce /sᵊn*t*'ledʒ.əʳ US seɪnt-/. But there are members of the Doncaster family who pronounce /'sel.ɪn.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ/.
St. Leger *race:* sᵊn*t*'ledʒ.əʳ, sɪnt- US seɪnt'ledʒ.ɚ
St. Leonards sᵊn*t*'len.ədz, sɪnt- US seɪnt'len.ɚdz *city in Quebec:* sæn'leɪ.əʊ.nɑːʳ, -oʊ.nɑːr
St. Levan sᵊn*t*'lev.ən, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. Louis *city in US:* sᵊn*t*'luː.ɪs, sɪnt- US seɪnt-, -i *sometimes locally:* sænt- *places in Canada:* sᵊn*t*'luː.i, sɪn*t*-, -ɪs US seɪnt-
St. Lucia sᵊn*t*'luː.ʃə, sɪnt-, -ʃi.ə, -si.ə US seɪnt'luː.ʃi.ə, -si-, '-ʃə
St. Ludger sᵊn*t*'luː.dʒəʳ, sɪnt- US seɪnt'luː.dʒɚ
St. Luke sᵊn*t*'luːk, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. Malo sᵊn*t*'mɑː.ləʊ, sɪn*t*-, sæ̃*n*- *as if French:* ˌsæ̃*n*.mɑː'ləʊ US ˌsæn.mɑː'loʊ
St. Margaret sᵊn*t*'mɑː.gᵊr.ɪt, sɪn*t*-, '-grɪt US seɪnt'mɑːr.grət -'s -s
St. Mark sᵊn*t*'mɑːk, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'mɑːrk -'s -s
St. Martin sᵊn*t*'mɑː.tɪn, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'mɑːr.tᵊn -'s -z
St. Mary sᵊn*t*'meə.ri, sɪn*t*- US seɪnt'mer.i -'s -z
St. Mary Axe sᵊn*t*ˌmeə.ri'æks, sɪn*t*- US seɪntˌmer.i'-
Note: The old form /ˌsɪm.ᵊr.i'æks/ is used in Gilbert and Sullivan's opera 'The Sorcerer'.

St. Marylebone sᵊnt'mær.ᵊl.ə.bən, sɪnt-, -ɪ.lə- US seɪnt'mer.ᵊl.ə.boʊn
St. Mary-le-Bow sᵊnt,meə.ri.lə'bəʊ, sɪnt- US seɪnt,mer.i.lə'boʊ
St. Matthew sᵊnt'mæθ.juː, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
St. Mawes sᵊnt'mɔːz, sɪnt- US seɪnt'mɑːz, -'mɔːz
St. Michael sᵊnt'maɪ.kᵊl, sɪnt- US seɪnt- -'s -z
St. Moritz ,sæn.mᵊr'ɪts, ,sæm-; sᵊnt'mɒr.ɪts, sɪnt- US ,sæn.mə'rɪts, ,seɪnt-, -mɔː'-
St. Neots sᵊnt'niː.əts, sɪnt-, -niːts US seɪnt-
St. Nicholas sᵊnt'nɪk.ᵊl.əs, sɪnt-, '-ləs US seɪnt-
stoat stəʊt US stoʊt -s -s
Stobart 'stəʊ.bɑːt US 'stoʊ.bɑːrt
stochastic stɒk'æs.tɪk, stə'kæs- US stoʊ'kæs-, stə-
stock stɒk US stɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **'stock ,car; 'stock ,cube; 'stock ex,change; 'stock ,market**
stockad|e stɒk'eɪd US stɑː'keɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
stockbreed|er 'stɒk,briː.dləʳ US 'stɑːk,briː.dlɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
Stockbridge 'stɒk.brɪdʒ US 'stɑːk-
stockbrok|er 'stɒk,brəʊ.kləʳ US 'stɑːk,broʊ.klɚ -ers -əʳz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ **'stockbroker ,belt**
stockfish 'stɒk.fɪʃ US 'stɑːk-
Stockhausen 'stɒk,haʊ.zᵊn *as if German:* 'ʃtɒk- US 'stɑːk-
stockholder 'stɒk,həʊl.dəʳ US 'stɑːk,hoʊl.dɚ -s -z
Stockholm 'stɒk.həʊm US 'stɑːk.hoʊlm, -hoʊm
stockinet(te) ,stɒk.ɪ'net US ,stɑː.kɪ'-
stocking 'stɒk.ɪŋ US 'stɑː.kɪŋ -s -z -ed -d **'stocking ,cap; 'stocking ,filler; 'stocking ,stitch; in one's ,stocking/ed 'feet**
stock-in-trade ,stɒk.ɪn'treɪd US ,stɑːk-
stockist 'stɒk.ɪst US 'stɑː.kɪst -s -s
stockjobb|er 'stɒk,dʒɒbl.əʳ US 'stɑːk,dʒɑː.blɚ -ers -əz US -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
stock|man (S) 'stɒk.mən US 'stɑːk- -men -men, -mən
stockpil|e 'stɒk.paɪl US 'stɑːk- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Stockport 'stɒk.pɔːt US 'stɑːk.pɔːrt
stockpot 'stɒk.pɒt US 'stɑːk.pɑːt -s -s
stockroom 'stɒk.rʊm, -ruːm US 'stɑːk.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
Stocksbridge 'stɒks.brɪdʒ US 'stɑːks-
stock-still ,stɒk'stɪl US ,stɑːk-
stocktaking 'stɒk,teɪ.kɪŋ US 'stɑːk-
Stockton 'stɒk.tən US 'stɑːk-
Stockton-on-Tees ,stɒk.tən.ɒn'tiːz US ,stɑːk.tən.ɑːn'-
Stockwell 'stɒk.wel, -wəl US 'stɑːk-
stock|y 'stɒkl.i US 'stɑː.kli -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ily -ɪ.li
stockyard 'stɒk.jɑːd US 'stɑːk.jɑːrd -s -z
Stoddard 'stɒd.əd, -ɑːd US 'stɑː.dɚd
Stoddart 'stɒd.ət, -ɑːt US 'stɑː.dɚt
stodg|e stɒdʒ US stɑːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stoep stuːp -s -s
Stogumber *in Somerset:* stəʊ'gʌm.bəʳ; 'stɒg.əm- US stoʊ'gʌm.bɚ; 'stɑː.gəm- *character in Shaw's 'Saint Joan':* 'stɒg.əm.bəʳ US 'stɑː.gəm.bɚ, 'stɔː-
Stogursey stəʊ'gɜː.zi US stoʊ'gɝː-
stoic (S) 'stəʊ.ɪk US 'stoʊ- -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
stoicism (S) 'stəʊ.ɪ.sɪ.zᵊm, '-ə- US 'stoʊ.ɪ-
stok|e (S) stəʊk US stoʊk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Stoke Courcy stəʊ'gɜː.zi US stoʊ'gɝː-
Stoke d'Abernon ,stəʊk'dæb.ᵊn.ən US ,stoʊk'dæb.ɚ.nən
stokehold 'stəʊk.həʊld US 'stoʊk.hoʊld -s -z
stokehole 'stəʊk.həʊl US 'stoʊk.hoʊl -s -z
Stoke Mandeville ,stəʊk'mæn.də.vɪl, '-dɪ- US ,stoʊk-
Stoke on Trent ,stəʊk.ɒn'trent US ,stoʊk.ɑːn'-
Stoke Poges ,stəʊk'pəʊ.dʒɪz US ,stoʊk'poʊ-
stoker (S) 'stəʊ.kəʳ US 'stoʊ.kɚ -s -z
STOL stɒl, 'es.tɒl US stɑːl, 'es.tɑːl
St. Olaves, St. Olave's sᵊnt'ɒl.ɪvz, sɪnt-, -əvz US seɪnt'ɑː.lɪvz, -ləvz
stole (S) stəʊl US stoʊl -s -z
stol|e *(from* **steal)** stəʊl US stoʊl -en -ən
stolid 'stɒl.ɪd US 'stɑː.lɪd -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li
stolidity stɒl'ɪd.ə.ti, stə'lɪd-, -ɪ.ti US stə'lɪd.ə.t̬i
Stoll stəʊl, stɒl US stoʊl, stɑːl
stollen 'stɒl.ən *as if German:* 'ʃtɒl- US 'stoʊ.lən *as if German:* 'ʃtoʊ- -s -z
stolon 'stəʊ.lɒn, -lən US 'stoʊ.lɑːn, -lən -s -z
stoma 'stəʊ.mə US 'stoʊ- -s -z -ta -tə
stomach 'stʌm.ək -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **'stomach ,pump**
stomachache 'stʌm.ək.eɪk -s -s
stomacher 'stʌm.ə.kəʳ US -kɚ -s -z
stomachic stəʊ'mæk.ɪk, stɒm'æk-; 'stʌm.ə.kɪk US stə'mæk.ɪk
stomati|tis ,stəʊ.mə'taɪl.tɪs, ,stɒm.ə'-, -təs US ,stoʊ.mə'taɪl.t̬ɪs, ,stɑː-, -t̬əs -tides -tɪ.diːz -tises -tɪ.siːz, -tɪ.ziːz
stomatoscope stəʊ'mæt.ə.skəʊp, stɒm'æt- US stoʊ'mæt̬.ə.skoʊp, stɑː- -s -s
stomp stɒmp US stɑːmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
ston|e (S) stəʊn US stoʊn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i **'Stone ,Age; kill ,two ,birds with ,one 'stone; leave ,no ,stone un'turned; a 'stone's ,throw, a ,stone's 'throw**
stone-blind ,stəʊn'blaɪnd, ,stəʊm- US ,stoʊn- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
stonechat 'stəʊn.tʃæt US 'stoʊn- -s -s
stone-cold ,stəʊn'kəʊld, ,stəʊŋ- US ,stoʊn'koʊld *stress shift, see compound:* **,stone-cold 'sober**
stonecrop 'stəʊn.krɒp, 'stəʊŋ- US 'stoʊn.krɑːp -s -s
stonecutter 'stəʊn,kʌt.əʳ, 'stəʊŋ- US 'stoʊn,kʌt̬.ɚ -s -z
stone-dead ,stəʊn'ded US ,stoʊn-
stone-deaf ,stəʊn'def US ,stoʊn- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
stonefish 'stəʊn.fɪʃ US 'stoʊn- -es -ɪz
stoneground ,stəʊn'graʊnd, ,stəʊŋ- US ,stoʊn-
Stonehaven 'stəʊn,heɪ.vᵊn US 'stoʊn-
Stonehenge ,stəʊn'hendʒ US 'stoʊn.hendʒ
Stonehouse 'stəʊn.haʊs US 'stoʊn-
stonemason 'stəʊn,meɪ.sᵊn, 'stəʊm- US 'stoʊn- -s -z
stonewall (S) ,stəʊn'wɔːl US 'stoʊn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
stoneware 'stəʊn.weəʳ US 'stoʊn.wer
stone-washed ,stəʊn'wɒʃt US ,stoʊn'wɑːʃt *stress shift, British only:* ,stonewashed 'jeans
stonework 'stəʊn.wɜːk US 'stoʊn.wɝːk
Stoney 'stəʊ.ni US 'stoʊ-
stonkered 'stɒŋ.kəd US 'stɑːŋ.kɚd
stonking 'stɒŋ.kɪŋ US 'stɑːŋ- -ly -li
Stonor 'stəʊ.nəʳ, 'stɒn.əʳ US 'stoʊ.nɚ, 'stɑː.nɚ
ston|y 'stəʊ.nli US 'stoʊ- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **,stony 'broke**
stony-hearted ,stəʊ.ni'hɑː.tɪd US 'stoʊ.ni,hɑːr.t̬ɪd -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Stony Stratford ,stəʊ.ni'stræt.fəd US ,stoʊ.ni'stræt.fɚd
stood *(from* **stand)** stʊd
stoog|e stuːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
stook stuːk, stʊk -s -s
stool stuːl -s -z **'stool ,pigeon; ,fall be,tween two 'stools**
stoop stuːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
stop stɒp US stɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'stop ,volley**
stop-and-go ,stɒp.ən'gəʊ US ,stɑːp.ən'goʊ
stopcock 'stɒp.kɒk US 'stɑːp.kɑːk -s -s
Stopes stəʊps US stoʊps
Stopford 'stɒp.fəd US 'stɑːp.fɚd
stopgap 'stɒp.gæp US 'stɑːp- -s -s
stop-go ,stɒp'gəʊ US ,stɑːp'goʊ
stoplight 'stɒp.laɪt US 'stɑːp- -s -s
stopover 'stɒp,əʊ.vəʳ US 'stɑːp,oʊ.vɚ -s -z
stoppag|e 'stɒp.ɪdʒ US 'stɑː.pɪdʒ -es -ɪz

Stoppard ˈstɒp.ɑːd, -əd ⓤⓢ ˈstɑː.pɚd
stopper ˈstɒp.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈstɑː.pɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stop-press ˌstɒpˈpres ⓤⓢ ˌstɑːp-
stopwatch ˈstɒp.wɒtʃ ⓤⓢ ˈstɑːp.wɑːtʃ, -wɔːtʃ **-es** -ɪz
storage ˈstɔː.rɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.ɪdʒ **ˈstorage ˌheater**
stor|e stɔːʳ ⓤⓢ stɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bəl **ˈstore ˌbrand; ˈstore deˌtective, ˌstore deˈtective**
store-bought ˈstɔː.bɔːt ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.bɑːt
storefront ˈstɔː.frʌnt ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr- **-s** -s
storehou|se ˈstɔː.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr- **-ses** -zɪz
storekeep|er ˈstɔːˌkiː.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːrˌkiː.p|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
storeroom ˈstɔː.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
storey (S) ˈstɔː.ri ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.i **-s** -z **-ed** -d
storiated ˈstɔː.ri.eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.i.eɪ.t̬ɪd
stork stɔːk ⓤⓢ stɔːrk **-s** -s
storm (S) stɔːm ⓤⓢ stɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈstorm ˌcloud; ˈstorm ˌlantern; ˈstorm ˌpetrel; ˈstorm ˌtrooper; ˈstorm ˌwindow; a ˌstorm in a ˈteacup**
stormbound ˈstɔːm.baʊnd ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːrm-
Stormont ˈstɔː.mɒnt, -mənt ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.mɑːnt, -mənt
Stormonth ˈstɔː.mən*t*θ, -mʌn*t*θ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr-
stormproof ˈstɔːm.pruːf ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːrm-
storm|y ˈstɔː.m|i ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Stornoway ˈstɔː.nə.weɪ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr-
Storr stɔːʳ ⓤⓢ stɔːr **-s** -z
Storrington ˈstɒr.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr-
Stort stɔːt ⓤⓢ stɔːrt
Stortford ˈstɔːt.fəd, ˈstɔː- ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːrt.fɚd, ˈstɔːr-
Storthing ˈstɔː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.t̬ɪŋ
stor|y (S) ˈstɔː.r|i ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz **-ied** -id
storyboard ˈstɔː.ri.bɔːd ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.i.bɔːrd **-s** -z
storybook ˈstɔː.ri.bʊk ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.i- **-s** -s
storyline ˈstɔː.ri.laɪn ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.i- **-s** -z
storytell|er ˈstɔː.riˌtel|.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr.iˌtel|.ɚ **-ers** -əʳz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
St. Osyth sənˈtəʊ.zɪθ, sɪnt-, -sɪθ ⓤⓢ seɪntˈoʊ-
Stotfold ˈstɒt.fəʊld ⓤⓢ ˈstɑːt.foʊld
Stothard ˈstɒð.əd ⓤⓢ ˈstɑː.ðɚd
stotink|a stɒtˈɪŋ.k|ə ⓤⓢ stoʊˈtɪŋ- **-i** -iː
Stoughton *in West Sussex, Leicestershire and US:* ˈstəʊ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊ- *in Somerset:* ˈstɔː.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstɔː-, ˈstɑː- *in Surrey:* ˈstaʊ.tən *surname:* ˈstɔː.tən, ˈstaʊ-, ˈstəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈstɔː-, ˈstɑː-, ˈstaʊ-, ˈstoʊ-
Note: /ˈstəʊ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊ-/ in **Hodder & Stoughton**, the publishers.
stoup stuːp **-s** -s
Stour *in Suffolk, Essex:* stʊəʳ ⓤⓢ stʊr *in Kent:* stʊəʳ, staʊəʳ ⓤⓢ stʊr, staʊɚ *in Hampshire:* staʊəʳ, stʊəʳ ⓤⓢ staʊɚ, stʊr *in Warwickshire, Hereford & Worcestershire and Oxfordshire:* staʊəʳ, stəʊəʳ ⓤⓢ staʊɚ, stoʊɚ *in Dorset:* staʊəʳ ⓤⓢ staʊɚ
Stourbridge *in West Midlands:* ˈstaʊə.brɪdʒ, ˈstəʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊɚ-, ˈstoʊɚ- *Common in Cambridge:* ˈstaʊə.brɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊɚ-
Stourhead ˈstɔː.hed, ˈstaʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr-, ˈstaʊɚ-
Stourminster ˈstaʊəˌmɪn*t*.stəʳ, ˈstɜː-, ˈstʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊr.mɪn.stɚ-, ˈstɝː-, ˈstʊr-
Stourmouth ˈstaʊə.maʊθ, ˈstʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊɚ-, ˈstʊr-
Stourport ˈstaʊə.pɔːt, ˈstʊə- ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊɚ.pɔːrt, ˈstʊr-
Stourton *surname:* ˈstɜː.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstɝː- *in Hereford & Worcestershire:* ˈstɔː.tən ⓤⓢ ˈstɔːr- *in Wiltshire:* ˈstɜː.tən, ˈstɔː- ⓤⓢ ˈstɝː-, ˈstɔːr-
stout (S) staʊt **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊ.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ ˈstaʊ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stout-hearted ˌstaʊtˈhɑː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈhɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stoutish ˈstaʊ.tɪʃ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪʃ
stove stəʊv ⓤⓢ stoʊv **-s** -z
stovepipe ˈstəʊv.paɪp ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊv- **-s** -s
stovetop ˈstəʊv.tɒp ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊv.tɑːp **-s** -s
stow (S) stəʊ ⓤⓢ stoʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-age** -ɪdʒ
stowaway ˈstəʊ.əˌweɪ ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊ- **-s** -z
Stowe stəʊ ⓤⓢ stoʊ
Stowers staʊəz ⓤⓢ staʊɚz
Stowey ˈstəʊ.i ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊ-
Stowmarket ˈstəʊˌmɑː.kɪt ⓤⓢ ˈstoʊˌmɑːr-
Stow-on-the-Wold ˌstəʊ.ɒn.ðəˈwəʊld ⓤⓢ ˌstoʊ.ɑːn.ðəˈwoʊld
St. Pancras sən*t*ˈpæŋ.krəs, sɪn*t*-, səm- ⓤⓢ seɪnt-, -ˈpæn-
St. Patrick sən*t*ˈpæt.rɪk, sɪn*t*-, səm- ⓤⓢ seɪnt- **St. ˈPatrick's ˌDay**
St. Paul sən*t*ˈpɔːl, sɪn*t*-, səm- ⓤⓢ seɪntˈpɑːl, -ˈpɔːl **-'s** -z
St. Peter sən*t*ˈpiː.təʳ, sɪn*t*-, səm- ⓤⓢ seɪntˈpiː.t̬ɚ **-'s** -z
St. Petersburg sən*t*ˈpiː.təz.bɜːg, sɪn*t*-, səm- ⓤⓢ seɪntˈpiː.t̬ɚz.bɝːg
Strabane strəˈbæn
strabismus strəˈbɪz.məs, stræbˈɪz- ⓤⓢ strəˈbɪz-
Strabo ˈstreɪ.bəʊ ⓤⓢ -boʊ
Strabolgi strəˈbəʊ.gi ⓤⓢ -ˈboʊ-
Strachan strɔːn; ˈstræk.ən ⓤⓢ strɑːn, strɔːn; ˈstræk.ən
Strachey ˈstreɪ.tʃi ⓤⓢ -ki, -tʃi
Strad stræd **-s** -z
Strada® ˈstrɑː.də **-s** -z
straddl|e ˈstræd.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstræd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Stradivari ˌstræd.ɪˈvɑː.ri, -əˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌstrɑː.diˈvɑːr.i **-s** -z
Stradivarius ˌstræd.ɪˈveə.ri.əs, -əˈ-, -ˈvɑː- ⓤⓢ -əˈver.i- **-es** -ɪz
straf|e streɪf, strɑːf ⓤⓢ streɪf **-es** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t
Strafford ˈstræf.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
straggl|e ˈstræg.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstræg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈstræg.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-əl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z
straggl|y ˈstræg.əl|.i, ˈ-l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Strahan strɔːn, strɑːn
straight streɪt **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈstreɪ.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ ˈstreɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌstraight ˈface; ˌstraight and ˈnarrow**
straightaway ˌstreɪt.əˈweɪ ⓤⓢ ˌstreɪt̬-
straightedg|e ˈstreɪt.edʒ ⓤⓢ ˈstreɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz
straighten ˈstreɪ.tən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstreɪt.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
straight-|faced ˌstreɪtˈfeɪst **-facedly** -ˈfeɪ.sɪd.li *stress shift:* ˌstraight-faced ˈspeaker
straightforward ˌstreɪtˈfɔː.wəd ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːr.wɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
straightjacket ˈstreɪtˌdʒæk.ɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
straightlaced ˌstreɪtˈleɪst ⓤⓢ ˈ-- **-ly** -ˈleɪ.sɪd.li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌstraightlaced ˈteacher
straightway ˈstreɪt.weɪ
strain (S) streɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
strait (S) streɪt **-s** -s **-ened** -ənd
straitjacket ˈstreɪtˌdʒæk.ɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
straitlaced ˌstreɪtˈleɪst ⓤⓢ ˈ-- **-ly** -ˈleɪ.sɪd.li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌstraitlaced ˈteacher
Straker ˈstreɪ.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -kɚ
strand (S) strænd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Strang stræŋ
strang|e (S) streɪndʒ **-er** -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
stranger ˈstreɪn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
Strangeways ˈstreɪndʒ.weɪz
Strangford ˈstræŋ.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd
strangl|e ˈstræŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstræŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
stranglehold ˈstræŋ.gəl.həʊld ⓤⓢ -hoʊld **-s** -z
strangu|late ˈstræŋ.gjə|.leɪt, -gjʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
strangulation ˌstræŋ.gjəˈleɪ.ʃən, -gjʊˈ- **-s** -z
Strangways ˈstræŋ.weɪz
Stranraer strænˈrɑːʳ, strən- ⓤⓢ -ˈrɑːr
strap stræp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-py** -i
strap|hang ˈstræp|.hæŋ **-hangs** -hæŋz **-hanging** -ˌhæŋ.ɪŋ **-hung** -hʌŋ **-hanger/s** -ˌhæŋ.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
strapless ˈstræp.ləs, -lɪs
Strasb(o)urg ˈstræz.bɜːg, -bʊəg,

Stress

A property of syllables which makes them stand out as more noticeable than others.

Examples for English

Stress is a large topic, which cannot be covered in its entirety here. However, some examples follow.

The position of stress can change the meaning or word class of a word, and so forms part of the phonological composition of the word, e.g.:

import (n)	/ˈɪm.pɔːt/	(US) /-pɔːrt/
import (v)	/ɪmˈpɔːt/	(US) /-ˈpɔːrt/
record (n)	/ˈrek.ɔːd/	(US) /-ɚd/
record (v)	/rɪˈkɔːd/	(US) /-ˈkɔːrd/

It is necessary to consider what factors make a syllable count as stressed. It seems likely that stressed syllables are produced with greater effort than unstressed, and that this effort is manifested in the air pressure generated in the lungs for producing the syllable and also in the articulatory movements in the vocal tract. These effects of stress produce in turn various audible results: one is 'pitch prominence', in which the stressed syllable stands out from its context (for example, being higher if its unstressed neighbours are low in PITCH, or lower if those neighbours are high; often a pitch glide such as a fall or rise is used to give greater pitch prominence). Another effect of stress is that stressed syllables tend to be longer – this is very noticeable in English, less so in some other languages. Also, stressed syllables tend to be louder than unstressed, though experiments have shown that differences in loudness alone are not very noticeable to most listeners. It has been suggested by many writers that the term 'accent' should be used to refer to some of the manifestations of stress (particularly pitch prominence), but the word, though widely used, has never acquired a distinct meaning of its own.

One of the areas in which there is little agreement is that of 'levels' of stress. Some descriptions of languages manage with just two levels (stressed and unstressed), while others use more. In English, one can argue that if one takes the word *indicator* as an example, the first syllable is the most strongly stressed, the third syllable is the next most strongly stressed and the second and fourth syllables are weakly stressed, or unstressed. This gives us three levels: it is possible to argue for more, though this rarely seems to give any practical benefit.

Stress shift

A change in the position of the stress in a word when that word is combined with others in a phrase.

Examples for English

The RHYTHM of English prefers patterns in which two stressed syllables do not come together. In order to avoid this, stress in some polysyllabic words may move to an earlier syllable when combined with another in a phrase, e.g.:

Heathrow	/hiːθˈrəʊ/	(US) /-ˈroʊ/
Heathrow Airport	/ˌhiːθ.rəʊ ˈeə.pɔːt/	(US) /-roʊ ˈer.pɔːrt/
academic	/ˌæk.əˈdem.ɪk/	
academic dress	/ˌæk.ə.dem.ɪk ˈdres/	

In this dictionary, words which change their stress in this way are shown with an example demonstrating the stress shift.

-bɔːg (US) ˈstrɑːs.bʊrg, ˈstrɑːz-; ˈstræs.bɝːg

strata (*plur. of* **stratum**) ˈstrɑː.tə, ˈstreɪ- (US) ˈstreɪ.t̬ə, ˈstræt̬.ə

stratagem ˈstræt.ə.dʒəm, ˈ-ɪ-, -dʒɪm, -dʒem (US) ˈstræt̬.ə.dʒəm **-s** -z

strategic strəˈtiː.dʒɪk, strætˈiː- (US) strəˈtiː- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **Straˌtegic Deˈfence Iˌnitiative**

strategist ˈstræt.ə.dʒɪst, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈstræt̬.ə- **-s** -s

strateg|y ˈstræt.ə.dʒ|i, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈstræt̬.ə- **-ies** -iz

Stratford ˈstræt.fəd (US) -fɚd

Stratford-atte-Bowe ˌstræt.fədˌæt.ɪˈbəʊ, -ˈbəʊ.i; -ˌæt.əˈbəʊ.ə (US) -fɚdˌæt̬.əˈboʊ

Stratford-upon-Avon ˌstræt.fəd.ə.pɒnˈeɪ.vᵊn (US) -fɚd.ə.pɑːnˈ-, -vɑːn

strath stræθ **-s** -s

Strathaven ˈstreɪ.vᵊn

Strathavon stræθˈɑːn

Strathclyde stræθˈklaɪd *stress shift:* ˌStrathclyde ˈcampus

Strathcona stræθˈkəʊ.nə (US) -ˈkoʊ-

Strathearn stræθˈɜːn (US) -ˈɝːn

Strathmore stræθˈmɔːʳ (US) -ˈmɔːr

strathspey (S) stræθˈspeɪ **-s** -z

stratification ˌstræt.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌstræt̬.ə-

strati|fy ˈstræt.ɪ|.faɪ, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈstræt̬.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

stratocruiser ˈstræt.əˌkruː.zəʳ (US) ˈstræt̬.əˌkruː.zɚ **-s** -z

Straton ˈstræt.ᵊn

stratosphere ˈstræt.əʊˌsfɪəʳ (US) ˈstræt̬.ə.sfɪr **-s** -z

stratospheric ˌstræt.əʊˈsfer.ɪk (US) ˌstræt̬.əˈsfɪr-, -ˈsfer-

Stratton ˈstræt.ᵊn

strat|um ˈstrɑː.t|əm, ˈstreɪ- (US) ˈstreɪ.t̬|əm, ˈstræt̬|.əm **-a** -ə

stratus ˈstreɪ.təs, ˈstrɑː- (US) ˈstreɪ.t̬əs, ˈstræt̬.əs

Straus(s) straʊs *as if German:* ʃtraʊs

Stravinsky strəˈvɪnt.ski

straw (S) strɔː (US) strɑː, strɔː **-s** -z **-y** -i **ˌstraw ˈpoll** (US) **ˈstraw ˌpoll; ˌstraw ˈvote** (US) **ˈstraw ˌvote; ˌclutch at ˈstraws; the ˌstraw that ˌbreaks the ˌcamel's ˈback**

strawberr|y ˈstrɔː.bᵊr|.i, -br|i (US) ˈstrɑːˌber|.i, ˈstrɔː- **-ies** -iz **ˌstrawberry ˈblonde; ˈstrawberry ˌmark**

strawboard ˈstrɔː.bɔːd (US) ˈstrɑː.bɔːrd, ˈstrɔː-

stray (S) streɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

streak striːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
streak|y ˈstriː.k|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**streaky** ˈ**bacon**
stream striːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
streamer ˈstriː.məʳ US -mɚ **-s** -z
streamlet ˈstriːm.lət, -lɪt US -lɪt **-s** -s
streamlin|e ˈstriːm.laɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stream-of-consciousness ˌstriːm.əvˈkɒn.*t*ʃəs.nəs, -nɪs US -ˈkɑːn*t*.ʃəs-
Streatham ˈstret.əm US ˈstreṭ-
Streatley ˈstriːt.li
Streep striːp
street (S) striːt **-s** -s ˈ**street** ˌ**cred**; ˌ**street credi**ˈ**bility** US ˈ**street credi**ˌ**bility**; ˌ**street** ˈ**theatre**/ˈ**theater** US ˈ**street** ˌ**theatre**/ˌ**theater**; ˈ**street** ˌ**value**
streetcar ˈstriːt.kɑːʳ US -kɑːr **-s** -z
streetlight ˈstriːt.laɪt **-s** -s
streetwalk|er ˈstriːtˌwɔː.k|əʳ US -ˌwɑː.k|ɚ, -ˌwɔː- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
streetwise ˈstriːt.waɪz
St. Regis sᵊntˈriː.dʒɪs, sɪnt- US seɪnt-
Streisand ˈstraɪ.zænd, -sənd, -sænd
strength streŋ*k*θ **-s** -s
strengthen ˈstreŋ*k*.θᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstreŋ*k*θ.nɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈstreŋ*k*θ.nəʳ/z US ˈstreŋ*k*.θᵊn.ɚ/z, ˈstreŋ*k*θ.nɚ/z
strenuous ˈstren.ju.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
strep strep ˌ**strep** ˈ**throat**
strepto|coccus ˌstrep.təʊ|ˈkɒk.əs US -tə|ˈkɑː.kəs **-cocci** -ˈkɒk.saɪ, -aɪ, -iː US -ˈkɑːk.saɪ, -aɪ **-coccal** -ˈkɒk.ᵊl US -ˈkɑː.kᵊl **-coccic** -ˈkɒk.ɪk US -ˈkɑː.kɪk
streptomycin ˌstrep.təʊˈmaɪ.sɪn US -tə-
stress stres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
stressful ˈstres.fᵊl, -fᵊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stressless ˈstres.ləs, -lɪs **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stretch stretʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**stretch(ed)** ˈ**limo**
stretcher ˈstretʃ.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stretcher-bearer ˈstretʃ.əˌbeə.rəʳ US -ɚˌber.ɚ **-s** -z
stretchmark ˈstretʃ.mɑːk US -mɑːrk **-s** -s
stretch|y ˈstretʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Stretford ˈstret.fəd US -fɚd
Strevens ˈstrev.ᵊnz
strew struː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
strewth struːθ
stri|a ˈstraɪ|.ə **-ae** -iː
stri|ate (*v.*) ˈstri|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.ṭɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.ṭɪd **stri**ˌ**ated** ˈ**muscle**
striation straɪˈeɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
stricken (*from* **strike**) ˈstrɪk.ᵊn
Strickland ˈstrɪk.lənd
strict strɪkt **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stricture ˈstrɪk.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ **-s** -z
strid|e straɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **strode** strəʊd US stroʊd **stridden** ˈstrɪd.ᵊn
stridency ˈstraɪ.dᵊn*t*.si
strident ˈstraɪ.dᵊnt **-ly** -li
StrideRite® ˈstraɪd.raɪt
stridu|late ˈstrɪd.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- US ˈstrɪdʒ.ə-, ˈ-ʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ US -leɪ.ṭɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd US -leɪ.ṭɪd **-lation/s** ˌ--ˈleɪ.ʃᵊn/z
strife straɪf
strigil ˈstrɪdʒ.ɪl **-s** -z
strik|e straɪk **-es** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **struck** strʌk **stricken** ˈstrɪk.ᵊn **striker/s** ˈstraɪ.kəʳ/z US -kɚ/z ˈ**strike** ˌ**pay**; ˌ**strike while the** ˌ**iron's** ˈ**hot**
strikebound ˈstraɪk.baʊnd
strikebreak|er ˈstraɪkˌbreɪ.k|əʳ US -k|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
strikeout ˈstraɪ.kaʊt **-s** -s
strike-pay ˈstraɪk.peɪ
strim strɪm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
Strimmer® ˈstrɪm.əʳ US -ɚ
Strindberg ˈstrɪn*d*.bɜːg, ˈstrɪm- US ˈstrɪn*d*.bɝːg
string strɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **strung** strʌŋ **stringer/s** ˈstrɪŋ.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**string** ˈ**bean**; ˌ**string quar**ˈ**tet**
stringency ˈstrɪn.dʒən*t*.si
stringendo strɪnˈdʒen.dəʊ US -doʊ
stringent ˈstrɪn.dʒənt **-ly** -li
stringer (S) ˈstrɪŋ.əʳ US -ɚ
Stringfellow ˈstrɪŋˌfel.əʊ US -oʊ
string-pull|ing ˈstrɪŋˌpʊl|.ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
string|y ˈstrɪŋ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
strip strɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**strip car**ˈ**toon**; ˈ**strip** ˌ**club**; ˈ**strip** ˌ**light**; ˌ**strip** ˈ**poker**
strip|e straɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-(e)y** -i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
striplight ˈstrɪp.laɪt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
stripling ˈstrɪp.lɪŋ **-s** -z
strippagram ˈstrɪp.ə.græm **-s** -z
strip-search ˌstrɪpˈsɜːtʃ, ˈ-- US ˈstrɪp.sɝːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
stripteas|e ˈstrɪp.tiːz, ˌ-ˈ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
striv|e straɪv **-es** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **strove** strəʊv US stroʊv **striven** ˈstrɪv.ᵊn **striver/s** ˈstraɪ.vəʳ/z US -vɚ/z
strobe strəʊb US stroʊb **-s** -z ˈ**strobe** ˌ**light**
stroboscope ˈstrəʊ.bə.skəʊp, ˈstrɒb.ə- US ˈstroʊ.bə.skoʊp, ˈstrɑː- **-s** -s
stroboscopic ˌstrəʊ.bəˈskɒp.ɪk, ˌstrɒb.əˈ- US ˌstroʊ.bəˈskɑː.pɪk, ˌstrɑː-
stroboscopy strəʊˈbɒs.kə.pi, strɒbˈɒs- US strəˈbɑː.skə-
strode (*from* **stride**) strəʊd US stroʊd
stroganoff ˈstrɒg.ə.nɒf US ˈstrɔː.gə.nɔːf, ˈstroʊ- **-s** -s
strok|e strəʊk US stroʊk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
strokeplay ˈstrəʊk.pleɪ US ˈstroʊk-
stroll strəʊl US stroʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Stromberg ˈstrɒm.bɜːg US ˈstrɑːm.bɝːg
Stromboli ˈstrɒm.bᵊl.i, -bʊ.li, -bəʊ-; strɒmˈbəʊ.li US ˈstrɑːm.bə-, -ˈboʊ.li
Stromness ˈstrɒm.nes, ˈstrʌm- US ˈstrɑːm-, ˈstrʌm-
St. Ronan sᵊntˈrəʊ.nən, sɪnt- US seɪntˈroʊ-
strong (S) strɒŋ US strɑːŋ, strɔːŋ **-er** -gəʳ US -gɚ **-est** -gɪst, -gəst **-ly** -li **-ish** -ɪʃ ˌ**strong** ˈ**language**; ˈ**strong** ˌ**room**; ˈ**strong** ˌ**point**
strong-arm ˈstrɒŋ.ɑːm US ˈstrɑːŋ.ɑːrm, ˈstrɔːŋ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
strongbox ˈstrɒŋ.bɒks US ˈstrɑːŋ.bɑːks, ˈstrɔːŋ- **-es** -ɪz
stronghold ˈstrɒŋ.həʊld US ˈstrɑːŋ.hoʊld, ˈstrɔːŋ- **-s** -z
strong|man ˈstrɒŋ|.mæn US ˈstrɑːŋ- **-men** -men
strong-minded ˌstrɒŋˈmaɪn.dɪd US ˈstrɑːŋ-, ˈstrɔːŋ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌstrong-minded ˈperson
strong-willed ˌstrɒŋˈwɪld **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌstrong-willed ˈchild
stronti|a ˈstrɒn.ti|.ə, -*t*ʃi-, ˈ-*t*ʃ|ə, -tʃ|ə US ˈstrɑːn*t*.ʃi.|ə, ˈ-ʃ|ə **-an** -ən **-um** -əm
Strood struːd
strop strɒp US strɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
strophe ˈstrəʊ.fi, ˈstrɒf.i US ˈstroʊ.fi **-s** -z
strophic ˈstrɒf.ɪk, ˈstrəʊ.fɪk US ˈstrɑː.fɪk, ˈstroʊ-
stropp|y ˈstrɒp|.i US ˈstrɑː.p|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Stroud straʊd
Note: As a surname, the pronunciation /struːd/ is sometimes heard.
strove (*from* **strive**) strəʊv US stroʊv
strow strəʊ US stroʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-n** -n
struck (*from* **strike**) strʌk
structural ˈstrʌk.tʃᵊr.ᵊl **-ly** -i ˌ**structural engi**ˈ**neer**
structural|ism ˈstrʌk.tʃᵊr.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
structur|e ˈstrʌk.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
strudel ˈstruː.dᵊl *as if German:* ˈʃtruː- **-s** -z
struggl|e ˈstrʌg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstrʌg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈstrʌg.ləʳ/z US ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z
strum strʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d **-mer/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
strumpet ˈstrʌm.pɪt **-s** -s
strung (*from* **string**) strʌŋ ˌ**strung** ˈ**out**
strung-up ˌstrʌŋˈʌp

strut strʌt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈstrʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈstrʌt̬.ɪd
struth struːθ
Struthers ˈstrʌð.əz (US) -ɚz
Strutt strʌt
Struwwelpeter ˌstruː.əlˈpiː.təʳ, ˈstruː.əlˌpiː-; ˌstruːlˈpiː-, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) ˈstruː.əlˌpiː.t̬ɚ
strychnine ˈstrɪk.niːn, -nɪn (US) -naɪn, -nɪn, -niːn
St. Salvator's sᵊnt.sælˈveɪ.təz, sɪnt- (US) seɪntˈsæl.və.tɔːrz
St. Simon sᵊ*nt*ˈsaɪ.mən, sɪn*t*- (US) seɪnt-
St. Swithin sᵊ*nt*ˈswɪð.ɪn, sɪn*t*- (US) seɪnt-
St. Thomas sᵊ*nt*ˈtɒm.əs, sɪn*t*- (US) seɪntˈtɑː.məs **-'s** -ɪz
St. Trinian's sᵊntˈtrɪn.i.ənz
St. Tropez ˌsæ̃n.trəʊˈpeɪ (US) ˌsæ̃n.troːˈpeɪ, -troʊˈ-
Stuart stjʊət, ˈstjuː.ət (US) ˈstuː.ɚt, ˈstjuː-, stʊrt **-s** -s
stub stʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
Stubbings ˈstʌb.ɪŋz
Stubbington ˈstʌb.ɪŋ.tən
stubbl|e ˈstʌb.ᵊl **-y** -i, ˈstʌb.li
stubborn ˈstʌb.ən (US) -ɚn **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Stubbs stʌbz
stubb|y ˈstʌb|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz
stucco ˈstʌk.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-(e)s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stuck (*from* **stick**) stʌk
stuck-up ˌstʌkˈʌp
Stucley ˈstjuː.kli (US) ˈstuː-, ˈstjuː-
stud stʌd **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd ˌ**stud** ˈ**poker**
studding-sail ˈstʌd.ɪŋ.seɪl *nautical pronunciation:* ˈstʌnt.sᵊl **-s** -z
Studebaker ˈstjuː.dɪˌbeɪ.kəʳ (US) ˈstuː.dəˌbeɪ.kɚ, ˈstjuː-
student ˈstjuː.dᵊnt (US) ˈstuː-, ˈstjuː- **-s** -s ˌ**student** ˈ**grant**; ˌ**student** ˈ**loan**; ˌ**student** ˈ**teacher**; ˌ**student** ˈ**union**
studentship ˈstjuː.dᵊnt.ʃɪp (US) ˈstuː-, ˈstjuː- **-s** -s
studio ˈstjuː.di.əʊ (US) ˈstuː.di.oʊ, ˈstjuː- **-s** -z ˌ**studio** ˈ**flat** (US) ˈ**studio** ˌ**flat**
studious ˈstjuː.di.əs (US) ˈstuː-, ˈstjuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Studley ˈstʌd.li
stud|y ˈstʌd|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
stuff stʌf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**stuffed** ˈ**shirt**
stuffing ˈstʌf.ɪŋ **-s** -z
stuff|y ˈstʌf|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ily** -ɪ.li
stultification ˌstʌl.tɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- (US) -t̬ə-
stulti|fy ˈstʌl.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- (US) -t̬ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -ˌfaɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
stum stʌm
stumbl|e ˈstʌm.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈstʌm.blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈstʌm.bləʳ/z (US) ˈ-bᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-blɚ/z ˈ**stumbling** ˌ**block**
stumm ʃtʊm
stump stʌmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
stun stʌn **-s** -z **-ning/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ned** -d ˈ**stun** ˌ**gun**
stung (*from* **sting**) stʌŋ
stunk (*from* **stink**) stʌŋk
stunner ˈstʌn.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
stunt stʌnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈstʌn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈstʌn.t̬ɪd
stunt|man ˈstʌnt|.mæn **-men** -men
stunt|woman ˈstʌnt|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
stupa ˈstuː.pə **-s** -z
stupe stjuːp (US) stuːp, stjuːp **-s** -s
stupefaction ˌstjuː.pɪˈfæk.ʃᵊn (US) ˌstuː.pəˈ-, ˌstjuː-
stupe|fy ˈstjuː.pɪ|.faɪ (US) ˈstuː.pə-, ˈstjuː- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying/ly** -ˌfaɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
stupendous stjuːˈpen.dəs (US) stuː-, stjuː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stupid ˈstjuː.pɪd (US) ˈstuː-, ˈstjuː- **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stupidit|y stjuːˈpɪd.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) stuːˈpɪd.ə.t̬|i, stjuː- **-ies** -iz
stupor ˈstjuː.pəʳ (US) ˈstuː.pɚ, ˈstjuː-
sturd|y ˈstɜː.d|i (US) ˈstɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
sturgeon (S) ˈstɜː.dʒᵊn (US) ˈstɝː- **-s** -z
Sturminster ˈstɜː.mɪn*t*.stəʳ (US) ˈstɝː.mɪn*t*.stɚ
Sturm und Drang ˌʃtʊəm.ʊn*t*ˈdræŋ, ˌstʊərm- (US) ˌʃtʊrm.ʊntˈdrɑːŋ
Sturtevant ˈstɜː.tɪ.vənt, -tə-, -vænt (US) ˈstɝː.t̬ə-
stutt|er ˈstʌt|.əʳ (US) ˈstʌt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Stuttgart ˈʃtʊt.gɑːt, ˈstʊt- (US) ˈstʌt.gɑːrt, ˈstʊt-, ˈʃtʊt-
Stuyvesant ˈstaɪ.vɪ.sənt, -və- (US) -və-
St. Valentine sᵊntˈvæl.ᵊn.taɪn (US) seɪnt- **St.** ˈ**Valentine's** ˌ**Day**
St. Vincent sᵊ*nt*ˈvɪn*t*.sᵊnt, sɪn*t*- (US) seɪnt-
St. Vitus sᵊ*nt*ˈvaɪ.təs, sɪn*t*- (US) seɪntˈvaɪ.t̬əs **-'s** -ɪz **St.** ˌ**Vitus's** ˈ**dance** (US) **St.** ˈ**Vitus's** ˌ**dance**
st|y st|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
Styal staɪəl
stye staɪ **-s** -z
stygian (S) ˈstɪdʒ.i.ən (US) -i.ən, ˈ-ən
styl|e staɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
styleless ˈstaɪl.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Styles staɪlz
stylet ˈstaɪ.lət, -lɪt (US) -lɪt **-s** -s
stylish ˈstaɪ.lɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
stylist ˈstaɪ.lɪst **-s** -s
stylistic staɪˈlɪs.tɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
stylite ˈstaɪ.laɪt **-s** -s
Stylites staɪˈlaɪ.tiːz (US) -t̬iːz
stylization, -isa- ˌstaɪ.laɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -lɪˈ- (US) -lɪˈ-
styliz|e, -is|e ˈstaɪ.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
stylograph ˈstaɪ.ləʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -lə.græf **-s** -s
stylographic ˌstaɪ.ləʊˈgræf.ɪk (US) -ləˈ-
styl|us ˈstaɪ.l|əs **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
stym|ie ˈstaɪ.m|i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
styptic ˈstɪp.tɪk ˌ**styptic** ˈ**pencil**
styrax ˈstaɪə.ræks (US) ˈstaɪ- **-es** -ɪz
Styrofoam® ˈstaɪə.rəʊ.fəʊm (US) -rə.foʊm
Styron ˈstaɪə.rən
Styx stɪks
suable ˈsuː.ə.bᵊl, ˈsjuː- (US) ˈsuː-
Suak|im ˈsuː.ɑː.k|ɪm, ˈswɑː.k|ɪm (US) ˈswɑː.k|ɪm **-in** -ɪn
suasion ˈsweɪ.ʒᵊn
sua sponte ˌsuː.ɑːˈspɒn.teɪ (US) ˌswɑːˈspɑːn.teɪ
suav|e swɑːv **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
suavity ˈswɑː.və.ti, ˈsweɪ-, ˈswæv.ə-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˈswɑː.və.t̬i, ˈswæv.ə-
sub- sʌb
sub sʌb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
subacid sʌbˈæs.ɪd, ˌsʌb-
subacute ˌsʌb.əˈkjuːt
subalpine sʌbˈæl.paɪn, ˌsʌb- (US) -paɪn, -pɪn
subaltern ˈsʌb.ᵊl.tən (US) səbˈɔːl.tɚn, -ˈɑːl- **-s** -z
subaqua sʌbˈæk.wə, ˌsʌb- (US) -ˈɑː.kwə, -ˈæk.wə
subarctic sʌbˈɑːk.tɪk, ˌsʌb- (US) -ˈɑːrk-
Subaru® ˌsuː.bᵊrˈuː, ˈ--- (US) ˈsuː.bə.ruː **-s** -z
subatomic ˌsʌb.əˈtɒm.ɪk (US) -ˈtɑː.mɪk ˌ**subatomic** ˈ**particles**
sub-bass ˌsʌbˈbeɪs (US) ˈ-- **-es** -ɪz
Subbuteo® səˈbjuː.ti.əʊ, sʌbˈjuː-, -ˈuː- (US) sʌbˈjuː.t̬i.oʊ
subclass ˈsʌb.klɑːs (US) -klæs **-es** -ɪz
subclassification sʌbˌklæs.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌsʌb.klæs-, -ə- (US) ˌsʌb.klæs- **-s** -z
subclassi|fy sʌbˈklæs.ɪ|.faɪ, ˌsʌb-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
subclinical sʌbˈklɪn.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌsʌb-
subcommittee ˈsʌb.kəˌmɪt.i, ˌsʌb.kəˈmɪt.i (US) -ˌmɪt̬- **-s** -z
subcompact ˌsʌbˈkɒm.pækt (US) -ˈkɑːm- **-s** -s
subconscious sʌbˈkɒn.*t*ʃəs, ˌsʌb- (US) -ˈkɑːn*t*.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
subcontinent sʌbˈkɒn.tɪ.nənt, ˌsʌb- (US) ˈsʌbˌkɑːn.tᵊn.ənt, ˌsʌbˈkɑːn-
subcontinental ˌsʌb.kɒn.tɪˈnen.tᵊl, -təˈ- (US) -kɑːn.tᵊnˈen.t̬ᵊl **-ly** -i
subcontract (*v.*) ˌsʌb.kənˈtrækt (US) sʌbˈkɑːn.trækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
subcontract (*n.*) ˈsʌbˌkɒn.trækt (US) -ˌkɑːn-, -ˈkɑːn- **-s** -s

subculture 'sʌbˌkʌl.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ -s -z
subcutaneous ˌsʌb.kjuː'teɪ.ni.əs
subdean sʌb'diːn, ˌsʌb- -s -z
subdivid|e ˌsʌb.dɪ'vaɪd, -də'-, '--ˌ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
subdivision ˌsʌb.dɪ'vɪʒ.ᵊn, -də'-, 'sʌb.dɪˌvɪʒ-, -dəˌ- (US) ˌsʌb.dɪ'vɪʒ.ᵊn, 'sʌb.dɪˌvɪʒ- -s -z
subdominant sʌb'dɒm.ɪ.nənt, ˌsʌb- (US) -'dɑː.mə- -s -s
subdu|e səb'djuː (US) -'duː, -'djuː -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl
subed|it sʌb'ed|.ɪt, ˌsʌb- -its -ɪts -iting -ɪ.tɪŋ (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ited -ɪ.tɪd (US) -ɪ.t̬ɪd
subeditor sʌb'ed.ɪ.təʳ, 'sʌbˌed- (US) sʌb'ed.ɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z -ship/s -ʃɪp/s
subentr|y 'sʌbˌen.tr|i, ˌ-'-- -ies -iz
subfamil|y 'sʌbˌfæm.ᵊl|.i, -ɪ.l|i (US) -ᵊl|.i -ies -iz
subfusc 'sʌb.fʌsk, -'-
subgroup 'sʌb.gruːp -s -s
subhead sʌb'hed, ˌsʌb- (US) 'sʌb.hed -s -z
subheading 'sʌbˌhed.ɪŋ, -'-- (US) 'sʌbˌhed- -s -z
subhuman sʌb'hjuː.mən, ˌsʌb- -s -z
subito 'suː.bɪ.təʊ, 'sʊb.ɪ- (US) -t̬oʊ
subjacency sʌb'dʒeɪ.sᵊnt.si, səb- (US) sʌb-
subjacent sʌb'dʒeɪ.sᵊnt, səb- (US) sʌb-
subject (*n, adj.*) 'sʌb.dʒɪkt, -dʒekt -s -s 'subject ˌmatter
subject (*v.*) səb'dʒekt, sʌb-; 'sʌb.dʒekt, -dʒɪkt (US) səb'dʒekt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
subjection səb'dʒek.ʃᵊn
subjective səb'dʒek.tɪv, sʌb- (US) səb- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
subjectivism səb'dʒek.tɪ.vɪ.zᵊm, sʌb- (US) səb-
subjectivity ˌsʌb.dʒek'tɪv.ə.ti, -dʒɪk-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
subjoin sʌb'dʒɔɪn, ˌsʌb- (US) səb- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
sub judice ˌsʌb'dʒuː.dɪ.si, ˌsʊb-, -də-, -seɪ (US) ˌsʌb'dʒuː.də.si
subju|gate 'sʌb.dʒə|.geɪt, -dʒʊ- -gates -geɪts -gating -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ -gated -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd -gator/s -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/s
subjugation ˌsʌb.dʒə'geɪ.ʃᵊn, -dʒʊ'-
subjunct 'sʌb.dʒʌŋkt -s -s
subjunctive səb'dʒʌŋk.tɪv -s -z
subleas|e (*n.*) 'sʌb.liːs -es -ɪz
subleas|e (*v.*) sʌb'liːs, ˌsʌb- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
sublessee ˌsʌb.les'iː -s -z
sublessor ˌsʌb.les'ɔːʳ (US) -'ɔːr; sʌb'les.ɔːr -s -z
suble|t sʌb'le|t, ˌsʌb- (US) sʌb'le|t, ˌsʌb-, '-- -ts -ts -tting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ
sublieutenanc|y ˌsʌb.lef'ten.ənt.s|i, -ləf- (US) -luː- -ies -iz
sublieutenant ˌsʌb.lef'ten.ənt, -ləf'- (US) -luː'- -s -s
sublimate (*n.*) 'sʌb.lɪ.mət, -lə-, -mɪt, -meɪt (US) -meɪt, -mɪt -s -s
subli|mate (*v.*) 'sʌb.lɪ|.meɪt, -lə- -mates -meɪts -mating -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ -mated -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
sublimation ˌsʌb.lɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -lə'-
sublim|e sə'blaɪm -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
subliminal sʌb'lɪm.ɪ.nᵊl, sə'blɪm-, -ᵊn.ᵊl (US) sʌb'lɪm.ᵊn- -ly -i
sublimity sə'blɪm.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
submachine gun ˌsʌb.mə'ʃiːnˌgʌn, -'ʃiːŋˌ- (US) -'ʃiːnˌ- -s -z
submarin|e ˌsʌb.mᵊr'iːn, '--- (US) 'sʌb.mə.riːn, ˌ--'- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
submariner sʌb'mær.ɪ.nəʳ, ˌsʌb-, -ᵊn.əʳ (US) ˌsʌb.mə'riː.nɚ, 'sʌb.məˌriː-; sʌb'mer.ᵊn.ɚ, -'mær- -s -z
submerg|e səb'mɜːdʒ, sʌb- (US) -'mɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ence -ᵊnts
submers|e səb'mɜːs, sʌb'- (US) səb'mɝːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
submersible səb'mɜː.sə.bᵊl, sʌb-, -sɪ- (US) -'mɝː.sə- -s -z
submersion səb'mɜː.ʃᵊn, sʌb- (US) -'mɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn -s -z
submission səb'mɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
submissive səb'mɪs.ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
sub|mit səb|'mɪt -mits -'mɪts -mitting -'mɪt.ɪŋ (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪŋ -mitted -'mɪt.ɪd (US) -'mɪt̬.ɪd
submultiple sʌb'mʌl.tɪ.pᵊl, ˌsʌb- (US) -t̬ə- -s -z
subnormal sʌb'nɔː.mᵊl, ˌsʌb- (US) -'nɔːr- -ly -i
subnormality ˌsʌb.nɔː'mæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -nɔːr.mæl.ə.t̬i
subnuclear sʌb'njuː.kli.əʳ, ˌsʌb- (US) -'nuː.kli.ɚ, -'njuː-
suboctave 'sʌbˌɒk.tɪv (US) -ˌɑːk- -s -z
suborbital sʌb'ɔː.bɪ.tᵊl, ˌsʌb- (US) -'ɔːr.bə.t̬ᵊl
subordinate (*n, adj.*) sə'bɔː.dᵊn.ət, -dɪ.nət, -'bɔːd.nət, -nɪt (US) -'bɔːr.dᵊn.ɪt -s -s -ly -li
subordin|ate (*v.*) sə'bɔː.dɪ.n|eɪt (US) -'bɔːr.dᵊn|.eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
subordination səˌbɔː.dɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ˌbɔːr.dᵊn'eɪ-
subordinative sə'bɔː.dɪ.nə.tɪv, -dᵊn.ə- (US) -'bɔːr.dᵊn.eɪ.t̬ɪv, -dɪ.nə-
suborn sə'bɔːn, sʌb'ɔːn (US) sə'bɔːrn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
subornation ˌsʌb.ɔː'neɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ɔːr'-
Subotica sə'bɒt.ɪ.tʃə, sʊ- (US) 'suː.bɔː.tiːt.sə, -bə-
subplot 'sʌb.plɒt (US) -plɑːt -s -s
subpoena səb'piː.nə, sʌb-, sə- (US) sə- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
subpostmaster ˌsʌb'pəʊstˌmɑː.stəʳ (US) -'poʊstˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
subpostmistress ˌsʌb'pəʊstˌmɪs.trəs, -trɪs (US) -'poʊst- -es -ɪz
subpostoffice ˌsʌb'pəʊstˌɒf.ɪs (US) -'poʊstˌɑː.fɪs -s -ɪz
subprefect sʌb'priː.fekt, ˌsʌb- -s -s
subprogram ˌsʌb'prəʊ.græm (US) 'sʌbˌproʊ-, -grəm -s -z
subrogation ˌsʌb.rəʊ'geɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -roʊ'-, -rə'-
subrogee ˌsʌb.rəʊ'giː (US) -roʊ'-, -rə'- -s -z
subrogor ˌsʌb.rəʊ'gɔːʳ (US) 'sʌb.rə.gɔːr -s -z
sub rosa ˌsʌb'rəʊ.zə, -zɑː (US) -'roʊ.zə
subroutine 'sʌb.ruːˌtiːn -s -z
subscrib|e səb'skraɪb -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
subscript 'sʌb.skrɪpt
subscription səb'skrɪp.ʃᵊn -s -z
subsection 'sʌbˌsek.ʃᵊn -s -z
subsequent 'sʌb.sɪ.kwənt, -sə- (US) -sɪ- -ly -li
subserv|e səb'sɜːv, sʌb- (US) səb'sɝːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
subservien|ce səb'sɜː.vi.ənt|s, sʌb- (US) səb'sɝː- -cy -si
subservient səb'sɜː.vi.ənt, sʌb- (US) səb'sɝː- -ly -li
subset 'sʌb.set -s -s
subsid|e səb'saɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
subsidence səb'saɪ.dᵊnts; 'sʌb.sɪ.dᵊnts, -sə- -s -ɪz
subsidiarity səbˌsɪd.i'ær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -'er.ə.t̬i, -'ær-
subsidiar|y səb'sɪd.i.ᵊr|.i (US) -er-, -ɚ- -ies -iz -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
subsidization ˌsʌb.sɪ.daɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -dɪ'-, -sə- (US) -dɪ'- -s -z
subsidiz|e, -is|e 'sʌb.sɪ.daɪz, -sə- (US) -sə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
subsid|y 'sʌb.sɪ.d|i, -sə- (US) -sə- -ies -iz
sub silentio ˌsʌb.sɪ'len.ti.əʊ (US) ˌsʌb.sɪ'len.ti.oʊ, -'lent.ʃi-
subsist səb'sɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
subsistence səb'sɪs.tᵊnts sub'sistence ˌlevel
subsoil 'sʌb.sɔɪl -s -z
subsonic sʌb'sɒn.ɪk, ˌsʌb- (US) -'sɑː.nɪk
subspecies 'sʌbˌspiː.ʃiːz, -ʃɪz, -siːz, -sɪz (US) -ʃiːz, -siːz
substanc|e 'sʌb.stᵊnts -es -ɪz -less -ləs, -lɪs
substandard sʌb'stæn.dəd, ˌsʌb- (US) -dɚd
substantial səb'stæn.tʃᵊl, -'stɑːn- (US) -'stænt.ʃᵊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
substantiality səbˌstæn.tʃi'æl.ə.ti, -ˌstɑːn-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ˌstænt.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i
substanti|ate səb'stæn.tʃi|.eɪt, -'stɑːn-; -'stænt.si-, -'stɑːnt- (US) -'stænt.ʃi- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
substantiation səbˌstæn.tʃi'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -ˌstɑːn-, -ˌstænt.si'-, -ˌstɑːnt- (US) -ˌstænt.ʃi'-
substantival ˌsʌb.stᵊn'taɪ.vᵊl
substantive (*n.*) 'sʌb.stᵊn.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv -s -z
substantive (*adj.*) 'sʌb.stᵊn.tɪv;

Suffixes

A suffix is an element placed at the end of a word to modify or alter its meaning. Unlike PREFIXES, it is possible for a suffix to alter the original pronunciation of the word stem on to which they are affixed. This depends on whether the suffix is stress-neutral, pre-stressed or stress-attracting.

Examples

Some suffixes do not change the pronunciation of the word stem. These are known as 'stress-neutral' suffixes. Some words containing stress-neutral suffixes follow:

eleventh	/ɪˈlev.ən*t*θ/	
dramatise	/ˈdræm.ə.taɪz/	(US) /ˈdrɑː.mə-/
fatherhood	/ˈfɑː.ðə.hʊd/	(US) /-ðɚ-/
happily	/ˈhæp.ɪ.li/	

A suffix which attracts stress is known as 'stress-attracting'. Some words containing stress-attracting suffixes follow:

engineer	/ˌen.dʒɪˈnɪəʳ/	(US) /-ˈnɪr/
Japanese	/ˌdʒæp.əˈniːz/	
nineteen	/ˌnaɪnˈtiːn/	

A 'pre-stressed' suffix is one in which the affixation of the suffix causes stress to be assigned to a syllable before it. There are a number of different types of pre-stressed suffixes. Here is an example where the stress falls on the syllable immediately before the suffix:

despotic	/dɪˈspɒt.ɪk/	(US) /desˈpɑː.t̬ɪk/

In other words, the stress falls two syllables ahead of the suffix:

insecticide	/ɪnˈsek.tɪ.saɪd/

There are also 'mixed' pre-stressed suffixes where the stress may fall either one or two syllables before the suffix.

The suffix *–ation* is actually a combination of the stress-neutral *–ate* and the pre-stressed suffix *–ion*. In words containing *–ation*, the strongest stress is always on the penultimate syllable, e.g.:

condemnation	/ˌkɒn.demˈneɪ.ʃən/ (US) /ˌkɑːn-/

səbˈstæn- (US) -t̬ɪv **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Note: In British English, generally /səbˈstæn.tɪv/ when applied to rank, pay, etc.
substation ˈsʌbˌsteɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
substitutable ˈsʌb.stɪ.tjuː.tə.bəl, ˌsʌb.stɪˈtjuː- (US) ˈsʌb.stə.tuː.t̬ə-, -tjuː-
substitu|te ˈsʌb.stɪ.tjuː|t (US) -stə.tuː|t, -tjuː|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
substitution ˌsʌb.stɪˈtjuː.ʃən (US) -stəˈtuː-, -ˈtjuː- **-s** -z
substitutional ˌsʌb.stɪˈtjuː.ʃən.əl, -ˈtjuːʃ.nəl (US) -stəˈtuː.ʃən.əl, -ˈtjuː- **-ly** -i
substitutive ˈsʌb.stɪ.tjuː.tɪv (US) -stə.tuː.t̬ɪv, -tjuː-
substrate ˈsʌb.streɪt **-s** -s
substratosphere sʌbˈstræt.*ə*ʊˌsfɪəʳ, -ˈstrɑː.t*ə*ʊ- (US) -ˈstræt.ə.sfɪr **-s** -z
substrat|um sʌbˈstrɑː.t|əm, -ˈstreɪ-, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) ˈsʌbˌstreɪ.t̬|əm, -ˌstræt̬|.əm **-a** -ə
substructure ˈsʌbˌstrʌk.tʃəʳ (US) -tʃɚ **-s** -z
subsum|e səbˈsjuːm (US) -ˈsuːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
subsystem ˈsʌbˌsɪs.təm, -tɪm (US) -təm **-s** -z
subtangent sʌbˈtæn.dʒənt, ˌsʌb- **-s** -s
subtenancy sʌbˈten.ən*t*.si, ˌsʌb-, ˈsʌbˌten- (US) sʌbˈten-, ˌsʌb-
subtenant sʌbˈten.ənt, ˌsʌb-, ˈ-ˌ-- (US) ˈsʌbˌten- **-s** -s
subtend səbˈtend, sʌb- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
subterfug|e ˈsʌb.tə.fjuːd*ʒ* (US) -tɚ- **-es** -ɪz
subterrane|an ˌsʌb.tərˈeɪ.ni|.ən (US) -təˈreɪ- **-ous** -əs
subtext ˈsʌb.tekst **-s** -s
subtil(e) ˈsʌt.əl (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl; ˈsʌb.tɪl
subtility sʌbˈtɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
subtiliz|e, -is|e ˈsʌt.əl.aɪz, -ɪ.laɪz (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl.aɪz, ˈsʌb.tɪ.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
subtilty ˈsʌt.əl.ti, -ɪl- (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl.t̬i, ˈsʌb.tɪl-
subtitl|e ˈsʌbˌtaɪ.təl, -ˈ-- (US) ˈsʌbˌtaɪ.t̬əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
subtl|e ˈsʌt.əl (US) ˈsʌt̬- **-er** -əʳ, ˈsʌt.ləʳ (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl.ɚ, ˈsʌt.lɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst, ˈsʌt.lɪst, -ləst (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl.ɪst, -əst, ˈsʌt.lɪst, -ləst **-y** -i **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
subtlet|y ˈsʌt.əl.t|i (US) ˈsʌt̬.əl.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
subtopia sʌbˈtəʊ.pi.ə (US) -ˈtoʊ-
subtotal ˈsʌbˌtəʊ.təl, -ˈ--, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈsʌbˌtoʊ.t̬əl **-s** -s **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
subtract səbˈtrækt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
subtraction səbˈtræk.ʃən **-s** -z
subtrahend ˈsʌb.trə.hend **-s** -z
subtropic sʌbˈtrɒp.ɪk (US) -ˈtrɑː.pɪk **-s** -s
subtropical sʌbˈtrɒp.ɪ.kəl, ˌsʌb- (US) -ˈtrɑː.pɪ-
suburb ˈsʌb.ɜːb (US) -ɝːb **-s** -z
suburban səˈbɜː.bən (US) -ˈbɝː-
suburbanite səˈbɜː.bən.aɪt (US) -ˈbɝː- **-s** -s
suburbanization, -isa- səˌbɜː.bən.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) -ˌbɝː-, -ɪˈ-
suburbaniz|e, -is|e səˈbɜː.bən.aɪz (US) -ˈbɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
suburbia səˈbɜː.bi.ə (US) -ˈbɝː-
subvariet|y ˈsʌb.vəˌraɪ.ə.t|i (US) -vəˌraɪ.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
subvention səbˈven.*t*ʃən, sʌb- (US) -ˈven*t*.ʃən **-s** -z
subversion səbˈvɜː.ʃən, sʌb-, -ʒən (US) -ˈvɝː.ʒən, -ʃən
subversive səbˈvɜː.sɪv, sʌb- (US) -ˈvɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sub|vert sʌb|ˈvɜːt, səb- (US) -ˈvɝːt **-verts** -ˈvɜːts (US) -ˈvɝːts **-verting** -ˈvɜː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪŋ **-verted** -ˈvɜː.tɪd (US) -ˈvɝː.t̬ɪd
subway ˈsʌb.weɪ **-s** -z
subzero sʌbˈzɪə.rəʊ, ˌsʌb- (US) -ˈzɪr.oʊ, -ˈziː.roʊ
succeed səkˈsiːd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
succès de scandale sjuːkˌseɪ.dəˌskɑ̃ː*n*ˈdɑːl *as if French:* sʊk-
success səkˈses **-es** -ɪz **sucˈcess ˌstory**
successful səkˈses.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
succession səkˈseʃ.ən **-s** -z
successive səkˈses.ɪv **-ly** -li
successor səkˈses.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
succinct səkˈsɪŋ*k*t, sʌk- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
succ|or ˈsʌk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
succory ˈsʌk.ər.i
succotash ˈsʌk.ə.tæʃ
Succoth ˈsʌk.əs, ˈsʊk-; sʊˈkɒt (US) ˈsʊk.əs; ˈsuː.kɔːt
succ|our ˈsʌk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ouring** -ər.ɪŋ **-oured** -əd (US) -ɚd
succub|a ˈsʌk.jə.b|ə, -jʊ- **-ae** -iː
succub|us ˈsʌk.jə.b|əs, -jʊ- **-i** -aɪ
succulence ˈsʌk.jə.lən*t*s, -jʊ-
succulent ˈsʌk.jə.lənt, -jʊ- **-ly** -li
succumb səˈkʌm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

such *usual form:* sʌtʃ *occasional weak form:* sətʃ
such-and-such ˈsʌtʃ.ən.sʌtʃ
Suchard® ˈsuː.ʃɑːd, -ʃɑː ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːrd
suchlike ˈsʌtʃ.laɪk
suck sʌk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**sucking** ˌ**pig**
sucker ˈsʌk.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
suckl|e ˈsʌk.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈsʌk.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
suckling (S) ˈsʌk.lɪŋ, ˈ-əl.ɪŋ **-s** -z
sucre *currency:* ˈsuː.kreɪ **-s** -z
Sucre *in Bolivia:* ˈsuː.kreɪ
sucrose ˈsuː.krəʊs, ˈsjuː-, -krəʊz ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.kroʊs
suction ˈsʌk.ʃən ˈ**suction** ˌ**pad;** ˈ**suction** ˌ**pump**
Sudan suːˈdɑːn, sʊ-, -ˈdæn ⓤⓢ suːˈdæn
Sudanese ˌsuː.dənˈiːz
Sudanic suːˈdæn.ɪk, sʊ- ⓤⓢ suː-
sudarium sjuːˈdeə.ri.əm, suː- ⓤⓢ suːˈder.i- **-s** -z
sudatory ˈsjuː.də.tər.i, ˈsuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.də.tɔːr-
Sudbury ˈsʌd.bər.i, ˈsʌb- ⓤⓢ ˈsʌd.ber-, -bɚ-
sudd sʌd
sudden ˈsʌd.ən **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**sudden** ˈ**death**
Sudetenland sʊˈdeɪ.tən.lænd ⓤⓢ suː-
sudorific ˌsjuː.dərˈɪf.ɪk, ˌsuː-, -dɒrˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.dəˈrɪf- **-s** -s
suds sʌdz
suds|y ˈsʌd.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
su|e (S) suː, sjuː ⓤⓢ suː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
suede sweɪd
su|et ˈsuː|.ɪt, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː- **-ety** -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬i ˌ**suet** ˈ**pudding**
Suetonius swɪˈtəʊ.ni.əs, swiː-; ˌsjuː.ɪˈ-, ˌsuː-, -iːˈ- ⓤⓢ swiːˈtoʊ-, swɪ-
Suez ˈsuː.ɪz, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ suːˈez, ˈ-- ˌ**Suez Ca**ˈ**nal**
suff|er ˈsʌf|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/s** -ər.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erable** -ər.ə.bəl **-erance** -ər.ənts
suffic|e səˈfaɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
sufficiency səˈfɪʃ.ənt.si
sufficient səˈfɪʃ.ənt **-ly** -li
suffix (*v.*) ˈsʌf.ɪks; səˈfɪks, sʌfˈɪks ⓤⓢ ˈsʌf.ɪks; səˈfɪks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
suffix (*n.*) ˈsʌf.ɪks **-es** -ɪz
suffo|cate ˈsʌf.ə|.keɪt **-cates** -keɪts **-cating/ly** -keɪ.tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
suffocation ˌsʌf.əˈkeɪ.ʃən
Suffolk ˈsʌf.ək
suffragan ˈsʌf.rə.gən **-s** -z
suffrag|e ˈsʌf.rɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
suffragette ˌsʌf.rəˈdʒet **-s** -s
suffragist ˈsʌf.rə.dʒɪst **-s** -s
suffus|e səˈfjuːz, sʌfˈjuːz ⓤⓢ səˈfjuːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
suffusion səˈfjuː.ʒən, sʌfˈjuː- ⓤⓢ səˈfjuː- **-s** -z
Suf|i ˈsuː.f|i **-is** -iz **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ic** -ɪk
sug|ar ˈʃʊg|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ars** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-aring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ared** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd ˈ**sugar** ˌ**beet;** ˈ**sugar** ˌ**daddy**
sugarcane ˈʃʊg.ə.keɪn ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -z
sugarloa|f ˈʃʊg.ə.ləʊ|f ⓤⓢ -ɚ.loʊ|f **-ves** -vz ˌ**Sugarloaf** ˈ**Mountain**
sugarplum ˈʃʊg.ə.plʌm ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -z
sugar|y ˈʃʊg.ər|.i **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
suggest səˈdʒest ⓤⓢ səg- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
suggestibility səˌdʒes.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, -tɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ səgˌdʒes.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
suggestible səˈdʒes.tə.bəl, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ səgˈdʒes.tə-
suggestion səˈdʒes.tʃən, -ˈdʒeʃ- ⓤⓢ səgˈdʒes- **-s** -z
suggestive səˈdʒes.tɪv ⓤⓢ səgˈdʒes- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Suharto sʊˈhɑː.təʊ ⓤⓢ -ˈhɑːr.t̬oʊ
suicidal ˌsuː.ɪˈsaɪ.dəl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.əˈ- **-ly** -i
suicide ˈsuː.ɪ.saɪd, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.ə- **-s** -z
sui generis ˌsjuː.iːˈdʒen.ər.ɪs, ˌsuː-, -aɪˈ-, -ˈgen- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.iːˈdʒen-, -aɪˈ-
sui juris ˌsjuː.iːˈdʒʊə.rɪs, ˌsuː-, -aɪˈ-, -ˈdʒɔː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.iːˈdʒʊr.ɪs, -aɪˈ-
suit suːt, sjuːt ⓤⓢ suːt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.t̬ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.t̬ɪd
suitability ˌsuː.təˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
suitab|le ˈsuː.tə.b|əl, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nɪs, -nəs
suitcas|e ˈsuːt.keɪs, ˈsjuːt- ⓤⓢ ˈsuːt- **-es** -ɪz
suite swiːt **-s** -s
suitor ˈsuː.təʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
sukiyaki ˌsuː.kiˈjæk.i ⓤⓢ -ˈjɑː.ki, ˌsʊk.iˈ-
Sukkot(h) ˈsʊk.ɒt ⓤⓢ -ɑːt
Sukkur ˈsʊk.ʊə ⓤⓢ ˈsʊk.ʊr, -ɚ
Sulawesi ˌsuː.ləˈweɪ.si, -læˈ- ⓤⓢ -lɑːˈ-
sulcal ˈsʌl.kəl
sulcalization, -isa- ˌsʌl.kəl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- ⓤⓢ -ɪˈ-
sulcaliz|e, -is|e ˈsʌl.kəl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sulcate ˈsʌl.keɪt, -kɪt, -kət ⓤⓢ -keɪt
Suleiman ˌsʊl.eɪˈmɑːn, ˌsuː.leɪˈ-, -lɪˈ-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.leɪ.mɑːn, -lə-
sulfanilamide ˌsʌl.fəˈnɪl.ə.maɪd ⓤⓢ -maɪd, -mɪd
sulfate ˈsʌl.feɪt, -fɪt, -fət ⓤⓢ -feɪt **-s** -s
sulf|ide ˈsʌl.f|aɪd **-ides** -aɪdz **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
sulfonamide sʌlˈfɒn.ə.maɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈfɑː.nə-, -mɪd **-s** -z
sulfur ˈsʌl.fəʳ ⓤⓢ -fɚ
sulfureous sʌlˈfjʊə.ri.əs, -ˈfjɔː- ⓤⓢ -ˈfjʊr.i-
sulfuretted ˈsʌl.fjʊ.ret.ɪd, -fjʊə-, -fə- ⓤⓢ -fjə.ret̬-, -fə-, -fjʊ-
sulfuric sʌlˈfjʊə.rɪk, -ˈfjɔː- ⓤⓢ -ˈfjʊr.ɪk **sul**ˌ**furic** ˈ**acid**
sulfurous ˈsʌl.fər.əs, -fjʊ.rəs ⓤⓢ -fɚ-; sʌlˈfjʊr.əs
sulfury ˈsʌl.fər.i
Suliman ˌsʊl.ɪˈmɑːn, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.leɪ.mɑːn, -lə-
sulk sʌlk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Sulla ˈsʌl.ə, ˈsʊl- ⓤⓢ ˈsʌl-
sullen ˈsʌl.ən **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Sullivan ˈsʌl.ɪ.vən
Sullom Voe ˌsuː.ləmˈvəʊ, ˌsʌl.əmˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈvoʊ
sull|y (S) ˈsʌl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
sulphanilamide ˌsʌl.fəˈnɪl.ə.maɪd ⓤⓢ -maɪd, -mɪd
sulphate ˈsʌl.feɪt, -fɪt, -fət ⓤⓢ -feɪt **-s** -s
sulph|ide ˈsʌl.f|aɪd **-ides** -aɪdz **-ite/s** -aɪt/s
sulphonamide sʌlˈfɒn.ə.maɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈfɑː.nə-, -mɪd **-s** -z
sulphur ˈsʌl.fəʳ ⓤⓢ -fɚ
sulphureous sʌlˈfjʊə.ri.əs, -ˈfjɔː- ⓤⓢ -ˈfjʊr.i-
sulphuretted ˈsʌl.fjʊ.ret.ɪd, -fjʊə-, -fə- ⓤⓢ -fjə.ret̬-, -fə-, -fjʊ-
sulphuric sʌlˈfjʊə.rɪk, -ˈfjɔː- ⓤⓢ -ˈfjʊr.ɪk **sul**ˌ**phuric** ˈ**acid**
sulphurous ˈsʌl.fər.əs, -fjʊ.rəs ⓤⓢ -fɚ.əs; sʌlˈfjʊr.əs
sulphury ˈsʌl.fər.i
sultan (S) ˈsʌl.tən **-s** -z
sultana *kind of raisin:* səlˈtɑː.nə, sʌl- ⓤⓢ sʌlˈtæn.ə, -ˈtɑː.nə **-s** -z
sultana (S) *sultan's wife, mother, etc.:* sʌlˈtɑː.nə, sʊl- ⓤⓢ sʌlˈtæn.ə, -ˈtɑː.nə **-s** -z
sultanate ˈsʌl.tə.nət, -neɪt, -nɪt ⓤⓢ -tən.ɪt, -eɪt **-s** -s
sultr|y ˈsʌl.tr|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Sulu ˈsuː.luː
sum sʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d ˌ**sum** ˈ**total**
sumac(h) ˈʃuː.mæk, ˈsuː-, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.mæk, ˈʃʊm.æk **-s** -s
Sumatr|a sʊˈmɑː.tr|ə, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ suː- **-an/s** -ən/z
Sumburgh ˈsʌm.bər.ə
Sumerian sʊˈmɪə.ri.ən, suː-, sjʊ-, sjuː-, -ˈmeə- ⓤⓢ suːˈmɪr.i-, -ˈmer-
summa cum laude ˌsʊm.ɑː.kʊmˈlaʊ.deɪ ⓤⓢ -əˌ-, -di; ˌsʌm.əˌkʌmˈlɔː.di
summariz|e, -is|e ˈsʌm.ər.aɪz ⓤⓢ -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
summar|y ˈsʌm.ər|.i **-ies** -iz **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
summat ˈsʌm.ət
summation sʌmˈeɪ.ʃən, səˈmeɪ- ⓤⓢ səˈmeɪ- **-s** -z
summer (S) ˈsʌm.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-like** -laɪk ˌ**summer** ˈ**pudding;** ˈ**summer** ˌ**school;** ˈ**Summer** ˌ**Time**
Summerfield ˈsʌm.ə.fiːld ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-s** -z
summerhou|se ˈsʌm.ə.haʊ|s ⓤⓢ ˈ-ɚ- **-ses** -zɪz

Summers 'sʌm.əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz
summertime 'sʌm.ə.taɪm ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
Summerville 'sʌm.ə.vɪl ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
summery 'sʌm.ᵊr.i
summing-up ˌsʌm.ɪŋ'ʌp **summings-up** ˌsʌm.ɪŋz'-
summit 'sʌm.ɪt **-s** -s
summiteer ˌsʌm.ɪ'tɪəʳ ⓤⓢ -'tɪɚ **-s** -z
summon 'sʌm.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
summons 'sʌm.ənz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Sumner 'sʌm.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
sumo 'suː.məʊ ⓤⓢ -moʊ **'sumo ˌwrestler, ˌsumo 'wrestler; ˌsumo 'wrestling, 'sumo ˌwrestling**
sump sʌmp **-s** -s
sumpter (S) 'sʌmp.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-s** -z
sumptuary 'sʌmp.tjʊə.ri, -tjʊ-, -tʃʊə-, -tʃʊ- ⓤⓢ -tʃu.er.i
sumptuous 'sʌmp.tʃu.əs, -tju- ⓤⓢ -tʃu- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
sun (S) sʌn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **ˌSun 'City; 'sun ˌdeck; 'sun ˌhat; 'sun ˌlounge**
Sun. (*abbrev. for* **Sunday**) 'sʌn.deɪ, -di
sunbaked 'sʌn.beɪkt, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn-
sunba|th 'sʌn.bɑː|θ, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn.bæ|θ **-ths** -ðz
sunbath|e 'sʌn.beɪð, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
sunbeam (S) 'sʌn.biːm, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn- **-s** -z
sunbed 'sʌn.bed, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn- **-s** -z
sun-belt 'sʌn.belt, 'sʌm- **-s** -s
sunblind 'sʌn.blaɪnd, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn- **-s** -z
sunblock 'sʌn.blɒk, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn.blɑːk **-s** -s
sun-bonnet 'sʌnˌbɒn.ɪt, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌnˌbɑː.nɪt **-s** -s
sunburn 'sʌn.bɜːn, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn.bɝːn **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-t** -t
sunburst 'sʌn.bɜːst, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn.bɝːst **-s** -s
Sunbury 'sʌn.bᵊr.i, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn-, -beri
Sunda 'sʌn.də
sundae 'sʌn.deɪ ⓤⓢ -di, -deɪ **-s** -z
Sundanese ˌsʌn.də'niːz
Sunday 'sʌn.deɪ, -di **-s** -z **ˌSunday 'best; 'Sunday ˌschool; in a ˌmonth of 'Sundays**
sund|er 'sʌn.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Sunderland 'sʌn.dᵊl.ənd ⓤⓢ -dɚ.lənd
sundial 'sʌn.daɪl **-s** -z
sundown 'sʌn.daʊn
sundowner 'sʌnˌdaʊ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
sundrenched 'sʌn.drentʃt
sundress 'sʌn.dres **-es** -ɪz
sun-dried 'sʌn.draɪd
sundr|y 'sʌn.dr|i **-ies** -iz
sunfish 'sʌn.fɪʃ
sunflower 'sʌn.flaʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -flaʊɚ **-s** -z **'sunflower ˌseed**
sung (*from* **sing**) sʌŋ
Sung sʊŋ, sʌŋ ⓤⓢ sʊŋ
sunglasses 'sʌnˌglɑː.sɪz, 'sʌŋ- ⓤⓢ 'sʌnˌglæs.ɪs
sunk (*from* **sink**) sʌŋk
sunken (*from* **sink**) 'sʌŋ.kən
sunkissed 'sʌn.kɪst, 'sʌŋ-
sunlamp 'sʌn.læmp **-s** -s
sunless 'sʌn.ləs, -lɪs
sun|light 'sʌn|.laɪt **-lit** -lɪt
sunlounger 'sʌnˌlaʊn.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
Sunn|i 'sʊn|.i, 'sʌn- ⓤⓢ 'sʊn- **-ite/s** -aɪt/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm **ˌSunni 'Muslim**
Sunningdale 'sʌn.ɪŋ.deɪl
sunn|y 'sʌn|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **ˌsunny-side 'up**
Sunnyside 'sʌn.i.saɪd
sunproof 'sʌn.pruːf, 'sʌm- ⓤⓢ 'sʌn-
sunray 'sʌn.reɪ **-s** -z
sunris|e 'sʌn.raɪz **-es** -ɪz
sunroo|f 'sʌn.ruː|f ⓤⓢ -ruː|f, -rʊ|f **-fs** -fs **-ves** -vz
sunscreen 'sʌn.skriːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ
sunset 'sʌn.set **-s** -s
sunshade 'sʌn.ʃeɪd **-s** -z
sunshin|e 'sʌn.ʃaɪn **-y** -i
sunspot 'sʌn.spɒt ⓤⓢ -spɑːt **-s** -s
sunstroke 'sʌn.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk **-s** -s
suntan 'sʌn.tæn **-s** -z **-ned** -d
suntrap 'sʌn.træp **-s** -s
sunup 'sʌn.ʌp **-s** -s
sun-worship 'sʌnˌwɜː.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ -ˌwɝː- **-per/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
suo nomine ˌsuː.əʊ'nəʊ.mɪ.neɪ, ˌsjuː-, -'nɒm.ɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.oʊ'noʊ.mɪ-, -'nɑː-
sup sʌp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
super- 'suː.pəʳ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ
super 'suː.pəʳ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ **-s** -z
superab|le 'suː.pᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
superabundan|ce ˌsuː.pᵊr.ə'bʌn.dən|ts, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː- **-t/ly** -t/li
superannu|ate ˌsuː.pᵊr'æn.ju|.eɪt, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
superannuation ˌsuː.pᵊrˌæn.ju'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː- **-s** -z
superb suː'pɜːb, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ sə'pɝːb, sʊ-, suː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Superbowl 'suː.pə.bəʊl, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.boʊl
superbug 'suː.pə.bʌg, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-s** -z
supercargo 'suː.pəˌkɑː.gəʊ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚˌkɑːr.goʊ **-es** -z
supercharg|e 'suː.pə.tʃɑːdʒ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
supercharger 'suː.pəˌtʃɑː.dʒəʳ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚˌtʃɑːr.dʒɚ **-s** -z
superchip 'suː.pə.tʃɪp, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-s** -s
supercilious ˌsuː.pə'sɪl.i.əs, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
supercomputer 'suː.pə.kəmˌpjuː.təʳ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.kəmˌpjuː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
superconductivity ˌsuː.pəˌkɒn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.ti, ˌsjuː-, -dək'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˌkɑːn.dʌk'tɪv.ə.t̬i
superconduct|or 'suː.pə.kənˌdʌk.t|əʳ, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.kənˌdʌk.t|ɚ **-ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
supercool ˌsuː.pə'kuːl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Superdrug 'suː.pə.drʌg, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ-
super-duper ˌsuː.pə'duː.pəʳ, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'duː.pɚ
superego ˌsuː.pᵊr'iː.gəʊ, ˌsjuː-, -'eg.əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'iː.goʊ **-s** -z
supererogation ˌsuː.pᵊrˌer.əʊ'geɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˌer.ə'-
supererogatory ˌsuː.pᵊr.er'ɒg.ə.tᵊr.i, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ'rɒg- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ.ɪ'rɑː.gə.tɔːr-
superfici|al ˌsuː.pə'fɪʃ|.ᵊl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
superficialit|y ˌsuː.pəˌfɪʃ.i'æl.ə.t|i, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˌfɪʃ.i'æl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
superficies ˌsuː.pə'fɪʃ.iːz, ˌsjuː-, -i.iːz ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'fɪʃ.i.iːz, '-iːz
superfine ˌsuː.pə'faɪn, ˌsjuː-, '--- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.faɪn, ˌ--'-
superfix 'suː.pə.fɪks, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ-
superfluit|y ˌsuː.pə'fluː.ə.t|i, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'fluː.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
superfluous suː'pɜː.flu.əs, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ -'pɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
superglottal ˌsuː.pə'glɒt.ᵊl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'glɑː.t̬ᵊl
Superglue® 'suː.pə.gluː, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ-
supergrass 'suː.pə.grɑːs, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ.græs **-es** -ɪz
supergravity ˌsuː.pə'græv.ə.ti, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'græv.ə.t̬i
supergroup 'suː.pə.gruːp ⓤⓢ -pɚ- **-s** -s
supergun 'suː.pə.gʌn, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-s** -z
superhead 'suː.pə.hed, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-s** -z
superheat (*v.*) ˌsuː.pə'hiːt, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
superheat (*n.*) 'suː.pə.hiːt, 'sjuː- ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ-
superhero 'suː.pəˌhɪə.rəʊ, 'sjuː-, ˌsuː.pə'hɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-es** -z
superheterodyne ˌsuː.pə'het.ᵊr.əʊ.daɪn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ'het̬.ə.roʊ.daɪn **-s** -z
superhighway ˌsuː.pə'haɪ.weɪ, ˌsjuː-, 'suː.pəˌhaɪ.weɪ ⓤⓢ 'suː.pɚ- **-s** -z **ˌinformation 'superˌhighway, ˌinformation ˌsuper'highway**

superhuman ˌsuː.pəˈhjuː.mən, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
superimpos|e ˌsuː.pᵊr.ɪmˈpəʊz, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ.ɪmˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
superintend ˌsuː.pᵊr.ɪnˈtend, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-ence** -ənts
superintendenc|y ˌsuː.pᵊr.ɪnˈten.dᵊnt.s|i, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ- **-ies** -iz
superintendent ˌsuː.pᵊr.ɪnˈten.dənt, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ- **-s** -s
superior (S) suːˈpɪə.ri.əʳ, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ-, sə- ⓤⓢ səˈpɪr.i.ɚ, sʊ- **-s** -z
superiorit|y suːˌpɪə.riˈɒr.ə.t|i, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ-, sə-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ səˌpɪr.iˈɔːr.ə.t̬|i, sʊ- **-ies** -iz
superlative suːˈpɜː.lə.tɪv, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ səˈpɝː.lə.t̬ɪv, sʊ-, suː- **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Superleague ˈsuː.pə.liːg, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-s** -z
super|man (S) ˈsuː.pə|.mæn, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-men** -men
supermarket ˈsuː.pəˌmɑː.kɪt, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌmɑːr- **-s** -s
supermodel ˈsuː.pəˌmɒd.ᵊl, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌmɑː.dᵊl **-s** -z
supernal suːˈpɜː.nᵊl, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ səˈpɝː-, sʊ-, suː-
supernatural ˌsuː.pəˈnætʃ.ᵊr.ᵊl, ˌsjuː-, ˌsjʊ.pəˈ-, ˌsʊ-, -ʊ.rᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈnæt.ʃɚ.ᵊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
supernormal ˌsuː.pəˈnɔː.mᵊl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈnɔːr-
supernov|a ˌsuː.pəˈnəʊ.v|ə, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈnoʊ- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
supernumerar|y ˌsuː.pəˈnjuː.mᵊr.ᵊr|.i, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈnuː.mə.rer|.i, -ˈnjuː- **-ies** -iz
superoctave ˈsuː.pᵊrˌɒk.tɪv, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌɑːk- **-s** -z
superordinate ˌsuː.pᵊrˈɔː.dᵊn.ət, ˌsjuː-, -dɪ.nət, -nɪt, -neɪt ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈɔːr.dᵊn.ɪt **-s** -s
superpos|e ˌsuː.pəˈpəʊz, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
superposition ˌsuː.pə.pəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ- **-s** -z
superpower ˈsuː.pəˌpaʊəʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌpaʊɚ **-s** -z
superpriorit|y ˌsuː.pə.praɪˈɒr.ə.t|i, ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ.praɪˈɔːr.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
supersaver ˈsuː.pəˌseɪ.vəʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌseɪ.vɚ **-s** -z
superscrib|e ˌsuː.pəˈskraɪb, ˌsjuː-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ.skraɪb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
superscript ˈsuː.pə.skrɪpt, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ-
superscription ˌsuː.pəˈskrɪp.ʃᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-s** -z
supersed|e ˌsuː.pəˈsiːd, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
supersession ˌsuː.pəˈseʃ.ᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ-
supersiz|e ˈsuː.pə.saɪz ⓤⓢ -pɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
supersonic ˌsuː.pəˈsɒn.ɪk, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈsɑː.nɪk **-s** -z **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
superstar ˈsuː.pə.stɑːʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ.stɑːr **-s** -z **-dom** -dəm
superstate ˈsuː.pə.steɪt, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-s** -s
superstition ˌsuː.pəˈstɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-s** -z
superstitious ˌsuː.pəˈstɪʃ.əs, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
superstore ˈsuː.pə.stɔːʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ.stɔːr **-s** -z
superstring ˈsuː.pə.strɪŋ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-s** -z
superstructure ˈsuː.pəˌstrʌk.tʃəʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌstrʌk.tʃɚ **-s** -z
supertanker ˈsuː.pəˌtæŋ.kəʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌtæŋ.kɚ **-s** -z
supertax ˈsuː.pə.tæks, ˈsjuː-, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ.tæks **-es** -ɪz
supertitle ˈsuː.pəˌtaɪ.tᵊl, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-s** -z
supertonic ˌsuː.pəˈtɒn.ɪk, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈtɑː.nɪk **-s** -s
superuser ˈsuː.pəˌjuː.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -pɚˌjuː.zɚ **-s** -z
superven|e ˌsuː.pəˈviːn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
supervis|e ˈsuː.pə.vaɪz, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
supervision ˌsuː.pəˈvɪʒ.ᵊn, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈ- **-s** -z
supervisor ˈsuː.pə.vaɪ.zəʳ, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚ.vaɪ.zɚ **-s** -z
supervisory ˌsuː.pəˈvaɪ.zᵊr.i, ˌsjuː-, ˈsuː.pə.vaɪ-, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚˈvaɪ.zɚ-
super|woman ˈsuː.pə|ˌwʊm.ən, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.pɚˌ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
supine (*n.*) ˈsuː.paɪn, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː- **-s** -z
supine (*adj.*) ˈsuː.paɪn, ˈsjuː-, -ˈ- ⓤⓢ suːˈpaɪn, ˈ--- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
supper ˈsʌp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
sup|plant sə|ˈplɑːnt ⓤⓢ -ˈplænt **-plants** -ˈplɑːnts ⓤⓢ -ˈplænts **-planting** -ˈplɑːn.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈplæn.t̬ɪŋ **-planted** -ˈplɑːn.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈplæn.t̬ɪd **-planter/s** -ˈplɑːn.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˈplæn.t̬ɚ/z
supp|le ˈsʌp|.ᵊl **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **-ly** -li, -ᵊl.i
supplement (*n.*) ˈsʌp.lɪ.mənt, -lə- ⓤⓢ -lə- **-s** -s
supple|ment (*v.*) ˈsʌp.lɪ|.ment, -lə-, ˌ--ˈ- ⓤⓢ ˈsʌp.lə- **-ments** -ments **-menting** -men.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -men.t̬ɪŋ **-mented** -men.tɪd ⓤⓢ -men.t̬ɪd
supplemental ˌsʌp.lɪˈmen.tᵊl, -ləˈ- ⓤⓢ -ləˈmen.t̬ᵊl
supplementary ˌsʌp.lɪˈmen.tᵊr.i, -ləˈ-, ˈ-tri ⓤⓢ -ləˈmen.t̬ɚ.i *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**supplementary** ˈ**benefit**
supplementation ˌsʌp.lɪ.menˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, -lə- ⓤⓢ -lə-
suppliant ˈsʌp.li.ənt **-s** -s **-ly** -li
supplicant ˈsʌp.lɪ.kənt, -lə- ⓤⓢ -lə- **-s** -s
suppli|cate ˈsʌp.lɪ|.keɪt, -lə- ⓤⓢ -lə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating/ly** -keɪ.tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -keɪ.t̬ɪd
supplication ˌsʌp.lɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ləˈ- ⓤⓢ -ləˈ- **-s** -z
supplicatory ˈsʌp.lɪ.kə.tᵊr.i, -lə-, -keɪ- ⓤⓢ -lə.kə.tɔːr-
supplier səˈplaɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
suppl|y səˈpl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ **-ied** -aɪd **supˌply and deˈmand; supˈply ˌteacher**
supply-sid|e səˈplaɪ.saɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
sup|port sə|ˈpɔːt ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːrt **-ports** -ˈpɔːts ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːrts **-porting** -ˈpɔː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd **-ported** -ˈpɔː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd **-porter/s** -ˈpɔː.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɚ/z
supportab|le səˈpɔː.tə.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
supportive səˈpɔː.tɪv ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr.t̬ɪv
suppos|e səˈpəʊz ⓤⓢ -ˈpoʊz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
supposedly səˈpəʊ.zɪd.li ⓤⓢ -ˈpoʊ-
supposition ˌsʌp.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
suppositional ˌsʌp.əˈzɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˈ-nᵊl **-li** -i
supposititious səˌpɒz.ɪˈtɪʃ.əs, -əˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˌpɑː.zəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
suppositor|y səˈpɒz.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, ˈ-ə-, -tr|i ⓤⓢ -ˈpɑː.zə.tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz
suppress səˈpres **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-or/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ible** -ə.bᵊl, -ɪ.bᵊl
suppressant səˈpres.ᵊnt **-s** -s
suppression səˈpreʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
suppu|rate ˈsʌp.jə|.reɪt, -jʊ- **-rates** -reɪts **-rating** -reɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -reɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -reɪ.t̬ɪd
suppuration ˌsʌp.jᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊˈreɪ- ⓤⓢ -jəˈreɪ-, -jʊˈ- **-s** -z
supra- ˈsuː.prə, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː.prə
supradental ˌsuː.prəˈden.tᵊl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.prəˈden.t̬ᵊl
suprafix ˈsuː.prə.fɪks, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsuː-
supranational ˌsuː.prəˈnæʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˌsjuː-, ˈ-nᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌsuː- **-ly** -li
suprarenal ˌsuː.prəˈriː.nᵊl, ˌsjuː-, ˈsuː.prəˌriː-, ˈsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.prəˈriː-
suprasegmental ˌsuː.prə.segˈmen.tᵊl, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.prə.segˈmen.t̬ᵊl
supremacist suːˈprem.ə.sɪst, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ səˈ-, sʊ-, suː- **-s** -s
supremac|y suːˈprem.ə.s|i, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ sə-, sʊ-, suː- **-ies** -iz
supreme suːˈpriːm, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ sə-, sʊ-, suː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **SuˌpremeˈCourt; SuˌpremeˈSoviet**
supremo suːˈpriː.məʊ, sjuː-, sʊ-, sjʊ- ⓤⓢ suːˈpriː.moʊ, sʊ-, sə- **-s** -z
supt (S) (*abbrev. for* **superintendent**) ˌsuː.pᵊr.ɪnˈten.dənt, ˌsjuː- ⓤⓢ ˌsuː.pɚ-
sura ˈsʊə.rə ⓤⓢ ˈsʊr.ə **-s** -z
surah ˈsjʊə.rə ⓤⓢ ˈsʊr.ə
surat sʊˈræt, sjuː- ⓤⓢ ˈsʊr.æt

Surat 'sʊə.rət, 'suː-; sʊ'rɑːt, -'ræt (US) 'sʊr.ət; sə'ræt
Surbiton 'sɜː.bɪ.tᵊn (US) 'sɝː.bɪ.t̬ən
surceas|e (*v.*) sɜː'siːs (US) sɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
surceas|e (*n.*) sɜː'siːs (US) sɝː-, '--- **-es** -ɪz
surcharg|e (*n.*) 'sɜː.tʃɑːdʒ, ˌ-'- (US) 'sɝː.tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz
surcharg|e (*v.*) 'sɜː.tʃɑːdʒ, ˌ-'- (US) 'sɝː.tʃɑːrdʒ, -'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
surcingle 'sɜː.sɪŋ.gᵊl (US) 'sɝː- **-s** -z
surcoat 'sɜː.kəʊt (US) 'sɝː.koʊt **-s** -s
surd sɜːd (US) sɝːd **-s** -z **-ity** -ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
sur|e ʃɔːʳ, ʃʊəʳ (US) ʃʊr **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
surefire 'ʃɔːˌfaɪəʳ, 'ʃʊə- (US) 'ʃʊrˌfaɪɚ
surefooted ˌʃɔː'fʊt.ɪd, ˌʃʊə- (US) 'ʃʊrˌfʊt̬.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
surely 'ʃɔː.li, 'ʃʊə- (US) 'ʃʊr-
suret|y 'ʃɔː.rə.t|i, 'ʃʊə- (US) 'ʃʊr.ə.t̬|i, '-t̬|i **-ies** -iz **-yship/s** -i.ʃɪp/s
surf sɜːf (US) sɝːf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
surfac|e 'sɜː.fɪs, -fəs (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'surface ˌmail; 'surface ˌstructure; ˌsurface 'tension** (US) **'surface ˌtension**
surface-to-air ˌsɜː.fɪs.tu'eəʳ (US) ˌsɝː.fɪs.tu'er **ˌsurface-to-air 'missile**
surface-to-surface ˌsɜː.fɪs.tə'sɜː.fɪs (US) ˌsɝː.fɪs.tə'sɝːr- *stress shift:* ˌsurface-to-surface 'missile
surfactant sɜː'fæk.tənt (US) sɝː- **-s** -s
surfboard 'sɜːf.bɔːd (US) 'sɝːf.bɔːrd **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
surfboat 'sɜːf.bəʊt (US) 'sɝːf.boʊt **-s** -s
surfei|t 'sɜː.fɪ|t, -ə|t (US) 'sɝː.fɪ|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
surfer 'sɜː.fəʳ (US) 'sɝː.fɚ **-s** -z
surfing 'sɜː.fɪŋ (US) 'sɝː-
surg|e sɜːdʒ (US) sɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
surgeon 'sɜː.dʒᵊn (US) 'sɝː- **-s** -z
surger|y 'sɜː.dʒᵊr|.i (US) 'sɝː- **-ies** -iz
surgic|al 'sɜː.dʒɪ.k|ᵊl (US) 'sɝː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **ˌsurgical 'spirit**
Suriname, Surinam ˌsʊə.rɪ'næm, ˌsjʊə-, '--- (US) ˌsʊr.ɪ'nɑːm; 'sʊr.ɪ.næm
Surinamese ˌsʊə.rɪ.næm'iːz, ˌsjʊə-
surl|y 'sɜː.l|i (US) 'sɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
surmis|e (*n.*) 'sɜː.maɪz; ˌ-'-, sə- (US) sɚ'maɪz; 'sɜːr.maɪz **-es** -ɪz
surmis|e (*v.*) sɜː'maɪz, sə-; 'sɜː.maɪz (US) sɚ'maɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sur|mount sə|'maʊnt, sɜː- (US) sɚ- **-mounts** -'maʊnts **-mounting** -'maʊn.tɪŋ (US) -'maʊn.t̬ɪŋ **-mounted** -'maʊn.tɪd (US) -'maʊn.t̬ɪd **-mountable** -'maʊn.tə.bᵊl (US) -'maʊn.t̬ə.bᵊl
surnam|e 'sɜː.neɪm (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
surpass sə'pɑːs, sɜː- (US) sɚ'pæs **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bᵊl
surplic|e 'sɜː.plɪs, -pləs (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
surplus 'sɜː.pləs (US) 'sɝː-, -plʌs **-es** -ɪz **-age** -ɪdʒ
surpris|e sə'praɪz (US) sɚ- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li, -d/li
surreal sə'rɪəl (US) sə'riː.əl, -'riːl
surreal|ism sə'rɪə.lɪ|.zᵊm (US) -'riː.ə-, -'riː.lɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
surrealistic səˌrɪə'lɪs.tɪk (US) -ˌriː.ə'-, -ˌriː'-
surrend|er sᵊr'en.d|əʳ (US) sə'ren.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
surreptitious ˌsʌr.əp'tɪʃ.əs, -ɪp'-, -ep'- (US) ˌsɝː.əp'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Surrey, surrey 'sʌr.i (US) 'sɝː-
surrogac|y 'sʌr.ə.gə.s|i **-ies** -iz
surrogate 'sʌr.ə.gɪt, -gət, -geɪt (US) 'sɝː.ə.gɪt, -geɪt **-s** -s **ˌsurrogate 'mother**
surround sə'raʊnd **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd **surˌround 'sound**
sursum corda ˌsɜː.səm'kɔː.də, -sʊm'- (US) ˌsɝː.səm'kɔːr-, -sʊm'-
surtax 'sɜː.tæks (US) 'sɝː- **-es** -ɪz
Surtees 'sɜː.tiːz (US) 'sɝː-
surtitl|e 'sɜːˌtaɪ.tᵊl (US) 'sɝːˌtaɪ.t̬ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˌtaɪt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Surtsey 'sɜːt.si, -seɪ (US) 'sɝːt-
surveil sə'veɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-led** -d **-lant/s** -ənt/s
surveillance sɜː'veɪ.lənts, sə- (US) sɚ-, -'veɪl.jənts
survey (*n.*) 'sɜː.veɪ; ˌ-'-, sə- (US) 'sɝː.veɪ **-s** -z
survey (*v.*) sə'veɪ, sɜː-; 'sɜː.veɪ (US) sɚ'veɪ; 'sɝː.veɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
surveyor sə'veɪ.əʳ (US) sɚ'veɪ.ɚ **-s** -z
survival sə'vaɪ.vᵊl (US) sɚ- **-s** -z **surˌvival of the 'fittest**
survivalist sə'vaɪ.vᵊl.ɪst (US) sɚ- **-s** -s
surviv|e sə'vaɪv (US) sɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-able** -ə.bᵊl
survivor sə'vaɪ.vəʳ (US) sɚ'vaɪ.vɚ **-s** -z
Susan 'suː.zᵊn
Susanna(h) suː'zæn.ə, sʊ-
susceptibilit|y səˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.t|i, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.t|i (US) -tə'bɪl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
susceptib|le sə'sep.tə.b|ᵊl, -tɪ- (US) -tə- **-ly** -li
susceptive sə'sep.tɪv
sushi 'suː.ʃi
Susie 'suː.zi
suspect (*n, adj.*) 'sʌs.pekt **-s** -s
suspect (*v.*) sə'spekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
suspend sə'spend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
suspender sə'spen.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z **su'spender ˌbelt**
suspens|e sə'spen*t*s **-ible** -ə.bᵊl, -ɪ.bᵊl
suspensibility səˌspen*t*.sɪ'bɪl.ə.ti, -sə'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -sə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
suspension sə'spen.*t*ʃᵊn (US) -'spen*t*.ʃᵊn **-s** -z **su'spension ˌbridge**
suspens|ive sə'spen*t*.sl|ɪv **-ory** -ᵊr.i
suspicion sə'spɪʃ.ᵊn **-s** -z
suspicious sə'spɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
suss sʌs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Sussex 'sʌs.ɪks
Susskind 'sʊs.kɪnd (US) 'sʌs-
sustain sə'steɪn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl
sustainability səˌsteɪ.nə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
sustenance 'sʌs.tɪ.nən*t*s, -tᵊn.ən*t*s (US) -tᵊn.ən*t*s
sustentation ˌsʌs.ten'teɪ.ʃᵊn, -tən'-
susurr|ate 'suː.sᵊr|.eɪt, 'sjuː- (US) suː'sɝː|.eɪt, sʊ-, sə- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
susurration ˌsuː.sᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌsjuː- (US) ˌsuː.sə'reɪ- **-s** -z
Sutcliffe 'sʌt.klɪf
Sutherland 'sʌð.ᵊl.ənd (US) -ɚ.lənd
Sutlej 'sʌt.lɪdʒ, -ledʒ (US) -ledʒ
sutler 'sʌt.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
Sutro 'suː.trəʊ (US) -troʊ
suttee 'sʌt.iː, -'- (US) sə'tiː; 'sʌt.iː **-s** -z
Sutton 'sʌt.ᵊn
Sutton Coldfield ˌsʌt.ᵊn'kəʊld.fiːld (US) -'koʊld-
Sutton Hoo ˌsʌt.ᵊn'huː
sutur|e 'suː.tʃəʳ, 'sjuː-, -tjəʳ (US) 'suː.tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Suva 'suː.və
Suzanne suː'zæn, sʊ-
suzerain 'suː.zᵊr.eɪn, 'sjuː- (US) 'suː.zɚ.ɪn, -zə.raɪn **-s** -z
suzeraint|y 'suː.zᵊr.eɪn.t|i, 'sjuː-, -ᵊn- (US) 'suː.zɚ.ɪn-, -zə.raɪn- **-ies** -iz
Suzuki® sə'zuː.ki, sʊ- **-s** -z
Suzy 'suː.zi
svarabhakti ˌsvʌr.ə'bʌk.ti, ˌsvɑː.rə'-, -'bæk-, -tiː (US) ˌsvɑːr.ɑː'bɑːk-
svelt|e svelt, sfelt **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
Svengali sveŋ'gɑː.li, sfeŋ- (US) sven-, sfen- **-s** -z
Sverdlovsk sveəd'lɒvsk, -'lɒfsk; '--, -ləvsk, -ləfsk (US) sverd'lɔːfsk
SW (*abbrev. for* **southwest**) ˌes'dʌb.ᵊl.juː, saʊθ'west
swab swɒb (US) swɑːb **-s** -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d **-ber/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Swabi|a 'sweɪ.bi|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
swaddl|e 'swɒd.ᵊl (US) 'swɑː.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'swɒd.lɪŋ (US) 'swɑːd- **-ed** -d **'swaddling ˌclothes**
Swadlincoat 'swɒd.lɪn.kəʊt, -lɪŋ- (US) 'swɑːd.lɪn.koʊt
Swadling 'swɒd.lɪŋ (US) 'swɑːd-
Swaffer 'swɒf.əʳ (US) 'swɑː.fɚ
Swaffham 'swɒf.əm (US) 'swɑː.fəm
swag swæg
swag|e sweɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Swaggart 'swæg.ət (US) -ɚt
swagg|er 'swæg|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz

US -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z US -ɚ.ɚ/z
ˈ**swagger ˌstick**

swag|man ˈswæɡ|.mæn, -mən **-men** -men, -mən

Swahili swɑːˈhiː.li, swə- US swɑː- **-s** -z

swain (S) sweɪn **-s** -z

swale (S) sweɪl

Swaledale ˈsweɪl.deɪl

SWALK swɔːlk US swɑːk, swɔːk

swallow ˈswɒl.əʊ US ˈswɑː.loʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

swallowtail ˈswɒl.əʊ.teɪl US ˈswɑː.loʊ- **-s** -z **-ed** -d

swam (*from* **swim**) swæm

swami ˈswɑː.mi **-(e)s** -z

swamp swɒmp US swɑːmp, swɔːmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

swampland ˈswɒmp.lænd US ˈswɑːmp- **-s** -z

swan (S) swɒn US swɑːn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d ˈ**swan ˌsong**

Swanage ˈswɒn.ɪdʒ US ˈswɑː.nɪdʒ

Swanee ˈswɒn.i US ˈswɑː.ni

swank swæŋk **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Swanley ˈswɒn.li US ˈswɑːn-

Swann swɒn US swɑːn

swanner|y ˈswɒn.ᵊr|.i US ˈswɑː.nɚ- **-ies** -iz

Swanscombe ˈswɒnz.kəm US ˈswɑːnz-

swansdown ˈswɒnz.daʊn US ˈswɑːnz-

Swansea *in Wales:* ˈswɒn.zi US ˈswɑːn- *in Tasmania:* ˈswɒnt.si, -siː US ˈswɑːnt-

Swanson ˈswɒnt.sən US ˈswɑːnt-

swan-upp|ing ˈswɒnˌʌp|.ɪŋ US ˈswɑːn- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

Swanwick ˈswɒn.ɪk US ˈswɑː.nɪk

swap swɒp US swɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˈ**swap ˌshop**

Swapo, SWAPO ˈswɑː.pəʊ, ˈswɒp.əʊ US ˈswɑː.poʊ

sward swɔːd US swɔːrd **-s** -z

swarf swɔːf US swɔːrf

Swarfega® swɔːˈfiː.ɡə US swɔːr-

swarm swɔːm US swɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

swart swɔːt US swɔːrt

swarth|y ˈswɔː.ð|i US ˈswɔːr-, -θ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

swash swɒʃ US swɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

swashbuckl|er ˈswɒʃˌbʌk.ᵊl|.əʳ, ˌ-l|əʳ US ˈswɑːʃˌbʌk.ᵊl|.ɚ, ˌ-l|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

swastika ˈswɒs.tɪ.kə US ˈswɑː.stɪ- **-s** -z

swat swɒt US swɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US ˈswɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd US ˈswɑː.t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -əʳ/z US ˈswɑː.t̬ɚ/s

swatch® swɒtʃ US swɑːtʃ **-es** -ɪz

swa|th swɒ|θ, swɔː|θ US swɑː|θ, swɔː|θ **-ths** -θs, -ðz

swath|e sweɪð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

sway sweɪ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Swazi ˈswɑː.zi **-s** -z

Swaziland ˈswɑː.zi.lænd

swear sweəʳ US swer **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **swore** swɔːʳ US swɔːr **sworn** swɔːn US swɔːrn

swearword ˈsweə.wɜːd US ˈswer.wɝːd **-s** -z

sweat swet **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈswet̬.ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈswet̬.ɪd

sweatband ˈswet.bænd **-s** -z

sweater ˈswet.əʳ US ˈswet̬.ɚ **-s** -z

sweatpants ˈswet.pænts

sweatshirt ˈswet.ʃɜːt US -ʃɝːt **-s** -s

sweatshop ˈswet.ʃɒp US -ʃɑːp **-s** -s

sweat|y ˈswet|.i US ˈswet̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

swede (S) swiːd **-s** -z

Sweden ˈswiː.dᵊn

Swedenborg ˈswiː.dᵊn.bɔːɡ, -dᵊm- US -dᵊn.bɔːrɡ

Swedenborgian ˌswiː.dᵊnˈbɔː.dʒən, -dᵊmˈ-, -dʒi.ən, -ɡən, -ɡi.ən US -dᵊnˈbɔːr.dʒi.ən, -ɡi- **-s** -z

Swedish ˈswiː.dɪʃ ˌ**Swedish** ˈ**massage** US ˌ**Swedish masˈsage**

Sweeney ˈswiː.ni

sweep swiːp **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ **swept** swept **sweeper/s** ˈswiː.pəʳ/z US -pɚ/z

sweepstake ˈswiːp.steɪk **-s** -s

sweet (S) swiːt **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ US ˈswiː.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst US ˈswiː.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**sweet** ˈ**nothings**; ˌ**sweet** ˈ**pea**; ˌ**sweet poˈtato** US ˈ**sweet poˌtato**; ˌ**sweet** ˈ**tooth** US ˈ**sweet ˌtooth**; ˌ**sweet** ˈ**William**; ˌ**sweetness and** ˈ**light**

sweet-and-sour ˌswiːt.ᵊnˈsaʊəʳ US -ˈsaʊɚ

sweetbread ˈswiːt.bred **-s** -z

sweetbrier ˈswiːt.braɪəʳ US -braɪɚ **-s** -z

sweetcorn ˈswiːt.kɔːn US -kɔːrn

sweeten ˈswiː.tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈswiːt.nɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈswiːt.nəʳ/z US ˈswiː.tᵊn.ɚ/z, ˈswiːt.nɚ/z

Sweetex® ˈswiː.teks

sweetheart ˈswiːt.hɑːt US -hɑːrt **-s** -s

sweetie ˈswiː.ti US -t̬i **-s** -z

sweeting (S) ˈswiː.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z

sweetish ˈswiː.tɪʃ US -t̬ɪʃ

sweetmeal ˈswiːt.miːl

sweetmeat ˈswiːt.miːt **-s** -s

sweet-talk ˈswiːt.tɔːk US -tɑːk, -tɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

sweet|y ˈswiː.t|i US -t̬|i **-ies** -iz

swell swel **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **swollen** ˈswəʊ.lən US ˈswoʊ- ˌ**swelled** ˈ**head**

swelt|er ˈswel.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

swept (*from* **sweep**) swept

swerv|e swɜːv US swɝːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Swettenham ˈswet.ᵊn.əm

swift (S) swɪft **-s** -s **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Swiftsure ˈswɪft.ʃɔːʳ, -ʃʊəʳ US -ʃʊr

swig swɪɡ **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

swill swɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

swim swɪm **-s** -z **-ming/ly** -ɪŋ/li **swam** swæm **swum** swʌm **swimmer/s** ˈswɪm.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˈ**swimming ˌbath(s)**; ˈ**swimming ˌcostume**; ˈ**swimming ˌpool**

swimsuit ˈswɪm.suːt, -sjuːt US -suːt **-s** -s

swimwear ˈswɪm.weəʳ US -wer

Swinbourne ˈswɪn.bɔːn, ˈswɪm- US ˈswɪn.bɔːrn

Swinburne ˈswɪn.bɜːn, ˈswɪm-, -bən US ˈswɪn.bɝːn, -bɚn

swindl|e ˈswɪn.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈswɪnd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈswɪnd.ləʳ/z US ˈswɪn.dᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈswɪnd.lɚ/z

Swindon ˈswɪn.dən

swine swaɪn **-s** -z

swineherd ˈswaɪn.hɜːd US -hɝːd **-s** -z

swing swɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **swung** swʌŋ **swinger/s** ˈswɪŋ.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌ**swing** ˈ**door**; ˌ**swings and** ˈ**roundabouts**

swingbridge swɪŋˈbrɪdʒ **-s** -ɪz

swingeing ˈswɪn.dʒɪŋ

swingl|e ˈswɪŋ.ɡᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈswɪŋ.ɡlɪŋ **-ed** -d

swingometer swɪŋˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, -ə.təʳ US -ˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

swing-wing ˌswɪŋˈwɪŋ US ˈ-- *stress shift:* ˌ**swing-wing** ˈ**plane**

swinish ˈswaɪ.nɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Swinton ˈswɪn.tən US -tᵊn

swip|e swaɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

swirl swɜːl US swɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

swish swɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

swish|y ˈswɪʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Swiss swɪs ˌ**Swiss** ˈ**cheese**; ˌ**Swiss** ˈ**cheese ˌplant**; ˌ**Swiss** ˈ**roll**

Swissair® swɪsˈeəʳ US -ˈer

switch (S®) swɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

switchback ˈswɪtʃ.bæk **-s** -s

switchblade ˈswɪtʃ.bleɪd **-s** -z

switchboard ˈswɪtʃ.bɔːd US -bɔːrd **-s** -z

switchgear ˈswɪtʃ.ɡɪəʳ US -ɡɪr

Swithin ˈswɪð.ɪn, ˈswɪθ-

Switzerland ˈswɪt.sᵊl.ənd US -sɚ.lənd

swivel ˈswɪv.ᵊl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, ˈswɪv.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d ˌ**swivel** ˈ**chair**

swiz(z) swɪz **-es** -ɪz

swizzl|e ˈswɪz.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈswɪz.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈswɪz.ləʳ/z US ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-lɚ/z ˈ**swizzle ˌstick**

swollen (*from* **swell**) ˈswəʊ.lən US ˈswoʊ- ˌ**swollen** ˈ**head**

Syllabic consonant

A consonant which can stand alone as a syllable.

Examples for English

The great majority of syllables in all languages have a vowel at their centre, and may have one or more consonants preceding and following the vowel (though languages differ greatly in the possible occurrences of consonants in syllables). However, in a few cases we find syllables which contain nothing that could conventionally be classed as a vowel. In English, syllabic consonants appear to arise as a consequence of a weak vowel becoming lost, and some appear to have become obligatory in present-day speech, e.g.:

bottle	ˈbɒt.l̩	(US) ˈbɑː.t̬l̩

In many other cases in English it appears to be possible either to pronounce /m n ŋ l r/ as syllabic consonants or to pronounce them with a preceding vowel, e.g.:

button	ˈbʌt.n̩	
orderly	ˈɔː.dl̩.i, -də.li	(US) ˈɔːr.dɚ.li
history	ˈhɪs.tr̩.i, -tə.ri	(US) -tr̩.i, -tɚ-

In this dictionary, the use of a superscript schwa (ᵊ) indicates the possibility of a syllabic consonant.

The matter is more confusing because of the fact that speakers do not agree in their intuitions about whether a consonant (particularly /l/) is syllabic or not: while most would agree that, for example, *cuddle* and *cycle* are disyllabic (i.e. contain two syllables), *cuddly* and *cycling* are disyllabic for some people (and therefore do not contain a syllabic consonant) while for others they are trisyllabic.

In other languages

For syllables not to contain a vowel is a normal state of affairs in some languages (consider the first syllables of the Czech names *Brno* and *Vltava*). In Japanese some consonants appear to be able to stand as syllables by themselves, according to the intuitions of native speakers who are asked to divide speech up into rhythmical beats.

swoon swuːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
swoop swuːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
swoosh swuːʃ, swʊʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
swop swɒp (US) swɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
sword sɔːd (US) sɔːrd **-s** -z ˈ**sword** ˌ**dance**
Sworder ˈsɔː.dəʳ (US) ˈsɔːr.dɚ
swordfish ˈsɔːd.fɪʃ (US) ˈsɔːrd-
swordplay ˈsɔːd.pleɪ (US) ˈsɔːrd-
swords|man ˈsɔːdz|.mən (US) ˈsɔːrdz- **-men** -mən **-manship** -mən.ʃɪp
swordstick ˈsɔːd.stɪk (US) ˈsɔːrd- **-s** -s
sword-swallower ˈsɔːd,swɒl.əʊ.əʳ (US) ˈsɔːrd,swɑː.loʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
swore (*from* **swear**) swɔːʳ (US) swɔːr
sworn (*from* **swear**) swɔːn (US) swɔːrn
swot swɒt (US) swɑːt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) ˈswɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) ˈswɑː.t̬ɪd **-ter/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈswɑː.t̬ɚ/z
swum (*from* **swim**) swʌm
swung (*from* **swing**) swʌŋ
Sybaris ˈsɪb.ᵊr.ɪs; sɪˈbɑːr- (US) ˈsɪb.ɚ.ɪs
sybarite ˈsɪb.ᵊr.aɪt (US) -ə.raɪt **-s** -s
sybaritic ˌsɪb.ᵊrˈɪt.ɪk (US) -əˈrɪt̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Sybil ˈsɪb.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) -ᵊl
Note: As a feminine name, /ˈsɪb.ᵊl/ is more common in British English; the /-ɪl/ ending is more usual for the soothsayer.
sycamore (S) ˈsɪk.ə.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr **-s** -z
syc|e saɪs **-es** -ɪz
sycophancy ˈsɪk.ə.fᵊn*t*.si, ˈsaɪ.kə-, -ˈfæn*t*- (US) -fᵊn*t*-
sycophant ˈsɪk.ə.fænt, ˈsaɪ.kə-, -fənt (US) -fᵊnt **-s** -s
sycophantic ˌsɪk.əʊˈfæn.tɪk, ˌsaɪ.kəˈ- (US) -oʊˈfæn.t̬ɪk
Sydenham ˈsɪd.ᵊn.əm, ˈ-nəm
Sydney ˈsɪd.ni
Sydneysider ˈsɪd.niˌsaɪ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
syenite ˈsaɪ.ə.naɪt, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈ-ə-
Sykes saɪks
syllabar|y ˈsɪl.ə.bᵊr|.i (US) -ber- **-ies** -iz
syllabic sɪˈlæb.ɪk, sə- (US) sɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
syllabi|cate sɪˈlæb.ɪ|.keɪt, sə-, ˈ-ə- (US) sɪˈlæb.ə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
syllabication sɪˌlæb.ɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, sə-, -əˈ- (US) sɪˌlæb.əˈ-
syllabicity ˌsɪl.əˈbɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
syllabification sɪˌlæb.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, sə-, ˌ-ə- (US) sɪˌlæb.ə-
syllabi|fy sɪˈlæb.ɪ|.faɪ, sə-, ˈ-ə- (US) sɪˈlæb.ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
syllabism ˈsɪl.ə.bɪ.zᵊm
syllable ˈsɪl.ə.bᵊl **-s** -z
syllabub ˈsɪl.ə.bʌb
syllab|us ˈsɪl.ə.b|əs **-uses** -əs.ɪz **-i** -aɪ
syllep|sis sɪˈlep|.sɪs, sə- (US) sɪ- **-tic** -tɪk
syllogism ˈsɪl.ə.dʒɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z
syllogistic ˌsɪl.əˈdʒɪs.tɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
syllogiz|e, -is|e ˈsɪl.ə.dʒaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
sylph sɪlf **-s** -s
sylphlike ˈsɪlf.laɪk
sylvan ˈsɪl.vən
Sylvester sɪlˈves.təʳ (US) -tɚ
Sylvia ˈsɪl.vi.ə
symbiont ˈsɪm.baɪ.ɒnt, -bi- (US) -bi.ɑːnt, -baɪ- **-s** -s
symbiosis ˌsɪm.baɪˈəʊ.sɪs, -biˈ- (US) -biˈoʊ-, -baɪ-
symbiotic ˌsɪm.baɪˈɒt.ɪk, -biˈ- (US) -biˈɑː.t̬ɪk-, -baɪ-
symbol ˈsɪm.bᵊl **-s** -z
symbolic sɪmˈbɒl.ɪk (US) -ˈbɑː.lɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
symbolism ˈsɪm.bᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
symbolist ˈsɪm.bᵊl.ɪst **-s** -s
symbolization, -isa- ˌsɪm.bᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɪˈ-
symboliz|e, -is|e ˈsɪm.bᵊl.aɪz (US) -bə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Syme saɪm
Symington ˈsaɪ.mɪŋ.tən, ˈsɪm.ɪŋ-
symmetric sɪˈmet.rɪk, sə- (US) sɪ- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
symmetry ˈsɪm.ə.tri, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ˈ-ə-
Symond ˈsaɪ.mənd
Symonds ˈsaɪ.mən*d*z, ˈsɪm.ən*d*z
Symonds Yat ˌsɪm.ən*d*zˈjæt
Symons ˈsaɪ.mənz, ˈsɪm.ənz
sympathetic ˌsɪm.pəˈθet.ɪk (US) -ˈθet̬- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
sympathiz|e, -is|e ˈsɪm.pə.θaɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
sympath|y ˈsɪm.pə.θ|i **-ies** -iz
symphonic sɪmˈfɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈfɑː.nɪk
symphon|y ˈsɪm*p*.fə.n|i **-ies** -iz ˈ**symphony** ˌ**orchestra** (US) ˌ**symphony** ˈ**orchestra**
symposi|um sɪmˈpəʊ.zi|.əm (US) -ˈpoʊ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
symptom ˈsɪm*p*.təm **-s** -z
symptomatic ˌsɪm*p*.təˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
synaesthesia ˌsɪn.ɪsˈθiː.zi.ə, -iːsˈ-, -əsˈ-, -ʒə, -ʒi.ə (US) -ɪsˈθiː.ʒə, -ʒi.ə, -zi-

Syllable

A fundamentally important unit - the most basic unit in speech. Here we are concerned with the phonological notion of the syllable.

Examples for English

Phonologists are interested in the structure of the syllable, since there appear to be interesting observations to be made about which phonemes may occur at the beginning, in the middle and at the end of syllables. In English, it is possible to have from zero to up to three consonants in the ONSET of a syllable, and from zero to up to four in the CODA.

The study of sequences of phonemes is called 'phonotactics', and it seems that the phonotactic possibilities of a language are determined by syllabic structure. This means that any sequence of sounds that a native speaker produces can be broken down into syllables without any segments being left over. For example, in *Their strengths triumphed frequently*, we find the rather daunting sequences of consonant phonemes /ŋθstr/ and /mftfr/, but using what we know of English phonotactics we can split these clusters into one part that belongs to the end of one syllable and another part that belongs to the beginning of another. Thus the first one can only be divided /ŋθ | str/ or /ŋθs | tr/ and the second can only be /mft | fr/.

Phonological treatments of syllable structure usually call the first part of a syllable the ONSET, the middle part the 'peak' and the end part the CODA. The combination of peak and coda is called the RHYME. Syllable breaks, however, may be problematic when approximants occur at syllable boundaries.

synagogue 'sɪn.ə.ɡɒɡ (US) -ɡɑːɡ, -ɡɔːɡ **-s** -z
synaloepha ˌsɪn.əlˈiː.fə (US) -əˈliː-
synapse ˈsaɪ.næps, ˈsɪn.æps; sɪˈnæps (US) ˈsɪn.æps; sɪˈnæps
synap|sis sɪˈnæp|.sɪs **-ses** -siːz **-tic/ally** -tɪk/.əl.i, -tɪk/.li
sync(h) sɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
synchromesh ˈsɪŋ.krəʊ.meʃ, ˈsɪn-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈsɪŋ.krə-, ˈsɪn-, -kroʊ- **-es** -ɪz
synchronic sɪŋˈkrɒn.ɪk, sɪn- (US) sɪnˈkrɑː.nɪk, sɪŋ-
synchronicity ˌsɪŋ.krəˈnɪs.ə.ti, ˌsɪn-, -krɒnˈɪs-, -ɪ.ti (US) -krəˈnɪs.ə.t̬i
synchronism ˈsɪŋ.krə.nɪ.zəm, ˈsɪn-
synchronistic ˌsɪŋ.krəˈnɪs.tɪk, ˌsɪn-
synchronization, -isa- ˌsɪŋ.krə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, ˌsɪn-, -nɪˈ- (US) -nɪˈ- **-s** -z
synchroniz|e, -is|e ˈsɪŋ.krə.naɪz, ˈsɪn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**synchronized** ˈ**swimming**
synchronous ˈsɪŋ.krə.nəs, ˈsɪn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
synchrony ˈsɪŋ.krə.ni, ˈsɪn-
synchrotron ˈsɪŋ.krəʊ.trɒn, ˈsɪn- (US) -krə.trɑːn **-s** -z
synco|pate ˈsɪŋ.kə|.peɪt (US) ˈsɪŋ-, ˈsɪn- **-pates** -peɪts **-pating** -peɪ.tɪŋ (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-pated** -peɪ.tɪd (US) -peɪ.t̬ɪd
syncopation ˌsɪn.kəˈpeɪ.ʃən, ˌsɪŋ- (US) ˌsɪŋ-, ˌsɪn- **-s** -z
syncope ˈsɪŋ.kə.pi, ˈsɪn-
syncretic sɪŋˈkriː.tɪk, sɪn-, -ˈkret.ɪk (US) -ˈkret̬.ɪk
syncretism ˈsɪŋ.krɪ.tɪ.zəm, ˈsɪn- (US) -krə-
syndesis sɪnˈdiː.sɪs (US) ˈsɪn.də-; sɪnˈdiː-
syndetic sɪnˈdet.ɪk (US) -ˈdet̬-
syndic ˈsɪn.dɪk **-s** -s
syndical|ism ˈsɪn.dɪ.kəl|.ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
syndicate (*n.*) ˈsɪn.dɪ.kət, -kɪt (US) -də.kɪt **-s** -s
syndi|cate (*v.*) ˈsɪn.dɪ|.keɪt (US) -də- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
syndication ˌsɪn.dɪˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) -dəˈ-
syndrome ˈsɪn.drəʊm (US) -droʊm **-s** -z
syne saɪn
synecdoche sɪˈnek.də.ki
syneres|is sɪˈnɪə.rə.s|ɪs, -rɪ- (US) -ˈner.ə- **-es** -iːz
synergism ˈsɪn.ə.dʒɪ.zəm (US) ˈ-ɚ-
synerg|y ˈsɪn.ə.dʒ|i (US) ˈ-ɚ- **-ies** -iz
synesthesia ˌsɪn.ɪsˈθiː.zi.ə, -iːsˈ-, -əsˈ-, -ʒə, -ʒi.ə (US) -ɪsˈθiː.ʒə, -ʒi.ə, -zi-
Synge sɪŋ
synod ˈsɪn.əd, -ɒd (US) -əd **-s** -z **-al** -əl
synodic sɪˈnɒd.ɪk (US) -ˈnɑː.dɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
synonym ˈsɪn.ə.nɪm **-s** -z
synonymous sɪˈnɒn.ɪ.məs, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈnɑː.nə- **-ly** -li
synonymy sɪˈnɒn.ɪ.mi, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈnɑː.nə-
synops|is sɪˈnɒp.s|ɪs (US) -ˈnɑːp- **-es** -iːz
synoptic sɪˈnɒp.tɪk (US) -ˈnɑːp- **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
synovi|a saɪˈnəʊ.vi|.ə, sɪ- (US) sɪˈnoʊ- **-al** -əl
synovitis ˌsaɪ.nəʊˈvaɪ.tɪs, ˌsɪn.əʊˈ-, -təs (US) ˌsaɪ.nəˈvaɪ.t̬ɪs, ˌsɪn.əˈ-, -t̬əs
syntactic sɪnˈtæk.tɪk **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
syntagm ˈsɪn.tæm **-s** -z
syntagmatic ˌsɪn.tæɡˈmæt.ɪk (US) -ˈmæt̬-
syntax ˈsɪn.tæks **-es** -ɪz
synthes|is ˈsɪnt.θə.s|ɪs, -θɪ- (US) -θə- **-es** -iːz
synthesiz|e, -is|e ˈsɪnt.θə.saɪz, -θɪ- (US) -θə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
synthespian sɪnˈθes.pi.ən **-s** -z
synthetic sɪnˈθet.ɪk (US) -ˈθet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li
syphilis ˈsɪf.ɪ.lɪs, -əl.ɪs (US) -əl.ɪs
syphilitic ˌsɪf.ɪˈlɪt.ɪk, -əlˈɪt- (US) -əˈlɪt̬-
syphon ˈsaɪ.fən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Syracusan ˌsaɪə.rəˈkjuː.zən, ˌsɪr.əˈ- (US) ˌsɪr.əˈ-
Syracuse *in classical history:* ˈsaɪə.rə.kjuːz (US) ˈsɪr.ə- *modern town in Sicily:* ˈsaɪə.rə.kjuːz, ˈsɪr.ə- (US) ˈsɪr.ə- *town in US:* ˈsɪr.ə.kjuːs, -kjuːz
Syri|a ˈsɪr.i|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Syriac ˈsɪr.i.æk
syringa sɪˈrɪŋ.ɡə **-s** -z
syring|e sɪˈrɪndʒ, sə-; ˈsɪr.ɪndʒ (US) səˈrɪndʒ; ˈsɪr.ɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
syrinx ˈsɪr.ɪŋks **-es** -ɪz
syrophoenician ˌsaɪə.rəʊ.fɪˈnɪʃ.ən, -fiːˈ-, -ʃi.ən, -si.ən (US) ˌsaɪ.roʊ.fiːˈnɪʃ.ən, -fɪˈ-
syr|tis (S) ˈsɜː|.tɪs (US) ˈsɝː|.t̬ɪs **-tes** -tiːz
syrup ˈsɪr.əp (US) ˈsɪr-, ˈsɝː- **-s** -s **-y** -i
systaltic sɪˈstæl.tɪk (US) -ˈstɑːl.t̬ɪk, -ˈstæl-
system ˈsɪs.təm, -tɪm (US) -təm **-s** -z ˌ**systems** ˈ**analyst**
systematic ˌsɪs.təˈmæt.ɪk, -tɪˈ- (US) -təˈmæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
systematization, -isa- ˌsɪs.tə.mə.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -tɪ-, -tɪˈ- (US) -tə.mə.t̬ɪˈ-
systematiz|e, -is|e ˈsɪs.tə.mə.taɪz, -tɪ- (US) -tə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
systemic sɪˈstem.ɪk, -ˈstiː.mɪk (US) -ˈstem.ɪk
systemiz|e ˈsɪs.tə.maɪz, -tɪ- (US) -tə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
systole ˈsɪs.təl.i
systolic sɪˈstɒl.ɪk (US) sɪsˈtɑː.lɪk
syzyg|y ˈsɪz.ɪ.dʒ|i, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- **-ies** -iz
Szczecin ˈʃtʃet.ʃiːn
Szeged ˈseɡ.ed

Pronouncing the letter T

See also TH, TZ

The consonant letter t has several possible realisations. In word initial and final position, it is most often realised as /t/, e.g.:

tap /tæp/
get /get/

However, in consonant clusters /t/ may be elided, and it is silent in some words borrowed from French, e.g.:

castle /ˈkɑː.səl/ (US) /ˈkæs.əl/
depot /ˈdep.əʊ/ (US) /ˈdiː.poʊ/

In US English, t is often pronounced as a voiced consonant in certain environments. The t must be at the end of a stressed syllable, preceded either by one of /n/, /l/, or /r/ or a vowel, and followed by an unstressed syllable, either beginning with a vowel or containing a syllabic consonant other than /n/. Such a pronunciation is shown in EPD as /t̬/.

When appearing between two vowels, t is most likely to be pronounced as a tap or flap, e.g.:

butter /ˈbʌt.əʳ/ /(US) ˈbʌt̬.ɚ/

Before a syllabic consonant, and following /n/ or /l/, t is pronounced as a brief voiced plosive rather than a tap or flap, e.g.:

little /ˈlɪtəl/ (US) /ˈlɪt̬-/
canter /ˈkæn.təʳ/ (US) /-t̬ɚ/

In careful speech, these words may be pronounced with a voiceless /t/, as in British English.

Another common pronunciation for t is /ʃ/ where it is followed by a suffix which begins with the letter **i**, e.g.:

negotiate /nɪˈgəʊ.ʃi.eɪt/ (US) /-ˈgoʊ-/
affection /əˈfek.ʃən/

In addition

t can be pronounced as a GLOTTAL STOP either word finally or between two vowels.

t is also sometimes realised as /tʃ/, e.g.:

adventure /ədˈven.tʃəʳ/ (US) /-tʃɚ/
picture /ˈpɪk.tʃəʳ/ (US) /-tʃɚ/

Due to coalescence between /t/ and /j/ in British English and omission of /j/ in US English, syllables beginning with **tu** do not always sound the same, e.g.:

Tuesday /ˈtʃuːz.deɪ/ (US) /ˈtuːz-/

t (T) tiː -'s -z
ta *Tonic Sol-fa name for diminished seventh from the tonic:* tɔː (US) tɑː -s -z
ta *syllable used in Tonic Sol-fa for counting time:* tɑː
ta *thank you:* tɑː
Note: This form is used in casual British English.
Taal tɑːl
tab tæb -s -z **-bing** -ɪŋ **-bed** -d
tabard ˈtæb.ɑːd, -əd (US) -ɚd -s -z
Tabasco® təˈbæs.kəʊ (US) -koʊ
Tabatha ˈtæb.ə.θə
tabbouleh təˈbuː.lə, -li
tabb|y ˈtæb|.i **-ies** -iz
tabernacle ˈtæb.əˌnæk.əl (US) -ɚˌ- -s -z
Taberner təˈbɜː.nəʳ; ˈtæb.ən.əʳ (US) təˈbɝː.nɚ; ˈtæb.ɚ.nɚ
tabes ˈteɪ.biːz
Tabitha ˈtæb.ɪ.θə, ˈ-ə-
tabla ˈtæb.lə (US) ˈtɑː.blə, -blɑː -s -z
tablature ˈtæb.lə.tʃəʳ, -lɪ-, -tjʊəʳ (US) -lə.tʃɚ -s -z
tabl|e (T) ˈteɪ.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈteɪ.blɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**table** ˌ**linen;** ˈ**table** ˌ**manners;** ˈ**table** ˌ**tennis,** ˌ**table** ˈ**tennis;** ˈ**table** ˌ**wine;** ˌ**drink someone** ˌ**under the** ˈ**table;** ˌ**turn the** ˈ**tables on** ˌ**someone**
tableau ˈtæb.ləʊ (US) -loʊ, -ˈ- -s -z
tableaux (*alternative plur. of* **tableau**) ˈtæb.ləʊ, -ləʊz (US) -loʊ, -loʊz, -ˈ-
table|cloth ˈteɪ.bəl|.klɒθ (US) -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz (US) -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
table d'hôte ˌtɑː.bəlˈdəʊt, -bləˈ- (US) -bəlˈdoʊt, ˌtæb.əlˈ-
table-hop ˈteɪ.bəl.hɒp (US) -hɑːp -s -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tableland ˈteɪ.bəl.lænd -s -z
tablemat ˈteɪ.bəl.mæt -s -s
tablespoon ˈteɪ.bəl.spuːn -s -z
tablespoonful ˈteɪ.bəlˌspuːn.fʊl -s -z
tablespoonsful (*alternative plur. of* **tablespoonful**) ˈteɪ.bəlˌspuːnz.fʊl
tablet ˈtæb.lət, -lɪt (US) -lɪt -s -s ˌ**tablets of** ˈ**stone**
table-turning ˈteɪ.bəlˌtɜː.nɪŋ (US) -ˌtɝː-
tableware ˈteɪ.bəl.weəʳ (US) -wer
tabloid ˈtæb.lɔɪd -s -z
taboo təˈbuː, tæbˈuː -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
tabor ˈteɪ.bəʳ, -bɔːʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z
Tabor ˈteɪ.bɔːʳ, -bəʳ (US) -bɚ
tabo(u)ret ˈtæb.ər.ɪt, -et (US) ˌtæb.əˈret, ˈ--- -s -s
Tabriz tæbˈriːz (US) tɑːˈbriːz, tə-
tabular ˈtæb.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ
tabula rasa ˌtæb.jə.ləˈrɑː.sə, -jʊ-, -zə **tabulae rasae** ˌtæb.jə.liːˈrɑː.siː, -jʊ-, -ziː
tabu|late ˈtæb.jə|.leɪt, -jʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd **-lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z (US) -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
tabulation ˌtæb.jəˈleɪ.ʃən, -jʊˈ- -s -z
tacet ˈteɪ.set, ˈtæs.et, -ɪt (US) ˈteɪ.set, ˈtæs.et; ˈtɑː.ket
tach|e tɑːʃ, tæʃ (US) tætʃ **-es** -ɪz
tach|ism (T) ˈtæʃ|.ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-iste/s** -ˈiːst/s
tachograph ˈtæk.əʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -ə.græf -s -s
tachometer tækˈɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) tækˈɑː.mə.t̬ɚ, təˈkɑː- -s -z
tachycardia ˌtæk.ɪˈkɑː.di.ə (US) -ˈkɑːr-
tachygraph ˈtæk.ɪ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -græf -s -s
tachygraph|y tækˈɪ.grə.f|i, təˈkɪg- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tacit ˈtæs.ɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
taciturn ˈtæs.ɪ.tɜːn (US) -ə.tɝːn **-ly** -li
taciturnity ˌtæs.ɪˈtɜː.nə.ti, -nɪ- (US) -əˈtɝː.nə.t̬i
Tacitus ˈtæs.ɪ.təs (US) -t̬əs
tack tæk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
tackl|e ˈtæk.əl *nautical often:* ˈteɪ.kəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈtæk.lɪŋ, ˈteɪ.klɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈtæk.ləʳ/z, ˈteɪ.kləʳ/z (US) ˈtæk.əl.ɚ/z, ˈteɪ.kəl.ɚ/z, ˈtæk.lɚ/z, ˈteɪ.klɚ/z
tack|y ˈtæk|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest**

-ɪ.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
aco 'tæk.əʊ, 'tɑː.kəʊ (US) 'tɑː.koʊ **-s** -z
acoma tə'kəʊ.mə (US) -'koʊ-
act tækt
actful 'tækt.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
actic 'tæk.tɪk **-s** -s **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
actician tæk'tɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
actile 'tæk.taɪl (US) -təl
actless 'tækt.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
actual 'tæk.tju.əl, -tʃu- (US) -tʃu- **-ly** -i
ad tæd **-s** -z
Tadcaster 'tæd,kæs.təʳ, -kə.stəʳ (US) -,kæs.tɚ
Tadema 'tæd.ɪ.mə, '-ə-
Tadley 'tæd.li
tadpole 'tæd.pəʊl (US) -poʊl **-s** -z
Tadworth 'tæd.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Tadzhik 'tɑː.dʒiːk, -'-, 'tædʒ.ɪk (US) ,tɑː'dʒɪk, -'dʒiːk
Tadzhikistan tɑː,dʒɪk.ɪ'stɑːn, -,dʒiː.kɪ'-, tædʒ.ɪk.ɪ'stæn (US) -'dʒɪk.ɪ.stæn, -'dʒiː.kɪ-, -stɑːn
Taegu ,teɪ'guː (US) 'taɪ.guː, -'-
Tae Kwon Do ,taɪ'kwɒn.dəʊ, ,teɪ-, ,--'- (US) ,taɪ.kwɑːn'doʊ, ,-'--
tael teɪl **-s** -z
ta'en (*dialectal for* **taken**) teɪn
Taff tæf
Taff-Ely ,tæf'iː.li
taffeta 'tæf.ɪ.tə, '-ə- (US) -ɪ.t̬ə
taffrail 'tæf.reɪl, -rɪl, -rəl (US) -reɪl **-s** -z
Taff|y *Brit slang for Welsh:* 'tæf|.i **-ies** -iz
taffy *US for toffee:* 'tæf.i
Taft *surname:* tæft, tɑːft (US) tæft *town in Iran:* tɑːft
tag tæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d **'tag ,question**
Tagalog tə'gɑː.lɒg, -ləg (US) -lɑːg, -lɔg
tagetes tædʒ'iː.tiːz
Taggart 'tæg.ət (US) -ɚt
tagliatelle ,tæl.jə'tel.i (US) ,tɑːl.jə'-
tagmeme 'tæg.miːm **-s** -z
tagmemic tæg'miː.mɪk **-s** -s
Tagore tə'gɔːʳ (US) -'gɔːr
Tagus 'teɪ.gəs
tahini tɑː'hiː.ni, tə- (US) tə-, tɑː-
Tahi|ti tɑː'hiː|.ti, tə- (US) tə'hiː|.t̬i **-tian/s** -ʃən/z (US) -ʃən/z, -t̬i.ənz
Tahoe 'tɑː.həʊ (US) -hoʊ
t'ai chi, tai chi ,taɪ'tʃiː, -'dʒiː (US) -'dʒiː, -'tʃiː
Taichung, T'ai-chung ,taɪ'tʃʊŋ
Taig taɪk, taɪx **-s** -s
taiga 'taɪ.gə, -gɑː (US) -gə
tail teɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **,tail 'end; 'tail ,pipe; make ,head or 'tail of; with one's ,tail between one's 'legs**
tailback 'teɪl.bæk **-s** -s
tailboard 'teɪl.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
tailbone 'teɪl.bəʊn (US) -boʊn **-s** -z
tailcoat ,teɪl'kəʊt, '-- (US) 'teɪl.koʊt **-s** -s
tail|gate 'teɪl|.geɪt **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gater/s** -,geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -,geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
taille taɪ (US) teɪl
tail|or 'teɪ.l|əʳ (US) -l|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oring** -əʳ.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd (US) -ɚd
tailor-made ,teɪ.lə'meɪd (US) -lɚ'- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ,tailor-made 'suit
tailpiec|e 'teɪl.piːs **-es** -ɪz
tailpipe 'teɪl.paɪp **-s** -s
tail-rhyme 'teɪl.raɪm
tailspin 'teɪl.spɪn **-s** -z
tailwind 'teɪl.wɪnd **-s** -z
Taine teɪn
taint teɪnt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'teɪn.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'teɪn.t̬ɪd **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
taipan 'taɪ.pæn (US) '--, -'- **-s** -z
Taipei ,taɪ'peɪ
Taiping ,taɪ'pɪŋ
Tait teɪt
Taiwan ,taɪ'wɑːn, -'wæn (US) -'wɑːn
Taiwanese ,taɪ.wə'niːz, -wɑː'- (US) -wə'niːz, -'niːs
Ta'izz teɪ'iːz, tæ- (US) tæ'ɪz
Tajik tɑː'dʒiːk; 'tɑː.dʒɪk **-s** -s
Tajikistan tɑː'dʒiː.kɪ,stɑːn, -,stæn
Taj Mahal ,tɑːdʒ.mə'hɑːl
taka 'tɑː.kɑː
tak|e teɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **took** tʊk **taken** 'teɪ.kən **taker/s** 'teɪ.kəʳ/z (US) -kɚ/z **,take a 'hike; ,take a 'walk**
takeaway 'teɪk.ə.weɪ **-s** -z
take-home pay 'teɪk.həʊm,peɪ, ,--'- (US) 'teɪk.hoʊm,peɪ
take-it-or-leave-it ,teɪk.ɪt.ɔː'liːv.ɪt, -ə'- (US) -ɔːr'-, -ɚ'-
take-off 'teɪk.ɒf (US) -ɑːf **-s** -s
takeout 'teɪk.aʊt **-s** -s
takeover 'teɪk,əʊ.vəʳ (US) -,oʊ.vɚ **-s** -z **'takeover ,bid**
take-up 'teɪk.ʌp **-s** -s
taking 'teɪ.kɪŋ **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tala 'tɑː.lɑː
Talbot 'tɔːl.bət, 'tɒl- (US) 'tɔːl-, 'tæl-
Note: Both pronunciations are current for **Port Talbot** in Wales.
talc tælk **-s** -s
Talcahuano ,tæl.kə'wɑː.nəʊ (US) ,tɑːl.kɑː'wɑː.noʊ, ,tæl.kə'-
talcum powder 'tæl.kəm,paʊ.dəʳ (US) -dɚ **-s** -z
tale teɪl **-s** -z
talebearer 'teɪl,beə.rəʳ (US) -,ber.ɚ **-s** -z
tal|ent 'tæl|.ənt **-ents** -ənts **-ented** -ən.tɪd (US) -ən.t̬ɪd **-entless** -ənt.ləs, -lɪs **'talent ,contest; 'talent ,scout**
talent|-spot 'tæl.ənt|.spɒt (US) -spɑːt **-spots** -spɒts (US) -spɑːts **-spotting** -,spɒt.ɪŋ (US) -,spɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-spotted** -,spɒt.ɪd (US) -,spɑː.t̬ɪd **-spotter/s** -,spɒt.əʳ/z (US) -,spɑː.t̬ɚ/z
tales *law:* 'teɪ.liːz (US) 'teɪ.liːz; teɪlz
tales|man 'teɪ.liːz|.mən, 'teɪlz-, -mæn (US) 'teɪlz-, 'teɪl.iːz- **-men** -mən, -men
taletell|er 'teɪl,tel|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
Talfourd 'tæl.fəd (US) -fɚd
Taliban 'tæl.ɪ.bæn, 'tɑː.lɪ-, -lə-, -bɑːn, ,--'- (US) 'tæl.ə.bæn, -bɑːn, 'tɑːl-, -i-
Taliesin ,tæl.i'es.ɪn, ,-'jes- (US) -i'es.ɪn
talisman 'tæl.ɪz.mən, -ɪs- **-s** -z
talismanic ,tæl.ɪz'mæn.ɪk, -ɪs'- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
talk tɔːk (US) tɔːk, tɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **,talking 'head; 'talking ,point; 'talk ,show; (to) ,talk 'shop**
talkathon 'tɔː.kə.θɒn (US) -θɑːn, 'tɑː- **-s** -z
talkative 'tɔː.kə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv, 'tɑː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
talkback 'tɔːk.bæk (US) 'tɔːk-, 'tɑːk- **-s** -s
talkie 'tɔː.ki (US) 'tɔː-, 'tɑː- **-s** -z
talking-to 'tɔː.kɪŋ.tuː (US) 'tɔː-, 'tɑː- **-s** -z
tall tɔːl **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **,tall 'story**
tallage 'tæl.ɪdʒ
Tallahassee ,tæl.ə'hæs.i
tallboy 'tɔːl.bɔɪ **-s** -z
Talleyrand 'tæl.i.rænd
Tallin(n) 'tæl.ɪn, -'-, -'iːn (US) 'tɑː.lɪn, 'tæl.ɪn
Tallis 'tæl.ɪs
tallish 'tɔː.lɪʃ
tallow 'tæl.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-y** -i
Tallulah tə'luː.lə
tall|y 'tæl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
tally-ho ,tæl.i'həʊ (US) -'hoʊ **-s** -z
tally|man 'tæl.i|.mən **-men** -mən, -men
Talman 'tɔːl.mən
Talmud 'tæl.mʊd, -məd, -mʌd (US) 'tɑːl.mʊd, 'tæl-, -məd
talmudic (T) tæl'mʊd.ɪk, -'mʌd-, -'mjuː.dɪk (US) tɑːl'mʊd.ɪk, tæl- **-al** -əl
talmud|ism (T) 'tæl.mʊd|.ɪ.zəm, -məd-, -mʌd- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
talon 'tæl.ən **-s** -z
Tal-y-llyn ,tæl.i'*h*lɪn, -ə'-, -'θlɪn
tamable 'teɪ.mə.bəl
Tamagotchi® ,tæm.ə'gɒtʃ.i (US) ,tɑː.mə'gɑːtʃ.i, 'tæm- **-s** -z
tamale *Mexican dish:* tə'mɑː.li, -leɪ
Tamale *in Ghana:* tə'mɑː.leɪ
Tamaqua tə'mɑː.kwə
Tamar *river in W. of England:* 'teɪ.məʳ, -mɑːʳ (US) -mɚ, -mɑːr
Tamar *biblical name:* 'teɪ.mɑːʳ, -məʳ (US) -mɑːr, -mɚ
Tamara tə'mɑː.rə, -'mær.ə; 'tæm.ər.ə (US) tə'mɑːr.ə, -'mær-, -'mer-
tamarillo ,tæm.ər'ɪl.əʊ (US) -ə'rɪl.oʊ **-s** -z
tamarin 'tæm.ər.ɪn (US) -ɚ.ɪn, -ə.ræn **-s** -z
tamarind 'tæm.ər.ɪnd **-s** -z
tamarisk 'tæm.ər.ɪsk **-s** -s

Tap

A sound which resembles [t] or [d], being made by a complete closure between the tongue and the alveolar region, but which is very brief and is produced by a sharp upward throw of the tongue blade. As soon as contact is made, the effects of gravity and air pressure cause the tongue to fall again.

Examples for English

The tap sound (for which the phonetic symbol is [ɾ]) is noticeable in Scottish accents as the realisation of /r/, and in US English it is often heard as a (voiced) realisation of /t/ when it occurs after a stressed vowel and before an unstressed one, e.g.:

getting better (US) /ˈget̬.ɪŋ ˈbet̬.ɚ/ [g̊eɾɪŋb̥eɾɚ]

In British English it used to be quite common to hear a tap for /r/ in careful or emphatic speech (e.g. *very* [ve̞ɾɪ]), though this is less often heard now. It is increasingly common to hear the American-style tapped /t/ in England.

Several varieties of tap are possible: they may be voiced or voiceless. For instance, Scottish pre-pausal /r/ is often realised as a voiceless tap, as in *here* [hiɾ̥]. Taps may also be produced with the SOFT PALATE lowered, resulting in a nasalised tap which is sometimes heard in the US English pronunciation of words like *mental* [mẽɾ̃əɫ] A closely related sound is the FLAP, and the TRILL also has some similar characteristics.

tambala tæmˈbɑː.lə (US) tɑːmˈbɑː.lɑː -s -z
tamber ˈtæm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ -s -z
Tambo ˈtæm.bəʊ (US) -boʊ
tambour ˈtæm.bʊəʳ, -bɔːʳ, -bəʳ (US) -bʊr -s -z
tamboura tæmˈbʊə.rə, -ˈbɔː- (US) tɑːmˈbʊr.ə -s -z
tambourine ˌtæm.bᵊrˈiːn (US) -bəˈriːn -s -z
Tamburlaine ˈtæm.bə.leɪn (US) -bɚ-
tam|e teɪm -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tameable ˈteɪ.mə.bᵊl
Tamerlane ˈtæm.ə.leɪn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
Tameside ˈteɪm.saɪd
Tamil ˈtæm.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) -ᵊl, ˈtɑː.mᵊl, ˈtʊm.ᵊl -s -z
Tamil Nadu ˌtæm.ɪlˈnɑː.duː, -ᵊl- (US) -ᵊlˈnɑː.duː, ˌtɑː.mᵊlˈ-, ˌtʊm.ᵊlˈ-, -nɑːˈduː
Tammany ˈtæm.ᵊn.i
Tammerfors ˈtæm.ə.fɔːz (US) -ɚ.fɔːrz
Tammuz ˈtæm.uːz, -ʊz (US) ˈtɑː.mʊz
Tammy ˈtæm.i
Tamora ˈtæm.ᵊr.ə
tam-o'-shanter ˌtæm.əˈʃæn.təʳ (US) ˈtæm.əˌʃæn.t̬ɚ -s -z
tamoxifen təˈmɒk.sɪ.fen, tæmˈɒk-, -sə- (US) təˈmɑːk-, tæmˈɑːk-
tamp tæmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Tampa ˈtæm.pə
Tampax® ˈtæm.pæks
tamp|er ˈtæm.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd -erer/s -ə.rəʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Tampere ˈtæm.pᵊr.eɪ (US) ˈtɑːm.pə.reɪ
tamper-evident ˌtæm.pᵊrˈev.ɪ.dᵊnt (US) -pɚˈ-
tamper-proof ˈtæm.pə.pruːf (US) -pɚ-
Tampico tæmˈpiː.kəʊ (US) -koʊ, tɑːm-
tampon ˈtæm.pɒn (US) -pɑːn -s -z
Tamsin ˈtæm.zɪn, -sɪn
Tamworth ˈtæm.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
tan tæn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d -ner/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Tancred ˈtæŋ.kred, -krɪd (US) -krɪd
tandem ˈtæn.dəm, -dem (US) -dəm -s -z
tandoori tænˈdʊə.ri, -ˈdɔː- (US) tɑːnˈdʊr.i
Tandy ˈtæn.di
Tanfield ˈtæn.fiːld
tang tæŋ -s -z -y -i
Tang tæŋ (US) tɑːŋ
Tanga ˈtæŋ.gə
Tanganyika ˌtæŋ.gəˈnjiː.kə, -gænˈjiː- (US) -gəˈnjiː-
tangenc|y ˈtæn.dʒənt.s|i -ies -iz
tangent ˈtæn.dʒᵊnt -s -s
tangential tænˈdʒen.tʃᵊl (US) -ˈdʒent.ʃᵊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tangerine ˌtæn.dʒᵊrˈiːn, ˈ--- (US) ˌtæn.dʒəˈriːn, ˈ--- -s -z
tangibility ˌtæn.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -dʒɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -dʒəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i
tangib|le ˈtæn.dʒə.b|ᵊl, -dʒɪ- (US) -dʒə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Tangier tænˈdʒɪəʳ, ˈ-- (US) tænˈdʒɪr -s -z
tangl|e ˈtæŋ.gᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, ˈtæŋ.glɪŋ -ed -d
Tanglewood ˈtæŋ.gᵊl.wʊd
tangly ˈtæŋ.gli, ˈ-gᵊl.i
tango ˈtæŋ.gəʊ (US) -goʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tang|y ˈtæŋ|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tangye ˈtæŋ.gi
tanh θæn, tæntʃ
tank tæŋk -s -s -age -ɪdʒ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈtank ˌtop; ˌtanked ˈup
tankard ˈtæŋ.kəd (US) -kɚd -s -z
tankful ˈtæŋk.fʊl -s -z
tankini tæŋˈkiː.ni -s -z
tanner (T) ˈtæn.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
tanner|y ˈtæn.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz
Tannhäuser ˈtænˌhɔɪ.zəʳ (US) ˈtɑːnˌhɔɪ.zɚ, ˈtæn-
tann|ic ˈtæn|.ɪk -in -ɪn ˌtannic ˈacid
tannin ˈtæn.ɪn -s -z
Tannoy® ˈtæn.ɔɪ
Tanqueray ˈtæŋ.kᵊr.i, -eɪ (US) -kə.reɪ, -kɚ.i
tansy (T) ˈtæn.zi
tantalization, -isa- ˌtæn.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) -t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ- -s -z
tantaliz|e, -is|e ˈtæn.tᵊl.aɪz (US) -t̬ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tantalum ˈtæn.tᵊl.əm (US) -t̬ᵊl- -s -z
tantalus (T) ˈtæn.tᵊl.əs (US) -t̬ᵊl- -es -ɪz
tantamount ˈtæn.tə.maʊnt (US) -t̬ə-
tantiv|y tænˈtɪv|.i -ies -iz
tanto ˈtæn.təʊ (US) -toʊ
tantr|a (T) ˈtæn.tr|ə, ˈtʌn- (US) ˈtʌn-, ˈtɑːn-, ˈtæn- -ic -ɪk
tantrum ˈtæn.trəm -s -z
Tanya ˈtæn.jə, ˈtɑː.njə (US) ˈtɑː.njə, ˈtæn.jə
Tanzani|a ˌtæn.zəˈniː|.ə; tænˈzeɪ.ni|- (US) ˌtæn.zəˈniː|- -an/s -ən/z
Tao taʊ (US) daʊ, taʊ
Taoiseach ˈtiː.ʃək, -ʃəx (US) -ʃək
Tao|ism ˈtaʊ|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˈteɪ.əʊ- (US) ˈdaʊ|.ɪ-, ˈtaʊ- -ist/s -ɪst/s
tap tæp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tapas ˈtæp.æs, -əs ˈtapas ˌbar
tap-danc|e ˈtæpˌdɑːnts (US) -ˌdænts -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tap|e (T) teɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t ˈtape ˌdeck; ˈtape ˌmeasure; ˈtape reˌcorder
tap|er ˈteɪ.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
tapestr|y ˈtæp.ɪ.str|i, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -ies -iz
tapeworm ˈteɪp.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm -s -z
tapioca ˌtæp.iˈəʊ.kə (US) -ˈoʊ-
tapir ˈteɪ.pəʳ, -pɪəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z

tapis 'tæp.iː, -pi US -i, -ɪs; tæp'iː
Tapling 'tæp.lɪŋ
Tappertit 'tæp.ə.tɪt US '-ɚ-
tappet 'tæp.ɪt -s -s
taproom 'tæp.rʊm, -ruːm US -ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
tap-root 'tæp.ruːt -s -s
tapster 'tæp.stəʳ US -stɚ -s -z
tar tɑːʳ US tɑːr -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
Tara *literary location, place in Ireland:* 'tɑː.rə US 'ter.ə, 'tær- *female name:* 'tɑː.rə US 'tɑːr.ə
taradiddle 'tær.ə,dɪd.əl US 'ter-, 'tær- -s -z
taramasalata, taramosalata ,tær.ə.mə.sə'lɑː.tə US ,tɑːr.ɑː.mɑː.sɑː'lɑː.tɑː
Taransay 'tær.ən.seɪ
tarantella ,tær.ən'tel.ə US ,ter-, ,tær- -s -z
Tarantino ,tær.ən'tiː.nəʊ US ,ter.ən'tiː.noʊ, ,tær-
Taranto tə'ræn.təʊ US -toʊ; 'tɑːr.ɑːn-
tarantula tə'ræn.tjə.lə, -tjʊ-, -tʃə- US -tʃə-, -tʃʊ-, -tjʊ-, -ţə- -s -z
Tarawa tə'rɑː.wə US tə'rɑː-; 'tɑːr.ə-
taraxacum tə'ræk.sə.kəm
Tarbuck 'tɑː.bʌk US 'tɑːr-
Tardis 'tɑː.dɪs US 'tɑːr- -es -ɪz
tard|y 'tɑː.d|i US 'tɑːr- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tare teəʳ US ter -s -z
tar|get 'tɑː|.gɪt US 'tɑːr- -gets -gɪts -geting -gɪ.tɪŋ US -gɪ.ţɪŋ -geted -gɪ.tɪd US -gɪ.ţɪd 'target ,practice
tariff 'tær.ɪf US 'ter-, 'tær- -s -s
Tariq 'tær.ɪk, 'tɑː.rɪk US 'tɑːr.ɪk
Tarka 'tɑː.kə US 'tɑːr-
Tarkington 'tɑː.kɪŋ.tən US 'tɑːr-
Tarleton 'tɑːl.tən, 'tɑː.lə- US 'tɑːrl.tən, 'tɑːr.lə-
tarmac (T®) 'tɑː.mæk US 'tɑːr- -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t
tarmacadam ,tɑː.mə'kæd.əm US ,tɑːr-
tarn tɑːn US tɑːrn -s -z
tarnation tɑː'neɪ.ʃən US tɑːr-
tarnish 'tɑː.nɪʃ US 'tɑːr- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
taro 'tær.əʊ, 'tɑː.rəʊ US 'tɑːr.oʊ, 'ter-
tarot 'tær.əʊ US -oʊ, -ət, 'ter-; tə'roʊ -s -z 'tarot ,card US 'tarot ,card US ta'rot ,card
tarp tɑːp US tɑːrp -s -s
tarpaulin tɑː'pɔː.lɪn US tɑːr'pɑː-, -'pɔː-; 'tɑːr.pə- -s -z
Tarpeian tɑː'piː.ən US tɑːr-
tarpon 'tɑː.pɒn US 'tɑːr.pən, -pɑːn -s -z
Tarquin 'tɑː.kwɪn US 'tɑːr- -s -z
Tarquini|us tɑː'kwɪn.i|.əs US tɑːr- -i -aɪ, -iː
tarradiddle 'tær.ə,dɪd.əl US 'ter-, 'tær- -s -z
tarragon 'tær.ə.gən US 'ter.ə.gɑːn, 'tær-
Tarragona ,tær.ə'gəʊ.nə US ,ter.ə'goʊ-, ,tær-, ,tɑːr.ɑː'-
tarrah tə'rɑː; trɑː
Tarrant 'tær.ənt US 'ter-, 'tær-
Tarring 'tær.ɪŋ US 'ter-, 'tær-
tarrock 'tær.ək US 'ter-, 'tær- -s -s
tarry *(adj.) tarred, like tar:* 'tɑː.ri US 'tɑːr.i
tarr|y *(v.) wait:* 'tær|.i US 'ter-, 'tær- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id -ier/s -i.əʳ/z US -i.ɚ/z
Tarshish 'tɑː.ʃɪʃ US 'tɑːr-
tars|us (T) 'tɑː.s|əs US 'tɑːr- -i -aɪ
tart tɑːt US tɑːrt -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tartan 'tɑː.tən US 'tɑːr- -s -z
tartar, tartare (T) 'tɑː.təʳ US 'tɑːr.ţɚ -s -z ,tartar 'sauce US 'tartar ,sauce
tartaric tɑː'tær.ɪk US tɑːr-, -'ter-, -'tɑːr- tar,taric 'acid
Tartar|us 'tɑː.tər|.əs US 'tɑːr.ţɚ- -y -i
tartlet 'tɑːt.lət, -lɪt US 'tɑːrt.lət, -lɪt -s -s
tartrazine 'tɑː.trə.ziːn, -zɪn US 'tɑːr-
Tartu 'tɑː.tu US 'tɑːr-
Tartuffe tɑː'tʊf, -'tuːf US tɑːr-
tart|y 'tɑː.t|i US 'tɑːr.ţ|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tarzan 'tɑː.zən, -zæn US 'tɑːr-
Tasha 'tæʃ.ə
Tashkent tæʃ'kent US tæʃ-, tɑːʃ-
Tashtego tæʃ'tiː.gəʊ US -goʊ
task tɑːsk US tæsk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'task ,force
Tasker 'tæs.kəʳ US -kɚ
taskmaster 'tɑːsk,mɑː.stəʳ US 'tæsk,mæs.tɚ -s -z
taskmistress 'tɑːsk,mɪs.trəs, -trɪs US 'tæsk,mɪs.trɪs -es -ɪz
Tasman 'tæz.mən
Tasmani|a tæz'meɪ.ni|.ə, -nj|ə -an/s -ən/z
Tass, TASS tæs
tassel 'tæs.əl -s -z -led -d
tassie (T) 'tæs.i
Tasso 'tæs.əʊ US -oʊ
tast|e teɪst -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z give someone a ,taste of their own 'medicine
tastebud 'teɪst.bʌd -s -z
tasteful 'teɪst.fəl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tasteless 'teɪst.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tast|y 'teɪ.st|i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tat tæt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ US 'tæţ.ɪŋ -ted -ɪd US 'tæţ.ɪd
ta-ta tə'tɑː, tæt'ɑː US tɑː'tɑː
tatami tə'tɑː.mi, tɑː-, tæt'ɑː- US tə'tɑː- -s -z
Tatar 'tɑː.təʳ US -ţɚ -s -z
Tatchell 'tætʃ.əl
Tate teɪt ,Tate 'Gallery
Tatham 'teɪ.θəm, -ðəm; 'tæt.əm
Tati 'tæt.i, -'- US tɑː'tiː
Tatiana ,tæt.i'ɑː.nə US ,-'jɑː.nə
tatler (T®) 'tæt.ləʳ US -lɚ -s -z
Tatra 'tɑː.trə, 'tæt.rə US 'tɑː.trə
tatter 'tæt.əʳ US 'tæţ.ɚ -s -z -ed -d
tatterdemalion ,tæt.ə.də'meɪ.li.ən, -dɪ'-, -'mæl.i- US ,tæţ.ɚ-
tattersall (T) 'tæt.ə.sɔːl, -səl US 'tæţ.ɚ.sɔːl, -sɑːl -s -z
tattl|e 'tæt.əl US 'tæţ- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tæt.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'tæt.ləʳ/z US '-əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
tattletale 'tæt.əl.teɪl US 'tæţ- -s -z
Tatton 'tæt.ən
tattoo tæt'uː, tə'tuː US tæt'uː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
tattooist tæt'uː.ɪst, tə'tuː- US tæt'uː- -s -s
tatt|y 'tæt|.i US 'tæţ- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tatum 'teɪ.təm US -ţəm
tau taʊ, tɔː US taʊ, tɔː, tɑː
Tauchnitz 'taʊk.nɪts *as if German:* 'taʊx-
taught *(from* **teach***)* tɔːt US tɑːt, tɔːt
taun|t tɔːn|t US tɑːn|t, tɔːn|t -ts -ts -ting/ly -tɪŋ/li US -ţɪŋ/li -ted -tɪd US -ţɪd -ter/s -təʳ/z US -ţɚ/z
Taunton 'tɔːn.tən *locally:* 'tɑːn- US 'tɑːn.tən, 'tɔːn-
taupe təʊp US toʊp
Taupo 'taʊ.pəʊ US 'toʊ.poʊ
Taurean 'tɔː.ri.ən; tɔː'riː- US 'tɔːr.i- -s -z
Taurus 'tɔː.rəs US 'tɔːr.əs
taut tɔːt US tɑːt, tɔːt -er -əʳ US -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tauten 'tɔː.tən US 'tɑː- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tautologic ,tɔː.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪk US ,tɑː.ţə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, ,tɔː- -al -əl -ally -əl.i, -li
tautologic|al ,tɔː.tə'lɒdʒ.ɪk|.əl US ,tɑː.ţə'lɑː.dʒɪk-, ,tɔː- -ally -əl.i, -li
tautologism tɔː'tɒl.ə.dʒɪ.zəm US tɑː'tɑː.lə-, tɔː'- -s -z
tautologiz|e, -is|e tɔː'tɒl.ə.dʒaɪz US tɑː'tɑː.lə-, tɔː- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tautologous tɔː'tɒl.ə.gəs US tɑː'tɑː.lə-, tɔː-
tautolog|y tɔː'tɒl.ə.dʒ|i US tɑː'tɑː.lə-, tɔː- -ies -iz
Tavener 'tæv.ən.əʳ, -nəʳ US -ən.ɚ, -nɚ
Taverham 'teɪ.vər.əm
tavern 'tæv.ən US -ɚn -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
taverna tə'vɜː.nə, ,tæv'ɜː- US tɑː'vɝː-, tə- -s -z
Tavistock 'tæv.ɪ.stɒk, '-ə- US -ə.stɑːk
taw tɔː US tɑː, tɔː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tawdr|y 'tɔː.dr|i US 'tɑː-, 'tɔː- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -əl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tawe 'taʊ.i, -eɪ
Tawell tɔːl; 'tɔː.əl US tɑːl, tɔːl, 'tɑː.əl, 'tɔː-
tawn|y 'tɔː.n|i US 'tɑː-, 'tɔː- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ,tawny 'owl, 'tawny ,owl

tax tæks **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**tax eˌvasion**; ˈ**tax ˌexile**; ˈ**tax ˌhaven**; ˈ**tax inˌspector**; ˈ**tax ˌoffice**; ˈ**tax reˌturn**; ˈ**tax ˌyear**
taxability ˌtæk.səˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
taxable ˈtæk.sə.bəl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
taxation tækˈseɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
tax-deductible ˌtæks.dɪˈdʌk.tə.bəl, -dəˈ- *stress shift:* ˌtax-deductible ˈearnings
tax-deferred ˌtæks.dɪˈfɜːd ⓤⓢ -ˈfɝːd *stress shift:* ˌtax-deferred ˈearnings
taxeme ˈtæk.siːm
taxemic tækˈsiː.mɪk
tax-exempt ˌtæks.ɪgˈzempt, -egˈ-; -ɪkˈsempt, -ekˈ- ⓤⓢ -ɪgˈzempt, -egˈ- *stress shift:* ˌtax-exempt ˈearnings
tax-free ˌtæksˈfriː *stress shift:* ˌtax-free ˈbonus
tax|i (*v.*) ˈtæk.s|i **-i(e)s** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-iing** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id ˈ**taxi ˌrank**; ˈ**taxi ˌstand**
taxicab ˈtæk.si.kæb **-s** -z
taxidermic ˌtæk.sɪˈdɜː.mɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈdɝː-
taxidermist ˈtæk.sɪ.dɜː.mɪst, ˌtæk.sɪˈdɜː-; tækˈsɪd.ə- ⓤⓢ ˈtæk.sɪ.dɝː- **-s** -s
taxidermy ˈtæk.sɪ.dɜː.mi ⓤⓢ -dɝː-
taximeter ˈtæk.siˌmiː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
tax|is (T) ˈtæk.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz
taxiway ˈtæk.si.weɪ **-s** -z
taxman ˈtæks.mæn **-men** -men
taxonomic ˌtæk.səˈnɒm.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈnɑː.mɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li
taxonom|y tækˈsɒn.ə.m|i ⓤⓢ -ˈsɑː.nə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
taxpayer ˈtæksˌpeɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
tay *syllable used in Tonic Sol-fa in counting time:* teɪ, te
Note: In the sequence 'tay fe' this may be pronounced /te/.
Tay teɪ
tayberr|y ˈteɪ.bər|.i, ˈ-br|i, -ˌber|.i ⓤⓢ -ˌber|.i **-ies** -iz
Taylor ˈteɪ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ
Taylorian teɪˈlɔː.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈlɔːr.i-
Taymouth ˈteɪ.maʊθ, -məθ
Tay-Sachs ˌteɪˈsæks ⓤⓢ ˌ-ˈ-, ˈ-- ˌ**Tay-ˈSachs diˌsease**
Tayside ˈteɪ.saɪd
TB ˌtiːˈbiː
T-bar ˈtiː.bɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -bɑːr **-s** -z
Tbilisi tə.bɪˈliː.si; təˈbɪl.ɪ- ⓤⓢ təˌbɪl.iˈsiː; ˌtʌb.ɪˈliː.si; təˈbɪl.i-
T-bone ˈtiː.bəʊn ⓤⓢ -boʊn **-s** -z ˌ**T-bone ˈsteak**
tbs., tbsp. (*abbrev. for* **tablespoon, tablespoonful**) ˈteɪ.bəl.spuːn, ˈteɪ.bəlˌspuːn.fʊl
T-cell ˈtiː.sel **-s** -z
Tchad tʃæd
Tchaikovsky tʃaɪˈkɒf.ski, -ˈkɒv- ⓤⓢ -ˈkɔːf-, -ˈkɑːv-
Tcherkasy tʃɜːˈkæs.i ⓤⓢ tʃɝː-
TCP® ˌtiː.siːˈpiː
te *Tonic Sol-fa name for leading note:* tiː **-s** -z

tea tiː **-s** -z ˈ**tea ˌbag**; ˈ**tea ˌbreak**; ˈ**tea ˌchest**; ˈ**tea ˌcosy**; ˈ**tea ˌdance**; ˈ**tea ˌlady**; ˈ**tea ˌleaf**; ˈ**tea ˌparty**; ˈ**tea ˌset**; ˈ**tea ˌshop**; ˈ**tea ˌtowel**; ˈ**tea ˌtray**; ˈ**tea ˌtrolley**; ˈ**tea ˌwagon**; **not for ˌall the ˌtea in ˈChina**
teabread ˈtiː.bred
tea-cadd|y ˈtiːˌkæd|.i **-ies** -iz
teacake ˈtiː.keɪk **-s** -s
teach tiːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **taught** tɔːt ⓤⓢ tɑːt, tɔːt ˈ**teaching ˌpractice**
teachability ˌtiː.tʃəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
teachable ˈtiː.tʃə.bəl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
teacher ˈtiː.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ **-s** -z ˌ**teacher(s') ˈtraining ˌcollege**
teach-in ˈtiːtʃ.ɪn **-s** -z
tea|cloth ˈtiː|.klɒθ ⓤⓢ -klɑːθ **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz ⓤⓢ -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
teacup ˈtiː.kʌp **-s** -s **-ful/s** -fʊl/z
Teague tiːg **-s** -z
teahou|se ˈtiː.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
teak tiːk
teakettle ˈtiːˌket.əl ⓤⓢ -ˌket̬- **-s** -z
teal tiːl **-s** -z
team tiːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**team ˈspirit**, ˈ**team ˌspirit**
teammate ˈtiːm.meɪt **-s** -s
teamster (T) ˈtiːm*p*.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z ˌ**Teamsters' ˈUnion** ⓤⓢ ˈ**Teamsters' ˌUnion**
teamwork ˈtiːm.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
teapot ˈtiː.pɒt ⓤⓢ -pɑːt **-s** -s
teapoy ˈtiː.pɔɪ **-s** -z
tear (*n.*) *fluid from the eye:* tɪəʳ ⓤⓢ tɪr **-s** -z ˈ**tear ˌgas**
tear (*n, v.*) *pull apart, rush, a rent, etc.:* teəʳ ⓤⓢ ter **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **tore** tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ tɔːr **torn** tɔːn ⓤⓢ tɔːrn
tearaway ˈteə.rə.weɪ ⓤⓢ ˈter.ə- **-s** -z
teardrop ˈtɪə.drɒp ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr.drɑːp **-s** -s
tearful ˈtɪə.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
teargas ˈtɪə.gæs ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr- **-es** -ɪz **-sing** -ɪŋ **-sed** -t
tearjerker ˈtɪəˌdʒɜː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈtɪrˌdʒɝː.kɚ **-s** -z
tearless ˈtɪə.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tearoom ˈtiː.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -ruːm, -rʊm **-s** -z
tearstained ˈtɪə.steɪnd ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr-
tear|y ˈtɪə.r|i ⓤⓢ ˈtɪr|.i **-ily** -ɪ.li
teas|e tiːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
teasel ˈtiː.zəl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, ˈtiːz.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
Teasmade® ˈtiːz.meɪd
teaspoon ˈtiː.spuːn **-s** -z
teaspoonful ˈtiː.spuːn.fʊl **-s** -z
teaspoonsful (*alternative plur. of* **teaspoonful**) ˈtiː.spuːnz.fʊl
tea-strainer ˈtiːˌstreɪ.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ **-s** -z
teat tiːt **-s** -s
tea-table ˈtiːˌteɪ.bəl **-s** -z
teatime ˈtiː.taɪm
tea-tree ˈtiː.triː **-s** -z ˈ**tea-tree ˌoil**

tea-urn ˈtiː.ɜːn ⓤⓢ -ɝːn **-s** -z
teazel ˈtiː.zəl **-s** -z
teazle (T) ˈtiː.zəl **-s** -z
Tebay ˈtiː.beɪ *locally:* -bi
Tebbitt ˈteb.ɪt
tec tek **-s** -s
tech tek **-s** -s
techie ˈtek.i **-s** -z
technetium tekˈniː.ʃi.əm, -si-, ˈ-ʃəm ⓤⓢ -ʃi.əm, ˈ-ʃəm
technic|al ˈtek.nɪ.k|əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs ˈ**technical ˌcollege**
technicalit|y ˌtek.nɪˈkæl.ə.t|i, -nəˈ-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -nəˈkæl.ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
technician tekˈnɪʃ.ən **-s** -z
Technicolor® ˈtek.nɪˌkʌl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
technicolo(u)r ˈtek.nɪˌkʌl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ed** -d
technics (T®) ˈtek.nɪks
technique tekˈniːk **-s** -s
techno- tek.nəʊ; tekˈnɒ ⓤⓢ ˈtek.noʊ, -nə; tekˈnɑː
Note: Prefix. This may carry primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **technophobe** /ˈtek.nə.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -foʊb/, **technophobia** /ˌtek.nəˈfəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -ˈfoʊ-/, or on the second syllable, e.g. **technology** /tekˈnɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ tekˈnɑː-/.
techno ˈtek.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
technocrat ˈtek.nəʊ.kræt ⓤⓢ -nə- **-s** -s
technocratic ˌtek.nəʊˈkræt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -nəˈkræt̬-
technologic|al ˌtek.nəˈlɒdʒ.ɪ.k|əl ⓤⓢ -ˈlɑː.dʒɪ- **-ly** -əl.i, -li
technolog|y tekˈnɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -ˈnɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ies** -iz
technophobe ˈtek.nəʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -nə.foʊb **-s** -z
technophob|ia ˌtek.nəʊˈfəʊ.b|i.ə ⓤⓢ -nəˈfoʊ- **-ic** -ɪk
tech|y ˈtetʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Teck tek
tectonic tekˈtɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -ˈtɑː.nɪk **-s** -s **tecˌtonic ˈplates**
ted (T) ted **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd **-der/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Teddington ˈted.ɪŋ.tən
tedd|y (T) ˈted|.i **-ies** -iz ˈ**teddy ˌbear**; ˌ**Teddy Bear's ˈPicnic**; ˈ**teddy ˌboy**
Te Deum ˌteɪˈdeɪ.ʊm, ˌtiːˈdiː.əm **-s** -z
tedious ˈtiː.di.əs ⓤⓢ -di.əs, -dʒəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tedium ˈtiː.di.əm
tee tiː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
tee-hee ˌtiːˈhiː **-s** -z
teem tiːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
teen tiːn **-s** -z
teenage ˈtiːn.eɪdʒ **-d** -d
teenager ˈtiːnˌeɪ.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z
teens|y ˈtiːn.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
teensy-weensy ˌtiːn.ziˈwiːn.zi, ˌtiːn*t*.siˈwiːn*t*.si *stress shift:* ˌteensy-weensy ˈhouse

teen|y 'tiː.n|i **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
teenybopper 'tiː.ni,bɒp.əʳ US -,buː.pɚ **-s** -z
teeny-weeny ,tiː.ni'wiː.ni *stress shift:* ,teeny-weeny 'house
teepee 'tiː.piː **-s** -z
Tees tiːz
Teesdale 'tiːz.deɪl
teeshirt 'tiː.ʃɜːt US -ʃɝːt **-s** -s
tee-square 'tiː.skweəʳ, ,-'- US 'tiː.skwer **-s** -z
Teesside 'tiː.saɪd, 'tiːz-
teet|er 'tiː.t|əʳ US -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
teeter-tott|er ,tiː.tə'tɒt|.əʳ US -t̬ɚ'tɑː.t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
teeth (*plur. of* **tooth**) tiːθ **,grit one's 'teeth; ,set someone's 'teeth on ,edge**
teeth|e tiːð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'teething ,ring; 'teething ,troubles**
teetotal ,tiː'təʊ.tᵊl US -'toʊ.t̬ᵊl, '-,--
-ism -ɪ.zᵊm
teetotal(l)er ,tiː'təʊ.tᵊl.əʳ, -'təʊt.ləʳ US -'toʊ.t̬ᵊl.ɚ, -'toʊt.lɚ, 'tiː,toʊ.t̬ᵊl.ɚ, -,toʊt.lɚ **-s** -z
teetotum ,tiː'təʊ.təm, '---; ,tiː.təʊ'tʌm US ,tiː'toʊt̬.əm **-s** -z
TEFL 'tef.ᵊl
Teflon® 'tef.lɒn US -lɑːn
Tegucigalpa teg,uː.sɪ'gæl.pə US -sə'gæl.pɑː, -'gɑːl-
tegument 'teg.jʊ.mənt, -jə- **-s** -s
Tehran, Teheran teə'rɑːn, -'ræn; ,te.hᵊr'ɑːn, ,teɪ.ᵊr'-, -'æn US ter'ɑːn, tə'rɑːn, teə-, -'ræn
Tehuantepec tə'wɑːn.tə.pek US -t̬ə-
Teifi 'taɪ.vi
Teign tɪn, tiːn
Teignbridge 'tɪn.brɪdʒ, 'tiːn-, 'tɪm-, 'tiːm- US 'tɪn-, 'tiːn-
Teignmouth 'tɪn.məθ, 'tiːn-, 'tɪm-, 'tiːm- *locally also:* 'tɪŋ- US 'tɪn-, 'tiːn-
Teignton 'teɪn.tən US -tᵊn
Teiresias taɪə'riː.si.əs US taɪ-
Te Kanawa teɪ'kɑː.nə.wə, tɪ-
tel. (*abbrev. for* **telephone**) 'tel.ɪ.fəʊn US -ə.foʊn
telaesthesia ,tel.əs'θiː.zi.ə, -ɪs'-, -iːs'-, -ʒi-, '-ʒə US ,tel.əs'θiː.ʒə
telaesthetic ,tel.əs'θet.ɪk, -ɪs'-, -iːs'- US -'θet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telamon (T) 'tel.ə.mən, -mɒn US -mən, -mɑːn **-s** -z
TelAutograph® tel'ɔː.tə.grɑːf, -græf US -'ɑː.t̬ə.græf, -'ɔː-
Tel Aviv ,tel.ə'viːv, -æv'iːv, -'ɪv US -ə'viːv, -ɑː'-
Telco® 'tel.kəʊ US -koʊ
tele- tel.ɪ; tɪ'le, tə- US 'tel.ə; tɪ'le, tə-, tel.ɪ
Note: Prefix. This may carry primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **telephone** /'tel.ɪ.fəʊn US 'tel.ə.foʊn/, **telegraphic** /,tel.ɪ'græf.ɪk US -ə'-/, or on the second syllable, e.g. **telephony** /tə'lef.ə.ni/.
tele 'tel.i **-s** -z
telebanking 'tel.ɪ,bæŋ.kɪŋ
telecamera 'tel.ɪ,kæm.ᵊr.ə, ,-rə **-s** -z
telecast 'tel.ɪ.kɑːst US -kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
tele-cine ,tel.ɪ'sɪn.i
telecom® 'tel.ɪ.kɒm US -kɑːm **-s** -z
telecommunications ,tel.ɪ.kə,mjuː.nɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊnz, -nə'-
telecom|mute ,tel.ɪ.kə|'mjuːt US '---- **-mutes** -'mjuːts **-muting** -'mjuː.tɪŋ US -mjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-muted** -'mjuː.tɪd US -mjuː.t̬ɪd **-muter/s** -'mjuː.təʳ/z US -mjuː.t̬ɚ/z
teleconferenc|e ,tel.ɪ'kɒn.fᵊr.ᵊnts US 'tel.ɪ,kɑːn- **-es** -ɪz
teleconferencing ,tel.ɪ'kɒn.fᵊr.ᵊnt.sɪŋ US -'kɑːn-
telecottag|e 'tel.ɪ,kɒt.ɪdʒ US -,kɑː.t̬ɪdʒ **-ing** -ɪŋ
telefilm 'tel.ɪ.fɪlm US '-ə- **-s** -z
telegenic ,tel.ɪ'dʒen.ɪk US -ə'-
telegram 'tel.ɪ.græm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
telegramese ,tel.ɪ.græm'iːz
telegraph 'tel.ɪ.grɑːf, -græf US -græf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'telegraph ,pole; 'telegraph ,wire**
telegrapher tɪ'leg.rə.fəʳ, tel'eg-, tə'leg- US tə'leg.rə.fɚ **-s** -z
telegraphese ,tel.ɪ.grɑː'fiːz, -græf'iːz, -grə'fiːz US -græf'iːz, -grə'fiːz
telegraphic ,tel.ɪ'græf.ɪk US -ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telegraph|y tɪ'leg.rə.f|i, tel'eg-, tə'leg- US tə'leg- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
teleki|nesis ,tel.ɪ.kɪ|'niː.sɪs, ,-ə-, -kaɪ'- US -kɪ'- **-netic** -'net.ɪk US -'net̬-
Telemachus tɪ'lem.ə.kəs, tel'em-, tə'lem- US tə'lem-
Telemann 'teɪ.lə.mæn US -mɑːn
telemark 'tel.ɪ.mɑːk, '-ə- US -ə.mɑːrk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
telemarketing ,tel.ɪ'mɑː.kɪ.tɪŋ, -kə-, 'tel.ɪ,mɑː- US 'tel.ə,mɑːr.kə.t̬ɪŋ
Telemessag|e® 'tel.ɪ,mes.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
telemet|er tə'lem.ɪ.t|əʳ, '-ə-; 'tel.ɪ,miː- US 'tel.ə,miː.t̬|ɚ; tə'lem.ə- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd
telemetric ,tel.ɪ'met.rɪk US -ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telemetry tɪ'lem.ɪ.tri, tə-, '-ə- US tə'lem.ə-
teleological ,tel.i.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl, ,tiː.li- US ,tiː.li.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, ,tel.i-
teleolog|y ,tel.i'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, ,tiː.li'- US ,tiː.li'ɑː.lə-, ,tel.i'- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
telepathic ,tel.ɪ'pæθ.ɪk US -ə'- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telepathiz|e, -is|e tɪ'lep.ə.θaɪz, tel'ep-, tə'lep- US tə'lep- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
telepath|y tɪ'lep.ə.θ|i, tel'ep-, tə'lep- US tə'lep- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
telephon|e 'tel.ɪ.fəʊn US -ə.foʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'telephone ,booth; 'telephone ,book; 'telephone ,box; 'telephone ,call; 'telephone di,rectory; 'telephone ,number; 'telephone ,pole**
telephonic ,tel.ɪ'fɒn.ɪk, -ə'- US -ə'fɑː.nɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telephonist tɪ'lef.ᵊn.ɪst, tel'ef-, tə'lef- US tə'lef- **-s** -s
telephony tɪ'lef.ᵊn.i, tel'ef-, tə'lef- US tə'lef-
telephoto ,tel.ɪ'fəʊ.təʊ US 'tel.ə.foʊ.t̬oʊ **-s** -z *stress shift, see compound:* **,telephoto 'lens**
telephotography ,tel.ɪ.fə'tɒg.rə.fi US -ə.fə'tɑː.grə-
tele|port 'tel.ɪ|.pɔːt US -ə|.pɔːrt **-ports** -pɔːts US -pɔːrts **-porting** -pɔː.tɪŋ US -pɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ported** -pɔː.tɪd US -pɔːr.t̬ɪd
teleprinter 'tel.ɪ,prɪn.təʳ US -ə,prɪn.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
TelePrompTer® 'tel.ɪ,prɒmp.təʳ US -ə,prɑːmp.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
telerecord (*n.*) 'tel.ɪ,rek.ɔːd US -ɚd **-s** -z
telerecord (*v.*) 'tel.ɪ.rɪ,kɔːd, -rə,-, ,tel.ɪ.rɪ'kɔːd, -rə'- US 'tel.ɪ.rɪ,kɔːrd, -rə-, ,tel.ɪ.rɪ'kɔːrd, -rə'- **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd
telesales 'tel.ɪ.seɪlz
telescop|e 'tel.ɪ.skəʊp US -ə.skoʊp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
telescopic ,tel.ɪ'skɒp.ɪk US -ə'skɑː.pɪk **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
telescreen 'tel.ɪ.skriːn **-s** -z
teleshopping 'tel.ɪ,ʃɒp.ɪŋ, ,tel.ɪ'ʃɒp- US 'tel.ə,ʃɑː.pɪŋ
telesthesia ,tel.əs'θiː.zi.ə, -ɪs'-, -iːs'-, -ʒi-, '-ʒə- US ,tel.əs'θiː.ʒə
telesthetic ,tel.əs'θet.ɪk, -ɪs'-, -iːs'- US -'θet̬- **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
Teletex® 'tel.ɪ.teks
teletext 'tel.ɪ.tekst US '-ə- **-s** -s
telethon 'tel.ɪ.θɒn US -ə.θɑːn **-s** -z
Teletype® 'tel.ɪ.taɪp US '-ə- **-s** -s
Teletypesetter® ,tel.ɪ'taɪp,set.əʳ US -ə'taɪp,set̬.ɚ **-s** -z
televangel|ism ,tel.ɪ'væn.dʒə.l|ɪ.zᵊm, -dʒɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
teleview 'tel.ɪ.vjuː US '-ə- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
televis|e 'tel.ɪ.vaɪz US '-ə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
television 'tel.ɪ.vɪʒ.ᵊn, ,tel.ɪ'vɪʒ- US 'tel.ə.vɪʒ- **-s** -z **'television ,set, tele'vision ,set**
televisor 'tel.ɪ.vaɪ.zəʳ US -ə.vaɪ.zɚ **-s** -z
televisual ,tel.ɪ'vɪʒ.u.əl, -'vɪz.ju- US -ə'vɪʒ.u- **-ly** -i
telework|ing 'tel.ɪ,wɜː.k|ɪŋ US -,wɝː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
telex 'tel.eks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Telfer 'tel.fəʳ US -fɚ
Telford 'tel.fəd US -fɚd
telic 'tel.ɪk US 'tiː.lɪk, 'tel.ɪk
tell (T) tel **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **told**

təʊld ⓤⓢ toʊld
teller (T) 'tel.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
telling-off ˌtel.ɪŋ'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf
tellings-off ˌtel.ɪŋz'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf
telltale 'tel.teɪl -s -z
tellurian tel'ʊə.ri.ən, tə'lʊə-, tɪ-, -'ljʊə- ⓤⓢ tel'ʊr.i-, tə'lʊr- -s -z
telluric tel'ʊə.rɪk, tə'lʊə-, tɪ-, -'ljʊə- ⓤⓢ tel'ʊr.ɪk, tə'lʊr-
tellurium tel'ʊə.ri.əm, tə'lʊə-, tɪ-, -'ljʊə- ⓤⓢ tel'ʊr.i-, tə'lʊr-
tell|y 'tel|.i -ies -iz
Telstar® 'tel.stɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -stɑːr
Telugu 'tel.ə.guː, '-ʊ- ⓤⓢ '-ə-
temerity tɪ'mer.ə.ti, tə-, tem'er-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tə'mer.ə.t̬i
temp temp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Tempe 'tem.pi
tempeh 'tem.peɪ -s -z
temp|er 'tem.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ -p|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
tempera 'tem.pᵊr.ə
temperable 'tem.pᵊr.ə.bᵊl, -prə.bᵊl
temperament 'tem.pᵊr.ə.mənt, -prə.mənt -s -s
temperamental ˌtem.pᵊr.ə'men.tᵊl, -prə'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl -ly -i
temperance 'tem.pᵊr.ᵊnts, '-prənts
temperate 'tem.pᵊr.ət, '-prət, -prɪt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
temperature 'tem.prə.tʃəʳ, -prɪ-, -pᵊr.ə-, -ɪ- ⓤⓢ -pɚ.ə.tʃɚ, '-prə-, -pɚ-, -pə- -s -z
-tempered 'tem.pəd ⓤⓢ -pɚd -ly -li
Temperley 'tem.pᵊl.i ⓤⓢ -pɚ.li
tempest 'tem.pɪst, -pəst -s -s
tempestuous tem'pes.tju.əs, -tʃu- ⓤⓢ -tʃu-, -tʃə.wəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Templar 'tem.pləʳ, -plɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -plɚ -s -z
template 'tem.pleɪt, -plɪt ⓤⓢ -plɪt -s -s
temple (T) 'tem.pᵊl -s -z
templet 'tem.plɪt, -plət ⓤⓢ -plɪt -s -s
Templeton 'tem.pᵊl.tən
temp|o 'tem.p|əʊ ⓤⓢ -p|oʊ -os -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz -i -iː
temporal 'tem.pᵊr.ᵊl -ly -i
temporality ˌtem.pᵊr'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -pə'ræl.ə.t̬i
temporar|y 'tem.pᵊr.ᵊr|.i, -prᵊr- ⓤⓢ -pə.rer|.i -ies -iz -ily -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
temporization, -isa- ˌtem.pᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-
temporiz|e, -is|e 'tem.pᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ -pə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
tempt tempt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
temptation temp'teɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
tempting 'temp.tɪŋ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
temptress 'temp.trəs, -trɪs ⓤⓢ -trɪs -es -ɪz
tempura 'tem.pᵊr.ə; tem'pʊə.rə ⓤⓢ 'tem.pʊ.rɑː; tem'pʊr.ə
tempus fugit ˌtem.pəs'fjuː.dʒɪt, -pʊs'-, -gɪt ⓤⓢ -pəs'fjuː.dʒɪt
ten ten -s -z ˌ**Ten Com'mandments**
tenability ˌten.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
tenable 'ten.ə.bᵊl -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tenacious tɪ'neɪ.ʃəs, tə-, ten'eɪ- ⓤⓢ tə'neɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tenacity tɪ'næs.ə.ti, tə-, ten'æs-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tə'næs.ə.t̬i
tenanc|y 'ten.ənt.s|i -ies -iz
tenant 'ten.ənt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
tenantry 'ten.ən.tri
Tenbury 'ten.bᵊr.i, 'tem- ⓤⓢ 'ten.ber-, -bɚ-
Tenby 'ten.bi, 'tem- ⓤⓢ 'ten-
tench tentʃ
tend tend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
tendencious ten'den.tʃəs ⓤⓢ -'dent.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tendenc|y 'ten.dənt.s|i -ies -iz
tendentious ten'den.tʃəs ⓤⓢ -'dent.ʃəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tend|er 'ten.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -erer -ᵊr.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ -erest -ᵊr.ɪst, -əst -erly -ᵊl.i ⓤⓢ -ɚ.li -erness -ə.nəs, -nɪs ⓤⓢ -ɚ.nəs, -nɪs -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
tender|foot 'ten.də|.fʊt ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -foots -s -feet -fiːt
tender-hearted ˌten.də'hɑː.tɪd, 'ten.dəˌhɑː- ⓤⓢ 'ten.dɚˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd, ˌten.dɚ'hɑːr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌtender-hearted 'person
tenderization, -isa- ˌten.dᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-
tenderiz|e, -is|e 'ten.dᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ -də.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
tenderloin 'ten.dᵊl.ɔɪn ⓤⓢ -dɚ.lɔɪn -s -z
tendinitis ˌten.dɪ'naɪ.tɪs, -də'-, -təs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
tendon 'ten.dən -s -z
tendonitis ˌten.də'naɪ.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
tendril 'ten.drᵊl, -drɪl ⓤⓢ -drᵊl -s -z
Tenebrae 'ten.ɪ.briː, '-ə-, -breɪ, -braɪ ⓤⓢ -ə.breɪ, -briː
tenebrous 'ten.ɪ.brəs, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə-
tenement 'ten.ə.mənt, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ '-ə- -s -s
Tenerif(f)e ˌten.ᵊr'iːf ⓤⓢ -ə'riːf
tenet 'ten.ɪt -s -s
tenfold 'ten.fəʊld ⓤⓢ -foʊld
ten-four ˌten'fɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr
ten-gallon hat ˌtenˌgæl.ən'hæt, ˌteŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌten- -s -s
Tengu 'teŋ.gu -s -z
Teniers 'ten.i.əz, '-jəz ⓤⓢ -i.ɚz, '-jɚz; tə'nɪrz
Tenison 'ten.ɪ.sᵊn
Tenko 'teŋ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
Tenn. (*abbrev. for* **Tennessee**) ˌten.ə'siː, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌten.ɪ'siː *regionally:* 'ten.ɪ.si, -ə-
Tennant 'ten.ənt
tenner 'ten.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z

> **Tense**
> See LAX.

Tennessee ˌten.ə'siː, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌten.ɪ'siː *regionally:* 'ten.ɪ.si, -ə-
Tenniel 'ten.i.əl, '-jəl
tennis 'ten.ɪs '**tennis** ˌ**ball;** '**tennis** ˌ**court;** ˌ**tennis** '**elbow;** '**tennis** ˌ**racket**
Tennyson 'ten.ɪ.sᵊn
tenon 'ten.ən -s -z
tenor 'ten.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
tenour 'ten.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
ten|pence 'ten|.pənts, 'tem- ⓤⓢ 'ten- -penny -pᵊn.i
tenpin 'ten.pɪn, 'tem- ⓤⓢ 'ten- -s -z ˌ**tenpin** '**bowling**
tenpins 'ten.pɪnz, 'tem- ⓤⓢ 'ten-
tens|e tents -es -ɪz -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
tensile 'tent.saɪl ⓤⓢ -sɪl, -saɪl
tension 'ten.tʃᵊn ⓤⓢ 'tent.ʃᵊn -s -z
tensity 'tent.sə.ti, -sɪ- ⓤⓢ -sə.t̬i
tensor 'tent.səʳ ⓤⓢ -sɚ -s -z
tent tent -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'ten.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'ten.t̬ɪd
tentacle 'ten.tə.kᵊl, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- -s -z
tentacular ten'tæk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ -lɚ
tentative 'ten.tə.tɪv ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.t̬ɪv -s -z -ly -li
tenter 'ten.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
Tenterden 'ten.tə.dᵊn ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ-
tenterhook 'ten.tə.hʊk ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- -s -s
tenth tentθ -s -s -ly -li
tentpegging 'tentˌpeg.ɪŋ
Tentsmuir tents'mjʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -'mjʊr
tenu|is 'ten.ju|.ɪs -es -iːz, -eɪz
tenuity ten'juː.ə.ti, tə'njuː-, tɪ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tə'nuː.ə.t̬i, -'njuː-
tenuous 'ten.ju.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tenur|e 'ten.jəʳ, -jʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -jɚ, -jʊr -es -z -ed -d
tepal 'tiː.pᵊl, 'tep.ᵊl
tepee 'tiː.piː -s -z
tepid 'tep.ɪd -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tepidity tep'ɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tə'pɪd.ə.t̬i
tequila tə'kiː.lə, tɪ- ⓤⓢ tə- -s -z teˌ**quila** '**sunrise**
ter *three times:* tɜːʳ ⓤⓢ tɝː, ter
Ter *river in Essex:* tɑːʳ ⓤⓢ tɑːr
teraph 'ter.əf -im -ɪm
terbium 'tɜː.bi.əm ⓤⓢ 'tɝː-
tercel *hawk:* 'tɜː.sᵊl ⓤⓢ 'tɝː- -s -z
Tercel *car:* 'tɜː.sel ⓤⓢ tɚ'sel
tercentenar|y ˌtɜː.sen'tiː.nᵊr|.i, -'ten.ᵊr-; tɜː'sen.tɪ.nᵊr- ⓤⓢ tɚ'sen.tᵊn.er-; ˌtɝː.sen'ten.ɚ- -ies -iz
tercentennial ˌtɜː.sen'ten.i.əl ⓤⓢ ˌtɝː-
tercet 'tɜː.sɪt, -set ⓤⓢ 'tɝː.sɪt; tɚ'set -s -s

terebene 'ter.ə.biːn, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə-

terebinth 'ter.ə.bɪnθ, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- -s -s

Terence 'ter.ᵊnts

Teresa tə'riː.zə, tɪ-, -'reɪ-, ter'iː- (US) tə'riː.sə, -zə, -'reɪ-

tergiver|sate 'tɜː.dʒɪ.vɜː|.seɪt, -və- (US) 'tɝː.dʒɪ.vɚ- **-sates** -seɪts **-sating** -seɪ.tɪŋ (US) -seɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-sated** -seɪ.tɪd (US) -seɪ.t̬ɪd

tergiversation ˌtɜː.dʒɪ.vɜː'seɪ.ʃᵊn, -və'- (US) ˌtɝː.dʒɪ.vɚ-

teriyaki ˌter.i'æk.i (US) -'jɑː.ki

Terling 'tɑː.lɪŋ, 'tɜː- (US) 'tɑːr-, 'tɝː-

term tɜːm (US) tɝːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ly** -li

termagant (T) 'tɜː.mə.gənt (US) 'tɝː- **-s** -s **-ly** -li

terminab|le 'tɜː.mɪ.nə.b|ᵊl, -mə- (US) 'tɝː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

terminal 'tɜː.mɪ.nᵊl, -mə- (US) 'tɝː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i

termi|nate 'tɜː.mɪ|.neɪt, -mə- (US) 'tɝː- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd (US) -neɪ.t̬ɪd **-nator/s** -neɪ.təʳ/z (US) -neɪ.t̬ɚ/z

termination ˌtɜː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, -mə'- (US) ˌtɝː- **-s** -z

terminative 'tɜː.mɪ.nə.tɪv, -mə-, -neɪ- (US) 'tɝː.mɪ.neɪ.t̬ɪv, -mə- **-ly** -li

terminer 'tɜː.mɪ.nəʳ, -mə- (US) 'tɝː.mɪ.nɚ, -mə-

terminologic|al ˌtɜː.mɪ.nə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, -mə- (US) ˌtɝː.mɪ.nə'lɑː.dʒɪ-, -mə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

terminolog|y ˌtɜː.mɪ'nɒl.ə.dʒ|i, -mə'- (US) ˌtɝː.mɪ'nɑː.lə-, -mə'- **-ies** -iz

termin|us 'tɜː.mɪ.n|əs, -mə- (US) 'tɝː- **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz

termite 'tɜː.maɪt (US) 'tɝː- **-s** -s

termtime 'tɜːm.taɪm (US) 'tɝːm-

tern tɜːn (US) tɝːn **-s** -z

ternary 'tɜː.nᵊr.i (US) 'tɝː-

Ternate tɜː'nɑː.ti (US) tɝː'nɑː.teɪ

Terpsichore tɜːp'sɪk.ᵊr.i (US) tɝːp-

terpsichorean ˌtɜːp.sɪ.kᵊr'iː.ən, -kɒr'- (US) ˌtɝːp.sɪ.kə'riː-; ˌtɝːp.sɪ'kɔːr.i-

terra 'ter.ə

terrac|e 'ter.ɪs, -əs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

terracotta ˌter.ə'kɒt.ə (US) -'kɑː.t̬ə

terra firma ˌter.ə'fɜː.mə (US) -'fɝː-

terrain tə'reɪn, tɪ-, ter'eɪn; 'ter.eɪn (US) ter'eɪn, tə'reɪn; 'ter.eɪn **-s** -z

terra incognita ˌter.ə.ɪŋ'kɒg.nɪ.tə, -ɪn'-; -kɒg'niː.tə- (US) -ɪn'kɑːg.niː.t̬ə, -nɪ- **terrae incognitae** ˌter.i.ɪŋ'kɒg.nɪ.ti, -ɪn'-; -kɒg'niː.ti (US) -ɪn'kɑːg.niː.t̬i, -nɪ-

Terramycin® ˌter.ə'maɪ.sɪn

Terrance 'ter.ᵊnts

terrapin 'ter.ə.pɪn **-s** -z

terrari|um tə'reə.ri|.əm, ter'eə-, tɪ'reə- (US) tə'rer.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

terrazzo ter'æt.səʊ, tə'ræt-, tɪ- (US) tə'rɑːt.soʊ, ter'ɑːt-; tə'ræz.oʊ **-s** -z

Terrell 'ter.ᵊl

Terrence 'ter.ᵊnts

terrestrial tə'res.tri.əl, ter'es-, tɪ'res- (US) tə'res- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

terret 'ter.ɪt **-s** -s

Terri 'ter.i

terrib|le 'ter.ə.b|ᵊl, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

terricolous tə'rɪk.ᵊl.əs, ter'ɪk-, tɪ'rɪk- (US) ter'ɪk-, tə'rɪk-

terrier 'ter.i.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

terrific tə'rɪf.ɪk, tɪ- (US) tə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

terri|fy 'ter.ə|.faɪ, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying/ly** -faɪ.ɪŋ/li **-fied** -faɪd

terrine ter'iːn, tə'riːn; 'ter.iːn (US) ter'iːn **-s** -z

territorial ˌter.ɪ'tɔː.ri.əl, -ə'- (US) -ə'tɔːr.i- **-s** -z **-ly** -i *stress shift, see compounds:* **ˌTerritorial 'Army, Terriˌtorial 'Army; terriˌtorial 'waters**

territorializ|e, -is|e ˌter.ɪ'tɔː.ri.ᵊl.aɪz, -ə'- (US) -ə'tɔːr.i- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

territor|y 'ter.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, '-ə-, -tr|i (US) -ə.tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz

terror 'ter.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z

terror|ism 'ter.ᵊr|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

terrorization, -isa- ˌter.ᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'-

terroriz|e, -is|e 'ter.ᵊr.aɪz (US) -ə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

terror-stricken 'ter.əˌstrɪk.ᵊn (US) -ɚˌ-

terror-struck 'ter.ə.strʌk (US) '-ɚ-

terr|y (T) 'ter|.i **-ies** -iz **ˌterry 'nappy; ˌterry 'towelling**

ters|e tɜːs (US) tɝːs **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

tertian 'tɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən (US) 'tɝː.ʃᵊn

tertiary 'tɜː.ʃᵊr.i, -ʃi.ᵊr- (US) 'tɝː.ʃi.er-, -ʃɚ.i **ˌtertiary edu'cation**

tertium quid ˌtɜː.ti.əm'kwɪd, ˌ-ʃəm'-, -ʃi.əm'- (US) ˌtɝː.ʃi.əm'-; ˌter.ti.ʊm'-

Tertius 'tɜː.ʃəs, -ʃi.əs, -ti-

Tertullian tɜː'tʌl.i.ən, '-jən (US) tɚ-

terylene (T®) 'ter.ə.liːn, '-ɪ- (US) '-ɪ-

terza rima ˌteət.sə'riː.mə, ˌtɜːt- (US) ˌtert-

Tesco® 'tes.kəʊ (US) -koʊ **-'s** -z

TESL 'tes.ᵊl

tesla (T) 'tes.lə

TESOL 'tiː.sɒl (US) -sɑːl; 'tes.ᵊl

Tess tes

Tessa, TESSA 'tes.ə

tesse(l)l|ate 'tes.ᵊl|.eɪt, -ɪ.l|eɪt (US) -ə.l|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd

tessellation ˌtes.ᵊl'eɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'leɪ- (US) -ə'leɪ- **-s** -z

tessitura ˌtes.ɪ'tʊə.rə, -ə'-, -'tjʊə-, -'tɔː-, -'tjɔː- (US) -ɪ'tʊr.ə

test (T) test **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'test ˌcard; 'test ˌcase; 'test ˌmatch**

testace|an tes'teɪ.ʃ|ᵊn, -ʃi|.ən (US) '-ʃ|ən **-ous** -əs

testacy 'tes.tə.si

testament (T) 'tes.tə.mənt **-s** -s

testament|ary ˌtes.tə'men.t|ᵊr.i (US) -t̬|ɚ- **-al** -ᵊl

testate 'tes.teɪt, -tɪt (US) -teɪt **-s** -s

testator tes'teɪ.təʳ (US) 'tes.teɪ.t̬ɚ, -'-- **-s** -z

testatri|x tes'teɪ.trɪ|ks **-ces** -siːz

test-bed 'test.bed **-s** -z

test-|drive 'test|.draɪv **-drives** -draɪvz **-driving** -ˌdraɪ.vɪŋ **-drove** -drəʊv (US) -droʊv **-driven** -ˌdrɪv.ᵊn

testes (*plur. of* **testis**) 'tes.tiːz

testicle 'tes.tɪ.kᵊl, -tə- **-s** -z

testicular tes'tɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -lɚ

testification ˌtes.tɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə- **-s** -z

testi|fy 'tes.tɪ|.faɪ, -tə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z

testimonial ˌtes.tɪ'məʊ.ni.əl, -tə'- (US) -'moʊ- **-s** -z

testimonializ|e, -is|e ˌtes.tɪ'məʊ.ni.ᵊl.aɪz, -tə'- (US) -'moʊ.ni.ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

testimon|y 'tes.tɪ.mə.n|i, -tə- (US) -moʊ.n|i **-ies** -iz

test|is 'tes.t|ɪs **-es** -iːz

Teston 'tiː.sᵊn

testosterone tes'tɒs.tᵊr.əʊn (US) -'tɑː.stə.roʊn

test-tube 'test.tjuːb, -tʃuːb (US) -tuːb, -tjuːb **-s** -z **ˌtest-tube 'baby** (US) **'test-tube ˌbaby**

testud|o tes'tjuː.d|əʊ, -'tuː- (US) -'tuː.d|oʊ, -'tjuː- **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-ines** -dɪ.niːz, -neɪz (US) -dɪ.niːz

test|y 'tes.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

tetanus 'tet.ᵊn.əs

Tetbury 'tet.bᵊr.i (US) -ber-, -bɚ-

tetch|y 'tetʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

tête-à-tête ˌteɪt.ɑː'teɪt, ˌtet.ə'tet (US) ˌteɪt.ə'teɪt, ˌtet.ə'tet **-s** -s

teth|er 'teð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

Tetley 'tet.li

Tétouan tet'wɑːn (US) tet'wɑːn; 'teɪ.twɑːn

Tetovo tet'əʊ.vəʊ (US) -'oʊ.voʊ

tetrachord 'tet.rə.kɔːd (US) -kɔːrd **-s** -z

tetrad 'tet.ræd, -rəd (US) -ræd **-s** -z

tetragon 'tet.rə.gən (US) -gɑːn **-s** -z

tetrahedr|on ˌtet.rə'hiː.dr|ᵊn, -'hed.r|ᵊn (US) -'hiː- **-ons** -ᵊnz **-a** -ə **-al** -ᵊl

tetralog|y tet'ræl.ə.dʒ|i, tə'træl- (US) tet'rɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz

tetrameter tet'ræm.ɪ.təʳ, '-ə- (US) -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

tetrarch 'tet.rɑːk (US) -rɑːrk **-s** -s **-y** -i **-ies** -iz

tetrasyllabic ˌtet.rə.sɪ'læb.ɪk, -sə'- (US) -sɪ'-

tetrasyllable 'tet.rəˌsɪl.ə.bᵊl, ˌtet.rə'sɪl- **-s** -z

tetrathlon tet'ræθ.lɒn, tɪ'træθ-, tə-,

Pronouncing the letters TH

The consonant digraph **th** is most commonly pronounced /θ/ or /ð/. In initial position, /ð/ occurs mostly in function or grammar words like determiners and conjunctions, e.g.:

the /ðə/
that /ðæt, ðət/

In content words like nouns and main verbs, /θ/ most usually appears in initial position, e.g.:

theme /θiːm/
think /θɪŋk/

At the ends of words, it is more difficult to predict which realisation will occur. However, /ð/ is more common here than /θ/, and is highly likely in verbs. For example, before e or the grammatical inflection *-ing*, the pronunciation is usually /ð/, e.g.:

loathe /ləʊð/ (US) /loʊð/
loath /ləʊθ, ləʊð/
bathe /beɪð/
bath /bɑːθ/ (US) /bæθ/

Note that the verb *bathe* and *bath* when used as a verb both have the same spelling for the present participle, *bathing*, but different pronunciations.

In addition

In some names and a few other words, **th** is pronounced as /t/, e.g.:

Thames /temz/
thyme /taɪm/

The suffix *-th* when applied to numbers is always pronounced /θ/, e.g.:

eighth /eɪtθ/
sixteenth /sɪkˈstiːnθ/

When the two letters come together due to the addition of a prefix, the pronunciation is /t.h/, e.g.:

lighthouse /ˈlaɪt.haʊs/
sweetheart /ˈswiːt.hɑːt/ (US) /-hɑːrt/

Occasionally, **th** may be silent, e.g.:

asthma /ˈæsθ.mə, ˈæs-/ (US) /ˈæz-/

-lən (US) tetˈræθ.lɑːn
Tettenhall ˈtet.ən.hɔːl
tetter ˈtet.ər (US) ˈteṭ.ɚ
Teucer ˈtjuː.sər (US) ˈtuː.sɚ, ˈtjuː-
Teuton ˈtjuː.tən (US) ˈtuː-, ˈtjuː- **-s** -z
Teutonic tjuːˈtɒn.ɪk (US) tuːˈtɑː.nɪk, tjuː-
teutonization, -isa- ˌtjuː.tən.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌtuː.tən.ɪˈ-, ˌtjuː-
teutoniz|e, -is|e ˈtjuː.tən.aɪz (US) ˈtuː-, ˈtjuː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Teviot *river:* ˈtiː.vi.ət *Lord:* ˈtev.i.ət
Teviotdale ˈtiː.vi.ət.deɪl
Tewfik ˈtjuː.fɪk (US) ˈtuː-, ˈtjuː-
Tewkesbury ˈtjuːks.bər.i (US) ˈtuːks.ber-, ˈtjuːks-, -bɚ-
Tex. (*abbrev. for* Texas) ˈtek.səs
Texaco® ˈtek.sə.kəʊ (US) -sɪ.koʊ, -sə-
Texan ˈtek.sən **-s** -z
Texas ˈtek.səs
Texel ˈtek.səl
Tex-Mex ˌteksˈmeks *stress shift:* ˌTex-Mex ˈfood
text tekst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
textbook ˈtekst.bʊk **-s** -s
textile ˈtek.staɪl (US) -staɪl, -stɪl **-s** -z
textual ˈteks.tju.əl (US) -tʃu- **-ly** -i
textural ˈteks.tʃər.əl
textur|e ˈteks.tʃər (US) -tʃɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Tey teɪ
Teynham ˈten.əm, ˈteɪ.nəm
Note: The former is appropriate for Baron Teynham.
-th θ
Note: Suffix. Not a syllable in itself, and does not affect the word stress, e.g. **tenth** /tentθ/.
Thacker ˈθæk.ər (US) -ɚ
Thackeray ˈθæk.ər.i, ˈ-ri
Thackley ˈθæk.li
Thaddeus ˈθæd.i.əs; θædˈiː-
Thai taɪ **-s** -z
Thailand ˈtaɪ.lænd, -lənd
Thake θeɪk
thalam|us ˈθæl.ə.m|əs **-i** -aɪ, -iː
thalassotherapy θəˌlæs.əʊˈθer.ə.pi, θælˌæs- (US) -əˈ-
Thalben ˈθæl.bən, ˈθɔːl-
thaler ˈtɑː.lər (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
Thales ˈθeɪ.liːz
Thali|a *of the three Graces:* θəˈlaɪ|.ə **-an** -ən *Greek Muse:* ˈθæl.i.ə, ˈ-jə (US) ˈθeɪ.li.ə, ˈθeɪl.jə
thalidomide θəˈlɪd.ə.maɪd, θælˈɪd- (US) θəˈlɪd-
thallium ˈθæl.i.əm
Thame teɪm
Thames *in England, Canada, New Zealand:* temz *in Connecticut:* θeɪmz, teɪmz, temz
Thamesmead ˈtemz.miːd
than *strong form:* ðæn *weak forms:* ðən, ðən, ðn̩
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /ðæn/ is rarely used; it is sometimes found in emphatic utterances such as 'The Queen, than whom no-one is richer...', but it normally has the weak pronunciation /ðən/, e.g. 'faster than sound', /ˌfɑː.stə.ðənˈsaʊnd (US) -stɚ-/, or in rapid speech /ðn̩/, e.g. 'better than ever', /ˌbet.ə.ðn̩ˈev.ə (US) ˌbeṭ.ɚ.ðn̩ˈev.ɚ/.
Thanatos ˈθæn.ə.tɒs (US) -tɑːs
thane (T) θeɪn **-s** -z
Thanet ˈθæn.ɪt
thank θæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
thankful ˈθæŋk.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thankless ˈθæŋ.kləs, -klɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thanksgiving (T) ˌθæŋksˈgɪv.ɪŋ (US) ˌ-ˈ--, ˈ-ˌ-- **-s** -z **Thanksˈgiving ˌDay** (US) **Thanksˈgiving ˌDay** (US) **ˈThanksgiving ˌDay**
thankworth|y ˈθæŋkˌwɜː.ðl|i (US) -ˌwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
thank-you ˈθæŋk.ju **-s** -z **ˈthank-you ˌletter**
Note: Although the most common abbreviation for 'thank you' is 'thanks', the pronunciation /kjuː/ is also heard in British English, usually with high pitch, in casual speech.
Thant θænt
that (*adj, demonstr. pron, adv.*) ðæt
Note: Weak form word. When used demonstratively it is always pronounced with its strong form

/ðæt/, e.g. 'that's final', 'I like **that** one'.
that (*relative pron.*) *strong form:* ðæt *weak form:* ðət *weak form:* ðt
Note: The strong form is seldom used, except in very deliberate speech or when the word is said in isolation.
that (*conj.*) *strong form:* ðæt *weak form:* ðət
Note: The strong form is rarely used.
thataway 'ðæt.əˌweɪ US 'ðæt̬-
thatch θætʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Thatcham 'θætʃ.əm
Thatch|er 'θætʃ|.əʳ US -ɚ **-erism** -ᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm **-erite/s** -ᵊr.aɪt/s US -ə.raɪt/s
thaumaturg|e 'θɔː.mə.tɜːdʒ US -tɝːdʒ, 'θɑː- **-es** -ɪz
thaumaturgic ˌθɔː.mə'tɜː.dʒɪk US -'tɝː-, ˌθɑː-
thaumaturg|y 'θɔː.mə.tɜː.dʒ|i US -tɝː-, 'θɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
thaw (T) θɔː US θɑː, θɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
the *strong form:* ðiː *weak form before vowels:* ði *weak form before consonants:* ðə
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /ðiː/ is used for emphasis, e.g. 'This is **the** place to eat' or contrast, e.g. 'It's not **a** solution, but **the** solution'. Weak forms are /ðə/ before consonants, e.g 'the cat' /ðə'kæt/ and /ði/ before vowels, e.g. 'the apple' /ði'æp.ᵊl/.
Thea θɪə, 'θiː.ə US 'θiː.ə
Theakston 'θiːk.stən **-'s** -z
theatre, theater 'θɪə.təʳ, 'θiː.ə-; θi'et.əʳ US 'θiː.ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
theatregoer, theatergoer 'θɪə.təˌɡəʊ.əʳ, 'θiː.ə-; θi'et.əˌ- US 'θiː.ə.t̬ɚˌɡoʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
theatreland, theaterland 'θɪə.tə.lænd, 'θiː.ə-; θi'et.ə- US 'θiː.ə.t̬ɚ-
theatric|al θi'æt.rɪ.k|ᵊl **-als** -ᵊlz **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs **-alism** -ᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm
theatricality θiˌæt.rɪ'kæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i
theatrics θi'æt.rɪks
Thebaid 'θiː.beɪ.ɪd, -bi-
Theban 'θiː.bən **-s** -z
thebe 'tiː.beɪ
Thebes θiːbz
thee *normal form:* ðiː *occasional weak form:* ði
theft θeft **-s** -s
thegn θeɪn **-s** -z
their *normal form:* ðeəʳ US ðer *occasional weak form when a vowel follows:* ðᵊr, ðɚ
Note: The weak form is found in commonly-used phrases such as 'on their own' /ˌɒn.ðᵊr'əʊn US ˌɑːn.ðɚ'oʊn/.
theirs ðeəz US ðerz
the|ism 'θiː|.ɪ.zᵊm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
theistic θiː'ɪs.tɪk **-al** -ᵊl
Thelma 'θel.mə
Thelwall 'θel.wɔːl
Thelwell 'θel.wəl, -wel
them *strong form:* ðem *weak forms:* ðəm, ðm *occasional weak forms:* əm, ᵊm
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /ðem/ is used for contrast, e.g. 'them and us' or for emphasis, e.g. 'look at **them**'. The weak form is usually /ðəm/, e.g. 'leave them alone' /ˌliːv.ðəm.ə'ləʊn US -'loʊn/, or in rapid, casual speech /ðm/, e.g. 'run them out', /ˌrʌn.ðm'aʊt/.
thematic θɪ'mæt.ɪk, θiː- US θiː'mæt̬- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
them|e θiːm **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'theme ˌpark**
Themistocles θɪ'mɪs.tə.kliːz, θem'ɪs-, θə'mɪs- US θə'mɪs-
themselves ðəm'selvz US ðəm-, ðem-
then ðen
thence ðen*t*s
thenceforth ˌðen*t*s'fɔːθ US -'fɔːrθ
thenceforward ˌðen*t*s'fɔː.wəd US -'fɔːr.wɚd
theo- θiː.əʊ, θɪə; θi'ɒ US θi.oʊ, -ə, θi'ɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally stressed on the second syllable, e.g. **theology** /θi'ɒl.ə.dʒi US θi'ɑː-/, but may also carry secondary stress on the first syllable with primary stress on the third syllable, e.g. **theological** /ˌθiː.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl US -'lɑːdʒ-/. This prefix is not present in 'theory' and related words.
Theo 'θiː.əʊ US -oʊ
Theobald 'θiː.ə.bɔːld, 'θɪə- *formerly:* 'θɪb.ᵊld, 'tɪb- US 'θiː.ə.bɔːld, -bɑːld; 'tɪb.ᵊld
Theobalds *in Hertfordshire:* 'θiː.ə.bɔːldz, 'θɪə- US 'θiː.ə-, -bɑːldz *road in London:* 'θiː.ə.bɔːldz, 'θɪə- *formerly:* 'tɪb.ᵊldz US 'θiː.ə.bɔːldz, -bɑːldz; 'tɪb.ᵊldz
theocrac|y θi'ɒk.rə.s|i US -'ɑː.krə- **-ies** -iz
theocratic ˌθiː.əʊ'kræt.ɪk, ˌθɪə- US ˌθiː.ə'kræt̬- **-al** -ᵊl
Theocritus θi'ɒk.rɪ.təs US -'ɑː.krə.t̬əs
theodicy θi'ɒd.ɪ.si, '-ə- US -'ɑː.də-
theodolite θi'ɒd.ᵊl.aɪt US -'ɑː.də.laɪt **-s** -s
Theodora ˌθiː.ə'dɔː.rə, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.ə'dɔːr.ə
Theodore 'θiː.ə.dɔːʳ, 'θɪə- US 'θiː.ə.dɔːr
Theodoric θi'ɒd.ᵊr.ɪk US -'ɑː.dɚ-
Theodosi|a ˌθiː.ə'dəʊ.si|.ə, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.oʊ'doʊ.ʃi|.ə, -ə'-, '-ʃ|ə **-us** -əs
theologian ˌθiː.ə'ləʊ.dʒᵊn, ˌθɪə'-, -dʒi.ən US ˌθiː.ə'loʊ.dʒᵊn, -dʒi.ən **-s** -z
theologic ˌθiː.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪk, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.ə'lɑː.dʒɪk
theologi|cal ˌθiː.ə'lɒdʒ.ɪ|.kᵊl, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-cally** -kᵊl.i, -kli
theologiz|e, -is|e θi'ɒl.ə.dʒaɪz US -'ɑː.lə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
theolog|y θi'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i US -'ɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Theophilus θi'ɒf.ɪ.ləs, -ᵊl.əs US -'ɑː.fᵊl.əs
Theophrastus ˌθiː.əʊ'fræs.təs, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.oʊ'-, -ə'-
theorbo θi'ɔː.bəʊ US -'ɔːr.boʊ **-s** -z
theorem 'θɪə.rəm, -rem, -rɪm US 'θiː.ɚ.əm, 'θɪr.əm, -em **-s** -z
theoretic θɪə'ret.ɪk, ˌθiː.ə'- US ˌθiː.ə'ret̬-
theoreti|cal θɪə'ret.ɪ|.kᵊl, ˌθiː.ə'- US ˌθiː.ə'ret̬- **-cally** -kᵊl.i, -kli
theoretician ˌθɪə.rə'tɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌθiː.ə-, -rɪ'-, -ret'ɪʃ- US ˌθiː.ə.rə'tɪʃ-, ˌθɪr.ə'- **-s** -z
theorist 'θɪə.rɪst, 'θiː.ə- US 'θiː.ɚ.ɪst, 'θɪr.ɪst **-s** -s
theoriz|e, -is|e 'θɪə.raɪz, 'θiː.ə- US 'θiː.ə-, 'θɪr.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
theor|y 'θɪə.r|i, 'θiː.ə- US 'θiː.ə-, 'θɪr|.i **-ies** -iz
theosophic ˌθiː.ə'sɒf.ɪk, ˌθɪə'- US ˌθiː.ə'sɑː.fɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
theosophiz|e, -is|e θi'ɒs.ə.faɪz US -'ɑː.sə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
theosoph|y θi'ɒs.ə.f|i US -'ɑː.sə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Thera 'θɪə.rə US 'θɪr.ə
therapeutic ˌθer.ə'pjuː.tɪk US -t̬ɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
therapeutist ˌθer.ə'pjuː.tɪst US -t̬ɪst **-s** -s
therap|y 'θer.ə.p|i **-ies** -iz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Theravada ˌθer.ə'vɑː.də
there *strong form:* ðeəʳ US ðer *weak form:* ðəʳ, ðɚ *alternative weak form before vowels:* ðᵊr, ðɚ
Note: Weak form word. The weak forms occur only when 'there' is used existentially as in 'there is', 'there are', 'there was', 'there won't be', etc. The strong form /ðeəʳ US ðer/ is also used in such expressions, and is the normal pronunciation for 'there' as a place adverbial, e.g. 'there it is'.
thereabout 'ðeə.rə.baʊt, ˌ--'- US 'ðer.ə.baʊt, ˌ--'- **-s** -s
Note: The form /ˌðeəʳ.ə'baʊts US ˌðer-/ is always used in the expression 'there or thereabouts'.
thereafter ˌðeə'rɑːf.təʳ US ˌðer'æf.tɚ
thereat ˌðeə'ræt US ˌðer'æt
thereby ˌðeə'baɪ US ˌðer-
there'd ðeəd US ðerd
therefor ˌðeə'fɔːʳ US ˌðer'fɔːr
therefore 'ðeə.fɔːʳ US 'ðer.fɔːr
therefrom ˌðeə'frɒm US ˌðer'frʌm, -'frɑːm
therein ˌðeə'rɪn US ˌðer'ɪn
thereinafter ˌðeə.rɪn'ɑːf.təʳ US ˌðer.ɪn'æf.tɚ
thereinto ˌðeə'rɪn.tuː US ˌðer'ɪn-
there'll ðeəl *weak form:* ðəl, ðᵊl US ðerl
Note: See note for 'there'.
thereof ˌðeə'rɒv US ˌðer'ɑːv, -'ʌv
thereon ˌðeə'rɒn US ˌðer'ɑːn

there's (= **there is, there has**) *strong form:* ðeəz US ðerz *weak form:* ðəz, ðɚz
Note: See note for 'there'.

Theresa tɪˈriː.zə, tə- US təˈriː.sə, -zə

thereto ˌðeəˈtuː US ˌðer-

theretofore ˌðeə.tuːˈfɔːʳ US ˌðer.t̬əˈfɔːr, ˈ---

thereunder ˌðeəˈrʌn.dəʳ US ˌðerˈʌn.dɚ

thereunto ˌðeəˈrʌn.tuː, ˌ--ˈ- US ˌðerˈʌn.tuː, ˌ--ˈ-

thereupon ˌðeə.rəˈpɒn, ˈ--- US ˌðer.əˈpɑːn, ˈ---

there've *strong forms:* ˈðeəʳ.əv US ˈðer- *weak forms:* ðəʳ.əv, ðəv, ðɚ.əv

therewith ˌðeəˈwɪð, -ˈwɪθ US ˌðer-

therewithal ˌðeə.wɪðˈɔːl, -wɪθˈ- *when used as a noun:* ˈ--- US ˌðer-, ˈ---

therm θɜːm US θɝːm **-s** -z

thermal ˈθɜː.məl US ˈθɝː- **-ly** -i

thermic ˈθɜː.mɪk US ˈθɝː- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

Thermidor ˈθɜː.mɪ.dɔːʳ US ˈθɝː.mə.dɔːr

thermion ˈθɜː.mi.ən US ˈθɝː- **-s** -z

thermionic ˌθɜː.miˈɒn.ɪk US ˌθɝː.miˈɑː.nɪk **-s** -s

thermistor θɜːˈmɪs.təʳ US ˈθɝː.mɪ.stɚ, θɚˈmɪs.tɚ **-s** -z

Thermit® ˈθɜː.mɪt US ˈθɝː-

thermite ˈθɜː.maɪt US ˈθɝː-

thermo- θɜː.məʊ; θəˈmɒ US θɝː.moʊ, -mə, θɚˈmɑː
Note: Prefix. There may be primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **thermocouple** /ˈθɜː.məˌkʌp.əl US ˈθɝːr.mə-/, **thermometric** /ˌθɜː.məʊˈmet.rɪk US ˌθɜːr.moʊˈ-/, or on the second syllable, e.g. **thermometer** /θəˈmɒm.ɪ.tə US θɚˈmɑː.mə.t̬ɚ/.

thermocouple ˈθɜː.məʊˌkʌp.əl US ˈθɝː.moʊ-, -mə- **-s** -z

thermodynamic ˌθɜː.məʊ.daɪˈnæm.ɪk, -dɪˈ- US ˌθɝː.moʊ.daɪˈ-, -mə- **-s** -s **-ally** -əl.i, -li

thermoelectric ˌθɜː.məʊ.ɪˈlek.trɪk, -əˈ- US ˌθɝː.moʊ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

thermoelectricity ˌθɜː.məʊ.ɪˌlekˈtrɪs.ə.ti, -əˌ-, -ˌiː.lekˈ-, -ˈtrɪz-, -ɪ.ti US ˌθɝː.moʊˌiː.lekˈtrɪs.ə.t̬i

thermograph ˈθɜː.məʊ.grɑːf, -græf US ˈθɝː.moʊ.græf, -mə- **-s** -s

thermometer θəˈmɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US θɚˈmɑː.mə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

thermometric ˌθɜː.məʊˈmet.rɪk US ˌθɝː.moʊˈ-, -məˈ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li

thermonuclear ˌθɜː.məʊˈnjuː.kli.əʳ US ˌθɝː.moʊˈnuː.kli.ɚ, -məˈ-, -ˈnjuː-

thermopile ˈθɜː.məʊ.paɪl US ˈθɝː.moʊ-, -mə- **-s** -z

thermoplastic ˌθɜː.məʊˈplæs.tɪk, -ˈplɑː.stɪk US ˌθɝː.moʊˈplæs.tɪk, -məˈ- **-s** -s

Thermopylae θɜːˈmɒp.ɪ.liː, θə-, -əl.iː, -i, -aɪ US θɚˈmɑː.pə.liː

Thermos® ˈθɜː.mɒs, -məs US ˈθɝː.məs **-es** -ɪz ˈ**Thermos** ˌ**flask**

thermosetting ˈθɜː.məʊˌset.ɪŋ US ˈθɝː.moʊˌset̬-, -məˌ-

thermostat ˈθɜː.mə.stæt US ˈθɝː.mə- **-s** -s **-(t)ing** -ɪŋ **-(t)ed** -ɪd

thermostatic ˌθɜː.məˈstæt.ɪk US ˌθɝː.məˈstæt̬-

Theron θeəˈrɒn US ˈθer.ən, ˌθerˈɑːn

Theroux θəˈruː

Thersites θɜːˈsaɪ.tiːz, θə- US θɚˈsaɪ-

thesaur|us θɪˈsɔː.r|əs, θiː-, θə- US θɪˈsɔːr|.əs **-i** -aɪ **-uses** -ə.sɪz

these (*plur. of* **this**) ðiːz

Theseus *in Greek legend:* ˈθiː.sjuːs, -sjəs, -si.əs US -si.əs, -sjuːs *Shakespearian character, and as name of ship:* ˈθiː.sjəs, -si.əs

Thesiger ˈθes.ɪ.dʒəʳ US -dʒɚ

thes|is *dissertation:* ˈθiː.s|ɪs **-es** -iːz

thesis *metrical term:* ˈθes.ɪs, ˈθiː.sɪs US ˈθiː.sɪs

thespian (T) ˈθes.pi.ən **-s** -z

Thespis ˈθes.pɪs

Thessalonian ˌθes.əlˈəʊ.ni.ən US -əˈloʊ- **-s** -z

Thessalonika ˌθes.əlˈɒn.ɪ.kə US -əˈlɑː.nɪ-

Thessaly ˈθes.əl.i

theta ˈθiː.tə US ˈθeɪ.t̬ə, ˈθiː- **-s** -z

Thetford ˈθet.fəd US -fɚd

Thetis *Greek:* ˈθet.ɪs US ˈθet̬- *otherwise:* ˈθiː.tɪs US -t̬ɪs

thews θjuːz

they ðeɪ

they'd ðeɪd

Theydon Bois ˌθeɪ.dənˈbɔɪz

they'd've ˈðeɪ.dəv

they'll ðeɪl

they're ðeəʳ US ðer

they've ðeɪv

thiamin(e) ˈθaɪə.miːn, -mɪn US -mɪn, -miːn

thick θɪk **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness/es** -nəs/ɪz, -nɪs/ɪz **as** ˌ**thick as** ˈ**thieves; as** ˌ**thick as** ˌ**two** ˌ**short** ˈ**planks;** ˌ**give someone a** ˌ**thick** ˈ**ear; through** ˌ**thick and** ˈ**thin**

thicken ˈθɪk.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈθɪk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

thicket ˈθɪk.ɪt **-s** -s

thickhead ˈθɪk.hed **-s** -z

thickheaded ˌθɪkˈhed.ɪd US ˈ-ˌ--, ˌ-ˈ-- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌthickheaded ˈfool

thickish ˈθɪk.ɪʃ

thicko ˈθɪk.əʊ US -oʊ **-s** -z

thickset ˌθɪkˈset US ˈ--, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌthickset ˈman

thick-skinned ˌθɪkˈskɪnd US ˈ--, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌthick-skinned ˈman

thick-skulled ˌθɪkˈskʌld US ˈ--, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌthick-skulled ˈidiot

thick-witted ˌθɪkˈwɪt.ɪd US ˈθɪkˌwɪt̬.ɪd, ˌ-ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌthick-witted ˈfool

thie|f θiː|f **-ves** -vz

Thiès tjez US tjes

thiev|e θiːv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ery** -əʳ.i

thievish ˈθiː.vɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

thigh θaɪ **-s** -z

thighbone ˈθaɪ.bəʊn US -boʊn **-s** -z

thill θɪl **-s** -z

thimble ˈθɪm.bəl **-s** -z **-ful/s** -fʊl/z

thimblerig ˈθɪm.bəl.rɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

Thimbu ˈθɪm.buː

Thimphu ˈθɪmp.fuː

thin θɪn **-ner** -əʳ US -ɚ **-nest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d **into** ˌ**thin** ˈ**air**

thine ðaɪn

thing θɪŋ **-s** -z

thingamabob ˈθɪŋ.ə.məˌbɒb US -ˌbɑːb **-s** -z

thingamajig ˈθɪŋ.ə.məˌdʒɪg **-s** -z

thingam|y ˈθɪŋ.ə.m|i **-ies** -iz

thingie ˈθɪŋ.i **-s** -z

thingumabob ˈθɪŋ.ə.məˌbɒb US -ˌbɑːb **-s** -z

thingumajig ˈθɪŋ.ə.məˌdʒɪg **-s** -z

thingumm|y ˈθɪŋ.ə.m|i **-ies** -iz

thing|y ˈθɪŋ|.i **-ies** -z

think θɪŋk **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **thought** θɔːt US θɑːt, θɔːt **thinker/s** ˈθɪŋ.kəʳ/z US -kɚ/z ˈ**think** ˌ**tank**

thinkable ˈθɪŋ.kə.bəl

thinktank ˈθɪŋkˌtæŋk **-s** -s

Thinn θɪn

thinnish ˈθɪn.ɪʃ

thin-skinned ˌθɪnˈskɪnd US ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌthin-skinned ˈperson

third θɜːd US θɝːd **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**third** ˈ**class;** ˌ**third di**ˈ**mension;** ˌ**third** ˈ**party;** ˌ**third** ˈ**person;** ˌ**Third** ˈ**World;** ˌ**give someone the** ˌ**third de**ˈ**gree**

third-degree ˌθɜːd.dɪˈgriː, -dəˈ- US ˌθɝːd- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**third-degree** ˈ**burn**

thirdhand ˌθɜːdˈhænd US ˌθɝːd- *stress shift:* ˌthirdhand ˈgossip

third-ra|te ˌθɜːdˈreɪ|t US ˌθɝːd- **-ter/s** -təʳ/z US -t̬ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌthird-rate ˈdrama

Thirsk θɜːsk US θɝːsk

thirst θɜːst US θɝːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

thirst|y ˈθɜː.st|i US ˈθɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

thirteen θɜːˈtiːn US θɝː- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌthirteen ˈpounds

thirteenth θɜːˈtiːntθ US θɝː- **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌthirteenth ˈplace

thirtieth ˈθɜː.ti.əθ US ˈθɝː.t̬i- **-s** -s

thirt|y ˈθɜː.t|i US ˈθɝː.t̬|i **-ies** -iz ˈ**thirty** ˌ**something;** ˌ**Thirty** ˌ**Years'** ˈ**War**

thirtyfold ˈθɜː.ti.fəʊld US ˈθɝː.t̬i.foʊld

this ðɪs *occasional weak form:* ðəs ˌ**this,** ˌ**that, and the** ˈ**other**

Note: Some speakers use a weak form /ðəs/ in 'this morning, afternoon, evening'.

Thisbe 'θɪz.bi
Thiselton 'θɪs.ᵊl.tən
thistle 'θɪs.ᵊl **-s** -z
thistledown 'θɪs.ᵊl.daʊn
thistly 'θɪs.ᵊl.i, '-li
thither 'ðɪð.əʳ (US) 'θɪð.ɚ, 'ðɪð- **-ward/s** -wəd/z (US) -wɚd/z
tho' ðəʊ (US) ðoʊ
Thoday 'θəʊ.deɪ (US) 'θoʊ-
thole θəʊl (US) θoʊl **-s** -z
Thom tɒm (US) tɑːm
Thomas 'tɒm.əs (US) 'tɑː.məs
Thomasin 'tɒm.ə.sɪn (US) 'tɑː.mə-
Thomond 'θəʊ.mənd (US) 'θoʊ-
Thompson 'tɒmp.sᵊn (US) 'tɑːmp-
Thompstone 'tɒmp.stəʊn (US) 'tɑːmp.stoʊn
Thomson 'tɒmp.sᵊn (US) 'tɑːmp-
-thon θɒn, θᵊn (US) θɑːn
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. /'mær.ə.θᵊn (US) 'mer.ə.θɑːn/
thong θɒŋ (US) θɑːŋ, θɔːŋ **-s** -z
Thor θɔːʳ (US) θɔːr
Thora 'θɔː.rə (US) 'θɔːr.ə
thoraces (*alternative plur. of* **thorax**) 'θɔː.rə.siːz
thoracic θɔː'ræs.ɪk, θɒr'æs-, θə'ræs- (US) θɔː'ræs-, θə-
thorax 'θɔː.ræks (US) 'θɔːr.æks **-es** -ɪz
Thorburn 'θɔː.bɜːn (US) 'θɔːr.bɚn
Thoreau θɔː'rəʊ, θə-; 'θɔː.rəʊ (US) θə'roʊ, θɔː-; 'θɔːr.oʊ
thorium 'θɔː.ri.əm (US) 'θɔːr.i-
thorn (T) θɔːn (US) θɔːrn **-s** -z **a ˌthorn in one's 'flesh/side**
Thornaby 'θɔː.nə.bi (US) 'θɔːr-
Thornbury 'θɔːn.bᵊr.i, 'θɔːm- (US) 'θɔːrn.ber-, -bɚ-
thornbush 'θɔːn.bʊʃ, 'θɔːm- (US) 'θɔːrn- **-es** -ɪz
Thorndike 'θɔːn.daɪk (US) 'θɔːrn-
Thorne θɔːn (US) θɔːrn
Thorneycroft 'θɔː.nɪ.krɒft (US) 'θɔːr.nɪ.krɑːft
Thornhill 'θɔːn.hɪl (US) 'θɔːrn-
thornless 'θɔːn.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'θɔːrn-
Thornton 'θɔːn.tən (US) 'θɔːrn.tᵊn
thorn|y 'θɔː.n|i (US) 'θɔːr- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Thorold 'θɒr.ᵊld, 'θʌr- (US) 'θɔːr-, 'θɝː-
thorough 'θʌr.ə (US) 'θɝː.oʊ, -ə **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thoroughbass 'θʌr.ə.beɪs (US) 'θɝː.oʊ-, '-ə-
thoroughbred 'θʌr.ə.bred (US) 'θɝː.oʊ-, '-ə- **-s** -z
thoroughfare 'θʌr.ə.feəʳ (US) 'θɝː.oʊ.fer, '-ə- **-s** -z
thoroughgoing ˌθʌr.ə'gəʊ.ɪŋ (US) ˌθɝː.oʊ'goʊ-, -ə'-
thorough-paced ˌθʌr.ə'peɪst (US) 'θɝː.oʊ.peɪst, '-ə-
Thorowgood 'θʌr.ə.gʊd (US) 'θɝː.oʊ-
Thorpe θɔːp (US) θɔːrp
Thorrowgood 'θʌr.ə.gʊd (US) 'θɝː-
those (*plur. of* **that**) ðəʊz (US) ðoʊz
Thoth θəʊθ, təʊt, θɒθ (US) θoʊθ, toʊt
thou *you:* ðaʊ
thou (*abbrev. for* **thousand**) θaʊ
though ðəʊ (US) ðoʊ
thought (*from* **think**) θɔːt (US) θɑːt, θɔːt **-s** -s
thoughtful 'θɔːt.fᵊl, -fʊl (US) 'θɑːt-, 'θɔːt- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thoughtless 'θɔːt.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'θɑːt-, 'θɔːt- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thought-out ˌθɔːt'aʊt (US) ˌθɑːt̬-, ˌθɔːt̬-
thought-provoking 'θɔːt.prəˌvəʊ.kɪŋ (US) 'θɑːt.prəˌvoʊ-, 'θɔːt-
Thouless 'θaʊ.les, -lɪs
thous|and 'θaʊ.z|ᵊnd **-ands** -ᵊndz **ˌThousand ˌIsland 'dressing**
thousandfold 'θaʊ.zᵊnd.fəʊld (US) -foʊld
thousandth 'θaʊ.zᵊndθ **-s** -s
Thrace θreɪs
Thracian 'θreɪ.ʃᵊn, -ʃi.ən (US) '-ʃᵊn **-s** -z
thral(l)dom 'θrɔːl.dəm (US) 'θrɔːl-, 'θrɑːl-
thrall θrɔːl (US) θrɔːl, θrɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
thrash θræʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
thread θred **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
threadbare 'θred.beəʳ (US) -ber
Threadneedle ˌθred'niː.dᵊl, '-ˌ--
thread|y 'θred|.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
threat θret **-s** -s
threaten 'θret.ᵊn **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, 'θret.nɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
three θriː **-s** -z
three-cornered ˌθriː'kɔː.nəd (US) -'kɔːr- *stress shift:* ˌthree-cornered 'hat
three-D, 3-D ˌθriː'diː *stress shift:* ˌthree-D 'glasses
three-day ˌθriː'deɪ **ˌthree-day eˈvent; ˌthree-day 'week**
three-decker ˌθriː'dek.əʳ (US) 'θriːˌdek.ɚ **-s** -z
three-dimensional ˌθriː.dɪ'men.tʃᵊn.ᵊl, -daɪ'-, -'mentʃ.nᵊl (US) -də'ment.ʃᵊn.ᵊl
threefold 'θriː.fəʊld (US) -foʊld
threeish 'θriː.ɪʃ
three-legged ˌθriː'legd, -'leg.ɪd **ˌthree-'legged ˌrace** *stress shift:* ˌthree-legged 'stool
three-line ˌθriː'laɪn *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌthree-line 'whip**
three|pence 'θre|p.ᵊnts, 'θrɪ|p-, 'θrʌ|p-, 'θrʊ|p- **-pences** -pᵊnt.sɪz **-penny** -pᵊn.i, -p.ni
Note: See note for **penny**.
three-piece ˌθriː'piːs *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌthree-piece 'suite**
three-ply 'θriː.plaɪ, ˌ-'-
three-point ˌθriː'pɔɪnt *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌthree-point 'turn**
three-quarter ˌθriː'kwɔː.təʳ (US) -'kwɔːr.t̬ɚ **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌthree-quarter 'length
three-ring ˌθriː'rɪŋ *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌthree-ring 'circus**
three R's ˌθriː'ɑːz (US) -'ɑːrz
threescore ˌθriː'skɔːʳ (US) 'θriː.skɔːr *stress shift:* ˌthreescore 'years **ˌthreescore ˌyears and 'ten**
threesome 'θriː.səm **-s** -z
three-star ˌθriː'stɑːʳ (US) -'stɑːr *stress shift:* ˌthree-star ho'tel
threnod|y 'θren.ə.d|i, 'θriː.nə- (US) 'θren.ə- **-ies** -iz
thresh θreʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'threshing maˌchine**
thresher (T®) 'θreʃ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
threshold 'θreʃ.həʊld (US) -hoʊld **-s** -z
threw (*from* **throw**) θruː
thrice θraɪs
thrift θrɪft **'thrift ˌshop**
thriftless 'θrɪft.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
thrift|y 'θrɪf.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
thrill θrɪl **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Thring θrɪŋ
thrip θrɪp **-s** -s
thriv|e θraɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **throve** θrəʊv (US) θroʊv **thriven** 'θrɪv.ᵊn
thro' θruː
throat θrəʊt (US) θroʊt **-s** -s **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'θroʊ.t̬ɪd
throat|y 'θrəʊ.t|i (US) 'θroʊ.t̬|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
throb θrɒb (US) θrɑːb **-s** -z **-bing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-bed** -d
throes θrəʊz (US) θroʊz
Throgmorton θrɒg'mɔː.tᵊn, '--- (US) θrɑːg'mɔːr-, θrɔːg-, '---
thrombin 'θrɒm.bɪn (US) 'θrɑːm-
thrombos|is θrɒm'bəʊ.s|ɪs (US) θrɑːm'boʊ- **-es** -iːz
thromb|us 'θrɒm.b|əs (US) 'θrɑːm- **-i** -aɪ
thron|e θrəʊn (US) θroʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
throng θrɒŋ (US) θrɑːŋ, θrɔːŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
throstle 'θrɒs.ᵊl (US) 'θrɑː.sᵊl **-s** -z
throttl|e 'θrɒt.ᵊl (US) 'θrɑː.t̬ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'θrɒt.lɪŋ (US) 'θrɑːt- **-ed** -d
through θruː **ˌthrough and 'through**
Througham 'θrʌf.əm
throughout θru'aʊt
throughput 'θruː.pʊt **-s** -s
throughway 'θruː.weɪ **-s** -z
throve (*from* **thrive**) θrəʊv (US) θroʊv
throw θrəʊ (US) θroʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **threw** θruː **thrown** θrəʊn (US) θroʊn **thrower/s** 'θrəʊ.əʳ/z (US) 'θroʊ.ɚ/z
throwaway 'θrəʊ.ə.weɪ (US) 'θroʊ-
throwback 'θrəʊ.bæk (US) 'θroʊ- **-s** -s
thru θruː
thrum θrʌm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d

thrush θrʌʃ -es -ɪz
thrust θrʌst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
thruway 'θruː.weɪ -s -z
Thucydides θjuː'sɪd.ɪ.diːz, θjʊ-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ θuː'sɪd.ə-
thud θʌd -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
thug θʌg -s -z
thuggery 'θʌg.ᵊr.i
thuggish 'θʌg.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
thuja 'θuː.jə ⓤⓢ 'θuː-, 'θjuː- -s -z
Thule *Northernmost region of the world:* 'θjuː.liː, 'θuː-, -li; θuːl ⓤⓢ 'θuː.li, 'θjuː-, 'tuː-, 'tjuː- *Eskimo settlement:* 'tuː.li ⓤⓢ 'θuː-, 'θjuː-
thulium 'θuː.li.əm ⓤⓢ 'θuː-, 'θjuː-
thumb θʌm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌ**thumb** '**index**
thumbnail 'θʌm.neɪl -s -z ˌ**thumbnail** '**sketch**
thumbprint 'θʌm.prɪnt -s -s
thumbscrew 'θʌm.skruː -s -z
thumbs-down ˌθʌmz'daʊn
thumbstall 'θʌm.stɔːl ⓤⓢ -stɔːl, -stɑːl -s -z
thumbs-up ˌθʌmz'ʌp
thumbtack 'θʌm.tæk -s -s
Thummim 'θʌm.ɪm *in Jewish usage also:* 'θʊm-, 'tʊm-
thump θʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Thun tuːn
thund|er 'θʌn.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
Thunderball 'θʌn.də.bɔːl ⓤⓢ -dɚ-, -bɑːl
thunderbird (T) 'θʌn.də.bɜːd ⓤⓢ -dɚ.bɝːd -s -z
thunderbolt 'θʌn.də.bəʊlt ⓤⓢ -dɚ.boʊlt -s -s
thunderclap 'θʌn.də.klæp ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -s -s
thundercloud 'θʌn.də.klaʊd ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -s -z
thunderfl|y 'θʌn.də.fl|aɪ ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -ies -aɪz
thunderhead 'θʌn.də.hed ⓤⓢ -dɚ- -s -z
thunderous 'θʌn.dᵊr.əs -ly -li
thunderstorm 'θʌn.də.stɔːm ⓤⓢ -dɚ.stɔːrm -s -z
thunderstruck 'θʌn.də.strʌk ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
thunder|y 'θʌn.dᵊr|.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Thur. (*abbrev. for* **Thursday**) 'θɜːz.deɪ, -di ⓤⓢ 'θɝːz-
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /θɜːʳ/ in British English.
Thurber 'θɜː.bəʳ ⓤⓢ 'θɝː.bɚ
Thurcroft 'θɜː.krɒft ⓤⓢ 'θɝː.krɑːft
thurible 'θjʊə.rɪ.bᵊl, 'θjɔː-, -rə- ⓤⓢ 'θɝː.ə-, 'θʊr-, 'θjʊr- -s -z
Thuringi|a θjʊə'rɪn.dʒi|.ə, tʊə-, -'rɪŋ.gi|.ə ⓤⓢ θʊ'rɪn.dʒi|.ə, θjʊ-, '-dʒ|ə -an/s -ən/z
Thurloe, Thurlow 'θɜː.ləʊ ⓤⓢ 'θɝː.loʊ
Thurman 'θɜː.mən ⓤⓢ θɝː-
Thurnscoe 'θɜːnz.kəʊ ⓤⓢ 'θɝːnz.koʊ
Thuron tʊə'rɒn, tə- ⓤⓢ -'rɑːn
Thurs. (*abbrev. for* **Thursday**) 'θɜːz.deɪ, -di ⓤⓢ 'θɝːz-
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /θɜːz/in British English.
Thursday 'θɜːz.deɪ, -di ⓤⓢ 'θɝːz- -s -z
Thurso 'θɜː.səʊ, -zəʊ ⓤⓢ 'θɝː.soʊ, -zoʊ
Thurston 'θɜː.stᵊn ⓤⓢ 'θɝː-
thus ðʌs
thwack θwæk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Thwackum 'θwæk.əm
thwaite (T) θweɪt -s -s
thwart *of a boat:* θwɔːt ⓤⓢ θwɔːrt *in nautical usage also:* θɔːt, θɔːrt -s -s
thwart (*v.*) θwɔːt ⓤⓢ θwɔːrt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'θwɔːr.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'θwɔːr.t̬ɪd
thy ðaɪ
thyme taɪm -s -z
thymine 'θaɪ.miːn ⓤⓢ -miːn, -mɪn
thymol 'θaɪ.mɒl ⓤⓢ -mɔːl, -moʊl
thymus 'θaɪ.məs -es -ɪz
Thynne θɪn
thyroid 'θaɪ.rɔɪd -s -z '**thyroid** ˌ**gland**
thyroxin θaɪ'rɒk.siːn, -sɪn ⓤⓢ -'rɑːk-
Thyrsis 'θɜː.sɪs ⓤⓢ 'θɝː-
thyself ðaɪ'self
Tia Maria® ˌtiː.ə.mə'riː.ə
Tiananmen Square tiˌæn.ən.mɪn'skweəʳ, -men'- ⓤⓢ ˌtjɑː.nɑːn.mɪn'skwer; tiˌæn.ən-
Tianjin ˌtjen'dʒɪn
tiara ti'ɑː.rə ⓤⓢ -'er.ə, -'ær-, -'ɑːr- -s -z -ed -d
Tibbitts 'tɪb.ɪts
Tibbs tɪbz
Tiber 'taɪ.bəʳ ⓤⓢ -bɚ
Tiberias taɪ'bɪə.ri.æs, -əs ⓤⓢ -'bɪr.i.əs
Tiberius taɪ'bɪə.ri.əs ⓤⓢ -'bɪr.i-
Tibet tɪ'bet
Tibetan tɪ'bet.ᵊn -s -s
tibi|a 'tɪb.i|.ə, 'taɪ.bi- ⓤⓢ 'tɪb.i- -ae -iː -as -əz
Tibullus tɪ'bʌl.əs, -'bʊl-
tic tɪk -s -s
tic douloureux ˌtɪk.duː.lᵊr'ɜː ⓤⓢ -lʊ'ruː
tic|e taɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Ticehurst 'taɪs.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
Tichborne 'tɪtʃ.bɔːn, -bən ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn, -bɚn
Ticino tɪ'tʃiː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
tick tɪk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**ticking** '**off**
tickertape 'tɪk.ə.teɪp ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- ˌ**tickertape re'ception**; '**tickertape** ˌ**parade**
tick|et 'tɪk|.ɪt -ets -ɪts -eting -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -eted -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd '**ticket** ˌ**office**
tickety-boo ˌtɪk.ɪ.ti'buː, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i'-
ticking 'tɪk.ɪŋ -s -z
ticking-off ˌtɪk.ɪŋ'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf **tickings-off** ˌtɪk.ɪŋz'ɒf ⓤⓢ -'ɑːf
tickl|e 'tɪk.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tɪk.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'tɪk.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
Tickler 'tɪk.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ
ticklish 'tɪk.lɪʃ, '-ᵊl.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tickl|y 'tɪk.ᵊl|.i, '-l|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ticktacktoe ˌtɪkˌtæk'təʊ ⓤⓢ -'toʊ
ticktock 'tɪk.tɒk ⓤⓢ -tɑːk -s -s
tic-tac-toe ˌtɪkˌtæk'təʊ ⓤⓢ -'toʊ
tidal 'taɪ.dᵊl '**tidal** ˌ**wave**, ˌ**tidal** '**wave**
tidbit 'tɪd.bɪt -s -s
tiddledywink 'tɪd.ᵊl.di.wɪŋk -s -s
tiddler 'tɪd.ᵊl.əʳ, '-ləʳ ⓤⓢ '-lɚ, '-ᵊl.ɚ -s -z
Tiddles 'tɪd.ᵊlz
tiddl|y 'tɪd.l|i, '-ᵊl|.i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tiddlywink 'tɪd.ᵊl.i.wɪŋk, '-li- ⓤⓢ '-li-, '-ᵊl.i- -s -s
tid|e taɪd -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
tideland 'taɪd.lænd -s -z
tidemark 'taɪd.mɑːk ⓤⓢ -mɑːrk -s -s
tidewater 'taɪdˌwɔː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
tideway 'taɪd.weɪ
tidings 'taɪ.dɪŋz
Tidworth 'tɪd.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
tid|y 'taɪ.d|i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id
tie taɪ -s -z **tying** 'taɪ.ɪŋ **tieing** 'taɪ.ɪŋ **tied** taɪd ˌ**tied** '**house**
tie-break 'taɪ.breɪk -s -s -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
tie-dy|e 'taɪ.daɪ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tie-in 'taɪ.ɪn -s -z
Tientsin ˌtjent'sɪn
tiepin 'taɪ.pɪn -s -z
Tiepolo ti'ep.ᵊl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -ə.loʊ
tier *one who ties:* 'taɪ.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
tier *set of seats in theatre, etc.:* tɪəʳ ⓤⓢ tɪr -s -z -ed -d
tierc|e *in music, fencing, cash:* tɪəs ⓤⓢ tɪrs -es -ɪz
tierc|e *in cards:* tɜːs, tɪəs ⓤⓢ tɪrs -es -ɪz
tiercel 'tɜː.sᵊl, 'tɪə- ⓤⓢ 'tɪr- -s -z
Tierra del Fuego tiˌer.ə.del'fweɪ.gəʊ, ˌtjer.ə-, -fu'eɪ- ⓤⓢ tiˌer.ə.del'fweɪ.goʊ
tiff tɪf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
tiffany (T) 'tɪf.ᵊn.i
tiffin (T) 'tɪf.ɪn -s -z
Tiflis 'tɪf.lɪs
tig tɪg -s -z
tig|e tiːʒ -es -ɪz
tiger 'taɪ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ -s -z '**tiger** ˌ**lily**; '**tiger** ˌ**moth**
tigerish 'taɪ.gᵊr.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Tigger 'tɪg.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Tiggy-Winkle 'tɪg.iˌwɪŋ.kᵊl
Tighe taɪ
tight taɪt -er -əʳ ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.t̬ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

ighten 'taɪ.tᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'taɪt.nɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'taɪt.nəʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.tᵊn.ɚ/z, 'taɪt.nɚ/z
ightfisted ˌtaɪt'fɪs.tɪd ⓤⓢ '-ˌ--, ˌ-'-- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌtightfisted 'miser
ightknit ˌtaɪt'nɪt ⓤⓢ '--, ˌ-'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌtightknit 'group
ight-lipped ˌtaɪt'lɪpt ⓤⓢ '--, ˌ-'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌtight-lipped 'speaker
ightrope 'taɪt.rəʊp ⓤⓢ -roʊp **'tight-rope ˌwalker**
ights taɪts
ightwad 'taɪt.wɒd ⓤⓢ -'wɑːd -s -z
iglath-pileser ˌtɪg.læθ.paɪ'liː.zəʳ, -pɪ'-, -pə'- ⓤⓢ -zɚ
igon 'taɪ.gən -s -z
igré 'tiː.greɪ
igress 'taɪ.gres, -grɪs ⓤⓢ -grɪs -es -ɪz
igris 'taɪ.grɪs
ijuana tɪ'*h*wɑː.nə, ˌtiː.ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌtiː.ə'wɑː-, tiː'*h*wɑː-
ike taɪk -s -s
ikka 'tɪk.ə, 'tiː.kə
ilbur|y (T) 'tɪl.bᵊr|.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ- -ies -iz
ilde 'tɪl.də, -di, -deɪ; tɪld ⓤⓢ 'tɪl.də -s -z
il|e taɪl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
ilehurst 'taɪl.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
ill (T) tɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl -age -ɪdʒ
iller 'tɪl.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
illey 'tɪl.i
illicoultry ˌtɪl.ɪ'kuː.tri, -ə'-
illing 'tɪl.ɪŋ -s -z
illotson 'tɪl.ət.sᵊn
illy 'tɪl.i
ilt tɪlt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'tɪl.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɪl.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'tɪl.t̬ɚ/z
ilth tɪlθ
ilt-yard 'tɪlt.jɑːd ⓤⓢ -jɑːrd -s -z
Tim tɪm
Timaeus taɪ'miː.əs, tɪ- ⓤⓢ taɪ'-
timbal 'tɪm.bᵊl -s -z
timbale tæm'bɑːl; tɪm'-, 'tɪm.bᵊl, tɪm'bɑːl ⓤⓢ 'tɪm.bᵊl; tɪm'bɑːl, tæm- -s -z
timb|er 'tɪm.b|əʳ ⓤⓢ -b|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Timberlake 'tɪm.bə.leɪk ⓤⓢ -bɚ-
timberland (T®) 'tɪm.bə.lænd ⓤⓢ -bɚ- -s -z
timberline 'tɪm.bə.laɪn ⓤⓢ -bɚ-
timbre 'tæ̃m.brə, 'tæm-, -bəʳ; 'tɪm.bəʳ ⓤⓢ 'tæm.bɚ, 'tɪm- -s -z
timbrel 'tɪm.brᵊl -s -z
Timbuktu, Timbuctoo ˌtɪm.bʌk'tuː, -bək'- ⓤⓢ -bʌk'-
tim|e taɪm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **ˌtime and a 'half; ˌtime and 'motion; ˌtime after 'time; since ˌtime imme'morial; 'time ˌbomb; 'time ˌcapsule; ˌtime 'off; 'time ˌswitch; 'time ˌwarp; 'time ˌzone; ˌfall on ˌhard 'times**
time-consuming 'taɪm.kənˌsjuː.mɪŋ, -ˌsuː- ⓤⓢ -ˌsuː-
time-hono(u)red 'taɪmˌɒn.əd, ˌ-'-- ⓤⓢ 'taɪmˌɑː.nɚd
timekeep|er 'taɪmˌkiː.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ -p|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
time-lapse 'taɪm.læps -s -ɪz **ˌtime-lapse pho'tography**
timeless 'taɪm.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
timeline 'taɪm.laɪn -s -z
time-lock 'taɪm.lɒk ⓤⓢ -lɑːk -s -s
timel|y 'taɪm.l|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
timeous 'taɪ.məs
time-out ˌtaɪm'aʊt, '-- **time-outs** ˌtaɪm'aʊts, '-- **times-out** ˌtaɪmz'aʊt, '--
timepiec|e 'taɪm.piːs -es -ɪz
time-saving 'taɪmˌseɪ.vɪŋ
timescale 'taɪm.skeɪl
timeserv|er 'taɪmˌsɜː.v|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌsɝː.v|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ing -ɪŋ
timeshar|e 'taɪm.ʃeəʳ ⓤⓢ -ʃer -es -z -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z -ing -ɪŋ
timesheet 'taɪm.ʃiːt -s -s
time-switch 'taɪm.swɪtʃ -es -ɪz
timetabl|e 'taɪmˌteɪ.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -ˌteɪ.blɪŋ -ed -d
timework 'taɪm.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
timeworn 'taɪm.wɔːn ⓤⓢ -wɔːrn
Timex® 'taɪ.meks
timid 'tɪm.ɪd -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
timidity tɪ'mɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Timisoara ˌtɪm.ɪ'ʃwɑː.rə ⓤⓢ ˌtiː.miː'ʃwɑːr.ə
Timmins 'tɪm.ɪnz
Timms tɪmz
Timon 'taɪ.mən, -mɒn ⓤⓢ -mən
Timor 'tiː.mɔːʳ, 'taɪ- ⓤⓢ -mɔːr; tiː'mɔːr
timorous 'tɪm.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Timotheus tɪ'məʊ.θi.əs ⓤⓢ -'moʊ-, taɪ-, -'mɑː-
Timothy 'tɪm.ə.θi
timpan|i, timpan|y 'tɪm.pə.n|i -ist/s -ɪst/s
Timpson 'tɪmp.sᵊn
tin tɪn -s -z -ning -ɪŋ -ned -d **ˌtin 'can; ˌtin 'god; 'tin ˌopener; ˌtin ˌpan 'alley**
Tina 'tiː.nə
tinctorial tɪŋk'tɔː.ri.əl ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.i-
tinct|ure 'tɪŋk.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
Tindal(l), Tindale 'tɪn.dᵊl
tinder 'tɪn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ
tinderbox 'tɪn.də.bɒks ⓤⓢ -dɚ.bɑːks -es -ɪz
tine taɪn -s -z
tinfoil 'tɪn.fɔɪl, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.fɔɪl
ting tɪŋ
ting|e tɪndʒ -es -ɪz -(e)ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Tingey 'tɪŋ.gi
tingl|e 'tɪŋ.gᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tɪŋ.glɪŋ -ed -d
tingly 'tɪŋ.gli, '-gᵊl.i
tink|er 'tɪŋ.k|əʳ ⓤⓢ -k|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **ˌtinker's 'cuss; ˌtinker's 'damn**
Tinkerbell 'tɪŋ.kə.bel ⓤⓢ -kɚ-
Tinkertoy® 'tɪŋ.kə.tɔɪ ⓤⓢ -kɚ-
tinkl|e 'tɪŋ.kᵊl -es -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z, 'tɪŋ.klɪŋ/z -ed -d
Tinnevelly tɪ'nev.ᵊl.i; ˌtɪn.ɪ'vel.i
tinnitus 'tɪn.ɪ.təs, '-ə- ⓤⓢ tɪ'naɪ.t̬əs; 'tɪn.ɪ-
tinn|y 'tɪn|.i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tinos 'tiː.nɒs ⓤⓢ -nɑːs
tinplate 'tɪn.pleɪt, 'tɪm-, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.pleɪt -d -ɪd
tin-pot 'tɪn.pɒt, 'tɪm- ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.pɑːt **ˌtin-pot dic'tator**
tinsel 'tɪnt.sᵊl -ly -i **'tinsel ˌtown**
Tinseltown 'tɪnt.sᵊl.taʊn
tint tɪnt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.t̬ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'tɪn.t̬ɚ/z
Tintagel tɪn'tædʒ.ᵊl
Tintern 'tɪn.tən, -tɜːn ⓤⓢ -tɚn, -tɝːn
Tintin 'tɪn.tɪn
tintinnabulation ˌtɪn.tɪˌnæb.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- -s -z
tintinnabul|um ˌtɪn.tɪ'næb.jə.l|əm, -jʊ- -a -ə -ar -əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -ary -ᵊr.i -ous -əs
Tintoretto ˌtɪn.tᵊr'et.əʊ, -tɒr'- ⓤⓢ -tə'ret̬.oʊ -s -z
tin|y 'taɪ.n|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
-tion ʃᵊn
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-tion** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **fruition** /fru'ɪʃ.ᵊn/.
Tio Pepe® ˌtiː.əʊ'pep.eɪ, -i ⓤⓢ -oʊ'-
-tious ʃəs
Note: Suffix. Words containing **-tious** are normally stressed on the penultimate syllable, e.g. **propitious** /prə'pɪʃ.əs/.
tip tɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
tipcat 'tɪp.kæt
tipi 'tiː.piː -s -z
Tipo® 'tiː.pəʊ ⓤⓢ -poʊ
tip-off 'tɪp.ɒf ⓤⓢ -ɑːf -s -s
Tippell 'tɪp.ᵊl
Tipperary ˌtɪp.ᵊr'eə.ri ⓤⓢ -ə'rer.i
tippet 'tɪp.ɪt -s -s
Tippett 'tɪp.ɪt
Tippex® 'tɪp.eks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
tippl|e 'tɪp.ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tɪp.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z, 'tɪp.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
tip|staff 'tɪp|.stɑːf ⓤⓢ -stæf -staves -steɪvz
tipster 'tɪp.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ -s -z
tips|y 'tɪp.s|i -ier -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tipto|e 'tɪp.təʊ ⓤⓢ -toʊ -es -z -(e)ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Tipton 'tɪp.tən
tiptop ˌtɪp'tɒp (US) 'tɪp.tɑːp *stress shift:* ˌtiptop 'shape
Tiptree 'tɪp.triː
tirade taɪ'reɪd, tɪ-, -'rɑːd (US) 'taɪ.reɪd, -'- -s -z
tiramisu ˌtɪr.ə.mɪ'suː (US) -'miː.suː
Tirana, Tiranë tɪ'rɑː.nə (US) tɪ-, tiː-
tirass|e tɪ'ræs -es -ɪz
tir|e taɪər (US) taɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tired taɪəd (US) taɪɚd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Tiree taɪ'riː
tireless 'taɪə.ləs, -lɪs (US) 'taɪɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Tiresias taɪə'riː.si.æs, -'res.i-, -əs, '-sjəs (US) taɪ'riː.si.əs
tiresome 'taɪə.səm (US) 'taɪɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Tirney 'tɜː.ni (US) 'tɝː-
tiro 'taɪə.rəʊ (US) 'taɪ.roʊ -s -z
Tirol tɪ'rəʊl; 'tɪr.əʊl (US) tɪ'roʊl, -'rɑːl; 'tɪr.oʊl, 'taɪ.roʊl, -rɑːl
Tirolean ˌtɪr.əʊ'liː.ən (US) tɪ'roʊ.li-, taɪ-; ˌtɪr.ə'liː-
Tirolese ˌtɪr.əʊ'liːz (US) -ə'liːz, -'liːs
Tiruchchirappalli ˌtɪr.əˌtʃɪr.ə'pʌl.i; tɪˌruː.tʃɪ'rɑː.pəl- (US) ˌtɪr.ə.tʃɪ'rɑː.pəl-; -ˌtʃɪr.ə'puː.li, -'pʌl.i
'tis tɪz
tisane tɪ'zæn, tiː-, -'sæn (US) tɪ'zæn -s -z
Tishbite 'tɪʃ.baɪt -s -s
Tissaphernes ˌtɪs.ə'fɜː.niːz (US) -'fɝː-
Tissot 'tiː.səʊ (US) tiː'soʊ
tissue 'tɪʃ.uː, 'tɪs.juː (US) 'tɪʃ.uː -s -z **'tissue ˌpaper**
tit tɪt -s -s **ˌtit for 'tat**
titan (T) 'taɪ.tən -s -z
Titania tɪ'tɑː.njə, taɪ-, -'teɪ-, -ni.ə (US) tɪ'teɪ.ni.ə, taɪ-, -'tɑː-
titanic (T) taɪ'tæn.ɪk, tɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
titanium tɪ'teɪ.ni.əm, taɪ- (US) taɪ-, tɪ-
titbit 'tɪt.bɪt -s -s
titch tɪtʃ
Titchmarsh 'tɪtʃ.mɑːʃ (US) -mɑːrʃ
titch|y 'tɪtʃ|.i **-ier** -i.ər (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
tith|e taɪð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
tithing 'taɪ.ðɪŋ -s -z
Tithonus tɪ'θəʊ.nəs, taɪ- (US) -'θoʊ-
Titian 'tɪʃ.ən, -i.ən (US) -ən -s -z
Titicaca ˌtɪt.ɪ'kɑː.kɑː, -kə (US) ˌtɪt.ɪ-, ˌtiː.tɪ'-
titill|ate 'tɪt.ɪ.l|eɪt, -əl|.eɪt (US) -əl|.eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd
titillation ˌtɪt.ɪ'leɪ.ʃən, -əl'eɪ- (US) -əl'eɪ- -s -z
titi|vate 'tɪt.ɪ|.veɪt, '-ə- (US) 'tɪt̬.ə- **-vates** -veɪts **-vating** -veɪ.tɪŋ (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-vated** -veɪ.tɪd (US) -veɪ.t̬ɪd
titivation ˌtɪt.ɪ'veɪ.ʃən, -ə'- (US) ˌtɪt̬.ə'- -s -z
title 'taɪ.təl (US) -t̬əl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **'title ˌdeed**
titleholder 'taɪ.təlˌhəʊl.dər (US) -ˌhoʊl.dɚ -s -z
titling 'taɪt.lɪŋ, 'taɪ.təl.ɪŋ (US) 'taɪt.lɪŋ, 'taɪ.t̬əl.ɪŋ -s -z
Titmarsh 'tɪt.mɑːʃ (US) -mɑːrʃ
tit|mouse 'tɪt|.maʊs **-mice** -maɪs
Tito 'tiː.təʊ (US) -t̬oʊ, -toʊ
Titograd 'tiː.təʊ.græd (US) -t̬oʊ-, -grɑːd
titration taɪ'treɪ.ʃən, tɪ- (US) taɪ-
titt|er 'tɪt|.ər (US) 'tɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.ər/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
tittle 'tɪt.əl (US) 'tɪt̬- -s -z
tittle-tattle 'tɪt.əlˌtæt.əl (US) 'tɪt̬.əlˌtæt̬-
titular 'tɪt.jə.lər, -jʊ- (US) 'tɪtʃ.ə.lɚ, '-ʊ-, 'tɪt.jə-, -jʊ- -s -z **-ly** -li
titular|y 'tɪt.jə.lər|.i, -jʊ- (US) 'tɪtʃ.ə.ler-, '-ʊ-, 'tɪt.jə-, -jʊ- **-ies** -iz
Titus 'taɪ.təs (US) -t̬əs
Tiverton 'tɪv.ə.tən (US) -ɚ.t̬ən
Tivoli 'tɪv.əl.i
Tivy 'taɪ.vi
Tizard 'tɪz.əd (US) -ɚd
Tizer® 'taɪ.zər (US) -zɚ
tizz tɪz **-es** -ɪz
tizz|y 'tɪz|.i **-ies** -iz
T-junction 'tiːˌdʒʌŋk.ʃən -s -z
Tlaxcala tlə'skɑː.lə, tlæs'kɑː- (US) tlɑː'skɑː.lə
Tlemcen tlem'sen
TM ˌtiː'em
tmesis 'tmiː.sɪs, 'miː-; tə'miː- (US) tə'miː-, 'miː-
TN (*abbrev. for* **Tennessee**) ten.ə'siː, -ɪ'- (US) 'ten.ə.siː *regionally:* 'ten.ɪ.si, -ə-
TNT ˌtiː.en'tiː
to (*adv.*) tuː
Note: This form of **to** is found in expressions such as 'to and fro'.
to (*prep.*) *strong form:* tuː *weak forms:* tʊ, tu, tə (US) tə, t̬ə, tu
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /tuː/ is used contrastively, e.g. 'the letter was **to** him, not **from** him', and sometimes in final position, e.g. 'I don't want to', though the /u/ vowel is more often used in this context. The weak form /tə/ is used before consonants, e.g. 'to cut' /tə'kʌt/, while the pronunciation /tu/ is used before vowels in British English, e.g. 'to eat' /tu'iːt/. In American English, the schwa form is usual before both vowels and consonants, so the latter is /tə'iːt/.
toad təʊd (US) toʊd -s -z
toadflax 'təʊd.flæks (US) 'toʊd-
toad-in-the-hole ˌtəʊd.ɪn.ðə'həʊl (US) ˌtoʊd.ɪn.ðə'hoʊl
toadstool 'təʊd.stuːl (US) 'toʊd- -s -z
toad|y 'təʊ.d|i (US) 'toʊ- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
Toal təʊl (US) toʊl
to-and-fro ˌtuː.ənd'frəʊ (US) -'froʊ
toast təʊst (US) toʊst -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z **-y** -i **'toasting ˌfork; 'toast ˌrack**
toastmaster 'təʊstˌmɑː.stər (US) 'toʊstˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
tobacco tə'bæk.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z
tobacconist tə'bæk.ən.ɪst -s -s
Tobagan təʊ'beɪ.gən (US) tə- -s -z
Tobago təʊ'beɪ.gəʊ (US) toʊ'beɪ.goʊ, tə-
Tobagonian ˌtəʊ.bə'gəʊ.ni.ən (US) ˌtoʊ.bə'goʊ- -s -z
to-be tə'biː
Tobermory ˌtəʊ.bə'mɔː.ri (US) ˌtoʊ.bɚ'mɔːr.i
Tobias təʊ'baɪ.əs (US) toʊ-, tə-
Tobin 'təʊ.bɪn (US) 'toʊ-
Tobit 'təʊ.bɪt (US) 'toʊ-
Toblerone® 'təʊ.blə.rəʊn (US) 'toʊ.blə.roʊn
toboggan tə'bɒg.ən (US) -'bɑː.gən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
Tobruk tə'brʊk (US) tə-, toʊ-
tob|y (T) 'təʊ.b|i (US) 'toʊ- **-ies** -iz **'toby ˌjug**
toccata tə'kɑː.tə, tɒk'ɑː- (US) tə'kɑː.t̬ə -s -z
Toc H ˌtɒk'eɪtʃ (US) ˌtɑːk-
Tocharian tɒk'eə.ri.ən, təʊ'keə-, -'kɑː- (US) toʊ'ker.i-, -'kær-, -'kɑːr-
tocopherol tə'kɒf.ə.rɒl, tɒk'ɒf- (US) tə'kɑː.fə.rɑːl, tɑː-
Tocqueville 'tɒk.vɪl, 'təʊk- (US) 'toʊk-, 'tɑːk-
tocsin 'tɒk.sɪn (US) 'tɑːk- -s -z
tod (T) tɒd (US) tɑːd -s -z
today tə'deɪ, tʊ- (US) tə-, tʊ-, tu-
Todd tɒd (US) tɑːd
toddl|e 'tɒd.əl (US) 'tɑː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'tɒd.lɪŋ (US) 'tɑːd- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ər/z, 'tɒd.lər/z (US) 'tɑːd.əl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
todd|y 'tɒd|.i (US) 'tɑː.d|i **-ies** -iz
Todhunter 'tɒdˌhʌn.tər, -hən.tər (US) 'tɑːdˌhʌn.t̬ɚ, -hən.t̬ɚ
Todmorden 'tɒd.mə.dən, -ˌmɔː.dən (US) 'tɑːd.mɚ.dən, -ˌmɔːr.dən
to-do tə'duː, tʊ- -s -z
toe təʊ (US) toʊ -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d **'toe ˌcap; ˌtoe the 'line; ˌtread on someone's 'toes**
toea 'təʊ.ɑː (US) 'toʊ-
toe-curling 'təʊˌkɜː.lɪŋ (US) 'toʊˌkɝː-
TOEFL 'təʊ.fəl (US) 'toʊ-
toehold 'təʊ.həʊld (US) 'toʊ.hoʊld -s -z
toenail 'təʊ.neɪl (US) 'toʊ- -s -z
toerag 'təʊ.ræg (US) 'toʊ- -s -z
toff tɒf (US) tɑːf -s -s
toffee 'tɒf.i (US) 'tɑː.fi -s -z **'toffee ˌapple, ˌtoffee 'apple**
toffee-nosed 'tɒf.i.nəʊzd (US) 'tɑː.fi.noʊzd
toff|y 'tɒf|.i (US) 'tɑː.f|i **-ies** -iz
Tofts tɒfts (US) tɑːfts
tofu 'təʊ.fuː (US) 'toʊ-
tog tɒg (US) tɑːg, tɔːg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
toga 'təʊ.gə (US) 'toʊ- -s -z **-ed** -d
together tə'geð.ər (US) -ɚ **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Tone

An identifiable movement or level of PITCH that is used in a linguistically contrastive way.

Examples for English

In English, tone forms the central part of INTONATION, and the difference between, for example, a rising and a falling tone on a particular word may cause a different interpretation of the sentence in which it occurs, e.g.:

- it was ˋcold
  (meaning 'it was cold')
- it was ˊcold
  (meaning 'was it cold?')

There are often recognised as being at least five tones in English: a fall, a rise, a fall-rise, a rise-fall and a level tone.

Meanings are frequently ascribed to each tone; the scope of this panel does not allow us to discuss this further.

In intonation, tone may be spread over many syllables. E.g., in:

- hisˇ car could have broken down
  (in which the pitch movement falls on *car* and rises on *down*)

In other languages

In some languages (known as 'tone languages') the linguistic function of tone is to change the meaning of a word: in Mandarin Chinese, for example, [ma] said on a high pitch means *mother* while [ma] said on a low rising tone means *hemp*. It is usual to identify tones as being a property of individual syllables.

toggery 'tɒg.ər.i US 'tɑː.gɚ-, 'tɔː-
toggl|e 'tɒg.əl US 'tɑː.gəl, 'tɔː- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Togo 'təʊ.gəʊ US 'toʊ.goʊ **-land** -lænd
Togolese ˌtəʊ.gəʊ'liːz US ˌtoʊ.goʊ'-, -'liːs *stress shift:* ˌTogolese 'people
Toibin təʊ'biːn US 'tɔɪ.bɪn
toil tɔɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
toile twɑːl, twɔːl US twɑːl **-s** -z
toilet 'tɔɪ.lət **-s** -s **'toilet ˌbag; 'toilet ˌpaper; 'toilet ˌroll; 'toilet ˌtraining; 'toilet ˌwater**
toiletr|y 'tɔɪ.lɪ.tr|i, -lə- **-ies** -iz
toilette twɑː'let **-s** -s
toilsome 'tɔɪl.səm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
toilworn 'tɔɪl.wɔːn US -wɔːrn
to-ing and fro-ing ˌtuː.ɪŋ.ənd'frəʊ.ɪŋ US -'froʊ- **to-ings and fro-ings** ˌtuː.ɪŋz.ənd'frəʊ.ɪŋz US -'froʊ-
tokay (T) təʊ'keɪ, -'kaɪ, '--; tɒk'aɪ, -'eɪ US toʊ'keɪ
Tokelau 'təʊ.kə.laʊ, 'tɒk.ə- US 'toʊ.kə-
token 'təʊ.kən US 'toʊ- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
Tokharian tɒk'eə.ri.ən, təʊ'keə-, -'kɑː- US toʊ'ker.i-, -'kær-
Toklas 'tɒk.ləs, 'təʊk-, -læs US 'toʊk.ləs
Tokley 'təʊ.kli US 'toʊ-
Tokyo 'təʊ.ki.əʊ US 'toʊ.ki.oʊ
Toland 'təʊ.lənd US 'toʊ-
told (*from* **tell**) təʊld US toʊld
toledo *blade:* tə'liː.dəʊ, tɒl'iː- US tə'liː.doʊ **-s** -z
Toledo *in Spain:* tɒl'eɪ.dəʊ, tə'leɪ-, -'liː- US tə'liː.doʊ, -'leɪ- *in US:* tə'liː.dəʊ US -doʊ
tolerability ˌtɒl.ər.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌtɑː.lɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
tolerab|le 'tɒl.ər.ə.b|əl US 'tɑː.lɚ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
tolerance 'tɒl.ər.ənts US 'tɑː.lɚ-
tolerant 'tɒl.ər.ənt US 'tɑː.lɚ- **-ly** -li
toler|ate 'tɒl.ər|.eɪt US 'tɑː.lə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd
toleration ˌtɒl.ər'eɪ.ʃən US ˌtɑː.lə'reɪ-
Tolkien 'tɒl.kiːn, -'- US 'toʊl.kiːn, 'tɑːl-
toll təʊl US toʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **'toll ˌbridge; 'toll ˌcall**
toll|booth 'tɒl|.buːθ, 'təʊl-, -buːð US 'toʊl- **-booths** -buːθs, -buːðz
Tollemache 'tɒl.mæʃ, -mɑːʃ US 'tɑːl-
Tollesbury 'təʊlz.bər.i US 'toʊlz.ber-, -bɚ-
Tolleshunt 'təʊlz.hʌnt US 'toʊlz-
Tolley 'tɒl.i US 'tɑː.li
toll-free ˌtəʊl'friː, ˌtoʊl- *stress shift:* ˌtoll-free 'call
tollgate 'təʊl.geɪt US 'toʊl- **-s** -s
tollhou|se 'təʊl.haʊ|s US 'toʊl- **-ses** -zɪz
Tolpuddle 'tɒlˌpʌd.əl *locally also:* -ˌpɪd- US 'tɑːl-
Tolstoy 'tɒl.stɔɪ US 'tɑːl-, 'toʊl-
Toltec 'tɒl.tek US 'tɑːl-, 'toʊl- **-s** -s
tolu (T) tɒl'uː, təʊ'luː, -'ljuː US toʊ'luː
toluene 'tɒl.ju.iːn US 'tɑːl-
Tolworth 'tɒl.wəθ, -wɜːθ US 'tɑːl.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
tom (T) tɒm US tɑːm **-s** -z **ˌTom 'Collins; ˌTom, ˌDick and 'Harry; ˌTom and 'Jerry; ˌTom 'Thumb**
tomahawk 'tɒm.ə.hɔːk US 'tɑː.mə.hɑːk, -hɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Tomalin 'tɒm.əl.ɪn US 'tɑː.məl-
toman təʊ'mɑːn US toʊ-, tə- **-s** -z
tomato tə'mɑː.təʊ US -'meɪ.t̬oʊ **-es** -z
tomb tuːm **-s** -z
tombola tɒm'bəʊ.lə US tɑːm'boʊ-, 'tɑːm.bəl.ə **-s** -z
tomboy 'tɒm.bɔɪ US 'tɑːm- **-s** -z
tombstone (T) 'tuːm.stəʊn US -stoʊn **-s** -z
tomcat 'tɒm.kæt US 'tɑːm- **-s** -s
tome təʊm US toʊm **-s** -z
Tomelty 'tʌm.əl.ti US -t̬i
tomfool ˌtɒm'fuːl US ˌtɑːm- **-s** -z **-ery** -ər.i US -ɚ.i
Tomintoul ˌtɒm.ɪn'taʊl, -ən'- US ˌtɑːm-
Tomkins 'tɒmp.kɪnz US 'tɑːmp-
Tomlinson 'tɒm.lɪn.sən US 'tɑːm-
tomm|y, tomm|ie (T) 'tɒm|.i US 'tɑː.m|i **-ies** -iz **'tommy ˌgun**
tommy-gun 'tɒm.i.gʌn US 'tɑː.mi- **-s** -z
tommyrot 'tɒm.i.rɒt, ˌ--'- US 'tɑː.mi.rɑːt
tomogram 'təʊ.mə.græm, 'tɒm.ə- US 'toʊ.mə- **-s** -z
tomography tə'mɒg.rə.fi US toʊ'mɑː.grə-, tə'-
tomorrow tə'mɒr.əʊ, tʊ- US -'mɑːr.oʊ **-s** -z **toˌmorrow after'noon; toˌmorrow 'evening; toˌmorrow 'morning; toˌmorrow 'night**
Tompion 'tɒm.pi.ən US 'tɑːm-
Tompkins 'tɒmp.kɪnz US 'tɑːmp-
Tomsk tɒmpsk US tɑːmpsk
tomtit 'tɒm.tɪt, ˌ-'- US ˌtɑːm'tɪt, '-- **-s** -s
tom-tom 'tɒm.tɒm US 'tɑːm.tɑːm **-s** -z
ton *weight:* tʌn **-s** -z
ton *fashion:* tɔ̃ːŋ US tõʊn
tonal 'təʊ.nəl US 'toʊ-
tonalit|y təʊ'næl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US toʊ'næl.ə.t̬|i, tə- **-ies** -iz
Tonbridge 'tʌn.brɪdʒ, 'tʌm- US 'tʌn-
ton|e təʊn US toʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
tone-deaf ˌtəʊn'def US 'toʊn-, ˌ-'- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌtone-deaf 'person
toneless 'təʊn.ləs, -lɪs US 'toʊn- **-ly** -li

Tone unit

A unit of speech consisting of one or more syllables or feet.

Examples for English

A tone unit must contain a tonic syllable, that is, a syllable on which a pitch movement begins. Only one tonic syllable is allowed in an English tone unit. The tone unit may also contain a 'head' (from the first stressed syllable up to the tonic syllable), a 'pre-head' (any unstressed syllables preceding the head) and a 'tail' (all syllables after the tonic syllable). The tonic syllable is underlined in each of the examples which follow:

- ˋ<u>yes</u>
  tonic
- ˈJoe said ˋ<u>yes</u>
  head + tonic
- and then ˈJoe said ˋ<u>yes</u>
  pre-head + head + tonic
- and then ˈJoe said ˋ<u>yes</u> to me
  pre-head + head + tonic + tail

As each of the non-tonic elements is optional, it is possible to have any combination together with the tonic syllable, e.g.:

- was it ˇ<u>you</u>
  pre-head + tonic
- it was ˇ<u>yes</u>terday
  pre-head + tonic + tail
- ˇ<u>now</u> I understand
  tonic + tail

In the study of INTONATION it is usual to divide speech into larger units than syllables. If one studies only short sentences said in isolation it may be sufficient to make no subdivision of the utterance, but in longer utterances there must be some points at which the analyst marks a break between the end of one pattern and the beginning of the next. These breaks divide speech into 'tone-units', and are called 'tone-unit boundaries', e.g.:

| the ˇ<u>last</u> time I saw her | was ˋ<u>yes</u>terday |

If the study of intonation is part of phonology, these boundaries should be identifiable with reference to their effect on pronunciation rather than to grammatical information about word and clause boundaries; statistically, however, we find that in most cases tone-unit boundaries do fall at obvious syntactic boundaries, and it would be rather odd to divide two tone-units in the middle of a phrase. The most obvious factor to look for in trying to establish boundaries is the presence of a pause, and in slow careful speech (e.g. in lectures, sermons and political speeches) this may be done quite regularly. However, it seems that we detect tone-unit boundaries even when the speaker does not make a pause, if there is an identifiable break or discontinuity in the rhythm or in the intonation pattern.

There is evidence that we use a larger number of shorter tone-units in informal conversational speech, and fewer, longer tone units in formal styles.

-**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tonematic ˌtəʊ.nɪˈmæt.ɪk (US) ˌtoʊ.nɪˈmæt̬.ɪk -**s** -s
toneme ˈtəʊ.niːm (US) ˈtoʊ- -**s** -z
tonemic təʊˈniː.mɪk (US) toʊ-, tə- -**s** -s
toner (T) ˈtəʊ.nəʳ (US) ˈtoʊ.nɚ -**s** -z
tonetic təʊˈnet.ɪk (US) toʊˈnet̬-, tə- -**s** -s
ton|ey ˈtəʊ.n|i (US) ˈtoʊ- -**ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
tonga *cart, medicinal bark:* ˈtɒŋ.gə (US) ˈtɑːŋ-, ˈtɔːŋ- -**s** -z
Tong|a *Pacific islands:* ˈtɒŋ|.ə, -g|ə (US) ˈtɑːŋ-, ˈtɔːŋ- -**an/s** -ᵊn/z
Tong|a *East Africa:* ˈtɒŋ.g|ə (US) ˈtɑːŋ-, ˈtɔːŋ- -**as** -əz -**an** -ən
Tongking ˌtɒŋˈkɪŋ (US) ˌtɑːŋ-, ˌtɔːŋ-
tongs tɒŋz (US) tɑːŋz, tɔːŋz
tongu|e tʌŋ, tɒŋ (US) tʌŋ -**es** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d -**eless** -ləs, -lɪs **ˌtongue and ˈgroove; ˈtongue ˌtwister; ˌbite one's ˈtongue**
tongue-in-cheek ˌtʌŋ.ɪnˈtʃiːk, ˌtɒŋ- (US) ˌtʌŋ- *stress shift:* ˌtongue-in-cheek ˈarticle
tongue-lashing ˈtʌŋˌlæʃ.ɪŋ, ˈtɒŋ- (US) ˈtʌŋ- -**s** -z
tongue-tied ˈtʌŋ.taɪd, ˈtɒŋ- (US) ˈtʌŋ-
Toni ˈtəʊ.ni (US) ˈtoʊ-
tonic ˈtɒn.ɪk (US) ˈtɑː.nɪk -**s** -s -**ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tonicity təʊˈnɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) toʊˈnɪs.ə.t̬i, tə-
tonic-solfa, (T S) ˌtɒn.ɪk.sɒlˈfɑː (US) ˌtɑː.nɪk.soʊlˈfɑː, -sɑːlˈ-
tonight təˈnaɪt
tonka bean ˈtɒŋ.kə.biːn (US) ˈtɑːŋ-, ˈtɔːŋ- -**s** -z
Tonks tɒŋks (US) tɑːŋks, tɔːŋks
tonnag|e ˈtʌn.ɪdʒ -**es** -ɪz
tonne tʌn -**s** -z
tonsil ˈtɒn*t*.sᵊl, -sɪl (US) ˈtɑːn*t*.sᵊl -**s** -z
tonsil(l)itis ˌtɒn*t*.sᵊlˈaɪ.tɪs, -sɪˈlaɪ-, -təs (US) ˌtɑːn*t*.səˈlaɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
tonsillectom|y ˌtɒn*t*.sᵊlˈek.tə.m|i, -sɪˈlek- (US) ˌtɑːn*t*.səˈlek- -**ies** -iz
tonsorial tɒnˈsɔː.ri.əl (US) tɑːnˈsɔːr.i-
tonsure ˈtɒn.*t*ʃəʳ, ˈtɒn*t*.ʃʊəʳ, -ˌsjʊəʳ (US) ˈtɑːn*t*.ʃɚ -**s** -z -**d** -d
tontine ˈtɒn.tiːn, -taɪn; tɒnˈtiːn (US) ˈtɑːn.tiːn, -ˈ-
Tonto ˈtɒn.təʊ (US) ˈtɑːn.t̬oʊ
ton-up ˌtʌnˈʌp *stress shift:* ˌton-up ˈbike
ton|y (T) ˈtəʊ.n|i (US) ˈtoʊ- -**ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **ˈTony AˌWard**
Tonya ˈtɒn.jə (US) ˈtɑːn-
Tonypandy ˌtɒn.iˈpæn.di (US) ˌtɑː.niˈ-
Tonyrefail ˌtɒn.iˈrev.aɪl (US) ˌtɑː.niˈ-
too tuː
toodle-oo ˌtuː.dᵊlˈuː
toodle-pip ˌtuː.dᵊlˈpɪp
took (*from* **take**) tʊk
Tooke tʊk
tool tuːl -**s** -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
toolbox ˈtuːl.bɒks (US) -bɑːks -**es** -ɪz
Toole tuːl
Tooley ˈtuː.li
toolmaker ˈtuːlˌmeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -**s** -z
toonie ˈtuː.ni -**s** -z
toot tuːt -**s** -s -**ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈtuː.t̬ɪŋ -**ed** -ɪd (US) ˈtuː.t̬ɪd -**er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈtuː.t̬ɚ/z
tooth tuːθ -**s** -s -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t **teeth** tiːθ **ˈtooth ˌfairy; ˈtooth ˌpowder; ˌtooth and ˈnail; ˌlong in the ˈtooth**
toothache ˈtuːθ.eɪk
toothbrush ˈtuːθ.brʌʃ -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ
toothless ˈtuːθ.ləs, -lɪs -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
toothpaste ˈtuːθ.peɪst -**s** -s
toothpick ˈtuːθ.pɪk -**s** -s
toothsome ˈtuːθ.səm -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tooth|y ˈtuː.θ|i -**ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -**iest**

-i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -əl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Tooting 'tuː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ
tootl|e 'tuː.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tuːt.lɪŋ -ed -d
toots|y, toots|ie 'tʊt.s|i, 'tuːt- ⓤⓢ 'tʊt- -ies -iz
Toowoomba tə'wʊm.bə, tʊ-
top tɒp ⓤⓢ tɑːp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t ˌtop 'brass; ˌtop 'dog; ˌtop 'drawer; ˌtop 'gear; ˌtop 'hat ⓤⓢ 'top ˌhat; ˌtop 'secret; at the ˌtop of one's 'voice; ˌoff the ˌtop of one's 'head; on ˌtop of the 'world
topaz 'təʊ.pæz ⓤⓢ 'toʊ- -es -ɪz
top-class ˌtɒp'klɑːs ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp'klæs *stress shift:* ˌtop-class 'model
topcoat 'tɒp.kəʊt ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.koʊt -s -s
top-down ˌtɒp'daʊn ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp- *stress shift:* ˌtop-down 'processing
top-dress ˌtɒp'dres, '-- ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.dres -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
top|e təʊp ⓤⓢ toʊp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
topee 'təʊ.piː, -pi; təʊ'piː ⓤⓢ toʊ'piː, '-- -s -z
Topeka təʊ'piː.kə ⓤⓢ tə-
top-flight ˌtɒp'flaɪt ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.flaɪt, ˌ-'- *stress shift:* ˌtop-flight 'surgeon
topgallant ˌtɒp'gæl.ᵊnt ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp- *nautical pronunciation:* tə'gæl-
Topham 'tɒp.əm ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.pəm
top-heav|y ˌtɒp'hev|.i ⓤⓢ 'tɑːpˌhev- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs *stress shift:* ˌtop-heavy 'cargo
Tophet(h) 'təʊ.fet ⓤⓢ 'toʊ-
top-hole ˌtɒp'həʊl ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp'hoʊl
topi 'təʊ.piː, -pi; təʊ'piː ⓤⓢ toʊ'piː, '-- -s -z
topiary 'təʊ.pjᵊr.i, -pi.ᵊr- ⓤⓢ 'toʊ.pi.er-
topic 'tɒp.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.pɪk -s -s -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
topicalit|y ˌtɒp.ɪ'kæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.pɪ'kæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
topknot 'tɒp.nɒt ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.nɑːt -s -s
Toplady 'tɒpˌleɪ.di ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp-
topless 'tɒp.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
top-level ˌtɒp'lev.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'tɑːpˌlev- *stress shift, British only:* ˌtop-level 'leak
topmast 'tɒp.mɑːst ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.mæst *nautical pronunciation:* -məst -s -s
topmost 'tɒp.məʊst ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp-
top-notch ˌtɒp'nɒtʃ ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp'nɑːtʃ, ˌ-'- *stress shift:* ˌtop-notch 'person
topographic ˌtɒp.əʊ'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.pə'- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
topograph|y tɒp'ɒg.rə.f|i, tə'pɒg- ⓤⓢ tə'pɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
topologic|al ˌtɒp.ᵊl'ɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.pə'lɑː.dʒɪ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
topolog|y tɒp'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, tə'pɒl- ⓤⓢ tə'pɑː.lə- -ies -iz -ist/s -ɪst/s
toponymy tɒp'ɒn.ɪ.mi, tə'pɒn-, '-ə- ⓤⓢ tə'pɑː.nə-, toʊ-
top|os 'tɒp|.ɒs ⓤⓢ 'toʊ.p|oʊs, -ɑːs -oi -ɔɪ
topper 'tɒp.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.pɚ -s -z
topping (T) 'tɒp.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.pɪŋ -s -z -ly -li
toppl|e 'tɒp.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.pᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tɒp.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.plɪŋ -ed -d
top-ranking ˌtɒp'ræŋ.kɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp- *stress shift:* ˌtop-ranking 'amateur
topsail 'tɒp.seɪl ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp- *nautical pronunciation:* -sᵊl -s -z
Topsham 'tɒp.səm ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp-
Topshop 'tɒp.ʃɒp ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.ʃɑːp
topside 'tɒp.saɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp-
topsoil 'tɒp.sɔɪl ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp- -s -z
topspin 'tɒp.spɪn ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp-
topsy-turv|y ˌtɒp.si'tɜː.v|i ⓤⓢ ˌtɑːp.si'tɝː- -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -yness -ɪ.nəs, -nɪs -iness -ɪ.nəs, -nɪs -ydom -ɪ.dəm
top-up 'tɒp.ʌp, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'tɑːp.ʌp, ˌ-'- -s -s
toque təʊk ⓤⓢ toʊk -s -s
tor tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ tɔːr -s -z
Torah 'tɔː.rə *with some Jews:* 'təʊ.rɑː, ˌ-'-, ˌtɔː- ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.ə; tɔː'rɑː; 'toʊ.rə
Torbay ˌtɔː'beɪ ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr- *stress shift:* ˌTorbay 'guesthouse
torch tɔːtʃ ⓤⓢ tɔːrtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t 'torch ˌsong
torchlight 'tɔːtʃ.laɪt ⓤⓢ 'tɔːrtʃ-
torchon 'tɔː.ʃᵊn, -ʃɒn ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.ʃɑːn
tore (*from* **tear**) tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ tɔːr
toreador 'tɒr.i.ə.dɔːʳ ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.i.ə.dɔːr -s -z
Torfaen ˌtɔː'veɪn ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr-
torment (*n.*) 'tɔː.ment ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr- -s -s
tormen|t (*v.*) tɔː'men|t ⓤⓢ tɔːr-, '-- -ts -ts -ting/ly -tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ/li -ted -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
tormentor, tormenter tɔː'men.təʳ ⓤⓢ tɔːr'men.t̬ɚ, '--- -s -z
torn (*from* **tear**) tɔːn ⓤⓢ tɔːrn
tornado tɔː'neɪ.dəʊ ⓤⓢ tɔːr'neɪ.doʊ -(e)s -z
Toronto tə'rɒn.təʊ ⓤⓢ -'rɑːn.t̬oʊ
torpedo tɔː'piː.dəʊ ⓤⓢ tɔːr'piː.doʊ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Torpenhow 'tɔː.pən.haʊ, trɪ'pen.ə *locally:* trə- ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.pen.haʊ
torpid 'tɔː.pɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr- -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
torpidity tɔː'pɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tɔːr'pɪd.ə.t̬i
Torpoint ˌtɔː'pɔɪnt ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr-
torpor 'tɔː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.pɚ
Torquay ˌtɔː'kiː ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr- *stress shift:* ˌTorquay 'guesthouse
torque tɔːk ⓤⓢ tɔːrk -s -s
Torquemada ˌtɔː.kɪ'mɑː.də, -kem'ɑː-, -kwɪ'mɑː-, -kwem'ɑː- ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.kə'mɑː-, -kwə'-
torr tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ tɔːr
Torrance 'tɒr.ᵊn*t*s ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
torrefaction ˌtɒr.ɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.ə'-
torre|fy 'tɒr.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
Torremolinos ˌtɒr.ɪ.mə'liː.nɒs, ˌ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.ə.mə'liː.nɑːs, -əs
Torrens 'tɒr.ᵊnz ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
torrent 'tɒr.ᵊnt ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr- -s -s
torrential tə'ren.*t*ʃᵊl, tɒr'en- ⓤⓢ tɔː'ren*t*.ʃᵊl, tə- -ly -i
torrentiality təˌren.*t*ʃi'æl.ə.ti, tɒrˌen-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ tɔːˌren*t*.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i, tə-
Torres 'tɒr.ɪs, 'tɔː.rɪs, -rɪz ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.ɪz, -ɪs
Torricelli ˌtɒr.ɪ'tʃel.i ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.ə'- -an -ən
torrid 'tɒr.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Torridge 'tɒr.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
Torrington 'tɒr.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
torsion 'tɔː.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
torso 'tɔː.səʊ ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.soʊ -s -z
tort tɔːt ⓤⓢ tɔːrt -s -s
torte 'tɔː.tə; tɔːt ⓤⓢ tɔːrt; 'tɔːr.tə -s -z
Tortelier tɔː'tel.i.eɪ ⓤⓢ tɔːr-
tortellini ˌtɔː.tᵊl'iː.ni ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.t̬ə'liː-
tortelloni ˌtɔː.tᵊl'əʊ.ni ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.t̬ə'loʊ-
tortfeasor ˌtɔːt'fiː.zəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːrt'fiː.zɚ -s -z
tortilla tɔː'tiː.ə, -jə; -'tɪl.ə ⓤⓢ tɔːr'tiː.jə torˈtilla ˌchip
tortious 'tɔː.ʃəs ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr- -ly -li
tortois|e 'tɔː.təs ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.t̬əs -es -ɪz
tortoiseshell 'tɔː.təʃ.ʃel, -tə.ʃel ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.t̬əs.ʃel
tortuosity ˌtɔː.tʃu'ɒs.ə.ti, -tju'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌtɔːr.tʃu'ɑː.sə.t̬i
tortuous 'tɔː.tʃu.əs, -tju- ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.tʃu- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tort|ure 'tɔː.tʃ|əʳ ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr.tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -uring/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ured -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -urer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z 'torture ˌchamber
torturous 'tɔː.tʃᵊr.əs ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
tor|us 'tɔː.r|əs ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr|.əs -i -aɪ
Torvill 'tɔː.vɪl ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr-
tor|y (T) 'tɔː.r|i ⓤⓢ 'tɔːr|.i -ies -iz -yism -i.ɪ.zᵊm 'Tory ˌparty
Tosca 'tɒs.kə ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.skə
Toscanini ˌtɒs.kə'niː.ni ⓤⓢ ˌtɑː.skə'-
tosh tɒʃ ⓤⓢ tɑːʃ
Toshiba® tə'ʃiː.bə, tɒʃ'iː- ⓤⓢ toʊ'ʃiː.bə, tə-
toss tɒs ⓤⓢ tɑːs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌargue the 'toss
tosspot 'tɒs.pɒt ⓤⓢ 'tɑːs.pɑːt -s -s
toss-up 'tɒs.ʌp ⓤⓢ 'tɑːs- -s -s
tostad|a tɒs'tɑː.d|ə ⓤⓢ toʊ'stɑː- -as -əz -o -əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -os -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz
tot tɒt ⓤⓢ tɑːt -s -s -ting -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.t̬ɪŋ -ted -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'tɑː.t̬ɪd
total (T) 'təʊ.tᵊl ⓤⓢ 'toʊ.t̬ᵊl -s -z -ly -i -(l)ing -ɪŋ, -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d ˌtotal 'recall, ˌtotal re'call
totalitarian təʊˌtæl.ɪ'teə.ri.ən, -ə'-; ˌtəʊ.tæl- ⓤⓢ toʊˌtæl.ə'ter.i-, ˌtoʊ.tæl- -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
totalit|y təʊ'tæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ toʊ'tæl.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
totalizator, -isa- 'təʊ.tᵊl.aɪ.zeɪ.təʳ, -ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'toʊ.t̬ᵊl.ɪ.zeɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z
totaliz|e, -is|e 'təʊ.tᵊl.aɪz

Ⓤ 'toʊ.t̬ə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z
tot|e təʊt Ⓤ toʊt -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd **'tote ˌbag**
totem 'təʊ.təm Ⓤ 'toʊ.t̬əm -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm **'totem ˌpole**
totemic təʊ'tem.ɪk Ⓤ toʊ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
t'other, tother 'tʌð.əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ
Tothill 'tɒt.*h*ɪl Ⓤ 'tɑː.tɪl, 'tɑːt.hɪl
Totnes 'tɒt.nɪs, -nəs Ⓤ 'tɑːt-
Totten 'tɒt.ᵊn Ⓤ 'tɑː.tᵊn
Tottenham 'tɒt.ᵊn.əm, '-nəm Ⓤ 'tɑː.tᵊn.əm **ˌTottenham Court 'Road; ˌTottenham 'Hotspur**
tott|er 'tɒt|.əʳ Ⓤ 'tɑː.t̬|ɚ -ers -əz Ⓤ -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd Ⓤ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ.ɚ/z -ery -ᵊr.i
Totteridge 'tɒt.ᵊr.ɪdʒ Ⓤ 'tɑː.t̬ɚ-
Tottington 'tɒt.ɪŋ.tən Ⓤ 'tɑː.t̬ɪŋ-
Totton 'tɒt.ᵊn Ⓤ 'tɑː.tᵊn
totty 'tɒt.i Ⓤ 'tɑː.t̬i
toucan 'tuː.kæn, -kən Ⓤ -kæn, -kɑːn, -kən; tuː'kæn, -'kɑːn -s -z
touch tʌtʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **ˌtouch and 'go**
touchable 'tʌtʃ.ə.bᵊl
touchdown 'tʌtʃ.daʊn -s -z
touché 'tuː.ʃeɪ, -'- Ⓤ tuː'ʃeɪ
touching 'tʌtʃ.ɪŋ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
touchline 'tʌtʃ.laɪn -s -z
touchpaper 'tʌtʃˌpeɪ.pəʳ Ⓤ -pɚ
touchstone (T) 'tʌtʃ.stəʊn Ⓤ -stoʊn -s -z
touch-tone 'tʌtʃ.təʊn Ⓤ -toʊn
touch-typ|e 'tʌtʃ.taɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -ist/s -ɪst/s
touchwood 'tʌtʃ.wʊd
touch|y 'tʌtʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ Ⓤ -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
touchy-feely ˌtʌtʃ.i'fiː.li *stress shift:* ˌtouchy-feely 'method
tough tʌf -s -s -er -əʳ Ⓤ -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
toughen 'tʌf.ᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'tʌf.nɪŋ -ed -d
tough|ie, tough|y 'tʌf|.i -ies -z
Toulon tuː'lɔ̃ːŋ Ⓤ -'lõʊn, -'lɑːn
Toulouse tuː'luːz
Toulouse-Lautrec ˌtuː.luːz.ləʊ'trek, tuːˌluːz- Ⓤ tuːˌluːz.loʊ'-, -ˌluːs-, -lə'-
toupée, toupee 'tuː.peɪ, -'- Ⓤ tuː'peɪ -s -z
tour tʊəʳ, tɔːʳ Ⓤ tʊr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z **'tour ˌoperator**
Touraine tʊ'reɪn Ⓤ -'reɪn, -'ren
tourbillion tʊə'bɪl.i.ən, '-jən Ⓤ tʊr'bɪl.jən -s -z
tour de force ˌtʊə.də'fɔːs, ˌtɔː- Ⓤ ˌtʊr.də'fɔːrs **tours de force** ˌtʊəz-, ˌtɔːz- Ⓤ ˌtʊrz-
Tour de France ˌtʊə.də'frɑ̃ːnts, ˌtɔː- Ⓤ ˌtʊr-
Tourette syndrome tʊə'retˌsɪn.drəʊm, tɔː- Ⓤ tʊ'retˌsɪn.droʊm
tourism 'tʊə.rɪ.zᵊm, 'tɔː- Ⓤ 'tʊr.ɪ-
tourist 'tʊə.rɪst, 'tɔː- Ⓤ 'tʊr.ɪst -s -s **'tourist atˌtraction; 'tourist ˌclass; ˌtourist infor'mation office**
touristic tʊə'rɪs.tɪk, tɔː- Ⓤ tʊ'rɪs- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
touristy 'tʊə.rɪ.sti, 'tɔː- Ⓤ 'tʊr.ɪ-
tourmaline 'tʊə.mə.liːn, 'tɜː-, 'tɔː-, -lɪn Ⓤ 'tʊr.mə.lɪn, -liːn
Tournai 'tʊə.neɪ, -'- Ⓤ tʊr'neɪ
tournament 'tʊə.nə.mənt, 'tɔː-, 'tɜː- Ⓤ 'tɝː-, 'tʊr- -s -s
tournedos (*sing.*) 'tʊə.nə.dəʊ, 'tɔː-, 'tɜː- Ⓤ 'tʊr.nə.doʊ, ˌ--'- (*plur.*) -z
Tourneur 'tɜː.nəʳ Ⓤ 'tɝː.nɚ
tourney 'tʊə.ni, 'tɔː- Ⓤ 'tɝː-, 'tʊr- -s -z
tourniquet 'tʊə.nɪ.keɪ, 'tɔː-, 'tɜː- Ⓤ 'tɝː.nɪ.kɪt, 'tʊr-, -ket -s -z
tournure 'tʊə.njʊəʳ, 'tɔː-, -'- Ⓤ 'tɝː.njʊr -s -z
Tours *French town:* tʊəʳ Ⓤ tʊr *English musical composer:* tʊəz, tɔːz Ⓤ tʊrz
tousl|e 'taʊ.zᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'taʊz.lɪŋ -ed -d
tout taʊt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ Ⓤ 'taʊ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd Ⓤ 'taʊ.t̬ɪd
Tout *in* Belle Tout *in East Sussex:* tuːt *surname:* taʊt
tout court ˌtuː'kʊəʳ, -'kɔːʳ Ⓤ -'kʊr
tout de suite ˌtuːt'swiːt
Tovey 'təʊ.vi, 'tʌv.i Ⓤ 'toʊ.vi, 'tʌv.i
tow (T) təʊ Ⓤ toʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
towage 'təʊ.ɪdʒ Ⓤ 'toʊ-
toward (*adj.*) 'təʊ.əd; tɔːd Ⓤ tɔːrd; 'toʊ.ɚd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
toward (*prep.*) tə'wɔːd, tʊ-; twɔːd, tɔːd Ⓤ tɔːrd, twɔːrd; 'toʊ.ɚd; tə'wɔːrd -s -z
towaway 'təʊ.ə.weɪ Ⓤ 'toʊ- -s -z
towbar 'təʊ.bɑːʳ Ⓤ 'toʊ.bɑːr -s -z
Towcester 'təʊ.stəʳ Ⓤ 'toʊ.stɚ
towel taʊəl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d **ˌthrow in the 'towel**
towelette ˌtaʊə'let Ⓤ ˌtaʊə- -s -s
tower (T) taʊəʳ Ⓤ taʊɚ -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -d **'tower ˌblock; ˌTower 'Hamlets; ˌTower of 'London; ˌtower of 'strength**
towhead 'təʊ.hed Ⓤ 'toʊ- -s -z -ed -ɪd
Towle təʊl Ⓤ toʊl
Towler 'taʊ.ləʳ Ⓤ -lɚ
town taʊn -s -z **ˌtown 'centre; ˌtown 'crier; ˌtown 'hall; 'town ˌhouse; ˌtown 'planning; ˌpaint the ˌtown 'red**
Towne taʊn -s -z
townee taʊ'niː, '-- -s -z
townie 'taʊ.ni -s -z
townscape 'taʊn.skeɪp -s -s
Townsend 'taʊn.zend
townsfolk 'taʊnz.fəʊk Ⓤ -foʊk
Townshend 'taʊn.zend
township 'taʊn.ʃɪp -s -s
towns|man 'taʊnz|.mən -men -mən, -men
townspeople 'taʊnzˌpiː.pᵊl
Townsville 'taʊnz.vɪl
towns|woman 'taʊnz|ˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
town|y 'taʊ.n|i -ies -iz
towpa|th 'təʊ.pɑː|θ Ⓤ 'toʊ.pæ|θ -ths -ðz Ⓤ -θs, -ðz
towrope 'təʊ.rəʊp Ⓤ 'toʊ.roʊp -s -z
Towton 'taʊ.tᵊn
Towy 'taʊ.i
Towyn 'taʊ.ɪn
tox(a)emia tɒk'siː.mi.ə Ⓤ tɑːk-
toxic 'tɒk.sɪk Ⓤ 'tɑːk- -al -ᵊl -ally -ᵊl.i, -li **ˌtoxic 'shock ˌsyndrome; ˌtoxic 'waste**
toxicity tɒk'sɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ tɑːk'sɪs.ə.t̬i
toxicological ˌtɒk.sɪ.kᵊl'ɒdʒ.ɪ.kᵊl Ⓤ ˌtɑːk.sɪ.kə'lɑː.dʒɪ-
toxicolog|y ˌtɒk.sɪ'kɒl.ə.dʒ|i Ⓤ ˌtɑːk.sɪ'kɑː.lə- -ist/s -ɪst/s
toxin 'tɒk.sɪn Ⓤ 'tɑːk- -s -z
toxophilite tɒk'sɒf.ɪ.laɪt, -ᵊl.aɪt Ⓤ tɑːk'sɑː.fə.laɪt -s -s
toxoplasmosis ˌtɒk.səʊ.plæz'məʊ.sɪs Ⓤ ˌtɑːk.soʊ.plæz'moʊ-
Toxteth 'tɒk.steθ, -stəθ Ⓤ 'tɑːk-
toy tɔɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Toya(h) 'tɔɪ.ə
toyboy 'tɔɪ.bɔɪ -s -z
Toye tɔɪ
Toynbee 'tɔɪn.biː, 'tɔɪm- Ⓤ 'tɔɪn-
Toyota® tɔɪ'əʊ.tə, tɔː'jəʊ- Ⓤ tɔɪ'joʊ.t̬ə, -'oʊ-
toyshop 'tɔɪ.ʃɒp Ⓤ -ʃɑːp -s -s
Tozer 'təʊ.zəʳ Ⓤ 'toʊ.zɚ
trac|e treɪs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z **'trace ˌelement; 'tracing ˌpaper**
traceab|le 'treɪ.sə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
tracer|y 'treɪ.sᵊr|.i -ies -iz
Tracey 'treɪ.si
trache|a trə'kiː|.ə; 'treɪ.ki- Ⓤ 'treɪ.ki- -as -əz -ae -iː
tracheal trə'kiː.əl; 'treɪ.ki- Ⓤ 'treɪ.ki-
tracheotomy ˌtræk.i'ɒt.ə.mi Ⓤ ˌtreɪ.ki'ɑː.t̬ə-
trachoma trə'kəʊ.mə, træk'əʊ- Ⓤ trə'koʊ-
Traci 'treɪ.si
tracing 'treɪ.sɪŋ -s -z
track træk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z Ⓤ -ɚ/z **ˌtrack and 'field; 'track eˌvent; 'track ˌrecord, ˌtrack 'record** Ⓤ **'track ˌrecord; keep 'track of ˌsomeone/something; ˌoff the ˌbeaten 'track**
trackless 'træk.ləs, -lɪs
trackpad 'træk.pæd -s -z
tracksuit 'træk.suːt, -sjuːt Ⓤ -suːt -s -s -ed -ɪd
tract trækt -s -s
tractability ˌtræk.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤ -ə.t̬i
tractab|le 'træk.tə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Tractarian træk'teə.ri.ən Ⓤ -'ter.i-

-s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
ractate 'træk.teɪt -s -s
ractile 'træk.taɪl (US) -tɪl, -taɪl
raction 'træk.ʃᵊn **'traction ˌengine**
ractor 'træk.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
racy 'treɪ.si
rad træd **ˌtrad 'jazz**
rad|e treɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'trade ˌbook; ˌTrades Des'cription ˌAct; 'trading eˌstate; 'trade ˌfair; 'trade ˌgap; 'trade ˌname; 'trading ˌpost; 'trade ˌprice; 'trade ˌroute; ˌtrade 'secret; ˌtrade(s) 'union** (US) **'trade(s) ˌunion; 'trade ˌwind**
rade-in 'treɪd.ɪn -s -z
rademark 'treɪd.mɑːk (US) -mɑːrk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
rade-off 'treɪd.ɒf (US) -ɑːf -s -s
Tradescant trə'des.kənt
tradescantia ˌtræd.ɪ'skæn.ti.ə, ˌtreɪ.dɪ'-, -des'kæn-, -də'skæn- (US) ˌtræd.es'kænt.ʃi.ə, '-ʃə -s -z
tradesfolk 'treɪdz.fəʊk (US) -foʊk
trades|man 'treɪdz|.mən **-men** -mən
tradespeople 'treɪdzˌpiː.pᵊl
tradition trə'dɪʃ.ᵊn -s -z
traditional trə'dɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, -'dɪʃ.nᵊl **-ly** -i
traditional|ism trə'dɪʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, '-nᵊl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
traduc|e trə'djuːs, -'dʒuːs (US) -'duːs, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ement** -mənt
Trafalgar *in Spain:* trə'fæl.gəʳ *archaic and poetical:* ˌtræf.ᵊl'gɑːʳ (US) trə'fæl.gɚ
Trafalgar *Square:* trə'fæl.gəʳ (US) -gɚ *Viscount:* trə'fæl.gəʳ (US) -gɚ *House near Salisbury:* ˌtræf.ᵊl'gɑːʳ; trə'fæl.gəʳ (US) ˌtræf.ᵊl'gɑːr; trə'fæl.gɚ
Note: The present Lord Nelson pronounces the family name as /trə'fæl.gəʳ (US) -gɚ/. Previous holders of the title pronounced /ˌtræf.ᵊl'gɑːʳ (US) -'gɑːr/.
traffic 'træf.ɪk -s -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t **-ker/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'traffic ˌcalming; 'traffic ˌcircle; 'traffic ˌjam; 'traffic ˌlight; 'traffic ˌwarden**
trafficator 'træf.ɪ.keɪ.təʳ (US) -ţɚ -s -z
Trafford 'træf.əd (US) -ɚd
tragacanth 'træg.ə.kænθ, 'trædʒ-, -sænθ (US) -kænθ
tragedian trə'dʒiː.di.ən -s -z
traged|y 'trædʒ.ə.d|i, '-ɪ- (US) '-ə- **-ies** -iz
Trager 'treɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
tragic 'trædʒ.ɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tragicomed|y ˌtrædʒ.ɪ'kɒm.ə.d|i, '-ɪ- (US) -'kɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz
tragicomic ˌtrædʒ.ɪ'kɒm.ɪk (US) -'kɑː.mɪk **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
tra|gus 'treɪ|.gəs **-gi** -gaɪ, -dʒaɪ (US) -dʒaɪ
Traherne trə'hɜːn (US) -'hɝːn
trail treɪl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
trailblaz|er 'treɪlˌbleɪ.z|əʳ (US) -z|ɚ **-er/s** -ə/z (US) -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
trailhead 'treɪl.hed -s -z
train treɪn -s -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'training ˌcollege; 'training ˌcourse; 'train ˌset; 'training ˌshoe; 'train ˌspotter**
trainbearer 'treɪnˌbeə.rəʳ, 'treɪm- (US) 'treɪnˌber.ɚ -s -z
trainee ˌtreɪ'niː -s -z **-ship/s** -ʃɪp/s
Trainor 'treɪ.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
traips|e treɪps **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
trait treɪt, treɪ (US) treɪt **traits** treɪz, treɪts (US) treɪts
traitor 'treɪ.təʳ (US) -ţɚ -s -z
traitoress 'treɪ.tᵊr.ɪs, -əs (US) -ţɚ- **-es** -ɪz
traitorous 'treɪ.tᵊr.əs (US) -ţɚ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
traitress 'treɪ.trəs, -trɪs (US) -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
Trajan 'treɪ.dʒᵊn
trajector|y trə'dʒek.tᵊr|.i, '-tr|i (US) -tɚ|.i **-ies** -iz
Tralee trə'liː
tram træm -s -z
tramcar 'træm.kɑːʳ (US) -kɑːr -s -z
tramline 'træm.laɪn -s -z
trammel 'træm.ᵊl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d
tramontane trə'mɒn.teɪn (US) trə'mɑːn-; træm'ɑːn-; ˌtræm.ɑːn'teɪn
tramp træmp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
trampl|e 'træm.pᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'træm.plɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'træm.pləʳ/z (US) '-pᵊl.ɚ/z, '-plɚ/z
trampolin|e 'træm.pᵊl.iːn, -ɪn; ˌtræm.pᵊl'iːn (US) 'træm.pə.liːn, -pᵊl.ɪn; ˌtræm.pə'liːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tramway 'træm.weɪ -s -z
tranc|e trɑːnts (US) trænts **-es** -ɪz
tranch|e trɑːntʃ, trɒːntʃ, træntʃ (US) trɑːntʃ **-es** -ɪz
Tranent trə'nent
Tranmere 'træn.mɪəʳ (US) -mɪr
trann|y, trann|ie 'træn|.i **-ies** -iz
tranquil 'træŋ.kwɪl (US) 'træŋ-, 'træn- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tranquil(l)ity træŋ'kwɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ţi, træn-
tranquil(l)iz|e, -is|e 'træŋ.kwɪ.laɪz, -kwə- (US) 'træŋ-, 'træn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tranquil(l)ization, -isa- ˌtræŋ.kwɪ.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -kwə-, -lɪ'- (US) -kwə.lɪ'-, ˌtræn-
trans- trænts, trɑːnts, trænz, trɑːnz (US) trænts, trænz
Note: Prefix. May carry primary or secondary stress, or be unstressed; see individual entries.
transact træn'zækt, trɑːn-, -'sækt (US) træn- -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
transaction træn'zæk.ʃᵊn, trɑːn-, -'sæk- (US) træn- -s -z
transalpine træn'zæl.paɪn, trɑːn- (US) træn-
transatlantic ˌtræn.zət'læn.tɪk, ˌtrɑːn- (US) ˌtrænt.sæt'-, ˌtræn.zæt'- *stress shift:* ˌtransatlantic 'yacht
transcend træn'send, trɑːn- (US) træn- -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
transcenden|ce træn'sen.dənt|s, trɑːn- (US) træn- **-cy** -si
transcendent træn'sen.dənt, trɑːn- (US) træn- **-ly** -li
transcendental ˌtrænt.sen'den.tᵊl, ˌtrɑːnt-, -sᵊn'- (US) ˌtrænt.sen'den.ţᵊl **-ly** -i **ˌtranscendental medi'tation**
transcendental|ism ˌtrænt.sen'den.tᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, ˌtrɑːnt-, -sᵊn'- (US) ˌtrænt.sen'den.ţᵊl- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
transcontinental ˌtrænsˌkɒn.tɪ'nen.tᵊl, ˌtrɑːns-, -tə'- (US) ˌtræntsˌkɑːn.tᵊn'en-, ˌtrænz-
transcrib|e træn'skraɪb, trɑːn- (US) træn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
transcript 'trænt.skrɪpt, 'trɑːnt- (US) 'trænt- -s -s
transcription træn'skrɪp.ʃᵊn, trɑːn- (US) træn- -s -z
transducer trænz'djuː.səʳ, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- (US) trænts'duː.sɚ, trænz-, -'djuː- -s -z
transept 'trænt.sept, 'trɑːnt- (US) 'trænt- -s -s
transexual træn'sek.ʃʊəl, trɑːn-, -ʃu.əl, -sjʊəl, -sju.əl (US) træn'sek.ʃu.əl -s -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
transexuality trænˌsek.ʃu'æl.ɪ.ti, -sju-, -ə.ti (US) -ʃu'æl.ə.ţi
transfer (*n.*) 'trænts.fɜːʳ, 'trɑːnts- (US) 'trænts.fɝː -s -z
transfer (*v.*) trænts'fɜːʳ, trɑːnts- (US) trænts'fɝː, '-- -s -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **-rer/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
transferability ˌtrænts.fᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌtrɑːnts-, -ɪ.ti; træntsˌfɜː.rə'-, trɑːnts- (US) træntsˌfɝː.ə'bɪl.ə.ţi
transferable trænts'fɜː.rə.bᵊl, trɑːnts-; 'trænts.fᵊr.ə-, 'trɑːnts- (US) trænts'fɝː.ə-
transferee ˌtrænts.fɜː'riː, ˌtrɑːnts-, -fə'- (US) ˌtrænts.fə'riː -s -z
transferenc|e trænts'fɜː.rᵊnts, trɑːnts-; 'trænts.fᵊr.ᵊnts, 'trɑːnts- (US) trænts'fɝː-; 'trænts.fɚ- **-es** -ɪz
transfiguration (T) ˌtrænts.fɪ.gᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnts-, -fɪg.jᵊr'eɪ-; træntsˌfɪg.ᵊr'-, trɑːnts-, -jᵊr'- (US) ˌtrænts.fɪg.jə'reɪ-, træntsˌfɪg-, -jʊ'- -s -z
transfig|ure trænts'fɪg|.əʳ, trɑːnts- (US) trænts'fɪg.j|ɚ **-ures** -əz (US) -ɚz **-uring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ured** -əd (US) -ɚd **-urement/s** -ə.mənt/s (US) -ɚ.mənt/s
transfinite trænts'faɪ.naɪt, trɑːnts- (US) trænts-
transfix trænts'fɪks, trɑːnts- (US) trænts- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
transfixion trænts'fɪk.ʃᵊn, trɑːnts- (US) trænts- -s -z
transform trænts'fɔːm, trɑːnts- (US) trænts'fɔːrm -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

-er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl

transformation ˌtrænts.fə'meɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnts-, -fɔː'- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænts.fɚ'-, -fɔːr'- **-s** -z

transformational ˌtrænts.fə'meɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, ˌtrɑːnts-, -'meɪʃ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ ˌtrænts.fɚ'-, -fɔːr'- *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**transformational** '**grammar**

transfusable trænts'fjuː.zə.bᵊl, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts-

transfus|e trænts'fjuːz, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

transfusible trænts'fjuː.zə.bᵊl, trɑːnts-, -zɪ- ⓤⓢ trænts-

transfusion trænts'fjuː.ʒᵊn, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts- **-s** -z

transgenic trænz'dʒen.ɪk, trɑːnz- ⓤⓢ trænz-

transgress trænz'gres, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts-, trænz- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-or/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

transgression trænz'greʃ.ᵊn, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts-, trænz- **-s** -z

tranship trænts'ʃɪp, trɑːnts-, trænz-, trɑːnz-, træn-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-ment/s** -mənt/s

transhuman|ce trænts'hjuː.mən|ts, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts-, trænz- **-t** -t

transien|ce 'træn.zi.ənt|s, 'trɑːn-; 'trænt.si-, 'trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.ʃᵊnt|s, -si.ənt|s; 'træn.ʒᵊnt|s, -zi.ənt|s **-cy** -si

transient 'træn.zi.ənt, 'trɑːn-; 'trænt.si.ənt, 'trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.ʃᵊnt, -si.ənt; 'træn.ʒᵊnt, -zi.ənt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

transilient træn'sɪl.i.ənt, trɑːn-, -'zɪl-, '-jənt ⓤⓢ træn-

transistor træn'zɪs.təʳ, trɑːn-, -'sɪs- ⓤⓢ træn'zɪs.tɚ, -'sɪs- **-s** -z **tran**ˌ**sistor** '**radio**, ˌ**transistor** '**radio**

transistoriz|e, -is|e træn'zɪs.tᵊr.aɪz, trɑːn-, -'sɪs- ⓤⓢ træn'zɪs.tə.raɪz, -'sɪs- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

transit 'trænt.sɪt, 'trɑːnt-; 'træn.zɪt, 'trɑːn- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.sɪt; 'træn.zɪt **-s** -s '**transit** ˌ**lounge**

transition træn'zɪʃ.ᵊn, trɑːn-, trən-, -'sɪʒ- ⓤⓢ træn'zɪʃ-, -'sɪʃ-, -'sɪʒ- **-s** -z

transitional træn'zɪʃ.ᵊn.əl, trɑːn-, trən-, -'sɪʒ-, '-nᵊl ⓤⓢ træn'zɪʃ-, -'sɪʃ-, -'sɪʒ- **-li** -i

transitive 'trænt.sə.tɪv, 'trɑːnt-, -sɪ-; 'træn.zə-, 'trɑːn-, -zɪ- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.sə.t̬ɪv; 'træn.zə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

transitivity ˌtrænt.sə'tɪv.ɪ.ti, ˌtrɑːnt-, -sɪ'-; ˌtræn.zə'-, ˌtrɑːn-, -zɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.sə'tɪv.ə.t̬i; ˌtræn.zə'-

transitor|y 'trænt.sɪ.tᵊr|.i, 'trɑːnt-, -sə-; 'træn.zɪ-, 'trɑːn-, -zə- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.sə.tɔːr-; 'træn.zə- **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Transkei ˌtrænt'skaɪ, ˌtrɑːnt-; ˌtrænz'kaɪ, ˌtrɑːnz- ⓤⓢ træn'skeɪ, -'skaɪ

transla|te trænz'leɪ|t, trɑːnz-; trænt'sleɪ|t, trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ træn'sleɪ|t, '--; trænz'leɪ|t, '-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z **-table** -tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.bᵊl

translation trænz'leɪ.ʃᵊn, trɑːnz-; trænt'sleɪ-, trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ træn'sleɪ-; trænz'leɪ- **-s** -z

translative trænz'leɪ.tɪv, trɑːnz-; trænt'sleɪ-, trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ træn'sleɪ.t̬ɪv; trænz'leɪ-

translatory trænz'leɪ.tᵊr.i, trɑːnz-; trænt'sleɪ-, trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ træn'sleɪ.t̬ɚ-; trænz'leɪ-

transliter|ate trænz'lɪt.ᵊr|.eɪt, trɑːnz-; trænt'slɪt-, trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ træn'slɪt̬.ə.r|eɪt; trænz'lɪt̬- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

transliteration ˌtrænz.lɪ.tᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnz-; trænzˌlɪt.ᵊr'-, trɑːnz-; ˌtrænt.slɪ.tᵊr-, ˌtrɑːnt-; trænˌslɪt.ᵊr'-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ trænˌslɪt̬.ə'reɪ-; trænzˌlɪt̬- **-s** -z

translocation ˌtrænz.ləʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnz- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænz.loʊ-

translucenc|e trænz'luː.sᵊnts, trɑːnz-, -'ljuː-; træn'sluː-, trɑːn-; træns'ljuː-, trɑːns- ⓤⓢ træn'sluː-; trænz'luː- **-y** -i

translucent trænz'luː.sᵊnt, trɑːnz-, -'ljuː-; træn'sluː-, trɑːn-; træns'ljuː-, trɑːns- ⓤⓢ træn'sluː-; trænz'luː- **-ly** -li

transmigra|te ˌtrænz.maɪ'greɪ|t, ˌtrɑːnz-; ˌtrænt.smaɪ'-, ˌtrɑːnt- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt'smaɪ.greɪ|t; ˌtrænz'maɪ- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-tor/s** -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z

transmigration ˌtrænz.maɪ'greɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnz-; ˌtrænt.smaɪ'-, ˌtrɑːnt- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.smaɪ'-; ˌtrænz.maɪ'- **-s** -z

transmigratory trænz'maɪ.grə.tᵊr.i, trɑːnz-; træn'smaɪ-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smaɪ.grə.tɔːr-; trænz'maɪ-

transmissibility trænzˌmɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, trɑːnz-, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti; trænˌsmɪs-, trɑːn-; ˌtrænz.mɪ.sə'-, ˌtrɑːnz-, -sɪ'-; ˌtrænt.smɪ-, ˌtrɑːnt- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.smɪs.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i; ˌtrænz.mɪs-

transmissible trænz'mɪs.ə.bᵊl, trɑːnz-, '-ɪ-; træn'smɪs-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɪs-; trænz'mɪs-

transmission trænz'mɪʃ.ᵊn, trɑːnz-; træn'smɪʃ-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɪʃ-; trænz'mɪʃ- **-s** -z

transmi|t trænz'mɪ|t, trɑːnz-; træn'smɪ|t, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɪ|t; trænz'mɪ|t **-ts** -ts **-tting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-tted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-tter/s** -təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ/z

transmittal trænz'mɪt.ᵊl, trɑːnz-; træn'smɪt-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɪt̬-; trænz'mɪt̬- **-s** -z

transmittanc|e trænz'mɪt.ᵊnts, trɑːnz-; træn'smɪt-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɪt̬-; trænz'mɪt̬- **-es** -ɪz

transmogrification ˌtrænz.mɒg.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnz-, trænzˌmɒg-, trɑːnz-, -rə-; ˌtrænt.smɒg-, ˌtrɑːnt-, trænˌsmɒg-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ trænˌsmɑː.grə-; trænzˌmɑːg-

transmogri|fy trænz'mɒg.rɪ|.faɪ, trɑːnz-, -rə-; træn'smɒg-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'smɑː.grə-; trænz'mɑː- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

transmutability trænzˌmjuː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts-, ˌtrænz.mjuː-, ˌtrɑːnz-, ˌtrænts-, ˌtrɑːnts-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌtrænts.mjuː.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌtrænz-

transmutation ˌtrænz.mjuː'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnz-, ˌtrænts-, ˌtrɑːnts-, -mjʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænts-, ˌtrænz- **-s** -z

trans|mute trænz|'mjuːt, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- ⓤⓢ trænts-, trænz- **-mutes** -'mjuːts **-muting** -'mjuː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'mjuː.t̬ɪŋ **-muted** -'mjuː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'mjuː.t̬ɪd **-muter/s** -'mjuː.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -'mjuː.t̬ɚ/z **-mutable** -'mjuː.tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -'mjuː.t̬ə.bᵊl

transnational trænz'næʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, trɑːnz-, '-nᵊl; træns'næʃ-, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træns'næʃ-; trænz'næʃ-

transoceanic ˌtræn.zəʊ.ʃi'æn.ɪk, -si'-; ˌtrænt.səʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.soʊ.ʃi'-; ˌtræn.zoʊ-

transom 'trænt.səm **-s** -z

transpacific ˌtrænt.spə'sɪf.ɪk, ˌtrɑːnts-; ˌtrænz.pə'-, ˌtrɑːnz- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.spə-, ˌtrænz-

transparenc|y træn'spær.ᵊnt.s|i, trɑːn-, trən-, -'speə.rᵊnt-; trænz'pær.ᵊnt-, trɑːnz-, trənz-, -'peə.rᵊnt- ⓤⓢ træn'sper.ᵊnt-, -'spær- **-ies** -iz

transparen|t trænt'spær.ᵊn|t, trɑːnt-, trənt-, -speə.rᵊn|t; trænz'pær.ᵊn|t, trɑːnz-, trənz-, -'peə.rᵊn|t ⓤⓢ træn'sper.ᵊn|t, -'spær- **-tly** -t.li **-tness** -t.nəs, -t.nɪs **-ce** -ts

transpiration ˌtrænt.spɪ'reɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnt-, -spə'- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt-

transpir|e træn'spaɪəʳ, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'spaɪɚ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

transplan|t (*v.*) træn'splɑːn|t, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'splæn|t; 'trænt.splæn|t **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-table** -tə.bᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.bᵊl

transplant (*n.*) 'trænt.splɑːnt, 'trɑːn- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.splænt **-s** -s

transplantation ˌtrænt.splɑːn'teɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnt- ⓤⓢ ˌtrænt.splæn'- **-s** -z

transponder træn'spɒn.dəʳ, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'spɑːn.dɚ **-s** -z

transpontine trænt'spɒn.taɪn, trɑːnt-; trænz'pɒn-, trɑːnz- ⓤⓢ træn'spɑːn.taɪn, -tɪn, -tiːn

transport (*n.*) 'trænt.spɔːt, 'trɑːnt- ⓤⓢ 'trænt.spɔːrt **-s** -s '**transport** ˌ**caf**[é]

transpor|t (*v.*) træn'spɔː|t, trɑːn- ⓤⓢ træn'spɔːr|t, '-- **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-table** -tə.b[ᵊl] ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.bᵊl

transportability ˌtrænt.spɔː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌtrɑːnt-, trænˌspɔː-, trɑːn-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ trænˌspɔːr.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

transportation ˌtrænt.spɔːˈteɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnt-, -spəˈ- US ˌtrænt.spɚˈ- -s -z

transporter trænˈspɔː.təʳ, trɑːn- US trænˈspɔːr.t̬ɚ -s -z

transpos|e trænˈspəʊz, trɑːn- US trænˈspoʊz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl -al/s -ᵊl/z

transposition ˌtrænt.spəˈzɪʃ.ᵊn, ˌtrɑːnt- US ˌtrænt- -s -z

transputer trænˈspjuː.təʳ, trɑːn-; trænzˈpjuː-, trɑːnz- US trænˈspjuː.t̬ɚ -s -z

transsexual trænˈsek.ʃʊəl, trɑːn-, trænts-, trɑːnts-, -ʃu.əl, -sjʊəl, -sju.əl US trænˈsek.ʃu.əl, trænts- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zᵊm

transsexuality trænˌsek.ʃuˈæl.ɪ.ti, -sju-, -ə.ti US -ʃuˈæl.ə.t̬i

transship træntsˈʃɪp, trɑːnts-, trænz-, trɑːnz-, træn-, trɑːn- US trænsˈʃɪp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t -ment/s -mənt/s

Trans-Siberian ˌtrænts.saɪˈbɪə.ri.ən, ˌtrɑːnts-, ˌtrænz-, ˌtrɑːnz- US ˌtrænts.saɪˈbɪr.i-, ˌtrænz-

transubstanti|ate ˌtrænt.səbˈstæn.tʃi|.eɪt, ˌtrɑːnt-, -ˈstɑːn-; -ˈstænt.si-, -ˈstɑːnt- US ˌtrænt.səbˈstænt.ʃi- -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.t̬ɪd

transubstantiation ˌtrænt.səbˌstæn.tʃiˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtrɑːnt-, -ˌstɑːn-; -ˌstænts.i-, -ˌstɑːnt- US ˌtrænt.səbˌstænt.ʃiˈ- -s -z

Transvaal ˈtrænz.vɑːl, ˈtrɑːnz-, ˈtrænts-, ˈtrɑːnts-, ˌ-ˈ- US ˌtræntsˈvɑːl, ˌtrænz-

Transvaaler ˈtrænzˌvɑː.ləʳ, ˈtrɑːnz-, ˈtrænts-, ˈtrɑːnts-, ˌ-ˈ-- US ˌtræntsˈvɑː.lɚ, ˌtrænz- -s -z

transversal trænzˈvɜː.sᵊl, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- US træntsˈvɝː-, trænz- -s -z

transverse trænzˈvɜːs, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- US træntsˈvɝːs, trænz- -ly -li *stress shift:* ˌtransverse ˈengine

transverse (*n.*) ˈtrænz.vɜːs, ˈtrɑːnz-, ˈtrænts-, ˈtrɑːnts-, ˌ-ˈ- US ˈtrænts-, ˈtrænz-

transvestism trænzˈves.tɪ.zᵊm, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- US trænts-, trænz-

transvestite trænzˈves.taɪt, trɑːnz-, trænts-, trɑːnts- US trænts-, trænz- -s -s

Transylvani|a ˌtrænt.sɪlˈveɪ.ni|.ə, ˌtrɑːnt-, -sᵊlˈ-, ˈ-nj|ə US ˌtrænt- -an/s -ən

tranter (T) ˈtræn.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z

trap træp -s -s -ping/s -ɪŋ/z -ped -t -per/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

trapdoor ˌtræpˈdɔːʳ US ˈtræp.dɔːr, ˌ-ˈ- -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌtrapdoor ˈspider

trapes treɪps -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

trapez|e trəˈpiːz US træpˈiːz, trəˈpiːz -es -ɪz

trapezi|um trəˈpiː.zi|.əm -ums -əmz -a -ə

trapezoid ˈtræp.ɪ.zɔɪd -s -z

Trapp træp

trappings ˈtræp.ɪŋz

Trappist ˈtræp.ɪst -s -s

trapshoot|ing ˈtræpˌʃuː.t|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

Traquair trəˈkweəʳ US -ˈkwer

trash træʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

trashcan ˈtræʃ.kæn -s -z

trash|man ˈtræʃ|.mæn, -mən -men -men, -mən

trash|y ˈtræʃ|.i -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Trasimene ˈtræz.ɪ.miːn, ˈ-ə- US ˈtrɑː.zɪ.miːn, -zə-

trattoria ˌtræt.ᵊrˈiː.ə US ˌtrɑː.t̬əˈriː.ə, -tɔːˈ-; trɑːˈtɔːr.i- -s -z

traum|a ˈtrɔː.m|ə, ˈtraʊ- US ˈtrɑː-, ˈtrɔː-, ˈtraʊ- -as -əz -ata -ə.tə US -ə.t̬ə

traumatic trɔːˈmæt.ɪk, traʊ- US trɑːˈmæt̬-, trɔː-, traʊ- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li

traumatism ˈtrɔː.mə.tɪ.zᵊm US ˈtrɑː-, ˈtrɔː- -s -z

traumatization, -isa- ˌtrɔː.mə.taɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtraʊ-, -tɪˈ- US ˌtrɑː.mə.t̬ɪˈ-, ˌtrɔː-, ˌtraʊ-

traumatiz|e, -is|e ˈtrɔː.mə.taɪz, ˈtraʊ- US ˈtrɑː-, ˈtrɔː-, ˈtraʊ- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

travail ˈtræv.eɪl; trəˈveɪl US trəˈveɪl; ˈtræv.eɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

Travancore ˌtræv.ᵊŋˈkɔːʳ US -ˈkɔːr

travel ˈtræv.ᵊl -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ, ˈtræv.lɪŋ -(l)ed -d ˈtravel ˌagency; ˈtravel ˌagent; ˈtravelling exˌpenses; ˌtravelling ˈsalesman; ˈtravel ˌsickness

travelator ˈtræv.ᵊl.eɪ.təʳ US -ə.leɪ.t̬ɚ -s -z

Travelcard ˈtræv.ᵊl.kɑːd US -kɑːrd

travel(l)er ˈtræv.ᵊl.əʳ, ˈ-ləʳ US ˈ-ᵊl.ɚ, ˈ-lɚ -s -z ˈtravel(l)er's ˌcheque

travelogue, travelog ˈtræv.ᵊl.ɒg US -ə.lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z

Travers ˈtræv.əz US -ɚz

travers|e (*n, adj.*) ˈtræv.əs, -ɜːs; trəˈvɜːs, trævˈɜːs US ˈtræv.ɚs, -ɝːs; trəˈvɝːs, trævˈɝːs -es -ɪz

travers|e (*v.*) trəˈvɜːs, trævˈɜːs; ˈtræv.ɜːs US trəˈvɝːs, trævˈɝːs; ˈtræv.ɚs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

travest|y ˈtræv.ə.st|i, ˈ-ɪ- US ˈ-ɪ- -ies -iz -ying -i.ɪŋ -ied -id ˌtravesty of ˈjustice

Traviata ˌtræv.iˈɑː.tə US ˌtrɑː.viˈɑː.t̬ə

Travis ˈtræv.ɪs

travolator ˈtræv.ᵊl.eɪ.təʳ US -t̬ɚ -s -z

Travolta trəˈvəʊl.tə, -ˈvɒl- US -ˈvoʊl.t̬ə

trawl trɔːl US trɑːl, trɔːl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

trawler ˈtrɔː.ləʳ US ˈtrɑː.lɚ, ˈtrɔː- -s -z

trawler|man ˈtrɔː.lə|.mən US ˈtrɑː.lɚ-, ˈtrɔː- -men -mən

tray treɪ -s -z

Traynor ˈtreɪ.nəʳ US -nɚ

treacherous ˈtretʃ.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs

treacher|y ˈtretʃ.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz

treacle ˈtriː.kᵊl -s -z ˌtreacle ˈtart

treacl|y ˈtriː.kᵊl|.i, ˈ-kl|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

tread tred -s -z -ing -ɪŋ trod trɒd US trɑːd trodden ˈtrɒd.ᵊn US ˈtrɑː.dᵊn treader/s ˈtred.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z ˌtread on someone's ˈtoes

treadle ˈtred.ᵊl -s -z

treadmill ˈtred.mɪl -s -z

Treadwell ˈtred.wel

treason ˈtriː.zᵊn -s -z

treasonab|le ˈtriː.zᵊn.ə.b|ᵊl, ˈtriːz.nə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

treasonous ˈtriː.zᵊn.əs, ˈtriːz.nəs

treas|ure ˈtreʒ|.əʳ US -ɚ -ures -əz US -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd US -ɚd ˈtreasure ˌhunt; ˈtreasure ˌtrove

treasure-hou|se ˈtreʒ.ə.haʊ|s US ˈ-ɚ- -ses -zɪz

treasurer ˈtreʒ.ᵊr.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z

treasurership ˈtreʒ.ᵊr.ə.ʃɪp US -ɚ- -s -s

treasure-trove ˈtreʒ.ə.trəʊv US ˈ-ɚ.troʊv

treasur|y (T) ˈtreʒ.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz

treat triːt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ US ˈtriː.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd US ˈtriː.t̬ɪd

treatable ˈtriː.tə.bᵊl US -t̬ə-

treatis|e ˈtriː.tɪz, -tɪs US -t̬ɪs -es -ɪz

treatment ˈtriːt.mənt -s -s

treat|y ˈtriː.t|i US -t̬|i -ies -iz

Trebizond ˈtreb.ɪ.zɒnd US -zɑːnd

trebl|e ˈtreb.ᵊl -es -z -y -i, ˈtreb.li -ing -ɪŋ, ˈtreb.lɪŋ -ed -d

Treblinka trəˈblɪŋ.kə, trebˈlɪŋ- US trəˈblɪŋ-; trebˈliːŋ-

Trebor ˈtriː.bɔːʳ US -bɔːr

trebuchet ˈtreb.ʊ.ʃeɪ, -jʊ-, -uː-, -ʃet US ˈtreb.ʊ.ʃeɪ, -ʃet, -ˈʃeɪ -s -z

Tredegar trɪˈdiː.gəʳ, trə- US -gɚ

tree (T) triː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d ˈtree ˌfrog; ˌTree of ˈKnowledge; ˈtree ˌsurgeon; ˌbark up the ˌwrong ˈtree

treecreeper ˈtriːˌkriː.pəʳ US -pɚ -s -z

treeless ˈtriː.ləs, -lɪs

treeline ˈtriː.laɪn

tree-lined ˈtriː.laɪnd

treetop ˈtriː.tɒp US -tɑːp -s -s

trefoil ˈtref.ɔɪl, ˈtriː.fɔɪl, ˈtrɪf.ɔɪl US ˈtriː.fɔɪl, ˈtref.ɔɪl -s -z

Trefor ˈtrev.əʳ US -ɚ

Trefusis trɪˈfjuː.sɪs, trə-

Tregear trɪˈgɪəʳ, trə- US -ˈgɪr

Treharne trɪˈhɑːn, trə-, -ˈhɜːn US -ˈhɑːrn, -ˈhɝːn

Treharris trɪˈhær.ɪs, trə- US -ˈher-, -ˈhær-

Treherne trɪˈhɜːn, trə- US -ˈhɝːn

trek trek -s -s -king -ɪŋ -ked -t -ker/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

Trekkie ˈtrek.i -s -z

Trelawn(e)y trɪˈlɔː.ni, trə- US -ˈlɑː-, -ˈlɔː-

Treleaven trɪˈlev.ᵊn, trə-

Trill

A speech sound produced by the rapid vibration of one of the vocal organs.

Examples

The parts of the body that are used in speaking (the 'vocal apparatus') include some 'wobbly bits' that can be made to vibrate. When this type of vibration is made as a speech sound, it is called a trill. The possibilities include a BILABIAL trill, where the lips vibrate (used as a mild insult, this is sometimes called "blowing a raspberry", or, in the US, a 'Bronx Cheer'), a tongue-tip trill which is produced in many languages for a sound represented alphabetically as r, and a uvular trill, which is a rather dramatic way of pronouncing a "uvular r" as found in French, German and many other European languages, most commonly used in acting and singing.

In British English, the trill most likely to occur is the ALVEOLAR trill, which is (perhaps confusingly) represented by the symbol [r], and is an allophone of the English phoneme /r/. However, it most frequently occurs in restricted contexts, such as singing.

trellis 'trel.ɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
trelliswork 'trel.ɪs.wɜːk ⓤⓢ -wɝːk
Tremadoc trɪ'mæd.ək, trə-
Tremain, Tremayne trɪ'meɪn, trə-
trembl|e 'trem.bᵊl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, 'trem.blɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'trem.bləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-ᵊl.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z
trembl|y 'trem.bl|i, '-bᵊl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tremendous trɪ'men.dəs, trə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tremolo 'trem.ᵊl.əʊ ⓤⓢ -ə.loʊ **-s** -z
tremor 'trem.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z
tremulant 'trem.jə.lənt, -jʊ- **-s** -s
tremulous 'trem.jə.ləs, -jʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
trench (T) trentʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˈ**trench ˌcoat; ˌtrench 'foot; ˌtrench 'warfare**
trenchancy 'tren.*t*ʃənt.si
trenchant 'tren.*t*ʃənt **-ly** -li
Trenchard 'tren.*t*ʃɑːd, -*t*ʃəd ⓤⓢ -*t*ʃɑːrd, -*t*ʃɚd
trencher|man 'tren.*t*ʃə|.mən ⓤⓢ -*t*ʃɚ- **-men** -mən
trend trend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
trendsett|er 'trendˌset|.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌseṭ|.ɚ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ing** -ɪŋ
trendspotter 'trendˌspɒt.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌspɑː.ṭɚ **-s** -z
trend|y 'tren.d|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Trent trent
Trentham 'tren.təm
Trenton 'tren.tən ⓤⓢ -tᵊn
trepan trɪ'pæn, trə- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
trepang trɪ'pæŋ, trə- **-s** -z
trephin|e trɪ'fiːn, tref'iːn, trə'fiːn, -'faɪn ⓤⓢ trɪ'faɪn, triː-, -'fiːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
trepidation ˌtrep.ɪ'deɪ.ʃᵊn, -ə'-
Tresilian trɪ'sɪl.i.ən, trə-, '-jən
trespass (*v.*) 'tres.pəs ⓤⓢ -pæs, -pəs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
trespass (*n.*) 'tres.pəs **-es** -ɪz
tress tres **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
trestle 'tres.ᵊl **-s** -z ˌ**trestle 'table, 'trestle ˌtable**
Trethowan trɪ'θəʊən, trə-, -'θaʊən, -'θɔː.ən ⓤⓢ -'θoʊən, -'θaʊən, -'θɑː.ən, -'θɔː-
Trevelyan *in Cornwall:* trɪ'vɪl.jən, trə- ⓤⓢ trɪ'vel-, -'vɪl- *in Northumbria:* trɪ'vel.jən, trə-
Treves triːvz
Trevethick trɪ'veθ.ɪk, trə-
Trevisa trɪ'viː.sə, trə-
Treviso trɪ'viː.səʊ, -zəʊ ⓤⓢ -soʊ
Trevithick 'trev.ɪ.θɪk ⓤⓢ -ə-
Trevor 'trev.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Trevor-Roper ˌtrev.ə'rəʊ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ'roʊ.pɚ
Trewin trɪ'wɪn, trə-
trews truːz
trey treɪ **-s** -z
tri- traɪ, trɪ, triː
Note: Prefix. See individual entries for pronunciation and stressing.
triable 'traɪ.ə.bᵊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
triad (T) 'traɪ.æd, -əd **-s** -z
triage 'triː.ɑːʒ; 'traɪ.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ 'triː.ɑːʒ
trial traɪəl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d ˌ**trial and 'error;** ˌ**trials and tribu'lations;** ˌ**trial 'run**
trialogue 'traɪ.ə.lɒg ⓤⓢ -lɑːg, -lɔːg **-s** -z
triangle 'traɪ.æŋ.gᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
triangular traɪ'æŋ.gjə.ləʳ, -gjʊ- ⓤⓢ -lɚ **-ly** -li
triangularity traɪˌæŋ.gjə'lær.ə.ti, ˌtraɪ.æŋ-, -jʊ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ traɪˌæŋ.gjə'ler.ə.ṭi, -gjʊ'-, -'lær-
triangu|late traɪ'æŋ.gjə|.leɪt, -gjʊ- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ṭɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.ṭɪd
triangulation traɪˌæŋ.gjə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌtraɪ.æŋ-, -gjʊ'- ⓤⓢ traɪˌæŋ-
Triangulum traɪ'æŋ.gjə.ləm, -gjʊ-
Triassic traɪ'æs.ɪk
triathlete traɪ'æθ.liːt **-s** -s
triathlon traɪ'æθ.lɒn, -lən ⓤⓢ -lɑːn, -lən **-s** -z
triatomic ˌtraɪ.ə'tɒm.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'tɑː.mɪk
tribadism 'trɪb.ə.dɪ.zᵊm, 'traɪ.bə-
tribal 'traɪ.bᵊl **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
tribalistic ˌtraɪ.bᵊl'ɪs.tɪk ⓤⓢ -bə'lɪs-
tribasic traɪ'beɪ.sɪk
tribe traɪb **-s** -z
tribes|man 'traɪbz|.mən **-men** -mən, -men **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
tribespeople 'traɪbzˌpiː.pᵊl
tribrach 'traɪ.bræk, 'trɪb.ræk **-s** -s
tribrachic traɪ'bræk.ɪk, trɪ-
tribulation ˌtrɪb.jə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -jʊ'- **-s** -z
tribunal traɪ'bjuː.nᵊl, trɪ- **-s** -z
tribunate 'trɪb.jə.neɪt, -jʊ-, -nɪt, -nət ⓤⓢ -nɪt, -neɪt **-s** -s
tribune (T) 'trɪb.juːn **-s** -z
tributar|y 'trɪb.jə.tᵊr|.i, -jʊ-, -tr|i ⓤⓢ -ter|.i **-ies** -iz
tribute 'trɪb.juːt **-s** -s
trice traɪs
Tricel® 'traɪ.sel
triceps 'traɪ.seps **-es** -ɪz
trichin|a trɪ'kaɪ.n|ə, trə- **-ae** -iː **-as** -əz
Trichinopoly ˌtrɪtʃ.ɪ'nɒp.ᵊl.i, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.pᵊl-
trichinosis ˌtrɪk.ɪ'nəʊ.sɪs, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'noʊ-
trichloride traɪ'klɔː.raɪd ⓤⓢ -'klɔːr.aɪd **-s** -z
tricholog|y trɪ'kɒl.ə.dʒ|i, trə- ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
trichord 'traɪ.kɔːd ⓤⓢ -kɔːrd **-s** -z
trichosis trɪ'kəʊ.sɪs, trə- ⓤⓢ -'koʊ-
trichotomy trɪ'kɒt.ə.mi, trə- ⓤⓢ -'kɑː.ṭə-
Tricia 'trɪʃ.ə
Tricity® 'trɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.ṭi
trick trɪk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z ˌ**trick 'cyclist;** ˌ**trick or 'treat**
tricker|y 'trɪk.ᵊr|.i **-ies** -iz
trickl|e 'trɪk.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'trɪk.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'trickle ˌcharger**
trickledown 'trɪk.ᵊl.daʊn
trickly 'trɪk.ᵊl.i, '-li
trickster 'trɪk.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ **-s** -z

Triphthong

A vowel glide with three distinguishable vowel qualities.

Examples for English

In British English there are said to be five triphthongs, formed by adding /ə/ to the diphthongs /eɪ aɪ ɔɪ aʊ əʊ/. US English treats most of these sequences differently, e.g.:

layer	/leɪəʳ/	(US) /ˈleɪ.ɚ/
liar	/laɪəʳ/	(US) /ˈlaɪ.ɚ/
loyal	/lɔɪəl/	(US) /ˈlɔɪ.əl/
power	/paʊəʳ/	(US) /paʊɚ/
mower	/məʊəʳ/	(US) /ˈmoʊ.ɚ/

There are many other examples of sequences of three vowel qualities, e.g. *play-off* /pleɪɒf/, *reopen* /riəʊpən/, so the five listed above must have some special characteristic. One possibility is that speakers feel them to be one syllable; this may be the case, but there does not seem to be any clear way of proving this. This is a matter which depends to some extent on the accent: many BBC speakers pronounce these sequences almost as pure vowels (prolongations of the first element of the triphthong), so that the word *Ireland*, for example, sounds like /ˈɑː.lənd/. In Lancashire and Yorkshire accents, on the other hand, the middle vowel (/ɪ/ or /ʊ/) is pronounced with such a close vowel quality that it would seem more appropriate to transcribe the triphthongs with /j/ or /w/ in the middle (e.g. *fire* /ˈfaj.ər/), emphasising the disyllabic aspect of their pronunciation.

tricks|y ˈtrɪk.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
trick|y ˈtrɪk|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tricolo(u)r ˈtrɪk.əl.əʳ; ˈtraɪˌkʌl.əʳ (US) ˈtraɪˌkʌl.ɚ **-s** -z
tricorn(e) ˈtraɪ.kɔːn (US) -kɔːrn
tricot ˈtriː.kəʊ, ˈtrɪk.əʊ (US) ˈtriː.koʊ **-s** -z
tricycl|e ˈtraɪ.sɪ.kəl, -sə- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -klɪŋ **-ed** -d
trident (T) ˈtraɪ.dənt **-s** -s
Tridentine traɪˈden.taɪn, trɪ-, trə-, -tiːn (US) traɪˈden.taɪn, -tiːn, -tɪn
tried (*from* **try**) traɪd
triennial traɪˈen.i.əl, ˈ-jəl **-ly** -i
trier ˈtraɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Trier trɪəʳ (US) trɪr
trierarch ˈtraɪ.ər.ɑːk (US) -ə.rɑːrk **-s** -s **-y** -i **-ies** -iz
tries (*from* **try**) traɪz
Trieste triˈest; -ˈes.teɪ
triffid (T) ˈtrɪf.ɪd **-s** -z
trifid ˈtraɪ.fɪd
trifl|e ˈtraɪ.fəl **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, ˈtraɪ.flɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈtraɪ.fləʳ/z (US) ˈ-fəl.ɚ/z, ˈ-flɚ/z
trifolium traɪˈfəʊ.li.əm (US) -ˈfoʊ- **-s** -z
trifori|um traɪˈfɔː.ri|.əm (US) -ˈfɔːr.i- **-a** -ə
trig trɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
Trigg trɪg
trigg|er ˈtrɪg|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
trigger-happy ˈtrɪg.əˌhæp.i (US) -ɚˌ-
triglyph ˈtraɪ.glɪf, ˈtrɪg.lɪf (US) ˈtraɪ.glɪf **-s** -s
trigon ˈtraɪ.gən, -gɒn (US) -gɑːn **-s** -z
trigonometric ˌtrɪg.ə.nəʊˈmet.rɪk (US) -nəˈ- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
trigonometr|y ˌtrɪg.əˈnɒm.ɪ.tr|i, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈnɑː.mə- **-ies** -iz
trigraph ˈtraɪ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -græf **-s** -s
trihedral traɪˈhiː.drəl
trike traɪk **-s** -s
trilateral traɪˈlæt.ər.əl, ˈ-rəl (US) -ˈlæt̬.ɚ.əl, -ˈlæt.rəl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
trilb|y (T) ˈtrɪl.b|i **-ies** -iz
trilingual traɪˈlɪŋ.gwəl **-ly** -i
triliteral traɪˈlɪt.ər.əl, ˈ-rəl (US) -ˈlɪt̬.ɚ.əl, -ˈlɪt.rəl
trill trɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Trilling ˈtrɪl.ɪŋ
trillion ˈtrɪl.jən, -i.ən (US) ˈ-jən **-s** -z **-th/s** -*t*.θ/s
trilobite ˈtraɪ.ləʊ.baɪt (US) -loʊ-, -lə- **-s** -s
trilog|y ˈtrɪl.ə.dʒ|i **-ies** -iz
trim (T) trɪm **-mer/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-mest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-s** -z **-ming/s** -ɪŋ/z **-med** -d
trimaran ˈtraɪ.mər.æn, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈtraɪ.mə.ræn **-s** -z
Trimble ˈtrɪm.bəl
trimester trɪˈmes.təʳ, traɪ- (US) traɪˈmes.tɚ, ˈ--- **-s** -z
trimestral trɪˈmes.trəl, traɪ- (US) traɪ-, ˈ---
trimestrial trɪˈmes.tri.əl, traɪ- (US) traɪ-
trimeter ˈtrɪm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- (US) -ə.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Trincomalee ˌtrɪŋ.kəʊ.məlˈiː (US) -koʊ.məˈliː
Trinculo ˈtrɪŋ.kjə.ləʊ, -kjʊ- (US) -loʊ
Trinder ˈtrɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ
trine (T) traɪn **-s** -z
Tring trɪŋ
Trinidad ˈtrɪn.ɪ.dæd, ˈ-ə-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈtrɪn.ɪ.dæd ˌ**Trinidad and Toˈbago**
Trinidadian ˌtrɪn.ɪˈdæd.i.ən, -əˈ-, -ˈdeɪ.di- (US) -ɪˈdæd.i- **-s** -z
Trinitarian ˌtrɪn.ɪˈteə.ri.ən, -əˈ- (US) -ɪˈter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
trinitroglycerin(e) ˌtraɪ.naɪ.trəʊˈglɪs.ər.ɪn, traɪˌnaɪ-, -iːn (US) traɪˌnaɪ.troʊˈglɪs.ɚ.ɪn
trinitrotoluene ˌtraɪ.naɪ.trəʊˈtɒl.ju.iːn, traɪˌnaɪ- (US) traɪˌnaɪ.troʊˈtɑːl-
trinit|y (T) ˈtrɪn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
trinket ˈtrɪŋ.kɪt, -kət **-s** -s
trinomial traɪˈnəʊ.mi.əl (US) -ˈnoʊ- **-s** -z
trio ˈtriː.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z
triode ˈtraɪ.əʊd (US) -oʊd **-s** -z
triolet ˈtriː.əʊ.let, ˈtraɪ-, ˈtrɪə.let, -lɪt, -lət (US) ˈtriː.ə-, ˈtraɪ- **-s** -s
trioxide traɪˈɒk.saɪd (US) -ˈɑːk- **-s** -z
trip trɪp **-s** -s **-ping/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˈ**trip** ˌ**wire**
tripartite ˌtraɪˈpɑː.taɪt (US) -ˈpɑːr- **-ly** -li *stress shift:* ˌtripartite ˈtalks
tripe traɪp
triphibi|ous traɪˈfɪb.i|.əs **-an/s** -ən/z
triphthong ˈtrɪf.θɒŋ, ˈtrɪp- (US) -θɑːŋ, -θɔːŋ **-s** -z
triphthongal trɪfˈθɒŋ.gəl, trɪp- (US) -ˈθɑːŋ-, -ˈθɔːŋ- **-ly** -i
triplane ˈtraɪ.pleɪn **-s** -z
tripl|e ˈtrɪp.əl **-y** -i **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈtrɪp.lɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**triple** ˌ**jump**, ˌ**triple** ˈ**jump**
triplet ˈtrɪp.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
triplex (T®) ˈtrɪp.leks **-es** -ɪz
triplicate (*adj.*) ˈtrɪp.lɪ.kət, -lə-, -kɪt (US) -kɪt
tripli|cate (*v.*) ˈtrɪp.lɪ|.keɪt, -lə- **-cates** -keɪts **-cating** -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-cated** -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd
triploid ˈtrɪp.lɔɪd **-s** -z **-y** -i
tripod ˈtraɪ.pɒd (US) -pɑːd **-s** -z
Tripoli, tripoli ˈtrɪp.əl.i
Tripolitania ˌtrɪp.əl.ɪˈteɪ.ni.ə, -ɒl-; trɪˌpɒl- (US) ˌtrɪp.əl.əˈ-; trɪˌpɑː.ləˈ-
tripos ˈtraɪ.pɒs (US) -pɑːs **-es** -ɪz
Tripp trɪp
triptych ˈtrɪp.tɪk **-s** -s
tripwire ˈtrɪp.waɪəʳ (US) -waɪɚ **-s** -z
trireme ˈtraɪ.riːm **-s** -z
trisect traɪˈsekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

trisection traɪ'sek.ʃ^{ə}n -s -z

Trisha 'trɪʃ.ə

Tristan 'trɪs.tən, -tæn (US) -tən, -tæn, -tɑːn

Tristan da Cunha ˌtrɪs.tən.də'kuː.nə, -njə

Tristram 'trɪs.trəm, -træm (US) -trəm

trisyllabic ˌtraɪ.sɪ'læb.ɪk, -sə'- (US) -sɪ'- **-al** -^{ə}l **-ally** -^{ə}l.i, -li

trisyllable traɪ'sɪl.ə.b^{ə}l -s -z

trit|e traɪt **-er** -ə^{r} (US) 'traɪ.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'traɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

tritium 'trɪt.i.əm, '-jəm (US) 'trɪt̬.i.əm, 'trɪʃ-

triton (T) *sea god, mollusc:* 'traɪ.tɒn, -t^{ə}n (US) -t^{ə}n *physics:* 'traɪ.tɒn, -t^{ə}n (US) -tɑːn -s -z

tritone 'traɪ.təʊn (US) -toʊn -s -z

triumph (T®) 'traɪ.əmpf, -ʌmpf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t

triumphal traɪ'ʌmp.f^{ə}l **-ism** -ɪ.z^{ə}m **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

triumphant traɪ'ʌmp.fənt **-ly** -li

triumv|ir traɪ'ʌm.v|ə^{r}, tri-, -'ʊm-, -v|ɪə^{r}, -v|ɜː^{r}; 'traɪ.ʌm-, -əm- (US) traɪ'ʌm.v|ɪr, -v|ɚ **-irs** -əz, -ɪəz, -ɜːz (US) -ɪrz, -ɚz **-iri** -ɪˌriː, -^{ə}r.iː, -aɪ (US) -ɪˌraɪ

triumvirate traɪ'ʌm.vɪ.rət, tri-, -v^{ə}r.ət, -ɪt (US) traɪ'ʌm.vɪ.rɪt, -vɚ.ɪt -s -s

triumviri traɪ'ʌm.vɪˌriː, tri-, -v^{ə}r.iː, -aɪ, 'traɪ.ʌm-, -əm- (US) traɪ'ʌm.vɪˌraɪ, -və-

triune (T) 'traɪ.uːn (US) -juːn

trivalent traɪ'veɪ.l^{ə}nt; 'trɪv.^{ə}l.^{ə}nt (US) traɪ'veɪ.l^{ə}nt, ˌtraɪ-, '---

trivet 'trɪv.ɪt -s -s

trivia 'trɪv.i.ə

trivial 'trɪv.i.əl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌ**Trivial Pur'suit**

trivialit|y ˌtrɪv.i'æl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

trivializ|e, -is|e 'trɪv.i.^{ə}l.aɪz, '-j^{ə}l- (US) -i.^{ə}l- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

trivi|um 'trɪv.i|.əm **-a** -ə

Trixie 'trɪk.si

trizonal traɪ'zəʊ.n^{ə}l (US) -'zoʊ-

Trizone 'traɪ.zəʊn (US) -zoʊn

Troad 'trəʊ.æd (US) 'troʊ-

Troas 'trəʊ.æs (US) 'troʊ-

Trocadero ˌtrɒk.ə'dɪə.rəʊ (US) ˌtrɑː.kə'der.oʊ, ˌtroʊ-

trochaic trəʊ'keɪ.ɪk, trɒk'eɪ- (US) troʊ'keɪ-

troch|e trəʊʃ (US) 'troʊ.ki **-es** -ɪz

trochee 'trəʊ.kiː, -ki (US) 'troʊ- -s -z

trod (*from* **tread**) trɒd (US) trɑːd **-den** -^{ə}n

Troed-y-rhiw ˌtrɔɪd.ə.ri'uː

trog trɒg (US) trɑːg, trɔːg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

troglodyte 'trɒg.ləʊ.daɪt (US) 'trɑː.glə- -s -s

troika 'trɔɪ.kə -s -z

troilism 'trɔɪ.lɪ.z^{ə}m

Troilus 'trɔɪ.ləs, 'trəʊ.ɪ.ləs (US) 'trɔɪ.ləs, 'troʊ.ə-

Trojan 'trəʊ.dʒ^{ə}n (US) 'troʊ- -s -z ˌ**Trojan 'horse;** ˌ**Trojan 'War**

troll trəʊl, trɒl (US) troʊl -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

trolley 'trɒl.i (US) 'trɑː.li -s -z

trolleybus 'trɒl.i.bʌs (US) 'trɑː.li- -es -ɪz

trolleyed 'trɒl.id (US) 'trɑː.lid

trollop 'trɒl.əp (US) 'trɑː.ləp -s -s

Trollope 'trɒl.əp (US) 'trɑː.ləp

Tromans 'trəʊ.mənz (US) 'troʊ-

trombone trɒm'bəʊn (US) trɑːm'boʊn, trəm-; 'trɑːm.boʊn -s -z

trombonist trɒm'bəʊ.nɪst (US) trɑːm'boʊ-, '--- -s -s

tromp trɒmp (US) trɑːmp, trɔːmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d

trompe l'oeil ˌtrɒmp'lɔɪ *as if French:* ˌtrɔ̃ːmp'lɜː.i (US) ˌtrɔːmp'lɔɪ -s -z

Trondheim 'trɒnd.haɪm (US) 'trɑːn.heɪm

Troon truːn

troop truːp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z (US) -ɚ/z **'troop** ˌ**carrier**

troopship 'truːp.ʃɪp -s -s

trope trəʊp (US) troʊp -s -s

trophic 'trɒf.ɪk (US) 'trɑː.fɪk

troph|y 'trəʊ.f|i (US) 'troʊ- **-ies** -iz

tropic 'trɒp.ɪk (US) 'trɑː.pɪk -s -s **-al** -^{ə}l **-ally** -^{ə}l.i, -li ˌ**tropic of 'Cancer;** ˌ**tropic of 'Capricorn**

tropism 'trəʊ.pɪ.z^{ə}m (US) 'troʊ- -s -z

tropistic trəʊ'pɪs.tɪk (US) troʊ-

troppo 'trɒp.əʊ (US) 'trɑː.poʊ

Trossachs 'trɒs.əks, -æks, -əxs (US) 'trɑː.səks, -sæks

trot (T) trɒt (US) trɑːt -s -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'trɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'trɑː.t̬ɪd

troth trəʊθ, trɒθ (US) trɑːθ, trɔːθ, troʊθ

Trotsky 'trɒt.ski (US) 'trɑːt- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ite/s** -aɪt/s **-ism** -ɪ.z^{ə}m

Trotskyite 'trɒt.ski.aɪt (US) 'trɑːt- -s -s

Trott trɒt (US) trɑːt

trotter (T) 'trɒt.ə^{r} (US) 'trɑː.t̬ɚ -s -z

Trottiscliffe 'trɒz.li, 'trɒs- (US) 'trɑːz-, 'trɑːs-

troubadour 'truː.bə.dɔː^{r}, -dʊə^{r} (US) -dɔːr -s -z

troubl|e 'trʌb.^{ə}l **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, 'trʌb.lɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z, 'trʌb.lə^{r}/z (US) '-^{ə}l.ɚ/z, '-lɚ/z ˌ**trouble and 'strife; 'trouble** ˌ**spot**

trouble-free ˌtrʌb.^{ə}l'friː *stress shift:* ˌtrouble-free 'journey

troublemaker 'trʌb.^{ə}lˌmeɪ.kə^{r} (US) -kɚ -s -z

troubleshoot|er 'trʌb.^{ə}lˌʃuː.t|ə^{r} (US) -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

troublesome 'trʌb.^{ə}l.səm **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

troublous 'trʌb.ləs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Troubridge 'truː.brɪdʒ

trough trɒf (US) trɑːf, trɔːf -s -s
Note: Some bakers pronounce /traʊ/.

Troughton 'traʊ.t^{ə}n, 'trɔː-

trounc|e traʊnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t

Troup truːp

troup|e truːp **-es** -s **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z (US) -ɚ/z

trouper 'truː.pə^{r} (US) -pɚ -s -z

trouser 'traʊ.zə^{r} (US) -zɚ **'trouser** ˌ**press; 'trouser** ˌ**suit**

trousers 'traʊ.zəz (US) -zɚz

trousseau 'truː.səʊ, -'- (US) 'truː.soʊ, -'- -s -z -x -z

trout traʊt -s -s

trove trəʊv (US) troʊv

trover 'trəʊ.və^{r} (US) 'troʊ.vɚ

trow trəʊ, traʊ (US) troʊ

Trowbridge 'trəʊ.brɪdʒ (US) 'troʊ-

trowel traʊəl -s -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d

Trowell trəʊəl, traʊəl (US) troʊəl, traʊəl

troy (T) trɔɪ

truancy 'truː.ənt.si

truant 'truː.ənt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd

Trübner 'truːb.nə^{r} (US) -nɚ

truc|e truːs **-es** -ɪz

trucial (T) 'truː.ʃ^{ə}l (US) '-ʃ^{ə}l

truck trʌk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-age** -ɪdʒ **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z (US) -ɚ/z **'truck** ˌ**stop**

truckl|e 'trʌk.^{ə}l **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'trʌk.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **'truckle** ˌ**bed**

truckload 'trʌk.ləʊd (US) -loʊd -s -z

truculen|ce 'trʌk.jə.l^{ə}nt|s, -jʊ- **-cy** -si

truculent 'trʌk.jə.l^{ə}nt, -jʊ- **-ly** -li

Trudeau 'truː.dəʊ (US) truː'doʊ, '--

trudg|e trʌdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -ə^{r}/z (US) -ɚ/z

trudgen (T) 'trʌdʒ.^{ə}n

Trudgill 'trʌd.gɪl

Trudy, Trudi 'truː.di

tru|e (T) truː **-er** -ə^{r} (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs

true-blue ˌtruː'bluː -s -z *stress shift:* ˌtrue-blue 'Tory

trueborn 'truː.bɔːn (US) -bɔːrn

Truefitt 'truː.fɪt

truehearted ˌtruː'hɑː.tɪd (US) 'truːˌhɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌtruehearted 'person

true-life ˌtruː'laɪf *stress shift:* ˌtrue-life 'story

truelove 'truː.lʌv

Trueman 'truː.mən

Truffaut 'truː.fəʊ, 'trʊf.əʊ (US) truː'foʊ

truffle 'trʌf.^{ə}l -s -z -d -d

trug trʌg -s -z

truism 'truː.ɪ.z^{ə}m -s -z

Trujillo trʊ'hiː.jəʊ (US) truː'hiː.joʊ

Truk trʌk, trʊk

truly 'truː.li

Truman 'truː.mən

Trumbull 'trʌm.bʊl (US) -bʊl, -b^{ə}l

trump (T) trʌmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **'trump** ˌ**card,** ˌ**trump 'card**

trumped-up ˌtrʌmpt'ʌp *stress shift:* ˌtrumped-up 'charges

Trumper 'trʌm.pə^{r} (US) -pɚ

trumpery 'trʌm.p^{ə}r.i

trum|pet 'trʌm|.pɪt (US) -pət **-pets** -pɪts (US) -pəts **-peting/s** -pɪ.tɪŋ/z

(US) -pə.tɪŋ/z -peted -pɪ.tɪd (US) -pə.t̬ɪd -peter/s -pɪ.təʳ/z (US) -pə.t̬ɚ/z ˌblow one's ˌown 'trumpet
truncalte trʌŋ'keɪlt, '-- (US) 'trʌŋ.keɪlt, 'trʌn- -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
truncation trʌŋ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) trʌŋ-, trʌn- -s -z
truncheon 'trʌn.tʃᵊn (US) 'trʌnt.ʃᵊn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
trundlle 'trʌn.dᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, 'trʌnd.lɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
trunk trʌŋk -s -s -ful/s -fʊl/z 'trunk ˌcall; 'trunk ˌroad
trunnion 'trʌn.i.ən, '-jən (US) '-jən -s -z -ed -d
Truro 'trʊə.rəʊ (US) 'trʊr.oʊ
Truscott 'trʌs.kət (US) -kət, -kɑːt
Truslove 'trʌs.lʌv
truss trʌs -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
trust trʌst -s -s -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd 'trust ˌfund
trustee trʌs'tiː -s -z
trusteeship trʌs'tiː.ʃɪp -s -s
trustful 'trʌst.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Trusthouse Forte® ˌtrʌst.haʊs'fɔː.teɪ (US) -'fɔːr-
trustworthly 'trʌstˌwɜː.ði (US) -ˌwɝː- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
trustly 'trʌs.tli -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
trulth truːlθ -ths -ðz, -θs 'truth ˌdrug
truthful 'truːθ.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
trly trlaɪ -ies -aɪz -ying/ly -aɪ.ɪŋ/li -ied -aɪd -ier/s -aɪ.əʳ/z (US) -aɪ.ɚ/z
Tryon traɪən
try-on 'traɪ.ɒn (US) -ɑːn -s -z
tryout 'traɪ.aʊt -s -s
trypanosome 'trɪp.ə.nəʊ.səʊm; trɪ'pæn.ə- (US) trɪ'pæn.ə.soʊm; 'trɪp.ə.noʊ- -s -z
trypanosomiasis ˌtrɪp.ə.nəʊ.səʊ'maɪ.ə.sɪs; trɪˌpæn.əʊ- (US) trɪˌpæn.ə.soʊ'-; ˌtrɪp.ə.noʊ-
trypsin 'trɪp.sɪn
trypsinogen trɪp'sɪn.ə.dʒᵊn (US) '-oʊ-
tryst trɪst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
Trystan 'trɪs.tæn, -tən
tsar (T) zɑːʳ, tsɑːʳ (US) zɑːr, tsɑːr -s -z
tsarevitch, tsarevich (T) 'zɑː.rə.vɪtʃ, 'tsɑː-, -rɪ- (US) 'zɑːr.ə-, 'tsɑːr- -es -ɪz
tsarina (T) zɑː'riː.nə, tsɑː- -s -z
tsarism 'zɑː.rɪ.zᵊm, 'tsɑː- (US) 'zɑːr.ɪ-, 'tsɑːr-
tsarist 'zɑː.rɪst, 'tsɑː- (US) 'zɑːr.ɪst, 'tsɑːr- -s -s
TSB® ˌtiː.es'biː
tsetse 'tet.si, 'tset- (US) 'tset-, 'tsiːt-, 'tet-, 'tiːt- -s -z 'tsetse ˌfly
T-shirt 'tiː.ʃɜːt (US) -ʃɝːt -s -s
tsk (*interj.*) tɪsk
Note: This spelling represents the tongue click used (usually repeated) to indicate disapproval; it may be described as a voiceless affricated alveolar click, symbolized as [ǀˢ]. The transcription given above is only used in mock disapproval. See also **tut**.
tsp (*abbrev. for* **teaspoon, teaspoonful**) 'tiː.spuːn, 'tiː.spuːn.fʊl
T-square 'tiː.skweəʳ (US) -skwer -s -z
tsunamli tsʊ'nɑː.mli, sʊ-, -'næmli (US) tsuː'nɑː.mli -is -iz -ic -ɪk
Tswana 'tswɑː.nə, 'swɑː- -s -z
TT ˌtiː'tiː ˌT'T ˌraces
Tuamotu ˌtuː.ə'məʊ.tuː (US) -'moʊ-
Tuareg 'twɑː.reg (US) 'twɑːr.eg -s -z
tub tʌb -s -z -bing -ɪŋ -bed -d
tuba 'tjuː.bə, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -z
tubbly 'tʌbl.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tube tjuːb, tʃuːb (US) tuːb, tjuːb -s -z
tubeless 'tjuː.bləs, 'tʃuː-, -blɪs (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː-
tuber 'tjuː.bəʳ (US) 'tuː.bɚ, 'tjuː- -s -z
tubercle 'tjuː.bə.kᵊl, -bɜː- (US) 'tuː.bɚ-, 'tjuː- -s -z
tubercular tjuː'bɜː.kjə.ləʳ, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuː'bɝː.kjə.lɚ, tjuː-, tə-, -kjʊ-
tuberculin tjuː'bɜː.kjə.lɪn, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuː'bɝː-, tjuː-, tə-
tuberculization, -isa- tjuːˌbɜː.kjə.laɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, tjʊ-, -kjʊ-, -lɪ'- (US) tuːˌbɝː.kjə.lɪ'-, tjuː-, tə-, -kjʊ-
tuberculizle, -isle tjuː'bɜː.kjə.laɪz, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuː'bɝː-, tjuː-, tə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
tuberculoid tjuː'bɜː.kjə.lɔɪd, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuː'bɝː-, tjuː-, tə-
tuberculosis tjuːˌbɜː.kjə'ləʊ.sɪs, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuːˌbɝː.kjə'loʊ-, tjuː-, tə-, -kjʊ-
tuberculous tjuː'bɜː.kjə.ləs, tjʊ-, -kjʊ- (US) tuː'bɝː-, tjuː-, tə-
tuberose (*n.*) 'tjuː.bᵊr.əʊz (US) 'tuː.broʊz, 'tjuː-, -bə.roʊz
tuberose (*adj.*) 'tjuː.bᵊr.əʊs (US) 'tuː.bə.roʊs, 'tjuː-
tuberous 'tjuː.bᵊr.əs (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː-
tubful 'tʌb.fʊl -s -z
tubiform 'tjuː.bɪ.fɔːm, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː.bɪ.fɔːrm, 'tjuː-
tubing 'tjuː.bɪŋ, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -z
Tübingen 'tuː.bɪŋ.ən, 'tjuː-
tub-thumplling 'tʌbˌθʌm.plɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Tubuai ˌtuː.bu'aɪ
tubular 'tjuː.bjə.ləʳ, 'tʃuː-, -bjʊ- (US) 'tuː.bjə.lɚ, 'tjuː-, -bjʊ-
tubule 'tjuː.bjuːl, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -z
TUC ˌtiː.juː'siː
tuck (T) tʌk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
tucker (T) 'tʌk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
tuck-shop 'tʌk.ʃɒp (US) -ʃɑːp -s -s
Tucson 'tuː.sɒn (US) 'tuː.sɑːn
Tudjman 'tʊdʒ.mən, 'tʊdz-, 'tʌdʒ-
Tudor 'tjuː.dəʳ, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː.dɚ, 'tjuː- -s -z
Tue. (*abbrev. for* **Tuesday**) 'tjuːz.deɪ, 'tʃuːz-, -di (US) 'tuːz-, 'tjuːz-
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /tjuː/ in British English.
Tues. (*abbrev. for* **Tuesday**) 'tjuːz.deɪ, 'tʃuːz-, -di (US) 'tuːz-, 'tjuːz-
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /tjuːz/ in British English.
Tuesday 'tjuːz.deɪ, 'tʃuːz-, -di (US) 'tuːz-, 'tjuːz- -s -z
tufa 'tjuː.fə (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː-
tuffet 'tʌf.ɪt, -ət -s -s
Tufnell 'tʌf.nᵊl ˌTufnell 'Park
tuft tʌft -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
tuftly 'tʌf.tli -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
tug tʌg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d -ger/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tugboat 'tʌg.bəʊt (US) -boʊt -s -s
tug-of-love ˌtʌg.əv'lʌv
tug-of-war ˌtʌg.əʊ'wɔːʳ (US) -'wɔːr -s -z tugs-of-war ˌtʌgz.əʊ'wɔːʳ (US) -'wɔːr
tugrik 'tuː.griːk -s -s
Tuileries 'twiː.lᵊr.iː, -i (US) -iː, -i, -iz
tuition tju'ɪʃ.ᵊn (US) tu-, tju- -s -z -al -ᵊl
Tuke tjuːk (US) tuːk, tjuːk
tulip 'tjuː.lɪp, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -s
Tull tʌl
tulle tjuːl (US) tuːl -s -z
Tulloch 'tʌl.ək, -əx (US) -ək
Tully 'tʌl.i
Tulsa 'tʌl.sə
Tulse tʌls
tum tʌm -s -z
tumblle 'tʌm.bᵊl -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -blɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tumbledown (T) 'tʌm.bᵊl.daʊn
tumble-drier, tumble-dryer ˌtʌm.bᵊl'draɪ.əʳ, 'tʌm.bᵊlˌdraɪ- (US) -ɚ -s -z
tumble-drly ˌtʌm.bᵊl'drlaɪ, '--- -ies -aɪz -ying -aɪ.ɪŋ -ied -aɪd
tumbler 'tʌm.bləʳ, '-bᵊl.əʳ (US) '-blɚ, '-bᵊl.ɚ -s -z -ful/s -fʊl/z
tumbleweed 'tʌm.bᵊl.wiːd
tumbrel 'tʌm.brᵊl -s -z
tumbril 'tʌm.brɪl, -brᵊl -s -z
tumefaction ˌtjuː.mɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn, -mə'- (US) ˌtuː.mə'-, ˌtjuː-
tumelfy 'tjuː.mɪl.faɪ, -mə- (US) 'tuː.mə-, 'tjuː- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd
tumescenlt tjuː'mes.ᵊnlt, tjʊ- (US) tuː-, tjuː- -ce -*t*s
tumid 'tjuː.mɪd (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -ly -li
tumidity tjuː'mɪd.ə.ti, tjʊ-, -ɪ.ti (US) tuː'mɪd.ə.t̬i, tjuː-
Tummel 'tʌm.ᵊl
tummly 'tʌml.i -ies -iz 'tummy ˌache; 'tummy ˌbutton
tumo(u)r 'tjuː.məʳ, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː.mɚ, 'tjuː- -s -z
tumo(u)rous 'tjuː.mᵊr.əs, 'tʃuː-

(US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː-
tumult 'tjuː.mʌlt, -məlt (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -s
tumultuous tjuː'mʌl.tju.əs, tjʊ- (US) tuː'mʌl.tʃuː.əs, tjuː-, tə-, -tʃə.wəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tumul|us 'tjuː.mjə.l|əs, -mju- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- **-i** -aɪ
tun tʌn -s -z
tuna 'tjuː.nə, 'tuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -z **'tuna ˌfish**
Tunbridge 'tʌn.brɪdʒ, 'tʌm- (US) 'tʌn- **ˌTunbridge 'Wells**
tundra 'tʌn.drə -s -z
tun|e tjuːn, tʃuːn (US) tuːn, tjuːn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'tuning ˌfork; 'tuning ˌpeg; ˌchange one's 'tune**
tuneful 'tjuːn.fəl, 'tʃuːn-, -fʊl (US) 'tuːn-, 'tjuːn- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tuneless 'tjuːn.ləs, 'tʃuːn-, -lɪs (US) 'tuːn-, 'tjuːn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
tunesmith 'tjuːn.smɪθ, 'tʃuːn- (US) 'tuːn-, 'tjuːn- -s -s
tungsten 'tʌŋk.stən
tunic 'tjuː.nɪk, 'tʃuː- (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -s
tunicle 'tjuː.nɪ.kəl (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː- -s -z
Tunis 'tjuː.nɪs (US) 'tuː-, 'tjuː-
Tunisi|a tjuː'nɪz.i|.ə, tjʊ-, -'nɪs- (US) tuː'niː.ʒ|ə, tjuː-, -'nɪʒ|.ə, -'nɪʃ|.ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Tunnard 'tʌn.əd (US) -ɚd
tunnel 'tʌn.əl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'tunnel 'vision; ˌlight at the ˌend of the 'tunnel**
Tunnicliff(e) 'tʌn.ɪ.klɪf
tunn|y 'tʌn|.i **-ies** -iz
Tunstall 'tʌnt.stəl, -stɔːl
Tuoh(e)y 'tuː.i, -hi
Tupman 'tʌp.mən
tuppenc|e 'tʌp.ənts, -əmps **-es** -ɪz
tuppenny 'tʌp.ən.i, '-ni
tuppeny 'tʌp.ən.i, '-ni
Tupperware® 'tʌp.ə.weəʳ (US) -ɚ.wer
tuque tjuːk (US) tuːk, tjuːk -s -s
tu quoque ˌtuː'kwəʊ.kwi, -'kwɒk.weɪ (US) ˌtuː'kwoʊ.kwi, ˌtjuː-, -kweɪ -s -z
Turandot 'tʊə.rən.dɒt, 'tjʊə-, -dəʊ (US) 'tʊr.ən.dɑːt, -doʊ
Turani|a tjʊə'reɪ.ni|.ə (US) tʊ'reɪ-, tjʊ-, -'rɑː- **-an/s** -ən/z
turban 'tɜː.bən (US) 'tɝː- -s -z **-(n)ed** -d
turbid 'tɜː.bɪd (US) 'tɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
turbidity tɜː'bɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) tɝː'bɪd.ə.t̬i
turbine 'tɜː.baɪn, -bɪn (US) 'tɝː.bɪn, -baɪn -s -z
turbo 'tɜː.bəʊ (US) 'tɝː.boʊ -s -z
turbocharg|e 'tɜː.bəʊ.tʃɑːdʒ (US) 'tɝː.boʊ.tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
turbofan 'tɜː.bəʊ.fæn (US) 'tɝː.boʊ- -s -z
turbo-jet 'tɜː.bəʊ.dʒet, ˌ--'- (US) 'tɝː.boʊ.dʒet -s -s
turbo-prop 'tɜː.bəʊ.prɒp, ˌ--'- (US) 'tɝː.boʊ.prɑːp -s -s
turbot 'tɜː.bət (US) 'tɝː- -s -s
turbulence 'tɜː.bjə.lənts, -jʊ- (US) 'tɝː-
turbulent 'tɜː.bjə.lənt, -bjʊ- (US) 'tɝː- **-ly** -li
Turco- 'tɜː.kəʊ (US) 'tɝː.koʊ, -kə
Turcoman 'tɜː.kəʊ.mən, -mæn, -mɑːn (US) 'tɝː.koʊ.mən, -kə- -s -z
turd tɜːd (US) tɝːd -s -z
tureen tjʊ'riːn, tjə-, tə-, tʊ- (US) tʊ-, tjʊ- -s -z
tur|f tɜː|f (US) tɝː|f **-fs** -fs **-ves** -vz **-fing** -fɪŋ **-fed** -ft **'turf acˌcountant**
turf (*v.*) tɜːf (US) tɝːf -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Turgenev tɜː'geɪ.njev, tʊə-, -'gen.jev, -jef, -jɪf, -ev, -əv (US) tʊr'geɪ.nəf, tɝː-, -gen-, -njef, -njev
turgescen|ce tɜː'dʒes.ən|ts (US) tɝː-'- **-t** -t
turgid 'tɜː.dʒɪd (US) 'tɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
turgidity tɜː'dʒɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) tɝː'dʒɪd.ə.t̬i
turgor 'tɜː.gəʳ (US) 'tɝː.gɚ
Turin tjʊə'rɪn (US) tʊ-, tjʊ- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌTurin 'Shroud**
Turing 'tjʊə.rɪŋ (US) 'tʊr.ɪŋ, 'tjʊr-
Turk tɜːk (US) tɝːk -s -s
Turkestan ˌtɜː.kɪ'stɑːn, -kə'-, -stæn (US) 'tɝː.kɪ.stæn, -stɑːn
turkey (T) 'tɜː.ki (US) 'tɝː- -s -z
turkey-cock 'tɜː.ki.kɒk (US) 'tɝː.ki.kɑːk -s -s
Turki 'tɜː.kiː, -ki (US) 'tɝː-
Turkic 'tɜː.kɪk (US) 'tɝː-
Turkington 'tɜː.kɪŋ.tən (US) 'tɝː-
Turkish 'tɜː.kɪʃ (US) 'tɝː- **ˌTurkish 'bath; ˌTurkish de'light**
Turkmenia tɜːk'miː.ni.ə (US) tɝːk-
Turkmenistan tɜːkˌmen.ɪ'stɑːn, -'stæn (US) tɝːk'men.ɪ.stæn, -stɑːn
Turko- 'tɜː.kəʊ (US) 'tɝː.koʊ, -kə
Turkoman 'tɜːk.əʊ.mən, -mæn, -mɑːn (US) 'tɝː.koʊ.mən, -kə- -s -z
Turku 'tʊə.kuː, 'tɜː- (US) 'tʊr-
Turley 'tɜː.li (US) 'tɝː-
turmeric 'tɜː.mər.ɪk (US) 'tɝː-
turmoil 'tɜː.mɔɪl (US) 'tɝː-
turn tɜːn (US) tɝːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'turning ˌpoint; ˌturn of 'phrase**
turnabout 'tɜːn.əˌbaʊt (US) 'tɝːn- -s -s
Turnage 'tɜː.nɪdʒ (US) 'tɝː-
turnaround 'tɜːn.ər'aʊnd (US) 'tɝːn.ɚ- -s -z
Turnbull 'tɜːn.bʊl, 'tɜːm- (US) 'tɝːn-, -bəl
turncoat 'tɜːn.kəʊt, 'tɜːŋ- (US) 'tɝːn.koʊt -s -s
turned-on ˌtɜːnd'ɒn (US) ˌtɝːnd'ɑːn
turner (T) 'tɜː.nəʳ (US) 'tɝː.nɚ -s -z
turnery 'tɜː.nər.i (US) 'tɝː-
Turnham 'tɜː.nəm (US) 'tɝː-
Turnhouse 'tɜːn.haʊs (US) 'tɝːn-
turning 'tɜː.nɪŋ (US) 'tɝː- -s -z
turning-point 'tɜː.nɪŋ.pɔɪnt (US) 'tɝː- -s -s
turnip 'tɜː.nɪp (US) 'tɝː- -s -s
turnkey 'tɜːn.kiː, 'tɜːŋ- (US) 'tɝːn- -s -z
turn-off 'tɜːn.ɒf (US) 'tɝːn.ɑːf -s -s
turn-on 'tɜːn.ɒn (US) 'tɝːn.ɑːn -s -z
turnout 'tɜːn.aʊt (US) 'tɝːn- -s -s
turnover 'tɜːnˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) 'tɝːnˌoʊ.vɚ -s -z
turnpike 'tɜːn.paɪk, 'tɜːm- (US) 'tɝːn- -s -s
turnround 'tɜːn.raʊnd (US) 'tɝːn- -s -z
turnstile 'tɜːn.staɪl (US) 'tɝːn- -s -z
turnstone 'tɜːn.stəʊn (US) 'tɝːn.stoʊn -s -z
turntable 'tɜːnˌteɪ.bəl (US) 'tɝːn- -s -z
turn-up 'tɜːn.ʌp (US) 'tɝːn- -s -s
turpentine 'tɜː.pən.taɪn, -pəm- (US) 'tɝː.pən-
Turpin 'tɜː.pɪn (US) 'tɝː-
turpitude 'tɜː.pɪ.tjuːd, -tʃuːd (US) 'tɝː.pɪ.tuːd, -tjuːd
turps tɜːps (US) tɝːps
turquois|e 'tɜː.kwɑːz, -kwɔɪz (US) 'tɝː.kwɔɪz, -kɔɪz **-es** -ɪz
turre|t 'tʌr.ɪ|t, -ə|t (US) 'tɝː.ɪ|t **-ts** -ts **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
turtle 'tɜː.təl (US) 'tɝː.t̬əl -s -z
turtledove 'tɜː.təl.dʌv (US) 'tɝː.t̬əl- -s -z
turtleneck 'tɜː.təl.nek (US) 'tɝː.t̬əl- -s -s
Turton 'tɜː.tən (US) 'tɝː-
turves (*plur. of* **turf**) tɜːvz (US) tɝːvz
Tuscan 'tʌs.kən -s -z
Tuscany 'tʌs.kə.ni
tush (*interj.*) tʌʃ
tush *tooth:* tʌʃ **-es** -ɪz
tush *buttocks:* tʊʃ **-es** -ɪz
tusk tʌsk -s -s **-ed** -t
tusker 'tʌs.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
tussah 'tʌs.ə
Tussaud *surname:* 'tuː.səʊ (US) tuː'soʊ
Tussaud's *exhibition:* tʊ'sɔːdz, tjʊ-, tə-, -'səʊdz, -'səʊz (US) tʊ'soʊz, tə-, -'sɑːd, -'sɔːd; 'tuː.soʊz
Tusser 'tʌs.əʳ (US) -ɚ
tussl|e 'tʌs.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'tʌs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
tussock 'tʌs.ək -s -s **-y** -i
tussore 'tʌs.əʳ, -ɔːʳ (US) -ɚ
tut tʌt -s -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'tʌt̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'tʌt̬.ɪd
tut (*interj.*) tʌt
Note: This spelling represents the tongue click used (usually repeated see **tut-tut**) to indicate disapproval; it may be described as a voiceless affricated alveolar click, symbolised as [!ˢ].
Tutankhamen, Tutankhamon ˌtuː.tən'kɑː.mən, -təŋ-, -tæŋ-, -tɑːŋ-, -kɑː'muːn
Tutbury 'tʌt.bər.i (US) -ber-, -bɚ-
tutee ˌtjuː'tiː, ˌtʃuː- (US) ˌtuː-, ˌtjuː- -s -z
tutelage 'tjuː.tɪ.lɪdʒ, -təl.ɪdʒ (US) 'tuː.t̬əl.ɪdʒ, 'tjuː-

utelar 'tjuː.tᵊl.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'tuː.t̬ᵊl.ɚ, 'tjuː-

utelary 'tjuː.tᵊl.ᵊr.i ⓤⓢ 'tuː.t̬ᵊl.er.i, 'tjuː-

utin 'tjuː.tɪn ⓤⓢ 'tuː-, 'tjuː-

ut|or 'tjuː.t|əʳ, 'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ 'tuː.t̬|ɚ, 'tjuː- **-ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-oring** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-orage** -ᵊr.ɪdʒ

utorial tjuː'tɔː.ri.əl, tjʊ-, tʃuː-, tʃʊ- ⓤⓢ tuː'tɔːr.i-, tjuː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i

utorship 'tjuː.tə.ʃɪp, 'tʃuː- ⓤⓢ 'tuː.t̬ɚ-, 'tjuː- **-s** -s

utsi 'tʊt.si **-s** -z

utti 'tʊt.i, 'tuː.ti, -tiː ⓤⓢ 'tuː.t̬i **-s** -z

utti-frutti ˌtuː.ti'fruː.ti, ˌtʊt.i'-, -'frʊt.i ⓤⓢ ˌtuː.t̬i'fruː.t̬i **-s** -z

uttle 'tʌt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'tʌt̬-

ut|-tut ˌtʌt|'tʌt **-tuts** -'tʌts **-tutting** -'tʌt.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'tʌt̬.ɪŋ **-tutted** -'tʌt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'tʌt̬.ɪd

utu (T) 'tuː.tuː **-s** -z

uvalu tuː'vɑː.luː; 'tuː.və- ⓤⓢ ˌtuː.və'luː; tuː'vɑː.luː

u-whit tu-whoo tʊˌhwɪt.tʊ'hwuː, tə-, -tə'-

ux tʌks **-es** -ɪz

uxedo (T) tʌk'siː.dəʊ ⓤⓢ -doʊ **-(e)s** -z

uxford 'tʌks.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd

uzla 'tʊz.lə, 'tuːz- ⓤⓢ 'tuːz.lɑː

V ˌtiː'viː **-s** -z ˌ**TV** '**dinner**; ˌ**T**'**V** ˌ**program(me)**

Twaddell 'twɒd.ᵊl; twɒd'el ⓤⓢ twɑː'del; 'twɑː.dᵊl

waddl|e 'twɒd.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'twɑː.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'twɒd.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'twɑːd- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'twɒd.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'twɑː.dᵊl.ɚ/z, 'twɑːd.lɚ/z **-y** -i, 'twɒd.li ⓤⓢ 'twɑː.dᵊl.i, 'twɑːd.li

twain (T) tweɪn

twang twæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

Twank(e)y 'twæŋ.ki

'twas *strong form:* twɒz ⓤⓢ twɑːz *weak form:* twəz

twat twæt, twɒt ⓤⓢ twɑːt **-s** -s

tweak twiːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

twee twiː

tweed (T) twiːd **-s** -z

Tweeddale 'twiːd.deɪl

Tweedie 'twiː.di

tweedl|e 'twiː.dᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'twiːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

Tweedledee ˌtwiː.dᵊl'diː

Tweedledum ˌtwiː.dᵊl'dʌm

Tweedmouth 'twiːd.məθ, -maʊθ

Tweedsmuir 'twiːdz.mjʊəʳ, -mjɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -mjʊr, -mjʊɚ

tweed|y 'twiː.d|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

'tween twiːn

tweenager 'twiːnˌeɪ.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ **-s** -z

tween|y 'twiː.n|i **-ies** -iz

tweet twiːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'twiː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'twiː.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'twiː.t̬ɚ/z

tweezers 'twiː.zəz ⓤⓢ -zɚz

twelfth twelfθ **-s** -s **-ly** -li ˌ**Twelfth** '**Night** ⓤⓢ '**Twelfth** ˌ**Night**

twelve twelv **-s** -z

twelvemonth 'twelv.mʌntθ **-s** -s

twelvish 'twel.vɪʃ

twentieth 'twen.ti.ɪθ, -əθ ⓤⓢ -t̬i- **-s** -s

twent|y 'twen.t|i ⓤⓢ -t̬|i **-ies** -iz ˌ**twenty-**ˌ**twenty** '**vision**

twenty-first ˌtwen.ti'fɜːst ⓤⓢ -t̬i'fɝːst *stress shift:* ˌtwenty-first 'birthday

twentyfold 'twen.ti.fəʊld ⓤⓢ -t̬i.foʊld

Twentyman 'twen.ti.mən ⓤⓢ -t̬i-

twenty-one ˌtwen.ti'wʌn ⓤⓢ -t̬i'- *stress shift:* ˌtwenty-one 'years

'twere *strong form:* twɜːʳ ⓤⓢ twɝː *weak form:* twəʳ, twɚ

twerp twɜːp ⓤⓢ twɝːp **-s** -s

Twi twiː

twice twaɪs

twice-told twaɪs'təʊld ⓤⓢ -'toʊld *stress shift:* ˌtwice-told 'tale

Twickenham 'twɪk.ᵊn.əm, '-nəm

twiddl|e 'twɪd.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'twɪd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌ**twiddle your** '**thumbs**

twiddl|y 'twɪd.l|i, -ᵊl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

twig twɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

Twigg twɪg

twiggy (T) 'twɪg.i

twilight 'twaɪ.laɪt **-s** -s '**twilight** ˌ**zone**

twilit 'twaɪ.lɪt

twill twɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

'twill *normal form:* twɪl *occasional weak form:* twᵊl

twin twɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d ˌ**twin** '**bed**; '**twin** ˌ**set**

twin|e twaɪn **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

twing|e twɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Twingo 'twɪn.gəʊ, 'twɪŋ- ⓤⓢ -goʊ

Twining 'twaɪ.nɪŋ

Twinkie® 'twɪŋ.ki **-s** -z

twinkl|e 'twɪŋ.kᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'twɪŋ.klɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'twɪŋ.kləʳ/z ⓤⓢ '-kl.ɚ/z, '-klɚ/z

Twinn twɪn

twinset 'twɪn.set **-s** -s

twin-track ˌtwɪn'træk *stress shift:* ˌtwin-track 'railway

twin-tub 'twɪn.tʌb **-s** -z

twirl twɜːl ⓤⓢ twɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i

twirler 'twɜː.ləʳ ⓤⓢ 'twɝː.lɚ **-s** -z

twirp twɜːp ⓤⓢ twɝːp **-s** -s

twist (T) twɪst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

Twistington 'twɪs.tɪŋ.tən

twist-tie 'twɪst.taɪ **-s** -z

twist|y 'twɪs.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

twit twɪt **-s** -s **-ting/ly** -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ 'twɪt̬.ɪŋ/li **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'twɪt̬.ɪd

twitch twɪtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

twitch|y 'twɪtʃ|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

twite twaɪt **-s** -s

twitt|er 'twɪt|.əʳ ⓤⓢ 'twɪt̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-ery** -ᵊr.i ⓤⓢ -ɚ.i

'twixt twɪkst

two tuː **-s** -z **put** ˌ**two and** ˌ**two to'gether**

two-bit tuː'bɪt ⓤⓢ '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌtwo-bit 'liar

two-by-four ˌtuː.baɪ'fɔːʳ, -bə'-, -bɪ'- ⓤⓢ 'tuː.baɪ.fɔːr, -bə-

two-dimensional ˌtuː.dɪ'men.tʃᵊn.ᵊl, -daɪ'-, -'mentʃ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ -də'-, -dɪ'-, -daɪ'-

two-edged ˌtuː'edʒd *stress shift:* ˌtwo-edged 'sword

two-|faced ˌtuː|'feɪst ⓤⓢ '-- **-facedly** -'feɪ.sɪd.li; -'feɪst.li ⓤⓢ -feɪ.sɪd.li, -feɪst.li **-facedness** -'feɪ.sɪd.nəs, -nɪs; -'feɪst.nəs, -nɪs ⓤⓢ -feɪ.sɪd.nəs, -nɪs; -feɪst.nəs, -nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌtwo-faced 'liar

twofold 'tuː.fəʊld ⓤⓢ -foʊld

two-handed ˌtuː'hæn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌtwo-handed 'grip

two-hander ˌtuː'hæn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z

two-ish 'tuː.ɪʃ

two-legged ˌtuː'legd; -'leg.ɪd ⓤⓢ 'tuː.legd; -ˌleg.ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌtwo-legged 'creature

twopenc|e 'tʌp.ᵊnts, -ᵊmps **-es** -ɪz

Note: The British English pronunciation of **twopenny**, **twopence**, etc., date from the period before the introduction of decimal coinage in 1971. They remain in use to suggest a very small value (e.g. a twopenny-halfpenny bus ride).

twopenny 'tʌp.ᵊn.i, '-ni

twopenny-halfpenny ˌtʌp.ni'heɪp.ni, ˌtʌp.ᵊn.i'heɪ.pᵊn.i

twopennyworth ˌtuː'pen.i.wɜːθ, '-əθ; 'tʌp.ᵊn.i.wɜːθ, '-ni-, -wəθ ⓤⓢ -wɝːθ, -wɚθ **-s** -s

two-piece 'tuː.piːs

two-ply 'tuː.plaɪ

two-seater ˌtuː'siː.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ, '-ˌ-- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌtwo-seater 'sportscar

twosome 'tuː.səm **-s** -z

two-step 'tuː.step **-s** -s

two-stroke 'tuː.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk

two-time ˌtuː'taɪm, '-- ⓤⓢ '-- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

two-tone ˌtuː'təʊn, '-- ⓤⓢ 'tuː.toʊn **-d** -d

two-way ˌtuː'weɪ ⓤⓢ '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌtwo-way 'mirror

Twyford 'twaɪ.fəd ⓤⓢ -fɚd

TX (*abbrev. for* **Texas**) 'tek.səs

Tybalt 'tɪb.ᵊlt

Tyburn 'taɪ.bɜːn ⓤⓢ -bɝːn

Tycho 'taɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ

tycoon taɪ'kuːn **-s** -z

Tydeus 'taɪ.djuːs, -djəs, -di.əs ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.di.əs, '-djəs

Tydfil 'tɪd.vɪl

tyger 'taɪ.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ

Pronouncing the letters TZ

The consonant digraph **tz** is most commonly pronounced /ts/, e.g.:

chintz /tʃɪnts/
quartz /kwɔːts/ ⓤⓢ /kwɔːrts/

However, the /t/ is sometimes optional in British English, e.g.:

waltz /wɒl*t*s, wɔːl*t*s/ ⓤⓢ /wɑːlts, wɔːlts/

tying (*from* tie) 'taɪ.ɪŋ
tyke taɪk -s -s
Tyldesley 'tɪldz.li
Tylenol 'taɪ.lə.nɒl ⓤⓢ -nɑːl, -nɔːl
Tyler 'taɪ.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ
tympan|i 'tɪm.pə.n|i **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tympanic tɪm'pæn.ɪk
tympan|um 'tɪm.pᵊn|.əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
tympan|y 'tɪm.pᵊn|.i **-ies** -iz
Tynan 'taɪ.nən
Tyndale, Tyndall 'tɪn.dᵊl
Tyndrum 'taɪn.drʌm
Tyne taɪn ˌ**Tyne and** '**Wear**
Tynecastle 'taɪnˌkɑː.sᵊl ⓤⓢ -ˌkæs.ᵊl
Tynemouth 'taɪn.məθ, 'taɪm-, -maʊθ; 'tɪn.məθ, 'tɪm- ⓤⓢ 'taɪn-
Tynesid|e 'taɪn.saɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Tynwald 'tɪn.wəld
typ|e taɪp **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t '**typing** ˌ**pool**
typecast 'taɪp.kɑːst ⓤⓢ -kæst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
Typee ˌtaɪ'piː
typefac|e 'taɪp.feɪs **-es** -ɪz
typefounder 'taɪpˌfaʊn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z
typefoundr|y 'taɪpˌfaʊn.dr|i **-ies** -iz
typescript 'taɪp.skrɪpt **-s** -s
type|set 'taɪp|.set **-sets** -sets **-setting** -ˌset.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌset̬.ɪŋ **-setter/s** -ˌset.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ˌset̬.ɚ/z
typesetter 'taɪpˌset.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌset̬.ɚ **-s** -z
type|write 'taɪp|.raɪt **-writes** -raɪts **-writing** -ˌraɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˌraɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-wrote** -rəʊt ⓤⓢ -roʊt **-written** -ˌrɪt.ᵊn
typewriter 'taɪpˌraɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
typhoid 'taɪ.fɔɪd
typhonic taɪ'fɒn.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'fɑː.nɪk
Typhoo® taɪ'fuː
typhoon taɪ'fuːn **-s** -z
typh|us 'taɪ.f|əs **-ous** -əs
typic|al 'tɪp.ɪ.k|ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
typicality ˌtɪp.ɪ'kæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
typi|fy 'tɪp.ɪ|.faɪ **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
typist 'taɪ.pɪst **-s** -s
typo 'taɪ.pəʊ ⓤⓢ -poʊ **-s** -z
typographic ˌtaɪ.pəʊ'græf.ɪk ⓤⓢ -pə'-, -poʊ'- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
typograph|y taɪ'pɒg.rə.f|i ⓤⓢ -'pɑː.grə- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
typolog|y taɪ'pɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ -'pɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
tyrannic|al tɪ'ræn.ɪ.k|ᵊl, tə-, taɪ- ⓤⓢ tə-, tɪ-, taɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
tyrannicide tɪ'ræn.ɪ.saɪd, tə-, taɪ- ⓤⓢ tə-, tɪ-, taɪ- **-s** -z
tyranniz|e, -is|e 'tɪr.ᵊn.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
tyrannosaur tɪ'ræn.ə.sɔːʳ, tə-, taɪ- ⓤⓢ tə'ræn.ə.sɔːr, tɪ-, taɪ- **-s** -z
tyrannosaurus tɪˌræn.ə'sɔː.rəs, tə-, taɪ- ⓤⓢ təˌræn.ə'sɔːr.əs, tɪ-, taɪ- **-es** -ɪz **tyˌrannoˌsaurus** '**rex**
tyrannous 'tɪr.ᵊn.əs **-ly** -li
tyrann|y 'tɪr.ᵊn|.i **-ies** -iz
tyrant 'taɪə.rənt ⓤⓢ 'taɪ- **-s** -s
tyre (T) taɪəʳ ⓤⓢ taɪɚ **-s** -z
Tyrian 'tɪr.i.ən **-s** -z
tyro 'taɪə.rəʊ ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.roʊ **-s** -z
Tyrol tɪ'rəʊl, tə-; 'tɪr.ᵊl ⓤⓢ tɪ'roʊl, taɪ-; 'tɪr.oʊl, -ɑːl
Tyrolean ˌtɪr.əʊ'liː.ən; tɪ'rəʊ.li-, tə- ⓤⓢ tɪ'roʊ.li-, taɪ-; ˌtɪr.ə'liː-
Tyrolese ˌtɪr.əʊ'liːz ⓤⓢ -ə'liːz, -'liːs
Tyrolienne tɪˌrəʊ.li'en, tə-; ˌtɪr.əʊ- ⓤⓢ tɪ'roʊ.li.ən; ˌtɪr.ə'liː-, ˌtaɪ.rə'- **-s** -z
Tyrone *in Ireland:* tɪ'rəʊn, tə- ⓤⓢ -'roʊn
Tyrone *person's name:* 'taɪə.rəʊn; taɪ'rəʊn, tɪ-, tə- ⓤⓢ 'taɪ.roʊn, ˌ-'-
Tyrrell 'tɪr.ᵊl
Tyrrhenian tɪ'riː.ni.ən, tə- ⓤⓢ tɪ-
Tyrtaeus tɜː'tiː.əs ⓤⓢ tɝː-
Tyrwhitt 'tɪr.ɪt
Tyser 'taɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ
Tyson 'taɪ.sᵊn
Tytler 'taɪt.ləʳ ⓤⓢ -lɚ
Tyzack 'taɪ.zæk, 'tɪz.æk, -ək
tzar (T) zɑːʳ, tsɑːʳ ⓤⓢ zɑːr, tsɑːr **-s** -z
tzarina (T) zɑː'riː.nə, tsɑː- **-s** -z
tzar|ism 'zɑː.r|ɪ.zᵊm, 'tsɑː- ⓤⓢ 'zɑːr|.ɪ-, 'tsɑːr|- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
tzetze 'tet.si, 'tset- ⓤⓢ 'tset-, 'tsiːt-, 'tet-, 'tiːt- **-s** -z '**tzetze** ˌ**fly**

Pronouncing the letter U

See also UE, UI, UOU, UY

The vowel letter **u** has several strong pronunciations linked to spelling. 'Short' pronunciations include /ʌ/ and /ʊ/, and 'long' pronunciations include /uː/ and /juː/. In 'short' pronunciations pronounced /ʌ/, the **u** is generally followed by a consonant letter which ends the word, or a double consonant before another vowel. Words containing /ʊ/ which end with a consonant sound often have two consonant letters finally, a notable exception being *put* /pʊt/, e.g.:

tub	/tʌb/
tubby	/ˈtʌb.i/
bull	/bʊl/
bully	/ˈbʊl.i/

The 'long' pronunciations usually mean the **u** is followed by a single consonant letter and then a vowel, e.g.:

tube	/tjuːb/	US /tuːb/
tubing	/ˈtjuː.bɪŋ/	US /ˈtuː-/
supervise	/ˈsuː.pə.vaɪz/	US /-pɚ-/

In word initial position, the 'long' pronunciation is almost always pronounced /juː/, e.g.:

unique	/juːˈniːk/
useful	/ˈjuːs.fəl/

However, there are exceptions to these guidelines, e.g.:

study	/ˈstʌd.i/	
sugar	/ˈʃʊg.əʳ/	US /-ɚ/
truth	/truːθ/	

When **u** is followed by **r**, the strong pronunciation is one of several possibilities: /jʊə, jɔː US jʊr/, /ʊə, ɔː US ʊr/, /ɜː US ɝː/, or /ʌ US ɝː/, e.g.:

cure	/kjʊəʳ, kjɔːʳ/	US /kjʊr/
plural	/ˈplʊə.rəl, ˈplɔː-/	US /ˈplʊr.əl/
burn	/bɜːn/	US /bɝːn/
hurry	/ˈhʌr.i/	US /ˈhɝː.i/

In weak syllables

The vowel letter **u** is realised as one of /jə/, /jʊ/, /ə/ or /ʊ/ in weak syllables, e.g.:

failure	/ˈfeɪ.ljəʳ/	US /ˈfeɪl.jɚ/
accurate	/ˈæk.jə.rət, -jʊ-/	US /-jɚ.ət, -jʊ.rət/
status	/ˈsteɪ.təs/	US /ˈstæṭ.əs/
July	/dʒʊˈlaɪ/	

It may also result in a syllabic consonant, e.g.:

hopeful	/ˈhəʊp.fəl, -fʊl/	US /ˈhoʊp-/

u (U) juː -ˈs -z
UAE ˌjuː.eɪˈiː
UB40 ˌjuː.biːˈfɔː.ti US -ˈfɔːr.ṭi -s -z
Ubbelohde ˈʌb.əl.əʊd US -oʊd
U-bend ˈjuː.bend -s -z
über- ˈuː.bəʳ US -bɚ
Übermensch ˈuː.bə.mentʃ US -bɚ- **-en** -ən
ubiquitarian (U) juːˌbɪk.wɪˈteə.ri.ən, ˌjuː.bɪ.kwɪˈ- US juːˌbɪk.wəˈter.i- -s -z
ubiquitous juːˈbɪk.wɪ.təs US -wə.ṭəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ubiquity juːˈbɪk.wə.ti, -wɪ- US -wə.ṭi
U-boat ˈjuː.bəʊt US -boʊt -s -s
Ubu Roi ˌuː.buːˈrwɑː
UCAS, Ucas ˈjuː.kæs
UCATT ˈʌk.ət, ˈjuː.kæt
UCCA ˈʌk.ə
Uccello uːˈtʃel.əʊ US -oʊ
Uckfield ˈʌk.fiːld
UCLA ˌjuː.siː.elˈeɪ
UDA ˌjuː.diːˈeɪ
Udall ˈjuː.dəl US -dɔːl, -dɑːl, -dəl
udder ˈʌd.əʳ US -ɚ -s -z
Uddin ˈʌd.ɪn
Uddingston ˈʌd.ɪŋ.stən
UDI ˌjuː.diːˈaɪ
Udolpho uːˈdɒl.fəʊ, juː- US -ˈdɑːl.foʊ
udometer juːˈdɒm.ɪ.təʳ, ˈ-ə- US -ˈdɑː.mə.ṭɚ -s -z
UDR ˌjuː.diːˈɑːʳ US -ˈɑːr
UEFA, Uefa juːˈeɪ.fə, -ˈiː-
Uffizi juːˈfɪt.si, uː-, -ˈfiːt-
UFO ˌjuː.efˈəʊ US -ˈoʊ -(ˈ)s -z
ufolog|y juːˈfɒl.ə.dʒ|i US -ˈfɑː.lə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Ugand|a juːˈgæn.d|ə, jʊ- US juː-, uː- **-an/s** -ən/z
Ugaritic ˌuː.gəˈrɪt.ɪk, ˌjuː- US -gəˈrɪṭ-
ugh ʊːx, ʊh, ʌx, ʊɸ, ɒh, ɜːh, ʌg
Note: Used to indicate disgust.
ugli ˈʌg.li -s -z ˈ**ugli** ˌ**fruit**
uglification ˌʌg.lɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -lə-
ugli|fy ˈʌg.lɪ|.faɪ **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd
ugl|y ˈʌg.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌ**ugly** ˈ**duckling**
Ugrian ˈuː.gri.ən, ˈjuː- -s -z
Ugric ˈuː.grɪk, ˈjuː-
UHF ˌjuː.eɪtʃˈef
uh-huh ʌˈhʌ, ˈʌ.hʌ
uhlan ˈuː.lɑːn, ˈjuː-, -lən; uːˈlɑːn, juː- -s -z
Uhland ˈuː.lənd, -lænd, -lɑːnd US -lɑːnt, -lɑːnd
uh-oh ˈʌ.əʊ US -oʊ
UHT ˌjuː.eɪtʃˈtiː *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**UHT** ˈ**milk**
Uhu® ˈjuː.huː, ˈuː-
uh-uh ˈʌʔˌʌʔ US ˈʌ̃ʔˌʌ̃
Note: Used to indicate alarm or anxiety.
uhuru (U) uːˈhuː.ruː, -ˈhʊə-
Uig ˈuː.ɪg, ˈjuː-
Uist ˈjuː.ɪst
uitlander (U) ˈeɪtˌlæn.dəʳ, ˈɔɪt- US ˈɔɪtˌlæn.dɚ, ˈeɪt-, ˈaɪt- -s -z
UK ˌjuːˈkeɪ *stress shift:* ˌ**UK** ˈ**citizen**
ukas|e juːˈkeɪz, -ˈkeɪs US juːˈkeɪz, -ˈkeɪs, ˈ-- **-es** -ɪz
uke juːk -s -s
ukelele ˌjuː.kəlˈeɪ.li US -kəˈleɪ- -s -z
UKIP ˈjuː.kɪp
Ukraine juːˈkreɪn US -ˈkreɪn, ˈjuː.kreɪn
ukulele ˌjuː.kəlˈeɪ.li US -kəˈleɪ- -s -z
ulan ˈuː.lɑːn, ˈjuː-, -lən; uːˈlɑːn, juː- -s -z
Ulan Bator uːˌlɑːnˈbɑː.tɔːʳ US ˌuː.lɑːnˈbɑː.tɔːr
Ulan-Ude uːˌlɑːn.uːˈdeɪ US uːˌlɑːn.uːˈdeɪ, uːˈlɑːn.uːˌdeɪ
ulcer ˈʌl.səʳ US -sɚ -s -z
ulcer|ate ˈʌl.sər|.eɪt US -sə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ US -eɪ.ṭɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd US -eɪ.ṭɪd
ulceration ˌʌl.sərˈeɪ.ʃən US -səˈreɪ- -s -z
ulcerative ˈʌl.sər.ə.tɪv, -eɪ- US -sə.reɪ.ṭɪv, -sɚ.ə-
ulcerous ˈʌl.sər.əs
ulema ˈuː.lɪ.mə, -lə-, -mɑː; ˌuː.lɪˈmɑː, -ləˈ- US ˌuː.ləˈmɑː, ˈ--- -s -z
Ulfilas ˈʊl.fɪ.læs, -fə-, -ləs US ˈʌl.fɪ.ləs

Pronouncing the letters UE

The vowel digraph ue is most commonly pronounced as /juː/ or /uː/. The /j/ sound is not always present in US English where it is found in British English. In general, the /j/ is dropped in US English where it appears in British English following an alveolar consonant such as /t/, /d/ or /n/, e.g.:

cue	/kjuː/	
due	/djuː/	(US) /duː/

Another possible pronunciation is /juː.ə/ or /jʊə/, e.g.:

dual	/ˈdjuː.əl, djʊəl/	(US) /ˈduː.ᵊl/

In addition

Other sounds are associated with the digraph **ue**, e.g.:

/weɪ/	suede	/sweɪd/
/e/	guess	/ges/
/uː.ɪ/	suet, bluest	/ˈsuː.ɪt/, /ˈbluː.ɪst/
silent	league	/liːg/

Pronouncing the letters UI

There are several pronunciation possibilities for the vowel digraph **ui**. The most common is likely to be /uː/, e.g.:

fruit	/fruːt/

A similar pronunciation is /juː/ in British English, realised as /uː/ in US English, e.g.:

nuisance	/ˈnjuː.sᵊn*t*s/	(US) /ˈnuː-/
suit	/sjuːt, suːt/	(US) /suːt/

In addition

Other vowel sounds are associated with the digraph **ui**, e.g.:

/wiː/	suite	/swiːt/
/wɪ/	linguist	/ˈlɪŋ.gwɪst/
/ɪ/	build	/bɪld/
/aɪ/	guide	/gaɪd/
/u.ɪ/	fruition	/fruˈɪʃ.ᵊn/
/uː.ɪ/	ruin	/ˈruː.ɪn/

It should also be noted that ui may follow **q**, producing the sound /kwɪ/.

Ulgham ˈʌf.əm
ullage ˈʌl.ɪdʒ
Ullah ˈʌl.ə
Ullapool ˈʌl.ə.puːl
Ullman(n) ˈʊl.mən, ˈʌl- (US) ˈʌl-, ˈʊl-
Ullswater ˈʌlzˌwɔː.təʳ (US) -ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-
Ulm ʊlm
uln|a ˈʌl.n|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-ar** -əʳ (US) -ɚ
Ulrica ˈʊl.rɪkə, ˈʌl-
Ulrich ˈʊl.rɪk *as if German:* -rɪx (US) ˈʌl-, ˈʊl-
Ulrika ʊlˈriː.kə
Ulster, ulster ˈʌl.stəʳ (US) -stɚ **-s** -z
Ulster|man ˈʌl.stə|.mən (US) -stɚ- **-men** -mən
Ulster|woman ˈʌl.stə|ˌwʊm.ən (US) -stɚ- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
ulterior ʌlˈtɪə.ri.əʳ (US) -ˈtɪr.i.ɚ **-ly** -li **ulˌterior ˈmotive**
ultima ˈʌl.tɪ.mə, -tə- (US) -t̬ɪ- **ˌultima ˈThule**
ultimate ˈʌl.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mət (US) -t̬ə.mɪt **-ly** -li
ultimat|um ˌʌl.tɪˈmeɪ.t|əm (US) -t̬əˈmeɪ.t̬|əm **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
ultimo ˈʌl.tɪ.məʊ, -tə- (US) -t̬ɪ.moʊ
ultra- ʌl.trə
Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **ultrasound** /ˈʌl.trə.saʊnd/, **ultrasonic** /ˌʌl.trəˈsɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈsɑː.nɪk/.
ultra ˈʌl.trə **-s** -z
ultra-high frequenc|y ˌʌl.trəˌhaɪˈfriː.kwən*t*.s|i **-ies** -iz
ultramarine ˌʌl.trə.məˈriːn *stress shift:* ˌultramarine ˈblue
ultramodern ˌʌl.trəˈmɒd.ən (US) -ˈmɑː.dɚn **-ist/s** -ɪst/s *stress shift:* ˌultramodern ˈstyling
ultramontane ˌʌl.trəˈmɒn.teɪn, -mɒnˈteɪn (US) -ˈmɑːn.teɪn, -mɑːnˈteɪn
ultramontanism (U) ˌʌl.trəˈmɒn.tə.nɪ.zᵊm, -tɪ-, -teɪ- (US) -ˈmɑːn.tə-
ultrasonic ˌʌl.trəˈsɒn.ɪk (US) -ˈsɑː.nɪk **-s** -s **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li *stress shift:* ˌultrasonic ˈscanner
ultrasound ˈʌl.trə.saʊnd
ultraviolet ˌʌl.trəˈvaɪə.lət, -lɪt (US) -lɪt *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌultraviolet ˈlight**
ultra vires ˌʌl.trəˈvaɪə.riːz, ˌʊl.trɑːˈvɪə.reɪz (US) ˌʌl.trəˈvaɪ.riːz
ululant ˈjuː.ljə.lənt, ˈʌl.jə-, -jʊ- (US) ˈjuːl.juː.lənt, ˈʌl-, -jə-
ulu|late ˈjuː.ljə|.leɪt, ˈʌl.jə-, -jʊ- (US) ˈjuːl.juː-, ˈʌl-, -jə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd (US) -leɪ.t̬ɪd
ululation ˌjuː.ljəˈleɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌʌl.jəˈ-, -jʊˈ- (US) ˌjuːl.juːˈ-, ˌʌl-, -jəˈ- **-s** -z
Uluru uːˈluː.ruː; ˌʊl.əˈruː
Ulverston ˈʌl.və.stən (US) -vɚ-
Ulyanovsk ʊlˈjɑː.nɒfsk (US) uːlˈjɑː.nɔːfsk
Ulysses ˈjuː.lɪ.siːz; juːˈlɪs.iːz (US) juːˈlɪs-
umbel ˈʌm.bəl, -bel **-s** -z
umbellifer ʌmˈbel.ɪ.fəʳ (US) -fɚ **umbelliferae** ˌʌm.bᵊlˈɪf.ᵊr.iː, -belˈ- (US) -bəˈlɪf.ə.riː
umbelliferous ˌʌm.bᵊlˈɪf.ᵊr.əs, -belˈ- (US) -bəˈlɪf-
umber ˈʌm.bəʳ (US) -bɚ **-s** -z
Umberto ʊmˈbeə.təʊ, -ˈbɜː- (US) -ˈber.toʊ
umbilical ʌmˈbɪl.ɪ.kᵊl, ˈ-ə-; ˌʌm.bɪˈlaɪ-, -bəˈ- (US) ʌmˈbɪl.ɪ-, ˈ-ə- **umˌbilical ˈcord, ˌumbiˌlical ˈcord** (US) **umˈbilical ˌcord**
umbilic|us ʌmˈbɪl.ɪ.k|əs, ˈ-ə-; ˌʌm.bɪˈlaɪ-, -bəˈ- **-uses** -ə.sɪz **-i** -aɪ
umbles ˈʌm.bᵊlz
um|bo ˈʌm|.bəʊ (US) -boʊ **-bos** -bəʊz (US) -boʊz **-bones** -ˈbəʊ.neɪz (US) -ˈboʊ-
umbr|a ˈʌm.br|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː **-al** -ᵊl
umbrage ˈʌm.brɪdʒ
umbrageous ʌmˈbreɪ.dʒəs **-ly** -li

-ness -nəs, -nɪs
umbrated 'ʌm.breɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
umbration ʌm'breɪ.ʃᵊn -s -z
umbrella ʌm'brel.ə -s -z
Umbri|a 'ʌm.bri|.ə -an/s -ən/z
Umbro® 'ʌm.brəʊ (US) -broʊ
Umfreville 'ʌm.frə.vɪl
umiak 'uː.mi.æk, -mjæk -s -s
umlaut 'ʊm.laʊt -s -s
umpirag|e 'ʌm.paɪ.ᵊr.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz
umpir|e 'ʌm.paɪəʳ (US) -paɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
umpteen ʌmp'tiːn -th -θ *stress shift:* ˌumpteen 'times
un- ʌn
Note: Prefix. It may be unstressed, usually when a stressed syllable follows it and it is a frequently-used word, e.g. **unable** /ʌn'eɪ.bᵊl/. Otherwise it will have secondary stress, e.g. **unadvisable** /ˌʌn.əd'vaɪ.zə.bᵊl/. This syllable frequently becomes the main stress in the word through stress-shift, e.g. **unattended** /ˌʌn.ə'ten.dɪd/, **unattended parking** /ˌʌn.ə.ten.dɪd'pɑː.kɪŋ (US) -'pɑːr-/. There are so many such cases that individual examples are not given for each word.
'un ən -s -z
Note: Old-fashioned colloquial form for 'one', as in 'little 'un'.
UN ˌjuː'en
Una 'juː.nə, 'uː-
unabash|ed ˌʌn.ə'bæʃ|t -edly -ɪd.li
unabated ˌʌn.ə'beɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd -ly -li
unable ʌn'eɪ.bᵊl, ˌʌn-
Unabomber 'juː.nəˌbɒm.əʳ (US) -ˌbɑː.mɚ
unabridged ˌʌn.ə'brɪdʒd
unaccented ˌʌn.ək'sen.tɪd, -æk'- (US) ʌn'æk.sen.t̬ɪd
unacceptability ˌʌn.ək.sep.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
unaccepta|ble ˌʌn.ək'sep.tə|.bᵊl, -æk'- -bly -bli
unaccompanied ˌʌn.ə'kʌm.pə.nid, -'kʌmp.nid
unaccountability ˌʌn.əˌkaʊn.tə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
unaccountab|le ˌʌn.ə'kaʊn.tə.b|ᵊl (US) -t̬ə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unaccounted ˌʌn.ə'kaʊn.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd ˌunac'counted ˌfor
unaccustomed ˌʌn.ə'kʌs.təmd -ly -li
unacknowledged ˌʌn.ək'nɒl.ɪdʒd (US) -'nɑː.lɪdʒd
unacquainted ˌʌn.ə'kweɪn.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
unadaptable ˌʌn.ə'dæp.tə.bᵊl
unaddressed ˌʌn.ə'drest
unadopted ˌʌn.ə'dɒp.tɪd (US) -'dɑːp-
unadorned ˌʌn.ə'dɔːnd (US) -'dɔːrnd
unadulterated ˌʌn.ə'dʌl.tᵊr.eɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ə.reɪ.t̬ɪd
unadvised ˌʌn.əd'vaɪzd
unadvisedly ˌʌn.əd'vaɪ.zɪd.li
unaffected ˌʌn.ə'fek.tɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unaffectionate ˌʌn.ə'fek.ʃᵊn.ət -ly -li
unafraid ˌʌn.ə'freɪd
unaided ʌn'eɪ.dɪd, ˌʌn-
unalienab|le ʌn'eɪ.li.ə.nə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, '-ljə- (US) -li.ə-, -'eɪl.jə- -ly -li
unaligned ˌʌn.ə'laɪnd
unalloyed ˌʌn.ə'lɔɪd
unalterability ʌnˌɔːl.tᵊr.ə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌn-, -ə.ti (US) -ˌɑːl.t̬ɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌɔːl-
unalterab|le ʌn'ɔːl.tᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn- (US) -'ɔːl.t̬ɚ-, -'ɑːl- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs (US) -nɪs
unaltered ʌn'ɔːl.təd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɚd, -'ɑːl-
unambiguous ˌʌn.æm'bɪg.ju.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unambivalent ˌʌn.æm'bɪv.ᵊl.ənt -ly -li
un-American ˌʌn.ə'mer.ɪ.kən
unanalysab|le ʌnˌæn.ᵊl'aɪ.zə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, -'æn.ᵊl.aɪ- (US) -ˌæn.ə'laɪ-, -'æn.ə.laɪ- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unanimity ˌjuː.nə'nɪm.ə.ti, -næn'ɪm-, -ɪ.ti (US) -nə'nɪm.ə.t̬i
unanimous juː'næn.ɪ.məs, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs, -nəs
unannounced ˌʌn.ə'naʊntst
unanswerability ʌnˌɑːnt.sᵊr.ə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌn-, -ə.ti (US) -ˌænt.sɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
unanswerab|le ʌn'ɑːnt.sᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn- (US) -'ænt- -ly -li
unanswered ʌn'ɑːnt.səd, ˌʌn- (US) -'ænt.sɚd
unappealing ˌʌn.ə'piː.lɪŋ -ly -li
unappeasable ˌʌn.ə'piː.zə.bᵊl
unappeased ˌʌn.ə'piːzd
unappetizing, -ising ʌn'æp.ɪ.taɪ.zɪŋ, ˌʌn-, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -ly -li
unapplied ˌʌn.ə'plaɪd
unappreciated ˌʌn.ə'priː.ʃi.eɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
unappreciative ˌʌn.ə'priː.ʃi.ə.tɪv (US) -t̬ɪv -ly -li
unapproachability ˌʌn.əˌprəʊ.tʃə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -ˌproʊ.tʃə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
unapproachab|le ˌʌn.ə'prəʊ.tʃə.b|ᵊl (US) -'proʊ- -ly -bli -leness -bᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unappropriate ˌʌn.ə'prəʊ.pri.ət (US) -'proʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unappropriated ˌʌn.ə'prəʊ.pri.eɪ.tɪd (US) -'proʊ.pri.eɪ.t̬ɪd
unapproved ˌʌn.ə'pruːvd
unapt ʌn'æpt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unarguab|le ʌn'ɑː.gju.ə.b|ᵊl (US) -'ɑːr- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unarm ʌn'ɑːm, ˌʌn- (US) -'ɑːrm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˌunarmed 'combat
unarticulated ˌʌn.ɑː'tɪk.jə.leɪ.tɪd, -jʊ- (US) -ɑːr'tɪk.jə.leɪ.t̬ɪd
unary 'juː.nᵊr.i
unasha|med ˌʌn.ə'ʃeɪ|md -medly -mɪd.li -medness -mɪd.nəs, -nɪs
unasked ʌn'ɑːskt, ˌʌn- (US) -'æskt
unaspirated ʌn'æs.pᵊr.eɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -pə.reɪ.t̬ɪd
unassailability ˌʌn.əˌseɪ.lə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
unassailab|le ˌʌn.ə'seɪ.lə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unassertive ˌʌn.ə'sɜː.tɪv (US) -'sɝː.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unassigned ˌʌn.ə'saɪnd
unassimilated ˌʌn.ə'sɪm.ᵊl.eɪ.tɪd, -ɪ.leɪ- (US) -t̬ɪd
unassisted ˌʌn.ə'sɪs.tɪd
unassuageable ˌʌn.ə'sweɪ.dʒə.bᵊl
unassuming ˌʌn.ə'sjuː.mɪŋ, -'suː- (US) -'suː- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unattached ˌʌn.ə'tætʃt
unattainab|le ˌʌn.ə'teɪ.nə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unattended ˌʌn.ə'ten.dɪd
unattested ˌʌn.ə'tes.tɪd
unattractive ˌʌn.ə'træk.tɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unauthenticated ˌʌn.ɔː'θen.tɪ.keɪ.tɪd (US) -ɑː'θen.t̬ɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪd, -ɔː'-
unauthorized, -ised ʌn'ɔː.θᵊr.aɪzd, ˌʌn- (US) -'ɑː.θə.raɪzd, -'ɔː-
unavailability ˌʌn.əˌveɪ.lə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ə.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
unavailable ˌʌn.ə'veɪ.lə.bᵊl
unavailing ˌʌn.ə'veɪ.lɪŋ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unavenged ˌʌn.ə'vendʒd
unavoidab|le ˌʌn.ə'vɔɪ.də.b|ᵊl -ly -li
unaware ˌʌn.ə'weəʳ (US) -'wer -s -z -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unbalanc|e ʌn'bæl.ənts, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unbaptized ˌʌn.bæp'taɪzd, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn'bæp.taɪzd
unbar ʌn'bɑːʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn'bɑːr, ˌʌn- -s -z -ring -ɪŋ -red -d
unbearab|le ʌn'beə.rə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn'ber.ə-, ˌʌn- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unbeatab|le ʌn'biː.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn'biː.t̬ə-, ˌʌn- -ly -li
unbeaten ʌn'biː.tᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbecoming ˌʌn.bɪ'kʌm.ɪŋ, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unbegotten ˌʌn.bɪ'gɒt.ᵊn, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn.bɪ'gɑː.tᵊn, -bə'-
unbeknown ˌʌn.bɪ'nəʊn, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn.bɪ'noʊn, -bə'- -st -tst
unbelief ˌʌn.bɪ'liːf, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn-
unbelievab|le ˌʌn.bɪ'liː.və.b|ᵊl, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn- -ly -li
unbeliever ˌʌn.bɪ'liː.vəʳ, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn.bɪ'liː.vɚ, -bə'- -s -z
unbelieving ˌʌn.bɪ'liː.vɪŋ, ˌʌm-, -bə'- (US) ˌʌn- -ly -li
un|bend ʌn'bend, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- -bends -'bendz -bending -'ben.dɪŋ -bended -'ben.dɪd -bent -'bent
unbeneficed ʌn'ben.ɪ.fɪst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unbias(s)ed ʌn'baɪəst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unbidden ʌn'bɪd.ᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
un|bind ʌn|'baɪnd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -binds -'baɪndz -binding -'baɪn.dɪŋ -bound -'baʊnd
unbleached ʌn'bliːtʃt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unblemished ʌn'blem.ɪʃt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unblinking ʌn'blɪŋ.kɪŋ, ʌm- US ʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unblock ʌn'blɒk, ʌm- US ʌn'blɑːk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
unblushing ʌn'blʌʃ.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -ly -li
un|bolt ʌn|'bəʊlt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn|'boʊlt, ˌʌn- -bolts -'bəʊlts US -'boʊlts -bolting -'bəʊl.tɪŋ US -'boʊl.t̬ɪŋ -bolted -'bəʊl.tɪd US -'boʊl.t̬ɪd
unborn ʌn'bɔːn, 'ʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn'bɔːrn, ˌʌn- ˌunborn 'child
unbosom ʌn'bʊz.əm, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
unbound ʌn'baʊnd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbounded ʌn'baʊn.dɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unbowed ʌn'baʊd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbreakable ʌn'breɪ.kə.bᵊl
unbridled ʌn'braɪ.dᵊld, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbroken ʌn'brəʊ.kᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn'broʊ-, ˌʌn-
unbuckl|e ʌn'bʌk.ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ, -'bʌk.lɪŋ -ed -d
unbuilt ʌn'bɪlt, ʌm- US ʌn-
unburden ʌn'bɜː.dᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn'bɝː-, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
unburied ʌn'ber.id, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbusiness-like ʌn'bɪz.nɪs.laɪk, -nəs-, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unbutton ʌn'bʌt.ᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ, -'bʌt.nɪŋ -ed -d
uncalculat|ed ʌn'kæl.kjə.leɪ.t|ɪd, ʌŋ-, -kjʊ- US ʌn'kæl.kjə.leɪ.t̬|ɪd -ing -ɪŋ
uncalled-for ʌn'kɔːld.fɔːʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kɔːld.fɔːr, ˌʌn-, -'kɑːld-
uncann|y ʌn'kæn|.i, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -ier -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
uncanonical ˌʌn.kə'nɒn.ɪ.kᵊl, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kə'nɑː.nɪ-
uncap ʌn'kæp, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
uncared-for ʌn'keəd.fɔːʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kerd.fɔːr, ˌʌn-
uncaring ʌn'keə.rɪŋ, ʌŋ- US ʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Uncas 'ʌŋ.kəs
uncatalog(u)ed ʌn'kæt.ᵊl.ɒgd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kæt̬.ᵊl.ɑːgd, ˌʌn-, -ɔːgd
unceasing ʌn'siː.sɪŋ, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncensored ʌn'sent.səd, ˌʌn- US -sɚd
unceremonious ʌnˌser.ɪ'məʊ.ni.əs, ˌʌn-, -ə'- US -'moʊ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncertain ʌn'sɜː.tᵊn, ˌʌn- US -'sɝː- -ly -li
uncertaint|y ʌn'sɜː.tᵊn.t|i, ˌʌn- US -'sɝː.tᵊn.t̬|i -ies -iz
unchain ʌn'tʃeɪn, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
unchallenged ʌn'tʃæl.ɪndʒd, ˌʌn-, -əndʒd
unchangeability ʌnˌtʃeɪn.dʒə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌn-, -ə.ti US -ə.t̬i
unchangeab|le ʌn'tʃeɪn.dʒə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
unchanged ʌn'tʃeɪndʒd, ˌʌn-
unchanging ʌn'tʃeɪn.dʒɪŋ, ˌʌn-
uncharacteristic ˌʌn.kær.ək.tᵊr'ɪs.tɪk, ʌn'kær-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌnˌker.ɪk.tə'rɪs.tɪk, -ˌkær- -ally -ᵊl.i, -li
uncharged ʌn'tʃɑːdʒd, ˌʌn- US -'tʃɑːrdʒd
uncharitab|le ʌn'tʃær.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, '-ə- US -'tʃer.ə.t̬ə-, -'tʃær- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
uncharted ʌn'tʃɑː.tɪd, ˌʌn- US -'tʃɑːr.t̬ɪd unˌcharted 'waters, ˌuncharted 'waters
unchartered ʌn'tʃɑː.təd, ˌʌn- US -'tʃɑːr.t̬ɚd
unchaste ʌn'tʃeɪst US ˌʌn- -ly -li
unchastened ʌn'tʃeɪ.sᵊnd, ˌʌn-
unchecked ʌn'tʃekt, ˌʌn-
unchivalrous ʌn'ʃɪv.ᵊl.rəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unchristian ʌn'krɪs.tʃən, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -'krɪʃ-, -ti.ən US ʌn'krɪs-, ˌʌn-
uncial 'ʌnt.si.əl US -ʃi-, '-ʃᵊl -s -z
unciform 'ʌnt.sɪ.fɔːm US -fɔːrm
uncinate 'ʌn.sɪ.nɪt, -neɪt, -nət
uncircumcised ʌn'sɜː.kəm.saɪzd, ˌʌn- US -'sɝː-
uncircumcision ʌnˌsɜː.kəm'sɪʒ.ᵊn, ˌʌn- US -ˌsɝː-
uncivil ʌn'sɪv.ᵊl, -ɪl, ˌʌn- -ly -i
uncivilized, -ised ʌn'sɪv.ᵊl.aɪzd, ˌʌn-, -ɪ.laɪzd
unclaimed ʌn'kleɪmd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unclamp ʌn'klæmp, ʌŋ- US ʌn- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unclasp ʌn'klɑːsp, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'klæsp, ˌʌn- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unclassified ʌn'klæs.ɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
uncle 'ʌŋ.kᵊl -s -z ˌUncle 'Sam; ˌUncle 'Tom
unclean ʌn'kliːn, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncleanl|y ʌn'klen.l|i, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unclear ʌn'klɪəʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'klɪr, ˌʌn-
unclench ʌn'klentʃ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'klentʃ, ˌʌn- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unclog ʌn'klɒg, ʌŋ- US ʌn'klɑːg, -'klɔːg -s -z -ging -ɪŋ -ged -d
unclos|e ʌn'kləʊz, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kloʊz, ˌʌn- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
unclothed ʌn'kləʊðd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kloʊðd, ˌʌn-
unclouded ʌn'klaʊ.dɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-
uncluttered ʌn'klʌt.əd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'klʌt̬.ɚd, ˌʌn-
uncoil ʌn'kɔɪl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
uncollected ˌʌn.kə'lek.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn-
uncolo(u)red ʌn'kʌl.əd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kʌl.ɚd, ˌʌn-
uncomfortab|le ʌn'kʌmpf.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -'kʌmp.fə.tə- US ʌn'kʌmp.fɚ.t̬ə-, ˌʌn-, -'kʌmpf.tə- -ly -li -leness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
uncommercial ˌʌn.kə'mɜː.ʃᵊl, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kə'mɝː-
uncommercialized, -ised ˌʌn.kə'mɜː.ʃᵊl.aɪzd, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kə'mɝː-
uncommitted ˌʌn.kə'mɪt.ɪd, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kə'mɪt̬-
uncommon ʌn'kɒm.ən, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kɑː.mən, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncommunicable ˌʌn.kə'mjuː.nɪ.kə.bᵊl, ˌʌŋ-, -nə- US ˌʌn-
uncommunicated ˌʌn.kə'mjuː.nɪ.keɪ.tɪd, ˌʌŋ-, -nə- US ˌʌn.kə'mjuː.nɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪd, -nə-
uncommunicative ˌʌn.kə'mjuː.nɪ.kə.tɪv, ˌʌŋ-, -nə-, -keɪ- US ˌʌn.kə'mjuː.nɪ.kə.t̬ɪv, -nə-, -keɪ- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncompetitive ˌʌn.kəm'pet.ɪ.tɪv, ˌʌŋ-, '-ə- US ˌʌn.kəm'pet̬.ə.t̬ɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uncomplaining ˌʌn.kəm'pleɪ.nɪŋ, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn- -ly -li
uncompleted ˌʌn.kəm'pliː.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kəm'pliː.t̬ɪd
uncomplicated ˌʌn'kɒm.plɪ.keɪ.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kɑːm.plɪ.keɪ.t̬ɪd
uncomplimentary ʌnˌkɒm.plɪ'men.tᵊr.i, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -plə'- US ʌnˌkɑːm.plə'men.t̬ɚ-, ˌʌn-
uncompounded ˌʌn.kəm'paʊn.dɪd, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn-
uncomprehending ˌʌn.kɒm.prɪ'hen.dɪŋ, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kɑːm- -ly -li
uncompromising ʌn'kɒm.prə.maɪ.zɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn'kɑːm-, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unconcealed ˌʌn.kən'siːld, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn-
unconcern ˌʌn.kən'sɜːn, ˌʌŋ- US ˌʌn.kən'sɝːn -ed -d -edly -d.li, -ɪd.li -edness -d.nəs, -nɪs, -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs

unconditional ˌʌn.kənˈdɪʃ.ən.əl, ˌʌŋ-, ˈ-nəl ⓤⓢ ˌʌn- **-ly** -i ˌ**unconditional ˈoffer**
unconditioned ˌʌn.kənˈdɪʃ.ənd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-
unconfined ˌʌn.kənˈfaɪnd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-
unconfirmed ˌʌn.kənˈfɜːmd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈfɝːmd
unconformit|y ˌʌn.kənˈfɔː.mə.t|i, ˌʌŋ-, -mɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈfɔːr.mə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
uncongenial ˌʌn.kənˈdʒiː.ni.əl, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-, -jəl
uncongeniality ˌʌn.kənˌdʒiː.niˈæl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌŋ-, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˌdʒiː.niˈæl.ə.ţi
unconnected ˌʌn.kəˈnek.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unconquerab|le ʌnˈkɒŋ.kər.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɑːŋ-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unconquered ʌnˈkɒŋ.kəd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɑːŋ.kɚd, ˌʌn-
unconscionab|le ʌnˈkɒn.*t*ʃən.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɑːn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unconscious ʌnˈkɒn.*t*ʃəs, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɑːn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unconsecrated ʌnˈkɒn*t*.sɪ.kreɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -sə- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɑːn*t*.sə.kreɪ.ţɪd, ˌʌn-
unconsidered ˌʌn.kənˈsɪd.əd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈsɪd.ɚd
unconstitutional ʌnˌkɒn*t*.stɪˈtjuː.ʃən.əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -stəˈ-, -ˈtʃuː-, -ˈtjuːʃ.nəl, -ˈtʃuːʃ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˌkɑːn*t*.stəˈtuː-, ˌʌn-, -ˈtjuː- **-ly** -i
unconstrain|ed ˌʌn.kənˈstreɪn|d, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn- **-edly** -d.li, -ɪd.li
uncontaminated ˌʌn.kənˈtæm.ɪ.neɪ.tɪd, ˌʌŋ-, ˈ-ə- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈtæm.ɪ.neɪ.ţɪd, ˈ-ə-
uncontestable ˌʌn.kənˈtes.tə.bəl, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-
uncontested ˌʌn.kənˈtes.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-
uncontradicted ʌnˌkɒn.trəˈdɪk.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˌkɑːn-, ˌʌn-
uncontrollab|le ˌʌn.kənˈtrəʊ.lə.b|əl, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈtroʊ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
uncontrolled ˌʌn.kənˈtrəʊld, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈtroʊld
unconvention|al ˌʌn.kənˈven.*t*ʃən|.əl, ˌʌŋ-, -ˈven*t*ʃ.n|əl ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈven*t*.ʃən|.əl, -ˈven*t*ʃ.n|əl **-ally** -əl.i
unconventionalit|y ˌʌn.kənˌven.*t*ʃənˈæl.ə.t|i, ˌʌŋ-, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˌven.*t*ʃənˈæl.ə.ţ|i **-ies** -iz
unconverted ˌʌn.kənˈvɜː.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈvɝː.ţɪd
unconvertible ˌʌn.kənˈvɜː.tə.bəl, ˌʌŋ-, -tɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kənˈvɝː.ţə-
unconvinced ˌʌn.kənˈvɪn*t*st, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn-
unconvincing ˌʌn.kənˈvɪn*t*.sɪŋ, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
uncooked ʌnˈkʊkt, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn-
uncool ʌnˈkuːl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uncooperative ˌʌn.kəʊˈɒp.ər.ə.tɪv, ˌʌŋ-, ˈ-rə- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.koʊˈɑː.pɚ.ə.ţɪv, ˈ-prə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uncoordinated ˌʌn.kəʊˈɔː.dɪ.neɪ.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.koʊˈɔːr.dən.eɪ.ţɪd
uncork ʌnˈkɔːk, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɔːrk, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
uncorrected ˌʌn.kərˈek.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kəˈrek-
uncorroborated ˌʌn.kərˈɒb.ər.eɪ.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kəˈrɑː.bə.reɪ.ţɪd
uncorrupt ˌʌn.kərˈʌpt, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kəˈrʌpt **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uncorrupted ˌʌn.kərˈʌp.tɪd, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.kəˈrʌp-
uncountable ʌnˈkaʊn.tə.bəl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkaʊn.ţə-, ˌʌn- **unˌcountable ˈnoun**
uncounted ʌnˈkaʊn.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkaʊn.ţɪd, ˌʌn-
uncoupl|e ʌnˈkʌp.əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈkʌp.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
uncouth ʌnˈkuːθ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uncov|er ʌnˈkʌv|.əʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkʌv|.ɚ, ˌʌn- **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
uncritic|al ʌnˈkrɪt.ɪ.k|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkrɪţ.ɪ-, ˌʌn- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
uncrossed ʌnˈkrɒst, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkrɑːst, ˌʌn-
uncrowned ʌnˈkraʊnd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn- *stress shift, see compounds:* ˌ**uncrowned ˈking**; ˌ**uncrowned ˈqueen**
uncrushable ʌnˈkrʌʃ.ə.bəl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unction ˈʌŋk.ʃən **-s** -z
unctuosity ˌʌŋk.tjuˈɒs.ə.ti, -tʃuˈ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -tʃuˈɑː.sə.ţi
unctuous ˈʌŋk.tju.əs, -tʃu- ⓤⓢ -tʃu-, ˈ-tʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uncultivated ʌnˈkʌl.tɪ.veɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -tə- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkʌl.ţə.veɪ.ţɪd, ˌʌn-
uncultured ʌnˈkʌl.tʃəd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkʌl.tʃɚd, ˌʌn-
uncurbed ʌnˈkɜːbd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɝːbd, ˌʌn-
uncurl ʌnˈkɜːl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌnˈkɝːl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
uncut ʌnˈkʌt, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- ⓤⓢ ʌn-, ˌʌn-
undamaged ʌnˈdæm.ɪdʒd, ˌʌn-
undated *wavy:* ˈʌn.deɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ţɪd
undated *not dated:* ʌnˈdeɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -ţɪd
undaunted ʌnˈdɔːn.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -ˈdɑːn.ţɪd, -ˈdɔːn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undebated ˌʌn.dɪˈbeɪ.tɪd, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ţɪd
undeceiv|e ˌʌn.dɪˈsiːv, -dəˈ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
undecided ˌʌn.dɪˈsaɪ.dɪd, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undecipherab|le ˌʌn.dɪˈsaɪ.fər.ə.b|əl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
undecisive ˌʌn.dɪˈsaɪ.sɪv, -dəˈ-, -zɪv ⓤⓢ -sɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undeclared ˌʌn.dɪˈkleəd, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈklerd
undefeated ˌʌn.dɪˈfiː.tɪd, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -dɪˈfiː.ţɪd
undefended ˌʌn.dɪˈfen.dɪd, -dəˈ-
undefiled ˌʌn.dɪˈfaɪld, -dəˈ-
undefinab|le ˌʌn.dɪˈfaɪ.nə.b|əl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
undefined ˌʌn.dɪˈfaɪnd, -dəˈ-
unde|lete ˌʌn.dɪ|ˈliːt, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -dɪˈ- **-letes** -ˈliːts **-leting** -ˈliː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ˈliː.ţɪŋ **-leted** -ˈliː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ˈliː.ţɪd
undelivered ˌʌn.dɪˈlɪv.əd, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ɚd
undemanding ˌʌn.dɪˈmɑːn.dɪŋ, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -dɪˈmæn-
undemocratic ʌn.dem.əˈkræt.ɪk, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -ˈkræţ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
undemonstrative ˌʌn.dɪˈmɒn*t*.strə.tɪv, -dəˈ- ⓤⓢ -ˈmɑːn*t*.strə.ţɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undeniab|le ˌʌn.dɪˈnaɪ.ə.b|əl, -dəˈ- **-ly** -li
undenominational ˌʌn.dɪˌnɒm.ɪˈneɪ.ʃən.əl, -dəˌ-, -əˈ-, -ˈneɪʃ.nəl ⓤⓢ -ˌnɑː.mɪˈ-, -məˈ- **-ism** -ɪ.zəm
under- ʌn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ ʌn.dɚ
Note: Prefix. May receive primary stress, e.g. **undercarriage** /ˈʌn.dəˌkær.ɪdʒ ⓤⓢ ˈʌn.dɚ-/, or secondary stress, e.g. **understand** /ˌʌn.dəˈstænd ⓤⓢ -dɚˈ-/. Such secondary-stressed syllables may come to carry the strongest stress in the word through stress-shift, e.g. **understand** /ˌʌn.dəˈstænd ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.dɚ-/, **understand problems** /ˌʌn.də.stændˈprɒb.ləmz ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.dɚ.stændˈprɑː.bləmz/. Although /r/ is normally assigned to a following strong syllable in American English, when /ɚ/ is perceived to be morphemically linked to the preceding unit /r/ is retained as /ɚ/.
under ˈʌn.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ **-s** -z ˌ**under ˈway**
underachiev|e ˌʌn.dər.əˈtʃiːv ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-ment/s** -mənt/s
underact ˌʌn.dərˈækt ⓤⓢ -dɚˈ- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
under-age ˌʌn.dərˈeɪdʒ ⓤⓢ -dɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌunder-age ˈdrinking
underarm ˈʌn.dər.ɑːm ⓤⓢ -dɚ.ɑːrm
underbell|y ˈʌn.dəˌbel|.i ⓤⓢ -dɚˌ- **-ies** -iz
underbid ˌʌn.dəˈbɪd ⓤⓢ -dɚˈ- **-s** -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-der/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
underbred ˌʌn.dəˈbred ⓤⓢ -dɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌunderbred ˈstock
underbrush ˈʌn.də.brʌʃ ⓤⓢ -dɚ-

underbudgeted ˌʌn.də'bʌdʒ.ɪ.tɪd, '-ə-. (US) -dɚ'bʌdʒ.ɪ.t̬ɪd
under|buy ˌʌn.dəl'baɪ (US) -dɚ'- **-buys** -'baɪz **-buying** -'baɪ.ɪŋ **-bought** -'bɔːt (US) -'bɑːt, -'bɔːt
undercapitaliz|e, -is|e ˌʌn.də'kæp.ɪ.tᵊl.aɪz (US) -dɚ'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
undercard 'ʌn.də.kɑːd (US) -dɚ.kɑːrd **-s** -z
undercarriag|e 'ʌn.dəˌkær.ɪdʒ (US) -dɚˌker-, -ˌkær- **-es** -ɪz
undercharg|e (*n.*) 'ʌn.dəˌtʃɑːdʒ, ˌ--'- (US) 'ʌn.dɚ.tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz
undercharg|e (*v.*) ˌʌn.də'tʃɑːdʒ (US) -dɚ'tʃɑːrdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underclass 'ʌn.də.klɑːs (US) -dɚ.klæs **-es** -ɪz
under-clerk 'ʌn.də.klɑːk (US) -dɚ.klɝːk **-s** -s
underclothes 'ʌn.də.kləʊðz (US) -dɚ.kloʊðz, -kloʊz
underclothing 'ʌn.dəˌkləʊ.ðɪŋ (US) -dɚˌkloʊ-
undercoat 'ʌn.də.kəʊt (US) -dɚ.koʊt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ
undercook ˌʌn.də'kʊk (US) -dɚ'- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
undercover ˌʌn.də'kʌv.əʳ (US) -dɚ'kʌv.ɚ *stress shift:* ˌundercover 'agent
undercroft 'ʌn.də.krɒft (US) -dɚ.krɑːft **-s** -s
undercurrent 'ʌn.dəˌkʌr.ᵊnt (US) -dɚˌkɝː- **-s** -s
undercut (*n.*) 'ʌn.də.kʌt (US) -dɚ- **-s** -s
under|cut (*adj, v.*) ˌʌn.dəl'kʌt (US) -dɚ'- **-cuts** -'kʌts **-cutting** -'kʌt.ɪŋ (US) -'kʌt̬.ɪŋ
underdevelop|ed ˌʌn.də.dɪ'vel.əp|t, -də'- (US) -dɚ- **-ment** -mənt *stress shift:* ˌunder-developed 'brain
under|do ˌʌn.dəl'duː (US) -dɚ'- **-does** -'dʌz **-doing** -'duː.ɪŋ **-did** -'dɪd **-done** -'dʌn
underdog 'ʌn.də.dɒg (US) -dɚ.dɑːg, -dɔːg **-s** -z
underdone ˌʌn.də'dʌn (US) -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderdone 'beef
underdress ˌʌn.də'dres (US) -dɚ'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
undereducated ˌʌn.dᵊr'edʒ.ʊ.keɪ.tɪd, -'ed.jʊ- (US) -dɚ'edʒ.ʊ.keɪ.t̬ɪd, '-ə-
undereducation ˌʌn.dᵊr.edʒ.ʊ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -ed.jʊ- (US) -dɚ.edʒ.ʊ-, -ə'-
underemployed ˌʌn.dᵊr.ɪm'plɔɪd, -em'- (US) -dɚ- *stress shift:* ˌunderemployed 'workforce
underemployment ˌʌn.dᵊr.ɪm'plɔɪ.mənt (US) -dɚ-
underestimate (*n.*) ˌʌn.dᵊr'es.tɪ.mət, -tə-, -mɪt, -meɪt (US) -dɚ'es.tə.mɪt, -mət **-s** -s
underesti|mate (*v.*) ˌʌn.dᵊr'es.tɪl.meɪt, -tə- (US) -dɚ'es.tə- **-mates** -meɪts **-mating** -meɪ.tɪŋ (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-mated** -meɪ.tɪd (US) -meɪ.t̬ɪd
underestimation ˌʌn.dᵊrˌes.tɪ'meɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə'- (US) -dɚˌes.tə'- **-s** -z
under-expos|e ˌʌn.dᵊr.ɪk'spəʊz, -ek'- (US) -dɚ.ɪk'spoʊz, -ek'- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underexposure ˌʌn.dᵊr.ɪk'spəʊ.ʒəʳ, -ek'- (US) -dɚ.ɪk'spoʊ.ʒɚ, -ek'- **-s** -z
under-eye 'ʌn.dᵊr.aɪ
under|feed ˌʌn.dəl'fiːd (US) -dɚ'- **-feeds** -'fiːdz **-feeding** -'fiː.dɪŋ **-fed** -'fed *stress shift:* ˌunderfed 'chickens
underfelt 'ʌn.də.felt (US) -dɚ- **-s** -s
underfinanced ˌʌn.də'faɪ.nænt̬st (US) -dɚ'-
underfloor ˌʌn.də'flɔːʳ (US) -dɚ'flɔːr *stress shift:* ˌunderfloor 'heating
underfoot ˌʌn.də'fʊt (US) -dɚ'-
underfund ˌʌn.də'fʌnd (US) -dɚ'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
undergarment 'ʌn.dəˌgɑː.mənt (US) -dɚˌgɑːr- **-s** -s
under|go ˌʌn.dəl'gəʊ (US) -dɚl'goʊ **-goes** -'gəʊz (US) -'goʊz **-going** -'gəʊ.ɪŋ (US) -'goʊ.ɪŋ **-went** -'went **-gone** -'gɒn (US) -'gɑːn *stress shift:* ˌundergo 'treatment
undergrad 'ʌn.də.græd (US) -dɚ- **-s** -z
undergraduate ˌʌn.də'grædʒ.u.ət, -'græd.ju-, -ɪt (US) -dɚ'grædʒ.u.ət, -ə.wət **-s** -s *stress shift:* ˌundergraduate 'humour
underground (U) (*n, adj.*) 'ʌn.də.graʊnd (US) -dɚ- **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
underground (*adv.*) ˌʌn.də'graʊnd (US) -dɚ'-
undergrown ˌʌn.də'grəʊn (US) -dɚ'groʊn *stress shift:* ˌundergrown 'trees
undergrowth 'ʌn.də.grəʊθ (US) -dɚ.groʊθ
underhand ˌʌn.də'hænd (US) -dɚ'- **-ed/ly** -ɪd/li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌunderhand 'trick
Underhill 'ʌn.də.hɪl (US) -dɚ-
underhung ˌʌn.də'hʌŋ (US) -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderhung 'axle
underinsured ˌʌn.dᵊr.ɪn'ʃʊəd, -'ʃɔːd (US) -dɚ.ɪn'ʃʊrd
underlay (*n.*) 'ʌn.dᵊl.eɪ (US) -dɚ.leɪ **-s** -z
under|lay (*v.*) ˌʌn.dəl'leɪ (US) -dɚ'- **-lays** -'leɪz **-laying** -'leɪ.ɪŋ **-laid** -'leɪd
under|let ˌʌn.dəl'let (US) -dɚ'- **-lets** -'lets **-letting** -'let.ɪŋ (US) -'let̬.ɪŋ
under|lie ˌʌn.dəl'laɪ (US) -dɚ'- **-lies** -'laɪz **-lying** -'laɪ.ɪŋ **-lay** -'leɪ **-lain** -'leɪn
underline (*n.*) 'ʌn.dᵊl.aɪn (US) 'ʌn.dɚ.laɪn **-s** -z
underlin|e (*v.*) ˌʌn.də'laɪn (US) -dɚ'-, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underling 'ʌn.dᵊl.ɪŋ (US) -dɚ.lɪŋ **-s** -z
underlip 'ʌn.dᵊl.ɪp (US) -dɚ.lɪp **-s** -s
underlying ˌʌn.də'laɪ.ɪŋ (US) -dɚ'-, 'ʌn.dɚˌlaɪ.ɪŋ *stress shift, British only:* ˌunderlying 'cause
underman ˌʌn.də'mæn (US) -dɚ'- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d *stress shift:* ˌunder-manned 'industry
undermentioned ˌʌn.də'men.t̬ʃᵊnd (US) -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌundermentioned 'clause
undermin|e ˌʌn.də'maɪn (US) -dɚ'-, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift, British only:* ˌundermine 'confidence
undermost 'ʌn.də.məʊst (US) -dɚ.moʊst
underneath ˌʌn.də'niːθ (US) -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderneath 'everything
undernourish ˌʌn.də'nʌr.ɪʃ (US) -dɚ'nɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-ment** -mənt
underpants 'ʌn.də.pænts (US) -dɚ-
underpass 'ʌn.də.pɑːs (US) -dɚ.pæs **-es** -ɪz
under|pay ˌʌn.dəl'peɪ (US) -dɚ'- **-pays** -'peɪz **-paying** -'peɪ.ɪŋ **-paid** -'peɪd *stress shift:* ˌunderpaid 'staff
underpayment ˌʌn.də'peɪ.mənt (US) -dɚ'- **-s** -s
underperform ˌʌn.də.pə'fɔːm (US) -dɚ.pɚ'fɔːrm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z *stress shift:* ˌunderperforming 'worker
underpin ˌʌn.də'pɪn (US) -dɚ'-, '--- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
underpinning 'ʌn.dəˌpɪn.ɪŋ (US) -dɚˌ- **-s** -z
underplay ˌʌn.də'pleɪ (US) -dɚ'-, '--- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underpopulated ˌʌn.də'pɒp.jə.leɪ.tɪd, -'pɒ.pjʊ- (US) -dɚ'pɑː.pjə.leɪ.t̬ɪd, '-pjʊ-
underpri|ce ˌʌn.də'praɪls (US) -dɚ'- **-ces** -sɪz **-ced** -st **-cing** -sɪŋ
underprivileged ˌʌn.də'prɪv.ᵊl.ɪdʒd, -vɪ.lɪdʒd (US) -dɚ'prɪv.ᵊl.ɪdʒd, '-lɪdʒd
underproduc|e ˌʌn.də.prə'djuːs, -'dʒuːs (US) -dɚ.prə'duːs, -'djuːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
underproduction ˌʌn.də.prə'dʌk.ʃᵊn (US) -dɚ-
underprop ˌʌn.də'prɒp (US) -dɚ'prɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
under|rate ˌʌn.dəl'reɪt (US) -dɚ'- **-rates** -'reɪts **-rating** -'reɪ.tɪŋ (US) -'reɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-rated** -'reɪ.tɪd (US) -'reɪ.t̬ɪd
underrepresentation ˌʌn.dəˌrep.rɪ.zen'teɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -dɚˌrep- **-s** -z
underrepresented ˌʌn.dəˌrep.rɪ'zen.tɪd, -rə'- (US) -dɚˌrep.rɪ'zen.t̬ɪd
underripe ˌʌn.də'raɪp (US) -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderripe 'fruit
under|run ˌʌn.dəl'rʌn (US) -dɚ'- **-runs** -'rʌnz **-running** -'rʌn.ɪŋ **-ran** -'ræn
underscor|e (*v.*) ˌʌn.də'skɔːʳ (US) -dɚ'skɔːr, '--- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underscore (*n.*) 'ʌn.də.skɔːʳ (US) -dɚ.skɔːr **-s** -z
undersea ˌʌn.də'siː (US) -dɚ'- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌundersea 'cable
underseal 'ʌn.də.siːl (US) -dɚ- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

undersecretar|y ˌʌn.də'sek.rə.t^{ə}r|.i, -rɪ-, -tr|i ⓤⓢ -dɚ'sek.rə.ter|- **-ies** -iz **-yship/s** -i.ʃɪp/s
under|sell ˌʌn.də|'sel ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-sells** -'selz **-selling** -'sel.ɪŋ **-sold** -'səʊld ⓤⓢ -'soʊld
undersexed ˌʌn.də'sekst ⓤⓢ -dɚ'-
Undershaft 'ʌn.də.ʃɑːft ⓤⓢ -dɚ.ʃæft
undersheriff 'ʌn.dəˌʃer.ɪf ⓤⓢ -dɚˌ- **-s** -s
undershirt 'ʌn.də.ʃɜːt ⓤⓢ -dɚ.ʃɝːt **-s** -s
under|shoot (*v.*) ˌʌn.də|'ʃuːt ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-shoots** -'ʃuːts **-shooting** -'ʃuː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'ʃuː.t̬ɪŋ **-shot** -'ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -'ʃɑːt
undershoot (*n.*) 'ʌn.də.ʃuːt, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚ.ʃuːt, ˌ--'- **-s** -s
undershorts 'ʌn.də.ʃɔːts ⓤⓢ -dɚ'ʃɔːrts
undershot (*adj.*) ˌʌn.də'ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -'ʃɑːt *stress shift:* ˌundershot 'wheel
undershot (*from* **undershoot**) ˌʌn.də'ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -dɚ'ʃɑːt
underside 'ʌn.də.saɪd ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-s** -z
undersigned 'ʌn.də.saɪnd, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚ.saɪnd
undersized ˌʌn.də'saɪzd ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚ.saɪzd *stress shift, British only:* ˌundersized 'belt
underskirt 'ʌn.də.skɜːt ⓤⓢ -dɚ.skɝːt **-s** -s
underspend ˌʌn.də'spend ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **underspent** ˌʌn.də'spent ⓤⓢ -dɚ'-
understaffed ˌʌn.də'stɑːft ⓤⓢ -dɚ'stæft *stress shift:* ˌunder-staffed 'school
under|stand ˌʌn.də|'stænd ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-stands** -'stændz **-standing** -'stæn.dɪŋ **-stood** -'stʊd
understandab|le ˌʌn.də'stæn.də.b|^{ə}l ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-ly** -li
under|state ˌʌn.də|'steɪt ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-states** -'steɪts **-stating** -'steɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'steɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-stated** -'steɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'steɪ.t̬ɪd
understatement ˌʌn.də'steɪt.mənt, 'ʌn.dəˌsteɪt- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.dɚ'steɪt-, 'ʌn.dɚˌsteɪt- **-s** -s
understocked ˌʌn.də'stɒkt ⓤⓢ -dɚ'stɑːkt *stress shift:* ˌunderstocked 'shelves
understood (*from* **understand**) ˌʌn.də'stʊd ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderstood 'plan
understrapper 'ʌn.dəˌstræp.ə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚˌstræp.ɚ **-s** -z
understud|y 'ʌn.dəˌstʌd|.i ⓤⓢ -dɚˌ- **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
undersubscrib|e ˌʌn.də.səb'skraɪb ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
under|take *agree or promise to do something:* ˌʌn.də|'teɪk ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-takes** -'teɪks **-taking** -'teɪ.kɪŋ **-took** -'tʊk **-taken** -'teɪ.k^{ə}n, -k^{ə}ŋ ⓤⓢ -k^{ə}n
undertaker *person who agrees to do something:* ˌʌn.də'teɪ.kə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚ'teɪ.kɚ **-s** -z *person who arranges funerals:* 'ʌn.dəˌteɪ.kə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚˌteɪ.kɚ **-s** -z
undertaking *enterprise, promise:* ˌʌn.də'teɪ.kɪŋ, 'ʌn.dəˌteɪ- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.dɚ'teɪ-, 'ʌn.dɚˌteɪ- **-s** -z *arranging funerals:* 'ʌn.dəˌteɪ.kɪŋ ⓤⓢ -dɚˌ-
under-the-counter ˌʌn.də.ðə'kaʊn.tə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚ.ðə'kaʊn.t̬ɚ *stress shift:* ˌunder-the-counter 'deal
underthings 'ʌn.də.θɪŋz ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
undertint 'ʌn.də.tɪnt ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-s** -s
undertone 'ʌn.də.təʊn ⓤⓢ -dɚ.toʊn **-s** -z
undertook (*from* **undertake**) ˌʌn.də'tʊk ⓤⓢ -dɚ'-
undertow 'ʌn.də.təʊ ⓤⓢ -dɚ.toʊ **-s** -z
underused ˌʌn.də'juːzd ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderused 'path
underutiliz|e, -is|e ˌʌn.də'juː.tɪ.laɪz, -t^{ə}l.aɪz ⓤⓢ -dɚ'juː.t̬^{ə}l.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
undervaluation ˌʌn.dəˌvæl.ju'eɪ.ʃ^{ə}n ⓤⓢ -dɚˌ- **-s** -z
underval|ue ˌʌn.də'væl|.juː ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-ues** -juːz **-uing** -juː.ɪŋ **-ued** -juːd *stress shift:* ˌundervalued 'shares
underwater ˌʌn.də'wɔː.tə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚ'wɑː.t̬ɚ, -'wɔː- *stress shift:* ˌunderwater 'camera
underway ˌʌn.də'weɪ ⓤⓢ -dɚ'-
underwear 'ʌn.də.weə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚ.wer
underweight ˌʌn.də'weɪt ⓤⓢ -dɚ'-, '--- *stress shift:* ˌunderweight 'baggage
underwent (*from* **undergo**) ˌʌn.də'went ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- *stress shift:* ˌunderwent 'surgery
underwhelm ˌʌn.də'*h*welm ⓤⓢ -dɚ'- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
underwing 'ʌn.də.wɪŋ ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-s** -z
underwired ˌʌn.də'waɪəd ⓤⓢ -dɚ'waɪɚd, '--- *stress shift:* ˌunderwired 'bra
underwood (U) 'ʌn.də.wʊd ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-s** -z
underworld (U) 'ʌn.də.wɜːld ⓤⓢ -dɚ.wɝːld
underwri|te ˌʌn.d^{ə}r'aɪ|t, '--- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚ.raɪ|t **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **underwrote** ˌʌn.d^{ə}r'əʊt, '--- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚ.roʊt **underwritten** ˌʌn.d^{ə}r'ɪt.^{ə}n, 'ʌn.d^{ə}rˌɪt- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dɚˌrɪt.^{ə}n
underwriter 'ʌn.d^{ə}rˌaɪ.tə^{r} ⓤⓢ -dɚˌraɪ.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
undescended ˌʌn.dɪ'sen.dɪd
undescribab|le ˌʌn.dɪ'skraɪ.bə.b|^{ə}l, -də'- **-ly** -li
undeserv|ed ˌʌn.dɪ'zɜːv|d, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'zɝːv|d **-edly** -ɪd.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs
undeserving ˌʌn.dɪ'zɜː.vɪŋ, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'zɝː- **-ly** -li
undesigning ˌʌn.dɪ'zaɪ.nɪŋ
undesirability ˌʌn.dɪˌzaɪə.rə'bɪl.ə.ti, -dəˌ-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌzaɪ.rə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
undesirab|le ˌʌn.dɪ'zaɪə.rə.b|^{ə}l, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'zaɪ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -^{ə}l.nəs, -nɪs
undetected ˌʌn.dɪ'tek.tɪd, -də'-
undeterminable ˌʌn.dɪ'tɜː.mɪ.nə.b^{ə}l, -də'-, -mə- ⓤⓢ -'tɝː-
undeterminate ˌʌn.dɪ'tɜː.mɪ.nət, -də'-, -mə-, -nɪt ⓤⓢ -'tɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undetermination ˌʌn.dɪˌtɜː.mɪ'neɪ.ʃ^{ə}n, -də-, -mə'- ⓤⓢ -ˌtɝː-
undetermined ˌʌn.dɪ'tɜː.mɪnd, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'tɝː-
undeterred ˌʌn.dɪ'tɜːd, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'tɝːd
undeveloped ˌʌn.dɪ'vel.əpt, -də'-
undeviating ʌn'diː.vi.eɪ.tɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li
undid (*from* **undo**) ʌn'dɪd, ˌʌn-
undies 'ʌn.diz
undigested ˌʌn.daɪ'dʒes.tɪd, -dɪ'-, -də'-
undignified ʌn'dɪg.nɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-, -nə-
undiluted ˌʌn.daɪ'luː.tɪd, -dɪ'-, -'ljuː- ⓤⓢ -'luː.t̬ɪd
undiminished ˌʌn.dɪ'mɪn.ɪʃt, -də'-
undimmed ʌn'dɪmd, ˌʌn-
undine (U) 'ʌn.diːn; ʌn'diːn, ʊn- ⓤⓢ ʌn'diːn; 'ʌn.diːn, -daɪn **-s** -z
undiplomatic ˌʌn.dɪp.lə'mæt.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'mæt̬- **-ally** -^{ə}l.i, -li
undiscerning ˌʌn.dɪ'sɜː.nɪŋ, -də'-, -'zɜː- ⓤⓢ -'sɝː-, -'zɝː-
undischarged ˌʌn.dɪs'tʃɑːdʒd ⓤⓢ -'tʃɑːrdʒd
undisciplined ʌn'dɪs.ɪ.plɪnd, ˌʌn-, '-ə-
undisclosed ˌʌn.dɪs'kləʊzd ⓤⓢ -'kloʊzd
undiscouraged ˌʌn.dɪ'skʌr.ɪdʒd ⓤⓢ -'skɝː-
undiscovered ˌʌn.dɪ'skʌv.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
undiscussed ˌʌn.dɪ'skʌst
undisguised ˌʌn.dɪs'gaɪzd, -dɪz'-
undismayed ˌʌn.dɪ'smeɪd, -də'-
undisputed ˌʌn.dɪ'spjuː.tɪd, -də'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
undissolved ˌʌn.dɪ'zɒlvd, -'sɒlvd ⓤⓢ -'zɑːlvd
undistinguishab|le ˌʌn.dɪ'stɪŋ.gwɪ.ʃə.b|^{ə}l, -də'- **-ly** -li **-leness** -^{ə}l.nəs, -nɪs
undistinguished ˌʌn.dɪ'stɪŋ.gwɪʃt, -də'-
undistracted ˌʌn.dɪ'stræk.tɪd, -də'-
undisturbed ˌʌn.dɪ'stɜːbd, -də'- ⓤⓢ -'stɝːbd
undivided ˌʌn.dɪ'vaɪ.dɪd, -də'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
un|do ʌn|'duː, ˌʌn- **-does** -'dʌz **-doing** -'duː.ɪŋ **-did** -'dɪd **-done** -'dʌn **-doer/s** -'duː.ə^{r}/z ⓤⓢ -'duː.ɚ/z
undock ʌn'dɒk, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'dɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
undomesticated ˌʌn.də'mes.tɪ.keɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
undone (*from* **undo**) ʌn'dʌn, ˌʌn-
undoubted ʌn'daʊ.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd **-ly** -li
undreamed, undreamt ʌn'driːmd,

ˌʌn'drempt un'dreamed ˌof
undress ʌn'dres, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
undrinkable ʌn'drɪŋ.kə.bəl, ˌʌn-
undrunk ʌn'drʌŋk
undue ʌn'djuː, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'duː, -'djuː
undulant 'ʌn.djəl.ənt, -djʊ.lənt, -dʒəl.ənt, -dʒʊ.lənt ⓤⓢ -dʒəl.ənt, -djəl-
undu|late 'ʌn.djəl.leɪt, -djʊ-, -dʒə-, -dʒʊ- ⓤⓢ -dʒə-, -djə- **-lates** -leɪts **-lating/ly** -leɪ.tɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li **-lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd
undulation ˌʌn.djə'leɪ.ʃən, -djʊ'-, -dʒə'-, -dʒʊ'- ⓤⓢ -dʒə'-, -djə'-, -də'- **-s** -z
undulatory 'ʌn.djəl.ə.tər.i, -djʊ.lə-, -dʒəl.ə-, -dʒʊ.lə-, -tri; ˌʌn.djə'leɪ.tər-, -djʊ'- ⓤⓢ 'ʌn.dʒəl.ə.tɔːr.i, -djəl-, -dəl-
unduly ʌn'djuː.li, ˌʌn-, -'dʒuː- ⓤⓢ -'duː-, -'djuː-
undutiful ʌn'djuː.tɪ.fəl, ˌʌn-, -'dʒuː-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ -'duː.t̬ɪ-, -'djuː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
undying ʌn'daɪ.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unearned ʌn'ɜːnd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ɝːnd
unearth ʌn'ɜːθ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ɝːθ **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unearthl|y ʌn'ɜːθ.l|i, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ɝːθ- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unease ʌn'iːz, ˌʌn-
uneas|y ʌn'iː.z|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.ər ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
uneatable ʌn'iː.tə.bəl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uneaten ʌn'iː.tən, ˌʌn-
uneconomic ʌnˌiː.kə'nɒm.ɪk, ˌʌn-, -ˌek.ə'- ⓤⓢ -ˌek.ə'nɑː.mɪk, -ˌiː.kə'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unedifying ʌn'ed.ɪ.faɪ.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-
unedited ʌn'ed.ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
uneducated ʌn'edʒ.ʊ.keɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, '-ə-, -'ed.jʊ-, -jə- ⓤⓢ -'edʒ.ʊ.keɪ.t̬ɪd, '-ə-
unelected ˌʌn.ɪ'lek.tɪd
unembarrassed ˌʌn.ɪm'bær.əst, -em'- ⓤⓢ -em'ber-, -ɪm'-, -'bær-
unemotional ˌʌn.ɪ'məʊ.ʃən.əl ⓤⓢ -'moʊ- **-ly** -i
unemphatic ˌʌn.ɪm'fæt.ɪk, -em'- ⓤⓢ -'fæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unemployability ˌʌn.ɪmˌplɔɪ.ə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -emˌ-, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
unemployable ˌʌn.ɪm'plɔɪ.ə.bəl, -em'-
unemployed ˌʌn.ɪm'plɔɪd, -em'-
unemployment ˌʌn.ɪm'plɔɪ.mənt, -em'- unem'ployment ˌbenefit, ˌunemployment 'benefit ⓤⓢ unem'ployment ˌbenefit
unenclosed ˌʌn.ɪn'kləʊzd, -ɪŋ'-, -en'-, -eŋ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn'kloʊzd, -en'-
unencumbered ˌʌn.ɪŋ'kʌm.bəd, -ɪn'-, -eŋ'-, -en'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn'kʌm.bɚd, -en'-
unending ʌn'en.dɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unendowed ˌʌn.ɪn'daʊd, -en'-
unendurab|le ˌʌn.ɪn'djʊə.rə.b|əl, -en'-, -'djɔː- ⓤⓢ -'dʊr.ə-, -'djʊr-, -'dɝː- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unenforceable ˌʌn.ɪn'fɔː.sə.bəl ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr-
unengaged ˌʌn.ɪŋ'geɪdʒd, -ɪn'-, -eŋ'-, -en'- ⓤⓢ -ɪn'-, -en'-
un-English ˌʌn'ɪŋ.glɪʃ **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unenlightened ˌʌn.ɪn'laɪ.tənd, -en'-
unenterprising ʌn'en.tə.praɪ.zɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- **-ly** -li
unenthusiastic ˌʌn.ɪnˌθjuː.zi'æs.tɪk, -enˌ- ⓤⓢ -ˌθuː-, -ˌθjuː- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unenviab|le ʌn'en.vi.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unequal ʌn'iː.kwəl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-(l)ed** -d
unequitab|le ʌn'ek.wɪ.tə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -wə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə- **-ly** -li
unequivoc|al ˌʌn.ɪ'kwɪv.ə.k|əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unerring ʌn'ɜː.rɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ɝː.ɪŋ, -'er- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unescapable ˌʌn.ɪ'skeɪ.pə.bəl
UNESCO, Unesco juː'nes.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
unessential ˌʌn.ɪ'sen.*t*ʃəl
unethic|al ʌn'eθ.ɪ.k|əl **-ly** -əl.i, -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uneven ʌn'iː.vən, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uneventful ˌʌn.ɪ'vent.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unexampled ˌʌn.ɪg'zɑːm.pəld, -eg'-, -ɪk'sɑːm-, -ek'- ⓤⓢ -ɪg'zæm-, -eg'-
unexceptionab|le ˌʌn.ɪk'sep.ʃən.ə.b|əl, -ek'-, -'sepʃ.nə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs ⓤⓢ -nɪs
unexceptional ˌʌn.ɪk'sep.ʃən.əl, -ek'-, -'sepʃ.nəl **-ly** -i
unexhausted ˌʌn.ɪg'zɔː.stɪd, -eg'-, -ɪk'sɔː-, -ek'- ⓤⓢ -ɪg'zɑː-, -eg'-, -'zɔː-
unexpected ˌʌn.ɪk'spek.tɪd, -ek'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unexpired ˌʌn.ɪk'spaɪəd, -ek'- ⓤⓢ -'spaɪɚd
unexplained ˌʌn.ɪk'spleɪnd, -ek'-
unexplored ˌʌn.ɪk'splɔːd, -ek'- ⓤⓢ -'splɔːrd
unexposed ˌʌn.ɪk'spəʊzd, -ek'- ⓤⓢ -'spoʊzd
unexpressib|le ˌʌn.ɪk'spres.ə.b|əl, -ek'-, '-ɪ- **-ly** -li
unexpressive ˌʌn.ɪk'spres.ɪv, -ek'-
unexpurgated ʌn'ek.spə.geɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -spɜː- ⓤⓢ -spɚ.geɪ.t̬ɪd
unfading ʌn'feɪ.dɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unfailing ʌn'feɪ.lɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfair ʌn'feər, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'fer **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs ˌunfair dis'missal
unfaithful ʌn'feɪθ.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfaltering ʌn'fɔːl.tər.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, -'fɒl- ⓤⓢ -'fɑːl.t̬ɚ-, -'fɔːl- **-ly** -li
unfamiliar ˌʌn.fə'mɪl.jər, '-i.ər ⓤⓢ '-jɚ **-ly** -li
unfamiliarity ˌʌn.fəˌmɪl.i'ær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -'er.ə.t̬i, -'ær-
unfashionab|le ʌn'fæʃ.ən.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, '-nə- **-ly** -li
unfasten ʌn'fɑː.sən, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'fæs.ən **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'fɑːs.nɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'fæs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
unfathomab|le ʌn'fæð.ə.mə.b|əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unfathomed ʌn'fæð.əmd, ˌʌn-
unfavo(u)rab|le ʌn'feɪ.vər.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -'feɪv.rə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unfavo(u)rite ʌn'feɪ.vər.ɪt, ˌʌn-, -'feɪv.rɪt
unfazed ʌn'feɪzd
unfed ʌn'fed, ˌʌn-
unfeeling ʌn'fiː.lɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfeigned ʌn'feɪnd, ˌʌn-
unfeigned|ly ʌn'feɪ.nɪd|.li, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfelt ʌn'felt, ˌʌn-
unfermented ˌʌn.fə'men.tɪd, -fɜː'- ⓤⓢ -fɚ'men.t̬ɪd
unfertilized, -ised ʌn'fɜː.təl.aɪzd, ˌʌn-, -tɪ.laɪzd ⓤⓢ -'fɝː.t̬əl.aɪzd
unfett|er ʌn'fet|.ər, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'fet̬|.ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ed** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
unfettered ʌn'fet.əd ⓤⓢ -'fet̬.ɚd
unfilial ʌn'fɪl.i.əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -i
unfinished ʌn'fɪn.ɪʃt, ˌʌn- ˌunfinished 'business, unˌfinished 'business
unfit (*adj.*) ʌn'fɪt **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
un|fit (*v.*) ʌn|'fɪt, ˌʌn- **-fits** -'fɪts **-fitting/ly** -'fɪt.ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ -'fɪt̬.ɪŋ/li **-fitted** -'fɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'fɪt̬.ɪd
unfix ʌn'fɪks, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unflagging ʌn'flæg.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unflappab|le ʌn'flæp.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unflattering ʌn'flæt.ər.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'flæt̬- **-ly** -li
unfledged ʌn'fledʒd, ˌʌn-
unflinching ʌn'flɪn.*t*ʃɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfold ʌn'fəʊld, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'foʊld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
unforeseeable ˌʌn.fɔː'siː.ə.bəl, -fə'- ⓤⓢ -fɔːr'-, -fɚ'-
unforeseen ˌʌn.fɔː'siːn, -fə'- ⓤⓢ -fɔːr'-, -fɚ'- ˌunforeseen 'circumstances
unforgettab|le ˌʌn.fə'get.ə.b|əl ⓤⓢ -fɚ'get̬- **-ly** -li
unforgivable ˌʌn.fə'gɪv.ə.bəl ⓤⓢ -fɚ'-
unforgiven ˌʌn.fə'gɪv.ən ⓤⓢ -fɚ'-
unforgiving ˌʌn.fə'gɪv.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -fɚ'- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unforgotten ˌʌn.fə'gɒt.ən ⓤⓢ -fɚ'gɑː.tən
unformatted ʌn'fɔː.mæt.ɪd ⓤⓢ -'fɔːr.mæt̬-
unformed ʌn'fɔːmd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'fɔːrmd
unforthcoming ˌʌn.fɔːθ'kʌm.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -fɔːrθ-

unfortified ʌn'fɔː.tɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -'fɔːr.t̬ɪ-
unfortunate ʌn'fɔː.tʃən.ət, ˌʌn-, -ɪt (US) -'fɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfounded ʌn'faʊn.dɪd, ˌʌn-
unframed ʌn'freɪmd, ˌʌn-
un|freeze ʌn|'friːz (US) ˌʌn- **-freezes** -'friː.zɪz **-froze** -'frəʊz (US) -'froʊz **-frozen** -'frəʊ.zən (US) -'froʊ.zən
unfrequented ˌʌn.frɪ'kwen.tɪd (US) ʌn'friː.kwen.t̬ɪd, ˌʌn-
unfriend|ly ʌn'frend|.li, ˌʌn- **-liness** -lɪ.nəs, -lɪ.nɪs
unfrock ʌn'frɒk, ˌʌn- (US) -'frɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unfruitful ʌn'fruːt.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unfulfilled ˌʌn.fʊl'fɪld
unfunny ʌn'fʌn.i, ˌʌn-
unfurl ʌn'fɜːl, ˌʌn- (US) -'fɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
unfurnished ʌn'fɜː.nɪʃt, ˌʌn- (US) -'fɝː-
ungain|ly ʌn'geɪn.l|i, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
ungallant ʌn'gæl.ənt, ˌʌn.gə'lænt, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gæl.ənt, ˌʌn.gə'lænt, -'lɑːnt **-ly** -li
ungenerous ʌn'dʒen.ər.əs, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
ungentleman|ly ʌn'dʒent.əl.mən.l|i, ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
un-get-at-able ˌʌn.get'æt.ə.bəl, ˌʌŋ- (US) ˌʌn.get̬'æt̬-
ungird ʌn'gɜːd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gɝːd, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
unglazed ʌn'gleɪzd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
ungloved ʌn'glʌvd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unglu|e ʌn'gluː, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
ungodl|y ʌn'gɒd.l|i, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gɑːd.l|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Ungoed 'ʌŋ.gɔɪd
ungotten ʌn'gɒt.ən, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gɑː.tən, ˌʌn-
ungovernab|le ʌn'gʌv.ən.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, '-nə- (US) ʌn'gʌv.ɚ.nə-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs (US) -nɪs
ungoverned ʌn'gʌv.ənd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gʌv.ɚnd, ˌʌn-
ungraceful ʌn'greɪs.fəl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -fʊl (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ungracious ʌn'greɪ.ʃəs, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ungrammatic|al ˌʌn.grə'mæt.ɪ.k|əl, ˌʌŋ- (US) ˌʌn.grə'mæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
ungrateful ʌn'greɪt.fəl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -fʊl (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
ungrounded ʌn'graʊn.dɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
ungrudging ʌn'grʌdʒ.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unguarded ʌn'gɑː.dɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn'gɑːr-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unguent 'ʌŋ.gwənt, -gju.ənt (US) -gwənt **-s** -s
unguided ʌn'gaɪ.dɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
ungul|a 'ʌŋ.gjə.l|ə, -gjʊ- **-ae** -iː
ungulate 'ʌŋ.gjə.leɪt, -gjʊ-, -lət, -lɪt (US) -lɪt, -leɪt **-s** -s
unhallowed ʌn'hæl.əʊd, ˌʌn- (US) -oʊd
unhampered ʌn'hæm.pəd, ˌʌn- (US) -pɚd
unhand ʌn'hænd, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
unhandy ʌn'hæn.di, ˌʌn-
unhapp|y ʌn'hæp|.i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nɪs, -ɪ.nəs
unharmed ʌn'hɑːmd, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɑːrmd
unharness ʌn'hɑː.nɪs, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɑːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unhatched ʌn'hætʃt, ˌʌn-
unhealth|y ʌn'hel.θ|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unheard ʌn'hɜːd, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɝːd
unheard-of ʌn'hɜːd,ɒv (US) -'hɝːd,ɑːv, -əv
unheeded ʌn'hiː.dɪd, ˌʌn-
unheeding ʌn'hiː.dɪŋ **-ly** -li
unhelpful ʌn'help.fʊl, -fəl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unheralded ʌn'her.əl.dɪd
unhesitating ʌn'hez.ɪ.teɪ.tɪŋ, ˌʌn-, '-ə- (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li
unhing|e ʌn'hɪndʒ, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
unhistoric ˌʌn.hɪ'stɒr.ɪk, -ɪ'- (US) -hɪ'stɔːr- **-al** -əl
unhitch ʌn'hɪtʃ, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unhol|y ʌn'həʊ.l|i, ˌʌn- (US) -'hoʊ- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **unˌholy al'liance**
unhook ʌn'hʊk, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unhoped-for ʌn'həʊpt,fɔːʳ (US) -'hoʊpt,fɔːr
unhors|e ʌn'hɔːs, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unhous|e ʌn'haʊz, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
unhuman ʌn'hjuː.mən, ˌʌn-
unhung ʌn'hʌŋ, ˌʌn-
unhurried ʌn'hʌr.ɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unhurt ʌn'hɜːt, ˌʌn- (US) -'hɝːt
uni- juː.nɪ, -ni
Note: Prefix. Normally takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **unify** /'juː.nɪ.faɪ (US) -nə-/, **unification** /ˌjuː.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən (US) -nə-/.
uni 'juː.ni **-s** -z
Uniate 'juː.ni.ət, -ɪt, -eɪt (US) -ɪt, -eɪt **-s** -s
unicameral ˌjuː.nɪ'kæm.ər.əl
UNICEF, Unicef 'juː.nɪ.sef
unicellular ˌjuː.nɪ'sel.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -jə.lɚ
unicorn 'juː.nɪ.kɔːn (US) -kɔːrn **-s** -z
unicycl|e 'juː.nɪˌsaɪ.kəl (US) -nə- **-es** -z **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
unidentified ˌʌn.aɪ'den.tɪ.faɪd (US) -t̬ə- **ˌunidentified ˌflying 'object**
unidimensional ˌjuː.nɪ.daɪ'men.tʃən.əl, -dɪ'-, -də'- (US) -nə.də'ment.ʃə-, -dɪ'-, -daɪ-
unidiomatic ʌnˌɪd.i.əʊ'mæt.ɪk, ˌʌn- (US) -ə'mæt̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unifiable 'juː.nɪ.faɪ.ə.bəl (US) -nə-
unification ˌjuː.nɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃən, -nə- (US) -nə- **-s** -z
uniform 'juː.nɪ.fɔːm, -nə- (US) -nə.fɔːrm **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uniformity ˌjuː.nɪ'fɔː.mə.ti, -nə'-, -mɪ- (US) -nə'fɔːr.mə.t̬i
uni|fy 'juː.nɪ|.faɪ, -nə- (US) -nə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
Unigate® 'juː.nɪ.geɪt, -nə- (US) -nə-
unilateral ˌjuː.nɪ'læt.ər.əl (US) -nə'læt̬- **-ly** -i **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Unilever® 'juː.nɪ.liː.vəʳ (US) -nə.liː.vɚ
unimaginab|le ˌʌn.ɪ'mædʒ.ɪ.nə.b|əl, -ən.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unimaginative ˌʌn.ɪ'mædʒ.ɪ.nə.tɪv, -ən.ə- (US) -t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unimagined ˌʌn.ɪ'mædʒ.ɪnd, -ənd
unimpaired ˌʌn.ɪm'peəd (US) -'perd
unimpassioned ʌn.ɪm'pæʃ.ənd
unimpeachab|le ˌʌn.ɪm'piː.tʃə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unimpeded ˌʌn.ɪm'piː.dɪd
unimportance ˌʌn.ɪm'pɔː.tənts (US) -'pɔːr-
unimportant ˌʌn.ɪm'pɔː.tənt (US) -'pɔːr- **-ly** -li
unimpressed ˌʌn.ɪm'prest
unimpressive ˌʌn.ɪm'pres.ɪv **-ly** -li
unimproved ʌn.ɪm'pruːvd
uninflated ˌʌn.ɪn'fleɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
uninflected ˌʌn.ɪn'flek.tɪd
uninfluenced ʌn'ɪn.flu.əntst, ˌʌn-, -fluəntst (US) -flu.əntst
uninformative ˌʌn.ɪn'fɔː.mə.tɪv (US) -'fɔːr.mə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li
uninformed ˌʌn.ɪn'fɔːmd (US) -'fɔːrmd
uninhabitable ˌʌn.ɪn'hæb.ɪ.tə.bəl, '-ə- (US) -t̬ə- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uninhabited ˌʌn.ɪn'hæb.ɪ.tɪd, '-ə- (US) -t̬ɪd
uninhibited ˌʌn.ɪn'hɪb.ɪ.tɪd, '-ə- (US) -t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
uninitiated ˌʌn.ɪ'nɪʃ.i.eɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
uninjured ʌn'ɪn.dʒəd, ˌʌn- (US) -dʒɚd
uninspired ˌʌn.ɪn'spaɪəd (US) -'spaɪɚd
uninspiring ˌʌn.ɪn'spaɪə.rɪŋ (US) -'spaɪ- **-ly** -li
uninstall ˌʌn.ɪn'stɔːl (US) -'stɔːl, -'stɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
uninstructed ˌʌn.ɪn'strʌk.tɪd
uninsured ˌʌn.ɪn'ʃʊəd, -'ʃɔːd (US) -'ʃʊrd

unintelligent ˌʌn.ɪnˈtel.ɪ.dʒənt, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li

unintelligibility ˌʌn.ɪnˌtel.ɪ.dʒəˈbɪl.ə.ti, ˌ-ə-, -dʒɪˈ-, -ɪ.ti US -ə.t̬i

unintelligib|le ˌʌn.ɪnˈtel.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl, ˈ-ə-, -dʒɪ- **-ly** -li

unintended ˌʌn.ɪnˈten.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌunintended ˈpun

unintentional ˌʌn.ɪnˈten.tʃən.əl, -ˈtentʃ.nəl **-ly** -i

uninterest|ed ʌnˈɪn.trə.st|ɪd, ˌʌn-, -trɪ-, -tres.t|ɪd, -tər.ə.st|ɪd, -ɪ-, -es.t|ɪd US -trɪ.st|ɪd, -trə-, -tres.t|ɪd, -tɚ.es-, -ə.st|ɪd **-ing** -ɪŋ

uninterrupted ʌnˌɪn.təˈrʌp.tɪd, ˌʌn- US -təˈrʌp- **-ly** -li

uninvited ˌʌn.ɪnˈvaɪ.tɪd US -t̬ɪd

uninviting ʌn.ɪnˈvaɪ.tɪŋ US -t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

union (U) ˈjuː.njən, -ni.ən US ˈ-njən **-s** -z ˌUnion ˈJack

union|ism (U) ˈjuː.njə.n|ɪ.zəm, ˈ-ni.ə- US ˈ-njə- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

unionization, -isa- ˌjuː.njə.naɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ni.ə-, -ɪˈ- US -njə.nɪˈ-

unioniz|e, -is|e ˈjuː.njə.naɪz, -ni.ə- US -ˈnjə- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unipartite ˌjuː.nɪˈpɑː.taɪt US -ˈpɑːr-

unique juːˈniːk **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Uniroyal® ˈjuː.nɪ.rɔɪəl

unisex ˈjuː.nɪ.seks US -nə-

unisexual ˌjuː.nɪˈsek.ʃuəl, -sjuəl US -nəˈsek.ʃu.əl

unison ˈjuː.nɪ.sən, -nə-, -zən US -nə- **-s** -z

unissued ʌnˈɪʃ.uːd, ˌʌn-, -ˈɪs.juːd US -ˈɪʃ.uːd

unit ˈjuː.nɪt **-s** -s ˌunit ˈtrust

UNITA, Unita juːˈniː.tə US -t̬ə

unitable juːˈnaɪ.tə.bəl US -t̬ə-

unitarian (U) ˌjuː.nɪˈteə.ri.ən US -ˈter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

unitary ˈjuː.nɪ.tər.i, -tri US -ter.i

u|nite juːˈ|naɪt, jʊ- **-nites** -ˈnaɪts **-niting** -ˈnaɪ.tɪŋ US -ˈnaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-nited/ly** -ˈnaɪ.tɪd/li US -ˈnaɪ.t̬ɪd/li **-niter/s** -ˈnaɪ.tər/z US -ˈnaɪ.t̬ɚ/z

United Arab Emirates juːˌnaɪ.tɪdˌær.əbˈem.ɪ.rəts, jʊ-, -ər.əts, -ɪts, -eɪts US -t̬ɪdˌer.əbˈem.ɚ.əts, -ˌær-; -ɪˈmɪr-

United Kingdom juːˌnaɪ.tɪdˈkɪŋ.dəm, jʊ- US -t̬ɪdˈ-

United Nations juːˌnaɪ.tɪdˈneɪ.ʃənz, jʊ- US -t̬ɪdˈ-

United Reformed Church juːˌnaɪ.tɪd.rɪˈfɔːmd,tʃɜːtʃ, jʊ- US -t̬ɪd.rɪˈfɔːrmd,tʃɝːtʃ

United States juːˌnaɪ.tɪdˈsteɪts, jʊ- US -t̬ɪdˈ- UˌnitedˌStates of Aˈmerica

unit|y (U) ˈjuː.nə.t|i, -nɪ- US -nə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

univalen|t ˌjuː.nɪˈveɪ.lən|t US -nəˈ-; juːˈnɪv.əl.ən|t **-ce** -*ts*

univalve ˈjuː.nɪ.vælv US -nə- **-s** -z

universal ˌjuː.nɪˈvɜː.səl, -nəˈ- US -nəˈvɝː- **-s** -z **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s *stress shift:* ˌuniversal ˈjoint

universality ˌjuː.nɪ.vɜːˈsæl.ə.ti, -nə-, -ɪ.ti US -nə.vɝːˈsæl.ə.t̬i

universaliz|e, -is|e ˌjuː.nɪˈvɜː.səl.aɪz, -nəˈ- US -nəˈvɝː.sə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

univers|e ˈjuː.nɪ.vɜːs, -nə- US -nə.vɝːs **-es** -ɪz

universit|y ˌjuː.nɪˈvɜː.sə.t|i, -nəˈ-, -sɪ- US -nəˈvɝː.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz *stress shift:* ˌuniversity ˈgrant

univocal ˌjuː.nɪˈvəʊ.kəl US -ˈnɪv.ə- **-s** -z

Unix®, UNIX ˈjuː.nɪks

unjust ʌnˈdʒʌst, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unjustifiab|le ʌnˌdʒʌs.tɪˈfaɪ.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn.dʒʌs-, ˌʌnˌdʒʌs-, -təˈ- US ʌnˌdʒʌs.tɪˈfaɪ.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -təˈ-, -ˈdʒʌs.tɪ.faɪ-, -tə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

unjustified ʌnˈdʒʌs.tɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-, -tə- **-ly** -li

unkempt ʌnˈkem*p*t, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unkept ʌnˈkept, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unkin|d ʌnˈkaɪn|d, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-der** -dər US -dɚ **-dest** -dɪst, -dəst **-dly** -d.li **-dness** -*d*.nɪs, -nəs

un|knot ʌnˈ|nɒt, ˌʌn- US -ˈnɑːt **-knots** -ˈnɒts US -ˈnɑːts **-knotting** -ˈnɒt.ɪŋ US -ˈnɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-knotted** -ˈnɒt.ɪd US -ˈnɑː.t̬ɪd

unknowable ʌnˈnəʊ.ə.bəl, ˌʌn- US -ˈnoʊ-

unknowing ʌnˈnəʊ.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- US -ˈnoʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unknown ʌnˈnəʊn, ˌʌn- US -ˈnoʊn **-s** -z ˌUnknown ˈSoldier; ˌunknown ˈquantity

unlac|e ʌnˈleɪs, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unlad|e ʌnˈleɪd US ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-en** -ən

unladylike ʌnˈleɪ.di.laɪk, ˌʌn-

unlamented ˌʌn.ləˈmen.tɪd US -t̬ɪd

unlash ʌnˈlæʃ US ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unlatch ʌnˈlætʃ US ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unlawful ʌnˈlɔː.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl US -ˈlɑː-, -ˈlɔː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unleaded ʌnˈled.ɪd, ˌʌn- ˌunleaded ˈpetrol, unˌleaded ˈpetrol

unlearn ʌnˈlɜːn, ˌʌn- US -ˈlɝːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t, -d **-t** -t

unlearned ʌnˈlɜː.nɪd, ˌʌn- US -ˈlɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unleash ʌnˈliːʃ, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unleavened ʌnˈlev.ənd, ˌʌn- ˌunleavened ˈbread, unˌleavened ˈbread

unled ʌnˈled, ˌʌn-

unless ənˈles, ʌn-

unlettered ʌnˈlet.əd, ˌʌn- US -ˈlet̬.ɚd

unliberated ʌnˈlɪb.ər.eɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- US -ə.reɪ.t̬ɪd

unlicensed ʌnˈlaɪ.sən*t*st, ˌʌn-

unlike ʌnˈlaɪk, ˌʌn-

unlikel|y ʌnˈlaɪ.kl|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ihood** -ɪ.hʊd **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unlikeness ʌnˈlaɪk.nəs, ˌʌn-, -nɪs

unlimb|er ʌnˈlɪm.b|ər, ˌʌn- US -b|ɚ **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd

unlimited ʌnˈlɪm.ɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- US -t̬ɪd

unlink ʌnˈlɪŋk US ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unliquidated ʌnˈlɪk.wɪ.deɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -wə- US -wə.deɪ.t̬ɪd

unlisted ʌnˈlɪs.tɪd

unlit ʌnˈlɪt, ˌʌn-

unload ʌnˈləʊd, ˌʌn- US -ˈloʊd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -ər/z US -ɚ/z

unlock ʌnˈlɒk, ˌʌn- US -ˈlɑːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unlooked-for ʌnˈlʊkt,fɔːr, ˌʌn- US -ˌfɔːr

unloos|e ʌnˈluːs, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unloosen ʌnˈluː.sən, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈluːs.nɪŋ **-ed** -d

unloved ʌnˈlʌvd, ˌʌn- *stress shift:* ˌunloved ˈdaughter

unlovel|y ʌnˈlʌv.l|i, ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unloving ʌnˈlʌv.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-

unluck|y ʌnˈlʌk|.i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.ər US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unmade ʌnˈmeɪd, ˌʌn-

un|make ʌnˈ|meɪk, ˌʌn- **-makes** -ˈmeɪks **-making** -ˈmeɪ.kɪŋ **-made** -ˈmeɪd

unman ʌnˈmæn, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d

unmanageab|le ʌnˈmæn.ɪ.dʒə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ˈ-ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

unmanl|y ʌnˈmæn.l|i, ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unmannered ʌnˈmæn.əd US -ɚd **-ly** -li

unmannerl|y ʌnˈmæn.əl|.i, ˌʌn- US -ɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unmarked ʌnˈmɑːkt, ˌʌn- US -ˈmɑːrkt

unmarriageable ʌnˈmær.ɪ.dʒə.bəl, ˌʌn- US -ˈmer-, -ˈmær-

unmarried ʌnˈmær.ɪd, ˌʌn- US -ˈmer-, -ˈmær-

unmask ʌnˈmɑːsk, ˌʌn- US -ˈmæsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unmatched ʌnˈmætʃt, ˌʌn-

unmeaning ʌnˈmiː.nɪŋ, ˌʌn-

unmeaning|ly ʌnˈmiː.nɪŋ|.li, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unmeasurable ʌnˈmeʒ.ər.ə.bəl, ˌʌn-

unmeasured ʌnˈmeʒ.əd, ˌʌn- US -ɚd

unmentionable ʌnˈmen.*t*ʃən.ə.bəl, ˌʌn-, -ˈmen*t*ʃ.nə- US -ˈmen*t*.ʃən.ə-, -ˈmen*t*ʃ.nə- **-s** -z **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unmentioned ʌnˈmen.*t*ʃənd, ˌʌn- US -ˈmen*t*.ʃənd

unmerciful ʌnˈmɜː.sɪ.fəl, ˌʌn-, -sə-,

-fʊl (US) -ˈmɝː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unmerited ʌnˈmer.ɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪd
unmethodic|al ˌʌn.məˈθɒd.ɪ.k|əl, -mɪˈ-, -meθˈɒd- (US) -məˈθɑː.dɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unmetred, unmetered ʌnˈmiː.təd (US) -t̬ɚd
unmindful ʌnˈmaɪnd.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unmissable ʌnˈmɪs.ə.bəl
unmistakab|le ˌʌn.mɪˈsteɪ.kə.b|əl **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unmitigated ʌnˈmɪt.ɪ.geɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ˈ-ə- (US) -ˈmɪt̬.ə.geɪ.t̬ɪd
unmixed ʌnˈmɪkst, ˌʌn-
unmodifiable ʌnˈmɒd.ɪ.faɪ.ə.bəl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈmɑː.dɪ-
unmodified ʌnˈmɒd.ɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈmɑː.dɪ-
unmolested ˌʌn.məʊˈles.tɪd (US) -məˈ-
unmounted ʌnˈmaʊn.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪd
unmourned ʌnˈmɔːnd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈmɔːrnd
unmov(e)able ʌnˈmuː.və.bəl, ˌʌn-
unmoved ʌnˈmuːvd, ˌʌn-
unmuffl|e ʌnˈmʌf.əl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈmʌf.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
unmusic|al ʌnˈmjuː.zɪ.k|əl, ˌʌn- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unmuzzl|e ʌnˈmʌz.əl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ˈmʌz.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
unnamed ʌnˈneɪmd, ˌʌn-
unnatural ʌnˈnætʃ.ər.əl, ˌʌn-, -ʊ.rəl (US) -ɚ.əl, ˈ-rəl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unnavigable ʌnˈnæv.ɪ.gə.bəl, ˌʌn-
unnecessarily ʌnˈnes.ə.sər.əl.i, ˌʌn-, ˈ-ɪ-, -ɪ.li; -ˌnes.əˈser-, -ɪˈ- (US) -ˌnes.əˈser-; -ˈnes.ə.ser-
unnecessary ʌnˈnes.ə.sər.i, ˌʌn-, ˈ-ɪ-, -ser- (US) -ser-
unneighbo(u)rl|y ʌnˈneɪ.bəl|l.i, ˌʌn- (US) -bɚ.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unnerv|e ʌnˈnɜːv, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈnɝːv **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
unnoticeab|le ʌnˈnəʊ.tɪ.sə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -tə- (US) -ˈnoʊ.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
unnoticed ʌnˈnəʊ.tɪst, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈnoʊ.t̬ɪst
unnumbered ʌnˈnʌm.bəd, ˌʌn- (US) -bɚd
UNO ˈjuː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
uno (U) ˈuː.nəʊ, ˈjuː- (US) -noʊ ˌ**Fiat** ˈ**Uno**®
unobjectionab|le ˌʌn.əbˈdʒek.ʃən.ə.b|əl, -ˈdʒekʃ.nə- **-ly** -li
unobliging ˌʌn.əˈblaɪ.dʒɪŋ **-ly** -li
unobliterated ˌʌn.əˈblɪt.ər.eɪ.tɪd (US) -ˈblɪt̬.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪd
unobservant ˌʌn.əbˈzɜː.vənt (US) -ˈzɝː- **-ly** -li
unobserv|ed ˌʌn.əbˈzɜːv|d (US) -ˈzɝːv|d **-edly** -ɪd.li
unobstructed ˌʌn.əbˈstrʌk.tɪd
unobtainable ˌʌn.əbˈteɪ.nə.bəl
unobtrusive ˌʌn.əbˈtruː.sɪv (US) -əbˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unoccupied ʌnˈɒk.jə.paɪd, ˌʌn-, -jʊ- (US) -ˈɑː.kjə-
unoffending ˌʌn.əˈfen.dɪŋ
unoffensive ˌʌn.əˈfent.sɪv
unofficial ˌʌn.əˈfɪʃ.əl **-ly** -i
unopened ʌnˈəʊ.pənd, ʌn- (US) -ˈoʊ-
unopposed ˌʌn.əˈpəʊzd (US) -ˈpoʊzd
unordained ˌʌn.ɔːˈdeɪnd (US) -ɔːrˈ-
unordered ʌnˈɔː.dəd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈɔːr.dɚd
unorganized, -ised ʌnˈɔː.gən.aɪzd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈɔːr-
unorthodox ʌnˈɔː.θə.dɒks, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈɔːr.θə.dɑːks **-ly** -li
unorthodoxy ʌnˈɔː.θə.dɒk.si, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈɔːr.θə.dɑːk-
unostentatious ʌnˌɒs.tenˈteɪ.ʃəs, ˌʌn-, -tənˈ- (US) -ˌɑː.stənˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unowned ʌnˈəʊnd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈoʊnd
unpack ʌnˈpæk, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -ər/z (US) -ɚ/z
unpaid ʌnˈpeɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unpaired ʌnˈpeəd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈperd, ˌʌn-
unpalatability ʌnˌpæl.ə.təˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˌɪ-, -ə.ti (US) ʌnˌpæl.ə.t̬əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌʌn-
unpalatab|le ʌnˈpæl.ə.tə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, ˈ-ɪ- (US) ʌnˈpæl.ə.t̬ə-, ˌʌn- **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unparalleled ʌnˈpær.əl.eld, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈper-, ˌʌn-, -ˈpær-
unpardonab|le ʌnˈpɑː.dən.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˈpɑːd.nə- (US) ʌnˈpɑːr.dən.ə-, ˌʌn-, -ˈpɑːrd.nə- **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unpardonab|ly ʌnˈpɑː.dən.ə.b|li, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˈpɑːd.nə- (US) ʌnˈpɑːr.dən.ə-, ˌʌn-, -ˈpɑːrd.nə-
unparliamentary ʌnˌpɑː.ləˈmen.tər.i, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -lɪˈ-, -li.əˈ- (US) ʌnˌpɑːr.ləˈmen.t̬ɚ-, ˌʌn-, ˈ-tri
unpasteurized, -ised ʌnˈpæs.tʃər.aɪzd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˈpɑːs-, -tjər-, -tər- (US) ʌnˈpæs.tʃə.raɪzd, ˌʌn-, -tə-
unpatriotic ʌnˌpæt.riˈɒt.ɪk, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˌpeɪ.triˈ- (US) ʌnˌpeɪ.triˈɑː.t̬ɪk, ˌʌn- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unpaved ʌnˈpeɪvd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unpeeled ʌnˈpiːld, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unperceiv|able ˌʌn.pəˈsiː.v|ə.bəl, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈ- **-ed** -d
unperforated ʌnˈpɜː.fər.eɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈpɝː.fə.reɪ.t̬ɪd, ˌʌn-
unperformed ˌʌn.pəˈfɔːmd, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈfɔːrmd
unpersuadable ˌʌn.pəˈsweɪ.də.bəl, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈ-
unpersuaded ˌʌn.pəˈsweɪ.dɪd, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈ-
unpersuasive ˌʌn.pəˈsweɪ.sɪv, ˌʌm-, -zɪv (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈ-
unperturbable ˌʌn.pəˈtɜː.bə.bəl, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈtɝː-
unperturbed ˌʌn.pəˈtɜːbd, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pɚˈtɝːbd
unphilosophic|al ʌnˌfɪl.əˈsɒf.ɪ.k|əl (US) -ˈsɑː.fɪ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unpick ʌnˈpɪk, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unpiloted ʌnˈpaɪ.lə.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈpaɪ.lə.t̬ɪd, ˌʌn-
unpin ʌnˈpɪn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **-ned** -d
unpitying ʌnˈpɪt.i.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈpɪt̬.i-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unplaced ʌnˈpleɪst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unplanned ʌnˈplænd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unplayable ʌnˈpleɪ.ə.bəl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unpleasant ʌnˈplez.ənt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unpleasing ʌnˈpliː.zɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unplug ʌnˈplʌg, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
unplumbed ʌnˈplʌmd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌm-
unpoetic|al ˌʌn.pəʊˈet.ɪ.k|əl, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.poʊˈet̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li **-alness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unpolished ʌnˈpɒl.ɪʃt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌnˈpɑː.lɪʃt, ˌʌn-
unpolitical ˌʌn.pəˈlɪt.ɪ.kəl, ˌʌm- (US) ˌʌn.pəˈlɪt̬-
unpolluted ˌʌn.pəˈluː.tɪd, ˌʌm-, -ˈljuː- (US) ˌʌn.pəˈluː.t̬ɪd
unpopular ʌnˈpɒp.jə.ləʳ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -jʊ- (US) ʌnˈpɑː.pjə.lɚ, ˌʌn-
unpopularity ʌnˌpɒp.jəˈlær.ə.ti, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -jʊˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ʌnˌpɑː.pjəˈler.ə.t̬i, ˌʌn-, -pjʊˈ-, -ˈlær-
unpractic|al ʌnˈpræk.tɪ.k|əl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unpracticality ʌnˌpræk.tɪˈkæl.ə.ti, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -təˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ʌnˌpræk.təˈkæl.ə.t̬i, ˌʌn-
unpractised, -iced ʌnˈpræk.tɪst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn-
unprecedented ʌnˈpres.ɪ.dən.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˈpriː.sɪ-, -den- (US) ʌnˈpres.ə.den.t̬ɪd, ˌʌn-
unpredictability ˌʌn.prɪˌdɪk.təˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, ˌʌm-, -prə-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌʌn.prɪˌdɪk.təˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌpriː-
unpredictab|le ˌʌn.prɪˈdɪk.tə.b|əl, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- (US) ˌʌn.prɪˈ-, -priːˈ- **-ly** -li
unprejudiced ʌnˈpredʒ.ə.dɪst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, ˈ-ʊ- (US) ʌnˈpredʒ.ə-, ˌʌn-
unpremeditated ˌʌn.priːˈmed.ɪ.teɪ.tɪd, ˌʌm-, -prɪˈ-, ˈ-ə- (US) ˌʌn.priːˈmed.ɪ.teɪ.t̬ɪd
unpre|pared ˌʌn.prɪ|ˈpeəd, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- (US) ˌʌn.prɪ|ˈperd, -priːˈ- **-paredly** -ˈpeə.rɪd.li, -ˈpeəd.li (US) -ˈper.ɪd.li, -ˈperd.li **-paredness** -ˈpeə.rɪd.nəs, -ˈpeəd.nəs, -nɪs (US) -ˈper.ɪd.nəs, -ˈperd.nəs, -nɪs
unprepossessing ʌnˌpriː.pəˈzes.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- (US) ʌn-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li

unpresentable ˌʌn.prɪˈzen.tə.bᵊl, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- US ˌʌn.prɪˈzen.t̬ə-, -priːˈ-

unpresuming ˌʌn.prɪˈzjuː.mɪŋ, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ-, -ˈzuː- US ˌʌn.prɪˈzuː-, -priːˈ-, -ˈzjuː-

unpretending ˌʌn.prɪˈten.dɪŋ, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- US ˌʌn.prɪˈten.dɪŋ, -priːˈ- **-ly** -li

unpretentious ˌʌn.prɪˈten.*t*ʃəs, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- US ˌʌn.prɪˈ-, -priːˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unpreventable ˌʌn.prɪˈven.tə.bᵊl, ˌʌm-, -prəˈ- US ˌʌn.prɪˈven.t̬ə-, -priːˈ-

unpriced ʌnˈpraɪst, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unprincipled ʌnˈprɪn*t*.sə.pᵊld, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -sɪ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unprintable ʌnˈprɪn.tə.bᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌnˈprɪn.t̬ə-, ˌʌn-

unprinted ʌnˈprɪn.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌnˈprɪn.t̬ɪd, ˌʌn-

unproclaimed ˌʌn.prəʊˈkleɪmd, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn.proʊˈ-, -prəˈ-

unprocurable ˌʌn.prəˈkjʊə.rə.bᵊl, ˌʌm-, -ˈkjɔː- US ˌʌn.prəˈkjʊr.ə-, -proʊˈ-

unproductive ˌʌn.prəˈdʌk.tɪv, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unprofessional ˌʌn.prəˈfeʃ.ᵊn.ᵊl, ˌʌm-, -ˈfeʃ.nᵊl US ˌʌn- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unprofitab|le ʌnˈprɒf.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, ˈ-ə- US ʌnˈprɑː.fɪ.t̬ə-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

Unprofor ˈʌn.prə.fɔːʳ, ˈʌm- US ˈʌn.prə.fɔːr

unprohibited ˌʌn.prəʊˈhɪb.ɪ.tɪd, ˌʌm-, ˈ-ə- US ˌʌn.proʊˈhɪb.ə.t̬ɪd, -prəˈ-

unpromising ʌnˈprɒm.ɪ.sɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, ˈ-ə- US ʌnˈprɑː.mə-, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li

unprompted ʌnˈprɒm*p*.tɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌnˈprɑːm*p*-, ˌʌn-

unpronounceable ˌʌn.prəˈnaʊn*t*.sə.bᵊl, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn-

unprop ʌnˈprɒp, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌn- US ʌnˈprɑːp, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

unpropitious ˌʌn.prəˈpɪʃ.əs, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn.prəˈ-, -proʊˈ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unprotected ˌʌn.prəˈtek.tɪd, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn-

unproved ʌnˈpruːvd, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unproven ʌnˈpruː.vᵊn, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -ˈprəʊ- US ʌnˈpruː-, ˌʌn-

unprovided ˌʌn.prəˈvaɪ.dɪd, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn-

unprovok|ed ˌʌn.prəˈvəʊk|t, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn.prəˈvoʊk|t **-edly** -ɪd.li, -t.li

unpublished ʌnˈpʌb.lɪʃt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unpunctual ʌnˈpʌŋ*k*.tʃu.əl, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -tʃʊəl, -tju.əl, -tjʊəl US ʌnˈpʌŋ*k*.tʃu.əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -i

unpunctuality ʌnˌpʌŋ*k*.tʃuˈæl.ə.ti, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm-, -tjuˈ-, -ɪ.ti US ʌnˌpʌŋ*k*.tʃuˈæl.ə.t̬i, ˌʌn-

unpunished ʌnˈpʌn.ɪʃt, ˌʌn-, ʌm-, ˌʌm- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unputdownable ˌʌn.pʊtˈdaʊ.nə.bᵊl, ˌʌm- US ˌʌn-

unqualified ʌnˈkwɒl.ɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, ˈ-ə- US ʌnˈkwɑː.lə-, ˌʌn-

unquenchable ʌnˈkwen.*t*ʃə.bᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌn-, ˌʌn-

unquestionab|le ʌnˈkwes.tʃə.nə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -ˈkweʃ- US ʌnˈkwes.tʃə-, ˌʌn-, -tjə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

unquestioned ʌnˈkwes.tʃənd, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -ˈkweʃ- US ʌnˈkwes.tʃənd, ˌʌn-, -tjənd

unquestioning ʌnˈkwes.tʃə.nɪŋ, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ-, -ˈkweʃ- US ʌnˈkwes.tʃə-, ˌʌn-, -tjə- **-ly** -li

unquiet ʌnˈkwaɪət, ʌŋ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unquote ʌnˈkwəʊt, ˌʌn-, ʌŋ-, ˌʌŋ- US ʌnˈkwoʊt, ˌʌn-

unravel ʌnˈræv.ᵊl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈræv.lɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d **-(l)er/s** -əʳ/z, -ɚ/z US -ˈræv.ləʳ/z, -lɚ/z

unread ʌnˈred, ˌʌn-

unreadable ʌnˈriː.də.bᵊl, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unread|y ʌnˈred|.i, ˌʌn- **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unreal ʌnˈrɪəl, ˌʌn- US -ˈriːl, -ˈriː.əl

unrealistic ˌʌn.rɪəˈlɪs.tɪk US -ri.əˈ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

unrealit|y ˌʌn.riˈæl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i US -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz

unreason ʌnˈriː.zᵊn, ˌʌn-

unreasonab|le ʌnˈriː.zᵊn.ə.b|ᵊl, ˌʌn-, -ˈriːz.nə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

unreasoning ʌnˈriː.zᵊn.ɪŋ, ˌʌn-, -ˈriːz.nɪŋ

unreceived ˌʌn.rɪˈsiːvd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unreciprocated ˌʌn.rɪˈsɪp.rə.keɪ.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈsɪp.rə.keɪ.t̬ɪd

unreckoned ʌnˈrek.ᵊnd, ˌʌn-

unreclaimed ˌʌn.rɪˈkleɪmd

unrecognizable, -isa- ʌnˈrek.əg.naɪ.zə.bᵊl, ˌʌn-, ˌʌn.rek.əgˈnaɪ- US ˌʌn.rek.əgˈnaɪ-, ʌnˈrek.əg.naɪ-, ˌʌn-

unrecognized, -ised ʌnˈrek.əg.naɪzd, ˌʌn-

unreconcilable ʌnˈrek.ᵊn.saɪ.lə.bᵊl, ˌʌn-, ˌʌn.rek.ᵊnˈsaɪ-

unreconciled ʌnˈrek.ᵊn.saɪld, ˌʌn-

unreconstructed ˌʌn.riː.kənˈstrʌk.tɪd

unrecorded ˌʌn.rɪˈkɔː.dɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈkɔːr-

unrecounted ˌʌn.rɪˈkaʊn.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈkaʊn.t̬ɪd

unredeemable ˌʌn.rɪˈdiː.mə.bᵊl, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unredeemed ˌʌn.rɪˈdiːmd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unrefined ˌʌn.rɪˈfaɪnd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unreflecting ˌʌn.rɪˈflek.tɪŋ, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unreformed ˌʌn.rɪˈfɔːmd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈfɔːrmd

unrefuted ˌʌn.rɪˈfjuː.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈfjuː.t̬ɪd

unregenerate ˌʌn.rɪˈdʒen.ᵊr.ət, -rəˈ-, -ɪt US -rəˈdʒen.ɚ.ɪt

unregistered ʌnˈredʒ.ɪ.stəd, ˌʌn- US -stɚd

unregulated ʌnˈreg.jə.leɪ.tɪd, -jʊ- US -t̬ɪd

unrehearsed ˌʌn.rɪˈhɜːst, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈhɝːst

unrelated ˌʌn.rɪˈleɪ.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈleɪ.t̬ɪd

unrelaxed ˌʌn.rɪˈlækst, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unrelenting ˌʌn.rɪˈlen.tɪŋ, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈlen.t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unreliability ˌʌn.rɪ.laɪ.əˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, -rə-, -ə.ti US -rɪ.laɪ.əˈbɪl.ə.t̬i

unreliab|le ˌʌn.rɪˈlaɪ.ə.b|ᵊl, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

unreliev|ed ˌʌn.rɪˈliːv|d, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ- **-edly** -ɪd.li

unremarkable ˌʌn.rɪˈmɑː.kə.bᵊl, -rəˈ- US -ˈmɑːr-

unremembered ˌʌn.rɪˈmem.bəd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈmem.bɚd

unremitting ˌʌn.rɪˈmɪt.ɪŋ, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈmɪt̬- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unremonstrative ˌʌn.rɪˈmɒn*t*.strə.tɪv, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈmɑːn*t*.strə.t̬ɪv

unremovable ˌʌn.rɪˈmuː.və.bᵊl, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unremunerative ˌʌn.rɪˈmjuː.nᵊr.ə.tɪv, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈmjuː.nɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, -nə.reɪ-

unrepaired ˌʌn.rɪˈpeəd US -ˈperd

unrepeatable ˌʌn.rɪˈpiː.tə.bᵊl, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈpiː.t̬ə-

unrepentant ˌʌn.rɪˈpen.tənt, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈpen.tᵊnt

unreplaceable ˌʌn.rɪˈpleɪs.ə.bᵊl

unreported ˌʌn.rɪˈpɔː.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈpɔːr.t̬ɪd

unrepresentative ˌʌn.rep.rɪˈzen.tə.tɪv US -t̬ə.t̬ɪv

unrepresented ˌʌn.rep.rɪˈzen.tɪd US -t̬ɪd

unrequested ˌʌn.rɪˈkwes.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ-

unrequited ˌʌn.rɪˈkwaɪ.tɪd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈkwaɪ.t̬ɪd ˌ**unrequited** ˈ**love**

unreserv|ed ˌʌn.rɪˈzɜːv|d, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈzɝːv|d **-edly** -ɪd.li **-edness** -ɪd.nəs, -nɪs

unresisting ˌʌn.rɪˈzɪs.tɪŋ, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ- **-ly** -li

unresolved ˌʌn.rɪˈzɒlvd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈzɑːlvd

unresponsive ˌʌn.rɪˈspɒn*t*.sɪv, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈspɑːn*t*- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unrest ʌnˈrest, ˌʌn- US ʌnˈrest, ˌʌn-, ˈ--

unrestful ʌnˈrest.fᵊl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unresting ʌnˈres.tɪŋ, ˌʌn-

unrestored ˌʌn.rɪˈstɔːd, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈstɔːrd

unrestrain|ed ˌʌn.rɪˈstreɪn|d, -rəˈ- US -rɪˈ- **-edly** -ɪd.li

unrestraint ˌʌn.rɪˈstreɪnt

unrestricted ˌʌn.rɪˈstrɪk.tɪd, -rəˈ- (US) -rɪˈ-

unretentive ˌʌn.rɪˈten.tɪv, -rəˈ- (US) -rɪˈten.t̬ɪv

unreveal|ed ˌʌn.rɪˈviːl|d, -rəˈ- (US) -rɪˈ- **-ing** -ɪŋ

unrevoked ˌʌn.rɪˈvəʊkt, -rəˈ- (US) -rɪˈvoʊkt

unrewarded ˌʌn.rɪˈwɔː.dɪd, -rəˈ- (US) -rɪˈwɔːr-

unriddl|e ʌnˈrɪd.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unrighteous ʌnˈraɪ.tʃəs, -ti.əs (US) -tʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unrightful ʌnˈraɪt.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unripe ʌnˈraɪp, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unrivalled ʌnˈraɪ.vəld, ˌʌn-

unrob|e ʌnˈrəʊb, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈroʊb **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unroll ʌnˈrəʊl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈroʊl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unromantic ˌʌn.rəʊˈmæn.tɪk (US) -roʊˈmæn.t̬ɪk, -rəˈ- **-ally** -əl.i, -li

unrounded ʌnˈraʊn.dɪd, ˌʌn-

unruffled ʌnˈrʌf.əld, ˌʌn-

unrul|y ʌnˈruː.l|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unsaddl|e ʌnˈsæd.əl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈsæd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

unsafe ʌnˈseɪf, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsaid ʌnˈsed, ˌʌn-

unsal(e)able ʌnˈseɪ.lə.bəl, ˌʌn-

unsalted ʌnˈsɔːl.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -ˈsɒl- (US) -ˈsɔːl.t̬ɪd, -sɑː-

unsanctified ʌnˈsæŋk.tɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-

unsanitary ʌnˈsæn.ɪ.tər.i, ˌʌn-, ˈ-ə-, -tri (US) -ˈsæn.ə.ter.i

unsatisfactor|y ʌnˌsæt.ɪsˈfæk.tər|.i, ˌʌn.sæt-, ˌʌnˌsæt- (US) ʌnˌsæt̬-, ˌʌn- **-ily** -əl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unsatisf|ied ʌnˈsæt.ɪs.f|aɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsæt̬- **-ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ

unsaturated ʌnˈsætʃ.ər.eɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -tʃʊ.reɪ-, -tjər.eɪ, -tjʊ.reɪ- (US) -ˈsætʃ.ə.reɪ.t̬ɪd **unˌsaturated ˈfat**

unsavo(u)r|y ʌnˈseɪ.vər|.i, ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

un|say ʌn|ˈseɪ, ˌʌn- **-says** -ˈsez **-saying** -ˈseɪ.ɪŋ **-said** -ˈsed **-sayable** -ˈseɪ.ə.bəl

unscathed ʌnˈskeɪðd, ˌʌn-

unscented ʌnˈsen.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪd

unscheduled ʌnˈʃed.juːld, ˌʌn-, -ˈʃedʒ.uːld, -ˈsked.juːld, -ˈskedʒ.uːld, -əld (US) -ˈskedʒ.ʊld, -uːld, -u.əld

unscholarly ʌnˈskɒl.ə.li, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈskɑː.lɚ-

unschooled ʌnˈskuːld, ˌʌn-

unscientific ˌʌn.saɪənˈtɪf.ɪk **-ally** -əl.i, -li

Unscom ˈʌn.skɒm (US) -skɑːm

unscrambl|e ʌnˈskræm.bəl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈskræm.blɪŋ **-ed** -d

unscrew ʌnˈskruː, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unscripted ʌnˈskrɪp.tɪd, ˌʌn-

unscriptural ʌnˈskrɪp.tʃər.əl, ˌʌn-, -tʃʊ.rəl (US) -tʃɚ.əl **-ly** -i

unscrupulous ʌnˈskruː.pjə.ləs, ˌʌn-, -pjʊ- (US) -pjə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unseal ʌnˈsiːl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unseasonab|le ʌnˈsiː.zən.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -ˈsiːz.nə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

unseasoned ʌnˈsiː.zənd, ˌʌn-

un|seat ʌn|ˈsiːt, ˌʌn- **-seats** -ˈsiːts **-seating** -ˈsiː.tɪŋ (US) -ˈsiː.t̬ɪŋ **-seated** -ˈsiː.tɪd (US) -ˈsiː.t̬ɪd

unseaworth|y ʌnˈsiːˌwɜː.ð|i, ˌʌn- (US) -ˌwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unsectarian ˌʌn.sekˈteə.ri.ən (US) -ˈter.i-

unsecured ˌʌn.sɪˈkjʊəd, -səˈ-, -ˈkjɔːd (US) -ˈkjʊrd

unseeded ʌnˈsiː.dɪd, ˌʌn-

unseeing ʌnˈsiː.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li

unseeml|y ʌnˈsiːm.l|i (US) ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unseen ʌnˈsiːn, ˌʌn-

unselfconscious ˌʌn.selfˈkɒn.*t*ʃəs (US) -ˈkɑːn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unselfish ʌnˈsel.fɪʃ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsensational ˌʌn.senˈseɪ.ʃən.əl, -sənˈ-, -ˈseɪʃ.nəl

unsensitive ʌnˈsen*t*.sə.tɪv, ˌʌn-, -sɪ- (US) -sə.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsentimental ˌʌn.sen.tɪˈmen.təl (US) -t̬əl **-ly** -i

unserviceable ʌnˈsɜː.vɪ.sə.bəl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsɝː-

unsettl|e ʌnˈset.əl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈset̬- **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li, -ˈset.lɪŋ/li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsettled ʌnˈset.əld (US) -ˈset̬-

unsevered ʌnˈsev.əd, ˌʌn- (US) -ɚd

unshackl|e ʌnˈʃæk.əl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˈʃæk.lɪŋ **-ed** -d

unshak(e)able ʌnˈʃeɪ.kə.bəl, ˌʌn-

unshaken ʌnˈʃeɪ.kən, ˌʌn-

unshapely ʌnˈʃeɪ.pli, ˌʌn-

unshaven ʌnˈʃeɪ.vən, ˌʌn-

unsheath|e ʌnˈʃiːð, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

unship ʌnˈʃɪp, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

unshockability ˌʌn.ʃɒk.əˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, -ˌʃɒk-, -ə.ti (US) -ʃɑː.kəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌʃɑː-

unshockable ʌnˈʃɒk.ə.bəl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈʃɑː.kə-

unshod ʌnˈʃɒd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈʃɑːd

unshorn ʌnˈʃɔːn, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈʃɔːrn

unshrinkable ʌnˈʃrɪŋ.kə.bəl, ˌʌn-

unshrinking ʌnˈʃrɪŋ.kɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li

unsighted ʌnˈsaɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪd

unsightl|y ʌnˈsaɪt.l|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unsigned ʌnˈsaɪnd, ˌʌn-

unskilful ʌnˈskɪl.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i

unskilled ʌnˈskɪld, ˌʌn- **ˌunskilled ˈworker**

unslaked ʌnˈsleɪkt, ˌʌn-

unsliced ʌnˈslaɪst

unsociability ˌʌn.səʊ.ʃəˈbɪl.ɪ.ti, -ˌsəʊ-, -ə.ti (US) -soʊ.ʃəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -ˌsoʊ-

unsociab|le ʌnˈsəʊ.ʃə.b|əl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsoʊ- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs

unsocial ʌnˈsəʊ.ʃəl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsoʊ- **-ly** -i **ˌunsocial ˈhours, unˌsocial ˈhours**

unsold ʌnˈsəʊld, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsoʊld

unsold|er ʌnˈsəʊl.d|əʳ, ˌʌn-, -ˈsɒl- (US) -ˈsɑːl.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd

unsolicited ˌʌn.səˈlɪs.ɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

unsolved ʌnˈsɒlvd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsɑːlvd, -ˈsɔːlvd

unsophisticated ˌʌn.səˈfɪs.tɪ.keɪ.tɪd, -tə- (US) -tə.keɪ.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsophistication ˌʌn.səˌfɪs.tɪˈkeɪ.ʃən, -təˈ-

unsorted ʌnˈsɔː.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsɔːr.t̬ɪd

unsought ʌnˈsɔːt, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsɑːt, -ˈsɔːt

unsound ʌnˈsaʊnd, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsparing ʌnˈspeə.rɪŋ, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈsper.ɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unspeakab|le ʌnˈspiː.kə.b|əl, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li

unspecified ʌnˈspes.ɪ.faɪd, ˌʌn-, -ˈə-

unspent ʌnˈspent, ˌʌn-

unspoiled ʌnˈspɔɪlt, ˌʌn-, -ˈspɔɪld (US) -ˈspɔɪld

unspoilt ʌnˈspɔɪlt, ˌʌn-

unspoken ʌnˈspəʊ.kən, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈspoʊ-

unsporting ʌnˈspɔː.tɪŋ, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈspɔːr.t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unsportsmanlike ʌnˈspɔːts.mən.laɪk, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈspɔːrts-

unspotted ʌnˈspɒt.ɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈspɑː.t̬ɪd

Unst ʌn*t*st

unstable ʌnˈsteɪ.bəl, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unstack ʌnˈstæk, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unstamped ʌnˈstæm*p*t, ˌʌn-

unstarched ʌnˈstɑːtʃt, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈstɑːrtʃt

unstated ʌnˈsteɪ.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd

unstatesmanlike ʌnˈsteɪts.mən.laɪk, ˌʌn-

unsteadfast ʌnˈsted.fɑːst, ˌʌn-, -fəst (US) -fæst, -fəst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

unstead|y ʌnˈsted|.i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

unstick ʌnˈstɪk, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **unstuck** ʌnˈstʌk, ˌʌn-

unstinted ʌnˈstɪn.tɪd, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪd

unstinting ʌnˈstɪn.tɪŋ, ˌʌn- (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ly** -li

unstitch ʌnˈstɪtʃ, ˌʌn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

unstop ʌnˈstɒp, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈstɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

unstoppab|le ʌnˈstɒp.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn- (US) -ˈstɑː.pə- **-ly** -li

unstrap ʌnˈstræp, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t

unstressed ʌn'strest, ˌʌn-
unstructured ʌn'strʌk.tʃəd ⓤⓢ -tʃɚd
unstrung ʌn'strʌŋ, ˌʌn-
unstuck (*from* **unstick**) ʌn'stʌk, ˌʌn- **ˌcome un'stuck**
unstudied ʌn'stʌd.id, ˌʌn-
unstylish ʌn'staɪ.lɪʃ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unsubmissive ˌʌn.səb'mɪs.ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unsubstantial ˌʌn.səb'stæn.*t*ʃəl, -'stɑːn- ⓤⓢ -'stæn*t*.ʃəl **-ly** -i
unsubstantiality ˌʌn.səbˌstæn.*t*ʃi'æl.ə.ti, -ˌstɑːn-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ˌstæn*t*.ʃi'æl.ə.t̬i
unsubstantiated ˌʌn.səb'stæn.*t*ʃi.eɪ.tɪd, -'stɑːn- ⓤⓢ -'stæn*t*.ʃi.eɪ.t̬ɪd
unsuccess ˌʌn.sək'ses, '--- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.sək'ses
unsuccessful ˌʌn.sək'ses.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unsuitability ˌʌn.suː.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -sjuː-, ʌnˌsuː-, -ˌsjuː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.suː.t̬ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ʌnˌsuː-
unsuitab|le ʌn'suː.tə.b|əl, ˌʌn-, -'sjuː- ⓤⓢ -'suː.t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unsuited ʌn'suː.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -'sjuː- ⓤⓢ -'suː.t̬ɪd
unsullied ʌn'sʌl.ɪd, ˌʌn-
unsung ʌn'sʌŋ, ˌʌn-
unsupportab|le ˌʌn.sə'pɔː.tə.b|əl ⓤⓢ -'pɔːr.t̬ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unsupported ˌʌn.sə'pɔː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'pɔːr.t̬ɪd
unsure ʌn'ʃɔːʳ, ˌʌn-, -ʃʊəʳ ⓤⓢ -'ʃʊr
unsurmountab|le ˌʌn.sə'maʊn.tə.b|əl ⓤⓢ -sɚ'maʊn.t̬ə- **-ly** -li
unsurpassable ˌʌn.sə'pɑː.sə.bəl ⓤⓢ -sɚ'pæs.ə-
unsurpassed ˌʌn.sə'pɑːst ⓤⓢ -sɚ'pæst
unsurprising ʌn.sə'praɪ.zɪŋ ⓤⓢ -sɚ- **-ly** -li
unsusceptibility ˌʌn.səˌsep.tə'bɪl.ə.ti, -tɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
unsusceptible ˌʌn.sə'sep.tə.bəl, -tɪ-
unsuspected ˌʌn.sə'spek.tɪd
unsuspecting ˌʌn.sə'spek.tɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unsuspicious ˌʌn.sə'spɪʃ.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unsustainable ˌʌn.sə'steɪ.nə.bəl
unsweetened ʌn'swiː.tənd, ˌʌn-
unswerving ʌn'swɜː.vɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'swɝː- **-ly** -li
Unsworth 'ʌnz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
unsymmetric ˌʌn.sɪ'met.rɪk, -sə'- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unsymmetry ʌn'sɪm.ɪ.tri, ˌʌn-, '-ə-
unsympathetic ˌʌn.sɪm.pə'θet.ɪk, -ˌsɪm- ⓤⓢ -'θet̬- **-ally** -əl.i, -li
unsystematic ˌʌn.sɪ.stə'mæt.ɪk, -ˌsɪs.tə'-, -tɪ'- ⓤⓢ -stə'mæt̬- **-al** -əl **-ally** -əl.i, -li
untainted ʌn'teɪn.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
untamable, untameable ʌn'teɪ.mə.bəl, ˌʌn-
untangl|e ʌn'tæŋ.gəl, ˌʌn- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -'tæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d
untapped ʌn'tæpt, ˌʌn-
untarnished ʌn'tɑː.nɪʃt, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'tɑːr-
untaught ʌn'tɔːt, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'tɑːt, -'tɔːt
untaxed ʌn'tækst, ˌʌn-
unteachable ʌn'tiː.tʃə.bəl, ˌʌn-
untempered ʌn'tem.pəd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -pɚd
untenability ˌʌn.ten.ə'bɪl.ɪ.ti, -ˌten-, -ə.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
untenable ʌn'ten.ə.bəl, ˌʌn-
untenanted ʌn'ten.ən.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
unthankful ʌn'θæŋk.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unthinka|ble ʌn'θɪŋ.kə|.bəl, ˌʌn- **-bly** -bli
unthinking ʌn'θɪŋ.kɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unthought ʌn'θɔːt ⓤⓢ -'θɑːt, -'θɔːt **un'thought of**
unthoughtful ʌn'θɔːt.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ -'θɑːt-, -'θɔːt- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unthread ʌn'θred, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
untid|y ʌn'taɪ.d|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
un|tie ʌn|'taɪ, ˌʌn- **-ties** -'taɪz **-tying** -'taɪ.ɪŋ **-tied** -'taɪd
until ən'tɪl, ʌn'tɪl
Note: There is an occasional weak form /'ʌn.tɪl, -təl/ in stress-shift environments (e.g. **ˌuntil 'death**), but this is rare.
untimel|y ʌn'taɪm.l|i, ˌʌn- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
untinged ʌn'tɪndʒd, ˌʌn-
untiring ʌn'taɪə.rɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'taɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
untitled ʌn'taɪ.təld, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -t̬əld
unto 'ʌn.tuː, -tu, -tə ⓤⓢ -tuː, -t̬ə, -tu
untold ʌn'təʊld, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'toʊld
untouchability ʌnˌtʌtʃ.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌʌn-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
untouchable ʌn'tʌtʃ.ə.bəl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z
untouched ʌn'tʌtʃt, ˌʌn-
untoward ˌʌn.tə'wɔːd, -tʊ'-; -'təʊəd ⓤⓢ -'tɔːrd, -tə'wɔːrd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
untraceable ʌn'treɪ.sə.bəl, ˌʌn-
untrained ʌn'treɪnd, ˌʌn-
untrammel(l)ed ʌn'træm.əld, ˌʌn-
untransferable ˌʌn.træn*t*s'fɜː.rə.bəl, -trɑːn*t*s'-, ʌn'træn*t*s.fɜː-, -'trɑːn*t*s- ⓤⓢ ˌʌn.træn*t*s'fɝː.ə-, ʌn'træn*t*s.fɚ-
untranslat|able ˌʌn.træn*t*'sleɪ.t|ə.bəl, -trɑːn*t*'-, -trən'-; -trænz'leɪ-, -trɑːnz'-, -trənz'- ⓤⓢ -træn'sleɪ.t̬|ə-, -trænz'leɪ- **-ed** -ɪd
untried ʌn'traɪd, ˌʌn-
untrimmed ʌn'trɪmd, ˌʌn-
untrodden ʌn'trɒd.ən, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'trɑː.dən
untroubled ʌn'trʌb.əld, ˌʌn-
untrue ʌn'truː, ˌʌn- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
untruly ʌn'truː.li, ˌʌn-
untrustworth|y ʌn'trʌstˌwɜː.ð|i, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -ˌwɝː- **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
untru|th ʌn'truː|θ, ˌʌn- **-ths** -ðz, -θs
untruthful ʌn'truːθ.fəl, ˌʌn-, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
untuck ʌn'tʌk, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
unturned ʌn'tɜːnd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'tɝːnd **ˌleave no ˌstone un'turned, leave ˌno ˌstone un'turned**
untutored ʌn'tjuː.təd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'tuː.t̬ɚd, -'tjuː-
untwist ʌn'twɪst, ˌʌn- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
untypic|al ʌn'tɪp.ɪ.k|əl **-ly** -əl.i, -li
unused *not made use of:* ʌn'juːzd, ˌʌn-
unused *not accustomed:* ʌn'juːst, ˌʌn-
unusual ʌn'juː.ʒəl, ˌʌn-, -ʒu.əl ⓤⓢ -ʒu.əl, -'juːʒ.*w*əl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unutterab|le ʌn'ʌt.ər.ə.b|əl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ʌt̬- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unvariable ʌn'veə.ri.ə.bəl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ver.i-
unvaried ʌn'veə.rid, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ver.id, -'vær-
unvarnished ʌn'vɑː.nɪʃt, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'vɑːr-
unvarying ʌn'veə.ri.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'ver.i-, -'vær.i-
unveil ʌn'veɪl, ˌʌn- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
unventilated ʌn'ven.tɪ.leɪ.tɪd, ˌʌn-, -tə- ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.leɪ.t̬ɪd
unversed ʌn'vɜːst, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'vɝːst
unvoiced ʌn'vɔɪst, ˌʌn-
unwaged ʌn'weɪdʒd, ˌʌn-
unwanted ʌn'wɒn.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɑːn.t̬ɪd
unwarlike ʌn'wɔː.laɪk, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːr-
unwarmed ʌn'wɔːmd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrmd
unwarned ʌn'wɔːnd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrnd
unwarrantab|le ʌn'wɒr.ən.tə.b|əl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːr.ən.t̬ə-, -'wɑːr- **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
unwarranted ʌn'wɒr.ən.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːr.ən.t̬ɪd, -'wɑːr-
unwar|y ʌn'weə.r|i, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wer|.i **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unwashed ʌn'wɒʃt, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɑːʃt, -'wɔːʃt
unwavering ʌn'weɪ.vər.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- **-ly** -li
unwearable ʌn'weə.rə.bəl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wer.ə-
unwearied ʌn'wɪə.rid, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɪr.id
unwearying ʌn'wɪə.ri.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɪr.i-
unwed ʌn'wed, ˌʌn-
unwelcome ʌn'wel.kəm, ˌʌn-
unwell ʌn'wel, ˌʌn-
unwholesome ʌn'həʊl.səm, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'hoʊl- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
unwield|y ʌn'wiːl.d|i, ˌʌn- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li,

-ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unwilling ʌn'wɪl.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Unwin 'ʌn.wɪn
unwind ʌn'waɪnd, ˌʌn- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **unwound** ʌn'waʊnd, ˌʌn-
unwise ʌn'waɪz, ˌʌn- -ly -li
unwish ʌn'wɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t **unˈwished ˌfor**
unwitting ʌn'wɪt.ɪŋ, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɪṭ- -ly -li
unwomanl|y ʌn'wʊm.ən.l|i, ˌʌn- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unwonted ʌn'wəʊn.tɪd, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːn.ṭɪd, -'woʊn-, -'wɑːn-, -'wʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unworkable ʌn'wɜː.kə.bᵊl, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɝː-
unworkmanlike ʌn'wɜːk.mən.laɪk, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɝːk-
unworldl|y ʌn'wɜːld.l|i, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɝːld- -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unworn ʌn'wɔːn, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɔːrn
unworth|y ʌn'wɜː.ð|i, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'wɝː- -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
unwound (*from* **unwind**) ʌn'waʊnd, ˌʌn-
unwounded ʌn'wuːn.dɪd, ˌʌn-
unwrap ʌn'ræp, ˌʌn- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
unwritten ʌn'rɪt.ᵊn, ˌʌn- **ˌunwritten ˌconstiˈtution; ˌunwritten ˈlaw; ˌunwritten ˈrule**
unyielding ʌn'jiːl.dɪŋ, ˌʌn- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
unyok|e ʌn'jəʊk, ˌʌn- ⓤⓢ -'joʊk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
unzip ʌn'zɪp, ˌʌn- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
up- ʌp
Note: Prefix. It is normally unstressed or receives secondary stress. It may carry the strongest stress in stress shift cases.
up ʌp -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
up-and-coming ˌʌp.ᵊŋ'kʌm.ɪŋ, -ᵊnd'- ⓤⓢ -ᵊnd'- *stress shift:* ˌup-and-coming 'leader
up-and-down ˌʌp.ᵊnd'daʊn *stress shift:* ˌup-and-down 'motion
up-and-up ˌʌp.ᵊnd'ʌp
Upanishad ʊ'pʌn.ɪ.ʃəd, jʊ-, -'pæn-, -ʃæd ⓤⓢ uː'pæn.ɪ.ʃæd, juː-, -'pɑː.nɪ-, -ʃɑːd -s -z
upas 'juː.pəs -es -ɪz
upbeat (*adj.*) ʌp'biːt ⓤⓢ '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌupbeat 'ending
upbeat (*n.*) 'ʌp.biːt -s -s
upbraid ʌp'breɪd, ˌʌp- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
upbringing 'ʌpˌbrɪŋ.ɪŋ
upcast 'ʌp.kɑːst ⓤⓢ -kæst -s -s
upchuck 'ʌp.tʃʌk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
upcoming 'ʌpˌkʌm.ɪŋ, -'-- ⓤⓢ 'ʌpˌkʌm-
Upcott 'ʌp.kət, -kɒt ⓤⓢ -kət, -kɑːt
up-countr|y (*n, adj.*) ˌʌp'kʌn.tr|i ⓤⓢ '--- -ies -iz *stress shift, British only:* ˌup-country 'farm
up-country (*adv.*) ʌp'kʌn.tri

Pronouncing the letters UOU

The vowel letter combination **uou** has only one possible pronunciation: /ju.ə/, e.g.:

ambiguous /æm'bɪg.ju.əs/

update (*n.*) 'ʌp.deɪt -s -s
up|date (*v.*) ʌp|'deɪt, ˌʌp- -dates -'deɪts -dating -'deɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'deɪ.ṭɪŋ -dated -'deɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'deɪ.ṭɪd
Updike 'ʌp.daɪk
upend ʌp'end, ˌʌp- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
up-front ʌp'frʌnt, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌup-front 'payment
upgrad|e (*v.*) ʌp'greɪd, ˌʌp- -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
upgrade (*n.*) 'ʌp.greɪd -s -z
Upham 'ʌp.əm
upheaval ʌp'hiː.vᵊl -s -z
upheav|e ʌp'hiːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
upheld (*from* **uphold**) ʌp'held
uphill ʌp'hɪl, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌuphill 'struggle
up|hold ʌp|'həʊld ⓤⓢ -'hoʊld -holds -'həʊldz ⓤⓢ -'hoʊldz -holding -'həʊl.dɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'hoʊl.dɪŋ -held -'held -holder/s -'həʊl.dəʳ/z ⓤⓢ -'hoʊl.dɚ/z
upholst|er ʌp'həʊl.st|əʳ, əp- ⓤⓢ ʌp'hoʊl.st|ɚ -ers -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd -erer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z -ery -ᵊr.i
Upjohn 'ʌp.dʒɒn ⓤⓢ -dʒɑːn
upkeep 'ʌp.kiːp
upland 'ʌp.lənd ⓤⓢ -lənd, -lænd -s -z -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
uplift (*n.*) 'ʌp.lɪft
uplift (*v.*) ʌp'lɪft, ˌʌp- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
uplifting ʌp'lɪf.tɪŋ, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌuplifting 'day
uplighter 'ʌpˌlaɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -ṭɚ -s -z
upload ʌp'ləʊd, 'ʌp.ləʊd ⓤⓢ -'loʊd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
up-market ˌʌp'mɑː.kɪt ⓤⓢ 'ʌpˌmɑːr- *stress shift, British only:* ˌup-market 'shop
Upminster 'ʌpˌmɪnt.stəʳ ⓤⓢ -stɚ
upmost 'ʌp.məʊst ⓤⓢ -moʊst
upon *strong form:* ə'pɒn ⓤⓢ -'pɑːn *occasional weak form:* ə.pən
upper 'ʌp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z **ˌupper 'class; ˌupper 'crust; ˌUpper 'House; ˌstiff upper 'lip; have the ˌupper 'hand**
upper-case ˌʌp.ə'keɪs ⓤⓢ -ɚ'- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌupper-case 'letters**
uppercut 'ʌp.ə.kʌt ⓤⓢ '-ɚ- -s -s
Uppermill 'ʌp.ə.mɪl ⓤⓢ '-ɚ-
uppermost 'ʌp.ə.məʊst ⓤⓢ -ɚ.moʊst
Uppingham 'ʌp.ɪŋ.əm
uppish 'ʌp.ɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uppity 'ʌp.ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ṭi -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Uppsala ʊp'sɑː.lə, ʌp-, '---; 'ʌp.sᵊl.ə, 'ʊp-, -sɑː.lɑː ⓤⓢ ʌp'sɑː.lɑː, ʊp-; 'ʌp.sᵊl.ə
uprais|e ʌp'reɪz, ˌʌp- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
uprear ʌp'rɪəʳ, ˌʌp- ⓤⓢ -'rɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Uprichard juː'prɪtʃ.ɑːd, -əd; ʌp'rɪtʃ.əd ⓤⓢ juː'prɪtʃ.ɑːrd, -ɚd; ʌp'rɪtʃ.ɚd
upright 'ʌp.raɪt -s -s -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
uprising 'ʌpˌraɪ.zɪŋ, -'--, ˌ-'-- ⓤⓢ 'ʌpˌraɪ- -s -z
upriver ˌʌp'rɪv.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ
uproar 'ʌp.rɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -rɔːr -s -z
uproarious ʌp'rɔː.ri.əs ⓤⓢ -'rɔːr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
up|root ʌp|'ruːt, ˌʌp- -roots -'ruːts -rooting -'ruː.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'ruː.ṭɪŋ -rooted -'ruː.tɪd ⓤⓢ -'ruː.ṭɪd -rooter/s -'ruː.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -'ruː.ṭɚ/z
upsadaisy ˌʌps.ə'deɪ.zi, ˌʊps-
Upsala ʊp'sɑː.lə, ʌp-, '---; 'ʌp.sᵊl.ə, 'ʊp-, -sɑː.lɑː ⓤⓢ ʌp'sɑː.lɑː, ʊp-; 'ʌp.sᵊl.ə
upscale ˌʌp'skeɪl
upset (*n.*) 'ʌp.set -s -s
upset (*adj.*) ʌp'set, ˌʌp- *stress shift, see compound:* **ˌupset 'stomach**
up|set (*v.*) ʌp|'set, ˌʌp- -sets -'sets -setting -'set.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ -'seṭ.ɪŋ
upshot 'ʌp.ʃɒt ⓤⓢ -ʃɑːt
upside 'ʌp.saɪd -s -z **ˌupside 'down**
upsilon juːp'saɪ.lən, ʊp-, ʌp-, -lɒn; 'juːp.sɪl.ən, 'ʌp-, -ɒn ⓤⓢ 'ʌp.sə.lɑːn, 'uːp- -s -z
upstag|e (*v.*) ʌp'steɪdʒ, ˌʌp- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d *stress shift, British only:* ˌupstage 'speech
upstage ʌp'steɪdʒ, ˌʌp- ⓤⓢ 'ʌp.steɪdʒ
upstairs ʌp'steəz, ˌʌp- ⓤⓢ -'sterz *stress shift:* ˌupstairs 'window
upstanding ʌp'stæn.dɪŋ, ˌʌp- -ness -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌupstanding 'soldier
upstart 'ʌp.stɑːt ⓤⓢ -stɑːrt -s -s
upstate ˌʌp'steɪt ⓤⓢ 'ʌp-, -'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌupstate 'town
upstream ʌp'striːm, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌupstream 'journey
upstretched ʌp'stretʃt, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌupstretched 'hands
upstroke 'ʌp.strəʊk ⓤⓢ -stroʊk -s -s
upsurg|e 'ʌp.sɜːdʒ ⓤⓢ -sɝːdʒ -es -ɪz
upswept ʌp'swept, ˌʌp- *stress shift:* ˌupswept 'wings
upswing (*n.*) 'ʌp.swɪŋ -s -z
upswing (*v.*) ʌp'swɪŋ, ˌʌp- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **upswung** ʌp'swʌŋ, ˌʌp-
uptake 'ʌp.teɪk -s -s
up-tempo ˌʌp'tem.pəʊ ⓤⓢ -poʊ

upthrust 'ʌp.θrʌst -s -s
uptight ʌp'taɪt, ˌʌp- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌuptight 'person
up|tilt ʌp'tɪlt, ˌʌp- **-tilts** -'tɪlts **-tilting** -'tɪl.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -'tɪl.t̬ɪŋ **-tilted** -'tɪl.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -'tɪl.t̬ɪd
up-to-date ˌʌp.tə'deɪt **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌup-to-date 'method
Upton 'ʌp.tən
up-to-the-minute ˌʌp.tə.ðə'mɪn.ɪt, -tʊ- *stress shift:* ˌup-to-the-minute 'styling
uptown ʌp'taʊn, ˌʌp- Ⓤⓢ 'ʌp.taʊn, ˌ-'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌuptown 'house
upturn (*v.*) ʌp'tɜːn Ⓤⓢ -'tɝːn -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
upturn (*n.*) 'ʌp.tɜːn Ⓤⓢ -tɝːn -s -z
upturned ʌp'tɜːnd, ˌʌp- Ⓤⓢ -'tɝːnd *stress shift:* ˌupturned 'boat
upward 'ʌp.wəd Ⓤⓢ -wɚd **-ly** -li **-s** -z ˌ**upwardly 'mobile**
upwind ʌp'wɪnd
Ur ɜːʳ, ʊəʳ Ⓤⓢ ɝː, ʊr
uraemia jʊə'riː.mi.ə, jə-, jɔː- Ⓤⓢ juː'riː-, jʊ-
Ural 'jʊə.rᵊl, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ᵊl -s -z ˌ**Ural 'Mountains**
uralite 'jʊə.rᵊl.aɪt, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ə.laɪt
Urani|a jʊə'reɪ.ni|.ə, jə-, jɔː- Ⓤⓢ jʊ- **-an** -ən
uranium jʊə'reɪ.ni.əm, jə-, jɔː- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-, jə-
Uranus 'jʊə.rᵊn.əs, 'jɔː-; jʊə'reɪ.nəs, jə- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ᵊn.əs; juː'reɪ.nəs
urate 'jʊə.reɪt, 'jɔː-, -rɪt Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.eɪt -s -s
urban (U) 'ɜː.bᵊn **urban** Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- **-ite/s** -aɪt/s ˌ**urban gue'rilla**
Urbana ɜː'bæn.ə, -'bɑː.nə Ⓤⓢ ɝː'bæn.ə
urbane ɜː'beɪn Ⓤⓢ ɝː- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
urban|ism 'ɜː.bᵊn|.ɪ.zᵊm Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
urbanistic ˌɜː.bᵊn'ɪs.tɪk Ⓤⓢ ˌɝː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
urbanity ɜː'bæn.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ ɝː'bæn.ə.t̬i
urbanization, -isa- ˌɜː.bᵊn.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- Ⓤⓢ ˌɝː.bᵊn.ɪ'-
urbaniz|e, -is|e 'ɜː.bᵊn.aɪz Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Urbervilles 'ɜː.bə.vɪlz Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
urchin 'ɜː.tʃɪn Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- -s -z
Urdu 'ʊə.duː, 'ɜː-, ˌ-'- Ⓤⓢ 'ʊr.duː, 'ɝː-
Ure jʊəʳ Ⓤⓢ jʊr
-ure əʳ Ⓤⓢ ɚ
Note: Suffix. In words containing **-ure** where the stem is free, **-ure** does not normally affect the stress pattern of the word, e.g. **proceed** /prəʊ'siːd Ⓤⓢ prə-/, **procedure** /prəʊ'siː.dʒəʳ Ⓤⓢ prə'siː.dʒɚ/. Where the stem is bound, the word is normally stressed on the penultimate or antepenultimate syllable, e.g. **furniture** /'fɜː.nɪ.tʃəʳ Ⓤⓢ 'fɝː.nɪ.tʃɚ/. Exceptions exist; see individual entries.

ure|a jʊə'riː|.ə; 'jʊə.ri-, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ jʊ'riː-; 'jʊr.i- **-al** -ᵊl
ureter jʊə'riː.təʳ; 'jʊə.rɪ-, -rə- Ⓤⓢ jʊ'riː.t̬ɚ -s -z
ureth|ra jʊə'riː.θ|rə Ⓤⓢ jʊ- **-rae** -riː **-ras** -rəz
urethritis ˌjʊə.rə'θraɪ.tɪs, ˌjɔː-, -rɪ'-, -təs Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.ə'θraɪ.t̬ɪs, -t̬əs
uretic jʊə'ret.ɪk, jə- Ⓤⓢ jʊ'ret̬.ɪk -s -s
urg|e ɜːdʒ Ⓤⓢ ɝːdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
urgency 'ɜː.dʒᵊnt.si Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-
urgent 'ɜː.dʒᵊnt Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- **-ly** -li
Uriah jʊə'raɪə, jə- Ⓤⓢ jʊ-
uric 'jʊə.rɪk, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ɪk
Uriel 'jʊə.ri.əl, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.i-
Urim 'jʊə.rɪm, 'jɔː-, 'ʊə- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ɪm
urinal jʊə'raɪ.nᵊl, jə-; 'jʊə.rɪ.nᵊl, 'jɔː-, -rᵊn.ᵊl Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ᵊn.ᵊl -s -z
urinary 'jʊə.rɪ.nᵊr.i, 'jɔː-, -rᵊn.ᵊr- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ə.ner.i
urin|ate 'jʊə.rɪ.n|eɪt, 'jɔː-, -rᵊn|.eɪt Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ə.n|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd
urination ˌjʊə.rɪ'neɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌjɔː-, -rᵊn'eɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.ə'neɪ-
urine 'jʊə.rɪn, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ɪn -s -z
uriniferous ˌjʊə.rɪ'nɪf.ᵊr.əs, ˌjɔː-, -rᵊn'ɪf- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.ə'nɪf-
urinogenital ˌjʊə.rɪ.nəʊ'dʒen.ɪ.tᵊl, ˌjɔː-, '-ə- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.ə.noʊ'dʒen.ə.t̬ᵊl
URL ˌjuː.ɑːʳ'el Ⓤⓢ -ɑːr'- -s -z
Urmia 'ɜː.mi.ə, 'ʊə- Ⓤⓢ 'ʊr-
Urmston 'ɜːm.stᵊn Ⓤⓢ 'ɝːm-
urn ɜːn Ⓤⓢ ɝːn -s -z
uro- ˌjʊə.rəʊ, ˌjɔː- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.oʊ, ˌ-ə
urolog|y jʊə'rɒl.ə.dʒ|i Ⓤⓢ jʊr'ɑː- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Urquhart 'ɜː.kət Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː.kɚt, -kɑːrt
Ursa 'ɜː.sə Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː- ˌ**Ursa 'Major;** ˌ**Ursa 'Minor**
ursine 'ɜː.saɪn Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː-, -sɪn
Ursula 'ɜː.sjə.lə, -sjʊ-, -ʃə-, -ʃʊ- Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː.sə.lə
Ursuline 'ɜː.sjə.laɪn, -sjʊ-, -ʃə-, -ʃʊ-, -lɪn Ⓤⓢ 'ɝː.sə.lɪn, -laɪn -s -z
urticaria ˌɜː.tɪ'keə.ri.ə Ⓤⓢ ˌɝː.t̬ɪ'ker.i-
Uruguay 'jʊə.rə.gwaɪ, 'ʊr.ə-, '-ʊ-, -gweɪ Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.ə.gweɪ, 'ʊr-, 'uː.ruː-, -gwaɪ
Uruguayan ˌjʊə.rə'gwaɪ.ən, ˌʊr.ə'-, -ʊ'-, -'gweɪ- Ⓤⓢ ˌjʊr.ə'gweɪ-, ˌʊr-, ˌuː.ruː-, -'gwaɪ- -s -z
urus 'jʊə.rəs, 'jɔː- Ⓤⓢ 'jʊr.əs
us *strong form:* ʌs *weak forms:* əs, s
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used mainly for contrast, e.g. 'a them and us attitude', or for emphasis, e.g. 'This land belongs to **us**'. The weak form is used when unstressed, and can occur in final position, e.g. 'They joined us' /ðeɪ'dʒɔɪnd.əs/.
US ˌjuː'es
USA ˌjuː.es'eɪ
usability ˌjuː.zə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
usable 'juː.zə.bᵊl
USAF ˌjuː.es.eɪ'ef

usag|e 'juː.sɪdʒ, -zɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
usanc|e 'juː.zᵊnts **-es** -ɪz
USC ˌjuː.es'siː
USDAW 'ʌs.dɔː, 'ʌz- Ⓤⓢ -dɑː, -dɔː
use (*n.*) juːs **uses** 'juː.sɪz
us|e (*v.*) *make use of:* juːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
useab|le 'juː.zə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
used (*from* **use** *v.*) juːzd
used (*adj.*) *accustomed:* juːst, juːzd
used (*v.*) *was or were accustomed; when followed by* **to***:* juːst *when not followed by* **to***:* juːst, juːzd
usedn't *when followed by* **to***:* 'juː.sᵊnt *when not followed by* **to***:* 'juː.sᵊnt
Note: This form is rare in present-day English, especially in American English.
useful 'juːs.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
useless 'juː.sləs, -slɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
usen't *when followed by* **to***:* 'juː.sᵊnt *when not followed by* **to***:* 'juː.sᵊnt
Note: See note for 'usedn't'.
user-friendl|y ˌjuː.zə'frend.l|i Ⓤⓢ -zɚ'- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs *stress shift:* ˌuser-friendly 'product
username 'juː.zə.neɪm Ⓤⓢ -zɚ- -s -z
uses (*plur. of* **use** *n.*) 'juː.sɪz
uses (*from* **use** *v.*) 'juː.zɪz
Ushant 'ʌʃ.ᵊnt
Ushaw 'ʌʃ.ə, -ɔː Ⓤⓢ -ə, -ɑː, -ɔː
ush|er (U) 'ʌʃ|.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
usherette ˌʌʃ.ᵊr'et -s -s
Usk ʌsk
USN ˌjuː.es'en
usquebaugh 'ʌs.kwɪ.bɔː, -kwə- Ⓤⓢ -bɑː, -bɔː -s -z
Ussher 'ʌʃ.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ
USSR ˌjuː.es.es'ɑːʳ Ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr
Ustinov 'juː.stɪ.nɒf, 'uː-, -stə-, -nɒv Ⓤⓢ -nɑːf, -nɔːf, -nɑːv
usu. (*abbrev. for* **usual/ly**) 'juː.ʒᵊl/i, -ʒu.əl- Ⓤⓢ -ʒu.əl.i, 'juːʒ.wəl.i
usual 'juː.ʒᵊl, -ʒu.əl Ⓤⓢ -ʒu.əl, 'juːʒ.wəl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
usufruct 'juː.sjʊ.frʌkt, -zjʊ- Ⓤⓢ -zʊ-, -sʊ-, -zə-, -sə- -s -s
usurer 'juː.ʒᵊr.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
usurious juː'zjʊə.ri.əs, -'ʒʊə-, -'zjɔː- Ⓤⓢ juː'ʒʊr.i- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
usurp juː'zɜːp, -'sɜːp Ⓤⓢ -'sɝːp, -'zɝːp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
usurpation ˌjuː.zɜː'peɪ.ʃᵊn, -sɜː'- Ⓤⓢ -sɚ'-, -zɚ'- -s -z
usury 'juː.ʒᵊr.i Ⓤⓢ -ʒɚ.i
Ut. (*abbrev. for* **Utah**) 'juː.tɑː Ⓤⓢ -tɔː, -tɑː
Utah 'juː.tɑː Ⓤⓢ -tɔː, -tɑː
Ute juːt -s -s
utensil juː'tent.sᵊl, -sɪl Ⓤⓢ -sᵊl -s -z
uteri (*alternative plur. of* **uterus**) 'juː.tᵊr.aɪ Ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.raɪ

Uvular

A consonant sound made between the back of the tongue and a lump of soft tissue (uvula) which is in the back of the mouth, dangling from the end of the soft palate.

Examples for English

English does not have any examples of uvular sounds as phonemes, but sounds with this place of articulation are widely found in other languages.

In other languages

The voiceless uvular PLOSIVE [q] is found as the phoneme /q/ in many dialects of Arabic. Uvular FRICATIVES [χ ʁ] are found quite commonly: German, Hebrew, Dutch and Spanish, for example, have voiceless ones, and French, Arabic and Danish have voiced ones. The uvular NASAL [ɴ] is found in some Inuit languages. The uvula itself is active only when it vibrates in a uvular TRILL, [ʀ].

Pronouncing the letters UY

The vowel digraph uy has two possible pronunciations: /aɪ/ and, at the end of words where it is usually preceded by the letter q, /wi/, e.g.:

buy /baɪ/
soliloquy /səˈlɪl.ə.kwi/

An exceptional case is the word Gruyère, borrowed from French.

Gruyère /ˈgruː.jeəʳ; gruˈjeəʳ/ (US) /gruˈjer/

uterine ˈjuː.tᵊr.aɪn (US) -t̬ɚ.ɪn, -t̬ə.raɪn

uterus ˈjuː.tᵊr.əs (US) -t̬ɚ- **-es** -ɪz

Uther ˈjuː.θəʳ (US) -θɚ

Utica ˈjuː.tɪ.kə (US) -t̬ɪ-

utilitarian ˌjuː.tɪ.lɪˈteə.ri.ən, -ləˈ-; juːˌtɪl.ɪˈ-, -əˈ- (US) juːˌtɪl.əˈter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

utilit|y juːˈtɪl.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz **uˈtility ˌroom**

utilization, -isa- ˌjuː.tᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tɪ.laɪˈ-, -lɪˈ- (US) -t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ-

utiliz|e, -is|e ˈjuː.tɪ.laɪz, -tᵊl.aɪz (US) -t̬ᵊl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bᵊl

utmost ˈʌt.məʊst, -məst (US) -moʊst

utopi|a (U) juːˈtəʊ.pi|.ə (US) -ˈtoʊ- **-an/s** -ən/z

utopianism (U) juːˈtəʊ.pi.ə.nɪ.zᵊm (US) -ˈtoʊ-

Utrecht ˈjuː.trekt, -trext, -ˈ- (US) ˈjuː.trekt

utricle ˈjuː.trɪ.kᵊl **-s** -z

Utrillo juːˈtrɪl.əʊ, uː- (US) -oʊ

Utsira uːtˈsɪə.rə (US) -ˈsɪr.ə

Uttar Pradesh ˌʊt.ə.prəˈdeʃ, -ˈdeɪʃ (US) ˌuː.t̬ɚ-

utt|er ˈʌt|.əʳ (US) ˈʌt̬|.ɚ **-erly** -ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li **-erness** -ə.nəs, -ə.nɪs (US) -ɚ- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z **-erable** -ᵊr.ə.bᵊl

utteranc|e ˈʌt.ᵊr.ᵊnts (US) ˈʌt̬- **-es** -ɪz

uttermost ˈʌt.ə.məʊst (US) ˈʌt̬.ɚ.moʊst

Uttley ˈʌt.li

Uttoxeter juːˈtɒk.sɪ.təʳ, ʌtˈɒk-, ˈʌk.sɪ- (US) juːˈtɑːk.sɪ.t̬ɚ, ʌt̬ˈɑːk-, ˈʌk.sɪ-
Note: The common pronunciation is /juːˈtɒk.sɪ.təʳ (US) -ˈtɑːk.sɪ.t̬ɚ/ or /ʌtˈɒk.sɪ.təʳ (US) -ˈɑːk.sɪ.t̬ɚ/. The former is more frequent, and is the pronunciation of most outsiders.

U-turn ˈjuː.tɜːn, ˌjuːˈtɜːn (US) ˈjuː.tɝːn, ˌ-ˈ- **-s** -z

UV ˌjuːˈviː *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**UV ˈlight**

uvul|a ˈjuː.vjə.l|ə, -vjʊ- **-as** -z **-ae** -i

uvular ˈjuː.vjə.ləʳ, -vjʊ- (US) -lɚ

Uxbridge ˈʌks.brɪdʒ

uxorial ʌkˈsɔː.ri.əl (US) -ˈsɔːr.i-; ʌgˈzɔːr-

uxorious ʌkˈsɔː.ri.əs (US) -ˈsɔːr.i-; ʌgˈzɔːr- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Uzbek ˈʊz.bek, ˈʌz- **-s** -s

Uzbekistan ʊzˌbek.ɪˈstɑːn, ʌz- (US) -ˈstæn, -ˈstɑːn **-i/s** -i/z

Uzi® ˈuː.zi

Pronouncing the letter V

The consonant letter v is always realised as /v/ in English words, e.g.:

van /væn/
love /lʌv/

However, in words borrowed from German and Slavic languages, the pronunciation may be /f/, e.g.:

Volkswagen /ˈfɒlksˌvɑː.gən, ˈvɒlks-/ (US) /ˈfoʊlks-, ˈvoʊlks-/
Gorbachev /ˈgɔː.bə.tʃɒf/ (US) /ˈgɔːr.bə.tʃɑːf/

v (V) viː -'s -z 'v ˌsign
v. *versus:* viː, ˈvɜː.səs (US) viː, ˈvɝː- *vide:* viː.diː, ˈviːd.eɪ, ˈvaɪ.di (US) ˈviː.deɪ
Va. (*abbrev. for* **Virginia**) vəˈdʒɪn.jə, vɜː-, -i.ə; ˌviːˈeɪ (US) vɚˈdʒɪn.jə; ˌviːˈeɪ
Vaal vɑːl
vac væk -s -s
vacanc|y ˈveɪ.kənt.s|i -ies -iz
vacant ˈveɪ.kənt -ly -li ˌvacant ˈlot
vaca|te vəˈkeɪ|t, veɪ- (US) ˈveɪ.keɪ|t, -ˈ- -tes -ts -ting -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ -ted -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
vacation vəˈkeɪ.ʃən (US) veɪ-, və- -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -ist/s -ɪst/s
vaccin|ate ˈvæk.sɪ.n|eɪt, -sən|.eɪt (US) -sə.n|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
vaccination ˌvæk.sɪˈneɪ.ʃən, -sənˈeɪ- (US) -səˈneɪ- -s -z
vaccine ˈvæk.siːn, -sɪn (US) vækˈsiːn, ˈ-- -s -z
Vachel(l) ˈveɪ.tʃəl
Vacher ˈvæʃ.əʳ, ˈveɪ.tʃəʳ (US) ˈvæʃ.ɚ, ˈveɪ.tʃɚ
vacill|ate ˈvæs.əl|.eɪt, -sɪ.l|eɪt (US) -ə.l|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating/ly -eɪ.tɪŋ/li (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ/li -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
vacillation ˌvæs.əlˈeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈleɪ- (US) -əˈleɪ- -s -z
Václav ˈvæt.slæv (US) ˈvɑːt.slɑːf
vacuity vækˈjuː.ə.ti, vəˈkjuː-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
vacuolar ˌvæk.juˈəʊ.ləʳ (US) ˈvæk.ju.wə.lɚ; ˌvæk.juˈoʊ-, -lɑːr
vacuole ˈvæk.ju.əʊl (US) -oʊl -s -z
vacuous ˈvæk.ju.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vacuum ˈvæk.juːm, -jʊm, -jʊəm (US) -juːm, -ju.əm, -jʊm, -jəm -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈvacuum ˌcleaner; ˈvacuum ˌflask; ˈvacuum ˌpump
vacuum-packed ˌvæk.juːmˈpækt, -jʊmˈ-, -jʊəmˈ- (US) -ju.əmˈ-, -juːmˈ-, -jʊmˈ-, -jəmˈ-, ˈ---
vade-mecum ˌvɑː.deɪˈmeɪ.kəm, -kʊm; ˌveɪ.diˈmiː.kəm, -kʌm (US) ˌveɪ.diˈmiː.kəm, ˌvɑː-, -ˈmeɪ- -s -z
Vaduz vɑːˈduːts
vagabond ˈvæg.ə.bɒnd, -bənd (US) -bɑːnd -s -z -ish -ɪʃ -ism -ɪ.zəm
vagabondage ˈvæg.əˌbɒn.dɪdʒ (US) -ˌbɑːn-
vagar|y ˈveɪ.gər|.i; vəˈgeə.r|i (US) ˈveɪ.gɚ.|i; vəˈger|.i -ies -iz
vagina vəˈdʒaɪ.nə -s -z
vaginal vəˈdʒaɪ.nəl; ˈvædʒ.ɪ-, -ən.əl (US) ˈvædʒ.ən.əl -ly -i
vaginismus ˌvædʒ.ɪˈnɪz.məs, -əˈ-, -ˈnɪs- (US) -əˈnɪz-
vagrancy ˈveɪ.grənt.si
vagrant ˈveɪ.grənt -s -s
vagu|e veɪg -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
vail (V) veɪl -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Vaile veɪl
vain veɪn -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vainglorious ˌveɪnˈglɔː.ri.əs, ˌveɪŋˈ- (US) ˌveɪnˈglɔːr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vainglory ˌveɪnˈglɔː.ri, ˌveɪŋ- (US) ˈveɪnˌglɔːr.i, ˌ-ˈ--
Vaishnav|a ˈveʃ.nə.v|ɑː -ism -ɪ.zəm
Val væl
Valais ˈvæl.eɪ
valanc|e ˈvæl.ənts (US) ˈvæl-, ˈveɪ.lənts -es -ɪz -ed -t
Valdez vælˈdiːz
vale (V) *valley:* veɪl -s -z
vale *Latin word meaning "goodbye":* ˈvɑː.leɪ, ˈveɪ.li, ˈvæl.eɪ (US) ˈveɪ.li, ˈvɑː.leɪ
valediction ˌvæl.ɪˈdɪk.ʃən, -əˈ- (US) ˌvæl.əˈdɪk.ʃən -s -z
valedictorian ˌvæl.ɪ.dɪkˈtɔː.ri.ən, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌvæl.ə.dɪkˈtɔːr.i- -s -z
valedictor|y ˌvæl.ɪˈdɪk.tər|.i, -əˈ- (US) ˌvæl.əˈdɪk.tɚ- -ies -iz
valence ˈveɪ.lənts
Valencia vəˈlent.si.ə
Valenciennes ˌvæl.ən.siˈen, -ɑ̃ːn-, -ɑːnt-, -ˈsjen (US) -siˈenz, -ˈsjenz; vəˌlent.siˈenz, -ˌlɑːnt-
valenc|y ˈveɪ.lənt.s|i -ies -iz
valentine (V) *person or card:* ˈvæl.ən.taɪn -s -z ˈValentine's ˌcard; ˈValentine's ˌDay
Valentine *first name/surname:* ˈvæl.ən.taɪn, -tɪn (US) -taɪn
Valentinian ˌvæl.ənˈtɪn.i.ən
Valentino ˌvæl.ənˈtiː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
valerian (V) vəˈlɪə.ri.ən, -ˈleə- (US) -ˈlɪr.i- -s -z
Valerie, Valery ˈvæl.ər.i
Valerius vəˈlɪə.ri.əs, -ˈleə- (US) -ˈlɪr.i-
Valéry ˈvæl.eə.riː, ˌvæl.eəˈriː (US) ˌvæl.əˈriː, ˌvɑː.lerˈiː
valet ˈvæl.eɪ, -ɪt, -ət, -i (US) ˈvæl.ɪt; vəˈleɪ, vælˈeɪ; ˈvæl.eɪ **valets** ˈvæl.eɪz, -ɪts, -əts, -iz (US) ˈvæl.ɪts; vəˈleɪz, vælˈeɪz; ˈvæl.eɪz **valeting** ˈvæl.eɪ.ɪŋ, -ɪ.tɪŋ, -ə.tɪŋ, -i.ɪŋ (US) ˈvæl.ɪ.t̬ɪŋ; vəˈleɪ.ɪŋ, vælˈeɪ.ɪŋ; ˈvæl.eɪ.ɪŋ **valeted** ˈvæl.eɪd, -ɪ.tɪd, -ə.tɪd, ˈ-id (US) ˈvæl.ɪ.t̬ɪd; vəˈleɪd, vælˈeɪd; ˈvæl.eɪd ˈvalet ˌparking
valetudinarian ˌvæl.ɪ.tjuː.dɪˈneə.ri.ən, ˌ-ə-, -tʃuː- (US) -əˌtuː.dəˈner.i-, -ˌtjuː- -s -z -ism -ɪ.zəm
Valhalla vælˈhæl.ə (US) vælˈhæl-, vɑːlˈhɑː.lə
valiant ˈvæl.i.ənt, ˈ-jənt (US) ˈ-jənt -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
valid ˈvæl.ɪd -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vali|date ˈvæl.ɪ|.deɪt, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə- -dates -deɪts -dating -deɪ.tɪŋ (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪŋ -dated -deɪ.tɪd (US) -deɪ.t̬ɪd
validation ˌvæl.ɪˈdeɪ.ʃən, -əˈ- (US) -əˈ- -s -z
validit|y vəˈlɪd.ə.t|i, vælˈɪd-, -ɪ.t|i (US) vəˈlɪd.ə.t̬|i -ies -iz
valis|e vəˈliːz, vælˈiːz, -ˈiːs (US) vəˈliːs, -ˈliːz -es -ɪz
Valium® ˈvæl.i.əm (US) ˈ-i.əm, ˈ-jəm -s -z
Valkyrie vælˈkɪə.ri, ˈvæl.kər.i, -kɪ.ri (US) vælˈkɪr.i, ˈvæl.kɚ.i, -kɪ.ri -s -z
Valladolid ˌvæl.ə.dəʊˈlɪd, -dɒlˈɪd *as if Spanish:* ˌvaɪ.ɑː.dɒlˈiːd (US) -doʊˈlɪd
Vallance ˈvæl.ənts
Valletta vəˈlet.ə (US) vɑːˈlet.ɑː
valley ˈvæl.i -s -z
Vallone vəˈləʊn (US) -ˈloʊn
Valois ˈvæl.wɑː (US) vɑːlˈwɑː; ˈvæl.wɑː
valor ˈvæl.əʳ (US) -ɚ
valorization, -isa- ˌvæl.ər.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃən, -ɪˈ- (US) -ɪˈ- -s -z
valoriz|e, -is|e ˈvæl.ər.aɪz (US) -ə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
valorous ˈvæl.ər.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
valour ˈvæl.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Valparaiso ˌvæl.pərˈaɪ.zəʊ, -ˈeɪ- (US) -pəˈraɪ.zoʊ, -ˈreɪ-
Valpolicella ˌvæl.pɒl.ɪˈtʃel.ə (US) ˌvɑːl.poʊ.lɪ-

vals|e vaːls, væls, vɔːls (US) vaːls, vʌls **-es** -ɪz
valuab|le 'væl.ju.ə.b|əl, -jə.b|əl, -jʊ- **-les** -əlz **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
valuat|e 'væl.ju.eɪt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
valuation ˌvæl.ju'eɪ.ʃən **-s** -z
valu|e 'væl.juː **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **'value ˌjudgment; ˌfamily 'values**
value-added ˌvæl.juː'æd.ɪd **ˌvalue-ˌadded 'tax, ˌvalue-'added ˌtax**
valueless 'væl.juː.ləs, -jʊ-, -lɪs
valve vælv **-s** -z
valvular 'væl.vjə.ləʳ, -vjʊ- (US) -vjə.lɚ
valvule 'væl.vjuːl **-s** -z
vamoos|e və'muːs, væm'uːs (US) væm'uːs, və'muːs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
vamp væmp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
vampire 'væm.paɪəʳ (US) -paɪɚ **-s** -z **'vampire ˌbat**
vampirism 'væm.paɪə.rɪ.zəm (US) -paɪ-, -pɪ-
vampish 'væm.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
van (V) væn **-s** -z
vanadium və'neɪ.di.əm
Van Allen væn'æl.ən **Van ˌAllen 'belt** (US) **Van 'Allen ˌbelt**
Vanbrugh 'væn.brə, 'væm- (US) 'væn.bruː
Note: **Sir John Vanbrugh**, the seventeenth-century dramatist and architect, is also sometimes referred to as /'væn.bruː/ in British English.
Vance vænts, vaːnts (US) vænts
Vancouver væn'kuː.vəʳ, væŋ- (US) væn'kuː.vɚ
V and A, V & A (*abbrev. for* **Victoria and Albert Museum**) ˌviː.ənd'eɪ
vandal (V) 'væn.dəl **-s** -z
vandalism 'væn.dəl.ɪ.zəm
vandaliz|e, -is|e 'væn.dəl.aɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Van de Graaff generator ˌvæn.də.graːf'dʒen.ə.reɪ.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ, -ˌgræf'- **-s** -z
Vanderbilt 'væn.də.bɪlt (US) -dɚ-
Vanderbyl 'væn.də.bɪl (US) -dɚ-
Vandermeer ˌvæn.də'mɪəʳ (US) -dɚ'mɪr
van der Post ˌvæn.də'pɒst (US) -dɚ'paːst
Van Diemen væn'diː.mən
Vandyke, Van Dyck væn'daɪk *stress shift, see compounds:* **ˌVandyke 'brown; ˌVandyke 'collar**
vane (V) veɪn **-s** -z **-d** -d
Vanessa və'nes.ə
Van Eyck væn'aɪk **-s** -s
Vange vændʒ
Van Gogh væn'gɒf, væŋ-, -'gɒk, -'gɒx (US) væn'goʊ, -'gɔːx
vanguard 'væn.gaːd, 'væŋ- (US) 'væn.gaːrd **-s** -z
Van Helsing væn'hel.sɪŋ (US) væn-, vaːn-
vanilla və'nɪl.ə **va'nilla ˌpod**
vanish 'væn.ɪʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **'vanishing ˌcream; 'vanishing ˌpoint**
Vanitory® 'væn.ɪ.tər.i **'Vanitory ˌunit**
vanit|y 'væn.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz **'vanity ˌcase; ˌVanity 'Fair; 'vanity ˌplates; 'vanity ˌtable**
vanquish 'væŋ.kwɪʃ (US) 'væŋ-, 'væn- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **-able** -ə.bəl
Vansittart væn'sɪt.ət, -aːt (US) -'sɪt̬.ɚt
van Straubenzee ˌvæn.strɔː'ben.zi (US) -straː'-, -strɔː'-
vantag|e 'vaːn.tɪdʒ (US) 'væn.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **'vantage ˌpoint**
Vanuatu ˌvæn.u'aː.tuː, -'æt.uː (US) væn'waː.tuː
Vanunu və'nuː.nuː
Van Vechten væn'vek.tən
Vanya 'vaː.njə, 'væn.jə (US) 'vaː.njə
vapid 'væp.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
vapidity væp'ɪd.ə.ti, və'pɪd-, -ɪ.ti (US) væp'ɪd.ə.t̬i
vap|or 'veɪ.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ors** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ory** -ər.i **'vapor ˌtrail**
vaporett|o ˌvæp.ər'et|.əʊ (US) -ə'ret̬|.oʊ **-os** -əʊz (US) -oʊz **-i** -i
vaporization, -isa- ˌveɪ.pər.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃən, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'- **-s** -z
vaporiz|e, -is|e 'veɪ.pər.aɪz (US) -pə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
vaporosity ˌveɪ.pər'ɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -pə'raː.sə.t̬i
vaporous 'veɪ.pər.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
vap|our 'veɪ.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ours** -əz (US) -ɚz **-oury** -ər.i **'vapour ˌtrail**
vapourware 'veɪ.pə.weəʳ (US) -pɚ.wer
Varah 'vaː.rə (US) 'vaːr.ə
Varden 'vaː.dən (US) 'vaːr-
varec 'vær.ek, -ɪk (US) 'ver-, 'vær-
variability ˌveə.ri.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌver.i.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i, ˌvær-
variab|le 'veə.ri.ə.b|əl (US) 'ver.i-, 'vær- **-les** -əlz **-ly** -li **-leness** -əl.nəs, -nɪs
variance 'veə.ri.ənts (US) 'ver.i-, 'vær-
variant 'veə.ri.ənt (US) 'ver.i-, 'vær- **-s** -s
variate 'veə.ri.ət, -ɪt (US) 'ver.i.ɪt, 'vær- **-s** -s
variation ˌveə.ri'eɪ.ʃən (US) ˌver.i'-, ˌvær- **-s** -z
varicella ˌvær.ɪ'sel.ə (US) ˌver-, ˌvær-, -ə-
varices (*plur. of* **varix**) 'vær.ɪ.siːz, 'veə.rɪ- (US) 'ver.ə.siːz, 'vær-
varicose 'vær.ɪ.kəʊs (US) 'ver.ə.koʊs, 'vær- **ˌvaricose 'veins**
varicosity ˌvær.ɪ'kɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌver.ɪ'kaː.sə.t̬i, ˌvær-
varied 'veə.rɪd (US) 'ver.ɪd, 'vær- **-ly** -li
varie|gate 'veə.rɪ|.geɪt, -ri|.ə- (US) 'ver.i|.ə-, 'vær- **-gates** -geɪts **-gating** -geɪ.tɪŋ (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-gated** -geɪ.tɪd (US) -geɪ.t̬ɪd **-gator/s** -geɪ.təʳ/z (US) -geɪ.t̬ɚ/z
variegation ˌveə.rɪ'geɪ.ʃən, -ri.ə'- (US) ˌver.i.ə'-, ˌvær- **-s** -z
varietal və'raɪə.təl (US) -t̬əl
variet|y və'raɪə.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-ies** -iz **va'riety ˌshow; va'riety ˌstore**
variform 'veə.rɪ.fɔːm (US) 'ver.ə.fɔːrm, 'vær-
Varig® 'vær.ɪg (US) 'ver-, 'vær-
variola və'raɪ.ə.lə
variole 'veə.ri.əʊl (US) 'ver.i.oʊl, 'vær- **-s** -z
variorum ˌveə.ri'ɔː.rəm, ˌvær- (US) ˌver.i'ɔːr.əm, ˌvær-
various 'veə.ri.əs (US) 'ver.i-, 'vær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
variphone 'veə.rɪ.fəʊn (US) 'ver.ɪ.foʊn, 'vær- **-s** -z
varix 'veə.rɪks (US) 'ver.ɪks, 'vær- **varices** 'vær.ɪ.siːz, 'veə.rɪ- (US) 'vær.ə-, 'ver-
varlet 'vaː.lət, -lɪt (US) 'vaːr- **-s** -s
Varley 'vaː.li (US) 'vaːr-
varmint 'vaː.mɪnt (US) 'vaːr- **-s** -s
Varna 'vaː.nə (US) 'vaːr-
Varney 'vaː.ni (US) 'vaːr-
varnish 'vaː.nɪʃ (US) 'vaːr- **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Varro 'vær.əʊ (US) -oʊ, 'ver-
varsit|y 'vaː.sə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) 'vaːr.sə.t̬|i **-ies** -iz
Varuna vær'uː.nə (US) vʌr-, vaː'ruː-
var|y 'veə.r|i (US) 'ver|.i, 'vær- **-ies** -iz **-ying/ly** -i.ɪŋ/li **-ied** -id
Vasari və'saː.ri (US) vaː'saːr.i
Vasco da Gama ˌvæs.kəʊ.də'gaː.mə, -daː'- (US) ˌvaː.skoʊ-, -'gæm.ə
vascular 'væs.kjə.ləʳ, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə.lɚ
vascularity ˌvæs.kjə'lær.ə.ti, -kjʊ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -kjə'ler.ə.t̬i, -'lær-
vascul|um 'væs.kjə.l|əm, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə- **-a** -ə
vas deferens ˌvæs'def.ə.renz, ˌvæz- (US) ˌvæs'def.ə.renz
vas|e vaːz (US) veɪs, veɪz, vaːz **-es** -ɪz
vasectom|y və'sek.tə.m|i, væs'ek- **-ies** -iz
Vaseline® 'væs.əl.iːn, -ɪ.liːn, ˌ--'- (US) 'væs.ə.liːn, ˌ--'-
Vashti 'væʃ.ti (US) 'vaːʃ.ti, -taɪ
vasoconstriction ˌveɪ.zəʊ.kən'strɪk.ʃən, ˌvæs.əʊ- (US) ˌvæs.oʊ-, ˌveɪ.zoʊ-
vasoconstrictor ˌveɪ.zəʊ.kən'strɪk.təʳ, ˌvæs.əʊ- (US) ˌvæs.oʊ-, ˌveɪ.zoʊ- **-s** -z
vasodilation ˌveɪ.zəʊ.daɪ'leɪ.ʃən, ˌvæs.əʊ- (US) ˌvæs.oʊ-, ˌveɪ.zoʊ-
vasodilator ˌveɪ.zəʊ.daɪ'leɪ.təʳ, ˌvæs.əʊ- (US) ˌvæs.oʊ'daɪ.leɪ.t̬ɚ, ˌveɪ.zoʊ-, -də'-; -daɪ'leɪ- **-s** -z
vasomotor ˌveɪ.zəʊ'məʊ.təʳ, ˌvæs.əʊ- (US) ˌvæs.oʊ'moʊ.t̬ɚ, ˌveɪ.zoʊ'-
vassal 'væs.əl **-s** -z
vassalage 'væs.əl.ɪdʒ
Vassar 'væs.əʳ (US) -ɚ
vast vaːst (US) væst **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est**

Velar

Velar consonant sounds are produced between the tongue and the SOFT PALATE, or 'velum'.

Examples for English

Velar sounds occurring as English phonemes are /k g/ and /ŋ/. The first two are PLOSIVES, and the last, a NASAL. Although /k g/ can occur syllable-initially and finally, /ŋ/ is restricted to syllable-final position only in English, e.g.:

cap	/kæp/
gap	/gæp/
sack	/sæk/
sag	/sæg/
sang	/sæŋ/

/k/ and /g/ are one of the pairs of consonants said to be distinguished from each other by being FORTIS or LENIS rather than voiced or voiceless.

Velarisation

A type of secondary articulation in which a constriction in the vocal tract is added to the primary constriction which gives a consonant its place of articulation.

Examples for English

In the case of English DARK L, the /l/ phoneme is articulated with its usual primary constriction in the alveolar region, while the back of the tongue is raised as for an [u] vowel creating a secondary constriction (see DARK L).

In other languages

Arabic has a number of consonant phonemes that are velarized, and are known as 'emphatic' consonants.

-ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness/es** -nəs/ɪz, -nɪs/ɪz

Västerås ˌves.tə'rɔːs

vat væt **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'væţ.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'væţ.ɪd

VAT ˌviː.eɪ'tiː, væt **-able** 'væt.ə.bəl

Vathek 'væθ.ek, 'vɑː.θek

vatic 'væt.ɪk ⓤⓢ 'væţ-

Vatican 'væt.ɪ.kən ⓤⓢ 'væţ- ˌ**Vatican 'City**

vatici|nate və'tɪs.ɪ|.neɪt, væt'ɪs- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-nates** -neɪts **-nating** -neɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -neɪ.ţɪŋ **-nated** -neɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -neɪ.ţɪd

vaticination ˌvæt.ɪ.sɪ'neɪ.ʃən, ˌ-ə-; vəˌtɪs.ɪ'-, vætˌɪs- ⓤⓢ ˌvæţ.ə.sə'-; vəˌtɪs-, vætˌɪs- **-s** -z

vatu 'vɑː.tuː **-s** -z

Vaucluse vəʊ'kluːz ⓤⓢ voʊ-

Vaud vəʊ ⓤⓢ voʊ

vaudeville 'vɔː.də.vɪl, 'vəʊ-; 'vɔːd.vɪl, -vəl ⓤⓢ 'vɑːd.vɪl, 'vɔːd-, 'voʊd-, 'vɑː.də-, 'vɔː-, 'voʊ- **-s** -z

vaudevillian ˌvɔː.də'vɪl.i.ən, ˌvəʊ-, ˌvɔːd'vɪl- ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːd'vɪl-, ˌvɔːd-, ˌvoʊd-, ˌvɑː.də'-, ˌvɔː-, ˌvoʊ- **-s** -z

Vaudin 'vəʊ.dɪn ⓤⓢ 'voʊ-

Vaudois (*sing.*) 'vəʊ.dwɑː, -'-, -dwɔː ⓤⓢ voʊ'dwɑː (*plur.*) -z

Vaughan vɔːn ⓤⓢ vɑːn, vɔːn

Vaughan Williams ˌvɔːn'wɪl.jəmz, -i.əmz ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːn'-, ˌvɔːn'-

Vaughn vɔːn ⓤⓢ vɑːn, vɔːn

vault vɔːlt, vɒlt ⓤⓢ vɑːlt, vɔːlt **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.ţɪŋz, 'vɔːl- **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.ţɪd, 'vɔːl- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.ţɚ/z, 'vɔːl- '**vaulting** ˌ**horse**

vaunt vɔːnt ⓤⓢ vɑːnt, vɔːnt **-s** -s **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li ⓤⓢ 'vɑːn.ţɪŋ/li, 'vɔːn- **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ 'vɑːn.ţɪd, 'vɔːn- **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ 'vɑːn.ţɚ/z, 'vɔːn-

Vaux *English surname:* vɔːz, vɒks, vɔːks, vəʊks ⓤⓢ vɔːks, vɑːks *in* **de Vaux**: vəʊ ⓤⓢ voʊ

Note: **Brougham and Vaux is** /ˌbrʊm.ən'vɔːks/

Vauxhall® 'vɒk.sɔːl, 'vɒks.hɔːl, -'- ⓤⓢ 'vɑːks.hɔːl, 'vɔːks-

vavaso(u)r (V) 'væv.ə.sʊəʳ, -sɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -sɔːr **-s** -z

VAX® væks

Vaz væz

VC ˌviː'siː **-s** -z

VCR ˌviː.siː'ɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -'ɑːr **-s** -z

VD ˌviː'diː

VDT ˌviː.diː'tiː **-s** -z

VDU, vdu ˌviː.diː'juː **-s** -z

-'ve (= **have**) v, əv

veal viːl **-y** -i

Veblen 'veb.lən

vector (*n.*) 'vek.təʳ, -tɔːʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ **-s** -z

vect|or (*v.*) 'vek.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t|ɚ **-ors** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-oring** -ər.ɪŋ **-ored** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd

vectorial vek'tɔː.ri.əl ⓤⓢ -'tɔːr.i-

Veda 'veɪ.də, 'viː- **-s** -z

Vedanta ved'ɑːn.tə, vɪ'dɑːn-, və-, -'dæn- ⓤⓢ vɪ'dɑːn-, -'dæn-

V-E Day ˌviː'iː.deɪ

vedette vɪ'det, və-, ved'et ⓤⓢ və- **-s** -s

Vedic 'veɪ.dɪk, 'viː-

veep (V) viːp

veer vɪəʳ ⓤⓢ vɪr **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d

veg vedʒ ˌ**meat and two** '**veg**

Vega *star:* 'viː.gə ⓤⓢ 'viː-, 'veɪ- *Spanish dramatist:* 'veɪ.gə

vegan 'viː.gən **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

Vegas 'veɪ.gəs

vegeburger 'vedʒ.iˌbɜː.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌbɝː.gɚ **-s** -z

Vegemite® 'vedʒ.i.maɪt, '-ə-

vegetable 'vedʒ.tə.bəl, '-ə.tə-, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'vedʒ.tə-, -ə.ţə- **-s** -z

vegetal 'vedʒ.ɪ.təl, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə-

vegetarian ˌvedʒ.ɪ'teə.ri.ən, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'ter.i- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zəm

vege|tate 'vedʒ.ɪ|.teɪt, '-ə- ⓤⓢ '-ə- **-tates** -teɪts **-tating** -teɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɪŋ **-tated** -teɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -teɪ.ţɪd

vegetation ˌvedʒ.ɪ'teɪ.ʃən, -ə'- ⓤⓢ -ə'- **-s** -z

vegetative 'vedʒ.ɪ.tə.tɪv, '-ə-, -teɪ- ⓤⓢ -ə.teɪ.ţɪv **-ly** -li

veggie 'vedʒ.i **-s** -z

veggieburger 'vedʒ.iˌbɜː.gəʳ ⓤⓢ ˌbɝː.gɚ **-s** -z

vegg|y 'vedʒ|.i **-ies** -iz

vehemence 'viː.ə.mənts, '-ɪ-, -hɪ-, -hə-, 'vɪə.mənts ⓤⓢ 'viː.ə-, -hə-

vehement 'viː.ə.mənt, '-ɪ-, -hɪ-, -hə-, 'vɪə.mənt ⓤⓢ 'viː.ə-, -hə- **-ly** -li

vehicle 'vɪə.kəl, 'viː.ɪ- ⓤⓢ 'viː.ə-, -hɪ- **-s** -z

vehicular vɪ'ɪk.jə.ləʳ, vɪ'hɪk-, və-, -jʊ- ⓤⓢ viː'hɪk.jə.lɚ, -jʊ-

veil veɪl **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d

Veil viːl ⓤⓢ veɪ, viːl

vein veɪn **-s** -z **-ed** -d **-less** -ləs, -lɪs

vein|y 'veɪ.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Veitch viːtʃ
velar 'viː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ -s -z
velaric viː'lær.ɪk, vɪ- (US) -'ler-, -'lær-
velarization, -isa- ˌviː.lᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) -ɪ'- -s -z
velariz|e, -is|e 'viː.lᵊr.aɪz (US) -lə.raɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Velasquez, Velazquez vɪ'læs.kwɪz, vel'æs-, -kɪz, -kez, -kwɪθ (US) və'lɑː.skes, -'læs.kes, -kwez
Velcro® 'vel.krəʊ (US) -kroʊ
veldt, veld (V) velt (US) velt, felt -s -z
velic 'viː.lɪk
velleity vel'iː.ə.ti, və'liː-, -ɪ.ti (US) və'liː-
vellum 'vel.əm -s -z
veloce vɪ'ləʊ.tʃeɪ, vel'əʊ-, və'ləʊ- (US) veɪ'loʊ.tʃeɪ
velocipede vɪ'lɒs.ɪ.piːd, və-, '-ə- (US) və'lɑː.sə- -s -z
velocit|y vɪ'lɒs.ə.t|i, və-, -ɪ.t|i (US) və'lɑː.sə.ṭ|i -ies -iz
velodrome 'vel.ə.drəʊm, 'viː.ləʊ- (US) 'vel.ə.droʊm -s -z
velour və'lʊəʳ (US) -'lʊr -s -z
velouté və'luː.teɪ -s -z
vel|um 'viː.l|əm -a -ə
velvet 'vel.vɪt, -vət -s -s
velveteen ˌvel.vɪ'tiːn, -və'-, '--- -s -z
velvet|y 'vel.vɪ.t|i, -və- (US) -və.ṭ|i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -nɪs
Venables 'ven.ə.bᵊlz
vena cava ˌviː.nə'keɪ.və, -'kɑː- (US) -'keɪ- **venae cavae** -niː'keɪ.viː, -'kɑː- (US) -'keɪ-
venal 'viː.nᵊl -ly (US) -i
venality viː'næl.ə.ti, vɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) vɪ'næl.ə.ṭi
venation viː'neɪ.ʃᵊn
vend vend -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z 'vending maˌchine
Venda 'ven.də
vendee ven'diː -s -z
vendetta ven'det.ə (US) -'deṭ- -s -z
vendor 'ven.dɔːʳ, -dəʳ (US) -dɚ, -dɔːr -s -z
veneer və'nɪəʳ, vɪ- (US) -'nɪr -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
venerab|le 'ven.ᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl -ly -li -ness -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
vener|ate 'ven.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) -ə.r|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ṭɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ṭɪd -ator/s -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.ṭɚ/z
veneration ˌven.ᵊr'eɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -ə'reɪ-
venereal və'nɪə.ri.əl, vɪ- (US) və'nɪr.i- veˈnereal diˌsease
venereology vəˌnɪə.ri.'ɒl.ə.dʒi, vɪ- (US) -ˌnɪr.i'ɑː.lə-
venery 'ven.ᵊr.i
Venetia və'niː.ʃi.ə, vɪ-, '-ʃə
Venetian, venetian və'niː.ʃᵊn, vɪ- (US) '-ʃᵊn -s -z veˌnetian 'blind
Venezuel|a ˌven.ɪ'zweɪ.l|ə, -ez'weɪ-, -ə'zweɪ- (US) -ə'zweɪ-, -'zwiː- -an/s -ən/z
veng|e vendʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
vengeance 'ven.dʒᵊnts
vengeful 'vendʒ.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs (US) -nɪs
Vengerov 'veŋ.gə.rɒf (US) -gɚ.ɑːf
venial 'viː.ni.əl, '-njəl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌvenial 'sin
veniality ˌviː.ni'æl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.ṭi
Venice 'ven.ɪs
venire və'nɪə.riː (US) -'naɪ-, -'nɪr.iː
venison 'ven.ɪ.sᵊn, '-ə-, -zᵊn
Venite vɪ'naɪ.ti, ven'aɪ-, -'niː- (US) və'niː- -s -z
veni, vidi, vici ˌveɪ.niːˌviː.diː'viː.kiː, ˌweɪ.niːˌwiː.diː'wiː.kiː
Venn ven 'Venn ˌdiagram, ˌVenn 'diagram
Venner 'ven.əʳ (US) -ɚ
venom 'ven.əm -s -z -ed -d
venomous 'ven.ə.məs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
venous 'viː.nəs -ly -li
vent vent -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) 'ven.ṭɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) 'ven.ṭɪd
Vent-Axia® ˌvent'æk.si.ə
ventil|ate 'ven.tɪ.l|eɪt, -tᵊl|.eɪt (US) -ṭə.l|eɪt -ates -eɪts -ating -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.ṭɪŋ -ated -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.ṭɪd
ventilation ˌven.tɪ'leɪ.ʃᵊn, -tᵊl'eɪ- (US) -ṭə'leɪ-
ventilator 'ven.tɪ.leɪ.təʳ, -tᵊl.eɪ- (US) -ṭə.leɪ.ṭɚ -s -z
Ventnor 'vent.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Ventolin® 'ven.təʊ.lɪn, -tᵊl.ɪn (US) -ṭᵊl.ɪn, -toʊ.lɪn
ventral 'ven.trᵊl -ly -i
ventricle 'ven.trɪ.kᵊl -s -z
ventricular ven'trɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- (US) -jə.lɚ
ventriloquial ˌven.trɪ'ləʊ.kwi.əl, -trə'- (US) -trə'loʊ- -ly -i
ventriloquism ven'trɪl.ə.kwɪ.zᵊm
ventriloquist ven'trɪl.ə.kwɪst -s -s
ventriloquiz|e, -is|e ven'trɪl.ə.kwaɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ventriloquy ven'trɪl.ə.kwi
vent|ure 'ven.tʃ|əʳ (US) -tʃ|ɚ -ures -əz (US) -ɚz -uring -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ured -əd (US) -ɚd -urer/s -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z ˌventure 'capital (US) 'venture ˌcapital; 'Venture ˌScout
venturesome 'ven.tʃə.səm (US) -tʃɚ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
venturi ven'tjʊə.ri, -'tʃʊə- (US) -'tʊr.i -s -z
venturous 'ven.tʃᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
venue 'ven.juː -s -z
venul|ar 'ven.jʊ.l|əʳ, -jə- (US) -juː.l|ɚ, 'viː.njuː-, -njə- -ose -əʊs (US) -oʊs
venule 'ven.juːl (US) 'ven.juːl, 'viː.njuːl -s -z
Venus 'viː.nəs -es -ɪz ˌVenus' 'flytrap
Venusian vɪ'njuː.si.ən, və-, -zi.ən (US) vɪ'nuː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn, -zi.ən -s -z
Vera 'vɪə.rə (US) 'vɪr.ə
veracious və'reɪ.ʃəs, vɪ-, ver'eɪ- (US) və'reɪ- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
veracity və'ræs.ə.ti, vɪ-, ver'æs-, -ɪ.ti (US) və'ræs.ə.ṭi
Veracruz ˌvɪə.rə'kruːz, ˌver.ə'-, ˌveə.rə'- (US) ˌver.ə'-
veranda(h) və'ræn.də -s -z
verb vɜːb (US) vɝːb -s -z
verbal 'vɜː.bᵊl (US) 'vɝː- -ly -i
verbal|ism 'vɜː.bᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm (US) 'vɝː- -ist/s -ɪst/s
verbalization ˌvɜː.bᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- (US) ˌvɝː.bᵊl.ɪ'-
verbaliz|e, -is|e 'vɜː.bᵊl.aɪz (US) 'vɝː.bə.laɪz -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
verbatim vɜː'beɪ.tɪm, və- (US) vɚ'beɪ.ṭɪm, -ṭəm
verbena vɜː'biː.nə, və- (US) vɚ- -s -z
verbiage 'vɜː.bi.ɪdʒ (US) 'vɝː-
Verbier 'veə.bi.eɪ (US) 'ver-
verbose vɜː'bəʊs, və- (US) vɚ'boʊs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
verbosity vɜː'bɒs.ə.ti, və-, -ɪ.ti (US) vɚ'bɑː.sə.ṭi
verboten vɜː'bəʊ.tᵊn *as if German:* fə'- (US) vɚ'boʊ-
Vercingetorix ˌvɜː.sɪn'dʒet.ə.rɪks, -sᵊn'-, -'get- (US) ˌvɝː.sɪn'dʒeṭ.ɚ.ɪks, -'geṭ-
verdancy 'vɜː.dᵊnt.si (US) 'vɝː-
verdant 'vɜː.dᵊnt (US) 'vɝː- -ly -li
Verde vɜːd (US) vɝːd
Verdi 'veə.diː, -di (US) 'ver- -an -ən
verdict 'vɜː.dɪkt (US) 'vɝː- -s -s
verdigris 'vɜː.dɪ.griːs, -griː (US) 'vɝː.dɪ.griːs, -grɪs, -griː
Verdun vɜː'dʌn, '-- (US) ver'dʌn, ˌvɝː-
verdure 'vɜː.djəʳ, -dʒəʳ, -djʊəʳ (US) 'vɝː.dʒɚ
Vere vɪəʳ (US) vɪr
verg|e vɜːdʒ (US) vɝːdʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
verger 'vɜː.dʒəʳ (US) 'vɝː.dʒɚ -s -z
Vergil 'vɜː.dʒɪl (US) 'vɝː- -s -z
Vergilian vɜː'dʒɪl.i.ən, və- (US) vɝː-, '-jən
verifiable 'ver.ɪ.faɪ.ə.bᵊl, '-ə-, ˌver.ɪ'faɪ-, -ə'- (US) 'ver.ə.faɪ-
verification ˌver.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌ-ə- -s -z
veri|fy 'ver.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
verily 'ver.ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li
verisimilitude ˌver.ɪ.sɪ'mɪl.ɪ.tjuːd, ˌ-ə-, -sə'- (US) -ə.sə'mɪl.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd
verismo və'rɪz.moʊ
veritab|le 'ver.ɪ.tə.b|ᵊl (US) -ə.ṭə- -ly -li
verit|y (V) 'ver.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i (US) -ə.ṭ|i -ies -iz
Verizon® və'raɪ.zᵊn (US) vɚ-
verjuice 'vɜː.dʒuːs (US) 'vɝː-
Verlaine veə'len, vɜː- (US) vɚ'leɪn, -'len
Vermeer və'mɪəʳ, vɜː-, -'meəʳ (US) vɚ'mɪr -s -z
vermeil 'vɜː.meɪl, -mɪl (US) 'vɝː.mɪl; vɚ'meɪl
vermicelli ˌvɜː.mɪ'tʃel.i, -'sel- (US) ˌvɝː.mə'tʃel-, -'sel-
vermicide 'vɜː.mɪ.saɪd (US) 'vɝː.mə- -s -z
vermicular vɜː'mɪk.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ-

US vɚˈmɪk.jə.lɚ
vermiform ˈvɜː.mɪ.fɔːm US ˈvɝː.mə.fɔːrm ˌ**vermiform apˈpendix**
vermil(l)ion vəˈmɪl.jən, vɜː-, -i.ən US vɚˈmɪl.jən **-s** -z
vermin ˈvɜː.mɪn US ˈvɝː- **-ous** -əs
Vermont vəˈmɒnt, vɜː- US vɚˈmɑːnt
vermouth ˈvɜː.məθ, -muːθ; vɜːˈmuːθ, və- US vɚˈmuːθ **-s** -s
vernacular vəˈnæk.jə.ləʳ, vɜː-, -jʊ- US vɚˈnæk.jə.lɚ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
vernal ˈvɜː.nᵊl US ˈvɝː- **-ly** -i ˌ**vernal ˈequinox**
Verne vɜːn, veən US vɝːn
Verner *English surname:* ˈvɜː.nəʳ US ˈvɝː.nɚ *Danish grammarian:* ˈvɜː.nəʳ, ˈveə- US ˈvɝː.nɚ, ˈver-
Verney ˈvɜː.ni US ˈvɝː-
vernier ˈvɜː.ni.əʳ US ˈvɝː.ni.ɚ **-s** -z
Vernon ˈvɜː.nən US ˈvɝː-
Verona vəˈrəʊ.nə, vɪ-, verˈəʊ- US vəˈroʊ-
Veronal® ˈver.ə.nᵊl
Veronese *artist:* ˌver.əʊˈneɪ.zeɪ US -əˈneɪ.si, -zi
Veronese *(person) from Verona:* ˌver.əˈniːz, -əʊˈ- US -əˈniːz
veronica (V) vəˈrɒn.ɪ.kə, vɪ-, verˈɒn- US vəˈrɑː.ni- **-s** -z
Verrazano ˌver.əˈzɑː.nəʊ US -noʊ *stress shift, see compound:* ˌ**Verrazano ˈNarrows**
verru|ca vəˈruː|.kə, vɪ-, verˈuː- US vəˈruː- **-cas** -kəz **-cae** -kiː, -kaɪ
verrucose vəˈruː.kəʊs, vɪ-, verˈuː- US ˈver.uː.koʊs, -jə-
Versace vəˈsɑː.tʃi, vɜː- US vɚ-
Versailles *in France:* veəˈsaɪ, vɜː- US vɝːˈsaɪ, ver- *in US:* vɜːˈseɪlz US vɝː-
versant ˈvɜː.sᵊnt US ˈvɝː- **-s** -s
versatile ˈvɜː.sə.taɪl US ˈvɝː.sə.ṱᵊl **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
versatility ˌvɜː.səˈtɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US ˌvɝː.səˈtɪl.ə.ṱi
vers de société ˌveə.dəˌsɒs.jeɪˈteɪ US ˌver.dɪ.soʊˈsiː.eɪ.teɪ; -dəˌsɑː.sjeɪˈteɪ
vers|e vɜːs US vɝːs **-es** -ɪz **-ed** -t
versicle ˈvɜː.sɪ.kᵊl US ˈvɝː- **-s** -z
versification ˌvɜː.sɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn, -sə- US ˌvɝː.sə-
versificator ˈvɜː.sɪ.fɪ.keɪ.təʳ, -sə- US ˈvɝː.sə.fɪ.keɪ.ṱɚ **-s** -z
versi|fy ˈvɜː.sɪ|.faɪ, -sə- US ˈvɝː.sə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd **-fier/s** -faɪ.əʳ/z US -faɪ.ɚ/z
version ˈvɜː.ʃᵊn, -ʒᵊn US ˈvɝː.ʒᵊn, -ʃᵊn **-s** -z
verso ˈvɜː.səʊ US ˈvɝː.soʊ **-s** -z
versus ˈvɜː.səs US ˈvɝː-
vert (V) vɜːt US vɝːt **-s** -s
vertebr|a ˈvɜː.tɪ.br|ə, -tə- US ˈvɝː.ṱə- **-ae** -iː, -aɪ, -eɪ **-as** -əz
vertebral ˈvɜː.tɪ.brᵊl, -tə- US ˈvɝː.ṱə- **-ly** -i ˌ**vertebral ˈcolumn**
vertebrata ˌvɜː.tɪˈbrɑː.tə, -təˈ-, -ˈbreɪ- US -ˈbreɪ.ṱə, -ˈbrɑː-
vertebrate ˈvɜː.tɪ.breɪt, -tə-, -brət, -brɪt US ˈvɝː.ṱə.brɪt, -breɪt **-s** -s
ver|tex ˈvɜː|.teks US ˈvɝː- **-tices** -tɪ.siːz US -ṱɪ- **-texes** -tek.sɪz
vertic|al ˈvɜː.tɪ.k|ᵊl, -tə- US ˈvɝː.ṱə- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
vertiginous vɜːˈtɪdʒ.ɪ.nəs, ˈ-ə- US vɚˈtɪdʒ.ə- **-ly** -li
vertigo ˈvɜː.tɪ.gəʊ, -tə- US ˈvɝː.ṱə.goʊ
Verulam ˈver.ʊ.ləm US -juː-
Verulamium ˌver.ʊˈleɪ.mi.əm US -juːˈ-
vervain ˈvɜː.veɪn US ˈvɝː-
verve vɜːv US vɝːv
Verwoerd fəˈvʊət, feə-, -ˈvɔːt US fɚˈvɔːrt, -ˈvʊrt
Verwood ˈvɜː.wʊd US ˈvɝː-
very *(adj, adv.)* ˈver.i
Very *surname:* ˈvɪə.ri, ˈver.i US ˈvɪr.i, ˈver-
Vesalius vesˈeɪ.li.əs
Vesey ˈviː.zi
vesi|ca ˈves.ɪ|.kə; vɪˈsaɪ|.kə, və- US vɪˈsaɪ-, -ˈsiː- **-cae** -kiː
vesicle ˈves.ɪ.kᵊl **-s** -z
vesicular vɪˈsɪk.jə.ləʳ, vəˈ- US -lɚ
vesiculate vɪˈsɪk.jə.leɪt, vəˈ-
Vespa® ˈves.pə
Vespasian vesˈpeɪ.zi.ən, -ʒi-, ˈ-ʒᵊn US ˈ-ʒᵊn, -ʒi.ən
vesper (V) ˈves.pəʳ US -pɚ **-s** -z
vespertine ˈves.pə.taɪn US -pɚ.tɪn, -taɪn
Vespucci vesˈpuː.tʃi
vessel ˈves.ᵊl **-s** -z
vest vest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ˌ**vested ˈinterest**
vesta (V) ˈves.tə **-s** -z
vestal ˈves.tᵊl **-s** -z ˌ**vestal ˈvirgin**
vestiar|y ˈvest.jə.r|i **-ies** -iz
vestibular vesˈtɪb.jə.ləʳ, -jʊ- US -jə.lɚ
vestibule ˈves.tɪ.bjuːl US -tə- **-s** -z **-d** -d
vestig|e ˈves.tɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
vestigial vesˈtɪdʒ.i.əl, ˈ-əl **-ly** -i
vestiture ˈves.tɪ.tʃəʳ US -tʃɚ
vestment ˈvest.mənt **-s** -s
vest-pocket ˌvestˈpɒk.ɪt US -ˈpɑː.kɪt, ˈ-ˌ--
Vestris ˈves.trɪs
vestr|y ˈves.tr|i **-ies** -iz
vesture ˈves.tʃəʳ, -tjəʳ US -tʃɚ **-s** -z
vesuvian (V) vɪˈsuː.vi.ən, və-, -ˈsjuː- US vəˈsuː- **-s** -z **-ite** -aɪt
Vesuvius vɪˈsuː.vi.əs, və-, -ˈsjuː- US vəˈsuː-
vet vet **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ US ˈveṱ.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd US ˈveṱ.ɪd
vetch vetʃ **-es** -ɪz
veteran ˈvet.ᵊr.ᵊn, -rən US ˈveṱ.ɚ.ᵊn; ˈvet.rən **-s** -z ˈ**Veterans** ˌ**Day**
veterinarian ˌvet.ᵊr.ɪˈneə.ri.ən, ˌ-rəˈ- US -ˈner.i- **-s** -z
veterinar|y ˈvet.ᵊr.ɪ.nᵊr|.i, ˈ-rə.nᵊr- US -ner- **-ies** -iz ˈ**veterinary** ˌ**surgeon**
veto ˈviː.təʊ US -ṱoʊ **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Vevey ˈvev.eɪ, -i US vəˈveɪ
vex veks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**vexed ˈquestion**
vexation vekˈseɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
vexatious vekˈseɪ.ʃəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
vgc ˌviː.dʒiːˈsiː
VHF ˌviː.eɪtʃˈef
via vaɪə US vaɪə, ˈviː.ə
viability ˌvaɪ.əˈbɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti US -ə.ṱi
viab|le ˈvaɪ.ə.b|ᵊl **-ly** -li
Viacom® ˈvaɪ.ə.kɒm US -kɑːm
via dolorosa, (V D) ˌviː.əˌdɒl.əˈrəʊ.sə US -ˌdɑː.ləˈroʊ-, -ˌdoʊ-
viaduct ˈvaɪə.dʌkt **-s** -s
Viagra vaɪˈæg.rə, vi-
vial vaɪəl US ˈvaɪ.əl; vaɪl **-s** -z
Vialli viˈɑː.li
viand ˈvaɪ.ənd **-s** -z
viatic|um vaɪˈæt.ɪ.k|əm, vi- US vaɪˈæṱ- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə
vibe vaɪb **-s** -z
vibrancy ˈvaɪ.brənt.si
vibrant ˈvaɪ.brənt **-ly** -li
vibraphone ˈvaɪ.brə.fəʊn US -foʊn **-s** -z
vibra|te vaɪˈbreɪ|t US ˈ-- **-tes** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ US -ṱɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd US -ṱɪd
vibration vaɪˈbreɪ.ʃᵊn **-s** -z
vibrational vaɪˈbreɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -ˈbreɪʃ.nᵊl
vibrative vaɪˈbreɪ.tɪv US ˈvaɪ.brə.ṱɪv
vibrato vɪˈbrɑː.təʊ US -ṱoʊ **-s** -z
vibrator vaɪˈbreɪ.təʳ US ˈvaɪ.breɪ.ṱɚ **-s** -z
vibratory ˈvaɪ.brə.tᵊr.i; vaɪˈbreɪ- US ˈvaɪ.brə.tɔːr-
viburnum vaɪˈbɜː.nəm US -ˈbɝː- **-s** -z
vic (V) vɪk **-s** -s
vicar ˈvɪk.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
vicarag|e ˈvɪk.ᵊr.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
vicarial vɪˈkeə.ri.əl, vaɪ-, və- US -ˈker.i-, -ˈkær-
vicarious vɪˈkeə.ri.əs, vaɪ-, və- US -ˈker.i-, -ˈkær- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
vice- ˌvaɪs
Note: Prefix. This usually receives secondary stress. It may carry the strongest stress in the word in stress shift cases.
vic|e *(n.)* vaɪs **-es** -ɪz ˈ**vice** ˌ**squad**
vice *(prep.)* ˈvaɪ.si, -sə US -sə, -si
vice-admiral ˌvaɪsˈæd.mᵊr.ᵊl, -mɪ.rᵊl **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌvice-admiral's ˈflag
vice-chair|man ˌvaɪsˈtʃeə|.mən US -ˈtʃer- **-men** -mən *stress shift:* ˌvice-chairman's ˈprivilege
vice-chancellor ˌvaɪsˈtʃɑːnt.sᵊl.əʳ US -ˈtʃænt- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌvice-chancellor's ˈsecretary
vice-consul ˌvaɪsˈkɒnt.sᵊl US -ˈkɑːnt- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌvice-consul's ˈpost
vice-consulate ˌvaɪsˈkɒnt.sjə.lət, -sjʊ-, -lɪt US -ˈkɑːnt.sə.lət **-s** -s
vicegerent ˌvaɪsˈdʒer.ᵊnt,

-'dʒɪə.rᵊnt (US) -'dʒɪr.ᵊnt -s -s
vice-like 'vaɪs.laɪk
vice-presidenc|y ˌvaɪs'prez.ɪ.dᵊnt.s|i -ies -iz
vice-president ˌvaɪs'prez.ɪ.dᵊnt -s -s *stress shift:* ˌvice-president's 'vote
vice-presidential ˌvaɪs.prez.ɪ'dent.ʃᵊl
vice-principal ˌvaɪs'prɪnt.sə.pᵊl, -sɪ.pᵊl -s -z *stress shift:* ˌvice-principal's 'office
viceregal ˌvaɪs'riː.gᵊl *stress shift:* ˌviceregal 'privilege
vicereine ˌvaɪs'reɪn, '-- (US) 'vaɪs.reɪn -s -z
viceroy 'vaɪs.rɔɪ -s -z
viceroyalt|y ˌvaɪs'rɔɪ.əl.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ies -iz
viceroyship 'vaɪs.rɔɪ.ʃɪp -s -s
vice versa ˌvaɪ.si'vɜː.sə, -sə'-, ˌvaɪs'- (US) ˌvaɪ.sə'vɝː-, ˌvaɪs'-
Vichy 'viː.ʃiː, -ʃi, 'vɪʃ.iː, -i
vichyssoise ˌviː.ʃi'swɑːz, ˌvɪʃ.i'-
vicinage 'vɪs.ɪ.nɪdʒ, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
vicinity vɪ'sɪn.ə.ti, və-, vaɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) və'sɪn.ə.t̬i
vicious 'vɪʃ.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌvicious 'circle
vicissitude vɪ'sɪs.ɪ.tjuːd, və-, vaɪs-, '-ə- (US) vɪ'sɪs.ə.tuːd, -tjuːd -s -z
Vick® vɪk
Vickers 'vɪk.əz (US) -ɚz
Vickery 'vɪk.ᵊr.i
Vicki, Vicky 'vɪk.i
victim 'vɪk.tɪm, -təm -s -z -less -ləs, -lɪs
victimization, -isa- ˌvɪk.tɪ.maɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -tə-, -mɪ'- (US) -tə.mɪ'-
victimiz|e, -is|e 'vɪk.tɪ.maɪz, -tə- (US) -tə- -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
victor (V) 'vɪk.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
Victoria, victoria vɪk'tɔː.ri.ə (US) -'tɔːr.i- -s -z Vicˌtoria 'Cross; Vic'toria ˌDay; Vicˌtoria 'Falls; Vicˌtoria 'sandwich
Victorian, victorian vɪk'tɔː.ri.ən (US) -'tɔːr.i- -s -z Vicˌtorian 'values
Victoriana ˌvɪk.tɔː.ri'ɑː.nə, vɪkˌtɔː- (US) vɪkˌtɔːr.i'æn.ə
victorious vɪk'tɔː.ri.əs (US) -'tɔːr.i- -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
victor ludorum ˌvɪk.təˌluː'dɔː.rəm (US) -tɚ.luː'dɔːr.əm **victores ludorum** vɪkˌtɔː.reɪs,- (US) -ˌtɔːr.eɪs-
victor|y 'vɪk.tᵊr|.i, '-tr|i -ies -iz
Victory-V® ˌvɪk.tᵊr.i'viː
victual 'vɪt.ᵊl (US) 'vɪt̬- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ -(l)ed -d -(l)er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
vicuña, vicuna vɪ'kjuː.nə, vaɪ-, və-, -'kuː-, -'kuː.njə (US) vaɪ'kjuː.nə, vɪ-, -'kuː-, -'kuː.njə
Vidal vɪ'dɑːl, və-, -'dæl; 'vaɪ.dᵊl (US) vɪ'dæl, -'dɑːl
Note: The author Gore Vidal is normally /vɪ'dɑːl/; Vidal Sassoon is normally /vɪ'dæl/.
vide 'vaɪ.diː, -di; 'vɪd.eɪ (US) 'vaɪ.diː, -di; 'viː.deɪ, 'wiː-
videlicet vɪ'diː.lɪ.set, vaɪ-, və-; -'deɪ.lɪ.ket (US) vɪ'del.ə.sɪt, wɪ-
video 'vɪd.i.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d 'video arˌcade; 'video ˌcamera; 'video ˌgame; ˌvideo 'nasty; 'video recˌorder
videocassette ˌvɪd.i.əʊ.kə'set, -kæs'et (US) -oʊ.kə'set -s -s ˌvideocas'sette recˌorder
videoconferenc|e ˌvɪd.i.əʊ'kɒn.fᵊr.ᵊnts (US) 'vɪd.i.oʊˌkɑːn.fɚ-, -frəns -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ
videodisc 'vɪd.i.əʊ.dɪsk (US) -oʊ- -s -s
videofit 'vɪd.i.əʊ.fɪt (US) -oʊ- -s -s
video-link 'vɪd.i.əʊ.lɪŋk (US) -oʊ- -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Videophone® 'vɪd.i.əʊ.fəʊn (US) -oʊ.foʊn
videorecorder 'vɪd.i.əʊ.rɪˌkɔː.dəʳ (US) -oʊ.rɪˌkɔːr.dɚ -s -z
videorecording 'vɪd.i.əʊ.rɪˌkɔː.dɪŋ, -rəˌ- (US) -oʊ.rɪˌkɔːr-, -rəˌ- -s -z
videotap|e 'vɪd.i.əʊ.teɪp (US) -oʊ- -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
videotext 'vɪd.i.əʊ.tekst (US) -oʊ- -s -s
vie vaɪ vies vaɪz vying 'vaɪ.ɪŋ vied vaɪd
Vienna vi'en.ə
Viennese ˌvɪə'niːz (US) ˌviː.ə'-
Vientiane ˌvjen'tjɑːn
Vietcong, Viet Cong ˌvjet'kɒŋ (US) ˌviː.et'kɑːŋ, -'kɔːŋ; viˌet'-; ˌvjet'- *stress shift:* ˌVietcong 'fighters
Vietminh ˌvjet'mɪn (US) ˌviː.et'-; viˌet'-; ˌvjet'-
Vietnam, Viet Nam ˌvjet'næm, -'nɑːm (US) ˌviː.et'nɑːm, -ət'-, -'næm; vɪˌet'-; ˌvjet'- *stress shift:* ˌVietnam 'war
Vietnamese ˌvjet.nə'miːz (US) viˌet-; ˌvjet-, ˌviː.ət- *stress shift:* ˌVietnamese 'people
view vjuː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z -able -ə.bᵊl -less -ləs, -lɪs
viewfinder 'vjuːˌfaɪn.dəʳ (US) -dɚ -s -z
Viewpark 'vjuː.pɑːk (US) -pɑːrk
viewpoint 'vjuː.pɔɪnt -s -s
Vigar 'vaɪ.gəʳ (US) -gɚ
Vigers 'vaɪ.gəz (US) -gɚz
vigil 'vɪdʒ.ɪl, -ᵊl (US) -ᵊl -s -z
vigilance 'vɪdʒ.ɪ.ləns, -ᵊl.ənts
vigilant 'vɪdʒ.ɪ.lənt, -ᵊl.ənt -ly -li
vigilant|e ˌvɪdʒ.ɪ'læn.t|i, -ə'- (US) -t̬|i -es -iz -ism -ɪ.zᵊm
vig|nette vɪ'njet, -'net (US) -'njet -nettes -'njets, -'nets (US) -'njets -netting -'njet.ɪŋ, -'net- (US) -'njet̬.ɪŋ -netted -'njet.ɪd, -'net- (US) -'njet̬.ɪd -nettist/s -'njet.ɪst/s (US) -'njet̬.ɪst/s
Vignoles 'viː.njəʊlz, 'vɪn.jəʊlz, -jəʊl, -jɒlz; vɪ'njɒlz, -'njəʊlz (US) viː'njoʊl, -'njoʊlz, '--
Vigo 'viː.gəʊ, 'vaɪ- (US) 'viː.goʊ
vigor 'vɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ
vigorous 'vɪg.ᵊr.əs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vigour 'vɪg.əʳ (US) -ɚ
viking (V) 'vaɪ.kɪŋ -s -z
Vila 'viː.lə
vil|e vaɪl -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs
vilification ˌvɪl.ɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌ-ə- (US) ˌ-ə-
vili|fy 'vɪl.ɪ|.faɪ, '-ə- (US) '-ə- -fies -faɪz -fying -faɪ.ɪŋ -fied -faɪd -fier/s -faɪ.əʳ/z (US) -faɪ.ɚ/z
villa (V) *house:* 'vɪl.ə -s -z
Villa *foreign name:* 'viː.ə
villag|e 'vɪl.ɪdʒ -es -ɪz
villager 'vɪl.ɪ.dʒəʳ, '-ə- (US) -ə.dʒɚ -s -z
villain 'vɪl.ən *in historical sense also:* -ɪn, -eɪn (US) -ən -s -z
villainage 'vɪl.ɪ.nɪdʒ, '-ə- (US) '-ə-
villainess ˌvɪl.ə'nes -es -ɪz
villainous 'vɪl.ə.nəs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
villain|y 'vɪl.ə.n|i -ies -iz
Villa-Lobos ˌviː.ə'ləʊ.bɒs, ˌviː.lə- (US) ˌviː.lə'loʊ.bəs, -boʊs
villanelle ˌvɪl.ə'nel -s -z
-ville vɪl, viːl (US) vɪl, vəl
villein 'vɪl.ɪn, -eɪn (US) -ən -s -z -age -ɪdʒ
villenage 'vɪl.ə.nɪdʒ, -ɪ-
Villeneuve 'viːl.nɜːv (US) vɪl.ə'nɜːv
Villette vɪ'let
Villiers 'vɪl.əz, -jəz, -i.əz (US) '-ɚz, -jɚz
Villon 'vɪl.ən *as if French:* viː'jɔ̃ːŋ (US) viː'joʊn
vill|us 'vɪl|.əs -i -aɪ
Vilna 'vɪl.nə
Vilnius 'vɪl.ni.əs (US) -ʊs, -əs
vim (V®) vɪm
Vimto® 'vɪmp.təʊ (US) -toʊ
vin(s) vǣŋ, væn
Viña del Mar ˌviː.njə.del'mɑːʳ (US) -'mɑːr
vinaigrette ˌvɪn.ɪ'gret, -eɪ'- (US) -ə'- -s -s
Vince vɪnts
Vincennes *in France:* vǣn'sen, væn- (US) væn- *in Indiana:* vɪn'senz
Vincent 'vɪnt.sᵊnt
Vinci 'vɪn.tʃiː, -tʃi
vincul|um 'vɪŋ.kjə.l|əm, -kjʊ- (US) -kjə- -a -ə -ums -əmz
vindaloo ˌvɪn.dᵊl'uː (US) -də'luː -s -z
vin(s) de pays ˌvǣn.də.peɪ'iː, ˌvæn-
vindicability ˌvɪn.dɪ.kə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i
vindicable 'vɪn.dɪ.kə.bᵊl
vindi|cate 'vɪn.dɪ|.keɪt (US) -də- -cates -keɪts -cating -keɪ.tɪŋ (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪŋ -cated -keɪ.tɪd (US) -keɪ.t̬ɪd -cator/s -keɪ.təʳ/z (US) -keɪ.t̬ɚ/z
vindication ˌvɪn.dɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn (US) -də'-
vindicative 'vɪn.dɪ.kə.tɪv, -keɪ-; vɪn'dɪk.ə- (US) vɪn'dɪk.ə.t̬ɪv; 'vɪn.dɪ.keɪ-
vindictive vɪn'dɪk.tɪv -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
vine vaɪn -s -z
vineg|ar 'vɪn.ɪ.g|əʳ, '-ə- (US) -ə.g|ɚ -ars -əz (US) -ɚz -ary -ᵊr.i
viner|y 'vaɪ.nᵊr|.i -ies -iz
Viney 'vaɪ.ni

vineyard 'vɪn.jəd, -jɑːd ⓤⓢ -jɚd -s -z
vingt-et-un ˌvæ̃n.teɪ'ɜ̃ːŋ, ˌvæn-, -'ɜːn ⓤⓢ ˌvæn.teɪ'ɜːn
viniculture 'vɪn.ɪˌkʌl.tʃəʳ, ˌvɪn.ɪ'kʌl- ⓤⓢ 'vɪn.ɪˌkʌl.tʃɚ
viniculturist ˌvɪn.ɪ'kʌl.tʃəʳ.ɪst, 'vɪn.ɪˌkʌl- ⓤⓢ ˌvɪn.ɪ'kʌl- -s -s
vino 'viː.nəʊ ⓤⓢ -noʊ
vin(s) ordinaire(s) ˌvæ̃nˌɔː.dɪ'neəʳ, ˌvæn- ⓤⓢ ˌvæ̃nˌɔːr.dᵊn'er
vinous 'vaɪ.nəs
vintag|e 'vɪn.tɪdʒ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪdʒ -es -ɪz ˌvintage 'year
Vinter 'vɪn.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ
vintner 'vɪnt.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ -s -z
viny 'vaɪ.ni
vinyl 'vaɪ.nᵊl, -nɪl ⓤⓢ -nᵊl
viol vaɪəl, vaɪl, vɪəl ⓤⓢ vaɪəl -s -z
viola *flower:* 'vaɪə.lə, 'vaɪ.əʊ-, 'viː.ə-, -əʊ-; vaɪ'əʊ-, vi'- ⓤⓢ 'viː.ə.lə; vaɪ'oʊ- -s -z
viola *musical instrument:* vi'əʊ.lə ⓤⓢ vi'oʊ- -s -z
Viola *female name:* 'vaɪə.lə, 'vaɪ.əʊ-, 'viː.ə.lə; vi'əʊ-, vaɪ- ⓤⓢ vaɪ'oʊ.lə, vi-; viː.ə-
violable 'vaɪə.lə.bᵊl
viola da gamba viˌəʊ.lə.də'gæm.bə ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ.lə.də'gɑːm- -s -z **viole da gamba** viˌəʊ.leɪ- ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ-
viola d'amore viˌəʊ.lə.dæm'ɔː.reɪ ⓤⓢ -ˌoʊ.lə.dɑː'mɔːr.eɪ, -ˌoʊ- **viole d'amore** viˌəʊ.leɪ-
vio|late (*v.*) 'vaɪə|.leɪt, 'vaɪ.əʊ- ⓤⓢ 'vaɪə- -**lates** -leɪts -**lating** -leɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪŋ -**lated** -leɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɪd -**lator/s** -leɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -leɪ.t̬ɚ/z
violate (*adj.*) 'vaɪə.lɪt, 'vaɪ.əʊ- ⓤⓢ 'vaɪə-
violation ˌvaɪə'leɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌvaɪ.əʊ'- ⓤⓢ ˌvaɪə'- -s -z
violence 'vaɪə.lᵊnts
violent 'vaɪə.lᵊnt -**ly** -li
violet (V) 'vaɪə.lət, -lɪt ⓤⓢ -lɪt -s -s
violin ˌvaɪə'lɪn -s -z
violinist vaɪə'lɪn.ɪst, ˌvaɪə- -s -s
violist *viola player:* vi'əʊ.lɪst ⓤⓢ -'oʊ- -s -s *viol player:* 'vaɪə.lɪst -s -s
violoncellist ˌvaɪə.lən'tʃel.ɪst, ˌvɪə.lən'-, -lɪn'- ⓤⓢ ˌviː.ə.lɑːn'-, ˌvaɪə.lɑːn'- -s -s
violoncello ˌvaɪə.lən'tʃel.əʊ, ˌvɪə.lən'-, -lɪn'- ⓤⓢ ˌviː.ə.lɑːn'tʃel.oʊ, ˌvaɪə.lɑːn'- -s -z
violone 'vaɪə.ləʊn, 'vɪə-, ˌvɪə'ləʊ.neɪ ⓤⓢ ˌviː.ə'loʊn -s -z
VIP ˌviː.aɪ'piː -s -z
vip|er 'vaɪ.p|əʳ ⓤⓢ -p|ɚ -**ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz -**erish** -ᵊr.ɪʃ -**erous** -ᵊr.əs
virago (V) vɪ'rɑː.gəʊ, -'reɪ- ⓤⓢ və'rɑː.goʊ, -'reɪ-; 'vɪr.ə- -**(e)s** -z
viral 'vaɪə.rᵊl ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ-
vires 'vaɪə.riːz ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ-
Virgil 'vɜː.dʒɪl ⓤⓢ 'vɝː.dʒᵊl -s -z
Virgilian vɜː'dʒɪl.i.ən, və- ⓤⓢ vɝː-, '-jən
virgin (V®) 'vɜː.dʒɪn ⓤⓢ 'vɝː- -s -z ˌvirgin 'birth; 'Virgin ˌIslands ⓤⓢ ˌVirgin 'Islands; ˌVirgin 'Mary
virginal 'vɜː.dʒɪ.nᵊl, -dʒᵊn.ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'vɝː- -s -z -**ly** -li
Virgini|a, virgini|a və'dʒɪn.j|ə, vɜː-, -i|.ə ⓤⓢ vɚ- -**as** -əz -**an/s** -ən/z virˌginia 'creeper
virginity və'dʒɪn.ə.ti, vɜː-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ vɚ'dʒɪn.ə.t̬i
Virgo *constellation:* 'vɜː.gəʊ, 'vɪə- ⓤⓢ 'vɝː.goʊ -s -z
Virgoan vɜː'gəʊ.ən ⓤⓢ vɝː'goʊ- -s -z
virgule 'vɜː.gjuːl ⓤⓢ 'vɝː- -s -z
viridescen|t ˌvɪr.ɪ'des.ᵊn|t ⓤⓢ -ə'- -**ce** -*t*s
viridian vɪ'rɪd.i.ən, və- ⓤⓢ və-
virile 'vɪr.aɪl ⓤⓢ -ᵊl, -aɪl
virility vɪ'rɪl.ə.ti, və-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ və'rɪl.ə.t̬i
virolog|y vaɪə'rɒl.ə.dʒ|i ⓤⓢ vaɪ'rɑː.lə- -**ist/s** -ɪst/s
virtu vɜː'tuː ⓤⓢ vɚ-; 'vɝː.tuː
virtual 'vɜː.tʃu.əl, -tju-, '-tʃʊəl, -tjʊəl ⓤⓢ 'vɝː.tʃu- -**ly** -i ˌvirtual re'ality
virtue 'vɜː.tjuː, -tʃuː ⓤⓢ 'vɝː.tʃuː -s -z
virtuosity ˌvɜː.tju'ɒs.ə.ti, -tʃu'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌvɝː.tʃu'ɑː.sə.t̬i
virtuos|o ˌvɜː.tju'əʊ.s|əʊ, -tʃu'-, -z|əʊ ⓤⓢ ˌvɝː.tʃu'oʊ.s|oʊ -**os** -əʊz ⓤⓢ -oʊz -**i** -i
virtuous 'vɜː.tʃu.əs, -tju- ⓤⓢ 'vɝː.tʃu- -**ly** -li -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
virulence 'vɪr.ʊ.lᵊnts, '-ə-, -jʊ-, -jə- ⓤⓢ -jə-, '-ə-, -jʊ-
virulent 'vɪr.ʊ.lᵊnt, '-ə-, -jʊ-, -jə- ⓤⓢ -jə-, '-ə-, -jʊ- -**ly** -li
virus 'vaɪə.rəs ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ- -**es** -ɪz
vis vɪs
visa (V®) 'viː.zə ⓤⓢ -zə, -sə -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
visag|e 'vɪz.ɪdʒ -**es** -ɪz
visagiste ˌvɪz.ɑː'ʒiːst -s -s
vis-à-vis ˌviːz.ɑː'viː, ˌvɪz-, -ə'-, -æ'- ⓤⓢ ˌviːz.ə'viː
viscera 'vɪs.ᵊr|.ə
visceral 'vɪs.ᵊr.ᵊl -**ly** -i
viscid 'vɪs.ɪd
viscidity vɪ'sɪd.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
Visconti vɪ'skɒn.ti ⓤⓢ -'skɑːn-
viscose 'vɪs.kəʊs, -kəʊz ⓤⓢ -koʊs, -koʊz
viscosity vɪ'skɒs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -'skɑː.sə.t̬i
vis|count 'vaɪ|.kaʊnt -**counts** -kaʊnts -**county** -kaʊn.ti ⓤⓢ -kaʊn.t̬i -**counties** -kaʊn.tiz ⓤⓢ -kaʊn.t̬iz
viscountc|y 'vaɪ.kaʊnt.s|i -**ies** -iz
viscountess ˌvaɪ.kaʊn'tes; 'vaɪ.kaʊn.tɪs, -təs ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ.kaʊn.t̬ɪs -**es** -ɪz
viscous 'vɪs.kəs -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
visé 'viː.zeɪ ⓤⓢ 'viː.zeɪ, -'- -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**d** -d
vis|e vaɪs -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -t
Vishnu 'vɪʃ.nuː
visibility ˌvɪz.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
visib|le 'vɪz.ə.b|ᵊl, '-ɪ- ⓤⓢ '-ə- -**ly** -li -**leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
Visigoth 'vɪz.ɪ.gɒθ, 'vɪs- ⓤⓢ -ə.gɑːθ -s -s
Visigothic ˌvɪz.ɪ'gɒθ.ɪk, ˌvɪs- ⓤⓢ -ə'gɑː.θɪk
vision 'vɪʒ.ᵊn -s -z
visional 'vɪʒ.ᵊn.ᵊl, '-nᵊl ⓤⓢ 'vɪʒ.ᵊn.ᵊl -**ly** -i
visionar|y 'vɪʒ.ᵊn.ᵊr|.i, -ᵊn.r|i ⓤⓢ -ᵊn.er|.i -**ies** -iz
vis|it 'vɪz|.ɪt -**its** -ɪts -**iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ -**ited** -ɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd 'visiting ˌcard; ˌvisiting pro'fessor
visitant 'vɪz.ɪ.tᵊnt ⓤⓢ -t̬ənt -s -s
visitation ˌvɪz.ɪ'teɪ.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -ə'- -s -z
visitor 'vɪz.ɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z 'visitors' ˌbook
vis major ˌvɪs'meɪ.dʒəʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒɚ
visor 'vaɪ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ -s -z
vista 'vɪs.tə -s -z
Vistula 'vɪs.tjʊ.lə ⓤⓢ -tʃuː-
visual 'vɪʒ.u.əl, 'vɪz.ju- ⓤⓢ 'vɪʒ.u- -s -z -**ly** -i ˌvisual 'aid; ˌvisual di'splay ˌunit
visualization, -isa- ˌvɪʒ.u.ᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, ˌvɪz.ju-, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ ˌvɪʒ.u.ᵊl.ɪ'-
visualiz|e, -is|e 'vɪʒ.u.ᵊl.aɪz, 'vɪz.ju- ⓤⓢ 'vɪʒ.u.ə.laɪz -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d -**er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
vita *glass:* 'vaɪ.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə *aqua:* 'viː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
Vita 'viː.tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
vitae *curriculum:* 'viː.taɪ, 'vaɪ.tiː ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ.t̬iː, 'viː-, -taɪ
vital 'vaɪ.tᵊl ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl -**ly** -i ˌvital 'signs ⓤⓢ 'vital ˌsigns; ˌvital sta'tistics
Vitalite® 'vaɪ.tə.laɪt
vitality vaɪ'tæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ -ə.t̬i
vitalization, -isa- ˌvaɪ.tᵊl.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊl.ɪ'-
vitaliz|e, -is|e 'vaɪ.tᵊl.aɪz ⓤⓢ -t̬ə.laɪz -**es** -ɪz -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d
vitals 'vaɪ.tᵊlz ⓤⓢ -t̬ᵊlz
vitamin 'vɪt.ə.mɪn, 'vaɪ- ⓤⓢ 'vaɪ.t̬ə- -s -z ˌvitamin 'C
VitBe® 'vɪt.biː
vitellus vɪ'tel.əs ⓤⓢ vɪ-, vaɪ-
Vitez 'viː.tez
viti|ate 'vɪʃ.i|.eɪt -**ates** -eɪts -**ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ -**ated** -eɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɪd -**ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z
vitiation ˌvɪʃ.i'eɪ.ʃᵊn
viticulture 'vɪt.ɪˌkʌl.tʃəʳ, 'vaɪ- ⓤⓢ -t̬əˌkʌl.tʃɚ
vitiligo ˌvɪt.ɪ'laɪ.gəʊ ⓤⓢ ˌvɪt̬.ɪ'laɪ.goʊ
vitreous 'vɪt.ri.əs -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs
vitrescen|t vɪ'tres.ᵊn|t -**ce** -*t*s
vitric 'vɪt.rɪk
vitrifaction ˌvɪt.rɪ'fæk.ʃᵊn ⓤⓢ -rə'-
vitrification ˌvɪt.rɪ.fɪ'keɪ.ʃᵊn, -rə- ⓤⓢ -rə-
vitri|fy 'vɪt.rɪ|.faɪ ⓤⓢ -rə- -**fies** -faɪz -**fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ -**fied** -faɪd -**fiable** -faɪ.ə.bᵊl
vitriol 'vɪt.ri.əl, -ɒl ⓤⓢ -əl, -ɔːl
vitriolic ˌvɪt.ri'ɒl.ɪk ⓤⓢ -'ɑː.lɪk -**ally** -ᵊl.i, -li
vitro 'viː.trəʊ ⓤⓢ -troʊ

Vitruvius vɪˈtruː.vi.əs

vittles ˈvɪt.ᵊlz (US) ˈvɪt̬-

Vittoria vɪˈtɔː.ri.ə (US) -ˈtɔːr.i-

vituper|ate vɪˈtjuː.pᵊr|.eɪt, vaɪ- (US) vaɪˈtuː.pə.r|eɪt, vɪ-, -ˈtjuː- **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

vituperation vɪˌtjuː.pᵊrˈeɪ.ʃᵊn, vaɪ- (US) vaɪˌtuː.pəˈreɪ-, vɪ-, -ˌtjuː- **-s** -z

vituperative vɪˈtjuː.pᵊr.ə.tɪv, vaɪ-, -eɪ- (US) vaɪˈtuː.pɚ.ə.t̬ɪv, vɪ-, -ˈtjuː-, -pə.reɪ- **-ly** -li

vituperatory vɪˈtjuː.pᵊr.ə.tᵊr.i, vaɪ- (US) vaɪˈtuː.pɚ.ə.tɔːr-, -tjuː-, -prə.tɔːr-

Vitus ˈvaɪ.təs (US) -t̬əs

viva *long live:* ˈviː.və

viva *examination:* ˈvaɪ.və (US) ˈvaɪ.və, ˈviː- **-s** -z ˌ**viva** ˈ**voce**

Viva® ˈviː.və

vivace vɪˈvɑː.tʃeɪ (US) -tʃeɪ **-s** -z

vivacious vɪˈveɪ.ʃəs, vaɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

vivacity vɪˈvæs.ə.ti, vaɪ-, -ɪ.ti (US) -ə.t̬i

Vivaldi vɪˈvæl.di (US) -ˈvɑːl-

vivari|um vaɪˈveə.ri|.əm, vɪ- (US) vaɪˈver.i- **-ums** -əmz **-a** -ə

vivat ˈvaɪ.væt, ˈviː-

vive viːv

Vivendi® vɪˈven.di

Vivian ˈvɪv.i.ən

vivid ˈvɪv.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Vivien ˈvɪv.i.ən

Vivienne ˈvɪv.i.ən, ˌvɪv.iˈen

vivification ˌvɪv.ɪ.fɪˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) ˌ-ə-

vivi|fy ˈvɪv.ɪ|.faɪ (US) ˈ-ə- **-fies** -faɪz **-fying** -faɪ.ɪŋ **-fied** -faɪd

viviparity ˌvɪv.ɪˈpær.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) -əˈper.ə.t̬i, -ˈpær-

viviparous vɪˈvɪp.ᵊr.əs, vaɪ- (US) vaɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

vivisect ˌvɪv.ɪˈsekt, ˈ--- (US) ˈvɪv.ə.sekt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-or/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

vivisection ˌvɪv.ɪˈsek.ʃᵊn (US) -əˈ-, ˈvɪv.ə.sek-

vivisectionist ˌvɪv.ɪˈsek.ʃᵊn.ɪst (US) -əˈ- **-s** -s

vixen ˈvɪk.sᵊn **-s** -z

vixenish ˈvɪk.sᵊn.ɪʃ

Viyella® vaɪˈel.ə

viz. vɪz; vɪˈdiː.lɪ.set, vaɪ-; vɪˈdeɪ.lɪ.ket (US) vɪz; vɪˈdel.ɪ.set, wɪ-
Note: Many people in reading aloud substitute **namely** (/ˈneɪm.li/) for this word.

Vizetelly ˌvɪz.ɪˈtel.i

vizier vɪˈzɪəʳ, ˈvɪz.ɪəʳ (US) vɪˈzɪr; ˈvɪz.jɚ **-s** -z

vizor ˈvaɪ.zəʳ (US) -zɚ **-s** -z

VJ-Day ˌviːˈdʒeɪ.deɪ

Vladimir ˈvlæd.ɪ.mɪəʳ, -məʳ, vlædˈiː.mɪəʳ (US) -ə.mɪr

Vladivostok ˌvlæd.ɪˈvɒs.tɒk (US) -ˈvɑː.stɑːk

V-neck ˌviːˈnek (US) ˈ-- **-s** -s **-ed** -t

vocab ˈvəʊ.kæb (US) ˈvoʊ-

vocable ˈvəʊ.kə.bᵊl (US) ˈvoʊ- **-s** -z

vocabular|y vəʊˈkæb.jə.lᵊr|.i, -jʊ- (US) voʊˈkæb.jə.ler-, -jʊ- **-ies** -iz

vocal ˈvəʊ.kᵊl (US) ˈvoʊ- **-s** -z **-ly** -i ˌ**vocal** ˈ**cords** (US) ˈ**vocal** ˌ**cords**

vocalic vəʊˈkæl.ɪk (US) voʊ-

vocalism ˈvəʊ.kᵊl.ɪ.zᵊm (US) ˈvoʊ-

vocalist ˈvəʊ.kᵊl.ɪst (US) ˈvoʊ- **-s** -s

vocality vəʊˈkæl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) voʊˈkæl.ə.t̬i

vocalization, -isa- ˌvəʊ.kᵊl.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌvoʊ.kᵊl.ɪˈ- **-s** -z

vocaliz|e, -is|e ˈvəʊ.kᵊl.aɪz (US) ˈvoʊ.kə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

vocation vəʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn (US) voʊ- **-s** -z

vocational vəʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl, -ˈkeɪʃ.nᵊl (US) voʊ- **-ly** -i

vocational|ism vəʊˈkeɪ.ʃᵊn.ᵊl|.ɪ.zᵊm, -ˈkeɪʃ.nᵊl- (US) voʊ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

vocative ˈvɒk.ə.tɪv (US) ˈvɑː.kə.t̬ɪv **-s** -z

voce (*in* **viva voce**) ˈvəʊ.si, -tʃi, -tʃeɪ (US) ˈvoʊ.siː (*in* **sotto voce**) ˈvəʊ.tʃi (US) ˈvoʊ.tʃi, -tʃeɪ

vocifer|ate vəʊˈsɪf.ᵊr|.eɪt (US) voʊˈsɪf.ə.r|eɪt **-ates** -eɪts **-ating** -eɪ.tɪŋ (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ated** -eɪ.tɪd (US) -eɪ.t̬ɪd **-ator/s** -eɪ.təʳ/z (US) -eɪ.t̬ɚ/z

vociferation vəʊˌsɪf.əˈreɪ.ʃᵊn (US) voʊ- **-s** -z

vociferous vəʊˈsɪf.ᵊr.əs (US) voʊ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

vocoid ˈvəʊ.kɔɪd (US) ˈvoʊ- **-s** -z

Vodafone®, **Vodaphone** ˈvəʊ.də.fəʊn (US) ˈvoʊ.də.foʊn

vodka ˈvɒd.kə (US) ˈvɑːd- **-s** -z

Vogt *English surname:* vəʊkt (US) voʊkt

vogue (V®) vəʊg (US) voʊg

voic|e vɔɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˌ**Voice of A**ˈ**merica;** ˈ**voice** ˌ**box**

voiceless ˈvɔɪ.sləs, -slɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

voicemail ˈvɔɪs.meɪl

voice-over ˈvɔɪsˌəʊ.vəʳ (US) -ˌoʊ.vɚ **-s** -z

voiceprint ˈvɔɪs.prɪnt **-s** -s

void vɔɪd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-able** -ə.bᵊl **-ance** -ᵊnts **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

voilà vwælˈɑː, vwɒl-, vwɑːˈlɑː (US) vwɑːˈlɑː

voile vɔɪl

voir dire ˌvwɑːˈdɪəʳ (US) ˌvwɑːrˈdɪr

vol vɒl (US) vɑːl

volant ˈvəʊ.lənt (US) ˈvoʊ-

Volapük ˈvɒl.ə.puːk, ˈvəʊl-, -pʊk, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈvoʊ.lɑː-, ˈvɑː-

volatile (*adj.*) ˈvɒl.ə.taɪl (US) ˈvɑː.lə.t̬ᵊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

volatile (*in* **sal volatile**) vəʊˈlæt.ə.li, vɒlˈæt- (US) voʊˈlæt̬.li

volatility ˌvɒl.əˈtɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌvɑː.ləˈtɪl.ə.t̬i

volatilization, -isa- vɒlˌæt.ɪ.laɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, vəʊˌlæt-, -ᵊl.aɪˈ-, -ɪˈ-; ˌvɒl.ə.tɪ.laɪˈ-, -tᵊl.aɪˈ-, -ɪˈ- (US) ˌvɑː.lə.t̬ᵊl.ɪˈ-

volatiliz|e, -is|e vɒlˈæt.ɪ.laɪz, vəʊˈlæt-, -ᵊl.aɪz; ˈvɒl.ə.tɪ.laɪz, -tᵊl.aɪz (US) ˈvɑː.lə.t̬ə.laɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

vol-au-vent ˈvɒl.əʊ.vɑ̃ːŋ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˌvɔː.loʊˈvɑ̃ːn, ˌvoʊ- **-s** -z

volcanic vɒlˈkæn.ɪk (US) vɑːl- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

volcanicity ˌvɒl.kəˈnɪs.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌvɑːl.kəˈnɪs.ə.t̬i

volcanism ˈvɒl.kə.nɪ.zᵊm (US) ˈvɑːl-

volcano vɒlˈkeɪ.nəʊ (US) vɑːlˈkeɪ.noʊ **-(e)s** -z

volcanology ˌvɒl.kəˈnɒl.ə.dʒi (US) ˌvɑːl.kəˈnɑː.lə-

vole vəʊl (US) voʊl **-s** -z

volenti non fit injuria vɒlˌen.tiːˌnəʊn.fɪt.ɪnˈjʊə.ri.ə, -ˈjɔː- (US) voʊˌlen.ti.nɑːnˌfɪt.ɪnˈdʒʊr.i.ə

volet ˈvɒl.eɪ (US) ˈvoʊ.leɪ, -ˈ- **-s** -z

Volga ˈvɒl.gə (US) ˈvɑːl-, ˈvoʊl-

Volgograd ˈvɒl.gəʊ.græd (US) ˈvɑːl.gə-, ˈvoʊl-

volition vəʊˈlɪʃ.ᵊn (US) voʊ-, və- **-al** -ᵊl

volitive ˈvɒl.ɪ.tɪv, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈvɑː.lə.t̬ɪv

volks|lied ˈfɒlks|.liːd, ˈvɒlks- *as if German:* -liːt (US) ˈfɔːlks|.liːt **-lieder** -ˌliː.dəʳ (US) -ˌliː.dɚ

volkstaat ˈfɒlk.ʃtɑːt (US) ˈfɔːlk- **-s** -s

Volkswagen® ˈfɒlksˌvɑː.gən, ˈvɒlks- (US) ˈfɔːlks-, ˈvɔːlks-, ˈvoʊks-, -ˌwɑː-, -ˌwæg.ᵊn **-s** -z

volley ˈvɒl.i (US) ˈvɑː.li **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z

volleyball ˈvɒl.i.bɔːl (US) ˈvɑː.li-

Volos ˈvɒl.ɒs (US) ˈvɔː.lɑːs

volplan|e ˈvɒl.pleɪn (US) ˈvɑːl- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Volpone vɒlˈpəʊ.neɪ, -ni (US) vɑːlˈpoʊ-

Volsci ˈvɒl.skiː, -saɪ (US) ˈvɑːl.saɪ, -skiː

Volscian ˈvɒl.ski.ən, -ʃi-, -si- (US) ˈvɑːl.ʃᵊn, -ski.ən

Volstead ˈvɒl.sted (US) ˈvɑːl-

Volsung ˈvɒl.sʊŋ (US) ˈvɑːl-

volt *electric unit:* vəʊlt, vɒlt (US) voʊlt **-s** -s

volt *movement of horse, movement in fencing:* vɒlt (US) voʊlt, vɑːlt, vɔːlt **-s** -s

Volta (V) *physicist:* ˈvɒl.tə, ˈvəʊl- (US) ˈvoʊl.t̬ə

Volta *lake and river:* ˈvɒl.tə (US) ˈvɑːl.t̬ə, ˈvɔːl-, ˈvoʊl-

volta *dance:* ˈvɒl.tə (US) ˈvɑːl- **-s** -z

voltag|e ˈvəʊl.tɪdʒ, ˈvɒl- (US) ˈvoʊl.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

voltaic vɒlˈteɪ.ɪk (US) vɑːl-, voʊl-

Voltaire vɒlˈteəʳ, ˈ-- (US) voʊlˈter, vɑːl-

voltameter vɒlˈtæm.ɪ.təʳ, vəʊl-, ˈ-ə- (US) voʊlˈtæm.ə.t̬ɚ, vɑːl- **-s** -z

volte ˈvɒl.teɪ, -ti (US) vɑːlt, voʊlt **-s** -z

volte-fac|e ˌvɒltˈfæs (US) ˌvɑːltˈfɑːs **-es** -ɪz

voltmeter ˈvəʊltˌmiː.təʳ, ˈvɒlt- (US) ˈvoʊltˌmiː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

volubility ˌvɒl.jəˈbɪl.ə.ti, -jʊˈ-, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌvɑːl.jəˈbɪl.ə.t̬i, -jʊˈ-

volub|le ˈvɒl.jə.b|ᵊl, -jʊ- (US) ˈvɑːl- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

volume ˈvɒl.juːm, -jʊm, -jəm

Vocal folds

An essential part of the larynx, performing a number of important linguistic functions. The term 'vocal cords' is also used.

The vocal folds may be firmly closed to produce what is sometimes called a GLOTTAL STOP, and while they are closed the larynx may be moved up or down move air out of or into the vocal tract; this is done in the production of 'ejective' and 'implosive' consonants. When brought into light contact with each other the vocal folds tend to vibrate if air is forced through them, producing VOICING, also called 'phonation'. This vibration can be made to vary in many ways, resulting in differences in such things as PITCH, loudness and voice quality. If a narrow opening is made between the vocal folds, friction noise can result and this is found in whispering and in the glottal fricative [h]. A more widely open glottis is found in most voiceless consonants.

Voice onset time

A measure of the timing of the start of voicing.

All languages distinguish between voiced and voiceless consonants, and PLOSIVES are the most common consonants to be distinguished in this way. However, this is not a simple matter of a plosive being either completely voiced or completely voiceless: the timing of the voicing in relation to the consonant articulation is very important. In one particular case this is so noticeable that it has for a long time been given its own name: ASPIRATION, in which the beginning of full voicing does not happen until some time after the release of the plosive (usually voiceless). This delay, or 'lag', has been the subject of much experimental investigation which has led to the development of a scientific measure of voice timing called voice onset time or V.O.T.. The onset of voicing in a plosive may lag behind the plosive release, or it may precede ('lead') it, resulting in a fully or partially voiced plosive. Both can be represented on the V.O.T. scale, one case having positive values and the other negative values.

Voicing

A term used to refer to the vibration of the VOCAL FOLDS. A sound made with this vibration is called *voiced*, and one without vibration is called *voiceless*. Most vowels in most languages are voiced, though voiceless vowels are found in some languages. Among consonants, it is very common to find pairs that are distinguished from each other by the presence or absence of voicing, but in English we find that consonants such as /b d g v ð z ʒ/, though frequently described as voiced (in contrast with the corresponding voiceless consonants /p t k f θ s ʃ/) often have little or no voicing. See FORTIS, LENIS, ONSET TIME. Whispering is speech that is entirely voiceless.

In other languages

Many pairs of consonants distinguished by the voiced-voiceless contrast are found in different languages. Welsh has voiced and voiceless LATERAL consonants, while Burmese has voiced and voiceless NASAL consonants.

Ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.juːm, -jəm **-s** -z

volumeter vɒl'juː.mɪ.təʳ, və'ljuː-, -'luː-, -mə- Ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.jʊˌmiː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z

volumetric ˌvɒl.jə'met.rɪk, -jʊ'- Ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːl- **-al** -ᵊl **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

voluminous və'luː.mɪ.nəs, vɒl'uː-, -'juː-, -mə- Ⓤⓢ və'luː.mə- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

voluntar|y 'vɒl.ən.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i Ⓤⓢ 'vɑː.lᵊn.ter|.i **-ies** -iz **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li, ˌvɒl.ən'teə.rᵊl.i, -'tær-, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

volunteer ˌvɒl.ən'tɪəʳ Ⓤⓢ ˌvɑː.lən'tɪr **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

voluptuar|y və'lʌp.tjʊə.r|i, -tʃʊə- Ⓤⓢ -tʃu.er|.i **-ies** -iz

voluptuous və'lʌp.tʃu.əs, -tju.əs Ⓤⓢ -tʃu- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

volu|te vəʊ'luː|t, vɒl'uː|t, -'juː|t Ⓤⓢ və'luː|t **-tes** -ts **-ted** -tɪd Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd

volution vəʊ'luː.ʃᵊn, vɒl'uː-, -'juː- Ⓤⓢ və'luː- **-s** -z

Volvo® 'vɒl.vəʊ Ⓤⓢ 'vɑːl.voʊ **-s** -z

vom|it 'vɒm|.ɪt Ⓤⓢ 'vɑː.m|ɪt **-its** -ɪts **-iting** -ɪ.tɪŋ Ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ited** -ɪ.tɪd Ⓤⓢ -ɪ.t̬ɪd

vomitor|y 'vɒm.ɪ.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i Ⓤⓢ 'vɑː.mə.tɔːr|.i **-ies** -iz

von (V) vɒn, fɒn Ⓤⓢ vɑːn, fɑːn

Vonnegut 'vɒn.ɪ.gət Ⓤⓢ 'vɑː.nə-

voodoo 'vuː.duː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-ist/s** -ɪst/s **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm

Vooght vuːt

voracious və'reɪ.ʃəs, vɔː-, vɒr'eɪ- Ⓤⓢ vɔː'reɪ-, və- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

voracity və'ræs.ə.ti, vɔː-, vɒr'æs-, -ɪ.ti Ⓤⓢ vɔː'ræs.ə.t̬i, və-

Vorderman 'vɔː.də.mən Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr.dɚ-

Vorster 'fɔː.stəʳ Ⓤⓢ 'fɔːr.stɚ

vort|ex 'vɔː.t|eks Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr- **-ices** -ɪ.siːz **-exes** -ek.sɪz

vortic|al 'vɔː.tɪ.k|ᵊl Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr.t̬ɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li

vortices (*plur. of* **vortex**) 'vɔː.tɪ.siːz Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr.t̬ɪ-

vortic|ism (V) 'vɔː.tɪ.s|ɪ.zᵊm Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr.t̬ɪ- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s

Vortigern 'vɔː.tɪ.gɜːn, -gən Ⓤⓢ 'vɔːr.t̬ɪ.gɝːn

Vowel

Definition

The class of sound which makes the least obstruction to the flow of air. They are almost always found at the centre of a syllable, and it is rare to find any sound other than a vowel which is able to stand alone as a whole syllable.

Examples for English

Here we examine the vowel monophthongs of English. In phonetic terms, each vowel has a number of properties that distinguish it from other vowels. These include the shape of the lips, which may be rounded (as for an [u] vowel), NEUTRAL (as for [ə]) or spread (as in a smile, or an [i] vowel – photographers traditionally ask their subjects to say *cheese* /tʃiːz/ so that they will seem to be smiling):

Unrounded	Rounded	(US) Unrounded	Rounded
iː	uː	iː	uː
ɪ	ʊ	ɪ	ʊ
e	ɔː	e	ɔː
æ	ɒ	æ	
ʌ		ʌ	
ɑː		ɑː	
ɜː		ɝː	
ə		ə ɚ	

Secondly, the front, the middle or the back of the tongue may be raised, giving different vowel qualities: the BBC English /æ/ vowel (*cat*) is a front vowel, while the /ɑː/ of *cart* is a back vowel:

Front	Central	Back	(US) Front	Central	Back
iː	ʌ	uː	iː	ʌ	uː
ɪ	ɜː	ʊ	ɪ	ɝː	ʊ
e	ə	ɔː	e	ə ɚ	ɔː
æ		ɒ	æ		ɑː
		ɑː			

The tongue (and the lower jaw) may be raised close to the roof of the mouth, or the tongue may be left low in the mouth with the jaw comparatively open. In British phonetics we talk about 'close' and 'open' vowels, whereas American phoneticians more often talk about 'high' and 'low' vowels. The meaning is clear in either case, e.g.:

Close	Mid	Open	(US) High	Mid	Low
iː	e	ʌ	iː	e	ʌ
ɪ	ɜː	ɒ	ɪ	ɝː	ɑː
uː	ə	ɑː	uː	ə ɚ	æ
ʊ	ɔː	æ	ʊ	ɔː	

Vowels also differ in other ways: they may be 'nasalised' (see NASALISATION) by being pronounced with the soft palate lowered as for [m n] or [ŋ]. Vowels may be voiced, as the great majority are, or voiceless: in English the first vowel in *perhaps* or *potato* is often voiceless. It is claimed that in some languages (including English) there is a distinction to be made between TENSE and LAX vowels, the former being made with greater force than the latter.

In other languages

Nasalisation is phonemically contrastive in French, where we find 'minimal pairs' such as *très* /trɛ/ (*very*) and *train* /trɛ̃/ (*train*), where the [˜] diacritic indicates nasality. Concerning voiceless vowels: in Portuguese, for example, unstressed vowels in the last syllable of a word are often voiceless. Less usual is the case of stressed voiceless vowels, but these are found in French: close vowels, particularly /i/ but also the close front rounded /y/, become voiceless for some speakers when they are word-final before a pause (for example *oui* [wi̥], *midi* [midi̥], and also *entendu* [ɑ̃tɑ̃dẙ]).

Vowel Reduction

The process by which an unstressed vowel may change to become like the mid central vowel 'schwa' /ə/. In the words 'photograph', 'photographic' and 'photography', the vowels in the first three syllables alternate between full vowels and /ə/ according to the position of stress, e.g.:

photograph	/ˈfəʊ.tə.grɑːf/
photographic	/ˌfəʊ.təˈgræf.ɪk/
photography	/fəˈtɒg.rəfi/

Although the word 'man' is pronounced /mæn/, the reduced form can be seen in 'postman' /ˈpəʊst.mən/, 'chairman' /ˈtʃeə.mən/, etc.

Another example of vowel reduction is found in the alternation between /e/ and /ɪ/ in, for example, the first syllables of 'exhibition' /ˌek.sɪˈbɪʃ.ən/ and /ɪgˈzɪb.ɪt/.

Vosges vəʊʒ (US) voʊʒ
Voss vɒs (US) vɑːs
votaress ˈvəʊ.tᵊr.es, -ɪs (US) ˈvoʊ.t̬ɚ.əs, ˈ-trəs **-es** -ɪz
votar|y ˈvəʊ.tᵊr|.i (US) ˈvoʊ.t̬ɚ- **-ies** -iz **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
vot|e vəʊt (US) voʊt **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈvoʊ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈvoʊ.t̬ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) ˈvoʊ.t̬ɚ/z ˌ**vote of (ˌno)**

'confidence; ˌvote of 'thanks; ˌvote with one's 'feet

voteless 'vəʊt.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ 'voʊt-

votive 'vəʊ.tɪv ⓤⓢ 'voʊ.t̬ɪv **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

vouch vaʊtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

voucher 'vaʊ.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ **-s** -z 'voucher ˌsystem

vouchsaf|e ˌvaʊtʃ'seɪf, '-- **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Vouvray 'vuː.vreɪ ⓤⓢ -'-

vow vaʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

vowel vaʊəl **-s** -z **-(l)ing** -ɪŋ **-(l)ed** -d

Vowles vəʊlz, vaʊlz ⓤⓢ voʊlz, vaʊlz

vox (V) vɒks ⓤⓢ vɑːks

vox humana ˌvɒks.hjuː'mɑː.nə ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːks-, -'meɪ- **-s** -z

vox pop ˌvɒks'pɒp ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːks'pɑːp

vox populi ˌvɒks'pɒp.jʊ.liː, -jə- ⓤⓢ ˌvɑːks'pɑː.pjuː.laɪ, -liː

voyag|e 'vɔɪ.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

voyager 'vɔɪ.ɪ.dʒəʳ, 'vɔɪ.ə- ⓤⓢ 'vɔɪ.ɪ.dʒɚ **-s** -z

voyeur vwɑː'jɜːʳ, vɔɪ'ɜːʳ ⓤⓢ vɔɪ'jɝː, vwɑː- **-s** -z

voyeurism vwɑː'jɜː.rɪ.zᵊm, vɔɪ'ɜː-, 'vwɑː.jɜː-, 'vɔɪ.ɜː- ⓤⓢ vɔɪ'jɝː.ɪ-, vwɑː-; 'vɔɪ.jɚ.ɪ-

voyeuristic ˌvɔɪ.ə'rɪ.stɪk, ˌvwɑː.jɜː'- ⓤⓢ ˌvɔɪ.jə'-, ˌvwɑː- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, li

VP ˌviː'piː **-s** -z

vroom vruːm, vrʊm

vs. 'vɜː.səs ⓤⓢ 'vɝː-

VSO ˌviː.es'əʊ ⓤⓢ -'oʊ

V/STOL 'viːˌstɒl ⓤⓢ -ˌstɑːl

Vt. (*abbrev. for* **Vermont**) və'mɒnt, vɜː- ⓤⓢ vɚ'mɑːnt

VTOL 'viː.tɒl ⓤⓢ -tɑːl

Vuillard 'vuː.jɑː, -'-

Vuitton® 'vjuː.ɪ.tɔ̃ːŋ, 'vwiː.tɒn ⓤⓢ vwiː'tɔ̃ːn

Vukovar 'vʊk.ə.vəʳ, -vɑːʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ

Vulcan 'vʌl.kən **-s** -z

vulcanite 'vʌl.kə.naɪt

vulcanization, -isa- ˌvʌl.kə.naɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -nɪ'- ⓤⓢ -nɪ'-

vulcaniz|e, -is|e 'vʌl.kə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

vulgar (V) 'vʌl.gəʳ ⓤⓢ -gɚ **-ly** -li ˌVulgar 'Latin

vulgarian vʌl'geə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -'ger.i- **-s** -z

vulgarism 'vʌl.gᵊr.ɪ.zᵊm **-s** -z

vulgarit|y vʌl'gær.ə.t|i, -ɪ.t|i ⓤⓢ -'ger.ə.t̬|i, -'gær- **-ies** -iz

vulgarization, -isa- ˌvʌl.gᵊr.aɪ'zeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪ'- ⓤⓢ -ɪ'-

vulgariz|e, -is|e 'vʌl.gᵊr.aɪz ⓤⓢ -gə.raɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

vulgate (V) 'vʌl.geɪt, -gɪt, -gət ⓤⓢ -geɪt, -gɪt

Vulliamy 'vʌl.jə.mi

vulnerability ˌvʌl.nᵊr.ə'bɪl.ə.ti, ˌvʌn.ᵊr-, ˌvʌn.rə'-, -ɪ.ti ⓤⓢ ˌvʌl.nɚ.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i

vulnerab|le 'vʌl.nᵊr.ə.b|ᵊl, 'vʌn.ᵊr-, 'vʌn.rə.b|ᵊl ⓤⓢ 'vʌl.nɚ.ə- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs

Vulpecula vʌl'pek.jə.lə, -jʊ-

vulpine 'vʌl.paɪn ⓤⓢ -paɪn, -pɪn

vulture 'vʌl.tʃəʳ ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ **-s** -z

vulturine 'vʌl.tʃᵊr.aɪn, -tʃʊ.raɪn, -tjᵊr.aɪn, -tjʊ.raɪn ⓤⓢ -tʃə.raɪn, -rɪn

vulturous 'vʌl.tʃᵊr.əs, -tʃʊ.rəs, -tjᵊr.əs, -tjʊ.rəs ⓤⓢ -tʃɚ.əs

vulv|a 'vʌl.v|ə **-as** -əz **-ae** -iː

VW ˌviː'dʌb.ᵊl.ju, -juː ⓤⓢ -juː, -jə **-s** -z

Vye vaɪ

vying (*from* **vie**) 'vaɪ.ɪŋ

Pronouncing the letter W

See also WH

The consonant letter w is most often realised as /w/, e.g.:

wet /wet/
swing /swɪŋ/

In addition

w can be silent. There are four conditions under which this can occur. In the spelling combination wr, w is not pronounced and the realisation is /r/. In some instances of tw when at the beginning of a word, the pronunciation is /t/. Some word-medial sw spellings are pronounced /s/. Finally, in (mostly) British place names ending *–wich*, w is not normally pronounced, although exceptions do exist. E.g.:

write /raɪt/
two /tuː/
answer /ˈɑːnt.səʳ/ ⓤⓢ /ˈæn .sɚ/
Greenwich /ˈgren.ɪdʒ/

The examples given above are for w in word or syllable-initial position. The letter w can also appear at the end of a word or syllable. These instances of w are covered at the panels for aw and ow.

In words borrowed from German, w may be pronounced /v/. Words borrowed from Slavic may have /v/ or /f/. E.g.:

Wagner /ˈvɑːg.nəʳ/ ⓤⓢ /-nɚ/
Krakow /ˈkræk.ɒv, -ɒf/ ⓤⓢ /ˈkrɑː.kʊf/

w (W) ˈdʌb.əl.juː, -ju ⓤⓢ -juː, -jə -ˈs -z
W (*abbrev. for* **west**) west
Waaf, WAAF wæf -s -s
Wabash ˈwɔː.bæʃ ⓤⓢ ˈwɔː-, ˈwɑː-
Wace weɪs
wacko ˈwæk.əʊ ⓤⓢ -oʊ -s -z
wack|y ˈwækl.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Waco ˈweɪ.kəʊ ⓤⓢ -koʊ
wad wɒd ⓤⓢ wɑːd -s -z **-ding** -ɪŋ **-ded** -ɪd
Waddell wɒdˈel, ˈwɒd.əl ⓤⓢ wɑːˈdel, ˈwɑː.dəl
wadding ˈwɒd.ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dɪŋ
Waddington ˈwɒd.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dɪŋ-
waddl|e ˈwɒd.əl ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈwɒd.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːd- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈwɒd.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dəl.ɚ/z, ˈwɑːd.lɚ/z
waddl|y (W) ˈwɒdl.i ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dl.i **-ies** -iz
wad|e (W) weɪd **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Wadebridge ˈweɪd.brɪdʒ
Wade-Giles ˌweɪdˈdʒaɪlz
wader ˈweɪ.dəʳ ⓤⓢ -dɚ -s -z
Wadey ˈweɪ.di
wadg|e wɒdʒ ⓤⓢ wɑːdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Wadham ˈwɒd.əm ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.dəm
Wadhurst ˈwɒd.hɜːst ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːd.hɝːst
wadi ˈwɒd.i, ˈwæd-, ˈwɑː.di ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.di **-s** -z
Wadi Halfa ˌwɒd.iˈhæl.fə, ˌwæd-, ˌwɑː.diˈ- ⓤⓢ ˌwɑː.diˈhɑːl.fə
Wadman ˈwɒd.mən ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːd-
Wad Medani ˌwɑːd.məˈdɑː.ni
Wadsworth ˈwɒdz.wəθ, -wɜːθ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːdz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
WAF, Waf wæf -s -s
Wafd wɒft, wæft, wɑːft ⓤⓢ wɑːft
waf|er ˈweɪ.fləʳ ⓤⓢ -flɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ery** -ər.i
wafer-thin ˌweɪ.fəˈθɪn ⓤⓢ -fɚˈ- *stress shift:* ˌwafer-thin ˈmints
waffl|e ˈwɒf.əl ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.fəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈwɒf.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːf- **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈwɒf.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.fəl.ɚ/z, ˈwɑːf.lɚ/z **-y** -i, ˈwɒf.li ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.fəl.i, ˈwɑːf.li
waffle-iron ˈwɒf.əlˌaɪən ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.fəlˌaɪɚn -s -z
waft wɒft, wɑːft ⓤⓢ wɑːft, wæft -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
wag wæg -s -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
wag|e weɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d ˈ**wage** ˌ**packet**
wage-earner ˈweɪdʒˌɜː.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌɝː.nɚ -s -z
wag|er ˈweɪ.dʒləʳ ⓤⓢ -dʒlɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ər.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
wageworker ˈweɪdʒˌwɜː.kəʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌwɝː.kɚ -s -z
waggish ˈwæg.ɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
waggl|e ˈwæg.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈwæg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
waggon ˈwæg.ən -s -z
waggoner ˈwæg.ən.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ -s -z
waggonette ˌwæg.əˈnet -s -s
Waghorn ˈwæg.hɔːn ⓤⓢ -hɔːrn
Wagnall ˈwæg.nəl
Wagner *English name:* ˈwæg.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ *German composer:* ˈvɑːg.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ
Wagnerian vɑːgˈnɪə.ri.ən ⓤⓢ -ˈnɪr.i-, -ˈner- -s -z
wagon ˈwæg.ən -s -z
wagoner ˈwæg.ə.nəʳ ⓤⓢ -nɚ -s -z
wagonette ˌwæg.əˈnet -s -s
wagon-lit ˌvæg.ɔ̃ːnˈliː, ˌvɑːg-, -gɒnˈ-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˌvɑː.gɔ̃ːnˈliː -s -z
Wagstaff ˈwæg.stɑːf ⓤⓢ -stæf
wagtail ˈwæg.teɪl -s -z
Wah(h)abi wəˈhɑː.bi, wɑː- -s -z
Wahlberg ˈwɑːl.bɜːg ⓤⓢ -bɝːg
waif weɪf -s -s
waif-like ˈweɪf.laɪk
Waikiki ˌwaɪ.kiˈkiː, ˈ---
wail weɪl -s -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
wain (W) weɪn -s -z
Wain(e) weɪn
Wainfleet ˈweɪn.fliːt
wainsco|t ˈweɪn.skəlt, ˈwen-, -skɒlt ⓤⓢ ˈweɪn.skəlt, -skɑːlt, -skoʊlt **-ts** -ts **-t(t)ing** -tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-t(t)ed** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
Wainwright ˈweɪn.raɪt
waist weɪst -s -s **-ed** -ɪd
waistband ˈweɪst.bænd -s -z
waistcoat ˈweɪst.kəʊt *old-fashioned:* ˈwes.kət, -kɪt ⓤⓢ ˈwes.kət, ˈweɪst.koʊt -s -s
waist-deep ˌweɪstˈdiːp *stress shift:* ˌwaist-deep ˈwater
waist-high ˌweɪstˈhaɪ *stress shift:* ˌwaist-high ˈwater
waistline ˈweɪst.laɪn -s -z
wait weɪt -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈweɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd ⓤⓢ ˈweɪ.t̬ɪd ˈ**waiting** ˌ**list**
Waite weɪt
waiter ˈweɪ.təʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ -s -z
waiting-room ˈweɪ.tɪŋ.rʊm, -ruːm ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
wait|person ˈweɪtlˌpɜː.sən ⓤⓢ -ˌpɝː- **-people** -ˌpiː.pəl
waitress ˈweɪ.trəs, -trɪs ⓤⓢ -trɪs **-es** -ɪz
Waitrose® ˈweɪ.trəʊz ⓤⓢ -troʊz
waiv|e weɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
waiver ˈweɪ.vəʳ ⓤⓢ -vɚ -s -z
Wajda ˈvaɪ.də
wak|e weɪk **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **woke** wəʊk ⓤⓢ woʊk **woken** ˈwəʊ.kən ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
Wakefield ˈweɪk.fiːld
wakeful ˈweɪk.fəl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Wakeham ˈweɪ.kəm
Wakehurst ˈweɪk.hɜːst ⓤⓢ -hɝːst
Wakeling ˈweɪ.klɪŋ
Wakeman ˈweɪk.mən
waken ˈweɪ.kən -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈweɪk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
wakey wakey ˌweɪ.kiˈweɪ.ki

Wakley ˈweɪ.kli
Wakonda wəˈkɒn.də (US) wɑːˈkɑːn-
Wal wɒl, wɔːl (US) wɑːl
Walachi|a wɒlˈeɪ.ki|.ə, wəˈleɪ- (US) wɑːˈleɪ-, wə- **-an/s** -ən/z
Walberswick ˈwɔːl.bəz.wɪk, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.bɚz-, ˈwɑːl-
Walbrook ˈwɔːl.brʊk, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Walcott ˈwɔːl.kət, ˈwɒl-, -kɒt (US) ˈwɔːl.kət, ˈwɑːl-, -kɑːt
Waldeck ˈwɔːl.dek, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈvɑːl-
Waldegrave ˈwɔːl.greɪv, ˈwɒl-, -də.greɪv (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Note: Earl Waldegrave is /ˈwɔːl.greɪv, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-/; the politician William Waldegrave is /ˈwɔːl.də.greɪv, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-/.
Waldemar ˈvæl.də.mɑːʳ, ˈvɑːl-, ˈwɔːl-, -dɪ- (US) ˈvɑːl.də.mɑːr
Walden ˈwɔːl.dᵊn, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Waldheim ˈvɑːld.haɪm *as if German:* ˈvælt- (US) ˈwɑːld- *as if German:* ˈvɑːlt-
Waldhere ˈwɑːld͵heə.rə (US) ˈwɔːld͵her.ə, ˈwɑːld-
Waldo ˈwɔːl.dəʊ, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.doʊ, ˈwɑːl-
Waldock ˈwɔːl.dɒk, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.dɑːk, ˈwɑːl-
Waldorf ˈwɔːl.dɔːf, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.dɔːrf, ˈwɑːl- **ˌWaldorf ˈsalad**
Waldron ˈwɔːl.drən, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Waldstein *American name:* ˈwɔːld.staɪn, ˈwɒld- (US) ˈwɔːld-, ˈwɑːld- *German name, Beethoven sonata:* ˈvæld.staɪn, ˈvɑːld-, ˈvɔːld-, ˈvɒld-, ˈwɔːld-, ˈwɒld-, -ʃtaɪn (US) ˈvɑːlt.ʃtaɪn, ˈvɑːld-
wale weɪl **-s** -z
waler (W) ˈweɪ.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
Waleran *Baron:* ˈwɔːl.rən, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl- *buildings in Borough High Street, London:* ˈwɒl.ᵊr.ən (US) ˈwɑː.lɚ-, ˈwɔː-
Wales weɪlz
Walesa vɑːˈwen*t*.sə, væˈ- (US) wɑːˈlen*t*.sə; vɑːˈwen*t*.sɑː
Waley ˈweɪ.li
Walfish ˈwɔːl.fɪʃ, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Walford ˈwɔːl.fəd, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.fɚd, ˈwɑːl-
Walhalla vælˈhæl.ə (US) wɑːlˈhɑː.lə; wælˈhæl.ə, væl-
Walham ˈwɒl.əm (US) ˈwɑː.ləm
walk wɔːk (US) wɑːk, wɔːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˈwalking ˌstick**
walkabout ˈwɔː.kə͵baʊt (US) ˈwɑː-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s
walkaway ˈwɔː.kə.weɪ (US) ˈwɑː-, ˈwɔː-
Walkden ˈwɔːk.dən (US) ˈwɑːk-, ˈwɔːk-
Walker ˈwɔː.kəʳ (US) ˈwɑː.kɚ, ˈwɔː-
Walkern ˈwɔːl.kən, -kɜːn (US) ˈwɔːl.kɚn, ˈwɑːl-, -kɝːn
walkies ˈwɔː.kiz (US) ˈwɑː-, ˈwɔː-
walkie-talkie ˌwɔː.kiˈtɔː.ki (US) ˌwɑː.kiˈtɑː-, ˌwɔː-, -ˈtɔː- **-s** -z
walk-in ˈwɔːk.ɪn (US) ˈwɑːk-, ˈwɔːk-
Walkman® ˈwɔːk.mən (US) ˈwɑːk-, ˈwɔːk- **-s** -z
walk-on ˈwɔːk.ɒn (US) ˈwɑːk.ɑːn, ˈwɔːk- **-s** -z
walkout ˈwɔːk.aʊt (US) ˈwɑːk-, ˈwɔːk- **-s** -s
walkover ˈwɔːk͵əʊ.vəʳ (US) ˈwɑːk͵oʊ.vɚ, ˈwɔːk- **-s** -z
walk-up ˈwɔːk.ʌp (US) ˈwɑːk- **-s** -s
walkway ˈwɔːk.weɪ (US) ˈwɑːk-, ˈwɔːk- **-s** -z
Walkyrie vælˈkɪə.ri; ˈvæl.kᵊr.i, -kɪ.ri (US) wɑːlˈkɪr.i; ˈwɑːl.kɚ-, ˈvɑːl- **-s** -z
walky-talk|y ˌwɔː.kiˈtɔː.k|i (US) ˌwɑː.kiˈtɑː-, ˌwɔː-, -ˈtɔː- **-ies** -iz
wall (W) wɔːl (US) wɔːl, wɑːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **ˈWall ˌStreet; ˌWall Street ˈJournal; ˌbang one's ˌhead against a ˌbrick ˈwall**
walla(h) ˈwɒl.ə (US) ˈwɑː.lɑː **-s** -z
wallab|y (W) ˈwɒl.ə.b|i (US) ˈwɑː.lə- **-ies** -iz
Wallace ˈwɒl.ɪs, -əs (US) ˈwɑː.lɪs, -ləs
Wallach ˈwɒl.ək (US) ˈwɑː.lək **-s** -s
Wallachi|a wɒlˈeɪ.ki|.ə, wəˈleɪ- (US) wɑːˈleɪ- **-an/s** -ən/z
Wallasey ˈwɒl.ə.si (US) ˈwɑː.lə-
wallboard ˈwɔːl.bɔːd (US) ˈwɔːl.bɔːrd, ˈwɑːl-
wallchart ˈwɔːl.tʃɑːt (US) -tʃɑːrt, ˈwɑːl- **-s** -s
Waller ˈwɒl.əʳ (US) ˈwɑː.lɚ
wallet ˈwɒl.ɪt (US) ˈwɑː.lɪt **-s** -s
wall-eye ˈwɔːl.aɪ (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl- **-s** -z **-d** -d
wallflower ˈwɔːl.flaʊəʳ (US) -flaʊɚ, ˈwɑːl- **-s** -z
Wallingford ˈwɒl.ɪŋ.fəd (US) ˈwɑː.lɪŋ.fɚd
Wallington ˈwɒl.ɪŋ.tən (US) ˈwɑː.lɪŋ-
Wallis ˈwɒl.ɪs (US) ˈwɑː.lɪs
Wallonia wəˈləʊ.ni.ə (US) wɑːˈloʊ-
Walloon wɒlˈuːn, wəˈluːn (US) wɑːˈluːn **-s** -z
wallop ˈwɒl.əp (US) ˈwɑː.ləp **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t
wallow ˈwɒl.əʊ (US) ˈwɑː.loʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
wallpap|er ˈwɔːl͵peɪ.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ, ˈwɑːl- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Wallsend ˈwɔːl.zend (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
wall-to-wall ˌwɔːl.təˈwɔːl, -tuˈ- (US) -t̬əˈ-, ˌwɑːl-, -ˈwɑːl
Wallwork ˈwɔːl.wɜːk, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.wɝːk, ˈwɑːl-
wall|y (W) ˈwɒl|.i (US) ˈwɑː.l|i **-ies** -iz
Wal-Mart® ˈwɒl.mɑːt (US) ˈwɔːl.mɑːrt, ˈwɑːl-
Walmer ˈwɔːl.məʳ, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.mɚ, ˈwɑːl-
Walmisley ˈwɔːmz.li (US) ˈwɑːmz-, ˈwɔːmz-
Walm(e)sley ˈwɔːmz.li (US) ˈwɑːmz-, ˈwɔːmz-
Walney ˈwɔːl.ni, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
walnut ˈwɔːl.nʌt, -nət (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl- **-s** -s
Walpole ˈwɔːl.pəʊl, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl.poʊl, ˈwɑːl-
Walpurgis vælˈpʊə.gɪs, vɑːl-, -ˈpɜː- (US) vɑːlˈpʊr.gɪs
walrus ˈwɔːl.rəs, ˈwɒl-, -rʌs (US) ˈwɔːl.rəs, ˈwɑːl- **-es** -ɪz
Walsall ˈwɔːl.sɔːl, ˈwɒl-, -sᵊl (US) ˈwɔːl.sɔːl, ˈwɑːl-, -sɑːl
Walsh wɒlʃ, wɔːlʃ (US) wɔːlʃ, wɑːlʃ
Walsham ˈwɔːl.ʃəm *locally:* -səm (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Walsingham *surname:* ˈwɔːl.sɪŋ.əm, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl- *place:* ˈwɔːl.zɪŋ.əm, ˈwɒl-, -sɪŋ- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Walt wɒlt, wɔːlt (US) wɔːlt, wɑːlt
Walter *English name:* ˈwɒl.təʳ, ˈwɔːl- (US) ˈwɔːl.t̬ɚ, ˈwɑːl- *German name:* ˈvɑːl.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
Walter Mitty ˌwɒl.təˈmɪt.i, ˌwɔːl- (US) ˌwɔːl.t̬ɚˈmɪt̬-, ˌwɑːl-
Walters ˈwɒl.təz, ˈwɔːl- (US) ˈwɔːl.t̬ɚz, ˈwɑːl-
Waltham *Great and Little, in Essex:* ˈwɔːl.təm, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Note: Some new residents pronounce /-θəm/. *other places:* ˈwɔːl.θəm, ˈwɒl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl- **ˌWaltham ˈForest**
Walthamstow ˈwɒl.θəm.stəʊ, ˈwɔːl- (US) ˈwɔːl.θəm.stoʊ, ˈwɑːl-
Walther ˈvɑːl.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
Walton ˈwɒl.tᵊn, ˈwɔːl- (US) ˈwɔːl-, ˈwɑːl-
Walton-on-the-Naze ˌwɒl.tᵊn͵ɒn.ðəˈneɪz, ˌwɔːl- (US) ˌwɔːl.tᵊn͵ɑːn-, ˌwɑːl-
waltz wɒls, wɔːls, wɒlts, wɔːlts (US) wɔːlts, wɑːlts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Walworth ˈwɒl.wəθ, ˈwɔːl-, -wɜːθ (US) ˈwɔːl.wɝːθ, ˈwɑːl-, -wɚθ
wampum ˈwɒm.pəm (US) ˈwɑːm-, ˈwɔːm- **-s** -z
WAN wæn
wan wɒn (US) wɑːn **-ner** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-nest** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Wanamaker ˈwɒn.ə.meɪ.kəʳ (US) ˈwɑː.nə.meɪ.kɚ
wand (W) wɒnd (US) wɑːnd **-s** -z
Wanda ˈwɒn.də (US) ˈwɑːn-
wand|er ˈwɒn.d|əʳ (US) ˈwɑːn.d|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
wanderlust ˈwɒn.də.lʌst, ˈvɑːn.də.lʊst (US) ˈwɑːn.dɚ.lʌst
Wandle ˈwɒn.dᵊl (US) ˈwɑːn-
Wandsworth ˈwɒndz.wəθ (US) ˈwɑːndz.wɚθ
wan|e weɪn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Wang® wæŋ
Wanganui *in New Zealand:* ˌwɒŋ.əˈnuː.i, ˌwɒn.gə- (US) ˌwɔːŋ.gə-, ˌwɑːn-
Note: The first is the form always used by those of Polynesian descent.

wangl|e 'wæŋ.gəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'wæŋ.glɪŋ **-ed** -d
wank wæŋk -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
wanker 'wæŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
Wann wɒn (US) wɑːn
wanna 'wɒn.ə (US) 'wɑː.nə
wannabe(e) 'wɒn.ə.bi, -biː (US) 'wɑː.nə- -s -z
Wansbeck 'wɒnz.bek (US) 'wɑːnz-
Wanstall 'wɒn.stɔːl (US) 'wɑːn.stɑːl, -stɔːl
Wanstead 'wɒnt.sted, -stɪd (US) 'wɑːnt-
wan|t wɒnlt (US) wɑːnlt, wɔːnlt, wʌnlt **-ts** -ts **-ting** -tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-ted** -tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd
Wantage 'wɒn.tɪdʒ (US) 'wɑːn.t̬ɪdʒ
wanton 'wɒn.tən (US) 'wɑːn.tᵊn **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
WAP, Wap wæp, wɒp (US) wɑːp, wæp
wapentake 'wæp.ən.teɪk, 'wɒp- (US) 'wɑː.pən-, 'wæp.ən- -s -s
wapiti 'wɒp.ɪ.ti (US) 'wɑː.pə.t̬i -s -z
Wapping 'wɒp.ɪŋ (US) 'wɑː.pɪŋ
Wappinger 'wɒp.ɪn.dʒəʳ (US) 'wɑː.pɪn.dʒɚ
war wɔːʳ (US) wɔːr -s -z **-ring** -ɪŋ **-red** -d **'war ˌcrime; 'war ˌdance; 'war ˌgame; 'war meˌmorial; ˌwar of 'nerves; 'war ˌpaint; 'war ˌwidow**
Warbeck 'wɔː.bek (US) 'wɔːr-
warbl|e 'wɔː.bəl (US) 'wɔːr- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ (US) 'wɔːr.bəl.ɪŋ, '-blɪŋ **-ed** -d
warbler 'wɔː.bləʳ, -bəl.əʳ (US) 'wɔːr.blɚ, -bəl.ɚ -s -z
Warburg 'wɔː.bɜːg (US) 'wɔːr.bɝːg
Warburton 'wɔː.bə.tᵊn, -bɜː- (US) 'wɔːr.bɚ-, -bɝː-
war-cr|y 'wɔː.krlaɪ (US) 'wɔːr- **-ies** -aɪz
ward (W) wɔːd (US) wɔːrd -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
-ward wəd (US) wɚd
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **homeward** /'həʊm.wəd (US) 'hoʊm.wɚd/.
warden (W) 'wɔː.dᵊn (US) 'wɔːr- -s -z
warder (W) 'wɔː.dəʳ (US) 'wɔːr.dɚ -s -z
Wardlaw 'wɔːd.lɔː (US) 'wɔːrd.lɑː, -lɔː
Wardle 'wɔː.dᵊl (US) 'wɔːr-
Wardour 'wɔː.dəʳ (US) 'wɔːr.dɚ
wardress *fem. warder:* 'wɔː.drɪs, -drəs (US) 'wɔːr.drɪs **-es** -ɪz
war-dress *war costume:* 'wɔː.dres (US) 'wɔːr- **-es** -ɪz
wardrobe 'wɔː.drəʊb (US) 'wɔːr.droʊb -s -z
wardroom 'wɔːd.rʊm, -ruːm (US) 'wɔːrd.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
-wards wədz (US) wɚdz
Note: See note for **-ward**.
wardship 'wɔːd.ʃɪp (US) 'wɔːrd- -s -s
ware (W) weəʳ (US) wer -s -z
-ware weəʳ (US) wer
Note: Suffix. Normally unstressed, e.g. **tableware** /'teɪ.bəl.weəʳ (US) -wer/.
Wareham 'weə.rəm (US) 'wer.əm
warehou|se (*n.*) 'weə.haʊls (US) 'wer- **-ses** -zɪz
warehou|se (*v.*) 'weə.haʊlz, -haʊls (US) 'wer- **-ses** -zɪz, -sɪz **-sing** -zɪŋ, -sɪŋ **-sed** -zd, -st
warehouse|man 'weə.haʊsl.mən (US) 'wer- **-men** -mən
warfare 'wɔː.feəʳ (US) 'wɔːr.fer
warfarin 'wɔː.fᵊr.ɪn (US) 'wɔːr-
Wargrave 'wɔː.greɪv (US) 'wɔːr-
Warham 'wɔː.rəm (US) 'wɔːr.əm
warhead 'wɔː.hed (US) 'wɔːr- -s -z
Warhol 'wɔː.həʊl (US) 'wɔːr.hɔːl, -hoʊl
warhors|e 'wɔː.hɔːs (US) 'wɔːr.hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
Waring 'weə.rɪŋ (US) 'wer.ɪŋ
warlike 'wɔː.laɪk (US) 'wɔːr-
Warlingham 'wɔː.lɪŋ.əm (US) 'wɔːr-
warlock (W) 'wɔː.lɒk (US) 'wɔːr.lɑːk -s -s
warlord 'wɔː.lɔːd (US) 'wɔːr.lɔːrd -s -z
warm wɔːm (US) wɔːrm **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
warm-blooded ˌwɔːm'blʌd.ɪd (US) ˌwɔːrm- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌwarm-blooded 'animal
warmer 'wɔː.məʳ (US) 'wɔːr.mɚ -s -z
warm-hearted ˌwɔːm'hɑː.tɪd (US) ˌwɔːrm'hɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌwarm-hearted 'person
warming-pan 'wɔː.mɪŋ.pæn (US) 'wɔːr- -s -z
Warmington 'wɔː.mɪŋ.tən (US) 'wɔːr-
Warminster 'wɔː.mɪnt.stəʳ (US) 'wɔːr.mɪnt.stɚ
warmong|er 'wɔːˌmʌŋ.gləʳ (US) 'wɑːrˌmʌŋ.glɚ, 'wɔːr-, -ˌmɑːŋ- **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ
warmth wɔːmpθ (US) wɔːrmpθ
warn wɔːn (US) wɔːrn -s -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
Warne wɔːn (US) wɔːrn
Warner 'wɔː.nəʳ (US) 'wɔːr.nɚ
warning 'wɔː.nɪŋ (US) 'wɔːr- -s -z
Warnock 'wɔː.nɒk (US) 'wɔːr.nɑːk
warp wɔːp (US) wɔːrp -s -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
warpath 'wɔː.pɑːθ (US) 'wɔːr.pæθ
warr|ant 'wɒrl.ᵊnt (US) 'wɔːr-, 'wɑːr- **-ants** -ᵊnts **-anting** -ᵊn.tɪŋ (US) -ᵊn.t̬ɪŋ **-anted** -ᵊn.tɪd (US) -ᵊn.t̬ɪd **-anter/s** -ᵊn.təʳ/z (US) -ᵊn.t̬ɚ/z **'warrant ˌofficer**
warrantab|le 'wɒr.ᵊn.tə.blᵊl (US) 'wɔːr.ᵊn.t̬ə-, 'wɑːr- **-ly** -li **-leness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
warrantee ˌwɒr.ᵊn'tiː (US) ˌwɔːr-, ˌwɑːr- -s -z
warrantor 'wɒr.ᵊn.tɔːʳ, -təʳ, ˌwɒr.ᵊn'tɔːʳ (US) 'wɔːr.ᵊn.tɔːr, 'wɑːr-, -t̬ɚ -s -z
warrant|y 'wɒr.ᵊn.tli (US) 'wɔːr.ᵊn.t̬li, 'wɑːr- **-ies** -iz
Warre wɔːʳ (US) wɔːr
warren (W) 'wɒr.ᵊn, -ɪn (US) 'wɔːr.ᵊn, 'wɑːr- -s -z
Warrender 'wɒr.ən.dəʳ, -ɪn- (US) 'wɔːr.ən.dɚ, 'wɑːr-, -ɪn-
Warrenpoint 'wɒr.ən.pɔɪnt, -əm- (US) 'wɔːr.ən-, 'wɑːr-
Warrington 'wɒr.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'wɔːr-, 'wɑːr-
warrior (W) 'wɒr.i.əʳ (US) 'wɔːr.jɚ, 'wɑːr-, -i.ɚ -s -z
Warrnambool 'wɔː.nəm.buːl (US) 'wɔːr-
Warsaw 'wɔː.sɔː (US) 'wɔːr.sɑː, -sɔː ˌ**Warsaw 'Pact**
warship 'wɔː.ʃɪp (US) 'wɔːr- -s -s
Warsop 'wɔː.səp (US) 'wɔːr-
Warspite 'wɔː.spaɪt (US) 'wɔːr-
wart wɔːt (US) wɔːrt -s -s **-y** -i (US) 'wɔːr.t̬i
warthog 'wɔːt.hɒg (US) 'wɔːrt.hɑːg, -hɔːg -s -z
wartime 'wɔː.taɪm (US) 'wɔːr-
Warton 'wɔː.tᵊn (US) 'wɔːr-
war-torn 'wɔː.tɔːn (US) 'wɔːr.tɔːrn
war-weary 'wɔːˌwɪə.ri (US) 'wɔːrˌwɪr.i
Warwick *in Britain:* 'wɒr.ɪk (US) 'wɔːr.ɪk, 'wɑːr- **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr *in US:* 'wɔː.wɪk (US) 'wɔːr-
war-worn 'wɔː.wɔːn (US) 'wɔːr.wɔːrn
war|y 'weə.rli (US) 'werl.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
was (*from* **be**) *strong forms:* wɒz (US) wɑːz, wʌz *weak forms:* wəz, wz
Note: Weak form word. The strong forms are used in contrastive contexts (e.g. 'I don't know whether it **was** or it **wasn't**), and for emphasis (e.g. '**I was right!**'). The strong form is also usual in final position (e.g. 'That's where it was'). The weak forms are used elsewhere; the form /wz/ is found only in rapid, casual speech.
wasabi 'wæs.æb.i, wə'sɑː.bi (US) 'wɑː.sə.bi, wə'sɑː.bi
Wasbrough 'wɒz.brə (US) 'wɑːz-
wash (W) wɒʃ (US) wɑːʃ, wɔːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-able** -ə.bᵊl ˌ**wash and 'wear**
Wash. (*abbrev. for* **Washington**) 'wɒʃ.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'wɑː.ʃɪŋ-, 'wɔː-
washbasin 'wɒʃˌbeɪ.sᵊn (US) 'wɑːʃ-, 'wɔːʃ- -s -z
washboard 'wɒʃ.bɔːd (US) 'wɑːʃ.bɔːrd, 'wɔːʃ- -s -z
washbowl 'wɒʃ.bəʊl (US) 'wɑːʃ.boʊl, 'wɔːʃ- -s -z
wash|cloth 'wɒʃl.klɒθ (US) 'wɑːʃl.klɑːθ, 'wɔːʃ- **-cloths** -klɒθs, -klɒðz (US) -klɑːθs, -klɑːðz
washday 'wɒʃ.deɪ (US) 'wɑːʃ-, 'wɔːʃ- -s -z
washed-out ˌwɒʃt'aʊt (US) ˌwɑːʃt-, ˌwɔːʃt- *stress shift:* ˌwashed-out 'colour
washed-up ˌwɒʃt'ʌp (US) ˌwɑːʃt-, ˌwɔːʃt- *stress shift:* ˌwashed-up 'writer
washer 'wɒʃ.əʳ (US) 'wɑː.ʃɚ, 'wɔː- -s -z
washer-dryer ˌwɒʃ.ə'draɪ.əʳ (US) ˌwɑː.ʃɚ'draɪ.ɚ, ˌwɔː- -s -z
washer-up ˌwɒʃ.əʳ'ʌp (US) ˌwɑː.ʃɚ-, ˌwɔː- **washers-up** ˌwɒʃ.əz'- (US) ˌwɑː.ʃɚz'-, ˌwɔː-

washer|woman ˈwɒʃ.əl ˌwʊm.ən US ˈwɑː.ʃɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn

wash-hou|se ˈwɒʃ.haʊ|s US ˈwɑːʃ-, ˈwɔːʃ- **-ses** -zɪz

washing ˈwɒʃ.ɪŋ US ˈwɑː.ʃɪŋ, ˈwɔː- **ˈwashing maˌchine; ˈwashing ˌpowder**

Washingborough ˈwɒʃ.ɪŋˌbʌr.ə US ˈwɑː.ʃɪŋ.bɚ.oʊ, ˈwɔː-

Washington ˈwɒʃ.ɪŋ.tən US ˈwɑː.ʃɪŋ-, ˈwɔː- **ˌWashington ˌDˈC; ˌWashington ˈState**

Washingtonian ˌwɒʃ.ɪŋˈtəʊ.ni.ən US ˌwɑː.ʃɪŋˈtoʊ-, ˌwɔː- **-s** -z

washing-up ˌwɒʃ.ɪŋˈʌp US ˌwɑː.ʃɪŋˈ-, ˌwɔː-

washout ˈwɒʃ.aʊt US ˈwɑːʃ-, ˈwɔːʃ- **-s** -s

washrag ˈwɒʃ.ræg US ˈwɑːʃ-, ˈwɔːʃ- **-s** -z

washroom ˈwɒʃ.rʊm, -ruːm US ˈwɑːʃ.ruːm, ˈwɔːʃ-, -rʊm **-s** -z

washstand ˈwɒʃ.stænd US ˈwɑːʃ-, ˈwɔːʃ- **-s** -z

wash-tub ˈwɒʃ.tʌb US ˈwɑːʃ-, ˈwɔːʃ- **-s** -z

wash|y ˈwɒʃ|.i US ˈwɑː.ʃ|i, ˈwɔː- **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

wasn't ˈwɒz.ᵊnt US ˈwɑː.zᵊnt, ˈwʌz-

wasp, WASP (W) wɒsp US wɑːsp **-s** -s

waspish ˈwɒs.pɪʃ US ˈwɑː.spɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

wassail ˈwɒs.eɪl, ˈwæs-, -ᵊl US ˈwɑː.sᵊl, ˈwæs.ᵊl, -eɪl; wɑːˈseɪl **-s** -z

wassailing ˈwɒs.ᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈwæs-, -eɪ.lɪŋ US ˈwɑː.sᵊl.ɪŋ, ˈwæs.ᵊl-, -eɪ.lɪŋ; wɑːˈseɪ.lɪŋ

Wassell ˈwæs.ᵊl

Wasson ˈwɒs.ᵊn US ˈwɑː.sᵊn

wast (*from* **be**) *strong forms:* wɒst US wɑːst *weak form:* wəst

Wast wɒst US wɑːst

wast|e weɪst **-es** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z **-age** -ɪdʒ **ˈwaste ˌproduct, ˌwaste ˈproduct**

wastebasket ˈweɪst*ˌ*bɑː.skɪt US -ˌbæs.kət **-s** -s

wasteful ˈweɪst*.*fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

wasteland ˈweɪst*.*lænd **-s** -z

wastepaper ˌweɪst*ˈ*peɪ.pəʳ, ˈ-ˌ-- US ˈweɪst*ˌ*peɪ.pɚ **wasteˈpaper ˌbasket, ˈwastepaper ˌbasket; wasteˈpaper ˌbin**

wastepipe ˈweɪst*.*paɪp **-s** -s

wastrel ˈweɪ.strᵊl **-s** -z

Wastwater ˈwɒstˌwɔː.təʳ US ˈwɑːstˌwɑː.t̬ɚ, -ˌwɔː-

Wat wɒt US wɑːt

watch wɒtʃ US wɑːtʃ, wɔːtʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

watchable ˈwɒtʃ.ə.bᵊl US ˈwɑː.tʃə-, ˈwɔː-

watchamacallit ˈwɒtʃ.ə.məˌkɔːl.ɪt US ˈwɑː.tʃə-, ˈwɔː-, -ˌkɑːl- **-s** -s

watch-cas|e ˈwɒtʃ.keɪs US ˈwɑːtʃ-, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-es** -ɪz

watchdog ˈwɒtʃ.dɒg US ˈwɑːtʃ.dɑːg, ˈwɔːtʃ-, -dɔːg **-s** -z

Watchet ˈwɒtʃ.ɪt US ˈwɑː.tʃɪt, ˈwɔː-

watchful ˈwɒtʃ.fᵊl, -fʊl US ˈwɑːtʃ-, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

watchmak|er ˈwɒtʃˌmeɪ.k|əʳ US ˈwɑːtʃˌmeɪ.k|ɚ, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ

watch|man ˈwɒtʃ|.mən US ˈwɑːtʃ-, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-men** -mən, -men

watchstrap ˈwɒtʃ.stræp US ˈwɑːtʃ-, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-s** -s

watchtower (W) ˈwɒtʃ.taʊəʳ US ˈwɑːtʃ.taʊɚ, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-s** -z

watchword ˈwɒtʃ.wɜːd US ˈwɑːtʃ.wɝːd, ˈwɔːtʃ- **-s** -z

wat|er ˈwɔː.t|əʳ US ˈwɑː.t̬|ɚ, ˈwɔː- **-ers** -əz US -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd US -ɚd **ˈwater ˌbed; ˈwater ˌbeetle; ˈwater ˌbottle; ˈwater ˌbuffalo, ˌwater ˈbuffalo** US **ˈwater ˌbuffalo; ˈwater ˌcannon; ˌwater ˈchestnut** US **ˈwater ˌchestnut; ˈwater ˌcloset; ˈwater ˌice; ˈwater ˌmain; ˈwater ˌmeadow; ˈwater ˌmill; ˈwater supˌply; ˈwater ˌtable; ˈwater ˌtower; ˌkeep one's ˌhead above ˈwater; ˌpour cold ˈwater on; like ˌwater off a ˌduck's ˈback** US **like ˌwater off a ˈduck's ˌback; ˌwater ˌunder the ˈbridge**

water-borne ˈwɔː.tə.bɔːn US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.bɔːrn, ˈwɔː-

waterbuck ˈwɔː.tə.bʌk US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

Waterbur|y ˈwɔː.tə.bᵊr|.i US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚˌber-, ˈwɔː-, -bɚ- **-ies** -iz

water-chute ˈwɔː.tə.ʃuːt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

watercolo(u)r ˈwɔː.təˌkʌl.əʳ US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚˌkʌl.ɚ, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

watercolo(u)rist ˈwɔː.təˌkʌl.ᵊr.ɪst US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

water-cooled ˌwɔː.təˈkuːld US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.kuːld, ˈwɔː- *stress shift, British only:* ˌwater-cooled ˈengines

watercours|e ˈwɔː.tə.kɔːs US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.kɔːrs, ˈwɔː- **-es** -ɪz

watercress ˈwɔː.tə.kres US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

water-divin|ing ˈwɔː.tə.dɪ.vaɪ.n|ɪŋ, -dəˌ- US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

watered-down ˌwɔː.tədˈdaʊn US ˌwɑː.t̬ɚdˈ-, ˌwɔː- *stress shift:* ˌwatered-down ˈrum

waterfall ˈwɔː.tə.fɔːl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.fɔːl, ˈwɔː-, -fɑːl **-s** -z

water-finder ˈwɔː.təˌfaɪn.dəʳ US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚˌfaɪn.dɚ, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

Waterford ˈwɔː.tə.fəd US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.fɚd, ˈwɔː-

waterfowl ˈwɔː.tə.faʊl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

waterfront ˈwɔː.tə.frʌnt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

Watergate ˈwɔː.tə.geɪt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

waterhole ˈwɔː.tə.həʊl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.hoʊl, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

Waterhouse ˈwɔː.tə.haʊs US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

wateriness ˈwɔː.tᵊr.ɪ.nəs, -nəs US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

watering-can ˈwɔː.tᵊr.ɪŋ.kæn US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

watering-hole ˈwɔː.tᵊr.ɪŋ.həʊl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.ɪŋ.hoʊl, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

watering-plac|e ˈwɔː.tᵊr.ɪŋ.pleɪs US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-es** -ɪz

waterless ˈwɔː.tᵊl.əs, -lɪs US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.ləs, ˈwɔː-

water-level ˈwɔː.təˌlev.ᵊl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

water-lil|y ˈwɔː.təˌlɪl|.i US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-ies** -iz

water-line ˈwɔː.tə.laɪn US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

waterlog ˈwɔː.tə.lɒg US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.lɑːg, ˈwɔː-, -lɔːg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d

waterlogged ˈwɔː.tə.lɒgd US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.lɑːgd, ˈwɔː-, -lɔːgd

waterloo (W) ˌwɔː.təˈluː US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-, ˌ--ˈ- **-s** -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌWaterloo ˈBridge

Waterlooville ˌwɔː.təˈluː.vɪl, ˌwɔː.tᵊl.uːˈvɪl US ˌwɑː.t̬ɚ.luːˈvɪl, ˌwɔː-, ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.luː.vɪl

water|man (W) ˈwɔː.tə|.mən US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-men** -mən, -men

watermark ˈwɔː.tə.mɑːk US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.mɑːrk, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

watermelon ˈwɔː.təˌmel.ən US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

watermill ˈwɔː.tə.mɪl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

water-nymph ˈwɔː.tə.nɪm*p*f US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

waterpolo ˈwɔː.təˌpəʊ.ləʊ US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚˌpoʊ.loʊ, ˈwɔː-

waterproof ˈwɔː.tə.pruːf US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

water-resistant ˈwɔː.tə.rɪˌzɪs.tənt, -rə- US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

Waters ˈwɔː.təz US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚz, ˈwɔː-

watershed ˈwɔː.tə.ʃed US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

Watership ˈwɔː.tə.ʃɪp US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

watersid|e ˈwɔː.tə.saɪd US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

water-ski ˈwɔː.tə.skiː US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z

watersport ˈwɔː.tə.spɔːt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.spɔːrt, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

waterspout ˈwɔː.tə.spaʊt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -s

Waterstone ˈwɔː.tə.stəʊn US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.stoʊn, ˈwɔː-, -stən **'s** -z

watertight ˈwɔː.tə.taɪt US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

waterway ˈwɔː.tə.weɪ US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

waterwheel ˈwɔː.tə.*h*wiːl US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː- **-s** -z

waterwings ˈwɔː.tə.wɪŋz US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ-, ˈwɔː-

waterworks ˈwɔː.tə.wɜːks US ˈwɑː.t̬ɚ.wɝːks, ˈwɔː-

water|y ˈwɔː.tᵊr|.i, -tr|i

Weak form

A variant form of a word, used when it is unstressed.

Examples for English

A very important aspect of the dynamics of English pronunciation is that many very common words have not only a 'strong' or 'full' pronunciation (which is used when the word is said in isolation), but also one or more weak forms which are used when the word occurs in certain contexts. Words which have weak forms are, for the most part, function words such as conjunctions (e.g. and, but), articles (e.g. a, the), pronouns (e.g. she, he her), prepositions (e.g. for, to) and some auxiliary and modal verbs (e.g. do, must). Generally the strong form of such words is used when the word is being quoted (e.g. the word *and* is given its strong form in the sentence 'We use the word and to join clauses'), when it is being contrasted (e.g. *for* in 'There are arguments for and against') and when it is at the end of a sentence (e.g. *from* in 'Where did you get it from?'). Often the pronunciation of a weak-form word is so different from its strong form that if it were heard in isolation it would be impossible to recognise it: for example, *and* can become /n̩/ in *us and them*, *fish and chips*, and *of* can become /f/ or /v/ in *of course*. The reason for this is that to someone who knows the language well these words are usually highly predictable in their normal context.

(US) 'wɑː.t̬ɚ.l.i, 'wɔː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Watford 'wɒt.fəd (US) 'wɑːt.fɚd
Wath upon Dearne ˌwɒθ.əˌpɒn'dɜːn, ˌwæθ- (US) ˌwɑːθ.əˌpɑːn'dɝːn, ˌwæθ-
Watkin 'wɒt.kɪn (US) 'wɑːt- **-s** -z
Watling 'wɒt.lɪŋ (US) 'wɑːt-
Watson 'wɒt.sᵊn (US) 'wɑːt-
watt (W) wɒt, wɑːt **-s** -s
wattag|e 'wɒt.ɪdʒ (US) 'wɑː.t̬ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz
Watteau 'wɒt.əʊ (US) wɑː'toʊ
Watters 'wɔː.təz, 'wɒt.əz (US) 'wɑː.t̬ɚz, 'wɔː-
Watterson 'wɔː.tə.sᵊn, 'wɒt.ə- (US) 'wɑː.t̬ɚ-, 'wɔː-
wattle 'wɒt.ᵊl (US) 'wɑː.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z **-d** -d
wattmeter 'wɒtˌmiː.təʳ (US) 'wɑːtˌmiː.t̬ɚ **-s** -z
Watton 'wɒt.ᵊn (US) 'wɑː.tᵊn
Wauchope 'wɔː.kəp, 'wɒx.əp (US) 'wɑː.kəp, 'wɔː-
Waugh wɔː, wɒx, wɒf, wɑːf (US) wɑː, wɔː
Note: /wɔː/ (US) /wɑː, (US) wɔː/ are the appropriate pronunciations for authors Auberon and Evelyn Waugh.
wav|e weɪv **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-eless** -ləs, -lɪs
waveband 'weɪv.bænd **-s** -z
waveform 'weɪv.fɔːm (US) -fɔːrm **-s** -z
wavelength 'weɪv.leŋkθ **-s** -s
wavelet 'weɪv.lət, -lɪt **-s** -s
Wavell 'weɪ.vᵊl
Waveney 'weɪv.ni
wav|er 'weɪ.v|əʳ (US) -v|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
Waverley 'weɪ.vᵊl.i (US) -vɚ.li
wav|y 'weɪ.v|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wax wæks **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-en** -ᵊn
waxhead 'wæks.hed **-s** -z
waxwing 'wæks.wɪŋ **-s** -z
waxwork 'wæks.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk **-s** -s
wax|y 'wæk.s|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
way (W) weɪ **-s** -z ˌ**right of 'way** (US) '**right of ˌway**; ˌ**ways and 'means**
waybill 'weɪ.bɪl **-s** -z
wayfar|er 'weɪˌfeə.r|əʳ (US) -ˌfer|.ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Wayland 'weɪ.lənd
way|lay ˌweɪ|'leɪ (US) 'weɪ|.leɪ, -'- **-lays** -'leɪz (US) -leɪz, -'leɪz **-laying** -'leɪ.ɪŋ (US) -ˌleɪ.ɪŋ, -'leɪ.ɪŋ **-laid** -'leɪd (US) -leɪd, -'leɪd **-layer/s** -'leɪ.əʳ/z (US) -ˌleɪ.ɚ/z, -'leɪ.ɚ/z
Wayman 'weɪ.mən
Wayne weɪn
Waynflete 'weɪn.fliːt
way-out *unusual and daring:* ˌweɪ'aʊt *stress shift:* ˌway-out 'clothes
way out *exit:* ˌweɪ'aʊt
-ways weɪz, wɪz
Note: Suffix. Normally unsrtressed, e.g. **lengthways** /'leŋkθ.weɪz/.
wayside 'weɪ.saɪd ˌ**fall by the 'way-side**
wayward 'weɪ.wəd (US) -wɚd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wazoo wæz'uː, wə'zuː (US) wɑː'zuː **-s** -z
WC ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juː'siː, -jʊ- (US) -juː'-, -jə'- **-s** -z
we *strong form:* wiː *weak form:* wi
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used contrastively (e.g. 'We, not they, will win it') or for emphasis (e.g. '**We** are the winners'). It is also used in final position (e.g. 'So are we'). The weak form is used elsewhere.
weak wiːk **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li ˌ**weak at the 'knees**
weaken 'wiː.kᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'wiːk.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
weak-kneed ˌwiːk'niːd (US) 'wiːk.niːd *stress shift, British only:* ˌweak-kneed 'coward
weakling 'wiː.klɪŋ **-s** -z
weak-minded ˌwiːk'maɪn.dɪd **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌweak-minded 'person
weakness 'wiːk.nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz
weal wiːl **-s** -z
weald (W) wiːld **-s** -z
wealden (W) 'wiːl.dᵊn
Wealdstone 'wiːld.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn
wealth welθ
wealth|y 'wel.θ|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wean *child or baby:* weɪn **-s** -z
wean *withdraw mother's milk:* wiːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
weaner 'wiː.nəʳ (US) -nɚ **-s** -z
weanling 'wiːn.lɪŋ **-s** -z
weapon 'wep.ən **-s** -z **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **-ry** -ri
weaponiz|e 'wep.ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-d** -d
weapons-grade 'wep.ənzˌgreɪd
wear (*v.*) weəʳ (US) wer **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **wore** wɔːʳ (US) wɔːr **worn** wɔːn (US) wɔːrn **wearer/s** 'weə.rəʳ/z (US) 'wer.ɚ/z ˌ**wear and 'tear**
Wear *river:* wɪəʳ (US) wɪr
wearability ˌweə.rə'bɪl.ə.ti, -ɪ.ti (US) ˌwer.ə'bɪl.ə.t̬i
wearable 'weə.rə.bᵊl (US) 'wer.ə-
Wearing 'weə.rɪŋ (US) 'wer.ɪŋ
wearisome 'wɪə.rɪ.sᵊm (US) 'wɪr.ɪ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Wearmouth 'wɪə.məθ, -maʊθ (US) 'wɪr-
Wearn wɜːn (US) wɝːn
wear|y 'wɪə.r|i (US) 'wɪr|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ᵊl.i, -ɪ.li **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
weasel 'wiː.zᵊl **-s** -z
weaselly 'wiː.zᵊl.i, 'wiːz.li
weath|er 'weð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd '**weather ˌforecast**; **make ˌheavy 'weather of ˌsomething**
weather-beaten 'weð.əˌbiː.tᵊn (US) -ɚˌ-

weatherboard ˈweð.ə.bɔːd (US) -ɚ.bɔːrd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ
weather-bound ˈweð.ə.baʊnd (US) ˈ-ɚ-
weathercock ˈweð.ə.kɒk (US) -ɚ.kɑːk -s -s
weather-eye ˈweð.əʳ.aɪ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈweð.ɚ.aɪ -s -z ˌkeep a ˈweather-eye open for something
weather-glass ˈweð.ə.glɑːs (US) -ɚ.glæs -es -ɪz
Weatherhead ˈweð.ə.hed (US) ˈ-ɚ-
weatherly (W) ˈweð.ᵊl.i (US) -ɚ.li
weather|man ˈweð.ə|.mæn (US) ˈ-ɚ- -men -men
weatherproof ˈweð.ə.pruːf (US) ˈ-ɚ-
weathership ˈweð.ə.ʃɪp (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -s
weathervane ˈweð.ə.veɪn (US) ˈ-ɚ- -s -z
weather-wise ˈweð.ə.waɪz (US) ˈ-ɚ-
weather-worn ˈweð.ə.wɔːn (US) -ɚ.wɔːrn
Weatly ˈwiːt.li
weav|e wiːv -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d **wove** wəʊv (US) woʊv **woven** ˈwəʊ.vᵊn (US) ˈwoʊ-
weaver (W) ˈwiː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -s -z
Weaverham ˈwiː.və.hæm, -vᵊr.əm (US) -vɚ.hæm, -əm
web web -s -z
Webb(e) web
web-based ˈweb.beɪst
webbed webd ˌ**webbed** ˈ**feet**
Webber ˈweb.əʳ (US) -ɚ
webb|ing ˈwebl.ɪŋ -y -i
webcam ˈweb.kæm -s -z
webcast ˈweb.kɑːst (US) -kæst -s -s -ing -ɪŋ
Weber *English name:* ˈweb.əʳ, ˈweɪ.bəʳ, ˈwiː- (US) ˈweb.ɚ, ˈweɪ.bɚ, ˈwiː- *German composer:* ˈveɪ.bəʳ (US) -bɚ
Webern ˈveɪ.bɜːn (US) -bɚn
webfooted ˌwebˈfʊt.ɪd, ˈwebˌfʊt̬.ɪd *stress shift, British only:* ˌwebfooted ˈbird
weblog ˈweb.lɒg (US) -lɑːg, -lɔːg -s -z
webmaster ˈwebˌmɑː.stəʳ (US) -ˌmæs.tɚ -s -z
webpag|e ˈweb.peɪdʒ -es -ɪz
website ˈweb.saɪt -s -s
Webster ˈweb.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
we'd (= **we had, we would**) *strong form:* wiːd *weak form:* wid
Note: Weak form word. The weak form is used when the word is unstressed (e.g. 'We'd be silly to do it' /wid.biˈsɪl.i.təˌduː.ɪt/).
wed wed -s -z -ding -ɪŋ -ded -ɪd
Wed. (*abbrev. for* **Wednesday**) ˈwenz.deɪ, ˈwed.ᵊnz-, -di (US) ˈwenz.deɪ, -di
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /wed/ in British English.
Weddell *surname:* wəˈdel, ˈwed.ᵊl *Sea:* ˈwed.ᵊl
Wedderburn ˈwed.ə.bɜːn (US) -ɚ.bɚːn
wedding ˈwed.ɪŋ -s -z ˈ**wedding** ˌ**breakfast**; ˈ**wedding** ˌ**cake**; ˈ**wedding** ˌ**day**; ˈ**wedding** ˌ**dress**; ˈ**wedding** ˌ**march**; ˈ**wedding** ˌ**ring**
Wedekind ˈveɪ.də.kɪnd, -kɪnt (US) -kɪnt, -kɪnd
wedg|e wedʒ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ewise -waɪz
wedge-shaped ˈwedʒ.ʃeɪpt
Wedg(e)wood ˈwedʒ.wʊd
wedlock ˈwed.lɒk (US) -lɑːk
Wednesbury ˈwenz.bᵊr.i *locally also:* ˈwedʒ- (US) ˈwenz.bɚ-
Wednesday ˈwenz.deɪ, ˈwed.nz-, -di (US) ˈwenz.deɪ, -di -s -z
Wednesfield ˈwenz.fiːld *locally also:* ˈwedʒ- (US) ˈwenz-
Weds. (*abbrev. for* **Wednesday**) ˈwenz.deɪ, ˈwed.nz-, -di (US) ˈwenz.deɪ, -di
Note: This abbreviation may also be pronounced /wedz/ in British English.
wee wiː
weed wiːd -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd
weedkiller ˈwiːdˌkɪl.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Weedon ˈwiː.dᵊn
weed|y ˈwiː.d|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
week wiːk -s -s
weekday ˈwiːk.deɪ -s -z
weekend ˌwiːkˈend, ˈ-- (US) ˈwiːk.end -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌweekend ˈtraffic
weekender ˌwiːkˈen.dəʳ (US) ˈwiːk.ˌen.dɚ -s -z
Weekes wiːks
weekl|y (*n, adv.*) ˈwiː.kl|i -ies -iz
Weekl(e)y ˈwiː.kli
weeknight ˈwiːk.naɪt -s -s
Weeks wiːks
Weelkes wiːlks
ween wiːn -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
ween|y ˈwiː.n|i -ies -iz -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst
weenybopper ˈwiː.niˌbɒp.əʳ (US) -ˌbɑː.pɚ -s -z
weep wiːp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ **wept** wept
weeper ˈwiː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ -s -z
weepie ˈwiː.pi -s -z
weep|y ˈwiː.p|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Weetabix® ˈwiː.tə.bɪks
weever ˈwiː.vəʳ (US) -vɚ -s -z
weevil ˈwiː.vᵊl, -vɪl (US) -vᵊl -s -z
wee-wee ˈwiː.wiː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -d -d
weft weft
Weidenfeld ˈvaɪ.dᵊn.felt, ˈwaɪ-
Weigall ˈwaɪ.gɔːl
weigela waɪˈdʒiː.lə, -ˈgiː- (US) waɪˈgiː-, -ˈjiː-; ˈwaɪ.gə- -s -z
weigelia waɪˈdʒiː.li.ə, -ˈgiː- (US) waɪˈgiː- -s -z
weigh weɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -able -ə.bᵊl
weighbridg|e ˈweɪ.brɪdʒ -es -ɪz
weight weɪt -s -s -ing -ɪŋ (US) ˈweɪ.t̬ɪŋ -ed -ɪd (US) ˈweɪ.t̬ɪd ˈ**weight** ˌ**training**
weightless ˈweɪt.ləs, -lɪs -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
weightlift|ing ˈweɪtˌlɪf.t|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Weighton *in* **Market Weighton**, *Humberside:* ˈwiː.tᵊn
WeightWatchers® ˈweɪtˌwɒtʃ.əz (US) -ˌwɑː.tʃɚz
weightwatch|ing ˈweɪtˌwɒtʃ|.ɪŋ (US) -ˌwɑː.tʃ|ɪŋ -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
weight|y ˈweɪ.t|i (US) -t̬|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Weill *English surname:* wiːl, vaɪl *German composer:* vaɪl
Weimar ˈvaɪ.mɑːʳ (US) -mɑːr
Weinberger ˈwaɪnˌbɜː.gəʳ, ˈwaɪm- (US) ˈwaɪnˌbɝː.gɚ
weir (W) wɪəʳ **weir** (US) wɪr -s -z
weird wɪəd (US) wɪrd -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
weirdo ˈwɪə.dəʊ (US) ˈwɪr.doʊ -s -z
Weiss vaɪs
Weisshorn ˈvaɪs.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn
Weissmuller ˈvaɪsˌmʊl.əʳ, ˈwaɪs- (US) ˈwaɪsˌmʌl.ɚ
Weland ˈweɪ.lənd, ˈwiː-
Welbeck ˈwel.bek
Welby ˈwel.bi
welch (W) (*v, adj.*) weltʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Welcombe ˈwel.kəm
welcom|e ˈwel.kəm -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
weld weld -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -ɪd -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Weldon ˈwel.dᵊn
welfare ˈwel.feəʳ (US) -fer ˌ**welfare** ˈ**state** (US) ˈ**welfare** ˌ**state**
Welford ˈwel.fəd (US) -fɚd
welkin ˈwel.kɪn
we'll (= **we will, we shall**) *strong form:* wiːl *weak form:* wil
Note: Weak form word. The weak form is used when the word is unstressed (e.g. 'We'll write today' /wilˌraɪt.təˈdeɪ/).
well wel -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -ness -nəs, -nɪs
well-advised ˌwel.ədˈvaɪzd *stress shift:* ˌwell-advised ˈaction
Welland ˈwel.ənd
well-appointed ˌwel.əˈpɔɪn.tɪd (US) -t̬ɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-appointed ˈoffice
well-balanced ˌwelˈbæl.əntst *stress shift:* ˌwell-balanced ˈdiet
well-behaved ˌwel.bɪˈheɪvd, -bəˈ- *stress shift:* ˌwell-behaved ˈdog
well-being ˈwelˌbiː.ɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ--
well-born ˌwelˈbɔːn (US) -ˈbɔːrn *stress shift:* ˌwell-born ˈlady
well-bred ˌwelˈbred *stress shift:* ˌwell-bred ˈchild
well-built ˌwelˈbɪlt *stress shift:* ˌwell-built ˈperson
Wellby ˈwel.bi
well-chosen ˌwelˈtʃəʊ.zᵊn (US) -ˈtʃoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌwell-chosen ˈwords
Wellcome ˈwel.kəm

well-conducted ˌwel.kənˈdʌk.tɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-conducted ˈscheme
well-connected ˌwel.kəˈnek.tɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-connected ˈperson
well-cooked ˌwelˈkʊkt *stress shift:* ˌwell-cooked ˈfood
well-disposed ˌwel.dɪˈspəʊzd Ⓤⓢ -ˈspoʊzd *stress shift:* ˌwell-disposed ˈmanner
well-do|er ˈwelˌduː|.əʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- Ⓤⓢ ˈwelˌduː|.ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
Welldon ˈwel.dᵊn
well-done ˌwelˈdʌn *stress shift:* ˌwell-done ˈfood
well-earned ˌwelˈɜːnd Ⓤⓢ -ˈɝːnd *stress shift:* ˌwell-earned ˈrest
Weller ˈwel.əʳ Ⓤⓢ -ɚ
Welles welz
Wellesley ˈwelz.li
well-fed ˌwelˈfed *stress shift:* ˌwell-fed ˈcat
well-formed ˌwelˈfɔːmd Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːrmd *stress shift:* ˌwell-formed ˈsentence
well-found ˌwelˈfaʊnd *stress shift:* ˌwell-found ˈship
well-groomed ˌwelˈgruːmd *stress shift:* ˌwell-groomed ˈman
well-grounded ˌwelˈgraʊn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-grounded ˈargument
well-heeled ˌwelˈhiːld *stress shift:* ˌwell-heeled ˈowner
wellie ˈwel.i **-s** -z
well-informed ˌwel.ɪnˈfɔːmd Ⓤⓢ -ˈfɔːrmd *stress shift:* ˌwell-informed ˈjournalist
Welling ˈwel.ɪŋ
Wellingborough ˈwel.ɪŋ.bᵊr.ə Ⓤⓢ -bɚ.oʊ
wellington (W) ˈwel.ɪŋ.tən **-s** -z ˌ**wellington ˈboot** Ⓤⓢ ˈ**wellington ˌboot**
wellingtonia ˌwel.ɪŋˈtəʊ.ni.ə Ⓤⓢ -ˈtoʊ- **-s** -z
well-intentioned ˌwel.ɪnˈten.tʃᵊnd *stress shift:* ˌwell-intentioned ˈaction
well-judged ˌwelˈdʒʌdʒd *stress shift:* ˌwell-judged ˈshot
well-known ˌwelˈnəʊn Ⓤⓢ -ˈnoʊn *stress shift:* ˌwell-known ˈwriter
well-made ˌwelˈmeɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-made ˈproduct
well-meaning ˌwelˈmiː.nɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌwell-meaning ˈaction
well-meant ˌwelˈment *stress shift:* ˌwell-meant ˈgesture
well-nigh ˌwelˈnaɪ *stress shift:* ˌwell-nigh imˈpossible
well-off ˌwelˈɒf Ⓤⓢ -ˈɑːf *stress shift:* ˌwell-off ˈperson
well-ordered ˌwelˈɔː.dəd Ⓤⓢ -ˈɔːr.dɚd *stress shift:* ˌwell-ordered ˈhousehold
well-proportioned ˌwel.prəˈpɔː.ʃᵊnd Ⓤⓢ -ˈpɔːr- *stress shift:* ˌwell-proportioned ˈroom
well-read ˌwelˈred *stress shift:* ˌwell-read ˈperson
well-rounded ˌwelˈraʊn.dɪd *stress shift:* ˌwell-rounded ˈcharacter
Wells welz
well-spoken ˌwelˈspəʊ.kᵊn Ⓤⓢ -ˈspoʊ- *stress shift:* ˌwell-spoken ˈperson
wellspring ˈwel.sprɪŋ **-s** -z
well-thumbed ˌwelˈθʌmd *stress shift:* ˌwell-thumbed ˈbook
well-timed ˌwelˈtaɪmd *stress shift:* ˌwell-timed ˈaction
well-to-do ˌwel.təˈduː *stress shift:* ˌwell-to-do ˈperson
well-versed ˌwelˈvɜːst Ⓤⓢ -ˈvɝːst *stress shift:* ˌwell-versed ˈteacher
well-wisher ˈwelˌwɪʃ.əʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- Ⓤⓢ ˈwelˌwɪʃ.ɚ **-s** -z
well-worn ˌwelˈwɔːn Ⓤⓢ -ˈwɔːrn *stress shift:* ˌwell-worn ˈphrase
well|y ˈwel|.i **-ies** -iz
Welsch weltʃ
welsh (W) welʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z, **Welsh ˈdresser;** ˌ**Welsh ˈNationalists;** ˌ**Welsh ˈrarebit**
Welsh|man ˈwelʃ|.mən **-men** -mən
Welshpool ˈwelʃ.puːl, ˌ-ˈ-
Welsh|woman ˈwelʃ|ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
welt welt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ Ⓤⓢ ˈwel.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd Ⓤⓢ ˈwel.t̬ɪd
weltanschauung (W) ˈvelt.ænˌʃaʊ.ʊŋ Ⓤⓢ -ɑːnˌ-
welt|er ˈwel.t|əʳ Ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz Ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd Ⓤⓢ -ɚd
welterweight ˈwel.tə.weɪt Ⓤⓢ -t̬ɚ- **-s** -s
weltschmerz (W) ˈvelt.ʃmeəts Ⓤⓢ -ʃmerts
Welty ˈwel.ti Ⓤⓢ -t̬i
Welwyn ˈwel.ɪn ˌ**Welwyn ˌGarden ˈCity**
Wembley ˈwem.bli
Wemyss wiːmz
wen wen **-s** -z
Wenceslas ˈwen.sɪ.sləs, -sə-, -slæs Ⓤⓢ -sɪ.slɑːs, -slɔːs
wench wentʃ **-es** -ɪz
wend wend **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Wend wend, vend **-s** -z **-ic** -ɪk **-ish** -ɪʃ
Wendell ˈwen.dᵊl
Wenders ˈwen.dəz Ⓤⓢ ˈven.dɚz
Wendover ˈwen.dəʊ.vəʳ Ⓤⓢ -doʊ.vɚ
Wendy ˈwen.di ˈ**Wendy ˌhouse**
Wengen ˈveŋ.ən
Wenger ˈveŋ.gəʳ Ⓤⓢ -gɚ
Wengern Alp ˌveŋ.ənˈælp Ⓤⓢ -ɚnˈ-
Wenham ˈwen.əm
Wenlock ˈwen.lɒk Ⓤⓢ -lɑːk ˌ**Wenlock ˈEdge**
Wensleydale ˈwenz.lɪ.deɪl
went (*from* **go**) went
Wentworth ˈwent.wəθ, -wɜːθ Ⓤⓢ -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
wept (*from* **weep**) wept
we're (= **we are**) wɪəʳ Ⓤⓢ wɪr
were (*from* **be**) *strong forms:* wɜːʳ Ⓤⓢ wɝː *weak forms:* wəʳ, wɚ
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used for emphasis (e.g. 'You were a long time') and for contrast (e.g. 'what they were and what they might have been'). The strong form is also usual in final position (e.g. 'We didn't know where we were'). The weak form is used elsewhere.
weren't wɜːnt Ⓤⓢ wɝːnt
werewol|f ˈweə.wʊl|f, ˈwɪə-, ˈwɜː- Ⓤⓢ ˈwer-, ˈwɪr-, ˈwɝː- **-ves** -vz
Werner ˈwɜː.nəʳ *as if German:* ˈveə- Ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː.nɚ *as if German:* ˈvɝː-
wert (*from* **be**) *strong forms:* wɜːt Ⓤⓢ wɝːt *weak forms:* wət, wɚt
Note: Archaic form; see information at **were**.
Weser *German river:* ˈveɪ.zəʳ Ⓤⓢ -zɚ
Note: /ˈwiː.zəʳ/ Ⓤⓢ /-zɚ/ is necessary for rhyme in Browning's 'Pied Piper', but this pronunciation is exceptional.
Wesker ˈwes.kəʳ Ⓤⓢ -kɚ
Wesley ˈwez.li, ˈwes- Ⓤⓢ ˈwes-, ˈwez-
Note: Most people bearing the name **Wesley** pronounce /ˈwes.li/, but in Britain the pronunciation is commonly /ˈwez.li/.
Wesleyan ˈwez.li.ən, ˈwes- Ⓤⓢ ˈwes-, ˈwez- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Note: /ˈwes-/ appears to be the more usual pronunciation among Wesleyans; with those who are not Wesleyans /ˈwez-/ is probably the commoner form in British English. There exists also an old-fashioned pronunciation /wesˈliː.ən/.
Wessex ˈwes.ɪks
west (W) west ˌ**West ˈBank** *stress shift:* ˌWest Bank ˈsettlement ˌ**West ˈCoast** *stress shift:* ˌWest Coast ˈsinger ˈ**West ˌCountry;** ˌ**West ˈEnd** *stress shift:* ˌWest End ˈplay ˌ**West ˈIndian;** ˌ**West ˈIndies;** ˌ**West ˈPoint** Ⓤⓢ ˈ**West ˌPoint;** ˌ**West ˌSide ˈStory** Ⓤⓢ ˈ**West Side ˌStory;** ˌ**West Virˈginia**
westbound ˈwest.baʊnd
Westbourne ˈwest.bɔːn, -bən Ⓤⓢ -bɔːrn, -bɚn
West Bridgford ˌwestˈbrɪdʒ.fəd Ⓤⓢ -fɚd
Westbrook ˈwest.brʊk
Westbury ˈwest.bᵊr.i
Westchester ˈwestˌtʃes.təʳ Ⓤⓢ -tɚ
Westcott ˈwest.kət
Westergate ˈwes.tə.geɪt Ⓤⓢ -tɚ-
Westerham ˈwes.tᵊr.əm
westering ˈwes.tᵊr.ɪŋ
westerl|y ˈwes.tᵊl|.i Ⓤⓢ -tɚ.l|i **-ies** -iz
western (W) ˈwes.tən Ⓤⓢ -tɚn **-s** -z **-er/s** -əʳ/z Ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **-most** -məʊst Ⓤⓢ -moʊst ˌ**Western Ausˈtralia;** ˈ**Western ˌIsles,** ˌ**Western ˈIsles**
westernization, -isa- ˌwes.tᵊn.aɪˈzeɪ.ʃᵊn, -ɪˈ- Ⓤⓢ -tɚ.nɪˈ-
westerniz|e, -is|e ˈwes.tən.aɪz Ⓤⓢ -tɚ.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Westfield ˈwest.fiːld
Westgate ˈwest.geɪt, -gɪt
Westhill ˈwest.hɪl
Westhoughton ˌwestˈhɔː.tᵊn Ⓤⓢ -ˈhɑː-, -ˈhɔː-
Westinghouse ˈwes.tɪŋ.haʊs

Pronouncing the letters WH

The consonant digraph wh is found in word or morpheme initial position in English, and usually pronounced as /w/ in British English and /hw/ in US English. The realisation /hw/ also occurs amongst some speakers of British English. In this dictionary, the transcription /hw/ is used to cover both variants, e.g.:

when /hwen/
where /hweəʳ/ (US) /hwer/

Another realisation of the consonant digraph wh is /h/, e.g.:

who /huː/
wholesome /'həʊl.səm/ (US) /'hoʊl-/

Westlake 'west.leɪk
Westland® 'west.lənd
Westlife 'west.laɪf
Westly 'west.li
Westmeath ˌwest'miːð
West Mersea ˌwest'mɜː.zi (US) -'mɝː-
Westminster west'mɪnt.stəʳ, '--- (US) west'mɪnt.stɚ, '--- **ˌWestminster 'Abbey**
Westmor(e)land 'west.məl.ənd (US) -mɔːr.lənd
west-northwest ˌwest.nɔːθ'west (US) -nɔːrθ'- *nautical pronunciation:* -nɔː'-, -nɔːr'-
Weston 'wes.tən
Weston-super-Mare ˌwes.tənˌsuː.pə'meəʳ, -ˌsjuː-; -'suː.pə.meəʳ, -'sjuː- (US) -ˌsuː.pɚ'mer, -'suː.pɚ.mer
Westphali|a ˌwest'feɪ.li|.ə, '-lj|ə (US) '-li|.ə, -'feɪl.j|ə **-an/s** -ən/z
Westray 'wes.treɪ
Westside 'west.saɪd
west-southwest ˌwest.saʊθ'west *nautical pronunciation:* -saʊ'-
westward 'west.wəd (US) -wɚd **-s** -z **-ly** -li
Westward Ho! ˌwest.wəd'həʊ (US) -wɚd'hoʊ
Westwood 'west.wʊd
wet wet **-ter** -əʳ (US) 'weţ.ɚ **-test** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'weţ.ɪst, -əst **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'weţ.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'weţ.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˌwet 'blanket; 'wet ˌsuit; (still) ˌwet behind the 'ears**
wetback 'wet.bæk **-s** -s
wether 'weð.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Wetherby 'weð.ə.bi (US) '-ɚ-
wetland 'wet.lənd (US) -lænd **-s** -z
wet-look 'wet.lʊk
wet-nurs|e 'wet.nɜːs (US) -nɝːs **-es** -ɪz
wetsuit 'wet.suːt, -sjuːt (US) -suːt **-s** -s
we've (= **we have**) *strong form:* wiːv *weak form:* wiv
Note: Weak form word. The weak form is usually found when the word is unstressed, but the strong form may also be used in this situation.
Wexford 'weks.fəd (US) -fɚd
Wey weɪ
Weybridge 'weɪ.brɪdʒ
Weyman 'weɪ.mən
Weymouth 'weɪ.məθ
whack hwæk **-s** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
whacko 'hwæk.əʊ (US) -oʊ
whack|y 'hwæk|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i
whal|e (W) hweɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌhave a 'whale of a ˌtime**
whalebone 'hweɪl.bəʊn (US) -boʊn
whale-oil 'hweɪl.ɔɪl
Whaley 'hweɪ.li
Whalley *surname:* 'hweɪ.li, 'hwɔː-, 'hwɒl.i (US) 'hweɪ.li, 'hwɑː.li *abbey near Blackburn:* 'hwɔː.li (US) 'hwɑː-
wham hwæm **-s** -z **-ming** -ɪŋ **-med** -d
whammo 'hwæm.əʊ (US) -oʊ
whamm|y 'hwæm|.i **-ies** -iz
whamo 'hwæm.əʊ (US) -oʊ
whang hwæŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
whangee ˌhwæŋ'giː, -'iː (US) -'iː
whar|f hwɔː|f (US) hwɔːr|f **-ves** -vz **-fs** -fs
wharfage 'hwɔː.fɪdʒ (US) 'hwɔːr-
Wharfedale 'hwɔːf.deɪl (US) 'hwɔːrf-
wharfinger 'hwɔː.fɪn.dʒəʳ (US) 'hwɔːr.fɪn.dʒɚ **-s** -z
Wharton 'hwɔː.tən (US) 'hwɔːr-
what hwɒt (US) hwʌt, hwɑːt
whatchamacallit 'hwɒtʃ.ə.məˌkɔː.lɪt (US) 'hwʌtʃ-
what-d'you-call-it 'hwɒt.djʊˌkɔː.lɪt, -djəˌ-, -dʒʊˌ-, -dʒəˌ- (US) 'hwʌţ.i.jəˌkɔː-, 'hwʌtʃ.əˌ-, -ˌkɑː-
what-d'you-ma-call-it 'hwɒt.djʊ.məˌkɔː.lɪt, -djə-, -dʒʊ-, -dʒə- (US) 'hwʌţ.i.jə.məˌkɔː-, -hwʌtʃ.ə-, -kɑː-
whate'er hwɒt'eəʳ (US) hwʌt'er, hwɑːt-
Whateley 'hweɪt.li
whatever hwɒt'ev.əʳ (US) hwʌt'ev.ɚ, hwɑːt-
Whatley 'hwɒt.li (US) 'hwɑːt-
Whatman 'hwɒt.mən (US) 'hwɑːt-
Whatmough 'hwɒt.məʊ (US) 'hwɑːt.moʊ
whatnot 'hwɒt.nɒt (US) 'hwʌt.nɑːt, 'hwɑːt- **-s** -s
what's-her-name 'hwɒt.sən.eɪm (US) 'hwʌt.sɚ.neɪm, 'hwɑːt-
what's-his-name 'hwɒt.sɪz.neɪm (US) 'hwʌt-, 'hwɑːt-
whatsit 'hwɒt.sɪt (US) 'hwʌt- **-s** -s
whatsoe'er ˌhwɒt.səʊ'eəʳ (US) ˌhwʌt.soʊ'er, ˌhwɑːt-
whatsoever ˌhwɒt.səʊ'ev.əʳ (US) ˌhwʌt.soʊ'ev.ɚ, ˌhwɑːt-
wheal hwiːl **-s** -z
wheat hwiːt **-en** -ən
wheatgerm 'hwiːt.dʒɜːm (US) -dʒɝːm
Wheathampstead 'hwiː.təmp.sted, 'hwet.əmp-
Wheatley 'hwiːt.li
wheatmeal 'hwiːt.miːl
Wheaton 'hwiː.tən
Wheatstone 'hwiːt.stən, -stəʊn (US) -stoʊn, -stən
wheedl|e 'hwiː.dəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hwiːd.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, 'hwiːd.ləʳ/z (US) 'hwiː.dəl.əʳ/z, 'hwiːd.lɚ/z
wheel hwiːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'wheel ˌclamp**
wheelbarrow 'hwiːlˌbær.əʊ (US) -ˌber.oʊ, -ˌbær- **-s** -z
wheelbas|e 'hwiːl.beɪs **-es** -ɪz
wheelchair 'hwiːl.tʃeəʳ (US) -tʃer **-s** -z
wheeler (W) 'hwiː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ **-s** -z
wheeler-dealer ˌhwiː.lə'diː.ləʳ (US) -lɚ'diː.lɚ **-s** -z
wheelhou|se 'hwiːl.haʊ|s **-ses** -zɪz
wheelie 'hwiː.li **-s** -z **'wheelie ˌbin**
Wheelock 'hwiː.lɒk
wheelwright, wheelright (W) 'hwiːl.raɪt **-s** -s
Wheen 'hwiːn
wheez|e hwiːz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Whelan 'hwiː.lən
whelk welk (US) hwelk **-s** -s
whelm hwelm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
whelp hwelp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
when hwen
whence hwents
whene'er hwen'eəʳ (US) -'er
whenever hwen'ev.əʳ, hwən'- (US) -ɚ
whensoever ˌhwen.səʊ'ev.əʳ (US) -soʊ'ev.ɚ
where hweəʳ (US) hwer
whereabout ˌhweə.rə'baʊt (US) 'hwer.əˌ-
whereabouts (*n.*) 'hweə.rə.baʊts (US) 'hwer.ə-
whereabouts *interrogation:* ˌhweə.rə'baʊts (US) ˌhwer.ə'-
whereas hweə'ræz, hwər- (US) hwer'æz, hwɚ-
whereat hweə'ræt, hwər-

(US) hwer'æt, hwɚ-
whereby hweə'baɪ (US) hwer-
where'er hweə'reəʳ, hwə- (US) hwer'er, hwɚ-
wherefore 'hweə.fɔːʳ (US) 'hwer.fɔːr -s -z
wherein hweə'rɪn (US) hwer'ɪn
whereof hweə'rɒv (US) hwer'ɑːv
whereon hweə'rɒn (US) hwer'ɑːn
wheresoe'er ˌhweə.səʊ'eəʳ (US) ˌhwer.soʊ'er
wheresoever ˌhweə.səʊ'ev.əʳ (US) ˌhwer.soʊ'ev.ɚ
whereto hweə'tuː (US) hwer-
whereunder hweə'rʌn.dəʳ (US) hwer'ʌn.dɚ
whereunto ˌhweə.rʌn'tuː (US) ˌhwer.ʌn'-
whereupon ˌhweə.rə'pɒn, '--ˌ- (US) 'hwer.əˌpɑːn
wherever hweə'rev.əʳ, hwər- (US) hwer'ev.ɚ, hwɚ-
wherewith hweə'wɪθ, -'wɪð (US) hwer-
wherewithal (*n.*) 'hweə.wɪ.ðɔːl (US) 'hwer-, -θɔːl, -ðɑːl, -θɑːl
wherewithal (*adv.*) ˌhweə.wɪ'ðɔːl, '--- (US) 'hwer.wɪ.ðɔːl, -θɔːl, -ðɑːl, -θɑːl
Whernside 'hwɜːn.saɪd (US) 'hwɝːn-
wherr|y 'hwer|.i **-ies** -iz
whet hwet **-s** -s **-ting** -ɪŋ (US) 'hwet̬.ɪŋ **-ted** -ɪd (US) 'hwet̬.ɪd
whether 'hweð.əʳ (US) -ɚ
whetstone (W) 'hwet.stəʊn (US) -stoʊn **-s** -z
whew ɸ, ɸ̩, fjuː
Note: This is an attempt at a symbolic representation of an interjection used to indicate that the speaker is either surprised, or suffering from the heat. The sound is related to a whistle (falling or rising-falling pitch), but in speech is more usually a whispered sound. The pronunciation /fjuː/ is an alternative based on the spelling.
Whewell 'hjuː.əl, -el, -ɪl; hjʊəl (US) 'hjuː.əl
whey hweɪ
which hwɪtʃ
whichever hwɪ'tʃev.əʳ (US) -ɚ
whick|er (W) 'hwɪk|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
Whickham 'hwɪk.əm
whiff hwɪf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Whiffen 'hwɪf.ɪn, -ən
Whig hwɪg **-s** -z
Whigg|ery 'hwɪg|.ᵊr.i **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Whiggish 'hwɪg.ɪʃ
Whigham 'hwɪg.əm
whil|e 'hwaɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
whilst hwaɪlst
whim hwɪm **-s** -z
whimbrel 'hwɪm.brᵊl **-s** -z
whimp|er 'hwɪm.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd
whimsic|al 'hwɪm.zɪ.k|ᵊl, -sɪ- (US) -zɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **-alness** -ᵊl.nəs, -nɪs
whimsicality ˌhwɪm.zɪ'kæl.ə.ti, -sɪ'-, -ɪ.ti (US) -zɪ'kæl.ə.t̬i
whims|y 'hwɪm.z|i **-ies** -iz
whin hwɪn **-s** -z
whinchat 'hwɪn.tʃæt **-s** -s
whin|e hwaɪn **-es** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
whing|e hwɪndʒ **-es** -ɪz **-(e)ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
whinn|y 'hwɪn|.i **-ies** -iz **-ying** -i.ɪŋ **-ied** -id
whin|y 'hwaɪ.n|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
whip hwɪp **-s** -s **-ping/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ped** -t have the ˌwhip 'hand
whipcord 'hwɪp.kɔːd (US) -kɔːrd
whiplash 'hwɪp.læʃ
whipp|er-in ˌhwɪp|.əʳ'ɪn (US) -ɚ'- **-ers-in** -əz'ɪn (US) -ɚz'-
whippersnapper 'hwɪp.əˌsnæp.əʳ (US) -ɚˌsnæp.ɚ **-s** -z
whippet 'hwɪp.ɪt **-s** -s
whipping-boy 'hwɪp.ɪŋ.bɔɪ **-s** -z
Whippingham 'hwɪp.ɪŋ.əm
Whipple 'hwɪp.ᵊl
whippoorwill 'hwɪp.ə.wɪl, -ʊə-, -pʊə-, -pɔː- (US) '-ɚ- **-s** -z
whip-round 'hwɪp.raʊnd **-s** -z
whipsaw 'hwɪp.sɔː (US) -sɑː, -sɔː **-s** -z
Whipsnade 'hwɪp.sneɪd
whir hwɜːʳ (US) hwɝː **-s** -z **-ring/s** -ɪŋ/z **-red** -d
whirl hwɜːl (US) hwɝːl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
whirligig 'hwɜː.lɪ.gɪg (US) 'hwɝː- **-s** -z
whirlpool 'hwɜːl.puːl (US) 'hwɝːl- **-s** -z
whirlwind 'hwɜːl.wɪnd (US) 'hwɝːl- **-s** -z
whirlybird 'hwɜː.lɪ.bɜːd (US) 'hwɝː.lɪ.bɝːd **-s** -z
whirr hwɜːʳ (US) hwɝː **-s** -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -d
whisk hwɪsk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Whiskas® 'hwɪs.kəz
whisker 'hwɪs.kəʳ (US) -kɚ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
whiskey 'hwɪs.ki **-s** -z
whisk|y 'hwɪs.k|i **-ies** -iz
whisp|er 'hwɪs.p|əʳ (US) -p|ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering/s** -ᵊr.ɪŋ/z **-ered** -əd (US) -ɚd **-erer/s** -ᵊr.əʳ/z (US) -ɚ.ɚ/z
whist hwɪst 'whist ˌdrive
whistl|e 'hwɪs.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hwɪs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d ˌblow the 'whistle ˌon
whistle-blower 'hwɪs.ᵊlˌbləʊ.əʳ (US) -ˌbloʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
whistler (W) 'hwɪs.ləʳ, -ᵊl.əʳ (US) '-lɚ, -ᵊl.ɚ **-s** -z
whistle-stop 'hwɪs.ᵊl.stɒp (US) -stɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˌwhistle-stop 'tour
whit (W) hwɪt
Whitaker 'hwɪt.ə.kəʳ, '-ɪ- (US) hwɪt̬.ə.kɚ
Whitbread 'hwɪt.bred
Whitburn 'hwɪt.bɜːn (US) -bɝːn
Whitby 'hwɪt.bi
Whitchurch 'hwɪt.tʃɜːtʃ (US) -tʃɝːtʃ
Whitcombe 'hwɪt.kəm
Whitcut 'hwɪt.kʌt
whit|e (W) hwaɪt **-es** -s **-er** -əʳ (US) 'hwaɪ.t̬ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst (US) 'hwaɪ.t̬ɪst, -t̬əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) 'hwaɪ.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) 'hwaɪ.t̬ɪd ˌwhite 'elephant; ˌwhite 'flag; 'white ˌgoods; 'White ˌHouse; ˌwhite 'knight; ˌwhite 'lie; 'white ˌman; ˌwhite 'paper (US) 'white ˌpaper; ˌwhite 'sauce (US) 'white ˌsauce; ˌwhite 'trash; ˌwhite 'wedding; ˌwhite as a 'sheet
whitebait 'hwaɪt.beɪt
whitebeard 'hwaɪt.bɪəd (US) -bɪrd **-s** -z **-ed** -ɪd
whiteboard 'hwaɪt.bɔːd (US) -bɔːrd **-s** -z
whitecap 'hwaɪt.kæp **-s** -s
Whitechapel 'hwaɪtˌtʃæp.ᵊl
white-collar ˌhwaɪt'kɒl.əʳ (US) -'kɑː.lɚ *stress shift:* ˌwhite-collar 'worker
Whitefield 'hwaɪt.fiːld, 'hwɪt-
whitefl|y 'hwaɪt.fl|aɪ **-ies** -aɪz
Whitefriars 'hwaɪt.fraɪəz, ˌ-'- (US) 'hwaɪt.fraɪɚz, ˌ-'-
Whitehall 'hwaɪt.hɔːl, ˌ-'- (US) 'hwaɪt.hɔːl, -hɑːl
Whitehaven 'hwaɪtˌheɪ.vᵊn
whitehead (W) 'hwaɪt.hed **-s** -z
Whitehorn 'hwaɪt.hɔːn (US) -hɔːrn
Whitehorse 'hwaɪt.hɔːs (US) -hɔːrs
white-hot ˌhwaɪt'hɒt (US) -'hɑːt *stress shift:* ˌwhite-hot 'metal
Whitehouse 'hwaɪt.haʊs
Whitelaw 'hwaɪt.lɔː (US) -lɑː, -lɔː
Whiteley 'hwaɪt.li
white-livered 'hwaɪtˌlɪv.əd, ˌ-'-- (US) -ɚd
whiten 'hwaɪ.tᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hwaɪt.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
whitener 'hwaɪt.nəʳ, 'hwaɪ.tᵊn.əʳ (US) 'hwaɪt.nɚ, 'hwaɪ.tᵊn.ɚ **-s** -z
whiteout 'hwaɪt.aʊt **-s** -s
Whiteread 'hwaɪt.riːd
Whiteside 'hwaɪt.saɪd
whitethorn 'hwaɪt.θɔːn (US) -θɔːrn **-s** -z
whitethroat 'hwaɪt.θrəʊt (US) -θroʊt **-s** -s
whitewash 'hwaɪt.wɒʃ (US) -wɑːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
whitewater (W) 'hwaɪt.wɔː.təʳ (US) -wɑː.t̬ɚ, -wɔː- ˌwhitewater 'rafting
whitewood 'hwaɪt.wʊd
whitey 'hwaɪ.ti (US) -t̬i
Whitfield 'hwɪt.fiːld
Whitgift 'hwɪt.gɪft
whither 'hwɪð.əʳ (US) -ɚ
whithersoever ˌhwɪð.ə.səʊ'ev.əʳ (US) -ɚ.soʊ'ev.ɚ
whiting (W) 'hwaɪ.tɪŋ (US) -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z
whitish 'hwaɪ.tɪʃ (US) -t̬ɪʃ
Whitlam 'hwɪt.ləm
Whitley 'hwɪt.li
whitlow 'hwɪt.ləʊ (US) -loʊ **-s** -z
Whitman 'hwɪt.mən

Whitmarsh 'hwɪt.mɑːʃ (US) -mɑːrʃ
Whitmore 'hwɪt.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Whitney 'hwɪt.ni
Whitstable 'hwɪt.stə.bᵊl
Whitstone 'hwɪt.stəʊn, -stᵊn (US) -stoʊn, -stᵊn
Whitsun 'hwɪt.sᵊn
Whitsunday ˌhwɪt'sʌn.deɪ, -di; -sᵊn'deɪ **-s** -z
Whitsuntide 'hwɪt.sᵊn.taɪd **-s** -z
Whittaker 'hwɪt.ə.kəʳ, '-ɪ- (US) 'hwɪt̬.ə.kɚ
Whittall 'hwɪt.ᵊl, -ɔːl (US) 'hwɪt̬-
Whittier 'hwɪt.i.əʳ (US) 'hwɪt̬.i.ɚ
Whittingeham(e) 'hwɪt.ɪn.dʒəm (US) 'hwɪt̬-
Whittington 'hwɪt.ɪŋ.tən (US) 'hwɪt̬-
whittl|e (W) 'hwɪt.ᵊl (US) 'hwɪt̬- **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'hwɪt.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Whittlesey 'hwɪt.ᵊl.si (US) 'hwɪt̬-
Whitworth 'hwɪt.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
whit|y 'hwaɪ.t|i (US) -t̬|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
whiz, whiz|z hwɪz **-zes** -ɪz **-zing** -ɪŋ **-zed** -d ˌ**gee 'whiz(z); 'whiz(z) ˌkid**
whiz(z)-bang 'hwɪz.bæŋ **-s** -z
who *strong form:* huː *weak form:* hu ˌ**Who's 'Who**
Note: Weak form word. The weak form is only found in unstressed syllables, and the /h/ is frequently not pronounced. The strong form is also found in unstressed syllables.
WHO ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌeɪtʃ'əʊ (US) ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌeɪtʃ'oʊ, -jəˌ-
whoa hwəʊ (US) hwoʊ
who'd huːd
whodun(n)it ˌhuː'dʌn.ɪt **-s** -s
whoe'er huː'eəʳ, hu- (US) -'er
whoever huː'ev.əʳ, hu- (US) -ɚ
whole həʊl (US) hoʊl **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **go the ˌwhole 'hog**
wholefood 'həʊl.fuːd (US) 'hoʊl- **-s** -z
wholegrain 'həʊl.greɪn (US) 'hoʊl-
whole-hearted ˌhəʊl'hɑː.tɪd (US) ˌhoʊl'hɑːr.t̬ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs *stress shift:* ˌwhole-hearted 'effort
wholemeal 'həʊl.miːl (US) 'hoʊl-
wholesale 'həʊl.seɪl (US) 'hoʊl-
wholesaler 'həʊlˌseɪ.ləʳ (US) 'hoʊlˌseɪ.lɚ **-s** -z
wholesom|e 'həʊl.sᵊm (US) 'hoʊl- **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs
wholewheat 'həʊl.hwiːt (US) ˌhoʊl'hwiːt
wholism 'həʊ.lɪ.zᵊm (US) 'hoʊ-
wholistic həʊ'lɪs.tɪk (US) hoʊ-
who'll huːl
wholly 'həʊl.li, 'həʊ- (US) 'hoʊl.li, 'hoʊ-
whom huːm
whomever ˌhuː'mev.əʳ, hʊ'-
whomsoever ˌhuːm.səʊ'ev.əʳ, ˌhʊm- (US) -soʊ'ev.ɚ
whoop hwuːp, huːp **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
whoop-de-doo ˌwʊp.dɪ'duː (US) -di'-, ˌwuːp-
whoopee (*n.*) 'hwʊp.i (US) 'hwuː.pi '**whoopee ˌcushion** (*interj.*) hwʊ'piː
Whoopi 'hwʊp.i (US) 'hwʊp.i, 'hwuː.pi
whooping-cough 'huː.pɪŋ.kɒf (US) -kɑːf, 'hʊp.ɪŋ-, 'wuː.pɪŋ-, 'wʊp.ɪŋ-
whoops hwʊps (US) hwʊps, hwuːps
whoops-a-daisy 'hwʊps.əˌdeɪ.zi (US) 'hwʊps-, 'hwuːps-
whoosh hwʊʃ (US) hwʊʃ, hwuːʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
whop hwɒp (US) hwɑːp **-s** -s **-ping/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ped** -t
whopper 'hwɒp.əʳ (US) 'hwɑː.pɚ **-s** -z
whopping 'hwɒp.ɪŋ (US) 'hwɑː.pɪŋ
whor|e hɔːʳ (US) hɔːr **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
who're 'huː.əʳ, hʊəʳ, hu.əʳ (US) 'huː.ɚ, hʊɚ, hu.ɚ
whoredom 'hɔː.dəm (US) 'hɔːr-
whorehou|se 'hɔː.haʊ|s (US) 'hɔːr- **-ses** -zɪz
whoreson 'hɔː.sᵊn (US) 'hɔːr- **-s** -z
Whorf hwɔːf (US) hwɔːrf
whorish 'hɔː.rɪʃ (US) 'hɔːr.ɪʃ
whorl hwɜːl (US) hwɝːl, hwɔːrl **-s** -z **-ed** -d
whortle 'hwɜː.tᵊl (US) 'hwɝː.t̬ᵊl **-s** -z
whortleberr|y 'hwɜː.tᵊlˌber|.i, -bᵊr- (US) 'hwɝː.t̬ᵊlˌber- **-ies** -iz
who's huːz
whose huːz
whoso 'huː.səʊ (US) -soʊ
whosoever ˌhuː.səʊ'ev.əʳ (US) -soʊ'ev.ɚ
who've huːv
why hwaɪ **-s** -z
Whybrow 'hwaɪ.braʊ
Whyle 'hwaɪ.li
why'll hwaɪl
Whymper 'hwɪm.pəʳ (US) -pɚ
why're 'hwaɪ.əʳ (US) -ɚ
why's hwaɪz
Whyte hwaɪt
Whytt hwaɪt
why've hwaɪv, 'hwaɪ.əv
WI ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juː'aɪ
Wichita 'wɪtʃ.ɪ.tɔː, '-ə- (US) -ə.tɔː, -tɑː
wick (W) wɪk **-s** -s
wicked 'wɪk.ɪd **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness/es** -nəs/ɪz, -nɪs/ɪz
Wicken 'wɪk.ᵊn
Wickens 'wɪk.ɪnz
wicker (W) 'wɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ
wickerwork 'wɪk.ə.wɜːk (US) -ɚ.wɝːk
wicket 'wɪk.ɪt **-s** -s '**wicket ˌgate**
wicket-keeper 'wɪk.ɪtˌkiː.pəʳ (US) -pɚ **-s** -z
Wickford 'wɪk.fəd (US) -fɚd
Wickham 'wɪk.əm
Wickliffe 'wɪk.lɪf
Wicklow 'wɪk.ləʊ (US) -loʊ
Widdecombe, Widdicombe 'wɪd.ɪ.kəm
Widdowson 'wɪd.əʊ.sᵊn (US) -oʊ-, '-ə-
wid|e waɪd **-es** -z **-er** -əʳ (US) -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ely** -li **-eness** -nəs, -nɪs '**wide ˌboy**
wide-angle ˌwaɪd'æŋ.gᵊl *stress shift:* ˌwide-angle 'lens
wide-awake (*adj.*) ˌwaɪd.ə'weɪk
Widecombe 'wɪd.ɪ.kəm
wide-eyed ˌwaɪd'aɪd (US) '-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌwide-eyed 'stare
Widemouth 'wɪd.məθ
widen 'waɪ.dᵊn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'waɪd.nɪŋ **-ed** -d
Wideopen 'waɪdˌəʊ.pᵊn (US) -ˌoʊ-
wide-ranging ˌwaɪd'reɪn.dʒɪŋ *stress shift:* ˌwide-ranging 'interests
widescreen 'waɪd.skriːn
widespread 'waɪd.spred
widgeon 'wɪdʒ.ən, -ɪn **-s** -z
widget 'wɪdʒ.ɪt **-s** -s
widish 'waɪ.dɪʃ
Widmerpool 'wɪd.mə.puːl (US) -mɚ-
Widnes 'wɪd.nəs, -nɪs
widow 'wɪd.əʊ (US) -oʊ **-s** -z **-ed** -d
widower 'wɪd.əʊ.əʳ (US) -oʊ.ɚ **-s** -z
widowhood 'wɪd.əʊ.hʊd (US) -oʊ-
Widsith 'wɪd.sɪθ
width wɪtθ, wɪdθ **-s** -s
wield wiːld **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Wiener schnitzel ˌviː.nə'ʃnɪt.sᵊl (US) 'viː.nɚˌʃnɪt- **-s** -z
Wiesbaden 'viːsˌbɑː.dᵊn, 'viːz-, ˌ-'-- (US) 'viːsˌbɑː-
Wiesenthal 'wiː.zᵊn.tɑːl, 'viː- (US) 'wiː.zᵊn.tɑːl, 'viː-, -θɔːl
wi|fe waɪ|f **-ves** -vz
wife|hood 'waɪf|.hʊd **-less** -ləs, -lɪs
wifelike 'waɪf.laɪk
wifely 'waɪ.fli
wife-swapping 'waɪfˌswɒp.ɪŋ (US) -ˌswɑː.pɪŋ
Wiffen 'wɪf.ɪn
Wiffle ball® 'wɪf.ᵊlˌbɔːl (US) -ˌbɑːl, -ˌbɔːl
wi-fi 'waɪ.faɪ
wig wɪg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
Wigan 'wɪg.ən
wigeon 'wɪdʒ.ən, -ɪn **-s** -z
Wiggin 'wɪg.ɪn **-s** -z
wigging 'wɪg.ɪŋ **-s** -z
wiggl|e 'wɪg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, 'wɪg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Wigglesworth 'wɪg.ᵊlz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ
wiggly 'wɪg.ᵊl.i, 'wɪg.li
wight (W) waɪt **-s** -s
Wigley 'wɪg.li
Wigmore 'wɪg.mɔːʳ (US) -mɔːr
Wigram 'wɪg.rəm
Wigston 'wɪg.stən
Wigton 'wɪg.tən
Wigtown 'wɪg.taʊn, -tən
Wigtownshire 'wɪg.tən.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
wigwam 'wɪg.wæm (US) -wɑːm **-s** -z
Wilberforce 'wɪl.bə.fɔːs (US) -bɚ.fɔːrs
Wilbraham *surname:* 'wɪl.brə.hæm, '-brəm, '-bri.əm (US) '-brə.hæm, '-brəm *Great and Little in Cambridgeshire:* 'wɪl.brəm, -brə.hæm

Wilbur ˈwɪl.bəʳ US -bɚ
Wilbye ˈwɪl.bi
wilco ˈwɪl.kəʊ US -koʊ
Wilcox ˈwɪl.kɒks US -kɑːks
wild (W) waɪld **-s** -z **-er** -əʳ US -ɚ **-est** -ɪst, -əst **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **ˈwild ˌcard; ˈwild ˌchild; ˌWild ˈWest; ˌsow one's ˌwild ˈoats**
wild|cat ˈwaɪld|.kæt **-cats** -kæts **-catting** -ˌkæt.ɪŋ US -ˌkæt̬.ɪŋ **-catted** -ˌkæt.ɪd US -ˌkæt̬.ɪd **-catter/s** -ˌkæt.əʳ/z US -ˌkæt̬.ɚ/z **ˌwildcat ˈstrike**
Wilde waɪld
wildebeest ˈwɪl.dɪ.biːst, ˈvɪl-, -də- US -də- **-s** -s
Wilder ˈwaɪl.dəʳ US -dɚ
wilderness ˈwɪl.də.nəs, -nɪs US -dɚ- **-es** -ɪz
Wilderspin ˈwɪl.də.spɪn US -dɚ-
Wildfell ˈwaɪld.fel
wildfire ˈwaɪld.faɪəʳ US -faɪɚ
wildfowl ˈwaɪld.faʊl **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
wild-goose chase ˌwaɪldˈguːsˌtʃeɪs
wilding (W) ˈwaɪl.dɪŋ **-s** -z
wildlife ˈwaɪld.laɪf **ˈwildlife ˌpark**
wil|e (W) waɪl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Wiley ˈwaɪ.li
Wilfred, Wilfrid ˈwɪl.frɪd, -frəd US ˈwɪl-
wilful ˈwɪl.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Wilhelmina ˌwɪl.helˈmiː.nə, -əˈ-
Wilkerson ˈwɪl.kə.sᵊn US -kɚ-
Wilkes wɪlks
Wilkie ˈwɪl.ki
Wilkin ˈwɪl.kɪn
Wilkins ˈwɪl.kɪnz
Wilkinson ˈwɪl.kɪn.sᵊn
Wilks wɪlks
will (W) (*n.*) wɪl **-s** -z
will (*transitive v.*) wɪl **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
will (*auxil. v.*) *strong form:* wɪl *weak forms:* wᵊl, ᵊl
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used for emphasis (e.g. 'I **will** do it') and contrast (e.g. 'I don't know if I will or not'). It is also the usual form of 'will' in final position (e.g. 'I think they both will'). Elsewhere the weak form (often spelt in contracted form as 'll) is used.
Willard ˈwɪl.ɑːd, -əd US -ɚd
Willcocks, -cox ˈwɪl.kɒks US -kɑːks
Willenhall ˈwɪl.ən.hɔːl
Willes wɪlz
Willesden ˈwɪlz.dᵊn
Willett ˈwɪl.ɪt **-s** -s
willful ˈwɪl.fᵊl, -fʊl **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
William ˈwɪl.jəm, -i.əm US ˈ-jəm **-s** -z **-son** -sᵊn
willie (W) ˈwɪl.i **-s** -z
willing (W) ˈwɪl.ɪŋ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Willingdon ˈwɪl.ɪŋ.dən
Willington ˈwɪl.ɪŋ.tən
Willis ˈwɪl.ɪs
Willmott ˈwɪl.mɒt, -mət US -mɑːt, -mət
will-o'-the-wisp ˌwɪl.ə.ðəˈwɪsp, ˈwɪl.ə.ðə.wɪsp US ˌwɪl.ə.ðəˈwɪsp **-s** -s
Willoughby ˈwɪl.ə.bi
willow ˈwɪl.əʊ US -oʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
willowherb ˈwɪl.əʊ.hɜːb US -oʊ.hɝːb
willow-pattern ˈwɪl.əʊˌpæt.ᵊn US -oʊˌpæt̬.ɚn
willowy ˈwɪl.əʊ.i US -oʊ-
willpower ˈwɪl.paʊəʳ US -paʊɚ **-s** -z
Wills wɪlz
Willson ˈwɪl.sᵊn
Willsteed ˈwɪl.stiːd
will|y (W) ˈwɪl|.i **-ies** -iz
willy-nilly ˌwɪl.iˈnɪl.i
Wilma ˈwɪl.mə
Wilmcote ˈwɪlm.kəʊt US -koʊt, -kət
Wilmington ˈwɪl.mɪŋ.tən
Wilmot(t) ˈwɪl.mɒt, -mət US -mɑːt, -mət
Wilmslow ˈwɪlmz.ləʊ *locally:* ˈwɪmz.ləʊ US ˈwɪlmz.loʊ
Wilna ˈvɪl.nə
Wilno ˈwɪl.nəʊ US -noʊ
Wilsden ˈwɪlz.dᵊn
Wilshire ˈwɪl.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
Wilson ˈwɪl.sᵊn
wilt (*from* **will**, *auxil. v.*) *normal form:* wɪlt *occasional weak form:* ᵊlt
Note: This archaic form is rarely used.
wilt wɪlt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ US ˈwɪl.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd US ˈwɪl.t̬ɪd
Wilton ˈwɪl.tən US -tən, -tᵊn **-s** -z
Wilts. (*abbrev. for* **Wiltshire**) wɪlts
Wiltshire ˈwɪlt.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ US -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
wil|y ˈwaɪ.l|i **-ier** -i.əʳ US -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wimble ˈwɪm.bᵊl **-s** -z
Wimbledon ˈwɪm.bᵊl.dᵊn **ˌWimbledon ˈCommon**
Wimborne ˈwɪm.bɔːn US -bɔːrn
Wimms wɪmz
wimp wɪmp **-s** -s **-y** -i
WIMP wɪmp
Wimpey ˈwɪm.pi
wimpish ˈwɪm.pɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wimple ˈwɪm.pᵊl **-s** -z
Wimpole ˈwɪm.pəʊl US -poʊl
Wimpy® ˈwɪm.pi **-bar/s** -bɑːʳ/z US -bɑːr/z
Wimsey ˈwɪm.zi
win wɪn **-s** -z **-ning** -ɪŋ **won** wʌn **winner/s** ˈwɪn.əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
Winalot® ˈwɪn.ə.lɒt US -lɑːt
Wincanton wɪŋˈkæn.tən, wɪn- US wɪnˈkæn.tᵊn
winc|e wɪnts **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
wincey ˈwɪnt.si
winceyette ˌwɪnt.siˈet
winch wɪntʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Winchelsea ˈwɪn.tʃᵊl.si
Winchester ˈwɪn.tʃɪ.stəʳ, -tʃə- US -tʃes.tɚ, -tʃə.stɚ
Winchfield ˈwɪntʃ.fiːld
Winchilsea ˈwɪn.tʃᵊl.si
Winchmore ˈwɪntʃ.mɔːʳ US -mɔːr
wind (*n.*) *air blowing:* wɪnd **-s** -z **ˈwind ˌtunnel; take the ˌwind out of someone's ˈsails**
wind (*v.*) *go round, roll round:* waɪnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **wound** waʊnd **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
wind (*v.*) *blow horn:* waɪnd US waɪnd, wɪnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
wind (*v.*) *detect by scent, make unable to breathe:* wɪnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
windage ˈwɪn.dɪdʒ
windbag ˈwɪnd.bæg **-s** -z
windblown ˈwɪnd.bləʊn US -bloʊn
windbreak ˈwɪnd.breɪk **-s** -s **-er/s** -əʳ/z US -ɚ/z
windburn ˈwɪnd.bɜːn US -bɝːn **-ed** -t, -d **-t** -t
windcheater ˈwɪndˌtʃiː.təʳ US -t̬ɚ **-s** -z
wind-chest ˈwɪnd.tʃest **-s** -s
windchill ˈwɪnd.tʃɪl
wind-cone ˈwɪnd.kəʊn US -koʊn **-s** -z
Windermere ˈwɪn.də.mɪəʳ US -dɚ.mɪr
windfall ˈwɪnd.fɔːl US -fɔːl, -fɑːl **-s** -z
Windham ˈwɪn.dəm
Windhoek ˈwɪnd.hʊk, ˈwɪnt-, ˈvɪnt- US ˈvɪnt-
windhover ˈwɪndˌhɒv.əʳ US -ˌhʌv.ɚ, -ˌhɑː.vɚ **-s** -z
winding *in furnaces:* ˈwɪn.dɪŋ
winding (*n, adj.*) ˈwaɪn.dɪŋ **-s** -z **-ly** -li
winding-sheet ˈwaɪn.dɪŋ.ʃiːt **-s** -s
winding-up ˌwaɪn.dɪŋˈʌp
wind-instrument ˈwɪndˌɪn.strə.mənt, -strʊ- **-s** -s
windjammer ˈwɪndˌdʒæm.əʳ US -ɚ **-s** -z
windlass ˈwɪnd.ləs **-es** -ɪz
Windley ˈwɪnd.li
windmill ˈwɪnd.mɪl **-s** -z
Windolene® ˈwɪn.dəʊ.liːn US -doʊ-, -də-
window ˈwɪn.dəʊ US -doʊ **-s** -z **ˈwindow ˌbox; ˈwindow ˌcleaner; ˈwindow ˌdressing; ˈwindow ˌseat**
windowpane ˈwɪn.dəʊ.peɪn US -doʊ- **-s** -z
window-shop ˈwɪn.dəʊ.ʃɒp US -doʊ.ʃɑːp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
windowsill ˈwɪn.dəʊ.sɪl US -doʊ- **-s** -z
windpipe ˈwɪnd.paɪp **-s** -s
windproof ˈwɪnd.pruːf
windrow ˈwɪn.drəʊ US -droʊ **-s** -z
Windrush ˈwɪn.drʌʃ
Windscale ˈwɪnd.skeɪl
windscreen ˈwɪnd.skriːn **-s** -z **ˈwindscreen ˌwiper**
windshield ˈwɪnd.ʃiːld **-s** -z **ˈwindshield ˌwiper**
windsock ˈwɪnd.sɒk US -sɑːk **-s** -s

Windsor ˈwɪnd.zəʳ (US) -zɚ ˌWindsor ˈCastle; ˌDuke of ˈWindsor; ˌDuchess of ˈWindsor
windstorm ˈwɪnd.stɔːm (US) -stɔːrm -s -z
windsurf ˈwɪnd.sɜːf (US) -sɝːf -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
windswept ˈwɪnd.swept
wind-up ˈwaɪnd.ʌp -s -s
Windus ˈwɪn.dəs
windward (W) ˈwɪnd.wəd (US) -wɚd
wind|y ˈwɪn.d|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs ˌWindy ˈCity
win|e waɪn -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈwine ˌbar; ˈwine ˌbottle; ˈwine ˌcellar; ˌwine ˈvinegar
winebibber ˈwaɪnˌbɪb.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
wineglass ˈwaɪn.glɑːs (US) -glæs -es -ɪz
winemaker ˈwaɪnˌmeɪ.kəʳ, ˈwaɪm- (US) ˈwaɪnˌmeɪ.kɚ -s -z
winer|y ˈwaɪ.nᵊr|.i -ies -iz
winey ˈwaɪ.ni
Winfrey ˈwɪn.fri
wing (W) wɪŋ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d ˈwing ˌnut; ˌclip someone's ˈwings
Wingate ˈwɪn.geɪt, ˈwɪŋ-, -gɪt (US) ˈwɪn-
wing-commander ˌwɪŋ.kəˈmɑːn.dəʳ (US) ˈwɪŋ.kəˌmæn.dɚ -s -z *stress shift, British only:* ˌwing-commander ˈSmith
winged wɪŋd
-winger ˈwɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Note: Suffix. Normally carries primary stress as shown, e.g. **left-winger** /ˌleftˈwɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ/.
winger ˈwɪŋ.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Wingerworth ˈwɪŋ.ə.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -ɚ.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Wingfield ˈwɪŋ.fiːld
wingspan ˈwɪŋ.spæn
Winifred ˈwɪn.ɪ.frɪd (US) ˈ-ə-
wink (W) wɪŋk -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Winkfield ˈwɪŋk.fiːld
Winkie ˈwɪŋ.ki
winkle (W) ˈwɪŋ.kᵊl -s -z
winkle-picker ˈwɪŋ.kᵊlˌpɪk.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
winnable ˈwɪn.ə.bᵊl
Winnebago® ˌwɪn.ɪˈbeɪ.gəʊ, -əˈ- (US) -əˈbeɪ.goʊ -s -z
winner ˈwɪn.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
Winnie ˈwɪn.i
Winnie-the-Pooh ˌwɪn.i.ðəˈpuː
winning (W) ˈwɪn.ɪŋ -s -z -ly -li
winning-post ˈwɪn.ɪŋ.pəʊst (US) -poʊst -s -s
Winnipeg ˈwɪn.ɪ.peg
winnow ˈwɪn.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
wino ˈwaɪ.nəʊ (US) -noʊ -s -z
Winona wɪˈnəʊ.nə (US) -ˈnoʊ-
Winsford ˈwɪnz.fəd, ˈwɪns- (US) -fɚd
Winslet ˈwɪndz.lɪt, -lət
Winslow ˈwɪnz.ləʊ (US) -loʊ
winsome ˈwɪn.səm -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
Winstanley *in Greater Manchester:* ˈwɪnt.stᵊn.li; wɪnˈstæn- *surname:* wɪnˈstæn.li; ˈwɪnt.stᵊn-
Winston ˈwɪnt.stᵊn
Winstone ˈwɪnt.stəʊn, -stᵊn (US) -stoʊn, -stən
wint|er (W) ˈwɪn.t|əʳ (US) -t̬|ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering -ᵊr.ɪŋ -ered -əd (US) -ɚd ˌwinter ˈsports; ˌWinter Oˈlympics
Winterbottom ˈwɪn.təˌbɒt.əm (US) -t̬ɚˌbɑː.t̬əm
Winterbourne ˈwɪn.tə.bɔːn (US) -t̬ɚ.bɔːrn
Winters ˈwɪn.təz (US) -t̬ɚz
Winterson ˈwɪn.tə.sᵊn (US) -t̬ɚ-
Winterthur ˈvɪn.tə.tʊəʳ (US) -t̬ɚ.tʊr
wintertime ˈwɪn.tə.taɪm (US) -t̬ɚ-
Winterton ˈwɪn.tə.tᵊn (US) -t̬ɚ.tən
Winthrop ˈwɪn.θrɒp, ˈwɪnt.θrəp (US) ˈwɪnt.θrəp
Winton ˈwɪn.tən (US) -tᵊn
Wintour ˈwɪn.təʳ (US) -t̬ɚ
wintr|y ˈwɪn.tr|i -iness -ɪ.nəs (US) -ɪ.nɪs
Winwick ˈwɪn.ɪk
Winwood ˈwɪn.wʊd
winy ˈwaɪ.ni
wip|e waɪp -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z ˌwiped ˈout
wipeout ˈwaɪp.aʊt -s -s
wir|e waɪəʳ (US) waɪɚ -es -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
wire-cutter ˈwaɪəˌkʌt.əʳ (US) ˈwaɪɚˌkʌt̬.ɚ -s -z
wire|draw ˈwaɪə|.drɔː (US) ˈwaɪɚ|.drɑː, -drɔː -draws -drɔːz (US) -drɑːz, -drɔːz -drawing -ˌdrɔː.ɪŋ (US) -ˌdrɑː.ɪŋ, -ˌdrɔː- -drew -druː -drawn -drɔːn (US) -drɑːn, -drɔːn -drawer/s -ˌdrɔː.əʳ/z (US) -ˌdrɑː.ɚ/z, -ˌdrɔː-
wire-haired ˈwaɪə.heəd (US) ˈwaɪɚ.herd
wireless ˈwaɪə.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈwaɪɚ- -es -ɪz
wiretap ˈwaɪə.tæp (US) ˈwaɪɚ- -s -s -ping -ɪŋ -ped -t
wireworm ˈwaɪə.wɜːm (US) ˈwaɪɚ.wɝːm -s -z
wiring ˈwaɪə.rɪŋ (US) ˈwaɪɚ.ɪŋ
Wirksworth ˈwɜːk.swəθ, -swɜːθ (US) ˈwɝːk.swɚθ, -swɝːθ
Wirral ˈwɪr.ᵊl
wir|y ˈwaɪə.r|i (US) ˈwaɪɚ|.i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Wis. (*abbrev. for* **Wisconsin**) wɪˈskɒnt.sɪn (US) -ˈskɑːnt.sən
Wisbech ˈwɪz.biːtʃ *locally:* -bɪtʃ
Wisbey ˈwɪz.bi
Wisconsin wɪˈskɒnt.sɪn (US) -ˈskɑːnt.sən
Wisden ˈwɪz.dən
wisdom ˈwɪz.dəm ˈwisdom ˌtooth
wis|e (W) waɪz -er -əʳ (US) -ɚ -est -ɪst, -əst -ely -li -eness -nəs, -nɪs ˈwise ˌguy; ˌthree ˌwise ˈmen
wiseacre ˈwaɪzˌeɪ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
wisecrack ˈwaɪz.kræk -s -s
Wiseman ˈwaɪz.mən
wish wɪʃ -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Wishart ˈwɪʃ.ət (US) -ɚt
Wishaw ˈwɪʃ.ɔː (US) -ɑː, -ɔː
wishbone ˈwɪʃ.bəʊn (US) -boʊn -s -z
wishful ˈwɪʃ.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs ˌwishful ˈthinking
wish-fulfillment ˈwɪʃ.fʊlˌfɪl.mənt
wishing-well ˈwɪʃ.ɪŋ.wel -s -z
wish-wash ˈwɪʃ.wɒʃ (US) -wɑːʃ, -wɔːʃ
wishy-washy ˈwɪʃ.iˌwɒʃ.i, ˌwɪʃ.iˈwɒʃ- (US) ˈwɪʃ.iˌwɑː.ʃi, -ˌwɔː-
wisp wɪsp -s -s
wisp|y ˈwɪs.p|i -ier -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -iest -i.ɪst, -i.əst -ily -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wist wɪst
Wistar ˈwɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
wistaria wɪˈsteə.ri.ə, -ˈstɪə- (US) -ˈster.i-, -ˈstɪr- -s -z
Wister ˈwɪs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
wisteria wɪˈstɪə.ri.ə, -ˈsteə- (US) -ˈstɪr.i-, -ˈster- -s -z
wistful ˈwɪst.fᵊl, -fʊl -ly -i -ness -nəs, -nɪs
wit wɪt -s -s
witch wɪtʃ -es -ɪz -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -t
witchcraft ˈwɪtʃ.krɑːft (US) -kræft
witchdoctor ˈwɪtʃˌdɒk.təʳ (US) -ˌdɑːk.tɚ -s -z
witcher|y ˈwɪtʃ.ᵊr|.i -ies -iz
witch-hazel ˈwɪtʃˌheɪ.zᵊl, ˌ-ˈ-- (US) ˈwɪtʃˌheɪ- -s -z
witch-hunt ˈwɪtʃ.hʌnt -s -s -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
witching ˈwɪtʃ.ɪŋ ˈwitching ˌhour
witenagemot(e) ˌwɪt.ɪ.nə.gɪˈməʊt, -ᵊn.ə-, -gəˈ- (US) ˌwɪt.ᵊn.ə.gəˈmoʊt
Wite-Out® ˈwaɪt.aʊt (US) ˈwaɪt̬-
with wɪð, wɪθ
Note: The pronunciation /wɪθ/ is most frequently found when followed by a voiceless consonant (e.g. 'with care' /wɪθˈkeə (US) -ˈker/).
withal wɪˈðɔːl (US) wɪˈðɔːl, -ˈðɑːl
Witham ˈwɪð.əm *town in Essex:* ˈwɪt.əm (US) ˈwɪt̬-
withdraw wɪðˈdrɔː, wɪθ- (US) -ˈdrɑː, -ˈdrɔː -s -z -ing -ɪŋ **withdrew** wɪðˈdruː, wɪθ- **withdrawn** wɪðˈdrɔːn, wɪθ- (US) -ˈdrɑːn, -ˈdrɔːn
withdrawal wɪðˈdrɔː.ᵊl, wɪθ- (US) -ˈdrɑː-, -ˈdrɔː- -s -z **withˈdrawal ˌmethod; withˈdrawal ˌsymptoms**
wi|the wɪ|θ, wɪ|ð, waɪ|ð -s -θs, -ðz
with|er (W) ˈwɪð|.əʳ (US) -ɚ -ers -əz (US) -ɚz -ering/ly -ᵊr.ɪŋ/li -ered -əd (US) -ɚd
Withernsea ˈwɪð.ən.siː (US) -ɚn-
withers (W) (*n.*) ˈwɪð.əz (US) -ɚz
Witherspoon ˈwɪð.ə.spuːn (US) ˈ-ɚ-
with|hold wɪθ|ˈhəʊld, wɪð- (US) -ˈhoʊld -holds -ˈhəʊldz (US) -ˈhoʊldz -holding -ˈhəʊl.dɪŋ (US) -ˈhoʊl.dɪŋ -held -ˈheld -holden -ˈhəʊl.dᵊn (US) -ˈhoʊl.dᵊn -holder/s -ˈhəʊl.dəʳ/z (US) -ˈhoʊl.dɚ/z

within wɪˈðɪn; ˈwɪð.ɪn ⓤⓢ wɪˈðɪn, -ˈθɪn
with-it ˈwɪð.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈwɪð-, ˈwɪθ-
withless ˈwɪt.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
without wɪˈðaʊt; ˈwɪð.aʊt ⓤⓢ wɪˈðaʊt, -ˈθaʊt
withstand wɪðˈstænd, wɪθ- ⓤⓢ wɪθ-, wɪð- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **withstood** wɪðˈstʊd, wɪθ- ⓤⓢ wɪθ-, wɪð-
with|y ˈwɪð|.i ⓤⓢ ˈwɪð-, ˈwɪθ- **-ies** -iz
witless ˈwɪt.ləs, -lɪs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Witley ˈwɪt.li
witness (*n, v.*) ˈwɪt.nəs, -nɪs **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t ˈ**witness** ˌ**box**
witney (W) ˈwɪt.ni
-witted ˈwɪt.ɪd, ˌwɪt.ɪd ⓤⓢ ˌwɪt̬.ɪd
Note: Suffix. May take either primary or secondary stress in British English, unless it is used attributively, in which case it always takes secondary stress, e.g. **quick -witted** /ˌkwɪkˈwɪt.ɪd/, ˌquick-witted ˈfox. Normally takes only secondary stress in American English.
Wittenberg ˈvɪt.ən.bɜːg, -beəg *old-fashioned:* ˈwɪt.ən.bɜːg ⓤⓢ ˈwɪt.ən.bɝːg, ˈvɪt-
witter ˈwɪt.əʳ ⓤⓢ ˈwɪt̬.ɚ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
Wittgenstein ˈvɪt.gən.ʃtaɪn, -staɪn
witticism ˈwɪt.ɪ.sɪ.zəm ⓤⓢ ˈwɪt̬.ə- **-s** -z
wittingly ˈwɪt.ɪŋ.li ⓤⓢ ˈwɪt̬-
witt|y ˈwɪt|.i ⓤⓢ ˈwɪt̬- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Witwatersrand wɪtˈwɔː.təz.rænd, -rɑːnd, -rɑːnt; ˈwɪtˌwɔː-, ˈvɪtˌvɑː.təz.rɒnt ⓤⓢ wɪtˈwɔː.t̬ɚz.rænd, -ˈwɑː-
Wiveliscombe ˈwɪv.əl.ɪ.skəm, ˌwɪv.əˈlɪs.kəm *locally also:* ˈwɪl.skəm
Wivelsfield ˈwɪv.əlz.fiːld
Wivenhoe ˈwɪv.ən.həʊ ⓤⓢ -hoʊ
wivern ˈwaɪ.vən, -vɜːn ⓤⓢ -vɚn, -vɝːn **-s** -z
wives (*plur. of* **wife**) waɪvz
wizard ˈwɪz.əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-s** -z **-ry** -ri
wizen ˈwɪz.ən **-ed** -d
wk (*abbrev. for* **week**) wiːk
WNW (*abbrev. for* **west-northwest**) ˌwest.nɔːθˈwest ⓤⓢ -nɔːrθˈ- *nautical pronunciation:* -nɔːˈ-, -nɔːrˈ-
wo wəʊ ⓤⓢ woʊ
woad wəʊd ⓤⓢ woʊd
wobbl|e ˈwɒb.əl ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.bəl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈwɒb.lɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.blɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈwɒb.ləʳ/z, ˈwɑː.bəl.əʳ/z, ˈwɑː.blɚ/z
wobbl|y ˈwɒb.əl|.i, ˈ-bl|i ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.bəl|.i, ˈ-bl|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Wobegon ˈwəʊ.bɪ.gɒn ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ.bɪ.gɑːn
Woburn *Abbey:* ˈwuː.bɜːn, -bən ⓤⓢ -bɝːn, -bɚn *street and square in London:* ˈwəʊ.bən, -bɜːn ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ.bɚn, -bɝːn *village:* ˈwəʊ.bən, ˈwuː- ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ.bɚn, ˈwuː-
Wodehouse ˈwʊd.haʊs
Woden ˈwəʊ.dən ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
wodge wɒdʒ ⓤⓢ wɑːdʒ **-s** -ɪz
woe wəʊ ⓤⓢ woʊ **-s** -z
woebegone ˈwəʊ.bɪ.gɒn ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ.bɪ.gɑːn
woeful ˈwəʊ.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Woffington ˈwɒf.ɪŋ.tən ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.fɪŋ-
wog wɒg ⓤⓢ wɑːg, wɔːg **-s** -z
Wogan ˈwəʊ.gən ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
wok wɒk ⓤⓢ wɑːk **-s** -s
woke (*from* **wake**) wəʊk ⓤⓢ woʊk
woken (*from* **wake**) ˈwəʊ.kən ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
Woking ˈwəʊ.kɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
Wokingham ˈwəʊ.kɪŋ.əm ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
Wolborough ˈwɒl.bər.ə ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːl.bɚ.oʊ
Wolcot(t) ˈwʊl.kət ⓤⓢ ˈwʊl-, ˈwɔːl-
wold wəʊld ⓤⓢ woʊld **-s** -z
Woldingham ˈwəʊl.dɪŋ.əm ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊl-
Woledge ˈwʊl.ɪdʒ
wol|f (W) (*n.*) wʊl|f **-ves** -vz **a** ˌ**wolf in** ˌ**sheep's** ˈ**clothing; keep the** ˌ**wolf from the** ˈ**door; keep the** ˈ**wolf from the** ˌ**door**
wolf (*v.*) wʊlf **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
wolf-cub ˈwʊlf.kʌb **-s** -z
Wolfe wʊlf
Wolfenden ˈwʊl.fən.dən
Wolff wʊlf, vɒlf ⓤⓢ wʊlf, vɔːlf
Wolfgang ˈwʊlf.gæŋ
wolfhound ˈwʊlf.haʊnd **-s** -z
wolfish ˈwʊl.fɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wolfram (W) ˈwʊl.frəm **-ite** -aɪt
Wolfson ˈwʊlf.sən
wolf-whistl|e ˈwʊlfˌhwɪs.əl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, -ˌhwɪs.lɪŋ **-ed** -d
Wollard ˈwʊl.ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɑːrd, -ɚd
Wollaston ˈwʊl.ə.stən
Wollaton ˈwʊl.ə.tən ⓤⓢ -tən
Wollongong ˈwʊl.ən.gɒŋ, -əŋ- ⓤⓢ -ən.gɑːŋ
Wollstonecraft ˈwʊl.stən.krɑːft ⓤⓢ -kræft, -krɑːft
Wolmer ˈwʊl.məʳ ⓤⓢ -mɚ
Wolseley® ˈwʊlz.li
Wolsey ˈwʊl.zi
Wolsingham ˈwɒl.sɪŋ.əm ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːl-
Wolstenholme ˈwʊl.stən.həʊm ⓤⓢ -hoʊm
Wolverhampton ˈwʊl.vəˌhæmp.tən, ˌwʊl.vəˈhæmp- ⓤⓢ ˈwʊl.vɚˌhæmp-
wolverine ˈwʊl.vər.iːn ⓤⓢ ˌwʊl.vəˈriːn, ˈ--- **-s** -z
Wolverton ˈwʊl.və.tən ⓤⓢ -vɚ-
wolves (*plur. of* **wolf**) wʊlvz
Womad ˈwəʊ.mæd ⓤⓢ ˈwoʊ-
woman ˈwʊm.ən **women** ˈwɪm.ɪn ˌ**woman of the** ˈ**world**
woman-hat|er ˈwʊm.ənˌheɪ.t|əʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing** -ɪŋ
womanhood ˈwʊm.ən.hʊd
womanish ˈwʊm.ə.nɪʃ **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
womanist ˈwʊm.ə.nɪst **-s** -s
womaniz|e, -is|e ˈwʊm.ə.naɪz **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
womankind ˌwʊm.ənˈkaɪnd, -əŋˈ-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈwʊm.ən.kaɪnd
womanlike ˈwʊm.ən.laɪk
womanl|y ˈwʊm.ən.l|i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
womb wuːm **-s** -z
wombat ˈwɒm.bæt ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːm- **-s** -s
Womble ˈwɒm.bəl, ˈwʌm- ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.m-
Wombourne ˈwɒm.bɔːn ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːm.bɔːrn
Wombwell *place in South Yorkshire:* ˈwʊm.wel, -wəl *surname:* ˈwʊm.wəl, ˈwʌm-, ˈwɒm- ⓤⓢ ˈwʊm-, ˈwʌm-, ˈwɑːm-
women (*plur. of* **woman**) ˈwɪm.ɪn ˌ**Women's** ˈ**Institute;** ˌ**women's** ˈ**lib;** ˈ**women's** ˌ**movement;** ˈ**women's** ˌ**room**
womenfolk ˈwɪm.ɪn.fəʊk ⓤⓢ -foʊk
womenkind ˌwɪm.ɪnˈkaɪnd, -ɪŋˈ-, ˈ--- ⓤⓢ ˈwɪm.ɪn.kaɪnd
womenswear ˈwɪm.ɪnz.weəʳ ⓤⓢ -wer
won (*from* **win**) wʌn
won *Korean money:* wɒn ⓤⓢ wɑːn
wond|er (W) ˈwʌn.d|əʳ ⓤⓢ -d|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ering/ly** -ər.ɪŋ/li **-ered** -əd ⓤⓢ -ɚd **-erer/s** -ər.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ.ɚ/z
wonder|ful ˈwʌn.də|.fəl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ -dɚ- **-fully** -fəl.i, -fʊl-, -fli **-fulness** -fəl.nəs, -fʊl-, -nɪs
wonderland (W) ˈwʌn.dəl.ænd ⓤⓢ -dɚ.lænd ˌ**Alice in** ˈ**Wonderland**
wonderment ˈwʌn.də.mənt ⓤⓢ -dɚ-
wondrous ˈwʌn.drəs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wonga ˈwɒŋ.gə ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːŋ-, ˈwɔːŋ-
wonk wɒŋk ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːŋk **-s** -s
wonk|y ˈwɒŋ.k|i ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːŋ-, ˈwɔːŋ- **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Wonsan ˌwɒnˈsæn ⓤⓢ ˌwɑːnˈsɑːn, ˌwʌn-
won|t (*n, adj.*) wəʊn|t ⓤⓢ wɔːn|t, wɑːn|t, woʊn|t, wʌn|t **-ted** -tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
won't wəʊnt ⓤⓢ woʊnt
wonton ˌwɒnˈtɒn ⓤⓢ ˈwɑːn.tɑːn
woo wuː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
wood (W) wʊd **-s** -z **-ed** -ɪd **not see the** ˌ**wood for the** ˈ**trees**
Woodall ˈwʊd.ɔːl ⓤⓢ -ɔːl, -ɑːl
Woodard ˈwʊd.ɑːd ⓤⓢ -ɚd
woodbine (W) ˈwʊd.baɪn **-s** -z
woodblock ˈwʊd.blɒk ⓤⓢ -blɑːk **-s** -s
Woodbridge ˈwʊd.brɪdʒ
Woodbury ˈwʊd.bər.i ⓤⓢ -ber-, -bɚ-
wood-carv|er ˈwʊdˌkɑː.v|əʳ ⓤⓢ -ˌkɑːr.v|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z
woodchuck ˈwʊd.tʃʌk **-s** -s
woodcock (W) ˈwʊd.kɒk ⓤⓢ -kɑːk **-s** -s
woodcut ˈwʊd.kʌt **-s** -s

woodcutter ˈwʊdˌkʌt.əʳ (US) -ˌkʌt̬.ɚ -s -z
wooden ˈwʊd.ən -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
wooden-headed ˌwʊd.ənˈhed.ɪd *stress shift:* ˌwooden-headed ˈperson
Woodfield ˈwʊd.fiːld
Woodford(e) ˈwʊd.fəd (US) -fɚd
Woodgate ˈwʊd.geɪt, ˈwʊg- (US) ˈwʊd-
Woodhead ˈwʊd.hed
Woodhouse ˈwʊd.haʊs
woodland ˈwʊd.lənd -s -z
Woodley ˈwʊd.li
wood-|louse ˈwʊd|.laʊs **-lice** -laɪs
wood|man (W) ˈwʊd|.mən **-men** -mən
wood-nymph ˈwʊd.nɪmpf -s -s
woodpecker ˈwʊdˌpek.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
wood-pigeon ˈwʊdˌpɪdʒ.ən, -ɪn -s -z
Woodroffe ˈwʊd.rɒf, -rʌf (US) -rɑːf, -rʌf
Woodrow ˈwʊd.rəʊ (US) -roʊ
woodruff (W) ˈwʊd.rʌf -s -s
Woods wʊdz
woodshed ˈwʊd.ʃed -s -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd
Woodside ˌwʊdˈsaɪd, ˈ-- (US) ˈwʊd.saɪd
woodsman ˈwʊdz.mən
Woodstock ˈwʊd.stɒk (US) -stɑːk
Woodward ˈwʊd.wəd (US) -wɚd
woodwind ˈwʊd.wɪnd -s -z
woodwork ˈwʊd.wɜːk (US) -wɝːk **-ing** -ɪŋ
woodworm ˈwʊd.wɜːm (US) -wɝːm
wood|y (W) ˈwʊd|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
woof *weaving:* wuːf (US) wuːf, wʊf -s -s
Woof *surname:* wʊf
woof *dog's bark:* wʊf -s -s
woofer ˈwʊf.əʳ (US) -ɚ -s -z
woofter ˈwʊf.təʳ (US) -tɚ -s -z
Wookey ˈwʊk.i
wool wʊl -s -z
Woolacombe ˈwʊl.ə.kəm
Wooldridge ˈwʊl.drɪdʒ
woolen ˈwʊl.ən -s -z
Wooler ˈwʊl.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Woolf wʊlf
Woolfardisworthy *near Bideford, Devon:* ˈwʊl.zər.i, ˈwʊl.fɑː.dɪˌswɜː.ði (US) ˈwʊl.zɚ.i, ˈwʊl.fɑːr.dɪ.swɝː.ði *near Crediton, Devon:* ˈwʊl.fɑː.dɪˌswɜː.ði (US) -fɑːr.dɪˌswɝː-
Woolford ˈwʊl.fəd (US) -fɚd
wool-gathering ˈwʊlˌgæð.ər.ɪŋ
Woollard ˈwʊl.ɑːd (US) -ɚd
woollen ˈwʊl.ən -s -z
Woolley ˈwʊl.i
wooll|y ˈwʊl|.i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
woolly-headed ˌwʊl.iˈhed.ɪd (US) ˈwʊl.iˌhed- *stress shift, British only:* ˌwoolly-headed ˈperson
Woolner ˈwʊl.nəʳ (US) -nɚ
Woolnough ˈwʊl.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
woolpack ˈwʊl.pæk -s -s
woolsack ˈwʊl.sæk -s -s
Woolsey ˈwʊl.zi
Woolwich ˈwʊl.ɪdʒ, -ɪtʃ
Woolworth ˈwʊl.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) -wɚθ, -wɝːθ -ˈs -s
wool|y ˈwʊl|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Woomera ˈwʊm.ər.ə, ˈwuː.mər-
Woorstead ˈwʊs.tɪd, -təd (US) ˈwʊs-, ˈwɝː-
Woosley ˈwuːz.li
Woosnam ˈwuːz.nəm
Wooster ˈwʊs.təʳ (US) -tɚ
Woot(t)on ˈwʊt.ən
wooz|y ˈwuː.z|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wop wɒp (US) wɑːp -s -s
Worboys ˈwɔː.bɔɪz (US) ˈwɔːr-
Worcester ˈwʊs.təʳ (US) -tɚ **-shire** -ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr ˌWorcester ˈsauce
Worcs. (*abbrev. for* **Worcestershire**) ˈwʊs.tə.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) -tɚ.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr
word wɜːd (US) wɝːd -s -z **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -ɪd **-less** -ləs, -lɪs **ˈword ˌorder; ˈword ˌprocessor, ˌword ˈprocessor; ˌeat one's ˈwords; get a ˌword in ˈedgewise; put ˌwords in(to) someone's ˈmouth** (US) **put ˈwords in(to) someone's ˌmouth**
wordbook ˈwɜːd.bʊk (US) ˈwɝːd- -s -s
Worde wɔːd (US) wɔːrd
word-formation ˈwɜːd.fɔːˌmeɪ.ʃən (US) ˈwɝːd.fɔːrˌ-
word-for-word ˌwɜːd.fəˈwɜːd (US) ˌwɝːd.fɚˈwɝːrd
wordless ˈwɜːd.ləs, -lɪs (US) ˈwɝːd- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
word-of-mouth ˌwɜːd.əvˈmaʊθ (US) ˌwɝːd-
word-perfect ˌwɜːdˈpɜː.fɪkt, -fekt (US) ˌwɝːdˈpɝːr.fɪkt
wordplay ˈwɜːd.pleɪ (US) ˈwɝːd- -s -z
word processing ˈwɜːdˌprəʊ.ses.ɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ--- (US) ˈwɝːdˌprɑː-, -ˌproʊ-
wordsmith ˈwɜːd.smɪθ (US) ˈwɝːd- -s -s
Wordsworth ˈwɜːdz.wəθ, -wɜːθ (US) ˈwɝːdz.wɚθ, -wɝːθ
Wordsworthian ˌwɜːdzˈwɜː.θi.ən (US) ˌwɝːdzˈwɝːr-
word|y ˈwɜː.d|i (US) ˈwɝː- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -əl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
wore (*from* **wear**) wɔːʳ (US) wɔːr
work wɜːk (US) wɝːk -s -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z **ˌworking ˈday** (US) **ˈworking ˌday; ˌworking ˈknowledge** (US) **ˈworking ˌknowledge; ˌwork of ˈart; ˌworking ˈorder** (US) **ˈworking ˌorder**
workable ˈwɜː.kə.bəl (US) ˈwɝː- **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
workaday ˈwɜː.kə.deɪ (US) ˈwɝː-
workaholic ˌwɜː.kəˈhɒl.ɪk (US) ˌwɝː.kəˈhɑː.lɪk -s -s
workaholism ˈwɜː.kə.hɒl.ɪ.zəm (US) ˈwɝː.kə.hɑː.lɪ-
workbag ˈwɜːk.bæg (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -z
workbasket ˈwɜːkˌbɑː.skɪt (US) ˈwɝːkˌbæs.kɪt -s -s
workbench ˈwɜːk.bentʃ (US) ˈwɝːk- -es -ɪz
workbook ˈwɜːk.bʊk (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -s
workbox ˈwɜːk.bɒks (US) ˈwɝːk.bɑːks -es -ɪz
workday ˈwɜːk.deɪ (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -z
worker ˈwɜː.kəʳ (US) ˈwɝː.kɚ -s -z
workfare ˈwɜːk.feəʳ (US) ˈwɝːk.fer
workforc|e ˈwɜːk.fɔːs (US) ˈwɝːk.fɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
workhors|e ˈwɜːk.hɔːs (US) ˈwɝːk.hɔːrs **-es** -ɪz
workhou|se ˈwɜːk.haʊ|s (US) ˈwɝːk- **-ses** -zɪz
working-class (*adj.*) ˌwɜː.kɪŋˈklɑːs (US) ˈwɝː.kɪŋˌklæs *stress shift, British only:* ˌworking-class ˈorigins
working class (*n.*) ˌwɜː.kɪŋˈklɑːs (US) ˈwɝː.kɪŋˌklæs -es -ɪz
Workington ˈwɜː.kɪŋ.tən (US) ˈwɝː-
workload ˈwɜːk.ləʊd (US) ˈwɝːk.loʊd -s -z
work|man (W) ˈwɜːk|.mən (US) ˈwɝːk- **-men** -mən
workman|like ˈwɜːk.mən|.laɪk (US) ˈwɝːk- **-ly** -li
workmanship ˈwɜːk.mən.ʃɪp (US) ˈwɝːk-
workmate ˈwɜːk.meɪt (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -s
workout ˈwɜːk.aʊt (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -s
workpeople ˈwɜːkˌpiː.pəl (US) ˈwɝːk-
workplac|e ˈwɜːk.pleɪs (US) ˈwɝːk- **-es** -ɪz
workroom ˈwɜːk.rʊm, -ruːm (US) ˈwɝːk.ruːm, -rʊm -s -z
worksheet ˈwɜːk.ʃiːt (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -s
workshop ˈwɜːk.ʃɒp (US) ˈwɝːk.ʃɑːp -s -s
work-shy ˈwɜːk.ʃaɪ (US) ˈwɝːk-
Worksop ˈwɜːk.sɒp, -səp (US) ˈwɝːk.sɑːp, -səp
workstation ˈwɜːkˌsteɪ.ʃən (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -s
worktable ˈwɜːkˌteɪ.bəl (US) ˈwɝːk- -s -z
worktop ˈwɜːk.tɒp (US) ˈwɝːk.tɑːp -s -s
work-to-rule ˌwɜːk.təˈruːl (US) ˌwɝːk- -s -z
world wɜːld (US) wɝːld -s -z **ˌWorld ˈCup; ˌWorld ˈSeries; ˌWorld ˈService; ˌworld ˈwar; ˌWorld ˌWar ˈI; ˌWorld ˌWar ˈII; ˌWorld Wide ˈWeb; ˌout of this ˈworld**
world-class ˌwɜːldˈklɑːs (US) ˈwɝːld.klæs, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌworld-class ˈsportsman
world-famous ˌwɜːldˈfeɪ.məs (US) ˈwɝːldˌfeɪ-, ˌ-ˈ-- *stress shift, British only:* ˌworld-famous ˈactor
worldling ˈwɜːld.lɪŋ (US) ˈwɝːld- -s -z
worldl|y ˈwɜːld.l|i (US) ˈwɝːld- **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
worldly-wise ˌwɜːld.liˈwaɪz (US) ˈwɝːld.liˌwaɪz, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌworldly-wise ˈperson
worldview ˈwɜːld.vjuː, ˌ-ˈ- (US) ˈwɝːld- -s -z
world-wear|y ˌwɜːldˈwɪə.r|i, ˈ-ˌ--

ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːld,wɪrl.i **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li, -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs *stress shift, British only:* ˌworld-weary ˈattitude

worldwide ˌwɜːldˈwaɪd ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːld.waɪd, ˌ-ˈ- *stress shift, British only:* ˌworldwide ˈcoverage

worm wɜːm ⓤⓢ wɝːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

WORM wɜːm ⓤⓢ wɝːm

wormcast ˈwɜːm.kɑːst ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːm.kæst **-s** -s

worm-eaten ˈwɜːmˌiː.tᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːm-

wormhole ˈwɜːm.həʊl ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːm.hoʊl **-s** -z

Worms vɔːmz, wɜːmz ⓤⓢ wɝːmz, vɔːrmz

wormwood (W) ˈwɜːm.wʊd ˌ**Wormwood ˈScrubs**

worm|y ˈwɜː.m|i ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

worn (*from* **wear**) wɔːn ⓤⓢ wɔːrn

worn-out ˌwɔːnˈaʊt ⓤⓢ ˌwɔːrn- *stress shift:* ˌworn-out ˈshoes

Worple ˈwɔː.pᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈwɔːr-

Worplesdon ˈwɔː.pᵊlz.dən ⓤⓢ ˈwɔːr-

Worrall ˈwʌr.ᵊl, ˈwɒr- ⓤⓢ ˈwɔːr-, ˈwɝː-

worrisome ˈwʌr.ɪ.səm ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː.i- **-ly** -li

worr|y ˈwʌr|.i ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-ies** -iz **-ying/ly** -i.ɪŋ/li **-ied** -id **-ier/s** -i.əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ/z ˈ**worry** ˌ**beads**

worrywart ˈwʌr.i.wɔːt ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː.i.wɔːrt **-s** -s

Worsborough ˈwɜːz.bᵊr.ə ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːz.bɚ.oʊ, -ə

worse wɜːs ⓤⓢ wɝːs

worsen ˈwɜː.sᵊn ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈwɜːs.nɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːs- **-ed** -d

worse-off ˌwɜːsˈɒf ⓤⓢ ˌwɝːsˈɑːf *stress shift:* ˌworse-off ˈcircumstances

Worsfold ˈwɜːs.fəʊld, ˈwɔːz- ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːs.foʊld, ˈwɔːrz-

worship (W) ˈwɜː.ʃɪp ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-s** -s **-(p)ing** -ɪŋ **-(p)ed** -t **-(p)er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

worshipful ˈwɜː.ʃɪp.fᵊl, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Worsley *surname:* ˈwɜː.sli, ˈwɜːz.li ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː.sli, ˈwɝːz.li *place near Manchester:* ˈwɜː.sli ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː-

worst wɜːst ⓤⓢ wɝːst **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

worst-case ˌwɜːs*t*ˈkeɪs ⓤⓢ ˌwɝːs*t*- *stress shift:* ˌworst-case sceˈnario

Worstead ˈwʊs.tɪd, -təd ⓤⓢ ˈwʊs-, ˈwɝː.stɪd, -stəd

worsted *yarn, cloth:* ˈwʊs.tɪd, -təd ⓤⓢ ˈwʊs-, ˈwɝː.stɪd, -stəd

worsted (*from* **worst**) ˈwɜː.stɪd ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː-

Worsthorne ˈwɜːs.θɔːn ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːs.θɔːrn

Worswick ˈwɜː.sɪk ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː-

wort wɜːt ⓤⓢ wɝːt, wɔːrt **-s** -s

worth (W) wɜːθ ⓤⓢ wɝːθ

Worthing ˈwɜː.ðɪŋ ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-ton** -tən

worthless ˈwɜːθ.ləs, -lɪs ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːθ- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

worthwhile ˌwɜːθˈ*h*waɪl ⓤⓢ ˌwɝːθ- *stress shift:* ˌworthwhile ˈprogress

worth|y ˈwɜː.ð|i ⓤⓢ ˈwɝː- **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ ⓤⓢ -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst **-ily** -ɪ.li ⓤⓢ -ᵊl.i **-iness** -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs

Wortley ˈwɜːt.li ⓤⓢ ˈwɝːt-

wot wɒt ⓤⓢ wɑːt

Wotan ˈwəʊ.tæn, ˈvəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˈvoʊ.tɑːn

wotcha ˈwɒtʃ.ə ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.tʃə

wotcher ˈwɒt.ʃəʳ ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.tʃɚ

Wotherspoon ˈwɒð.ə.spuːn ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.ðɚ-

Wotton ˈwɒt.ᵊn, ˈwʊt- ⓤⓢ ˈwɑː.tᵊn, ˈwʊt.ᵊn

Note: The place in Buckinghamshire is pronounced /ˈwʊt.ᵊn/.

would (*from* **will**) *strong form:* wʊd *weak forms:* wəd, əd, d

Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used contrastively (e.g. 'I don't know if he would or he wouldn't') and emphatically (e.g. 'I certainly **would**'). The strong form is always used in final position, even when unstressed (e.g. '**I knew** she would'). The weak forms are used elsewhere. The forms /əd/ and /d/ are usually represented in spelling as 'd (e.g 'John'd do it' /ˈdʒɒn.əd,duː.ɪt ⓤⓢ ˈdʒɑːn-/; 'I'd do it' /ˈaɪd,duː.ɪt/).

would-be ˈwʊd.bi

wouldn't ˈwʊd.ᵊnt

wouldst wʊdst

wound (*n, v.*) wuːnd **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

wound (*from* **wind**, *v.*) waʊnd

wov|e (*from* **weave**) wəʊv ⓤⓢ woʊv **-en** -ᵊn

wow waʊ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

wowser ˈwaʊ.zəʳ ⓤⓢ -zɚ **-s** -z

Wozzeck ˈvɒt.sek ⓤⓢ ˈvɑːt.sek

WP ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˈpiː

WPC ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌpiːˈsiː, -jʊ,- ⓤⓢ -juːˌ-, -jəˌ- **-s** -z *stress shift:* ˌWPC ˈSmith

WRAC ræk, ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌɑːʳˌeɪˈsiː, -ju- ⓤⓢ ræk, -juːˌɑːr-, -jəˌ-

wrack ræk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

WRAF ræf; ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌɑːʳ.eɪˈef ⓤⓢ ræf; ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌɑːr.eɪˈef

Wragg ræg

wraith reɪθ **-s** -s

wrangl|e ˈræŋ.gᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈ-glɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈ-gləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈ-gᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈ-glɚ/z

wrangler (W®) ˈræŋ.gləʳ ⓤⓢ -glɚ **-s** -z

wrap ræp **-s** -s **-ping/s** -ɪŋ/z **-ped** -t

wraparound ˈræp.ə.raʊnd **-s** -z

wrapper ˈræp.əʳ ⓤⓢ -ɚ **-s** -z

wrapround ˈræp.raʊnd

wrass|e ræs **-es** -ɪz

wrath rɒθ, rɔːθ ⓤⓢ ræθ, rɑːθ

Wrath *Cape:* rɔːθ, rɑːθ, ræθ ⓤⓢ ræθ, rɑːθ

wrathful ˈrɒθ.fᵊl, ˈrɔːθ-, -fʊl ⓤⓢ ˈræθ-, ˈrɑːθ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Wratislaw ˈræt.ɪ.slɔː ⓤⓢ ˈræt̬.ɪ.slɑː, -slɔː

Wraxall ˈræk.sɔːl

Wray reɪ

wreak riːk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

wrea|th riː|θ **-ths** -ðz, -θs

wreath|e riːð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

Wreay reɪ *locally:* rɪə

wreck rek **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z

wreckag|e ˈrek.ɪdʒ **-es** -ɪz

Wrekin ˈriː.kɪn

wren (W) ren **-s** -z

wrench ren*t*ʃ **-es** -ɪz **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t

Wrenn ren

wrest rest **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd

wrestl|e ˈres.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈres.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈres.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈres.ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈres.lɚ/z

wretch retʃ **-es** -ɪz

wretched ˈretʃ.ɪd **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs

Wrexham ˈrek.səm

wriggl|e ˈrɪg.ᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈrɪg.lɪŋ **-ed** -d **-er/s** -əʳ/z, ˈrɪg.ləʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈrɪg.ᵊl.ɚ/z, ˈrɪg.lɚ/z

wright (W) raɪt **-s** -s

Wrigley ˈrɪg.li

wring rɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-er/s** -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z **wrung** rʌŋ

wringing-wet ˌrɪŋ.ɪŋˈwet *stress shift:* ˌwringing-wet ˈcloth

wrinkl|e ˈrɪŋ.kᵊl **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ, ˈrɪŋ.klɪŋ **-ed** -d

wrinkl|y ˈrɪŋ.kl|i **-ies** -iz

Wriothesley ˈraɪəθ.sli

wrist rɪst **-s** -s

wristband ˈrɪs*t*.bænd **-s** -z

wristlet ˈrɪs*t*.lɪt, -lət **-s** -s

wristwatch ˈrɪs*t*.wɒtʃ ⓤⓢ -wɑːtʃ **-es** -ɪz

wristy ˈrɪs.ti

writ rɪt **-s** -s

writ (= **written**) rɪt

writ|e raɪt **-es** -s **-ing/s** -ɪŋ/z ⓤⓢ ˈraɪ.t̬ɪŋ/z **wrote** rəʊt ⓤⓢ roʊt **written** ˈrɪt.ᵊn **writer/s** ˈraɪ.təʳ/z ⓤⓢ ˈraɪ.t̬ɚ/z ˌ**writer's** ˈ**cramp**

writh|e raɪð **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

writing ˈraɪ.tɪŋ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ **-s** -z **see the** ˌ**writing on the** ˈ**wall**

writing-cas|e ˈraɪ.tɪŋ.keɪs ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋ- **-es** -ɪz

writing-paper ˈraɪ.tɪŋˌpeɪ.pəʳ ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪŋˌpeɪ.pɚ

written-off ˌrɪt.ᵊnˈɒf ⓤⓢ -ˈɑːf

Writtle ˈrɪt.ᵊl ⓤⓢ ˈrɪt̬-

WRNS (*abbrev. for* **Women's Royal Navy Service**) renz; ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌɑːʳ.enˈes ⓤⓢ renz; ˌdʌb.ᵊl.juːˌɑːr.enˈes

Wroclaw ˈvrɒt.slɑːf, -slæf, -swɑːf ⓤⓢ ˈvrɑːt.slɑːf

wrong (W) rɒŋ ⓤⓢ rɑːŋ, rɔːŋ **-s** -z **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d

wrong-doer ˈrɒŋˌduː.əʳ, ˌ-ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːŋˌduː.ɚ, ˈrɔːŋ- **-s** -z

wrong-doing ˈrɒŋˌduː.ɪŋ, ˌ-ˈ-- ⓤⓢ ˈrɑːŋˌduː-, ˈrɔːŋ-

wrong|-foot ˌrɒŋ|ˈfʊt ⓤⓢ ˌrɑːŋ-, ˌrɔːŋ- **-foots** -ˈfʊts **-footing** -ˈfʊt.ɪŋ

US -ˈfʊt̬.ɪŋ **-footed** -ˈfʊt.ɪd US -ˈfʊt̬.ɪd
wrongful ˈrɒŋ.fəl, -fʊl US ˈrɑːŋ-, ˈrɔːŋ- **-ly** -i **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wrongheaded ˌrɒŋˈhed.ɪd US ˌrɑːŋ-, ˌrɔːŋ-, ˈ-ˌ-- **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
wrote (*from* **write**) rəʊt US roʊt
wroth rəʊθ, rɔːθ, rɒθ US rɔːθ, rɑːθ
Wrotham ˈruː.təm US -t̬əm
Wrottesley ˈrɒt.sli US ˈrɑːt-
wrought rɔːt US rɑːt, rɔːt
wrought-iron ˌrɔːtˈaɪən US ˌrɑːtˈaɪɚn, ˌrɔːt- *stress shift:* ˌwrought-iron ˈgate
Wroughton ˈrɔː.tən US ˈrɑː-, ˈrɔː-
Wroxham ˈrɒk.səm US ˈrɑːk-
wrung (*from* **wring**) rʌŋ
W.R.V.S. ˌdʌb.əl.juːˌɑːˌviːˈes, -jʊˌ- US -juːˌɑːrˌ-, -jəˌ-
wry raɪ **wrier, wryer** ˈraɪ.əʳ US -ɚ **wriest, wryest** ˈraɪ.ɪst, -əst **wryly** ˈraɪ.li **wryness** ˈraɪ.nəs, -nɪs
wryneck ˈraɪ.nek **-s** -s
Wrythe raɪð
WSW (*abbrev. for* **west southwest**) ˌwest.saʊθˈwest *nautical pronunciation:* -saʊˈ-
wt (*abbrev. for* **weight**) weɪt
Wuhan ˌwuːˈhæn US -ˈhɑːn
Wulf wʊlf
Wulfila ˈwʊl.fɪ.lə
Wulfstan ˈwʊlf.stən US -stæn, -stɑːn
wunder|kind ˈwʊn.də|.kɪnd, ˈvʊn- US -dɚ|.kɪnt, ˈwʌn- **-kinder** -ˌkɪn.dəʳ US -ˌkɪn.dɚ
Wuornos ˈwɜː.nɒs US ˈwɝː.noʊz
Wurlitzer ˈwɜː.lɪt.səʳ, -lət- US ˈwɝː.lət.sɚ **-s** -z
Württemberg ˈvɜː.təm.beəg; ˈwɜː.təm.bɜːg US ˈwɝː.t̬əm.bɜːrg; ˈvɝː.təm.berk
Würzburg ˈvɜːts.beəg; ˈwɜːts.bɜːg US ˈwɝːts.bɜːrg; ˈvɝːts.burk
wuss wʊs
Wuthering ˈwʌð.ər.ɪŋ ˌ**Wuthering** ˈ**Heights**
W.Va. (*abbrev. for* **West Virginia**) ˌwest.vəˈdʒɪn.jə, -vɜːˈ-, ˈ-i.ə US -vɚˈ-
WVS ˌdʌb.əl.juːˌviːˈes, -jʊˌ- US -juːˌ-, -jəˌ-
Wyandotte ˈwaɪən.dɒt US -dɑːt **-s** -s
Wyat(t) waɪət
Wych waɪtʃ, wɪtʃ
Wycherley ˈwɪtʃ.əl.i US -ɚ.li
wych-hazel ˈwɪtʃˌheɪ.zəl, ˌ-ˈ-- US ˈwɪtʃˌheɪ- **-s** -z
Wycliffe, Wyclif ˈwɪk.lɪf
Wycliffite ˈwɪk.lɪ.faɪt **-s** -s
Wycombe ˈwɪk.əm
Wye waɪ
Wygram ˈwaɪ.grəm
Wykeham ˈwɪk.əm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
Wyld(e) waɪld
Wyl(l)ie ˈwaɪ.li
Wyman ˈwaɪ.mən
Wymondham *in Norfolk:* ˈwɪm.ən.dəm *locally:* ˈwɪn.dəm *in Leicestershire:* ˈwaɪ.mən.dəm
Wyndham ˈwɪn.dəm
Wynn(e) wɪn
Wynyard ˈwɪn.jəd, -jɑːd US -jɚd, -jɑːrd
Wyo. (*abbrev. for* **Wyoming**) waɪˈəʊ.mɪŋ US -ˈoʊ-
Wyoming waɪˈəʊ.mɪŋ US -ˈoʊ-
WYSIWYG ˈwɪz.i.wɪg
Wyss waɪs
Wystan ˈwɪs.tən
Wytch Farm ˌwɪtʃˈfɑːm US -ˈfɑːrm
Wytham ˈwaɪ.təm US -t̬əm
Wythenshawe ˈwɪð.ən.ʃɔː US -ʃɑː, -ʃɔː
wyvern (W) ˈwaɪ.vən US -vɚn, -vɝːn **wyvern** -vɜːn **-s** -z

Pronouncing the letter X

See also XC

The consonant letter **x**, which rarely occurs at the beginning of a word, has three main pronunciations: /ks gz/ and /kʃ/, e.g.:

box	/bɒks/	ⓤⓢ /bɑːks/
examine	/ɪg'zæm.ɪn, ɪk'sæm-/	ⓤⓢ /ɪg'zæm-/
noxious	/'nɒk.ʃəs/	ⓤⓢ /'nɑːk-/

When **x** does appear at the beginning of a word, it is almost always pronounced /z/, e.g.:

/z/	xylophone	/'zaɪ.lə.fəʊn/	ⓤⓢ /-foʊn/

Another pronunciation associated with **x** is /eks/, e.g.:

/eks/	X-ray	/'eks.reɪ/	ⓤⓢ /'ek.sreɪ/

Pronouncing the letters XC

The consonant digraph **xc** has two pronunciations: /ks/ and /ksk/.

Before the vowel letters **i** or **e**, it is pronounced as /ks/, e.g.:

exceed /ɪk'siːd/

In other situations, **xc** is pronounced as /ksk/, e.g.:

exclaim /ɪks'kleɪm/

x (X) eks -'s -ɪz
Xanadu 'zæn.ə.duː, ˌ--'- ⓤⓢ 'zæn.ə.duː, -djuː, ˌ--'-
Xanthe 'zænt.θi
Xanthipp|e zænt'θɪp|.i, zæn'tɪp- ⓤⓢ zæn'tɪp- -us -əs
Xanthus 'zænt.θəs
Xantia® 'zæn.ti.ə ⓤⓢ zæn'tiː-
Xavier 'zæv.i.əʳ, -eɪ, 'zeɪ.vi.əʳ, '-vjəʳ ⓤⓢ 'zeɪ.vjɚ, 'zæv.jɚ, -i.ɚ
Xbox® 'eks.bɒks ⓤⓢ -bɑːks -es -ɪz
X-certificate ˌeks.sə'tɪf.ɪ.kət, -sɜː'-, '-ə-, -kɪt ⓤⓢ -sɚ'- -s -s
xebec 'ziː.bek -s -s
Xenia 'zen.i.ə, 'ksen-, 'ziː.ni-, 'ksiː-, '-njə ⓤⓢ 'ziː.njə, '-ni.ə
xeno- zen.əʊ, ziː.nəʊ; zɪ'nɒ ⓤⓢ zen.oʊ, ziː.noʊ, -nə; zɪ'nɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **xenophobe** /'zen.əʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -ə.foʊb/, **xenophobia** /ˌzen.əʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -ə'foʊ-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **xenogamy** /zɪ'nɒg.ə.mi ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.gə-/.
xenogamy zɪ'nɒg.ə.mi ⓤⓢ -'nɑː.gə-
xenon 'ziː.nɒn ⓤⓢ -nɑːn, 'zen.ɑːn
xenophobe 'zen.əʊ.fəʊb ⓤⓢ -ə.foʊb, 'ziː.nə-, -noʊ- -s -z
xenophobia ˌzen.əʊ'fəʊ.bi.ə ⓤⓢ -ə'foʊ-, ˌziː.nə'-, -noʊ'-
xenophobic ˌzen.əʊ'fəʊ.bɪk ⓤⓢ -ə'foʊ-, ˌziː.nə-, -noʊ- *stress shift:* ˌxenophobic 'sentiment
Xenophon 'zen.ə.fᵊn ⓤⓢ -fən, -fɑːn
xerography zɪə'rɒg.rə.fi, zer'ɒg- ⓤⓢ zɪ'rɑː.grə-
xerox (X®) *(n, v.)* 'zɪə.rɒks ⓤⓢ 'zɪr.ɑːks, 'ziː.rɑːks -es -ɪz -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Xerxes 'zɜːk.siːz ⓤⓢ 'zɝːk-
Xhosa 'kɔː.sə, 'kəʊ-, -zə ⓤⓢ 'koʊ.sɑː, -zɑː
xi saɪ, ksaɪ ⓤⓢ zaɪ, saɪ -'s -z
Xiaoping ˌʃaʊ'pɪŋ
Xinhua ˌʃɪn'hwɑː *stress shift:* ˌXinhua 'News Agency
Xmas 'krɪst.məs, 'eks.məs ⓤⓢ 'krɪs-
X-rated 'eksˌreɪ.tɪd ⓤⓢ -t̬ɪd
X-ray 'eks.reɪ, ˌ-'- ⓤⓢ 'ek.sreɪ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
xu suː
xylem 'zaɪ.ləm, -lem ⓤⓢ 'zaɪ-
xylene 'zaɪ.liːn
xylograph 'zaɪ.ləʊ.grɑːf, -græf ⓤⓢ -loʊ.græf, -lə- -s -s
xylograph|y zaɪ'lɒg.rə.f|i ⓤⓢ -'lɑː.grə- -er/s -əʳ/z ⓤⓢ -ɚ/z
xylonite 'zaɪ.lə.naɪt
xylophone 'zaɪ.lə.fəʊn ⓤⓢ -foʊn -s -z
xylose 'zaɪ.ləʊs, -ləʊz ⓤⓢ -loʊs
xyster 'zɪs.təʳ ⓤⓢ -tɚ

Pronouncing the letter Y

The consonant letter **y** is special in that it can act as both vowel and consonant. At the beginning of a word, it most often behaves as a consonant and, when doing so, is pronounced as /j/, e.g.:

yes	/jes/
youth	/juːθ/

When acting as a vowel, the letter **y** has two main strong pronunciations: a 'short' pronunciation /ɪ/ and a 'long' pronunciation /aɪ/. There are no definite rules for when either of these pronunciations will occur, e.g.:

myth	/mɪθ/
cycle	/ˈsaɪ.kl̩/

At the end of a word, in adjectives and adverbs ending with a letter **y**, a short /i/ is usually used. However, for other types of word, either /i/ or /aɪ/ may occur, e.g.:

happy	/ˈhæp.i/
happily	/ˈhæp.ɪ.li/
study	/ˈstʌd.i/
apply	/əˈplaɪ/

When **y** is followed by **r**, the strong pronunciation is one of four possibilities: /aɪə (US) aɪɚ/, /aɪə.r (US) aɪ.r/ or /ɪ/ when followed by a single consonant and then a vowel, otherwise /ɜː, (US) ɝː/, e.g.:

tyre	/taɪəʳ/	(US) /taɪɚ/
gyrate (v.)	/dʒaɪəˈreɪt/	(US) /ˈdʒaɪ.reɪt/
lyric	/ˈlɪr.ɪk/	
myrrh	/mɜːʳ/	(US) /mɝː/

In addition

When acting as a vowel, **y** can also be realised as /iː/ or /ɪ/ in a small number of words, usually proper nouns, e.g.:

Yves	/iːv/

In weak syllables

When acting as a vowel, the letter **y** is realised with the vowels /ɪ/ and, occasionally, /ə/ and /i/ in word-medial weak syllables, e.g.:

oxygen	/ˈɒk.sɪ.dʒən, -sə-/	(US) /ˈɑːk.sɪ-/
anybody	/ˈen.iˌbɒd.i/	(US) /-ˌbɑː.di/

y (Y) waɪ **-'s** -z
yacht jɒt (US) jɑːt **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ (US) ˈjɑː.t̬ɪŋ **-ed** -ɪd (US) ˈjɑː.t̬ɪd
yachts|man ˈjɒts|.mən (US) ˈjɑːts- **-men** -mən **-woman** -ˌwʊm.ən **-women** -ˌwɪm.ɪn
yack jæk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
yah jɑː
yahoo (Y) *(interj.)* jəˈhuː, jɑː- **-s** -z *(n.)* ˈjɑː.huː (US) ˈjɑː-, ˈjeɪ-
Note: The pronunciation for the noun is also suitable for the characters in Swift's **Gulliver's Travels**.
Yahveh ˈjɑː.veɪ, -və, jɑːˈveɪ (US) ˈjɑː.veɪ
Yahweh ˈjɑː.weɪ
yak jæk **-s** -s
yakka ˈjæk.ə
Yakutsk jækˈʊtsk, jɑːˈkʊtsk, jə- (US) jɑːˈkʊtsk
yakuza ˈjæk.ʊ.zɑː (US) ˈjɑː.kʊ- **-s** -z
Yalding *surname:* ˈjæl.dɪŋ *place name:* ˈjɔːl.dɪŋ (US) ˈjɑːl-, ˈjɔːl-
Yale jeɪl
y'all jɔːl (US) jɑːl
Yalta ˈjæl.tə, ˈjɔːl-, ˈjɒl- (US) ˈjɑːl.t̬ə, ˈjɔːl-, -tə
yam jæm **-s** -z
Yamaha ˈjæm.ə.hɑː, -hə (US) ˈjɑː.mə-
Yamamoto ˌjæm.əˈməʊ.təʊ (US) ˌjɑː.məˈmoʊ.t̬oʊ, -toʊ
yamm|er ˈjæm|.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-ers** -əz (US) -ɚz **-ering** -ᵊr.ɪŋ **-ed** -əd (US) -ɚd
yang jæŋ (US) jæŋ, jɑːŋ
Yangtze, Yangtse, Yangzi ˈjæŋ*k*t.si (US) ˈjæŋ*k*t-, ˈjɑːŋ*k*t-
yank (Y) jæŋk **-s** -s **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -t
Yankee ˈjæŋ.ki **-s** -z
Yaoundé jɑːˈʊn.deɪ, -ˈuːn- (US) ˌjɑː.ʊnˈdeɪ
yap jæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t
Yap jæp (US) jɑːp, jæp
yard jɑːd (US) jɑːrd **-s** -z ˈ**yard** ˌ**sale**
yardage ˈjɑː.dɪdʒ (US) ˈjɑːr- **-s** -ɪz
yardarm ˈjɑːd.ɑːm (US) ˈjɑːrd.ɑːrm **-s** -z
yardbird ˈjɑːd.bɜːd (US) ˈjɑːrd.bɝːd **-s** -z
Yardie ˈjɑː.di (US) ˈjɑːr- **-s** -z
Yardley ˈjɑːd.li (US) ˈjɑːrd-
yardstick ˈjɑːd.stɪk (US) ˈjɑːrd- **-s** -s
Yare *in Norfolk:* jeəʳ (US) jer *in the Isle of Wight:* jɑːʳ (US) jɑːr
Yarm jɑːm (US) jɑːrm
yarmelke ˈjʌm.ʊl.kə, ˈjɑː.mʊl-, -mᵊl- (US) ˈjɑːr.məl-, ˈjɑː- **-s** -z
Yarmouth ˈjɑː.məθ (US) ˈjɑːr-
yarmulke, yarmulka ˈjʌm.ʊl.kə, ˈjɑː.mʊl-, -mᵊl- (US) ˈjɑːr.məl-, ˈjɑː- **-s** -z
yarn jɑːn (US) jɑːrn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Yaroslavl ˌjær.əʊˈslɑː.vᵊl (US) ˌjɑːr.oʊˈslɑː.vᵊl, -əˈ-
yarrow (Y) ˈjær.əʊ (US) ˈjer.oʊ, ˈjær-
yashmak ˈjæʃ.mæk (US) ˈjɑːʃ.mɑːk, ˈjæʃ.mæk **-s** -s
Yasmin ˈjæz.mɪn
Yasser ˈjæs.əʳ (US) -ɚ, ˈjɑː.sɚ
yataghan ˈjæt.ə.gən (US) -gæn, -gən **-s** -z
Yate jeɪt **-s** -s
Yately ˈjeɪt.li
Yatman ˈjæt.mən
Yatton ˈjæt.ᵊn
yaw jɔː (US) jɑː, jɔː **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
Yaweh ˈjɑː.weɪ
yawl jɔːl (US) jɑːl, jɔːl **-s** -z
yawn jɔːn (US) jɑːn, jɔːn **-s** -z **-ing/ly** -ɪŋ/li **-ed** -d
yaws jɔːz (US) jɑːz, jɔːz
Yaxley ˈjæk.sli
yclept ɪˈklept (US) i-
yd *(abbrev. for* **yard***)* *singular:* jɑːd (US) jɑːrd *plural:* jɑːdz, jɑːrdz
ye *you. Normal form:* jiː *occasional weak form:* ji
Note: The weak form is rarely used, and only in imitation of archaic or dialect sayings such as 'Sit ye down' /ˌsɪt.jiˈdaʊn/.
ye *the:* jiː
Note: As a pronunciation of the definite article, this is rarely used except in joking. It is a mistake resulting from reading the Old English letter "thorn" (which represented 'th' sounds) as a 'y', which it resembles.
yea jeɪ
Yeading ˈjed.ɪŋ
Yeadon ˈjiː.dᵊn
yeah jeə (US) jeə, jæə
Note: Aside from the examples given for American English, there are many possibilities here, another being /jɑː/.
Yeames jiːmz
yean jiːn **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d
year jɪəʳ, jɜːʳ (US) jɪr **-s** -z **-ly** -li ˌ**year in (and)** ˌ**year** ˈ**out**
yearbook ˈjɪə.bʊk, ˈjɜː- (US) ˈjɪr- **-s** -s

yearling 'jɪə.lɪŋ, 'jɜː- (US) 'jɪr- -s -z
yearlong ˌjɪə'lɒŋ, ˌjɜː- (US) 'jɪr.lɑːŋ, -lɔːŋ, ˌ-'- *stress shift, British only:* ˌyearlong 'truce
yearn jɜːn (US) jɝːn -s -z -ing/s -ɪŋ/z -ed -d
yeast jiːst -y -i -iness -ɪ.nəs, -ɪ.nɪs
Yeates jeɪts
Yeatman 'jiːt.mən, 'jeɪt-, 'jet-
Yeats jeɪts
Yeddo 'jed.əʊ (US) -oʊ
Yehudi je'huː.di, jɪ-, jə-
yell (Y) jel -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d
Yelland 'jel.ənd
yellow 'jel.əʊ (US) -oʊ -s -z -ing -ɪŋ -ed -d -y -i ˌyellow 'fever; ˌyellow 'line; ˌYellow 'Pages (US) 'Yellow ˌPages; ˌyellow 'peril; ˌyellow ˌbrick 'road
yellowhammer 'jel.əʊˌhæm.əʳ (US) -oʊˌhæm.ɚ -s -z
yellowish 'jel.əʊ.ɪʃ (US) -oʊ- -ness -nəs, -nɪs
yellowjacket 'jel.əʊˌdʒæk.ɪt (US) -oʊ- -s -s
Yellowknife 'jel.əʊ.naɪf (US) -oʊ-
yellowness 'jel.əʊ.nəs, -nɪs (US) -oʊ-
Yellowstone 'jel.əʊ.stəʊn, -stən (US) -oʊ.stoʊn
yellowtail 'jel.əʊ.teɪl (US) -oʊ- -s -z
yelp jelp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
Yeltsin 'jelt.sɪn
Yemen 'jem.ən, -en (US) -ən, 'jeɪ.mən -i -i -is -iz
Yemenite 'jem.ən.aɪt (US) 'jem-, 'jeɪ.mən- -s -s
yen jen -s -z
Yentob 'jen.tɒb (US) -tɑːb
Yeo jəʊ (US) joʊ
Yeoburgh 'jɑː.bəʳ.ə
yeo|man 'jəʊ|.mən (US) 'joʊ- -men -mən -manly -mən.li
yeomanry 'jəʊ.mən.ri (US) 'joʊ-
Yeomans 'jəʊ.mənz (US) 'joʊ-
Yeovil 'jəʊ.vɪl (US) 'joʊ-
yep jep
yer jeə, jɜː (US) je
Note: This is a written or spoken informal form of yes in British English. The r in the spelling is not pronounced in American English forms and is not linking in British English.
Yerby 'jɜː.bi (US) 'jɝː-
Yerevan ˌjer.ə'vɑːn, 'jer.ə.væn
Yerkes 'jɜː.kiːz (US) 'jɝː-
yes jes
yes|-man 'jes|.mæn -men -men
yesterday 'jes.tə.deɪ, ˌ--'-, -di (US) -tɚ-
yesteryear 'jes.tə.jɪəʳ, ˌ--'- (US) -tɚ.jɪr
yet jet
Yetholm 'jet.əm (US) 'jeṭ-
yeti 'jet.i (US) 'jeṭ- -s -z
Yevtushenko ˌjev.tʊ'ʃeŋ.kəʊ, -tuː'- (US) -koʊ
yew juː -s -z
Y-Front® 'waɪ.frʌnt -s -s
Yg(g)drasil 'ɪg.drə.sɪl, ɪg'dræs.əl (US) 'ɪg.drə.sɪl
yid jɪd
Yiddish 'jɪd.ɪʃ
yield jiːld -s -z -ing/ly -ɪŋ/li -ed -ɪd
yin jɪn
yippee jɪ'piː (US) 'jɪp.iː
Yitzhak 'jɪt.sɑːk, -sæk
ylang-ylang ˌiː.læŋ.iː'læŋ (US) -lɑːŋ'iː.lɑːŋ
YMCA ˌwaɪ.em.siː'eɪ
Ynys Mon ˌʌn.ɪs'mɔːn
yo jəʊ (US) joʊ
yob jɒb (US) jɑːb -s -z
yobbish 'jɒb.ɪʃ (US) 'jɑː.bɪʃ -ly -li -ness -nəs, -nɪs
yobbo 'jɒb.əʊ (US) 'jɑː.boʊ -s -z
yod jɒd (US) jɑːd -s -z
yodel 'jəʊ.dəl (US) 'joʊ- -s -z -(l)ing -ɪŋ, 'jəʊd.lɪŋ (US) 'joʊd- -(l)ed -d -ler/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
yog|a 'jəʊ.g|ə (US) 'joʊ- -ic -ɪk
yogh(o)urt 'jɒg.ət, 'jəʊ.gət, -gɜːt (US) 'joʊ.gɚt -s -s
yog|i 'jəʊ.g|i (US) 'joʊ- -is -iz -ism -ɪ.zəm ˌYogi 'Bear, 'Yogi ˌBear
yogic 'jəʊ.gɪk (US) 'joʊ-
yogurt 'jɒg.ət, 'jəʊ.gət, -gɜːt (US) 'joʊ.gɚt -s -s
Yohji 'jəʊ.dʒi, 'jɒdʒ.i (US) 'joʊ.dʒi
yoicks jɔɪks
yok|e jəʊk (US) joʊk -es -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t
yokel 'jəʊ.kəl (US) 'joʊ- -s -z
Yokohama ˌjəʊ.kəʊ'hɑː.mə (US) ˌjoʊ.kə'-
Yolanda, Yolande jəʊ'læn.də (US) joʊ'lɑːn-, -'læn-
yolk jəʊk (US) joʊk -s -s -y -i
Yom Kippur ˌjɒm.kɪ'pʊəʳ; -'kɪp.əʳ (US) ˌjɑːm'kɪp.ɚ, ˌjɔːm-; -kɪ'pʊr
yomp jɒmp (US) jɑːmp -s -s -ing -ɪŋ -ed -t -er/s -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
yon jɒn (US) jɑːn
yond jɒnd (US) jɑːnd
yonder 'jɒn.dəʳ (US) 'jɑːn.dɚ
Yonge jʌŋ
Yonkers 'jɒŋ.kəz (US) 'jɑːŋ.kɚz, 'jɔːŋ-
yonks jɒŋks (US) jɑːŋks, jɔːŋks
yoof juːf
Yorba Linda ˌjɔː.bə'lɪn.də (US) ˌjɔːr-
yore jɔːʳ (US) jɔːr
Yorick 'jɒr.ɪk (US) 'jɔːr-
York jɔːk (US) jɔːrk
Yorke jɔːk (US) jɔːrk
yorker 'jɔː.kəʳ (US) 'jɔːr.kɚ -s -z
Yorkist 'jɔː.kɪst (US) 'jɔːr- -s -s
Yorks. (*abbrev. for* Yorkshire) jɔːks (US) jɔːrks
Yorkshire 'jɔːk.ʃəʳ, -ˌʃɪəʳ (US) 'jɔːrk.ʃɚ, -ˌʃɪr ˌYorkshire 'pudding; ˌYorkshire 'terrier
Yorkshire|man 'jɔːk.ʃə|.mən (US) 'jɔːrk.ʃɚ- -men -mən, -men -woman -ˌwʊm.ən -women -ˌwɪm.ɪn
Yorktown 'jɔːk.taʊn (US) 'jɔːrk-
Yoruba 'jɒr.ʊ.bə, 'jəʊ.rʊ- (US) 'jɔːr.ə.bə, 'joʊ.rə-, -ruː-, -bɑː
Yosemite jəʊ'sem.ɪ.ti (US) joʊ'sem.ə.ṭi Yoˌsemite ˌNational 'Park; Yoˌsemite 'Sam
Yossarian jɒs'eə.ri.ən (US) joʊ'ser.i-, -'sɑːr-
Yost jəʊst (US) joʊst -s -s
you *strong form:* juː *weak forms:* ju, jə
Note: Weak form word. The strong form is used contrastively (e.g. 'Will it be you, or me?') or emphatically (e.g. 'It was **you** that broke it'). Elsewhere the weak forms are used: in British English, /ju/ is the form found before vowels and in final position (e.g. 'You ought' /ju'ɔːt (US) -ɑːt/; 'Thank you' /'θæŋk.ju/), while /jə/ is only used before consonants (e.g. 'if you can' /ɪf.jə'kæn/); in American English, /jə/ predominates in both environments. The strong form is also found in unstressed syllables. Sometimes when 'you' is weakly stressed and is preceded by a word normally ending in /d/, the two words are joined closely together as if they formed a single word with the affricate sound /dʒ/ linking the two parts. Thus 'did you' is often pronounced /'dɪdʒ.u/, and 'behind you' /bɪ'haɪn.dʒu/. Similarly when the preceding word normally ends in /t/ (e.g. 'hurt you') it is sometimes pronounced /'hɜː.tʃu (US) 'hɝː-/ and 'don't you know' as /ˌdəʊn.tʃə'nəʊ (US) ˌdoʊn.tʃə'noʊ/.
you-all ju'ɔːl (US) ju'ɔːl, jɔːl, jɑːl
you'd juːd
Youens 'juː.ɪnz
Youghal *near Cork:* jɔːl *on Lake Derg:* 'jɒk.əl, 'jɒx- (US) 'jɑː.kəl
you'll juːl
Youmans 'juː.mənz
young (Y) jʌŋ -er -gəʳ (US) -gɚ -est -gɪst, -gəst
Younger 'jʌŋ.əʳ, -gəʳ (US) -gɚ, -ɚ
Younghusband 'jʌŋˌhʌz.bənd
youngish 'jʌŋ.ɪʃ, -gɪʃ
Youngman 'jʌŋ.mən
youngster 'jʌŋk.stəʳ (US) -stɚ -s -z
younker 'jʌŋ.kəʳ (US) -kɚ -s -z
your *normal forms:* jɔːʳ, jʊəʳ (US) jʊr, jɔːr *occasional weak forms:* jəʳ, jɚ
Note: Weak form word. The strong form /jʊə (US) jʊr/ or /jɔː (US) jɔːr/ is usually used for emphasis (e.g. 'It's **your** fault') or contrast (e.g. 'with **your** looks and **my** brains'). This pronunciation is quite common also in weakly stressed positions in careful speech. In British English, the weak form is /jə/ before consonants (e.g. 'take your time' /ˌteɪk.jə'taɪm/) and /jər/ before vowels (e.g. 'on your own' /ɒn.jər'əʊn/); in American English, /jɚ/ is used in both cases.
you're (= you are) *strong forms:* jɔːʳ, jʊəʳ (US) jʊr, jɔːr *occasional weak forms:* jəʳ, jɚ
Note: The use of strong and weak forms follows that of **your**.
yours jɔːz, jʊəz (US) jʊrz, jɔːrz

yoursel|f jɔːˈsel|f, jʊə-, jə- (US) jʊr-, jɔːr-, jɚ- -ves -vz

you|th juː|θ -ths -ðz ˈ**youth** ˌ**club**; ˈ**youth** ˌ**hostel**; ˌ**youth** ˈ**training** ˌ**scheme**

youthful ˈjuːθ.fəl, -fʊl -**ly** -i -**ness** -nəs, -nɪs

you've (= **you have**) *normal form:* juːv *occasional weak forms:* jʊv, jəv

yowl jaʊl -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d

yo-yo ˈjəʊ.jəʊ (US) ˈjoʊ.joʊ -s -z -**ing** -ɪŋ -**ed** -d

Ypres *in Belgium:* ˈiː.prə, ˈiː.pəz *sometimes facetiously:* ˈaɪ.pəz, ˈwaɪ.pəz (US) ˈiː.prə

Ypres *tower at Rye:* ˈiː.prə, ˈiː.preɪ, ˈwaɪ.pəz (US) ˈiː.prə

Note: The 'Ypres Castle', a public house nearby, is called locally the /ˈwaɪ.pəz/.

Yser ˈiː.zəʳ (US) -zɚ, -zer

Ysolde ɪˈzɒl.də (US) -ˈzoʊl-

Ystradgyn|ais ˌʌs.træd'gʌn.laɪs, -trəd'-

Ystwyth ˈʌs.twɪθ

Ythan ˈaɪ.θən

YTS ˌwaɪ.tiːˈes

ytterbium ɪˈtɜː.bi.əm (US) -ˈtɝː-

yttrium ˈɪt.ri.əm

Yucatan ˌjuː.kəˈtɑːn, ˌjʊk.əˈ-, -ˈtæn (US) ˌjuː.kəˈtæn, -ˈtɑːn

yucca ˈjʌk.ə -s -z

yuck jʌk -**y** -i -**ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Yugoslav ˈjuː.gəʊ.slɑːv, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈjuː.goʊ.slɑːv, -gə- -s -z

Yugoslavi|a ˌjuː.gəʊˈslɑː.vi|.ə (US) -goʊˈ- -**an** -ən

Yuill ˈjuː.ɪl

yuk jʌk -**ky** -i

Yukon ˈjuː.kɒn (US) -kɑːn

yule (Y) juːl ˈ**yule** ˌ**log**

yuletide (Y) ˈjuːl.taɪd

yumm|y ˈjʌm|.i -**ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ -**iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst

Yum-Yum ˌjʌmˈjʌm

Yunnan jʊˈnæn

yuppie ˈjʌp.i -s -z

yuppif|y ˈjʌp.ɪ.f|aɪ -**ies** -aɪz -**ying** -aɪ.ɪŋ -**ied** -aɪd

yupp|y, yupp|ie ˈjʌp|.i -**ies** -iz

yurt jɜːt, jʊət (US) jʊrt, jɝːt -s -s

Yussuf ˈjʊs.ʊf, -əf

Yves iːv

Yvette ɪˈvet, iːˈ- (US) iː-

Yvonne ɪˈvɒn, iːˈ- (US) iːˈvɑːn

Ywain ɪˈweɪn, iːˈ-

YWCA ˌwaɪˌdʌb.əl.juː.siːˈeɪ, -ju- (US) -juː-, -jə-

Pronouncing the letter Z

The consonant letter **z** is most often realised as /z/, e.g.:

zest /zest/
gaze /geɪz/

It can also be pronounced /ʒ/ in words where it is followed by the letter **u**, e.g.:

seizure /ˈsiː.ʒəʳ/ (US) /-ʒɚ/

In addition

In the word rendezvous, **z** is silent, e.g.:

rendezvous /ˈrɒn.dɪ.vuː/ (US) /ˈrɑːn.deɪ-/

This is an exceptional case; the word is a borrowing from French.

z (Z) zed (US) ziː -'s -z
zabaglione ˌzæb.əlˈjəʊ.ni, -neɪ, -ælˈ- (US) ˌzɑː.bəlˈjoʊ-, -bɑːlˈ-, -neɪ
Zacchaeus zækˈiː.əs, zəˈkiː-
Zachariah ˌzæk.ərˈaɪ.ə (US) -əˈraɪ-
Zacharias ˌzæk.ərˈaɪ.əs, -æs (US) -əˈraɪ-
Zachary ˈzæk.ər.i
Zadar ˈzæd.ɑːʳ (US) ˈzɑː.dɑːr
Zadok ˈzeɪ.dɒk (US) -dɑːk
Zagreb ˈzɑː.greb, ˈzæg.reb; zɑːˈgreb (US) ˈzɑː.greb
zaire zaɪˈɪəʳ, zɑː- (US) -ˈɪr
Zaïr|e, Zair|e zaɪˈɪəʳ, zɑː- (US) -ˈɪr **-ean** -i.ən
Zambezi, Zambesi zæmˈbiː.zi
Zambi|a ˈzæm.bi|.ə **-an** -ən
Zamboni® zæmˈbəʊ.ni (US) -ˈboʊ-
Zamenhof ˈzɑː.mən.hɒf (US) -hɑːf
Zangwill ˈzæŋ.gwɪl (US) -gwɪl, -wɪl
Zanu ˈzæn.uː, ˈzɑː.nuː
zan|y ˈzeɪ.n|i **-ies** -iz **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
Zanzibar ˈzæn.zɪ.bɑːʳ, ˌ--ˈ- (US) -zə.bɑːr
zap zæp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t **-per/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
Zapata zəˈpɑː.tə, zæpˈɑː- (US) -t̬ə
Zapatista ˌzæp.əˈtɪs.tə **-s** -z
Zaporozhye ˌzæp.əˈrəʊ.ʒeɪ, -ɔːˈ- (US) ˌzɑː.pəˈroʊ.ʒə
Zapotek ˈzæp.ə.tek, ˈzɑː.pə-, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈzɑː.pə.tek, ˈsɑː- **-s** -s
Zappa ˈzæp.ə
zapp|y ˈzæp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -əst
Zara ˈzɑː.rə (US) ˈzɑː.rə, ˈzær.ə
Zaragoza ˌsær.əˈgɒs.ə *as if Spanish:* ˌθær.əˈgɒθ.ə (US) ˌzær.əˈgoʊ.zə, ˌzer-
Zarathustra ˌzær.əˈθuː.strə, ˌzɑː.rəˈ- (US) ˌzer.əˈ-, ˌzær-
zareba zəˈriː.bə **-s** -z
Zaria ˈzɑː.ri.ə (US) ˈzɑːr.i-
Zarqa ˈzɑː.kə (US) ˈzɑːr-
Zatopek ˈzæt.ə.pek (US) ˈzæt̬-
zeal ziːl
Zealand ˈziː.lənd **-er/s** -əʳ/z (US) -ɚ/z
zealot ˈzel.ət **-s** -s **-ry** -ri
zealous ˈzel.əs **-ly** -li **-ness** -nəs, -nɪs
Zebedee ˈzeb.ɪ.diː, ˈ-ə- (US) ˈ-ə-
zebra ˈzeb.rə, ˈziː.brə (US) ˈziː.brə **-s** -z ˌ**zebra** ˈ**crossing**
zebu ˈziː.buː, -bjuː (US) -bjuː, -buː **-s** -z
Zebulon, Zebulun ˈzeb.jʊ.lən; zebˈjuː-, zəˈbjuː- (US) ˈzeb.jʊ-, -lɑːn
Zechariah ˌzek.əˈraɪ.ə
zed zed **-s** -z
Zedekiah ˌzed.ɪˈkaɪ.ə, -əˈ- (US) -əˈ-
Zeebrugge ziːˈbrʊg.ə, zeɪ-, ˈ--- (US) ˈziː.brʊg-
Zeeland ˈziː.lənd, ˈzeɪ- (US) ˈziː-
Zeffirelli ˌzef.əˈrel.i, -ɪˈ-
Zeiss zaɪs *as German:* tsaɪs **-es** -ɪz
zeitgeist ˈtsaɪt.gaɪst, ˈzaɪt-
Zelazny zelˈæz.ni (US) zəˈlɑːz.ni
Zelda ˈzel.də
Zeller ˈzel.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Zellweger ˈzelˌweg.əʳ (US) -ɚ
Zelotes ziːˈləʊ.tiːz, zɪ-, zə- (US) -ˈloʊ-
zemindar ˈzem.ɪn.dɑːʳ (US) -dɑːr; zəˈmiːn- **-s** -z
zemstvo ˈzemst.vəʊ (US) -voʊ **-s** -z
Zen zen
Zena ˈziː.nə
zenana zenˈɑː.nə, zɪˈnɑː- (US) zenˈɑː- **-s** -z
Zenawi zenˈɑː.wi
Zend zend
Zenda ˈzen.də
Zeneca® ˈzen.ɪ.kə, -ə-
zenica ˈzen.ɪ.kə, ˈzen.ɪt.sə
zenith ˈzen.ɪθ (US) ˈziː.nɪθ **-s** -s
Zeno ˈziː.nəʊ (US) -noʊ
Zenobia zɪˈnəʊ.bi.ə, zenˈəʊ- (US) zəˈnoʊ-
Zenocrate ˈzen.əʊ.kræt (US) -oʊ-
Zepa ˈʒep.ə
Zephaniah ˌzef.əˈnaɪ.ə
zephyr (Z) ˈzef.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Zephyrus ˈzef.ər.əs
zeppelin (Z) ˈzep.əl.ɪn (US) ˈ-lɪn, ˈzep.ə.lɪn **-s** -z
Zermatt ˈzɜː.mæt (US) ˈzɝː.mɑːt, -ˈ-
zero ˈzɪə.rəʊ (US) ˈzɪr.oʊ, ˈziː.roʊ **-(e)s** -z ˈ**zero** ˌ**hour**
Zerubbabel zɪˈrʌb.ə.bəl, zə- *in Jewish usage also:* zɪˈruːˌbɑː-, zə- (US) zəˈrʌb.ə-
zest zest **-ful/ly** -fəl/i, -fʊl/i
zest|y ˈzes.t|i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
zeta ˈziː.tə (US) ˈzeɪ.t̬ə, ˈziː- **-s** -z
Zetland ˈzet.lənd
zeugma ˈzjuːg.mə, ˈzuːg- (US) ˈzuːg- **-s** -z
Zeus zjuːs (US) zuːs
Zhirinovsky ˌʒɪr.ɪˈnɒf.ski (US) -ˈnɑːf-
Zhivago ʒɪˈvɑː.gəʊ, ʒə- (US) -goʊ
Zhou ʒuː (US) dʒoʊ
ziggurat ˈzɪg.ə.ræt, ˈ-ʊ- **-s** -s
zigzag ˈzɪg.zæg **-s** -z **-ging** -ɪŋ **-ged** -d
zilch zɪltʃ
zillion ˈzɪl.jən, -i.ən (US) ˈ-jən **-s** -z
Zimbabwe zɪmˈbɑːb.weɪ, -ˈbæb-, -wi (US) -ˈbɑːb-
Zimbabwean zɪmˈbɑːb.wi.ən, -ˈbæb-, -weɪ- (US) -ˈbɑːb- **-s** -z
Zimmer® ˈzɪm.əʳ (US) -ɚ ˈ**Zimmer** ˌ**frame**
Zimmerman ˈzɪm.ə.mən (US) ˈ-ɚ-
zinc zɪŋk **-s** -s **-king** -ɪŋ **-ked** -t **-ky** -i
zinco ˈzɪŋ.kəʊ (US) -koʊ **-s** -z
zincograph ˈzɪŋ.kəʊ.grɑːf, -græf (US) -koʊ.græf, -kə- **-s** -s
zine ziːn **-s** -z
zinfandel (Z) ˈzɪn.fən.del, ˌ--ˈ- (US) ˈzɪn.fən.del
zing zɪŋ **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-y** -i
zingar|o (Z) ˈzɪŋ.gər|.əʊ (US) -gə.r|oʊ **-i** -iː
zinnia ˈzɪn.i.ə **-s** -z
Zion ˈzaɪ.ən **-ism** -ɪ.zəm **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
zip zɪp **-s** -s **-ping** -ɪŋ **-ped** -t ˈ**zip** ˌ**code**; ˌ**zip** ˈ**fastener**
zipper ˈzɪp.əʳ (US) -ɚ **-s** -z
Zipporah zɪˈpɔː.rə, ˈzɪp.ər.ə (US) ˈzɪp.ɚ.ə
zipp|y ˈzɪp|.i **-ier** -i.əʳ (US) -i.ɚ **-iest** -i.ɪst, -i.əst
zircon ˈzɜː.kɒn (US) ˈzɝː.kɑːn
zirconia zɜːˈkəʊ.ni.ə, zə- (US) zɚˈkoʊ-
zirconium zɜːˈkəʊ.ni.əm, zə- (US) zɚˈkoʊ-
zit zɪt **-s** -s
zither ˈzɪð.əʳ, ˈzɪθ- (US) ˈzɪθ.ɚ, ˈzɪð- **-s** -z
zloty ˈzlɒt.i *as if Polish:* ˈzwɒt- (US) ˈzlɔː.t̬i, ˈzlɑː- **-s** -z
Zoar ˈzəʊ.ɑːʳ, zəʊəʳ (US) ˈzoʊ.ɑːr, zoʊɚ
zodiac ˈzəʊ.di.æk (US) ˈzoʊ-
zodiacal zəʊˈdaɪ.ə.kəl (US) zoʊ-
Zoe, Zoë ˈzəʊ.i (US) ˈzoʊ-
Zog zɒg (US) zɔːg, zɑːg
-zoic ˈzəʊ.ɪk (US) ˈzoʊ.ɪk
Zola ˈzəʊ.lə (US) ˈzoʊ-; zoʊˈlɑː
zollverein ˈtsɒl.fər.aɪn, ˈzɒl.vər- (US) ˈtsɔːl.fə.raɪn **-s** -z
zombie ˈzɒm.bi (US) ˈzɑːm- **-s** -z

zonal 'zəʊ.nᵊl ⓤⓢ 'zoʊ- **-ly** -i
zon|e zəʊn ⓤⓢ zoʊn **-es** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **-eless** -ləs, -lɪs
zonked zɒŋkt ⓤⓢ zɑːŋkt, zɔːŋkt
zoo- zuː.əʊ, zəʊ.əʊ; zu'ɒ, zəʊ'ɒ ⓤⓢ zoʊ.oʊ, zuː.oʊ, -ə; zoʊ'ɑː, zu'ɑː
Note: Prefix. Normally either takes primary or secondary stress on the first syllable, e.g. **zoophyte** /'zuː.ə.faɪt ⓤⓢ 'zoʊ-/, **zoomorphic** /ˌzəʊ.ə'mɔː.fɪk ⓤⓢ ˌzoʊ.ə'mɔːr-/, or primary stress on the second syllable, e.g. **zoology** /zu'ɒl.ə.dʒi ⓤⓢ zoʊ'ɑː.lə-/.
zoo zuː **-s** -z
zoochemi|stry ˌzuː.əʊ'kem.ɪ|.stri, ˌzəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌzoʊ.ə'- **-cal** -kᵊl
zoograph|er zuː'ɒg.rə.f|əʳ, zəʊ- ⓤⓢ zoʊ'ɑː.grə.f|ɚ **-ers** -əz ⓤⓢ -ɚz **-y** -i
zookeeper 'zuːˌkiː.pəʳ ⓤⓢ 'zuːˌkiː.pɚ **-s** -z
zooks zuːks ⓤⓢ zuːks, zʊks
zoolite 'zuː.əʊ.laɪt ⓤⓢ 'zoʊ.oʊ.laɪt, '-ə- **-s** -s
zoologic|al ˌzuː.əʊ'lɒdʒ.ɪ.k|ᵊl, ˌzəʊ.ə'- ⓤⓢ ˌzoʊ.ə'lɑː.dʒɪ- **-ally** -ᵊl.i, -li **zooˌlogical 'gardens**
zoologist zu'ɒl.ə.dʒ|ɪst, zəʊ- ⓤⓢ zoʊ'ɑː.lə-, zu- **-s** -s
zoolog|y zu'ɒl.ə.dʒ|i, zəʊ- ⓤⓢ zoʊ'ɑː.lə-, zu- **-ist/s** -ɪst/s
zoom zuːm **-s** -z **-ing** -ɪŋ **-ed** -d **'zoom ˌlens**
zoomorphic ˌzuː.ə'mɔː.fɪk, ˌzəʊ- ⓤⓢ ˌzoʊ.ə'mɔːr-
-zo|on 'zəʊ|.ɒn ⓤⓢ 'zoʊ|.ɑːn, -ən **-a** -ə
Note: Suffix. Normally carries primary stress as shown, e.g. **protozoon** /ˌprəʊ.təʊ'zəʊ.ɒn ⓤⓢ ˌproʊ.t̬oʊ'zoʊ.ɑːn/.
zoophyte 'zuː.ə.faɪt, 'zəʊ- ⓤⓢ 'zoʊ.ə- **-s** -s
zooplankton ˌzuː.əʊ'plæŋk.tən, ˌzəʊ-, -tɒn ⓤⓢ ˌzoʊ.ə'plæŋk.tən **-s** -z
zoot zuːt **-s** -s **'zoot ˌsuit**
zorbing 'zɔː.bɪŋ ⓤⓢ 'zɔːr-
zoril 'zɒr.ɪl ⓤⓢ 'zɔːr- **-s** -z
Zoroaster ˌzɒr.əʊ'æs.təʳ, 'zɒr.əʊ.æs- ⓤⓢ 'zɔːr.oʊ.æs.tɚ
Zoroastrian ˌzɒr.əʊ'æs.tri.ən ⓤⓢ ˌzɔːr.oʊ'- **-s** -z **-ism** -ɪ.zᵊm
Zorro 'zɒr.əʊ ⓤⓢ 'zɔːr.oʊ
zouave (Z) zu'ɑːv; zwɑːv; 'zuː.ɑːv ⓤⓢ zu'ɑːv, zwɑːv **-s** -z
Zouch(e) zuːʃ
zounds zuːndz, zaʊndz ⓤⓢ zaʊndz
Zsa Zsa 'ʒɑː.ʒɑː
zucchini zʊ'kiː.ni ⓤⓢ zuː- **-s** -z
Zugspitze 'zʊg.ʃpɪt.sə *as if German:* 'tsuːk-
Zuider Zee ˌzaɪ.də'ziː, -'zeɪ ⓤⓢ -dɚ'ziː
Zuleika zuː'leɪ.kə, zʊ-, -'laɪ-
Zulu 'zuː.luː **-s** -z
Zululand 'zuː.luː.lænd
Zuñi, Zuni 'zʊn.ji ⓤⓢ 'zuː.ni, -nji
zuppa inglese ˌzʊp.ɑː.ɪŋ'gleɪ.zeɪ, -zi ⓤⓢ ˌzuː.pə.ɪn'gleɪ.zeɪ, ˌtsuː-, -ɪŋ'-
Zürich 'zjʊə.rɪk, 'zʊə- *as if German:* 'tsjʊə- ⓤⓢ 'zʊr.ɪk
Zutphen 'zʌt.fən
Zwelithini ˌzwel.ɪ'θiː.ni
zwieback 'zwiː.bæk, -bɑːk ⓤⓢ 'zwaɪ.bæk, 'zwiː-, 'swiː-, 'swaɪ-, -bɑːk **-s** -s
zygoma zaɪ'gəʊ.mə, zɪ- ⓤⓢ -'goʊ- **-ta** -tə ⓤⓢ -t̬ə
zygote 'zaɪ.gəʊt, 'zɪg.əʊt ⓤⓢ 'zaɪ.goʊt, 'zɪg.oʊt **-s** -s
zymosis zaɪ'məʊ.sɪs, zɪ- ⓤⓢ -'moʊ-
zymotic zaɪ'mɒt.ɪk, zɪ- ⓤⓢ -'mɑː.t̬ɪk
Zyuganov ʒʊ'gɑː.nɒf ⓤⓢ -nɑːf
zzz zː
Note: This is rarely pronounced, but is used in comic strips to represent sleeping, or, more specifically, snoring. The suggested pronunciation derives from the spelling.

Study Sections

1. **Principal differences between British and American pronunciation** 574
2. **English syllable structure** 577
3. **Improving your Pronunciation with the CD-ROM** 579
4. **Transcription** 581
5. **Intonation** 583
6. **Accents and Dialects** 587
7. **Rhythm** 589
8. **The Pronunciation of English at the BBC** 591
9. **Teaching Pronunciation** 594
10. **Weak forms in Context** 596

Answer Key 598

Study Section 1: Principal Differences Between British and American Pronunciation

There are many differences in pronunciation between British and American English. Some are one-off differences, but there are many systematic differences too. The list below shows some of the main differences between the two varieties.

1) Consonant differences

In US Network English, /r/ is pronounced wherever it appears in the spelling of a word, and is not pronounced when it does not appear, e.g. *farther* /ˈfɑːr.ðɚ/ vs. *father* /ˈfɑː.ðɚ/. Accents in which this is the case are referred to as RHOTIC accents (see panel), and have what may be described as a "postvocalic /r/". BBC English is non-rhotic, which means /r/ appears only before a vowel, and not before a consonant, e.g. *farther* /ˈfɑː.ðə/. It can also appear where there is no *r* in the spelling in cases of intrusive /r/ (see the panel on LIAISON), e.g. *vanilla ice cream* /vəˌnɪl.ərˌaɪsˈkriːm/. However, some accents of British English are rhotic, and some accents of American English are not – see the study section on Accents and Dialects.

Suggested activity

Postvocalic /r/

Find the following words in the dictionary, which have postvocalic /r/ in Network English but not in BBC English. Listen to them on the CD-ROM and practise the difference.

car	heart	bear
girl	march	murder

Another very clear consonant difference between the accents described in this dictionary is the use of flapped /t/ in Network English (see the panel on FLAP). In Network English, /t/ occurring between vowels, and after some consonants but before a vowel, is normally a voiced flap /t̬/unless the following vowel is stressed. Thus, in US English, *latter* /ˈlæt̬.ɚ/ and *ladder* /ˈlæd.ɚ/ sound very much the same. Careful Network English style, however, may use the voiceless variant where *t* is in the spelling, giving /ˈlæt.ɚ/.

Suggested activity

Flapped /t̬/

Find the following words in the dictionary, which have flapped /t̬/ in Network English but not in BBC English. Listen to them on the CD-ROM and practise the difference.

latter	pretty	utterly
butter	lateral	multilateral

2) Vowel sound differences

There are a few regular vowel sound differences between British and Network English. Here is a list of example words in which the vowels differ.

word	BBC English	Network English
bath	/bɑːθ/	/bæθ/
cot	/kɒt/	/kɑːt/
forest	/ˈfɒr.ɪst/	/ˈfɔːr.ɪst/
fragile	/ˈfrædʒ.aɪl/	/ˈfrædʒ.ᵊl/

In the following list of words, the vowels differ due to the fact that Network English is rhotic.

word	BBC English	Network English
fear	/fɪəʳ/	/fɪr/
hair	/heəʳ/	/her/
sure	/ʃʊəʳ/	/ʃʊr/

Other vowels in Network English, such as in bird /bɝːd/, are also affected by rhoticity, whereas they are not in BBC English.

Suggested activity

Vowel sounds

Listen to the above words on the CD-ROM, and any others you can identify as having vowel differences, and practise pronouncing the difference.

Learning to recognize words in terms of their syllables is also very valuable. To increase their awareness of syllable structure, learners should be presented with a mixture of words of different syllabic structure and asked to transcribe what they hear, noting not only the vowel and consonant phonemes in the word but also its syllabic structure (shown using the symbols V and C). This could be done either by a teacher working with a class, or by students working in pairs.

Suggested activity

The teacher, or one of the student pair working together, should produce a list of words of different syllabic structure. The learner should have a piece of paper prepared which has space for the following information, which is filled in after hearing each item, as in the following example:

ITEM NUMBER	WORD (SPELLING)	SYLLABIC STRUCTURE	TRANSCRIPTION
1	asked	VCCC	ɑːskt

Study Section 3 Improving your Pronunciation with the CD-ROM

The CD-ROM disk which accompanies the Dictionary as an option contains practice material that many learners find useful. There are three main types of material:

1) Spoken pronunciations for words in the dictionary

By clicking on the microphone icon (red for British pronunciation, blue for American) you can hear a native-speaker pronunciation of the word. Even if you feel confident about reading the phonemic symbols in the written transcription, it is still useful to listen carefully to this pronunciation as a way of "getting the feel" of how the word is pronounced by a native speaker. This is particularly true in the case of words of more than one syllable.

Suggested activity

Some people like to "browse" through a dictionary, looking at words randomly, but it is more useful to look systematically at groups of words of a particular type. On the CD-ROM you can use the "Text Search" to look up using the alphabet and "Sound Search" to look up using the IPA symbols. Try using these features to locate such things as:

- All the words whose spelling ends with –ough
- All words whose pronunciation ends with /-aɪəd/

It is also useful to look up words which are pronounced differently in British and American pronunciation and compare the two.

2) Listen and record your own voice

This is a more advanced activity, which you begin by clicking the microphone icon next to the word. A small panel will appear on your screen showing three "buttons". The upper one is labelled "test" and if you click on it you will hear the native-speaker pronunciation of the word. Of the lower buttons, the left one allows you to record your own pronunciation if you have a microphone attached to your computer (or it has a built-in microphone). You need to keep the button pressed all the time you are recording, then release it when you have finished. Now you can listen to your own pronunciation (by pressing the "listen" button), and compare it with the native-speaker pronunciation you hear when you press the "Test" button. To make best use of this, you need to develop the skill of *analytical listening*, in which you concentrate on hearing the most important features of

the word, such as the stress placement and rhythmical pattern, the vowels and the consonants, and are not distracted by differences such as speaker gender or age, background noise or voice quality. It is important to adjust the recording and playback levels on your computer so that you hear your own voice at about the same level as the native-speaker voice.

Suggested activity

If you know about specific problems that you have in the pronunciation of English caused by differences between English and your native language, you should compile a list of problem areas and then search for several words that will help you to gain more practice in saying them. For example, if the final consonant sequence /-kst/ is difficult for you, you can look up all words with this ending (search for *kst) and work through the list, listening to the native-speaker voice and then recording your own pronunciation.

English word-stress patterns are confusing to some learners. You can look up words of a particular stress-pattern and then choose some of them to practice.

Suggested activity

Try searching for specific stress patterns in words. For instance, if you search for ˈ * ˌ *, you will find all words with an initial primary-stressed syllable and a following secondary-stressed syllable.

3) Using the Exercises

Along the top of the screen of the CD-ROM display you will see an icon labelled “Exercises”. If you click on this, you will be presented with a list of simple game-type exercises to test your knowledge of various aspects of English pronunciation. You will not get the best value out of these exercises if you simply try a few at random – it is much better to plan ahead and set yourself the target of doing well on one particular test. Before starting, you should think about what you know about his topic, and make sure you are ready to use your knowledge. For example, if you choose to work on the Letter A, you could read the panel on Pronouncing the Letter A given at the beginning of the ‘A’ section of the printed dictionary in preparation. You should keep a note of the score you achieve on each exercise, and if your score is low, do some more studying and then try again.

Study Section 4 Transcription

Unlike many other languages, the pronunciation of English does not correspond in a regular way to its spelling. It is therefore necessary to use a standard method of describing pronunciation. In this dictionary, we use the International Phonetic Alphabet (IPA).

Here, we practise transcribing English words and phrases, and reading English phonemic transcription. The dictionary contains information panels on the pronunciation of each letter of the alphabet, and also of common combinations, e.g. 'ie' or 'ph', to help you with this exercise.

Suggested activity

Transcribing an unpredictable sound

Transcribe the following words containing the letter 's', and then check your transcription in the dictionary. What are the possible pronunciations of this letter? Look at the panel 'Pronouncing the letter S' (at the beginning of S) to help you.

kissing	**phrase**	**choose**	**loose**	**sugar**
usual	**tension**	**debris**	**insure**	**pleasure**

Suggested activity

Errors in transcription

It is very important not to get transcription mixed up with alphabetic spelling. Look at the following words and see if you can spot the transcription error, before looking the word up in the dictionary.

1	**strength**	/strenɡθ/	6	**hijacking**	/'haɪjækɪŋ/
2	**crime**	/craɪm/	7	**yellow**	/'jelləʊ/
3	**wishing**	/wɪshɪŋ/	8	**chipping**	/'tʃɪppɪŋ/
4	**wives**	/waɪvs/	9	**sixty**	/'sɪxti/
5	**these**	/θiːz/	10	**thesis**	/'ðiːsɪs/

Adding an affix to a word – particularly a SUFFIX – can mean that the syllable you need to stress changes. For instance, in the word 'photograph', the stress is on the first syllable, but in the word 'photographer', it is on the second syllable. Transcription can show you how to pronounce these words correctly.

Suggested activity
Adding a suffix

Look at these words. Transcribe the base word, then the one with a suffix. Check you've put the stresses in the right place by looking in the dictionary, then try pronouncing each word with the correct stress pattern.

1. brutal	**brutality**	**4. eleven**	**eleventh**
2. mother	**motherhood**	**5. magnet**	**magnetic**
3. insect	**insecticide**	**6. Japan**	**Japanese**

Although it can be used for just one word, as above, transcribing usually involves longer passages of speech.

Suggested activity
Reading transcription

See if you can read the phrases and sentences below, which all contain long English vowels. Suggested sentence stress is given, and BBC and Network English variants are given where they differ.

1. / ˈstiːv iːts ˈred ˈmiːt /	
2. / ˈmɑːk ˈpɑːks ɪz ˈkɑː /	(US) / ˈmɑːrk ˈpɑːrks ɪz ˈkɑːr /
3. / ˈdʒiːnz siːn ə ˈnjuː ˈruːm /	(US) / ˈdʒiːnz siːn ə ˈnuː ˈruːm /
4. / ˈfɔː sɔːts əv frʌnt ˈdɔː /	(US) / ˈfɔːr sɔːrts əv frʌnt ˈdɔːr /
5. / ˈbɜːdz iːt ˈkɜːli ˈwɜːmz /	(US) / ˈbɝːdz iːt ˈkɝːli ˈwɝːmz /

In CONNECTED SPEECH, processes such as ASSIMILATION, ELISION, COALESCENCE, LIAISON and use of WEAK FORMS have to be taken into account. See the panels on each of these for the information you need.

Suggested activity
Transcribing short phrases

Transcribe the following words and phrases, trying to show the connected speech processes mentioned above. Show possible sentence stressing. (Answers are in the answer key at the end of this section.)

1. handbag

2. more ice-cream

3. Did you know that?

4. next month

5. fish and chips

Study Section 5 Intonation

Intonation is often regarded as one of the most difficult aspects of pronunciation to teach, but there are aspects of it which are teachable, learnable and important for communication. This study section focuses on two aspects: finding the most prominent syllable, and intonation in common phrases.

Finding the most prominent syllable

The most prominent syllable can be described as the focal point, or the most prominent part, of an utterance, and is often referred to as the *tonic syllable*. The usual position for the tonic syllable is on the stressed syllable of the last content word of a phrase or sentence (though there are many exceptions to this rule, such as those given below). Content words are nouns, main verbs, adverbs and adjectives. For example, in the phrase "I like chocolate", the tonic syllable falls on the first syllable of "chocolate", which is a noun, and in the phrase "He gave it to me", it is usually on "gave", which is the main verb.

Suggested activity

Look at the following sentences, and work out where the tonic syllable should go. Use your dictionary to find the appropriate stressed syllable in the word.

1. He took a photograph.
2. He took a photograph of me.
3. He said he was a photographer.
4. Let me open the window.
5. Let me open the window for you.

At the beginning of a new topic in a conversation, the tonic syllable is usually in the position described above. However, after the first turn of a conversation, the tonic syllable can go anywhere in the TONE UNIT. This is done for three reasons:

- to signal new information as opposed to information already given before ('given' information);
- to indicate contrast with something that has been said before;
- to highlight a specific word.

Suggested activity

Here are some examples. The tonic syllables are underlined in each case. Can you tell which of the three reasons has caused the tonic syllable to move away from the last content word in B, D and F?

A: **I'd like some <u>shoes</u>.**
B: **What <u>kind</u> of shoes?**
C: **Do you like them in <u>red</u>?**
D: **No, I'd prefer <u>black</u> shoes.**
E: **She wanted some <u>cake</u>.**
F: **Well <u>I</u> didn't.**

There are exceptions to the 'the last stressed syllable of a content word' rule. One case is what is sometimes referred to as an **event sentence**. Here are some examples:

Type A: The <u>ket</u>tle's boiling.
I'm going to take the <u>dog</u> for a walk.

Type B: Your <u>house</u> is on fire!
My <u>grand</u>mother died last night.

In these sentences, the last content word – usually the main verb – is de-stressed. In the case of Type A sentences, this is probably because the verb is highly predictable – one is unlikely to be taking the dog ice skating, for example. In Type B sentences, the verb holds unwelcome news, and is probably de-stressed for that reason.

Suggested activity

Which of these sentences might count as event sentences? Where does the tonic syllable go in each case?

1. His car broke down.
2. She's taken the kids to see grandma.
3. My bike's been stolen.
4. I'd like a book to read.

Another exception involves phrasal verbs. The tonic syllable is usually placed on the particle, not the verb element. For example:

She asked him to come <u>in</u>.
Can I sit <u>down</u>?

Suggested activity

Where does the tonic syllable go in these sentences? Are these phrasal verbs or not?

1. She decided to write about it.

2. He asked me to look it up for him.

3. I waited on the bridge for an hour.

4. Why don't you come over?

Intonation in phrases

There are quite a few phrases or vocalisations which have a fixed pitch pattern. Here are some examples of vocalisations:

"Uh-oh" [ʔʌʔəʊ], to mean "something bad is happening", is pronounced with a high and then lower level tone:

uh
    oh

"Uh-uh" [ʔʌʔʌ] or [ʔəʔə], meaning "no", or "there's no chance of that", is pronounced with a high level tone followed by a falling tone:

uh u
     h

"Uh-huh" [ʔəʔə] or [ʔʌʔʌ], meaning "I see", begins with a mid or low level tone and is followed by a high falling tone:

  h
uh u
      h

Phrases which have fixed patterns include things like "all gone", which a mother might say to a child, which is a high level followed by a mid level tone:

all
  gone

When calling someone, the same kind of pattern is used:

Jona Lu
than! cy!

If a fall rise is used to call someone, this often means the person calling wants something:

Jo ohn! (Where's my train set?) Mu um! (Can I have an ice cream?)
o u

There are many other phrases which have fixed patterns, including "He did what?" (¯he did ˏwhat), to express surprise and perhaps disgust, and "Would you believe it!" ('would you be ˎlieve it), used ironically to suggest that's exactly what you might believe.

Suggested activity

Listen to the English of native speakers and see if you can hear any more phrases with fixed patterns.

Study Section 6 Accents and Dialects

This dictionary, in both its print and CD-ROM versions, tries to represent the most "standard," perceived "best" or at least neutral pronunciations for each of the entries, using accents described as BBC English (for British English) and Network English (for American English). These pronunciations are usually taken to be those of educated, topic-knowledgeable speakers. Second language learners can count on these pronunciations, if accurately used, not drawing attention to the speech of those who use them. That is, these pronunciations are intended to be free of regional or social markings that might restrict the context in which the pronunciations are effectively useful.

As with all living languages, however, both British and American English have regionally and socially marked varieties. These varieties may be spoken by large or small numbers of speakers. In addition, many "standard" speakers may retain some regional and social features in their speech. These "dialects" were formed by historical and social forces acting on groups differently, so that communication was more readily shared with some rather than other speakers. The term "accent" refers exclusively to features of pronunciation, whereas "dialect" refers to all features of a language variety which may differ from a given standard variety, such as vocabulary or grammar.

Some common pronunciation features that differ from those found in this dictionary are given below.

North America

Southern mountain

fire [fɑːr]

oil [ɔːl]

Southern

bit [biət]

farther ['fɑː.ðə]

New York

north [nɔəθ]

girl [gɜɪl]

Canada

nice [nəis]

tune [tʃuːn]

Black English

sure [ʃɔʊ]

they [deɪ]

Britain

London and the South East

milk [mɪʊk]

better ['beʔ.ə]

The West

car [kɑːɹ]

farmer ['vɑːɹ.mɚ]

The North of England

bus [bʊs]

bath [bæθ]

Liverpool

hair [hɜː]

like [laɪx]

Scotland

book [buk]

goat [got]

Suggested activity

Look up each word listed above in the dictionary. Compare the versions given with the variants listed here.

Suggested Advanced Activity

Turn to media – movies, television, music with lyrics, etc – in English. Can you hear and identify any of the listed variants?

Study Section 7 Rhythm

All languages are said to have some rhythmic properties, and it is often claimed that English is spoken with a stress-timed rhythm. This means that stresses in a stream of speech are spoken the same distance in time from each other, with syllables being compressed or stretched to fit the time between stresses. This is unlike syllable-timed languages (such as French, Cantonese), in which each syllable takes a similar amount of time to say. Examples can be found in sayings, which often have a regular rhythm.

Suggested activity

Rhythm in sayings

Clap a beat while speaking these sayings, making sure the words with a stress mark fall on the beat.

1. a 'new 'broom 'sweeps 'clean
2. 'too many 'cooks 'spoil the 'broth
3. a 'stitch in 'time 'saves 'nine
4. a 'bird in the 'hand is worth 'two in the 'bush

Stresses in stress-timed rhythm are referred to as *isochronous*, which means equal in intervals of occurrence. Where unstressed syllables occur, these are squeezed in to maintain the overall rhythm of an utterance.

Suggested activity

Adding syllables

Try producing these phrases with a stress-timed rhythm, keeping the same beat. In each case, one more syllable is added. Focus on how you have to produce some words quickly to fit them all in.

1. **CATS CATCH MICE**
2. **CATS CATCH the MICE**
3. **the CATS CATCH the MICE**
4. **the CATS can CATCH the MICE**
5. **the CATS can CATCH all the MICE**
6. **the CATS can just CATCH all the MICE**

Suggested activity

Isochrony in words of more than one syllable

Find the following words in the dictionary and locate their stresses. Then try saying the words whilst keeping a regular beat. What happens to the unstressed syllables?

educational	**ideological**	**subcontinental**
higgledy-piggledy	**transubstantiation**	**morphophonology**

Stress-timed rhythm, while clearly possible in some kinds of speech – especially poetry with a regular meter, sayings, and rhetorical language – is less likely to occur in spontaneous speech. What still remains important, however, is making sure certain words are stressed – usually content words – in order to make your message clear.

Study Section 8 The Pronunciation of English at the BBC

The BBC (British Broadcasting Corporation) has since its foundation in 1927 (it started life as the British Broadcasting Company in 1922) been of vital importance in the cultural life of Britain, and to a lesser extent of the rest of the world. The pronunciation of its professional broadcasters has always been held up as an example of good, clear speech, and many learners of English around the world listen to the BBC, particularly the World Service, to hear their speech for themselves. However, it is very important to note that the BBC has no official pronunciation, nor standard of pronunciation; there is no requirement for people applying for jobs as BBC broadcasters to speak with a particular accent, and never has been.

In the early days of the BBC, phonetics experts played an active role in advising on standards in language and pronunciation, through the Advisory Committee on Spoken English. This committee, which existed from 1926 until the Second World War, included among its members Professors Arthur Lloyd James and Daniel Jones, the latter being the person who originally compiled the *English Pronouncing Dictionary* and edited it until its twelfth edition; other members were George Bernard Shaw and Robert Bridges. After the war, Jones and Lloyd James continued to be advisors to the BBC until their deaths.

The accent described in this dictionary is not, of course, used by all BBC broadcasters. There are many speakers with regional accents, and in Section 1.2 of our Introduction you can read a more precisely defined account explaining which types of speaker are used as models. It is important to remember that there is a difference between accent and style: while many people think of BBC pronunciation as the accent used for formal newsreading and serious announcements, the same accent may also be heard in rapid, casual speech. On the other hand, it is not unusual to hear the news being read in a formal style with a Scottish, Welsh or Irish accent. Language learners usually begin by copying a formal style, but will normally wish to learn a more casual, informal style for conversational use.

Many learners of English find it valuable to listen to the BBC to improve their comprehension and their pronunciation, but those who live far from the UK are restricted to a small number of possibilities for accessing current BBC broadcasts: the principal ones are the World Service on short wave radio, and the News 24 satellite television service. There is now, however, a rapidly growing set of possibilities for using the internet for listening on-line to BBC broadcasts, and those who have access to broadband internet should

Study Section 9 Teaching Pronunciation

This section focuses on suggestions for priorities in teaching English pronunciation. Working on the specific areas outlined does not preclude working on other areas, should teachers and learners wish to do so; these suggestions are made in order to help people all over the world understand each other in English, not to achieve a BBC or Network English accent.

- All English consonants should be pronounced clearly. This is very important, and consonants should receive the greatest amount of attention in English pronunciation classes.
- If your learners have sounds which are similar to English consonants, then there is usually no need to deal with slight differences, unless the difference is problematic in English.
- Voiceless plosive consonants /p t k/ should be aspirated in syllable initial position, except where preceded by /s/, e.g., in *pin*, *top* and *cool*, the initial /p t k/ should be aspirated, but in *spin*, *stop* and *school* they should not. (see ASPIRATION)
- Where /p t k/ appear in syllable final position, the preceding vowel should be shortened, e.g., the vowel in *back* should sound much shorter than the vowel in *bag*. (see GLOTTALISATION)
- Consonant CLUSTERS at the beginnings of words should not be simplified.
- Final clusters should also not be simplified, unless according to rules of ELISION in English.
- Vowel duration, together with differences in vowel quality which are problematic, should be addressed.
- The vowel /ɜː/ in e.g. BIRD and NURSE must receive attention if it is not produced adequately by learners.
- Words must be stressed properly. Using incorrect stress can mean the intended word is heard as something completely different. Stressing words appropriately can lead to good speech RHYTHM.
- Tonicity, i.e., appropriate placement of the tonic syllable in a TONE UNIT. See Study Section 5 for more information on this.
- It also helps the listener if speech is ‘chunked’ into meaningful phrases or units. Dividing a stream of speech in a way which does not observe grammatical phrase structure can lead to speech which is very difficult to follow.

Issues for listening

Teachers should include these areas in listening/perception work. They are not seen as crucial for intelligibility, but can be worked on if the learner wishes to attain an accent closer to BBC or Network English.

- /ə/ vowels.
- The connected speech phenomena assimilation, coalescence, elision and liaison.
- Pitch patterns in intonation.
- Weak forms.

See the information panels in this dictionary for information on ASSIMILATION, COALESCENCE, ELISION, LIAISON, INTONATION and WEAK FORMS.

Learners should also be exposed to varieties of English other than British /American 'standard' pronunciation, in particular those found in the learner's part of the world.

Study Section 10 Weak Forms in Context

Many common English words (approximately forty) have two different pronunciations, one being the "strong" pronunciation that one gives when the word is spoken on its own (for example 'and' may be pronounced /ænd/ and the other the "weak" form which occurs in the context of other words (for example, 'and' is usually pronounced /n̩/ in 'fish and chips'). A few of these words actually have more than one weak form. This very important topic in the pronunciation of English is one that is hard to present clearly in a dictionary, which traditionally presents words in isolation. In our dictionary we deal with the matter in two ways: firstly, there is a panel about weak forms at the appropriate place in the letter W in the dictionary, and secondly, each word that has a weak form is given a special entry in the dictionary in which it is identified as a weak form word; examples are then given of how the weak form or forms occur in contexts.

Suggested activity

- Read the panel on weak forms on p. 555 so that you understand the nature of weak form words.
- Look up the word 'and' in the dictionary, read the note about weak forms and try to pronounce the examples of the various pronunciations of the word, including the context given.

Here is a list of the most commonly found weak form words. It would be useful to look up each of them and read about their pronunciation.

A / an	Had	Than
Am	Has	That
And	Have	The
Are	He	Them
As	Her	There
At	Him	To
But	His	Us
Can	Must	Was
Could	Of	We
Do	Shall	Were
Does	She	You
For	Should	Your
From	Some	

Suggested activity:

In the following sentences, the weak form words are printed in *italics*. On a piece of paper, write the appropriate phonemic transcription. Here is an example:

Buy *some* more. Answer: s^{ə}m

1. That *was the* best *of the* books.
2. Why *were* all *the* teachers *at a* party?
3. *We* talked *to them for an* hour.
4. I *would have* thought *that she* knew.
5. Look *at* John.

Study Section answer key

Section 4. Transcription

Transcribing short phrases

1. /ˈhæm.bæg/, (US) /ˈhæn-/
2. /mɔːr ˈaɪs kriːm/
3. /dɪdʒu ˈnəʊ ðæt/, (US) /-ˈnoʊ-/
4. /ˈneks ˈmʌn*t*θ/
5. /ˈfɪʃ n̩ ˈtʃɪps/

Section 5. Intonation

Finding the most prominent syllable

1. He took a <u>pho</u>tograph.
2. He took a <u>pho</u>tograph of me.
3. He said he was a pho<u>to</u>grapher.
4. Let me open the <u>win</u>dow.
5. Let me open the <u>win</u>dow for you.

Which of the three reasons has caused the tonic syllable to move away from the last content word?

A: I'd like some <u>shoes</u>.

B: What <u>kind</u> of shoes? High <u>heels</u>, or <u>flat</u> shoes?

Reasons: asking for new information (*shoes* has already been mentioned); *heels* is the last content word in that phrase; *flat* is new information and shoes has already been mentioned.

C: Do you like them in <u>red</u>?

D: No, I'd prefer <u>black</u> shoes.

Reason: *black* is in contrast with *red*.

E: She wanted some <u>cake</u>.

F: Well <u>I</u> want a sandwich.

Reason: *I* in contrast with *she*.

Which of these sentences might count as event sentences? Where does the tonic syllable go in each case?

1. His <u>car</u> broke down.

Event sentence. The bad news is de-selected.

2. She's taken the kids to see <u>grand</u>ma.

Not an event sentence.

3. My <u>bike's</u> been stolen.

Event sentence. The bad news is de-selected.

4. I'd like a <u>book</u> to read.

Event sentence. One assumes you are going to read a book and not do something else with it.

Where does the tonic syllable go in these sentences? Are these phrasal verbs or not?

1. She decided to <u>write</u> about it.

Not a phrasal verb.

2. He asked me to look it <u>up</u> for him.

Phrasal verb.

3. I waited on the bridge for an <u>hour</u>.

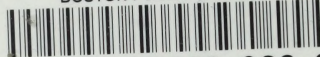
Not a phrasal verb.

4. Why don't you come <u>o</u>ver?

Phrasal verb.

Section 10. Weak forms in context

1. wəz, ðə, əv, ðə
2. wəʳ (US) wɚ, ðə, ət, ə
3. wi, tə, ðəm, fəʳ (US) fɚ, ᵊn
4. d, əv, ðət, ʃi
5. ət




for Windows®
98SE/2000/ME/XP

CAMBRIDGE ENGLISH PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY

Daniel Jones' classic pronouncing dictionary is the ultimate guide to pronunciation in English. Now in its 17th edition, it includes thousands of pronunciations not shown in general dictionaries, from people to places, to words from science, technology and literature.

- NEW! Fully updated with the latest new words, including people and places in the news
- NEW! Lively study pages give extra help with common areas of difficulty
- Contains all the general and encyclopaedic words needed to communicate in the modern world – with over 80,000 entries and 220,000 pronunciations
- Offers additional support with spelling and understanding phonetic terminology – 200 information panels explain phonetics terms and the relationship between spelling and sound

And on the CD-ROM ...

- NEW! British and American spoken pronunciations for every word
- Record your own voice and listen back
- Search by alphabet or phonetic symbols
- Interactive pronunciation exercises

Visit Cambridge Dictionaries Online at **dictionary.cambridge.org**

System Requirements:
- Pentium 300 MHz or faster
- Windows® 98SE, NT4, 2000, ME, or XP
- 128 MB RAM (256 MB RAM for Windows XP)
- 450 MB hard disk space (for full installation)
- Internet Explorer® 5.01 or above
- a mouse

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL CORPUS

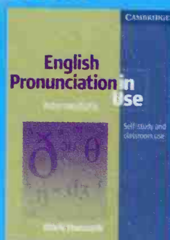


The Cambridge International Corpus (CIC) is a collection of over 900 million words of real spoken and written English. The texts are stored in a database that can be searched to see how English is used. The CIC also includes the Cambridge Learner Corpus, a unique collection of over 65,000 exam papers from Cambridge ESOL. It shows real mistakes students make and highlights the parts of English which cause problems for students.

www.cambridge.org/corpus

REAL ENGLISH GUARANTEE

Also recommended:



ISBN-13: 978 0 521 00185 4
ISBN-10: 0 521 00185 4



CAMBRIDGE
UNIVERSITY PRESS
www.cambridge.org

ISBN 0-521-68087-5

